NORTH AMERICAN ELECTRIC RELIABILITY CORPORATION

2018 BUSINESS PLAN AND BUDGET FILING

ATTACHMENT 1

SUMMARY TABLES FOR NERC AND REGIONAL ENTITY

PROPOSED 2018 BUDGETS AND ASSESSMENTS

NERC'S Proposed Budget by Program¹

	201	7 Budget for	201	8 Budget for	
NERC Program	Statu	tory Functions	Statutory Functions		
Reliability Standards	\$	8,100,282	\$	6,821,893	
Compliance Monitoring and Enforcement					
Compliance Assurance		7,858,599		8,904,105	
Compliance Analysis, Organization Registration and Certification		3,646,289		4,887,082	
Compliance Enforcement		5,800,647		6,673,939	
Reliability Assessment and System Analysis		7,535,594		7,312,956	
Reliability Risk Management					
Situation Awareness		4,032,862		3,846,648	
Event Analysis		5,446,206		5,161,490	
Performance Analysis		4,908,855		4,633,422	
E-ISAC (including CRISP)		18,515,341		21,850,597	
Training, Education and Personnel Certification		3,757,501		3,043,024	
Total Budget	\$	69,602,175	\$	73,135,156	

¹Does not include the proposed provision for Working Capital reserve funding

Proposed Budget for Statutory Activities of NERC, Each Regional Entity and WIRAB¹

	201	2017 Budget for		8 Budget for
	Statu	Statutory Functions		
NERC	\$	69,602,175	\$	73,135,156
FRCC		7,177,854		7,514,112
MRO		11,226,668		11,726,736
NPCC		15,147,054		15,106,967
ReliabilityFirst		19,908,939		21,393,899
SERC		17,482,403		17,182,868
SPP RE		10,865,511		10,793,195
Texas RE		12,167,256		12,656,953
WECC		26,796,928		27,097,344
WIRAB		1,229,080		1,067,785
Total Budget	\$	191,603,868	\$	197,675,015

¹Does not include the proposed provision for Working Capital reserve funding

Proposed Assessments for Statutory Activities of NERC and Each Regional Entity and WIRAB

									Αl	location to Canada	
	As	sessments for			As	sessments for				2018 Budget v	
		Statutory	Α	Allocation to		Statutory	atutory Allocation to			2017 Budget	% Over
	Fu	unctions 2017	C	anada 2017	Fι	Functions 2018		2018 Canada 2018		Over (Under)	(Under)
NERC	\$	59,856,314	\$	5,353,026	\$	62,936,968	\$	5,778,945	\$	425,919	7.96%
Regional Entities	\$	110,150,014	\$	10,003,039	\$	115,366,505	\$	10,385,989	\$	382,950	3.83%
FRCC		6,163,896		-		6,660,518		-			
MRO		10,494,345		1,777,059		10,730,106		1,789,219			
NPCC		14,255,060		5,360,364		14,341,787		5,592,327			
ReliabilityFirst		19,560,881		-		20,147,707		-			
SERC		15,706,023		-		17,205,136		-			
SPP RE		9,092,553		-		9,727,265		-			
Texas RE		9,595,256		-		11,271,986		-			
WECC		25,282,000		2,865,616		25,282,000		3,004,443			
WIRAB	\$	901,452	\$	128,716	\$	711,026	\$	101,234	\$	(27,482)	-21.35%
Total Budget	\$	170,907,780	\$	15,484,781	\$	179,014,499	\$	16,266,168	\$	781,387	5.05%

NORTH AMERICAN ELECTRIC RELIABILITY CORPORATION

2018 BUSINESS PLAN AND BUDGET FILING

ATTACHMENT 2

NORTH AMERICAN ELECTRIC RELIABILITY CORPORATION

PROPOSED 2018 BUSINESS PLAN AND BUDGET



2018 Business Plan and Budget

Final

August 10, 2017

RELIABILITY | ACCOUNTABILITY









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About NERC

Overview

The North American Electric Reliability Corporation (NERC) is a not-for-profit entity organized under the New Jersey Nonprofit Corporation Act. NERC's mission is to improve and ensure the reliability of the Bulk Power System (BPS)¹ in North America. NERC's area of responsibility spans the continental U.S. and portions of Canada and Mexico. Entities under NERC's jurisdiction are the users, owners, and operators of the BPS—a system that serves the needs of over 340 million people, includes installed electricity production capacity of approximately 1,200 gigawatts, operates 475,000 miles of high-voltage transmission (100 kV and above), and is comprised of assets worth more than one trillion dollars.

Electric Reliability Organization (ERO)

The Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC or Commission) certifies and has oversight of NERC as the electric reliability organization (ERO) within the U.S. to establish and enforce reliability standards for the U.S. portion of the BPS, pursuant to Section 215 of the Federal Power Act (§215). As of June 18, 2007, FERC granted NERC the legal authority to enforce reliability standards with all U.S. users, owners, and operators of the BPS and made compliance with those standards mandatory and enforceable. Equivalent relationships have been sought and, for the most part, realized in Canada and Mexico.

International Relations

Prior to adoption of §215 in the U.S., the Canadian provinces of Ontario (in 2002) and New Brunswick (in 2004) adopted all NERC reliability standards that were approved by the NERC Board of Trustees (Board) as mandatory and enforceable within their respective jurisdictions through market rules. Reliability legislation is in place, or NERC has memoranda of understanding with, provincial authorities in Ontario, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, Québec, Manitoba, Saskatchewan, British Columbia, and Alberta, and with the National Energy Board of Canada (NEB). NERC's standards are mandatory and enforceable in Ontario and New Brunswick as a matter of provincial law. Manitoba has adopted legislation, and standards are also mandatory. In addition, NERC has been designated as the "electric reliability organization" under Alberta's Transmission Regulation, and certain reliability standards have been approved in that jurisdiction; others are pending. NERC reliability standards are now mandatory in British Columbia and Nova Scotia. NERC and the Northeast Power Coordinating Council (NPCC) have been recognized as standards-setting bodies by the Régie de l'énergie of Québec, and Québec has the framework in place for reliability standards to become mandatory. NEB has made reliability standards mandatory for international power lines between the U.S. and Canada.

In Mexico, the Comisión Federal de Electricidad has signed the Western Electricity Coordinating Council's (WECC's) reliability management system agreement, which applies only to Baja California Norte. On March 8, 2017, NERC, the Comisión Reguladora de Energía (CRE), and the Centro Nacional de Control de Energía (CENACE) signed a memorandum of understanding (MOU), which outlines a framework for a cooperative relationship between NERC and Mexico to further enhance reliability of the North American bulk power system. The MOU recognizes the established and growing interconnections between the U.S. and Mexico and roles of each party in support of continued reliability. The agreement establishes a collaborative mechanism for identification, assessment, and prevention of reliability risks to strengthen grid security, resiliency, and reliability. As outlined in the memorandum, executives from NERC, CRE, and CENACE have formed a steering group to establish priorities and objectives for the technical support and collaboration envisioned in the MOU. The steering group will also address governance matters, resource requirements, and funding mechanisms. Technical working groups comprised of staff from the three

¹ NERC's standards, compliance, and enforcement activities are focused on the <u>Bulk Electric System (BES)</u>, which is comprised of certain BPS facilities.

organizations will be formed as needed to implement the collaboration. The first meeting of the steering group occurred in May 2017 and the technical working groups are currently meeting and forming operating plans. Discussions are ongoing with Mexico's financial representatives to address the potential of including an updated assessment in 2018.

Membership and Governance

An 11-member Board, comprised of 10 independent trustees and NERC's president and chief executive officer (CEO) serving as the management trustee, governs NERC. The Board has formed several committees to facilitate oversight of the organization in the areas of finance and audit, governance and human resources, compliance, standards oversight and technology, nominations and, most recently, enterprise-wide risk.

Membership in NERC is open to any person or entity that has an interest in the reliability of the North American Bulk Electric System (BES). Membership is voluntary and affords participants the opportunity to engage in the governance of the organization through election to the Member Representatives Committee (MRC).² More than 600 entities and individuals are members of NERC.

Scope of Oversight

As the international, multijurisdictional ERO in North America, NERC is authorized to:

- Propose, support the development of, monitor compliance with, and enforce mandatory reliability and security standards for the North American BES, subject to regulatory oversight and approvals from FERC in the U.S. and applicable authorities in Canada;
- Conduct near-term and long-term reliability assessments of the North American BPS;
- Certify BPS operators as having and maintaining the necessary knowledge and skills to perform their reliability responsibilities;
- Maintain situational awareness of events and conditions that may threaten BPS reliability;
- Coordinate efforts to improve physical and cyber security for the BPS of North America;
- Conduct detailed analyses and investigations of system disturbances and unusual events as well
 as measure ongoing system trends to determine root causes, uncover lessons learned, and issue
 relevant findings as advisories, recommendations, guidelines, and essential actions to the industry
 to mitigate and control risks to reliability; and
- Identify and prioritize risks to reliability and use a broad toolkit to mitigate and control risks to reliability, including the potential need for new or modified reliability and security standards, improved compliance monitoring and enforcement methods, or other initiatives.

Delegated Authorities

In executing its responsibility, NERC delegates certain authorities to eight regional reliability entities (Regional Entities or the Regions) to perform aspects of the ERO functions described through delegation agreements. FERC has approved delegation agreements between NERC and the eight Regional Entities (Florida Reliability Coordinating Council (FRCC), Midwest Reliability Organization (MRO), Northeast Power Coordinating Council, Inc. (NPCC), ReliabilityFirst (RF), SERC Reliability Corporation (SERC), Southwest Power Pool Regional Entity (SPP RE), Texas Reliability Entity, Inc. (Texas RE), and the Western Electricity

² The <u>Member Representatives Committee</u> (MRC) comprises voting representatives elected from the 12 membership sectors. The MRC elects the independent trustees and, along with the Board, votes on amendments to the Bylaws. The MRC also provides policy advice and recommendations to the Board on behalf of stakeholders with respect to annual budgets, business plans, and other matters pertinent to the purpose and operation of the organization.

Coordinating Council (WECC)). These agreements describe the authorities delegated and responsibilities assigned to the Regional Entities in the U.S. to address, among other things: (1) developing regional reliability standards, (2) monitoring compliance with and enforcement of mandatory reliability standards (both North American-wide and regional), (3) certifying registered entities and registering owners, operators, and users of the BES, (4) assessing reliability and analyzing performance, (5) training and education, (6) event analysis and reliability improvement, and (7) situation awareness and infrastructure security. NERC expects Regional Entities whose territories and geographic footprints extend into Canadian provinces and Mexico to perform equivalent functions in those jurisdictions.

ERO Enterprise Operating Model

The collective network of leadership, experience, judgment, skills, and technologies shared among NERC and the eight Regional Entities is referred to as the ERO Enterprise (the Enterprise). In 2014, a common operating model, *Improving Coordinated Operations across the ERO Enterprise*, was developed to define how NERC and the Regional Entities achieve excellence in the oversight and execution of statutory functions by collaborating to mitigate reliability risks. The model also defines the division of the roles and responsibilities for NERC and the Regional Entities to efficiently and effectively execute services performed as the collective Enterprise. In 2015, implementation of this model progressed with oversight plans developed for Compliance Monitoring and Enforcement programs, as well as Registration, continuing into 2016 with Performance Analysis, Situational Awareness, and Events Analysis. Further, NERC and the Regional Entities deepened their coordination activities to identify, prioritize, and address risks to reliability.

NERC has unique responsibilities within the ERO Enterprise to design the oversight of program areas, develop operational oversight and leadership, set qualifications and expectations for the performance of delegated activities, and assess, train, and give feedback to corresponding regional programs. NERC also reviews and provides input to the annual Regional Entity business plans and budgets, including but not limited to review of resource allocations, staffing capacity assessments, and program performance assessments. NERC input and review occurs before regional board approval.

Similarly, the Regional Entities have a mirrored set of responsibilities that include being responsive to the design of the operational model, providing input into the overall development of each ERO program area, providing training and development to meet ERO qualifications, being receptive to feedback from the ERO, and making responsive adjustments. Regional Entities also have an obligation to meet professional standards of independence and objectivity and provide the best available expertise for addressing risks.

With due recognition and awareness of the distinction between individual roles, responsibilities, and corporate status, NERC and the Regional Entities are continually refining their individual and collective operating and governance practices in support of an agreed-upon set of strategic goals and objectives that are designed to ensure the ERO fulfills its statutory obligations.

Statutory and Regulatory Background

NERC's authority as the ERO in the U.S. is based on Section 215 of the Federal Power Act, as added by the Energy Policy Act of 2005,⁴ and the Commission's regulations and orders issued pursuant to Section 215. In Canada, NERC's authorities are established by the memoranda of understanding and regulations previously mentioned.

³ Improving Coordinated Operations Across the ERO Enterprise

⁴ This was codified in section 215 of the Federal Power Act, 16 United States C. 824o.

Funding

Section 215 of the Federal Power Act and the Commission's regulations specify procedures for NERC's funding in the U.S. NERC's annual business plan and budget is subject to Commission approval in the U.S. Once approved, NERC's annual funding is provided through assessments to load-serving entities. These assessments are allocated on a Net-Energy-for-Load (NEL) basis. Equivalent funding mechanisms are provided in Canada, subject to the specific laws and regulations of each province.

The Regional Entities' funding requirements are addressed separately in their respective business plans and budgets, which must be reviewed and approved by NERC and FERC in the U.S. Assessments for the Regional Entity budgets are included in the overall NERC assessments to load-serving entities.

Introduction and Executive Summary

TOTAL RESOURCES (in whole dollars)											
	. :	2018 Budget		U.S.		Canada		Mexico			
Statutory FTEs		199.28									
Non-statutory FTEs		-									
Total FTEs		199.28									
Statutory Expenses	\$	70,855,455									
Non-Statutory Expenses	\$	-									
Total Expenses	\$	70,855,455									
Statutory Inc (Dec) in Fixed Assets	\$	2,279,701									
Non-Statutory Inc (Dec) in Fixed Assets	\$	-									
Total Inc (Dec) in Fixed Assets	\$	2,279,701									
Statutory Funding of Reserves	\$	77,458									
Non-Statutory Funding of Reserves	\$	-									
Total Working Capital Requirement	\$	77,458									
Net Proceeds from Financing Activities	\$	(231,393)									
Total Statutory Funding Requirement	\$	72,981,221									
Total Non-Statutory Funding Requirement	\$	-									
Total Funding Requirement	\$	72,981,221									
		TOTAL		US		CANADA		MEXICO			
Statutory Funding Assessments	\$	62,936,968	\$	56,968,506	\$	5,778,945	\$	189,517			
Non-Statutory Fees	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-			
NEL		4,506,897,694		3,981,131,801		512,670,827		13,095,066			
NEL%		100.00%		88.33%		11.38%		0.29%			

Note: Mexico assessments included herein relate only to the activities in Baja California Norte. Discussions are ongoing with Mexican representatives on the possible addition of new assessments for 2018, but are not yet estimated in this table.

Strategic Goals and Metrics

The ERO Enterprise strategic plan and metrics⁵ is informed by ongoing ERO Enterprise activities to identify (1) BPS reliability risks, particularly the Reliability Issues Steering Committee's (RISC's) ERO Reliability Risk Priorities Report⁶ and (2) opportunities for ERO Enterprise effectiveness and efficiency. The transparent and collaborative process includes input from stakeholders, the NERC Board, and Regional Entity Boards. In 2016, these inputs were used by ERO Enterprise leadership to review and update (1) the strategic plan goals and contributing activities as necessary to inform ERO Enterprise operational coordination, resource planning and allocation, and budgeting on a three-year horizon and (2) the metrics to ensure they are meaningfully informing ERO Enterprise near and long-term priorities.

Since the central focus of the strategic plan is to drive NERC and Regional Entity operating activities, the NERC Board and ERO Enterprise leadership recommended that in 2017 the strategic plan be rebranded as the ERO Enterprise operating plan and that a separate initiative be undertaken to develop a longer term strategy for the ERO Enterprise to guide future updates to the ERO Enterprise operating plan. Drafts of the long-term strategy will be posted for two stakeholder comment periods, and the final document will be presented for review and approval at the Board meeting in November 2017. Draft updates to the RISC report and recommendations will also be reviewed at the November 2017 MRC meeting and a final report and updated recommendations submitted to the Board for acceptance in February 2018. While these updates will specifically inform the development of the NERC and Regional Entity 2019 BP&Bs, management will also be reviewing and taking into consideration any feedback that is received as part of the updates to the operating plan and RISC report and recommendations in connection with the finalization of the 2018 BP&B.

Evolving Reliability Risks

Over the past six years, NERC has transformed its activities towards being more risk-based, ensuring that the right activities are focused on the most pertinent risks to the reliable operation of the BPS. The RISC is an advisory committee to the Board, providing key insights, priorities, and high-level leadership for issues of strategic importance to BPS reliability. The 2016 RISC report presents the results of its continued work to define and prioritize risks and to offer recommendations to the Board to inform the development of NERC's risk strategy. The RISC report recommendations are considered as the strategic plan, goals, and supporting activities are updated for the coming years. In 2016, the RISC recommended a high level of focus and priority in the following areas:

Cybersecurity Vulnerabilities

Cyber threats are becoming more sophisticated and increasing in number. Exploitation of cybersecurity vulnerabilities can potentially result in loss of control or damage to BPS-related voice communications, data, monitoring, protection and control systems, or tools. A cyber-attack can lead to equipment damage, degradation of reliable operations, and loss of load. Further, cybersecurity vulnerabilities can come from several sources, both internal and external, and in some instances the utility may have its cybersecurity fully tested.

Changing Resource Mix

The rapid rate at which fuel costs, subsidies, and federal, state, and provincial policies are affecting the resource mix are creating a new paradigm in which planners, balancing authorities, and system operators are reacting to resource additions and retirements. Further, the integration of new technologies and distributed energy resources are affecting the availability of operators to see and control resources within their area.

⁵ ERO Enterprise Strategic Plan and Metrics 2017-2020

⁶ ERO Reliability Risk Priorities Report

BPS Planning

BPS planning is a risk closely tied to the changing resource mix because planners currently lack the ability to update or create system models and scenarios of potential future states to identify system needs based on the dynamic nature of the system. This changing system makes it increasingly difficult to evaluate BPS stability, including inertia and frequency response, voltage support (adequate dynamic and static reactive compensation), and ramping constraints.

Resource Adequacy

Changes in the generation resource mix and new technologies are altering the operational characteristics of the grid and will challenge system planners and operators to maintain reliability in real time. Failure to take into account these changing characteristics and capabilities can lead to insufficient capacity and essential reliability services to meet customer demands.

Strategic Goals

The ERO Enterprise has five strategic goals, adopted by the Board in November 2016, enabling the ERO Enterprise to successfully carry out its mission. A detailed description of each goal and activities that contribute to its success are provided below, followed by additional information about the allocation of NERC's resources toward achievement of each goal. The ERO Enterprise also has seven metrics that have been approved for 2017. Updated goals and activities that will be part of the operating plan, as well as updates to the metrics, will be finalized for approval by the Board in November 2017, with opportunities for stakeholder feedback prior to their approval. At this time, it is not anticipated that these updates will have a material impact on NERC's overall budget or resource allocation among operating areas for 2018. However, the updates may potentially affect priorities and workload within particular departments and will inform resource planning and allocation for the 2019 budget year.

Goal 1

Risk-Responsive Reliability Standards

Reliability Standards establish threshold requirements for assuring the BES is planned, operated, and maintained to minimize risks of cascading failures, avoid damage to major equipment, or limit interruptions of the BPS. Reliability Standards are clear, timely, effective in mitigating risks to reliability, and consider cost-effectiveness/impact.

Contributing Activities

- Develop, modify, and conduct periodic reviews of the Reliability Standards to assure they are clear and properly structured for existing and emerging risks.
- Develop and implement ERO Enterprise and stakeholder feedback loops to identify and address any gaps or ambiguities in Reliability Standards.
- Review the recommendations from the Essential Reliability Services Task Force to determine if
 the current body of NERC's planning Reliability Standards sufficiently addresses the need for
 essential reliability services.
- Evaluate options for assessing the cost effectiveness/impact of Reliability Standards.
- Address regulatory issues and orders (e.g., supply chain and critical infrastructure protection Reliability Standards) and technical analysis supporting geomagnetic disturbance requirements.
- Facilitate implementation of Reliability Standards by providing guidance or outreach for approved Reliability Standards.

-

⁷ See ERO Enterprise Strategic Plan and Metrics 2017-2020 for details.

Goal 2

Objective and Risk-informed Compliance Monitoring, Enforcement, and Organization Certification and Registration

The ERO Enterprise is a strong enforcement authority that is objective, fair, and promotes a culture of reliability excellence through risk-informed compliance monitoring, enforcement, certification, and registration.

Contributing Activities

- Implement registration program improvements to ensure consistent technical basis for registration and deregistration of entities.
- Implement the certification program consistently across the ERO Enterprise.
- Develop and implement compliance oversight plans for registered entities focusing on relevant risks, including consideration of inherent risk assessments and internal control evaluations.
- Implement compliance monitoring and enforcement timely and transparently, using a consistent framework.
- Enhance and implement training for ERO Enterprise Compliance Monitoring and Enforcement Program (CMEP) staff.
- Provide guidance and outreach to registered entities, including the review of Implementation Guidance for endorsement.
- Reduce recidivism through rigorous assessment of registered entities' plans to mitigate noncompliance.
- Evaluate the existing compliance, reporting, and analysis tracking system and other compliance tools to support risk-based activities that meet the needs of the CMEP.

Goal 3

Identification and Mitigation of Significant Risks to Reliability

The ERO Enterprise identifies the most significant risks to reliability, provides assurance for mitigating reliability risks, and promotes a culture of reliability excellence. The ERO Enterprise supports the Electricity Information Sharing and Analysis Center (E-ISAC), the Cybersecurity Risk Information Sharing Program (CRISP), reliability assessments, performance analysis, event analysis, situational awareness, and physical security and cybersecurity preparedness.

Contributing Activities

- Develop guidelines and industry practices to maintain accurate system models that include the resources (synchronous and inverter based), load, and controllable devices providing essential reliability services.
- Develop advanced and probabilistic methods to evaluate resource adequacy.
- Gather additional phasor measurement unit datasets to advance analytics and modeling improvements.
- Analyze system performance, events, and relationships among data sources to identify risks and mitigation strategies, and provide recommendations and lessons learned.
- Expand the use, availability, and value of physical security and cybersecurity threat and vulnerability information sharing, including cross sector communications, and analytics.

- In collaboration with the Critical Infrastructure Protection Committee and industry stakeholders, develop a risk process to address the potential impacts of cyber and physical security threats and vulnerabilities.
- Conduct assessments of system resiliency and develop guidance for operations in a more secure state.
- Engage industry, forums, and technical committees in identifying and mitigating risks, including reducing misoperations, AC substation equipment failures, vegetation-related outages, and improving cold weather preparedness and human performance.

Goal 4

Identification and Assessment of Emerging Risks to Reliability

The ERO Enterprise identifies, evaluates, studies, and independently assesses emerging risks to reliability.

Contributing Activities

- Enhance reliability assessments to reflect changing resource mix behavior, including distributed
 energy resources and essential reliability services, using probabilistic approaches that consider
 the variable and energy-limited nature of the evolving resource mix.
- Educate policy makers, regulators, and the industry of reliability effects and interconnection requirements for the changing resource mix.
- Develop sufficiency/adequacy guidelines for essential reliability services, including considerations of reliability attributes under a more diverse resource mix and changing load behavior, such as ramping, reserve services, and voltage support.
- Assess risks associated with cross sector dependencies and single points of disruptions.
- Develop, acquire, and maintain necessary tools for efficient data collection, management, and analytics across the ERO Enterprise.
- Evaluate the reliability impacts of distributed energy resources on planning, operations, and restoration and recovery, including the identification of data and information sharing needs.

Goal 5

Effective and Efficient ERO Enterprise Operations

The ERO Enterprise supports and encourages transparency, consistency, quality, efficiency, and timeliness of results and operates as a collaborative enterprise.

Contributing Activities

- Articulate a shared vision of reliability excellence and support and inspire stakeholders continentwide in working to attain that vision.
- Acquire, engage, develop, and retain highly qualified talent with requisite technical expertise to execute the ERO Enterprise's statutory functions.
- Understand and manage ERO Enterprise internal risks.
- Enhance and implement documented oversight plans for Regional Entity delegated functions.
- Expand the efficiency and productivity of the ERO Enterprise through a disciplined approach to IT investments.
- Continue to efficiently and effectively manage resources within the ERO Enterprise.

Quantitatively measure stakeholder satisfaction.

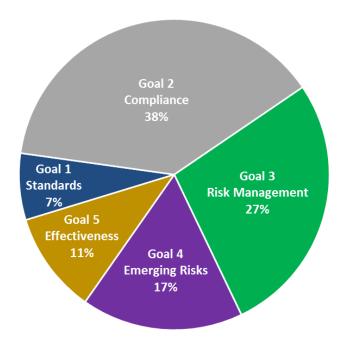
Allocation of NERC Resources to Strategic Goals and Risk Priorities

The charts below provide an overview of the allocation of both NERC and the ERO Enterprise's 2018 resources associated with each strategic goal and the related contributing activities discussed above. Using surveys, funding sources, and FTEs as a guide, the charts reflect the relative amount of total resources (people and dollars) focused on supporting each of the five strategic goals noted above. Obviously many departments work on multiple activities that further multiple goals, and precision in forecasting all activities supporting each goal is not feasible. However, these charts provide a general picture regarding how resources are allocated.

NERC Resource Allocation to Strategic Goal Areas







Ongoing Focus on Cost Control and Efficiency

NERC and the Regional Entities continue to work collaboratively to improve efficiency, evaluate resources, and leverage combined skillsets to improve various ERO Enterprise activities and control costs. This collaboration and the resulting efficiencies can be found in a number of areas, including but not limited to:

- ERO Enterprise IT Investments: NERC and the Regional Entities, working collaboratively under the oversight of NERC's Standards Oversight and Technology Committee (SOTC), have developed a long-term enterprise information technology program resulting in a number of enterprise tools. The goal is to enhance operations, improve efficiency, and reduce costs at the NERC, regional and registered entity level. For example, enterprise tools have helped and will further facilitate efficiency of registration and data submittals, improved consistency in registered entity resources devoted to compliance, and improved overall reliability through information sharing on Events Analysis, protection system misoperations, and Situational Awareness.
- **Enforcement**: NERC has worked closely with Regional Entities to streamline enforcement staff in connection with the development of more efficient and risk-based enforcement mechanisms.
- **Standards:** As standards development has matured, NERC management has reallocated Standards staff towards more critical activities like cyber security and analytical capabilities.
- Legal: As a result of the aforementioned efficiencies and the maturity of NERC's and ERO
 Enterprise's business processes, the legal department has reduced its resource requirements,
 reallocating limited resources to more critical priorities without increasing the company's overall
 staffing requirements.
- **Forums**: As further described in the quarterly forum reports to the NERC Board, NERC and the Regional Entities continue to leverage the transmission and generation forums to jointly address risks to reliability to mitigate their impacts on the reliable operation of the BES.
- **Industry:** The ERO Enterprise continues to collaborate with and rely on industry resources and expertise through the various standing committees, working groups, and task forces that are critical to both identifying and supporting key initiatives and priorities.

Additional information on the long-term efficiency goals can be found in Goal 6 of the draft ERO Enterprise Operating Plan and in Focus Area 5 of the draft ERO Enterprise Long-term Strategy that were posted to NERC's website in July 2017.8

2018 Key Business Planning Assumptions

As part of the annual business planning process, NERC and the Regional Entities developed a set of shared business planning assumptions supporting the development of their respective business plans and budgets. The Regional Entities used these assumptions to evaluate their projected workloads and determine resource levels and allocation required to complete necessary tasks and meet the obligations of their Regional Delegation Agreements. These common business planning assumptions are set forth in Exhibit A – Shared Assumptions and Key Focus Areas.

Application of Section 215 Criteria

In its order approving NERC's 2013 Business Plan and Budget, FERC required NERC to establish criteria for determining whether its proposed activities are eligible for funding under Section 215. In an order dated April 19, 2013, FERC approved NERC's proposed criteria, with certain modifications. Exhibit B -Application of NERC Section 215 Criteria summarizes the major activities NERC proposes to undertake in 2018 and the approved Section 215 criteria applicable to such activities.

Overview of 2018 Budget and Funding Requirements

NERC's 2018 combined expense and fixed asset (capital) budget is approximately \$73.1M, which represents an increase of approximately \$3.5M (5.1%) from the 2017 budget. Total expenses are increasing approximately \$3.9M (5.9%) over 2017. The total fixed asset (capital) budget, excluding depreciation, ¹⁰ is approximately \$3.9M, a decrease of \$498k (11.4%) from 2017. Approximately \$8.7M (11.9%) of NERC's 2018 budget is related to CRISP. As further explained in the Electricity Information Sharing and Analysis Center (E-ISAC) section of Section A, the majority of the NERC CRISP budget will be funded by participating utilities, with a small portion funded through assessments.

NERC's proposed 2018 assessment is approximately \$63.0M, which represents an increase of \$3.1M (5.1%) from 2017 and reflects the proposed release of \$600k of funds from the Assessment Stabilization Reserve to reduce 2018 assessments. Further, NERC proposes to deposit \$500k of Penalty collections during the 12 months ended June 30, 2017 into the Assessment Stabilization Reserve. Without the proposed release of funds from the Assessment Stabilization Reserve to offset assessments (as further discussed below), NERC's total average assessments would increase \$3.7M (6.1%) over 2017. One of the reasons that NERC's proposed 2018 budget increase is 5.1% while the proposed 2018 assessment increase is 6.1% (unadjusted) is that \$1.1M of funds was released from the Assessment Stabilization Reserve in 2017 to reduce assessments. Other factors contributing to the difference between the proposed budget increase and the proposed assessment increase include debt (capital financing) assumptions and provisions for reserves, all of which impact assessments in Canada, Mexico, and the U.S.

In order to stabilize assessments and align budget and assessment increases more closely, NERC has undertaken a multi-year strategy to manage assessment increases. NERC's policy Accounting, Financial Statement and Budgetary Treatment of Penalties Imposed and Received for Violations of Reliability

⁸ NERC Strategic Documents webpage

⁹ North American Electric Reliability Corporation, Order on Compliance, 143 FERC ¶ 61,052 (2013).

¹⁰ NERC and the Regional Entities budget Depreciation as an Operating Expense with an equal and offsetting credit against budgeted Fixed Asset (capital) additions. As a result, the budgets do not include depreciation in the funding requirements.

Standards¹¹ and NERC Rule of Procedure (ROP) §1107.2 specifies that Penalties received during the period July 1 through the following June 30 are to be used in the subsequent budget period to offset U.S. assessment billings. However, ROP §1107.4 provides for exceptions or alternatives to this treatment if approved by the Commission. In February 2015, NERC's Board approved an amendment to the company's Working Capital and Operating Reserve Policy. Among the approved changes to this policy was the creation of an Assessment Stabilization Reserve. This reserve was established to implement the strategic goal of more closely aligning annual budget and U.S. assessment increases and to provide a mechanism to better manage year-to-year assessment increases. The eventual goal is to narrow the gap between annual percentage changes in NERC's budget and annual percentage changes in assessments that results from year-to-year variations in Penalty collections.

NERC proposes, subject to Commission approval, to (1) deposit the \$500k of Penalties collected during the period July 1, 2016 – June 30, 2017, into the Assessment Stabilization Reserve and (2) release \$600k from the Assessment Stabilization Reserve to reduce 2018 assessments. As a result, NERC proposes an overall average 2018 assessment increase of 5.1%. The allocation of assessments to Canadian entities will depend on the final determination and allocation of certain compliance and enforcement costs to Canadian entities pursuant to NERC's policy on the allocation of compliance costs.¹⁴

The following table provides a high-level year-over-year comparison of the major categories of expenses, total budget, and FTEs.

¹¹ Accounting, Financial Statement and Budgetary Treatment of Penalties Imposed and Received for Violations of Reliability Standards, December 8, 2008 and as amended August 15, 2013.

NERC's Working Capital and Operating Reserve Policy. NERC filed a petition with FERC on March 6, 2015 for approval of this policy; the Commission conditionally approved the revised policy in an order issued June 18, 2015, in Docket No. RR15-8-000. North American Electric Reliability Corporation, Order Conditionally Accepting Revisions to Working Capital and Operating Reserve Policy, 151 FERC ¶ 61,225 (2015). On August 14, 2015, NERC submitted a compliance filing to the June 18, 2015 order with a modification to the policy, which the Commission accepted by letter order dated September 18, 2015 (Docket No. RR15-8-001).

¹³ In accordance with the approved *Working Capital and Operating Reserve Policy*, the Assessment Stabilization Reserve may be funded with Penalty funds and surplus operating reserves. The actual amount of the contribution, as well as releases from the fund to reduce assessments, are determined annually as part of NERC's business plan and budget process, based on recommendation by the Board's Finance and Audit Committee and requiring both Board and FERC approval.

¹⁴ Expanded Policy on Allocation of Certain Compliance and Enforcement Costs, July 29, 2008.

Statement of Activities and Fixed Assets Expenditures 2017 and 2018 Budgets
STATIJTORY

	 2017 Budget	2017 Projection	201 v 2	Variance 17 Projection 2017 Budget ver(Under)	2018 Budget	20 v 2	Variance 018 Budget 017 Budget ver(Under)	% Over (Under)
Funding		 _			_			
ERO Funding								
NERC Assessments	\$ 59,856,314	\$ 59,856,314	\$	(0)	\$ 62,936,968	\$	3,080,655	5.1%
Assessment Stabilization Reserve - Penalties	1,100,000	1,100,000		-	600,000		(500,000)	
Third-Party Funding (CRISP)	6,990,447	7,820,788		830,341	7,324,253		333,806	
Testing Fees	1,921,900	1,749,315		(172,585)	1,790,000		(131,900)	
Services & Software	50,000	50,000		0	50,000		0	
Workshops	230,000	305,300		75,300	185,000		(45,000)	
Interest	3,000	72,113		69,113	95,000		92,000	
Miscellaneous	 -	 			 -		-	
Total Funding	\$ 70,151,660	\$ 70,953,830	\$	802,170	\$ 72,981,221	\$	2,829,561	4.0%
Expenses								
Personnel Expenses	\$ 38,641,331	\$ 38,762,038	\$	120,706	\$ 40,969,105	\$	2,327,774	6.0%
Meeting Expenses	3,372,886	3,745,105		372,219	3,395,100		22,214	0.7%
Operating Expenses	24,800,690	27,237,596		2,436,906	26,352,371		1,551,682	6.3%
Other Non-Operating	106,725	106,725			138,878		32,153	30.1%
Total Expenses	\$ 66,921,632	\$ 69,851,464	\$	2,929,832	\$ 70,855,455	\$	3,933,822	5.9%
Fixed Assets								
Depreciation	\$ (1,691,457)	\$ (2,661,466)	\$	(970,009)	\$ (1,594,299)	\$	97,158	
Computer & Software CapEx	2,572,000	2,348,141		(223,859)	2,549,000		(23,000)	
Equipment CapEx	1,800,000	1,059,772		(740,229)	1,175,000		(625,000)	
Leasehold Imrovements	-	-		-	150,000		150,000	
Inc(Dec) in Fixed Assets	\$ 2,680,543	\$ 746,447	\$	(1,934,096)	\$ 2,279,701	\$	(400,842)	-15.0%
Total Budget	\$ 69,602,175	\$ 70,597,911	\$	995,735	\$ 73,135,156	\$	3,532,981	5.1%
FTEs	189.88	187.47		(2.41)	199.28		9.40	5.0%

NERC's 2018 budget and funding requirements reflect the resources necessary to support achievement of the goals and objectives set forth in the Strategic Plan. The 2018 budget is comprised of both operating and fixed asset (capital) costs. Operating costs generally include personnel, consulting, office space, software licensing, third-party data management, and communications and other customary services to support office operations. Fixed asset (capital) costs primarily reflect investments in equipment and software to support operations, including investments in the development of software applications and infrastructure to facilitate improved business processes and efficiency.

Key Budget Assumptions

Key assumptions used in the development of NERC's 2018 budget include the following:

- Increase of 9.40 full time equivalents (FTE) to provide additional support to the E-ISAC, including the addition of 6 FTEs as outlined in *Exhibit F E-ISAC Long-Term Strategy*. Management routinely reviews resource allocations to ensure that the appropriate amount and type of resources are being dedicated to key priorities and activities. As operations in some areas become more efficient and/or major initiatives are completed, resources are redeployed to priority areas.
- Applying a 6.0% reduction to FTEs (vacancy rate), which is the same as 2017, to account for attrition and hiring delays. This assumption is based on a review and analysis of historic attrition and vacancy rates, as well as the time it takes to recruit and onboard new staff.
- Market-based compensation for personnel. Executive and staff compensation and benefits are
 established based on guidelines established by NERC's Corporate Governance and Human
 Resources Committee (CGHRC) and comprehensive market compensation and benefit
 information provided by a nationally recognized compensation and benefits consulting firm, as

well as other available data. An updated market study was completed in late 2015 under the oversight of NERC's CGHRC.

- Anticipated market increases in medical and dental benefit plan costs. Medical and dental
 premium cost estimates are based on market data provided by the company's benefits
 consultant. Current 2018 budget estimates are in the upper end of the range provided by NERC's
 benefits consultant. No other changes to retirement or other benefit plans have been assumed
 for 2018.
- Meeting and travel expenses are being held flat based on a review of 2016 and 2017 costs. The
 company has undertaken a number of significant efforts over the past several years to reduce
 travel and meeting expenses. For example, the company has worked closely with Regional Entities
 to share meeting space where possible, which has helped reduce meeting costs.
- Contract and consulting expenses are developed on a department-by-department basis and reflect both known and anticipated expenses, based on historical and current information. Expenses for the 2018 budget increased \$596k, primarily due to E-ISAC portal support and maintenance needs, as well the CRISP security review for which better cost information is known for the 2018 budget. Additional information on contract and consulting expenses can be found in Exhibit C – Contractor and Consulting Costs.

Fixed Asset (Capital) Budget and Capital Financing

NERC's 2018 capital budget is approximately \$3.9M (excluding depreciation), which represents a decrease of \$498k from 2017. This decrease is primarily the result of leasing audio visual and certain computer equipment, resulting in a reduction of Fixed Assets and an increase in Office Costs in the 2018 budget. The table below provides a summary of the major capital budget components.

NERC Capital Budget	Budget 2017	Budget 2018	Variance 2018 Budget v 2017 Budget	Variance %
ERO Application Development	\$ 700,000	\$ 2,148,000	\$ 1,448,000	206.9%
E-ISAC Portal Improvement	1,000,000	-	(1,000,000)	-100.0%
Document Management Program	335,000	-	(335,000)	-100.0%
Hardware (storage, servers)	991,000	805,000	(186,000)	-18.8%
Other Equipment	885,000	370,000	(515,000)	-58.2%
Disaster Recovery	150,000	100,000	(50,000)	-33.3%
NERC Software Licenses	311,000	301,000	(10,000)	-3.2%
Leasehold Improvements	-	150,000	150,000	100.0%
Total	\$ 4,372,000	\$ 3,874,000	\$ (498,000)	-11.4%

NERC has budgeted \$3.4M (both operating expenses and capital expenditures) in 2018 for services related to the planning, design, and implementation of software applications supporting the development of enterprise tools for common NERC and Regional Entity operations. These ERO Enterprise related costs include \$2.1M in capital expenditures and \$1.3M in other IT operating costs. Additional information regarding the ERO Enterprise IT strategy, the current status of the development of ERO Enterprise IT applications, and projects that will be under development in 2018 can be found in the *Information Technology* section of Section A. NERC's 2018 capital budget also includes ongoing funding for IT security, disaster recovery, data storage, replacement of servers and laptops, and software license costs. *Compliance Monitoring and Enforcement Program (CMEP) Technology Project*

The \$2.1M in fixed asset (capital) expenditures for 2018 relates to a new entity registration tool (\$600k) and a new CMEP tool (\$1.5M). The IT department is working closely with the Regional Entities in 2017 and through the 2018 – 2020 budget cycles to evaluate and implement strategic investments in tools that replace the current three applications with a single, common CMEP application. Items under consideration at this time include how Reliability Standards data is stored and maintained, as well as how best to support the various parts of the compliance and enforcement process (e.g., analysis of risk, development of implementation plans and audit schedules, actual compliance monitoring, and enforcement processing). The capital expenditure for the CMEP tool is expected to be approximately \$5-6M in total, with work spanning from 2017 thru 2020. Funding for this work will be subject to review and approval as part of the business plan and budget process each year. Investments are being made in 2017 to evaluate and scope the long-term project, with a final determination on the project scope expected later in 2017. If the 2018 business plan and budget is approved with the recommended funding, but the project does not go forward, the related funding will be held in the Operating Contingency Reserve. For additional information on the CMEP technology program, please see *Exhibit G – Compliance Monitoring and Enforcement Program Technology Project*.

The 2018 budget projection assumes that approximately \$2.1M of the total \$3.9M capital budget will be financed through the capital financing program that was described and put in place as part of NERC's 2014 Business Plan and Budget. Further information regarding capital financing can be found in Exhibit D-Capital Financing.

Working Capital and Operating Reserves

Management is proposing an overall reserve budget of \$7.5M for Working Capital, the four categories of Operating Reserves, and the Assessment Stabilization Reserve under the company's Working Capital and Operating Reserve Policy. This represents a decrease of \$283k (3.7%) from the total reserve amounts included in NERC's 2017 budget. The working capital and reserve balances are broken down in the following manner:

- Working Capital: Represents the amount of funds necessary to satisfy the company's projected
 cash flow needs during the budget year, taking into account the projected timing of the receipt of
 funding and timing of capital and operating expenses. While individual categories reflect increases
 and decreases resulting from operating needs and uses, the 2018 budget does not reflect
 additional working capital requirements in total.
- **Future Obligation Reserve:** Includes funding that has been received to satisfy future obligations under lease, credit, loan, or other agreements to which the company is a party. This reserve is primarily comprised of existing funds and is budgeted to be \$1.8M for 2018.
- System Operator Certification Reserve: Includes surplus funding from operator certification and testing fees that are above incurred expenses and shall be used solely to support operator testing and certification needs. The 2018 System Operator Certification Reserve is budgeted at \$700k and comprised of existing funds.
- CRISP Reserve: Represents funds dedicated to support CRISP. These reserves are established
 pursuant to a CRISP budget agreed to and funded entirely by utilities participating in CRISP. These
 reserves have no impact on assessments and they are segregated from other reserves pursuant
 to the terms of the CRISP agreements. The CRISP reserves are projected to be \$500k in the 2018
 budget.
- Operating Contingency Reserve: Includes funds for contingencies that were not anticipated, assumed to be likely or the timing of which was uncertain, at the time of preparation and approval of the company's business plan and budget. NERC's current policy on Operating Contingency Reserves requires a reserve target of 3.5–7.0%, except as otherwise approved by the Board after review and recommendation by the NERC Finance and Audit Committee. This percentage is

- calculated against NERC's total budget for operating and capital expenditures, less those costs related to CRISP and System Operator Certification, each of which has a separate reserve category. For the 2018 budget, management is recommending an Operating Contingency Reserve of approximately \$3.0M, or 4.7% of total budgeted operating and fixed asset (capital) costs.
- Assessment Stabilization Reserve: To date, this reserve has been funded entirely by previously received Penalties and is projected to have a balance of \$2.2M as of January 1, 2018, including the proposed deposit of \$500k of Penalties received during the period July 1, 2016 June 30, 2017 (subject to requisite approvals). For purposes of the company's 2018 BP&B, management proposes the release of \$600k of Assessment Stabilization Reserve funds to offset U.S. assessments. The remaining balance of \$1.6M in the Assessment Stabilization Reserve will be used to reduce U.S. assessments in one or more future periods, subject to review and approval by the NERC Board and the Commission in the applicable year's business plan and budget.

Department Budget and FTE Comparisons

The following table sets forth a 2017–2018 total budget comparison by department. The amounts shown below reflect all direct and indirect departmental costs, including fixed asset (capital) costs. Costs incurred for general and administrative and other overheads are considered indirect and are allocated to the statutory departments based on the ratio of that department's budgeted FTEs to total budgeted statutory FTEs.

2017–2018 Tota	l Budget by	Department
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Total Budget	2017 Budget	2018 Budget	201	Change 18 Budget v 17 Budget	% Change
Reliability Standards	\$ 8,100,282	\$ 6,821,893	\$	(1,278,389)	-15.8%
Compliance Monitoring and Enforcement Programs*	17,305,535	20,465,126		3,159,591	18.3%
Reliability Assessments and System Analysis	7,535,594	7,312,956		(222,638)	-3.0%
Reliability Risk Management	14,387,923	13,641,560		(746,363)	-5.2%
Training, Education, and Personnel Certification	3,757,501	3,043,024		(714,477)	-19.0%
NERC Budget, excluding E-ISAC	\$ 51,086,835	\$ 51,284,559	\$	197,724	0.4%
E-ISAC (non-CRISP) E-ISAC (CRISP)	\$ 10,222,901 8,292,440	\$ 13,130,686 8,719,912	\$	2,907,785 427,471	28.4% 5.2%
Total E-ISAC Budget	\$ 18,515,341	\$ 21,850,597	\$	3,335,256	18.0%
Total Budget	\$ 69,602,175	\$ 73,135,156	\$	3,532,981	5.1%

^{*}Includes Entity Registration and CMEP Tool Development

The primary areas of increase are in Compliance Monitoring and Enforcement and E-ISAC. The increase in the Compliance Monitoring and Enforcement department costs are primarily due to the transfer of resources, including previously budgeted and open positions and related costs, to these departments from other departments, as well as the capital costs associated with development of the CMEP and Entity Registration applications, as further discussed below in the *Information Technology* section of Section A. The E-ISAC reflects additional staff related primarily to the long-term strategy discussed in *Exhibit F - E-ISAC Long-Term Strategy*. As noted in the Exhibit, the increase for 2018 due to the implementation of this strategy was approximately \$1.8M. Most of the additional costs noted in the above table reflect the allocation of general and administrative overhead costs based on the additional FTEs.

The decrease in the Reliability Standards, and Training, Education, and Personnel departments is largely the result of the transfer of personnel resources from these departments as part of the ongoing process of internal reorganization to better align resources to support strategic goals and risk priorities, which also results in lower indirect costs and allocation of fixed assets to these departments. Similarly, while the Reliability Risk Management budget does not have a decrease in personnel resources, the department is allocated fewer indirect costs and fixed assets because of the increase of personnel in other statutory programs.

The following table presents a 2018 versus 2017 comparison of budgeted FTEs by department and reflects 2017 personnel additions, interdepartmental transfers of previously budgeted positions, and attrition assumptions. The number of FTEs represents the number of employees employed full time during the year, plus the number of employees employed part time (less than full schedule), or during a portion of the year converted to a full-time basis. Headcount represents the total number of personnel employed during the year, regardless of the length of their employment during that year or whether they are full-time or part-time employees. FTEs will be less than headcount, unless there are no part-time employees and no employees who are employed less than a full year. The company's 2018 personnel budget is based upon existing headcount and associated compensation and benefit costs, as well as assumptions on the number and cost of new hires and the assumed vacancy rate, all within an overall FTE budget. An average vacancy rate is applied to each position and its associated costs to arrive at an overall personnel cost budget. The vacancy rate represents an adjustment, which is applied in the calculation of budgeted personnel costs to account for attrition and for variations from the budget assumptions on the timing of new hires.

2017–2018 Year-Over-Year Comparison of FTEs by Department

FTEs*	2017 Budget	2018 Budget	Change 2018 Budget v 2017 Budget	% Change
Reliability Standards	17.16	15.51	(1.65)	-9.6%
Compliance Monitoring and Enforcement Programs	36.19	40.89	4.70	13.0%
Reliability Assessments and System Analysis	14.10	14.10	-	0.0%
Reliability Risk Management	26.32	26.32	-	0.0%
Training, Education, and Personnel Certification	7.05	5.88	(1.17)	-16.6%
Administrative Programs	69.33	67.45	(1.88)	-2.7%
NERC FTEs, excluding E-ISAC	170.15	170.15	(0.00)	0.0%
E-ISAC (non-CRISP)	16.92	25.38	8.46	50.0%
E-ISAC (CRISP)	2.82	3.76	0.94	33.3%
Total E-ISAC FTEs	19.74	29.14	9.40	47.6%
Total FTEs	189.89	199.29	9.40	5.0%

^{*} Reflects 2018 additions and transfers between departments, anticipated timing of 2018 hires, and assumes 6% attrition in all programs

Total FTEs in the Reliability Standards, Training, Education, and Personnel Certification, and Administrative programs is decreasing by 4.70 FTEs (5.0%), reflecting the reallocation of previously budgeted and open positions to the Compliance Assurance and Compliance Analysis, Organization Certification and

Registration departments. The increase in E-ISAC department FTEs addresses immediate analytical capability needs and also the additional costs related to the long-term strategy outlined in *Exhibit F - E-ISAC Long-Term Strategy*.

The NERC 2018 organizational chart can be found in Appendix 1. The difference between the number of positions reflected in the 2018 organizational chart and total 2018 budgeted FTEs is due to assumptions regarding vacancy rates and timing of new hires. The 2018 organizational chart in Appendix 1 includes the additional positions discussed in *Exhibit F - E-ISAC Long-Term Strategy*.

The following table includes a statement of activities comparing the 2017 budget and the 2018 budgets.

Statement of Activities and Fixed Assets Expenditures 2017 and 2018 Budgets STATUTORY

		2047		2047	201	Variance 7 Projection 017 Budget 2018				Variance 2018 Budget	% Inc 2018 over
		2017 Budget		2017 Projection		017 Budget ver(Under)		Budget		v 2017 Budget Over(Under)	2017
Funding		Dauget	_		<u> </u>	10.(00)		Danger		010.(000.)	
ERO Funding											
NERC Assessments	\$	59,856,314	\$	59,856,314	\$	(0)	\$	62,936,968	\$	3,080,655	5.1%
Assessment Stabilization Reserve - Penalties	_	1,100,000	_	1,100,000				600,000	_	(500,000)	
Total NERC Funding	\$	60,956,314	<u>\$</u>	60,956,314	\$	(0)	\$	63,536,968	\$	2,580,655	
Third-Party Funding (CRISP)	\$	6,990,447	\$	7,400,905	\$	410,458	\$	7,324,253	\$	333,806	
Testing Fees		1,921,900		1,749,315		(172,585)		1,790,000		(131,900)	
Services & Software		50,000		50,000		0		50,000		0	
Workshops		230,000		305,300		75,300		185,000		(45,000)	
Interest		3,000		115,999		112,999		95,000		92,000	
Miscellaneous	_	-	_	-			_		_		4.00/
Total Funding (A)	<u>\$</u>	70,151,660	<u>Ş</u>	70,577,832	\$	426,172	\$	72,981,221	\$	2,829,561	4.0%
Expenses											
Personnel Expenses											
Salaries	\$	30,073,438	\$	30,222,616	\$	149,177	\$	31,791,098	\$	1,717,659	
Payroll Taxes		1,847,130		1,822,452		(24,678)		1,949,557		102,426	
Benefits		3,643,806		3,736,337		92,531		3,988,886		345,080	
Retirement Costs		3,076,956	_	2,961,287		(115,670)	_	3,239,565	_	162,608	
Total Personnel Expenses	<u>\$</u>	38,641,331	<u>\$</u>	38,742,691	\$	101,360	\$	40,969,105	\$	2,327,774	6.0%
Meeting Expenses											
Meetings	\$	1,071,500	\$	1,053,168	\$	(18,332)	\$	1,071,500	\$	(0)	
Travel		2,203,786		2,248,220		44,434		2,204,000		214	
Conference Calls		97,600		157,553		59,953		119,600		22,000	
Total Meeting Expenses	\$	3,372,886	\$	3,458,942	\$	86,056	\$	3,395,100	\$	22,214	0.7%
Operating Expenses											
Consultants & Contracts	\$	13,127,749	\$	14,378,546	\$	1,250,797	\$	13,724,185	\$	596,437	
Office Rent		3,117,009		3,124,992		7,983		3,091,804		(25,205)	
Office Costs		4,359,340		4,599,488		240,148		5,365,084		1,005,744	
Professional Services		2,468,135		2,419,577		(48,558)		2,537,500		69,365	
Miscellaneous		37,000		52,613		15,613		39,500		2,500	
Depreciation	_	1,691,457	_	2,661,466	_	970,009	_	1,594,299	_	(97,158)	
Total Operating Expenses	<u>\$</u>	24,800,690	<u>\$</u>	27,236,682	\$	2,435,993	\$	26,352,371	\$	1,551,682	6.3%
Total Direct Expenses	\$	66,814,907	\$	69,438,316	\$	2,623,408	\$	70,716,577	\$	3,901,669	5.8%
Indirect Expenses	\$	0	\$	-	\$	(0)	\$	0	\$	0	
Other Non-Operating Expenses	\$	106,725	\$	115,797	\$	9,072	\$	138,878	\$	32,153	30.1%
Total Expenses (B)	\$	66,921,632	\$	69,554,112	\$	2,632,480	\$	70,855,455	\$	3,933,822	5.9%
Change in Assets	\$	3,230,028	\$	1,023,720	\$	(2,206,308)	\$	2,125,766	\$	(1,104,262)	
Fixed Assets											
Depreciation	\$	(1,691,457)	\$		\$		\$	(1,594,299)	\$	97,158	
Computer & Software CapEx		2,572,000		2,417,441		(154,559)		2,549,000		(23,000)	
Furniture & Fixtures CapEx				.		-				-	
Equipment CapEx		1,800,000		1,189,772		(610,229)		1,175,000		(625,000)	
Leasehold Improvements		-		-		-		150,000		150,000	
Allocation of Fixed Assets		0		-		(0)		0		0	
Inc(Dec) in Fixed Assets (C)	\$	2,680,543	\$	945,747	\$	(1,734,796)	\$	2,279,701	\$	(400,842)	-15.0%
TOTAL BUDGET (=B+C)	\$	69,602,175	\$	70,499,859	\$	897,684	\$	73,135,156	\$	3,532,981	5.1%
TOTAL CHANGE IN WORKING CAPITAL (=A-B-C) ¹	\$	549,485	\$	77,973	\$	(471,511)	\$	(153,935)	\$	(800,578)	
FTEs		189.88		189.24		(0.64)		199.28		9.40	5.0%

 $^{^{1}}$ Refer to Table B-1 for a complete analysis of the Working Capital and Operating Reserve balance.

FERC Order 830 - Geomagnetic Disturbance

In FERC's Order No. 830 approving Reliability Standard TPL-007-1 (*Transmission System Planned Performance for Geomagnetic Disturbance Events*), ¹⁵ FERC directed NERC to file a research work plan describing how NERC will conduct research into the specific geomagnetic disturbance (GMD)-related topics identified in the order. Since that time, NERC developed a preliminary GMD research work plan containing a set of GMD research activities, which was filed with FERC on May 30, 2017 in accordance with the Order No. 830 directive. The research activities identified in the preliminary plan are expected to advance the understanding of GMD events and the risks these high-impact, low-frequency events pose to the reliability of the BPS.

NERC is currently in the process of establishing the administrative components of the GMD research work plan, including the budget, project timeline, and assignment of project responsibilities. NERC expects that executing a GMD research plan of the type contemplated by Order No. 830 would require an extensive, multi-year effort requiring scientific and technical expertise from a variety of disciplines. Managing a large scale research project such as this is not a NERC "core competency," which can accentuate and amplify the risks associated with executing the research called for in the plan. Further, NERC expects the costs to have a substantial impact on its budget, and consequently its annual assessments.

Therefore, NERC plans to continue to conduct outreach in the coming months with representatives from governmental agencies in the U.S., Europe, and Canada, academia, vendors, and industry to identify the GMD-related work that is currently in progress, determine where opportunities exist for research synergies, develop an appropriate research management structure, and identify alternative sources of funding. NERC will be conducting outreach to stakeholders regarding optimal approaches to structure the funding requirements, including opportunities for sharing costs, research management alternatives, and leveraging research responsibilities. These efforts, along with any comments and Commission guidance, would inform the final scope and structure of NERC's project plan.

With this uncertainty of project management and funding alternatives, costs related to this research are not included in the 2018 BP&B. Once the way forward becomes clearer in the next 6-8 months, NERC will develop any additional budgetary materials and requests as needed.

E-ISAC Long-Term Strategy

Over the past several years the E-ISAC has focused on improving its technical and analytical capabilities with a goal of becoming the electricity industry's leading, trusted source for analysis and sharing of security information. Significant support from the Electricity Subsector Coordinating Council (ESCC), the ESCC Members Executive Committee (MEC), the U.S. Department of Energy, and other stakeholders have helped the E-ISAC be responsive to the industry's needs in order to provide unique insights, leadership, and coordination for security matters.

At the request of the NERC Board and under the guidance of the ESCC and MEC, executive leadership of the E-ISAC developed a long-term strategic plan, which is included as *Exhibit F - E-ISAC Long-Term Strategy*. The E-ISAC Long Term Strategic Plan was approved by the MEC on April 24, 2017 and accepted by the NERC Board of Trustees on May 11, 2017. The long-term strategic plan is to transform the E-ISAC into a world-class intelligence collecting and analytical capability for the electricity industry.

To carry forth this vision, the E-ISAC is planning a continuous and deliberate growth strategy over the next five years that increases both staff and technical resources. Based on industry and stakeholder feedback,

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¹⁵ FERC Order 830 - Reliability Standard for Transmission System Planned Performance for Geomagnetic Disturbance Events

the 2018 BP&B includes the first year's recommended additions related to this strategy, primarily related to analytical capabilities, as further described in *Exhibit F – E-ISAC Long-Term Strategy*.

The assumptions and projections included herein and that follow for 2019 and 2020 include the impacts of the E-ISAC strategic plan discussed in *Exhibit F* - *E-ISAC Long-Term Strategy*. The strategy discussed in that exhibit reflects additional resources, technology, and facilities for the long-term success of the E-ISAC.

Projections for 2019–2020

Management has developed preliminary operating and fixed asset (capital) projections for 2019 and 2020. The significant assumptions considered in preparing these projections include:

- No increases in total FTEs over the 2018 budget except for the impacts of the long-term E-ISAC strategy discussed in Exhibit F – E-ISAC Long-Term Strategy.
- Personnel and benefit cost increases per FTE are consistent with the 2018 budget assumptions.
- Operating costs, including contractor and consulting expenses, are higher due to increases in costs for rent and maintenance costs associated with software applications supporting ERO Enterprise Operations.
- Debt service repayment obligations in connection with the company's Capital Financing Program
 are consistent with the projected Enterprise IT Applications capital forecast. The most significant
 work over the next three years will relate to the Compliance Monitoring and Enforcement
 Technology Program. Current estimates are approximately \$5-6M between 2017 and 2020. NERC
 anticipates using the Capital Financing Program as the primary funding source for that project.
 For additional information on the Compliance Monitoring and Enforcement Technology Program,
 please see Exhibit G Compliance Monitoring and Enforcement Program Technology Project.
- No increase in CRISP-related expenditures, except for personnel and benefit cost increases as noted above.

NERC's goal is to align assessments and budget increases closely together over the next three to five years. The goal is to minimize fluctuations so that year-to-year variations in receipt of Penalties will not cause large year-to-year variations in future U.S. assessments. Currently, NERC projects assessments to increase 5.1% in 2018, 8.9% in 2019, and 4.0% in 2020 with a planned release of Assessment Stabilization Reserves for 2018 of \$600k. The projected increases for 2019 and 2020 do not assume any releases of funds from the Assessment Stabilization Reserve. Future releases of these reserves will be determined each year during the budget approval process. NERC models future periods without assuming the receipt of Penalties beyond those NERC currently expects to receive. As Penalties are received, NERC assumes that the NERC Board and the Commission will approve the Penalties as contributions to the Assessment Stabilization Reserve, for use when appropriate to prevent large year-to-year fluctuations in assessments.¹⁶

review and input by stakeholders.

The company's Working Capital and Operating Reserve Policy requires that in determining the amount of the Assessment Stabilization Reserve that is released each year, the NERC Finance and Audit Committee and Board is to review a three-year forecast of assessments, as well as the availability of funding for the Assessment Stabilization Reserve from surplus funds and Penalty funds. The actual contributions to and releases from the Assessment Stabilization Reserve in any year must be approved by the Board and the Commission as part of NERC's annual business plan and budget process, with opportunity for

The budget and assessment increases for 2019 and 2020 are projections that will be refined as those budgets are finalized. In particular, the 2019 year includes the intersection of various projects that cause that budget and assessment increase to be higher. NERC will be working to prioritize projects and costs ahead of the 2019 budget year to ensure the most reasonable budget and assessment increases possible.

Statement of Activities and Fixed Assets Expenditures 2018 Budget & Projected 2019 and 2020 Budgets

		2018 Budget		2019 Projection		\$ Change 19 v 18	% Change 19 v 18		2020 Projection		\$ Change 20 v 19	% Change 20 v 19
Funding												
ERO Funding		62 026 060		60 553 400		5.645.433	0.00/	,	74 200 252		2 756 252	4.00/
NERC Assessments Assessment Stabilization Reserve - Penalties	\$	62,936,968 600,000	\$	68,552,100	\$	5,615,132 (600,000)	8.9% -100.0%	\$	71,308,353	\$	2,756,253	4.0% 0.0%
Total NERC Funding	\$	63,536,968	\$	68,552,100	\$	5,015,132	7.9%	\$	71,308,353	\$	2,756,253	4.0%
Total NEIGE Fallening	- y	03,330,300	<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>	00,552,100	Ţ	3,013,132	7.570	<u>,</u>	71,300,333	,	2,130,233	4.070
Third-Party Funding (CRISP)	\$	7,324,253	\$	7,351,310	\$	27,057	0.4%	\$	7,366,464	\$	15,154	0.2%
Testing Fees		1,790,000		1,790,000		-	0.0%		1,790,000		-	0.0%
Services & Software		50,000		50,000		-	0.0%		50,000		-	0.0%
Workshops		185,000		185,000		-	0.0%		185,000		-	0.0%
Interest		95,000		95,000		-	0.0%		95,000		0	0.0%
Miscellaneous	_		_	-	_		0.0%	_	-	_		0.0%
Total Funding (A)	\$	72,981,221	\$	78,023,410	\$	5,042,189	6.9%	\$	80,794,817	\$	2,771,407	3.6%
Expenses												
Personnel Expenses												
Salaries	\$	31,791,098	\$	33,898,558	\$	2,107,460	6.6%	\$	35,526,511	\$	1,627,953	4.8%
Payroll Taxes		1,949,557		2,055,989		106,432	5.5%		2,126,649		70,660	3.4%
Benefits		3,988,886		4,286,714		297,828	7.5%		4,534,750		248,036	5.8%
Retirement Costs		3,239,565		3,461,443		221,878	6.8%		3,632,191		170,748	4.9%
Total Personnel Expenses	\$	40,969,105	\$	43,702,703	\$	2,733,598	6.7%	\$	45,820,101	\$	2,117,398	4.8%
Maritim E												
Meeting Expenses Meetings	\$	1,071,500	\$	1,071,500	ċ		0.0%	\$	1,071,500	ċ		0.0%
Travel	ş	2,204,000	Ş	2,204,000	Ş	-	0.0%	Ş	2,204,000	Ş	-	0.0%
Conference Calls		119,600		139,600		20,000	16.7%		139,600		_	0.0%
Total Meeting Expenses	\$	3,395,100	\$	3,415,100	\$	20,000	0.6%	\$	3,415,100	Ś	-	0.0%
6 pr				., .,		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			-, -,			
Operating Expenses												
Consultants & Contracts	\$	13,724,185	\$	14,131,529	\$	407,344	3.0%	\$	14,009,707	\$	(121,822)	-0.9%
Office Rent		3,091,804		3,091,804		0	0.0%		3,091,804		-	0.0%
Office Costs		5,365,084		5,877,971		512,887	9.6%		6,572,148		694,177	11.8%
Professional Services		2,537,500		2,535,340		(2,160)	-0.1%		2,544,295		8,955	0.4%
Miscellaneous		39,500		39,500		-	0.0%		39,500		-	0.0%
Depreciation	_	1,594,299	_	1,321,972		(272,326)	-17.1%	_	1,073,181	_	(248,791)	-18.8%
Total Operating Expenses	\$	26,352,371	\$	26,998,116	Ş	645,745	2.5%	\$	27,330,636	<u>\$</u>	332,519	1.2%
Total Direct Expenses	\$	70,716,577	\$	74,115,920	\$	3,399,343	4.8%	\$	76,565,837	\$	2,449,917	3.3%
Indirect Expenses	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	0.0%	\$	0	\$	(0)	0.0%
Other Non-Operating Expenses	\$	138,878	\$	171,744	\$	32,866	23.7%	\$	205,335	\$	33,591	19.6%
Total Expenses (B)	\$	70,855,455	\$	74,287,664	\$	3,432,209	4.8%	\$	76,771,172	\$	2,483,508	3.3%
Change in Assets	\$	2,125,766	\$	3,735,746	\$	1,609,980	75.7%	\$	4,023,645	\$	287,899	7.7%
Fixed Assets												
Depreciation	\$	(1,594,299)	\$	(1,321,972)	Ś	272,326	-17.1%	Ś	(1,073,181)	Ś	248,791	-18.8%
Computer & Software CapEx	Y	2,549,000	Ψ.	3,519,000	Ψ.	970,000	38.1%	Ψ.	2,858,000	Ÿ	(661,000)	-18.8%
Furniture & Fixtures CapEx		-		-		-	0.0%		-		-	0.0%
Equipment CapEx		1,175,000		1,480,000		305,000	26.0%		1,530,000		50,000	3.4%
Leasehold Improvements		150,000		100,000		(50,000)	-33.3%		100,000		-	0.0%
Allocation of Fixed Assets		0		0		0	0.0%		(0)		(0)	0.0%
Inc(Dec) in Fixed Assets (C)	\$	2,279,701	\$	3,777,028	\$	1,497,326	65.7%	\$	3,414,819		(362,209)	-9.6%
TOTAL BUDGET (=B+C)	\$	73,135,156	\$	78,064,692		4,929,535	6.7%	<u> </u>	80,185,991		2,121,299	2.7%
	*		7		7			7		7		
FTEs		199.28		207.74		8.46	4.2%		212.44		4.70	2.3%

Section A – 2018 Business Plan and Budget Program Area and Department Detail

Reliability Standards

Reliability Standards Program (in whole dollars)											
						Increase					
	2	2017 Budget		2018 Budget		(Decrease)					
Total FTEs		17.16		15.51		(1.65)					
Direct Expenses	\$	3,861,666	\$	3,332,944	\$	(528,722)					
Indirect Expenses		4,180,279		3,470,011		(710,268)					
Other Non-Operating Expenses		-		-		-					
Inc(Dec) in Fixed Assets		58,337		18,939		(39,399)					
TOTAL BUDGET	\$	8,100,282	\$	6,821,893	\$	(1,278,389)					

Background and Scope

The reliability standards program carries out the ERO's statutory responsibility to develop, adopt, obtain approval of, and modify (as and when appropriate) mandatory reliability standards (both continent-wide standards and regional reliability standards) for the reliable planning, operation, and critical infrastructure protection of the North American BES. The major activities undertaken by the Standards department include:

- Delivering high-quality, continent-wide reliability standards: NERC standard developers and other standards staff provide project management and leadership to develop solutions necessary to address reliability risks identified through the Reliability Risk Management Process (RRMP). These may include the development of, or modifications to, NERC reliability standards through standard development outreach activities, facilitation of drafting team activities, drafting support, assisting drafting teams in maintaining adherence to the development process as outlined in the Standard Processes Manual, and ensuring that the quality of documents produced is appropriate for approval by industry and the Board.
- Facilitating continent-wide industry engagement: NERC manages the work of over 200 industry contributors who serve on the Standards Committee, subgroups, and other project teams for the development of NERC reliability standards through the standards development program.
- Conducting balloting, disseminating information, and supporting regulatory filings: Through NERC's commenting and ANSI-accredited balloting process, industry consensus is built by engaging thousands of industry volunteers within hundreds of registered entities throughout North America who review, comment on, and approve the standards created by the standard drafting teams. The department also supports the filing of standards with applicable regulatory authorities and provides support with regulatory proceedings.

The reliability standards program provides a mechanism for the eight Regional Entities to process regional standards when unique regional reliability gaps are detected, or incorporate Regional variances into continent-wide standards. The NERC Standards department staff supports regional standards development processes by providing technical advice, final quality review of regional standards, presentation to the Board, and preparation of regional standards materials for submission for standard adoption to the applicable regulatory authorities in the U.S. and Canada.

Stakeholder Engagement and Cost Effectiveness Project

As part of the standard development process, industry technical experts scope, draft, and review the new or revised NERC reliability standards for approval by the industry ballot body, adoption by the Board, and filing with regulatory authorities in the U.S. and Canada. Additionally, Federal, State and Provincial regulatory authorities, the NERC Board, Regional Entities, and many industry stakeholders have expressed interest in the identification of costs incurred from implementing NERC reliability standards compared to risks they address. The objective is to ensure that these elements are considered during the standards development and revision process. A pilot was conducted in 2016 to develop an approach to determine the level of cost versus the reliability benefit to mitigate an identified risk. Work will continue in 2017 on refining the approach and developing additional means to evaluate cost impacts of the existing body of standards.

Key Efforts Underway

NERC will ensure that the Reliability Standards Development Plan (RSDP) is effectively executed and that reliability standards are focused on and mitigate significant risks to BES reliability. Department resources will be focused on supporting the ERO Enterprise Strategic Plan, including but not limited to support of the RRMP and resolving FERC directives. The Standards department will:

- 1. Focus on the selection of projects undertaken. Resources will be expended on issues determined to be a reliability risk through the RRMP (also see the Reliability Assessment and System Analysis section and the Performance Analysis section below for additional detail). The department will apply broader project management skills to implement a variety of solutions to a reliability concern. An effective solution to an identified reliability risk may be a Reliability Standard, or it may be a guideline, information request, training, NERC Alert, technical conference, research, or a combination of these or other tools.
- 2. Address FERC directives and respond to FERC orders through standards development projects, as necessary. Each project will determine whether: (1) the directive will be complied with as issued, (2) there is an equally effective and efficient way to address the concern that fostered the directive, or (3) there is technical justification (including that the directive has been overcome by events, processes, or advances in technology) that resolution of the directive is no longer needed.
- 3. **Perform periodic reviews.** In 2017, industry and NERC will determine whether there is a need to make further improvements to the standards through periodic reviews that include: (1) a measured review of the content of standards, considering whether the requirements could more effectively mitigate risks to the BPS, (2) whether the standards are results based and drafted with high quality, (3) whether the standards are concise or if the number of requirements could be reduced, and (4) whether compliance expectations are clear.
- 4. **Facilitate smooth transition to new standards**. This includes working with the Compliance Monitoring and Enforcement and Organization Registration and Certification, Reliability Assessment and System Analysis, and Performance Analysis programs to develop guidelines, webinars, and other activities to support auditor and industry training for the new standards.
- 5. Perform a comprehensive review of standards. In 2017, NERC and industry will complete a comprehensive review of NERC's Reliability Standards to measure their effectiveness and ability to mitigate the risks to the reliability and security of the bulk power system, compared to the industry burden for their implementation. An outcome of this review will inform the need to retire or enhance requirements based on operational experience. This will include an analysis of reliability risk and cost effectiveness. In 2018, projects will be initiated to address the results of this review to retire or modify Reliability Standards.

The 2018–2020 RSDP will be developed in 2017 in conjunction with the Standards Committee, RISC, and RRMP. It will outline the work plan for the continued evaluation of NERC reliability standards, the Standards department's support of Reliability Risk Management, and resolution of FERC directives. Additionally, standards grading metrics will be used to measure the overall quality of each enforceable reliability standard as a basis for measuring needed improvements.

2018 Goals and Deliverables

In 2016, the majority of FERC directives were addressed, as well as the remaining recommendations for retiring requirements made by the Paragraph 81 project and the independent experts. In 2017, the body of standards will be reviewed for potential improvements while considering quality and content criteria, as well as results-based standards principles. The NERC Standards staff will continue to address any new directives issued by FERC, as well any reliability risks identified through RRMP or by the RISC for which a reliability standard is part of the solution.

Resource Requirements

Personnel

The 1.65 reduction in FTEs is the result of resource allocations that began in 2016 and will continue throughout 2017 to realign staff with current needs.

Consultants and Contracts

No consultants and contracts support is budgeted in 2018, which is consistent with the 2017 budget.

Statement 2017				ixed Asset on, and 201						
2017	Duuş	RELIABILIT			.0 04	uget				
Funding	_	2017 Budget		2017 Projection	201 v 2	Variance 7 Projection 017 Budget ver(Under)		2018 Budget	v	Variance 018 Budget 2017 Budget Over(Under)
ERO Funding										
NERC Assessments	\$	7,835,213	\$	7,835,213	\$	0	\$	6,689,437	\$	(1,145,776)
Assessment Stabilization Reserve - Penalties		159,642		159,642		(0)		71,739		(87,903)
Total NERC Funding	\$	7,994,855	\$	7,994,855	\$	0	\$	6,761,176	\$	(1,233,679)
Third-Party Funding	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Testing Fees		-		-		-		-		-
Services & Software		-		-		-		-		-
Workshops		105,000		105,000		-		50,000		(55,000)
Interest		427		14,316		13,889		10,717		10,291
Miscellaneous	_	-		-				-		-
Total Funding	\$	8,100,282	\$	8,114,171	\$	13,889	\$	6,821,893	\$	(1,278,389)
Expenses										
Personnel Expenses										
Salaries	\$	2,340,405	\$	2,193,752	\$	(146,653)	\$	2,207,431	\$	(132,975)
Payroll Taxes		151,658		137,199		(14,459)		145,638		(6,020)
Benefits		307,085		294,123		(12,962)		299,194		(7,891)
Retirement Costs	_	259,407	_	231,949		(27,459)		246,107		(13,300)
Total Personnel Expenses	<u>\$</u>	3,058,556	\$	2,857,023	\$	(201,533)	\$	2,898,370	\$	(160,186)
Meeting Expenses										
Meetings	\$	207,000	\$	103,500	\$	(103,500)	\$	105,000	\$	(102,000)
Travel		271,988		230,000		(41,988)		240,000		(31,988)
Conference Calls		40,565		19,848		(20,717)		-		(40,565)
Total Meeting Expenses	\$	519,553	\$	353,348	\$	(166,206)	\$	345,000	\$	(174,553)
Operating Expenses										
Consultants & Contracts	\$		\$	40,000	\$	40,000	\$	_	\$	-
Office Rent	•	_	•	-	·	-		-	·	-
Office Costs		51,336		44,033		(7,303)		49,796		(1,540)
Professional Services		-		-		-		-		-
Miscellaneous		500		250		(250)		500		-
Depreciation		231,721		253,432		21,711		39,278		(192,443)
Total Operating Expenses	\$	283,556	\$	337,715	\$	54,159	\$	89,574	\$	(193,983)
Total Direct Expenses	\$	3,861,666	\$	3,548,086	\$	(313,580)	\$	3,332,944	\$	(528,722)
Indirect Expenses	\$	4,180,279	\$	3,986,697	\$	(193,582)	\$	3,470,011	\$	(710,268)
Other Non-Operating Expenses	\$		\$		\$	-	<u> </u>		Ś	-
Total Expenses (A)		8,041,945	Ś	7,534,783	\$	(507,162)		6,802,955	\$	(1,238,990)
Change in Assets	Ś	58,337	<u> </u>	579,388		521,051		18,939	<u> </u>	(39,399)
	_		<u> </u>	0110,000	_		Ť		<u> </u>	(22,222)
Fixed Assets										
Depreciation	\$	(231,721)	\$	(253,432)	\$	(21,711)	\$	(39,278)	\$	192,443
Computer & Software CapEx		-		68,114		68,114		-		-
Furniture & Fixtures CapEx		-		-		-		-		-
Equipment CapEx		-		-		-		-		-
Leasehold Improvements		-		-		-		-		-
Allocation of Fixed Assets		290,058		(3,796)		(293,854)		58,217		(231,841)
Inc(Dec) in Fixed Assets (B)	\$	58,337	\$	(189,114)	\$	(247,451)	\$	18,939	\$	(39,399)
TOTAL BUDGET (=A+B)	\$	8,100,282	\$	7,345,669	\$	(754,613)	\$	6,821,893	\$	(1,278,389)
FTEs		17.16		15.91		(1.25)		15.51		(1.65)

Compliance Monitoring and Enforcement and Organization Registration and Certification

The Compliance Monitoring and Enforcement, and Organization Registration and Certification program area's purpose is to monitor, enforce, and ensure registered entity compliance with the ERO's mandatory reliability standards. This program area is addressed by three operational groups: 1) Compliance Assurance (addressing compliance monitoring), 2) Compliance Analysis, Certification and Registration (addressing assurance, organization registration and certification), and 3) Compliance Enforcement.

Compliance Assurance

Compliance Assurance (in whole dollars)										
	20	017 Budget	2	2018 Budget		Increase (Decrease)				
Total FTEs		15.51		19.27		3.76				
Direct Expenses	\$	3,816,924	\$	4,520,550	\$	703,625				
Indirect Expenses		3,779,431		4,311,226		531,795				
Other Non-Operating Expenses		-		1		-				
Inc(Dec) in Fixed Assets		262,244		72,330		(189,914)				
TOTAL BUDGET	\$	7,858,599	\$	8,904,105	\$	1,045,506				

Background and Scope

Compliance Assurance addresses the Regional Entities' implementation of the compliance monitoring section of the CMEP. NERC's Compliance Assurance group works collaboratively with the eight Regional Entities to ensure effective implementation of risk-based compliance monitoring under the CMEP across the entire ERO Enterprise. This program ensures that Regional Entities monitor registered entities for compliance according to their own specific facts and circumstances, including the entity's inherent risks, evaluation of controls in place to mitigate the inherent risks, and any aggravating factors. The CMEP provides for Regional Entities to develop customized compliance oversight plans (COPs) for each registered entity that identifies: 1) the standards or requirements to be monitored, 2) the monitoring processes (tools) for use by the Regional Entities, including compliance audits, self-certification, spot checking, self-reporting, and 3) the interval of monitoring. NERC and the Regional Entities ensure that inherent risk assessments (IRAs) for registered entities begin with a consistent framework and that Regional Entities' implementation of the CMEP coalesce around best practices, data management procedures that address data reporting requirements, integrity, retention, security, and confidentiality.

The Compliance Assurance group's responsibilities include but are not limited to the following major activities and functions:

- Oversight of the Regional Entities' implementation of the risk-based compliance monitoring program and NERC ROP in North America;
- Development and execution of the annual CMEP Implementation Plan (IP);
- Oversight of the use of necessary compliance-related processes, procedures, IT platforms, tools, and templates;
- Development and delivery of education and training for ERO Enterprise staff;

- Critical Infrastructure Protection (CIP) Version 5 Reliability Standards and subsequent enhancements to the CIP Standards activities related to education programs that support industry compliance and security;
- CIP-014-2 training and outreach activities related to effective implementation of the Physical Security Reliability Standard;
- Coordination with the NERC Standards department for standard development to assist in the smooth transition for standards from development to enforceability and feedback on risks seen in the field that are not addressed by a standard, as well as information on where a standard is too broad; and
- Support for Regional Entity and industry committees, working groups, and task forces, such as the NERC CCC and NERC Critical Infrastructure Protection Committee (CIPC).

Strategic Goal Related to CMEP

Strategic Goal 2: Objective and Risk-informed Compliance Monitoring, Enforcement, and Organization Certification and Registration

Goal Description: The ERO Enterprise is a strong enforcement authority that is objective, fair, and promotes a culture of reliability excellence through risk-informed compliance monitoring, enforcement, certification, and registration.

The risk-based compliance monitoring approach allows for the appropriate allocation of resources to the issues that pose a higher level of risk to the reliability of the BPS.

Stakeholder Engagement and Benefit

NERC continues to promote the Regional Entities' development of customized COPs for registered entities. As the risk-based compliance monitoring approach was implemented in 2015 and 2016, Regional Entities worked closely with stakeholders to develop IRAs and appropriately scope compliance monitoring activities. As this process continues to mature, Regional Entities will continue to customize compliance monitoring tools and frequency of monitoring for each registered entity, based on its IRA as well as additional considerations such as risk elements, entity performance, internal controls, and mitigating activities to inform the development of their COPs.

Compliance Assurance continues to work closely with the standard development program to provide compliance information, statistics, and perspectives to drafting teams fostering the development of standards that provide an increased reliability benefit and clarify compliance risks. This collaboration with industry and Standards department staff will occur early in the standard development process by providing draft compliance monitoring guidance, including information on how compliance with draft standards will be determined, as well as input to the drafting teams on the auditability and enforceability of the draft standards. This will ensure that ERO Enterprise tools used in the auditing process, such as the reliability standards auditing worksheet (RSAW), do not expand or modify standards requirements.

NERC also continues to provide industry-focused outreach events and webinars on the ERO Enterprise's approaches to risk-based CMEP activities. The ERO Enterprise staff will continue its webinar series providing guidance on standards and requirements associated with the 2017 risk elements identified for consideration for compliance monitoring.

Key Efforts Underway

Risk-Based CMEP Implementation

Ensuring the successful implementation of NERC's risk-based CMEP remains the priority of Compliance Assurance's oversight plan. As part of that oversight, and in addition to offering regular feedback to the Regional Entities, NERC will continue to identify areas for improvement or promoting consistency through training, guidance, or adjustments during the following year. NERC also produces an ERO Enterprise CMEP annual report, which includes an assessment of the risk-based CMEP implementation.

NERC performs oversight of the Regional Entities' compliance monitoring programs primarily through the review of the processes, supporting evidence, observations, and other information provided by the Regional Entities over the course of focused engagements of program areas that are scheduled throughout the year. NERC communicates the recommendations and findings to the Regional Entities to help the ERO Enterprise develop responsive strategies and solutions to potential issues and ensure uniform and consistent implementation of the CMEP. Such recommendations and findings also help identify priority areas for training of ERO Enterprise staff during the year.

NERC Oversight of Risk-Based Compliance Monitoring

Consistent with the goals and objectives set forth in the strategic plan, NERC will continue to implement risk-based compliance monitoring and enforcement as part of its stated objectives of ensuring BES reliability, consistency, improving the efficiency and effectiveness of NERC and Regional Entity compliance and enforcement operations, focusing on identified risks and reducing unnecessary burdens on registered entities.

CIP Compliance

NERC and the Regional Entities continue to manage the smooth implementation of compliance activities for CIP Version 5 and subsequent enhancements to the CIP Standards by providing training, webinars, and other forms of outreach. The ERO Enterprise will continue to provide educational programs to support industry compliance and the integration of risk assessment and internal controls. In addition, NERC and the Regional Entities will continue supporting the successful implementation and monitoring of the physical security reliability standard.

Compliance Monitoring and Enforcement Process Tool

For 2017 and through the 2018 – 2020 budget cycle, NERC will develop and implement the CMEP Process tool that supports the CMEP, including the various processes and activities of the compliance and enforcement program (e.g., analysis of risk, development of implementation plans and audit schedules, actual compliance monitoring, and enforcement processing).

Regional Entity Training

NERC Compliance Assurance will provide training to Regional Entity staff on the most important elements of risk-based compliance monitoring, including enhancements to registered entity IRAs, internal controls reviews, compliance oversight plan development, as well as Reliability Standards monitoring. NERC will develop this training based on observations from its oversight activities of the Regional Entities, as well as the process reviews described above.

Emerging Technology Roundtables

NERC Compliance Assurance will continue to periodically host an Emerging Technology Roundtable with industry and vendors that includes in-depth discussions around the integration of emerging technologies associated with BPS operations to address and mitigate cyber and physical security risks of the BPS.

2018 Goals and Deliverables

The Compliance Assurance group has several goals and deliverables that support the 2017-2020 *ERO Enterprise Strategic Plan*. Resources will be focused on improvements implemented as a result of the risk-based compliance monitoring activities in 2016 and 2017. Specific 2018 objectives for this group are:

- Continue to mature the risk-based compliance monitoring program, including ongoing oversight
 of the risk-based CMEP, including IRAs, consideration of internal controls, coordinated oversight
 of multi-region registered entities, and ensuring that COPs are addressing the relevant risks.
- Work closely with NERC's Enforcement and IT departments, as well as staff in the Regional Entities, to help develop application business requirements and to test business functionality for ERO Enterprise CMEP Process Tool.
- Support the continued successful implementation of the CIP Version 5 Reliability Standards and subsequent enhancements that become effective in 2017 and beyond.
- Continue to monitor and support effective implementation of the Physical Security Reliability Standard.
- Continue to enhance and implement training to support monitoring of Reliability Standards, integrating principles from the ERO Auditor Capabilities and Competencies Guide.
- Continue feedback to Standards through integration and coordination between the standards and compliance functions for clear stakeholder implementation and feedback on risks seen in the field that are not addressed by a standard, as well as information on where a standard is too broad. This effort will be supported through a common set of RSAWs, guidance, and outreach.
- Support International CMEP activities including reliability and security subject matter expertise and outreach.
- Provide support and leadership to (1) the CIPC and (2) standing committees' subcommittees, working groups, and task forces serving the standing committee. Support the CIPC leadership and development and implementation of the annual CIPC work plan.
- Provide support and leadership to (1) the CCC and (2) standing committees' subcommittees, working groups, and task forces serving the standing committee. Support the CCC leadership and the development and implementation of the annual CCC work plan.

These 2018 activities are necessary to further implement risk-based compliance monitoring, including the CIP standards, and integrate the standards and compliance functions. A number of activities that support the implementation of the strategic risk-based reforms are intended to reduce regulatory burden by focusing monitoring according to each registered entity's potential impact on the BPS.

Resource Requirements

Personnel

The 3.76 increase in Compliance Assurance FTEs, which is reflective of reallocating resources from other departments to this one, is the result of NERC's plan to strengthen the implementation and oversight of the risk-based CMEP, risk analysis, and feedback loops. This includes:

- Data analysis and trending for emerging reliability and security risks;
- Support the development of the CMEP process tool to improve documentation, sharing, analysis, and more closely align CMEP processes;
- Identification and mitigation of significant risks;

- Subject matter expertise for training and oversight of Reliability Standards;
- Participation and input into the Reliability Standards process including providing compliance and subject matter expertise;
- Support international compliance activities; and
- Support the NERC CIPC.

Consultants and Contracts

Funds budgeted for outside consultants to assist in successful implementation of risk-based compliance monitoring remains unchanged at \$50k. The budgeted amounts for 2017 and 2018 are shown in *Exhibit C – Contractor and Consulting Costs*. Some consultant resources continue to be needed to support the transformation of NERC's Compliance Monitoring and Enforcement Program to a risk-based design. The IT budget includes funding for the maintenance of existing software tools supporting compliance assessment, registration, certification, and enforcement activities, as well as the investigation and development of a business case for future tools supporting ERO Enterprise compliance assessment, registration, and certification and enforcement activities.

Page					Fixed Assets on, and 201						
Part											
NREA Seasments S	Eunding					201 v 2	7 Projection 017 Budget			v 2	018 Budget 2017 Budget
NeER Casessments	-										
Total NERC Funding	_	\$	7,713,879	\$	7,713,879	\$	0	\$	8,801,659	\$	1,087,780
Third-Party Funding S	Assessment Stabilization Reserve - Penalties						0_				
Testing Fees	Total NERC Funding	\$	7,858,213	\$	7,858,213	\$	0	\$	8,890,790	\$	1,032,577
Testing Fees	Third-Party Funding	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	_
Morischaps	Testing Fees		-		-		-		-		-
Interest Miscellaneous M	Services & Software		-		-		-		-		-
Miscellaneous	Workshops		-		-		-		-		-
Total Funding \$7,858,599 \$7,872,822 \$14,223 \$8,904,105 \$1,045,506 Expenses Personnel Expenses Salaries \$2,509,618 \$2,738,350 \$228,732 \$2,936,161 \$426,543 Payroll Taxes 163,335 180,120 16,784 192,067 28,732 Benefits 3335,573 357,220 22,663 39,8424 64,867 Retirement Costs 276,273 306,359 30,086 324,835 48,562 Total Personnel Expenses \$3,282,783 \$3,882,050 \$299,266 \$3,851,487 \$568,703 Meetings Expenses \$6,000 \$123,418 \$200,000 \$140,000 Travel 276,343 2777,000 657 375,000 \$9,657 Conference Calls 6,100 9,420 3,320 \$5,50,000 \$232,557 Operating Expenses \$50,000 \$35,800 \$(14,200) \$50,000 \$0 Office Rent \$12,000 \$250 (250) \$50,000 \$0 Operating Ex	Interest		386		14,609		14,223		13,316		12,930
Personnel Expenses			-				-				-
Personnel Expenses	Total Funding	\$	7,858,599	\$	7,872,822	\$	14,223	\$	8,904,105	\$	1,045,506
Salaries \$ 2,509,618 \$ 2,738,250 \$ 228,732 \$ 2,936,161 \$ 426,543 Payroll Taxes 163,335 180,120 16,784 192,067 28,732 Benefits 333,557 357,720 23,663 398,424 64,867 Retirement Costs 276,273 306,359 300,866 324,835 48,562 Total Personel Expenses 3282,783 3,582,050 299,266 3,851,487 568,703 Meeting Expenses 60,000 \$ 123,418 \$ 63,418 \$ 200,000 \$ 140,000 Travel 276,343 277,000 657 375,000 \$ 9,857 Conference Calls 6,100 9,420 3,320 - 7 (6,100) Total Meeting Expenses 50,000 \$ 35,800 \$ (14,200) \$ 50,000 \$ 0 Operating Expenses 141,198 124,702 (16,496) 43,563 (97,635) Office Costs 141,198 124,702 (16,496) \$ 94,063 \$ (97,635) Professional Services 5 19,695 \$ 33	Expenses										
Payroll Taxes	•										
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Retirement Costs 276,273 306,359 30,086 324,835 48,562 Total Personnel Expenses \$3,282,783 \$3,582,050 \$299,265 \$3,851,487 \$568,703 \$669,700 \$123,418 \$63,418 \$200,000 \$140,000 \$173,418 \$63,418 \$200,000 \$140,000 \$173,418 \$63,418 \$200,000 \$140,000 \$173,418 \$63,418 \$200,000 \$140,000 \$173,418 \$63,418 \$200,000 \$140,000 \$160,000 \$1											
Neeting Expenses											
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Meetings Travel \$60,000 \$123,418 \$63,418 \$200,000 \$140,000 Travel 276,343 277,000 657 375,000 98,657 Conference Calls 6100 9,420 3,320 — 61000 Total Meeting Expenses \$342,443 \$409,838 \$67,395 \$575,000 \$232,557 Operating Expenses \$50,000 \$35,800 \$(14,200) \$50,000 \$0 Office Costs \$50,000 \$35,800 \$(14,200) \$50,000 \$0 Office Costs \$141,198 \$124,702 \$(16,496) \$43,563 \$(97,635) Professional Services \$141,198 \$124,702 \$(16,496) \$43,563 \$(97,635) Professional Services \$141,198 \$124,702 \$(16,496) \$43,563 \$(97,635) Professional Services \$191,698 \$160,752 \$(30,946) \$94,063 \$97,635) Professional Services \$3,816,924 \$4,152,633 \$335,715 \$4,20,055 \$703,625 Indirect Expenses \$3,816,	Total Personnel Expenses	<u> \$ </u>	3,282,783	<u>\$</u>	3,582,050	\$	299,266	\$	3,851,487	<u>\$</u>	568,703
Travel Conference Call's Conference Call's (5,100 9,420 3,320 - (6,100) 276,343 (9,420 3,320 - (6,100) 375,000 (5,100) 98,657 (6,100) Total Meeting Expenses \$ 342,443 \$ 409,838 \$ 67,395 \$ 575,000 \$ 232,557 Operating Expenses Consultants & Contracts \$ 50,000 \$ 35,800 \$ (14,200) \$ 50,000 \$ 0 0 \$ 0 Office Rent Office Costs 141,198 124,702 \$ (16,496) \$ 43,563 \$ (97,635) \$	Meeting Expenses										
Conference Calls 6,100 9,420 3,320 — (6,100) Total Meeting Expenses \$ 342,443 \$ 409,838 \$ 67,395 \$ 575,000 \$ 232,557 Operating Expenses Consultants & Contracts \$ 50,000 \$ 35,800 \$ (14,200) \$ 50,000 \$ 0 Office Rent —	Meetings	\$	60,000	\$	123,418	\$	63,418	\$	200,000	\$	140,000
Total Meeting Expenses \$ 342,443 \$ 409,838 \$ 67,395 \$ 575,000 \$ 232,557 Operating Expenses Consultants & Contracts \$ 50,000 \$ 35,800 \$ (14,200) \$ 50,000 \$ 0 Office Rent	Travel		276,343		277,000		657		375,000		98,657
Operating Expenses Consultants & Contracts \$ 50,000 \$ 35,800 \$ (14,200) \$ 50,000 \$ 0 Office Rent - <td>Conference Calls</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>(6,100)</td>	Conference Calls								-		(6,100)
Consultants & Contracts \$ 50,000 \$ 35,800 \$ (14,200) \$ 50,000 \$ 0 Office Rent	Total Meeting Expenses	\$	342,443	\$	409,838	\$	67,395	\$	575,000	\$	232,557
Office Rent Office Costs Professional Services Miscellaneous Depreciation 141,198 124,702 (16,496) 43,563 (97,635) Total Operating Expenses 500 250 (250) 500 - Total Operating Expenses \$ 191,698 \$ 160,752 \$ (30,946) \$ 94,063 \$ (97,635) Total Direct Expenses \$ 3,816,924 \$ 4,152,639 \$ 335,715 \$ 4,520,550 \$ 703,625 Indirect Expenses \$ 3,779,431 \$ 4,299,920 \$ 520,489 \$ 4,311,226 \$ 531,795 Other Non-Operating Expenses \$ 7,596,355 \$ 8,452,559 \$ 856,205 \$ 8,831,775 \$ 1,235,421 Change in Assets \$ 262,244 \$ (579,738) \$ (841,982) \$ 72,330 \$ (189,914) Fixed Assets Depreciation \$ 5 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	Operating Expenses										
Office Costs 141,198 124,702 (16,496) 43,563 (97,635) Professional Services - <td>Consultants & Contracts</td> <td>\$</td> <td>50,000</td> <td>\$</td> <td>35,800</td> <td>\$</td> <td>(14,200)</td> <td>\$</td> <td>50,000</td> <td>\$</td> <td>0</td>	Consultants & Contracts	\$	50,000	\$	35,800	\$	(14,200)	\$	50,000	\$	0
Professional Services -	Office Rent		-		-		-		-		-
Miscellaneous Depreciation Computer & Software CapEx	Office Costs		141,198		124,702		(16,496)		43,563		(97,635)
Depreciation Total Operating Expenses \$191,698 \$160,752 \$(30,946) \$94,063 \$(97,635) \$ Total Direct Expenses \$3,816,924 \$4,152,639 \$335,715 \$4,520,550 \$703,625 \$ Indirect Expenses \$3,779,431 \$4,299,920 \$520,489 \$4,311,226 \$531,795 \$ Other Non-Operating Expenses \$- \$ \$- \$ \$- \$ \$- \$ \$- \$ \$- \$ \$- \$ \$	Professional Services		-		-		-		-		-
Total Operating Expenses \$ 191,698 \$ 160,752 \$ (30,946) \$ 94,063 \$ (97,635) \$ Total Direct Expenses \$ 3,816,924 \$ 4,152,639 \$ 335,715 \$ 4,520,550 \$ 703,625 \$ Indirect Expenses \$ 3,779,431 \$ 4,299,920 \$ 520,489 \$ 4,311,226 \$ 531,795 \$ Other Non-Operating Expenses \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ \$ - \$ \$ \$ - \$ \$ \$ - \$ \$ \$ - \$ \$ \$ - \$ \$ \$ - \$ \$ \$ - \$ \$ \$ - \$ \$ \$ - \$ \$ \$ - \$ \$ \$ - \$ \$ \$ - \$ \$ \$ - \$ \$	Miscellaneous		500		250		(250)		500		-
Total Direct Expenses \$ 3,816,924 \$ 4,152,639 \$ 335,715 \$ 4,520,550 \$ 703,625 Indirect Expenses \$ 3,779,431 \$ 4,299,920 \$ 520,489 \$ 4,311,226 \$ 531,795 Other Non-Operating Expenses \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$	Depreciation		-		-						-
Indirect Expenses \$ 3,779,431 \$ 4,299,920 \$ 520,489 \$ 4,311,226 \$ 531,795	Total Operating Expenses	\$	191,698	\$	160,752	\$	(30,946)	\$	94,063	\$	(97,635)
Other Non-Operating Expenses \$ -	Total Direct Expenses	\$	3,816,924	\$	4,152,639	\$	335,715	\$	4,520,550	\$	703,625
Total Expenses (A) \$ 7,596,355 \$ 8,452,559 \$ 856,205 \$ 8,831,775 \$ 1,235,421 Change in Assets \$ 262,244 \$ (579,738) \$ (841,982) \$ 72,330 \$ (189,914) Fixed Assets Depreciation \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - Computer & Software CapEx -	Indirect Expenses	\$	3,779,431	\$	4,299,920	\$	520,489	\$	4,311,226	\$	531,795
Change in Assets \$ 262,244 \$ (579,738) \$ (841,982) \$ 72,330 \$ (189,914) Fixed Assets Depreciation \$ -	Other Non-Operating Expenses	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Change in Assets \$ 262,244 \$ (579,738) \$ (841,982) \$ 72,330 \$ (189,914) Fixed Assets Depreciation \$ -	Total Expenses (A)	\$	7,596,355	\$	8,452,559	\$	856,205	\$	8,831,775	\$	1,235,421
Fixed Assets Depreciation \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ -	Change in Assets	Ś					(841.982)				
Depreciation \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ -		_		Ť	(515)1557		(0.12,002)	Ť			(====)
Computer & Software CapEx - <td>Fixed Assets</td> <td></td>	Fixed Assets										
Furniture & Fixtures CapEx Equipment CapEx Leasehold Improvements Allocation of Fixed Assets \$\frac{262,244}{5} \frac{4,094}{5} \frac{266,338}{5} \frac{72,330}{5} \frac{189,914}{5} \frac{189,914}{5} \frac{1000}{5} \frac{189,914}{5} \frac{1000}{5} \frac{1000}{	Depreciation	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Equipment CapEx -	Computer & Software CapEx		-		-		-		-		-
Leasehold Improvements -	Furniture & Fixtures CapEx		-		-		-		-		-
Allocation of Fixed Assets 262,244 (4,094) (266,338) 72,330 (189,914) Inc(Dec) in Fixed Assets (B) \$ 262,244 \$ (4,094) \$ (266,338) \$ 72,330 \$ (189,914) TOTAL BUDGET (=A+B) \$ 7,858,599 \$ 8,448,465 \$ 589,866 \$ 8,904,105 \$ 1,045,506	Equipment CapEx		-		-		-		-		-
Inc(Dec) in Fixed Assets (B) \$ 262,244 \$ (4,094) \$ (266,338) \$ 72,330 \$ (189,914) TOTAL BUDGET (=A+B) \$ 7,858,599 \$ 8,448,465 \$ 589,866 \$ 8,904,105 \$ 1,045,506	Leasehold Improvements		-		-		-		-		-
TOTAL BUDGET (=A+B) \$ 7,858,599 \$ 8,448,465 \$ 589,866 \$ 8,904,105 \$ 1,045,506	Allocation of Fixed Assets		262,244		(4,094)		(266,338)		72,330		(189,914)
	Inc(Dec) in Fixed Assets (B)	\$	262,244	\$	(4,094)	\$	(266,338)	\$	72,330	\$	(189,914)
FTEs 15.51 17.16 1.65 19.27 3.76	TOTAL BUDGET (=A+B)	\$	7,858,599	\$	8,448,465	\$	589,866	\$	8,904,105	\$	1,045,506
	FTES		15.51		17.16		1.65		19.27		3.76

Compliance Analysis, Organization Registration and Certification

Compliance Analysis, C	_	nization Registra whole dollars)	tior	n and Certification	า	
	2	2017 Budget		2018 Budget		Increase (Decrease)
Total FTEs		7.52		9.40		1.88
Direct Expenses	\$	1,686,689	\$	2,148,762	\$	462,073
Indirect Expenses		1,832,451		2,103,037		270,586
Other Non-Operating Expenses		-		-		-
Inc(Dec) in Fixed Assets		127,149		635,283		508,134
TOTAL BUDGET	\$	3,646,289	\$	4,887,082	\$	1,240,793

Background and Scope

The Compliance Analysis, Registration and Certification group is responsible for a range of requirements and activities embodied in Section 500 (Organization Registration and Certification) and Appendices 5A and 5B of the NERC ROP. The group provides technical resource support to standards development, compliance monitoring, and enforcement and (1) ensures that all entities impacting the BES are registered commensurate with risk, (2) ensures that all Reliability Coordinators (RCs), Transmission Operators (TOPs), and Balancing Authorities (BAs) are certified, (3) conducts industry reliability assurance activities, and (4) ensures that compliance gaps identified in reportable events are assessed and addressed if appropriate. Specific activities of the group include:

- Registration Identifies and registers BES users, owners, and operators who are responsible for compliance with reliability standards. Organizations that are registered are included on the NERC Compliance Registry (NCR) and are responsible for knowing the content of and complying with all applicable reliability standards. Maintains the current registration for the entire ERO for entities as they take on and drop functional responsibilities.
- Certification Evaluates and certifies the competency of reliability entities (i.e., those that perform certain key reliability functions, specifically the RC, BA, and TOP functions). Entities performing these three functions must be evaluated for having the necessary personnel, knowledge, facilities, programs, and other qualifications to carry out these important responsibilities, including demonstrating the ability to meet the requirements and sub-requirements of all of the reliability standards applicable to the reliability function(s). This also includes confirming through the certification review process that a reliability entity continues to have the qualifications mentioned above following planned material changes to that entity's operation.
- Reliability Assurance Conducts reliability assurance activities, including:
 - Reliability Assurance Conducts activities to reasonably assure the ERO that certain actions
 have been taken as reported in response to NERC Alerts or guidance to industry.
 - Oversight Provides oversight of Regional Entity implementation of regional registration, compliance, certification, investigation, complaint programs, and processes.
 - Investigations Conducts non-public, confidential investigations to identify Possible Violations of NERC reliability standards in response to complaints, BES disturbances, or other similar triggers. The Compliance Analysis, Certification and Registration staff participates on all Regional Entity-led investigations and as observers as requested on FERC-led reliability investigations and inquiries.

- Compliance evaluations Works closely with regional staff to confirm that qualified events and disturbances are evaluated against the relevant approved reliability standards and ensure formal compliance monitoring occurs if indicated. These analyses are also shared with FERC staff.
- Complaints Addresses formal complaints that allege the violation of reliability standards, through a confidential process.

Key Efforts Underway

In 2016, NERC registration conducted a program review to identify areas for improvements. These areas included:

- Conducting NERC-led Review Panels and identifying process improvements;
- NERC ROP changes;
- Coordinating Functional Registration research on process and model efficiencies;
- Supporting the entity registration xRM database initiative;
- Doing a thorough review of the NERC website for any modifications;
- Reviewing internal processes and procedures; and
- Continuing Regional Entity oversight activities.

NERC Reliability Assurance, in conjunction with Regional Entities, performed a review of the Certification program in 2016 regarding its effectiveness in determining an entity's ability to become certified and then operational, and to begin to incorporate changes to the program, if applicable, based on the outcomes of the review. The team concluded that the certification process is necessary and is effective in determining an entity's ability to become certified and operational. The team recommended two improvements to the existing certification process which will be acted on in 2017.

- Clearly establish the focus on certification on evaluation of an entity's capability to perform the
 reliability function of transmission operator, balancing authority, and/or reliability coordinator
 through the use of standard templates to be used by each Regional Entity's certification team.
- Conduct an evaluation of the certification review process to determine effectiveness of the current triggers of the certification review and execution of the actual process, and implement any needed ROP changes.
- Continue Regional Entity oversight activities.

2018 Goals and Deliverables

The Compliance Analysis, Certification and Registration group has several goals and deliverables that support the 2017-2020 ERO Enterprise Strategic Plan and Metrics. Resources will be focused on building upon the improvements identified in 2017. Specific 2018 objectives for this group are:

- Continue to conduct NERC-led Review Panels on registration requests.
- Continue to implement registration program improvements identified in the 2016 project and conduct any additional actions identified by the project.
- Implement certification program improvements identified in the 2016 project and conduct training as necessary.
- Evaluate BES disturbances and events for potential gaps in compliance monitoring or reliability standards.

Resource Requirements

Personnel

The 1.88 increase in FTEs is the result of resource allocations that began in 2016 and will continue throughout 2017 to realign staff with current needs.

Contractor Expenses

No contractor and consulting support is budgeted in 2018, which is consistent with the 2017 budget.

2017	7 Bud	get & Proje	ectio	ixed Assets on, and 201	8 Bu	dget				
COMPLIANCE A	NALYS	IS, ORGANIZA 2017 Budget		2017 Projection	201 v 2	CERTIFICATION Variance 7 Projection 017 Budget ver(Under)		2018 Budget	v 2	Variance 018 Budget 017 Budget ver(Under)
ERO Funding										
NERC Assessments	\$	3,576,122	\$	3,576,122	\$	0	\$	4,837,109	\$	1,260,987
Assessment Stabilization Reserve - Penalties		69,980		69,980		(0)		43,478		(26,502)
Total NERC Funding	\$	3,646,102	\$	3,646,102	\$	0	\$	4,880,587	\$	1,234,485
Third-Party Funding	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
Testing Fees		-	·	-		-		-		-
Services & Software		-		-		-		-		-
Workshops		-		-		-		-		-
Interest		187		8,386		8,199		6,495		6,308
Miscellaneous		-				-		-		-
Total Funding	\$	3,646,289	\$	3,654,488	\$	8,199	\$	4,887,082	\$	1,240,793
Expenses										
Personnel Expenses										
Salaries	\$	1,125,154	\$	1,477,441	\$	352,287	\$	1,514,712	\$	389,558
Payroll Taxes		76,383		91,610		15,227		95,616		19,233
Benefits		174,014		191,939		17,925		194,709		20,695
Retirement Costs		126,651		158,431		31,780		168,791		42,139
Total Personnel Expenses	\$	1,502,203	\$	1,919,422	\$	417,219	\$	1,973,828	\$	471,626
Meeting Expenses										
Meetings	\$	4,000	\$	8,000	\$	4,000	\$	2,250	\$	(1,750)
Travel	7	155,146	Ψ	180,000	Ÿ	24,854	7	150,500	Y	(4,646)
Conference Calls		610		2,527		1,917		-		(610)
Total Meeting Expenses	\$	159,756	\$	190,527	\$	30,771	\$	152,750	\$	(7,006)
O										
Operating Expenses Consultants & Contracts	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	
Office Rent	Ş	-	Ş	-	Ş	-	Þ	-	Ş	-
Office Costs		24,231		19,461		(4,771)		21,684		(2,547)
Professional Services		24,231		19,401		(4,771)		21,084		(2,547)
Miscellaneous		500		250		(250)		500		_
Depreciation		-		-		(230)		-		_
Total Operating Expenses	\$	24,731	\$	19,711	\$	(5,021)	\$	22,184	\$	(2,547)
					=					
Total Direct Expenses	\$	1,686,689	\$	2,129,659	\$	442,969	\$	2,148,762	\$	462,073
Indirect Expenses	\$	1,832,451	\$	2,272,743	\$	440,292	\$	2,103,037	\$	270,586
Other Non-Operating Expenses	\$	-	\$		\$	-	\$		\$	-
Total Expenses (A)	\$	3,519,141	\$	4,402,402	\$	883,261	\$	4,251,799	\$	732,659
Change in Assets	\$	127,149	\$	(747,914)		(875,063)	\$	635,283	\$	508,134
	<u> </u>		Ť	(2.12)52.17	Ť	(070)0007	Ť	555,255	Ť	000,201
Fixed Assets										
Depreciation	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Computer & Software CapEx		-		501,800		501,800		600,000		600,000
Furniture & Fixtures CapEx		-		-		-		-		-
Equipment CapEx		-		-		-		-		-
Leasehold Improvements		-		-		-		-		-
Allocation of Fixed Assets		127,149		(2,164)		(129,313)		35,283		(91,866)
Inc(Dec) in Fixed Assets (B)	\$	127,149	\$	499,636	\$	372,487	\$	635,283	\$	508,134
TOTAL BUDGET (=A+B)	\$	3,646,289	\$	4,902,038	\$	1,255,749	\$	4,887,082	\$	1,240,793
	*		7		7		7		7	
FTEs		7.52		9.07		1.55		9.40		1.88

Compliance Enforcement

	•	ance Enforcement whole dollars)	nt		
	2	2017 Budget		2018 Budget	Increase (Decrease)
Total FTEs		13.16		12.22	(0.94)
Direct Expenses	\$	2,371,347	\$	2,451,137	\$ 79,790
Indirect Expenses		3,206,790		2,733,948	(472,842)
Other Non-Operating Expenses		-		-	-
Inc(Dec) in Fixed Assets		222,510		1,488,854	1,266,344
TOTAL BUDGET	\$	5,800,647	\$	6,673,939	\$ 873,292

Background and Scope

The Compliance Enforcement department is responsible for overseeing enforcement processes, the application of Penalties or sanctions, and activities to mitigate and prevent recurrence of noncompliance with reliability standards. The Compliance Enforcement department works collaboratively with the eight Regional Entities to ensure consistent and effective implementation of the risk-based Compliance Monitoring and Enforcement Program. Importantly, the department also focuses on ensuring that the ERO Enterprise dedicates resources to the matters that pose the greatest risk to reliability.

The NERC Compliance Enforcement department performs its responsibilities by:

- Monitoring Regional Entities' enforcement processes and providing oversight over their outcomes
 to ensure due process, to identify best practices and process efficiency opportunities, and to
 promote consistency among Regional Entities' business practices;
- Collecting and analyzing compliance enforcement data and trends to assist with the identification of emerging risks and to help inform the development of enforcement policies and processes;
- Filing notices of Penalty and other submittals associated with noncompliance discovered through Regional Entity compliance monitoring and enforcement activities;
- Processing and filing notices of Penalty and other submittals associated with violations discovered through NERC-led investigations and audits;
- Collaborating with other NERC departments, including Compliance Assurance, Standards, Event Analysis, and Regional Entity Coordination; and
- Delivering training of the ERO Enterprise staff and registered entities, as well as supporting other outreach efforts.

The ERO Enterprise's enforcement jurisdiction is drawn from the Energy Policy Act of 2005 (the Act), which added Section 215 to the Federal Power Act (FPA). Section 215 made compliance with electric reliability standards mandatory and authorized the creation of an ERO and Regional Entities to establish and enforce reliability standards. Under section 215(e)(1) of the FPA, NERC or a Regional Entity may impose a Penalty on a user, owner, or operator of the BPS for a violation of a Reliability Standard approved by FERC. As the ERO, NERC has set forth Sanction Guidelines in its ROP that govern the ERO Enterprise's determinations of Penalties and non-monetary sanctions for Reliability Standard violations. The Sanction Guidelines provide information on the factors that affect penalty determinations and the behaviors, e.g., self-reporting, timely mitigation, and cooperation, that the ERO Enterprise seeks to encourage to promote compliance and reliable operations.

ERO Enterprise Core Values and Guiding Principles

The ERO Enterprise's 2017-2020 Strategic Plan promotes the ERO Enterprise's core values and guiding principles. A goal of the ERO Enterprise is to be "a strong enforcement authority that is objective, fair, and promotes a culture of reliability excellence through risk-informed compliance monitoring, enforcement, certification, and registration."

The following principles serve as guidelines for the conduct and behavior of all involved in the ERO Enterprise enforcement program to ensure alignment with this goal and with the ERO Enterprise's core values.

Compliance Enforcement Authorities are independent, without conflict of interest, objective, and fair.

The ERO Enterprise strives to be a strong enforcement authority that is independent, without conflict of interest, objective, and fair. NERC and each of the Regional Entities has a code of conduct addressing the professional and ethical standards applicable to its personnel. Foremost among these standards is the requirement that no person work on a matter where that work may affect the person's financial interest. The ERO Enterprise also expects its personnel to conduct themselves professionally and respectfully when engaging with registered entities or other stakeholders. Personnel who do not meet these standards are subject to discipline, up to and including termination.

Enforcement program promotes culture of reliability excellence through a risk-based approach.

The ERO Enterprise's risk-based enforcement philosophy generally advocates reserving enforcement actions under section 5.0 of the Compliance Monitoring and Enforcement Program for those issues that pose a higher risk to the reliability of the BPS. The risk of a noncompliance is determined based on specific facts and circumstances, including any controls in place at the time of the noncompliance. The ERO Enterprise works with registered entities to ensure timely remediation of potential risks to the reliability of the BPS and prevent recurrence of noncompliance. The enforcement process allows parties to address risks collaboratively and promote increased compliance and reliability through improvement of programs and controls at the registered entities.

The ERO Enterprise applies a presumption of non-enforcement treatment of minimal risk noncompliance to entities with demonstrated internal controls who are permitted to self-log such minimal risk issues. Regarding other issues posing a minimal risk, NERC and the Regional Entities may exercise appropriate judgment whether to initiate a formal enforcement action or resolve the issue outside of the formal enforcement processes. The availability of streamlined treatment of minimal risk noncompliance outside of the formal enforcement process encourages self-inspection by registered entities. When self-identified minimal risk noncompliance is more than likely not going to be subject to a financial Penalty, registered entities are encouraged to establish more robust internal controls for the detection and correction of noncompliance. This approach allows the ERO Enterprise to oversee the activities of registered entities in a more efficient manner and to focus resources where they result in the greatest benefit to reliability. In this context, efficiency does not necessarily mean less time or effort. Rather, it is using the requisite time, knowledge, and skills required for each circumstance. In addition, this approach allows the ERO Enterprise to continue to provide clear signals to registered entities about identified areas of concern and risk prioritization, while maintaining existing visibility into potential noncompliance and emerging areas of risk. Outcomes for noncompliance are based on the risk of a specific noncompliance and may range from streamlined, non-enforcement processes, to significant monetary Penalties.

Enforcement actions are used and Penalties are imposed when warranted, commensurate with risk.

An element of a risk-based approach to enforcement is accountability of registered entities for their noncompliance. No matter the risk of the noncompliance, the registered entity still bears the responsibility of mitigating that noncompliance. Based on the risk, facts, and circumstances associated

with that noncompliance, the Regional Entity decides on an appropriate disposition track, inside or outside of an enforcement action, as described above, and whether a Penalty is appropriate for the noncompliance.

Penalties are generally warranted for serious risk violations (e.g., uncontrolled loss of load, CIP program failures) and for when repeated noncompliance constitutes an aggravating factor. In addition to the use of significant Penalties to deter undesired behavior, the ERO Enterprise also incents desired behaviors. ¹⁷ Specifically, Regional Entities may offset Penalties to encourage valued behavior. Factors that may mitigate Penalty amounts include registered entity cooperation, accountability (including admission of violations), culture of compliance, and self-identification of noncompliance.

Regional Entities may also grant credit in enforcement determinations for certain actions undertaken by registered entities for improvements in addition to mitigating factors. For example, Regional Entities may consider significant investments in reliability made by registered entities, beyond those otherwise planned and required, as an offset for proposed Penalties in enforcement determinations. Regional Entities do not award credits or offsets for actions or investments undertaken by a registered entity that are required to mitigate noncompliance.

NERC engages in regular oversight of Regional Entity enforcement activities to confirm that the Regional Entities have followed the CMEP. This oversight evaluates the consistency of disposition methods, including assessment of a Penalty or sanction, with previous resolutions of similar noncompliance involving similar circumstances. The NERC Board Compliance Committee (the Compliance Committee) considers the recommendations of NERC staff regarding approval of Full Notices of Penalty (NOP) and monitors the handling of noncompliance through the streamlined disposition methods of Spreadsheet NOPs, FFTs, and Compliance Exceptions (CE).

Actions are timely and transparent.

NERC's ROP (including the CMEP and Sanction Guidelines) and program documents are available to the public. ¹⁸ NERC also posts information on enforcement actions on a monthly basis. ¹⁹ Moreover, information on the efficiency of the enforcement program is available to regulators, industry stakeholders, and the public on a quarterly basis. ²⁰

Noncompliance information is used as an input to other processes.

When developing risk elements, NERC annually identifies and prioritizes risks to the reliability of the BPS, taking into account factors such as compliance findings, event analysis experiences, and data analysis. In addition, Regional Entities consider factors such as noncompliance information when conducting an IRA of a registered entity. The ERO Enterprise also uses noncompliance information as part of a feedback loop to the standards development process. This allows enhanced reliability standards through appropriate information flows from compliance monitoring and enforcement to the standards drafting process and other NERC programs. NERC regularly provides analysis and lessons learned from noncompliance information to industry stakeholders and the public. ²¹

¹⁹ Posted compliance exceptions, Spreadsheet Notices of Penalty, and Full Notices of Penalty

¹⁷ As required by §215(e)(6) of the Federal Power Act and the Commission's regulations at 18 C.F.R. §39.7(g), the Sanction Guidelines, Appendix 4B to the NERC Rules of Procedure, provide that Penalties and sanctions imposed for the violation of a Reliability Standard shall bear a reasonable relation to the seriousness of the violation while also reflecting consideration of the other factors specified in the Sanction Guidelines. The Sanction Guidelines are available on NERC's website.

¹⁸ NERC Rules of Procedure

²⁰ The Compliance Monitoring and Enforcement Program Reports can be found in the Compliance Committee meeting agenda packages on the <u>Board of Trustees Compliance Committee website</u>.

Stakeholder Engagement and Benefit

Over the past few years, NERC and the Regional Entities have made substantial progress in reducing the number of instances of noncompliance remaining to be evaluated and processed. The ERO Enterprise has held registered entities accountable for instances of noncompliance that posed a risk to the reliability of the BPS while ensuring that enforcement actions are timely and transparent. NERC promotes a culture of reliability excellence by examining registered entities' internal compliance programs and considering them as mitigating factors in Penalty determinations.

Processing Efficiencies

In an effort to improve the efficiency of enforcement processing throughout the ERO Enterprise, NERC developed a series of key enforcement processing metrics, which are tracked and analyzed throughout the year.

Enforcement's 2016 goal to have more than 70 percent of issues of noncompliance be self-identified was met in 2016. ²² The self-assessment and identification of noncompliance metric is used to compare the number of noncompliance discovered internally versus externally to promote self-assessment and internal identification of noncompliance. For self-identification of noncompliance in 2016, the threshold is 70 percent and the target is 75 percent. Enforcement met the threshold and target for this goal, closing the year at an 87 percent self-identification rate.

The ERO Enterprise has continued to promote timely mitigation of noncompliance with over 99 percent of noncompliance discovered before 2013 having completed Mitigation Plans or mitigating activities, reducing risk to the BPS. The ERO Enterprise successfully met its mitigation targets for noncompliance discovered in 2014 and 2015 by ensuring at least 90 percent of noncompliance discovered in 2014 and 75 percent of noncompliance discovered in 2015 have been mitigated. Significantly, these target goals were both exceeded, with almost 99 percent of 2014 noncompliance and 90 percent of 2015 noncompliance being mitigated. Enforcement also met its goal of having 100 percent of NOPs approved by FERC.

The ongoing use of CEs throughout the ERO Enterprise, combined with the influx of noncompliance discovered in the second half of 2016, has contributed to the average age of noncompliance in Q4 2016 dropping to less than 8 months. The average age has not been this low since 2013. Typically, noncompliance has a relatively consistent average age in the ERO Enterprise inventory of approximately 10 to 11 months. Further, eighty-one percent of the ERO Enterprise noncompliance inventory is less than one year old, and only seven percent is over two years old.

Finally, at the beginning of 2016, there were 368 federal entity violations that were on hold pending the result of a case before the DC Circuit Court of Appeals. Federal violations have been prioritized in 2016, and there are only 17 still needing to be processed, less than five percent of the initial total.

Continued Outreach Efforts in 2017 and Beyond

In 2017, NERC and the Regional Entities will continue to conduct outreach activities that focus on self-logging, compliance exceptions, and risk assessment of noncompliance. NERC plans to use existing industry events, such as the Standards and Compliance workshops and industry webinars, to provide information on compliance enforcement activities.

NERC Oversight of Risk-Based CMEP Implementation

For 2017, ensuring the successful implementation of NERC's risk-based CMEP remains the priority of Compliance Enforcement's oversight plan. As part of that oversight and in addition to offering regular

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²² Self-identification includes noncompliance discovered through Self-Reports, Self-Certifications, and Periodic Data Reporting.

feedback to the Regional Entities, NERC will continue to identify areas for improvement or promoting consistency through training, guidance, or adjustment the following year. NERC also produces an ERO Enterprise CMEP annual report, which includes an assessment of the risk-based CMEP implementation. NERC expects to publish that report during Q1 2018.

NERC performs oversight of the Regional Entities' enforcement programs primarily through the review of the processes, supporting evidence, and other information provided by the Regional Entities over the course of focused engagements of program areas that are scheduled throughout the year. NERC communicates the recommendations and findings to the Regional Entities to help the ERO Enterprise develop responsive strategies and solutions to potential issues and ensure uniform and consistent implementation of the CMEP. Such recommendations and findings also help identify priority areas for training of ERO Enterprise staff during the year.

Other Key Enforcement Efforts Underway

Regional Entity Training

NERC Enforcement will provide training to Regional Entity staff on the most important elements of risk-based enforcement, including risk assessment of noncompliance and the determination of appropriate penalties and sanctions for noncompliance. NERC is developing this training based on observations from its oversight activities of Regional Entity settlement agreements, as well as the process reviews described above.

2018 Goals and Deliverables

Specific 2018 objectives for the Compliance Enforcement department include:

- Continuing to refine and improve the risk-based CMEP processes;
- Continuing to implement in a transparent manner an ERO Enterprise enforcement philosophy that is risk-focused and drives desired behaviors by registered entities;
- Expanding the feedback loop of information from Enforcement to Standards and other program areas; and
- Working closely with NERC's Compliance Assurance and Information Technology departments, as
 well as staff in the Regional Entities, regarding the evaluation of improvements in the existing
 compliance, reporting, analysis tracking system, and other compliance tools to support risk-based
 activities.

Resource Requirements

Personnel

The 0.94 reduction in FTEs is the result of resource allocations that began in 2016 and will continue throughout 2017 to realign staff with current needs.

Contractor Expenses

No contractor and consultant expenses are budgeted in Compliance Enforcement in 2018, which is consistent with 2017. However, the IT budget includes funding for the maintenance, evaluation, and development of enterprise tools supporting technical feasibility exceptions, registration, and enforcement activities.

		Activities a get & Proje								
2017	Duu			FORCEMENT	LO Du	aget				
Funding	_	2017 Budget		2017 Projection	201 v 20	Variance 7 Projection 017 Budget ver(Under)		2018 Budget	v 2	Variance 018 Budget 017 Budget ver(Under)
ERO Funding										
NERC Assessments	\$	5,677,854	\$	5,677,854	\$	(0)	\$	6,608,973	\$	931,119
Assessment Stabilization Reserve - Penalties	_	122,465	_	122,465		0	_	56,522		(65,943)
Total NERC Funding	_\$_	5,800,319	\$	5,800,319	\$	(0)	\$	6,665,495	\$	865,175
Third-Party Funding	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Testing Fees		-		-		-		-		-
Services & Software		-		-		-		-		-
Workshops Interest		327		- 11,966		- 11,639		- 8,444		- 8,117
Miscellaneous		-		11,900		-		0,444		0,117
Total Funding	\$	5,800,647	\$	5,812,286	\$	11,639	\$	6,673,939	\$	873,292
Expenses										
Personnel Expenses										
Salaries	\$	1,790,859	\$	1,799,026	\$	8,166	\$	1,792,112	\$	1,252
Payroll Taxes		117,205		113,789		(3,417)		115,916		(1,290)
Benefits		184,106		185,301		1,195		168,533		(15,573)
Retirement Costs		198,694		193,748		(4,946)		200,403		1,708
Total Personnel Expenses	\$	2,290,865	\$	2,291,863	\$	998	\$	2,276,963	\$	(13,902)
Meeting Expenses										
Meetings	\$	2,500	\$	1,250	\$	(1,250)	\$	2,000	\$	(500)
Travel		56,736		55,000		(1,736)		47,500		(9,236)
Conference Calls		366		4,042		3,676		-		(366)
Total Meeting Expenses	\$	59,602	\$	60,292	\$	690	\$	49,500	\$	(10,102)
Operating Expenses										
Consultants & Contracts	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Office Rent		-		-		-		-		-
Office Costs		20,379		18,835		(1,544)		19,160		(1,220)
Professional Services		-		-		-		-		-
Miscellaneous		500		750		250		500		-
Depreciation Total Operating Expenses	\$	20,879	\$	105,014 124,600	\$	105,014 103,720	\$	105,014 124,674	\$	105,014 103,794
Total Direct Expenses	\$	2,371,347	\$	2,476,755	\$	105,408	\$	2,451,137	\$	79,790
Indirect Expenses	\$	3,206,790	\$	3,194,871	\$	(11,919)	\$	2,733,948	\$	(472,842)
Other Non-Operating Expenses	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Total Expenses (A)	\$	5,578,137	\$	5,671,626	\$	93,489	\$	5,185,085	\$	(393,052)
Change in Assets	\$	222,510	\$	140,660	\$	(81,850)	\$	1,488,854	\$	1,266,344
									·	
Fixed Assets										
Depreciation	\$	-	\$	(105,014)	\$	(105,014)	\$	(105,014)	\$	(105,014)
Computer & Software CapEx		-		-		-		1,548,000		1,548,000
Furniture & Fixtures CapEx		-		-		-		-		-
Equipment CapEx Leasehold Improvements		-		-		-		-		-
Allocation of Fixed Assets		222 E10		(2.042)		(225 552)		4E 060		1176 642\
	_	222,510	_	(3,042)	<u>.</u>	(225,552)	<u>_</u>	45,868	<u>.</u>	(176,642)
Inc(Dec) in Fixed Assets (B)	\$	222,510	\$	(108,056)	\$	(330,566)	\$	1,488,854	\$	1,266,344
TOTAL BUDGET (=A+B)	\$	5,800,647	\$	5,563,570	\$	(237,077)	\$	6,673,939	\$	873,292
FTEs		13.16		12.75		(0.41)		12.22		(0.94)

Reliability Assessment and System Analysis

Reliabili	•	ment and Syste vhole dollars)	m Aı	nalysis								
Increase 2017 Budget 2018 Budget (Decrease												
Total FTEs		14.10		14.10		-						
Direct Expenses	\$	3,986,965	\$	4,256,247	\$	269,282						
Indirect Expenses		3,435,846		3,154,555		(281,291)						
Other Non-Operating Expenses		-		-		-						
Inc(Dec) in Fixed Assets		112,782		(97,847)		(210,629)						
TOTAL BUDGET	\$	7,535,594	\$	7,312,956	\$	(222,638)						

Background and Scope

The Reliability Assessment and System Analysis (RASA) department carries out the ERO's statutory responsibility to conduct assessments of the reliability and adequacy of the BES. These assessments are used to provide insight and guidance about reliability risks. These insights provide a foundation for the development of new reliability standards or modifications to mandatory reliability standards, or other initiatives, such as guidelines, alert(s), webinars, etc., all focused on enhancing overall reliability. The majority of the activities in the RASA department directly address the risk priorities established by the RISC. In particular, the risks pertaining to changing resources and planning noted in the 2016 RISC report are of particular importance to the assessment and analysis work being performed in RASA.

NERC staff works closely with stakeholders on creating assessment development schedules, including schedules with adequate stakeholder review at every level. All NERC reliability assessments have a sponsoring technical committee, subcommittee, or other subgroup. The Long-Term and Seasonal assessments are conducted by the Reliability Assessment Subcommittee, and ultimately endorsed by the Planning Committee. Special Assessments often require a separate and specialized task force or advisory group to help construct, conduct, and produce special topic assessments such as the Clean Power Plan assessments, Natural Gas interdependency assessment, and distributed energy report.

The department focuses on developing a technical framework and understanding the emerging reliability risks facing the industry. It also provides guidance and insights to stakeholders across North America. The department relies on its own engineering and analysis expertise, as well as Regional Entity and stakeholder resources. RASA is responsible for:

- Independent reliability assessments on the overall reliability and adequacy of the BES and associated emerging reliability risks that could impact the short-, mid- and the long-term (e.g., 10year) planning horizons, and other reliability issues requiring an in-depth analysis.
- Support for the development and improvement of long-term sustainable interconnection-based power flow, dynamic, and load models that exhibit the accuracy and fidelity reflecting actual BES reliability performance and dynamic conditions.
- Interconnection-wide analysis of steady-state and dynamic conditions, including frequency, Essential Reliability Services, stability, short circuit ratio, and oscillatory behavior aspects.
- Advancement of industry and the ERO's understanding of power system characteristics and behaviors by gathering larger Phasor Measurement Unit (PMU) datasets for advanced data analytics and modeling improvements.

- Assurance oversight that the BES electrical elements necessary for its reliable operation are identified, requiring the elements to follow the appropriate NERC Reliability Standards.
- Establishment of reliability leadership and consistent, technically sound guidance and recommendations that position industry and policy makers to enhance reliability through effective outreach and communications.

Stakeholder Engagement and Benefit

RASA works with industry leaders to create a reliability strategy that is relevant, timely, and effective to address the most important reliability risks. This effort includes reviewing and addressing key priority risks identified by NERC's RISC; synthesizing key information identified through analysis and assessment efforts; extracting and prioritizing the associated reliability risks; sharing and integrating risk analysis insights across the ERO Enterprise; and translating that knowledge into actionable guidance and recommendations for NERC management, the Board, and entities, along with state, federal, and provincial policy makers.

In addition, the ERO monitors the ongoing and historic reliability performance of the BES through data gathered to analyze historic trends. The ERO provides reports and recommendations regarding the anticipated conditions that could impact the reliability, security, and stability of the BPS to the industry, Regional Entities, regulatory entities, and other designated entities.

2018 Enhancements

Enhancements in the 2018 BP&B are a reflection of the strategic goals and objectives identified in the *ERO Enterprise Strategic Plan and Metrics 2017–2020*.

The following enhancements are attributable to Strategic Goal 1 and the objectives and valued outcomes noted within Strategic Goal 1:

- Interconnection-wide analysis of steady-state and dynamic conditions, including frequency, Essential Reliability Services, stability, Short Circuit Ratio and oscillatory behavior aspects.
- Perform model validations at the interconnection level and compare with internal transmission owner models. (Short circuit model validation)

The following enhancements are attributable to Strategic Goal 4 and the objectives and valued outcomes noted within Strategic Goal 4:

- Improve resource adequacy assessments with increased probabilistic and risk analysis;
- Conduct interconnection-wide analysis to support NERC's reliability assessments and improve industry planning;
- Increase technical analysis and assessment focus on natural gas, wind, and solar resource and fuel availability;
- Develop technical references and guidelines that advance and improve reliability using new technologies; and
- Develop quality/fidelity assessments of interconnection models.

The following enhancement is attributable to Strategic Goal 5 and the objectives and valued outcomes noted within Strategic Goal 5:

• Enhance and implement documented oversight plans for Regional Entity delegated functions.

Key RASA Efforts Underway

RASA focuses its efforts in the following key areas:

Reliability Assessment

Reliability assessments serve to evaluate the expected reliability of the BES through extensive deterministic and probabilistic analyses to identify potential reliability risks and potential mitigation approaches. These reviews include both evaluations at the edge of the planning horizon, as well as assessments of the anticipated performance during the short-term (12- to 18-month outlook). These analyses involved planned and anticipated changes to generation resources, transmission infrastructure, and load behavior compared to base-line needs of the system to remain reliable and formulate recommendations and related guidance. This assessment is often completed by examining special scenarios and unique situations within the BES. These analyses provide a technical platform for important policy discussions on challenges facing the interconnected BES, as well as focused recommendations on mitigation to improve overall reliability or lessen reliability risks.

By identifying and quantifying emerging reliability issues, NERC is able to provide risk-informed recommendations and support a learning environment for industry to address emerging risks and pursue improved reliability performance. These efforts are expected to expand to assess the impacts on reliability from the changing resource mix, reliability behavior of resources, distributed energy resources, and loads. Many resource additions are asynchronous and energy-limited, requiring assessment of a substantial number of scenarios rather than just seasonal peak conditions. Reliability assessments must therefore include a greater focus on probabilistic approaches, assessing the sufficiency of essential reliability services as well as focusing seasonal assessments on short-term horizons to encompass more than peak condition reserve margin analyses.

Key assessments include:

- Long-Term Reliability Assessment (supplemented by the Probabilistic Assessment)
- Summer and Winter Reliability Assessments (condensed report)
- Short-Term and Special Reliability Assessments
 - a. Between one and four short-term reliability assessments are expected, driven by the need to assess emerging short-term risks to reliability
 - b. Special Assessments are selected based on high-priority/high-risk issues that require an independent assessment from the ERO.

A significant ongoing effort anticipated to involve RASA, Regional Entity staff, and stakeholders focuses on the continued development of effective Essential Reliability Services. These efforts are expected to lead to a broad set of recommendations that will culminate with defined elements, an evaluation of initial metrics and data compilation of actual performance, and refinement about the ongoing assessment of Essential Reliability Services measures.

System Analysis

Understanding the technical behavior of the North American grid is the foundation for identifying crucial aspects of performance that are important for sustaining overall reliability. NERC's understanding of grid

behavior is achieved through a comprehensive evaluation of system behavior through constant observation and study, analytic simulations, and forensic analysis of system disturbances. Methodically comparing the simulation results of powerflow and system dynamic performance to actual system behavior improves models critical for industry use to simulate system conditions as well as enables RASA to gain insights to enhance predictive system analysis.

The ERO Enterprise RASA team also supports the following objectives:

- Continue leading and improving NERC's analytical capabilities to address a broad range of engineering topics,
- Support NERC Reliability Standards development with subject matter expertise,
- Support and lead technical analysis of emerging risks requiring advanced analytics and interconnection-wide assessment,
- Detailed forensic analysis of significant system disturbances

Key focus areas:

- PMU Measurement, use, and analysis improvements
 - Synchrophasor technology
 - Power plant model verification
 - Oscillation analysis
- Frequency Response Analysis, Interconnection Frequency Response Obligation Analysis, and forward-looking reliability assessment
- Interconnection-Wide system inertia study
- Interconnection-Wide short circuit ratio assessment
- Interconnection-Wide Model Building Designation and Criteria administration
- Interconnection-Wide model validation
- Improving model quality and fidelity
- Analysis of TPL Footnote 12
- Load and distributed energy resource modeling
- Event analysis simulation and forensic analysis of major events
- Reliability Standards support
- BES Exception and Self-Determined Notification Processing

Further, RASA will continue to work closely with other organizations, including but not limited to the Electric Power Research Institute (EPRI), the Department of Energy (DOE), the Institute of Electrical and Electronic Engineers (IEEE), the Institute of Nuclear Power Operations (INPO), the North American Transmission Forum (NATF), the North American Generation Forum (NAGF), and the Canadian Electricity Association (CEA). RASA collaborates with these groups on a number of fronts, including geomagnetic disturbance (GMD), vegetation management, and variable generation integration. RASA will continue working with the Interstate Natural Gas Association of America (INGAA) and the Natural Gas Supply Association (NGSA) regarding studies pertaining to the interdependency of gas and electric systems.

2018 Goals and Deliverables

In 2018, RASA will seek to achieve several specific goals and objectives as part of the strategic focus of the ERO Enterprise (Strategic Goals 1, 4, and 5):

- Pioneer implementation of advanced reliability assessment and system analysis methods to address the changing nature of the grid. Issue reliability assessment reports, guidelines, and recommendations to address high priority evolving performance trends and address emerging risks to reliability.
 - Expand the use of probabilistic assessment tools across the ERO and gain consistency in approach
 - Special assessments on identified high-priority risks (from RISC prioritization and recommendations)²³
 - Changing resource mix and maintaining Essential Reliability Services
 - Increased penetration of Distributed Energy Resources
 - Increasing dependency on generation fueled by natural gas
 - Broaden understanding of inter-area and local system oscillations in all interconnections and their potential impact on interconnection reliability.
 - As part of its oversight of the Regional Entities, build and sustain an Enterprise RAPA team (ERO-RAPA) that encompasses the consistent development and implementation of riskinformed approaches and structured methods to identify and address reliability risks.
- Develop technical analyses in key reliability areas, resulting in technically accurate and comprehensive reports addressing areas of concern (e.g., Frequency Response, Short Circuit Strength, Inter-area Oscillation, Distributed Energy Resource (DER) and etc.). The purpose of these technical analyses are to understand and evaluate the Bulk Power System (BPS) characteristics, behavior and performance due to the changing resource mix and integration of new technology. It is also intended to provide oversight, guidance, direction, and technical expertise to address key planning related issues and interconnection-wide concerns.
- Provide technical expertise, research and feedback to the industry. Provide foundational technical
 efforts that support the key reliability planning-related standards development. In addition to
 providing feedback, NERC will also solicit industry's help by utilizing resources and leveraging any
 research that has been done by the industry.
- Continue to explore the use of state of the art software to conduct power system analysis. Enhance the usage of real-time tools used by the industry to sharpen and fine tune our models as the system evolves with the integration of new technology.
- Support NERC Reliability Standard development by providing subject matter expertise.
- Provide support and leadership to (1) the Planning Committee and (2) standing committees' subcommittees, working groups, and task forces serving the standing committees. Support the development of technical reference documents and Reliability Guidelines with support of the PC leadership and established in the annual PC work plan
- As necessary, support major event investigations, analyses, and reporting of findings, recommendations, and lessons learned to improve reliability.

²³ RISC Recommendations to the NERC Board of Trustees

- Provide feedback to interconnection-wide model-building groups on improvements to system model quality and fidelity.
- Assist in the development of approaches to registration and provide input to NERC staff in support
 of the development of CMEP risk elements, as well as support and lead the BES Definition
 Exception Process.

Resource Requirements

Personnel

No additional personnel were allocated to RASA in 2018.

Contractor Expenses

The total contractor and consultant expenses for the RASA department remain unchanged from 2017 to 2018 at \$525k. Consultant and contractor support is budgeted for assistance in the following areas: research on the reliability effects of GMD; increased use of probabilistic analysis, particularly in RASA's resource adequacy assessments; development, analysis and assessment of Essential Reliability Services and related measures; and analysis of reliability effects of environmental regulations. The components of the budgeted 2017 and 2018 expenses are listed in *Exhibit C – Contractor and Consulting Costs*.

				ixed Asset on, and 201						
				and SYSTEM A	NALYS	ilS				
		2017 Budget	. <u> </u>	2017 Projection	201 v 2	Variance 7 Projection 017 Budget ver(Under)		2018 Budget	v 2	Variance 018 Budget 2017 Budget ver(Under)
Funding										
ERO Funding NERC Assessments	\$	7,339,030	\$	7,339,030	\$	(0)	\$	7,212,995	\$	(126,035)
Assessment Stabilization Reserve - Penalties	Ą	131,213	Ş	131,213	Ş	(0)	Ş	65,217	Ş	(65,995)
Total NERC Funding	\$		\$	7,470,243	\$	(0)	\$	7,278,213	\$	(192,030)
Third-Party Funding	\$		\$		\$		\$	_	\$	_
Testing Fees	Y		Ψ.	_	Ψ.	_	Ψ.	_	Ψ.	_
Services & Software		50,000		-		(50,000)		-		(50,000)
Workshops		15,000		15,000		-		25,000		10,000
Interest		351		11,034		10,683		9,743		9,392
Miscellaneous		-		-		-		-		-
Total Funding	\$	7,535,594	\$	7,496,277	\$	(39,317)	\$	7,312,956	\$	(222,638)
Expenses										
Personnel Expenses										
Salaries	\$	2,247,826	\$	2,159,424	\$	(88,401)	\$	2,334,967	\$	87,141
Payroll Taxes		142,919		133,017		(9,902)		144,330		1,411
Benefits		263,230		254,714		(8,517)		283,513		20,283
Retirement Costs		246,609		236,358		(10,251)		258,277		11,668
Total Personnel Expenses	\$	2,900,585	\$	2,783,513	\$	(117,071)	\$	3,021,087	\$	120,502
Meeting Expenses										
Meetings	\$	74,000	\$	74,000	\$	0	\$	121,000	\$	47,000
Travel		208,338		230,000		21,662		250,000		41,662
Conference Calls		5,270		7,365		2,094		-		(5,270)
Total Meeting Expenses	\$	287,608	\$	311,365	\$	23,757	\$	371,000	\$	83,392
Operating Expenses										
Consultants & Contracts	\$	525,000	\$	438,025	\$	(86,975)	\$	525,000	\$	-
Office Rent		-		-		-		-		-
Office Costs		147,652		131,200		(16,452)		187,889		40,238
Professional Services		-		-		-		-		-
Miscellaneous		500		250		(250)		500		-
Depreciation		125,621		151,409		25,788		150,771		25,150
Total Operating Expenses	\$	798,773	\$	720,884	\$	(77,888)	\$	864,160	\$	65,387
Total Direct Expenses	\$	3,986,965	\$	3,815,763	\$	(171,203)	\$	4,256,247	\$	269,282
Indirect Expenses	\$	3,435,846	\$	3,167,307	\$	(268,539)	\$	3,154,555	\$	(281,291)
Other Non-Operating Expenses	\$		\$		\$		<u> </u>		\$	
Total Expenses (A)		7,422,812	\$	6 092 070		(420.742)	\$	7 410 902	\$	(12.000)
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>				\$			7,410,803		(12,009)
Change in Assets	<u>\$</u>	112,782	\$	513,208	\$	400,425	\$	(97,847)	\$	(210,629)
Fixed Assets										
Depreciation	\$	(125,621)	\$	(151,409)	\$	(25,788)	\$	(150,771)	\$	(25,150)
Computer & Software CapEx		-		31,145		31,145		-		-
Furniture & Fixtures CapEx		-		-		-		-		-
Equipment CapEx		-		-		-		-		-
Leasehold Improvements		-		-		-		-		-
Allocation of Fixed Assets		238,403		(3,016)		(241,419)		52,924		(185,479)
Inc(Dec) in Fixed Assets (B)	\$	112,782	\$	(123,280)	\$	(236,063)	\$	(97,847)	\$	(210,629)
TOTAL BUDGET (=A+B)	\$	7,535,594	\$	6,859,789	\$	(675,805)	\$	7,312,956	\$	(222,638)
FTEs		14.10		12.64		(1.46)		14.10		_
· · 		17117		12.04		(2.40)		14,10		

Reliability Risk Management

NERC's Reliability Risk Management (RRM) group carries out the ERO's statutory responsibility to perform assessments (real time or near real time continual awareness, detailed analysis of significant events, and longer-term broad performance assessments) of the reliability and adequacy of the BES, including identifying potential issues of concern relating to system, equipment, entity, and human performance that may indicate the need to develop and implement targeted interventions. RRM has three departments: Situation Awareness (also referred to as Bulk Power System Awareness), Event Analysis, and Performance Analysis. These departments are responsible for six primary functions: (1) BES awareness, (2) event analysis and determination of root and contributing causes, (3) assessment of human performance challenges that affect BES reliability and identification of improvement opportunities, (4) continent-wide analysis and reporting of BES performance, (5) support of the NERC Operating Committee, and (6) support of the NERC CIPC.

RRM's functions and resources are directly focused on proactive awareness of BES conditions and all events over a threshold of certain risk or impact. Through awareness and continuous assessment, RRM identifies potential reliability risks to the BES. RRM analyzes events in detail, addresses the most significant risks to BES reliability, and ensures that industry is well informed of system events, emerging trends, risk analysis, and lessons learned. Through performing these functions, RRM provides data and analysis to inform the other aspects of NERC's statutory functions. The group also provides strategic direction for using risk-based concepts in planning and executing its responsibilities.

Situation Awareness

9		tion Awareness whole dollars)		
	,	miore domais,		Increase
	2	2017 Budget	2018 Budget	(Decrease)
Total FTEs		5.64	5.64	-
Direct Expenses	\$	2,570,828	\$ 2,566,215	\$ (4,613)
Indirect Expenses		1,374,338	1,261,822	(112,516)
Other Non-Operating Expenses		-	-	-
Inc(Dec) in Fixed Assets		87,695	18,610	(69,084)
TOTAL BUDGET	\$	4,032,862	\$ 3,846,648	\$ (186,214)

Background and Scope

NERC's Situation Awareness department and the eight Regional Entities monitor BES conditions, significant occurrences and emerging risks, and threats across the 14 Reliability Coordinator regions in North America to maintain an understanding of conditions and situations that could impact the bulk electric system's reliable operation. This group also supports the development and publication of Alerts and awareness products and facilitates information sharing among industry, Regions, and the government during crisis situations and major system disturbances. The process for understanding the potential threats or vulnerabilities to the reliability of the BPS starts with understanding occurrences and events in the context in which they occur.

Stakeholder Engagement and Benefit

BES conditions continually change and provide recognizable signatures through automated tools, mandatory reports and voluntary information sharing, and third-party publicly available sources. The significant majority of these signatures represents conditions and occurrences that have little or no reliability impact, either positive or adverse, on the BES. However, being cognizant of the short-term

condition of the BES and the signatures associated with the entire range of reliability performance helps the ERO identify significant occurrences and events more accurately and efficiently. Registered entities continue to robustly share information and collaborate with the ERO in an effort to maintain and improve the overall reliability of the grid.

Key Efforts Underway

Several reliability-related situation awareness and monitoring tools will undergo enhancement, replacement, streamlining, or modification. The following tools are being focused on during 2016: (1) operation and maintenance of Situation Awareness for NERC, FERC, and Regions, Version 2 (SAFNRv2) software application used for monitoring, to include preparation for a new RFP process in late 2016 to enhance the tool from its current state with no changes to the data used; (2) operation and maintenance of the current secure NERC Alerts tool while planning for a streamlined NERC Alert process and platform appropriately integrated with related ongoing NERC, E-ISAC and ERO Enterprise IT initiatives; (3) refresh of the Reliability Coordinator Information System (RCIS) legacy application for operability and maintainability reasons, with no significant changes to functionality; and (4) continuing to set the conditions to bring limited streaming Synchrophasor data into NERC for wide-area situational awareness and event triage applications.

2018 Goals and Deliverables

In 2017, the Situation Awareness department will seek to accomplish the following specific goals and deliverables:

- Ensure that the ERO is aware of all BES events above a threshold of impact;
- Enable the sharing of information and data to facilitate wide-area situational awareness;
- During crisis situations, facilitate the exchange of information among industry, Regions, and the U.S. and Canadian governments;
- Keep industry informed of emerging reliability threats and risks to the BES, including any expected actions;
- Conduct the annual NERC Monitoring and Situational Awareness Conference and Human Performance Conference;
- Administer the NERC Alerts process as specified in ROP §810 to issue Advisory (Level 1) Alerts on significant and emerging reliability- and security-related topics as needed, and facilitate the tracking of actions specified in Recommendation (Level 2) and Essential Action (Level 3) Alerts; and
- Perform oversight, as per the Situation Awareness Oversight Plan, of the activities and performances of the Regional staffs.

The department uses the following major reliability-related tools to support department activities:

Resource Adequacy (ACE Frequency) Tool

This software application provides continuous monitoring of key resource adequacy performance metrics, including pre-established thresholds and limits defined in standards. It alerts Reliability Coordinators and resource subcommittees to conditions that could result in critical inadequacies, such as major tie errors, inaccurate load forecasts, and inadequate frequency response.

Inadvertent Interchange

This tool facilitates the entering of monthly scheduling data and submittal of monthly inadvertent performance standards reports to NERC. It also assists in the monitoring and resolution of reliability issues originated by inadvertent interchange imbalances.

Frequency Monitoring and Analysis Tool

This tool detects frequency events and captures key frequency response information for each interconnection.

Intelligent Alarms Tool

This tool detects short-term and long-term frequency deviations using data transmitted to NERC by the BAs. When coupled with the FNet²⁴ and Frequency Monitoring and Analysis tools, this tool allows immediate differentiation of the cause of a frequency deviation—a generator trip or a scheduling error.

Genscape

The PowerIQ and PowerRT tools provide more detailed insight into current-day conditions impacting BPS conditions in both normal operations and stressed conditions.

Resource Requirements

Personnel

There is no change in personnel from the 2017 to 2018 budget.

Contractor Expenses

The overall funding of approximately \$1.3M for contractors and consultants (which includes the cost of the tools set forth above) to support the department in 2018 is consistent with 2017. The components of the budgeted 2017 and 2018 expenses are listed in *Exhibit C – Contractor and Consulting Costs*.

²⁴ FNet – Operated by the Power Information Technology Laboratory at the University of Tennessee, FNet is a low-cost, quickly deployable global positioning system (GPS)-synchronized wide-area frequency measurement network. High dynamic accuracy Frequency Disturbance Recorders are used to measure the frequency, phase angle, and voltage of the power system at ordinary 120 V outlets. The measurement data are continuously transmitted via the Internet to the FNet servers hosted at the University of Tennessee and Virginia Tech.

				Fixed Asset on, and 201						
	30.0	SITUATIO			5-540					
		2017 Budget		2017 Projection	2017 v 20	/ariance 7 Projection 017 Budget er(Under)		2018 Budget	v 2	Variance 018 Budget 017 Budget ver(Under)
Funding										
ERO Funding NERC Assessments	\$	3,980,236	\$	3,980,236	\$	(0)	\$	3,816,664	\$	(163,572)
Assessment Stabilization Reserve - Penalties	Y	52,485	Y	52,485	Y	(0)	Y	26,087	Y	(26,398)
Total NERC Funding	\$	4,032,721	\$	4,032,721	\$	(0)	\$	3,842,751	\$	(189,971)
Third-Party Funding	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Testing Fees		-		-		-		-		-
Services & Software		-		-		-		-		-
Workshops		-		-		-		-		-
Interest		140		5,331		5,191		3,897		3,757
Miscellaneous	_	-	_	-						-
Total Funding	\$	4,032,862	\$	4,038,052	\$	5,191	\$	3,846,648	\$	(186,214)
Expenses										
Personnel Expenses										
Salaries	\$	873,869	\$	810,775	\$	(63,094)	\$	888,593	\$	14,724
Payroll Taxes		58,749		54,308		(4,441)		59,143		394
Benefits		156,328		135,060		(21,269)		144,353		(11,976)
Retirement Costs Total Personnel Expenses	\$	96,159 1,185,105	\$	89,880 1,090,024	\$	(6,278) (95,081)	\$	98,676 1,190,764	\$	2,517 5,659
·		1,103,103	<u> </u>	1,030,024	-	(33,001)	-	1,130,704		3,033
Meeting Expenses		6.500		6.500		•				/ . = 0.0
Meetings	\$	6,500	\$	6,500	\$	0	\$	2,000	\$	(4,500)
Travel Conference Calls		33,005 305		33,005		(0)		33,000		(5)
Total Meeting Expenses	\$	39,810	\$	1,868 41,373	\$	1,563 1,563	\$	35,000	\$	(305) (4,810)
										• •
Operating Expenses Consultants & Contracts	\$	1,295,850	\$	1,295,850	\$	0	\$	1,295,495	\$	(355)
Office Rent	۶	1,293,630	Ş	1,293,630	ş	-	Ş	1,293,493	Ş	(333
Office Costs		41,897		40,056		(1,841)		41,897		(0
Professional Services				-		-		-		-
Miscellaneous		500		100		(400)		500		_
Depreciation		7,667		8,948		1,282		2,559		(5,107)
Total Operating Expenses	\$	1,345,914	\$	1,344,955	\$	(959)	\$	1,340,451	\$	(5,462)
Total Direct Expenses	\$	2,570,828	\$	2,476,351	\$	(94,477)	\$	2,566,215	\$	(4,613)
Indirect Expenses	\$	1,374,338	\$	1,498,457	\$	124,119	\$	1,261,822	\$	(112,516)
Other Non-Operating Expenses			\$	2,100,101	\$		<u>*</u>		\$	(222,626
	<u>\$</u>	<u> </u>		<u> </u>				.		
Total Expenses (A)	<u> </u>	3,945,167		3,974,808	\$		<u>\$</u>	3,828,038	<u>\$</u>	(117,129)
Change in Assets	\$	87,695	<u>\$</u>	63,245	\$	(24,450)	<u>\$</u>	18,610	\$	(69,084)
Fixed Assets										
Depreciation	\$	(7,667)	\$	(8,948)	\$	(1,282)	\$	(2,559)	\$	5,107
Computer & Software CapEx	Y	-	7		,	-,	7	-	7	-
Furniture & Fixtures CapEx		-		-		-		-		_
Equipment CapEx		-		-		-		-		-
Leasehold Improvements		-		-		-		-		-
Allocation of Fixed Assets		95,361		(1,427)		(96,788)		21,170		(74,192
Inc(Dec) in Fixed Assets (B)	\$	87,695	\$	(10,375)	\$	(98,070)	\$	18,610	\$	(69,084
TOTAL BUDGET (=A+B)	\$	4,032,862	\$	3,964,433	\$	(68,429)	\$	3,846,648	\$	(186,214)
FTES		5.64		5.98		0.34		5.64		_
I ILQ		3.04		3.30		U.34		5.04		-

Event Analysis

		ent Analysis whole dollars)		
	2	2017 Budget	2018 Budget	Increase (Decrease)
Total FTEs		11.28	11.28	-
Direct Expenses	\$	2,592,388	\$ 2,680,449	\$ 88,061
Indirect Expenses		2,748,677	2,523,644	(225,032)
Other Non-Operating Expenses		-	-	-
Inc(Dec) in Fixed Assets		105,141	(42,604)	(147,745)
TOTAL BUDGET	\$	5,446,206	\$ 5,161,490	\$ (284,717)

Background and Scope

The Event Analysis department performs assessments of the reliability and adequacy of the BES. This includes identifying potential issues of concern related to system, equipment, entity, and human performance that may indicate a need to develop remediation strategies, action plans, or data used to revise or retire reliability standards or consider new reliability standards. The department analyzes and determines the cause of the events, promptly ensures tracking of corrective actions to prevent recurrence, and provides lessons learned to the industry. Event Analysis ensures that reporting and analysis are consistent to allow wide-area assessment of trends and risks. The department analyzes all reportable events for sequence of events, root cause, risk to reliability, and mitigation and keeps the industry well informed of system events, emerging trends, risk analysis, lessons learned, and expected actions.

Additional resources within this department focus on identifying human-error risks and those precursor factors that allow human error to impact system reliability. The department educates industry regarding risks, precursors, and mitigation methods. Resources also support compliance and standards training initiatives and trending and analysis to identify emerging reliability risks to the BES. These efforts are conducted in collaboration with industry human performance projects, including WECC's Human Performance Working Group, the NERC Operating Committee's Event Analysis Subcommittee, and others.

Stakeholder Engagement and Benefit

The Event Analysis department coordinates event analyses to support the use of collective resources, consistency in analysis, and timely delivery of event analysis reports.²⁵ The ERO disseminates to the electric industry lessons learned and other useful information obtained from or as a result of event analysis. The Event Analysis team conducts in-depth analyses of approximately 150 events per year on average. In 2014, the team also conducted calls facilitated by the Regional Entities with over 140 registered entities to discuss in detail and finalize root and contributing causes for the categorized events analyzed. Major analysis to date includes continuing assessment of Energy Management System (EMS) outages, continued collaboration with RASA on frequency response performance, analyses of substation equipment failure events and protective relay trends including ground overcurrent relay misoperations, relay communication system failures, and the importance of commissioning testing.

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²⁵ The core process for Event Analysis is outlined in the approved process: Electric Reliability Organization Event Analysis Process - Version 3 (January 2016).

Collaboration with the Trade Associations and Forums

The activities of the NATF, the NAGF, trade associations, and other industry groups are expected to compliment ERO Enterprise activities and limit the need to add incremental resources to the NERC and Regional Entity BP&Bs that might otherwise be required in the absence of these forums.

NATF has been invited to participate in several reliability initiatives that are expected to continue into 2018, including protection systems misoperations reduction, physical security, various activities related to reliability assurance initiatives, improvement of modeling practices, and complementary efforts on addressing the GMD challenges.

2018 Goals and Deliverables

In 2018, the Event Analysis department will seek to accomplish several specific goals and objectives as part of the strategic focus of the ERO Enterprise:

- Work with the Regional Entities to obtain and review information from registered entities on qualifying events and disturbances to advance awareness of events above a threshold level; facilitate analysis of root and contributing causes, risks to reliability, wide-area assessments, and remediation efforts; and disseminate information regarding events in a timely manner;
- Ensure that all reportable events are analyzed for sequence of events, root cause, risk to reliability, and mitigation;
- Continue to refine risk-based methods to support better identification of reliability risks, including the use of more sophisticated cause codes for analysis;
- Conduct training (webinars, workshops, and conference support) to inform industry and the ERO
 of lessons learned, root cause analysis, trends, human performance, and extreme weather
 preparedness and recommendations;
- Develop reliability recommendations and alerts as needed and track industry accountability for critical reliability recommendations;
- Ensure that industry is well informed of system events, emerging trends, risk analysis, lessons learned, and expected actions;
- Conduct major event analysis and reporting of major findings and recommendations that will improve reliability; and
- Perform oversight, as per the Event Analysis Oversight Plan, of the activities and performance of the Regional staffs.

The Event Analysis department will also support several of the top-priority reliability risk projects during 2018 through 2019, as identified and described under the Performance Analysis department section of this document.

Resource Requirements

Personnel

There is no change in personnel from the 2017 to 2018 budget.

Contractor Expenses

No funding is budgeted for contract and consultants in 2018, which is consistent with 2017.

					ixed Assets on, and 201						
NERC Assessments S 5,300,955 S 5,009,955 S (0) S 5,061,521 S (2)		_	2017		2017	201 v 2	7 Projection 017 Budget			v 2	Variance 018 Budget 2017 Budget ver(Under)
NRER Cases senents	_										
Total NERC Funding	_	ć	E 200 0EE	ċ	E 200 0EE	ċ	(0)	ċ	E 061 E21	ċ	(239,434)
Total NERC Funding		Ş		Ş		ş		Ş		ş	(52,796)
Testing Fees Services & Software Workshops Interest Norshops Interest Norshops Interest Norshops Norsh		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	(292,230)
Testing Fees Services & Software Workshops Interest Norshops Interest Norshops Interest Norshops Norsh	Third-Party Funding	\$	_	Ś	_	Ś	_	Ś	_	Ś	_
Services & Software		,	-	,	-	*	-	*	-	*	-
Interest	-		-		-		-		-		-
Interest	Workshops		40,000		115,300		75,300		40,000		(0)
Total Funding S 5,446,206 S 5,531,368 S 85,162 S 5,161,490 S (2)	•										7,514
Personnel Expenses	Miscellaneous		-		-		-		-		-
Personnel Expenses	Total Funding	\$	5,446,206	\$	5,531,368	\$	85,162	\$	5,161,490	\$	(284,717)
Personnel Expenses	Expenses										
Payroll Taxes 108,739 a 110,729 a 1,990 a 110,619 a 110,619 a 1212,232 a 243,635 a 31,403 a 227,802 a 189,397 a 179,727 a 19,670 b 198,179 a 198,179 a 179,727 a 19,670 b 198,179 a 198,179 a 179,727 a 19,670 b 198,179 a 198,179 a 179,727 a 198,179 a 198,17	•										
Benefits 212,232 243,635 31,403 227,802 189,397 179,727 (9,670) 198,179 198,	Salaries	\$	1,708,049	\$	1,759,073	\$	51,024	\$	1,783,120	\$	75,072
Retirement Costs 189,397 179,727 9,670 198,179	Payroll Taxes		108,739		110,729		1,990		110,619		1,880
Neeting Expenses	Benefits		212,232		243,635		31,403		227,802		15,570
Meeting Expenses Sal,500 \$ 170,000 \$ 88,500 \$ 81,500 \$ 152,487 \$ 158,000 \$ 5,513 \$ 150,000 \$ 152,487 \$ 158,000 \$ 5,513 \$ 150,000 <th< td=""><td>Retirement Costs</td><td></td><td>189,397</td><td></td><td>179,727</td><td></td><td>(9,670)</td><td></td><td>198,179</td><td></td><td>8,782</td></th<>	Retirement Costs		189,397		179,727		(9,670)		198,179		8,782
Meetings Travel \$ 81,500 \$ 170,000 \$ 88,500 \$ 81,500 \$ 150,000 Travel 152,487 158,000 5,513 150,000 \$ 150,000	Total Personnel Expenses	\$	2,218,416	\$	2,293,163	\$	74,747	\$	2,319,720	\$	101,304
Meetings Travel \$ 81,500 \$ 170,000 \$ 88,500 \$ 81,500 \$ 150,000 Travel 152,487 158,000 5,513 150,000 \$ 150,000	Meeting Expenses										
Travel		\$	81,500	\$	170,000	\$	88,500	\$	81,500	\$	(0)
Conference Calls											(2,487)
Total Meeting Expenses \$ 238,257 \$ 332,414 \$ 94,157 \$ 231,500 \$ Operating Expenses Consultants & Contracts \$ 5 - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$	Conference Calls		4,270						-		(4,270)
Consultants & Contracts \$ -	Total Meeting Expenses	\$		\$		\$		\$	231,500	\$	(6,757)
Consultants & Contracts \$ -	Operating Expenses										
Office Rent - <th< td=""><td></td><td>\$</td><td>-</td><td>\$</td><td>-</td><td>\$</td><td>-</td><td>\$</td><td>-</td><td>\$</td><td>-</td></th<>		\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Professional Services -	Office Rent		_		-		-		-		-
Professional Services	Office Costs		49,634		41,238		(8,396)		43,786		(5,848)
Depreciation	Professional Services		-		-		-		-		-
Total Operating Expenses \$ 135,715 \$ 127,519 \$ (8,196) \$ 129,229 \$ Total Direct Expenses \$ 2,592,388 \$ 2,753,097 \$ 160,708 \$ 2,680,449 \$ Indirect Expenses \$ 2,748,677 \$ 2,856,590 \$ 107,913 \$ 2,523,644 \$ (2 Other Non-Operating Expenses \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ Total Expenses (A) \$ 5,341,065 \$ 5,609,687 \$ 268,622 \$ 5,204,093 \$ (1 Change in Assets \$ 105,141 \$ (78,318) \$ (183,460) \$ (42,604) \$ (1 Fixed Assets Depreciation \$ (85,582) \$ (85,582) \$ (0) \$ (84,943) \$ (2 Computer & Software CapEx - - - - - - - Furniture & Fixtures CapEx - - - - - - - Equipment CapEx - - - - - - - Allocation of Fixed Assets 190,723 (2,720)	Miscellaneous		500		700		200		500		-
Total Operating Expenses \$ 135,715 \$ 127,519 \$ (8,196) \$ 129,229 \$ Total Direct Expenses \$ 2,592,388 \$ 2,753,097 \$ 160,708 \$ 2,680,449 \$ Indirect Expenses \$ 2,748,677 \$ 2,856,590 \$ 107,913 \$ 2,523,644 \$ (2 Other Non-Operating Expenses \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ Total Expenses (A) \$ 5,341,065 \$ 5,609,687 \$ 268,622 \$ 5,204,093 \$ (1 Change in Assets \$ 105,141 \$ (78,318) \$ (183,460) \$ (42,604) \$ (1 Fixed Assets Depreciation \$ (85,582) \$ (85,582) \$ (0) \$ (84,943) \$ (2 Computer & Software CapEx - - - - - - - Furniture & Fixtures CapEx - - - - - - - Equipment CapEx - - - - - - - Allocation of Fixed Assets 190,723 (2,720)	Depreciation		85,582		85,582		0		84,943		(639)
Indirect Expenses \$ 2,748,677 \$ 2,856,590 \$ 107,913 \$ 2,523,644 \$ (2)	Total Operating Expenses	\$		\$		\$	(8,196)	\$		\$	(6,487)
Other Non-Operating Expenses \$ -	Total Direct Expenses	\$	2,592,388	\$	2,753,097	\$	160,708	\$	2,680,449	\$	88,061
Other Non-Operating Expenses \$ -	Indirect Expenses	Ś	2.748.677	Ś	2.856.590	Ś	107.913	Ś	2.523.644	Ś	(225,032)
Total Expenses (A) \$ 5,341,065 \$ 5,609,687 \$ 268,622 \$ 5,204,093 \$ (1 Change in Assets \$ 105,141 \$ (78,318) \$ (183,460) \$ (42,604) \$ (1 Fixed Assets Depreciation \$ (85,582) \$ (85,582) \$ (0) \$ (84,943) \$ (2,720) Computer & Software CapEx	·		2,7 40,077		2,030,330		107,513		2,323,044	,	(223,032)
Change in Assets \$ 105,141 \$ (78,318) \$ (183,460) \$ (42,604) \$ (183,460) \$ (42,604) \$ (183,460) \$ (42,604) \$ (183,460) \$ (183,460) \$ (183,460) \$ (183,460) \$ (183,460) \$ (183,460) \$ (183,460) \$ (183,460) \$ (183,460) \$ (183,460) \$ (183,460) \$ (183,460) \$ (183,460) \$ (183,460) \$ (183,460) \$ (183,460) \$ (183,460) \$ (183,460) \$ (183,460) \$ (84,943) \$ (284,943)		<u> </u>									-
Fixed Assets Depreciation \$ (85,582) \$ (85,582) \$ (0) \$ (84,943) \$ Computer & Software CapEx -	Total Expenses (A)	<u>\$</u>	5,341,065	\$	5,609,687	\$	268,622	\$	5,204,093	\$	(136,972)
Depreciation \$ (85,582) \$ (85,582) \$ (0) \$ (84,943) \$ Computer & Software CapEx -	Change in Assets	\$	105,141	\$	(78,318)	\$	(183,460)	\$	(42,604)	\$	(147,745)
Depreciation \$ (85,582) \$ (85,582) \$ (0) \$ (84,943) \$ Computer & Software CapEx -	Eivad Assats										
Computer & Software CapEx -<		ċ	(QC E02)	ċ	(QC E02)	ċ	(0)	ċ	(84 042)	ċ	639
Furniture & Fixtures CapEx	•	Ą	(03,362)	Ą	(03,362)	ب	- (0)	Ş	(04,543)	ب	- 039
Equipment CapEx -			-		-		-		-		-
Leasehold Improvements - <td>·</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td><u>-</u></td> <td></td> <td>-</td>	·		-		-		-		<u>-</u>		-
Allocation of Fixed Assets 190,723 (2,720) (193,443) 42,339 (1 Inc(Dec) in Fixed Assets (B) \$ 105,141 \$ (88,302) \$ (193,443) \$ (42,604) \$ (1									_		
Inc(Dec) in Fixed Assets (B) \$ 105,141 \$ (88,302) \$ (193,443) \$ (42,604) \$ (1			100 722		- (2.720)		(102.442)		42.220		(140.202)
				_							(148,383)
TOTAL RUDGET (=0+R) \$ 5.446.206 \$ 5.521.385 \$ 75.179 \$ 5.161.490 \$ (2)	Inc(Dec) in Fixed Assets (B)	\$	105,141	\$	(88,302)	\$	(193,443)	\$	(42,604)	\$	(147,745)
\$ 3,440,200 \$ 3,522,505 \$ 3,527,550 \$ 4,527,550 \$	TOTAL BUDGET (=A+B)	\$	5,446,206	\$	5,521,385	\$	75,179	\$	5,161,490	\$	(284,717)
FTEs 11.28 11.40 0.12 11.28	FTEs		11.28		11.40		0.12		11.28		-

Performance Analysis

	ormance Analysis whole dollars)		
	2017 Budget	2018 Budget	Increase (Decrease)
Total FTEs	9.40	9.40	-
Direct Expenses	\$ 2,459,356	\$ 2,639,101	\$ 179,746
Indirect Expenses	2,290,564	2,103,037	(187,527)
Other Non-Operating Expenses	-	-	-
Inc(Dec) in Fixed Assets	158,936	(108,716)	(267,652)
TOTAL BUDGET	\$ 4,908,855	\$ 4,633,422	\$ (275,433)

Background and Scope

The Performance Analysis department (PA) has reorganized to integrate significant additional leadership responsibilities as well as workload into its role within Reliability Risk Management. It currently consists of Balancing and Frequency Control (B&FC) and Data Analytics (DA) and provides significant statistical analysis and support for NERC, as well as the ERO Enterprise from the Sr. Manager of Statistical Analysis & Outreach. The outreach activity includes initiatives with Regions and highly technical electricity industry-related organizations.

B&FC focuses on balancing related technical requirements and risk identification for the BPS that are essential for its continued reliability. Acting in its new role as NERC's point for BPS balancing issues, B&FC coordinates activities performed by other organizations within NERC, as well as by groups such as the Resource Subcommittee within NERC's industry supported committee structure. B&FC has also assumed its own significant activities including providing administration of, or often performance of, tasks assigned to NERC within standards such as BAL-003-1. B&FC is also providing valuable leadership to integrate Process Information (PI) Historian into NERC, and to ensure the development of its applications for the near and long term. Descriptions of B&FC are accorded more specificity within this document because it is so new within the PA organization.

DA performs the legacy role of data collection and analysis necessary to document and communicate the BPS's historical performance via the annual *SOR Report* and other reports, as well as to support reliability assessments and other initiatives conducted by peer organizations within NERC and the ERO Enterprise. DA also administers a significant, newly formalized oversight of functions delegated by NERC to the Regions within the ERO Enterprise. Additionally, DA is providing business guidance and support as it partners with NERC's IT organization to develop enhanced software tools and new internal databases.

Balancing & Frequency Control Scope

B&FC provides support and services necessary for the real-time operation of the BPS in the areas of balancing resources and demand, interconnection frequency, interchange scheduling, and control performance. B&FC is responsible for providing technical assistance in the development and administration of the NERC Balancing Standards (BAL) that include BAL-001 Real Power Balancing Control Performance, BAL-002 Disturbance Control Performance, BAL-003 Frequency Response and Frequency Bias Setting, BAL-004 Time Error Correction, and BAL-006 Inadvertent Interchange. B&FC is also instrumental in performing the analysis and development of annual reports and informational filings that satisfy the FERC directives set forth in the Orders that approved the balancing standards.

B&FC supports the Resources Subcommittee (RS), Frequency Working Group (FWG), Inadvertent Interchange Working Group (IIWG), and Reserves Working Group (RWG) through facilitation of quarterly

in-person meetings, organizing and hosting of teleconferences as needed, drafting and posting of agendas and meeting minutes, and hosting subcommittee and industry webinars. B&FC also maintains the RS website and Balancing Authority Submittal Site (BASS), which are critical to industry stakeholders by providing operational information and a submittal mechanism for the aforementioned balancing standard requirements.

The NERC Planning Committee and Operating Committee jointly created the Essential Reliability Services Working Group (ERSWG) to advance the work initiated by the Essential Reliability Services Task Force (ERSTF) in consideration of the technical and operational impacts to BPS reliability that could result from the changing generation resource mix throughout North America. B&FC provides support through data collection, analysis, and reporting for five of the ERS measures that include Measure 1 Synchronous Inertial Response at an Interconnection Level, Measure 2 Initial Frequency Deviation Following Largest Contingency, Measure 3 Synchronous Inertial Response at a Balancing Authority (BA) Level, Measure 4 Frequency Response at an Interconnection Level, and Measure 6 Net Demand Ramping Variability.

In 2017, B&FC partnered with RRM SA, NERC IT, and OSIsoft to accomplish the specification, development, and installation of a PI Historian system that will allow NERC to retrieve, analyze, and report on data that is currently hosted and analyzed by external parties. The initial data includes interconnection frequency and BA Area Control Error across North America and provides enhanced wide area visualization and analysis of the North American BES. B&FC is leading the effort to build the Asset Framework hierarchy that will further enhance analysis and reporting that support the efforts of NERC staff and standing committees. Near-term project initiatives will include the retrieval of high speed sub-second frequency data from the University of Tennessee at Knoxville into the NERC PI Historian. While the implementation of PI Historian at NERC is a very large step forward, the maintenance of this database and continued development of visualization, analysis, and reporting tools will be a considerable effort and resource requirement going forward.

Data Analytics Scope

DA is responsible for the collection, management, and analysis of data related to the performance of five areas of BPS operations: transmission, conventional generation, wind generation, protection system misoperations, and demand response. DA also provides application training and end-user support to reporting entities and regional staff. DA collaborates with internal and external stakeholders through working groups associated with the industry sectors reporting performance data to define and revise reporting requirements and related applications. Analysis performed by DA includes identifying potential risks of concern related to system, equipment, entity, and organizational performance that may indicate a need to develop remediation strategies, improvements to the reporting applications, new data collection or analysis tools, or data used to create, revise, or retire reliability standards or consider new reliability standards or reporting areas. Such analysis provides the foundation for the annual *SOR Report*, the annual Misoperations report, and technical papers to the industry.

DA continues the 2016 emergent trend of highly concentrated business engagement in IT projects. 2017 projects include: deployment of the Wind data collection system; development and implementation of the data sharing process to comply with FERC Order 824; development of the first portal application on the NERC enterprise platform; integration of the next application data set for the ERO data warehouse; and contributed to the document management project implementation for RRM. Throughout these projects, DA has developed effective and efficient processes and work products that are being adopted by the NERC's Project Management Office as models for other NERC projects. To improve data quality, DA conducted multiple multi-day in-person training sessions for end-users that provide data to the reporting applications. In addition to its legacy work with data collection and analysis, DA will continue to provide

business subject matter expertise for several IT projects, including new data reporting and analytical tools, projects to support FERC data needs, ERO data sharing, as well as projects with other NERC groups.

Stakeholder Engagement and Benefit

The ERO monitors the reliability performance of the BES in North America through data gathered to analyze historic trends. The ERO provides reports and recommendations regarding the anticipated conditions that could impact the reliability, security, and stability of the BPS to the industry, Regional Entities, regulatory entities, and other designated entities.

The ERO works with industry leaders to create a reliability strategy that is relevant, timely, and effective at addressing the most important reliability risks. This effort includes PA's contribution (including its data gathering and statistical analyses of data, trends, and events) toward the ERO's understanding of key information identified through analysis and assessment efforts; extraction and prioritization of the associated reliability risks from that information; communication and integration of those risk analysis insights across the ERO Enterprise; and translation of that knowledge into actionable guidance and recommendations for NERC management, the Board, and entities, and state, federal, and provincial policy makers. This offers stakeholders an open and transparent approach for the development of NERC's reliability strategy, ultimately ensuring the ERO is accountable to industry, regulators, and the public at large.

B&FC will continue to support the RS, ERSWG, and industry stakeholders through performance based webinars, technical whitepapers, reliability guidelines, and individual outreach. These efforts have proven successful throughout 2016 and 2017, with an emphasis on frequency response performance and operational capabilities.

Key Efforts Underway

In addition to support of the RS and its working groups, the maintenance and administration of the BAL is a major effort for B&FC, with particular current focus on BAL-003-1 Frequency Response and Frequency Bias Setting. B&FC fulfils the ongoing tasks assigned to the ERO in BAL-003-1 Attachment A and the Procedure for ERO Support. These tasks include, but are not limited to:

- Ongoing quarterly identification, review, selection, and posting of BAL-003-1 and M-4 frequency events for use by BAs and other industry stakeholders;
- Calculation and posting of Minimum Frequency Bias Settings for each BA;
- Calculation and assignment of BA Frequency Response Obligations for the upcoming year;
- Calculation and assignment of BA annual Frequency Bias Settings and L10 values for April implementation into BA control systems;
- Performing ongoing maintenance of and necessary modifications to BAL-003-1 FRS Forms used by BAs to calculate frequency response performance and document bilateral purchase or sale of frequency response and/or participation in a Frequency Response Sharing Group in accordance with BAL-003-1; and
- Maintaining the Balancing Authority Submission Site (BASS) used by BAs for BAL-003-1 submittals and performance of vetting for stakeholders requesting access to the BASS.

A major effort in 2018 will be the development of the technical report to be filed with FERC, in accordance with the directives set forth in Order 794, in addition to development of the *Frequency Response Annual Analysis Report*.

B&FC supports the annual State of Reliability (SOR) Report by providing data and analysis for interconnection frequency response (M-4) and related statistical analysis.

Another major effort in 2018 will be the expansion of the PI Historian to include high speed frequency data from the University of Tennessee at Knoxville, as well as interconnection inertia data to support efforts of the RS and ERSWG.

The key trends, findings, and recommendations from PA serve as technical input to the ERO's reliability standards and standards project prioritization, compliance process improvements, event analyses, reliability assessment, and critical infrastructure protection efforts. This analysis of BES performance provides an industry reference for historical BES reliability, but it also offers analytical insights that lead toward the prioritization of specific actionable risk control steps for industry. These analyses and results are summarized in the annual *SOR Report*, which provides guidance and recommendations for enhanced bulk system reliability. PA has added GADS Wind Data to the data collected under NERC ROP Section 1600, requiring the development of a new software tool to enable this. In 2018, DA will begin development for the requirements for solar data collection.

PA is working with EA to develop a link between their databases. Specific equipment outages will be linked to disturbance reports filed with NERC, enabling better association of transmission and generation outages. The continued alignment between these efforts is expected to enhance the ability to conduct effective event analyses as well as to identify key reliability areas for trend analyses of multiple databases. This is expected to improve the depth of event analyses across the ERO Enterprise and expand the quality of data gathered for sophisticated statistical and probabilistic analyses. This will lead to trends and insights about reliability performance, as well as effective measures and actions to address reliability risks. PA has begun data mining of completed EA efforts to see if any insight might be gained from these events as the grid evolves that were not first and foremost or particularly relevant to enhanced grid reliability at the time of the original event investigation.

PA is currently refining the composition of NERC's annual *SOR Report* to expand the GADS data trend analysis and, for 2017, has begun reflecting post-seasonal reliability review, insights from analysis of transmission, generator, and demand response data systems (TADS, GADS, and DADS), and integration of event analysis and misoperations. Also, in 2018, the department will implement the decision of whether the *SOR Report* should move from a calendar year (Q1-Q4) report to a fiscal year (Q4-Q3) report. Current dynamics around validation and reporting of corporate metrics might even move the *SOR Report* to a Q3-Q2 reporting to accommodate the needs of this activity within a common reporting framework.

Further, PA will continue to work closely with other organizations, including but not limited to the EPRI, the DOE, the IEEE, INPO, the NATF, the NAGF, and the CEA. PA collaborates with these groups on a number of fronts, including TADS, GADS, and DADS.

2018 Goals and Deliverables

In 2018, PA has a number of specific goals and deliverables in support of the ERO Enterprise Strategic Plan, including:

- Issue the SOR Report, guidelines, recommendations, and alerts as needed (including the verification and validation of data and information through Regional Entities and technical committees, as required);
- Provide support and leadership to the Operating Committee, Operating Reliability Subcommittee, and RS and its working groups, the FWG, IIWG, and RWG, with emphasis on balancing operations

and analysis, administration of balancing standards, and performance-based outreach to functional entities responsible for real-time BPS reliability;

- B&FC began the administration of the BAL Balancing Standards in 2017 with current emphasis on BAL-003-1. This effort will continue in 2018;
- B&FC will provide technical assistance to NERC Compliance and Enforcement with emphasis on BAL-003-1 Frequency Response for the BA performance requirements that became effective in the 2017 operating year;
- B&FC will acquire the ongoing annual development of the Frequency Response Annual Analysis Report from RASA in 2017. This report is necessary to identify changes in frequency response performance and recommend changes in Interconnection Frequency Response Obligations in accordance with BAL-003-1;
- FERC Order 794 approving the BAL-003-1 standard directed NERC to submit a report in 2018 addressing an (1) evaluation of the use of linear regression methodology to calculate frequency response and (2) the availability of resources for applicable entities to meet the Frequency Response Obligation. B&FC will lead this effort;
- B&FC will begin the development of quarterly BPS performance reports using PI Historian data and functionality to support the demands of the Operating Committee and RS;
- Oversee and evaluate reliability trends that identify reliability risks by analyzing data contained in NERC's GADS, TADS, and DADS, along with reliability metrics and protection & controls system misoperations data;
- Support NERC Reliability Standard development by providing subject matter expertise;
- Provide support and leadership to the Planning Committees' subcommittees, working groups, and task forces (primary focus on the Performance Analysis Subcommittee (PAS) and its subgroups);
- Assist in the development of approaches to registration and provide input to NERC staff in support of the development of CMEP risk elements;
- Conduct major event investigations, analyses, and reporting of major findings, recommendations, and lessons learned that will improve reliability; and
- Provide insight on emerging system protection issues, and hand-off any issues gleaned with future implications to RASA.

Resource Requirements

Personnel

There is no change in personnel from the 2017 to 2018 budget, but ongoing growth in PA responsibilities and activities may drive future resource needs.

Contractor Expenses

PA's 2018 budgeted contractor and consultant expenses are \$572k, which is a \$44k increase over 2017, primarily due to an increased need for OATI technology updates. A comparison of the budgeted 2017 and 2018 expenses is shown in *Exhibit C – Contractor and Consulting Costs*.

				Fixed Asset on, and 201						
		PERFORMA								
	_	2017 Budget		2017 Projection	201 v 2	Variance 7 Projection 017 Budget ver(Under)		2018 Budget	v 2	Variance 018 Budget 2017 Budget ever(Under)
Funding ERO Funding										
NERC Assessments	\$	4,821,146	\$	4,821,146	\$	0	\$	4,533,448	\$	(287,698)
Assessment Stabilization Reserve - Penalties	•	87,475	,	87,475	•	(0)	*	43,478	*	(43,997)
Total NERC Funding	\$	4,908,621	\$	4,908,621	\$	0	\$	4,576,927	\$	(331,695)
Third-Party Funding	\$	-	\$	-	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
Testing Fees		-		-		-		-		-
Services & Software		-		50,000		50,000		50,000		50,000
Workshops		-		-		-		-		-
Interest		234		8,086		7,852		6,495		6,261
Miscellaneous		-	_	-		-		-		-
Total Funding	\$	4,908,855	\$	4,966,707	\$	57,852	\$	4,633,422	\$	(275,433)
Expenses										
Personnel Expenses										
Salaries	\$	1,349,579	\$	1,340,257	\$	(9,322)	\$	1,372,376	\$	22,796
Payroll Taxes		92,093		88,681		(3,411)		92,361		268
Benefits		143,104		144,794		1,691		154,799		11,696
Retirement Costs	_	149,018	_	151,137		2,120	_	154,224		5,206
Total Personnel Expenses	\$	1,733,794	\$	1,724,871	\$	(8,923)	\$	1,773,760	\$	39,966
Meeting Expenses										
Meetings	\$	1,000	\$	15,000	\$	14,000	\$	11,000	\$	10,000
Travel		118,172		98,000		(20,172)		80,000		(38,172)
Conference Calls	_	2,965	_	2,872		(93)	_			(2,965)
Total Meeting Expenses	\$	122,137	\$	115,872	\$	(6,265)	\$	91,000	\$	(31,137)
Operating Expenses										
Consultants & Contracts	\$	528,082	\$	571,132	\$	43,050	\$	572,030	\$	43,948
Office Rent		-		-		-		-		-
Office Costs		74,843		63,310		(11,533)		57,812		(17,031)
Professional Services		-		-		-		-		-
Miscellaneous		500		250		(250)		500		-
Depreciation	_	-	_	179,910		179,910		143,999		143,999
Total Operating Expenses	\$	603,426	\$	814,602	\$	211,177	\$	774,341	\$	170,916
Total Direct Expenses	\$	2,459,356	\$	2,655,345	\$	195,989	\$	2,639,101	\$	179,746
Indirect Expenses	\$	2,290,564	\$	2,197,570	\$	(92,994)	\$	2,103,037	\$	(187,527)
Other Non-Operating Expenses	\$	-	\$		\$	_	\$		\$	-
Total Expenses (A)	5	4,749,920	Ś	4,852,915	\$	102,995	\$	4,742,138	\$	(7,781)
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	÷		\$		\$					
Change in Assets	<u> </u>	158,936	<u> </u>	113,793	3	(45,143)	<u> </u>	(108,716)	<u> </u>	(267,652)
Fixed Assets										
Depreciation	\$	-	\$	(179,910)	\$	(179,910)	\$	(143,999)	\$	(143,999)
Computer & Software CapEx		-		462,725		462,725		-		-
Furniture & Fixtures CapEx		-		-		-		-		-
Equipment CapEx		-		-		-		-		-
Leasehold Improvements		-		-		-		-		-
Allocation of Fixed Assets		158,936		(2,093)		(161,028)		35,283		(123,653)
Inc(Dec) in Fixed Assets (B)	\$	158,936	\$	280,722	\$	121,787	\$	(108,716)	\$	(267,652)
TOTAL BUDGET (=A+B)	\$	4,908,855	\$	5,133,637	\$	224,781	\$	4,633,422	\$	(275,433)
FTES		9.40		8.77		(0.62)		9.40		_
r IL3		9.40		6.//		(0.63)		9.40		-

Electricity Information Sharing and Analysis Center (E-ISAC)²⁶

E-ISAC (including CRISP) (in whole dollars)											
	2	2017 Budget 2018 Budget				Increase (Decrease)					
Total FTEs		19.74		29.14		9.40					
Direct Expenses	\$	12,276,689	\$	15,056,942	\$	2,780,253					
Indirect Expenses		4,810,185		6,519,415		1,709,230					
Other Non-Operating Expenses		-		-		-					
Inc(Dec) in Fixed Assets		1,428,467		274,241		(1,154,227)					
TOTAL BUDGET	\$	18,515,341	\$	21,850,597	\$	3,335,256					

Background and Scope

The Electricity Sector Information Sharing and Analysis Center (ES-ISAC) was formed in 1998 when the U.S. Secretary of Energy requested that NERC serve as the ISAC²⁷ for the Electricity Subsector.²⁸ This department was rebranded to the Electricity Information Sharing and Analysis Center (E-ISAC) in September 2015. The E-ISAC reduces cyber and physical risk to the electricity industry across North America by providing unique insights, leadership, and coordination. The vision is to be the trusted, timely, actionable resource of grid risk information and analysis to enhance electricity reliability. The E-ISAC facilitates electricity industry and cross-sector coordination regarding physical security and cybersecurity events affecting the grid.

Maintaining Separation from Compliance and Enforcement

In February 2012, and as amended in March 2013, the Board of Trustees approved an E-ISAC Policy Statement that established a separation between the E-ISAC and NERC's compliance and enforcement program. In 2015, physical separation of the E-ISAC was completed. The company also has in place an E-ISAC Code of Conduct²⁹ and Policy on the Role of the E-ISAC vis-à-vis NERC's Compliance Monitoring and Enforcement Program³⁰.

Key Efforts Underway

With industry support, in coordination with the ESCC and its Members Executive Committee (MEC), senior management is committed to enhancing the effectiveness and capabilities of E-ISAC operations. These efforts include ongoing enhancement in organizational structure, operational and analytical capabilities, as well as the development of metrics to track the effectiveness of operations. Management will also take steps to improve the quality and value of E-ISAC products, including ongoing review of registered user needs.

During 2015, as part of a periodic review of companywide resource needs and resource allocation, NERC allocated additional resources to support the E-ISAC. Management recruited personnel to fill open positions, and recruited and appointed a senior vice president and chief security officer in charge of E-

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²⁶ In 2015, NERC combined its Critical Infrastructure Department (CID) into the E-ISAC for both operational and financial reporting purposes.

²⁷ The Information Security Analysis Center (ISAC) construct was conceived and operates under US Government authorities derived from Presidential Decision Directive 63, which was signed in 1998. The ISAC focuses specifically on information sharing, analytics and sector activities directly related to the protection of critical infrastructure.

²⁸ Subsequent administrations have sought to continue and strengthen information sharing in other sectors by establishing other sector-specific ISACs. In 2013, the Department of Energy (DOE) again reaffirmed its desire for NERC to continue to operate the E-ISAC.

²⁹ E-ISAC Code of Conduct

³⁰ Policy on the Role of the E-ISAC vis-à-vis NERC's Compliance Monitoring and Enforcement Program

ISAC operations. Ongoing resource requirements consist primarily of personnel, contractors, consultants, software, hardware and communications infrastructure to gather, analyze, and provide information regarding cyber and physical security threats.

In the fourth quarter of 2014 and with broad industry support, NERC also assumed management responsibility for the Cybersecurity Risk Information Sharing Program (CRISP). CRISP is a public-private partnership whose purpose is to facilitate the sharing of cyber threat information and to develop situation awareness tools that enhance the electricity sector's ability to identify, prioritize, and coordinate the protection of its critical infrastructure. CRISP provides critical infrastructure owners and operators the capability to voluntarily share cyber threat data, analyze this data, and receive machine-to-machine mitigation measures. Information-sharing devices that are installed on participants' networks send encrypted data to a CRISP analysis center operated by the Pacific Northwest National Labs (PNNL), which analyzes the data it receives and sends alerts and mitigation measures back to CRISP participants and the E-ISAC through secure communications. CRISP became fully operational in 2015. The E-ISAC will continue to work with PNNL, CRISP participants and E-ISAC registered users to strengthen program execution, including both quality and timeliness aspects of information sharing. The 2018 E-ISAC budget maintains the same percentage allocation of CRISP funding requirements from assessments (50%) and from CRISP participants (50%) as 2017. In connection with the growth of the program and related support needs from E-ISAC staff, the 2017 E-ISAC budget also reflects an increase in the number of budgeted E-ISAC FTEs allocated to support CRISP.

Other new information sharing and analysis tools deployment will further increase the speed and ease of sharing cyber threat information.

E-ISAC Long-Term Strategy

Over the past several years the E-ISAC has focused on improving its technical and analytical capabilities with a goal of becoming the electricity industry's leading, trusted source for analysis and sharing of security information. Significant support from the Electricity Subsector Coordinating Council (ESCC), the ESCC Members Executive Committee (MEC), the U.S. Department of Energy, and other stakeholders have helped the E-ISAC be responsive to the industry's needs in order to provide unique insights, leadership, and coordination for security matters.

At the request of the NERC Board and under the guidance of the ESCC and MEC, executive leadership of the E-ISAC developed a long-term strategic plan, a copy of which is included as *Exhibit F – E-ISAC Long-Term Strategy*. The E-ISAC Long Term Strategic Plan was approved by the MEC on April 24, 2017 and accepted by the NERC Board of Trustees on May 11, 2017. The long-term strategic plan is to transform the E-ISAC into a world-class intelligence collecting and analytical capability for the electricity industry.

To carry forth this vision, the E-ISAC is planning a continuous and deliberate growth strategy over the next five years that increases both staff and technical resources. The 2018 BP&B includes the recommended increases to accommodate this long-term strategy, as further described in *Exhibit F - E-ISAC Long-Term Strategy*. This strategy significantly expands on the resources and activities discussed in this section, and those incremental costs are reflected in this 2018 budget based on the positive feedback and support of industry and stakeholder representatives.

Program Level Support

CRISP

During 2017 and 2018, NERC will continue to subcontract to PNNL the majority of the resource requirements and associated costs to operate and maintain CRISP.

E-ISAC Portal Replacement

The E-ISAC communication portal capabilities include publishing immediate notifications and other informational products, exchanging threat indicator information, and providing self-service access to user security awareness services. The E-ISAC is working with NERC Information Technology to completely replace the portal in 2017 to provide important new enhancements and improved capabilities. These include facilitating direct data exchange with E-ISAC members, other ISACs and government partners, and establishing user communities where individuals can discuss security issues. The portal's improved capabilities support E-ISAC analysts in their information analysis functions and directly tie them with their counterparts in other sectors and national laboratories.

The 2017 E-ISAC budget includes \$1M for the portal enhancements (\$250k of which is allocated to CRISP)³¹. The MEC has provided written comments in support of this investment.³² The 2018 E-ISAC budget includes \$350k for ongoing portal maintenance and licensing costs.

Software and Services

Watch Operations Technology

The E-ISAC operations center includes monitors used to display intelligence information provided from various software applications. Software integration services are routinely required from vendors providing existing and new software applications. Additional software must be licensed and maintained to display and integrate BES maps that have cyber intelligence information. A technology refresh of displays is planned for 2018.

Threat Analysis Tools

A strong technical analytic capability is needed to develop baselines and identify patterns and understandings of potential cyber-related threats. The analyst workbench toolset maintains historical information and allows a team to use and deliver consistent and repeatable analysis in both an operational (during an event), as well as nonoperational capacity. This workbench will include a threat database for historical correlation and various tools for network- and host-based analysis of malicious software.

Cyber Automated Information Sharing System (CAISS)

The E-ISAC broadened automated information sharing beyond CRISP, looking at programs such as the Structured Threat Information Expression/Trusted Automated Exchange of Indicator Information (STIX/TAXII) initiative hosted by the U.S. Department of Homeland Security. As part of a work plan developed in consultation with the MEC, in 2017 the E-ISAC piloted these technologies, leveraging existing implementations at Argonne National Lab, into CAISS. The pilot helped the E-ISAC understand the nuances of bi-directional communication, workflow, handling rules, vetting information, and learning from the technology and processes overall. The CAISS pilot will transition to an operational program in Q3 of 2017.

Intelligence Reporting Services

E-ISAC analytic personnel maintain a detailed understanding of emerging vulnerabilities and threats within the broad industrial control systems community, as well as within the more focused BES community. To support this intelligence role, the E-ISAC budget includes the costs for intelligence services from a specialized security information service provider that focuses closely on the electricity subsector. This service gives E-ISAC staff increased understanding of continuing trends, breaking news, and

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³¹ The annual impact of the proposed \$1M investment on assessments will be approximately \$250,000 since projects of this nature are typically financed through NERC's capital financing program and funded over a three year period.

³² MEC comments

implications to the BES, which E-ISAC staff utilizes to keep registered entities informed of emerging BES risks through immediate notifications and portal security postings.

Events and Outreach

Grid Security Exercises

Since 2011, NERC has sponsored a series of biennial grid security exercises (GridEx). These geographically distributed exercises are designed to exercise the electricity sector's crisis response to simulated coordinated cybersecurity and physical security threats and incidents, to strengthen utilities' crisis response functions, and to provide input for lessons learned. GridEx III, in November 2015, consisted of a two-day grid-focused operational exercise for participants across North America and a half-day tabletop discussion for executives. The E-ISAC manages the program and collects industry information during and after the exercise subject to existing data collection policies. During the exercise, E-ISAC watch and analysis staff exercise the E-ISAC mission and share severe crisis information and analysis towards mitigating the threats and attacks. Lessons learned and recommendations are turned over to groups like NERC's Board and CIPC and to the ESCC for consideration and coordination between industry and government stakeholders. GridEx IV is scheduled for November 15-16, 2017. Funding for the two-year planning cycle for GridEx V will be required in 2018 and 2019.

Grid Security Conferences

Since 2011, NERC has sponsored a series of annual grid security conferences (GridSecCon). These conferences bring together industry and government subject matter experts on cyber, physical and operations technology threats and solutions, with training sessions and classified or official use briefs on topics vital to grid security. The E-ISAC provides expertise and gathers appropriate speakers, panelists and training providers. GridSecCon 2017 is scheduled for October 17-20 in St. Paul, Minnesota, with the 2018 planned for the SPP region in October.

Stakeholder Engagement

E-ISAC staff routinely engage stakeholders in virtual and in-person meetings, to include CIPC, ESCC, MEC, and BOT meetings, monthly briefings, threat workshops, and presentations to regions, entities, and other stakeholder groups.

Resource Requirements

Personnel

In 2018, resources are being added to provide support to the E-ISAC, resulting in a net increase of 9.4 FTEs. This is primarily to address immediate needs for analytical capabilities.

The E-ISAC staffing and organizational structure has been updated to reflect two primary focus areas (1) Operations and (2) Programs and Engagement. Operations consists of watch operations, cyber security and CRISP analysis, and physical security analysis groups. Programs and Engagement consists of member engagement, cross-sector engagement, training and exercises, products and services, and program management.

Due to the highly technical nature and evolving threat vectors, the E-ISAC staff requires ongoing specialized training and education.

The E-ISAC will continue to receive shared services support from NERC's corporate services departments (i.e. Finance and Accounting, Information Technology, Human Resources, Legal and Regulatory Affairs). Personnel providing such shared services will do so only in accordance with strict operating protocols

governing access to and use of E-ISAC information as noted above. In addition, the E-ISAC will provide opportunities for qualified interns.

Contract and Consultant Expenses

The total budgeted consultants and contracts expense for the E-ISAC for 2018, including CRISP, is approximately \$7.4M, an increase of \$193k from the 2017 budget. CRISP's consultants and contracts expense is \$6.3M, which is \$403k more than was in the 2017 budget. This change is largely due to increased project support needs, as well as higher security review costs. A further breakdown of the budgeted 2017 and 2018 costs is provided in *Exhibit C – Contractor and Consulting Costs*.

	nt of Activities a							
	7 Budget & Proj E-ISAC (in	ection and 20. Icluding CRISP)	ro bu	aget				
Funding	2017 Budget	2017 Projection	201 v 20	Variance 7 Projection 017 Budget ver(Under)		2018 Budget	v	Variance 018 Budget 2017 Budget Over(Under)
ERO Funding								
NERC Assessments	\$ 11,270,705	\$ 11,270,705	\$	(0)	\$	14,297,524	\$	3,026,819
Assessment Stabilization Reserve - Penalties	183,698	183,698		0		134,783		(48,915)
Total NERC Funding	\$ 11,454,403	\$ 11,454,403	\$	(0)	\$	14,432,307	\$	2,977,904
Third-Party Funding	\$ 6,990,447	\$ 7,400,905	\$	410,458	\$	7,324,253	\$	333,806
Testing Fees	-	-	·	-	·	-	·	-
Services & Software	-	-		-		-		-
Workshops	70,000	70,000		(0)		70,000		(0)
Interest	491	26,231		25,739		24,038		23,546
Miscellaneous						-		-
Total Funding	\$ 18,515,341	\$ 18,951,538	\$	436,197	\$	21,850,597	\$	3,335,256
Expenses								
Personnel Expenses								
Salaries	\$ 3,417,398	\$ 3,573,271	\$	155,873	\$	4,634,838	\$	1,217,440
Payroll Taxes	204,023	213,551		9,528		290,702		86,679
Benefits	397,467	404,155		6,688		578,849		181,381
Retirement Costs	363,482	339,727	-	(23,754)	_	499,793		136,311
Total Personnel Expenses	\$ 4,382,370	\$ 4,530,705	\$	148,335	\$	6,004,182	\$	1,621,812
Meeting Expenses								
Meetings	\$ 230,000	\$ 159,000	\$	(71,000)	\$	127,000	\$	(103,000)
Travel	256,488	256,488		(0)		291,000		34,512
Conference Calls	6,710	23,295		16,585		-		(6,710)
Total Meeting Expenses	\$ 493,198	\$ 438,783	\$	(54,415)	\$	418,000	\$	(75,198)
Operating Expenses								
Consultants & Contracts	\$ 6,788,429	\$ 7,728,528	\$	940,099	\$	7,391,794	\$	603,365
Office Rent	-	-		-		-		-
Office Costs	431,895	359,035		(72,860)		907,330		475,435
Professional Services	175,000	173,107		(1,893)		250,000		75,000
Miscellaneous	500	1,250		750		500		-
Depreciation	5,297	86,092		80,795		85,136		79,838
Total Operating Expenses	\$ 7,401,121	\$ 8,348,012	\$	946,891	\$	8,634,760	\$	1,233,639
Total Direct Expenses	\$ 12,276,689	\$ 13,317,500	\$	1,040,811	\$	15,056,942	\$	2,780,253
Indirect Expenses	\$ 4,810,185	\$ 5,209,519	\$	399,334	\$	6,519,415	\$	1,709,230
Other Non-Operating Expenses	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Total Expenses (A)	\$ 17,086,873	\$ 18,527,019	\$	1,440,145	\$	21,576,357	\$	4,489,483
Change in Assets	\$ 1,428,467	\$ 424,520	\$	(1,003,948)	\$	274,241	\$	(1,154,227)
-								
Fixed Assets								
Depreciation	\$ (5,297)	\$ (86,092)	\$	(80,795)	\$	(85,136)	\$	(79,838)
Computer & Software CapEx	1,100,000	761,624		(338,377)		100,000		(1,000,000)
Furniture & Fixtures CapEx	-	-		-		-		-
Equipment CapEx	-	21,477		21,477		-		-
Leasehold Improvements	-	-		-		150,000		150,000
Allocation of Fixed Assets	333,765	(4,960)		(338,725)	_	109,377		(224,388)
Inc(Dec) in Fixed Assets (B)	\$ 1,428,467	\$ 692,047	\$	(736,420)	\$	274,241	\$	(1,154,227)
TOTAL BUDGET (=A+B)	\$ 18,515,341	\$ 19,219,066	\$	703,725	\$	21,850,597	\$	3,335,256
FTEs	19.74	20.79		1.05		29.14		9.40

Training, Education, and Personnel Certification

Training, Education, and Personnel Certification (in whole dollars)												
	(,				Increase						
	2	2017 Budget		2018 Budget		(Decrease)						
Total FTEs		7.05		5.88		(1.18)						
Direct Expenses	\$	1,922,295	\$	1,708,013	\$	(214,282)						
Indirect Expenses		1,717,923		1,314,398		(403,525)						
Other Non-Operating Expenses		-		-		-						
Inc(Dec) in Fixed Assets		117,283		20,613		(96,670)						
TOTAL BUDGET	\$	3,757,501	\$	3,043,024	\$	(714,477)						

Background and Scope

Training and Education

The Training and Education program provides oversight for coordination and delivery of learning materials, resources, and activities to allow for training and education of:

- 1. ERO Enterprise staff supporting statutory and delegation-related activities and
- 2. BPS industry participants consistent with ERO functional program requirements.

The Training and Education program supports NERC's responsibilities to develop, adopt, and obtain approval of reliability standards and to monitor, enforce, and achieve compliance with the mandatory standards. Section 901 of the NERC ROP addresses the program's obligations to industry stakeholders and ERO Enterprise staff. The responsibility to participate in the program is shared among the NERC departments³³, in conjunction with the Operational Leadership Team working groups.

System Operator certification is maintained by completing NERC-approved continuing education courses and activities. The Personnel Subcommittee, composed of industry training experts, provides oversight of the Continuing Education Program. Section 902 of the NERC ROP addresses the specific continuing education program expectations and activities.

Personnel Certification

The System Operator Certification program ensures that personnel operating the BPS have the skills, training, and qualifications needed to operate the system reliably. NERC maintains credentials for over 7,500 system operator credential holders who work in various industry areas across North America. NERC's system operator certification exam is designed to test specific knowledge of job skills and reliability standards. It also prepares operators for complying with requirements of reliability standards and appropriately operating the BPS during normal and emergency operations. The System Operator Certification Program is governed by the Personnel Certification Governance Committee (PCGC), an industry group of operations experts, trainers, and supervisors. Certification exams are created by the Exam Working Group (EWG), an industry group of operations subject matter experts. Under the PCGC oversight, the EWG reviews and updates job tasks and certification exams. Section 600 of the NERC ROP addresses the Personnel Certification activities in the area of Operator Certification.

³³ The Human Resources department is also engaged in training initiatives.

Key Efforts Underway

Training and Education

The ERO provides learning materials, resources, and activities to assist industry and ERO Enterprise staff in their understanding of key program areas. These areas include:

- 1. Risk-Based Compliance Monitoring and Enforcement;
- 2. Standards and Compliance;
- 3. Organization Registration and Certification;
- 4. Event Analysis, Cause Analysis, Performance Analysis, and Lessons Learned;
- 5. Reliability Assessment and System Analysis; and
- 6. Continuing education for system operators.

Personnel Certification

During 2018, the department plans on performing the following activities:

- 1. Continuing to update System Operator Certification Exam Item Bank to ensure relevance to current Reliability Standards and promote reliability of the BPS;
- 2. Developing Exam "Skills Assessment" process to better assess the skills and knowledge of System Operators;
- 3. Developing Strategic Plan for future System Operator Certification program; and
- 4. Evaluating credential review and rationalization to maintain credentials.

2018 Goals and Deliverables

Training and Education

The annual NERC and ERO Enterprise Learning Priorities Plan articulates and prioritizes the accumulated learning needs for the ERO Enterprise and the potential delivery vehicles supporting achievement of the corporate metrics for the strategic goals. Development and management of the plan is exercised through monthly meetings to ensure priorities are reviewed and updated based on the changing business landscape informed through input received by the various functional program managers on behalf of their respective programs, ERO Enterprise working groups, and leadership teams.

A theme-based approach describing audience needs facilitates identification and formulation of appropriate products throughout the year. It inspires modular ("interchangeable parts or building blocks") thought in implementing a cross-cutting multi-use product model. Production is accomplished by combining in-house expertise and tools with vendor support to increase throughput that positively impacts the quality and timeliness of customer service.

NERC program leads spearhead the effort to identify gaps in program knowledge and associated learning needs of their employees, industry stakeholders, and ERO Enterprise partners. The following 2017 themes serve as building blocks for ongoing learning development work and will inform the priorities of focus in 2018 and beyond:

 Reliability risk management technique: share knowledge for maintaining the reliability of the bulk power system through assessment, analysis, and human interaction. (Industry)

- Risk-based compliance performance: enhance compliance monitoring personnel performance through a deeper understanding of ERO Enterprise compliance monitoring processes and technical aspects of the BPS operations. (ERO Enterprise)
- Functional and technical enhancement: enhance employee understanding of NERC functions and core technical knowledge for regulating the BPS. (NERC employees)

These themes provide connectivity of the annual learning development plan with the strategic goals through consideration and analysis of the associated strategic metrics.

NERC will also deliver training and education by hosting workshops and webinars, as well as computer-based and instructor-led training courses. The responsibility for subject matter expertise input to the learning development process is shared among multiple departments at NERC. The Training and Education department provides coordination and synchronization efforts for shared NERC and ERO Enterprise training responsibilities in addition to advancing and improving the skills of NERC's operating staff. The Human Resources department budgets and manages the delivery of more traditional corporate employee training and continuing education programs in concert with the coordination and synchronizing efforts of the Training and Education department.

The Continuing Education program evaluates and revises the current program criteria as reflected in the program manual. The evaluation considers the growth and maturation of industry programs, as well as ongoing research in the area of adult learning to ensure that the Continuing Education program efforts improve core objectives in addition to fostering improvement of training and promoting quality training programs in general.

Personnel Certification

The Personnel Certification program delivered new exams one year in advance of the documented exam cycle. Linear On the Fly Testing (LOFT), which is the dynamic creation of exams, was implemented in the newly published 2017 exams. As part of the ongoing exam development cycle, the EWG will continue to develop and analyze new items for future certification exams and ensure relevancy to current NERC Reliability Standards.

Key deliverables for the System Operator Certification Program:

- Annual analysis of exam Item Bank;
- New exam items;
- New credential maintenance tool; and
- Strategic plan for program enhancements.

NERC will continue to work with industry stakeholders and the exam development vendor to create certification exams that will promote reliability of the BPS.

Resource Requirements

Personnel

The combined 1.18 reduction in FTEs for both departments is the result of resource allocations that began in 2016 and will continue throughout 2017 to realign staff with current needs.

Contractor Expenses

The consulting and contractor budget for 2018 is approximately \$599k, which is \$18k higher than in 2017. A detailed breakdown of the 2017 and 2018 contractor and consulting budgets for Personnel Certification and Training and Education is set forth in *Exhibit C – Contractor and Consulting Costs*.

				ixed Asset on, and 201						
				RSONNEL CE						
Funding		2017 Budget		2017 Projection	201 v 2	Variance 7 Projection 017 Budget ver(Under)		2018 Budget	20 v 2	Variance 018 Budget 017 Budget ver(Under)
ERO Funding										
NERC Assessments	\$	1,822,089		1,822,089	\$	0	\$	1,309,031	\$	(513,058)
Assessment Stabilization Reserve - Penalties		43,738		43,738		0		17,391		(26,346)
Total NERC Funding	\$	1,865,827	\$	1,865,827	\$	0	\$	1,326,422	\$	(539,405)
Third-Party Funding	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
Testing Fees	,	1,921,900	*	1,749,315	*	(172,585)	,	1,790,000	*	(131,900)
Services & Software		-		-		-		-		-
Workshops		-		-		-		-		-
Interest		175		5,897		5,722		4,060		3,884
Miscellaneous		-		-		-		-		-
Total Funding	\$	3,787,902	\$	3,621,039	\$	(166,863)	\$	3,120,482	\$	(667,420)
Expenses										
Personnel Expenses										
Salaries	\$	852,091	\$	721,344	\$	(130,746)	\$	701,307	\$	(150,783)
Payroll Taxes		62,727		51,912		(10,815)		52,088		(10,638)
Benefits		139,239		94,579		(44,660)		95,207		(44,032)
Retirement Costs		97,624		80,875		(16,749)		79,353		(18,272)
Total Personnel Expenses	\$	1,151,681	\$	948,710	\$	(202,970)	\$	927,956	\$	(223,725)
Meeting Expenses										
Meetings	\$	55,000	\$	42,500	\$	(12,500)	\$	44,250	\$	(10,750)
Travel		21,139		28,000		6,861		17,000		(4,139)
Conference Calls		11,133		34,654		23,521		-		(11,133)
Total Meeting Expenses	\$	87,272	\$	105,154	\$	17,882	\$	61,250	\$	(26,022)
Operating Expenses										
Consultants & Contracts	\$	580,600	\$	796,624	\$	216,024	\$	598,900	\$	18,300
Office Rent		-		-		-		-		-
Office Costs		100,323		99,060		(1,263)		117,969		17,646
Professional Services		-		-		-		-		-
Miscellaneous		500		100		(400)		500		-
Depreciation		1,919		1,919		-		1,439		(480)
Total Operating Expenses	\$	683,342	\$	897,703	\$	214,361	\$	718,808	\$	35,465
Total Direct Expenses	\$	1,922,295	\$	1,951,567	\$	29,272	\$	1,708,013	\$	(214,282)
Indirect Expenses	\$	1,717,923	\$	1,593,677	\$	(124,246)	\$	1,314,398	\$	(403,525)
Other Non-Operating Expenses	\$		· \$		\$	(,,	\$		\$	(100,000)
• •		2 640 240		2 545 244		(04.074)		2 022 444		(647.007)
Total Expenses (A)		3,640,218		3,545,244	\$	(94,974)	\$	3,022,411	\$	(617,807)
Change in Assets	<u>\$</u>	147,684	\$	75,795	\$	(71,889)	<u>\$</u>	98,071	\$	(49,614)
Fixed Assets										
Depreciation	\$	(1,919)	\$	(1,919)	\$	_	\$	(1,439)	\$	480
Computer & Software CapEx		-		-		-		-		-
Furniture & Fixtures CapEx		-		-		-		-		-
Equipment CapEx		-		-		-		-		-
Leasehold Improvements		-		-		-		-		-
Allocation of Fixed Assets		119,202		(1,517)		(120,719)		22,052		(97,150)
Inc(Dec) in Fixed Assets (B)	\$	117,283	\$	(3,436)	\$	(120,719)	\$	20,613	\$	(96,670)
TOTAL BUDGET (=A+B)	\$	3,757,501	\$	3,541,807	\$	(215,693)	\$	3,043,024	\$	(714,477)
FTEs		7.05		6.36		(0.69)		5.88		(1.18)
I ILJ		7.03		0.30		(6.03)		3.00		(1.10)

Administrative Services

	Administrative Services (in whole dollars)												
Direct Expenses and Fixed Assets FTEs													
			Increase			Increase							
	2017 Budget	2018 Budget	(Decrease)	2017 Budget	2018 Budget	(Decrease)							
General and Administrative	\$ 10,205,977	\$ 10,096,147	\$ (109,829)	16.92	15.98	(0.94)							
Legal and Regulatory	3,292,379	2,914,377	(378,002)	11.28	10.34	(0.94)							
Information Technology	12,480,846	11,266,626	(1,214,220)	23.27	22.33	(0.94)							
Human Resources	1,608,583	1,704,459	95,876	2.82	2.82	-							
Finance and Accounting	3,827,050	4,008,326	181,276	15.04	15.98	0.94							
Total Administrative Services	\$ 31,414,834	\$ 29,989,934	\$ (1,424,899)	69.33	67.45	(1.88)							

Program Scope and Functional Description

NERC's Administrative Services area includes the budget for all business and administrative functions of the organization, including (1) technical committees and member forums, (2) General and Administrative, which includes Board fees and expenses, the CEO, chief reliability officer (CRO) and support staff, communications, external affairs and governmental relations, and office rent, (3) Legal and Regulatory, (4) Information Technology, (5) Human Resources, (6) Finance and Accounting, and (7) other general administrative expenses necessary to support program area activities. These functions are necessary to the existence and functioning of the organization and support the performance of NERC's ERO statutory activities. The costs of the Administrative Services functions are allocated to the statutory programs as indirect expenses. The resource requirements and comparative budget information for each of these functions are described below.

Technical Committees and Members' Forum Program

While NERC management and staff will continue to interact with and support numerous reliability-related forums (e.g., the NATF and NAGF), NERC's 2018 budget does not contain specific funding for any forum activities.

General and Administrative

Background and Scope

The General and Administrative area is responsible for the administration and general management of the organization. Expenses allocated in this area include office rent, as well as personnel and related costs of the CEO, the CRO, the CEO's executive assistant, communications, external affairs, and government relations staff, and Board costs. The 0.94 reduction in FTEs is the result of resource allocations that began in 2016 and will continue throughout 2017 to realign staff with current needs.

The following table details the Board costs included in the total costs of the General and Administrative area:

Board of Trustee Expenses	Budget 2017	Budget 2018	20	Variance 18 Budget 017 Budget	Variance %
Meeting and Travel Expenses					
Quarterly Board Meetings	\$ 244,000	\$ 185,000	\$	(59,000)	-24.2%
Trustee Travel	157,329	130,000		(27,329)	-17.4%
Total	\$ 394,000	\$ 315,000	\$	(79,000)	-20.1%
Professional Services					
Independent Trustee Fees	\$ 1,226,000	\$ 1,237,500	\$	11,500	0.9%
Trustee Search Fees	100,000	100,000		-	0.0%
Total	\$ 1,326,000	\$ 1,337,500	\$	11,500	0.9%
Total	\$ 1,720,000	\$ 1,652,500	\$	(67,500)	-3.9%

The reduction in Quarterly Board Meeting and Trustee Travel expenses is the result of more closely aligning the 2018 budget with historical actuals.

Legal and Regulatory

Background and Scope

The Legal and Regulatory department's workload is derived from the following key NERC program areas: Compliance Analysis, Certification and Registration, RASA, Reliability Risk Management, and Standards. In addition, the Legal and Regulatory department is also responsible for providing a wide range of legal support to the NERC management team regarding antitrust, corporate, commercial, insurance, contract, employment, real estate, copyright, tax, legislation, and other legal matters. The department also addresses legal and regulatory matters that arise in connection with the delegation agreements with the Regional Entities.

Resource Requirements

Personnel

The 0.94 reduction in FTEs area is the result of resource allocations that began in 2016 and will continue throughout 2017 to realign staff with current needs.

Professional Services

Outside law firms and consultants supporting this area are budgeted and tracked as Professional Services. The Professional Services budget for 2018 was \$192k lower than in 2017, primarily due to the transfer of those budget dollars to other departments in order to better align the responsibility associated with certain legal costs to those departments.

Information Technology

Background and Scope

NERC's IT department plan includes capital and operating expenses required to support, build, configure, and enhance applications that serve registered entities, Regional Entities, and NERC staff. The plan also includes work related to ERO Enterprise data analysis, as well as ongoing NERC internal operations.

The focus of the 2018 – 2020 budget is primarily on two programs designed to better support consistency and effectiveness across the ERO Enterprise in the areas of Standards, Compliance, and the associated

assessment of Reliability Risk. These programs are the Entity Registration program and the Compliance Monitoring and Enforcement Technology Program. Both programs are expected to continue from 2017 through to 2020. The Entity Registration application will consolidate core registration functions currently distributed across three applications into a single registration application. In similar fashion, the three applications used across NERC and the Regional Entities for enforcement processing will be replaced by a single common application that also provides additional compliance monitoring functionality. These investments will provide broad benefits across the ERO Enterprise in terms of the efficiency and effectiveness of operations and meeting reliability goals. Additionally, by working to provide more services to the registered and Regional Entities in terms of tools and systems, associated economies of scale will result in these initial investments providing increasing value across the ERO Enterprise in the years to come.

The 2019 – 2020 budget year projection also includes improvements to our public facing website, NERC.com.

The budget is broken down into four categories as follows:

- 1. **ERO Enterprise New Functionality** Items listed in this category are those items designed to add, enhance, or improve capabilities for registered entities, Regional Entities, and NERC staff. This includes Entity Registration, the Compliance Monitoring and Enforcement Technology Program, NERC.com, and other legacy applications.
- 2. ERO Enterprise Infrastructure & Support Items listed in this category are those infrastructure and support items required for applications used by registered entities, Regional Entities, and NERC staff. Items include Security and applications used by the ERO Enterprise such as The Events Analysis Management System (TEAMS), the Bulk Electric System Notification and Exception System tool (BESnet), the Standards Balloting System (SBS), the Reliability Coordinator Information System (RCIS), User Management and Records (UMR), and numerous other applications.
- 3. **NERC New Functionality** There is no new functionality targeted until the 2019 budget year. 2018 2020 is heavily focused on improving the registered and Regional Entity experience.
- 4. **NERC Infrastructure & Support** Items listed in this category are primarily those items required to maintain and run the internal office infrastructure, and support NERC staff operations. Items include server hardware and software licenses, network equipment, data and telecommunication circuits, and data storage, as well as office administrative applications (e.g., Microsoft Office) and user hardware such as laptops and peripherals.

A further discussion of each item is outlined below.

ERO Enterprise New Functionality

As noted above, this category is primarily those applications or systems designed to improve or add capability to registered entities, Regional Entities, and NERC staff. Over the past two years, IT has been successful at deploying a number of new applications and functionality for the ERO Enterprise that have now moved into support. In 2018 and beyond, IT will continue that trend with a heavy focus on Entity Registration and the Compliance Monitoring and Enforcement Technology Program.

a. Entity Registration – The objective of the Entity Registration program is to take the core registration functions currently distributed across three systems -- OATI webCDMS, Guidance CITS, and Guidance CRATS -- and move those functions to a single, consolidated registration system. Doing so will allow for an expansion of current functionality, more control over the future

of the application, and ultimate reduction in costs through the long-term transfer of the remaining functions provided by those three systems into a single, common system.

This program will be implemented via multiple projects during the next four years. This first project in 2017 will address the registration, tracking, and management of Coordinated Functional Registrations (CFRs). Subsequent projects will address Joint Registration Organizations (JROs), tracking Coordinated Oversight of Multi-Region Registered Entities (MRREs), consolidating all existing entity registration functions into a single platform, adding validation of business relationships and functional responsibilities, and the capability to integrate reliability and compliance data for risk analysis purposes (supporting the creation of an entity's risk profile).

b. Compliance Monitoring and Enforcement Process Tools – IT will work closely with the Regional Entities in 2017 and through the 2018 – 2020 budget cycle to evaluate and implement strategic investments in tools that replace the current three applications mentioned above with a single, consolidated Compliance Monitoring and Enforcement Process application. Items under consideration at this time include how Reliability Standards data is stored and maintained, as well as how best to support the various parts of the compliance monitoring and enforcement process (e.g., analysis of risk, development of implementation plans and audit schedules, actual compliance monitoring, and enforcement processing).

Funding for any capital investments in these areas will be subject to review and approval as part of the business plan and budget application in the year when such investments are proposed to be made. Prior to actual start of each project, the project will be reviewed through the enterprise information technology investment planning process to ensure the project's estimated costs and benefits are reasonable and justify investment. For more information on this process, see *Robust Planning for New Capital Projects* below.

ERO Enterprise Infrastructure & Support

This category primarily consists of items used by registered entities, Regional Entities, and NERC Staff. Information Technology has worked closely with the Regional Entities to design and configure a number of ERO Enterprise applications, with a bias toward using Commercial-off-the-Shelf (COTS) technology whenever possible. Infrastructure and support for these COTS tools (such as SharePoint and the Dynamics xRM platform), as well as custom built applications developed in the past, require ongoing investment to maintain continuous operations. For many applications and systems, this includes the cost of maintaining development, quality assurance, and staging and production environments, which are required to ensure the security and operational integrity and stability of the multiple applications supported for the ERO Enterprise. These applications and systems are monitored, tested (including penetration and vulnerability testing), and maintained in a manner as to ensure the highest level of integrity, security, and availability to the roughly 4,000 users across North America.

IT continues to place emphasis on ensuring the environment is configured in a manner consistent with enterprise best practices, ensuring the security and integrity of the environment while allowing ERO Enterprise users to obtain the information and resources required to perform various analyses. Ongoing support for applications such as TEAMS, Misoperations Information Data Analysis System (MIDAS), SBS, the Reliability Analysis Data System (RADS), in addition to numerous legacy ERO Enterprise products, make up this portion of the IT budget.

NERC New Functionality

There is no new functionality planned for the NERC environment in the 2018 budget year. In 2019 funding is projected for implementation of a separate document management application for the E-ISAC.

NERC Infrastructure & Support

As previously noted, NERC Infrastructure & Support are those items required to maintain and support the internal infrastructure for NERC staff. Items such as file servers, network equipment, storage, Microsoft Office (Word, Excel, PowerPoint, Email, SharePoint, etc.), along with security and telecommunications, are required to ensure staff have the necessary tools and technology to perform their daily operational functions. Emphasis in the 2018 – 2020 planning cycle will continue to be placed on optimizing the amount of effort placed on NERC infrastructure and support in order to minimize spend on internal office steady state operations, allowing a larger portion of IT resources to focus on new ERO Enterprise functionality, as well as ERO Enterprise infrastructure and support. As a result of this effort, the 2018 NERC Infrastructure & Support is expected to be less than 2017. Examples of items included in internal operations are outlined below:

- a. Compliance Reporting and Tracking System (CRATS) This compliance database is used to track violations, mitigation plans, and reporting required by NERC as the certified ERO. The compliance database has additional modules, such as the Standards, Technical Feasibility Exceptions (TFEs), and Registration module, which contains a list of all registered entities. Funding requirements include ongoing maintenance for the CRATS compliance tools.
- b. Meeting Manager, ERO Membership, Central Repository of Curtailment Events NERC maintains a number of legacy applications. Many of the legacy applications were developed and implemented five to ten years ago and are unable to benefit from contemporary application development. Some of these applications may have to be completely rewritten, or moved to the xRM application platform, as IT was able to do with Application Broker, NERC MyAccount, and User Management Program (UMP) in 2016. Funding in 2018 is required for ongoing maintenance and enhancements until the applications can be rewritten or moved to the xRM platform or, in some cases, potentially divested or transferred to industry support.
- c. Quarterly Penetration and Vulnerability Testing All NERC Networks and Systems Expert consulting services to provide ongoing intrusion detection and vulnerability testing of the NERC public website and NERC's network, applications, and systems, is an essential requirement of ongoing operations. NERC is subject to frequent intrusion attempts where external parties try to gain access to its systems and infrastructure. Any vulnerability identified is documented and provided to NERC IT for rapid remediation.
- d. NERC Security Program NERC's IT department performs a number of technology initiatives to ensure the security of the network and infrastructure. However, in order to continually improve security, a more holistic approach is required that implements technology improvements and constructs an overarching security program to ensure all aspects of security have been considered, including information classification, review of retention policies, and enforcement of security guidelines. Security remains an area of focus during the 2018 2020 budget cycle.

Robust Planning for New Capital Projects

The company has adopted an enterprise information technology investment planning methodology that ensures only projects with compelling and approved business cases are funded. The approval process uses four approval gates:

- A Business Unit Sponsor approval gate;
- A NERC VP/CTO approval gate;
- An ERO Technology Leadership Team (TLT) (comprised of the NERC CEO and two Regional Entity CEOs) approval gate; and
- The full ERO EMG (CEOs of NERC and each Regional Entities) approval gate.

This gated process provides the required rigor and discipline to ensure that only high value enterprise IT investments are pursued. The company will continue to use this process for the 2018 through 2020 budget planning cycle.

TEAMS, RADS, and the document management program are three examples of applications or programs for which investments were approved in 2016. For each of these three projects, NERC's planning process and associated approval gates resulted in thorough review of both costs and benefits of the proposed technology project prior to moving forward with the project. The benefits of a given project are evaluated within the context of six identified value domains:

- Reducing Reliability Risk (the project is expected to address one or more of identified risks to the reliability of the BES);
- Increasing Capability (the project is expected to make possible activities or analysis that are not currently possible given existing process, resource, or system limitations);
- Reducing Corporate Risk (the project is expected to address one or more corporate risks, such as reputational risk, contract risk, or litigation risk);
- Increasing Work Quality (the project is expected reduce the probability of errors or provide information of better quality);
- Increasing Productivity (the project is expected to increase the amount of work that can be completed within the same amount of time); and
- Reducing Cost (the project is expected to provide a net reduction in costs related to the area(s) being addressed by the project)

As the planning process has matured, NERC has also begun to consider potential benefits to the Regional Entities and registered entities when considering potential IT investments. For example, Entity Registration Project 1 addresses the submission, processing, and updating of Coordinated Functional Registrations (CFRs). In the business case brought before the ERO TLT in March and April of 2017, NERC included estimates of productivity gains in terms of NERC staff, Regional Entity staff, and registered entity staff. NERC estimated that across the ERO Enterprise, in the first year of operation:

- 23 Regional Entity Registration Full Time Equivalents (FTEs)³⁴ would each increase productivity by roughly 30 hours per year;
- Another 23 Regional Entity FTEs would each increase productivity by roughly 3 hours per year;
- 3 NERC FTEs would each increase productivity by roughly 15 hours per year; and
- 416 Registered Entity FTEs currently involved in the negotiation and submission of CFRs would each increase productivity by roughly 6 hours per year.

Benefits would increase slightly in the following years as users become more familiar with the system. These gains represent increased productivity for those FTEs, allowing them to focus on higher level tasks instead of managing their submission manually via email chains and multiple telephone calls. The business case also identified benefits in terms of Reducing Reliability Risk, Increasing Capability, Reducing Corporate Risk, and Increasing Work Quality.

³⁴ The review, processing, and maintenance of a CFR may involve compliance staff, registration staff, enforcement staff, legal staff, etc. Rather than specifically itemizing each of these elements as fractional FTEs, for the purposes of convenience, an assumption was used that aggregating these elements into a single FTE number per class of impacted entities would achieve roughly equivalent results.

The same planning methodology will be used during 2017 through 2020 for Entity Registration and the Compliance Monitoring and Enforcement Technology Program application. As the planning process continues to develop and mature, NERC will continue to expand incorporation of regional staffing and budget impacts into its business case analysis, as well as identifying economies of scale, efficiency improvements, and enhancements to reliability through IT investment.

Resource Requirements

Personnel

The 0.94 reduction in FTEs is the result of resource allocations that began in 2016 and will continue throughout 2017 to realign staff with current needs.

Contractor Expenses

The 2018 budgeted amounts are set forth in *Exhibit C – Contractor and Consulting Costs*, with a comparison to 2017 budgeted amounts. The \$189k decrease in the 2018 budget compared to 2017 is primarily due to the transfer of budgeted funds from contracts and consultants to cover needs in fixed assets (capital) additions.

IT Office Costs

The below table shows the major categories of IT Office Costs, and a short description of certain categories follows thereafter. Explanations for the major areas of increase from the 2017 Budget to the 2018 Budget are provided in Table B-8 in Section B.

				Variance	
	Budget	Budget	2	018 Budget	
Office Costs	2017	2018	v 2	2017 Budget	Variance %
Telephone	\$ 230,000	\$ 162,100	\$	(67,900)	-29.5%
Telephone Answering Service	2,500	-		(2,500)	-100.0%
Internet	358,920	358,920		-	0.0%
Computers	25,000	-		(25,000)	-100.0%
Computer Supplies	98,100	98,100		-	0.0%
Maintenance and Service Agreements	1,706,088	1,606,080		(100,008)	-5.9%
Software	59,000	166,950		107,950	183.0%
Subscription and Publications	108,300	126,200		17,900	16.5%
Dues	2,500	2,500		-	0.0%
Express Shipping	5,000	7,500		2,500	50.0%
Audio/Visual Lease	-	494,988		494,988	100.0%
Hardware Lease	-	145,348		145,348	100.0%
Total	\$ 2,595,408	\$ 3,168,686	\$	573,278	22.1%

Telephone

Telephone costs are items associated with cellular phone, mobile laptop cellular air card, and Session Internet Protocol (SIP) data circuits.

Internet

Internet expense is comprised of data circuits and redundant capability in the event of primary service provider failure.

Computer Supplies and Maintenance and Service Agreements

Computer supplies are expense items required for infrastructure support. Maintenance and service agreements are required to support internal and external access to routers, switches, firewalls, intrusion

protection, file servers, audiovisual equipment, storage area networks, data backup services, network and security monitoring, co-location data center services, video conferencing, digital certificates, and development and virtualization software. Service agreements related to the co-location data center, offsite backup of data, conference calling, and network and security monitoring comprise a large portion of the maintenance and service agreements budget.

Software

Tools such as Adobe Creativity Suite, remote support tools, and various other IT support tools are included under this line item. The tools are primarily used for NERC infrastructure purposes to support and manage the application, server, and network environment.

Audio/Visual and Hardware Leases

These items consist of audio visual equipment, computers, laptops, servers, and switches that were leased, in lieu of purchasing, beginning in January 2017. Whereas a portion of these items were included in fixed assets in the 2017 budget, they are all included in Office Costs in the 2018 budget.

Fixed Asset (Capital) Expenses

The following table presents a summary of NERC's IT 2018 fixed asset (capital) budget³⁵ compared to the 2017 budget:

IT Capital Budget	Budget 2017	Budget 2018	Variance)18 Budget v 2017 Budget	Variance %
			/	
ERO Application Development*	\$ 700,000	\$ -	\$ (700,000)	-100.0%
Document Management Program	335,000	-	(335,000)	-100.0%
Hardware (storage, servers)	891,000	705,000	(186,000)	-20.9%
Other Equipment	885,000	370,000	(515,000)	-58.2%
Disaster Recovery	150,000	100,000	(50,000)	-33.3%
NERC Software Licenses	311,000	301,000	(10,000)	-3.2%
Total	\$ 3,272,000	\$ 1,476,000	\$ (1,796,000)	-54.9%

^{*} NERC's total 2018 ERO Application Development budget is \$2,148,000 and includes \$1,548,000 budgeted in the Compliance Enforcement department for the CMEP Tool and \$600,000 budgeted in the Compliance Analysis, Organization Registration and Certification department for the Entity Registration Tool.

As in prior years, the goal of the fixed assets (capital) program for the 2018–2020 planning period is to provide access, visibility, and analysis of data from many different sources. This requires ongoing investments in hardware, software, and associated tools. The overarching theme is to securely gather, analyze, and maintain data across the ERO Enterprise to support ERO operations. Adding the capability to centralize and mine data—in addition to foundational elements such as the Microsoft xRM application, SharePoint 2013, and disaster recovery and enhanced security—sets the stage for vastly improved reporting and business intelligence. It also allows the capability for collaboration and sharing of information vital to the ERO's mission.

³⁵ NERC's total 2018 fixed asset (capital) budget is \$3,676,000 and includes \$2,100,000 for ERO Application Development, as discussed in the note below the table, as well as \$100k budgeted in CRISP for other costs.

In addition to the investments described in the preceding paragraph to support efficiency and consistency across the Enterprise, the 2018 budget also includes the cost of, network assets, software, servers, laptops, and other hardware to support daily operations.

Human Resources

Background and Scope

Human Resources manages all of NERC's human resources functions, including staffing, benefits administration, employee relations, performance and compensation management, and training and development. Management has implemented a robust, objective, and auditable performance management system to track corporate and individual performance against pre-established goals, objectives, and measures. Each year NERC continues to refine and improve this system.

Leadership, Management, and Professional and Administrative Staff Training and Development

As part of the ERO Enterprise's ongoing efforts to engage and retain highly qualified talent with the leadership and technical skills to support its mission, NERC's executives, managers, and professional and support staff participate in ongoing training and development to improve competencies critical to success and succession planning for critical roles. As such, NERC will continue to invest in learning opportunities in several areas. First, Human Resources will continue to host and optimize an e-leaning platform, SkillSoft, to provide staff resources for improving soft and technical skills. Second, Human Resources will provide broad-based staff development training though real-world access via tours of and training on control centers, electric substations, and power generation plants. Finally, staff will have access to additional education, including but not limited to degree-oriented university education, pursuit of specialized certifications, and other in-house and external training that provides essential competencies and skills development that will lead to improved organization performance.

Compensation Strategy

NERC relies on data and advisory from multiple perspectives to hire and retain the necessary technical and other staff to support the goals and objectives in the company's strategic plan. Under the mandate of the Corporate Governance and Human Resources Committee (CGHRC), the company performs periodic market compensation studies to benchmark the pay practices of similar organizations and roles for which NERC hires. To ensure that NERC is able to attract the best-qualified staff to meet our mission, the CGHRC recommended a compensation philosophy of paying between the 50th and 75th percentiles, which has historically enabled the company to hire appropriate skills at prevailing market rates. Management will continue to closely monitor market conditions through periodic compensation studies and real-time pay trends of our candidate pool and expect that our pay philosophy will sustain the ability to hire qualified talent consistent with appropriate market levels.

Compensation Consulting

Consultants are periodically retained to examine appropriate compensation based on current market data. This ensures that decisions affecting compensation are made in light of the current market climate and that qualified employees are attracted and retained within a defined total remuneration range. NERC also periodically retains compensation subject matter experts to perform periodic assessments of the Board compensation model to ensure alignment with market practices.

Surveys

NERC periodically retains a vendor to conduct Board and committee effectiveness surveys to identify improvement opportunities. Human Resources will also launch additional surveys as appropriate, based on business needs, which may include periodic internal climate surveys.

Succession Planning

Minimizing disruption of knowledge, skill, and experience of key staff is critical to the company's success. Human Resource works with senior management to identify essential roles and develop strategies to build succession and contingency plans for any loss of staff.

Human Resources Products and Services Automation

Human Resource will continue to operate, maintain, and investigate investment in additional electronic platforms for Human Resource support services that reduce administrative burden and improve employee access to tools and information.

Resource Requirements

Personnel

There is no change in FTEs in 2018 compared to 2017.

Contractor Expenses

Contractor and consultant expenses are set forth in additional detail in *Exhibit C – Contractor and Consulting Costs*. The increase over 2017 is primarily due to increased investments for additional leadership and staff training, as well as funding for the bi-annual compensation study.

Miscellaneous Expenses

Miscellaneous expenses include community responsibility and employee engagement, the year-end employee appreciation event, and employee rewards and recognition.

Finance and Accounting

Background and Scope

NERC's Finance and Accounting department manages all finance and accounting functions, including employee payroll, 401(k), 457(b), and 457(f) plans, travel and expense reporting, monthly financial reporting, sales and use tax, meeting and events planning and services, insurance, internal auditing, and facilities management. This area also holds primary responsibility for the development of the annual business plan and budget, as well as NERC's ERO risk management framework. Over the past several years, NERC's Finance and Accounting department implemented additional policies, procedures, and controls governing day-to-day practices including contract and personnel procurements, meetings, conference planning and travel, expense reimbursement, and back office systems and procedures. The department will continue to refine, improve and, where necessary, implement additional procedures and controls.

Resource Requirements

Personnel

The 0.94 reduction in FTEs is the result of resource allocations that began in 2016 and will continue throughout 2017 to realign staff with current needs.

Contractor Expenses

Outside contractor and consulting support, budgeted at \$427k, represents a decrease compared to the 2017 budget. These costs are primarily for outside professional support for auditors to support various risk management and internal control and audit intiatives, as well as to provide finance and accounting support.

				ixed Assets on, and 201						
		ADMINISTR	ATIV	E SERVICES						
Funding		2017 Budget		2017 Projection	201 v 2	Variance .7 Projection .017 Budget ver(Under)		2018 Budget	v 2	Variance 018 Budget 2017 Budget Over(Under)
ERO Funding										
NERC Assessments	\$	519,083	\$	519,083	\$	(0)	\$	(231,393)	\$	(750,476)
Assessment Stabilization Reserve - Penalties	*	-	,	-	*	-	,	-	*	-
Total NERC Funding	\$	519,083	\$	519,083	\$	(0)	\$	(231,393)	\$	(750,476)
-1. I.S II			_				_			
Third-Party Funding	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Testing Fees		-		-		-		-		-
Services & Software		-		-		-		-		-
Workshops Interest		-		-		-		-		-
Miscellaneous		-		-		-		-		-
Total Funding	\$	519,083	\$	519,083	\$	(0)	\$	(231,393)	\$	(750,476)
Total Fulluling	_ +	319,003	٠,	313,083	-y	(0)	,	(231,393)		(730,470)
Expenses										
Personnel Expenses										
Salaries	\$	11,858,590	\$	11,649,901	\$	(208,688)	\$	11,625,482	\$	(233,108)
Payroll Taxes		669,299		647,536		(21,763)		651,076		(18,223)
Benefits		1,333,443		1,430,816		97,373		1,443,502		110,059
Retirement Costs		1,073,642		993,093		(80,549)		1,010,928		(62,714)
Total Personnel Expenses	\$	14,934,974	\$	14,721,347	\$	(213,627)	\$	14,730,988	\$	(203,986)
Meeting Expenses										
Meetings	\$	350,000	\$	350,000	\$	(0)	\$	375,500	\$	25,500
Travel	*	653,945	7	702,728	*	48,783	,	570,000	*	(83,945)
Conference Calls		19,307		47,249		27,943		119,600		100,294
Total Meeting Expenses	\$	1,023,251	\$	1,099,977	\$	76,726	\$	1,065,100	\$	41,849
Operating Expenses										
Consultants & Contracts	\$	3,359,787	\$	3,472,587	\$	112,800	\$	3,290,966	\$	(68,821)
Office Rent		3,117,009		3,124,992		7,983		3,091,804		(25,205)
Office Costs		3,275,952		3,658,559		382,607		3,874,198		598,246
Professional Services		2,293,135		2,246,470		(46,665)		2,287,500		(5,635)
Miscellaneous		32,000		48,463		16,463		34,500		2,500
Depreciation	_	1,233,650	<u> </u>	1,789,158		555,508		981,159		(252,491)
Total Operating Expenses	<u>\$</u>	13,311,534	<u> </u>	14,340,230	\$	1,028,696	\$	13,560,127	\$	248,594
Total Direct Expenses	\$	29,269,759	\$	30,161,554	\$	891,795	\$	29,356,216	\$	86,457
Indirect Expenses	\$(29,376,484)	\$	(30,277,351)	\$	(900,867)	\$	(29,495,094)	\$	(118,610)
Other Non-Operating Expenses	\$	106,725	\$	115,797	\$	9,072	\$	138,878	\$	32,153
Total Expenses (A)	<u> </u>		\$	(0)	\$	(0)	\$	0	\$	0
Change in Assets	\$	519,083	\$	519,083	\$	(0)		(231,393)		(750,476)
Fixed Assets										
Depreciation	\$	(1,233,650)	\$	(1,789,158)	\$	(555,508)	\$	(981,159)	\$	252,491
Computer & Software CapEx		1,472,000		592,033		(879,967)		301,000		(1,171,000)
Furniture & Fixtures CapEx		-		-		-		-		- 1
Equipment CapEx		1,800,000		1,168,295		(631,705)		1,175,000		(625,000)
Leasehold Improvements		-		-		-		-		-
Allocation of Fixed Assets		(2,038,350)		28,830		2,067,180		(494,841)		1,543,509
Inc(Dec) in Fixed Assets (B)	\$	-	\$	0	\$	-	\$	0	\$	0
TOTAL BUDGET (=A+B)	\$	-	\$	(0)	\$	(0)	\$	0	\$	0
FTEs		69.33		68.41		(0.92)		67.45		(1.88)

Section B – Supplemental Financial Information

Breakdown by Statement of Activity Sections

The following detailed schedules support the consolidated Statement of Activities. All significant variances were described by program area in the preceding pages.

Table B-1 – Operating Reserve and Assessment Analysis

Operatir	ng Reserve and A	sse	ssment Analy	sis					
	Statuto	ry							
	Total Reserves		Future Obligation Reserve ¹	C	Operating ontingency Reserve	C	System Operator ertification Reserve	CRISP Reserve	Assessmen Stabilization Reserve
Beginning Operating Reserves Balance - 1/1/2017	\$ 8,782,011	\$	2,875,467	\$	2,307,531	\$	828,013	\$ 500,000	\$ 2,271,000
Generation or (Use) from 2017 Operations									
From 2017 budgeted operations	\$ 79,336	\$	-	\$	284,507	\$	(205,171)	\$ -	\$ -
From 2017 approved addition/(use) of reserves	(1,363)		84,623		(85,986)		-	-	-
Proceeds from financing activities (non-current portion only)	966,667		-		966,667		-	-	-
Debt service	(719,522)		-		(719,522)		-	-	-
Other adjustments to reserves	4_(1,128,397)		(727,165)		198,768		-	-	(600,000
Projected Operating Reserves - 12/31/17	\$ 7,978,733	\$	2,232,925	\$	2,951,965	\$	622,842	\$ 500,000	\$ 1,671,000
Required Working Capital and Operating Reserves - 12/31/18	\$ 7,475,734	\$	1,752,468	\$	2,951,965	\$	700,300	\$ 500,000	\$ 1,571,000
Adjustment in funding to achieve required reserve balance	(402,999)		(480,457)		_		77,458	-	_
Penalty sanctions received 7/1/2016 - 6/30/2017 (See Table B-2)	500,000		-		-		-	-	500,000
Less: Assessment Stabilization Reserve Release - Penalties	(600,000)		-		-		-	-	(600,000
Total Adjustments to Reserves	\$ (502,999)	\$	(480,457)	\$	-	\$	77,458	\$ -	\$ (100,000
Assessment Reconciliation									
2018 Expenses and Capital Expenditures	\$73,135,156								
Less: Assessment Stabilization Reserve Release - Penalties	(600,000)								
Adjustment in funding to achieve required reserve balance	77,458								
Less: Other Funding Sources	(9,444,253)								
Less: Proceeds from financing activities (non-current only)	(1,432,000)								
Plus: Debt service	1,200,607								
2018 NERC Assessment	\$62,936,968								

¹As further explained in the discussion of the Working Capital Reserve amount in Exhibit E, the Future Obligations Reserve offsets future, non-current liabilities. The calculation of Working Capital and Operating Reserve balances per 2016 audited financials and as projected for 2017 and 2018 is included with the Statements of Financial Position that follow in Section D - Supplemental Financial Statements.

²Proceeds from financing activities amount is equal to two-thirds of the amount financed or to be financed in the year. See Exhibit D.

³Debt Service amount is equal to Annual Payments for Debt Service less Interest Expense. See Exhibit D.

⁴Represents transactions recorded only on the Statement of Financial Position (balance sheet) and do not impact the Statement of Activities (income statement), including recording of capitalized leases, amortization of future obligations, and funding the 457f plan.

Table B-2 - Penalties

Penalty Sanctions

The NERC Policy – Accounting, Financial Statement and Budgetary Treatment of Penalties Imposed and Received for Violations of Reliability Standard, as well as Section 1107.2 of the ROP, specify that Penalty monies received by NERC during the 12 months ended June 30 are to be used in the subsequent budget year to offset assessments. In 2015, the NERC Board approved an updated Working Capital and Operating Reserves Policy that was approved by FERC. This updated policy allows NERC, with Board and FERC approval pursuant to Section 1107.4 of the ROP, to place Penalty funds into a new Assessment Stabilization Reserve for use in future years to offset assessments. For the 2018 budget, NERC proposes, subject to Commission approval, to deposit \$500,000 of Penalty funds received during the 12 months ended June 30, 2017 into the Assessment Stabilization Reserve, resulting in a balance of \$2,171,000 on January 1, 2018. NERC further proposes that \$600,000 of those funds be used to offset assessments in the 2018 budget and that the balance held in the Assessment Stabilization Reserve be used for future assessment offsets.

All Penalties received during the 12 month period ended June 30, 2017 are detailed below, including the amount and date received.

Allocation Method

Penalty sanctions released from the Asset Stabilization Reserve to offset 2018 assessments have been allocated to the following statutory programs to reduce assessments: 1) Reliability Standards, 2) Compliance Assurance, 3) Compliance Analysis, Organization Registration and Certification, 4) Compliance Enforcement, 5) RASA, 6) Situation Awareness, 7) Event Analysis, 8) Performance Analysis, 9) E-ISAC (including CRISP), and 10) Training and Education. Penalty sanctions are allocated based on the number of FTEs in the program divided by the aggregate total FTEs in the programs receiving the allocation.

Penalty Sanctions	Date Received	Amo	unt Received
Penalties received between 7/1/2016 and 6/30/2017			
	May-17	\$	500,000
		\$	500,000
Penalties received prior to 6/30/2016, held in the assessment sta	bilization reserve	\$	1,671,000
Total penalties available on 1/1/2018 to offset assessments		\$	2,171,000
Adjustments			
Total penalties released to offset assessments in the 2018 Budget		\$	(600,000)
Total penalties held in Assessment Stabilization Reserve 12/31/20	018	\$	1,571,000

Table B-3 – Outside Funding

Reliability Standards	Outside Funding Breakdown By Program (Excludes Penalty Sanction)		Budget 2017		Budget 2018		Variance 018 Budget 2017 Budget
Workshops							
Interest Income Allocation	Reliability Standards						
Total \$ 105,427 \$ 60,717 \$ (44,709)	·	\$	•	\$	•	\$	(55,000)
Compliance Analysis, Registration and Certification Interest Income Allocation \$ 187 \$ 6,495 \$ 6,308 \$ Total \$ 187 \$ 6,495 \$ 6,308 \$ \$ 100 \$ 187 \$ 6,495 \$ 6,308 \$ \$ 100 \$ 6,308 \$ \$ 13,316 \$ 12,930 \$ \$ 100 \$ 386 \$ 13,316 \$ 12,930 \$ \$ 100 \$ 386 \$ 13,316 \$ 12,930 \$ \$ 100 \$ 386 \$ 13,316 \$ 12,930 \$ \$ 100 \$ 386 \$ 13,316 \$ 12,930 \$ \$ 100 \$ 386 \$ 13,316 \$ 12,930 \$ \$ 100 \$ 386 \$ 13,316 \$ 12,930 \$ \$ 100 \$ 386 \$ 13,316 \$ 12,930 \$ \$ 100 \$ 100							
Interest Income Allocation \$ 187	Total	\$	105,427	Ş	60,717	\$	(44,709)
Total \$ 187 \$ 6,495 \$ 6,308	Compliance Analysis, Registration and Certification						
Compliance Assurance	Interest Income Allocation		187		6,495		6,308
Interest Income Allocation \$ 386 \$ 13,316 \$ 12,930 Total	Total	\$	187	\$	6,495	\$	6,308
Total	Compliance Assurance						
Compliance Enforcement	Interest Income Allocation		386	\$	13,316	\$	12,930
Interest Income Allocation	Total	\$	386	\$	13,316	\$	12,930
Interest Income Allocation	Compliance Enforcement						
State		\$	327	\$	8,444	\$	8,117
Services and Software \$ 50,000 \$ - \$ (50,000) Workshops 15,000 2-00 10,000 Interest Income Allocation 351 9,743 9,392 Total \$ 65,351 \$ 34,743 \$ (30,608) Performance Analysis Services and Software \$ - \$ 50,000 \$ 50,000 Interest Income Allocation 234 6,495 6,261 Total \$ 234 56,495 \$ 56,261 Training, Education, and Personnel Certification \$ 671,900 \$ 540,000 \$ (131,900) Certificate Renewals 650,000 650,000 - Continuing Education Fees 6600,000 650,000 - Interest Income Allocation 175 4,060 3,884 Total \$ 1,922,075 1,794,060 \$ (128,016) Event Analysis Workshops \$ 40,000 \$ 40,000 \$ (0) Interest Income Allocation 281 7,794 7,514 Total \$ 40,281 \$ 47,794 7,514 Total \$ 140	Total		327	\$	8,444	\$	8,117
Services and Software \$ 50,000 \$ - \$ (50,000) Workshops 15,000 2-00 10,000 Interest Income Allocation 351 9,743 9,392 Total \$ 65,351 \$ 34,743 \$ (30,608) Performance Analysis Services and Software \$ - \$ 50,000 \$ 50,000 Interest Income Allocation 234 6,495 6,261 Total \$ 234 56,495 \$ 56,261 Training, Education, and Personnel Certification \$ 671,900 \$ 540,000 \$ (131,900) Certificate Renewals 650,000 650,000 - Continuing Education Fees 6600,000 650,000 - Interest Income Allocation 175 4,060 3,884 Total \$ 1,922,075 1,794,060 \$ (128,016) Event Analysis Workshops \$ 40,000 \$ 40,000 \$ (0) Interest Income Allocation 281 7,794 7,514 Total \$ 40,281 \$ 47,794 7,514 Total \$ 140	Reliability Assessment and System Analysis						
Workshops 15,000 25,000 10,000 Interest Income Allocation 351 9,743 9,392 Total \$ 65,351 \$ 34,743 \$ (30,608) Performance Analysis Services and Software \$ - \$ 50,000 \$ 50,000 Interest Income Allocation 2.34 6,495 6,261 Total \$ 234 56,495 56,261 Training, Education, and Personnel Certification \$ 234 56,495 56,261 Training, Education, and Personnel Certification \$ 671,900 \$ 540,000 \$ 65,261 Testing Fees \$ 671,900 \$ 540,000 \$ (131,900) Certificate Renewals 650,000 650,000		Ś	50.000	Ś	_	Ś	(50.000)
Interest Income Allocation		,	•	-	25,000	•	
Second	•		•		•		•
Services and Software \$ - \$ 50,000 \$ 50,000 Interest Income Allocation 234 6,495 6,261 Total \$ 234 56,495 \$ 56,261 Training, Education, and Personnel Certification Training, Education, and Personnel Certification Testing Fees \$ 671,900 \$ 540,000 \$ (131,900) Certificate Renewals 650,000 650,000 - Continuing Education Fees 600,000 600,000 - Interest Income Allocation 175 4,060 3,884 Total \$ 1,922,075 1,794,060 \$ (128,016) Event Analysis Workshops \$ 40,000 \$ 40,000 \$ (0) Interest Income Allocation 281 7,794 7,514 Total \$ 40,281 47,794 \$ 7,514 Situation Awareness 140 \$ 3,897 \$ 3,757 Total \$ 140 \$ 3,897 \$ 3,757 E-ISAC Third Party Funding (CRISP) \$ 6,990,447 \$ 7,324,253 \$ 333,806 Workshops		\$		\$		\$	(30,608)
Services and Software \$ - \$ 50,000 \$ 50,000 Interest Income Allocation 234 6,495 6,261 Total \$ 234 56,495 \$ 56,261 Training, Education, and Personnel Certification Training, Education, and Personnel Certification Testing Fees \$ 671,900 \$ 540,000 \$ (131,900) Certificate Renewals 650,000 650,000 - Continuing Education Fees 600,000 600,000 - Interest Income Allocation 175 4,060 3,884 Total \$ 1,922,075 1,794,060 \$ (128,016) Event Analysis Workshops \$ 40,000 \$ 40,000 \$ (0) Interest Income Allocation 281 7,794 7,514 Total \$ 40,281 47,794 \$ 7,514 Situation Awareness 140 \$ 3,897 \$ 3,757 Total \$ 140 \$ 3,897 \$ 3,757 E-ISAC Third Party Funding (CRISP) \$ 6,990,447 \$ 7,324,253 \$ 333,806 Workshops							
Interest Income Allocation 234 6,495 6,261 Total	•						
Total \$ 234 \$ 56,495 \$ 56,261 Training, Education, and Personnel Certification Testing Fees \$ 671,900 \$ 540,000 \$ (131,900) Certificate Renewals 650,000 650,000 600,000 600,000 600,000 600,000 600,000 600,000 7 (100,000) - Interest Income Allocation 175 4,060 3,884 Total \$ 1,922,075 \$ 1,794,060 \$ (128,016) Event Analysis Workshops \$ 40,000 \$ 40,000 \$ (0) Interest Income Allocation 281 7,794 \$ 7,514 Total \$ 40,281 \$ 47,794 \$ 7,514 Situation Awareness Interest Income Allocation \$ 140 \$ 3,897 \$ 3,757 Total \$ 140 \$ 3,897 \$ 3,757 E-ISAC Third Party Funding (CRISP) \$ 6,990,447 \$ 7,324,253 \$ 333,806 Workshops 70,000 70,000 (0) Interest Income Allocation 491 24,038 23,546 Total \$ 7,060,938 \$ 7,418,290 \$ 357,352		\$		\$	•	\$	•
Training, Education, and Personnel Certification Testing Fees \$ 671,900 \$ 540,000 \$ (131,900) Certificate Renewals 650,000 650,000 - Continuing Education Fees 600,000 600,000 - Interest Income Allocation 175 4,060 3,884 Total \$ 1,922,075 \$ 1,794,060 \$ (128,016) Event Analysis *** Workshops \$ 40,000 \$ 40,000 \$ (0) Interest Income Allocation 281 7,794 7,794 7,514 Total \$ 40,281 \$ 47,794 \$ 7,514 Situation Awareness *** Interest Income Allocation \$ 140 \$ 3,897 \$ 3,757 Total \$ 140 \$ 3,897 \$ 3,757 Total \$ 140 \$ 3,897 \$ 3,757 Total \$ 7,000 7,00						_	
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Certificate Renewals 650,000 650,000 - Continuing Education Fees 600,000 600,000 - Interest Income Allocation 175 4,060 3,884 Total \$ 1,922,075 \$ 1,794,060 \$ (128,016) Event Analysis Workshops \$ 40,000 \$ 40,000 \$ (0) Interest Income Allocation 281 7,794 7,514 Total \$ 40,281 \$ 47,794 \$ 7,514 Situation Awareness Interest Income Allocation \$ 140 \$ 3,897 \$ 3,757 Total \$ 140 \$ 3,897 \$ 3,757 E-ISAC Third Party Funding (CRISP) \$ 6,990,447 \$ 7,324,253 \$ 333,806 Workshops 70,000 70,000 0 (0) Interest Income Allocation 491 24,038 23,546 Total \$ 7,060,938 7,418,290 \$ 357,352							
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Workshops \$ 40,000 \$ 40,000 \$ (0) Interest Income Allocation 281 7,794 7,514 Total \$ 40,281 \$ 47,794 \$ 7,514 Situation Awareness Situation Awareness Situation Allocation \$ 140 \$ 3,897 \$ 3,757 Total \$ 140 \$ 3,897 \$ 3,757 E-ISAC Third Party Funding (CRISP) \$ 6,990,447 \$ 7,324,253 \$ 333,806 Workshops 70,000 70,000 70,000 (0) (0) Interest Income Allocation 491 24,038 23,546 Total \$ 7,060,938 \$ 7,418,290 \$ 357,352	1000	<u> </u>	1,322,073	<u> </u>	2,754,000	Ψ	(120,010)
Interest Income Allocation 281 7,794 7,514 Total \$ 40,281 \$ 47,794 \$ 7,514 Situation Awareness Interest Income Allocation \$ 140 \$ 3,897 \$ 3,757 Total \$ 140 \$ 3,897 \$ 3,757 E-ISAC Third Party Funding (CRISP) \$ 6,990,447 \$ 7,324,253 \$ 333,806 Workshops 70,000 70,000 70,000 (0) Interest Income Allocation 491 24,038 23,546 Total \$ 7,060,938 \$ 7,418,290 \$ 357,352							
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Total \$ 140 \$ 3,897 \$ 3,757 E-ISAC Third Party Funding (CRISP) \$ 6,990,447 \$ 7,324,253 \$ 333,806 Workshops 70,000 70,000 (0) Interest Income Allocation 491 24,038 23,546 Total \$ 7,060,938 \$ 7,418,290 \$ 357,352					_	,	_
E-ISAC Third Party Funding (CRISP) \$ 6,990,447 \$ 7,324,253 \$ 333,806 Workshops 70,000 70,000 (0) Interest Income Allocation 491 24,038 23,546 Total \$ 7,060,938 \$ 7,418,290 \$ 357,352		\$					
Third Party Funding (CRISP) \$ 6,990,447 \$ 7,324,253 \$ 333,806 Workshops 70,000 70,000 (0) Interest Income Allocation 491 24,038 23,546 Total \$ 7,060,938 \$ 7,418,290 \$ 357,352	Total	\$	140	\$	3,897	\$	3,757
Workshops 70,000 70,000 (0) Interest Income Allocation 491 24,038 23,546 Total \$ 7,060,938 \$ 7,418,290 \$ 357,352							
Interest Income Allocation 491 24,038 23,546 Total \$ 7,060,938 \$ 7,418,290 \$ 357,352		\$		\$		\$	
Total \$ 7,060,938 \$ 7,418,290 \$ 357,352	·						(0)
Grand Total \$ 9,195,347 \$ 9,444,253 \$ 248,906	TOTAL	\$	7,060,938	>	7,418,290	>	357,352
	Grand Total	\$	9,195,347	\$	9,444,253	\$	248,906

- Workshops The \$45k decrease is due to one less Reliability Standards workshop being held in 2018, which is partially offset by an increase in RASA modeling workshop fees that are based on 2016 actuals.
- Interest Income Allocation The \$92k increase is the result of higher anticipated interest rates in 2018.
- Services and Software The net change is \$0, since \$50k for PcGAR software was incorrectly budgeted in RASA in 2017 and is being reclassed to Performance Analysis in 2018.
- Testing Fees The \$132k decrease is due to a reduction in the numbers of tests to be taken in 2018.
- Third Party Funding (CRISP) The \$334k increase is due to the increase in NERC costs, which are funded equally by participants in CRISP and through assessments.

Table B-4 - Personnel

Personnel		Budget 2017		Budget 2018		Variance 018 Budget 017 Budget	Variance %
Salaries	\$	30,073,438	Ś	31,791,098	Ś	1,717,659	5.7%
Payroll Taxes	Y	1,847,130	Υ	1,949,557	Υ	102,426	5.5%
Benefits		3,643,806		3,988,886		345,080	9.5%
Retirement		3,076,956		3,239,565		162,608	5.3%
Total	\$	38,641,331	\$	40,969,105	\$	2,327,774	6.02%
FTEs		189.88		199.28		9.40	5.0%
Cost per FTE							
Salaries	\$	158,381	\$	159,530	\$	1,149	0.7%
Payroll Taxes		9,728		9,783		55	0.6%
Benefits		19,190		20,016		826	4.3%
Retirement		16,205		16,256		52	0.3%
Total	\$	203,504	\$	205,586	\$	2,082	1.02%

Below is some additional information on the components of personnel expense:

- Salaries Total Salaries expense is comprised of base salaries, incentive compensation, deferred compensation, employment agency fees, and temporary office expenses. The 2018 budget for base salaries assumes a 3% increase over actual 2017 base salaries and is inclusive of market adjustments and promotions. The 2018 budget for incentive compensation is based on historical actuals and is comparable to prior years. The 2018 budgets for deferred compensation, employment agency fees, and temporary office expenses are generally consistent with 2017.
- Benefits are budgeted to increase 9.5% based on a 5% increase in health and dental premiums, as well as an increase in training expenses to support staff development.
- There have been no changes to NERC's retirement plans.

Table B-5 – Meetings

Meetings	Meetings		Budget 2018	20	/ariance 18 Budget)17 Budget	Variance %	
Meetings	\$	1,071,500	\$ 1,071,500	\$	(0)	0.0%	
Travel		2,203,786	2,204,000		214	0.0%	
Conference Calls		97,600	119,600		22,000	22.5%	
Total	\$	3,372,886	\$ 3,395,100	\$	22,214	0.7%	

• The \$22k increase in Conference Calls reflects an adjustment for WebEx expenses based on historical usage.

Table B-6 - Consultants and Contracts

NOTE: This table has been replaced by Exhibit C – Contractor and Consulting Costs

Table B-7 - Rent

Office Rent	Budget 2017	Budget 2018	20	Variance 18 Budget 017 Budget	Variance %
Office Rent Maintenance	\$ 2,838,144 278,866	\$ 2,819,554 272,250	\$	(18,590) (6,616)	-0.7% -2.4%
Total	\$ 3,117,009	\$ 3,091,804	\$	(25,205)	-0.8%

Table B-8 - Office Costs

Office Costs		Budget 2017	Budget 2018	20	Variance 018 Budget 017 Budget	Variance %
Telephone	\$	539,737	\$ 422,387	\$	(117,350)	-21.7%
Telephone Answering Service		2,500	2,750		250	10.0%
Internet		383,366	383,966		600	0.2%
Office Supplies		194,000	190,750		(3,250)	-1.7%
Computer Supplies & Maintenance		-	-		-	0.0%
Computers		25,000	-		(25,000)	-100.0%
Computer Supplies		101,400	106,100		4,700	4.6%
Maintenance and Service Agreements		2,426,139	2,102,966		(323,173)	-13.3%
Software		122,500	851,976		729,476	595.5%
Network Supplies		-	-		-	0.0%
Subscription and Publications		180,460	194,970		14,510	8.0%
Dues		49,316	66,911		17,595	35.7%
Postage		16,221	15,540		(681)	-4.2%
Express Shipping		28,216	26,992		(1,224)	-4.3%
Copying		110,123	115,842		5,719	5.2%
Audio/Visual Lease		-	494,988		494,988	100.0%
Hardware Lease		-	145,348		145,348	100.0%
Reports		362	-		(362)	-100.0%
Stationary/Forms		2,500	-		(2,500)	-100.0%
Equipment Repair/Service Contracts		75,000	132,497		57,497	76.7%
Bank Charges		25,000	25,000		(0)	0.0%
Merchant Card Fees		77,500	86,100		8,600	11.1%
Total	\$	4,359,340	\$ 5,365,084	\$	1,005,744	23.1%

- Telephone The \$117k decrease is due to a change in our long-distance provider.
- Computers The \$25k decrease is due to the decision to lease desktop computers in lieu of purchasing them in 2018.
- Maintenance and Service Agreements The \$323k decrease is primarily the result of the following:
 - \$100k decrease in Compliance Assurance due the elimination of an audit tool;
 - \$100k decrease in Finance and Accounting department due to the reclass of its budgeting and financial reporting software from this account to the Software account; and
 - \$100k decrease in Information Technology department due to the reclass of \$214k combined to the Audio/Visual Lease and Hardware Lease accounts, which was partially offset by increases in various maintenance and service agreements.
- Software The \$729k increase is largely the result of the following:
 - \$108k combined increase for new analytic data software for the RASA department and budgeting and financial reporting software for the Finance and Accounting department that were both reclassed from the Maintenance and Service Agreement account to this account; and

- \$500k for new technology tools related to the E-ISAC strategy.
- \$110k increase in Information Technology department due to the reclass of various tools from other accounts.
- Subscriptions and Publications The \$15k increase is due to higher fees for a research and advisory subscription in the Information Technology department
- Dues The \$17k increase primarily results from a new membership in an organization that allows NERC to partner with other entities in addressing strategic issues facing the electric industry.
- Audio/Visual Lease The \$495k increase is the result of the reclass of costs related to the audio/visual equipment of \$300k from fixed assets and \$195k from the Maintenance and Service Agreements account.
- Hardware Lease The \$145k increase is due to the reclass of \$126k from fixed assets and \$19k from the Maintenance and Service Agreements account due to the decision to lease certain hardware in lieu of purchasing it.
- Equipment Repair/Service Contracts \$57k increase due to building security and HVAC needs in 2018.

Table B-9 – Professional Services

Professional Services	Budget 2017	Budget 2018	20	Variance 018 Budget 017 Budget	Variance %
Independent Trustee Fees	\$ 1,226,000	\$ 1,237,500	\$	11,500	0.9%
Trustee Search Fees	100,000	100,000		-	0.0%
Outside Legal	515,000	595,500		80,500	15.6%
Lobbying	60,000	72,000		12,000	20.0%
Accounting and Auditing Fees	159,135	128,000		(31,135)	-19.6%
Insurance Commercial	230,000	231,000		1,000	0.4%
Outside Services	178,000	173,500		(4,500)	-2.5%
Total	\$ 2,468,135	\$ 2,537,500	\$	69,365	2.8%

- Outside Legal increase primarily due to the addition of \$75k for legal costs related to the E-ISAC strategy.
- Lobbying higher due to an increase in the retainer of the firm that NERC uses. This expense is
 primarily related to NERC's monitoring of regulatory and legislative issues and responding to
 information requests related to these activities.
- Accounting and Auditing Fees decreased based on historical actual information.

Table B-10 – Miscellaneous

Miscellaneous Expenses	Budget 2017			Budget 2018	Variance 018 Budget 2017 Budget	Variance %	
Miscellaneous Expense	\$	6,500	\$	7,000	\$ 500	7.7%	
Employee Rewards and Recognition*		25,500		28,000	2,500	9.8%	
Community Responsibility & Employee Engagement		5,000		4,500	(500)	-10.0%	
Total	\$	37,000	\$	39,500	\$ 2,500	6.8%	

^{*} Includes costs associated with the year-end employee recognition event

Table B-11 – Other Non-Operating Expenses

Other Non-Operating Expenses	Budget 2017	Budget 2018	20	Variance 118 Budget 017 Budget	Variance %	
Property Tax Expense Interest Expense	\$ 50,000 56,725	\$ 50,000 88,878	\$	- 32,153	0.0% 56.7%	
Total	\$ 106,725	\$ 138,878	\$	32,153	30.1%	

Budgeted interest expense is calculated based on expected draws on the capital financing loan. Refer to *Exhibit D – Capital Financing* on page 142 for more detailed information related to debt repayment and the interest expense calculation.

Table B-12 - Fixed Assets

Fixed Assets	Budget 2017	Budget 2018	Variance 2018 Budget v 2017 Budget	Variance %
TIACU ASSEES	2017	2010	V ZOI / Dauget	Variance 70
Depreciation	\$ (1,691,457)	\$ (1,594,299)	\$ 97,158	-5.7%
Computer & Software CapEx	2,572,000	2,549,000	(23,000)	-0.9%
Furniture & Fixtures CapEx	-	-	-	0.0%
Equipment CapEx	1,800,000	1,175,000	(625,000)	-34.7%
Leasehold Improvements	-	150,000	150,000	100.0%
Total	\$ 2,680,543	\$ 2,279,701	\$ (400,842)	-15.0%

As discussed in the *Executive Summary* on page 15 and in the *Information Technology* section of Section A beginning on page 77, expenditures for fixed assets, excluding the reversal of Depreciation expense, are budgeted to be \$498k lower in 2018 compared to 2017. This decrease is primarily the result of leasing audio visual and certain computer equipment, resulting in a reduction of Fixed Assets and an increase in Office Costs in the 2018 budget. There is also \$150,000 included in the 2018 budget for leasehold improvements related to the long-term E-ISAC strategy.

Table B-13 – 2019-2020 Projections

NOTE: Refer to the Executive Summary section on page 22

Section C - Non-Statutory Activity

NERC has no non-statutory activities.		

Section D – Supplemental Financial Statements

NORTH AMERICAN ELECTRIC RELIABILITY COPORATION STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

	12/31/2016 Per Audit	12/31/2017 Projection	12/31/2018 Projection
ASSETS			
Cash	\$54,523,918	\$54,283,778	\$55,379,617
Trade Accounts receivable	3,784,075	3,784,075	3,784,075
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	2,046,006	2,046,006	2,046,006
Security deposit	125,585	125,585	125,585
Plan Assets - 457b	1,109,883	1,459,883	1,809,883
Plan Assets - 457f	473,741	673,741	873,741
Property and equipment	10,791,214	11,798,427	13,072,427
Total Assets	\$72,854,421	\$74,171,494	\$77,091,333
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS			
Liabilities			
Current Portion			
Accounts payable and accrued expenses (incl, vacation accrual)	\$4,288,119	\$4,288,119	\$4,459,078
Accrued Incentive Comp	4,979,436	5,021,322	5,302,006
Deferred componentian current	396,121	480,457	566,808
Deferred compensation-current Capital lease obligations - current	- 74,212	- 74,212	- 74,212
Accrued retirement liabilities	1,903,342	1,903,342	1,828,837
Debt Service - Current Portion	1,238,940	1,200,607	1,594,021
Deferred income	12,301,736	12,301,736	12,301,736
Deferred revenue - penalties	-	-	-
Deferred revenue - CRISP	2,418,927	2,418,927	2,418,927
Regional assessments	23,471,153	23,471,153	23,471,153
Total Current Portion	\$51,071,987	\$51,159,876	\$52,016,778
Long-Term Portion			
Deferred compensation ¹	\$1,527,436	\$2,077,436	\$2,627,436
Capital Project Financing - non-current	625,433	1,361,354	1,915,333
Deferred rent - non-current	3,015,784	2,535,327	1,968,519
CRISP Insurance Reserve	500,000	500,000	500,000
Deferred Revenue - Assessment Stabilization Reserve	-	-	-
Capital lease obligations - non-current	77,541	77,541	77,541
Total Non-Current Portion	\$5,746,195	\$6,551,659	\$7,088,830
Total Liabilities	\$56,818,183	\$57,711,535	\$59,105,609
Net Assets - unrestricted	\$13,265,238	\$14,288,959	\$16,414,724
Net Assets - restricted	2,771,000	2,171,000	1,571,000
Total Liabilities and Net Assets	\$72,854,421	\$74,171,494	\$77,091,333

¹Includes 457b liability, life insurance for former executive, and retiree medical

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									Statutory Activities								
Statement of Activities, Fixed Asset Expenditures, and Change in Working Capital by Program 2018 Budget	Statutory Total	Reliability Standards	Compliance Analysis, Organization Registration & Certification	Compliance Assurance	Compliance Enforcement	Reliability Assessment and System Analysis Pe	rformance Analysis	Personnel Certification	Training and continuing Education	Event Analysis S	Situation Awareness	E-ISAC (including CRISP)	General and Administrative (Includes Executive and Gov't Relations) Le	gal and Regulatory	Information Technology Hi	ıman Resources	counting and Finance
Funding																	
ERO Funding NERC Assessments	\$ 62.936.968	\$ 6.689.437	\$ 4.837.109 \$	\$ 8.801.659 \$	6.608.973	\$ 7.212.995 \$	4.533.448 \$	_	1.309.031 \$	5.061.521 \$	3.816.664 \$	14,297,524	\$ (231,393) \$	- 5	- 5	- \$	
Assessment Stabilization Reserve - Penalties	600,000	71,739	43,478	89,130	56,522	65,217	43,478	-	17,391	52,174	26,087	134,783	, (231,333) 5		- ,		
Total NERC Funding	\$ 63,536,968				6,665,495		4,576,927 \$	- :				14,432,307	\$ (231,393) \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	
			, , , , , , ,		,,,,,,	, , , , ,	, , ,				.,.,.						
Third-Party Funding (CRISP)	\$ 7,324,253	\$ -	\$ - \$	\$ - \$	- :	\$ - \$	- \$	-		- \$	- \$	7,324,253	\$ - \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	-
Testing Fees	1,790,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,190,000	600,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Services & Software	50,000	-	-	-	-		50,000	-	-	-	-			-	-	-	
Workshops Interest	185,000 95,000	50,000 10,717	6,495	13,316	8,444	25,000 9,743	6,495	1,461	2,598	40,000 7,794	3,897	70,000 24,038		-	-	-	
Miscellaneous	93,000	10,717	0,495	15,510	0,444	9,745	0,495	1,401	2,396	7,794	3,097	24,036					
Total Funding (A)	\$ 72,981,221	\$ 6,821,893	\$ 4,887,082 \$	\$ 8,904,105 \$	6,673,939	\$ 7,312,956 \$	4,633,422 \$	1,191,461	1,929,020 \$	5,161,490 \$	3,846,648 \$	21,850,597	\$ (231,393) \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	
Expenses Personnel Expenses																	
Salaries	\$ 31,791,098				1,792,112		1,372,376 \$	215,963				4,634,838		1,988,458 \$	3,306,040 \$	757,614 \$	2,334,533
Payroll Taxes	1,949,557	145,638	95,616	192,067	115,916	144,330	92,361	16,143	35,945	110,619	59,143	290,702	163,344	110,476	212,307	28,742	136,208
Benefits Retirement Costs	3,988,886 3,239,565	299,194 246,107	194,709 168,791	398,424 324,835	168,533 200,403	283,513 258,277	154,799 154,224	40,493 24,462	54,715 54,890	227,802 198,179	144,353 98,676	578,849 499,793	377,089 127,821	186,112 218,267	415,918 364.609	117,372 47,903	347,011 252,329
Total Personnel Expenses	\$ 40,969,105				2,276,963		1,773,760 \$	297,061				6,004,182		2,503,312 \$	4,298,874 \$	951,631 \$	3,070,081
Masting Evaposes																	
Meeting Expenses Meetings	\$ 1,071,500	\$ 105,000	\$ 2,250 \$	\$ 200,000 \$	2,000	\$ 121,000 \$	11,000 \$	32,000	12,250 \$	81,500 \$	2,000 \$	127,000	\$ 347,500 \$	6,000 \$	7,000 \$	10,000 \$	5,000
Travel	2,204,000	240,000	150,500	375,000	47,500	250,000	80,000	7,000	10,000	150,000	33,000	291,000	363,000	55,000	72,000	5,000	75,000
Conference Calls	119,600														119,600		
Total Meeting Expenses	\$ 3,395,100	\$ 345,000	\$ 152,750 \$	\$ 575,000 \$	49,500	\$ 371,000 \$	91,000 \$	39,000	22,250 \$	231,500 \$	35,000 \$	418,000	\$ 710,500 \$	61,000 \$	198,600 \$	15,000 \$	80,000
Operating Expenses Consultants & Contracts	\$ 13,724,185	\$ -	\$ - \$	\$ 50,000 \$	- :	\$ 525,000 \$	572,030 \$	250,700	348,200 \$	i - \$	1,295,495 \$	7,391,794	\$ 100,000 \$	- \$	2,123,966 \$	640,000 \$	427,000
Office Rent	3,091,804	-	-	-	-			-		-	-	-	3,091,804		-		
Office Costs Professional Services	5,365,084 2,537,500	49,796	21,684	43,563	19,160	187,889	57,812	46,121	71,848	43,786	41,897	907,330 250,000	547,374 1,597,500	46,065 303,500	3,168,686	7,328 60,500	104,746 326,000
Miscellaneous	39,500	500	500	500	500	500	500	-	500	500	500	500	3,000	500	500	30,000	500
Depreciation	1,594,299	39,278	-	-	105,014	150,771	143,999		1,439	84,943	2,559	85,136	311,567	-	669,592		-
Total Operating Expenses	\$ 26,352,371		\$ 22,184 \$	94,063 \$	124,674		774,341 \$	296,821	421,987 \$	129,229 \$		8,634,760		350,065 \$		737,828 \$	858,246
Total Direct Expenses	\$ 70,716,577	\$ 3,332,944	\$ 2,148,762 \$	\$ 4,520,550 \$	2,451,137	\$ 4,256,247 \$	2,639,101 \$	632,882	1,075,132 \$	2,680,449 \$	2,566,215 \$	15,056,942	\$ 10,268,836 \$	2,914,377 \$	10,460,218 \$	1,704,459 \$	4,008,326
Indirect Expenses	\$ 0	\$ 3,470,011	\$ 2,103,037 \$	\$ 4,311,226 \$	2,733,948	\$ 3,154,555 \$	2,103,037 \$	473,183	841,215 \$	2,523,644 \$	1,261,822 \$	6,519,415	\$ (10,407,714) \$	(2,914,377) \$	(10,460,218) \$	(1,704,459) \$	(4,008,326)
Other Non-Operating Expenses	\$ 138,878	\$ -	\$ - \$	\$ - \$	- :	\$ - \$	- \$	- :	5 - \$	\$	\$	- ;	\$ 138,878 \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	
Total Expenses (B)	\$ 70,855,455	\$ 6,802,955	\$ 4,251,799 \$	\$ 8,831,775 \$	5,185,085	\$ 7,410,803 \$	4,742,138 \$	1,106,065	1,916,346 \$	5,204,093 \$	3,828,038 \$	21,576,357	\$ (0) \$	0 \$	(0) \$	0 \$	0
Change in Assets	\$ 2,125,766	\$ 18,939	\$ 635,283 \$	\$ 72,330 \$	1,488,854	\$ (97,847) \$	(108,716) \$	85,397	12,674 \$	(42,604) \$	18,610 \$	274,241	\$ (231,393) \$	(0) \$	0 \$	(0) \$	(0)
Fixed Assets																	
Depreciation Computer & Software CapEx	\$ (1,594,299)	\$ (39,278)	\$ - \$ 600,000	- \$	(105,014) : 1,548,000	\$ (150,771) \$	(143,999) \$	- 1	(1,439) \$	(84,943) \$	(2,559) \$	(85,136) : 100,000	\$ (311,567) \$	- \$	(669,592) \$ 301,000	- \$	-
Furniture & Fixtures CapEx	2,549,000	-	000,000		1,346,000	-	-	-	-	-		100,000		-	301,000	-	
Equipment CapEx	1,175,000					-	-		-	-					1,175,000		
Leasehold Improvements	150,000	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	150,000	-	-	-	-	
Allocation of Fixed Assets	0	58,217	35,283	72,330	45,868	52,924	35,283	7,939	14,113	42,339	21,170	109,377	311,567		(806,408)		-
Inc(Dec) in Fixed Assets (C)	\$ 2,279,701	\$ 18,939	\$ 635,283 \$	72,330 \$	1,488,854	\$ (97,847) \$	(108,716) \$	7,939	12,674 \$	(42,604) \$	18,610 \$	274,241	\$ 0 \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	
TOTAL BUDGET (=B+C)	\$ 73,135,156	\$ 6,821,893	\$ 4,887,082 \$	\$ 8,904,105 \$	6,673,939	\$ 7,312,956 \$	4,633,422 \$	1,114,003	1,929,020 \$	5,161,490 \$	3,846,648 \$	21,850,597	\$ 0 \$	0 \$	(0) \$	0 \$	0
TOTAL CHANGE IN WORKING CAPITAL (=A-B-C)	\$ (153,935)	\$ (0)	\$ 0 \$	\$ (0) \$	- :	\$ (0) \$	0 \$	77,458	0 \$	(0) \$	0 \$	(0)	\$ (231,393) \$	(0) \$	0 \$	(0) \$	(0)
FTEs	199.28	15.51	9.40	19.27	12.22	14.10	9.40	2.12	3.76	11.28	5.64	29.14	15.98	10.34	22.33	2.82	15.98

Exhibit A – Shared Assumptions and Key Focus Areas

Shared Business Plan and Budget Assumptions 2018-2020 **Key Focus Areas for 2018**

NERC and the eight Regional Entities (together the ERO Enterprise) are committed to a common operating model¹ that describes the characteristics of a highly efficient and effective Electric Reliability Organization (ERO) Enterprise. This operating model includes action items to address coordinated strategic and business planning, as well as performance monitoring processes across the enterprise. These processes remain transparent, with results reported on a quarterly basis to NERC's Corporate Governance and Human Resources Committee and the NERC Board of Trustees (Board) in support of the ERO Enterprise corporate oversight function.

At its November 2016 meeting, the Board approved the 2017-2020 ERO Enterprise Strategic Plan² with goals, objectives, and deliverables for the 2018–2020 planning period. The strategic plan lays out five goals that the ERO Enterprise will focus on over the next three years. Those goals include (1) risk-responsive Reliability Standards, (2) objective and risk-informed compliance monitoring and enforcement, as well as organization certification and registration, (3) identification and mitigation of significant reliability risks, (4) identification and assessment of emerging reliability risks, and (5) effective and efficient ERO Enterprise operations. The plan also identifies a number of associated contributing activities to achieve the goals of the ERO Enterprise. There are also seven overarching performance metrics to assess the overall effectiveness of the ERO Enterprise in addressing risk to the Bulk Electric System (BES) and improving BES reliability in 2017. These metrics concentrate on (1) experiencing fewer, less severe events, (2) allowing no gaps in Reliability Standards and compliance monitoring, (3) foreseeing resource deficiencies, (4) preventing unauthorized physical or cyber security access that disrupts BES facilities, (5) reducing reliability risk from noncompliance, (6) decreasing risks in targeted areas, and (7) managing NERC operations in an efficient and effective manner.

The following set of common assumptions has been developed to guide ERO Enterprise resource projections³ for the 2018–2020 period. Specifically, it supports the strategies heading into 2018 and establishes common assumptions, goals, and objectives as the ERO Enterprise begins the 2018 Business Plan and Budget (BP&B) cycle. Additionally, it outlines how these goals and objectives set the stage for periods beyond 2018, all in support of achieving the goals and objectives set forth in the Strategic Plan.

Immediately following each list of assumptions for the respective program areas is guidance for the Regional Entities in drafting each of their 2018 BP&B narratives. NERC will describe these key focus areas in the text of its BP&B and expects each Regional Entity to do the same for the applicable delegated functions. The goal is to ensure that NERC and the Regional Entity BP&Bs reflect the collaboration within the ERO Enterprise regarding significant operations and key activities. Additionally, the text of the Regional Entities' BP&Bs should continue to reflect resource allocation and support for ongoing delegated functions and activities.

The relevant ERO Executive Management Group (ERO EMG) working groups are encouraged to discuss the common assumptions and key focus areas to address impacts to their area of operations. The Regional

¹ ERO Enterprise Operating Model

² ERO Enterprise Strategic Plan and Metrics 2017-2020

³ NERC recognizes there are often unique factors that drive differences in each entity or organization's final determination of its resource needs and budget. Regional Entity-specific assumptions are stated in each Regional Entity's BP&B, as appropriate.

Entity operating leads and corresponding NERC staff have collaborated on the content included herein. The results of this collaboration guide the initial drafting of the NERC and Regional Entity BP&B documents, streamline NERC's review of the initial drafts of the Regional Entity BP&Bs, and mitigate the need for material changes prior to (or after) posting of the draft BP&Bs.

Similar to prior planning cycles, the specific resource needs and budgets of NERC and the Regional Entities will be publicly posted and made available on NERC's website for review. Each Regional Entity board approves its BP&B after an extensive review process that includes consideration of stakeholder input. In addition, the BP&Bs of NERC and each Regional Entity are approved in open session by NERC's Finance and Audit Committee and Board as part of the annual BP&B process. NERC's review of the Regional Entity BP&Bs will be primarily focused on ensuring alignment of activities with the Strategic Plan and adequacy of resources to support performance of delegated functions and key efforts. A 2018 BP&B schedule has been developed to identify important meeting dates, review periods, posting dates, etc. associated with the development and completion of the NERC and Regional Entity BP&Bs.

The assumptions noted below will continue to be refined based on comments received from stakeholders and the ongoing work conducted by NERC and Regional Entity leadership regarding specific goals, objectives, and supporting activities over the planning period.

LEGAL AND OPERATING FRAMEWORK

NERC and the Regional Entities will continue to work under the existing regulatory framework governing the establishment and enforcement of Reliability Standards for the BES established by applicable governmental authorities in the U.S., provincial regulatory and/or governmental authorities in Canada, and portions of Mexico, as well as the authorizations contained in the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission's (FERC) Order approving NERC as the ERO. Additionally, as in prior years, the following responsibilities will continue:

- NERC enhancement of Regional Entity oversight for performance of their delegated functions.
- NERC and Regional Entity development of goals, measures, and reports to assess and evaluate
 the Regional Entities' performance of their Regional Delegation Agreements (RDAs), NERC's Rules
 of Procedure⁴ (ROP), the Compliance Monitoring and Enforcement Program (CMEP), FERC
 requirements, and directives that are in effect pursuant to Section 8(c) of the RDAs.
- NERC feedback and direction to the Regional Entities on performance improvements.
- NERC and Regional Entity collaboration to refine and revise processes and procedures to eliminate duplication, increase operational efficiencies, enhance ERO-wide consistency, and achieve measureable reliability outcomes.
- Regional Entity primary responsibility for day-to-day operations and interactions with registered entities.

STAKEHOLDER PARTICIPATION

NERC and the Regional Entities develop their BP&B's based upon the assumption of continued stakeholder participation in support of key program areas, while recognizing that stakeholder resource limitations may

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⁴ NERC Rules of Procedure

affect specific levels of participation in any given activity. The availability and adequacy of industry resource support will be evaluated on an ongoing basis.

EXTERNAL FACTORS

The performance and execution of BP&B's for each entity in the ERO Enterprise may be impacted by external factors. These factors include, but are not limited to, the following:

- FERC Orders, other applicable governmental authority actions, directives, audits, mitigation efforts, and performance assessments.
- Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) rules in the US and, likewise, provincial or Federal rules in Canada or Mexico that could potentially impact the reliability and/or operation of the BES.
- Other governmental agencies or departments that may issue rules, guidelines, orders, or directives that may impact the operation of the BES.
- The number and significance of changes within Balancing Authorities' and Reliability Coordinators' areas, prompting the need for associated re-certification and reliability plan assessments.
- The unanticipated rise in the rate and severity of entity violations.
- The unanticipated rise in the rate and severity of system events requiring formal investigations beyond historic volumes, and causal drivers of these events.
- New technologies and changes in resource or demand composition that require additional reliability studies and reliability risk analysis, including new techniques for conducting relevant assessments.
- Changes in applicable laws and regulations, including environmental laws and others.
- Priority risk activities identified by the Reliability Issues Steering Committee (RISC), committees of and reporting to the Board, and through other stakeholder input.
- The ability of stakeholders to support the pace and scope of the various activities while implementing the results of earlier efforts.

COLLABORATION WITH THE TRADE ASSOCIATIONS AND FORUMS

The activities of the North American Transmission Forum (NATF), North American Generator Forum (NAGF), and other forums and trade associations are expected to complement ERO Enterprise activities and mitigate incremental resource needs of NERC and Regional Entities in certain areas. NERC has a memorandum of understanding with the NATF and NAGF to ensure that the common objectives of each organization are achieved in the most efficient and effective manner. Increased collaboration between NERC and the NATF and NAGF is expected to continue.

KEY ASSUMPTIONS AND FOCUS AREAS BY PROGRAM AREA⁵

Reliability Standards

Assumptions (2018-2020)

- The number of continent-wide Reliability Standards development projects is expected to remain relatively stable, except as required to address any new FERC directives to create or modify Reliability Standards, or industry submittals of standard authorization requests.
- Continent-wide Reliability Standards projects will consist primarily of conducting enhanced periodic reviews on existing Reliability Standards to improve their content and quality, respond to identified risks to reliability (including those that may be identified through the implementation of risk-based Compliance Monitoring and Enforcement), and address FERC directives that may arise. This activity will require the allocation of technical resources from several internal NERC departments (e.g., Reliability Assessment and Performance Analysis (RAPA), Reliability Risk Management, Compliance Analysis and Certification, and Compliance Assurance) and support from across the ERO Enterprise.
- During the enhanced periodic review of Reliability Standards, any associated Regional Reliability
 Standards will be reviewed for potential incorporation as variances or as improvements to the
 continent-wide requirements. Regional and NERC Reliability Standards development processes
 may require modification to efficiently accomplish this task. Each Regional Entity will work with
 NERC and other Regional Entities as necessary on projects where there is a Regional Reliability
 Standard/variance.
- Regional Reliability Standards development activity is expected to remain low, driven by requests that the Regional Entity may receive or reliability issues that the Regional Entity may identify.
- In coordination with Standard Drafting Teams and consistent with current approaches, Regional
 Entities may support outreach during standard development and participate in the standard
 development activities as may be required to address reliability and stakeholder issues that may
 arise within their respective regions.
- Following FERC approval, NERC and the Regional Entities collectively will assist the transition of Reliability Standards to compliance monitoring and enforcement by supporting industry and auditor training or providing information regarding the intent of the Reliability Standard.
- The number of standard interpretations is expected to remain low. However, implementation guidance requests may increase.
- As noted in the assumptions for Information Technology (IT), Regional Entities will be asked to
 participate in teams to help develop application business requirements and test business
 functionality for ERO Enterprise applications projects. These teams will primarily be business area
 subject matter experts, not IT staff. The success of the Compliance Monitoring and Enforcement
 Process Tool project will be dependent on Regional Entity participation. When planning, Regional
 Entities should consider allocating resources at an adequate level of participation to support the
 success of this project.

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⁵ These statements, which are generally organized by program area, are intended to help guide resource allocation decision-making in the development of the 2018 BP&Bs.

Key Focus Areas (2018)

- Sustaining feedback loops, including audit and enforcement experience, continent-wide perspectives, lessons-learned, and events analysis for enhanced periodic reviews focused on conducting measured, in-depth reviews to improve Reliability Standards using the enhanced periodic review template.
- Incorporate Regional Reliability Standards into continent-wide Reliability Standards as the continent-wide Reliability Standards are reviewed through the enhanced periodic review process.

Compliance Monitoring and Enforcement, and Organization Registration and Certification

Compliance Assurance and Enforcement

Assumptions (2018-2020)

- The implementation of the risk-based CMEP requires the allocation of dedicated resources from NERC and the Regional Entities for both compliance and enforcement. Regional Entities will require resources to complete the Inherent Risk Assessments (IRAs) for all registered entities in 2017-2019. In addition, Regional Entities will require resources to continuously update previously completed IRAs based on identified triggers and focus on creating compliance oversight plans that include compliance monitoring tools, the interval of compliance monitoring, and the Reliability Standards that are to be monitored.
- NERC and the Regional Entities will continue to evaluate business practices, implementation, and consistency within the risk-based compliance monitoring and enforcement program.
- NERC and the Regional Entities will continue to support the training and education requirements and guidelines necessary to meet the criteria set forth by the *ERO Enterprise Compliance Monitoring and Enforcement Manual* and the *Competency Guide*⁶.
- Planning and operating Reliability Standard violations are expected to remain constant as most registered entities have been audited and, thus, have a greater understanding of compliance expectations. A modest increase may also occur as revisions of certain standards or new Reliability Standards become effective.
- Compliance personnel will need to continue support of the implementation of cyber-security Reliability Standards:
 - NERC will continue Critical Infrastructure Protection (CIP) V5 training, coordination, and facilitation with the ERO Enterprise CIP auditors and the industry. ERO Enterprise CIP subject matter experts will support these activities to ensure appropriate knowledge and guidance is developed, understood by industry, and administered.
 - The allocation of resources in 2018 should be responsive to continued implementation by registered entities of new versions of the CIP Reliability Standards, while recognizing that the risk-informed focus will be used.
- Additional resource allocation may be necessary for increased Physical Security compliance monitoring activities for CIP-014 and the compliance monitoring activities related to the Supply Chain Risk Management Reliability Standard (CIP-013).

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⁶ ERO Enterprise Compliance Monitoring and Enforcement Manual and the Competency Guide

- ERO Enterprise CMEP staff, particularly staff with visibility into risks existing in the field, will provide feedback to the ERO Enterprise. This feedback may include information on risks seen in the field that are not addressed by a standard, as well as information on where a standard is too broad. ERO Enterprise CMEP staff will participate in the development of a solution, regardless of whether the risk is addressed through a new or modified Reliability Standard, or other means.
- ERO Enterprise CMEP staff will provide input for standards development teams on the risks seen in the field relating to a standard under development, as well as for how a Reliability Standard would be monitored.
- As noted in the assumptions for IT, Regional Entities will be asked to participate in teams to help develop application business requirements and to test business functionality for ERO Enterprise applications projects. These teams will primarily be business area subject matter experts, not IT staff. The success of the Compliance Monitoring and Enforcement Process Tool project will be dependent on Regional Entity participation. When planning, Regional Entities should consider allocating resources at an adequate level of participation to support the success of this project.
- NERC and the Regional Entities will continue to maintain the necessary resources to support the
 existing systems until ERO Enterprise application projects have been approved and implemented.

Key Focus Areas (2018)

- Monitoring and management of compliance monitoring and enforcement metrics in support of ERO Enterprise's Strategic Plan and CMEP Oversight Program.
- Ongoing implementation and oversight of the risk-based CMEP, including IRAs, consideration of internal controls, and ensuring that Compliance Oversight Plans are addressing the relevant risks.
- Implementation and oversight of the CIP V5, CIP-013, and CIP-014 compliance monitoring programs, while recognizing that a risk-informed focus will be used.
- Continued ERO Enterprise-wide collaboration and implementation of consistent compliance monitoring and enforcement practices focused on higher reliability risks.

Compliance Analysis, Certification, and Registration

Assumptions (2018-2020)

- Two central reforms have been identified as a result of the completion of the risk-based registration activity in 2015:
 - 1. Modifications to the NERC Registry Criteria have been approved, including the elimination of three functional entities (Purchasing-Selling Entities, Interchange Authorities, and Load-Serving Entities), modifications to the threshold criteria for Distribution Providers, and alignment of five registration categories with the BES definition.
 - 2. The NERC-led review panel, which vets requests for Deactivation or decisions not to register an entity that does not meet the Registry Criteria, as well as disputes regarding the application of the Registration Criteria and requests for a sub-set list of applicable Reliability Standards (which may specify the Requirements/sub-Requirements), has been incorporated into the rules.

These reforms strengthen the registration process and are important milestones in NERC's approach to managing risks to reliability. Deployment and implementation of these revisions began in 2015, with continued work in 2017 and 2018.

- No further enhancements are anticipated to support the ongoing next phases of the risk-based registration activity.
- The results from the 2016 registration program review will result in modifications to the program in 2018. The recommendations from the Organization Registration Program review are summarized below and will be prioritized by the Organization Registration and Certification Group (ORCG) for work to be conducted in 2017 and 2018:
 - NERC staff shall develop ERO Enterprise monitoring activities for 2018.
 - The NERC-led review panel should compile a list of possible ROP enhancements related to the NERC-led review panel processes and procedures.
 - NERC and the Regional Entities should develop and conduct outreach for industry to inform how the NERC-led review panel is conducted and how a submittal is processed.
 - NERC and the Regional Entities should conduct an in-depth review on Joint Registration Organizations (JROs)/Coordinated Functional Registrations (CFRs). This may include how a JRO/CFR works, what the obligations are, different models implemented across the ERO Enterprise, forms/formats and communication, and examples of how to document the agreements.
 - NERC should review its internal processes and procedures based on the recommendation from the independent audit.
 - NERC and the Regional Entity staffs should work collaboratively with the ERO CMEP technology staff in reaching their milestones.
 - NERC and the Regional Entities should draft a more defined procedure for its role in changes to BES Element status.
 - NERC should review the website to 1) ensure the NERC Registration website is up to date, with documents in the appropriate locations and 2) ensure documents posted to the NERC Registration website are accurate. NERC should seek any ORCG input into ideas for clean-up and document migration.
 - NERC and the Regional Entities should prioritize any current or future identified issues and focus to resolve the higher priority issues in a timely manner and report progress to the ORCG.
- The activities associated with the implementation of the BES definition have decreased and, therefore, no additional resource demands are expected in the registration area. However, with applications for Self-Determined Notifications no longer being accepted through the ERO Enterprise BESnet application, Regional Entities will need to validate, with NERC oversight, submittals to determine complete and proper application of the BES definition.
- Planned oversight activities for 2018 will be aligned with the ERO Enterprise Operating Model, which should not affect 2018 resource allocation and have little effect on overall NERC resource requirements. NERC understands that each Regional Entity will need to evaluate its individual resource needs and allocations.
- As noted in the assumptions for IT, Regional Entities will be asked to participate in teams to help
 develop application business requirements and to test business functionality for ERO Enterprise
 applications projects. These teams will primarily be business area subject matter experts, not IT
 staff. The success of the Entity Registration project, the Enterprise Reporting data warehouse
 project, and the Compliance Monitoring and Enforcement Process Tool project will be dependent

on Regional Entity participation. When planning, Regional Entities should consider allocating resources at an adequate level of participation to support the success of these projects.

Key Focus Areas (2018)

- Implementation of risk-based registration activities, collaborative development of a consistent registration program throughout the enterprise, and implementation of any registration program changes identified in the 2016 review, as listed above.
- Continued use of the NERC-led review panel, which may require four to six engagements per year that may require travel from each of the regional representatives.

Reliability Assessment and Performance Analysis (RAPA)

Reliability Assessment

Assumptions (2018-2020)

- NERC and the Regional Entities will continue to focus resources on high quality reliability
 assessments that address goals and their associated contributing activities identified in the ERO
 Enterprise's 2018-2020 Strategic Plan for Goal 3 Identification and Mitigation of Significant Risks
 to Reliability and Goal 4 Identification and Assessment of Emerging Risks to Reliability.
- NERC and the Regional Entities will continue to support a common approach for NERC reliability
 assessments and ensure consistent evaluation, aligned with the ROP Section 800, Reliability
 Assessment Guidebook, and the Reliability Assessment Oversight Plan to be developed in 2017.
- NERC and the Regional Entities will advance data management strategies and analytical capabilities for identifying and determining reliability risks and conducting reliability assessments by:
 - Integrating the analysis and measures of essential reliability services (ERS) into the Long-Term Reliability Assessment. The process encompasses new data collection and analysis approaches needed to address assessment objectives of identifying reliability issues due to a changing resource mix.
 - Providing technical resources to examine transmission and deliverability studies and providing high-level evaluation for the Long-Term Reliability Assessment.
 - Providing technical resources, advanced statistical analysis tools, objective expert input, and reliability leadership for the advancement of probabilistic analyses supporting the Long-Term Reliability Assessment.
 - Supporting the NERC Enterprise Reporting Project to ensure Reliability Assessment data is integrated and supported by analytical reporting, data checking, and validation tools.
- NERC and the Regional Entities will provide technical expertise, research, and feedback to the
 industry, as well as provide foundational technical efforts that support reliability planning-related
 standards development. In addition to providing feedback, NERC will also solicit industry's help
 while leveraging any industry research.
- NERC and the Regional Entities may require contractor and consultant services to maintain continued support and technical expertise associated with activities listed in the above

assumptions with supporting special assessment, scenario, or other technical research efforts. This could potentially impact both NERC and Regional Entity resource allocation including:

- Contractor services may be necessary to support special assessment analyses (e.g., EPA 111(d) evaluation or ERS), scenario analyses (e.g., polar vortex-like severe event analyses and gas-electric interdependence), and other technical research efforts (e.g., similar to geomagnetic disturbances (GMDs) and FAC-003 Vegetation Management).
- Contractor services may be needed to support research into GMDs and their impact on BPS operations (see FERC Order 830).
- Contractor services may be needed to support increase in data analysis to support ERS measures, CPS1/CPS2 control performance, and frequency trending.
- As noted in the assumptions for IT, Regional Entities will be asked to participate in teams to help develop application business requirements and to test business functionality for ERO Enterprise applications projects. These teams will primarily be business area subject matter experts, not IT staff. The success of the Enterprise Reporting data warehouse project and the Compliance Monitoring and Enforcement Process Tool project will be dependent on Regional Entity participation. When planning, Regional Entities should consider allocating resources at an adequate level of participation to support the success of this projects.

Key Focus Areas (2018)

- NERC and the Regions will prioritize their work products according to the ERO Reliability Risk Priorities⁷ developed by the RISC, including: 1) Changing Resource Mix (Risk Profile #1), 2) BPS Planning (Risk Profile #2), and 3) Resource Adequacy and Performance (Risk Profile #3).
- Ongoing support for the Planning and Operating Committees and associated subcommittees, working groups, and task forces.
- Develop Reliability Guidelines and Technical Reference Documents based on priority and risk.
- Produce three required reliability assessments reflective of the common approach developed for NERC reliability assessments to ensure consistent treatment of resource and reliability evaluations: 1) Long-Term Reliability Assessment (incorporated probabilistic assessment), 2) Summer Reliability Assessment, and 3) Winter Reliability Assessment.
- Conduct special reliability assessments, as necessary, directed at high priority risks identified by RISC.

Performance Analysis

Assumptions (2018-2020)

- Ongoing support for the technical committees and associated subcommittees, working groups, and task forces.
- NERC and the Regional Entities will continue to focus resources on system insights from high quality performance analysis, including:
 - Development and implementation of expanded and enhanced enterprise-based data collection and analysis systems, and capabilities for performance analyses. This area includes Transmission Availability Data System (TADS), Generating Availability Data System (GADS),

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⁷ ERO Reliability Risk Priorities

Demand Response Availability Data System (DADS), Event Analysis, Alerts, substation equipment failure, and protection systems misoperations data.

- O Support of the integration of information systems for assessments and associated data requirements (in support of data cleansing, blending, and validation).
- o Maturing and developing interconnection-wide analysis groups to support the assessment of interconnection-wide risks, such as frequency response.
- Providing technical resources, analytical tools, and expertise to perform analyses as needed, including supporting and identifying risk priorities for standards development, compliance, and enforcement activities.
- Support the NERC Enterprise Reporting Project to ensure Performance Analysis data is integrated
 into consolidated system and supported by analytical reporting tools, as well as feedback loops
 to other parts of the ERO Enterprise such as compliance, standards, enforcement, etc.
- As noted in the assumptions for IT, Regional Entities will be asked to participate in teams to help develop application business requirements and to test business functionality for ERO Enterprise applications projects. These teams will primarily be business area subject matter experts, not IT staff. The success of the Enterprise Reporting data warehouse project will be dependent on Regional Entity participation. When planning, Regional Entities should consider allocating resources at an adequate level of participation to support the success of this project.

Key Focus Areas (2018)

- Ongoing support for the technical committees and associated subcommittees, working groups, and task forces.
- High quality performance analysis, including:
 - Development and implementation of expanded and enhanced enterprise-based data collection and analysis systems, and capabilities for performance analyses. This area includes TADS, GADS, DADS, Event Analysis, Alerts, substation equipment failure, and protection system misoperations data.
 - Support of the integration of RAPA information systems for assessments and associated data requirements, supporting delivery of high-quality reports (e.g., long-term, short-term, special or scenario assessments, and State of Reliability Report).
 - Providing technical resources and expertise to perform analyses as needed, including supporting and identifying risk priorities for standards development, compliance, and enforcement activities and feedback loops to other parts of the ERO Enterprise, such as compliance, standards, enforcement, etc.

System Analysis

Assumptions (2018-2020)

NERC and the Regions are advancing their analytical capabilities to assess and report on the
reliability of the BPS. Additionally, newer and maturing technologies, such as synchro-phasor
measurement unit (PMU) technology, are enabling innovative approaches for event analysis,
power system analysis, and model validation. NERC and the Regions are uniquely situated to
perform analyses that require a wide-area view of the interconnections, as well as supporting

industry in advancing software and analytical capabilities where appropriate. Support and leadership to the System Analysis Subcommittee and any of the subcommittees, working groups, and task forces will continue.

- NERC will advocate to improve existing commercially available software capabilities and perform power system analysis that create a more profound understanding of system behavior (e.g., interarea oscillations, frequency response, system strength, voltage/reactive performance, signal processing, and signature detection).
- NERC will provide direction and oversight of the interconnection case-building designees in support of interconnection model building and wide-area system analysis:
 - Mature and develop interconnection-wide analysis groups to support the assessment of interconnection-wide risks:
 - Conduct special reliability assessments based on recommendation from load modeling task force modeling to capture the impact of composite load modeling on transmission and distribution system--for example, Fault Induced Delayed Voltage Recovery.
 - o Require powerflow, short circuit, and stability analysis tools and objective expert input for transmission adequacy and deliverability assessments and studies.
 - NERC and the Regional Entities' resources (through the case building designee agreements) will support the Planning Coordinators' development of long-term sustainable interconnection-wide powerflow, short circuit, and dynamics cases that exhibit the accuracy and fidelity reflecting actual BES reliability performance and dynamic conditions.
- NERC and the Regional Entities will advance modeling improvement capabilities to ensure the power system planning and operation models closely resemble actual operating conditions.
 - Perform periodic model validation against measured quantities and operational practices of the power system.
 - Perform case quality and fidelity assessment on interconnection wide models:
 - Case data quality.
 - o Case performance fidelity.
 - Drive the advancement and use of dynamic load modeling on an interconnection-wide basis.
 - Formulate and guide the ERO Enterprise vision and associated activities to promote the advancement and use of dynamic load models and modeling practices.
 - Establish guidelines and technical reference documents related to dynamic load modeling practices, including explanations of existing dynamic load models and their structure, data sets, and parameter derivation.
 - Serve as the industry focal point and open forum for discussing dynamic load modeling practices for system planning and operations studies. Provide industry guidance and support to entities seeking direction on dynamic load modeling across North America.
 - Drive the advancement and use of inverter-based modeling on interconnection wide basis.
 - Establish guidelines and technical reference documents related to inverter-based resource modeling on transmission and distribution system.
 - The recommended modeling practices for utility scale renewable energy resources using new inverter based technology.

- NERC will support the maintenance of the BESnet application and manage processing of the BES
 Exception Requests (ERs), including technical validation of review and approval of Regional ERs,
 periodic reviews of network changes affecting BES Exception determinations, recertification of
 previously approved BES ER, as well as requests for certain registration and certification reviews.
 The Regional Entities will continue to process BES ERs per guidelines established in the ROP.
 Recertification for exceptions begins in 2018.
- NERC and the Regional Entities will work collaboratively to enhance the ERO Enterprise's capability for event and forensic analysis, including:
 - Development of a process to ensure the compilation and creation of steady state, short circuit, and dynamic simulation model cases for use in the investigation and analysis of major power system disturbance events.
 - Evaluation of event disturbances using phasor measurements and other methods to assess sufficiency of data and models.
- NERC will provide technical expertise, research, and feedback to the industry, as well as
 foundational technical efforts that support the key reliability planning-related standards
 development. In addition to providing feedback, NERC will also solicit industry's help by using
 resources and leveraging any research that has been done by the industry.
- NERC and the Regional Entities may require contractor and consultant services to maintain continued support and technical expertise associated with activities listed in the above assumptions, supporting special assessment, scenario analysis, or other technical efforts, potentially impacting both NERC and Regional Entity resource allocation, including:
 - If significant events occur, contractor services may be required to support wide-area system analyses and root cause evaluations.
 - Contractor services may be necessary to support special reliability assessment analyses (e.g., Inertia Response and Primary Frequency Response Analysis, Voltage and reactive performance study, and Inter-Area Oscillation Analysis).
 - Contractor services are needed to support Dynamic model developments (e.g., Composite Load Modeling, utility scale renewable energy modeling and distributed energy resources). For 2018, the Load Modeling Task Force is requesting load model testing (approximately \$100k).
 - Contractor services are needed to support the Synchronized Measurement Subcommittee with a PMU-based assessment (approximately \$100k).
- As noted in the assumptions for IT, Regional Entities will be asked to participate in teams to help
 develop application business requirements and to test business functionality for ERO Enterprise
 applications projects. These teams will primarily be business area subject matter experts, not IT
 staff. The success of the Enterprise Reporting data warehouse project will be dependent on
 Regional Entity participation. When planning, Regional Entities should consider allocating
 resources at an adequate level of participation to support the success of this project.

Key Focus Areas (2018)

 Stakeholder and Committee Support - Ongoing support for the Planning and Operating Committees, and associated subcommittees, working groups, and task forces.

- **ERO Enterprise Technical Support** Ongoing support for BES exception processing, Risk-Based Registration, Standards, and Compliance support.
- Modeling Improvement Initiatives Perform periodic model validation against measured quantities and event models to ensure case quality and fidelity and also case creation for event analysis.
- Power System Analysis Develop technical analyses in key reliability areas, resulting in technically
 accurate and comprehensive reports addressing areas of concern (e.g., frequency response, short
 circuit strength, inter-area oscillation, distributed energy resource and load composition changes,
 etc.) to evaluate the characteristics and performance of the BPS with changes to the resource mix
 and integration of new technologies:
 - Synchrophasor technology Collect strategically selected PMU data in near real-time for improved situational awareness and monitoring, and to gather larger PMU datasets for advanced data analytics and modeling improvements. Expand use of synchrophasor technology for power plant model verification and compliance with MOD-026/-027 standards.
 - Oscillation analysis Broaden understanding of inter-area, local, and forced oscillations in all
 interconnections; use wide-area synchrophasor data to provide industry with better
 understanding of phenomena, available tools, and findings.
 - Load and distributed resource modeling Drive education of dynamic load modeling and development of improved dynamic load models; supporting compliance with TPL-001-4.
 Support study and policy development related to end-use load behavior; advocate for gridfriendly load response.
 - Frequency response analysis and vision Meet regulatory requirements per BAL-003-1; exploratory understanding of frequency response; support interconnection-wide studies of frequency response.
 - Case quality metrics, model validation and improvement Improve case quality and robustness, support industry developments for MOD-033 tools and processes feedback loop with MOD-032 designees. Proactively seek to address deficiencies in interconnection-wide models and eliminate incessant problems. Ensure models can recreate plant behavior.
 - **Event Forensics** Support NERC Event Analysis in event of major grid disturbance; simulation and data analysis expertise across multiple platforms.
 - System Strength & Reactive/Voltage Performance Analysis Support ERS measure with advanced studies of potential phenomena under future end states; perform assessment of short circuit ratio study and implications based on regional/local studies.
 - Geomagnetic Disturbances Conduct research on geomagnetic disturbances to address FERC Order 830 (three to four year research plan).
- Technical Support, Standard Support, Implementation, and Outreach Provide technical expertise and unique insights to the industry. The department will also develop white papers, technical reports, and reference documents, as needed, to address emerging issues and industry concerns related to system planning and operations. The department will also develop and produce Reliability Guidelines for the Planning and Operating Committees. In addition to providing feedback, NERC will also solicit industry's help by using research work that has been done by the industry and academia.
 - 2-3 in-person workshops.

- Participation at industry technical groups, such as Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers (IEEE), North American SynchroPhasor Initiative (NASPI), International Council on Large Electric Systems (CIGRE), Power Systems Engineering Research Center (PSERC), etc., as needed.
- Advanced Software Capabilities In order to conduct analysis and produce results in a timely
 manner, additional and improved data collection, data management, and analytical tools will be
 required. Robust analytical tools will increase the effectiveness of NERC staff to functionally
 correlate disparate data sources to ensure full-scope analyses and assessments of situations
 relevant to reliability risks are performed more broadly than in historical NERC analyses and
 assessments. Using state of the art software and technology is crucial to effective analysis
 especially considering the size of the North American electric footprint.

Situation Awareness and Infrastructure Security (including Event Analysis)

Situation Awareness

Assumptions (2018-2020)

- Ongoing support for the technical committees and associated subcommittees, working groups, and task forces. Regional Entity involvement is expected to remain at current levels with no additional resources required from the Regional Entities.
- Registered entity participation in the ERO Enterprise Event Analysis Process, which involves active participation by Regional Entity staffs, will continue at or above current levels through 2018-2020.
- NERC will continue to require the software application known as Situational Awareness for FERC, NERC, and Regional Entities, Version 2 (SAFNRv2) for situation awareness, and The Event Analysis Management System (TEAMS) for Events Analysis. The allocation of additional resource investments is expected to maintain the capabilities of SAFNRv2 throughout the planning period. Any such investments will be NERC funded and not result in an allocation of cost to the Regional Entities.
- Regional Entities will continue to budget for event analysis and situational awareness activities
 based on their respective Region's historical workload, as they did in the past. Some Regional
 Entities will continue to allocate resources as part of the activities accounted for under their RAPA
 program and should clearly delineate where the activities' resources are budgeted.
- Regional Entities will support critical infrastructure security activities in the context of situation awareness, using those designated resources, unless specifically budgeted and managed elsewhere.
- As noted in the assumptions for IT, Regional Entities will be asked to participate in teams to help develop application business requirements and to test business functionality for ERO Enterprise applications projects. These teams will primarily be business area subject matter experts, not IT staff. The success of the Enterprise Reporting data warehouse project will be dependent on Regional Entity participation. When planning, Regional Entities should consider allocating resources at an adequate level of participation to support the success of this project.

Key Focus Areas (2018)

- Ongoing support for the technical committees and associated subcommittees, working groups, and task forces.
- Support for ERO Enterprise data collection and analysis, as well as the Enterprise Reporting Project designed to transfer the data to an integrated platform.
- Support for critical infrastructure security by promoting rapid and appropriate sharing of situational awareness information regarding security occurrences.
- Analysis of significant events to identify gaps in standards, compliance effectiveness, registration, and risk controls effectiveness.
- Work on overcoming barriers to the timely release of BES and security reports to industry through a secure portal.
- Providing of lessons learned and recommendations from events and identified risks.
- Enhancement of risk analysis capabilities by integrating risk data sources, such as event analysis, TADS, GADS, and protection system misoperations into situation awareness assessments.
- Participation as appropriate in periodic wide-area security exercises (e.g., GridEx, Monitoring and Situation Awareness Workshop, NERC HP Conference, feedback loops to other parts of the ERO Enterprise such as compliance, standards, enforcement, etc.).

Event Analysis

Assumptions (2018-2020)

- Ongoing support for the technical committees and associated subcommittees, working groups, and task forces. Regional Entity involvement is expected to remain at current levels with no additional resources required from the Regional Entities.
- Registered entity participation in the ERO Enterprise Event Analysis Process, which involves active
 participation by Regional Entity staffs, will continue at or above current levels through 2018-2020.
- Regional Entities will continue to budget for event analysis and situational awareness activities based on their respective Region's historical workload, as they did in the past. Some Regional Entities will continue to allocate resources as part of the activities accounted for under their RAPA program and should clearly delineate where the activities' resources are budgeted.
- Regional Entities will support critical infrastructure security activities in the context of situation awareness, using those designated resources, unless specifically budgeted and managed elsewhere.
- As noted in the assumptions for IT, Regional Entities will be asked to participate in teams to help
 develop application business requirements and to test business functionality for ERO Enterprise
 applications projects. These teams will primarily be business area subject matter experts, not IT
 staff. The success of the Enterprise Reporting data warehouse project will be dependent on
 Regional Entity participation. When planning, Regional Entities should consider allocating
 resources at an adequate level of participation to support the success of this project.

Key Focus Areas (2018)

 Ongoing support for the technical committees and associated subcommittees, working groups, and task forces.

- Support for ERO Enterprise data collection and analysis, as well as the Enterprise Reporting Project designed to transfer the data to an integrated platform.
- Support for critical infrastructure security by promoting rapid and appropriate sharing of situational awareness information regarding security occurrences.
- Analysis of significant events to identify gaps in standards, compliance monitoring effectiveness, registration, and risk controls effectiveness.
- Work on overcoming barriers to the timely release of BES reports to industry through a secure portal.
- Providing of lessons-learned and recommendations from events and identified risks.
- Continue to provide industry leadership in the analysis, understanding, and prevention of human error and improved human performance with regards to increased BPS reliability.
- Enhancement of risk analysis capabilities by integrating risk data sources, such as event analysis, TADS, GADS, and relay misoperations.
- Participation as appropriate in periodic wide-area security exercises (e.g., GridEx and feedback loops to other parts of the ERO Enterprise such as compliance, standards, enforcement, etc.).

Electricity Information Sharing and Analysis Center (E-ISAC)

Assumptions (2018-2020)

- NERC will continue to fund, operate, and maintain the E-ISAC in performing its mission to reduce cyber and physical security risk to the electricity sector across North America by providing unique insights, leadership, and coordination. Threat information and mitigation best practices will be shared across the community, emphasizing reliability and resilience-related physical and cyber security considerations with a continued focus on potential impacts to an evolving footprint of essential reliability services.
- The stakeholder community served by the E-ISAC includes the ERO Enterprise and NERC registered entities and importantly extends into distribution system asset owners and operators; local, state, provincial, and federal (US, Canada, Mexico) government departments and agencies with electricity policy, information sharing, intelligence, research and development, and law enforcement roles, and additional cross-sector organizations and supply chain vendors. All information sharing with these stakeholders will continue to be subject to the E-ISAC Code of Conduct.⁸
- E-ISAC budgeting for FTE staff and programs will need to increase during this period to improve security analysis and stakeholder support.
 - With additional staff, there will be an increased budget requirement for staff security training, as well as travel within North America to utilities and stakeholder meetings for threat briefings, training, and exercises. Staff will provide subject matter expertise and analysis for physical and cyber security information requests from stakeholders, including risk-informing ERO Enterprise standards functions subject to Code of Conduct limitations.
 - Programs and capabilities to mature and enhance include: E-ISAC "Portal as a Platform" data analysis center functionality and stakeholder communication tools and meeting protocols for

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⁸ E-ISAC Code of Conduct

rapid information sharing. Programs, such as the Cybersecurity Risk Information Sharing Program (CRISP) and other Department of Energy initiatives, will continue to apply supplementary participant funding approaches with no increased cost to the Regional Entities, except as elective participants.

- NERC will continue to fund and, through the E-ISAC, conduct security exercises and training to
 include the biennial Grid Security Exercise (GridEx) program, as well as "train the trainer"
 Cybersecurity Risk Assessment Program events, and timely emergent issues risk mitigation
 training (e.g., Ukraine, Internet of Things, etc.) with no increased cost to the Regional Entities,
 other than travel expenses for in-person meetings and briefings.
- NERC will continue to fund E-ISAC conducted security-related meetings and threat briefs to
 include the Grid Security Conference (GridSecCon) as an annual event, monthly conference calls,
 and other regular or emergent issue threat briefings as required with coordination from
 appropriate government entities. Other than funding registration fees and travel expenses for
 individual attendees from their Regional Entity, no Regional Entity funding is anticipated.

Key Focus Areas (2018)

- Stakeholders: The E-ISAC will continue to add value for stakeholders through member engagement, information sharing and analysis, and function as a coordinating hub within the electricity subsector for the ERO Enterprise and the Electricity Subsector Coordinating Council (ESCC) Playbook communications with industry and government. The E-ISAC will work closely with emerging, resource-dedicated Regional Entity security functions⁹ that are rigorously separated from compliance and enforcement areas. The ESCC Member Executive Committee will provide industry guidance to help the E-ISAC improve. E-ISAC staff will continue to interface with important security-related stakeholder groups (such as the Critical Infrastructure Protection Committee) as subject matter experts and continue developing relevant security metrics.
- Staff: Resourcing requirements indicate appropriate expansion for additional cyber and physical
 analytic staff to fulfill value delivery elements of this plan. Additionally, adequate resourcing is
 planned to ensure NERC support for standard, recurring professional security training for staff, as
 well as North American travel to fulfill the E-ISAC mission.
- Systems and Programs: The centerpiece of E-ISAC collaboration with members is the Portal, which
 will undergo an important upgrade in 2017 into a much more capable "platform" model to
 support and coordinate key initiatives, including: improved collaboration capability, data analysis
 center functionality, improved stakeholder management, malware "drop box," and more. In
 2018, lessons learned from GridEx IV (November 2017) will also be available to drive further
 enhancements of the Portal platform. CRISP and other key programs, in partnership with DOE,
 will continue to support expanded membership engagement and analytic capability
 advancements.

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⁹ Regional Entities should designate in writing the person(s) who will be separate from ERO CMEP functions to provide security-focused point(s) of contact to the E-ISAC who will receive access to security products on the portal. A security designation template is available from the E-ISAC.

Training, Education, and Continuing Education

Assumptions (2018-2020)

- NERC will continue to fund the ERO Enterprise Learning Portal (EELP). NERC will work with the
 Regional Entities to consolidate learning resources and promote better coordination, planning,
 delivery, and management of learning activities across the ERO Enterprise in concert with Regionspecific learning activities/requirements.
- Regional Entities will allocate resources to meet their statutory and delegation agreement requirements. The Regional Entities, in collaboration with NERC, will jointly contribute to the assessment and determination of ERO Enterprise learning and outreach needs. This includes advocating flexibility in the approach between Regional Entities and anticipating areas of support for their staff and stakeholders regarding the ERO Enterprise's programs.
- CMEP staff training and education are expected to remain a focal point for the ERO Enterprise.
 NERC will continue to lead the development of a compliance learning curriculum with assistance of qualified subject matter experts from the Regional Entities, Operational Leadership Team (OLT) working groups, and incorporation of outside expertise/services.
- Much of the financial cost for the Regional Entities' ERO Enterprise learning development support is through the functional program support cycle. However, Regional Entities should continue to budget travel funds for attendance at development meetings that result from special requirements as business needs are clarified throughout the year. These funds may also support attendance at future joint ERO Enterprise training meetings/workshops. These potential meetings will likely not exceed three in a year with a requirement for one or two persons attending at any one time.
- Regional Entities must allocate resources to address compliance and enforcement staff learning needs that are associated with the implementation of the risk-informed CMEP.
- Contractor and consultant services are imperative to the development, delivery and technical support load anticipated for ERO Enterprise learning needs/activities.
- The NERC Continuing Education Program is expected to remain at steady state in support of system operator certification. Potential expansion to other functional programs would be known well in advance and additional funding will be allocated to support the expansion.

Key Focus Areas (2018)

- Participate in the ERO Enterprise staff learning development process through the OLT working groups, NERC functional area program leaders, and coordinating/working meetings. This requires commitment of resources, subject-matter expertise, and trainers in identifying learning needs, content development/coordination, product review/feedback, and delivery.
- Provide and maintain administrative support to the EELP. This includes maintaining the Regional Entity-specific portion of the system and coordinating/collaborating with the NERC administrator in improvement and operation of the system for the ERO Enterprise.
- Facilitate ERO Enterprise learning by analyzing events, communicating lessons learned, tracking recommendations, and supporting the use of the EELP for learning scheduling, delivery, and records management.
- Support coordination, planning, delivery, and management of learning efforts across the ERO Enterprise in concert with Region-specific training, education, and outreach needs/activities.

 In collaboration with NERC program leaders, support learning development efforts for ERO Enterprise staff and stakeholders as identified/needed in the course of program management activities, development, and outreach.

Personnel Certification

Assumptions (2018-2020)

- NERC will continue to provide required support and leadership for the Personnel Certification Governance Committee (PCGC) and working groups serving the PCGC.
- The Personnel Certification program is expected to remain at a steady state with no additional resources required from the Regional Entities.

Key Focus Areas (2018)

- Continue to update System Operator Certification Exam Item Bank to ensure relevance to current Reliability Standards and promote reliability of the BPS.
- Develop Exam "Skills Assessment" Strategy to better assess the skills and knowledge of System Operators.
- Evaluate Credential Review and Rationalization to maintain credential.

Information Technology

Assumptions (2018-2020)

- NERC and the Regional Entities will work collaboratively to refine existing strategies and governance and procurement practices applicable to the development, operation, and maintenance of enterprise architecture, including software and data systems supporting both NERC and Regional Entity operations.
- NERC's BP&B will include ongoing funding support for the development, operation, and maintenance of ERO Technology Leadership Team (TLT) and ERO EMG-approved enterprise applications. Enterprise application funding in any given year will be subject to the budget and funding limits set forth in NERC's approved BP&B. Regional Entities should include appropriate funding for applications and supporting systems designed to satisfy Regional business needs.
- Regional Entities may be required to provide or augment business teams to help develop application business requirements and to test business functionality within the ERO Enterprise applications, such as the CMEP Technology Program Steering Committee.
- Ongoing investments will be required to develop, implement, and maintain enhancements to the NERC and Regional Entity websites, ERO Enterprise applications, and ERO Enterprise data repositories, which are required to improve access to information and data. NERC and the Regional Entities will separately fund any enhancements to their own websites.

Key Focus Areas (2018)

Following a disciplined process with appropriate ERO TLT approval, along with budgetary controls,
 the ERO Enterprise Project Management Office will deliver agreed upon ERO Enterprise IT

applications designed to be used by NERC, the Regional Entities and, in some cases, registered entities. To ensure close coordination, collaboration, and efficiency, to the extent the agreed upon applications are in progress or widely available, NERC and the Regional Entities will not build or duplicate ERO Enterprise application functionality.

- NERC's BP&B will include ongoing funding support for the development, operation, and maintenance of NERC and Regional Entity approved enterprise applications. Enterprise application funding in any given year will be subject to the budget and funding limits set forth in NERC's approved BP&B.
- When no ERO Enterprise applications are available to satisfy the requirement, Regional Entities should provide a description of the maintenance and capital investment in software required in performance of their delegated functions. The NERC IT budget does not supplant Regional Entity need for IT expenditures for specific regional projects.

Key focus area projects include:

- Enhancing collaboration and information sharing by leveraging Microsoft's SharePoint platform. At the first phase (2015-2017) of the project, NERC is scheduled to deliver a Document Management system and NERC Intranet interface. The second phase includes delivery of enhancements to NERC's public facing website. The third phase is scheduled for 2018-2019 and will deliver NERC extranet, as well as replace email document collaboration with Microsoft's SharePoint collaboration System.
- Improving entity specific communication and information sharing across the ERO Enterprise. Plans include a new intelligent announcements and alert solution to be delivered in 2017-2019.
- Implementing new Enterprise-wide support tools for CMEP. Its first phase to deliver a centralized
 entity registration solution is scheduled for 2017. The second phase enables NERC Reliability
 Standards to be used as shared data and is scheduled for 2017-2019. The third phase delivering
 new solutions and retiring current solutions that support the CMEP is scheduled for 2017-2020.
- Consolidating data collected by NERC and making it available for analysis by authorized organizations. The build out of an ERO Enterprise Data Warehouse is currently underway. Additional data will be extracted, transformed, and loaded during 2017-2020. Data to be loaded includes generation, transmission, events, misoperations, and compliance data.

ERO Enterprise-wide Risk Management

Assumptions (2018-2020)

- A common ERO Enterprise risk management framework commenced in 2014 to focus on identifying, assessing, prioritizing, and mitigating risks associated with the performance of both NERC and the Regional Entities. This multi-year activity is progressing as expected and will reach steady state by 2017.
- NERC's Director of Internal Audit and Corporate Risk Management is responsible for the overall development of this framework, with the approval of the ERO Regional Executives and under the oversight of NERC's Enterprise-wide Risk Committee.
- NERC and the Regional Entities will continue to devote resources to implement this framework.
 The results will serve as an input into NERC's future audit plans, which are reviewed and approved

by the NERC Board of Trustees Enterprise Risk Management Committee. Regional Entities may add risk management and internal control resources as needed.

Key Focus Areas (2018)

 NERC and Regional Entities key focus areas include continued refinement, validation, and prioritization of inherent and residual risks; greater precision in the identification of risk mitigation activities and internal controls; and enhanced consolidated results for ERO EMG review and approval.

Exhibit B – Application of NERC Section 215 Criteria

DISCUSSION OF HOW THE NERC MAJOR ACTIVITIES IN THE 2018 BUSINESS PLAN AND BUDGET MEET THE NERC WRITTEN CRITERIA FOR DETERMINING WHETHER A **RELIABILITY ACTIVITY IS ELIGIBLE TO BE FUNDED UNDER FEDERAL POWER ACT SECTION 215**

Introduction I.

This Exhibit discusses how the major activities in NERC's 2018 Business Plan and Budget meet the NERC written criteria for determining whether a reliability activity is eligible to be funded under §215 of the Federal Power Act ("FPA §215"). This Exhibit is intended to satisfy Recommendation No. 38 resulting from the financial performance of NERC conducted by the Commission's Division of Audits ("DA") in 2012-2013 and adopted by the Commission in its November 2, 2012 order on NERC's 2013 Business Plan and Budget. NERC submitted the written criteria to the Commission in a compliance filing dated February 21, 2013 in Docket No. FA11-21-000.² The Commission approved the NERC written criteria, with modifications, in an order issued in that docket on April 18, 2013.3 The NERC written criteria as used in this Exhibit incorporate the modifications specified in the Compliance Order.⁴

II. **Reliability Standards Program 2018 Major Activities**

The major activities of the Reliability Standards Program are described at pages 25-27 of the 2018 Business Plan and Budget. The Reliability Standards Program carries out the ERO's responsibility to develop, adopt, obtain approval of, and modify as and when appropriate, mandatory Reliability Standards for the reliable planning, operation, and critical infrastructure protection of the North American Bulk Electric System (BES). The major activity areas for this program include (1) providing project management and leadership to the reliability standard development process to deliver high-quality, continent-wide reliability standards, both new and modified, including standard development outreach activities, facilitation of drafting team activities, drafting support, assisting drafting teams in adhering to the processes in the Standard Processes Manual, and ensuring that the quality of documents produced are appropriate for approval by industry and the NERC Board; (2) facilitating continent-wide industry engagement in the standard development processes; and (3) conducting industry balloting on standards, disseminating information on standards and the standard development processes, and supporting regulatory filings and proceedings relating to standards. Additionally, the Reliability Standards Program provides technical advice and final quality review for Regional Entity standards development processes, presents proposed regional standards to the NERC Board, and prepares submissions for approval of regional standards to the applicable regulatory authorities in the U.S. and Canada.

For 2018, the major activities of the Reliability Standards Program will continue to focus on (1) selection of standards projects to be undertaken based on the nature of the reliability issue, and whether

¹ North American Electric Reliability Corporation, Order Accepting 2013 Business Plan and Budget of the North American Electric Reliability Corporation and Ordering Compliance Filing, 141 FERC ¶ 61,086 (2012) ("2013 Budget Order"). Recommendation 38, as adopted in the 2013 Budget Order, is: "In its annual business plan and budget filings, [NERC should] provide an explanation as to why the proposed activities to be undertaken by each program area for the budget year are statutory, including, at a minimum: a description and the purpose of the major activities to be taken by each program area and an explanation for why the activity is a statutory activity." Id. at P 16.

² Compliance Filing of the North American Electric Reliability Corporation in Response to Paragraph 30 of November 2, 2012 Commission Order – NERC Written Criteria for Determining Whether a Reliability Activity is Eligible to be Funded Under Federal Power Act Section 215, filed February 1, 2013 in Docket No. FA 11-21-000 ("February 1, 2013 Compliance Filing").

³ North American Electric Reliability Corporation, Order on Compliance, 143 FERC ¶ 61,052 (2013) ("Compliance Order").

⁴ For ease of reference, the complete NERC written criteria, as modified in accordance with the Compliance Order, are provided at the end of this Exhibit.

a standard or another solution is most appropriate to address the issue; (2) addressing Commission directives and responding to Commission orders as necessary through the standards process; (3) performing periodic reviews of standards; (4) facilitating smooth transitions to new standards through developing guidelines, webinars, and other activities to support auditor and industry training for new standards. Identification of need for any new standards projects will be based on sources such as Commission directives and reliability risks identified by the Reliability Risk Management Process or the Reliability Issues Steering Committee (RISC); and (5) implementing the results of the comprehensive review of standards conducted in 2017 by initiating projects to review or retire standards.

The major activities of the Reliability Standards Program satisfy the following criteria:

- I.A: Is the activity necessary or appropriate for Reliability Standards development projects pursuant to the NERC Rules of Procedure (ROP)?
- I.B: Is the activity necessary or appropriate for providing guidance and assistance to Regional Entities in carrying out Regional Reliability Standards development activities?
- I.C: Is the activity necessary or appropriate for information gathering, collection and analysis activities to obtain information for Reliability Standards development, including for purposes of identifying areas in which new Reliability Standards could be developed, existing Reliability Standards could be revised, or existing Reliability Standards could be eliminated?
- I.D: Is the activity necessary or appropriate for the provision of training and education concerning Reliability Standards development processes, procedures, and topics for/to (i) NERC personnel, (ii) Regional Entity personnel, (iii) industry personnel?
- II.F.1: Is the activity necessary or appropriate for the provision of training, education and dissemination of information for/to (i) NERC personnel, (ii) Regional Entity personnel, and (ii) industry personnel with respect to compliance monitoring and enforcement topics and topics concerning reliability risks identified through compliance monitoring and enforcement activities, such as (1) Requirements of Reliability Standards, including how to comply and how to demonstrate compliance? This includes development of guidance and interpretation documents.
- IV: Is the activity one that was required or directed by a Commission order issued pursuant to §215? (Reliability Standards development projects are often initiated in response to directives in Commission orders).
- V: Is the activity one that is required or specified by, or carries out, the provisions of NERC's ROP that have been approved by the Commission as "Electric Reliability Organization Rules" (defined in 18 C.F.R. §39.1) pursuant to FPA §215(f)? (The applicable ROP provisions for these major activities are §300 and Appendix 3A.)
- VI: Is the activity necessary or appropriate for the supervision and oversight of Regional Entities in the performance of their delegated responsibilities in accordance with FPA §215, 18 C.F.R. Part 39, the Commission-approved delegation agreement between NERC and the Regional Entity, the NERC ROP, and applicable provisions of Commission orders?
- IX. Is the activity necessary or appropriate for NERC and Regional Entity committees, subcommittees and working groups engaged in activities encompassed by one or more of the other criteria?

X. Is the activity necessary or appropriate for the analysis and evaluation of activities encompassed by one or more of the other criteria for the purpose of identifying means of performing the activities more effectively and efficiently?

III. <u>Compliance Monitoring and Enforcement and Organization Registration and Certification</u> Program Area 2018 Major Activities

The major activities of the Compliance Monitoring and Enforcement and Organization Registration and Certification Program Area are described at pages 29-32, 35-36, and 39-43 of the 2018 Business Plan and Budget. This Program Area is comprised of three operational groups: (1) Compliance Assurance (addressing compliance monitoring), (2) Compliance Analysis, Organization Registration and Certification (addressing assurance, organization registration and certification), and (3) Compliance Enforcement.

The Compliance Assurance group works collaboratively with the Regional Entities to ensure effective implementation of risk-based compliance monitoring under the Compliance Monitoring and Enforcement Program ("CMEP") across the entire ERO Enterprise. This group's activities include the following major activities and functions: (1) ensuring that Regional Entities monitor registered entities for compliance according to their specific facts and circumstances, developing customized compliance oversight plans (COPs) for each registered entity based on its inherent risk assessment (IRA); (2) overseeing Regional Entities' IRAs of registered entities; (3) oversight of the quality implementation of the risk-based compliance monitoring program; (4) development of the annual CMEP Implementation Plan; (5) oversight of use of necessary compliance-related processes, procedures, IT platforms, tools and templates; (6) development and delivery of education and training for ERO Enterprise staff; (7) conducting CIP V5 training and education programs and other outreach that support industry compliance and security; (8) conducting CIP-014-2 training and outreach activities related to effective implementation of the Physical Security Reliability Standard; (9) coordinating with the NERC Standards department for standards development to provide compliance information, statistics, and perspectives to standard drafting teams to foster development of standards that provide increased reliability benefit and clarify compliance risks, and to assist in smooth transitions for standards from development to enforceability; (10) supporting Regional Entity and industry committees, working groups and task forces, such as the NERC Compliance and Certification Committee (CCC) and Critical Infrastructure Protection Committee (CIPC); (11) industry-focused outreach events and webinars on risk-based CMEP activities; and (12) promoting registered entities' development of effective compliance programs and internal controls.

The ongoing and new major activities of the Compliance Assurance group for 2018 will include: (1) continuing to implement the risk-based compliance program, including ongoing oversight of the risk-based CMEP, IRAs, internal controls, and ensuring that COPs are addressing the relevant risks; (2) working with NERC Enforcement and IT and with Regional Entity staffs development of the CMEP Process tool; (3) supporting the continued successful implementation of CIP V5 standards and subsequent enhancements that became or become effective in 2017 and beyond; (4) continuing to monitor and support effective implementation and monitoring of the Physical Security Reliability Standard; (5) continuing the training program for Regional Entity staff to support the ERO Auditor Capabilities and Competencies Guide; (6) continuing to provide feedback to the Standards Program to integrate standards and compliance functions for clear stakeholder implementation, including through a common set of Reliability Standards Audit Worksheets; (7) supporting international CMEP activities including reliability and security subject matter expertise and outreach; (8) providing support and leadership to applicable committees and subcommittees including the CIPC and the CCC; and (9) continuing to periodically host an Energy Technologies Roundtable for in-depth discussion of integrating emerging technologies associated with BPS operations to address cyber and physical security risks.

The Compliance Analysis, Organization Registration and Certification group is responsible for a range of requirements and activities embodied in Section 500 and Appendices 5A and 5B of the NERC ROP, including providing technical resource support to standards development, compliance monitoring, and enforcement; ensuring that all entities impacting the BES are registered commensurate with risk; ensuring all Reliability Coordinators ("RC"), Balancing Authorities ("BA") and Transmission Operators ("TOP") are certified; conducting industry reliability assurance activities; and ensuring that compliance gaps identified in reportable events are assessed and addressed if appropriate. Major activities of this group include (1) registration of BES users, owners, and operators who are responsible for compliance with Commission-approved Reliability Standards; (2) evaluating and certification of the competency of RCs, BAs and TOPs; (3) conducting activities to reasonably assure the ERO that certain actions have been taken as reported in response to NERC Alerts or guidance to industry; (4) providing oversight of Regional Entity implementation of regional registration, compliance, certification, investigation, and complaint programs and processes; (5) conducting investigations to identify Possible Violations of Reliability Standards in response to complaints, BES disturbances, or other triggers, including participating on all Regional Entity-led investigations and as observers as requested on Commission-led reliability investigations and inquiries; (6) working with Regional Entity staff to confirm that qualified events and disturbances are evaluated against the relevant Reliability Standards and to ensure formal compliance monitoring occurs if indicated; and (7) addressing formal complaints that allege violations of Reliability Standards. Specific major activities of Compliance Analysis, Organization Registration and Certification for 2018 will include continuing to conduct NERC-led panels on registration requests; continuing to implement registration program improvements and certification program improvements identified in prior years, including conducting training as necessary; and evaluating BES disturbances and events for potential gaps in compliance monitoring or reliability standards.

The Compliance Enforcement department is responsible for overseeing enforcement processes, the application of Penalties or sanctions, and activities to mitigate and prevent recurrence of noncompliance with Reliability Standards. The Department works collaboratively with the Regional Entities to ensure consistent and effective implementation of the risk-based CMEP, including evaluating the consistency of disposition methods including assessment of Penalties or sanctions. It also focuses on ensuring that the ERO Enterprise dedicates resources to the matters that pose the greatest risk to reliability. The Compliance Enforcement department monitors Regional Entities' enforcement processes and provides oversight over the outcomes of such processes, to ensure due process, identify best practices and process efficiency opportunities, and promote consistency among Regional Entities' business practices; collects and analyzes compliance enforcement data and trends to assist with identification of emerging risks and help to inform development of enforcement policy and processes; files Notices of Penalty ("NOP") and other submittals associated with noncompliance discovered through Regional Entity compliance monitoring and enforcement activities; processes and files NOPs and other submittals discovered through NERC-led investigations and audits; collaborates with other NERC departments, including Compliance Assurance, Reliability Standards and Regional Entity Coordination; and delivers training of the ERO Enterprise staff and outreach to registered entities on compliance and enforcement topics. Compliance Enforcement also conducts outreach activities that focus on self-logging, compliance exceptions, and risk assessment of noncompliances.

During 2018, the Compliance Enforcement department will continue to focus on the successful implementation of, as well as refining and improving, the risk-based CMEP. The major activities of Compliance Enforcement will include continuing to refine and improve risk-based CMEP processes; continuing to implement in a transparent manner the risk-focused ERO Enterprise enforcement philosophy; expanding the feedback loop of information from Enforcement to Standards and other program areas; and working with Compliance Assurance, IT, and Regional Entity staffs regarding

improvements in the existing compliance, reporting, analysis system and other compliance tools to support risk-based activities.

The major activities of the Compliance Monitoring and Enforcement and Organization Registration and Certification Program Area satisfy the following criteria:

- I.A: Is the activity necessary or appropriate for Reliability Standards development projects pursuant to the NERC ROP?
- I.C: Is the activity necessary or appropriate for information gathering, collection and analysis activities to obtain information for Reliability Standards development, including for purposes of identifying areas in which new Reliability Standards could be developed, existing Reliability Standards could be revised, or existing Reliability Standards could be eliminated?
- II.A: Is the activity necessary or appropriate for the identification and registration of users, owners, and operators of the Bulk Power System that are required to comply with Requirements of Reliability Standards applicable to the reliability functions for which they are registered?
- II.B: Is the activity necessary or appropriate for the Certification of Reliability Coordinators, Transmission Operators and Balancing Authorities as having the requisite personnel, qualifications and facilities and equipment needed to perform these reliability functions in accordance with the applicable Requirements of Reliability Standards?
- II.D: Is the activity necessary or appropriate for conducting, participating in or overseeing compliance monitoring and enforcement activities pursuant to the NERC ROP and (through the Regional Entities) the Commission-approved delegation agreements?
- II.E: Is the activity necessary or appropriate for information gathering, collection and analysis activities to obtain information to monitor and enforce compliance with Reliability Standards, including evaluating the effectiveness of current compliance monitoring and enforcement processes, the need for new or revised compliance monitoring and enforcement processes, and the need for new or different means of training and education on compliance with Reliability Standards.
- II.F: Is the activity necessary or appropriate for the provision of training, education and dissemination of information for/to (i) NERC personnel, (ii) Regional Entity personnel, and (iii) industry personnel with respect to compliance monitoring and enforcement topics and topics concerning reliability risks identified through compliance monitoring and enforcement activities, such as: (1) Requirements of Reliability Standards, including how to comply and how to demonstrate compliance? This includes development of guidance and interpretation documents. (2) Compliance monitoring and enforcement processes, including how to conduct them, how to participate in them, and the expectations for the process? This includes development of guidance documents. Disseminating, through workshops, (3) webinars, Advisories/Recommendations/Essential Actions, and other publications, "lessons learned" information on compliance concerns and reliability risks obtained through compliance monitoring and enforcement activities, monitoring and investigation of Bulk Power System major events, offnormal occurrences and near miss events, and other Bulk Power System monitoring activities? (4) Registered Entity internal processes for compliance with Reliability Standards, such as development, implementation and maintenance of internal reliability compliance programs?

- V: Is the activity one that is required or specified by, or carries out, the provisions of NERC's ROP that have been approved by the Commission as "Electric Reliability Organization Rules" (defined in 18 C.F.R. §39.1) pursuant to FPA §215(f)? (The applicable ROP provisions for these major activities are §400 and 500 and Appendices 4B, 4C, 5A, 5B and 5C.)
- VI: Is the activity necessary or appropriate for the supervision and oversight of Regional Entities in the performance of their delegated responsibilities in accordance with FPA §215, 18 C.F.R. Part 39, the Commission-approved delegation agreement between NERC and the Regional Entity, the NERC ROP, and applicable provisions of Commission orders?
- IX: Is the activity necessary or appropriate for NERC and Regional Entity committees, subcommittees and working groups engaged in the activities encompassed by one or more of the other criteria?
- X: Is the activity necessary or appropriate for the analysis and evaluation of activities encompassed by one or more of the other criteria for the purpose of identifying means of performing the activities more effectively and efficiently?

IV. Reliability Assessment and System Analysis Program 2018 Major Activities

The major activities of the Reliability Assessment and System Analysis (RASA) Program are described at pages 45-50 of the 2018 Business Plan and Budget. The RASA Program carries out the ERO's responsibility to conduct assessments of the reliability and adequacy of the BES to provide insight and guidance about reliability risks. RASA focuses on developing a technical framework and understanding of the emerging reliability risks facing the industry. The principal activity areas of the RASA Program include: independent assessments and reports on the overall reliability and adequacy of the BES, and associated reliability risks that could impact the short-term, mid-term and long-term planning horizons and other reliability issues requiring an in-depth analysis; interconnection-wide analysis for analyzing steady-state and dynamic conditions, including frequency, Essential Reliability Services, stability, short circuit ratio, and oscillatory behavior aspects; assurance oversight that electrical elements necessary for reliable operation of the BES are identified; support for development and improvement of long-term sustainable interconnection-based power flow, dynamic and load models that exhibit the accuracy and fidelity reflecting actual BES reliability performance and dynamic conditions; advancement of industry and the ERO's understanding of power system characteristics and behaviors by gathering larger PMU datasets of data for advanced data analytics and modeling improvements; and establishing reliability leadership and consistent, technically sound guidance and recommendations that position industry and policy-makers to enhance reliability through effective outreach and communications.

The RASA Program works with industry leaders to create a reliability strategy that is relevant, timely, and effective at addressing the most important reliability risks, through reviewing and addressing key priority risks identified by the NERC RISC, synthesizing information identified through analysis and assessment efforts, extracting and prioritizing the associated reliability risks; sharing and integrating risk analysis insights across the ERO Enterprise; and translating that knowledge into actionable guidance and recommendations for NERC management, the Board, and entities, and government policy makers. RASA monitors the ongoing and historic reliability performance of the BES through data gathered to analyze historic trends, and provides reports and recommendations regarding the anticipated conditions that could impact reliability, security and stability of the BPS. RASA conducts reliability assessments to evaluate the expected reliability of the BES through extensive deterministic and probabilistic analyses to identify potential reliability risks and mitigation approaches. Key assessments include the Long-Term Reliability Assessment (supplemented by the Probabilistic Assessment), Summer and Winter Reliability

Assessments, and Short-Term and Special Reliability Assessments. A significant ongoing effort focuses on the continued development of effective Essential Reliability Services. RASA also focuses on understanding the technical behavior of the North American grid, as the foundation for identifying crucial aspects of performance that are important for sustaining overall reliability.

RASA works closely with other organizations such as the Electric Power Research Institute (EPRI), Department of Energy (DOE), Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers (IEEE), Institute of Nuclear Power Operations (INPO), North American Transmission Forum (NATF), North American Generation Forum (NAGF), Canadian Electricity Association (CEA), Interstate Natural Gas Association of America, and Natural Gas Supply Association, on a number of energy industry reliability issues such as geomagnetic disturbances, vegetation management, variable generation integration, and interdependency of gas and electric systems.

The ongoing and new major activities of the RASA Program for 2018 include: (1) implementing advanced reliability assessment and system analysis methods to address the changing nature of the grid, including issuing reliability assessment reports, guidelines, and recommendations to address high priority evolving performance trends and address emerging risks to reliability; (2) issuing special assessments on identified high-priority risks as prioritized and recommended by the RISC, including on changing resource mix and maintaining Essential Reliability Services, increased penetration of distributed energy resources, increasing dependency on generation fuel by natural gas, and inter-area and local system oscillations in all interconnections and their potential impact on interconnection reliability; (3) developing technical analyses in key reliability areas, such as Frequency Response, Short Circuit Strength, Inter-Areas Oscillation, and Distributed Energy resources; (4) providing technical expertise, research and feedback to the industry; (5) continuing to explore use of state-of-the-art software to conduct power system analyses and enhancing the use of real-time tools by industry; (6) supporting Reliability Standard development by providing subject matter expertise; (7) providing support and leadership to the NERC Planning Committee and to standing committees and subcommittees, working groups, and task forces, including supporting the development of technical reference documents and Reliability Guidelines; (8) supporting major event investigations, analyses, and reporting of findings, recommendations, and lessons learned that will improve reliability; (9) providing feedback to interconnection-wide model-building groups on improvements to system model quality and fidelity; and (10) assisting in development of approaches to registration and provide input to NERC staff in support of the development of CMEP risk elements, as well as supporting and leading the BES Definition Exception process.

The major activities of the RASA Program satisfy the following criteria:

I.A: is the activity necessary or appropriate for Reliability Standards development projects pursuant to the NERC ROP?

I.C.1: Is the activity necessary or appropriate for information gathering, collection and analysis activities to obtain information for Reliability Standards development, including for purposes of identifying areas in which new Reliability Standards could be developed, existing Reliability Standards could be revised, or existing Reliability Standards could be eliminated, such as: (1) Measuring reliability performance – past, present and future; publishing or disseminating the results of such measurements; analyzing the results of such measurements; identifying and analyzing risks to reliability of the Bulk Power System based on such measurements; and/or identifying approaches to mitigating or eliminating such risks?

- II.A: Is the activity necessary or appropriate for the identification and registration of users, owners, and operators of the Bulk Power System that are required to comply with Requirements of Reliability Standards applicable to the reliability functions for which they are registered?
- III.A: Is the activity necessary or appropriate for the preparation or dissemination of long-term, seasonal, and special assessments of the reliability and adequacy of the Bulk Power System?
- III.B: Is the activity necessary or appropriate for measuring reliability performance past, present and future; publishing or disseminating the results of such measurements; analyzing the results of such measurements; identifying and analyzing risks to reliability of the Bulk Power System based on such measurements; and/or identifying approaches to mitigating or eliminating such risks?
- III.F: Is the activity necessary or appropriate for the development and dissemination of Advisories/Recommendations/Essential Actions regarding lessons learned and potential reliability risks to users, owners, and operators of the Bulk Power System?
- IV: Is the activity one that was required or directed by a Commission order issued pursuant to §215? (FERC orders directed NERC to develop and implement a revised definition of "Bulk Electric System" and a procedure for requesting and receiving exceptions from the BES definition, and subsequently approved NERC's proposed revised BES definition and its proposed BES exception procedure.)
- V. Is the activity one that is required or specified by, or carries out, the provisions of NERC's ROP that have been approved by the Commission as "Electric Reliability Organization Rules" (defined in 18 C.F.R. §39.1) pursuant to FPA §215(f)? (The applicable ROP provisions for this major activity are §801-806 and 809-810 and Appendix 5C.)
- VI: Is the activity necessary or appropriate for the supervision and oversight of Regional Entities in the performance of their delegated responsibilities in accordance with FPA §215, 18 C.F.R. Part 39, the Commission-approved delegation agreement between NERC and the Regional Entity, the NERC ROP, and applicable provisions of Commission orders?
- IX: Is the activity necessary or appropriate for NERC and Regional Entity committees, subcommittees and working groups engaged in activities encompassed by one or more of the other criteria?
- X: Is the activity necessary or appropriate for the analysis and evaluation of activities encompassed by one or more of the other criteria for the purpose of identifying means of performing the activities more effectively and efficiently?

V. Reliability Risk Management (Situation Awareness, Event Analysis and Performance Analysis) 2018 Major Activities

The major activities of the Reliability Risk Management ("RRM") group, which is comprised of the Situation Awareness Department, the Event Analysis Department, and the Performance Analysis group, are described at pages 52-54, 56-57, and 59-63 of the 2018 Business Plan and Budget. The RRM group carries out the ERO's responsibility to perform assessments (including real-time and near-real-time continual awareness, detailed analysis of significant events, and longer-term broad performance assessments) of the reliability and adequacy of the BES, including identifying potential issues of concern

relating to system, equipment, entity, and human performance. RRM has six primary functions: (1) BES awareness, (2) event analysis and determination of root and contributing causes, (3) assessment of human performance challenges that affect BES reliability and identification of improvement opportunities, (4) continent-wide analysis and reporting of BES performance, (5) support of the NERC Operating Committee, and (6) support of the NERC CIPC. Through awareness and continuous assessment, RRM identifies potential reliability risks to the BES, analyzes events in detail, ensures that industry is well informed of system events, emerging trends, risk analysis, and lessons learned, and provides data and analysis to inform other aspects of NERC's statutory functions.

The Situation Awareness department along, with the Regional Entities, monitors BES conditions, significant occurrences and emerging risks, and threats across the 14 Reliability Coordinator regions in North America. Situation Awareness also supports development and publication of NERC Alerts and awareness products, and facilitates information sharing among industry, Regions and government during crisis situations and major system disturbances. Situation Awareness is engaged in enhancement, replacement, streamlining or modification of several reliability-related situation awareness and monitoring tools, including SAFNRv2, operation and maintenance pending replacement of the current secure NERC Alert tool, refreshing the Reliability Coordinator Information System application, and continuing to set conditions to bring limited Synchrophasor data into NERC for wide-area situational awareness and event triage applications. The Situation Awareness Department uses the following reliability-related tools to support its activities: Resource Adequacy (ACE Frequency) Tool; Inadvertent Interchange; Frequency Monitoring and Analysis Tool; Intelligent Alarms Tool; and Genscape (PowerIQ and PowerRT tools).

The ongoing and new major activities of the Situation Awareness department for 2018 include: ensuring that the ERO is aware of all BES events above a threshold of impact; enabling the sharing of information and data to facilitate wide area situational awareness; during crisis situations, facilitating the exchange of information among industry, Regions, and U.S. and Canadian governments; keeping the industry informed of emerging reliability threats and risks to the BES, including any expected actions; conducting the annual NERC Monitoring and Situational Awareness Conference and Human Performance Conference; administering the NERC Alerts process as specified in §810 of the ROP to issue Advisory (Level 1) Alerts on significant and emerging reliability and security related topics, and facilitate the tracking of actions specified in Recommendation (Level 2) and Essential Action (Level 3) Alerts; and performing oversight as per the Situation Awareness Oversight Plan of the activities and performance of the Regional staffs.

The Event Analysis department performs assessments of the reliability and adequacy of the BES to identify potential issues of concern related to system, equipment, entity, and human performance that may indicate a need to develop remediation strategies, action plans, or data used to revise Reliability Standards or consider new Reliability Standards. Event Analysis conducts analyses to determine the causes of events, promptly assures tracking of corrective actions to prevent recurrence, and provides lessons learned to the industry. Event Analysis analyzes all reportable events for sequence of events, root cause, risks to reliability, and mitigation and keeps the industry is well-informed of system events, emerging trends, risk analysis, lessons learned, and expected actions. Event Analysis conducts in-depth analyses of approximately 150 events per year on average. Additionally, Event Analysis identifies human error risks and precursor factors that allow human error to affect BES reliability, and educates industry regarding such risks, precursors, and related mitigation methods. Event analysis also supports compliance and standards training initiatives and trending and analysis to identify emerging reliability risks to the BES. Event Analysis works in collaboration with and supports the activities of other groups involved in human performance analysis including the NERC Operating Committee's Event Analysis Subcommittee, the WECC

Human Performance Working Group, and others. Event Analysis also collaborates with industry groups including the NATF, NAGF, and trade associations.

The ongoing and new major activities for 2018 for the Event Analysis department include: (1) Working with Regional Entities to obtain and review information from registered entities on qualifying events and disturbances in order to advance awareness of events above a threshold level; facilitating analysis of root and contributing causes, risks to reliability, wide area assessments and remediation efforts; and disseminating information regarding events in a timely manner. (2) Ensuring that all reportable events are analyzed for sequence of events, root cause, risk to reliability, and mitigation. (3) Continuing to refine risk-based methodologies to support better identification of reliability risks, including use of more sophisticated cause codes for analysis. (4) Conducting training (webinars, workshops and conference support) to inform industry and the ERO of lessons learned, root cause analysis, trends, human performance, and extreme weather preparedness and recommendations. (5) Developing reliability recommendations and alerts as needed, and tracking industry accountability for critical reliability recommendations. (6) Ensuring that industry is well informed of system events, emerging trends, risk analysis, lessons learned, and expected actions. (7) Conducting major event analysis and reporting of major findings and recommendations that will improve reliability. (8) Performing oversight of the eventanalysis-related activities and performance of the Regional Entities. The Event Analysis department will also support several top priority reliability risk projects being led by the Performance Analysis program.

Performance Analysis, which consists of Balancing and Frequency Control (BF&C) and Data Analytics (DA), provides statistical analysis and support to the ERO Enterprise, as well as through outreach to highly technical electric industry organizations. PA collects transmission outage, generator performance, demand response, and protection and control systems misoperations data; this data is used to develop and report grid metrics that analyze outage frequency, duration, causes, and other factors related to transmission and generator performance and automatic power system protection and control effectiveness. Trends, findings and recommendations from PA serve as technical input to Reliability Standards and to standards project prioritization, compliance process improvements, event analysis, reliability assessment, and critical infrastructure protection efforts. The analysis and results are reported in the annual State of Reliability Report, which provides guidance and recommendations for enhanced BPS reliability. Performance Analysis works closely with other organizations, including EPRI, DOE, IEEE, INPO, NATF, NAGF, and CEA, on a number of fronts, including the Transmission Availability Data System (TADS), Generator Availability Data System (GADS).

BF&C provides support and services necessary for the real-time operation of the BPS in the areas of balancing resources and demand, interconnection frequency, interchange scheduling, and control performance. BF&C provides technical assistance in the development and administration of the NERC Balancing (BAL) standards, including BAL-01, BAL-002, BAL-003, BAL-004 and BAL-006, as well as in performing analysis and developing annual reports and informational filings required by FERC directives in its orders that approved BAL standards. BF&C supports the NERC Resources Subcommittee (RS), Frequency Working Group, Inadvertent Exchange Working Group and Reserves Working Group, including through maintaining the RS website and the Balancing Authority Submittal Site, which provide operational information and a submittal mechanism for requirements under the BAL standards. BF&C also provides data collection, analysis and reporting for five Essential Reliability Services (ESR) measures to support the ESR Working Group. BF&C is involved in the specification, development and installation of a PI Historian system that will allow NERC to retrieve, analyze and report on data that is currently hosted and analyzed by external parties; this initiative will continue in 2018. BF&C provides data and analysis that supports development of the annual State of Reliability Report. BF&C will continue to support the RS, the ERS Working Group, and industry stakeholders through webinars, technical whitepapers, reliability guidelines,

and other outreach. In 2018, BF&C will develop the technical report to be filed with FERC in accordance with the directives in FERC Order 794, which approved the BAL-003-1 standard, and will continue to develop the annual Frequency Response Annual Analysis Report.

DA is responsible for collection, management and analysis of data related to the performance of five areas of BPS operations: transmission, conventional generation, wind generation, protection system misoperations and demand response. DA provides application training and end-user support to reporting entities and Regional Entity staffs. DA performs analysis to identify potential risks relating to system, equipment, entity or organizational performance that may indicate, among other things, a need to develop remediation strategies, new data collection or analysis, or creation, revision or retirement of reliability standards. DA's analyses provide the foundation for the annual State of Reliability Report, the annual Misoperations report, and technical papers for industry. During 2017, DA is deploying the Wind Data collection system and developing and implementing the data sharing process to comply with FERC Order 824. In 2018, DA will begin development of requirements for solar data collection. DA also provides business subject matter expertise for NERC IT projects including new data reporting and analytical tools, projects to support FERC data needs, data sharing within the ERO, and other projects with NERC groups.

New and ongoing major activities for Performance Analysis in 2018 will include: issuing the annual State of Reliability Report and guidelines, recommendations and Alerts as needed; providing support and leadership to the NERC Operating Committee, Operating Reliability Subcommittee and the RS and its working groups, with emphasis on balancing operations and analysis, administration of BAL standards, and performance-based outreach to functional entities responsible for real-time BPS reliability; continuing administration of the BAL standards; providing technical assistance to NERC Compliance and Enforcement, emphasizing BAL-003-1 Frequency response for the Balancing Authority requirements that became effective in 2017; developing the annual Frequency Response Annual Analysis Report (previously the responsibility of the NERC RASA program); developing and submitting the report required by FERC Order 794; beginning development of quarterly BPS performance reports using PI Historian data and functionality to support the Operating Committee and the RS; overseeing and evaluating reliability trends that identify reliability risks, by analyzing data contained in the TADS, GADS and DADS; continuing to support the RS and its working groups of the Operating Committee with emphasis on data collection and analysis and implementation of the ERO's responsibilities for the BAL standards; supporting Reliability Standards development by providing subject matter expertise; continuing to provide leadership and support to the NERC standing committees' subcommittees, working groups, and task forces; assisting in development of approaches to registration and providing input to NERC staff in support of development of CMEP risk elements; conducting major event investigations, analyses, and reporting of major findings, recommendations and lessons learned that will improve reliability; and providing insight on merging system protection issues, and handing off any issues with future implications to RASA.

The major activities of the RRM group satisfy the following criteria:

I.A: is the activity necessary or appropriate for Reliability Standards development projects pursuant to the NERC ROP?

I.C.1: Is the activity necessary or appropriate for information gathering, collection and analysis activities to obtain information for Reliability Standards development, including for purposes of identifying areas in which new Reliability Standards could be developed, existing Reliability Standards could be revised, or existing Reliability Standards could be eliminated, such as: (1) Measuring reliability performance – past, present and future; publishing or disseminating the results of such measurements; analyzing the results of such measurements; identifying and analyzing risks to reliability of the Bulk Power System based on such measurements; and/or

identifying approaches to mitigating or eliminating such risks? (2) Monitoring, event analysis and investigation of Bulk Power System major events, off-normal occurrences and near miss events?

- I.C.2: Is the activity necessary or appropriate for information gathering, collection and analysis activities to obtain information for Reliability Standards development, including for purposes of identifying areas in which new Reliability Standards could be developed, existing Reliability Standards could be revised, or existing Reliability Standards could be eliminated, such as: (2) Monitoring, event analysis and investigations of Bulk Power System major events, off-normal occurrences and near-miss events?
- II.A: Is the activity necessary or appropriate for the identification and registration of users, owners, and operators of the Bulk Power System that are required to comply with Requirements of Reliability Standards applicable to the reliability functions for which they are registered?
- II.E: Is the activity necessary or appropriate for information gathering, collection and analysis activities to obtain information to monitor and enforce compliance with Reliability Standards, including evaluating the effectiveness of current compliance monitoring and enforcement processes, the need for new or revised compliance monitoring and enforcement processes, and the need for new or different means of training and education on compliance with Reliability Standards, such as: (1) Measuring reliability performance past, present and future; publishing or disseminating the results of such measurements; analyzing the results of such measurements; identifying and analyzing risks to reliability of the Bulk Power System based on such measurements; and/or identifying approaches to mitigating or eliminating such risks? (2) Monitoring, event analysis and investigation of Bulk Power System major events, off-normal occurrences, and near miss events?
- II.F.3: Is the activity necessary or appropriate for the provision of training, education and dissemination of information for/to (i) NERC personnel, (ii) Regional Entity personnel, and (iii) industry personnel with respect to compliance monitoring and enforcement topics and topics concerning reliability risks identified through compliance monitoring and enforcement activities, such as: (3) Disseminating, through workshops, webinars, Advisories, Recommendations, Essential Actions, and other publications; "lessons learned" information on compliance concerns and reliability risks obtained through compliance monitoring and enforcement activities; monitoring and investigation of Bulk Power System major events, off-normal occurrences and near miss events, and other Bulk Power System monitoring activities?
- II.G: Is the activity necessary or appropriate for the development and provision of tools and services that are useful for the provision of adequate reliability, because they relate specifically to compliance with existing Reliability Standards and they proactively help avert Reliability Standard violations and Bulk Power System disturbances?
- III.A: Is the activity necessary or appropriate for the preparation or dissemination of long-term, seasonal, and special assessments of the reliability and adequacy of the Bulk Power System?
- III.B: Is the activity necessary or appropriate for measuring reliability performance past, present and future; publishing or disseminating the results of such measurements; analyzing the results of such measurements; identifying and analyzing risks to reliability of the Bulk Power System based on such measurements; and/or identifying approaches to mitigating or eliminating such risks?

- III.C: Is the activity necessary or appropriate for investigating, analyzing, evaluating, and disseminating information concerning, the causes of major events and off-normal occurrences, and/or providing coordination assistance, technical expertise and other assistance to users, owners, and operators of the Bulk Power System in connection with Bulk Power System major events and off-normal occurrences, but not real-time operational control of the Bulk Power System?
- III.D: Is the activity necessary or appropriate for awareness of circumstances on the Bulk Power System and to contribute to understanding risks to reliability?
- III.F: Is the activity necessary or appropriate for the development and dissemination of Advisories/Recommendations/Essential Actions regarding lessons learned and potential reliability risks to users, owners, and operators of the Bulk Power System?
- III.G: Is the activity necessary or appropriate for data collection and analysis of information regarding Bulk Power System reliability matters mandated by the Commission?
- IV: Is the activity one that was required or directed by a Commission order issued pursuant to FPA §215? (The applicable Commission orders include Order Nos. 794 and 824 which require data collection, availability and reporting.)
- V: Is the activity one that is required or specified by, or carries out, the provisions of NERC's ROP that have been approved by the Commission as "Electric Reliability Organization Rules" (defined in 18 C.F.R. §39.1) pursuant to FPA §215(f)? (The applicable ROP provisions for these major activities are §801-811 and 1001 and Appendix 8.)
- IX. Is the activity necessary or appropriate for NERC and Regional Entity committees, subcommittees and working groups engaged in activities encompassed by one or more of the other criteria?

VI. <u>Electricity Information Sharing and Analysis Center 2018 Major Activities</u>

The major activities of the Electricity Information Sharing and Analysis Center ("E-ISAC") are described at pages 65-68 of the 2018 Business Plan and Budget. The primary function of E-ISAC is to reduce cyber and physical risk to the electricity industry across North America by providing unique insights, leadership and coordination, and to be the trusted, timely, actionable resource of grid risk information and analysis to enhance electric reliability. The E-ISAC facilitates electricity sector coordination regarding physical security and cybersecurity events affecting the BES. E-ISAC manages and executes NERC's responsibilities in the Cybersecurity Risk Information Sharing Program ("CRISP") and acts as the program manager for CRISP. The purpose of CRISP is to facilitate the sharing of cyber threat information and to develop situation awareness tools that enhance the electricity sector's ability to identify, prioritize, and coordinate protection of its critical infrastructure. CRISP provides critical infrastructure owners and operators the capability to voluntarily share cyber threat data, analyze this data, and receive machine-to-machine messages. ES-ISAC also supports an annual grid security conference and a biennial Grid Security Exercise. The E-ISAC and CRISP are currently working on replacement of the E-ISAC portal to provide important new enhancements and improved capabilities, including facilitating direct data exchanges with E-ISAC members, other ISACs, and government partners.

The major activities of the ES-ISAC satisfy the following criteria:

- I.C.1: Is the activity necessary or appropriate for information gathering, collection and analysis activities to obtain information for Reliability Standards development, including for purposes of identifying areas in which new Reliability Standards could be developed, existing Reliability Standards could be revised, or existing Reliability Standards could be eliminated, such as: (1) Measuring reliability performance past, present and future; publishing or disseminating the results of such measurements; analyzing the results of such measurements; identifying and analyzing risks to reliability of the Bulk Power System based on such measurements; and/or identifying approaches to mitigating or eliminating such risks? (2) Monitoring, event analysis and investigation of Bulk Power System major events, off-normal occurrences and near-miss events?
- III.D: Is the activity necessary or appropriate for awareness of circumstances on the Bulk Power System and to contribute to understanding risks to reliability.
- III.E: Is the activity necessary or appropriate for gathering, analyzing and sharing with and among industry and government participants, information regarding the physical or cyber security of the Bulk Power System.
- III.F: Is the activity necessary or appropriate for the development and dissemination of Advisories/Recommendations/Essential Actions regarding lessons learned and potential reliability risks to users, owners, and operators of the Bulk Power System?
- V: Is the activity one that is required or specified by, or carries out, the provisions of NERC's ROP that have been approved by the Commission as "Electric Reliability Organization Rules" (defined in 18 C.F.R. §39.1) pursuant to FPA §215(f)? (The applicable ROP provisions for these major activities are §810 and 1003.)
- IX. Is the activity necessary or appropriate for NERC and Regional Entity committees, subcommittees and working groups engaged in activities encompassed by one or more of the other criteria?

VII. Training, Education, and Personnel Certification Program 2018 Major Activities

The major activities of the Training, Education, and Personnel Certification Program are described at pages 71-73 of the 2018 Business Plan and Budget. The major activities of this program include oversight and coordination of the delivery of training programs to NERC and Regional Entity staff supporting statutory and delegation-related activities; as well as training and education for BPS industry participants consistent with ERO functional program requirements. The Training and Education Program supports the ERO's responsibilities to develop, adopt, and obtain approval of Reliability Standards and to monitor, enforce and achieve compliance with the mandatory standards. The Training and Education Program also supports NERC's System Personnel Certification Program, which ensure that personnel operating the BES have the skills, training and qualifications needed to operate the BES reliably. This Program maintains the credentials required to work in various industry areas across North America for over 7,500 system operators. The Training and Education Program prepares operators for complying with requirements of Reliability Standards and appropriately operating the BES during normal and emergency operations. Education and training activities include the following subject matter: risk-based compliance monitoring and enforcement; standards and compliance; organization registration and certification; event analysis, cause analysis, performance analysis, and lessons learned; reliability assessment and system analysis; and continuing education for system operators; as well as continuing to update the System Operator Certification Exam Item Bank.

The major activities of the Training, Education, and Personnel Certification Program for 2018 include implementing the annual NERC and ERO Enterprise Learning Priorities Plan which articulates and prioritizes the accumulated learning needs of the ERO Enterprise and the potential delivery vehicles supporting achievement of the corporate metrics for the strategic goals. The focus for 2018 (and beyond) includes reliability risk management technique (targeting industry), risk-based compliance performance (targeting the ERO Enterprise), and functional and technical enhancements to enhance employee understanding of NERC functions and core technical knowledge for regulating the BPS (targeting NERC employees). Training and education will be delivered through workshops, webinars, and computer-based and instructor-led training courses. The Continuing Education program will evaluate and revise current program criteria as reflected in the program manual. The Personnel Certification Program will focus on the annual analysis of the Exam Item Bank; new certification exam items; a new credential maintenance tool; and the strategic plan for program enhancements.

The major activities of the Training, Education, and Personnel Certification Program satisfy the following criteria:

- I.D: Is the activity necessary or appropriate for the provision of training and education concerning Reliability Standards development processes, procedures and topics for/to (i) NERC personnel, (ii) Regional Entity personnel, and (iii) industry personnel?
- II.C: Is the activity necessary or appropriate for the Certification of system operating personnel as qualified to carry out the duties and responsibilities of their positions in accordance with the Requirements of applicable Reliability Standards?
- II.F: Is the activity necessary or appropriate for the provision of training, education and dissemination of information for/to (i) NERC personnel, (ii) Regional Entity personnel, and (iii) industry personnel with respect to compliance monitoring and enforcement topics and topics concerning reliability risks identified through compliance monitoring and enforcement activities, such as: (1) Requirements of Reliability Standards, including how to comply and how to demonstrate compliance? This includes development of guidance and interpretation documents. (2) Compliance monitoring and enforcement processes, including how to conduct them, how to participate in them, and the expectations for the processes? This includes development of guidance documents. (3)Disseminating, through workshops, webinars, Advisories/Recommendations/Essential Actions, and other publications, "lessons learned" information on compliance concerns and reliability risks obtained through compliance monitoring and enforcement activities, monitoring and investigation of Bulk Power System major events, offnormal occurrences and near miss events, and other Bulk Power System monitoring activities. (4) Registered Entity internal processes for compliance with Reliability Standards, such as development, implementation and maintenance of internal reliability compliance programs?
- V: Is the activity one that is required or specified by, or carries out, the provisions of NERC's ROP that have been approved by the Commission as "Electric Reliability Organization Rules" (defined in 18 C.F.R. §39.1) pursuant to FPA §215(f)? (The applicable ROP provision for these major activities are §600 and 900.)
- VI: Is the activity necessary or appropriate for the supervision and oversight of Regional Entities in the performance of their delegated responsibilities in accordance with FPA §215, 18 C.F.R. Part 39, the Commission-approved delegation agreement between NERC and the Regional Entity, the NERC ROP, and applicable provisions of Commission orders?

VIII. Administrative Services 2018 Major Activities

NERC's Administrative Services Departments are Technical Committees and Member Forums (for which no funding for activities is budgeted for 2018), General and Administrative, Legal and Regulatory, Information Technology ("IT"), Human Resources, and Finance and Accounting. The major activities of these departments are described at pages 76-85 of the 2018 Business Plan and Budget.

General and Administrative includes the administration and general management of the organization, the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Reliability Officer, Board of Trustees costs, communications, external affairs and government relations, and office rent.

Legal and Regulatory provides legal support to the organization, including to management, and the Reliability Standards, Compliance Analysis, Organization Registration and Certification, Reliability Risk Management, and RASA Programs, as well as general corporate legal support in areas including antitrust, corporate, commercial, insurance, contracts, employment, real estate, copyright, tax, and other areas.

IT supports NERC's computing, Internet, database and electronic data storage and maintenance, and telecommunications and internet needs, programs, applications and infrastructure, including management of the development and implementation of new software applications and infrastructure. The capital expenditure projects managed by IT represent capital expenditures in hardware, software and associated tools to securely gather, store, analyze and maintain data across the ERO Enterprise to support the ERO's operations, as well as necessary acquisition and replacement of computers, servers and related devices. IT's 2018 activities are focused on NERC infrastructure and support; improving, enhancing, or replacing existing functionalities; ERO Enterprise infrastructure and support; and ERO Enterprise new functionalities, including entity registration functions and compliance monitoring and enforcement process tools.

Human Resources manages all of NERC's human resources functions, including staffing, benefits administration, employee relations, performance and compensation management, succession planning, and training and development. Human Resources also obtains compensation studies, effectiveness studies, and other compensation consulting services when needed.

Finance and Accounting manages all finance and accounting functions of NERC, including employee payroll, 401(k), 457(b) and 457(f) plans, travel and expense reporting, monthly financial reporting, sales and use tax, meetings and events planning and services, insurance, internal audit, facilities management, development of the annual business plan and budget, and the ERO risk management framework.

The major activities of NERC's Administrative Services Departments satisfy the following criteria:

- I.A: Is the activity necessary or appropriate for Reliability Standards development projects pursuant to the NERC ROP?
- II.A: Is the activity necessary or appropriate for the identification and registration of users, owners, and operators of the Bulk Power System that are required to comply with Requirements of Reliability Standards applicable to the reliability functions for which they are registered?
- II.D: Is the activity necessary or appropriate for conducting, participating in or overseeing compliance monitoring and enforcement activities pursuant to the NERC ROP and (through the Regional Entities) the Commission-approved delegation agreements?

- III.C: Is the activity necessary or appropriate for investigating, analyzing, evaluating, and disseminating information concerning, the causes of major events and off-normal occurrences, and/or providing coordination assistance, technical expertise and other assistance to users, owners, and operators of the Bulk Power System in connection with Bulk Power System major events and off-normal occurrences, but not real-time operational control of the Bulk Power System?
- V: Is the activity one that is required or specified by, or carries out, the provisions of NERC's ROP that have been approved by the Commission as "Electric Reliability Organization Rules" (defined in 18 C.F.R. §39.1) pursuant to FPA §215(f)? (The applicable ROP provision for the major activities of Finance and Accounting is §1100.)
- VI: Is the activity necessary or appropriate for the supervision and oversight of Regional Entities in the performance of their delegated responsibilities in accordance with FPA §215, 18 C.F.R. Part 39, the Commission-approved delegation agreement between NERC and the Regional Entity, the NERC ROP, and the applicable provisions of Commission orders.
- IX. Is the activity necessary or appropriate for NERC and Regional Entity committees, subcommittees and working groups engaged in activities encompassed by one or more of the other criteria?
- XI: Is the activity a governance or administrative/overhead function, activity or service necessary or appropriate for the activities encompassed by the other criteria and, in general, necessary and appropriate to operate a functioning organization?

NERC WRITTEN CRITERIA FOR DETERMINING WHETHER AN ACTIVITY IS ELIGIBLE TO BE FUNDED UNDER SECTION 215 OF THE FEDERAL POWER ACT

For purposes of internal management approval of a proposed new activity or group of related activities ("major activity"), the proposed activity or major activity must be shown to fall within at least one of the criteria listed below. When sub-criteria are listed below a roman numeral numbered major criterion, the proposed activity should be a positive answer to at least one of the sub-criteria. Conversely, an activity that falls under a sub-criterion should pertain to the subject matter of the major criterion.

NERC's annual business plan and budget will describe how each major activity falls within one or more of the criteria listed below. If the major activity is substantially the same as a major activity that was shown to fall within the criteria in a previous year's business plan and budget, the current year's business plan and budget can refer to the prior year business plan and budget.

A determination that an activity falls within FPA §215 does not necessarily mean that NERC will propose or undertake such activity. The determination of whether an activity falling under FPA §215 should or will be undertaken in a given budget year will be addressed in the context of the applicable business plan and budget and will include opportunities for stakeholder input.

The criteria listed below are not necessarily each distinct from the others. An activity or major activity may fall within more than one of the criteria listed below.

- I. Is the activity necessary or appropriate for the development of Reliability Standards?
 - A. Is the activity necessary or appropriate for Reliability Standards development projects pursuant to the NERC ROP?
 - B. Is the activity necessary or appropriate for providing guidance and assistance to Regional Entities in carrying out Regional Reliability Standards development activities?
 - C. Is the activity necessary or appropriate for information gathering, collection and analysis activities to obtain information for Reliability Standards development, including for purposes of identifying areas in which new Reliability Standards could be developed, existing Reliability Standards could be revised, or existing Reliability Standards could be eliminated, such as:
 - Measuring reliability performance past, present and future; publishing or disseminating the results of such measurements; analyzing the results of such measurements; identifying and analyzing risks to reliability of the Bulk Power System⁴⁹ based on such measurements; and/or identifying approaches to mitigating or eliminating such risks?
 - 2. Monitoring, event analysis and investigation of Bulk Power System major events, off-normal occurrences and near miss events?
 - D. Is the activity necessary or appropriate for the provision of training and education concerning Reliability Standards development processes, procedures and topics for/to (i) NERC personnel, (ii) Regional Entity personnel, and (iii) industry personnel?
- II. Is the activity necessary or appropriate for the monitoring and enforcement of compliance with Reliability Standards?
 - A. Is the activity necessary or appropriate for the identification and registration of users, owners, and operators of the Bulk Power System that are required to comply with

⁴⁹ This document uses the term "Bulk Power System" because that is the term defined and used in FPA §215. NERC recognizes that a different term, "Bulk Electric System," is used to define the current reach of reliability standards.

- Requirements of Reliability Standards applicable to the reliability functions for which they are registered?
- B. Is the activity necessary or appropriate for the Certification of Reliability Coordinators, Transmission Operators and Balancing Authorities as having the requisite personnel, qualifications and facilities and equipment needed to perform these reliability functions in accordance with the applicable Requirements of Reliability Standards?
- C. Is the activity necessary or appropriate for the Certification of system operating personnel as qualified to carry out the duties and responsibilities of their positions in accordance with the Requirements of applicable Reliability Standards?⁵⁰
- D. Is the activity necessary or appropriate for conducting, participating in or overseeing compliance monitoring and enforcement activities pursuant to the NERC ROP and (through the Regional Entities) the Commission-approved delegation agreements?
- E. Is the activity necessary or appropriate for information gathering, collection and analysis activities to obtain information to monitor and enforce compliance with Reliability Standards, including evaluating the effectiveness of current compliance monitoring and enforcement processes, the need for new or revised compliance monitoring and enforcement processes, and the need for new or different means of training and education on compliance with Reliability Standards, such as:
 - 1. Measuring reliability performance past, present and future; publishing or disseminating the results of such measurements; analyzing the results of such measurements; identifying and analyzing risks to reliability of the Bulk Power System based on such measurements; and/or identifying approaches to mitigating or eliminating such risks?
 - 2. Monitoring, event analysis and investigation of Bulk Power System major events, off-normal occurrences, and near miss events?
- F. Is the activity necessary or appropriate for the provision of training, education and dissemination of information for/to (i) NERC personnel, (ii) Regional Entity personnel, and (iii) industry personnel with respect to compliance monitoring and enforcement topics and topics concerning reliability risks identified through compliance monitoring and enforcement activities, such as:
 - Requirements of Reliability Standards, including how to comply and how to demonstrate compliance? This includes development of guidance and interpretation documents.
 - 2. Compliance monitoring and enforcement processes, including how to conduct them, how to participate in them, and the expectations for the processes? This includes development of guidance documents.
 - 3. Disseminating, through workshops, webinars, Advisories, Recommendations, Essential Actions, and other publications; "lessons learned" information on compliance concerns and reliability risks obtained through compliance monitoring and enforcement activities; monitoring and investigation of Bulk Power System major events, off-normal occurrences and near miss events, and other Bulk Power System monitoring activities?

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⁵⁰ Although certification of system operating personnel is an activity falling within the scope of, and eligible to be funded pursuant to, FPA §215, NERC strives to fully fund the costs of this activity through fees charged to participants.

- 4. Registered Entity internal processes for compliance with Reliability Standards, such as development, implementation and maintenance of internal reliability compliance programs?
- G. Is the activity necessary or appropriate for the development and provision of tools and services that are useful for the provision of adequate reliability, because they relate specifically to compliance with existing Reliability Standards and they proactively help avert Reliability Standard violations and Bulk Power System disturbances?
- III. Is the activity necessary or appropriate for conducting and disseminating periodic assessments of the reliability of the Bulk Power System or monitoring the reliability of the Bulk Power System?
 - A. Is the activity necessary or appropriate for the preparation or dissemination of long-term, seasonal, and special assessments of the reliability and adequacy of the Bulk Power System?
 - B. Is the activity necessary or appropriate for measuring reliability performance past, present and future; publishing or disseminating the results of such measurements; analyzing the results of such measurements; identifying and analyzing risks to reliability of the Bulk Power System based on such measurements; and/or identifying approaches to mitigating or eliminating such risks?
 - C. Is the activity necessary or appropriate for investigating, analyzing, evaluating, and disseminating information concerning, the causes of major events and off-normal occurrences, and/or providing coordination assistance, technical expertise and other assistance to users, owners, and operators of the Bulk Power System in connection with Bulk Power System major events and off-normal occurrences, but not real-time operational control of the Bulk Power System?
 - D. Is the activity necessary or appropriate for awareness of circumstances on the Bulk Power System and to contribute to understanding risks to reliability?
 - E. Is the activity necessary or appropriate for gathering, analyzing and sharing with and among industry and government participants, information regarding the physical or cyber security of the Bulk Power System?
 - F. Is the activity necessary or appropriate for the development and dissemination of Advisories/Recommendations/Essential Actions regarding lessons learned and potential reliability risks to users, owners, and operators of the Bulk Power System?
 - G. Is the activity necessary or appropriate for data collection and analysis of information regarding Bulk Power System reliability matters mandated by the Commission?
- IV. Is the activity one that was required or directed by a Commission order issued pursuant to FPA §215? Justification of an activity as a FPA §215 activity based on this category must reference the particular Commission order and directive.
- V. Is the activity one that is required or specified by, or carries out, the provisions of NERC's ROP that have been approved by the Commission as "Electric Reliability Organization Rules" (defined in 18 C.F.R. §39.1) pursuant to FPA §215(f)?
- VI. Is the activity necessary or appropriate for the supervision and oversight of Regional Entities in the performance of their delegated responsibilities in accordance with FPA §215, 18 C.F.R. Part 39, the Commission-approved delegation agreement between NERC and the Regional Entity, the NERC ROP, and applicable provisions of Commission orders?

- VII. Is the activity necessary or appropriate to maintain NERC's certification as the Electric Reliability Organization? This Criterion includes conducting periodic assessments of NERC's and the Regional Entities' performance as the Electric Reliability Organization as required by 18 C.F.R. §39.3(c).
- VIII. Does the activity respond to or is it necessary or appropriate for audits of NERC and the Regional Entities conducted by the Commission?
- IX. Is the activity necessary or appropriate for NERC and Regional Entity committees, subcommittees and working groups engaged in activities encompassed by one or more of the other criteria?
- X. Is the activity necessary or appropriate for the analysis and evaluation of activities encompassed by one or more of the other criteria for the purpose of identifying means of performing the activities more effectively and efficiently?
- XI. Is the activity a governance or administrative/overhead function, activity or service necessary or appropriate for the activities encompassed by the other criteria and, in general, necessary and appropriate to operate a functioning organization? (Should NERC perform any non-FPA §215 activities, the costs of governance and administrative/overhead functions must be appropriately allocated.)

NERC's current governance and administrative/overhead functions are carried out in the following program areas:

- A. Technical Committees and Members' Forum Programs
- B. General and administrative (includes, but is not limited to, executive, board of trustees, communications, government affairs, and facilities and related services).
- C. Legal and Regulatory.
- D. Information Technology
- E. Human Resources
- F. Accounting and Finance.

The following matters are excluded from the scope of FPA §215 activities. While a list of non-FPA §215 activities would be infinite, the following excluded matters are listed here because they are expressly referred to in FPA §215, the Commission's ERO regulations and/or a Commission order issued pursuant to FPA §215:

- A. Developing or enforcing requirements to enlarge Bulk Power System facilities, or to construct new transmission capacity or generation capacity, or requirements for adequacy or safety of electric facilities or services.
- B. Activities entailing Real-time operational control of the Bulk Power System.
- C. Activities pertaining to facilities used in the local distribution of electricity.

Exhibit C – Contractor and Consulting Costs

					Increase		
Consultants & Contracts	20	17 Budget	2	018 Budget	([Decrease)	
Compliance Assurance							
Reliability Assurance Initiative	\$	50,000		50,000	\$	-	
Total	\$	50,000	\$	50,000	\$	-	
Reliability Assessment and System Analysis							
Reliability Effects of GMD	\$	100,000	\$	100,000	\$	-	
Environmental Regulatory Analysis		250,000		250,000		-	
Probabilistic Analysis		75,000		75,000		-	
Essential Reliability Services	\$	100,000	\$	100,000	\$	-	
Total	>	525,000	Þ	525,000	Þ	-	
Performance Analysis							
GADS/TADS/DADS	\$	528,082	\$	572,030	\$	43,948	
Total	\$	528,082	\$	572,030	\$	43,948	
Situation Awareness							
Reliability Tools	\$	619,150	\$	600,595	\$	(18,555	
Secure Alerting System		96,000		96,000		-	
SAFNR - Phase II		505,700		523,900		18,200	
Communication Network	^	75,000	^	75,000	^	- (255)	
Total	\$	1,295,850	\$	1,295,495	\$	(355)	
E-ISAC							
Security Consulting	\$	33,000	\$	33,000	\$	-	
GridEx Support		350,000		142,000		(208,000)	
Program Level Capabilities		353,000		770,000		417,000	
Software and Services		113,285		105,200		(8,085)	
Events and Outreach CRISP		50,550 5,888,594		50,000 6,291,594		(550) 403,000	
Total	Ś	6,788,429	\$	7,391,794	\$	603,365	
	7	0,700,120	_	7,002,70	•	000,000	
Personnel Certification	\$	62,000	,	F0 F00	<u>_</u>	(2.500)	
System Operator Testing Expenses System Operator Examination Development	Þ	62,000 70,000	Ş	58,500 50,000	\$	(3,500) (20,000)	
Job Task Analysis		70,000		42,000		42,000	
SOCCED Database Maintenance/License		37,800		25,200		(12,600)	
SOCCED Database Improvements		50,000		75,000		25,000	
Total	\$	219,800	\$	250,700	\$	30,900	
Training and Education							
Continuing Education Program	\$	145,800	Ś	133,200	\$	(12,600)	
ERO Enterprise Learning Portal	·	55,000	•	103,150	·	48,150	
ERO Enterprise and Industry Course Development		125,000		76,850		(48,150)	
NERC Staff Technical Training		35,000		35,000		-	
Total	\$	360,800	\$	348,200	\$	(12,600)	
General and Administrative							
Communications Support	\$	15,000	\$	20,000	\$	5,000	
ERO Effectiveness Survey		-		80,000		80,000	
Total	\$	15,000	\$	100,000	\$	85,000	
Information Technology							
ERO Application New Functionality	\$	100,000	\$	-	\$	(100,000)	
ERO Application Enhancements	-	387,262		425,989		38,727	
ERO Application Support		774,525		851,977		77,452	
ERO Data Analytics		200,000		-		(200,000)	
Ongoing Operations		851,000		846,000		(5,000)	
Total	\$	2,312,787	\$	2,123,966	\$	(188,821)	
Human Resources							
Executive Training and Development	\$	100,000	\$	150,000	\$	50,000	
Staff Training and Development		250,000		250,000		-	
Compensation Consulting		100,000		175,000		75,000	
Employee, Industry and Board Surveys, Succession Planning		50,000		40,000		(10,000	
HR Consulting Services		75,000		25,000	۷.	(50,000	
Total	\$	575,000	\$	640,000	\$	65,000	
Finance and Accounting							
Internal Controls and Outside Auditor Consulting Support	\$	300,000	\$	220,000	\$	(80,000	
Finance and Accounting Support	4	157,000		207,000		50,000	
Finance and Accounting	\$	457,000	\$	427,000	\$	(30,000	
Total Consultants & Contracts	\$	13,127,749	\$	13,724,185	\$	596,437	

Exhibit D – Capital Financing

The company initiated a capital financing program in January 2014 as a funding source for major software application development projects that primarily benefit the ERO Enterprise. The total size of the original non-revolving credit facility was \$7.5M and was used to finance a portion of NERC's capital expenditures (including IT hardware and software application development costs) made through December 2016. A similar non-revolving credit facility was closed in November 2016, totaling \$5.0 million, and is available to finance certain capital expenditures made from January 2017 to December 2019. The interest rate for both credit facilities is floating and equal to LIBOR plus 275 basis points. Authorized annual borrowings under the facilities are limited to the amount approved by the NERC Board of Trustees and FERC in each year's business plan. Borrowings under the credit facilities are amortized over a three year period, and can be prepaid without penalty.

As further discussed in the *Introduction and Executive Summary* and set forth in the table below, NERC has a 2018 proposed capital budget of approximately \$3.9M, of which it is proposing to finance \$2.1M.

NERC Capital Budget	Budget 2017	Budget 2018	Variance 2018 Budget v 2017 Budget	Variance %
ERO Application Development	\$ 700,000	\$ 2,148,000	\$ 1,448,000	206.9%
E-ISAC Portal Improvement	1,000,000	-	(1,000,000)	-100.0%
Document Management Program	335,000	-	(335,000)	-100.0%
Hardware (storage, servers)	991,000	805,000	(186,000)	-18.8%
Other Equipment	885,000	370,000	(515,000)	-58.2%
Disaster Recovery	150,000	100,000	(50,000)	-33.3%
NERC Software Licenses	311,000	301,000	(10,000)	-3.2%
Leasehold Improvements	-	150,000	150,000	100.0%
Total	\$ 4,372,000	\$ 3,874,000	\$ (498,000)	-11.4%

The tables set forth below show the projected year-end outstanding debt and the future annual payments for debt service. In the 2018 budget, NERC plans to finance \$2.1M for ERO application development projects. The debt service projection assumes an average interest rate of 4.0% over the term of the financing, which is a slight increase over previous year budgets, reflecting the modest general increase occurring in interest rates.

	Year-End Outstanding Debt Balance							
	Prior Years	2017		2018		2019		2020
	Actual	Project	ed	Budget	Р	rojected	P	Projected
Prior Years (2014 - 2016 Borrowing)	\$ 1,864,374	\$ 1,111	,961 \$	\$ 394,688	\$	-	\$	-
2017 Projection	-	1,450	,000	966,667		483,333		-
2018 Budgeted	-		-	2,148,000		1,432,000		716,000
2019 Projected	-		-	-		2,668,000		1,778,667
2020 Projected	-		-	-		-		2,457,000
Total Outstanding Balance	\$ 1,864,374	\$ 2,561	,961 \$	\$ 3,509,354	\$	4,583,333	\$	4,951,667

	Future Annual Payments for Debt Service										
					2017		2018		2019		2020
				P	rojected		Budget		Projected	F	rojected
Prior Years - Principal				\$	752,413	\$	717,274	\$	394,688	\$	-
2017 Projection					-		483,333		483,333		483,333
2018 Budgeted					-		-		716,000		716,000
2019 Projected					-		-		-		889,333
2020 Projected					-		-		-		-
Interest Expense					64,544		88,878		121,744		155,335
Total Principal and Interest Costs	Ś		-	Ś	816.956	Ś	1.289.485	Ś	1.715.765	Ś	2.244.002

Exhibit E – Working Capital and Operating Reserve Amounts

In September 2015, the Commission approved NERC's proposed amendments to its *Working Capital and Operating Reserve Policy*, which had been approved by the NERC Board. A number of changes were made to the policy, including:

- Clarifying the definition of working capital to represent funding needed for cash flow purposes due to the timing of the receipt of funds and the payment of expenses.
- Creating four separate categories of operating reserves:
 - A new subcategory of reserves entitled **Future Obligation Reserve** for funds that are being held to satisfy obligations that will be settled in a future year. Examples include leases, certain contracts, and credit agreements. These reserves were previously included within the definition of working capital, but are more accurately classified as a form of operating reserve.
 - 2. Continuation of a separate category of reserves for the Operator Certification Program called the **System Operator Certification Reserve**.
 - Elimination of the Known and Unforeseen Contingency categories of operating reserves and creating a single category of contingency reserves called the **Operating Contingency Reserve**.
 - 4. Creation of a separate category of reserves for CRISP called the CRISP Reserve.

Working Capital

Based on its 2017 cash flow projection and taking into account the historic manner in which NERC's assessments have been billed and paid, NERC does not anticipate needing access to working capital in 2018 to meet monthly cash flow needs. While individual reserve categories are increasing and decreasing based on operating needs and uses, the budget in total does not reflect additional net funding for reserves. In the unlikely event NERC experiences a temporary cash flow shortage, it has the ability to either request authorization from the Finance and Audit Committee and Board of Trustees to temporarily access operating contingency reserve funds, or draw on its \$4M line of credit, as long as NERC is in compliance with the covenants under its bank credit agreement.

Operating Reserves

Total operating reserves are budgeted to be \$5.9M at December 31, 2018 among all four categories, or \$5.4M excluding the \$500,000 CRISP Reserve. The Future Obligation Reserve is budgeted to be \$1.8M and is primarily funds held to offset future liabilities under lease agreements for the Atlanta and Washington, DC, offices. System Operator Certification Reserves are budgeted at \$700k, and the Operating Contingency Reserve is budgeted for \$3.0M. The CRISP Reserve, budgeted at \$500k, is held pursuant to the terms of the Master Services Agreement between NERC and participating utilities, which calls for a separate third-party funded reserve established to fund certain contingencies in connection with CRISP.

In addition to the foregoing reserves, the amended policy also provides for an **Assessment Stabilization Reserve**. The goal of the Assessment Stabilization Reserve is to mitigate assessment volatility and have percentage changes in annual assessments track, within a reasonable band, percentage changes in the company's total annual budget, with the total budget reflecting prudent fiscal discipline and good stewardship of resources. Assessment stabilization funds will be used when available to help stabilize assessments and mitigate year-to-year swings in assessments. Those swings primarily result from the year-to-year variations in collections of Penalty funds to be applied to offset assessments, but could also result from other factors like surplus funds available from a prior period, the need to replenish the Operating Contingency Reserve, or significant but relatively short-term operating or capital spending needs. Subject to Commission approval, NERC proposes to (1) place the \$500,000 of Penalties collected in the 12 months ended June 30, 2017, into the Assessment Stabilization Reserve, resulting in a balance

on January 1, 2018 of \$2,171,000, funded entirely by penalties and (2) release \$600,000 from the Assessment Stabilization Reserve to reduce 2018 assessments. NERC's proposals will result in a balance remaining in the Assessment Stabilization Reserve of \$1,571,000 at December 31, 2018 (assuming that after June 30, 2017, no additional Penalties are received and placed into the Assessment Stabilization Reserve). This balance will be available to be used, with Board and Commission approval, to mitigate annual assessment increases in future years.

2018 NERC Business Plan and Budget Addendum Long Term E-ISAC Strategy and Funding

Background and Introduction

Over the past several years the Electricity Information Sharing and Analysis Center (E-ISAC) has focused on improving its technical and analytical capabilities with a goal of becoming the electricity industry's leading, trusted source for analysis and sharing of security information. Significant support from the Electricity Subsector Coordinating Council (ESCC), the ESCC Members Executive Committee (MEC), the U.S. Department of Energy, and other stakeholders have helped the E-ISAC be responsive to the industry's needs in order to provide unique insights, leadership, and coordination for security matters.

In the fourth quarter of 2014 and with broad industry support, the E-ISAC assumed management responsibility for the Cybersecurity Risk Information Sharing Program (CRISP), a public-private partnership that facilitates the automatic sharing of cyber threat information. The CRISP program also develops situation awareness tools that enhance the electricity sector's ability to identify, prioritize, and coordinate the protection of its critical infrastructure. CRISP provides critical infrastructure owners and operators the capability to voluntarily share cyber threat data, analyze this data, and receive machine-to-machine mitigation measures. Information-sharing devices installed on participants' networks send encrypted data to a CRISP analysis center operated by the Pacific Northwest National Laboratory (PNNL), which analyzes the data it receives and sends alerts and mitigation measures back to CRISP participants and the E-ISAC through secure communication channels. Industry participation has increased significantly since CRISP became fully operational in 2015, and today the program supports the major utilities that serve about 75% of the metered electricity customers in the United States.

At the request of the NERC Board of Trustees and under the guidance of the ESCC and MEC, executive leadership of the E-ISAC developed a long-term strategic plan, a copy of which is attached hereto. The E-ISAC Long Term Strategic Plan was approved by the MEC on April 24, 2017 and accepted by the NERC Board of Trustees on May 11, 2017. The long-term strategic plan is to transform the E-ISAC into a world-class intelligence collecting and analytical capability for the electricity industry.

In furtherance of this vision, the E-ISAC is planning for a continuous improvement and evolution that reflects the changing threat landscape, changing technologies and business processes inside the industry, and changing customer expectations for a highly reliable and secure electricity infrastructure that is increasingly more integrated with less secure infrastructures, such as the public Internet. This strategy recognizes the growing threats to the grid from human and cyber actors, and highlights the need for a more robust security information sharing and analysis capability within NERC, while also reflecting an approach based upon sound fiscal planning. To achieve this goal, the E-ISAC is focused on increasing its capability to collect security intelligence; conduct sophisticated and specialized analysis; acquire additional data storage, management, and sharing technologies; and increase its access to classified networks and facilities.

The following paragraphs discuss the additional future resource requirements necessary to support this long-term strategy, including the specific resource additions being proposed for 2018. Resource requirements for subsequent years will be subject to ongoing refinement, review and approval as part of NERC's annual business plan and budget process. Senior management will continue to work closely with the MEC to ensure that the capabilities and services provided are aligned with and support the strategic plan. Periodic progress reports will also be provided to the NERC Board of Trustees and industry stakeholders.

Increased Capabilities and Services

Improved Intelligence Collection, Analysis, and Information Sharing

The E-ISAC continues to improve the collection, analysis, and sharing of unclassified but sensitive information. New collection capabilities coming online in 2017, such as the E-ISAC's Cyber Automated Information Sharing System (CAISS) project and continued expansion of the Cybersecurity Risk Information Sharing Program (CRISP), will provide additional technical intelligence. As these technologies mature they will require increased staffing to screen, analyze, summarize, disseminate and maintain information shared with industry participants.

In 2018, the E-ISAC plans to implement additional monitoring (either directly or through the services of third parties) of public and private networks for new technical threats; and increase the ability to monitor social media and other open sources for human threats. Beyond 2018 the E-ISAC plans to launch a pilot project to begin collecting data from sensors in Operational Technology (OT) networks that will search for destructive threats. These additional intelligence and information gathering capabilities will also require increased staffing to analyze and share security information derived from them.

Improved Analytical Capabilities

Sophisticated threat analysis requires technical analysts and tools with specializations in fields such as industrial control system security, end-point (host) security, network security, cloud security, and penetration testing.

In 2018, the E-ISAC plans to add data visualization capabilities to its portal technology that will assist members in understanding what threats are targeting them versus the broad sector; provide a malware reverse engineering capability; and be able to conduct remote testing of security perimeters and devices.

Measuring and understanding the impact of security controls and other actions taken to mitigate threats will be a new capability of the E-ISAC in 2018. In order to determine the effectiveness of NERC's reliability standards and other investments made by the electricity industry, the E-ISAC plans to deploy new technologies designed to measure the effectiveness of these security initiatives.

Beyond 2018, other analytical initiatives planned include adding big data analytics² to the CRISP and CAISS programs; the ability to verify device security through the use of passive attack tools; and developing customized control system security analysis tools. On the new portal platform, the E-ISAC plans to provide customized security monitoring and "plug-in" security modules for members that will allow them to define their own views of the security of their systems. This ability to view a member's own data and compare it to anonymized data from other members will be unique to the E-ISAC and the electricity industry.

Improved Industry Engagement

A major focus for the E-ISAC over the past two years has been improving our engagement with the electricity industry. The new portal platform being launched in 2017 is a core capability that will serve as a foundation for improved information sharing and new types of membership engagement.

In 2018, the E-ISAC plans to launch a robust reputation monitoring and warning capability for the members similar to the Domain Name System (DNS) monitoring project that was piloted in 2016; build and maintain a protected database of members' technical data including assigned Internet Protocol ranges, domain names, cloud service

¹ OT networks are typically separate from enterprise information technology networks and are used for controlling or monitoring machinery, relays, breakers, and other operational or control systems.

² Big data analytics refers to the ability to analyze very large repositories of data, looking for correlations of information that otherwise would appear to be unrelated.

providers, key applications, contact information and other critical member-specific data; provide on-site physical security guidance and incident analysis; and create a "cyber range" for members to support GridEx and other simulated training environments.

In future years, other engagement initiatives will include providing increased support to smaller industry members; creating cyber teams that can assist with on-site cyber security analytics; producing top quality training videos or online applications for various security subjects; and providing E-ISAC liaisons to other industry sector watch centers for better cross-sector collaboration.

Measuring Success

Measuring impact or direct changes to the security of the grid based on these new capabilities is difficult. The E-ISAC plans to provide quarterly updates to both the MEC and the NERC Board of Trustees highlighting the progress made on acquiring new personnel, deployment of new tools and technologies, and analysis of the impact on the industry as best as can be determined. As data is collected with the new tools, it will become possible to measure with increasing accuracy the direct impact on grid security. This analysis will assist the E-ISAC, the MEC, the NERC Board of Trustees, and other stakeholders in determining the impact of these improvements and identifying where improvements can be made.

Additional Resource Requirements

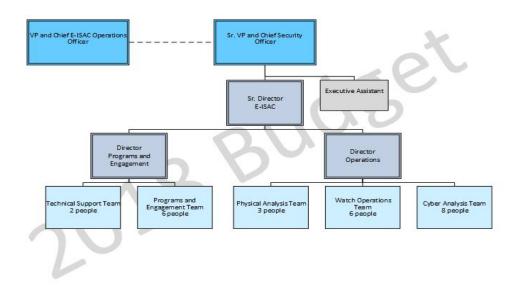
Personnel

The E-ISAC anticipates having 25 total employees by the end of 2017, including current staff and vacancies, along with 3 additional analyst positions as an initial step in the strategy. To meet the staffing levels recommended to fully execute the long-term strategic plan, the E-ISAC anticipates an additional 27 employees are needed. Management recommends these additional employees be phased-in over a five-year period in order to better facilitate the hiring, acquisition and integration of personnel, as well as to mitigate annual budget and assessment increases. In addition to these E-ISAC staff additions, additional corporate support resources will also be required, primarily related to information technology, legal, and finance. Projected resource additions for each year will also be subject to a review of the E-ISAC performance and progress in execution of the long-term strategy, as well as review and approval as part of NERC's annual business plan and budget process.

In 2018, the E-ISAC proposes to hire an additional six employees at an estimated incremental cost of \$1.08 million. These six new positions include one watch officer, two cyber analysts, one CRISP analyst, one physical analyst, and an administrative support position. The performance of these additional employees and their impact on increasing the security of the grid will contribute to decisions for future levels of staff increases. With the addition of these six new positions, the E-ISAC's 2018 organizational chart is as follows:

³ A "cyber range" is a simulated training environment for system administrators and network defenders that allows them to experiment with different types of defensive tools against different types of attackers. This approach is widely used in the military and with defense contractors, and will be a very powerful addition to the Electricity industry's set of cyber defense tools.

Electricity Information Sharing and Analysis Center



Technology

As more data is collected, the E-ISAC will need to acquire additional data storage, management, and sharing technologies. These technologies must be as secure as possible, given that the risk of a targeted data breach will increase as the E-ISAC improves its capability to give early warning to industry about threats and vulnerabilities discovered via data analysis. The estimated annual incremental cost of new technologies each year over the next five years is estimated to range between \$250k to 500k per year.

Specific technologies needed to support the long-term plan in 2018 include event visualization via the new platform, predictive analysis based on artificial intelligence, real-time threat feeds to members, a customized platform experience for each user, and federated information sharing.

Other technologies to be added after 2018 include increased data storage capability with big data analytics for CRISP; tools for monitoring open source intelligence; malware reverse engineering tools; metrics development tools; passive security testing capability; reputation monitoring services; and increased network capacity between the E-ISAC and various Department of Energy laboratories.

Facility Improvements

As the size of the E-ISAC grows, ongoing facility improvements will made each year over the next five years to accommodate these needs. Building on improvements made in 2017 there will be additional upgrades to the Watch Operations Center, the Cyber Analysis Center, and to the displays, monitors, workstations, and other fixed assets throughout the E-ISAC.

Total Projected Costs

The chart below shows the cost projections for personnel, technology and facility improvements over the next five years. These costs are the incremental costs expected in each year, not the accumulated costs over time.

E-ISAC Strategic Plan Cost Projections by Year

			Other Staffing,						
		E-ISAC Staffing	Technology and Tools			upport, and Facilities*		Total Per Year	
2018	\$	1,080,000	\$	500,000	\$	225,000	\$	1,805,000	
2019	•	1,080,000	•	300,000	•	475,000	•	1,855,000	
2020		900,000		250,000		175,000		1,325,000	
2021		900,000		250,000		355,000		1,505,000	
2022		900,000		450,000		355,000		1,705,000	
Total	\$	4,860,000	\$	1,750,000	\$	1,585,000	\$	8,195,000	

^{*} This category includes administrative staff support outside the E-ISAC department, professional services costs, and costs related to facilities upgrades.

Funding Alternatives

The majority of NERC's operations have traditionally been funded through assessments, which are allocated to load serving entities on a net energy for load basis. There are several exceptions to this general funding approach. NERC's operator certification and training program is funded through testing fees, and the cost of certain conferences, including NERC's Human Performance and Grid Security conferences, have been offset by registration fees. In addition, when CRISP was established, an agreement was reached with the CRISP participants that the costs incurred by NERC under its subcontract with PNNL should be entirely funded by CRISP participants, since these costs directly benefit the CRISP participants. However, since CRISP data is also used to provide threat information to registered users of the E-ISAC, it was recognized and agreed that funding a portion of the program through assessments was also appropriate. Since the program was new and E-ISAC resources would be utilized to analyze, anonymize and share CRISP data through the E-ISAC portal for the benefit of all users of the portal and load serving entities generally, a decision was made to share the funding of NERC's internal costs to support CRISP equally between assessments and participants in the program.

For 2018, management is recommending that the proposed resource additions not related to the CRISP program be funded through assessments. The additional resources related to CRISP analytics will be included in the CRISP program budget and recommended for approval by those participants. As the E-ISAC resource requirements and associated funding needs continue to grow, management believes there is merit in continuing to explore alternative funding mechanisms, including the potential for public and private sector support, to fund future information technology and infrastructure needs.

The table below shows a "base" budget from 2018 through 2022, assuming growth of 3% and no significant staffing, technology, or facilities additions. For additional information on this "base" budget, see the E-ISAC section in the budget narrative. The "Added Costs" are based on the previous table showing the incremental costs per year related to this strategic plan. These costs are both accumulated (i.e. – staffing additions) and incremental (i.e. – one time technology tools or facilities expenditures) as necessary such that the 2022 "Strategic Plan Budget"

amount represents the total projected cost for that year to accommodate both the base operations and additional strategic plan costs discussed herein.

E-ISAC
Total Budget including Strategic Plan

	E-ISAC		Strategic Plan
	Base Budget*	Added Costs	Budget
2018	\$ 18,996,833	\$ 1,805,000	\$ 20,801,833
2019	19,566,738	3,235,000	22,801,738
2020	20,153,740	4,385,000	24,538,740
2021	20,758,352	5,715,000	26,473,352
2022	21,381,103	7,245,000	28,626,103

^{*} The base budget for 2018 does not include any additional costs discussed in this Appendix. For additional information on the base budget, please see the E-ISAC section in the budget narrative. The 2019 thru 2022 include a 3% increase each year.

Impact on 2018 NERC Budget and Assessments

All of these costs will be incremental to the proposed "base-case" NERC budget, and most of them will be incremental to the assessment increase. However, one of the additional analysts is allocated to CRISP and will be included in the 2018 budget for consideration by the CRISP participants. Therefore, as the table below reflects, the impact on the NERC budget is \$1.8M and the impact on assessments is \$1.7M, with the remaining \$90,000 related to the CRISP analyst position included with the CRISP budget for 2018 and funded accordingly.

The table below shows the impact of this strategy on the current NERC "base-case" budget, reflecting an increase to the budget of 5.1% (2.5% without these costs) and an increase in NERC assessments of 6.1% (3.3% without these costs). The table below does not does not include any releases from the Assessment Stabilization Reserve to offset the 2018 assessment billings. However, NERC is proposing to release \$600k from the Assessment Stabilization Reserve to offset 2018 assessment billings.

E-ISAC 2018 Budget and Assessment Impact

			Change	
	2017	2018	\$	%
NERC Budget (current base case)	\$ 69,602,175	\$ 71,376,999	\$ 1,774,824	2.5%
2018 E-ISAC strategic additions		1,805,000	-	-
NERC Budget - adjusted	\$ 69,602,175	\$ 73,181,999	\$ 3,579,824	5.1%
NERC Assessments (current base case)	\$ 59,856,314	\$ 61,804,211	\$ 1,947,897	3.3%
2018 E-ISAC strategic additions		1,715,000	-	-
NERC Assessments - adjusted	\$ 59,856,314	\$ 63,519,211	\$ 3,662,897	6.1%

Attachment E-ISAC Long Term Strategic Plan

Executive Summary

The Electricity Information Sharing and Analysis Center (E-ISAC), operated by the North American Electric Reliability Corporation (NERC), executed a significant improvement initiative over the past two years based on findings and recommendations developed by the Electricity Subsector Coordinating Council (ESCC) in 2015. Looking forward, the electricity industry would like the E-ISAC to become an indispensable resource for security information sharing and analysis, and to be the centerpiece for building a highly engaged community of security professionals.

To carry forth this vision, the E-ISAC must undergo continuous improvement and evolution that reflects the changing threat landscape, changing technologies and business processes inside the industry, and changing customer expectations for a highly reliable and secure electricity infrastructure that is increasingly more integrated with insecure infrastructures such as the public Internet. This will require additional resources for people, technology, and facilities above what has been budgeted in previous years.

This strategic plan builds on the ESCC's earlier recommendations and discusses improvements needed in 2017 to address current threats, a look at the mid-term range of 2018-2022 to address emerging threats, and what the E-ISAC might look like beyond 2023 if the forecasted issues continue to develop.

The plan was developed with guidance from the ESCC and from NERC leadership. It recognizes the need for sound fiscal planning, recognizes the growing threats to the grid from human and cyber actors, and highlights the need for a more robust security information sharing and analysis capability within NERC.

At a recent planning session with C-level executives, one utility CEO said he wanted to "transform the EISAC into an intelligence collecting and analytical capability that industry literally cannot do without," which resonated strongly among the other executives. To achieve this goal we must get the E-ISAC to a maturity level where industry completely trusts it to gather, hold, analyze, and distribute highly sensitive security information.

Specific financial projections, technology requirements, staffing, and facility improvements are being developed and will be incorporated in the NERC strategic plan and the NERC business plan and budget.

Background

The Electricity Information Sharing and Analysis Center (E-ISAC) is operated by the North American Electric Reliability Corporation (NERC).⁵⁴ It was established by NERC at the request of the U.S. Department of Energy in 1999 to serve as a focal point for voluntary information sharing within the electricity subsector. By 2006, the ISAC was widely used in the subsector for collecting, analyzing, and distributing voluntarily-shared security information and was a key component of NERC's overall electric reliability mission. NERC's Board of Trustees oversees the budget and activities of the E-ISAC in the same manner as other NERC divisions.

NERC assumed the role of the Electric Reliability Organization (ERO) in 2006 and began a multi-year effort to develop enforceable reliability and security standards for owners, operators, and users of the Bulk-Power System. As the standards were completed and compliance monitoring began, the ISAC remained the place where security incidents were reported, but the voluntary nature of reporting from electricity entities shifted towards mandatory

⁵⁴ Initially called the Electricity Sector Information Sharing and Analysis Center (ES-ISAC), the name was changed in September 2015 to the Electricity Information Sharing and Analysis Center (E-ISAC) as part of a rebranding and role-clarification initiative.

reporting from entities required to be compliant with NERC's Critical Infrastructure Protection (CIP) standards. By 2014, voluntary sharing with the E-ISAC had greatly diminished in favor of mandatory reporting, but the desire for voluntary sharing within the subsector remained strong. The following year a perceived problem of internal NERC cross-sharing of security information was addressed when NERC implemented the employee code of conduct that bars voluntarily shared security information from being forwarded to NERC's compliance and enforcement teams. Also in 2015 the E-ISAC finished a separation project that includes physical and electronic barriers to protect the information voluntarily shared by industry members.

In late 2014, the Electricity Subsector Coordinating Council (ESCC) initiated a strategic review of the E-ISAC. In June 2015, the ESCC published its key findings and recommendations, which fell into four major areas of improvement for the E-ISAC:

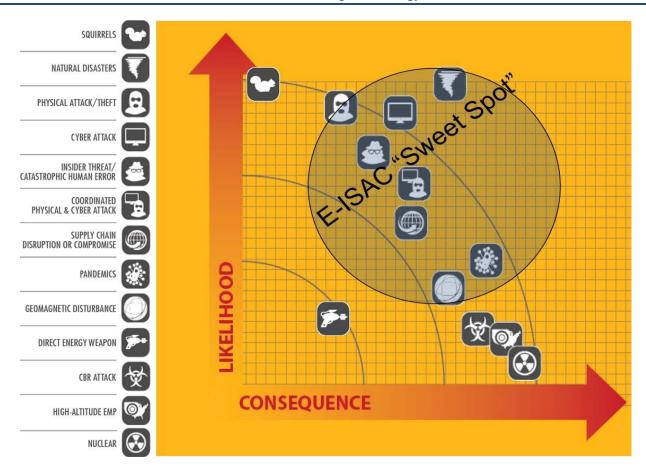
- 1. Strengthen the governance structure and processes to increase effectiveness and responsiveness
- 2. Improve the quality and value of the products by identifying member needs and expectations
- 3. Advance the analysis capabilities by continuing to upgrade operational and staff capabilities
- 4. Advance the information collection capabilities through enhanced member engagement, better tools or sensors, and an improved portal

A C-level advisory team from the ESCC (the Member Executive Committee, or MEC) was established in 2015 to help enable the implementation of the ESCC's recommendations, which included a new vision for the E-ISAC to become the electricity industry's leading, trusted source for analysis and sharing of security information. As of April 2017, much progress has been made toward realizing this vision and now we look forward to the next five years and beyond while asking the question, "how do we transform the E-ISAC into an intelligence collecting and analytical capability industry cannot do without?" To begin this process, the following section looks back at known threats and ahead at the anticipated evolving nature of future threats targeting the electricity industry.

The Changing Threat Landscape

A study conducted for the ESCC by the Chertoff Group in 2014⁵⁵ found that a range of threats target the electric power grid. These threats can be approximately related to each other by using a likelihood versus consequence plotting. We feel that the E-ISAC's "sweet spot" is roughly along the 45-degree line as depicted in the graphic below.

^{55 &}quot;Addressing Dynamic Threats to the Electric Power Grid Through Resilience" https://www.chertoffgroup.com/files/docs/Addressing-Dynamic-Threats.compressed.pdf



Industry by itself cannot protect the grid from all hazards, and likewise neither can the government. A strong partnership between industry and government for security is required, and in fact has been in place for many years. At the center of this partnership is the ESCC, which serves as a bridge between the public and private sectors for strategic security policy coordination and to develop unity of messaging during a crisis. In addition, timely and actionable information sharing, collaboration, and analysis are the cornerstones of good security practices within the electricity industry. The E-ISAC's role is to facilitate voluntary sharing and collaboration, and to provide unique insights into emerging security issues that are affecting the sector. In January 2017 the E-ISAC and the MEC met in person to discuss the future of the E-ISAC relative to changing threats, changing industry dynamics, and a changing environment. While physical threats resulting in theft, vandalism, disruption, or destruction will always be present, the group recognized that cyber threats and other types of threats are evolving and will require adaptive change throughout industry and especially with respect to the E-ISAC. The group agreed that future threats industry needed to monitor and mitigate included:

- Near-term (0-2 years)
 - Nation state threats, advanced persistent threats, the Internet of Things (IoT), Distributed Denial of Service (DDoS) attacks, and ransomware
 - Data breaches and intellectual property theft
 - Insiders, physical damage, coordinated attacks, and third-party risks
- Mid-term (3-5 years)
 - Increased reliance on gas generation
 - Distribution system vulnerabilities via networked control systems
 - Growth of demand response technologies with low security
 - Distributed energy resources
 - Reliability of communications networks

- Long-term (5-10 years)
 - Higher replacement rate of components and systems
 - Increased cost of operations due to higher security costs
 - Ability to run manually might be lost
 - Computers attacking computers

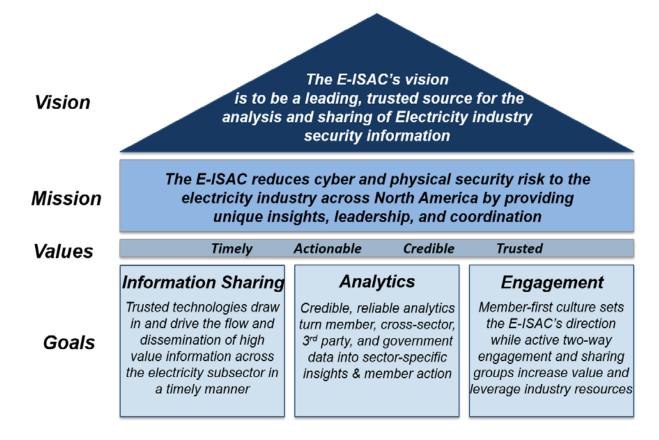
The remainder of this plan discusses improvements needed in 2017 to address current threats, a look at the midterm range of 2018-2022 to address emerging threats, and what the E-ISAC might look like beyond 2023 if the forecasted issues continue to develop.

The Need for a Strategic Plan

Given that quite a bit of work was accomplished over the past two years to improve the E-ISAC, it is reasonable to ask why a long-term strategic plan is needed. Looking externally, there are three primary drivers:

- 1. Security threats continue to evolve and become more dangerous
 - a. Ukraine, IoT, and ransomware attacks are indicators
 - b. Geopolitical tensions and changing societal trends make North America a target
- 2. Customer expectations for highly reliable energy continue to increase
 - a. Electricity entities need to be more agile and responsive to real-time risks
 - b. Rapid technology changes also increase the risk landscape
- 3. More robust understanding and measurement of grid resiliency and security
 - a. Need new tools for collecting and analyzing grid security metrics data

Since the publication of the ESCC's strategic review in 2015, the E-ISAC has solidified vision, mission, values and goals statements as shown in the graphic below. The three "goals" columns represent parts of a rising spiral of membership engagements: bringing in more information improves the analytical process, which in turn drives more engagement, which then brings in more information, which improves analytics, and so forth.

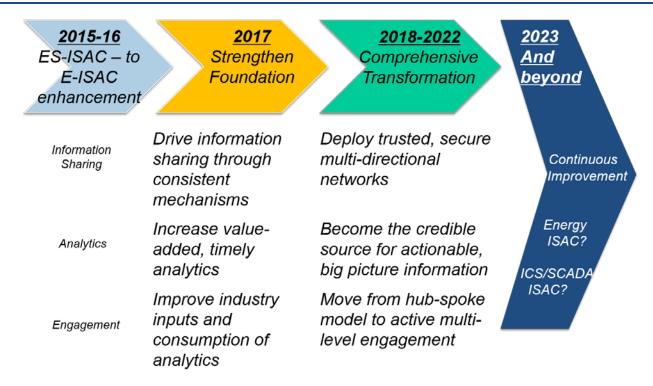


This process takes the E-ISAC to new levels as it gets better at information collection, analysis, and dissemination and represents the core capabilities of the E-ISAC. The MEC and the E-ISAC developed a related strategy for the improvement of the E-ISAC's products and services that builds upon the pillars shown in the graphic above, and is working on a technology roadmap in partnership with NERC's Information Technology team that also follows this method. Both of these more tactical plans support the goals and objectives of the E-ISAC's long-term strategic plan.

Transforming the E-ISAC: 2017 and Beyond

In the coming years, NERC should build on the foundation of the 2015 ESCC recommendations, and position the E-ISAC to provide more robust security information for better understanding of security weaknesses and strengths across the ERO. By addressing the three primary drivers outlined above, NERC can transform the E-ISAC into a world-class intelligence collecting and analytical capability for the electricity industry. To accomplish this, the E-ISAC must achieve a maturity level where industry completely trusts it to gather, hold, analyze, and distribute highly sensitive security information, with no fear that information voluntarily submitted to the E-ISAC would ever be used for a compliance enforcement action or investigation.

As we strengthen the foundation built over the past two years, the E-ISAC should undertake a comprehensive multi-year transformation to build capabilities that include trusted, secure, multidirectional networks and a movement from a hub/spoke model to a very active multi-level engagement. The E-ISAC strives to be the industry's most credible source for actionable, big picture information. This roadmap is illustrated in the graphic below.



2015 and 2016 were foundation-building years, set in motion by the ESCC strategic review and the publication of the findings and recommendations. In 2015, NERC implemented an employee code of conduct, completed a physical and logical separation of the E-ISAC from other parts of NERC, hired strategic leadership and key industry experts, and rebuilt the organization with new internal functional groups. Also that year, the name was changed from the ES-ISAC to the E-ISAC and new logos, color schemes, and branding were launched. In 2016, the old web portal was upgraded with the intention of setting in motion a completely new platform capability that will launch later in 2017. Over the past two years, membership engagement and information sharing grew rapidly, new products and services were launched, and the third Grid Security Exercise (GridEx III) was successfully administered by the E-ISAC. The impact of these initial changes on the E-ISAC's capability to respond to real-world incidents was validated by the Ukraine grid attacks in December 2015, denial of service attacks from Internet of Things (IoT) devices in October 2016, and the second Ukraine event along with the Grizzly Steppe incident at the end of December 2016.

As was pointed out frequently in the past two years, the "IS" and the "A" in "ISAC" define the two primary strategic themes that must be in place for the organization to be successful. In 2017, the E-ISAC is deploying new information sharing and analysis tools such as the Cyber Automated Information Sharing System (CAISS) and an Event Visualization Tool (EVT) to increase the speed and ease of sharing cyber threat information. While the Cybersecurity Risk Information Sharing Program (CRISP) has enhanced visibility and understanding of cyber threats for the electricity industry, processing classified information takes time. As information comes in from CRISP sensors and goes to the Pacific Northwest National Laboratory, the E-ISAC will leverage a new unclassified data storage and analytics capability inside the E-ISAC so that more actionable information can be sent to industry on a timelier basis. Later this year we anticipate that alerts and technical information will flow securely between CAISS and CRISP in our efforts to expand our data collection beyond the current participant pool and to achieve a more comprehensive picture of industry threats than we have today.

The major technical effort in 2017 is a planned replacement of the current web portal with a new "platform" that will enable automatic information sharing, the creation of private discussion groups, data visualization, and many other features that the E-ISAC's members requested. To support the new tools and the needs of the sector,

additional analysts will be hired in 2017. In addition, new partnerships are envisioned with organizations like the Computer Emergency Response Team Coordination Center (CERT/CC), and at the end of 2017, the E-ISAC will host the GridEx IV. In mid-April 2017, the internal structure of the E-ISAC was modified to align the staff to better serve the industry. There are now two major groups—one focused on operations and analysis and the other on programs and member engagement. Some minor facility improvements are also planned for 2017.

Looking forward, the next five years (2018-2022) will focus on transforming the E-ISAC into a world-class intelligence collecting and analytical capability for the electricity industry. To achieve this goal, the E-ISAC should increase its capability to collect security intelligence; increase the number of specialized analysts; acquire additional data storage, management, and sharing technologies; and increase the E-ISAC's access to classified networks and facilities.

New Intelligence Collection – To Support Better Unclassified Information Sharing

Some new collection capabilities coming online in 2017 such as CAISS and the Department of Energy's CYOTE project will bring additional intelligence, but the E-ISAC should also consider more active monitoring of public and private networks for new threats, perhaps collecting data from sensors in Operational Technology (OT) networks, and increasing the ability to monitor social media and other open sources. Some of that new collection could be done by others as a service that the E-ISAC would pay for.

Access to Classified Networks and Facilities – To Improve Sharing of Highly Sensitive Information

While the majority of the E-ISAC's staff hold US government security clearances, the facility inside of NERC operates at the unclassified level. This requires E-ISAC staff to travel to government facilities in order to view and analyze classified data. On the industry side, very few entities have access to classified facilities and most do not have staff with appropriate clearances. To support the strategic goal of better information sharing, both the E-ISAC and industry members should have increased access to classified data and classified information sharing networks. Relationships with government partners need to be leveraged to make valuable classified data and analysis rapidly available to asset owners and operators.

More Analysts – To Improve the E-ISAC's Analytical Capabilities

The E-ISAC should hire technical analysts with specializations in fields such as industrial control system security, end-point (host) security, network security, cloud security, and penetration testing. Over the next three to five years an estimated ten or more analysts should be hired at a rate of two or three per year so that the annual increase of NERC's budget is minimized.

Acquisition of New Technologies – To Improve Industry Engagement

As more data is collected, the E-ISAC should acquire additional data storage, management, and sharing technologies. These technologies must be as secure as possible, given that the risk of a targeted data breach will increase as the E-ISAC improves its capability to give early warning to industry about threats and vulnerabilities discovered via data analysis. Specific technologies needed in the next five years include event visualization via the new platform, predictive analysis based on artificial intelligence, real-time threat feeds to members, a customized platform experience for each user, and federated information sharing.

Beyond 2023 security challenges will continue to expand, requiring additional resources and perhaps a different relationship across the energy industry. Due to commonality of threats across all energy companies, rapid growth of vulnerable control systems, and a convergence of lines of business within the industry, we must consider whether or not the E-ISAC should remain focused only on electricity, or if it should expand to include all energy owners/operators (electricity, gas, oil, and natural gas).

Other items to consider beyond 2023 include the size and location of the E-ISAC facility and potential partnerships with the research community. Due to limitations of the NERC budget, some of these new capabilities would need outside funding from the government or perhaps grants from large industry companies.

Other MEC Guidance

Several questions were presented to the MEC membership about the long-term future of the E-ISAC. Most of the questions were answered in the discussion paragraphs above. The remaining questions not previously discussed and the MEC's summarized responses are below.

Should the E-ISAC move to 24/7 operations?

Not immediately but the decision should be based on changing situations and activity levels. This response is driven by the reality of the cost for the additional staff, and by the reality that very little data is submitted to the E-ISAC for analysis outside of normal business hours. But, as the E-ISAC's capabilities and data collection grow, there will likely be a point in the next 3-5 years when it might be necessary to move to round-the-clock operations.

What is the E-ISAC's relationship with other ISACs?

There is concern that other ISACs (the Financial Services ISAC, or FS-ISAC, is a recent example) will attempt to recruit electric utilities to pay for special analytical services in order to cover expanding costs. The consensus view of the MEC is that the E-ISAC should not discourage members from taking advantage of services offered by other ISACs, and should try to learn about those new capabilities with an eye towards developing them organically within the E-ISAC when appropriate. Services offered by other ISACs should be viewed as additional intelligence sources. Additionally, the E-ISAC should develop stronger information sharing partnerships with other ISACs and increase the level of cross-sector engagement.

Should the E-ISAC have an international relationship?

The E-ISAC, as part of NERC, currently has members in Canada and Mexico. The MEC recommended that the E-ISAC consider establishing formal information sharing relationships with other countries such as Japan or the United Kingdom. Because no other countries are interconnected with the North American grid beyond the US, Canada, and Mexico, any future information sharing relationship with entities in other countries would be at a very high level and must preserve the privacy of North American entities that are voluntarily sharing with the E-ISAC.

Should the E-ISAC accept funding from sources beyond NERC assessments?

Government funding may be necessary to cover costs of the recommended expansions of technical capabilities, staff, and facilities. MEC members cautioned about any potential "attached strings" that come with government grants. Beyond 2018, some member companies have expressed interest in a model like CRISP where companies can pay for additional services, or perhaps moving to a tierbased pricing model.

Conclusion and Next Steps

The next several years present an opportunity to transform the E-ISAC into a world-class intelligence collecting and analytical capability for the electricity industry; and an opportunity to support NERC's overall initiatives to better understand the current security posture of the North American grid. As threats, technologies, and business process change, the E-ISAC, in order to be as valuable as it can to the industry, must evolve to a maturity level where industry completely trusts it to gather, hold, analyze, and distribute highly sensitive security information. Specific financial projections, technology requirements, staffing, and facility improvements are being developed and will be incorporated in the NERC strategic plan and the NERC business plan and budget.

Towards this transformation, for the near term (remainder of 2017 and all of 2018), the E-ISAC plans to:

- Hire additional analysts
- Increase the in-house data storage and analysis capabilities
- Grow the CRISP and CAISS programs
- Deliver a world-class information sharing platform well before GridEx IV
- Grow membership engagement via the new platform
- Increase engagement with other ISACs and information sharing partners
- Increase engagement with Canada and Mexico
- Provide higher quality grid security metrics data to support NERC's data collection initiatives

Exhibit G – Compliance Monitoring and Enforcement Program Technology Project

With the ERO Enterprise at a critical point in its maturation, the Compliance Monitoring and Enforcement Program (CMEP) Technology Project is a strategic opportunity to significantly improve the productivity and effectiveness of the ERO Enterprise and will provide benefits to all those impacted by its work: registered entities, Regional Entities, and NERC.

Once implemented, the new solution will give NERC and the Regional Entities a greater level of visibility into identifying and managing reliability risk. The ability to catalogue and manage reliability risks across North America will combine with the ability to see those risks within the context of compliance trends, performance analysis, and forward-looking assessments. Together, these elements will provide deep and broad views of reliability across the ERO Enterprise, leading to new insights into data-informed reliability risk management. Such visibility is essential continuing maturation of the ERO Enterprise and the achievement of its reliability mission.

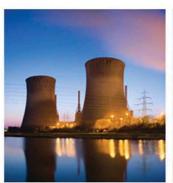
See the below presentation for additional information on the CMEP Technology Project.

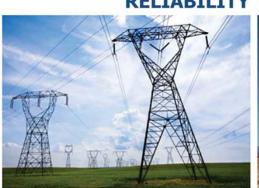


Compliance Monitoring and Enforcement Program -**Technology Project**

Stan Hoptroff, Vice President and Chief Technology Officer July 14, 2017











Project Objectives

- Implement best practices and professional standards where applicable across planning, fieldwork, reporting, and quality assurance
- Share and analyze data and information for risk-informed compliance oversight across the ERO Enterprise
- Align common CMEP and Organization Registration and Certification Program (ORCP) business processes across the ERO
- Provide easier data entry, better access to information, automated workflows, and greater collaboration
- Reduce costs for CMEP-related applications by roughly 29 percent (current cost is US \$1.1M annually)

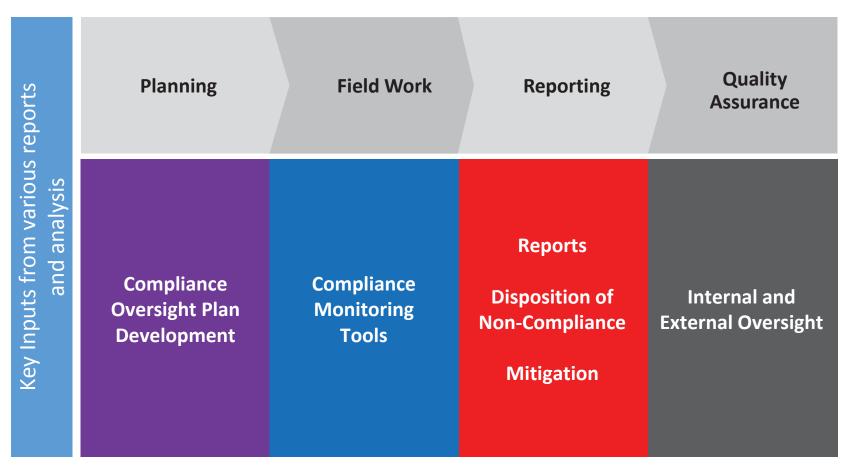


Benefits for Stakeholders

- Single, common interface for registered entities
- Improved consistency with common CMEP and ORCP processes
- Increased capability supporting risk-based approach to CMEP
- Increased productivity through automated, standardized workflows
- Improved analytics through shared data and information
- Enhanced quality assurance and oversight
- Reduced application costs across the ERO Enterprise



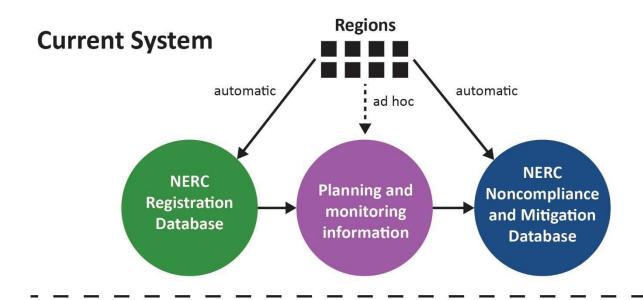
In-Scope Work Processes



Single system contains all CMEP-related work documentation to support determinations



Current and Future State



Proposed System

ERO Enterprise
integrated workflow
database for planning,
monitoring, noncompliance,
and mitigation



Program Governance

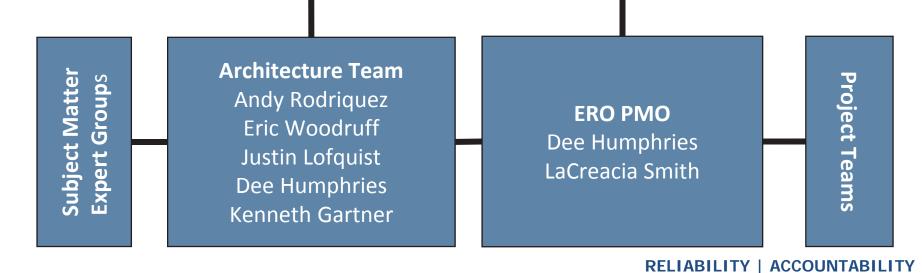
Program Executive Committee

Gerry Cauley, Lane Lanford, Tim Gallagher, Ed Schwerdt, Stan Hoptroff

Program Steering Committee

Dan Skaar (chair)

Dave Godfrey, Bob Wargo, Linda Campbell, Jim Albright, Napoleon Johnson, Stan Kopman, Sonia Mendonca, Ken McIntyre, Andrea Koch







2017	2018	2019	2020
Discovery and RFP			
	Design and Prototype		
		Implemo	entation



Estimated Investment

	2017	2018	2019	2020
Estimated Total Capital Investment by Year	\$280,000	\$1,548,000	\$1,768,000	\$1,507,000
Estimated Total Capital Investment		\$5,1	03,000	

Estimated Annual Operating Costs: \$780,000

Current Annual Operating Costs for only Enforcement Processing tools: \$1,100,000





Questions and Answers

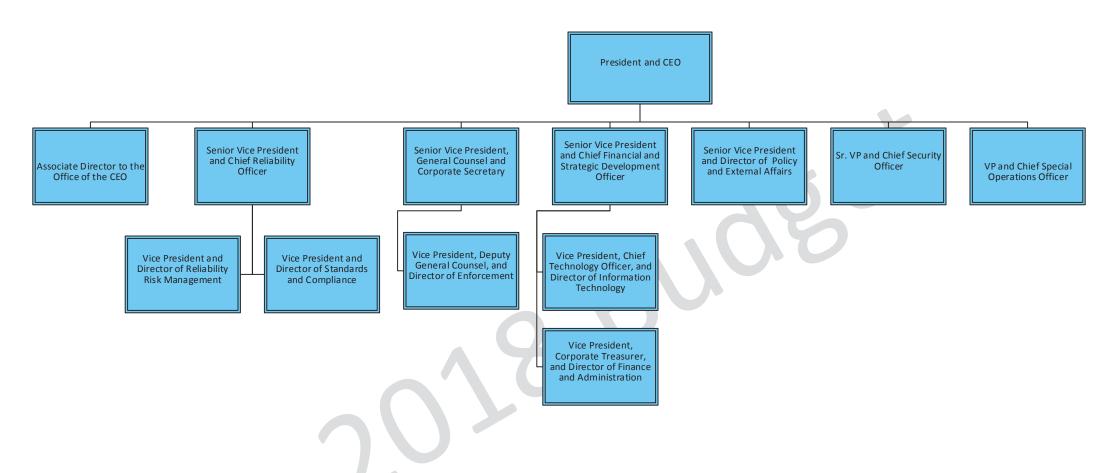


Appendix 1 – NERC Staff Organization Chart

See subsequent pages for NERC's Organization Chart.



NERC Staff Organization Chart – Budget 2018

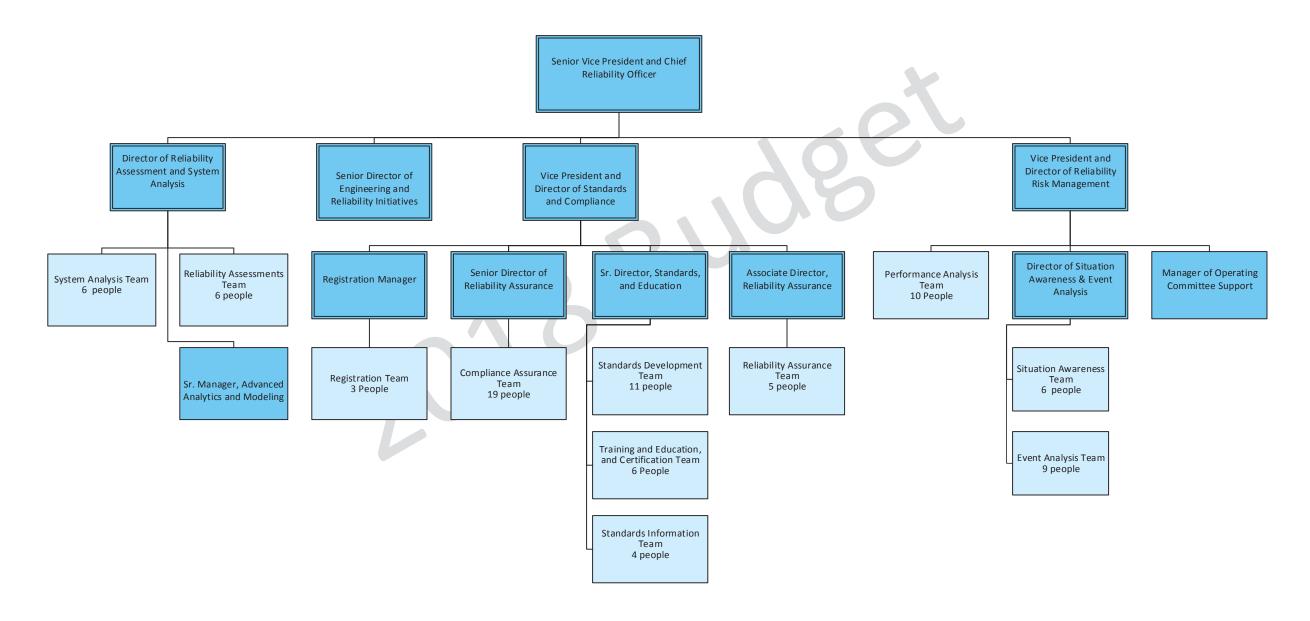


2018 Budget Organizational Chart

July 17, 2017



Reliability Standards, Reliability Assurance, Reliability Assessment and System Oversight, Performance Analysis, Event Analysis, Situation Awareness, Training and Education

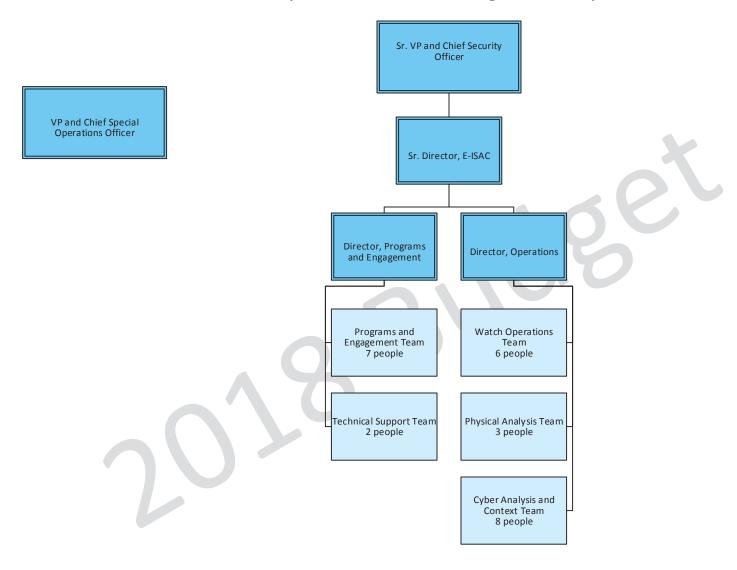


2018 Budget Organizational Chart

July 17, 2017



Electricity Information Sharing and Analysis Center

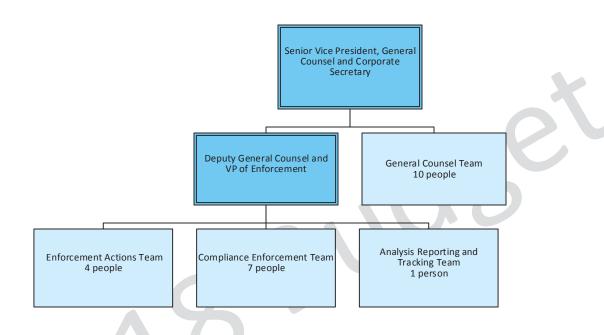


2018 Budget Organizational Chart

July 17, 2017

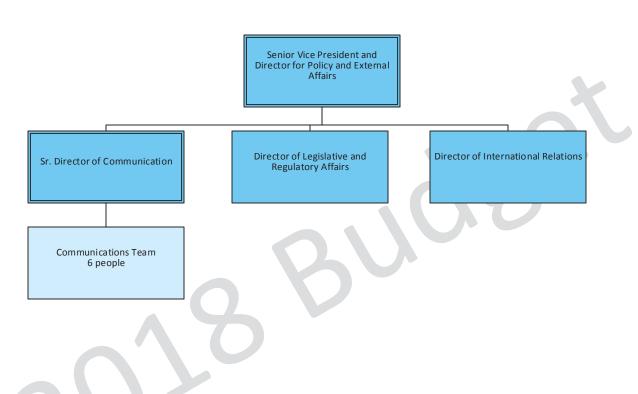


Legal and Regulatory Compliance Enforcement





Policy and External Affairs

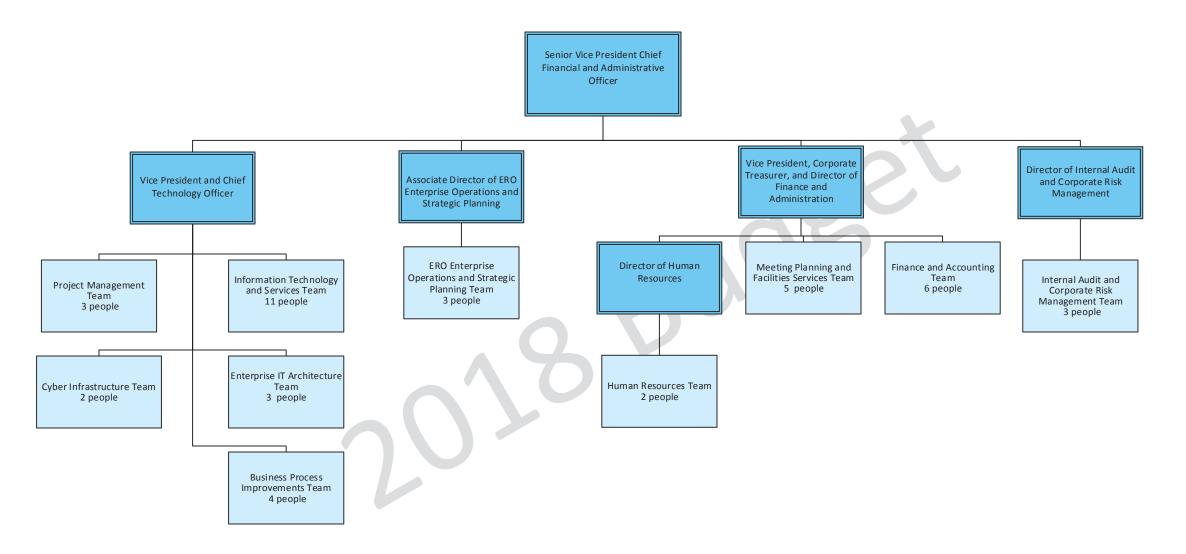


2018 Budget Organizational Chart

July 17, 2017



Information Technology, Human Resources, and Accounting & Finance



2018 Budget Organizational Chart

July 17, 2017

													% WECC,					
Data Year	Regional Entity	ID	Entity	Country	Total NEL (MWh)	U.S. NEL	Canada NEL	Mexico NEL	% of RE total	US Total	Canada Total	Mexico Total	Excl PSC of CO	% of ERO Total	US Total	Canada Total	Mexico Total	% of ERO - US Only
Icai	Littly	וטו	Littly	Country	TOTAL INCE (INIVIII)	0.3. NEE	Canada NEL	IVIENICO IVEL	totai	O3 TOTAL	iotai	Total	CO	Total	O3 TOTAL	Total	Iotai	O3 Only
2016	FRCC		Alachua, City of	U.S.	136,100	136,100			0.058%	0.058%	0.000%	0.000%		0.003%	0.003%	0.000%		
2016	FRCC	1075	• •	U.S.	296,900	296,900			0.127%	0.127%	0.000%	0.000%		0.007%	0.007%	0.000%	0.000%	
2016	FRCC	1076	• •	U.S.	39,500	39,500			0.017%	0.017%	0.000%	0.000%		0.001%	0.001%	0.000%	0.000%	
2016 2016	FRCC FRCC	1077 1078	Florida Keys Electric Cooperative Assn Florida Power & Light Co.	U.S. U.S.	774,000 115,070,000	774,000 115,070,000			0.331% 49.146%	0.331% 49.146%	0.000%	0.000%		0.017% 2.553%	0.017% 2.553%	0.000%	0.000%	
2016	FRCC	1078	Florida Public Utilities Company	U.S.	363,000	363,000			0.155%	0.155%	0.000%	0.000%		0.008%	0.008%	0.000%	0.000%	
2016	FRCC	1080	Gainesville Regional Utilities	U.S.	1,833,200	1,833,200			0.783%	0.783%	0.000%	0.000%		0.041%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	
2016	FRCC	1081	Homestead, City of	U.S.	549,000	549,000			0.234%	0.234%	0.000%	0.000%		0.012%	0.012%	0.000%	0.000%	
2016	FRCC		JEA	U.S.	12,670,000	12,670,000			5.411%	5.411%	0.000%	0.000%		0.281%	0.281%	0.000%	0.000%	
2016	FRCC	1083	Lakeland Electric	U.S.	3,116,000	3,116,000			1.331%	1.331%	0.000%	0.000%		0.069%	0.069%	0.000%	0.000%	0.078%
2016	FRCC	1626	Lee County Electric Cooperative, Inc	U.S.	4,062,000	4,062,000			1.735%	1.735%	0.000%	0.000%		0.090%	0.090%	0.000%	0.000%	0.102%
2016	FRCC	1661	City of Lake Worth	U.S.	477,000	477,000			0.204%	0.204%	0.000%	0.000%		0.011%	0.011%	0.000%	0.000%	
2016	FRCC	1084	Mount Dora, City of	U.S.	94,500	94,500			0.040%	0.040%	0.000%	0.000%		0.002%	0.002%	0.000%	0.000%	
2016	FRCC	1085	New Smyrna Beach, Utilities Commission of	U.S.	441,000	441,000			0.188%	0.188%	0.000%	0.000%		0.010%	0.010%	0.000%	0.000%	
2016	FRCC	1086	Orlando Utilities Commission	U.S.	6,147,500	6,147,500			2.626%	2.626%	0.000%	0.000%		0.136%	0.136%	0.000%	0.000%	
2016	FRCC	1087	Duke Energy Florida	U.S.	41,110,800	41,110,800			17.558%	17.558%	0.000%	0.000%		0.912%	0.912%	0.000%	0.000%	
2016 2016	FRCC FRCC	1088 1089	Quincy, City of	U.S. U.S.	133,282 1,223,000	133,282 1,223,000			0.057% 0.522%	0.057% 0.522%	0.000%	0.000%		0.003% 0.027%	0.003% 0.027%	0.000% 0.000%	0.000%	
2016	FRCC	1090	Reedy Creek Improvement District St. Cloud, City of (OUC)	U.S.	732,000	732,000			0.313%	0.322%	0.000%	0.000%		0.027%	0.027%	0.000%	0.000%	
2016	FRCC	1091	Tallahassee, City of	U.S.	2,779,000	2,779,000			1.187%	1.187%	0.000%	0.000%		0.010%	0.010%	0.000%	0.000%	
2016	FRCC	1092	• •	U.S.	20,163,000	20,163,000			8.612%	8.612%	0.000%	0.000%		0.447%	0.447%	0.000%	0.000%	
2016	FRCC	1603	City of Vero Beach	U.S.	768,000	768,000			0.328%	0.328%	0.000%	0.000%		0.017%	0.017%	0.000%	0.000%	
2016	FRCC	1093	Wauchula, City of	U.S.	65,000	65,000			0.028%	0.028%	0.000%	0.000%		0.001%	0.001%	0.000%	0.000%	
2016	FRCC	1094	Williston, City of	U.S.	37,200	37,200			0.016%	0.016%	0.000%	0.000%		0.001%	0.001%	0.000%	0.000%	0.001%
2016	FRCC	1095	Winter Park, City of	U.S.	452,900	452,900			0.193%	0.193%	0.000%	0.000%		0.010%	0.010%	0.000%	0.000%	0.011%
2016	FRCC		Moore Haven, City of	U.S.	8,000	8,000			0.003%	0.003%	0.000%	0.000%		0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%
2016	FRCC	1072	Florida Municipal Power Agency	U.S.	6,038,900	6,038,900			2.579%	2.579%	0.000%	0.000%		0.134%	0.134%	0.000%	0.000%	0.152%
2016	FRCC	1073	Seminole Electric Cooperative	U.S.	14,559,100	14,559,100			6.218%	6.218%	0.000%	0.000%		0.323%	0.323%	0.000%	0.000%	
			TOTAL FRCC		234,139,882	234,139,882	-	-	100.000%	100.000%	0.000%	0.000%		5.195%	5.195%	0.000%	0.000%	5.881%
2016	MRO	1199	Basin Electric Power Cooperative	U.S.	17,316,156	17,316,156	_		5.986%	5.986%	0.000%	0.000%		0.384%	0.384%	0.000%	0.000%	0.435%
2016	MRO	1201	Central Iowa Power Cooperative (CIPCO)	U.S.	2,825,779	2,825,779	-		0.977%	0.977%	0.000%	0.000%		0.063%	0.063%	0.000%	0.000%	0.071%
2016	MRO	1204	Corn Belt Power Cooperative	U.S.	1,988,001	1,988,001	-		0.687%	0.687%	0.000%	0.000%		0.044%	0.044%	0.000%	0.000%	0.050%
2016	MRO	1207	Dairyland Power Cooperative	U.S.	5,435,213	5,435,213	-		1.879%	1.879%	0.000%	0.000%		0.121%	0.121%	0.000%	0.000%	0.137%
2016	MRO	1210	Great River Energy	U.S.	13,539,970	13,539,970	-		4.680%	4.680%	0.000%	0.000%		0.300%	0.300%	0.000%	0.000%	0.340%
2016	MRO	1222	Minnkota Power Cooperative, Inc.	U.S.	3,719,918	3,719,918	-		1.286%	1.286%	0.000%	0.000%		0.083%	0.083%	0.000%	0.000%	0.093%
2016	MRO	1230	Nebraska Public Power District	U.S.	13,778,924	13,778,924	-		4.763%	4.763%	0.000%	0.000%		0.306%	0.306%	0.000%	0.000%	
2016	MRO	1232	Omaha Public Power District	U.S.	11,216,120	11,216,120	-		3.877%	3.877%	0.000%	0.000%		0.249%	0.249%	0.000%	0.000%	
2016	MRO	1240	Western Area Power Administration (UM)	U.S.	9,245,352	9,245,352	-		3.196%	3.196%	0.000%	0.000%		0.205%	0.205%	0.000%	0.000%	
2016	MRO	1239	Western Area Power Administration (LM)	U.S.	44,829	44,829	-		0.015%	0.015%	0.000%	0.000%		0.001%	0.001%	0.000%	0.000%	
2016	MRO MRO	1217 1235	•	CAN CAN	23,627,698		23,627,698		8.167% 8.290%	0.000% 0.000%	8.167%	0.000%		0.524%	0.000%	0.524%	0.000%	
2016 2016	MRO	1195	SaskPower Alliant Energy (Alliant East - WPL & Alliant West IPL)	U.S.	23,981,000 29,527,778	29,527,778	23,981,000		8.290% 10.207%	10.207%	8.290% 0.000%	0.000%		0.532% 0.655%	0.655%	0.532% 0.000%	0.000%	
2016	MRO	1710		U.S.	112,990	112,990			0.039%	0.039%	0.000%	0.000%		0.003%	0.003%	0.000%	0.000%	
2016	MRO		Madison, Gas and Electric	U.S.	3,462,657	3,462,657	_		1.197%	1.197%	0.000%	0.000%		0.003%	0.003%	0.000%	0.000%	
2016	MRO	1220	MidAmerican Energy Company	U.S.	25,188,089	25,188,089	_		8.707%	8.707%	0.000%	0.000%		0.559%	0.559%	0.000%	0.000%	
2016	MRO	1221	Minnesota Power	U.S.	11,848,729	11,848,729	-		4.096%	4.096%	0.000%	0.000%		0.263%	0.263%	0.000%	0.000%	
2016	MRO	1226	Montana-Dakota Utilities Co.	U.S.	3,206,737	3,206,737	-		1.108%	1.108%	0.000%	0.000%		0.071%	0.071%	0.000%	0.000%	
2016	MRO	1711	North Central Power Company	U.S.	36,569	36,569	-		0.013%	0.013%	0.000%	0.000%		0.001%	0.001%	0.000%	0.000%	0.001%
2016	MRO		NorthWestern Energy	U.S.	1,553,072	1,553,072	-		0.537%	0.537%	0.000%	0.000%		0.034%	0.034%	0.000%	0.000%	0.039%
2016	MRO		NorthWestern Wisconsin	U.S.	181,436	181,436	-		0.063%	0.063%	0.000%	0.000%		0.004%	0.004%	0.000%	0.000%	
2016	MRO			U.S.	5,298,074	5,298,074	-		1.831%	1.831%	0.000%	0.000%		0.118%	0.118%	0.000%	0.000%	
2016	MRO	1664		U.S.	12,063,747	12,063,747	-		4.170%	4.170%	0.000%	0.000%		0.268%	0.268%	0.000%	0.000%	
2016	MRO	1665	Upper Peninsula Power Company (UPPCO)	U.S.	701,320	701,320	-		0.242%	0.242%	0.000%	0.000%		0.016%	0.016%	0.000%	0.000%	
2016	MRO		Xcel Energy Company (NSP)	U.S.	44,629,035	44,629,035	-		15.427%	15.427%	0.000%	0.000%		0.990%	0.990%	0.000%	0.000%	
2016	MRO	1196		U.S.	766,769	766,769	-		0.265%	0.265%	0.000%	0.000%		0.017%	0.017%	0.000%		
2016 2016	MRO MRO	1604 1713	Atlantic Municipal Utilities Bloomer Electric & Water Co.	U.S. U.S.	81,434 55,234	81,434 55,224			0.028% 0.019%	0.028%	0.000%	0.000%		0.002% 0.001%	0.002% 0.001%	0.000% 0.000%	0.000%	
2016	MRO		Village of Caddott	U.S. U.S.	55,234 14,321	55,234 14,321	-		0.019%	0.019% 0.005%	0.000%	0.000%		0.001%	0.001%	0.000%		
2010	171110	1/14	· mage or educate	0.5.	14,321	14,321	=		0.00370	0.00370	0.000/0	0.000/0		0.000/6	0.000/0	0.000/0	0.000/0	0.000/6

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Data	Regional								% of RE		Canada		Excl PSC of	% of ERO		Canada	Mexico	% of ERO -
Year	Entity	ID	Entity	Country	Total NEL (MWh)	U.S. NEL	Canada NEL	Mexico NEL	total	US Total	Total	Total	со	Total	US Total	Total	Total	US Only
2016	MRO	1200	Cedar Falls Municipal Utilities	U.S.	524,247	524,247	-		0.181%	0.181%	0.000%	0.000%		0.012%	0.012%	0.000%	0.000%	0.013%
2016	MRO	1477	Central Minnesota Municipal Power Agency (CMMPA)	U.S.	381,789	381,789	-		0.132%	0.132%	0.000%	0.000%		0.008%	0.008%	0.000%	0.000%	0.010%
2016	MRO	1715	Village of Centuria	U.S.	6,087	6,087	-		0.002%	0.002%	0.000%	0.000%		0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%
2016 2016	MRO MRO	1716 1203	Eldridge Electric and Water Utilities City of Escanaba	U.S. U.S.	42,219 147,348	42,219 147,348	-		0.015% 0.051%	0.015% 0.051%	0.000%	0.000%		0.001% 0.003%	0.001% 0.003%	0.000%	0.000%	0.001% 0.004%
2016	MRO	1205	Falls City Water & Light Department	U.S.	57,993	57,993	-		0.020%	0.020%	0.000%	0.000%		0.003%	0.003%	0.000%	0.000%	0.004%
2016	MRO	1206	Fremont Department of Utilities	U.S.	439,677	439,677	-		0.152%	0.152%	0.000%	0.000%		0.010%	0.010%	0.000%	0.000%	0.011%
2016	MRO	1208	Geneseo Municipal Utilities	U.S.	67,360	67,360	-		0.023%	0.023%	0.000%	0.000%		0.001%	0.001%	0.000%	0.000%	0.002%
2016	MRO	1209	Grand Island Utilities Department	U.S.	757,718	757,718	-		0.262%	0.262%	0.000%	0.000%		0.017%	0.017%	0.000%	0.000%	0.019%
2016	MRO	1717	Great Lakes Utilities	U.S.	1,490,792	1,490,792			0.515%	0.515%	0.000%	0.000%		0.033%	0.033%	0.000%	0.000%	0.037%
2016	MRO	1718	City of Guttenberg	U.S.	17,498	17,498	-		0.006%	0.006%	0.000%	0.000%		0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%
2016 2016	MRO MRO	1606 1211	Harlan Municipal Utilities Hastings Utilities	U.S. U.S.	18,993 420,826	18,993 420,826			0.007% 0.145%	0.007% 0.145%	0.000% 0.000%	0.000% 0.000%		0.000% 0.009%	0.000% 0.009%	0.000% 0.000%	0.000%	0.000% 0.011%
2016	MRO	1212	Heartland Consumers Power District	U.S.	641,908	641,908	-		0.222%	0.222%	0.000%	0.000%		0.014%	0.014%	0.000%	0.000%	0.011%
2016	MRO	1213	Hutchinson Utilities Commission	U.S.	295,911	295,911	-		0.102%	0.102%	0.000%	0.000%		0.007%	0.007%	0.000%	0.000%	0.007%
2016	MRO	1719	City of Kasota	U.S.	3,618	3,618	-		0.001%	0.001%	0.000%	0.000%		0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%
2016	MRO	1215	Lincoln Electric System	U.S.	3,275,721	3,275,721	-		1.132%	1.132%	0.000%	0.000%		0.073%	0.073%	0.000%	0.000%	0.082%
2016	MRO	1223	Missouri River Energy Services	U.S.	2,469,589	2,469,589	-		0.854%	0.854%	0.000%	0.000%		0.055%	0.055%	0.000%	0.000%	0.062%
2016 2016	MRO MRO	1224	MN Municipal Power Agency (MMPA)	U.S. U.S.	1,569,900	1,569,900	-		0.543% 0.010%	0.543% 0.010%	0.000%	0.000%		0.035%	0.035% 0.001%	0.000%	0.000%	0.039% 0.001%
2016	MRO	1607 1227	Montezuma Municipal Light & Power Municipal Energy Agency of Nebraska	U.S.	30,360 932,866	30,360 932,866			0.010%	0.010%	0.000%	0.000%		0.001% 0.021%	0.001%	0.000%	0.000%	0.001%
2016	MRO	1228	Muscatine Power and Water	U.S.	866,524	866,524	-		0.300%	0.300%	0.000%	0.000%		0.019%	0.019%	0.000%	0.000%	0.022%
2016	MRO	1229	Nebraska City Utilities	U.S.	132,401	132,401	-		0.046%	0.046%	0.000%	0.000%		0.003%	0.003%	0.000%	0.000%	0.003%
2016	MRO	1720	Resale Power Group of Iowa	U.S.	544,799	544,799	-		0.188%	0.188%	0.000%	0.000%		0.012%	0.012%	0.000%	0.000%	0.014%
2016	MRO	1721	Rice Lake Utilities	U.S.	165,683	165,683	-		0.057%	0.057%	0.000%	0.000%		0.004%	0.004%	0.000%	0.000%	0.004%
2016	MRO	1234	Rochester Public Utilities	U.S.	4,453	4,453	-		0.002%	0.002%	0.000%	0.000%		0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%
2016 2016	MRO MRO	1236 1722	Southern Minnesota Municipal Power Agency City of Spooner	U.S. U.S.	2,814,587 31,948	2,814,587 31,948	-		0.973% 0.011%	0.973% 0.011%	0.000%	0.000%		0.062% 0.001%	0.062% 0.001%	0.000%	0.000%	0.071% 0.001%
2016	MRO	1241	Willmar Municipal Utilities	U.S.	255,391	255,391	-		0.011%	0.011%	0.000%	0.000%		0.001%	0.001%	0.000%	0.000%	0.001%
2016	MRO		Wisconsin Public Power, Inc. (East and West regions)	U.S.	5,436,871	5,436,871	-		1.879%	1.879%	0.000%	0.000%		0.121%	0.121%	0.000%	0.000%	0.137%
			TOTAL MRO		289,292,028	241,683,330	47,608,698	-	100.00%	83.543%	16.457%	0.000%		6.419%	5.363%	1.056%	0.000%	6.071%
2016 2016	NPCC NPCC	1336 1339	New England New York	U.S. U.S.	124,415,000 160,798,000	124,415,000 160,798,000			19.784% 25.570%	19.784% 25.570%	0.000%	0.000%		2.761% 3.568%	2.761% 3.568%	0.000%	0.000%	3.125% 4.039%
2016	NPCC	1337	Ontario	Canada	136,990,000	100,798,000	136,990,000		21.784%	0.000%	21.784%	0.000%		3.040%	0.000%	3.040%	0.000%	4.03370
2016	NPCC	1341	Quebec	Canada	182,041,000		182,041,000		28.948%	0.000%	28.948%	0.000%		4.039%	0.000%	4.039%	0.000%	
2016	NPCC	1705	New Brunswick	Canada	13,698,000		13,698,000		2.178%	0.000%	2.178%	0.000%		0.304%	0.000%	0.304%	0.000%	
2016	NPCC	1340	Nova Scotia	Canada	10,922,000		10,922,000		1.737%	0.000%	1.737%	0.000%		0.242%	0.000%	0.242%	0.000%	
			TOTAL NPCC		628,864,000	285,213,000	343,651,000	-	100.000%	45.354%	54.646%	0.000%		13.953%	6.328%	7.625%	0.000%	7.164%
2016	RF	1102	Connellion Hillising	U.S.	14.056	14.056			0.002%	0.0030/	0.000%	0.000%		0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%
2016 2016	RF	1102	Cannelton Utilities City of Croswell	U.S.	14,956 38,143	14,956 38,143			0.002%	0.002% 0.004%	0.000%	0.000%		0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%
2016	RF	1490	City of Lansing	U.S.	2,280,753	2,280,753			0.255%	0.255%	0.000%	0.000%		0.051%	0.051%	0.000%	0.000%	0.057%
2016	RF	1120	Cloverland Electric Cooperative	U.S.	735,478	735,478			0.082%	0.082%	0.000%	0.000%		0.016%	0.016%	0.000%	0.000%	0.018%
2016	RF	1122	CMS ERM Michigan LLC	U.S.	102,720	102,720			0.011%	0.011%	0.000%	0.000%		0.002%	0.002%	0.000%	0.000%	0.003%
2016	RF	1124	Constellation New Energy (MECS-CONS)	U.S.	902,011	902,011			0.101%	0.101%	0.000%	0.000%		0.020%	0.020%	0.000%	0.000%	0.023%
2016	RF	1123	Constellation New Energy (MECS-DET)	U.S.	1,077,171	1,077,171			0.120%	0.120%	0.000%	0.000%		0.024%	0.024%	0.000%	0.000%	0.027%
2016 2016	RF RF	1126	Consumers Energy Company Detroit Edison Company	U.S. U.S.	33,659,725 46,151,089	33,659,725 46,151,089			3.764% 5.161%	3.764% 5.161%	0.000%	0.000%		0.747% 1.024%	0.747% 1.024%	0.000%	0.000%	0.845% 1.159%
2016	RF		Duke Energy Indiana	U.S.	30,579,318	30,579,318			3.419%	3.419%	0.000%	0.000%		0.679%	0.679%	0.000%	0.000%	0.768%
2016	RF		Ferdinand Municipal Light & Water	U.S.	43,163	43,163			0.005%	0.005%	0.000%	0.000%		0.001%	0.001%	0.000%		0.001%
2016	RF			U.S.	643,802	643,802			0.072%	0.072%	0.000%	0.000%		0.014%	0.014%	0.000%	0.000%	0.016%
2016	RF	1549	FirstEnergy Solutions (MECS-DET)	U.S.	1,091,281	1,091,281			0.122%	0.122%	0.000%	0.000%		0.024%	0.024%	0.000%	0.000%	0.027%
2016	RF	1145	Hoosier Energy	U.S.	7,564,390	7,564,390			0.846%	0.846%	0.000%	0.000%		0.168%	0.168%	0.000%	0.000%	0.190%
2016	RF	1148	Indiana Municipal Power Agency (DUKE CIN)	U.S.	3,069,466	3,069,466			0.343%	0.343%	0.000%	0.000%		0.068%	0.068%	0.000%	0.000%	0.077%
2016 2016	RF RF	1485 1486	Indiana Municipal Power Agency (NIPSCO) Indiana Municipal Power Agency (SIGE)	U.S. U.S.	420,029 587,956	420,029 587,956			0.047% 0.066%	0.047% 0.066%	0.000% 0.000%	0.000%		0.009% 0.013%	0.009% 0.013%	0.000% 0.000%	0.000%	0.011% 0.015%
2016	RF	1149	Indianapolis Power & Light Co.	U.S.	14,250,343	14,250,343			1.593%	1.593%	0.000%	0.000%		0.013%	0.013%	0.000%	0.000%	0.015%
2016	RF	1553	Integrys Energy Services (MECS-CONS)	U.S.	745,246	745,246			0.083%	0.083%	0.000%	0.000%		0.017%	0.017%	0.000%		0.019%
																		

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Data Year	Regional Entity	ID	Entity	Country	Total NEL (MWh)	U.S. NEL	Canada NEL Mexico NEL	% of RE total	US Total	Canada Total	Mexico Total	Excl PSC of CO	% of ERO Total	US Total	Canada Total	Mexico Total	% of ERO - US Only
Tear	Entity	שו	Entity	Country	TOTAL NEL (WWN)	U.S. NEL	Canada NEL MEXICO NEL	totai	US TOTAL	TOTAL	Total	CO	iotai	US TOTAL	TOTAL	Total	US Only
2016	RF	1554	Integrys Energy Services (MECS-DET)	U.S.	792,116	792,116		0.089%	0.089%	0.000%	0.000%		0.018%	0.018%	0.000%	0.000%	0.020%
2016	RF	1666	Integrys Energy Services	U.S.	296,806	296,806		0.033%	0.033%	0.000%	0.000%		0.007%	0.007%	0.000%	0.000%	0.007%
2016	RF	1614	Just Energy (MECS-DET)	U.S.	9,504	9,504		0.001%	0.001%	0.000%	0.000%		0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%
2016	RF RF	1154	Michigan Public Power Agency	U.S. U.S.	3,178,659	3,178,659		0.355%	0.355%	0.000%	0.000%		0.071%	0.071%	0.000%	0.000%	0.080%
2016 2016	RF	1155 1158	Michigan South Central Power Agency MidAmerican Energy Company Retail	U.S. U.S.	696,798 22,917	696,798 22,917		0.078% 0.003%	0.078% 0.003%	0.000%	0.000%		0.015% 0.001%	0.015% 0.001%	0.000%	0.000%	0.018% 0.001%
2016	RF	1163	Northern Indiana Public Service Co.	U.S.	17,614,536	17,614,536		1.970%	1.970%	0.000%	0.000%		0.391%	0.391%	0.000%	0.000%	0.001%
2016	RF	1164	Ontonagon County Rural Electrification Assoc.	U.S.	28,080	28,080		0.003%	0.003%	0.000%	0.000%		0.001%	0.001%	0.000%	0.000%	0.001%
2016	RF	1265	PJM Interconnection, LLC	U.S.	681,553,187	681,553,187		76.212%	76.212%	0.000%	0.000%		15.122%	15.122%	0.000%	0.000%	17.120%
2016	RF	1172	Noble Americas Energy Solutions (MECS-CONS)	U.S.	396,019	396,019		0.044%	0.044%	0.000%	0.000%		0.009%	0.009%	0.000%	0.000%	0.010%
2016	RF	1171	Noble Americas Energy Solutions (MECS-DET)	U.S.	624,660	624,660		0.070%	0.070%	0.000%	0.000%		0.014%	0.014%	0.000%	0.000%	0.016%
2016	RF	1176	Direct Energy (fka:Strategic Energy,LLC) (MECS-CONS)	U.S.	467,549	467,549		0.052%	0.052%	0.000%	0.000%		0.010%	0.010%	0.000%	0.000%	0.012%
2016	RF	1174	Direct Energy (fka:Strategic Energy,LLC) (MECS-DET)	U.S.	1,126,021	1,126,021		0.126%	0.126%	0.000%	0.000%		0.025%	0.025%	0.000%	0.000%	0.028%
2016	RF	1581	Spartan Renewable Energy	U.S.	76,856	76,856		0.009%	0.009%	0.000%	0.000%		0.002%	0.002%	0.000%	0.000%	0.002%
2016	RF	1180	Thumb Electric Cooperative	U.S.	184,801	184,801		0.021%	0.021%	0.000%	0.000%		0.004%	0.004%	0.000%	0.000%	0.005%
2016	RF	1662	Ohio Valley Electric Corporation	U.S.	399,352	399,352		0.045%	0.045%	0.000%	0.000%		0.009%	0.009%	0.000%	0.000%	0.010%
2016	RF RF	1181	Vectren Energy Delivery of IN	U.S. U.S.	5,774,149	5,774,149		0.646%	0.646%	0.000%	0.000%		0.128%	0.128%	0.000%	0.000%	0.145%
2016 2016	RF	1183 1184	Village of Sebewaing Wabash Valley Power Association Inc. (DUKE CIN)	U.S. U.S.	43,160 2,875,595	43,160 2,875,595		0.005% 0.322%	0.005% 0.322%	0.000%	0.000% 0.000%		0.001% 0.064%	0.001% 0.064%	0.000%	0.000%	0.001% 0.072%
2016	RF	1488	Wabash Valley Power Association Inc. (DORE CIN) Wabash Valley Power Association Inc.(NIPSCO)	U.S.	1,730,438	1,730,438		0.322%	0.322%	0.000%	0.000%		0.038%	0.038%	0.000%	0.000%	0.072%
2016	RF	1185	Wisconsin Electric Power Co.	U.S.	28,402,741	28,402,741		3.176%	3.176%	0.000%	0.000%		0.630%	0.630%	0.000%	0.000%	0.713%
2016	RF	1189	Wolverine Power Marketing Cooperative	U.S.	840,894	840,894		0.094%	0.094%	0.000%	0.000%		0.019%	0.019%	0.000%	0.000%	0.021%
2016	RF	1191	Wolverine Power Supply Cooperative	U.S.	2,669,862	2,669,862		0.299%	0.299%	0.000%	0.000%		0.059%	0.059%	0.000%	0.000%	0.067%
2016	RF	1190	Wolverine Power Marketing Cooperative(MECS-DET)	U.S.	525,142	525,142		0.059%	0.059%	0.000%	0.000%		0.012%	0.012%	0.000%	0.000%	0.013%
			TOTAL RELIABILITYFIRST		894,286,883	894,286,883		100.000%	100.000%	0.000%	0.000%		19.843%	19.843%	0.000%	0.000%	22.463%
2016	SERC	1267	Alabama Municipal Electric Authority	U.S.	3,452,301	3,452,301		0.338%	0.338%	0.000%	0.000%		0.077%	0.077%	0.000%	0.000%	0.087%
2016	SERC	1268	Alabama Power Company	U.S.	58,377,851	58,377,851		5.709%	5.709%	0.000%	0.000%		1.295%	1.295%	0.000%	0.000%	1.466%
2016	SERC	1269	Ameren - Illinois	U.S.	42,311,000	42,311,000		4.138%	4.138%	0.000%	0.000%		0.939%	0.939%	0.000%	0.000%	1.063%
2016	SERC	1271	Ameren - Missouri	U.S.	37,205,000	37,205,000		3.638%	3.638%	0.000%	0.000%		0.826%	0.826%	0.000%	0.000%	0.935%
2016	SERC	1273	Associated Electric Cooperative Inc.	U.S.	18,859,073	18,859,073		1.844%	1.844%	0.000%	0.000%		0.418%	0.418%	0.000%	0.000%	0.474%
2016 2016	SERC SERC	1582 1462	Beauregard Electric Cooperative, Inc. Benton Utility District	U.S. U.S.	1,081,088 245,209	1,081,088 245,209		0.106% 0.024%	0.106% 0.024%	0.000%	0.000%		0.024% 0.005%	0.024% 0.005%	0.000%	0.000%	0.027% 0.006%
2016	SERC	1274	Big Rivers Electric Corporation	U.S.	3,787,892	3,787,892		0.370%	0.370%	0.000%	0.000%		0.003%	0.003%	0.000%	0.000%	0.006%
2016	SERC	1275	Black Warrior EMC	U.S.	419,425	419,425		0.041%	0.041%	0.000%	0.000%		0.009%	0.009%	0.000%	0.000%	0.011%
2016	SERC	1276	Blue Ridge EMC	U.S.	1,391,530	1,391,530		0.136%	0.136%	0.000%	0.000%		0.031%	0.031%	0.000%	0.000%	0.035%
2016	SERC	1628	Brazos Electric Power Cooperative, Inc.	U.S.	453,321	453,321		0.044%	0.044%	0.000%	0.000%		0.010%	0.010%	0.000%	0.000%	0.011%
2016	SERC	1463	Canton, MS	U.S.	131,088	131,088		0.013%	0.013%	0.000%	0.000%		0.003%	0.003%	0.000%	0.000%	0.003%
2016	SERC	1277	Central Electric Power Cooperative Inc.	U.S.	16,892,972	16,892,972		1.652%	1.652%	0.000%	0.000%		0.375%	0.375%	0.000%	0.000%	0.424%
2016	SERC	1667	Century Aluminum - Hawesville	U.S.	1,676,848	1,676,848		0.164%	0.164%	0.000%	0.000%		0.037%	0.037%	0.000%	0.000%	0.042%
2016	SERC	1668	Century Aluminum - Sebree	U.S.	3,348,528	3,348,528		0.327%	0.327%	0.000%	0.000%		0.074%	0.074%	0.000%	0.000%	0.084%
2016	SERC	1278	City of Blountstown FL	U.S.	38,653	38,653		0.004%	0.004%	0.000%	0.000%		0.001%	0.001%	0.000%	0.000%	0.001%
2016	SERC	1279	City of Camden SC	U.S.	201,826	201,826		0.020%	0.020%	0.000%	0.000%		0.004%	0.004%	0.000%	0.000%	0.005%
2016	SERC	1280	City of Collins MS	U.S.	43,399	43,399		0.004%	0.004%	0.000%	0.000%		0.001%	0.001%	0.000%	0.000%	0.001%
2016	SERC	1281	City of Columbia MO	U.S.	1,213,138	1,213,138		0.119%	0.119%	0.000%	0.000%		0.027%	0.027%	0.000%	0.000%	0.030%
2016 2016	SERC SERC	1282 1284	City of Conway AR (Conway Corporation) City of Evergreen AL	U.S. U.S.	1,014,870 58,556	1,014,870 58,556		0.099% 0.006%	0.099% 0.006%	0.000%	0.000% 0.000%		0.023% 0.001%	0.023% 0.001%	0.000%	0.000%	0.025% 0.001%
2016	SERC	1285	City of Hampton GA	U.S.	27,853	27,853		0.008%	0.008%	0.000%	0.000%		0.001%	0.001%	0.000%	0.000%	0.001%
2016	SERC		City of Hartford AL	U.S.	31,224	31,224		0.003%	0.003%	0.000%	0.000%		0.001%	0.001%	0.000%	0.000%	0.001%
2016	SERC	1287	City of Henderson (KY) Municipal Power & Light	U.S.	624,347	624,347		0.061%	0.061%	0.000%	0.000%		0.001%	0.014%	0.000%	0.000%	0.011%
2016	SERC		City of North Little Rock AR (DENL)	U.S.	963,866	963,866		0.094%	0.094%	0.000%	0.000%		0.021%	0.021%	0.000%	0.000%	0.024%
2016	SERC		City of Orangeburg SC Department of Public Utilities	U.S.	843,000	843,000		0.082%	0.082%	0.000%	0.000%		0.019%	0.019%	0.000%	0.000%	0.021%
2016	SERC		City of Robertsdale AL	U.S.	86,700	86,700		0.008%	0.008%	0.000%	0.000%		0.002%	0.002%	0.000%	0.000%	0.002%
2016	SERC	1291	City of Ruston LA (DERS)	U.S.	278,384	278,384		0.027%	0.027%	0.000%	0.000%		0.006%	0.006%	0.000%	0.000%	0.007%
2016	SERC		Seneca Light & Power	U.S.	161,070	161,070		0.016%	0.016%	0.000%	0.000%		0.004%	0.004%	0.000%	0.000%	0.004%
2016	SERC	1115	City of Springfield (CWLP)	U.S.	1,767,921	1,767,921		0.173%	0.173%	0.000%	0.000%		0.039%	0.039%	0.000%	0.000%	0.044%
2016	SERC	1465	City of Thayer, MO	U.S.	19,525	19,525		0.002%	0.002%	0.000%	0.000%		0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%
2016	SERC		City of Troy AL	U.S.	430,428	430,428		0.042%	0.042%	0.000%	0.000%		0.010%	0.010%	0.000%	0.000%	0.011%
2016	SERC	1294	City of West Memphis AR (West Memphis Utilities)	U.S.	394,016	394,016		0.039%	0.039%	0.000%	0.000%		0.009%	0.009%	0.000%	0.000%	0.010%

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Data	Regional							% of RE		Canada	Mexico	% WECC, Excl PSC of	% of ERO		Canada	Mexico	% of ERO -
Year	Entity	ID	Entity	Country	Total NEL (MWh)	U.S. NEL	Canada NEL Mexico NEL	total	US Total	Total	Total	со	Total	US Total	Total	Total	US Only
2016	SERC	1583	Claiborne Electric Cooperative, Inc.	U.S.	681,556	681,556		0.067%	0.067%	0.000%	0.000%		0.015%	0.015%	0.000%	0.000%	0.017%
2016	SERC	1584	Concordia Electric Cooperative, Inc.	U.S.	222,804	222,804		0.022%	0.022%	0.000%	0.000%		0.005%	0.005%	0.000%	0.000%	0.006%
2016	SERC		Cube Hydro Carolinas	U.S.	16,952	16,952		0.002%	0.002%	0.000%	0.000%		0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%
2016	SERC	1283		U.S.	1,799,937	1,799,937		0.176%	0.176%	0.000%	0.000%		0.040%	0.040%	0.000%	0.000%	0.045%
2016 2016	SERC SERC	1585 1295	Dixie Electric Membership Corporation Dominion Virginia Power	U.S. U.S.	2,272,117 85,803,823	2,272,117 85,803,823		0.222% 8.391%	0.222% 8.391%	0.000%	0.000%		0.050% 1.904%	0.050% 1.904%	0.000%	0.000%	0.057% 2.155%
2016	SERC	1296	Duke Energy Carolinas, LLC	U.S.	86,500,967	86,500,967		8.459%	8.459%	0.000%	0.000%		1.919%	1.919%	0.000%	0.000%	2.173%
2016	SERC	1466	Durant, MS	U.S.	27,896	27,896		0.003%	0.003%	0.000%	0.000%		0.001%	0.001%	0.000%	0.000%	0.001%
2016	SERC	1478	LG&E and KU Services Co as agent for LG&E Co and KU Co	U.S.	34,901,160	34,901,160		3.413%	3.413%	0.000%	0.000%		0.774%	0.774%	0.000%	0.000%	0.877%
2016	SERC	1297	East Kentucky Power Cooperative	U.S.	13,657,883	13,657,883		1.336%	1.336%	0.000%	0.000%		0.303%	0.303%	0.000%	0.000%	0.343%
2016	SERC	1298	East Mississippi Electric Power Association	U.S.	432,345	432,345		0.042%	0.042%	0.000%	0.000%		0.010%	0.010%	0.000%	0.000%	0.011%
2016	SERC	1669	Electricities of North Carolina Inc	U.S.	11,925,049	11,925,049		1.166%	1.166%	0.000%	0.000%		0.265%	0.265%	0.000%	0.000%	0.300%
2016	SERC	1300	EnergyUnited EMC	U.S.	2,582,511	2,582,511		0.253%	0.253%	0.000%	0.000%		0.057%	0.057%	0.000%	0.000%	0.065%
2016 2016	SERC SERC	1301 1302	Entergy Fayetteville (NC) Public Works Commission	U.S. U.S.	118,263,454 2,168,700	118,263,454		11.565% 0.212%	11.565% 0.212%	0.000%	0.000%		2.624% 0.048%	2.624% 0.048%	0.000%	0.000%	2.971% 0.054%
2016	SERC	1302	Florida Public Utilities (FL Panhandle Load)	U.S.	315,582	2,168,700 315,582		0.212%	0.212%	0.000%	0.000%		0.048%	0.048%	0.000%	0.000%	0.008%
2016	SERC	1304	French Broad EMC	U.S.	543,205	543,205		0.053%	0.053%	0.000%	0.000%		0.012%	0.012%	0.000%	0.000%	0.014%
2016	SERC	1305	Georgia Power Company	U.S.	87,480,150	87,480,150		8.555%	8.555%	0.000%	0.000%		1.941%	1.941%	0.000%	0.000%	2.197%
2016	SERC	1306	Georgia System Optns Corporation	U.S.	40,704,531	40,704,531		3.981%	3.981%	0.000%	0.000%		0.903%	0.903%	0.000%	0.000%	1.022%
2016	SERC	1479	Greenwood (MS) Utilities Commission	U.S.	280,557	280,557		0.027%	0.027%	0.000%	0.000%		0.006%	0.006%	0.000%	0.000%	0.007%
2016	SERC	1307	Greenwood (SC) Commissioners of Public Works	U.S.	335,196	335,196		0.033%	0.033%	0.000%	0.000%		0.007%	0.007%	0.000%	0.000%	0.008%
2016	SERC	1308	Gulf Power Company	U.S.	11,697,816	11,697,816		1.144%	1.144%	0.000%	0.000%		0.260%	0.260%	0.000%	0.000%	0.294%
2016	SERC	1586	Haywood EMC	U.S.	318,315	318,315		0.031%	0.031%	0.000%	0.000%		0.007%	0.007%	0.000%	0.000%	0.008%
2016	SERC	1309	Illinois Municipal Electric Agency	U.S.	1,957,500	1,957,500		0.191%	0.191%	0.000%	0.000%		0.043%	0.043%	0.000%	0.000%	0.049%
2016 2016	SERC SERC	1480 1587	Itta Bena, MS Jefferson Davis Electric Cooperative, Inc.	U.S. U.S.	14,887 276,785	14,887 276,785		0.001% 0.027%	0.001% 0.027%	0.000%	0.000% 0.000%		0.000% 0.006%	0.000% 0.006%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000% 0.007%
2016	SERC	1617	Kentucky Municipal Power	U.S.	691,584	691,584		0.027%	0.027%	0.000%	0.000%		0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.007%
2016	SERC	1481	Kosciusko, MS	U.S.	75,858	75,858		0.007%	0.007%	0.000%	0.000%		0.002%	0.002%	0.000%	0.000%	0.002%
2016	SERC	1482	Leland, MS	U.S.	32,173	32,173		0.003%	0.003%	0.000%	0.000%		0.001%	0.001%	0.000%	0.000%	0.001%
2016	SERC	1313	McCormick Commission of Public Works	U.S.	21,298	21,298		0.002%	0.002%	0.000%	0.000%		0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.001%
2016	SERC	1314	Mississippi Power Company	U.S.	10,463,394	10,463,394		1.023%	1.023%	0.000%	0.000%		0.232%	0.232%	0.000%	0.000%	0.263%
2016	SERC	1630	Mt. Carmel Public Utility	U.S.	104,743	104,743		0.010%	0.010%	0.000%	0.000%		0.002%	0.002%	0.000%	0.000%	0.003%
2016	SERC	1315	Municipal Electric Authority of Georgia	U.S.	11,135,531	11,135,531		1.089%	1.089%	0.000%	0.000%		0.247%	0.247%	0.000%	0.000%	0.280%
2016	SERC	1316	N.C. Electric Membership Corp.	U.S.	12,984,228	12,984,228		1.270%	1.270%	0.000%	0.000%		0.288%	0.288%	0.000%	0.000%	0.326%
2016	SERC	1588	Northeast Louisiana Power Cooperative, Inc.	U.S.	268,464	268,464		0.026%	0.026%	0.000%	0.000%		0.006%	0.006%	0.000%	0.000%	0.007%
2016 2016	SERC SERC	1574 1319	Northern Virginia Electric Cooperative Old Dominion Electric Cooperative	U.S. U.S.	4,538,112 5,371,238	4,538,112 5,371,238		0.444% 0.525%	0.444% 0.525%	0.000%	0.000%		0.101% 0.119%	0.101% 0.119%	0.000%	0.000%	0.114% 0.135%
2016	SERC	1618	Osceola (Arkansas) Municipal Light and Power	U.S.	160,084	160,084		0.016%	0.016%	0.000%	0.000%		0.004%	0.004%	0.000%	0.000%	0.004%
2016	SERC	1320	Owensboro (KY) Municipal Utilities	U.S.	844,337	844,337		0.083%	0.083%	0.000%	0.000%		0.019%	0.019%	0.000%	0.000%	0.021%
2016	SERC	1321	Piedmont EMC in Duke and Progress Areas	U.S.	528,049	528,049		0.052%	0.052%	0.000%	0.000%		0.012%	0.012%	0.000%	0.000%	0.013%
2016	SERC	1323	Piedmont Municipal Power Agency (PMPA)	U.S.	2,465,914	2,465,914		0.241%	0.241%	0.000%	0.000%		0.055%	0.055%	0.000%	0.000%	0.062%
2016	SERC	1589	Pointe Coupee Electric Memb. Corp.	U.S.	254,731	254,731		0.025%	0.025%	0.000%	0.000%		0.006%	0.006%	0.000%	0.000%	0.006%
2016	SERC	1266	PowerSouth Energy	U.S.	8,834,766	8,834,766		0.864%	0.864%	0.000%	0.000%		0.196%	0.196%	0.000%	0.000%	0.222%
2016	SERC	1330	Prairie Power, Inc.	U.S.	1,560,148	1,560,148		0.153%	0.153%	0.000%	0.000%		0.035%	0.035%	0.000%	0.000%	0.039%
2016	SERC	1706	Duke Energy Progress	U.S.	46,437,526	46,437,526		4.541%	4.541%	0.000%	0.000%		1.030%	1.030%	0.000%	0.000%	1.166%
2016 2016	SERC SERC	1325 1631	Rutherford EMC Sam Rayburn G&T Electric Cooperative Inc.	U.S. U.S.	1,369,046 1,804,643	1,369,046 1,804,643		0.134% 0.176%	0.134% 0.176%	0.000%	0.000%		0.030% 0.040%	0.030% 0.040%	0.000%	0.000%	0.034% 0.045%
2016	SERC	1326	South Carolina Electric & Gas Company	U.S.	23,605,297	23,605,297		2.308%	2.308%	0.000%	0.000%		0.524%	0.524%	0.000%	0.000%	0.593%
2016	SERC	1327	South Carolina Public Service Authority	U.S.	8,740,215	8,740,215		0.855%	0.855%	0.000%	0.000%		0.194%	0.194%	0.000%	0.000%	0.220%
2016	SERC	1590	South Louisiana Electric Cooperative Association	U.S.	548,338	548,338		0.054%	0.054%	0.000%	0.000%		0.012%	0.012%	0.000%	0.000%	0.014%
2016	SERC	1328	Cooperative Energy (formerly SMEPA)	U.S.	9,984,821	9,984,821		0.976%	0.976%	0.000%	0.000%		0.222%	0.222%	0.000%	0.000%	0.251%
2016	SERC	1329	Southern Illinois Power Cooperative	U.S.	1,629,006	1,629,006		0.159%	0.159%	0.000%	0.000%		0.036%	0.036%	0.000%	0.000%	0.041%
2016	SERC	1591	Southwest Louisiana Electric Membership Corporation	U.S.	2,514,883	2,514,883		0.246%	0.246%	0.000%	0.000%		0.056%	0.056%	0.000%	0.000%	0.063%
2016	SERC	1619	Southwestern Electric Cooperative, Inc.	U.S.	464,092	464,092		0.045%	0.045%	0.000%	0.000%		0.010%	0.010%	0.000%	0.000%	0.012%
2016	SERC	1331	Tennessee Valley Authority	U.S.	160,228,724	160,228,724		15.669%	15.669%	0.000%	0.000%		3.555%	3.555%	0.000%	0.000%	4.025%
2016	SERC	1632	Tex-La Electric Cooperative of Texas, Inc	U.S.	211,326	211,326		0.021%	0.021%	0.000%	0.000%		0.005%	0.005%	0.000%	0.000%	0.005%
2016	SERC SERC	1332 1594	Tombigbee Electric Cooperative Inc. Town of Sharpsburg, N.C.	U.S. U.S.	319,276 19,851	319,276 10,851		0.031%	0.031% 0.002%	0.000%	0.000%		0.007%	0.007% 0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.008%
2016 2016	SERC	1594	Town of Stantonsburg, N.C. JRO	U.S.	19,851 56,624	19,851 56,624		0.002% 0.006%	0.002%	0.000%	0.000%		0.000% 0.001%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000% 0.001%
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Year	Entity	ID	Entity	Country	Total NEL (MWh)	U.S. NEL	Canada NEL Mexi	ico NEL total	US Total	Total	Total	со	Total	US Total	Total	Total	US Only
2016	SERC	1333	Town of Waynesville NC	U.S.	91,568	91,568		0.009%	0.009%	0.000%	0.000%		0.002%	0.002%	0.000%	0.000%	0.002%
2016	SERC	1334	Town of Winnsboro SC	U.S.	64,507	64,507		0.006%	0.006%	0.000%	0.000%		0.001%	0.001%	0.000%	0.000%	0.002%
2016	SERC	1335	Town of Winterville NC	U.S.	54,800	54,800		0.005%	0.005%	0.000%	0.000%		0.001%	0.001%	0.000%	0.000%	0.001%
2016	SERC	1597	Washington-St.Tammany Electric Cooperative, Inc.	U.S.	1,061,589	1,061,589		0.104%	0.104%	0.000%	0.000%		0.024%	0.024%	0.000%	0.000%	0.027%
			TOTAL SERC		1,022,554,364	1,022,554,364	-	- 100.000%	100.000%	0.000%	0.000%		22.689%	22.689%	0.000%	0.000%	25.685%
2016	SPP	1246	American Electric Power	U.S.	37,644,271	37,644,271		16.548%	16.548%	0.000%	0.000%		0.835%	0.835%	0.000%	0.000%	0.946%
2016	SPP	1707	AEP-VEMCO	U.S.	671,038	671,038		0.295%	0.295%	0.000%	0.000%		0.015%	0.015%	0.000%	0.000%	0.017%
2016	SPP	1435	Arkansas Electric Cooperative Corporation	U.S.	14,046,942	14,046,942		6.175%	6.175%	0.000%	0.000%		0.312%	0.312%	0.000%	0.000%	0.353%
2016	SPP	1247	Board of Public Utilities (Kansas City KS)	U.S.	2,432,022	2,432,022		1.069%	1.069%	0.000%	0.000%		0.054%	0.054%	0.000%	0.000%	0.061%
2016	SPP	1620	Board of Public Utilities, City of McPherson, Kansas	U.S.	1,009,396	1,009,396		0.444%	0.444%	0.000%	0.000%		0.022%	0.022%	0.000%	0.000%	0.025%
2016 2016	SPP SPP	1647 1469	Carthage City Water & Light Central Valley Electric Cooperative	U.S. U.S.	310,402 800,913	310,402 800,913		0.136% 0.352%	0.136% 0.352%	0.000%	0.000% 0.000%		0.007% 0.018%	0.007% 0.018%	0.000%	0.000%	0.008% 0.020%
2016	SPP	1556	City of Bentonville	U.S.	709,834	709,834		0.312%	0.332%	0.000%	0.000%		0.016%	0.016%	0.000%	0.000%	0.018%
2016	SPP	1557	City of Clarksdale, Mississippi	U.S.	167,839	167,839		0.074%	0.074%	0.000%	0.000%		0.010%	0.004%	0.000%	0.000%	0.004%
2016	SPP	1558	Hope Water & Light (HWL)	U.S.	306,271	306,271		0.135%	0.135%	0.000%	0.000%		0.007%	0.007%	0.000%	0.000%	0.008%
2016	SPP	1708	City of Abbeville	U.S.	142,628	142,628		0.063%	0.063%	0.000%	0.000%		0.003%	0.003%	0.000%	0.000%	0.004%
2016	SPP	1559	City of Minden	U.S.	149,789	149,789		0.066%	0.066%	0.000%	0.000%		0.003%	0.003%	0.000%	0.000%	0.004%
2016	SPP	1709	City of Nixa	U.S.	169,136	169,136		0.074%	0.074%	0.000%	0.000%		0.004%	0.004%	0.000%	0.000%	0.004%
2016	SPP	1703	City of Chanute	U.S.	500,595	500,595		0.220%	0.220%	0.000%	0.000%		0.011%	0.011%	0.000%	0.000%	0.013%
2016	SPP	1636	City of Prescott	U.S.	88,147	88,147		0.039%	0.039%	0.000%	0.000%		0.002%	0.002%	0.000%	0.000%	0.002%
2016	SPP	1248	Independence Power & Light (Independence, MO)	U.S.	1,073,930	1,073,930		0.472%	0.472%	0.000%	0.000%		0.024%	0.024%	0.000%	0.000%	0.027%
2016 2016	SPP SPP	1436 1249	City Utilities of Springfield, MO Cleco Power LLC	U.S. U.S.	3,211,506	3,211,506		1.412% 5.330%	1.412% 5.330%	0.000%	0.000%		0.071% 0.269%	0.071% 0.269%	0.000%	0.000%	0.081% 0.305%
2016	SPP	1437	East Texas Electric Coop, Inc.	U.S.	12,125,556 445,440	12,125,556 445,440		0.196%	0.196%	0.000%	0.000%		0.269%	0.269%	0.000%	0.000%	0.305%
2016	SPP	1250	The Empire District Electric Company	U.S.	5,290,273	5,290,273		2.326%	2.326%	0.000%	0.000%		0.010%	0.117%	0.000%	0.000%	0.133%
2016	SPP	1470	Farmers' Electric Coop	U.S.	305,662	305,662		0.134%	0.134%	0.000%	0.000%		0.007%	0.007%	0.000%	0.000%	0.008%
2016	SPP	1438	Golden Spread Electric Coop	U.S.	5,300,336	5,300,336		2.330%	2.330%	0.000%	0.000%		0.118%	0.118%	0.000%	0.000%	0.133%
2016	SPP	1251	Grand River Dam Authority	U.S.	5,613,042	5,613,042		2.467%	2.467%	0.000%	0.000%		0.125%	0.125%	0.000%	0.000%	0.141%
2016	SPP	1648	Jonesboro City Water & Light	U.S.	1,418,904	1,418,904		0.624%	0.624%	0.000%	0.000%		0.031%	0.031%	0.000%	0.000%	0.036%
2016	SPP	1252	Kansas City Power & Light (KCPL)	U.S.	15,827,907	15,827,907		6.958%	6.958%	0.000%	0.000%		0.351%	0.351%	0.000%	0.000%	0.398%
2016	SPP	1439	Kansas Electric Power Coop., Inc	U.S.	2,169,384	2,169,384		0.954%	0.954%	0.000%	0.000%		0.048%	0.048%	0.000%	0.000%	0.054%
2016	SPP	1440	Kansas Municipal Energy Agency (KCPL)	U.S.	1,524,066	1,524,066		0.670%	0.670%	0.000%	0.000%		0.034%	0.034%	0.000%	0.000%	0.038%
2016 2016	SPP SPP	1637 1649	Kansas Power Pool Kennett Board of Public Works	U.S. U.S.	889,849 145,477	889,849 145,477		0.391% 0.064%	0.391% 0.064%	0.000%	0.000%		0.020% 0.003%	0.020% 0.003%	0.000%	0.000%	0.022% 0.004%
2016	SPP	1598	KCP&L GMOC (Greater Missouri Operations Company)	U.S.	8,623,821	8,623,821		3.791%	3.791%	0.000%	0.000%		0.191%	0.003%	0.000%	0.000%	0.004%
2016	SPP	1471	Lafayette Utilities System	U.S.	2,101,182	2,101,182		0.924%	0.924%	0.000%	0.000%		0.047%	0.047%	0.000%	0.000%	0.053%
2016	SPP	1472	Lea County Electric Coop	U.S.	1,170,112	1,170,112		0.514%	0.514%	0.000%	0.000%		0.026%	0.026%	0.000%	0.000%	0.029%
2016	SPP	1253	Louisiana Energy & Power Authority (LEPA)	U.S.	1,000,833	1,000,833		0.440%	0.440%	0.000%	0.000%		0.022%	0.022%	0.000%	0.000%	0.025%
2016	SPP	1650	Malden Board of Public Works	U.S.	52,297	52,297		0.023%	0.023%	0.000%	0.000%		0.001%	0.001%	0.000%	0.000%	0.001%
2016	SPP	1441	Midwest Energy Inc.	U.S.	1,785,679	1,785,679		0.785%	0.785%	0.000%	0.000%		0.040%	0.040%	0.000%	0.000%	0.045%
2016	SPP	1443	Missouri Joint Municipal Electric Utility Commission	U.S.	2,609,293	2,609,293		1.147%	1.147%	0.000%	0.000%		0.058%	0.058%	0.000%	0.000%	0.066%
2016	SPP	1442	Northeast Texas Electric Cooperative, Inc.	U.S.	3,215,204	3,215,204		1.413%	1.413%	0.000%	0.000%		0.071%	0.071%	0.000%	0.000%	0.081%
2016	SPP	1255	Oklahoma Gas and Electric Co.	U.S.	28,026,525	28,026,525		12.320%	12.320%	0.000%	0.000%		0.622%	0.622%	0.000%	0.000%	0.704%
2016 2016	SPP SPP	1444 1639	Oklahoma Municipal Power Auth OzMo Ozark Missouri, West Plains MO	U.S. U.S.	2,935,026 201,025	2,935,026 201,025		1.290% 0.088%	1.290% 0.088%	0.000%	0.000%		0.065% 0.004%	0.065% 0.004%	0.000%	0.000%	0.074% 0.005%
2016	SPP	1651	Paragould Light, Water & Cable	U.S.	611,566	611,566		0.269%	0.269%	0.000%	0.000%		0.004%	0.004%	0.000%	0.000%	0.005%
2016	SPP	1031	People's Electric Cooperative (PEC)	U.S.	172,369	172,369		0.076%	0.076%	0.000%	0.000%		0.004%	0.004%	0.000%	0.000%	0.004%
2016	SPP	1652	Piggott Municipal Light, Water & Sewer	U.S.	38,326	38,326		0.017%	0.017%	0.000%	0.000%		0.001%	0.001%	0.000%	0.000%	0.001%
2016	SPP	1653	Poplar Bluff Municipal Utilities	U.S.	386,135	386,135		0.170%	0.170%	0.000%	0.000%		0.009%	0.009%	0.000%	0.000%	0.010%
2016	SPP	1561	Public Service Commission of Yazoo City of Mississippi	U.S.	119,270	119,270		0.052%	0.052%	0.000%	0.000%		0.003%	0.003%	0.000%	0.000%	0.003%
2016	SPP	1473	Roosevelt County Electric Coop	U.S.	161,078	161,078		0.071%	0.071%	0.000%	0.000%		0.004%	0.004%	0.000%	0.000%	0.004%
2016	SPP	1654	Sikeston Board of Municipal Utilities	U.S.	382,765	382,765		0.168%	0.168%	0.000%	0.000%		0.008%	0.008%	0.000%	0.000%	0.010%
2016	SPP	1257	Southwestern Public Service Co. (SPS-XCEL)	U.S.	21,132,833	21,132,833		9.290%	9.290%	0.000%	0.000%		0.469%	0.469%	0.000%	0.000%	0.531%
2016	SPP	1256	Sunflower Electric Power Cooperative	U.S.	4,571,654	4,571,654		2.010%	2.010%	0.000%	0.000%		0.101%	0.101%	0.000%	0.000%	0.115%
2016	SPP	1445	Tex - La Electric Cooperative of Texas	U.S.	506,427	506,427		0.223%	0.223%	0.000%	0.000%		0.011%	0.011%	0.000%	0.000%	0.013%
2016	SPP SPP	1475	Tri County Electric Coop Westar Energy, Inc.	U.S. U.S.	365,680 21 205 619	365,680 21,205,619		0.161% 9.322%	0.161% 9.322%	0.000%	0.000% 0.000%		0.008%	0.008% 0.471%	0.000%	0.000%	0.009% 0.533%
2016 2016	SPP	1260 1259	Western Farmers Electric Cooperative	U.S.	21,205,619 8,798,424	21,205,619 8,798,424		3.868%	3.868%	0.000%	0.000%		0.471% 0.195%	0.471%	0.000%	0.000%	0.221%
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Data Year	Regional Entity	ID	Entity	Country	Total NEL (MWh)	U.S. NEL	Canada NEL	Mexico NEL	% of RE total	US Total	Canada Total	Mexico	Excl PSC of CO	% of ERO Total	US Total	Canada Total	Mexico Total	% of ERO - US Only
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2016	SPP	1501	West Texas Municipal Power Agency TOTAL SPP	U.S.	2,825,002 227,488,700	2,825,002 227,488,700			1.242%	1.242%	0.000%	0.000%		0.063% 5.048%	0.063% 5.048%	0.000%	0.000%	0.071% 5.714%
			TOTAL SPP		227,488,700	227,488,700			100.000%	100.000%	0.000%	0.000%		5.048%	5.048%	0.000%	0.000%	5./14%
2016	TRE	1019	ERCOT	U.S.	353,021,556	353,021,556			100.000%	100.000%	0.000%	0.000%		7.833%	7.833%	0.000%	0.000%	8.867%
			TOTAL ERCOT		353,021,556	353,021,556	-		100.000%	100.000%	0.000%	0.000%		7.833%	7.833%	0.000%	0.000%	8.867%
2045					E0 00E E40		50 005 540		5 0000/	0.0000/	5 0000/	0.0000/	7.450/		0.0000/		0.0000/	0.0004
2016 2016	WECC		Alberta Electric System Operator British Columbia Hydro & Power Authority	Canada Canada	59,085,542 62,325,587		59,085,542 62,325,587		6.892% 7.270%	0.000% 0.000%	6.892% 7.270%	0.000%	7.145% 7.537%	1.311% 1.383%	0.000%	1.311% 1.383%	0.000%	0.000% 0.000%
2016	WECC		Centro Nacional de Control de Energia	Mexico	13,095,066		02,323,307	13.095.066	1.528%	0.000%	0.000%	1.528%	1.583%	0.291%	0.000%	0.000%	0.291%	0.000%
2016	WECC		Ajo Improvement District	U.S.	11,067	11,067		.,,	0.001%	0.001%	0.000%	0.000%	0.001%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%
2016	WECC		Arizona Public Service Company	U.S.	28,971,757	28,971,757			3.380%	3.380%	0.000%	0.000%	3.503%	0.643%	0.643%	0.000%	0.000%	0.728%
2016	WECC		City of Williams	U.S.	45,861	45,861			0.005%	0.005%	0.000%	0.000%	0.006%	0.001%	0.001%	0.000%	0.000%	0.001%
2016	WECC		Electrical Districts 3	U.S.	742,054	742,054			0.087%	0.087%	0.000%	0.000%	0.090%	0.016%	0.016%	0.000%	0.000%	0.019%
2016	WECC		Majority Districts	U.S.	778,611	778,611			0.091%	0.091%	0.000%	0.000%	0.094%	0.017%	0.017%	0.000%	0.000%	0.020%
2016 2016	WECC		Navajo Tribal Utility Authority Tohono O'Odham Utility Authority	U.S. U.S.	20,241 62,808	20,241 62,808			0.002% 0.007%	0.002% 0.007%	0.000%	0.000%	0.002% 0.008%	0.000% 0.001%	0.000% 0.001%	0.000%	0.000%	0.001% 0.002%
2016	WECC		Town of Wickenburg	U.S.	26,716	26,716			0.007%	0.007%	0.000%	0.000%	0.003%	0.001%	0.001%	0.000%	0.000%	0.002%
2016	WECC		Avista Corporation	U.S.	9,364,128	9,364,128			1.092%	1.092%	0.000%	0.000%	1.132%	0.208%	0.208%	0.000%	0.000%	0.235%
2016	WECC		Kaiser Aluminum Fabricated Products LLC	U.S.	316,826	316,826			0.037%	0.037%	0.000%	0.000%	0.038%	0.007%	0.007%	0.000%	0.000%	0.008%
2016	WECC		Pend Oreille County PUD No. 1	U.S.	971,556	971,556			0.113%	0.113%	0.000%	0.000%	0.117%	0.022%	0.022%	0.000%	0.000%	0.024%
2016	WECC		PUD No. 2 of Grant County	U.S.	86,549	86,549			0.010%	0.010%	0.000%	0.000%	0.010%	0.002%	0.002%	0.000%	0.000%	0.002%
2016	WECC		Bonneville Power Administration-Power Services	U.S.	6,135,366	6,135,366			0.716%	0.716%	0.000%	0.000%	0.742%	0.136%	0.136%	0.000%	0.000%	0.154%
2016	WECC		Bonneville Power Administration-Hydro	U.S.	209,513	209,513			0.024%	0.024%	0.000%	0.000%	0.025%	0.005%	0.005%	0.000%	0.000%	0.005%
2016	WECC		Bonneville Power Administration-Transmission City of Redding	U.S. U.S.	53,955,190	53,955,190			6.294%	6.294%	0.000%	0.000%	6.524%	1.197% 0.017%	1.197%	0.000%	0.000%	1.355%
2016 2016	WECC		City of Roseville	U.S.	782,095 1,227,468	782,095 1,227,468			0.091% 0.143%	0.091% 0.143%	0.000%	0.000%	0.095% 0.148%	0.017%	0.017% 0.027%	0.000%	0.000%	0.020% 0.031%
2016	WECC		Modesto Irrigation District	U.S.	2,572,690	2,572,690			0.300%	0.300%	0.000%	0.000%	0.311%	0.057%	0.057%	0.000%	0.000%	0.065%
2016	WECC		Sacramento Municipal Utility District	U.S.	11,246,530	11,246,530			1.312%	1.312%	0.000%	0.000%	1.360%	0.250%	0.250%	0.000%	0.000%	0.282%
2016	WECC		Western Area Power Administration-Sierra Nevada Region	U.S.	1,635,470	1,635,470			0.191%	0.191%	0.000%	0.000%	0.198%	0.036%	0.036%	0.000%	0.000%	0.041%
2016	WECC		California Independent System Operator	U.S.	228,149,059	228,149,059			26.614%	26.614%	0.000%	0.000%	27.588%	5.062%	5.062%	0.000%	0.000%	5.731%
2016	WECC		El Paso Electric Company	U.S.	8,431,656	8,431,656			0.984%	0.984%	0.000%	0.000%	1.020%	0.187%	0.187%	0.000%	0.000%	0.212%
2016	WECC		Idaho Power Company	U.S.	15,346,628	15,346,628			1.790%	1.790%	0.000%	0.000%	1.856%	0.341%	0.341%	0.000%	0.000%	0.385%
2016	WECC		Imperial Irrigation District	U.S. U.S.	3,694,931	3,694,931			0.431%	0.431%	0.000%	0.000%	0.447%	0.082% 0.634%	0.082%	0.000%	0.000%	0.093%
2016 2016	WECC		Los Angeles Department of Water and Power City of Henderson	U.S.	28,569,093 41,940	28,569,093 41,940			3.333% 0.005%	3.333% 0.005%	0.000%	0.000%	3.455% 0.005%	0.001%	0.634% 0.001%	0.000%	0.000%	0.718% 0.001%
2016	WECC		City of Las Vegas	U.S.	44,685	44,685			0.005%	0.005%	0.000%	0.000%	0.005%	0.001%	0.001%	0.000%	0.000%	0.001%
2016	WECC		City of North Las Vegas	U.S.	22,244	22,244			0.003%	0.003%	0.000%	0.000%	0.003%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.001%
2016	WECC		Clark County Water Reclamation District	U.S.	81,574	81,574			0.010%	0.010%	0.000%	0.000%	0.010%	0.002%	0.002%	0.000%	0.000%	0.002%
2016	WECC		Colorado River Commission of Nevada	U.S.	699,971	699,971			0.082%	0.082%	0.000%	0.000%	0.085%	0.016%	0.016%	0.000%	0.000%	0.018%
2016	WECC		Las Vegas Valley Water District	U.S.	104,519	104,519			0.012%	0.012%	0.000%	0.000%	0.013%	0.002%	0.002%	0.000%	0.000%	0.003%
2016	WECC		Nevada Power Company dba NV Energy	U.S.	31,993,983	31,993,983			3.732%	3.732%	0.000%	0.000%	3.869%	0.710%	0.710%	0.000%	0.000%	0.804%
2016	WECC		Overton Power District No. 5	U.S. U.S.	388,744	388,744			0.045%	0.045%	0.000%	0.000%	0.047% 0.014%	0.009% 0.003%	0.009% 0.003%	0.000% 0.000%	0.000%	0.010% 0.003%
2016 2016	WECC		Southern Nevada Water Authority Basin Electric Power Cooperative	U.S.	112,780 437,112	112,780 437,112			0.013% 0.051%	0.013% 0.051%	0.000%	0.000%	0.014%	0.003%	0.003%	0.000%	0.000%	0.003%
2016	WECC		Basin Electric Power Cooperative (SMGT)	U.S.	311,258	311,258			0.031%	0.031%	0.000%	0.000%	0.038%	0.007%	0.007%	0.000%	0.000%	0.0011%
2016	WECC		NorthWestern Corp. dba NorthWestern Energy, LLC	U.S.	9,195,599	9,195,599			1.073%	1.073%	0.000%	0.000%	1.112%	0.204%	0.204%	0.000%	0.000%	0.231%
2016	WECC		Western Area Power Administration-Upper Great Plains Region	U.S.	7,614	7,614			0.001%	0.001%	0.000%	0.000%	0.001%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%
2016	WECC		PacifiCorp West (PACW)	U.S.	20,663,027	20,663,027			2.410%	2.410%	0.000%	0.000%	2.499%	0.458%	0.458%	0.000%	0.000%	0.519%
2016	WECC		Constellation New Energy	U.S.	195,248	195,248			0.023%	0.023%	0.000%	0.000%	0.024%	0.004%	0.004%	0.000%	0.000%	0.005%
2016	WECC		Noble Americas Energy Solutions, LLC	U.S.	1,561,231	1,561,231			0.182%	0.182%	0.000%	0.000%	0.189%	0.035%	0.035%	0.000%	0.000%	0.039%
2016	WECC		PacifiCorp (FactornPalAuth)	U.S.	2,139	2,139			0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%
2016 2016	WECC		PacifiCorp (EasternBalAuth) PacifiCorp (Portland)	U.S. U.S.	49,260,694 4,075	49,260,694 4,075			5.746% 0.000%	5.746% 0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	5.957% 0.000%	1.093% 0.000%	1.093% 0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	1.237% 0.000%
2016	WECC		PacifiCorp (WAPA-CO-MO)	U.S.	120,006	120,006			0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.003%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%
2016	WECC		Portland General Electric Company	U.S.	17,975,545	17,975,545			2.097%	2.097%	0.000%	0.000%	2.174%	0.399%	0.399%	0.000%	0.000%	0.452%
2016	WECC		Shell Energy North America	U.S.	42,689	42,689			0.005%	0.005%	0.000%	0.000%	0.005%	0.001%	0.001%	0.000%	0.000%	0.001%
2016	WECC		Arkansas River Power Authority (ARPA)	U.S.	276,491	276,491			0.032%	0.032%	0.000%	0.000%	0.033%	0.006%	0.006%	0.000%	0.000%	0.007%
2016	WECC		Black Hills Colorado Electric	U.S.	2,085,331	2,085,331			0.243%	0.243%	0.000%	0.000%	0.252%	0.046%	0.046%	0.000%	0.000%	0.052%
2016	WECC		Burlington	U.S.	34,731	34,731			0.004%	0.004%	0.000%	0.000%	0.004%	0.001%	0.001%	0.000%	0.000%	0.001%

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Data	Regional							% of RE		Canada	Mexico	Excl PSC of	% of ERO		Canada	Mexico	% of ERO -
Year	Entity	ID	Entity	Country	Total NEL (MWh)	U.S. NEL	Canada NEL Mexico NEL	total	US Total	Total	Total	со	Total	US Total	Total	Total	US Only
2016	WECC		Colorado Springs Utilities	U.S.	49,594	49,594		0.006%	0.006%	0.000%	0.000%	0.006%	0.001%	0.001%	0.000%	0.000%	0.001%
2016	WECC		Grand Valley Power	U.S.	257,625	257,625		0.030%	0.030%	0.000%	0.000%	0.031%	0.006%	0.006%	0.000%	0.000%	0.006%
2016	WECC		Holy Cross Energy	U.S.	1,071,651	1,071,651		0.125%	0.125%	0.000%	0.000%	0.130%	0.024%	0.024%	0.000%	0.000%	0.027%
2016	WECC		Intermountain Rural Electric Association	U.S.	2,263,455	2,263,455		0.264%	0.264%	0.000%	0.000%	0.274%	0.050%	0.050%	0.000%	0.000%	0.057%
2016 2016	WECC		Municipal Energy Agency of Nebraska Platte River Power Authority	U.S. U.S.	176,064 3,261,810	176,064 3,261,810		0.021% 0.380%	0.021% 0.380%	0.000%	0.000%	0.021% 0.394%	0.004% 0.072%	0.004% 0.072%	0.000%	0.000%	0.004% 0.082%
2016	WECC		Public Service Company of Colorado (Xcel)	U.S.	30,276,426	30,276,426		3.532%	3.532%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.672%	0.672%	0.000%	0.000%	0.760%
2016	WECC		Public Service Company of Colorado (Xcel)-(WAPA-CO-MO)	U.S.	106,257	106,257		0.012%	0.012%	0.000%	0.000%	0.013%	0.002%	0.002%	0.000%	0.000%	0.003%
2016	WECC		Raton Public Service	U.S.	54,637	54,637		0.006%	0.006%	0.000%	0.000%	0.007%	0.001%	0.001%	0.000%	0.000%	0.001%
2016	WECC		Town of Center	U.S.	21,047	21,047		0.002%	0.002%	0.000%	0.000%	0.003%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.001%
2016	WECC		Tri-State Generation & Transmission Assoc. Inc - Reliability	U.S.	2,701,176	2,701,176		0.315%	0.315%	0.000%	0.000%	0.327%	0.060%	0.060%	0.000%	0.000%	0.068%
2016	WECC		Western Area Power - Loveland, CO	U.S.	163,377	163,377		0.019%	0.019%	0.000%	0.000%	0.020%	0.004%	0.004%	0.000%	0.000%	0.004%
2016	WECC		Yampa Valley Electric Association	U.S.	577,926	577,926		0.067%	0.067%	0.000%	0.000%	0.070%	0.013%	0.013%	0.000%	0.000%	0.015%
2016	WECC		City of Aztec Electric Dept (PSC-NM)	U.S. U.S.	22,982	22,982		0.003%	0.003%	0.000%	0.000%	0.003% 0.002%	0.001% 0.000%	0.001% 0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.001% 0.000%
2016 2016	WECC		City of Aztec Electric Dept (WAPA-CO-MO) City of Gallup	U.S. U.S.	18,181 229,100	18,181 229,100		0.002% 0.027%	0.002% 0.027%	0.000%	0.000%	0.002%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%
2016	WECC		Jicarilla Apache Nation Power Authority	U.S.	23,099	23,099		0.027%	0.027%	0.000%	0.000%	0.028%	0.003%	0.003%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%
2016	WECC		Kit Carson Electric Inc	U.S.	147,576	147,576		0.003%	0.017%	0.000%	0.000%	0.018%	0.001%	0.003%	0.000%	0.000%	0.001%
2016	WECC		Navajo Tribal Utility Authority	U.S.	241,692	241,692		0.028%	0.028%	0.000%	0.000%	0.029%	0.005%	0.005%	0.000%	0.000%	0.006%
2016	WECC		Navopache Electric Cooperative, Inc.	U.S.	439,359	439,359		0.051%	0.051%	0.000%	0.000%	0.053%	0.010%	0.010%	0.000%	0.000%	0.011%
2016	WECC		Public Service Company of New Mexico	U.S.	9,339,529	9,339,529		1.089%	1.089%	0.000%	0.000%	1.129%	0.207%	0.207%	0.000%	0.000%	0.235%
2016	WECC		The Incorporated County of Los Alamos	U.S.	611,581	611,581		0.071%	0.071%	0.000%	0.000%	0.074%	0.014%	0.014%	0.000%	0.000%	0.015%
2016	WECC		Tri-State Generation & Transmission Association, Inc.	U.S.	2,922,540	2,922,540		0.341%	0.341%	0.000%	0.000%	0.353%	0.065%	0.065%	0.000%	0.000%	0.073%
2016	WECC		US Dept of Energy - Kirtland AFB	U.S.	431,469	431,469		0.050%	0.050%	0.000%	0.000%	0.052%	0.010%	0.010%	0.000%	0.000%	0.011%
2016	WECC		Public Utility District No. 1 of Chelan County	U.S.	1,702,674	1,702,674		0.199%	0.199%	0.000%	0.000%	0.206%	0.038%	0.038%	0.000%	0.000%	0.043%
2016 2016	WECC		PUD No. 1 of Douglas County Okanogan PUD	U.S. U.S.	818,952 651,274	818,952 651,274		0.096% 0.076%	0.096% 0.076%	0.000%	0.000%	0.099% 0.079%	0.018% 0.014%	0.018% 0.014%	0.000%	0.000% 0.000%	0.021% 0.016%
2016	WECC		Douglas Palisades / PUD No. 1 of DC	U.S.	19,859	19,859		0.002%	0.002%	0.000%	0.000%	0.002%	0.014%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.010%
2016	WECC		PUD No. 2 of Grant County	U.S.	4,511,192	4,511,192		0.526%	0.526%	0.000%	0.000%	0.546%	0.100%	0.100%	0.000%	0.000%	0.113%
2016	WECC		Puget Sound Energy, Inc.	U.S.	23,676,968	23,676,968		2.762%	2.762%	0.000%	0.000%	2.863%	0.525%	0.525%	0.000%	0.000%	0.595%
2016	WECC		Salt River Project	U.S.	29,547,087	29,547,087		3.447%	3.447%	0.000%	0.000%	3.573%	0.656%	0.656%	0.000%	0.000%	0.742%
2016	WECC		Seattle City Light	U.S.	9,687,942	9,687,942		1.130%	1.130%	0.000%	0.000%	1.171%	0.215%	0.215%	0.000%	0.000%	0.243%
2016	WECC		Barrick Goldstrike Mines Inc.	U.S.	1,404,747	1,404,747		0.164%	0.164%	0.000%	0.000%	0.170%	0.031%	0.031%	0.000%	0.000%	0.035%
2016	WECC		City of Fallon	U.S.	89,027	89,027		0.010%	0.010%	0.000%	0.000%	0.011%	0.002%	0.002%	0.000%	0.000%	0.002%
2016	WECC		Mt. Wheeler Power	U.S.	536,619	536,619		0.063%	0.063%	0.000%	0.000%	0.065%	0.012%	0.012%	0.000%	0.000%	0.013%
2016	WECC		Truckee Donner Public Utility District Beartooth Electric Cooperative	U.S. U.S.	171,874	171,874		0.020%	0.020%	0.000%	0.000%	0.021%	0.004%	0.004%	0.000%	0.000%	0.004% 0.002%
2016 2016	WECC WECC		City of Tacoma DBA Tacoma Power	U.S.	72,506 4,817,291	72,506 4,817,291		0.008% 0.562%	0.008% 0.562%	0.000%	0.000%	0.009% 0.583%	0.002% 0.107%	0.002% 0.107%	0.000%	0.000%	0.002%
2016	WECC		Tucson Electric Power Company	U.S.	14,805,219	14,805,219		1.727%	1.727%	0.000%	0.000%	1.790%	0.329%	0.329%	0.000%	0.000%	0.372%
2016	WECC		Merced Irrigation District	U.S.	481,258	481,258		0.056%	0.056%	0.000%	0.000%	0.058%	0.011%	0.011%	0.000%	0.000%	0.012%
2016	WECC		Turlock Irrigation District	U.S.	2,136,902	2,136,902		0.249%	0.249%	0.000%	0.000%	0.258%	0.047%	0.047%	0.000%	0.000%	0.054%
2016	WECC		Basin Electric Power Cooperative	U.S.	2,288,141	2,288,141		0.267%	0.267%	0.000%	0.000%	0.277%	0.051%	0.051%	0.000%	0.000%	0.057%
2016	WECC		Black Hills Colorado Electric/Cheyenne Light Fuel & Power	U.S.	4,270,639	4,270,639		0.498%	0.498%	0.000%	0.000%	0.516%	0.095%	0.095%	0.000%	0.000%	0.107%
2016	WECC		Black Hills State University South Dakota	U.S.	21,703	21,703		0.003%	0.003%	0.000%	0.000%	0.003%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.001%
2016	WECC		City of Page	U.S.	73,214	73,214		0.009%	0.009%	0.000%	0.000%	0.009%	0.002%	0.002%	0.000%	0.000%	0.002%
2016 2016	WECC WECC		Colorado Springs Utilities Deseret Generation & Transmission Cooperative	U.S. U.S.	4,658,760 115,299	4,658,760 115,299		0.543% 0.013%	0.543% 0.013%	0.000%	0.000%	0.563% 0.014%	0.103% 0.003%	0.103% 0.003%	0.000%	0.000%	0.117% 0.003%
2016	WECC		City of Farmington	U.S.	990,796	990,796		0.013%	0.013%	0.000%	0.000%	0.014%	0.003%	0.003%	0.000%	0.000%	0.003%
2016	WECC		Municipal Energy Agency of Nebraska	U.S.	639,233	639,233		0.110%	0.110%	0.000%	0.000%	0.120%	0.022%	0.022%	0.000%	0.000%	0.025%
2016	WECC		Navajo Agricultural Products Industry (NAPI)	U.S.	2,496	2,496		0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%
2016	WECC		Nebraska Public Power Marketing	U.S.	3,705	3,705		0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%
2016	WECC		Town of Fredonia	U.S.	10,343	10,343		0.001%	0.001%	0.000%	0.000%	0.001%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%
2016	WECC		Tri-State Generation & Transmission Assoc. Inc - Reliability	U.S.	7,612,002	7,612,002		0.888%	0.888%	0.000%	0.000%	0.920%	0.169%	0.169%	0.000%	0.000%	0.191%
2016	WECC		Western Area Power - Loveland, CO	U.S.	1,787,721	1,787,721		0.209%	0.209%	0.000%	0.000%	0.216%	0.040%	0.040%	0.000%	0.000%	0.045%
2016	WECC		Western Area Power Administration - CRSP	U.S.	1,669,458	1,669,458		0.195%	0.195%	0.000%	0.000%	0.202%	0.037%	0.037%	0.000%	0.000%	0.042%
2016	WECC		Wyoming Municipal Power Agency	U.S.	222,629	222,629		0.026%	0.026%	0.000%	0.000%	0.027%	0.005%	0.005%	0.000%	0.000%	0.006%
2016	WECC		Basin Electric Power Cooperative	U.S.	104,939	104,939		0.012%	0.012%	0.000%	0.000%	0.013%	0.002%	0.002%	0.000%	0.000%	0.003%
2016 2016	WECC		Montana-Dakota Utilities Co. NorthWestern Corp. dba NorthWestern Energy, LLC	U.S. U.S.	23,427 292,914	23,427 292,914		0.003% 0.034%	0.003% 0.034%	0.000%	0.000%	0.003% 0.035%	0.001% 0.006%	0.001% 0.006%	0.000% 0.000%	0.000%	0.001% 0.007%
				0.5.	252,514			2.33 1,0	2.33 170	2.200,0	2.200,0	2.33370	2.000,0	2.20070	2.20070	2.200,0	2.507,70

													% WECC.					
Data	Regional								% of RE		Canada	Mexico	Excl PSC of	% of ERO		Canada	Mexico	% of ERO -
Year	Entity	ID	Entity	Country	Total NEL (MWh)	U.S. NEL	Canada NEL	Mexico NEL	total	US Total	Total	Total	со	Total	US Total	Total	Total	US Only
			,	•	, ,					1								
2016	WECC		Western Area Power Administration-Upper Great Plains Region	U.S.	354,503	354,503			0.041%	0.041%	0.000%	0.000%	0.043%	0.008%	0.008%	0.000%	0.000%	0.009%
2016	WECC		Aha Macav Power Service	U.S.	11,843	11,843			0.001%	0.001%	0.000%	0.000%	0.001%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%
2016	WECC		Bureau of Reclamation (Wellfield)	U.S.	9,146	9,146			0.001%	0.001%	0.000%	0.000%	0.001%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%
2016	WECC		Central Arizona Water Conservation District	U.S.	2,382,677	2,382,677			0.278%	0.278%	0.000%	0.000%	0.288%	0.053%	0.053%	0.000%	0.000%	0.060%
2016	WECC		City of Boulder City	U.S.	77,330	77,330			0.009%	0.009%	0.000%	0.000%	0.009%	0.002%	0.002%	0.000%	0.000%	0.002%
2016	WECC		City of Mesa	U.S.	264,773	264,773			0.031%	0.031%	0.000%	0.000%	0.032%	0.006%	0.006%	0.000%	0.000%	0.007%
2016	WECC		Needles Public Utilities Authority	U.S.	29,710	29,710			0.003%	0.003%	0.000%	0.000%	0.004%	0.001%	0.001%	0.000%	0.000%	0.001%
2016	WECC		Colorado River Agency-Bureau of Indian Affairs	U.S.	17,546	17,546			0.002%	0.002%	0.000%	0.000%	0.002%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%
2016	WECC		Electrical District #2	U.S.	203,800	203,800			0.024%	0.024%	0.000%	0.000%	0.025%	0.005%	0.005%	0.000%	0.000%	0.005%
2016	WECC		Electrical District #2 - Coolidge Generating Station	U.S.	9,527	9,527			0.001%	0.001%	0.000%	0.000%	0.001%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%
2016	WECC		Silver State Energy Association	U.S.	567,322	567,322			0.066%	0.066%	0.000%	0.000%	0.069%	0.013%	0.013%	0.000%	0.000%	0.014%
2016	WECC		Arizona Electric Power Cooperative, Inc	U.S.	2,872,358	2,872,358			0.335%	0.335%	0.000%	0.000%	0.347%	0.064%	0.064%	0.000%	0.000%	0.072%
2016	WECC		U.S. Army Yuma Proving Ground	U.S.	20,047	20,047			0.002%	0.002%	0.000%	0.000%	0.002%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.001%
2016	WECC		Wellton-Mohawk Irrigation & Drainage District	U.S.	4,520	4,520			0.001%	0.001%	0.000%	0.000%	0.001%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%
2016	WECC		Western Area Power Administration-Desert Southwest Region	U.S.	1,574,927	1,574,927			0.184%	0.184%	0.000%	0.000%	0.190%	0.035%	0.035%	0.000%	0.000%	0.040%
			TOTAL WECC		857,250,282	722,744,087	121,411,129	13,095,066	100.000%	84.310%	14.163%	1.528%	100.000%	19.021%	16.036%	2.694%	0.291%	18.154%
	TOTAL ERO				4,506,897,694	3,981,131,801	512,670,827	13,095,066	800.000%	713.206%	85.266%	1.528%	100.000%	100.000%	88.334%	11.375%	0.291%	100.000%
	by Regional	Entity					Canada NEL	Mexico NEL										
	FRCC				234,139,882	234,139,882	-	-	100.000%	100.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	5.195%	5.195%	0.000%	0.000%	5.881%
	MRO				289,292,028	241,683,330	47,608,698	-	100.000%	83.543%	16.457%	0.000%	0.000%	6.419%	5.363%	1.056%	0.000%	6.071%
	NPCC				628,864,000	285,213,000	343,651,000	-	100.000%	45.354%	54.646%	0.000%	0.000%	13.953%	6.328%	7.625%	0.000%	7.164%
	RF				894,286,883	894,286,883	-	-	100.000%	100.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	19.843%	19.843%	0.000%	0.000%	22.463%
	SERC				1,022,554,364	1,022,554,364	-	-	100.000%	100.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	22.689%	22.689%	0.000%	0.000%	25.685%
	SPP				227,488,700	227,488,700	-	-	100.000%	100.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	5.048%	5.048%	0.000%	0.000%	5.714%
	TRE				353,021,556	353,021,556	-	-	100.000%	100.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	7.833%	7.833%	0.000%	0.000%	8.867%
	WECC				857,250,282	722,744,087	121,411,129	13,095,066	100.000%	84.310%	14.163%	1.528%	100.000%	19.021%	16.036%	2.694%	0.291%	18.154%
Total					4,506,897,694	3,981,131,801	512,670,827	13,095,066	800.000%	713.206%	85.266%	1.528%	100.000%	100.000%	88.334%	11.375%	0.291%	100.000%

					Total ERO	Assessments (N	ERC, RE & WIRAB	Costs)		Total NERC Ass	essments		Total Regiona	I Entity Assessme		WIRAB
					Total Ello	433C33IIICIIC3 (IV	ENC, NE & WINAD	costsy		TOTAL NEINE ASS	lessificites			Assessments	s) 	
Data Year	Regional Entity	ID	Entity	Country	Total	US	Canada	Mexico	Total	US	Canada	Mexico	Total	US	Canada	Mexico
2016	FDCC	1074	Alachua Citual	11.5	F 924	F 024			1.040	1.040			2 072	2.072		
2016	FRCC FRCC		Alachua, City of Bartow, City of	U.S. U.S.	5,821 12,698	5,821 12,698	-		1,949 4,252	1,949 4,252	-		3,872 8,446	3,872 8,446	-	
2016	FRCC		Chattahoochee, City of	U.S.	1,689	1,689	-	-	566	566	-	-	1,124	1,124	-	-
2016	FRCC		Florida Keys Electric Cooperative Assn	U.S.	33,103	33,103	-	-	11,085	11,085	-	-	22,018	22,018	-	-
2016	FRCC		Florida Power & Light Co.	U.S. U.S.	4,921,364	4,921,364	-	-	1,647,997	1,647,997	-	-	3,273,367	3,273,367	-	-
2016 2016	FRCC FRCC	1079 1080	Florida Public Utilities Company Gainesville Regional Utilities	U.S.	15,525 78,403	15,525 78,403	-	-	5,199 26,255	5,199 26,255	-	-	10,326 52,149	10,326 52,149		-
2016	FRCC		Homestead, City of	U.S.	23,480	23,480	-	-	7,863	7,863	-	-	15,617	15,617	-	-
2016	FRCC	1082	JEA	U.S.	541,876	541,876	-	-	181,456	181,456	-	-	360,420	360,420	-	-
2016	FRCC	1083	Lakeland Electric	U.S.	133,266	133,266	-	-	44,626	44,626	-	-	88,640	88,640	-	-
2016	FRCC		Lee County Electric Cooperative, Inc	U.S.	173,725	173,725	-	-	58,175	58,175	-	-	115,551	115,551	-	-
2016 2016	FRCC FRCC	1661 1084	City of Lake Worth Mount Dora, City of	U.S. U.S.	20,401 4,042	20,401 4,042			6,831 1,353	6,831 1,353	-		13,569 2,688	13,569 2,688		-
2016	FRCC	1085	New Smyrna Beach, Utilities Commission of	U.S.	18,861	18,861	-		6,316	6,316	-	-	12,545	12,545		-
2016	FRCC	1086	Orlando Utilities Commission	U.S.	262,919	262,919	-	-	88,043	88,043	-	-	174,876	174,876	-	-
2016	FRCC	1087	Duke Energy Florida	U.S.	1,758,245	1,758,245	-	-	588,776	588,776	-	-	1,169,469	1,169,469	-	-
2016	FRCC	1088	Quincy, City of	U.S.	5,700	5,700	-	-	1,909	1,909	-	-	3,791	3,791	-	-
2016	FRCC	1089	Reedy Creek Improvement District	U.S.	52,306	52,306	-	-	17,515	17,515	-	-	34,790	34,790	-	-
2016 2016	FRCC FRCC	1090 1091	St. Cloud, City of (OUC) Tallahassee, City of	U.S. U.S.	31,306 118,853	31,306 118,853		-	10,483 39,800	10,483 39,800	-		20,823 79,054	20,823 79,054		-
2016	FRCC		Tampa Electric Company	U.S.	862,340	862,340	_		288,768	288,768	-		573,572	573,572		_
2016	FRCC		City of Vero Beach	U.S.	32,846	32,846	-	-	10,999	10,999	-	-	21,847	21,847	-	-
2016	FRCC	1093	Wauchula, City of	U.S.	2,780	2,780	-	-	931	931	-	-	1,849	1,849	-	-
2016	FRCC		Williston, City of	U.S.	1,591	1,591	-	-	533	533	-	-	1,058	1,058	-	-
2016	FRCC	1095	Winter Park, City of	U.S.	19,370	19,370	-	-	6,486	6,486	-	-	12,884	12,884	-	-
2016 2016	FRCC FRCC	1072	Moore Haven, City of Florida Municipal Power Agency	U.S. U.S.	342 258,274	342 258,274			115 86,487	115 86,487	-		228 171,787	228 171,787		
2016	FRCC		Seminole Electric Cooperative	U.S.	622,670	622,670	-	-	208,511	208,511	_	-	414,159	414,159	-	-
			TOTAL FRCC		10,013,797	10,013,797	-		3,353,279	3,353,279	-	-	6,660,518	6,660,518	-	-
2016	1400	4400	Desir Floring Dayson Comments		000 504	000 504			-	247.007			540 500	540 500		
2016 2016	MRO MRO	1199	Basin Electric Power Cooperative Central Iowa Power Cooperative (CIPCO)	U.S. U.S.	888,594 145,007	888,594 145,007	-		247,997 40,470	247,997 40,470	-	-	640,598 104,537	640,598 104,537	-	-
2016	MRO	1201	Corn Belt Power Cooperative	U.S.	102,016	102,016	-		28,472	28,472	-	-	73,545	73,545		-
2016	MRO	1207	Dairyland Power Cooperative	U.S.	278,913	278,913	-	-	77,841	77,841	-	-	201,071	201,071	-	-
2016	MRO	1210	Great River Energy	U.S.	694,816	694,816	-	-	193,915	193,915	-	-	500,901	500,901	-	-
2016	MRO	1222	Minnkota Power Cooperative, Inc.	U.S.	190,891	190,891	-	-	53,276	53,276	-	-	137,615	137,615	-	-
2016	MRO	1230	Nebraska Public Power District	U.S.	707,078	707,078	-	-	197,338	197,338	-	-	509,741	509,741	-	-
2016 2016	MRO MRO	1232 1240	Omaha Public Power District Western Area Power Administration (UM)	U.S. U.S.	575,565 474,434	575,565 474,434			160,634 132,409	160,634 132,409	-		414,932 342,025	414,932 342,025	-	
2016	MRO	1239	Western Area Power Administration (CM)	U.S.	2,300	2,300	-	-	642	642	-	-	1,658	1,658	-	-
2016	MRO		Manitoba Hydro	CAN	1,229,920	-	1,229,920	-	341,950	-	341,950	-	887,971	-	887,971	-
2016	MRO		SaskPower	CAN	1,248,311	-	1,248,311	-	347,063	-	347,063	-	901,248	-	901,248	-
2016	MRO		Alliant Energy (Alliant East - WPL & Alliant West IPL)	U.S.	1,515,245	1,515,245	-	-	422,888	422,888	-	-	1,092,357	1,092,357	-	-
2016 2016	MRO MRO	1710 1216	Dahlberg Electric Company Madison, Gas and Electric	U.S. U.S.	5,798 177,689	5,798 177,689	-	-	1,618 49,591	1,618 49,591	-	-	4,180 128,098	4,180 128,098	-	-
2016	MRO	1220	Madison, Gas and Electric MidAmerican Energy Company	U.S.	1,292,550	1,292,550	-		360,736	360,736	-	-	931,814	931,814		-
2016	MRO		Minnesota Power	U.S.	608,028	608,028	_	-	169,694	169,694	_	-	438,335	438,335		-
2016	MRO	1226	Montana-Dakota Utilities Co.	U.S.	164,557	164,557	-	-	45,926	45,926	-	-	118,631	118,631	-	-
2016	MRO		North Central Power Company	U.S.	1,877	1,877	-	-	524	524	-	-	1,353	1,353	-	-
2016	MRO		NorthWestern Energy	U.S.	79,697	79,697	-	-	22,243	22,243	-	-	57,455	57,455	-	-
2016 2016	MRO MRO		NorthWestern Wisconsin Otter Tail Power Company	U.S. U.S.	9,311 271,876	9,311 271,876	-	-	2,598 75,877	2,598 75,877	-	-	6,712 195,998	6,712 195,998	-	-
2016	MRO		Wisconsin Public Service (WPS)	U.S.	619,062	619,062	-		172,773	172,773	-	-	446,289	446,289	-	-
2016	MRO	1665	Upper Peninsula Power Company (UPPCO)	U.S.	35,989	35,989	-	-	10,044	10,044	-	-	25,945	25,945	-	-
2016	MRO	1244	Xcel Energy Company (NSP)	U.S.	2,290,180	2,290,180	-	-	639,163	639,163	-	-	1,651,016	1,651,016	-	-
2016	MRO		Ames Municipal Electric System	U.S.	39,347	39,347	-	-	10,981	10,981	-	-	28,366	28,366	-	-
2016	MRO		Atlantic Municipal Utilities	U.S.	4,179	4,179	-	-	1,166	1,166	-	-	3,013	3,013	-	-
2016 2016	MRO MRO		Bloomer Electric & Water Co. Village of Caddott	U.S. U.S.	2,834 735	2,834 735	-	-	791 205	791 205	-	-	2,043 530	2,043 530	-	-
2016	MRO	1714	Cedar Falls Municipal Utilities	U.S.	735 26,902	735 26,902	-		7,508	7,508	-	-	19,394	19,394	-	-
2016	MRO	1477	Central Minnesota Municipal Power Agency (CMMPA)	U.S.	19,592	19,592	-	-	5,468	5,468	-	-	14,124	14,124	-	-
2016	MRO	1715	Village of Centuria	U.S.	312	312	-	-	87	87	-	-	225	225	-	-

					Total ERO	Assessments (N	ERC, RE & WIRAI	3 Costs)		Total NERC Ass	essments		Total Regiona	al Entity Assessme		WIRAB
							-,	,						Assessment	s)	
Data	Decienal															
Data Year	Regional Entity	ID	Entity	Country	Total	us	Canada	Mexico	Total	US	Canada	Mexico	Total	US	Canada	Mexico
2016	MRO	1716	Eldridge Electric and Water Utilities	U.S.	2,167	2,167	_	_	605	605	_	_	1,562	1,562	_	_
2016	MRO		City of Escanaba	U.S.	7,561	7,561	-	-	2,110	2,110	-	-	5,451	5,451	-	-
2016	MRO		Falls City Water & Light Department	U.S.	2,976	2,976	-	-	831	831	-	-	2,145	2,145	-	-
2016 2016	MRO MRO	1206 1208	Fremont Department of Utilities Geneseo Municipal Utilities	U.S. U.S.	22,562 3,457	22,562 3,457	-	-	6,297 965	6,297 965	-	-	16,266 2,492	16,266 2,492	-	-
2016	MRO	1209	Grand Island Utilities Department	U.S.	38,883	38,883	-		10,852	10,852	-		28,031	28,031		-
2016	MRO	1717	Great Lakes Utilities	U.S.	76,501	76,501	-	-	21,351	21,351	-	-	55,151	55,151	-	-
2016	MRO		City of Guttenberg	U.S.	898	898	-	-	251	251	-	-	647	647	-	-
2016	MRO MRO	1606	Harlan Municipal Utilities	U.S.	975	975	-	-	272	272	-	-	703	703	-	-
2016 2016	MRO		Hastings Utilities Heartland Consumers Power District	U.S. U.S.	21,595 32,940	21,595 32,940	-	-	6,027 9,193	6,027 9,193	-		15,568 23,747	15,568 23,747		
2016	MRO		Hutchinson Utilities Commission	U.S.	15,185	15,185	-	_	4,238	4,238	_	-	10,947	10,947		-
2016	MRO		City of Kasota	U.S.	186	186	-	-	52	52	-	-	134	134	-	-
2016	MRO		Lincoln Electric System	U.S.	168,097	168,097	-	-	46,914	46,914	-	-	121,183	121,183	-	-
2016	MRO		Missouri River Energy Services	U.S.	126,729	126,729	-	-	35,369	35,369	-	-	91,361	91,361	-	-
2016 2016	MRO MRO	1224 1607	MN Municipal Power Agency (MMPA) Montezuma Municipal Light & Power	U.S. U.S.	80,561 1,558	80,561 1,558	-	-	22,484 435	22,484 435	-	-	58,077 1,123	58,077 1,123	-	-
2016	MRO		Municipal Energy Agency of Nebraska	U.S.	47,871	47,871	_	-	13,360	13,360	-	-	34,511	34,511		-
2016	MRO	1228	Muscatine Power and Water	U.S.	44,466	44,466	-	-	12,410	12,410	-	-	32,056	32,056	-	-
2016	MRO		Nebraska City Utilities	U.S.	6,794	6,794	-	-	1,896	1,896	-	-	4,898	4,898	-	-
2016	MRO		Resale Power Group of Iowa	U.S.	27,957	27,957	-	-	7,802	7,802	-	-	20,154	20,154	-	-
2016 2016	MRO MRO		Rice Lake Utilities Rochester Public Utilities	U.S. U.S.	8,502 229	8,502 229	-	-	2,373 64	2,373 64	-	-	6,129 165	6,129 165	-	-
2016	MRO		Southern Minnesota Municipal Power Agency	U.S.	144,433	144,433	-	-	40,310	40,310	-	-	104,123	104,123		-
2016	MRO		City of Spooner	U.S.	1,639	1,639	-	-	458	458	-		1,182	1,182		-
2016	MRO	1241	Willmar Municipal Utilities	U.S.	13,106	13,106	-	-	3,658	3,658	-	-	9,448	9,448	-	-
2016	MRO	1242	Wisconsin Public Power, Inc. (East and West regions)	U.S.	278,998	278,998			77,865	77,865		-	201,133	201,133		
			TOTAL MRO		14,880,432	12,402,201	2,478,231	- -	4,150,326	3,461,314	689,012		10,730,106	8,940,887	1,789,219	
2016	NPCC	1336	New England	U.S.	5,595,778	5,595,778	-	-	1,781,833	1,781,833	-	-	3,813,945	3,813,945	-	-
2016	NPCC	1339	New York	U.S.	7,238,414	7,238,414	-	-	2,302,899	2,302,899	-	-	4,935,515	4,935,515	-	-
2016	NPCC	1337	Ontario	Canada	3,434,041	-	3,434,041	-	1,359,810	-	1,359,810	-	2,074,231	-	2,074,231	-
2016	NPCC	1341	Quebec	Canada	4,941,270	-	4,941,270	-	1,956,112	-	1,956,112	-	2,985,158	-	2,985,158	-
2016 2016	NPCC NPCC		New Brunswick Nova Scotia	Canada Canada	424,967 402,007	-	424,967 402,007		135,969 158,068	-	135,969 158,068	-	288,998 243,940	-	288,998 243,940	-
		15 10	TOTAL NPCC	Canada	22,036,478	12,834,193	9,202,285	-	7,694,691	4,084,733	3,609,958	-	14,341,787	8,749,460	5,592,327	-
									-							
2016	RF		Cannelton Utilities	U.S.	551	551	-	-	214	214	-	-	337	337	-	-
2016 2016	RF RF		City of Croswell City of Lansing	U.S. U.S.	1,406 84,048	1,406 84,048	-	-	546 32,664	546 32,664	-	-	859 51,384	859 51,384		-
2016	RF	1120	Cloverland Electric Cooperative	U.S.	27,103	27,103	-	-	10,533	10,533	-	-	16,570	16,570	-	-
2016	RF	1122	CMS ERM Michigan LLC	U.S.	3,785	3,785	-	-	1,471	1,471	-	-	2,314	2,314	-	-
2016	RF		Constellation New Energy (MECS-CONS)	U.S.	33,240	33,240	-	-	12,918	12,918	-	-	20,322	20,322	-	-
2016	RF RF	1123	Constellation New Energy (MECS-DET)	U.S.	39,695	39,695	-	-	15,427	15,427	-	-	24,268	24,268	-	-
2016 2016	RF	1126 1128	Consumers Energy Company Detroit Edison Company	U.S. U.S.	1,240,396 1,700,716	1,240,396 1,700,716	-	-	482,064 660,962	482,064 660,962	-	-	758,332 1,039,754	758,332 1,039,754		-
2016	RF		Duke Energy Indiana	U.S.	1,126,880	1,126,880	-	_	437,948	437,948	_	-	688,932	688,932		-
2016	RF		Ferdinand Municipal Light & Water	U.S.	1,591	1,591	-	-	618	618	-	-	972	972	-	-
2016	RF	1646	FirstEnergy Solutions (MECS-CONS)	U.S.	23,725	23,725	-	-	9,220	9,220	-	-	14,504	14,504	-	-
2016	RF		FirstEnergy Solutions (MECS-DET)	U.S.	40,215	40,215	-	-	15,629	15,629	-	-	24,586	24,586	-	-
2016	RF RF		Hoosier Energy	U.S. U.S.	278,756	278,756	-	-	108,335	108,335	-	-	170,421	170,421	-	-
2016 2016	RF	1485	Indiana Municipal Power Agency (DUKE CIN) Indiana Municipal Power Agency (NIPSCO)	U.S.	113,113 15,479	113,113 15,479	-	-	43,960 6,016	43,960 6,016	-	-	69,153 9,463	69,153 9,463	-	-
2016	RF	1486	Indiana Municipal Power Agency (SIGE)	U.S.	21,667	21,667	-	-	8,421	8,421	-	-	13,246	13,246	-	-
2016	RF	1149	Indianapolis Power & Light Co.	U.S.	525,140	525,140	-	-	204,089	204,089	-	-	321,051	321,051	-	-
2016	RF	1553	Integrys Energy Services (MECS-CONS)	U.S.	27,463	27,463	-	-	10,673	10,673	-	-	16,790	16,790	-	-
2016	RF DE		Integrys Energy Services (MECS-DET)	U.S.	29,190	29,190	-	-	11,344	11,344	-	-	17,846	17,846	-	-
2016 2016	RF RF		Integrys Energy Services Just Energy (MECS-DET)	U.S. U.S.	10,938 350	10,938 350		-	4,251 136	4,251 136	-	-	6,687 214	6,687 214	-	-
2016	RF		Michigan Public Power Agency	U.S.	117,137	117,137		-	45,524	45,524	-		71,613	71,613		-
2016	RF		Michigan South Central Power Agency	U.S.	25,678	25,678	-	-	9,979	9,979	-	-	15,698	15,698	-	-
2016	RF	1158	MidAmerican Energy Company Retail	U.S.	845	845	-	-	328	328	-	-	516	516	-	-

					Total ERO	Assessments (N	IERC, RE & WIRAB	Costs)		Total NERC Ass	sessments		Total Regiona	al Entity Assessmen		WIRAB
					Total Ello	Assessments (I	iene, ne a winab	costsy		Total Neite As	Jessinenes			Assessments)		
Data Year	Regional Entity	ID	Entity	Country	Total	US	Canada	Mexico	Total	US	Canada	Mexico	Total	US	Canada	Mexico
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2016 2016	RF RF	1163 1164	Northern Indiana Public Service Co. Ontonagon County Rural Electrification Assoc.	U.S. U.S.	649,114 1,035	649,114 1,035	-		252,270 402	252,270 402	-		396,844 633	396,844 633		-
2016	RF	1265	PJM Interconnection, LLC	U.S.	25,115,949	25,115,949	-	-	9,760,995	9,760,995	-	-	15,354,954	15,354,954	-	-
2016	RF	1172	Noble Americas Energy Solutions (MECS-CONS)	U.S.	14,594	14,594	-	-	5,672	5,672	-	-	8,922	8,922	-	-
2016	RF		Noble Americas Energy Solutions (MECS-DET)	U.S.	23,019	23,019	-	-	8,946	8,946	-	-	14,073	14,073	-	-
2016 2016	RF RF	1176 1174	Direct Energy (fka:Strategic Energy,LLC) (MECS-CONS)	U.S. U.S.	17,230	17,230	-	-	6,696	6,696	-	-	10,534	10,534 25,369	-	-
2016	RF		Direct Energy (fka:Strategic Energy,LLC) (MECS-DET) Spartan Renewable Energy	U.S.	41,495 2,832	41,495 2,832	-	-	16,127 1,101	16,127 1,101	-		25,369 1,732	1,732	-	-
2016	RF	1180	Thumb Electric Cooperative	U.S.	6,810	6,810	-	-	2,647	2,647	-	-	4,163	4,163	-	-
2016	RF	1662	Ohio Valley Electric Corporation	U.S.	14,717	14,717	-	-	5,719	5,719	-	-	8,997	8,997	-	-
2016	RF		Vectren Energy Delivery of IN	U.S.	212,783	212,783	-	-	82,696	82,696	-	-	130,088	130,088	-	-
2016 2016	RF RF	1183 1184	Village of Sebewaing Wabash Valley Power Association Inc. (DUKE CIN)	U.S. U.S.	1,590 105,969	1,590 105,969			618 41,183	618 41,183	-	-	972 64,785	972 64,785		
2016	RF	1488	Wabash Valley Power Association Inc.(NIPSCO)	U.S.	63,768	63,768	-	-	24,783	24,783	-		38,986	38,986	-	-
2016	RF	1185	Wisconsin Electric Power Co.	U.S.	1,046,671	1,046,671	-	-	406,775	406,775	-	-	639,895	639,895	-	-
2016	RF	1189	Wolverine Power Marketing Cooperative	U.S.	30,988	30,988	-	-	12,043	12,043	-	-	18,945	18,945	-	-
2016	RF RF	1191	Wolverine Power Supply Cooperative	U.S.	98,387	98,387	-	-	38,237	38,237	-	-	60,150	60,150	-	-
2016	KF	1190	Wolverine Power Marketing Cooperative(MECS-DET) TOTAL RELIABILITYFIRST	U.S.	19,352 32,955,408	19,352 32,955,408		 -	7,521 12,807,701	7,521 12,807,701			11,831 20,147,707	11,831 20,147,707		
					52,550,555	,,			-							
2016	SERC	1267	Alabama Municipal Electric Authority	U.S.	107,530	107,530	-	-	49,443	49,443	-	-	58,087	58,087	-	-
2016	SERC	1268	Alabama Power Company	U.S.	1,818,315	1,818,315	-	-	836,070	836,070	-	-	982,245	982,245	-	-
2016 2016	SERC SERC		Ameren - Illinois Ameren - Missouri	U.S. U.S.	1,317,875 1,158,837	1,317,875 1,158,837	-	-	605,965 532,839	605,965 532,839	-	-	711,910 625,998	711,910 625,998	-	-
2016	SERC		Associated Electric Cooperative Inc.	U.S.	587,410	587,410	-	-	270,094	270,094	-	_	317,316	317,316	-	-
2016	SERC	1582	Beauregard Electric Cooperative, Inc.	U.S.	33,673	33,673	-	-	15,483	15,483	-	-	18,190	18,190	-	-
2016	SERC		Benton Utility District	U.S.	7,638	7,638	-	-	3,512	3,512	-	-	4,126	4,126	-	-
2016	SERC		Big Rivers Electric Corporation	U.S.	117,983	117,983	-	-	54,249	54,249	-	-	63,734	63,734	-	-
2016 2016	SERC SERC		Black Warrior EMC Blue Ridge EMC	U.S. U.S.	13,064 43,342	13,064 43,342	-	-	6,007 19,929	6,007 19,929	-	-	7,057 23,413	7,057 23,413	-	-
2016	SERC		Brazos Electric Power Cooperative, Inc.	U.S.	14,120	14,120	-		6,492	6,492	_	_	7,627	7,627	-	-
2016	SERC	1463	Canton, MS	U.S.	4,083	4,083	-	-	1,877	1,877	-	-	2,206	2,206	-	-
2016	SERC	1277	Central Electric Power Cooperative Inc.	U.S.	526,171	526,171	-	-	241,936	241,936	-	-	284,235	284,235	-	-
2016	SERC	1667	Century Aluminum - Hawesville	U.S.	52,229	52,229	-	-	24,015	24,015	-	-	28,214	28,214	-	-
2016 2016	SERC SERC	1668 1278	Century Aluminum - Sebree City of Blountstown FL	U.S. U.S.	104,298 1,204	104,298 1,204	-	-	47,957 554	47,957 554	-	-	56,341 650	56,341 650	-	-
2016	SERC		City of Camden SC	U.S.	6,286	6,286	-		2,890	2,890	-		3,396	3,396		-
2016	SERC		City of Collins MS	U.S.	1,352	1,352	-	-	622	622	-		730	730	-	-
2016	SERC	1281	City of Columbia MO	U.S.	37,786	37,786	-	-	17,374	17,374	-	-	20,412	20,412	-	-
2016	SERC		City of Conway AR (Conway Corporation)	U.S.	31,610	31,610	-	-	14,535	14,535	-	-	17,076	17,076	-	-
2016 2016	SERC SERC		City of Evergreen AL City of Hampton GA	U.S. U.S.	1,824 868	1,824 868	-	-	839 399	839 399	-	-	985 469	985 469	-	-
2016	SERC		City of Hartford AL	U.S.	973	973	-		447	447	_	_	525	525	-	-
2016	SERC	1287	City of Henderson (KY) Municipal Power & Light	U.S.	19,447	19,447	-	-	8,942	8,942	-		10,505	10,505	-	-
2016	SERC		City of North Little Rock AR (DENL)	U.S.	30,022	30,022	-	-	13,804	13,804	-	-	16,218	16,218	-	-
2016	SERC	1289	City of Orangeburg SC Department of Public Utilities	U.S.	26,257	26,257	-	-	12,073	12,073	-	-	14,184	14,184	-	-
2016 2016	SERC SERC		City of Robertsdale AL City of Ruston LA (DERS)	U.S. U.S.	2,700 8,671	2,700 8,671	-	-	1,242 3,987	1,242 3,987	-	-	1,459 4,684	1,459 4,684	-	-
2016	SERC		Seneca Light & Power	U.S.	5,017	5,017	-		2,307	2,307	_	_	2,710	2,710	-	-
2016	SERC		City of Springfield (CWLP)	U.S.	55,066	55,066	-	-	25,320	25,320	-	-	29,746	29,746	-	-
2016	SERC		City of Thayer, MO	U.S.	608	608	-	-	280	280	-	-	329	329	-	-
2016	SERC		City of Troy AL	U.S.	13,407	13,407	-	-	6,164	6,164	-	-	7,242	7,242	-	-
2016 2016	SERC SERC		City of West Memphis AR (West Memphis Utilities) Claiborne Electric Cooperative, Inc.	U.S. U.S.	12,273 21,229	12,273 21,229	-	-	5,643 9,761	5,643 9,761	-	-	6,630 11,468	6,630 11,468	-	-
2016	SERC		Concordia Electric Cooperative, Inc.	U.S. U.S.	6,940	6,940	-	-	9,761 3,191	3,191			3,749	3,749	-	-
2016	SERC		Cube Hydro Carolinas	U.S.	528	528	-	-	243	243	-	-	285	285	-	-
2016	SERC		Dalton Utilities	U.S.	56,063	56,063	-	-	25,778	25,778	-	-	30,285	30,285	-	-
2016	SERC		Dixie Electric Membership Corporation	U.S.	70,770	70,770	-	-	32,541	32,541	-	-	38,230	38,230	-	-
2016 2016	SERC SERC		Dominion Virginia Power Duke Energy Carolinas, LLC	U.S. U.S.	2,672,561 2,694,275	2,672,561 2,694,275	-	-	1,228,856 1,238,840	1,228,856 1,238,840	-	-	1,443,705 1,455,435	1,443,705 1,455,435	-	-
2016	SERC		Durant, MS	U.S.	2,694,275 869	2,694,275 869	-	-	1,238,840	400			1,455,435	1,455,435 469	-	-
2016	SERC		LG&E and KU Services Co as agent for LG&E Co and KU Co	U.S.	1,087,078	1,087,078	-	-	499,844	499,844	-	-	587,235	587,235	-	-

Appendix 2-B,Total Assessments

					Total ERO	Assessments (NI	ERC, RE & WIRAB	Costs)		Total NERC Ass	sessments		Total Regiona	l Entity Assessmen Assessments)		VIRAB
Data	Regional															
Year	Entity	ID	Entity	Country	Total	US	Canada	Mexico	Total	US	Canada	Mexico	Total	US	Canada	Mexico
2016	SERC	1297	East Kentucky Power Cooperative	U.S.	425,407	425,407	-	-	195,604	195,604	-	-	229,803	229,803	-	-
2016	SERC	1298	East Mississippi Electric Power Association	U.S.	13,466	13,466	-	-	6,192	6,192	-	-	7,274	7,274	-	-
2016 2016	SERC SERC	1669 1300	Electricities of North Carolina Inc EnergyUnited EMC	U.S. U.S.	371,434 80,438	371,434 80,438	-		170,787 36,986	170,787 36,986	-	-	200,647 43,452	200,647 43,452	-	-
2016	SERC		Entergy	U.S.	3,683,592	3,683,592	-	-	1,693,733	1,693,733	-	-	1,989,859	1,989,859	-	-
2016	SERC		Fayetteville (NC) Public Works Commission	U.S.	67,549	67,549	-	-	31,059	31,059	-	-	36,490	36,490	-	-
2016	SERC	1303	Florida Public Utilities (FL Panhandle Load)	U.S.	9,830	9,830	-	-	4,520	4,520	-	-	5,310	5,310	-	-
2016 2016	SERC SERC		French Broad EMC	U.S. U.S.	16,919	16,919	-	-	7,780	7,780	-	-	9,140	9,140	-	-
2016	SERC	1305	Georgia Power Company Georgia System Optns Corporation	U.S.	2,724,774 1,267,838	2,724,774 1,267,838	-		1,252,864 582,958	1,252,864 582,958	-	-	1,471,910 684,880	1,471,910 684,880	-	-
2016	SERC	1479	Greenwood (MS) Utilities Commission	U.S.	8,739	8,739	-	-	4,018	4,018	-	-	4,721	4,721	-	-
2016	SERC	1307	Greenwood (SC) Commissioners of Public Works	U.S.	10,440	10,440	-	-	4,801	4,801	-	-	5,640	5,640	-	-
2016	SERC	1308	Gulf Power Company	U.S.	364,356	364,356	-	-	167,533	167,533	-	-	196,823	196,823	-	-
2016 2016	SERC SERC	1586 1309	Haywood EMC Illinois Municipal Electric Agency	U.S. U.S.	9,915 60,971	9,915 60,971	-	-	4,559 28,035	4,559 28,035	-	-	5,356 32,936	5,356 32,936	-	-
2016	SERC		Itta Bena, MS	U.S.	464	464	-	-	28,033	28,033	-	-	250	250	-	-
2016	SERC	1587	Jefferson Davis Electric Cooperative, Inc.	U.S.	8,621	8,621	-	-	3,964	3,964	-		4,657	4,657		-
2016	SERC	1617	Kentucky Municipal Power	U.S.	21,541	21,541	-	-	9,905	9,905	-	-	11,636	11,636	-	-
2016	SERC		Kosciusko, MS	U.S.	2,363	2,363	-	-	1,086	1,086	-	-	1,276	1,276	-	-
2016	SERC SERC		Leland, MS	U.S.	1,002	1,002	-	-	461 305	461	-	-	541	541 358	-	-
2016 2016	SERC		McCormick Commission of Public Works Mississippi Power Company	U.S. U.S.	663 325,907	663 325,907	-	-	149,854	305 149,854	-	-	358 176,053	176,053	-	-
2016	SERC		Mt. Carmel Public Utility	U.S.	3,262	3,262	-	-	1,500	1,500	_	-	1,762	1,762	-	-
2016	SERC	1315	Municipal Electric Authority of Georgia	U.S.	346,842	346,842	-	-	159,480	159,480	-	-	187,362	187,362	-	-
2016	SERC		N.C. Electric Membership Corp.	U.S.	404,424	404,424	-	-	185,956	185,956	-	-	218,468	218,468	-	-
2016	SERC		Northeast Louisiana Power Cooperative, Inc.	U.S.	8,362	8,362	-	-	3,845	3,845	-	-	4,517	4,517	-	-
2016 2016	SERC SERC	1319	Northern Virginia Electric Cooperative Old Dominion Electric Cooperative	U.S. U.S.	141,350 167,300	141,350 167,300	-	-	64,993 76,925	64,993 76,925	-	-	76,357 90,375	76,357 90,375	-	-
2016	SERC		Osceola (Arkansas) Municipal Light and Power	U.S.	4,986	4,986	-	-	2,293	2,293	-		2,694	2,694	-	
2016	SERC	1320	Owensboro (KY) Municipal Utilities	U.S.	26,299	26,299	-	-	12,092	12,092	-	-	14,207	14,207	-	-
2016	SERC	1321	Piedmont EMC in Duke and Progress Areas	U.S.	16,447	16,447	-	-	7,563	7,563	-	-	8,885	8,885	-	-
2016	SERC		Piedmont Municipal Power Agency (PMPA)	U.S.	76,807	76,807	-	-	35,316	35,316	-	-	41,491	41,491	-	-
2016	SERC	1589	Pointe Coupee Electric Memb. Corp.	U.S.	7,934	7,934	-	-	3,648	3,648	-	-	4,286	4,286	-	-
2016 2016	SERC SERC	1266 1330	PowerSouth Energy Prairie Power, Inc.	U.S. U.S.	275,179 48,594	275,179 48,594	-	-	126,529 22,344	126,529 22,344	-	-	148,651 26,250	148,651 26,250	-	-
2016	SERC		Duke Energy Progress	U.S.	1,446,405	1,446,405	-	-	665,064	665,064	-	-	781,341	781,341	-	-
2016	SERC	1325	Rutherford EMC	U.S.	42,642	42,642	-	-	19,607	19,607	-	-	23,035	23,035	-	-
2016	SERC		Sam Rayburn G&T Electric Cooperative Inc.	U.S.	56,210	56,210	-	-	25,846	25,846	-	-	30,364	30,364	-	-
2016	SERC		South Carolina Electric & Gas Company	U.S.	735,242	735,242	-	-	338,068	338,068	-	-	397,174	397,174	-	-
2016 2016	SERC SERC	1327 1590	South Carolina Public Service Authority South Louisiana Electric Cooperative Association	U.S. U.S.	272,234 17,079	272,234 17,079	-	-	125,175 7,853	125,175 7,853	-	-	147,060 9,226	147,060 9,226	-	-
2016	SERC	1328	Cooperative Energy (formerly SMEPA)	U.S.	311,001	311,001	-	-	143,000	143,000	-		168,001	168,001	-	
2016	SERC	1329	Southern Illinois Power Cooperative	U.S.	50,739	50,739	-	-	23,330	23,330	-		27,409	27,409	-	-
2016	SERC		Southwest Louisiana Electric Membership Corporation	U.S.	78,332	78,332	-	-	36,017	36,017	-	-	42,315	42,315	-	-
2016	SERC		Southwestern Electric Cooperative, Inc.	U.S.	14,455	14,455	-	-	6,647	6,647	-	-	7,809	7,809	-	-
2016	SERC SERC		Tennessee Valley Authority	U.S. U.S.	4,990,698	4,990,698	-	-	2,294,746 3,027	2,294,746	-	-	2,695,952 3,556	2,695,952	-	-
2016 2016	SERC	1632 1332	Tex-La Electric Cooperative of Texas, Inc Tombigbee Electric Cooperative Inc.	U.S.	6,582 9,945	6,582 9,945	-	-	4,573	3,027 4,573	-	-	5,372	3,556 5,372	-	-
2016	SERC		Town of Sharpsburg, N.C.	U.S.	618	618	-	-	284	284	-	-	334	334	-	-
2016	SERC	1595	Town of Stantonsburg, N.C. JRO	U.S.	1,764	1,764	-	-	811	811	-	-	953	953	-	-
2016	SERC	1333	Town of Waynesville NC	U.S.	2,852	2,852	-	-	1,311	1,311	-	-	1,541	1,541	-	-
2016	SERC		Town of Winnsboro SC	U.S.	2,009	2,009	-	-	924	924	-	-	1,085	1,085	-	-
2016 2016	SERC SERC	1597	Town of Winterville NC Washington-St.Tammany Electric Cooperative, Inc.	U.S. U.S.	1,707 33,066	1,707 33,066	-	-	785 15,204	785 15,204	-	-	922 17,862	922 17,862	-	-
2010	JLNC	137/	TOTAL SERC	0.3.	31,849,844	31,849,844	-		14,644,708	14,644,708	-		17,205,136	17,205,136	-	
									-							
2016	SPP	1246	American Electric Power	U.S.	2,148,774	2,148,774	-	-	539,130	539,130	-	-	1,609,644	1,609,644	-	-
2016 2016	SPP SPP	1707 1435	AEP-VEMCO Arkansas Electric Cooperative Corporation	U.S. U.S.	38,304 801,814	38,304 801,814	-		9,610 201,176	9,610 201,176	-		28,693 600,638	28,693 600,638		-
2016	SPP	1247	Board of Public Utilities (Kansas City KS)	U.S.	138,822	138,822	-	-	34,831	34,831	-	-	103,992	103,992	-	-
2016	SPP	1620	Board of Public Utilities, City of McPherson, Kansas	U.S.	57,617	57,617	-	-	14,456	14,456	-	-	43,161	43,161	-	-
2016	SPP	1647	Carthage City Water & Light	U.S.	17,718	17,718	-	-	4,445	4,445	-	-	13,273	13,273	-	-

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					Total ERO	Assessments (NI	ERC, RE & WIRAE	Costs)		Total NERC Ass	essments		Total Regiona	Assessment		WIRAB
Data Year	Regional Entity	ID	Entity	Country	Total	US	Canada	Mexico	Total	US	Canada	Mexico	Total	US	Canada	Mexico
2016	SPP	1469	Central Valley Electric Cooperative	U.S.	45,717	45,717	-	-	11,470	11,470	-	-	34,247	34,247	-	-
2016	SPP	1556	City of Bentonville	U.S.	40,518	40,518	-	-	10,166	10,166	-	-	30,352	30,352	-	-
2016	SPP	1557	City of Clarksdale, Mississippi	U.S.	9,580	9,580	-	-	2,404	2,404	-	-	7,177	7,177	-	-
2016 2016	SPP SPP	1558 1708	Hope Water & Light (HWL) City of Abbeville	U.S. U.S.	17,482 8,141	17,482 8,141	-	-	4,386 2,043	4,386 2,043	-	-	13,096 6,099	13,096 6,099		-
2016	SPP	1559	City of Minden	U.S.	8,550	8,550	_	_	2,145	2,145	_	-	6,405	6,405		-
2016	SPP	1709	City of Nixa	U.S.	9,654	9,654	_	_	2,422	2,422	_	-	7,232	7,232		_
2016	SPP	1703	City of Chanute	U.S.	28,574	28,574	-	-	7,169	7,169	-	-	21,405	21,405	-	-
2016	SPP	1636	City of Prescott	U.S.	5,032	5,032	-	-	1,262	1,262	-	-	3,769	3,769	-	-
2016	SPP	1248	Independence Power & Light (Independence, MO)	U.S.	61,301	61,301	-	-	15,380	15,380	-	-	45,921	45,921	-	-
2016	SPP	1436	City Utilities of Springfield, MO	U.S.	183,316	183,316	-	-	45,994	45,994	-	-	137,322	137,322	-	-
2016	SPP	1249	Cleco Power LLC	U.S.	692,139	692,139	-	-	173,658	173,658	-	-	518,481	518,481	-	-
2016	SPP	1437	East Texas Electric Coop, Inc.	U.S.	25,426	25,426	-	-	6,379	6,379	-	-	19,047	19,047	-	-
2016	SPP	1250	The Empire District Electric Company	U.S.	301,974	301,974	-	-	75,766	75,766	-	-	226,209	226,209	-	-
2016 2016	SPP SPP	1470 1438	Farmers' Electric Coop Golden Spread Electric Coop	U.S. U.S.	17,448 302,549	17,448 302,549	-	-	4,378 75,910	4,378 75,910	-	-	13,070 226,639	13,070 226,639		-
2016	SPP	1251	Grand River Dam Authority	U.S.	320,398	320,398	-		80,388	80,388		-	240,010	240,010		
2016	SPP	1648	Jonesboro City Water & Light	U.S.	80,992	80,992	_	_	20,321	20,321	_	-	60,671	60,671		_
2016	SPP	1252	Kansas City Power & Light (KCPL)	U.S.	903,473	903,473	-	-	226,682	226,682	-	-	676,791	676,791		_
2016	SPP	1439	Kansas Electric Power Coop., Inc	U.S.	123,831	123,831	-	-	31,069	31,069	-	-	92,761	92,761	-	-
2016	SPP	1440	Kansas Municipal Energy Agency (KCPL)	U.S.	86,995	86,995	-	-	21,827	21,827	-	-	65,168	65,168	-	-
2016	SPP	1637	Kansas Power Pool	U.S.	50,793	50,793	-	-	12,744	12,744	-	-	38,049	38,049	-	-
2016	SPP	1649	Kennett Board of Public Works	U.S.	8,304	8,304	-	-	2,083	2,083	-	-	6,220	6,220	-	-
2016	SPP	1598	KCP&L GMOC (Greater Missouri Operations Company)	U.S.	492,257	492,257	-	-	123,508	123,508	-	-	368,749	368,749	-	-
2016	SPP	1471	Lafayette Utilities System	U.S.	119,938	119,938	-	-	30,092	30,092	-	-	89,845	89,845	-	-
2016 2016	SPP SPP	1472 1253	Lea County Electric Coop	U.S. U.S.	66,791 57,129	66,791 57,129	-	-	16,758 14,334	16,758 14,334	-	-	50,033 42,795	50,033 42,795	-	-
2016	SPP	1650	Louisiana Energy & Power Authority (LEPA) Malden Board of Public Works	U.S.	2,985	2,985	-		749	749		-	2,236	2,236		
2016	SPP	1441	Midwest Energy Inc.	U.S.	101,928	101,928	-		25,574	25,574	-	-	76,354	76,354	-	-
2016	SPP	1443	Missouri Joint Municipal Electric Utility Commission	U.S.	148,941	148,941	-	-	37,369	37,369	-	-	111,572	111,572		-
2016	SPP	1442	Northeast Texas Electric Cooperative, Inc.	U.S.	183,527	183,527	-	-	46,047	46,047	-	-	137,480	137,480	-	-
2016	SPP	1255	Oklahoma Gas and Electric Co.	U.S.	1,599,783	1,599,783	-	-	401,387	401,387	-	-	1,198,396	1,198,396	-	-
2016	SPP	1444	Oklahoma Municipal Power Auth	U.S.	167,534	167,534	-	-	42,035	42,035	-	-	125,500	125,500	-	-
2016	SPP	1639	OzMo Ozark Missouri, West Plains MO	U.S.	11,475	11,475	-	-	2,879	2,879	-	-	8,596	8,596	-	-
2016	SPP	1651	Paragould Light, Water & Cable	U.S.	34,909	34,909	-	-	8,759	8,759	-	-	26,150	26,150	-	-
2016	SPP	1652	People's Electric Cooperative (PEC)	U.S.	9,839	9,839	-	-	2,469	2,469	-	-	7,370	7,370	-	-
2016 2016	SPP SPP	1652 1653	Piggott Municipal Light, Water & Sewer	U.S. U.S.	2,188	2,188	-	-	549 5,530	549	-	-	1,639	1,639	-	-
2016	SPP	1561	Poplar Bluff Municipal Utilities Public Service Commission of Yazoo City of Mississippi	U.S.	22,041 6,808	22,041 6,808	-	-	1,708	5,530 1,708	-	-	16,511 5,100	16,511 5,100		-
2016	SPP	1473	Roosevelt County Electric Coop	U.S.	9,194	9,194	_	-	2,307	2,307	-	-	6,888	6,888	-	-
2016	SPP	1654	Sikeston Board of Municipal Utilities	U.S.	21,849	21,849	-	-	5,482	5,482	-	-	16,367	16,367		-
2016	SPP	1257	Southwestern Public Service Co. (SPS-XCEL)	U.S.	1,206,284	1,206,284	-	-	302,658	302,658	-	-	903,626	903,626	-	-
2016	SPP	1256	Sunflower Electric Power Cooperative	U.S.	260,955	260,955	-	-	65,474	65,474	-	-	195,481	195,481	-	-
2016	SPP	1445	Tex - La Electric Cooperative of Texas	U.S.	28,907	28,907	-	-	7,253	7,253	-	-	21,654	21,654	-	-
2016	SPP	1475	Tri County Electric Coop	U.S.	20,873	20,873	-	-	5,237	5,237	-	-	15,636	15,636	-	-
2016	SPP	1260	Westar Energy, Inc.	U.S.	1,210,438	1,210,438	-	-	303,700	303,700	-	-	906,738	906,738	-	-
2016	SPP	1259	Western Farmers Electric Cooperative	U.S.	502,223	502,223	-	-	126,008	126,008	-	-	376,215	376,215	-	-
2016	SPP	1501	West Texas Municipal Power Agency TOTAL SPP	U.S.	161,254 12,985,288	161,254 12,985,288	-		40,459 3,258,023	40,459 3,258,023	-		120,795	120,795	-	
-			TOTAL SPP		12,985,288	12,985,288	-		3,258,023	3,258,023			9,727,265	9,727,265	-	
2016	TRF	1019	FRCOT	U.S.	16,327,852	16,327,852	_	_	5,055,866	5,055,866	_	_	11,271,986	11,271,986	_	_
			TOTAL ERCOT		16,327,852	16,327,852	-	-	5,055,866	5,055,866	-	-	11,271,986	11,271,986	-	-
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2016	WECC		Alberta Electric System Operator	Canada	1,557,674	-	1,557,674	-	577,974	-	577,974	-	979,700	-	979,700	-
2016	WECC		British Columbia Hydro & Power Authority	Canada	3,027,978	-	3,027,978	-	902,001	-	902,001	-	2,125,977	-	2,125,977	-
2016	WECC		Centro Nacional de Control de Energia	Mexico	636,201	-	-	636,201	189,517	-	-	189,517	446,684	-	-	446,684
2016	WECC		Ajo Improvement District	U.S.	504	504	-	-	158	158	-	-	345	345	-	-
2016	WECC		Arizona Public Service Company	U.S.	1,318,995	1,318,995	-	-	414,925	414,925	-	-	904,070	904,070	-	-
2016 2016	WECC		City of Williams Electrical Districts 3	U.S. U.S.	2,088 33,783	2,088 33,783	-	-	657 10,627	657 10,627	-	-	1,431 23,156	1,431 23,156	-	-
2016	WECC		Majority Districts	U.S.	35,783 35,448	35,448	-	-	11,151	11,151	-		23,136	23,156	-	-
2016	WECC		Navajo Tribal Utility Authority	U.S.	922	922	_	-	290	290	_		632	632	-	-
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						Total ERO	Assessments (NE	RC, RE & WIRAB	Costs)		Total NERC Ass	essments		Total Regiona	Entity Assessmen Assessments)		VIRAB
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939. WCC WCC Lower Assume Transferred Products LLC U.S. Application 48,140 18,141 41,140 328,210									-				-			-	-
MICC Manufaction Production Manufaction Manufactio								-				-	-			-	-
MOC. Public of Grand Schools 1,000 1,0				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				-	-			-	-			-	-
Mode						•		-	-			-	-			-	-
MICC Names Names				•				-	-			-				-	-
MICC Section Flower American framework 1.5								-	-			-				-	-
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WICC Water Name North Administration State State State 15. 17.45 17.05 17.	2016			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	U.S.			-	-			-	-			-	-
WICC Vertical Month Proposed Region U.S. 174,458 12,462 12,462 12,462 13,005 13,005 1,005	2016	WECC		Modesto Irrigation District	U.S.	117,127	117,127	-	-	36,845	36,845	-	-	80,281	80,281	-	-
WICC Phone Information Systems U.S. 10,186,575 39,186,75 39,186,75 39,186,75 39,186,75 39,186,75 39,186,75 39,186,75 39,186,75 39,186,75 39,186,75 39,186,75 30,186,75 39,186,75				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				-	-			-	-			-	-
MECC Plane Retrict Company U.S 583,877 120,756 120,756 120,750 127,750 179,780 478,875 -						,		-	-			-	-			-	-
WINCE Manual Property Ma								-	-							-	-
WICC Contage Contage								-	-			-	-			-	
WINCE Compartment Name and Power U.S. 1,108,168 49,158 49,158 49,158 1,109 1,109 1,209 1								-	-			-	-			-	-
MICC Clyy of Inst Yeges	2016			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	U.S.			-	-			-	-			-	-
MECC Clark Country Water Reclamation District U.S. 1,013 1,013 1,013 1,013 1,013 1,013 1,013 1,013 1,010 1,005 1,005 1,048 1,168 1,1	2016	WECC		City of Henderson	U.S.	1,909	1,909	-	-	601	601	-	-	1,309	1,309	-	-
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	2016	WECC		Southern Nevada Water Authority	U.S.	5,135	5,135	-	-	1,615	1,615	-	-	3,519	3,519	-	-
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Page								-	-			-	-			-	
Pacificary (EasternBalAuth) U.S. 2,242,688 2,242,688 - 705,496 705,496 705,496 - 1,371,91 1,271,271 1,				=-		,		-	-			-	-			-	-
Pacific WECC Pacific Pacific	2016	WECC		PacifiCorp (IPC)	U.S.	97	97	-	-	31	31	-	-	67	67	-	-
Pacificary (NAPA-CO-MO)	2016	WECC		PacifiCorp (EasternBalAuth)	U.S.	2,242,688	2,242,688	-	-	705,496	705,496	-	-	1,537,191	1,537,191	-	-
2016 WECC Portland General Electric Company U.S. 818,371 818,371 9 257,440 257,440 5 560,931 560,931 5 500,931 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5								-	-			-	-			-	-
2016 WECC Shell Energy North America U.S. 1,943 1,943 1,943 1,943 1,943 1,945 1,						,		-	-			-	-			-	-
MeCC Arkansas River Power Authority (ARPA) U.S. 12,588 12,588 . 3,960 3,960 . 8,628 6,628 . 2,016 WECC Black Hills Colorado Electric U.S. 94,933 94,933 94,933 . 29,865 29,865 . 65,073 65,073 . 2,016 WECC Blurlington U.S. 1,581 1,1581 . 497 497 . 1,084 . 1,084 . 1,084 . 2,016 WECC Colorado Springs Utilities U.S. 2,258 2,258 . 710 710 . 1,548 1,548 1,548 . 1,548						•		-	-			-	-			-	-
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MeCC Burlington U.S. 1,581 1,581 1,581 - 497 497 - 1,084 1,084 - 2016 WECC Colorado Springs Utilities U.S. 2,258 2,258 - 710 710 - 1,581 1,548 1,548 - 2016 WECC Grand Valley Power U.S. 11,729 11,729 - 3,690 3,690 - 8,039 8,039 - 2016 WECC Holy Cross Energy U.S. 48,789 48								_				-					_
2016 WECC Grand Valley Power U.S. 11,729 11,729 11,729 1 1,729 1,729 1,729 1,729 1,729 1,722 1,722 1,722 1,722 1,729								-	-			-					-
2016 WECC Holy Cross Energy U.S. 48,789 48,749 49,74	2016	WECC		Colorado Springs Utilities	U.S.	2,258	2,258	-	-	710	710	-	-	1,548	1,548	-	-
2016 WECC Intermountain Rural Electric Association U.S. 103,048								-	-			-	-			-	-
2016 WECC Municipal Energy Agency of Nebraska U.S. 8,016 8,016 1,016 1,016 1,017 2,017 3,018 3,016 3,016 3,016 3,016 3,016 3,016 3,016 3,016 3,016 3,016 3,017 2,017 3,017 3,017				,				-	-			-	-			-	-
2016 WECC Platte River Power Authority U.S. 148,500 148,500 - - 46,715 46,715 - - 101,786 101,786 - - 2016 WECC Public Service Company of Colorado (Xcel) U.S. 1,217,624 1,217,624 - - 385,573 385,573 - - 832,051 832,051 - - 2016 WECC Public Service Company of Colorado (Xcel) (WAPA-CO-MO) U.S. 4,838 4,838 - - 1,522 1,522 - - 3,316 3,316 - - 2016 WECC Raton Public Service Company of Colorado (Xcel) U.S. 2,487 2,487 - - 782 782 - - 1,705 1,705 - - 2016 WECC Town of Center U.S. 958 958 958 958 - - 3011 301 - - 657 657 657 - - 2016 WECC Tri-State Generation & Transmission Assoc. Inc - Reliability U.S. 122,976 122,976 - - 3,865 38,685 - - 84,291 84,291 - - - 2016 WECC Western Area Power - Loveland, CO U.S. 7,438 7,438 - - - 2,340 2,340 - - 5,098 5,098 - - 2016 WECC Yampa Valley Electric Association U.S. 26,311 26,311 - - 8,277 8,277 - - 18,034 18,034 - - 2016 WECC City of Aztec Electric Dept (WAPA-CO-MO) U.S. 828 828 - - 260 260 - - 5,749 7,149 - - 2016 WECC City of Gallup U.S. 10,430 10,430 - - 3,281 3,281 - - - 7,149 7,149 - - 2016 WECC U.S. 10,430 10,430 - - 3,281 3,281 - - - 7,149 7,149 - - 2016 WECC U.S. 10,430 10,430 - - - 3,281 3,281 - - - 7,149 7,149 - - 2016 WECC U.S. 10,430 10,430 - - - 3,281 3,281 - - - 7,149 7,149 - - 2016 WECC U.S. 10,430 10,430 - - - 3,281 3,281 - - - 7,149 7,149 - - 2016 WECC U.S. 10,430 10,430 - - - 3,281 3,281 - - - 7,149 7,149 - - 2016 WECC U.S. 10,430 10,430 - - - 3,281 3,281 - - - - 7,149 7,149 - - -								-	-			-				-	-
2016 WECC Public Service Company of Colorado (Xcel) U.S. 1,217,624 1,217,624 1,217,624 - - 385,573 - - 832,051 832,051 - - 2016 WECC Public Service Company of Colorado (Xcel)-(WAPA-CO-MO) U.S. 4,838 4,838 - - 1,522 1,522 - - 3,316 3,316 - - 2016 WECC Raton Public Service U.S. 2,487 2,487 - - 782 782 - - 1,705 1,705 - - 2016 WECC Town of Center U.S. 958 958 - - 301 301 - - 657 657 - - 2016 WECC Tri-State Generation & Transmission Assoc. Inc - Reliability U.S. 122,976 122,976 - 2,340 2,340 2,340 - - 5,098 5,098 - - 2016 WECC WECC Western Area Power -				the state of the s				-					-				-
2016 WECC Public Service Company of Colorado (Xcel)-(WAPA-CO-MO) U.S. 4,838 4,838 - - 1,522 1,522 - - 3,316 3,316 - - 2016 WECC Raton Public Service U.S. 2,487 2,487 - - 782 782 - - 1,705 1,705 - - 2016 WECC Town of Center U.S. 958 958 - - 301 301 - - 657 657 - - - 657 657 - - - 84,291 - - 657 657 - - - 84,291 - - - 5,098 5,098 - - - 2,340 2,340 2,340 - - 5,098 5,098 - - - 2,094 2,340 2,340 - - 5,098 5,098 - - - 2,098 <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>_</td><td></td><td>,</td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>_</td></td<>								_		,		-					_
2016 WECC Raton Public Service U.S. 2,487 2,487 - - 782 782 - - 1,705 1,705 - - 2016 WECC Town of Center U.S. 958 958 - - 301 301 - - 657 657 - - - 2016 WECC Tri-State Generation & Transmission Assoc. Inc - Reliability U.S. 122,976 122,976 - 38,685 38,685 - - 84,291 84,291 - - 2016 WECC Western Area Power - Loveland, CO U.S. 7,438 7,438 - - 2,340 2,340 2,340 - - 5,098 5,098 5,098 - - 2016 WECC Yampa Valley Electric Association U.S. 1,046 1,046 - - 8,277 8,277 - - 18,034 18,034 - - - 2016 WEC City								-	-			-	-			-	-
2016 WECC Tri-State Generation & Transmission Assoc. Inc - Reliability U.S. 122,976 122,976 - - 38,685 - - 84,291 - - 2016 WECC Western Area Power - Loveland, CO U.S. 7,438 7,438 - - 2,340 2,340 - - 5,098 5,098 - - 2016 WECC Yampa Valley Electric Association U.S. 26,311 26,311 - - 8,277 8,277 - - 18,034 18,034 - - 2016 WECC City of Aztec Electric Dept (PSC-NM) U.S. 1,046 1,046 - - 260								-	-			-	-			-	-
2016 WECC Western Area Power - Loveland, CO U.S. 7,438 7,438 7,438 7,438 - - 2,340 2,340 - - 5,098 5,098 - - 2016 WECC Yampa Valley Electric Association U.S. 26,311 26,311 - - 8,277 8,277 - - 18,034 18,034 - - 2016 WECC City of Aztec Electric Dept (PSC-NM) U.S. 1,046 1,046 - - 260 260 - - 577 717 - - 2016 WECC City of Aztec Electric Dept (WAPA-CO-MO) U.S. 828 828 - - 260 260 - - 577 7,149 - - 2016 WECC City of Gallup U.S. 10,430 10,430 - - 3,281 3,281 - - 7,149 7,149 - - 2016 WECC U.S.								-	-			-	-			-	-
2016 WECC Yampa Valley Electric Association U.S. 26,311 26,311 26,311 - - 8,277 8,277 - - 18,034 18,034 - - 2016 WECC City of Aztec Electric Dept (PSC-NM) U.S. 1,046 1,046 - - 329 329 - - 717 717 - - 2016 WECC City of Aztec Electric Dept (WAPA-CO-MO) U.S. 828 828 - - 260 260 - - 567 567 - - 2016 WECC City of Gallup U.S. 1,0430 10,430 - - 3,281 3,281 - - 7,149 7,149 - - 2016 WECC Jicarilla Apache Nation Power Authority U.S. 1,052 1,052 - - 331 331 - - 7,149 7,149 - -								-	-			-	-			-	-
2016 WECC City of Aztec Electric Dept (PSC-NM) U.S. 1,046 1,046 - - 329 329 - - 717 717 - - 2016 WECC City of Aztec Electric Dept (WAPA-CO-MO) U.S. 828 828 - - 260 260 - - 567 567 - - 2016 WECC City of Gallup U.S. 10,430 10,430 - - 3,281 - - 7,149 7,149 - - 2016 WECC Jicarilla Apache Nation Power Authority U.S. 1,052 1,052 - - 331 331 - - 721 721 - -								-	-			-	-			-	-
2016 WECC City of Aztec Electric Dept (WAPA-CO-MO) U.S. 828 828 - - 260 260 - - 567 567 - - 2016 WECC City of Gallup U.S. 10,430 10,430 - - 3,281 - - 7,149 7,149 - - 2016 WECC Jicarilla Apache Nation Power Authority U.S. 1,052 1,052 - - 331 331 - - 721 721 - -								-	-			-	-			-	-
2016 WECC City of Gallup U.S. 10,430 10,430 - - 3,281 - - 7,149 7,149 - - 2016 WECC Jicarilla Apache Nation Power Authority U.S. 1,052 1,052 - - 331 331 - - 721 721 -								-				-	-			-	-
2016 WECC Jicarilla Apache Nation Power Authority U.S. 1,052 1,052 331 331 721 721								-				-	-			-	-
2016 WECC Kit Carson Electric Inc U.S. 6,719 6,719 2,114 2,114 4,605 4,605	2016	WECC		Jicarilla Apache Nation Power Authority	U.S.	1,052		-	-	331	331	-	-		721	-	-
	2016	WECC		Kit Carson Electric Inc	U.S.	6,719	6,719	-	-	2,114	2,114	-	-	4,605	4,605	-	-

Appendix 2-B,Total Assessments

					Total ERO	Assessments (N	ERC, RE & WIRAB	Costs)		Total NERC As	sessments		Total Region	al Entity Assessm		WIRAB
Data	Regional													ASSESSMEN		
Year	Entity	ID	Entity	Country	Total	US	Canada	Mexico	Total	US	Canada	Mexico	Total	US	Canada	Mexico
2016	WECC		Navajo Tribal Utility Authority	U.S.	11,004	11,004			3,461	3,461	_		7,542	7,542		
2016	WECC		Navopache Electric Cooperative, Inc.	U.S.	20,003	20,003	-	-	6,292	6,292	-	-	13,710	13,710	-	-
2016	WECC		Public Service Company of New Mexico	U.S.	425,200	425,200	-	-	133,758	133,758	-	-	291,442	291,442	-	-
2016	WECC		The Incorporated County of Los Alamos	U.S.	27,843	27,843	-	-	8,759	8,759	-	-	19,085	19,085	-	-
2016	WECC		Tri-State Generation & Transmission Association, Inc.	U.S.	133,054	133,054	-	-	41,856	41,856	-	-	91,199	91,199	-	-
2016	WECC		US Dept of Energy - Kirtland AFB	U.S.	19,643	19,643	-	-	6,179	6,179	-	-	13,464	13,464	-	-
2016 2016	WECC		Public Utility District No. 1 of Chelan County PUD No. 1 of Douglas County	U.S. U.S.	77,518 37,284	77,518 37,284	-		24,385 11,729	24,385 11,729	-	-	53,132 25,556	53,132 25,556	-	-
2016	WECC		Okanogan PUD	U.S.	29,651	29,651	-	-	9,327	9,327	-	-	20,323	20,323	-	-
2016	WECC		Douglas Palisades / PUD No. 1 of DC	U.S.	904	904	-	-	284	284	-	-	620	620	-	-
2016	WECC		PUD No. 2 of Grant County	U.S.	205,381	205,381	-	-	64,608	64,608	-	-	140,773	140,773	-	-
2016	WECC		Puget Sound Energy, Inc.	U.S.	1,077,940	1,077,940	-	-	339,094	339,094	-	-	738,845	738,845	-	-
2016	WECC		Salt River Project	U.S.	1,345,188	1,345,188	-	-	423,164	423,164	-	-	922,024	922,024	-	-
2016	WECC		Seattle City Light	U.S.	441,062	441,062	-	-	138,748	138,748	-	-	302,314	302,314	-	-
2016	WECC		Barrick Goldstrike Mines Inc.	U.S.	63,954	63,954	-	-	20,118	20,118	-	-	43,835	43,835	-	-
2016	WECC		City of Fallon	U.S.	4,053	4,053	-	-	1,275	1,275	-	-	2,778	2,778	-	-
2016 2016	WECC		Mt. Wheeler Power	U.S. U.S.	24,431 7,825	24,431	-	-	7,685 2,462	7,685 2,462	-	-	16,745 5,363	16,745 5,363	-	-
2016	WECC		Truckee Donner Public Utility District Beartooth Electric Cooperative	U.S.	3,301	7,825 3,301	-	-	1,038	1,038	-	-	2,263	2,263	-	
2016	WECC		City of Tacoma DBA Tacoma Power	U.S.	219,316	219,316	-	-	68,992	68,992	-	-	150,325	150,325	-	-
2016	WECC		Tucson Electric Power Company	U.S.	674,036	674,036	_	-	212,036	212,036	_	-	462,000	462,000	_	_
2016	WECC		Merced Irrigation District	U.S.	21,910	21,910	-	-	6,892	6,892	-	-	15,018	15,018	-	-
2016	WECC		Turlock Irrigation District	U.S.	97,287	97,287	-	-	30,604	30,604	-	-	66,683	66,683	-	-
2016	WECC		Basin Electric Power Cooperative	U.S.	104,172	104,172	-	-	32,770	32,770	-	-	71,402	71,402	-	-
2016	WECC		Black Hills Colorado Electric/Cheyenne Light Fuel & Power	U.S.	194,429	194,429	-	-	61,163	61,163	-	-	133,266	133,266	-	-
2016	WECC		Black Hills State University South Dakota	U.S.	988	988	-	-	311	311	-	-	677	677	-	-
2016	WECC		City of Page	U.S.	3,333	3,333	-	-	1,049	1,049	-	-	2,285	2,285	-	-
2016	WECC		Colorado Springs Utilities	U.S.	212,099	212,099	-	-	66,721	66,721	-	-	145,378	145,378	-	-
2016	WECC		Deseret Generation & Transmission Cooperative	U.S.	5,249	5,249	-	-	1,651	1,651	-	-	3,598	3,598	-	-
2016 2016	WECC		City of Farmington Municipal Energy Agency of Nebraska	U.S. U.S.	45,108 29,102	45,108 29,102	-	-	14,190 9,155	14,190 9,155	-	-	30,918 19,947	30,918 19,947	-	-
2016	WECC		Navajo Agricultural Products Industry (NAPI)	U.S.	114	114			36	36		-	78	78	-	
2016	WECC		Nebraska Public Power Marketing	U.S.	169	169	_	-	53	53	_	_	116	116	_	-
2016	WECC		Town of Fredonia	U.S.	471	471	_	-	148	148	_	-	323	323	_	_
2016	WECC		Tri-State Generation & Transmission Assoc. Inc - Reliability	U.S.	346,551	346,551	-	-	109,017	109,017	-	-	237,534	237,534	-	-
2016	WECC		Western Area Power - Loveland, CO	U.S.	81,389	81,389	-	-	25,603	25,603	-	-	55,786	55,786	-	-
2016	WECC		Western Area Power Administration - CRSP	U.S.	76,005	76,005	-	-	23,909	23,909	-	-	52,096	52,096	-	-
2016	WECC		Wyoming Municipal Power Agency	U.S.	10,136	10,136	-	-	3,188	3,188	-	-	6,947	6,947	-	-
2016	WECC		Basin Electric Power Cooperative	U.S.	4,778	4,778	-	-	1,503	1,503	-	-	3,275	3,275	-	-
2016	WECC		Montana-Dakota Utilities Co.	U.S.	1,067	1,067	-	-	336	336	-	-	731	731	-	-
2016	WECC		NorthWestern Corp. dba NorthWestern Energy, LLC	U.S.	13,335	13,335	-	-	4,195	4,195	-	-	9,140	9,140	-	-
2016 2016	WECC		Western Area Power Administration-Upper Great Plains Region	U.S. U.S.	16,139	16,139	-	-	5,077 170	5,077 170	-	-	11,062	11,062 370	-	-
2016	WECC		Aha Macav Power Service Bureau of Reclamation (Wellfield)	U.S.	539 416	539 416	-	-	131	170	-	-	370 285	285	-	-
2016	WECC		Central Arizona Water Conservation District	U.S.	108,476	108,476	-	-	34,124	34,124	-	-	74,352	74,352	-	-
2016	WECC		City of Boulder City	U.S.	3,521	3,521	-	-	1,107	1,107	-	-	2,413	2,413	-	-
2016	WECC		City of Mesa	U.S.	12,054	12,054	-	-	3,792	3,792	-	-	8,262	8,262	-	-
2016	WECC		Needles Public Utilities Authority	U.S.	1,353	1,353	-	-	425	425	-	-	927	927	-	-
2016	WECC		Colorado River Agency-Bureau of Indian Affairs	U.S.	799	799	-	-	251	251	-	-	548	548	-	-
2016	WECC		Electrical District #2	U.S.	9,278	9,278	-	-	2,919	2,919	-	-	6,360	6,360	-	-
2016	WECC		Electrical District #2 - Coolidge Generating Station	U.S.	434	434	-	-	136	136	-	-	297	297	-	-
2016	WECC		Silver State Energy Association	U.S.	25,828	25,828	-	-	8,125	8,125	-	-	17,703	17,703	-	-
2016	WECC		Arizona Electric Power Cooperative, Inc	U.S.	130,770	130,770	-	-	41,137	41,137	-	-	89,633	89,633	-	-
2016	WECC		U.S. Army Yuma Proving Ground	U.S.	913	913	-	-	287	287	-	-	626	626	-	-
2016	WECC		Wellton-Mohawk Irrigation & Drainage District Western Area Power Administration-Desert Southwest Region	U.S. U.S.	206 71,702	206 71,702	-	-	65 22,556	65 22,556	-	-	141 49,146	141 49,146	-	-
2016	WELL		TOTAL WECC	U.S.	37,965,400	32,743,547	4,585,652	636,201	11,972,373	10,302,881	1,479,975	189,517	25,993,026	22,440,666	3,105,677	446,684
					3.,303,400	32,, .3,34,	.,555,652	030,201	11,312,313	10,552,001	2, ., 3,3,3	100,011	25,555,020	22, 740,000	3,203,011	,
	TOTA: 55 -				470.04 * ***	462 442 422	46 265 452	cac aa.	63.006.005	EC 000 E00	F 770 0 45	400 = 4=	446.0== ===	405 442 55-	40 407 225	446.60:
	TOTAL ERO	,			179,014,499	102,112,130	16,266,168	636,201	62,936,968	56,968,506	5,778,945	189,517	116,077,531	105,143,625	10,487,223	446,684

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				Total ERC	Assessments (N	IERC, RE & WIRA	B Costs)		Total NERC As	ssessments		Total Region	al Entity Assessm Assessmen		WIRAB
Data	Regional														
Year	Entity	ID	Entity Country	Total	US	Canada	Mexico	Total	US	Canada	Mexico	Total	US	Canada	Mexico
				_											
Summar	y by Regiona	l Entity													
2016	FRCC			10,013,797	10,013,797	-	-	3,353,279	3,353,279	-	-	6,660,518	6,660,518	-	-
2016	MRO			14,880,432	12,402,201	2,478,231	-	4,150,326	3,461,314	689,012	-	10,730,106	8,940,887	1,789,219	-
2016	NPCC			22,036,478	12,834,193	9,202,285	-	7,694,691	4,084,733	3,609,958	-	14,341,787	8,749,460	5,592,327	-
2016	RF			32,955,408	32,955,408	-	-	12,807,701	12,807,701	-	-	20,147,707	20,147,707	-	-
2016	SERC			31,849,844	31,849,844	-	-	14,644,708	14,644,708	-	-	17,205,136	17,205,136	-	-
2016	SPP			12,985,288	12,985,288	-	-	3,258,023	3,258,023	-	-	9,727,265	9,727,265	-	-
2016	TRE			16,327,852	16,327,852	-	-	5,055,866	5,055,866	-	-	11,271,986	11,271,986	-	-
2016	WECC			37,965,400	32,743,547	4,585,652	636,201	11,972,373	10,302,881	1,479,975	189,517	25,993,026	22,440,666	3,105,677	446,684
Total				179,014,499	162,112,130	16,266,168	636,201	62,936,968	56,968,506	5,778,945	189,517	116,077,531	105,143,625	10,487,223	446,684

Appendix 2-B,Total Assessments

			-		Total NERC Asse	essments			NERC NEL A	ssessments		Penalty Sancti	ions		NERC Complian	nce Credits		Prio	r Year Correct	ions-WECC	
Data	Regional																				
Year	Entity	ID Entity	Country	/ Total	US	Canada	Mexico	Total	US	Canada	Mexico	Total	US	Total	US	Canada	Mexico	Total	US	Canada	Mexico
2016	FRCC FRCC	1074 Alachua, City of	U.S.	1,949	1,949		-	1,919	1,919 4.186		-	(21)	(21)	50 108	50 108	-	-	1	1	-	
2016 2016	FRCC	1075 Bartow, City of 1076 Chattahoochee, City of	U.S.	4,252 566	4,252 566			4,186 557	4,186 557		-	(45) (6)	(45) (6)	108	108			3 0	3 0		
2016	FRCC	1077 Florida Keys Electric Cooperative Assn	U.S.	11,085	11,085	-	-	10,912	10,912	-	-	(117)	(117)	282	282	-	-	8	8	-	
2016 2016	FRCC	1078 Florida Power & Light Co. 1079 Florida Public Utilities Company	U.S. U.S.	1,647,997 5,199	1,647,997 5,199		-	1,622,224 5,117	1,622,224 5,117			(17,342) (55)	(17,342) (55)	41,889 132	41,889 132			1,226 4	1,226		
2016	FRCC	1080 Gainesville Regional Utilities	U.S.	26,255	26,255	-	-	25,844	25,844	-		(276)	(276)	667	667	-	-	20	20	-	
2016	FRCC	1081 Homestead, City of	U.S.	7,863	7,863	-	-	7,740	7,740	-	-	(83)	(83)	200	200	-	-	6	6	-	
2016 2016	FRCC	1082 JEA 1083 Lakeland Electric	U.S. U.S.	181,456 44,626	181,456 44,626	-		178,618 43,928	178,618 43,928			(1,910) (470)	(1,910) (470)	4,612 1,134	4,612 1,134			135 33	135 33		
2016	FRCC	1626 Lee County Electric Cooperative, Inc	U.S.	58,175	58,175	-	-	57,265	57,265		-	(612)	(612)	1,479	1,479	-	-	43	43	-	
2016 2016	FRCC	1661 City of Lake Worth 1084 Mount Dora, City of	U.S. U.S.	6,831 1,353	6,831 1,353		-	6,725 1,332	6,725 1,332	-		(72) (14)	(72) (14)	174 34	174 34	-	-	5 1	5 1	-	
2016	FRCC	1085 New Smyrna Beach, Utilities Commission of	U.S.	6,316	6,316	-		6,217	6,217			(66)	(66)	161	161			5	5		
2016	FRCC	1086 Orlando Utilities Commission	U.S.	88,043	88,043	-	-	86,666	86,666	-	-	(926)	(926)	2,238	2,238	-	-	66	66	-	
2016 2016	FRCC	1087 Duke Energy Florida 1088 Quincy, City of	U.S. U.S.	588,776 1,909	588,776 1,909	-		579,568 1,879	579,568 1,879			(6,196) (20)	(6,196) (20)	14,965 49	14,965 49			438 1	438 1	-	
2016	FRCC	1089 Reedy Creek Improvement District	U.S.	17,515	17,515	-	-	17,242	17,242	-	-	(184)	(184)	445	445	-	-	13	13	-	
2016	FRCC	1090 St. Cloud, City of (OUC)	U.S.	10,483	10,483	-	-	10,320	10,320		-	(110)	(110)	266	266	-	-	8 30	8 30	-	
2016 2016	FRCC	1091 Tallahassee, City of 1092 Tampa Electric Company	U.S. U.S.	39,800 288,768	39,800 288,768	-		39,178 284,252	39,178 284,252			(419) (3,039)	(419) (3,039)	1,012 7,340	1,012 7,340			215	215		
2016	FRCC	1603 City of Vero Beach	U.S.	10,999	10,999	-	-	10,827	10,827	-	-	(116)	(116)	280	280	-	-	8	8	-	
2016 2016	FRCC	1093 Wauchula, City of 1094 Williston, City of	U.S. U.S.	931 533	931 533	-	-	916 524	916 524		-	(10)	(10) (6)	24 14	24 14		-	1	1	-	
2016	FRCC	1095 Winter Park, City of	U.S.	6,486	6,486	-		6,385	6,385			(68)	(68)	165	165			5	5		
2016	FRCC	Moore Haven, City of	U.S.	115	115	-	-	113	113			(1)	(1)	3	3	-	-	0	0	-	
2016 2016	FRCC	1072 Florida Municipal Power Agency 1073 Seminole Electric Cooperative	U.S. U.S.	86,487 208,511	86,487 208,511			85,135 205,250	85,135 205,250			(910) (2,194)	(910) (2,194)	2,198 5,300	2,198 5,300			64 155	64 155		
2010	THEE	TOTAL FRCC	0.5.	3,353,279	3,353,279		-	3,300,838	3,300,838	-	-	(35,287)	(35,287)	85,233	85,233		-	2,496	2,496	-	
2016	MRO	1199 Basin Electric Power Cooperative	U.S.	247,997	247,997			244,118	244,118			(2,610)	(2,610)	6,304	6,304			185	185		
2016	MRO	1201 Central Iowa Power Cooperative (CIPCO)	U.S.	40,470	40,470	-	-	39,837	39,837	-	-	(426)	(426)	1,029	1,029	-	-	30	30	-	
2016	MRO MRO	1204 Corn Belt Power Cooperative	U.S.	28,472	28,472	-	-	28,026	28,026		-	(300)	(300)	724	724	-	-	21	21	-	
2016 2016	MRO	1207 Dairyland Power Cooperative 1210 Great River Energy	U.S. U.S.	77,841 193,915	77,841 193,915	-		76,624 190,883	76,624 190,883			(819) (2,041)	(819) (2,041)	1,979 4,929	1,979 4,929			58 144	58 144		
2016	MRO	1222 Minnkota Power Cooperative, Inc.	U.S.	53,276	53,276	-	-	52,442	52,442		-	(561)	(561)	1,354	1,354	-	-	40	40	-	
2016 2016	MRO MRO	1230 Nebraska Public Power District 1232 Omaha Public Power District	U.S. U.S.	197,338 160,634	197,338 160,634	-	-	194,251 158,122	194,251 158,122	-	-	(2,077)	(2,077) (1,690)	5,016	5,016 4,083	-	-	147	147 120	-	
2016	MRO	1240 Western Area Power Administration (UM)	U.S.	132,409	132,409	-		130,338	130,338			(1,690) (1,393)	(1,393)	4,083 3,366	3,366			120 99	99		
2016	MRO	1239 Western Area Power Administration (LM)	U.S.	642	642	-	-	632	632	-	-	(7)	(7)	16	16	-	-	0	0	-	
2016 2016	MRO MRO	1217 Manitoba Hydro 1235 SaskPower	CAN CAN	341,950 347,063		341,950 347,063	-	333,097 338,077		333,097 338,077	-		-	8,601 8,730		8,601 8,730	-	252 256		252 256	
2016	MRO	1195 Alliant Energy (Alliant East - WPL & Alliant West IPL)	U.S.	422,888	422,888	-		416,274	416,274	-		(4,450)	(4,450)	10,749	10,749	-		315	315	-	
2016	MRO	1710 Dahlberg Electric Company	U.S.	1,618	1,618	-	-	1,593	1,593	-	-	(17)	(17)	41	41	-	-	1	1	-	
2016 2016	MRO MRO	1216 Madison, Gas and Electric 1220 MidAmerican Energy Company	U.S. U.S.	49,591 360,736	49,591 360,736	-		48,816 355,095	48,816 355,095			(522) (3,796)	(522) (3,796)	1,261 9,169	1,261 9,169			37 268	37 268	-	
2016	MRO	1221 Minnesota Power	U.S.	169,694	169,694	-	-	167,040	167,040	-	-	(1,786)	(1,786)	4,313	4,313	-	-	126	126	-	
2016	MRO MRO	1226 Montana-Dakota Utilities Co.	U.S.	45,926	45,926	-	-	45,208	45,208 516		-	(483)	(483)	1,167	1,167	-	-	34 0	34 0	-	
2016 2016	MRO	1711 North Central Power Company 1231 NorthWestern Energy	U.S. U.S.	524 22,243	524 22,243	-		516 21,895	21,895			(6) (234)	(6) (234)	13 565	13 565			17	17		
2016	MRO	1712 NorthWestern Wisconsin	U.S.	2,598	2,598	-	-	2,558	2,558		-	(27)	(27)	66	66	-	-	2	2	-	
2016 2016	MRO	1233 Otter Tail Power Company 1664 Wisconsin Public Service (WPS)	U.S. U.S.	75,877 172,773	75,877 172,773	-	-	74,691 170,071	74,691 170,071		-	(798) (1,818)	(798) (1,818)	1,929 4,392	1,929 4,392		-	56 129	56 129	-	
2016	MRO	1665 Upper Peninsula Power Company (UPPCO)	U.S.	10,044	10,044	-		9,887	9,887			(106)	(106)	255	255			7	7		
2016	MRO	1244 Xcel Energy Company (NSP)	U.S.	639,163	639,163	-	-	629,168	629,168	-	-	(6,726)	(6,726)	16,246	16,246	-	-	476	476	-	
2016 2016	MRO MRO	1196 Ames Municipal Electric System 1604 Atlantic Municipal Utilities	U.S. U.S.	10,981 1,166	10,981 1,166	-		10,810 1,148	10,810 1,148			(116) (12)	(116) (12)	279 30	279 30			8	8		
2016	MRO	1713 Bloomer Electric & Water Co.	U.S.	791	791		-	779	779		-	(8)	(8)	20	20		-	1	1	-	
2016 2016	MRO MRO	1714 Village of Caddott 1200 Cedar Falls Municipal Utilities	U.S. U.S.	205 7.508	205 7,508		-	202 7,391	202 7,391		-	(2) (79)	(2) (79)	5 191	5 191	-	-	0	0		
2016	MRO	1477 Central Minnesota Municipal Power Agency (CMMPA		5,468	5,468			5,382	5,382			(58)	(58)	139	139			4	4		
2016	MRO	1715 Village of Centuria	U.S.	87	87		-	86	86		-	(1)	(1)	2	2		-	0	0	-	
2016 2016	MRO MRO	1716 Eldridge Electric and Water Utilities 1203 City of Escanaba	U.S. U.S.	605 2,110	605 2,110	-		595 2,077	595 2,077			(6) (22)	(6) (22)	15 54	15 54			2	2		
2016	MRO	1205 Falls City Water & Light Department	U.S.	831	831		-	818	818		-	(9)	(9)	21	21		-	1	1	-	
2016	MRO MRO	1206 Fremont Department of Utilities	U.S.	6,297 965	6,297 965		-	6,198 950	6,198 950		-	(66) (10)	(66)	160 25	160	-	-	5	5	-	
2016 2016	MRO	1208 Geneseo Municipal Utilities 1209 Grand Island Utilities Department	U.S. U.S.	965 10,852	965 10,852			950 10,682	950 10,682			(10) (114)	(10) (114)	25 276	25 276			1 8	8	-	
2016	MRO	1717 Great Lakes Utilities	U.S.	21,351	21,351		-	21,017	21,017		-	(225)	(225)	543	543		-	16	16	-	
2016 2016	MRO MRO	1718 City of Guttenberg 1606 Harlan Municipal Utilities	U.S. U.S.	251 272	251 272			247 268	247 268		-	(3)	(3)	6 7	6 7			0	0		
2016	MRO	1211 Hastings Utilities	U.S. U.S.	6,027	6,027			5,933	5,933			(63)	(63)	153	153			4	4	-	
2016	MRO	1212 Heartland Consumers Power District	U.S.	9,193	9,193	-	-	9,049	9,049		-	(97)	(97)	234	234	-	-	7	7	-	
2016 2016	MRO MRO	1213 Hutchinson Utilities Commission 1719 City of Kasota	U.S. U.S.	4,238 52	4,238 52		-	4,172 51	4,172 51		-	(45) (1)	(45) (1)	108 1	108	-		3	3	-	
2016	MRO	1215 Lincoln Electric System	U.S.	46,914	46,914			46,180	46,180			(494)	(494)	1,192	1,192			35	35		
2016	MRO	1223 Missouri River Energy Services	U.S.	35,369	35,369		-	34,816	34,816	-	-	(372)	(372)	899	899	-	-	26	26	-	
2016 2016	MRO MRO	1224 MN Municipal Power Agency (MMPA) 1607 Montezuma Municipal Light & Power	U.S.	22,484 435	22,484 435		-	22,132 428	22,132 428		-	(237) (5)	(237) (5)	571 11	571 11	-		17 0	17 0	-	
2016	MRO	1227 Municipal Energy Agency of Nebraska	U.S.	13,360	13,360			13,151	13,151		-	(141)	(141)	340	340	-	-	10	10	-	
2016	MRO MRO	1228 Muscatine Power and Water 1229 Nebraska City Utilities	U.S.	12,410	12,410	-	-	12,216	12,216		-	(131)	(131)	315 48	315 48	-	-	9	9	-	
2016 2016	MRO	1229 Nebraska City Utilities 1720 Resale Power Group of Iowa	U.S. U.S.	1,896 7,802	1,896 7,802			1,867 7,680	1,867 7,680			(20) (82)	(20) (82)	48 198	48 198			1 6	1 6	-	
2016	MRO	1721 Rice Lake Utilities	U.S.	2,373	2,373		-	2,336	2,336		-	(25)	(25)	60	60	-	-	2	2	-	

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						Total NERC Asse	ssments			NERC NEL A	ssessments		Penalty San	ctions		NERC Complia	ance Credits		Pric	or Year Correc	tions-WECC	
Data Year	Regional Entity	ID	Entity	Country	Total	US	Canada	Mexico	Total	US	Canada	Mexico	Total	US	Total	US	Canada	Mexico	Total	us	Canada	Mexico
2016	MRO	1234	Rochester Public Utilities	U.S.	64	64	-		63	63	-	-	(1)	(1)	2	2	-	-	0	0		
2016 2016	MRO MRO		Southern Minnesota Municipal Power Agency City of Spooner	U.S. U.S.	40,310 458	40,310 458	-	-	39,679 450	39,679 450	-	-	(424) (5)	(424) (5)	1,025 12	1,025 12	-	-	30 0	30 0	-	
2016	MRO	1241	Willmar Municipal Utilities	U.S.	3,658	3,658	-		3,600	3,600			(38)	(38)	93	93		-	3	3	-	
2016	MRO	1242	Wisconsin Public Power, Inc. (East and West regions) TOTAL MRO	U.S.	77,865 4,150,326	77,865 3,461,314	689,012		76,647 4,078,357	76,647 3,407,183	671,174		(819)	(819)	1,979 105,310	1,979 87,979	17,331		3,083	58 2,576	507	
2016	NPCC	1336	New England	U.S.	1,781,833	1,781,833			1,753,967	1,753,967			(18,751)	(18,751)	45,290	45,290			1,326	1,326	_	
2016	NPCC	1339	New York	U.S.	2,302,899	2,302,899			2,266,885	2,266,885		-	(24,234)	(24,234)	58,535	58,535	-	-	1,714	1,714	-	
2016 2016	NPCC NPCC		Ontario Quebec	Canada Canada	1,359,810 1,956,112		1,359,810 1,956,112		1,931,246 2,566,362	-	1,931,246 2,566,362		-		(572,896) (612,191)	-	(572,896) (612,191)	-	1,460 1,940		1,460 1,940	
2016	NPCC	1705	New Brunswick	Canada	135,969		135,969	-	193,111	-	193,111	-		-	(57,288)	-	(57,288)	-	146		146	
2016	NPCC	1340	Nova Scotia TOTAL NPCC	Canada	158,068 7,694,691	4,084,733	158,068 3,609,958		153,975 8,865,547	4,020,852	153,975 4,844,695		(42,985)	(42,985)	3,976 (1,134,574)	103,825	3,976 (1,238,399)	-	6,703	3,040	116 3,663	
2016	RF	1102	Cannelton Utilities	U.S.	- 214	214			211	211			(2)	(2)	5	5			0	0	_	
2016	RF	1106	City of Croswell	U.S.	546	546	-	-	538	538	-	-	(6)	(6)	14	14	-	-	0	0	-	
2016 2016	RF RF		City of Lansing Cloverland Electric Cooperative	U.S. U.S.	32,664 10,533	32,664 10,533			32,153 10,369	32,153 10,369			(344) (111)	(344) (111)	830 268	830 268		-	24 8	24 8	-	
2016	RF	1122	CMS ERM Michigan LLC	U.S.	1,471	1,471		-	1,448	1,448	-	-	(15)	(15)	37	37	-	-	1	1	-	
2016 2016	RF RF		Constellation New Energy (MECS-CONS) Constellation New Energy (MECS-DET)	U.S. U.S.	12,918 15,427	12,918 15,427		-	12,716 15,186	12,716 15,186	-		(136) (162)	(136) (162)	328 392	328 392	-		10 11	10 11	-	
2016	RF		Consumers Energy Company	U.S.	482,064	482,064		-	474,525	474,525	-		(5,073)	(5,073)	12,253	12,253	-	-	359	359	-	
2016	RF		Detroit Edison Company	U.S.	660,962	660,962		-	650,625	650,625	-	-	(6,955)	(6,955)	16,800	16,800	-	-	492	492	-	
2016 2016	RF RF		Duke Energy Indiana Ferdinand Municipal Light & Water	U.S. U.S.	437,948 618	437,948 618			431,099 608	431,099 608	-		(4,609)	(4,609) (7)	11,132 16	11,132 16	-		326 0	326 0	-	
2016	RF		FirstEnergy Solutions (MECS-CONS)	U.S.	9,220	9,220		-	9,076	9,076	-	-	(97)	(97)	234	234	-	-	7	7	-	
2016 2016	RF RF	1549 1145	FirstEnergy Solutions (MECS-DET) Hoosier Energy	U.S. U.S.	15,629 108,335	15,629 108,335			15,385 106,641	15,385 106,641			(164) (1,140)	(164) (1,140)	397 2,754	397 2,754			12 81	12 81	-	
2016	RF	1148	Indiana Municipal Power Agency (DUKE CIN)	U.S.	43,960	43,960		-	43,272	43,272	-	-	(463)	(463)	1,117	1,117	-	-	33	33	-	
2016 2016	RF RF	1485 1486	Indiana Municipal Power Agency (NIPSCO) Indiana Municipal Power Agency (SIGE)	U.S. U.S.	6,016 8,421	6,016 8,421			5,921 8,289	5,921 8,289			(63) (89)	(63) (89)	153 214	153 214			4 6	4 6		
2016	RF	1149	Indianapolis Power & Light Co.	U.S.	204,089	204,089		-	200,897	200,897	-		(2,148)	(2,148)	5,188	5,188	-	-	152	152	-	
2016 2016	RF RF	1553 1554	Integrys Energy Services (MECS-CONS) Integrys Energy Services (MECS-DET)	U.S. U.S.	10,673 11,344	10,673 11,344		-	10,506 11,167	10,506 11,167	-		(112) (119)	(112) (119)	271 288	271 288	-		8	8	-	
2016	RF	1666	Integrys Energy Services (WECS-DET)	U.S.	4,251	4,251		-	4,184	4,184	-		(45)	(45)	108	108	-	-	3	3	-	
2016 2016	RF RF		Just Energy (MECS-DET) Michigan Public Power Agency	U.S. U.S.	136 45,524	136 45,524	-	-	134 44,812	134 44,812	-	-	(1) (479)	(1) (479)	3 1,157	3 1,157	-	-	0 34	0 34	-	
2016	RF		Michigan South Central Power Agency	U.S.	9,979	9,979		-	9,823	9,823			(105)	(105)	254	254			7	7	-	
2016	RF		MidAmerican Energy Company Retail	U.S.	328	328		-	323	323	-	-	(3)	(3)	8	8	-	-	0	0	-	
2016 2016	RF RF		Northern Indiana Public Service Co. Ontonagon County Rural Electrification Assoc.	U.S. U.S.	252,270 402	252,270 402		-	248,325 396	248,325 396	-		(2,655)	(2,655)	6,412 10	6,412 10	-		188 0	188 0	-	
2016	RF	1265	PJM Interconnnection, LLC	U.S.	9,760,995	9,760,995		-	9,608,344	9,608,344	-	-	(102,718)	(102,718)	248,104	248,104	-	-	7,264	7,264	-	
2016 2016	RF RF		Noble Americas Energy Solutions (MECS-CONS) Noble Americas Energy Solutions (MECS-DET)	U.S. U.S.	5,672 8,946	5,672 8,946			5,583 8,806	5,583 8,806			(60) (94)	(60) (94)	144 227	144 227			4 7	4 7		
2016	RF	1176	Direct Energy (fka:Strategic Energy,LLC) (MECS-CONS)	U.S.	6,696	6,696		-	6,591	6,591	-		(70)	(70)	170	170	-	-	5	5	-	
2016 2016	RF RF		Direct Energy (fka:Strategic Energy,LLC) (MECS-DET) Spartan Renewable Energy	U.S. U.S.	16,127 1,101	16,127 1,101			15,874 1,083	15,874 1,083	-		(170) (12)	(170) (12)	410 28	410 28	-		12 1	12 1	-	
2016	RF	1180	Thumb Electric Cooperative	U.S.	2,647	2,647		-	2,605	2,605	-		(28)	(28)	67	67	-	-	2	2	-	
2016 2016	RF RF	1662 1181	Ohio Valley Electric Corporation Vectren Energy Delivery of IN	U.S. U.S.	5,719 82,696	5,719 82,696			5,630 81,402	5,630 81,402			(60) (870)	(60) (870)	145 2,102	145 2,102			4 62	4 62		
2016	RF	1183	Village of Sebewaing	U.S.	618	618	-	-	608	608		-	(7)	(7)	16	16		-	0	0	-	
2016 2016	RF RF		Wabash Valley Power Association Inc. (DUKE CIN) Wabash Valley Power Association Inc. (NIPSCO)	U.S. U.S.	41,183 24,783	41,183 24,783		- 1	40,539 24,395	40,539 24,395			(433) (261)	(433) (261)	1,047 630	1,047 630			31 18	31 18		
2016	RF	1185	Wisconsin Electric Power Co.	U.S.	406,775	406,775		-	400,414	400,414	-		(4,281)	(4,281)	10,339	10,339	-	-	303	303	-	
2016 2016	RF RF		Wolverine Power Marketing Cooperative Wolverine Power Supply Cooperative	U.S. U.S.	12,043 38,237	12,043 38,237		-	11,855 37,639	11,855 37,639			(127) (402)	(127) (402)	306 972	306 972		-	9 28	9 28		
2016	RF		Wolverine Power Marketing Cooperative(MECS-DET)	U.S.	7,521	7,521			7,403	7,403			(79)	(79)	191	191			6	6	-	
			TOTAL RELIABILITYFIRST		12,807,701	12,807,701	•	<u> </u>	12,607,403	12,607,403	-	<u> </u>	(134,779)	(134,779)	325,545	325,545	-		9,532	9,532	-	
2016 2016	SERC SERC		Alabama Municipal Electric Authority Alabama Power Company	U.S. U.S.	49,443 836,070	49,443 836,070		-	48,670 822,994	48,670 822,994	-		(520) (8,798)	(520) (8,798)	1,257 21,251	1,257 21,251	-	-	37 622	37 622	-	
2016	SERC	1269	Ameren - Illinois	U.S.	605,965	605,965			596,489	596,489	-	-	(6,377)	(6,377)	15,402	15,402	-	-	451	451	-	
2016	SERC SERC		Ameren - Missouri	U.S.	532,839	532,839	-	-	524,506	524,506	-	-	(5,607)	(5,607)	13,544	13,544	-	-	397	397	-	
2016 2016	SERC		Associated Electric Cooperative Inc. Beauregard Electric Cooperative, Inc.	U.S. U.S.	270,094 15,483	270,094 15,483			265,870 15,241	265,870 15,241			(2,842) (163)	(2,842) (163)	6,865 394	6,865 394			201 12	201 12	-	
2016	SERC		Benton Utility District	U.S.	3,512	3,512	-	-	3,457	3,457	-	-	(37)	(37)	89	89			3	3	-	
2016 2016	SERC SERC		Big Rivers Electric Corporation Black Warrior EMC	U.S. U.S.	54,249 6,007	54,249 6,007			53,401 5,913	53,401 5,913			(571) (63)	(571) (63)	1,379 153	1,379 153			40 4	40 4	-	
2016	SERC	1276	Blue Ridge EMC	U.S.	19,929	19,929	-	-	19,617	19,617	-	-	(210)	(210)	507	507			15	15	-	
2016 2016	SERC SERC		Brazos Electric Power Cooperative, Inc. Canton, MS	U.S. U.S.	6,492 1,877	6,492 1,877			6,391 1,848	6,391 1,848	-		(68) (20)	(68) (20)	165 48	165 48			5 1	5 1		
2016	SERC	1277	Central Electric Power Cooperative Inc.	U.S.	241,936	241,936	-	-	238,152	238,152	-	-	(2,546)	(2,546)	6,150	6,150			180	180	-	
2016 2016	SERC SERC		Century Aluminum - Hawesville Century Aluminum - Sebree	U.S. U.S.	24,015 47,957	24,015 47,957	-		23,640 47,207	23,640 47,207		-	(253) (505)	(253) (505)	610 1,219	610 1,219			18 36	18 36	-	
2016	SERC	1278	City of Blountstown FL	U.S.	554	554			545	545	-	-	(6)	(6)	14	14			0	0	-	
2016	SERC		City of Callins MS	U.S.	2,890	2,890	-	-	2,845	2,845	-	-	(30)	(30)	73 16	73 16			2	2	-	
2016 2016	SERC SERC		City of Collins MS City of Columbia MO	U.S. U.S.	622 17,374	622 17,374			612 17,102	612 17,102			(7) (183)	(7) (183)	16 442	16 442			0 13	0 13	-	
2016	SERC	1282	City of Conway AR (Conway Corporation)	U.S.	14,535	14,535		-	14,307	14,307		-	(153)	(153)	369	369			11	11	-	
2016 2016	SERC SERC		City of Evergreen AL City of Hampton GA	U.S. U.S.	839 399	839 399			826 393	826 393	-	-	(9) (4)	(9) (4)	21 10	21 10			1 0	1 0	-	
2016	SERC	1286	City of Hartford AL	U.S.	447	447	-	-	440	440	-	-	(5)	(5)	11	11			0	0	-	
2016	SERC	1287	City of Henderson (KY) Municipal Power & Light	U.S.	8,942	8,942		-	8,802	8,802			(94)	(94)	227	227			7	7	-	

						Total NERC Asse	ssments			NERC NEL A	ssessments		Penalty San	ctions		NERC Complian	ce Credits		Pri	or Year Correc	tions-WECC	
Data Year	Regional Entity	ID	Entity	Country	Total	US	Canada	Mexico	Total	US	Canada	Mexico	Total	us	Total	us	Canada	Mexico	Total	US	Canada	Mexico
2016	SERC	1288	City of North Little Rock AR (DENL)	U.S.	13,804	13,804	_		13,588	13.588			(145)	(145)	351	351			10	10		
2016	SERC	1289	City of Orangeburg SC Department of Public Utilities	U.S.	12,073	12,073		-	11,884	11,884		-	(127)	(127)	307	307			9	9	-	
2016 2016	SERC SERC		City of Robertsdale AL City of Ruston LA (DERS)	U.S. U.S.	1,242 3,987	1,242 3.987		-	1,222 3,925	1,222 3,925	-	-	(13) (42)	(13) (42)	32 101	32 101			1	1	-	
2016	SERC	1292	Seneca Light & Power	U.S.	2,307	2,307	-	-	2,271	2,271	-	-	(24)	(24)	59	59			2	2	-	
2016 2016	SERC SERC		City of Springfield (CWLP) City of Thayer, MO	U.S. U.S.	25,320 280	25,320 280			24,924 275	24,924 275			(266)	(266)	644 7	644 7			19	19		
2016	SERC	1293	City of Troy AL	U.S.	6,164	6,164	-	-	6,068	6,068	-	-	(65)	(65)	157	157			5	5	-	
2016 2016	SERC SERC		City of West Memphis AR (West Memphis Utilities) Claiborne Electric Cooperative, Inc.	U.S. U.S.	5,643 9,761	5,643 9,761			5,555 9,608	5,555 9.608			(59) (103)	(59) (103)	143 248	143 248			4	4		
2016	SERC		Concordia Electric Cooperative, Inc.	U.S.	3,191	3,191		-	3,141	3,141		-	(34)	(34)	81	81			2	2	-	
2016 2016	SERC SERC		Cube Hydro Carolinas Dalton Utilities	U.S. U.S.	243 25,778	243 25,778			239 25,375	239 25,375			(3) (271)	(3) (271)	6 655	6 655	-	-	0 19	0 19	-	
2016	SERC		Dixie Electric Membership Corporation	U.S.	32,541	32,541		-	32,032	32,032		-	(342)	(342)	827	827			24	24	-	
2016 2016	SERC SERC		Dominion Virginia Power Duke Energy Carolinas, LLC	U.S. U.S.	1,228,856 1,238,840	1,228,856 1,238,840	-	-	1,209,638 1,219,466	1,209,638 1,219,466	-	-	(12,932) (13,037)	(12,932) (13,037)	31,235 31,489	31,235 31,489			915 922	915 922	-	
2016	SERC		Durant, MS	U.S.	1,238,840	400			393	393			(13,037)	(13,037)	10	10			0	0	-	
2016	SERC SERC		LG&E and KU Services Co as agent for LG&E Co and KU Co	U.S.	499,844	499,844	-	-	492,027	492,027	-	-	(5,260)	(5,260)	12,705	12,705			372	372 146	-	
2016 2016	SERC		East Kentucky Power Cooperative East Mississippi Electric Power Association	U.S. U.S.	195,604 6,192	195,604 6,192			192,545 6,095	192,545 6,095			(2,058) (65)	(2,058) (65)	4,972 157	4,972 157			146 5	5	-	
2016	SERC		Electricities of North Carolina Inc	U.S.	170,787	170,787		-	168,116	168,116		-	(1,797)	(1,797)	4,341	4,341			127	127	-	
2016 2016	SERC SERC		EnergyUnited EMC Entergy	U.S. U.S.	36,986 1,693,733	36,986 1,693,733		-	36,408 1,667,245	36,408 1,667,245			(389) (17,824)	(389) (17,824)	940 43,051	940 43,051			28 1,261	28 1,261	-	
2016	SERC	1302	Fayetteville (NC) Public Works Commission	U.S.	31,059	31,059	-	-	30,574	30,574	-	-	(327)	(327)	789	789			23	23	-	
2016 2016	SERC SERC		Florida Public Utilities (FL Panhandle Load) French Broad FMC	U.S. U.S.	4,520 7,780	4,520 7,780		-	4,449 7,658	4,449 7,658			(48) (82)	(48) (82)	115 198	115 198			3 6	3 6	-	
2016	SERC	1305	Georgia Power Company	U.S.	1,252,864	1,252,864		-	1,233,270	1,233,270			(13,184)	(13,184)	31,845	31,845			932	932	-	
2016 2016	SERC SERC		Georgia System Optns Corporation Greenwood (MS) Utilities Commission	U.S. U.S.	582,958 4,018	582,958 4,018		-	573,841 3,955	573,841 3,955			(6,135) (42)	(6,135) (42)	14,818 102	14,818 102			434	434 3	-	
2016	SERC		Greenwood (SC) Commissioners of Public Works	U.S.	4,801	4,801		-	4,725	4,725		-	(51)	(51)	122	122			4	4	-	
2016 2016	SERC SERC		Gulf Power Company Haywood EMC	U.S. U.S.	167,533 4,559	167,533 4.559	-	-	164,912 4,488	164,912 4.488	-	-	(1,763) (48)	(1,763) (48)	4,258 116	4,258 116			125 3	125 3	-	
2016	SERC		Illinois Municipal Electric Agency	U.S.	28,035	28,035			27,596	27,596			(295)	(295)	713	713			21	21		
2016	SERC		Itta Bena, MS	U.S.	213	213	-	-	210	210		-	(2)	(2)	5	5			0	0	-	
2016 2016	SERC SERC		Jefferson Davis Electric Cooperative, Inc. Kentucky Municipal Power	U.S. U.S.	3,964 9,905	3,964 9,905		-	3,902 9,750	3,902 9,750			(42) (104)	(42) (104)	101 252	101 252			7	7	-	
2016	SERC		Kosciusko, MS	U.S.	1,086	1,086		-	1,069	1,069	-	-	(11)	(11)	28	28			1	1	-	
2016 2016	SERC SERC		Leland, MS McCormick Commission of Public Works	U.S. U.S.	461 305	461 305		-	454 300	454 300			(5) (3)	(5) (3)	12 8	12 8			0	0	-	
2016	SERC	1314	Mississippi Power Company	U.S.	149,854	149,854		-	147,510	147,510			(1,577)	(1,577)	3,809	3,809			112	112	-	
2016 2016	SERC SERC		Mt. Carmel Public Utility Municipal Electric Authority of Georgia	U.S. U.S.	1,500 159,480	1,500 159.480			1,477 156,986	1,477 156,986			(16) (1,678)	(16) (1,678)	38 4,054	38 4,054			1 119	1 119		
2016	SERC		N.C. Electric Membership Corp.	U.S.	185,956	185,956		-	183,048	183,048		-	(1,957)	(1,957)	4,727	4,727			138	138	-	
2016 2016	SERC SERC		Northeast Louisiana Power Cooperative, Inc. Northern Virginia Electric Cooperative	U.S. U.S.	3,845 64,993	3,845 64,993		-	3,785 63,977	3,785 63,977			(40) (684)	(40) (684)	98 1,652	98 1,652			3 48	3 48	-	
2016	SERC		Old Dominion Electric Cooperative	U.S.	76,925	76,925			75,722	75,722			(810)	(810)	1,955	1,955			57	57		
2016	SERC		Osceola (Arkansas) Municipal Light and Power	U.S.	2,293	2,293	-	-	2,257	2,257		-	(24)	(24)	58	58			2	2	-	
2016 2016	SERC SERC		Owensboro (KY) Municipal Utilities Piedmont EMC in Duke and Progress Areas	U.S. U.S.	12,092 7,563	12,092 7,563		-	11,903 7,444	11,903 7,444			(127) (80)	(127) (80)	307 192	307 192			6	6	-	
2016	SERC	1323	Piedmont Municipal Power Agency (PMPA)	U.S.	35,316	35,316	-	-	34,764	34,764	-	-	(372)	(372)	898	898			26	26	-	
2016 2016	SERC SERC		Pointe Coupee Electric Memb. Corp. PowerSouth Energy	U.S. U.S.	3,648 126,529	3,648 126,529		-	3,591 124,550	3,591 124,550			(38) (1,331)	(38) (1,331)	93 3,216	93 3,216			3 94	3 94	-	
2016	SERC	1330	Prairie Power, Inc.	U.S.	22,344	22,344		-	21,995	21,995		-	(235)	(235)	568	568			17	17	-	
2016 2016	SERC SERC		Duke Energy Progress Rutherford EMC	U.S. U.S.	665,064 19,607	665,064 19,607			654,663 19,300	654,663 19,300			(6,999) (206)	(6,999) (206)	16,905 498	16,905 498			495 15	495 15		
2016	SERC		Sam Rayburn G&T Electric Cooperative Inc.	U.S.	25,846	25,846		-	25,441	25,441	-	-	(272)	(272)	657	657			19	19	-	
2016 2016	SERC SERC		South Carolina Electric & Gas Company South Carolina Public Service Authority	U.S. U.S.	338,068 125,175	338,068 125,175		-	332,781 123,217	332,781 123,217	-	-	(3,558) (1,317)	(3,558) (1,317)	8,593 3,182	8,593 3,182			252 93	252 93	-	
2016	SERC		South Carolina Public Service Authority South Louisiana Electric Cooperative Association	U.S.	7,853	7,853		-	7,730	7,730		-	(83)	(83)	200	200			6	6	-	
2016	SERC SERC		Cooperative Energy (formerly SMEPA) Southern Illinois Power Cooperative	U.S.	143,000	143,000 23.330	-	-	140,763	140,763	-	-	(1,505)	(1,505)	3,635	3,635			106 17	106 17	-	
2016 2016	SERC		Southern Illinois Power Cooperative Southwest Louisiana Electric Membership Corporation	U.S. U.S.	23,330 36,017	23,330 36,017		-	22,965 35,454	22,965 35,454	-	-	(246) (379)	(246) (379)	593 915	593 915			17 27	17 27	-	
2016	SERC	1619	Southwestern Electric Cooperative, Inc.	U.S.	6,647	6,647	-	-	6,543	6,543	-	-	(70)	(70)	169	169			5	5	-	
2016 2016	SERC SERC		Tennessee Valley Authority Tex-La Electric Cooperative of Texas, Inc	U.S. U.S.	2,294,746 3,027	2,294,746 3,027			2,258,859 2,979	2,258,859 2,979			(24,148)	(24,148) (32)	58,328 77	58,328 77			1,708 2	1,708 2	-	
2016	SERC	1332	Tombigbee Electric Cooperative Inc.	U.S.	4,573	4,573	-	-	4,501	4,501	-	-	(48)	(48)	116	116			3	3	-	
2016 2016	SERC SERC		Town of Sharpsburg, N.C. Town of Stantonsburg, N.C. JRO	U.S. U.S.	284 811	284 811	-	-	280 798	280 798		-	(3)	(3)	7 21	7 21			0	0	-	
2016	SERC	1333	Town of Waynesville NC	U.S.	1,311	1,311	-	-	1,291	1,291	-	-	(14)	(14)	33	33			1	1	-	
2016 2016	SERC SERC		Town of Winnsboro SC Town of Winterville NC	U.S. U.S.	924 785	924 785		-	909 773	909 773	-	-	(10)	(10)	23 20	23 20			1	1	-	
2016	SERC		Washington-St.Tammany Electric Cooperative, Inc.	U.S.	15,204	15,204	•		14,966	14,966			(160)	(160)	386	386			11	11	-	
			TOTAL SERC	-	14,644,708	14,644,708	-	-	14,415,682	14,415,682	-		(154,110)	(154,110)	372,238	372,238	-	-	10,899	10,899	-	_=
2016	SPP		American Electric Power	U.S.	539,130	539,130	-	-	530,698	530,698	-	-	(5,673)	(5,673)	13,704	13,704	-	-	401	401	-	
2016 2016	SPP SPP	1707 1435	AEP-VEMCO Arkansas Electric Cooperative Corporation	U.S. U.S.	9,610 201,176	9,610 201,176		-	9,460 198,030	9,460 198,030	-	-	(101) (2,117)	(101) (2,117)	244 5,113	244 5,113	-	-	7 150	7 150	-	
2016	SPP	1247	Board of Public Utilities (Kansas City KS)	U.S.	34,831	34,831		-	34,286	34,286	-	-	(367)	(367)	885	885	-	-	26	26	-	
2016 2016	SPP SPP	1620 1647	Board of Public Utilities, City of McPherson, Kansas Carthage City Water & Light	U.S. U.S.	14,456 4,445	14,456 4,445	-	-	14,230 4,376	14,230 4,376	-	-	(152) (47)	(152) (47)	367 113	367 113	-	-	11 3	11 3	-	
2016	SPP	1469	Cartnage City Water & Light Central Valley Electric Cooperative	U.S.	4,445 11,470	4,445 11,470			4,376 11,291	4,376 11,291			(47) (121)	(121)	113 292	113 292			9	9	-	
2016	SPP	1556	City of Bentonville	U.S.	10,166	10,166		-	10,007	10,007	-	-	(107)	(107)	258	258	-	-	8	8	-	
2016 2016	SPP SPP	1557 1558	City of Clarksdale, Mississippi Hope Water & Light (HWL)	U.S. U.S.	2,404 4,386	2,404 4,386		-	2,366 4,318	2,366 4,318	-	-	(25) (46)	(25) (46)	61 111	61 111	-	-	2	2	-	

10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10							Total NERC Ass	essments			NERC NEL AS	ssessments		Penalty San	ictions	ı	NERC Complia	nce Credits		Prio	or Year Correct	tions-WECC	
The part Par																							
100 100			ID	Entity	Country	Total	US	Canada	Mexico	Total	US	Canada	Mexico	Total	US	Total	US	Canada	Mexico	Total	us	Canada	Mexico
10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10									-			-	-					-		2		-	
180 180 181												-	-					-	-	2	2	-	
18									-									-	-	5	5	-	
1968 1979 1989																				1	1 11	-	
150 150	2016	SPP	1436	City Utilities of Springfield, MO	U.S.	45,994	45,994		-	45,275	45,275	-	-	(484)	(484)	1,169	1,169	-	-			-	
150 150													-					-	-			-	
10	2016	SPP	1250	The Empire District Electric Company	U.S.	75,766	75,766		-	74,581	74,581					1,926	1,926		-			-	
10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10																							
15	2016	SPP	1251		U.S.	80,388	80,388		-	79,131	79,131		-	(846)	(846)	2,043	2,043	-	-	60		-	
18													-									-	
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18									-									-	-			-	
Part																						-	
150 150	2016	SPP	1253	Louisiana Energy & Power Authority (LEPA)	U.S.	14,334	14,334		-	14,109	14,109	-	-	(151)	(151)	364	364		-	11		-	
200 100																					1		
180 180	2016	SPP	1443	Missouri Joint Municipal Electric Utility Commission	U.S.	37,369	37,369		-	36,785	36,785			(393)	(393)	950	950		-	28		-	
Part Part Part Continue Part Part Continue Part													-									-	
1906 1916									-													-	
100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 101 100									-			-	-					-	-	2	2	-	
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299 198 198 Prof. 198 Prof. 198 Prof. 198 198 Prof. 198 19									-			-	-					-	-	0	0	-	
2006 599 108 Selection between developed lines U.S. 5.482 5.482																		-	-	1	4		
99° 127 Southwestern PMS Convert Co. 1975 PM 127 Southwestern PMS Convert Co. 1975 PM 127 Southwestern PMS Convert Co. 1975 PM 127 Southwestern PMS Co. 1975 PM 127 S	2016		1473		U.S.	2,307	2,307		-	2,271	2,271	-	-	(24)		59	59	-	-		2	-	
1985 1986																					4 225	-	
Second S	2016	SPP	1256	Sunflower Electric Power Cooperative	U.S.	65,474	65,474		-	64,450	64,450	-	-	(689)	(689)	1,664	1,664	-	-	49	49	-	
2006 99P 1200 Mestan Framema Exercit Cooperations U.S. 12,000				•									-					-	-			-	
199 190	2016	SPP	1260	Westar Energy, Inc.	U.S.	303,700	303,700		-	298,951	298,951			(3,196)	(3,196)	7,719	7,719		-	226	226	-	
Trial 109 RECT U.S. 5,055,866				•									-					-	-			-	
MICC Aberta Blacter', System Operator Canada 577,774 - 577,774 System 579,774 System 579,7								-				-						-	-	2,425	2,425		
MICC Aberta Discric System Operator Canada 577,774 577,774 581,971 - 81,971 - 81,971 - 81,971 - 81,971 - 81,971 - 10,000 - 10,0	2016	TRE	1019		U.S.			-				-						-				-	
	2016	WECC			Canada	-	3,033,000	577.074			4,570,750	922.071		(55,254)	(33,204)		120,505	(255 627)			3,703	630	
									-					-			-		-				
							-		189,517		-		184,611	- (2)	- (2)			-	4,767			-	140
Marcol Well Melecol																	10,547					-	
									-									-	-	0	0	-	
																				8	8	-	
2016 WECC New Companion U.S. 338 388 . 377 377 . (4) (4) 10 10 . 0 0 .	2016	WECC		Navajo Tribal Utility Authority	U.S.	290	290		-	285	285	-	-	(3)	(3)	7	7		-	0	0	-	
2016 WECC Avista Corporation U.S. 134,110 134,110 134,110 132,013 12,013 12,013 14,111 13,409 3,409 0,000 10																				1	1		
Pend Or-Bille County PUD No. 1	2016	WECC		Avista Corporation	U.S.	134,110	134,110		-	132,013	132,013				. ,	3,409	3,409		-		100	-	
2016 WECC PUN No. 2 of Frank Country U.S. 1,240 1,240 1,240 1,220 1,													-									-	
Secondary Seco									-											1	1	-	
Part													-					-	-			-	
Process Proc				•															-	_	_	-	
Micro Micro Modesto Irrigation District U.S. 36,845 36									-			-	-						-			-	
Second WECC Secremento Municipal Utility District U.S. 161,069 1												-	-									-	
2016 WECC California Independent System Operator U.S. 3,267,480 3,267,480 - 3,267,480 - 3,267,480 - 3,267,480 - 3,267,480 3,267,480 - 3,267,480 3,267,480 - 3,267,480 3,267,480 - 3,267,480 3,267,480 - 3,267,480 3,267,480 - 3,267,480 3,267,480 - 3,267,480 3,267,480 - 3,267,480 3,267,480 - 3,267,480 3,267,480 - 3,267,480 3,267,	2016	WECC		Sacramento Municipal Utility District	U.S.	161,069	161,069			158,550	158,550	-	-	(1,695)	(1,695)	4,094	4,094	-	-	120	120	-	
2016 WECC Idaho Power Company U.S. 120,756 120,756 - 118,867 120,756 - 118,867 - 11,271 1,30,69 3,069 - 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90												-	-					-	-			-	
2016 WECC Ingerfall rigation District U.S. 25,918 52,918 - 52,090 52,090 - 55,090 52,090 - 55,090 52,090 - 55,090 52,090 - 55,090 52,090 - 55,090 52,090 - 55,090 52,090 - 55,090 52,090 - 55,090 52,090 - 52,090 52,090 - 52,090 52,090 - 52,090 52,090 - 52,090 52,090 - 52,090 52,090 - 52,090 52,090 - 52,090 52,090 - 52,090 52,090 - 52,090 52,090 - 52,090 52,090 - 52,090 52,090 - 52,090 52,090 - 52,090 52,090 - 52,090 52,090 - 52,090 52,090 - 52,090 52,090 - 52,090 52,090 - 52,090 52,	2016	WECC		El Paso Electric Company	U.S.	120,756	120,756			118,867	118,867		-	(1,271)	(1,271)	3,069	3,069	-	-	90	90	-	
2016 WECC Los Angeles Department of Water and Power U.S. 409,158 409,158 409,158 - 402,759 402,759 - 403,06 (4,306) 10,400 10,400 - 305,00 - 305 305 - 2016 WECC City of Henderson U.S. 601 601 - 5591 591 - 66 (6 (6 15 15 - 6 0 0 0 - 2016 WECC City of Las Vegas U.S. 640 640 - 630 630 - 707 (7) 16 16 16 - 6 0 0 0 - 2016 WECC City of North Las Vegas U.S. 319 319 - 319 319 - 314 314 - 314 314 - 314 314 - 314 314 - 314 314 - 314 314 314 - 314 314 314 314 - 314 314 314 314 314 314 314 314 314 314								-				-	-					-	-			-	
2016 WECC City of Henderson U.S. 601 601 591 591 (6) (6) 15 15 0 0 0 - 2016 WECC City of Las Vegas U.S. 640 640 630 630 (7) (7) 16 16 0 0 0 - 2016 WECC City of North Las Vegas U.S. 319 319 314 314 (3) (3) 8 8 8 0 0 0 - 2016 WECC City of North Las Vegas U.S. 1,168 1,168 1,150 1,150 (12) (12) 30 30 1 1 1 - 2016 WECC City of Wether Commission of Nevada U.S. 1,025 10,025 9,868 9,868 (16) (16) (15) 255 255 7 7 7 - 2016 WECC Las Vegas Valley Water District U.S. 1,497 1,497 1,473 1,473 (16) (16) (16) 38 38 1 1 1 - 2016 WECC WEGAS VALLEY WATER DISTRICT U.S. 1,497 1,497 1,473 1,473 (16) (16) (16) 38 38 1 1 1 - 2016 WECC WEGAS VALLEY WATER DISTRICT U.S. 1,497 1,497 1,473 1,473 (16) (16) (16) (16) 38 38 1 1 1 - 2016 WECC WEGAS VALLEY WATER DISTRICT U.S. 1,497 1,497 1,473 1,473 (16) (16) (16) (16) 38 38 1 1 1 1 - 2016 WECC WEGAS VALLEY WATER DISTRICT U.S. 1,497 1,497 1,473 1,473 (16) (16) (16) (16) 38 38 38 1 1 1 1 - 2016 WECC WEGAS VALLEY WATER DISTRICT U.S. 1,497 1,497 1,473 1,473 (16) (16) (16) (16) 38 38 38 1 1 1 1 - 2016 WECC WEGAS VALLEY WATER DISTRICT U.S. 1,497 1,497 1,473 1,473 (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) WECC WEGAS VALLEY WATER DISTRICT U.S. 1,497 1,497 1,473 1,473 (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16)																						-	
2016 WECC Clty of North Las Vegas V U.S. 319 319 - 314 314 - (3) (3) 8 8 - 0 0 0 - 2016 WECC Clark County Water Reclamation District U.S. 1,168 1,168 - 1,150 1,150 - (12) (12) 30 30 - 1 1 1 - 2016 WECC Colorado River Commission of Nevada U.S. 10,025 10,025 - 9,868 9,868 - (12) (15) (16) (16) 38 38 - 1 1 1 - 2016 WECC Las Vegas Valley Water District U.S. 1,497 1,497 - 1,497 - 1,473 1,473 - (16) (16) (16) 38 38 - 1 1 1 - 2016 WECC NEW CONTRACTOR WATER CONTRACTOR	2016	WECC		City of Henderson	U.S.	601	601			591	591	-	-	(6)	(6)	15	15	-	-	0	0	-	
2016 WECC Clark County Water Reclamation District U.S. 1,168 1,168 1,150 1,150 (12) (12) 30 30 1 1 - 2016 WECC Colorado River Commission of Nevada U.S. 10,025 10,025 9,868 9,868 (105) (105) 255 255 7 7 7 - 2016 WECC Las Vegas Valley Water District U.S. 1,497 1,497 1,473 1,473 (16) (16) 38 38 1 1 1 - 2016 WECC Las Vegas Valley Water District U.S. 1,497 1,497 1,473 1,473 (16) (16) (17) 38 38 38 1 1 1 - 2016 WECC Las Vegas Valley Water District U.S. 1,497 1,497 1,473 1,473 (16) (16) (17) 38 38 38 1 1 1 - 2016 WECC Las Vegas Valley Water District U.S. 1,497 1,497 1,473 1,473 (16) (16) (16) (17) 38 38 38 1 1 1 - 2016 WECC Las Vegas Valley Water District U.S. 1,497 1,497 1,473 1,473 (16) (16) (16) (17) 38 38 38 1 1 1 - 2016 WECC Las Vegas Valley Water District U.S. 1,497 1,497 1,473 1,473 (16) (16) (16) (16) (17) 38 38 38 1 1 1 - 2016 WECC Las Vegas Valley Water District U.S. 1,497 1,497 1,473 1,473 (16) (16) (16) (17) 38 38 38 1 1 1 - 2016 WECC Las Vegas Valley Water District U.S. 1,497 1,497 1,473 1,473 (16) (16) (16) (16) (17) 38 38 38 1 1 1 - 2016 WECC Las Vegas Valley Water District U.S. 1,497 1,497 1,473 1,473 (16) (16) (16) (16) (17) 38 38 38 1 1 1 - 2016 WECC Las Vegas Valley Water District U.S. 1,497 1												-	-					-	-			-	
2016 WECC Las Vegas Valley Water District U.S. 1,497 1,497 1,473 1,473 (16) (16) 38 38 1 1 -	2016	WECC		Clark County Water Reclamation District	U.S.	1,168	1,168	-	-	1,150	1,150	-	-	(12)	(12)	30		-	-	1	1	-	
													-									-	
								-	-			-	-					-	-			-	

					Total NERC Asses	sments			NERC NEL As	sessments		Penalty San	ctions	ı	IERC Complia	nce Credits		Prio	r Year Correc	tions-WECC	
Data Year	Regional Entity	D Entity	Country	Total	US	Canada	Mexico	Total	US	Canada	Mexico	Total	US	Total	US	Canada	Mexico	Total	US	Canada	Mexico
2016	WECC	Overton Power District No. 5	U.S.	5,567	5,567		-	5,480	5,480		-	(59)	(59)	142	142	-	-	4	4		
2016	WECC	Southern Nevada Water Authority Basin Electric Power Cooperative	U.S.	1,615	1,615			1,590	1,590	-		(17)	(17)	41	41	-	-	1	1	-	
2016 2016	WECC	Basin Electric Power Cooperative Basin Electric Power Cooperative (SMGT)	U.S. U.S.	6,260 4,458	6,260 4,458			6,162 4,388	6,162 4,388			(66) (47)	(66) (47)	159 113	159 113			5 3	5 3		
2016	WECC	NorthWestern Corp. dba NorthWestern Energy, LLC	U.S.	131,697	131,697			129,637	129,637	-	-	(1,386)	(1,386)	3,347	3,347		-	98	98	-	
2016 2016	WECC	Western Area Power Administration-Upper Great Plains Region PacifiCorp West (PACW)	U.S. U.S.	109 295,930	109 295,930		-	107 291,302	107 291,302	-	-	(1) (3,114)	(1) (3,114)	7,522	7,522	-	-	0 220	0 220	-	
2016	WECC	Constellation New Energy	U.S.	2,796	2,796			2,753	2,753			(29)	(29)	7,322	7,322		-	2	2		
2016	WECC	Noble Americas Energy Solutions, LLC	U.S.	22,359	22,359	-	-	22,010	22,010	-	-	(235)	(235)	568	568	-	-	17	17	-	
2016 2016	WECC	PacifiCorp (IPC) PacifiCorp (EasternBalAuth)	U.S. U.S.	31 705,496	31 705,496			30 694,463	30 694,463			(0) (7,424)	(0) (7,424)	1 17,932	1 17,932		-	0 525	0 525	-	
2016	WECC	PacifiCorp (Portland)	U.S.	58	58			57	57	-	-	(1)	(1)	1	1	-		0	0	-	
2016 2016	WECC	PacifiCorp (WAPA-CO-MO) Portland General Electric Company	U.S. U.S.	1,719 257,440	1,719 257,440	-		1,692 253,414	1,692 253,414		-	(18) (2,709)	(18) (2,709)	44 6,544	44 6,544	-		1 192	1 192	-	
2016	WECC	Shell Energy North America	U.S.	611	611			602	602			(2,709)	(2,709)	16	16		-	0	0		
2016	WECC	Arkansas River Power Authority (ARPA)	U.S.	3,960	3,960		-	3,898	3,898	-	-	(42)	(42)	101	101	-	-	3	3	-	
2016 2016	WECC	Black Hills Colorado Electric Burlington	U.S. U.S.	29,865 497	29,865 497			29,398 490	29,398 490			(314) (5)	(314)	759 13	759 13			22 0	22 0		
2016	WECC	Colorado Springs Utilities	U.S.	710	710			699	699	-		(7)	(7)	18	18			1	1	-	
2016	WECC	Grand Valley Power	U.S.	3,690	3,690		-	3,632	3,632	-	-	(39)	(39)	94	94	-	-	3	3	-	
2016 2016	WECC	Holy Cross Energy Intermountain Rural Electric Association	U.S. U.S.	15,348 32,417	15,348 32,417			15,108 31,910	15,108 31,910			(162) (341)	(162) (341)	390 824	390 824			11 24	11 24		
2016	WECC	Municipal Energy Agency of Nebraska	U.S.	2,522	2,522			2,482	2,482	-	-	(27)	(27)	64	64		-	2	2	-	
2016	WECC	Platte River Power Authority	U.S.	46,715	46,715		-	45,984	45,984		-	(492)	(492)	1,187	1,187	-	-	35	35	-	
2016 2016	WECC	Public Service Company of Colorado (Xcel) Public Service Company of Colorado (Xcel)-(WAPA-CO-MO)	U.S. U.S.	385,573 1,522	385,573 1,522			426,828 1,498	426,828 1,498			(4,563) (16)	(4,563) (16)	11,021 39	11,021 39		-	(47,714) 1	(47,714) 1		
2016	WECC	Raton Public Service	U.S.	782	782		-	770	770	-	-	(8)	(8)	20	20	-	-	1	1	-	
2016 2016	WECC	Town of Center Tri-State Generation & Transmission Assoc. Inc - Reliability	U.S. U.S.	301 38,685	301 38,685			297 38,080	297 38,080			(3) (407)	(3) (407)	8 983	8 983			0 29	0 29		
2016	WECC	Western Area Power - Loveland, CO	U.S.	2,340	2,340		-	2,303	2,303			(25)	(25)	59	59			2	2		
2016	WECC	Yampa Valley Electric Association	U.S.	8,277	8,277		-	8,147	8,147	-	-	(87)	(87)	210	210	-	-	6	6	-	
2016 2016	WECC	City of Aztec Electric Dept (PSC-NM) City of Aztec Electric Dept (WAPA-CO-MO)	U.S. U.S.	329 260	329 260			324 256	324 256			(3)	(3)	7	8 7			0	0		
2016	WECC	City of Gallup	U.S.	3,281	3,281		-	3,230	3,230	-	-	(35)	(35)	83	83	-	-	2	2	-	
2016 2016	WECC	Jicarilla Apache Nation Power Authority Kit Carson Electric Inc	U.S. U.S.	331 2,114	331 2,114			326 2,080	326 2,080		-	(3) (22)	(3) (22)	8 54	8 54		-	0	0	-	
2016	WECC	Navajo Tribal Utility Authority	U.S.	3,461	3,461			3,407	3,407			(36)	(36)	88	88			3	3		
2016	WECC	Navopache Electric Cooperative, Inc.	U.S.	6,292	6,292		-	6,194	6,194	-	-	(66)	(66)	160	160	-	-	5	5	-	
2016 2016	WECC	Public Service Company of New Mexico The Incorporated County of Los Alamos	U.S. U.S.	133,758 8,759	133,758 8,759			131,666 8,622	131,666 8,622			(1,408) (92)	(1,408) (92)	3,400 223	3,400 223		-	100 7	100 7	-	
2016	WECC	Tri-State Generation & Transmission Association, Inc.	U.S.	41,856	41,856			41,201	41,201	-	-	(440)	(440)	1,064	1,064	-		31	31	-	
2016 2016	WECC	US Dept of Energy - Kirtland AFB Public Utility District No. 1 of Chelan County	U.S. U.S.	6,179 24,385	6,179 24,385		-	6,083 24,004	6,083 24,004	-	-	(65) (257)	(65) (257)	157 620	157 620	-	-	5 18	5 18	-	
2016	WECC	PUD No. 1 of Douglas County	U.S.	11,729	11,729			11,545	11,545			(123)	(123)	298	298			9	9		
2016	WECC	Okanogan PUD	U.S.	9,327	9,327		-	9,181	9,181	-	-	(98)	(98)	237	237	-	-	7	7	-	
2016 2016	WECC	Douglas Palisades / PUD No. 1 of DC PUD No. 2 of Grant County	U.S. U.S.	284 64,608	284 64,608			280 63,598	280 63,598		-	(3) (680)	(3) (680)	7 1,642	7 1,642			0 48	0 48	-	
2016	WECC	Puget Sound Energy, Inc.	U.S.	339,094	339,094			333,791	333,791	-	-	(3,568)	(3,568)	8,619	8,619		-	252	252	-	
2016	WECC	Salt River Project	U.S.	423,164	423,164		-	416,546	416,546		-	(4,453)	(4,453)	10,756	10,756	-	-	315	315	-	
2016 2016	WECC	Seattle City Light Barrick Goldstrike Mines Inc.	U.S. U.S.	138,748 20,118	138,748 20,118			136,578 19,804	136,578 19,804			(1,460) (212)	(1,460) (212)	3,527 511	3,527 511			103 15	103 15		
2016	WECC	City of Fallon	U.S.	1,275	1,275		-	1,255	1,255	-	-	(13)	(13)	32	32	-	-	1	1	-	
2016 2016	WECC	Mt. Wheeler Power Truckee Donner Public Utility District	U.S. U.S.	7,685 2,462	7,685 2,462			7,565 2,423	7,565 2,423			(81)	(81) (26)	195 63	195 63			6 2	6 2		
2016	WECC	Beartooth Electric Cooperative	U.S.	1,038	1,038			1,022	1,022	-	-	(11)	(11)	26	26		-	1	1	-	
2016	WECC	City of Tacoma DBA Tacoma Power Tucson Electric Power Company	U.S.	68,992	68,992		-	67,913	67,913		-	(726)	(726)	1,754	1,754	-	-	51	51	-	
2016 2016	WECC	Merced Irrigation District	U.S. U.S.	212,036 6,892	212,036 6,892			208,720 6,785	208,720 6,785		-	(2,231) (73)	(2,231) (73)	5,390 175	5,390 175			158 5	158 5	-	
2016	WECC	Turlock Irrigation District	U.S.	30,604	30,604	-	-	30,125	30,125	-	-	(322)	(322)	778	778	-	-	23	23	-	
2016 2016	WECC	Basin Electric Power Cooperative Black Hills Colorado Electric/Cheyenne Light Fuel & Power	U.S. U.S.	32,770 61,163	32,770 61,163		-	32,258 60,206	32,258 60,206	-	-	(345) (644)	(345) (644)	833 1,555	833 1,555		-	24 46	24 46	-	
2016	WECC	Black Hills State University South Dakota	U.S.	311	311		-	306	306			(3)	(3)	8	8			0	0		
2016 2016	WECC	City of Page Colorado Springs Utilities	U.S. U.S.	1,049 66,721	1,049 66,721	-	-	1,032 65,678	1,032 65,678	-	-	(11) (702)	(11) (702)	27 1,696	27 1,696	-	-	1 50	1 50	-	
2016	WECC	Deseret Generation & Transmission Cooperative	U.S.	1,651	1,651			1,625	1,625			(17)	(17)	42	42			1	1		
2016	WECC	City of Farmington	U.S.	14,190	14,190	-		13,968	13,968	-	-	(149)	(149)	361	361	-	-	11	11	-	
2016 2016	WECC	Municipal Energy Agency of Nebraska Navajo Agricultural Products Industry (NAPI)	U.S. U.S.	9,155 36	9,155 36			9,012 35	9,012 35			(96) (0)	(96) (0)	233 1	233 1			7 0	7 0		
2016	WECC	Nebraska Public Power Marketing	U.S.	53	53		-	52	52	-		(1)	(1)	1	1	-	-	0	0	-	
2016	WECC	Town of Fredonia	U.S.	148	148		-	146	146	-	-	(2)	(2)	4	4	-	-	0	0	-	
2016 2016	WECC	Tri-State Generation & Transmission Assoc. Inc - Reliability Western Area Power - Loveland, CO	U.S. U.S.	109,017 25,603	109,017 25,603			107,312 25,203	107,312 25,203			(1,147) (269)	(1,147) (269)	2,771 651	2,771 651			81 19	81 19	-	
2016	WECC	Western Area Power Administration - CRSP	U.S.	23,909	23,909		-	23,536	23,536	-	-	(252)	(252)	608	608	-	-	18	18	-	
2016 2016	WECC	Wyoming Municipal Power Agency Basin Electric Power Cooperative	U.S. U.S.	3,188 1,503	3,188 1,503		-	3,139 1,479	3,139	-	-	(34) (16)	(34)	81 38	81 38	-	-	2	2	-	
2016	WECC	Montana-Dakota Utilities Co.	U.S.	1,503	1,503 336			330	1,479 330	-		(16)	(16) (4)	38 9	38 9		-	0	0		
2016	WECC	NorthWestern Corp. dba NorthWestern Energy, LLC	U.S.	4,195	4,195	-	-	4,129	4,129	-	-	(44)	(44)	107	107	-	-	3	3	-	
2016 2016	WECC	Western Area Power Administration-Upper Great Plains Region Aha Macav Power Service	U.S. U.S.	5,077 170	5,077 170		-	4,998 167	4,998 167	-	-	(53) (2)	(53) (2)	129 4	129 4		-	4	4 0	-	
2016	WECC	Bureau of Reclamation (Wellfield)	U.S.	131	131	-	-	129	129	-	-	(1)	(1)	3	3	-	-	0	0	-	
2016	WECC	Central Arizona Water Conservation District	U.S.	34,124	34,124	-	-	33,590	33,590	-	-	(359)	(359)	867	867	-	-	25 1	25	-	
2016 2016	WECC	City of Boulder City City of Mesa	U.S. U.S.	1,107 3,792	1,107 3,792		-	1,090 3,733	1,090 3,733			(12) (40)	(12) (40)	28 96	28 96	- :		3	1 3	-	
2016	WECC	Needles Public Utilities Authority	U.S.	425	425		-	419	419	-		(4)	(4)	11	11	-	-	0	0	-	

						Total NERC Ass	essments			NERC NEL A	ssessments		Penalty S	ianctions		NERC Compli	ance Credits		Pr	ior Year Corre	tions-WECC	
Data Year	Regional Entity	ID	Entity	Country	Total	US	Canada	Mexico	Total	US	Canada	Mexico	Total	US	Total	us	Canada	Mexico	Total	US	Canada	Mexico
2016	WECC		Colorado River Agency-Bureau of Indian Affairs	U.S.	251	251			247	247			(3)	(3)	6	6			0	0		
2016	WECC		Electrical District #2	U.S.	2,919	2,919			2.873	2,873			(31)	(31)	74	74			2	2	-	
2016	WECC		Electrical District #2 - Coolidge Generating Station	U.S.	136	136			134	134			(1)	(1)	3	3			0	0		
2016	WECC		Silver State Energy Association	U.S.	8.125	8,125		-	7.998	7,998	-	_	(86)	(86)	207	207	-		6	6	-	
2016	WECC		Arizona Electric Power Cooperative, Inc	U.S.	41,137	41,137			40,494	40,494	-		(433)	(433)	1,046	1,046			31	31		
2016	WECC		U.S. Army Yuma Proving Ground	U.S.	287	287	-	-	283	283	-	-	(3)	(3)	7	7	-	-	0	0	-	
2016	WECC		Wellton-Mohawk Irrigation & Drainage District	U.S.	65	65	-	-	64	64	-	-	(1)	(1)	2	2	-	-	0	0	-	
2016	WECC		Western Area Power Administration-Desert Southwest Region	U.S.	22,556	22,556	-		22,203	22,203	-	-	(237)	(237)	573	573	-	-	17	17	-	
			TOTAL WECC		11,972,373	10,302,881	1,479,975	189,517	12,085,272	10,189,042	1,711,620	184,611	(108,925)	(108,925)	34,927	263,098	(232,939)	4,767	(38,900)	(40,333)	1,294	140
	TOTAL ERO				62,936,968	56,968,506	5,778,945	189,517	63,536,968	56,124,869	7,227,488	184,611	(600,000)	(600,000)	(0)	1,449,240	(1,454,007)	4,767		(5,604)	5,464	140
Summar	y by Regiona	l Entity																				
2016					3,353,279	3,353,279		-	3,300,838	3,300,838	-		(35,287)	(35,287)	85,233	85,233	-		2,496	2,496	-	
2016	MRO				4,150,326	3,461,314	689,012	-	4,078,357	3,407,183	671,174	-	(36,424)	(36,424)	105,310	87,979	17,331	-	3,083	2,576	507	
2016	NPCC				7,694,691	4,084,733	3,609,958	-	8,865,547	4,020,852	4,844,695	-	(42,985)	(42,985)	(1,134,574)	103,825	(1,238,399)	-	6,703	3,040	3,663	
2016	RF				12,807,701	12,807,701	-	-	12,607,403	12,607,403	-	-	(134,779)	(134,779)	325,545	325,545	-	-	9,532	9,532	-	
2016					14,644,708	14,644,708	-	-	14,415,682	14,415,682	-	-	(154,110)	(154,110)	372,238	372,238	-	-	10,899	10,899	-	
2016					3,258,023	3,258,023	-	-	3,207,071	3,207,071	-	-	(34,285)	(34,285)	82,812	82,812	-	-	2,425	2,425	-	
2016					5,055,866	5,055,866	-		4,976,798	4,976,798	-	-	(53,204)	(53,204)	128,509	128,509	-	-	3,763	3,763		
2016	WECC				11,972,373	10,302,881	1,479,975	189,517	12,085,272	10,189,042	1,711,620	184,611	(108,925)	(108,925)	34,927	263,098	(232,939)	4,767	(38,900)	(40,333)	1,294	140
Total					62,936,968	56,968,506	5,778,945	189,517	63,536,968	56,124,869	7,227,488	184,611	(600,000)	(600,000)	(0)	1,449,240	(1,454,007)	4,767		(5,604)	5,464	140

			Total Regional	Entity Assessments (Including WIRA Assessments)	B Re	gional Entity NEL Assessm	nents	Penalty Sanctions	s - US Only	NPCC CORC Program	Correct WECC 2017 Assessments - PSC	of CO WECC Compliance Assessments (ex.AESO)	WIRAB Assessments	Correct WIRAB 2017 Assessments - PSC of CO
Data Regional														
Year Entity	ID Entity 1074 Alachua, City of	Country U.S.	Total 3.872	US Canada N	Mexico Tota	4.019	mada Mexico	Total (147)	US (147)	Total US Canada	Total US Canada M	lexico Total US Canada Mex	co Total US Canada Mexic	Total US Canada Mexico
2016 FRCC 2016 FRCC	1075 Bartow, City of	U.S.	3,872 8,446	8,446 -	- 8,767			(321)	(321)					
2016 FRCC 2016 FRCC	1076 Chattahoochee, City of 1077 Florida Keys Electric Cooperative Assn	U.S. U.S.	1,124 22,018	1,124 - 22,018 -	- 1,166 - 22,855			(43) (837)	(43) (837)					
2016 FRCC 2016 FRCC	1077 Florida Reys Electric Cooperative Assn 1078 Florida Power & Light Co.	U.S.	3,273,367	3,273,367 -	- 22,855 - 3,397,777				(124,410)					
2016 FRCC 2016 FRCC	1079 Florida Public Utilities Company 1080 Gainesville Regional Utilities	U.S. U.S.	10,326 52,149	10,326 - 52,149 -	- 10,719 - 54,131			(392) (1,982)	(392) (1,982)					
2016 FRCC	1081 Homestead, City of	U.S.	15,617	15,617 -	- 16,211			(594)	(594)					
2016 FRCC 2016 FRCC	1082 JEA 1083 Lakeland Electric	U.S. U.S.	360,420 88,640	360,420 - 88,640 -	- 374,119 - 92,009			(13,698)	(13,698)					
2016 FRCC	1626 Lee County Electric Cooperative, Inc	U.S.	115,551	115,551 -	- 119,942	119,942		(4,392)	(4,392)					
2016 FRCC 2016 FRCC	1661 City of Lake Worth 1084 Mount Dora, City of	U.S. U.S.	13,569 2,688	13,569 - 2,688 -	- 14,085 - 2,790			(516) (102)	(516) (102)					
2016 FRCC	1085 New Smyrna Beach, Utilities Commission of	U.S.	12,545	12,545 -	- 13,022	13,022		(477)	(477)					
2016 FRCC 2016 FRCC	1086 Orlando Utilities Commission 1087 Duke Energy Florida	U.S. U.S.	174,876 1.169.469	174,876 - 1.169,469 -	- 181,523 - 1,213,916			(6,646) (44,448)	(6,646) (44,448)					
2016 FRCC	1088 Quincy, City of	U.S.	3,791	3,791 -	- 3,936	3,936		(144)	(144)					
2016 FRCC 2016 FRCC	1089 Reedy Creek Improvement District 1090 St. Cloud, City of (OUC)	U.S. U.S.	34,790 20,823	34,790 - 20,823 -	- 36,113 - 21,614			(1,322) (791)	(1,322) (791)					
2016 FRCC	1091 Tallahassee, City of	U.S.	79,054	79,054 -	- 82,058	82,058		(3,005)	(3,005)					
2016 FRCC 2016 FRCC	1092 Tampa Electric Company 1603 City of Vero Beach	U.S. U.S.	573,572 21,847	573,572 - 21,847 -	- 595,371 - 22,677			(21,800) (830)	(21,800) (830)					
2016 FRCC	1093 Wauchula, City of	U.S.	1,849	1,849 -	- 1,919			(70)	(70)					
2016 FRCC 2016 FRCC	1094 Williston, City of 1095 Winter Park, City of	U.S. U.S.	1,058 12,884	1,058 - 12,884 -	- 1,098 - 13,373		1 1	(40) (490)	(40) (490)					
2016 FRCC	Moore Haven, City of	U.S.	228	228 -	- 236	236		(9)	(9)					
2016 FRCC 2016 FRCC	1072 Florida Municipal Power Agency 1073 Seminole Electric Cooperative	U.S. U.S.	171,787 414,159	171,787 - 414,159 -	- 178,316 - 429,900			(6,529) (15,741)	(6,529) (15,741)					
2010 PRCC	TOTAL FRCC	0.3.	6,660,518	6,660,518 -	- 6,913,663				(253,145)					
2016 MRO	1199 Basin Electric Power Cooperative	U.S.	640.598	640.598 -	- 650.772	650.772		(10.174)	(10.174)					
2016 MRO	1201 Central Iowa Power Cooperative (CIPCO)	U.S.	104,537	104,537 -	- 106,198	106,198		(1,660)	(1,660)					
2016 MRO 2016 MRO	1204 Corn Belt Power Cooperative 1207 Dairyland Power Cooperative	U.S. U.S.	73,545 201,071	73,545 - 201,071 -	- 74,713 - 204,265	74,713		(1,168)	(1,168)					
2016 MRO	1210 Great River Energy	U.S.	500,901	500,901 -	- 508,856	508,856		(7,955)	(7,955)					
2016 MRO 2016 MRO	1222 Minnkota Power Cooperative, Inc. 1230 Nebraska Public Power District	U.S. U.S.	137,615 509,741	137,615 - 509.741 -	- 139,801 - 517,836			(2,186) (8,096)	(2,186) (8,096)					
2016 MRO 2016 MRO	1230 Mebraska Public Power District 1232 Omaha Public Power District	U.S.	414,932	414,932 -	- 517,830 - 421,522			(6,590)	(6,590)					
2016 MRO 2016 MRO	1240 Western Area Power Administration (UM) 1239 Western Area Power Administration (LM)	U.S. U.S.	342,025 1,658	342,025 - 1,658 -	- 347,457 - 1,685	347,457		(5,432) (26)	(5,432) (26)					
2016 MRO 2016 MRO	1239 Western Area Power Administration (LM) 1217 Manitoba Hydro	CAN	887,971	- 887,971	- 887,971		7,971 -	(26)	- (20)					
2016 MRO 2016 MRO	1235 SaskPower	CAN	901,248	- 901,248 1,092,357	- 901,248		1,248 -	-	(17,349)					
2016 MRO	1195 Alliant Energy (Alliant East - WPL & Alliant West IPL) 1710 Dahlberg Electric Company	U.S. U.S.	1,092,357 4,180	4,180 -	- 1,109,706 - 4,246	1,109,706 4,246		(17,349) (66)	(17,349)					
2016 MRO 2016 MRO	1216 Madison, Gas and Electric	U.S. U.S.	128,098 931.814	128,098 - 931.814 -	- 130,133 - 946.613			(2,034) (14,799)	(2,034)					
2016 MRO 2016 MRO	1220 MidAmerican Energy Company 1221 Minnesota Power	U.S.	438,335	438,335 -	- 946,613 - 445,296			(6,962)	(6,962)					
2016 MRO	1226 Montana-Dakota Utilities Co.	U.S.	118,631	118,631 -	- 120,515			(1,884)	(1,884)					
2016 MRO 2016 MRO	1711 North Central Power Company 1231 NorthWestern Energy	U.S. U.S.	1,353 57,455	1,353 - 57,455 -	- 1,374 - 58,367			(21) (913)	(21) (913)					
2016 MRO	1712 NorthWestern Wisconsin	U.S.	6,712	6,712 -	- 6,819			(107)	(107)					
2016 MRO 2016 MRO	1233 Otter Tail Power Company 1664 Wisconsin Public Service (WPS)	U.S. U.S.	195,998 446,289	195,998 - 446,289 -	- 199,111 - 453,377			(3,113) (7,088)	(3,113) (7,088)					
2016 MRO	1665 Upper Peninsula Power Company (UPPCO)	U.S.	25,945	25,945 -	- 26,357	26,357	-	(412)	(412)					
2016 MRO 2016 MRO	1244 Xcel Energy Company (NSP) 1196 Ames Municipal Electric System	U.S. U.S.	1,651,016 28.366	1,651,016 - 28.366 -	- 1,677,238 - 28.817	1,677,238 28.817		(26,222) (451)	(26,222) (451)					
2016 MRO	1604 Atlantic Municipal Utilities	U.S.	3,013	3,013 -	- 3,060	3,060		(48)	(48)					
2016 MRO 2016 MRO	1713 Bloomer Electric & Water Co. 1714 Village of Caddott	U.S. U.S.	2,043 530	2,043 - 530 -	- 2,076 - 538			(32)	(32)					
2016 MRO	1200 Cedar Falls Municipal Utilities	U.S.	19,394	19,394 -	- 19,702	19,702	-	(308)	(308)					
2016 MRO 2016 MRO	 1477 Central Minnesota Municipal Power Agency (CMMPA) 1715 Village of Centuria 	U.S. U.S.	14,124 225	14,124 - 225 -	- 14,348 - 229			(224)	(224)					
2016 MRO	1716 Eldridge Electric and Water Utilities	U.S.	1,562	1,562 -	- 1,587	1,587		(25)	(25)					
2016 MRO 2016 MRO	1203 City of Escanaba 1205 Falls City Water & Light Department	U.S. U.S.	5,451 2,145	5,451 - 2,145 -	- 5,538 - 2,179			(87)	(87)					
2016 MRO	1206 Fremont Department of Utilities	U.S.	16,266	16,266 -	- 16,524	16,524		(258)	(258)					
2016 MRO 2016 MRO	1208 Geneseo Municipal Utilities 1209 Grand Island Utilities Department	U.S. U.S.	2,492 28,031	2,492 - 28,031 -	- 2,532 - 28,476			(40) (445)	(40) (445)					
2016 MRO	1717 Great Lakes Utilities	U.S.	55,151	55,151 -	- 56,027	56,027		(876)	(876)					
2016 MRO 2016 MRO	1718 City of Guttenberg 1606 Harlan Municipal Utilities	U.S. U.S.	647 703	647 - 703 -	- 658 - 714			(10) (11)	(10) (11)					
2016 MRO	1211 Hastings Utilities	U.S.	15,568	15,568 -	- 15,815	15,815		(247)	(247)					
2016 MRO 2016 MRO	1212 Heartland Consumers Power District 1213 Hutchinson Utilities Commission	U.S. U.S.	23,747 10,947	23,747 - 10,947 -	- 24,124 - 11,121		: :	(377) (174)	(377) (174)					
2016 MRO	1719 City of Kasota	U.S.	134	134 -	- 136	136		(2)	(2)					
2016 MRO 2016 MRO	1215 Lincoln Electric System 1223 Missouri River Energy Services	U.S. U.S.	121,183 91,361	121,183 - 91,361 -	- 123,107 - 92,812			(1,925) (1,451)	(1,925) (1,451)					
2016 MRO	1224 MN Municipal Power Agency (MMPA)	U.S.	58,077	58,077 -	- 59,000	59,000		(922)	(922)					
2016 MRO 2016 MRO	1607 Montezuma Municipal Light & Power 1227 Municipal Energy Agency of Nebraska	U.S. U.S.	1,123 34,511	1,123 - 34,511 -	- 1,141 - 35,059		: :	(18) (548)	(18) (548)					
2016 MRO	1228 Muscatine Power and Water	U.S.	32,056	32,056 -	- 32,566	32,566		(509)	(509)					
2016 MRO 2016 MRO	1229 Nebraska City Utilities 1720 Resale Power Group of Iowa	U.S. U.S.	4,898 20,154	4,898 - 20,154 -	- 4,976 - 20,475		: :	(78)	(78)					
2016 MRO	1721 Rice Lake Utilities	U.S.	6,129	6,129 -	- 6,227	6,227		(97)	(97)					
2016 MRO 2016 MRO	1234 Rochester Public Utilities 1236 Southern Minnesota Municipal Power Agency	U.S. U.S.	165 104,123	165 - 104,123 -	- 167 - 105,777	167 105,777		(3) (1,654)	(3) (1,654)					
2016 MRO	1722 City of Spooner	U.S.	1,182	1,182	- 1,201	1,201		(19)	(19)					
2016 MRO 2016 MRO	1241 Willmar Municipal Utilities 1242 Wisconsin Public Power, Inc. (East and West regions)	U.S. U.S.	9,448 201,133	9,448 - 201,133 -	- 9,598 - 204,327	9,598 204,327		(150) (3,194)	(150) (3,194)					
	TOTAL MRO		10,730,106	8,940,887 1,789,219	- 10,872,106	9,082,887 1,789	9,219 -	(142,000)						
2016 NPCC	1336 New England	U.S.	3,813,945	3,813,945 -	- 1,322,099	1,322,099		(32,716)	(32,716)	2,524,562 2,524,562 -				
2016 NPCC	1339 New York	U.S.	4,935,515	4,935,515 -	- 1,708,724	1,708,724			(42,284)	3,269,075 3,269,075 -	-			
2016 NPCC 2016 NPCC	1337 Ontario 1341 Quebec	Canada Canada	2,074,231 2,985,158	- 2,074,231 - 2,985,158	- 1,455,728 - 1,934,463	- 1,455 - 1,934	5,728 - 4,463 -			618,503 - 618,503 1,050,695 - 1,050,695	•			
2016 NPCC	1705 New Brunswick	Canada	288,998	- 288,998	- 145,562	- 145	5,562 -			143,436 - 143,436	-			
2016 NPCC	1340 Nova Scotia TOTAL NPCC	Canada	243,940 14,341,787	- 243,940 8,749,460 5,592,327	- 116,063 - 6,682,639		5,063 - 1,816 -	(75,000)	(75,000)	127,877 - 127,877 7,734,148 5,793,637 1,940,511				<u> </u>
2016 RF										.,,,				
2016 RF 2016 RF	1102 Cannelton Utilities 1106 City of Croswell	U.S. U.S.	337 859	337 - 859 -	- 369 - 941			(32) (82)	(32) (82)					
2016 RF	1490 City of Lansing	U.S.	51,384	51,384 -	- 56,262			(4,879)	(4,879)					
2016 RF 2016 RF	1120 Cloverland Electric Cooperative 1122 CMS ERM Michigan LLC	U.S. U.S.	16,570 2,314	16,570 - 2,314 -	- 18,143 - 2,534	2,534		(1,573) (220)	(1,573) (220)					
2016 RF 2016 RF	1124 Constellation New Energy (MECS-CONS) 1123 Constellation New Energy (MECS-DET)	U.S. U.S.	20,322 24,268	20,322 - 24,268 -	- 22,251 - 26,572	22,251		(1,929) (2,304)	(1,929) (2,304)					
AUAU NF	CONSCIONAL THE WINDSY (WIELD-DEL)	0.3.	£4,£00		20,5/2	20,372	-	(2,304)	(4,304)					

Appendix 2-D,Total Regional Assessments

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		-		Total Regional		s (Including WIRAB	B Rec	ional Entity NEL Asse	sments	Penalty Sanctions	s - US Only	NPCC CORC Program	Correct WECC 2017 Asse	essments - PSC of CO	WECC Complian	ce Assessments (ex.AESO)	WIRA	AB Assessments	Correct W	RAB 2017 Assessments - PSC of
					Assessments)															со
Data Regio	nal																			
Year Enti	y ID	Entity	Country	Total	US	Canada M	lexico Total	US	Canada Mexico	Total	US	Total US Canada	da Total US	Canada Mexico	Total	US Canada Mexico	Total	US Canada Me	xico Total	US Canada Mexico
2016 RF 2016 RF	1128	5 Consumers Energy Company B Detroit Edison Company	U.S. U.S.	758,332 1,039,754	758,332 1,039,754	-	- 830,330 - 1,138,471	830,330 1,138,471		(71,998) (98,717)	(71,998) (98,717)									
2016 RF 2016 RF		Duke Energy Indiana	U.S.	688,932 972	688,932 972	-	- 754,341 - 1,065	754,341 1,065		(65,409) (92)	(65,409) (92)									
2016 RF	1646	5 Ferdinand Municipal Light & Water 5 FirstEnergy Solutions (MECS-CONS)	U.S. U.S.	14,504	14,504		- 15,882	15,882		(1,377)	(1,377)									
2016 RF		9 FirstEnergy Solutions (MECS-DET)	U.S.	24,586	24,586	-	- 26,920	26,920		(2,334)	(2,334)									
2016 RF 2016 RF		5 Hoosier Energy 8 Indiana Municipal Power Agency (DUKE CIN)	U.S.	170,421 69,153	170,421 69,153		- 186,601 - 75,719	186,601 75,719		(16,180) (6,566)	(16,180) (6,566)									
2016 RF	1485	5 Indiana Municipal Power Agency (NIPSCO)	U.S.	9,463	9,463		- 10,361	10,361		(898)	(898)									
2016 RF 2016 RF		5 Indiana Municipal Power Agency (SIGE) 9 Indianapolis Power & Light Co.	U.S. U.S.	13,246 321,051	13,246 321,051	-	- 14,504 - 351,532	14,504 351,532		(1,258)	(1,258)									
2016 RF		Integrys Energy Services (MECS-CONS)	U.S.	16,790	16,790		- 351,532	18,384		(30,481)	(1,594)									
2016 RF	1554	4 Integrys Energy Services (MECS-DET)	U.S.	17,846	17,846		- 19,540	19,540		(1,694)	(1,694)									
2016 RF 2016 RF	1666	5 Integrys Energy Services 4 Just Energy (MECS-DET)	U.S. U.S.	6,687 214	6,687 214	-	- 7,322 - 234	7,322 234		(635) (20)	(635) (20)									
2016 RF		Michigan Public Power Agency	U.S.	71,613	71,613		- 78,412	78,412		(6,799)	(6,799)									
2016 RF		5 Michigan South Central Power Agency	U.S.	15,698	15,698	-	- 17,189	17,189		(1,490)	(1,490)									
2016 RF 2016 RF	1158 1163	MidAmerican Energy Company Retail Northern Indiana Public Service Co.	U.S. U.S.	516 396,844	516 396,844		- 565 - 434,522	565 434,522		(49) (37,677)	(49) (37,677)									
2016 RF		4 Ontonagon County Rural Electrification Assoc.	U.S.	633	633	-	- 693	693		(60)	(60)									
2016 RF 2016 RF		5 PJM Interconnection, LLC	U.S. U.S.	15,354,954 8.922	15,354,954 8.922	-	- 16,812,794 - 9,769	16,812,794 9.769		(1,457,840) (1 (847)	(1,457,840)									
2016 RF		Noble Americas Energy Solutions (MECS-CONS) Noble Americas Energy Solutions (MECS-DET)	U.S.	14,073	14,073		- 15,409	15,409		(1,336)	(1,336)									
2016 RF	1176	Direct Energy (fka:Strategic Energy,LLC) (MECS-CONS)	U.S.	10,534	10,534		- 11,534	11,534		(1,000)	(1,000)									
2016 RF 2016 RF		Direct Energy (fka:Strategic Energy,LLC) (MECS-DET) Spartan Renewable Energy	U.S. U.S.	25,369 1,732	25,369 1,732		- 27,777 - 1,896	27,777 1,896		(2,409)	(2,409) (164)									
2016 RF	1180	Thumb Electric Cooperative	U.S.	4,163	4,163	-	- 4,559	4,559		(395)	(395)									
2016 RF		2 Ohio Valley Electric Corporation	U.S.	8,997	8,997	-	- 9,851	9,851		(854)	(854)									
2016 RF 2016 RF		1 Vectren Energy Delivery of IN 3 Village of Sebewaing	U.S. U.S.	130,088 972	130,088 972		- 142,439 - 1,065	142,439 1,065		(12,351) (92)	(12,351) (92)									
2016 RF	1184	4 Wabash Valley Power Association Inc. (DUKE CIN)	U.S.	64,785	64,785	-	- 70,936	70,936		(6,151)	(6,151)									
2016 RF 2016 RF		Wabash Valley Power Association Inc.(NIPSCO) Wisconsin Electric Power Co.	U.S. U.S.	38,986	38,986 639,895	-	- 42,687 - 700,649	42,687 700.649		(3,701)	(3,701)									
2016 RF 2016 RF		5 Wisconsin Electric Power Co. 9 Wolverine Power Marketing Cooperative	U.S.	639,895 18,945	18,945		- 700,649 - 20,743	700,649 20,743		(60,753) (1,799)	(1,799)									
2016 RF	1191	1 Wolverine Power Supply Cooperative	U.S.	60,150	60,150	-	- 65,861	65,861		(5,711)	(5,711)									
2016 RF	1190	Wolverine Power Marketing Cooperative(MECS-DET) TOTAL RELIABILITYFIRST	U.S.	11,831 20,147,707	11,831 20,147,707	-	- 12,954 - 22,060,584	12,954 22,060,584		(1,123)	(1,123) (1,912,877)									
2016 SER 2016 SER		7 Alabama Municipal Electric Authority 8 Alabama Power Company	U.S. U.S.	58,087 982,245	58,087 982,245		- 60,545 - 1,023,805	60,545 1,023,805		(2,458) (41,560)	(2,458) (41,560)									
2016 SER		9 Ameren - Illinois	U.S.	711,910	711,910	-	- 742,032	742,032		(30,122)	(30,122)									
2016 SER 2016 SER		1 Ameren - Missouri 3 Associated Electric Cooperative Inc.	U.S.	625,998	625,998 317,316	-	- 652,485	652,485 330,742		(26,487)	(26,487) (13,426)									
2016 SER 2016 SER		Associated Electric Cooperative Inc. Beauregard Electric Cooperative, Inc.	U.S. U.S.	317,316 18,190	317,316 18,190		- 330,742 - 18,960	330,742 18,960		(13,426)	(13,426)									
2016 SER	1462	2 Benton Utility District	U.S.	4,126	4,126		- 4,300	4,300		(175)	(175)									
2016 SER 2016 SER		Big Rivers Electric Corporation Rlack Warrior FMC	U.S. U.S.	63,734 7.057	63,734 7.057	-	- 66,430 - 7,356	66,430 7.356		(2,697)	(2,697)									
2016 SER		5 Blue Ridge EMC	U.S.	23,413	23,413	-	- 24,404	24,404		(991)	(991)									
2016 SER	1628	B Brazos Electric Power Cooperative, Inc.	U.S.	7,627	7,627	-	- 7,950	7,950		(323)	(323)									
2016 SER 2016 SER		Canton, MS Central Electric Power Cooperative Inc.	U.S. U.S.	2,206 284,235	2,206 284,235		- 2,299 - 296,262	2,299 296,262		(93) (12,026)	(93) (12,026)									
2016 SER	1667	7 Century Aluminum - Hawesville	U.S.	28,214	28,214		- 29,408	29,408		(1,194)	(1,194)									
2016 SER		B Century Aluminum - Sebree	U.S.	56,341	56,341	-	- 58,725	58,725		(2,384)	(2,384)									
2016 SER 2016 SER		B City of Blountstown FL G City of Camden SC	U.S. U.S.	650 3,396	650 3,396		- 678 - 3,540	678 3,540		(28) (144)	(28) (144)									
2016 SER	1280	City of Collins MS	U.S.	730	730	-	- 761	761		(31)	(31)									
2016 SER 2016 SER		1 City of Columbia MO 2 City of Conway AR (Conway Corporation)	U.S.	20,412 17,076	20,412 17,076	-	- 21,275 - 17,798	21,275 17,798		(864) (723)	(864) (723)									
2016 SER		4 City of Evergreen AL	U.S.	985	985		- 1,027	1,027		(42)	(42)									
2016 SER	1285	5 City of Hampton GA	U.S.	469	469	-	- 488	488		(20)	(20)									
2016 SER 2016 SER		5 City of Hartford AL 7 City of Henderson (KY) Municipal Power & Light	U.S. U.S.	525 10.505	525 10.505		- 548 - 10.950	548 10.950		(22)	(22)									
2016 SER	1288	B City of North Little Rock AR (DENL)	U.S.	16,218	16,218	-	- 16,904	16,904		(686)	(686)									
2016 SER 2016 SER		City of Orangeburg SC Department of Public Utilities City of Robertsdale AL	U.S.	14,184 1,459	14,184 1,459	-	- 14,784 - 1,521	14,784 1,521		(600) (62)	(600) (62)									
2016 SER		1 City of Ruston LA (DERS)	U.S.	4,684	4,684		- 4,882	4,882		(198)	(198)									
2016 SER		2 Seneca Light & Power	U.S.	2,710	2,710	-	- 2,825	2,825		(115)	(115)									
2016 SER 2016 SER		5 City of Springfield (CWLP) 5 City of Thayer, MO	U.S. U.S.	29,746 329	29,746 329		- 31,005 - 342	31,005 342		(1,259) (14)	(1,259) (14)									
2016 SER	1293	3 City of Troy AL	U.S.	7,242	7,242	-	- 7,549	7,549		(306)	(306)									
2016 SER 2016 SER		City of West Memphis AR (West Memphis Utilities) Claiborne Electric Cooperative, Inc.	U.S. U.S.	6,630 11,468	6,630 11.468	-	- 6,910 - 11,953	6,910 11.953		(281)	(281)									
2016 SER	1584	Claiborne Electric Cooperative, Inc. Concordia Electric Cooperative, Inc.	U.S.	11,468 3,749	11,468 3,749		- 11,953 - 3,907	11,953 3,907		(159)	(159)									
2016 SER	:	Cube Hydro Carolinas	U.S.	285	285		- 297	297		(12)	(12)									
2016 SER 2016 SER		3 Dalton Utilities 5 Dixie Electric Membership Corporation	U.S. U.S.	30,285 38,230	30,285 38,230		- 31,567 - 39,847	31,567 39,847		(1,281) (1,618)	(1,281) (1,618)									
2016 SER	1295	5 Dominion Virginia Power	U.S.	1,443,705	1,443,705	-	- 1,504,790	1,504,790		(61,086)	(61,086)									
2016 SER 2016 SER		5 Duke Energy Carolinas, LLC 5 Durant, MS	U.S. U.S.	1,455,435 469	1,455,435 469	-	- 1,517,016 - 489	1,517,016 489		(61,582) (20)	(61,582) (20)									
2016 SER	1478	B LG&E and KU Services Co as agent for LG&E Co and KU Co	U.S.	587,235	587,235		- 612,081	612,081		(24,847)	(24,847)									
2016 SER	1297	7 East Kentucky Power Cooperative	U.S.	229,803	229,803		- 239,526	239,526		(9,723)	(9,723)									
2016 SER 2016 SER		B East Mississippi Electric Power Association G Electricities of North Carolina Inc	U.S.	7,274 200,647	7,274 200,647	-	- 7,582 - 209,136	7,582 209,136		(308)	(308)									
2016 SER	1300	D EnergyUnited EMC	U.S.	43,452	43,452	-	- 45,291	45,291		(1,839)	(1,839)									
2016 SER	1301	1 Entergy	U.S.	1,989,859	1,989,859	-	- 2,074,053	2,074,053		(84,194)	(84,194)									
2016 SER 2016 SER		2 Fayetteville (NC) Public Works Commission 3 Florida Public Utilities (FL Panhandle Load)	U.S.	36,490 5,310	36,490 5,310		- 38,034 - 5,535	38,034 5,535		(1,544)	(1,544) (225)									
2016 SER	1304	French Broad EMC	U.S.	9,140	9,140	-	- 9,526	9,526		(387)	(387)									
2016 SER 2016 SER		5 Georgia Power Company 5 Georgia System Optns Corporation	U.S. U.S.	1,471,910 684,880	1,471,910 684,880	-	- 1,534,189 - 713,858	1,534,189 713,858		(62,279) (28,978)	(62,279) (28,978)									
2016 SER 2016 SER		Georgia System Optins Corporation Greenwood (MS) Utilities Commission	U.S.	4,721	4,721	-	- /13,858 - 4,920	4,920		(28,978)	(200)									
2016 SER		7 Greenwood (SC) Commissioners of Public Works	U.S.	5,640	5,640	-	- 5,879	5,879		(239)	(239)									
2016 SER 2016 SER		Gulf Power Company Haywood EMC	U.S. U.S.	196,823 5,356	196,823 5,356	-	- 205,151 - 5,582	205,151 5,582		(8,328)	(8,328) (227)									
2016 SER	1309	9 Illinois Municipal Electric Agency	U.S.	32,936	32,936	-	- 34,330	34,330		(1,394)	(1,394)									
2016 SER	1480	Itta Bena, MS	U.S.	250	250	-	- 261	261		(11)	(11)									
2016 SER 2016 SER		7 Jefferson Davis Electric Cooperative, Inc. 7 Kentucky Municipal Power	U.S.	4,657 11,636	4,657 11,636		- 4,854 - 12,129	4,854 12,129		(197) (492)	(197) (492)									
2016 SER	1481	1 Kosciusko, MS	U.S.	1,276	1,276		- 1,330	1,330		(54)	(54)									
2016 SER 2016 SER		Leland, MS McCormick Commission of Public Works	U.S. U.S.	541 358	541 358	-	- 564 - 374	564 374	-	(23)	(23) (15)									
2016 SER 2016 SER		McCormick Commission of Public Works Mississippi Power Company	U.S.	176,053	358 176,053		- 374 - 183,502	374 183,502		(15) (7,449)	(15) (7,449)									
2016 SER	1630	Mt. Carmel Public Utility	U.S.	1,762	1,762	-	- 1,837	1,837		(75)	(75)									
2016 SER 2016 SER		5 Municipal Electric Authority of Georgia 5 N.C. Electric Membership Corp.	U.S.	187,362 218,468	187,362 218,468		- 195,290 - 227,712	195,290 227,712		(7,928) (9,244)	(7,928) (9,244)									
2016 SER		Northeast Louisiana Power Cooperative, Inc.	U.S.	4,517	4,517		- 4,708	4,708		(191)	(191)									

Appendix 2-D,Total Regional Assessments

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_					Total Regions	al Entity Assessment		IRAB	Regional Entity NE	Assessments	P	enalty Sanction	ns - US Only	NPCC CORC Program	Correct WECC	2017 Assessm	nts - PSC of CO	WECC Com	pliance Asse	ssments (ex.AES	50)	WIR	AB Assessmen	ts	Correct WIR.	CO CO	ents - PSC of
Data	Danian																										
Year	Regiona	ID.	Entity	Country	Total	US	Canada	Mexico	Total U	Canada	Mexico	Total	US	Total US Canada	Total	US Ca	ada Mexico	Total	US	Canada M	lexico	Total	US Can	ada Mexico	Total	US Canar	da Mexico
2016 2016	SERC SERC		Northern Virginia Electric Cooperative	U.S. U.S.	76,357 90.375	76,357 90.375	-	-	79,587 79,587 94.198 94.198	-	-	(3,231)	(3,231)														
2016	SERC		Old Dominion Electric Cooperative Osceola (Arkansas) Municipal Light and Power	U.S.	2,694	2,694	-	-	94,198 94,198 2,807 2,807		-	(3,824) (114)	(114)														
2016 2016	SERC SERC	1320	Owensboro (KY) Municipal Utilities Piedmont EMC in Duke and Progress Areas	U.S.	14,207 8,885	14,207 8,885	-		14,808 14,808 9,261 9,261	-	-	(601)	(601)														
2016			Piedmont EMC in Duke and Progress Areas Piedmont Municipal Power Agency (PMPA)	U.S. U.S.	41,491	41,491		-	43,246 43,246		-	(376) (1,756)	(376) (1,756)														
2016	SERC	1589	Pointe Coupee Electric Memb. Corp.	U.S.	4,286	4,286	-	-	4,467 4,467	-	-	(181)	(181)														
2016 2016	SERC SERC		PowerSouth Energy Prairie Power, Inc.	U.S. U.S.	148,651 26,250	148,651 26,250	-		.54,940 154,940 27,361 27,361		-	(6,290) (1,111)	(6,290) (1,111)														
2016	SERC	1706	Duke Energy Progress	U.S.	781,341	781,341	-	- 1	14,401 814,401	-	-	(33,060)	(33,060)														
2016 2016	SERC SERC		Rutherford EMC Sam Rayburn G&T Electric Cooperative Inc.	U.S. U.S.	23,035 30.364	23,035 30.364	-		24,010 24,010 31.649 31.649		-	(975) (1,285)	(975) (1.285)														
2016	SERC	1326	South Carolina Electric & Gas Company	U.S.	397,174	397,174	-		13,979 413,979	-	-	(16,805)	(16,805)														
2016 2016	SERC SERC		South Carolina Public Service Authority South Louisiana Electric Cooperative Association	U.S. U.S.	147,060 9,226	147,060 9,226	-	- :	53,282 153,282 9,617 9,617	-	-	(6,222) (390)	(6,222)														
2016	SERC	1328	Cooperative Energy (formerly SMEPA)	U.S.	168,001	168,001		-	75,109 175,109		-	(7,108)	(7,108)														
2016 2016	SERC		Southern Illinois Power Cooperative	U.S. U.S.	27,409 42,315	27,409 42,315	-	-	28,569 28,569 44,105 44,105	-	-	(1,160)	(1,160) (1,790)														
2016	SERC		Southwest Louisiana Electric Membership Corporation Southwestern Electric Cooperative, Inc.	U.S.	7,809	7,809	-		8,139 8,139	-	-	(1,790) (330)	(330)														
2016 2016	SERC SERC	1331	Tennessee Valley Authority Tex-La Electric Cooperative of Texas, Inc	U.S. U.S.	2,695,952 3,556	2,695,952 3,556	-	- 2,	10,022 2,810,022 3,706 3,706	-	-	(114,070)	(114,070)														
2016			Tombigbee Electric Cooperative Inc.	U.S.	5,372	5,372	-		3,706 3,706 5,599 5,599	-	-	(150) (227)	(150) (227)														
2016	SERC		Town of Sharpsburg, N.C.	U.S.	334	334	-	-	348 348	-	-	(14)	(14)														
2016 2016	SERC SERC		Town of Stantonsburg, N.C. JRO Town of Waynesville NC	U.S. U.S.	953 1,541	953 1,541			993 993 1,606 1,606		-	(40) (65)	(40) (65)														
2016		1334	Town of Winnsboro SC	U.S.	1,085	1,085	-		1,131 1,131	-	-	(46)	(46)														
2016 2016	SERC SERC		Town of Winterville NC Washington-St.Tammany Electric Cooperative, Inc.	U.S. U.S.	922 17,862	922 17,862	-		961 961 18,618 18,618		-	(39) (756)	(39) (756)														
			TOTAL SERC		17,205,136	17,205,136		- 17,	133,114 17,933,114			(727,978)	(727,978)														
2016			American Electric Power	U.S.	1,609,644	1,609,644	-		57,632 1,657,632		-	(47,988)	(47,988)														
2016 2016	SPP		AEP-VEMCO Arkansas Electric Cooperative Corporation	U.S. U.S.	28,693 600,638	28,693 600,638	-		29,549 29,549 i18,545 618,545	-	-	(855) (17,907)	(855) (17,907)														
2016	SPP	1247	Board of Public Utilities (Kansas City KS)	U.S.	103,992	103,992	-		07,092 107,092	-	-	(3,100)	(3,100)														
2016 2016	SPP SPP		Board of Public Utilities, City of McPherson, Kansas Carthage City Water & Light	U.S. U.S.	43,161 13,273	43,161 13,273	-		44,448 44,448 13,668 13,668		-	(1,287)	(1,287)														
2016	SPP		Central Valley Electric Cooperative	U.S.	34,247	34,247	-	-	35,268 35,268	-	-	(1,021)	(1,021)														
2016 2016	SPP SPP		City of Bentonville City of Clarksdale, Mississippi	U.S. U.S.	30,352 7,177	30,352 7,177	-		31,257 31,257 7,391 7,391		-	(905) (214)	(905) (214)														
2016	SPP	1558	Hope Water & Light (HWL)	U.S.	13,096	13,096	-		13,486 13,486	-	-	(390)	(390)														
2016 2016	SPP		City of Abbeville City of Minden	U.S. U.S.	6,099 6,405	6,099 6,405	-		6,280 6,280 6,596 6,596	-	-	(182) (191)	(182) (191)														
2016	SPP		City of Nixa	U.S.	7,232	7,232	-		7,448 7,448	-	-	(216)	(216)														
2016 2016	SPP SPP	1703 1636	City of Chanute City of Prescott	U.S. U.S.	21,405 3,769	21,405 3,769	-	-	22,043 22,043 3,881 3,881	-	-	(638) (112)	(638) (112)														
2016		1248	Independence Power & Light (Independence, MO)	U.S.	45,921	45,921	-		47,290 47,290	-	-	(1,369)	(1,369)														
2016 2016	SPP		City Utilities of Springfield, MO Cleco Power LLC	U.S. U.S.	137,322 518,481	137,322 518,481	-		.41,416 141,416 i33,938 533,938	-	-	(4,094) (15,458)	(4,094) (15,458)														
2016 2016	SPP SPP	1437	East Texas Electric Coop, Inc.	U.S.	19,047	19,047 226,209	-	-	19,615 19,615	-	-	(568)	(568) (6,744)														
2016			The Empire District Electric Company Farmers' Electric Coop	U.S. U.S.	226,209 13,070	13,070	-		32,953 232,953 13,460 13,460	-	-	(6,744) (390)	(390)														
2016	SPP		Golden Spread Electric Coop	U.S.	226,639	226,639	-		33,396 233,396	-	-	(6,757)	(6,757)														
2016 2016	SPP	1648	Grand River Dam Authority Jonesboro City Water & Light	U.S. U.S.	240,010 60,671	240,010 60,671	-	-	47,165 247,165 62,480 62,480	-	-	(7,155) (1,809)	(7,155) (1,809)														
2016 2016	SPP SPP		Kansas City Power & Light (KCPL)	U.S. U.S.	676,791 92,761	676,791 92,761	-	- 1	96,968 696,968 95,527 95,527	-	-	(20,177)	(20,177)														
2016	SPP		Kansas Electric Power Coop., Inc Kansas Municipal Energy Agency (KCPL)	U.S.	65,168	65,168	-		67,111 67,111	-	-	(2,766) (1,943)	(2,766) (1,943)														
2016 2016	SPP SPP	1637 1649	Kansas Power Pool	U.S. U.S.	38,049 6,220	38,049 6,220	-	-	39,184 39,184 6,406 6,406	-	-	(1,134) (185)	(1,134) (185)														
2016	SPP		Kennett Board of Public Works KCP&L GMOC (Greater Missouri Operations Company)	U.S.	368,749	368,749		-	6,406 6,406 179,742 379,742		-	(10,994)	(10,994)														
2016 2016	SPP		Lafayette Utilities System Lea County Electric Coop	U.S. U.S.	89,845 50.033	89,845 50.033	-		92,524 92,524 51.525 51.525	-	-	(2,679) (1,492)	(2,679)														
2016	SPP	1253	Louisiana Energy & Power Authority (LEPA)	U.S.	42,795	42,795	-		44,071 44,071			(1,276)	(1,276)														
2016 2016	SPP SPP	1650	Malden Board of Public Works Midwest Energy Inc.	U.S. U.S.	2,236 76,354	2,236 76,354			2,303 2,303 78,631 78,631		-	(67) (2,276)	(67) (2,276)														
2016	SPP	1443	Missouri Joint Municipal Electric Utility Commission	U.S.	111,572	111,572	-		14,898 114,898	-	-	(3,326)	(3,326)														
2016 2016	SPP		Northeast Texas Electric Cooperative, Inc. Oklahoma Gas and Electric Co.	U.S. U.S.	137,480 1,198,396	137,480 1,198,396	-		.41,579 141,579 :34,123 1,234,123		-	(4,099) (35,728)	(4,099) (35,728)														
2016	SPP	1444	Oklahoma Municipal Power Auth	U.S.	125,500	125,500	-		29,241 129,241	-	-	(3,742)	(3,742)														
2016 2016	SPP SPP		OzMo Ozark Missouri, West Plains MO Paragould Light, Water & Cable	U.S. U.S.	8,596 26,150	8,596 26,150	-		8,852 8,852 26,930 26,930		-	(256) (780)	(256) (780)														
2016	SPP		People's Electric Cooperative (PEC)	U.S.	7,370	7,370	-		7,590 7,590	-	-	(220)	(220)														
2016 2016	SPP SPP	1652 1653	Piggott Municipal Light, Water & Sewer Poplar Bluff Municipal Utilities	U.S. U.S.	1,639 16,511	1,639 16,511	-	-	1,688 1,688 17,003 17,003	-	-	(49) (492)	(49) (492)														
2016 2016	SPP	1561	Public Service Commission of Yazoo City of Mississippi	U.S. U.S.	5,100 6,888	5,100 6,888	-	-	5,252 5,252	-	-	(152)	(152) (205)														
2016	SPP	1654	Roosevelt County Electric Coop Sikeston Board of Municipal Utilities	U.S.	16,367	16,367	-	-	16,855 16,855	-	-	(205) (488)	(488)														
2016 2016	SPP SPP		Southwestern Public Service Co. (SPS-XCEL)	U.S. U.S.	903,626	903,626 195,481	-		930,566 930,566 01,309 201,309	-	-	(26,940)	(26,940) (5,828)														
2016	SPP	1445	Sunflower Electric Power Cooperative Tex - La Electric Cooperative of Texas	U.S.	195,481 21,654	21,654	-	-	22,300 22,300	-	-	(5,828) (646)	(646)														
2016 2016	SPP		Tri County Electric Coop Westar Energy, Inc.	U.S. U.S.	15,636 906.738	15,636 906.738	-		16,102 16,102 33.771 933.771	-	-	(466) (27.033)	(466) (27.033)														
2016	SPP	1259	Western Farmers Electric Cooperative	U.S.	376,215	376,215	-	-	87,431 387,431	-	-	(11,216)	(11,216)														
2016	SPP	1501	West Texas Municipal Power Agency TOTAL SPP	U.S.	120,795 9,727,265	120,795 9,727,265		- 10,	24,396 124,396 17,265 10,017,265			(3,601) (290,000)	(3,601) (290,000)														
2016	TRE	1019	ERCOT	U.S.	11,271,986	11,271,986		. 111	46,986 11,546,986		-	(275 000)	(275,000)	-													
2010	int	1019	TOTAL ERCOT	0.3.	11,271,986	11,271,986	-		46,986 11,546,986 46,986 11,546,986	-	-		(275,000)														
2016	WECC		Alberta Electric System Operator	Canada	979,700	-	979,700	- 1,	187,290 -	1,887,290	-	-	-		7,511	7	511	(964,368)		964,368)	49	,007	49,0	07	259	25	i9
			British Columbia Hydro & Power Authority	Canada Mexico	2,125,977	-	2,125,977	- 1,	90,783 -	1,990,783	-	-	-		7,923		923	75,304		75,304	51	1,694	51,6	94	273	27	73
2016					446,684	-	-	446,684	118,278 - 353 353	-	418,278	(32)	(32)		1,665 1	1	1,665	15,822 13	13	- 15	5,822 10	0,861		10,861	57		57
	WECC		Centro Nacional de Control de Energia Ajo Improvement District	U.S.	345	345																9	9		0	0	
2016 2016 2016 2016	WECC		Ajo Improvement District Arizona Public Service Company	U.S. U.S.	904,070	904,070	-	- !	25,406 925,406	-	-	(84,180)	(84,180)		3,683	3,683		35,005	35,005		24		91,030		127	127	
2016 2016 2016	WECC WECC		Ajo Improvement District	U.S.			-	- !	25,406 925,406 1,465 1,465 23,702 23,702	-	-	(84,180) (133) (2,156)	(84,180) (133) (2,156)		3,683 6 94	3,683 6 94						38	9 1,030 38 615				
2016 2016 2016 2016 2016 2016 2016	WECC WECC WECC WECC		Ajo Improvement District Arizona Public Service Company City of Williams Electrical Districts 3 Majority Districts	U.S. U.S. U.S. U.S.	904,070 1,431 23,156 24,297	904,070 1,431 23,156 24,297	-	- !	1,465 1,465 23,702 23,702 24,870 24,870		-	(2,156) (2,262)	(133) (2,156) (2,262)		6 94 99	6		35,005 55 897 941	35,005 55 897 941			38 615 646	38 615 646		127 0 3 3	127 0 3 3	
2016 2016 2016 2016 2016 2016 2016 2016	WECC WECC WECC		Ajo Improvement District Arizona Public Servine Company City of Williams Electrical District 3 Majority Districts Navigo Tribal Utility Authority Tohono O'O'dhaw Utility Authority	U.S. U.S. U.S.	904,070 1,431 23,156 24,297 632	904,070 1,431 23,156 24,297 632	-	- !	1,465 1,465 23,702 23,702 24,870 24,870 647 647		-	(133) (2,156) (2,262) (59)	(133) (2,156) (2,262) (59)		6 94	6 94		35,005 55 897	35,005 55 897			38 615	38 615		127 0 3	127 0 3	
2016 2016 2016 2016 2016 2016 2016 2016	WECC WECC WECC WECC WECC WECC		Ajo Ingrowement District Arizona Public Service Company City of Williams Electrical Districts 3 Majority Districts Navajo Tribal Utility Authority Tohono O'Othem Utility Authority Town of Wickenburg	U.S. U.S. U.S. U.S. U.S. U.S. U.S.	904,070 1,431 23,156 24,297 632 1,960 834	904,070 1,431 23,156 24,297 632 1,960 834	-	- - - -	1,465 1,465 23,702 23,702 24,870 24,870 647 647 2,006 2,006 853 853	-	-	(133) (2,156) (2,262) (59) (182) (78)	(133) (2,156) (2,262) (59) (182) (78)		6 94 99 3 8 3	6 94 99 3 8 3		35,005 55 897 941 24 76 32	35,005 55 897 941 24 76 32			38 615 646 17 52 22	38 615 646 17 52 22		127 0 3 3 0 0	127 0 3 3 0 0	
2016 2016 2016 2016 2016 2016 2016 2016	WECC WECC WECC WECC WECC WECC		Ajo Improvement District Arizona Public Servine Company City of Williams Electrical District 3 Majority Districts Navigo Tribal Utility Authority Tohono O'O'dhaw Utility Authority	U.S. U.S. U.S. U.S. U.S. U.S.	904,070 1,431 23,156 24,297 632 1,960	904,070 1,431 23,156 24,297 632 1,960		-	1,465 1,465 23,702 23,702 24,870 24,870 647 647 2,006 2,006	- - - -	-	(133) (2,156) (2,262) (59) (182)	(133) (2,156) (2,262) (59) (182)		6 94 99 3	6 94		35,005 55 897 941 24 76	35,005 55 897 941 24 76		7	38 615 646 17 52 22 7,767 7	38 615 646 17 52		127 0 3 3	127 0 3 3	
2016 2016 2016 2016 2016 2016 2016 2016	WECC WECC WECC WECC WECC WECC WECC WECC		Ajo Improvement District Arizona Public Service Company Clipy of Williams Electrical Districts 3 Majority Districts Nawajo Tribal Utility Authority Town of Wickenburg Avista Corporation Kaiser Aluminum Fabricated Products LLC Pend Orelial County Pub No. 1	U.S. U.S. U.S. U.S. U.S. U.S. U.S. U.S.	904,070 1,431 23,156 24,297 632 1,960 834 292,210 9,887 30,318	904,070 1,431 23,156 24,297 632 1,960 834 292,210 9,887 30,318		-	1,465 1,465 23,702 23,702 24,870 24,870 647 647 2,006 2,006 853 853 853 99,106 10,120 10,120 31,033 31,033 31,033	- - - - -	-	(133) (2,156) (2,262) (59) (182) (78) (27,208) (921) (2,823)	(133) (2,156) (2,262) (59) (182) (78) (27,208) (921) (2,823)		6 94 99 3 8 3 1,190 40	6 94 99 3 8 3 1,190 40		35,005 55 897 941 24 76 32 11,314 383 1,174	35,005 55 897 941 24 76 32 11,314 383 1,174		7	38 615 646 17 52 22 7,767 7 263 806	38 615 646 17 52 22 7,767 263 806		127 0 3 3 0 0 0 41	127 0 3 3 0 0 0 41 1	
2016 2016 2016 2016 2016 2016 2016 2016	WECC WECC WECC WECC WECC WECC WECC WECC		Ajo Improvement District. Arizona Public Service Company Clipy of Williams Electrical Districts 3 Majority Districts 3 Majority Districts 1 Mayajority Districts	U.S. U.S. U.S. U.S. U.S. U.S. U.S. U.S.	904,070 1,431 23,156 24,297 632 1,960 834 292,210 9,887 30,318 2,701 191,456	904,070 1,431 23,156 24,297 632 1,960 834 292,210 9,887 30,318 2,701 191,456			1,465 1,465 23,702 23,702 23,702 23,702 24,870 647 647 2,006 2,006 853 853 99,106 299,106 10,120 11,120 31,033 31,033 2,765 2,765 95,974 195,974	- - - - - - -		(133) (2,156) (2,262) (59) (182) (78) (27,208) (921) (2,823) (251) (17,827)	(133) (2,156) (2,262) (59) (182) (78) (27,208) (921) (2,823) (251) (17,827)		6 94 99 3 8 3 1,190 40 124 11 780	6 94 99 3 8 3 1,190 40 124 11 780		35,005 55 897 941 24 76 32 11,314 383 1,174 105 7,413	35,005 55 897 941 24 76 32 11,314 383 1,174 105 7,413		7	38 615 646 17 52 22 7,767 7 263 806 72 5,089 5	38 615 646 17 52 22 27,767 263 806 72 5,089		127 0 3 3 0 0 0 41	127 0 3 3 0 0 0 0 41	
2016 2016 2016 2016 2016 2016 2016 2016	WECC WECC WECC WECC WECC WECC WECC WECC		Ajo Improvement District Arizona Public Service Company City of Williams Electrical Districts 3 Majority Districts Mayor Triab Utility Authority Tohono O'Odham Utility Authority Tohono O'Odham Utility Authority Town of Wickenburg Avista Corporation Kaisar Aluminum Eabricated Products LLC Pend O'nelle Country PUD No. 1 PUD No. 2 of Corract Country	U.S. U.S. U.S. U.S. U.S. U.S. U.S. U.S.	904,070 1,431 23,156 24,297 632 1,960 834 292,210 9,887 30,318 2,701	904,070 1,431 23,156 24,297 632 1,960 834 292,210 9,887 30,318 2,701			1,465 1,465 23,702 23,702 24,870 24,870 647 647 2,006 2,006 853 853 99,106 299,106 10,120 10,120 31,033 31,033 2,765 2,765	- - - - - - -		(133) (2,156) (2,262) (59) (182) (78) (27,208) (921) (2,823) (251)	(133) (2,156) (2,262) (59) (182) (78) (27,208) (921) (2,823) (251)		6 94 99 3 8 3 1,190 40 124	6 94 99 3 8 3 1,190 40 124		35,005 55 897 941 24 76 32 11,314 383 1,174	35,005 55 897 941 24 76 32 11,314 383 1,174 105		7	38 615 646 17 52 22 7,767 7 263 806 72 5,089 5	38 615 646 17 52 22 7,767 263 806 72		127 0 3 3 0 0 0 41 1 4	127 0 3 3 0 0 0 41 1 4 0	

Appendix 2-D,Total Regional Assessments

			Total Regional	Entity Assessments (Inc	cluding WIRAB	Regions	al Entity NEL Assessments		Penalty Sanctions - US Only	NPCC CORC Program	Correct WECC 2017 Asse	isments - PSC of CO WECC C	ompliance Assessments (ex.AESO)	WIRAB Assessments	Correct WIRAB 2017 Assessments - PSC of
				Assessments)									,		со
Data Regional Year Entity I	D Entity	Country	Total	us c	anada Mexico	Total	US Canada	Mexico	Total US	Total US Canada	Total US	Canada Mexico Tota	US Canada Mexic	o Total US Canada Me	xico Total US Canada Mexico
2016 WECC	Bonneville Power Administration-Transmission	U.S.	1,683,684	1,683,684		1,723,418	1,723,418 -	-	(156,772) (156,772)		6,859 6,859	65,190	65,190	44,752 44,752	237 237
2016 WECC 2016 WECC	City of Redding City of Roseville	U.S. U.S.	24,405 38,303	24,405 38,303	: :	24,981 39,207	24,981 - 39,207 -		(2,272) (2,272) (3,567) (3,567)		99 99 156 156	945 1,483	945 1,483	649 649 1,018 1,018	3 3 5 5
2016 WECC	Modesto Irrigation District	U.S.	80,281	80,281		82,176	82,176 -	-	(7,475) (7,475)		327 327	3,108	3,108	2,134 2,134	11 11
2016 WECC 2016 WECC	Sacramento Municipal Utility District Western Area Power Administration-Sierra Nevada Region	U.S. U.S.	350,951 51,035	350,951 51,035		359,233 52,240	359,233 - 52,240 -	-	(32,678) (32,678) (4,752) (4,752)		1,430 1,430 208 208	13,588 1,976	13,588 1,976	9,328 9,328 1,357 1,357	49 49 7 7
2016 WECC	California Independent System Operator	U.S.	7,119,444	7,119,444		7,287,460	7,287,460 -	-	(662,908) (662,908)		29,002 29,002	275,657	275,657	189,233 189,233	1,000 1,000
2016 WECC 2016 WECC	El Paso Electric Company Idaho Power Company	U.S. U.S.	263,112 478.895	263,112 478.895		269,321 490.197	269,321 - 490.197 -	-	(24,499) (24,499) (44.591) (44.591)		1,072 1,072 1.951 1.951	10,187 18.542	10,187 18.542	6,993 6,993 12,729 12,729	37 37 67 67
2016 WECC	Imperial Irrigation District	U.S.	115,301	115,301		118,022	118,022 -	-	(10,736) (10,736)		470 470	4,464	4,464	3,065 3,065	16 16
2016 WECC 2016 WECC	Los Angeles Department of Water and Power City of Henderson	U.S.	891,505 1,309	891,505 1,309		912,544 1,340	912,544 - 1,340 -	-	(83,010) (83,010) (122) (122)		3,632 3,632	34,518 51	34,518 51	23,696 23,696 35 35	125 125 0 0
2016 WECC	City of Las Vegas	U.S.	1,394	1,394		1,427	1,427 -	-	(130) (130)		6 6	54	54	37 37	0 0
2016 WECC 2016 WECC	City of North Las Vegas Clark County Water Reclamation District	U.S. U.S.	694 2.546	694 2.546	1 1	711 2.606	711 - 2.606 -	-	(65) (65) (237) (237)		3 3 10 10	27 99	27 99	18 18 68 68	0 0
2016 WECC	Colorado River Commission of Nevada	U.S.	21,843	21,843		22,358	22,358 -	-	(2,034) (2,034)		89 89	846	846	581 581	3 3
2016 WECC 2016 WECC	Las Vegas Valley Water District Nevada Power Company dba NV Energy	U.S. U.S.	3,262 998,380	3,262 998,380		3,339 1,021,941	3,339 - 1,021,941 -	-	(304) (304) (92,961) (92,961)		13 13 4,067 4,067	126 38,656	126 38,656	87 87 26,537 26,537	0 0 140 140
2016 WECC	Overton Power District No. 5	U.S.	12,131	12,131		12,417	12,417 -	-	(1,130) (1,130)		49 49	470	470	322 322	2 2
2016 WECC 2016 WECC	Southern Nevada Water Authority Basin Electric Power Cooperative	U.S. U.S.	3,519 13,640	3,519 13,640		3,602 13,962	3,602 - 13,962 -	-	(328) (328) (1,270) (1,270)		14 14 56 56	136 528	136 528	94 94 363 363	0 0
2016 WECC	Basin Electric Power Cooperative (SMGT)	U.S.	9,713	9,713		9,942	9,942 -	-	(904) (904)		40 40	376	376	258 258	1 1
2016 WECC 2016 WECC	NorthWestern Corp. dba NorthWestern Energy, LLC Western Area Power Administration-Upper Great Plains Region	U.S. U.S.	286,951 238	286,951 238		293,723 243	293,723 - 243 -	-	(26,719) (26,719) (22) (22)		1,169 1,169	11,110	11,110	7,627 7,627	40 40
2016 WECC	PacifiCorp West (PACW)	U.S.	644,795	644,795		660,011	660,011	-	(60,038) (60,038)		2,627 2,627	24,966	24,966	17,138 17,138	91 91
2016 WECC 2016 WECC	Constellation New Energy Noble Americas Energy Solutions, LLC	U.S. U.S.	6,093 48,719	6,093 48,719		6,237 49,868	6,237 - 49,868 -	-	(567) (567) (4,536) (4,536)		25 25 198 198	236 1,886	236 1,886	162 162 1,295 1,295	1 1
2016 WECC	PacifiCorp (IPC)	U.S.	67	67		68	68 -	-	(6) (6)		0 0	3	3	2 2	0 0
2016 WECC 2016 WECC	PacifiCorp (EasternBalAuth) PacifiCorp (Portland)	U.S. U.S.	1,537,191 127	1,537,191 127	1 1	1,573,468 130	1,573,468 - 130 -	-	(143,132) (143,132) (12) (12)		6,262 6,262	59,518	59,518	40,858 40,858	216 216
2016 WECC	PacifiCorp (WAPA-CO-MO)	U.S.	3,745	3,745		3,833	3,833 -	-	(349) (349)		15 15	145	145	100 100	1 1
2016 WECC 2016 WECC	Portland General Electric Company Shell Energy North America	U.S. U.S.	560,931 1,332	560,931 1,332		574,169 1,364	574,169 - 1,364 -	-	(52,230) (52,230) (124) (124)		2,285 2,285 5 5	21,719 52	21,719 52	14,909 14,909 35 35	79 79
2016 WECC	Arkansas River Power Authority (ARPA)	U.S.	8,628	8,628		8,832	8,832 -	-	(803) (803)		35 35	334	334	229 229	1 1
2016 WECC 2016 WECC	Black Hills Colorado Electric Burlington	U.S. U.S.	65,073 1,084	65,073 1,084		66,609 1,109	66,609 - 1,109 -	-	(6,059) (6,059) (101) (101)		265 265	2,520 42	2,520 42	1,730 1,730 29 29	9 9
2016 WECC	Colorado Springs Utilities	U.S.	1,548	1,548		1,584	1,584 -	-	(144) (144)		6 6	60	60	41 41	0 0
2016 WECC 2016 WECC	Grand Valley Power Holy Cross Energy	U.S. U.S.	8,039 33.441	8,039 33,441		8,229 34,230	8,229 - 34,230 -	-	(749) (749) (3.114) (3.114)		33 33 136 136	311 1.295	311 1.295	214 214 889 889	1 1
2016 WECC	Intermountain Rural Electric Association	U.S.	70,632	70,632		72,299	72,299 -	-	(6,577) (6,577)		288 288	2,735	2,735	1,877 1,877	10 10
2016 WECC 2016 WECC	Municipal Energy Agency of Nebraska Platte River Power Authority	U.S.	5,494 101,786	5,494 101,786		5,624 104,188	5,624 - 104,188 -	-	(512) (512) (9,477) (9,477)		22 22 415 415	213 3,941	213 3,941	146 146 2,705 2,705	1 1 14 14
2016 WECC	Public Service Company of Colorado (Xcel)	U.S.	832,051	832,051		967,079	967,079 -	-	(87,971) (87,971)		(105,124) (105,124)	36,581	36,581	25,112 25,112	(3,626) (3,626)
2016 WECC 2016 WECC	Public Service Company of Colorado (Xcel)-(WAPA-CO-MO) Raton Public Service	U.S. U.S.	3,316 1.705	3,316 1.705	1 1	3,394 1.745	3,394 - 1,745 -	-	(309) (309) (159) (159)		14 14 7 7	128 66	128 66	88 88 45 45	0 0
2016 WECC	Town of Center	U.S.	657	657		672	672 -	-	(61) (61)		3 3	25	25	17 17	0 0
2016 WECC 2016 WECC	Tri-State Generation & Transmission Assoc. Inc - Reliability Western Area Power - Loveland, CO	U.S. U.S.	84,291 5,098	84,291 5,098		86,280 5,219	86,280 - 5,219 -	-	(7,849) (7,849) (475) (475)		343 343 21 21	3,264 197	3,264 197	2,240 2,240 136 136	12 12
2016 WECC	Yampa Valley Electric Association	U.S.	18,034	18,034		18,460	18,460 -	-	(1,679) (1,679)		73 73	698	698	479 479	3 3
2016 WECC 2016 WECC	City of Aztec Electric Dept (PSC-NM) City of Aztec Electric Dept (WAPA-CO-MO)	U.S.	717 567	717 567		734 581	734 - 581 -	-	(67) (67) (53) (53)		3 3 2	28 22	28 22	19 19 15 15	0 0
2016 WECC 2016 WECC	City of Gallup	U.S. U.S.	7,149	7,149		7,318	7,318 -	-	(53) (53)		29 29	277	277	190 190	1 1
2016 WECC	Jicarilla Apache Nation Power Authority	U.S.	721	721		738	738 -	-	(67) (67)		3 3	28	28	19 19	0 0
2016 WECC 2016 WECC	Kit Carson Electric Inc Navajo Tribal Utility Authority	U.S. U.S.	4,605 7,542	4,605 7,542		4,714 7,720	4,714 - 7,720 -	-	(429) (429) (702) (702)		19 19 31 31	178 292	178 292	122 122 200 200	1 1 1
2016 WECC	Navopache Electric Cooperative, Inc.	U.S.	13,710	13,710		14,034	14,034 -	-	(1,277) (1,277)		56 56	531	531	364 364	2 2
2016 WECC 2016 WECC	Public Service Company of New Mexico The Incorporated County of Los Alamos	U.S. U.S.	291,442 19,085	291,442 19,085		298,320 19,535	298,320 - 19,535 -	-	(27,137) (27,137) (1,777) (1,777)		1,187 1,187 78 78	11,284 739	11,284 739	7,746 7,746 507 507	3 3
2016 WECC 2016 WECC	Tri-State Generation & Transmission Association, Inc.	U.S. U.S.	91,199 13.464	91,199 13.464		93,351 13.782	93,351 - 13.782 -	-	(8,492) (8,492) (1,254) (1,254)		372 372 55 55	3,531 521	3,531 521	2,424 2,424 358 358	13 13
2016 WECC 2016 WECC	US Dept of Energy - Kirtland AFB Public Utility District No. 1 of Chelan County	U.S.	53,132	53,132		13,782 54,386	54,386 -	-	(1,254) (1,254) (4,947) (4,947)		216 216	2,057	2,057	1,412 1,412	7 7
2016 WECC	PUD No. 1 of Douglas County	U.S.	25,556	25,556	-	26,159	26,159 -	-	(2,380) (2,380)		104 104	989	989 787	679 679	4 4
2016 WECC 2016 WECC	Okanogan PUD Douglas Palisades / PUD No. 1 of DC	U.S. U.S.	20,323 620	20,323 620		20,803 634	20,803 - 634 -	-	(1,892) (1,892) (58) (58)		83 83 3 3	787 24	787 24	540 540 16 16	3 3 0 0
2016 WECC 2016 WECC	PUD No. 2 of Grant County	U.S.	140,773	140,773 738,845		144,095	144,095 - 756,282 -	-	(13,108) (13,108) (68,796) (68,796)		573 573 3,010 3,010	5,451 28,607	5,451 28,607	3,742 3,742 19,638 19,638	20 20 104 104
2016 WECC 2016 WECC	Puget Sound Energy, Inc. Salt River Project	U.S.	738,845 922,024	922,024		756,282 943,783	943,783 -	-	(68,796) (68,796) (85,852) (85,852)		3,010 3,010 3,756 3,756	28,607 35,700	35,700	19,638 19,638 24,507 24,507	130 130
2016 WECC 2016 WECC	Seattle City Light Barrick Goldstrike Mines Inc.	U.S. U.S.	302,314 43.835	302,314 43.835		309,449 44.870	309,449 - 44.870 -	-	(28,149) (28,149) (4,082) (4,082)		1,232 1,232 179 179	11,705 1.697	11,705 1.697	8,035 8,035 1.165 1.165	42 42
2016 WECC	City of Fallon	U.S.	2,778	2,778		2,844	2,844 -	-	(259) (259)		11 11	108	108	74 74	0 0
2016 WECC 2016 WECC	Mt. Wheeler Power Truckee Donner Public Utility District	U.S.	16,745 5,363	16,745 5,363		17,141 5,490	17,141 - 5,490 -	-	(1,559) (1,559) (499) (499)		68 68 22 22	648 208	648 208	445 445 143 143	2 2
2016 WECC	Beartooth Electric Cooperative	U.S.	2,263	2,263		2,316	2,316 -	-	(211) (211)		9 9	88	88	60 60	0 0
2016 WECC 2016 WECC	City of Tacoma DBA Tacoma Power Tucson Electric Power Company	U.S. U.S.	150,325 462.000	150,325 462.000	: :	153,872 472,903	153,872 - 472.903 -	-	(13,997) (13,997) (43.018) (43.018)		612 612 1,882 1,882	5,820 17.888	5,820 17.888	3,996 3,996 12,280 12,280	21 21 65 65
2016 WECC	Merced Irrigation District	U.S.	15,018	15,018		15,372	15,372 -	-	(1,398) (1,398)		61 61	581	581	399 399	2 2
2016 WECC 2016 WECC	Turlock Irrigation District Basin Electric Power Cooperative	U.S. U.S.	66,683 71,402	66,683 71,402		68,256 73,087	68,256 - 73,087 -	-	(6,209) (6,209) (6,648) (6,648)		272 272 291 291	2,582 2,765	2,582 2,765	1,772 1,772 1,898 1,898	9 9 10 10
2016 WECC	Black Hills Colorado Electric/Cheyenne Light Fuel & Power	U.S.	133,266	133,266		136,411	136,411 -	-	(12,409) (12,409)		543 543	5,160	5,160	3,542 3,542	19 19
2016 WECC 2016 WECC	Black Hills State University South Dakota City of Page	U.S. U.S.	677 2,285	677 2,285		693 2,339	693 - 2,339 -	-	(63) (63) (213) (213)		3 3	26 88	26 88	18 18 61 61	0 0
2016 WECC	Colorado Springs Utilities	U.S.	145,378	145,378		148,809	148,809 -	-	(13,536) (13,536)		592 592	5,629	5,629	3,864 3,864	20 20
2016 WECC 2016 WECC	Deseret Generation & Transmission Cooperative City of Farmington	U.S. U.S.	3,598 30.918	3,598 30.918		3,683 31.648	3,683 - 31.648 -	-	(335) (335) (2.879) (2.879)		15 15 126 126	139 1.197	139 1.197	96 96 822 822	1 1
2016 WECC	Municipal Energy Agency of Nebraska	U.S.	19,947	19,947		20,418	20,418 -	-	(1,857) (1,857)		81 81	772	772	530 530	3 3
2016 WECC 2016 WECC	Navajo Agricultural Products Industry (NAPI) Nebraska Public Power Marketing	U.S. U.S.	78 116	78 116		80 118	80 - 118 -	-	(7) (7) (11) (11)		0 0	3	3 4	2 2 3 3	0 0
2016 WECC	Town of Fredonia	U.S.	323	323		330	330 -	-	(30) (30)		1 1	12	12	9 9	0 0
2016 WECC 2016 WECC	Tri-State Generation & Transmission Assoc. Inc - Reliability Western Area Power - Loveland. CO	U.S. U.S.	237,534 55.786	237,534 55.786	: :	243,140 57.103	243,140 - 57.103 -	-	(22,117) (22,117) (5.194) (5.194)		968 968 227 227	9,197 2.160	9,197 2.160	6,314 6,314 1.483 1.483	33 33 8 8
2016 WECC	Western Area Power Administration - CRSP	U.S.	52,096	52,096		53,325	53,325 -	-	(4,851) (4,851)		212 212	2,017	2,017	1,385 1,385	7 7
2016 WECC 2016 WECC	Wyoming Municipal Power Agency Basin Electric Power Cooperative	U.S. U.S.	6,947 3,275	6,947 3,275		7,111 3,352	7,111 - 3,352 -	-	(647) (647) (305) (305)		28 28 13 13	269 127	269 127	185 185 87 87	1 1 0 0
2016 WECC	Montana-Dakota Utilities Co.	U.S.	731	731		748	748 -	-	(68) (68)		3 3	28	28	19 19	0 0
2016 WECC 2016 WECC	NorthWestern Corp. dba NorthWestern Energy, LLC	U.S. U.S.	9,140	9,140 11,062	-	9,356	9,356 - 11,323 -	-	(851) (851)		37 37 45 45	354 428	354 428	243 243 294 294	1 1 2 2
2016 WECC	Western Area Power Administration-Upper Great Plains Region Aha Macav Power Service	U.S.	11,062 370	11,062 370		11,323 378	11,323 - 378 -	-	(1,030) (1,030) (34) (34)		45 45 2 2	428 14	428 14	10 10	0 0
2016 WECC	Bureau of Reclamation (Wellfield) Central Arizona Water Conservation District	U.S.	285	285	-	292	292 -	-	(27) (27)		1 1	11	11	8 8	0 0
2016 WECC 2016 WECC	City of Boulder City	U.S. U.S.	74,352 2,413	74,352 2,413	: :	76,107 2,470	76,107 - 2,470 -	-	(6,923) (6,923) (225) (225)		303 303 10 10	2,879 93	2,879 93	1,976 1,976 64 64	10 10 0 0
2016 WECC	City of Mesa	U.S.	8,262	8,262		8,457	8,457 -	-	(769) (769)		34 34	320	320	220 220	1 1
2016 WECC 2016 WECC	Needles Public Utilities Authority Colorado River Agency-Bureau of Indian Affairs	U.S.	927 548	927 548		949 560	949 - 560 -		(86) (86) (51) (51)		4 4 2 2	36 21	36 21	25 25 15 15	0 0
2016 WECC 2016 WECC	Electrical District #2	U.S. U.S.	6,360 297	6,360 297		6,510 304	6,510 - 304 -	-	(592) (592) (28) (28)		26 26 1 1	246 12	246 12	169 169 8 8	1 1
2016 WECC 2016 WECC	Electrical District #2 - Coolidge Generating Station Silver State Energy Association	U.S. U.S.	297 17,703	297 17,703		304 18,121	304 - 18,121 -		(28) (28) (1,648) (1,648)		1 1 72 72	12 685	12 685	8 8 471 471	0 0 2 2

Appendix 2-O. Total Regional Assessments

					Total Regional Entity Assessments (Including WIRAB Assessments)				Regional Entity NEL Assessments				Penalty Sanctions - US Only		NPCC CORC Program		Correct WECC 2017 Assessments - PSC of CO			SC of CO	WECC Compliance Assessments (ex.AESO)				WIRAB Assessments				Correct WIRAB 2017 Assessments - PSC CO			
Data Year	Regional Entity	ID	Entity	Country	Total	us	Canada	Mexico	Total	us	Canada	Mexico	Total	US	Total	US	Canada	Total	US	Canada	Mexico	Total	us	Canada	Mexico	Total	US	Canada	Mexico	Total	US	Canada Mexico
2016	WECC		Arizona Electric Power Cooperative. Inc	U.S.	89,633	89,633	-	_	91.748	91.748	_	-	(8.346)	(8,346)				365	365			3.470	3,470			2,382	2,382			13	13	
2016	WECC		U.S. Army Yuma Proving Ground	U.S.	626	626		-	640	640	-	-	(58)	(58)				3	3			24	24			17	17			0	0	
2016	WECC		Wellton-Mohawk Irrigation & Drainage District	U.S.	141	141	_		144	144			(13)	(13)				1	1			5	- 5			4	4			0	0	
	WECC		Western Area Power Administration-Desert Southwest Region	US	49 146	49 146	_		50 306	50 306			(4 576)	(4.576)				200	200			1.903	1 903			1 306	1 306			7	7	
			TOTAL WECC		25.993.026	22.440.666	3.105.677	446.684	27.382.000	23.085.648	3.878.073	418.278	(2.100.000)	(2.100.000)				0	(17.098)	15,434	1.665		873,242	(889.064)	15.822	711,026	599,463	100,702	10.861	(0)	(590)	532 57
	TOTAL ERO				116,077,531	105,143,625	10,487,223	446,684	113,408,357	103,670,970	9,319,108	418,278	(5,776,000)	(5,776,000)	7,734,148	5,793,637	1,940,511	0	(17,098)	15,434	1,665	(0)	873,242	(889,064)	15,822	711,026	599,463	100,702	10,861	(0)	(590)	532 57
Summar	by Regiona	l Entity																														
2016	FRCC				6,660,518	6,660,518	-	-	6,913,663	6,913,663		-	(253,145)	(253,145)	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-		-	-	-		-	-	-
2016					10,730,106	8,940,887	1,789,219		10,872,106	9,082,887	1,789,219	-	(142,000)	(142,000)	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-		-	-	-		-	-	-
2016					14,341,787	8,749,460	5,592,327	-	6,682,639	3,030,823	3,651,816	-	(75,000)	(75,000)	7,734,148	5,793,637	1,940,511	-	-	-		-	-	-		-	-	-		-	-	-
2016	RF				20,147,707	20,147,707	-	-	22,060,584	22,060,584	-	-	(1,912,877)	(1,912,877)	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-		-	-			-	-	-
2016	SERC				17,205,136	17,205,136	-	-	17,933,114	17,933,114		-	(727,978)	(727,978)	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-		-	-	-		-	-	-
2016	SPP				9,727,265	9,727,265	-		10,017,265	10,017,265		-	(290,000)	(290,000)	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-		-	-	-		-	-	-
2016					11,271,986	11,271,986	-		11,546,986	11,546,986		-	(275,000)	(275,000)	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-		-	-	-		-	-	-
2016	WECC				25,993,026	22,440,666	3,105,677	446,684	27,382,000	23,085,648	3,878,073	418,278	(2,100,000)	(2,100,000)	-			0	(17,098)	15,434	1,665	(0)	873,242	(889,064)	15,822	711,026	599,463	100,702	10,861	(0)	(590)	532 57
Total					116,077,531	105,143,625	10,487,223	446,684	113,408,357	103,670,970	9,319,108	418,278	(5,776,000)	(5,776,000)	7,734,148	5,793,637	1,940,511	0	(17,098)	15,434	1,665	(0)	873,242	(889,064)	15,822	711,026	599,463	100,702	10,861	(0)	(590)	532 57

NORTH AMERICAN ELECTRIC RELIABILITY CORPORATION

2018 BUSINESS PLAN AND BUDGET FILING

ATTACHMENT 3

MIDWEST RELIABILITY ORGANIZATION

PROPOSED 2018 BUSINESS PLAN AND BUDGET



Midwest Reliability Organization

2018 Business Plan and Budget

Approved by: MRO Board of Directors

Date: June 22, 2017

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Introduction

The following table summarizes the 2018 Midwest Reliability Organization (MRO) budget.

		TOTAL RESOUF					
	2	018 Budget		U.S.		Canada	Mexico
Statutory FTEs		45.00					
Non-statutory FTEs							
Total FTEs		45.00					
Statutory Expenses	\$	12,018,566					
Non-Statutory Expenses	\$	-					
Total Expenses	\$	12,018,566					
Statutory Inc(Dec) in Fixed Assets	\$	(291,830)					
Non-Statutory Inc(Dec) in Fixed Assets	\$	-					
Total Inc(Dec) in Fixed Assets	\$	(291,830)					
Statutory Working Capital Requirement	\$	(854,632)					
Non-Statutory Working Capital Requirement							
Total Working Capital Requirement	\$	(854,632)					
Total Statutory Funding Requirement	\$	10,872,104					
Total Non-Statutory Funding Requirement	\$	-					
Total Funding Requirement	\$	10,872,104					
Statutory Funding Assessments	\$	10,730,106	\$	8,940,888	\$	1,789,219	-
Non-Statutory Fees	Ť	_0,.00,200	7	2,2 .2,200	7	_,,	
NEL NEL		289,292,028		241,683,330		47,608,698	-
NEL%		100.00%		83.54%		16.46%	0.00%

Table 1. MRO 2018 Budget

Organizational Overview

MRO is a Delaware nonprofit¹ corporation that is a cross-border Regional Entity² operating under a delegation agreement³ with the North American Electric Reliability Corporation (NERC). The MRO Region is located in the north central area of North America and includes areas in both the United States and Canada. MRO's Delegation Agreement was approved by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC) pursuant to FERC's authority under the Federal Power Act (FPA)⁴ and is effective through December 31, 2020.

¹ MRO is tax exempt under Internal Revenue Service Section 501(c)(3) and under applicable State of Minnesota provisions.

² 16 U.S.C. § 824o(a)(7)

³ Delegation Agreement

⁴ 16 U.S.C. 824 o (e)(4)

MRO's Vision is to "Maintain and improve the quality of life through a highly reliable regional Bulk Power System." MRO's purpose is to "Strive to assure each Bulk Power System owner and operator within our region is a Highly Effective Reliability Organization."

Membership and Governance

MRO membership is voluntary and at no cost and each member organization belongs to one of seven industry sectors. Members are encouraged to participate in MRO organizational groups. Adjunct members are entities that are not eligible to belong to an industry sector but have a material interest in reliability issues in the MRO Region. MRO has 54 members and 6 non-voting adjunct members.

MRO's Board of Directors is a combination of independent and stakeholder directors, with 17 directors elected by members from the 7 industry sectors and 2 independent directors elected by all members. Pursuant to MRO's Bylaws, no two industry sectors can control a vote. In addition, the board has adopted procedures to ensure it carries out its responsibilities free of conflicts of interest.

The board has four committees:

- Dispute Resolution Committee
- Finance and Audit Committee
- Governance and Personnel Committee
- Hearing Body Committee

The board's duties include, but are not limited to the following:

- Govern the corporation and oversee all of its activities
- Establish and oversee all organizational groups
- Oversee accomplishment of all functions set forth in any delegation or other agreement with NERC or any governmental entity related to development, monitoring and enforcement of Reliability Standards and related matters
- · Establish and approve an annual budget
- Represent MRO in legal and regulatory proceedings and
- Hire the President and CEO

The board makes no determinations on compliance or enforcement matters. The Hearing Body fulfills the obligations to conduct hearings, a mandated function under NERC's Compliance Monitoring and Enforcement Program (CMEP) Hearing Procedures.

The board has established five primary organizational groups comprised of stakeholder members:

- Compliance Committee
- Operating Committee
- Planning Committee
- Security Advisory Council
- Standards Committee

Each organizational group's charter is published on MRO's website. Board-approved Policy and Procedure 3 sets out the processes for all organizational groups.

Statutory Functional Scope

The primary purposes of MRO are to:

- 1. Determine compliance with Reliability Standards, including enforcement determinations, in a non-discriminatory manner consistent with the NERC Rules of Procedure.
- 2. Perform reliability assessments.
- 3. Provide independent technical analysis of system events and work with industry on recommendations and lessons learned.
- 4. Develop, propose, and/or adopt Regional Reliability Standards or variances to Reliability Standards pursuant to its Standards Process Manual, which has been approved by NERC and FERC.
- 5. Provide education and resources for MRO registered entities.
- 6. Perform other services consistent with its delegation agreement and the NERC Rules of Procedure.

Business Plan and Budget Development and Key Assumptions for 2018

Each year, MRO prepares an annual Business Plan and Budget for the following calendar year. The Business Plan and Budget takes into account the ERO Enterprise Strategic Plan and Metrics 2017-2020, the Shared Business Plan and Budget Assumptions (2018-2020) and Key Focus Areas for 2018, and the MRO Strategic Plan. MRO staff develops the Business Plan and Budget with board and stakeholder input. The Business Plan and Budget process is a coordinated effort with NERC and the other Regional Entities (collectively the ERO Enterprise).

MRO's budget development employs both a "top-down" and a "bottom-up" approach. The top-down approach is initiated by MRO's President and CEO, who sets key parameters including headcount and a target overall budget. The bottom-up approach is initiated by MRO's vice presidents, who calculate budget amounts for their respective departments using a detailed, line-by-line zero-based budgeting approach. The bottom-up departmental budgets are aggregated and reconciled with the CEO's top-down budget.

In addition to its operating expenses, MRO's budget includes a cash reserve as specified in Policy and Procedure 13 Operating and Working Capital Reserves.

The draft Business Plan and Budget is reviewed by the Finance and Audit Committee (FAC) and the board and then posted for stakeholder comment. The board considers the Business Plan and Budget at its June meeting, and upon approval, staff submits it to NERC for approval by NERC's Board of Trustees. Upon approval of NERC's Business Plan and Budget and all eight Regional Entities' Business Plans and Bugets, a filing is submitted to FERC for approval, which is typically obtained in October or November of the year preceding the budget year.

Financial Policies and Controls

An independent auditing firm annually audits MRO's financial statements. The FAC Charter states: "The FAC evaluates the performance of the external auditor and, if so determined, recommends to the Board the reappointment of the external auditor or steps to replace the external auditor. Once hired, the independent auditor communicates directly with the FAC Chair and committee regarding audit matters." The FAC and MRO staff perform an annual review of the auditing firm's performance.

MRO's Purchase Requisition Policy and Contract Management Procedure govern the procurement of goods and services in excess of \$500. These protocols require that a purchase order be approved by MRO's Vice President Finance and Administration and the departmental vice president for all purchases in excess of \$500. Additionally, purchases in excess of \$10,000 must be approved by MRO's President and CEO.

MRO's Expense Statement Guidelines provide guidance on reasonable, reimbursable travel expenses. Expenses are reviewed for proper documentation and reasonableness by the employee's supervisor, the Accounting Specialist and MRO's Vice President Finance and Administration.

MRO utilizes a system to track and report time by program area, project, and registered entity, when applicable. This system is also used to report and approve expenses.

Accounting and Recordkeeping

MRO uses Generally Accepted Accounting Principles to budget and uses its Chart of Accounts that is based on NERC's System of Accounts, as required in the delegation agreement. Additionally, MRO maintains an accounting manual to provide instructions to its accounting staff on accounting transactions and functions. MRO maintains its books on an accrual basis with monthly closings, recognizing revenues when earned and expenses when incurred. The majority of MRO expenses are labor and benefit costs. General and Administrative costs are allocated to each MRO program area based on the number of full-time equivalents (FTEs) in each program area.

Organizational Structure and Staffing

MRO has four departments, each of which is dedicated to one or more statutory functions or program areas and four general and administrative departments. Costs are tracked both by department and in the MRO Chart of Accounts.

MRO employees track the time spent working in each program area, and labor costs are charged to the appropriate program area.

The Compliance Monitoring and Regulatory Affairs Department encompasses MRO's audit, spot check, and self-certification activities and is managed by a vice president who is also responsible for Canadian Regulatory Affairs.

The Risk Assessment and Mitigation Department and Registration and Reliability Standards Department report to one vice president. These groups are responsible for risk assessments used to plan MRO's compliance activities, risk determinations and mitigation of noncompliance, and registration and certification of registered entities. These groups also lead MRO's outreach efforts related to entities' technical implementations to support compliance, reliability, and security.

The Enforcement Department is responsible for disposition and enforcement of noncompliance with Reliability Standards and is managed by a vice president.

MRO's Operations Department is responsible for reliability assessment, performance analysis, event analysis, situational awareness, infrastructure security, IT, and event planning functions. This department is managed by a vice president.

MRO's Vice President, General Counsel, Corporate Secretary and Director of External Affairs provides legal advice to MRO, serves as the corporate secretary, and leads MRO's communications efforts and external affairs function.

MRO's Information Technology Department is responsible for providing a secure network infrastructure and information technology systems to support the users. Systems include cyber and physical security.

MRO's Finance and Administration Department performs human resources, accounting, finance, budget, and treasury functions and is managed by a vice president.

The General and Administrative Department is led by MRO's President and CEO and includes normal administrative costs for the head of the organization.

Compensation Process and Standards of Conduct, Confidentiality and Conflict of Interest Policies

MRO bases employee compensation on eight pay principles. The current compensation structure uses a five-tiered structure with each tier divided into four scales reflecting experience and degree of knowledge, skills and abilities. MRO periodically engages a third party compensation expert to review this structure.

Each MRO employee is required to annually sign a Standards of Conduct, Confidentiality and Conflict of Interest form, attesting that he or she has read and understood these policies and will always act in MRO's interests and avoid conduct that may compromise his or her MRO responsibilities. MRO employees are prohibited from having a financial interest in any registered entity in the MRO region.

2018 Goals and Key Deliverables

MRO's business planning is driven by the annual strategic objectives, which are:

- 1. Simplification of regulation.
- 2. Risk-based methodologies are implemented with proper rigor and safeguards.
- 3. Improve clarity of standards and rules.
- 4. Greater consistency within MRO and across NERC/Regional Entities.
- 5. Coordinated communications around key policy matters.

In addition, each department and individual employee sets goals for the year.

MRO recognizes and supports NERC's Electric Reliability Organization (ERO) Enterprise Strategic Plan and Goals.

2018 Overview of Cost Impacts

In developing the MRO 2018 Business Plan and Budget, MRO, NERC, and the other Regional Entities collaborated and agreed upon common operational and program assumptions that are contained in the Shared Business Plan and Budget Assumptions for the 2016-2019 Planning Period (2018 Budget Cycle), and which is provided as Exhibit A to the NERC 2018 Business Plan and Budget. MRO used these shared assumptions as well as the Electric Reliability Organization Enterprise Strategic Goals in developing this 2018 Business Plan and Budget. Prior to obtaining

final approval from its Board of Directors, MRO seeks NERC input and review of its annual Regional Entity Business Plan and Budget, including coordination of program requirements and any related key initiatives for the Electric Reliability Organization (ERO) Enterprise.

Overall, the MRO 2018 statutory expenses (\$11,726,737) increased by 4.0 percent from the 2017 statutory expenses (\$11,226,670). The 2018 statutory assessment (\$10,730,106) represents an increase of 2.0 percent from the 2017 assessment (\$10,494,345).

Significant statutory expense changes (including capital expenditures) include:

- Total Personnel expenses are increasing by 6.5 percent. Salary expenses increase by 6.4 percent because there are two additional FTEs reflected in the total personnel costs. Additional FTEs are a result of targeted outreach to improve prevention and shared responsibility efforts across the MRO footprint. Captured savings from facility and tax status change will offset investment towards additional FTEs by \$130,000. The benefits expense is increasing 8.9 percent, in part due to the additional FTEs and also because health plan expenses are trending at a 6 percent increase according to actuarial studies.
- Total Meeting and Travel expenses are increasing by 4.1 percent, primarily due to increased efforts in outreach and an increased number of audits and working group activities in 2018. Member travel is decreasing due to greater utilization of webinars and video conferencing.
- Total Operating Expenses are increasing by 2.1 percent. The Consultants and Contracts category is decreasing by \$138,950 due to hiring a CIP consultant in 2017 on a part-time basis. Additionally, major system and infrastructure updates were completed in 2017, reducing need for IT consulting and contracts as focus shifts to maintenance. Rent cost is increasing 4.5 percent and office costs are increasing 16.3 percent; these two increases are due to the additional costs associated with the expanded conference space and hosting all meetings and events onsite as well as the additional two FTEs.
- Depreciation expense is increasing 14.7 percent due to the start of depreciation on onetime asset purchases associated with Leasehold Improvements, Furniture and Fixtures, and Equipment purchased for the expanded conference space. Yet, fixed asset additions decreased because one-time asset purchases related to the facility expansion and reconfiguration were completed in 2017.

Other Non-Operating Expenses

None

All statutory activity in the 2018 Business Plan and Budget aligns with NERC's ERO Enterprise Strategic Plan.

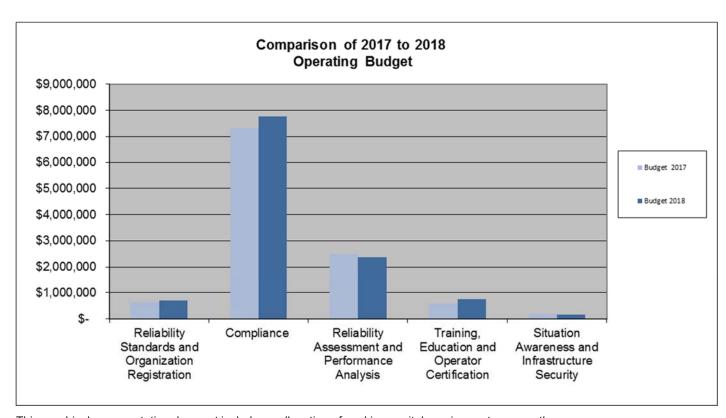
Summary by Program

The following table and figure summarize and illustrate the MRO budget by program area.

Base Operating Budget	Budget 2017	Projection 2017	Budget 2018	Change 2018 Budget v 2017 Budget	% Change
Reliability Standards	633,865	633,865	696,449	62,584	9.9%
Compliance Enforcement and Organization Registration	7,313,627	7,313,627	7,756,470	442,843	6.1%
Reliability Assessments and Performance Analysis	2,498,586	2,498,586	2,361,808	(136,778)	-5.5%
Training, Education and Operator Certification	589,598	589,598	753,932	164,333	27.9%
Total Situation Awareness and Infrastructure Security	190,992	190,992	158,078	(32,915)	-17.2%
	11,226,668	11,226,668	11,726,736	500,068	4.5%
Working Capital Reserve	(566,073)	(566,073)	(854,632)	(288,559)	
Total Funding	10,660,595	10,660,595	10,872,104	211,509	2.0%

This table does not include an allocation of working capital requirements among the program areas. Combines Compliance Monitoring, Risk Assessment and Mitigation and Enforcement.

Table 2. Budget by Program Area



This graphical representation does not include an allocation of working capital requirements among the program areas.

Figure 1. Budget by Program Area Chart

The following table displays total FTEs by program area.

Total FTEs by Program Area	Budget 2017 STATUTORY	Projection 2017	Direct FTEs 2018 Budget	Shared FTEs 2018 Budget ¹	Total FTEs 2018 Budget	Change from 2017 Budget
Operational Programs						
Reliability Standards and Organization and Certification	1.96	1.96	2.01		2.01	0.05
Compliance	9.77	9.77	10.06		10.06	0.29
Compliance Risk Assessment and Mitigation	8.39	8.39	9.97		9.97	1.58
Compliance Enforcement	2.95	2.95	2.99		2.99	0.04
Training and Education	1.35	1.35	2.10		2.10	0.75
Reliability Assessment and Performance Analysis	6.42	6.42	6.13		6.13	(0.29)
Situation Awareness and Infrastructure Security	0.49	0.49	0.33		0.33	(0.16)
Total FTEs Operational Programs	31.33	31.33	33.59	-	33.59	2.26
Administrative Programs						
Technical Committees and Member Forums	-	-	-		-	-
General and Administrative	2.91	2.91	2.85		2.85	(0.06)
Legal and Regulatory	0.95	0.95	0.92		0.92	(0.03)
Information Technology	3.92	3.92	4.02		4.02	0.10
Human Resources	-	-	-		-	-
Finance and Accounting	3.89	3.89	3.62		3.62	(0.27)
Total FTEs Administrative Programs	11.67	11.67	11.41	-	11.41	(0.26)
Total FTEs	43.00	43.00	45.00	-	45.00	2.00

¹A shared FTE is defined as an employee who performs both Statutory and Non-Statutory functions.

Table 3. Total FTEs by Program Area

For an explanation of the variances, refer to the Resource Requirements section in each program area in Section A.

2017 Budget and Projection and 2018 Budget Comparisons

The following table lists the 2017 budget and projection compared to the 2018 budget.

	20	017 Bu	dget & Proje			8 Budge	t				
			STA	TUTO	DRY	Va	riance			,	Variance
							Projection				18 Budget
			2017		2017		7 Budget		2018		017 Budget
			Budget		Projection	Ove	r(Under)		Budget	٥١	ver(Under)
unding	"										
	ERO Funding NERC Assessments	¢	10,494,345	¢	10,494,345	\$	_	\$	10,730,104	\$	235,759
	Penalty Sanctions	Y	166,250	Ų	166,250	Ÿ	_	Y	142,000	Y	(24,250
	Total NERC Funding	\$	10,660,595	\$	10,660,595	\$	-	\$	10,872,104	\$	211,509
									<u> </u>		
	Membership Dues		-		-		-		-		-
	Testing Fees Services & Software		-		-		-		-		-
	Workshops		_		-		-		-		-
	Interest		_		-		_		-		_
	Miscellaneous		-		-		-		-		-
otal Fund	ding (A)	\$	10,660,595	\$	10,660,595			\$	10,872,104	\$	211,50
vnoncoc											
xpenses	Personnel Expenses										
	Salaries	\$	5,874,689	\$	5,874,689			\$	6,250,448	\$	375,759
	Payroll Taxes		366,600		366,600				391,324		24,72
	Benefits		608,751		608,751		-		663,221		54,470
	Retirement Costs	_	1,195,387	_	1,195,387		-		1,259,803		64,410
	Total Personnel Expenses	\$	8,045,427	\$	8,045,427			\$	8,564,796	\$	519,369
	Meeting Expenses										
	Meetings	\$	85,000	\$	85,000	\$	-	\$	93,950	\$	8,950
	Travel		635,000		635,000		-		655,430		20,430
	Conference Calls		-	_	-		-		-		-
	Total Meeting Expenses	\$	720,000	\$	720,000	\$	-	\$	749,380	\$	29,380
	Operating Expenses										
	Consultants & Contracts	\$	674,077	\$	674,077	\$	_	\$	535,127	\$	(138,950
	Office Rent		701,900		701,900		-		733,700		31,800
	Office Costs		539,933		539,933		-		628,013		88,080
	Professional Services		228,550		228,550		-		229,550		1,000
	Miscellaneous		-		-		-		-		74.00
	Depreciation Total Operating Expenses	\$	504,000 2,648,460	\$	504,000 2,648,460	\$		\$	578,000 2,704,390	\$	74,000 55,93 0
	Total Operating Expenses		2,040,400		2,040,400				2,704,330		33,330
	Total Direct Expenses	\$	11,413,887	\$	11,413,887			\$	12,018,566	\$	604,679
	Indirect Expenses	\$		\$		\$		\$			
	man cut Expenses			<u> </u>							
	Other Non-Operating Expenses	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Total Expe	enses (B)	\$	11,413,887	\$	11,413,887			\$	12,018,566	\$	604,679
Change in	Assets	\$	(753,292)	\$	(753,292)			\$	(1,146,462)	\$	(393,170
		Ė	(, - ,	<u> </u>	(, - ,				(, ,,,,,,		(,
ixed Asse	ets										
	Depreciation	\$	(504,000)	\$	(504,000)	\$	-	\$	(578,000)	\$	(74,000
	Computer & Software CapEx		173,670		173,670		-		286,170		112,500
	Furniture & Fixtures CapEx		-		-		-		-		-
	Equipment CapEx		- 142 111		-		-		-		- (1.42.11:
	Leasehold Improvements		143,111		143,111		-		-		(143,11
	Allocation of Fixed Assets										
nc(Dec) ir	n Fixed Assets (C)	_	(187,219)		(187,219)		-		(291,830)		(104,61
OTAL BU	DGET (=B + C)	\$	11,226,668	\$	11,226,668			\$	11,726,736	\$	500,06
OTAL CH	ANGE IN WORKING CAPITAL (=A-B-C)	\$	(566,073)	\$	(566,073)			\$	(854,632)	\$	(288,559
			()31		(- -	(,,
	FTEs		43.00		43.00		_		45.00		2.0
	I ILS		45.00		45.00		-		45.00		2.0

Table 4. Budget and Projection Comparison, 2017 to 2018

Section A – Statutory Programs

2018 Business Plan and Budget



Section A - Statutory Programs

Reliability Standards, Organization Registration and Certification Program

The following table shows funding sources and related expenses for the Reliability Standards, Organization Registration and Certification Program.

Relial	•	Standards Prog whole dollars)	ram	1	Increase
	2	017 Budget		2018 Budget	(Decrease)
Total FTEs		1.96		2.01	0.05
Direct Expenses	\$	356,096	\$	429,882	\$ 73,786
Indirect Expenses	\$	289,481	\$	284,030	\$ (5,451)
Other Non-Operating Expenses	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -
Inc(Dec) in Fixed Assets	\$	(11,712)	\$	(17,463)	\$ (5,750)
Total Funding Requirement	\$	633,866	\$	696,449	\$ 62,583

Table A-1. Reliability Standards Budget

Reliability Standards

Program Scope and Functional Description

The program supports NERC's efforts on the development of Reliability Standards. MRO does not envision the development of any Regional Reliability Standards in 2018. The workload around standards is expected to increase in 2018 as staff increases its participation in standards development including its support of the MRO Standards Committee.

Assumptions (2018-2020)

- The number of continent-wide Reliability Standards development projects is expected to remain relatively stable, except as required to address any new FERC directives to create or modify Reliability Standards, or industry submittals of standard authorization requests.
- Continent-wide Reliability Standards projects will consist primarily of conducting enhanced periodic reviews on existing Reliability Standards to improve their content and quality, respond to identified risks to reliability (including those that may be identified through the implementation of risk-based Compliance Monitoring and Enforcement), and address FERC directives that may arise. This activity will require the allocation of technical resources from several internal NERC departments (e.g., Reliability Assessment and Performance Analysis (RAPA), Reliability Risk Management, Compliance Analysis and Certification, and Compliance Assurance) and support from across the ERO Enterprise.
- During the enhanced periodic review of Reliability Standards, any associated Regional Reliability Standards will be reviewed for potential incorporation as variances or as improvements to the continent-wide requirements. Regional and NERC Reliability Standards development processes may require modification to efficiently accomplish this task. Each Regional Entity will work with NERC and other Regional Entities as necessary on projects where there is a Regional Reliability Standard/variance.

- Regional Reliability Standards development activity is expected to remain low, driven by requests that the Regional Entity may receive or reliability issues that the Regional Entity may identify.
- In coordination with Standard Drafting Teams and consistent with current approaches, Regional Entities may support outreach during standard development and participate in the standard development activities as may be required to address reliability and stakeholder issues that may arise within their respective regions.
- Following FERC approval, NERC and the Regional Entities collectively will assist the transition of Reliability Standards to compliance monitoring and enforcement by supporting industry and auditor training or providing information regarding the intent of the Reliability Standard.
- The number of standard interpretations is expected to remain low. However, implementation guidance requests may increase.
- As noted in the assumptions for Information Technology (IT), Regional Entities will be asked to participate in teams to help develop application business requirements and test business functionality for ERO Enterprise applications projects. These teams will primarily be business area subject matter experts and IT staff. The success of the Compliance Monitoring and Enforcement Process Tool project will be dependent on Regional Entity participation. When planning, Regional Entities should consider allocating resources at an adequate level of participation to support the success of this project.

Key Focus Areas (2018)

- Enhancing feedback loops, including audit and risk assessment experience, continent-wide and regional perspectives, lessons-learned, and events analysis for enhanced periodic reviews focused on conducting measured, in-depth reviews to improve Reliability Standards using the enhanced periodic review template. MRO expects increased resources in 2018 to be committed to this process as the results of Inherent Risk Assessments are used to further improve Standards.
- MRO expects increased resources in 2018 and beyond to be committed to Standard Drafting Teams to assist with addressing reliability issues and to ensure that new Standards are measurable from a compliance perspective.

Organization Registration and Certification

Program Scope and Functional Description

The MRO Organization Registration and Certification Department will continue to monitor activity in the Region and to register and certify entities in accordance with MRO Regional Entity procedures and the NERC ROP, including revisions to registrations and certifications. The level of activity is expected to increase in 2018.

Assumptions (2018-2020)

- Modifications to the NERC Registry Criteria were approved, including the elimination of three functional entities (Purchasing-Selling Entities, Interchange Authorities, and Load-Serving Entities), the threshold criteria for Distribution Providers, and alignment of five registration categories with the BES definition.
- A NERC-led technical review panel has been established to allow entities to challenge the NERC Registration Criteria based on risk. Entities are allowed to make a technical riskbased case for deactivation, or request a subset list of Reliability Standards that they will

- be mandated to comply with. The NERC-led review panel is responsible for making the technical determination of whether or not the entity should be allowed to deviate from the NERC Registration Criteria, and be subject to compliance with Standards that apply to a particular function.
- The results from the 2016 registration program review will result in modifications to the program in 2018. The recommendations from the Organization Registration Program review are summarized below and will be prioritized by the Organization Registration and Certification Group (ORCG) for work to be conducted in 2018:
 - NERC staff shall develop ERO Enterprise monitoring activities for 2018.
 - The NERC-led review panel should compile a list of possible ROP enhancements related to the NERC-led Review Panel processes and procedures.
 - NERC and the Regional Entities should develop and conduct outreach for industry to inform how the NERC-led Review Panel is conducted and how a submittal is processed.
 - NERC and the Regional Entities should conduct an in-depth review on Joint Registration Organizations (JROs)/Coordinated Functional Registrations (CFRs). This may include how a JRO/CFR works, what the obligations are, different models implemented across the ERO Enterprise, forms/formats and communication, and examples of how to document the agreements.
 - o NERC should review its internal processes and procedures based on the recommendation from the independent audit.
 - NERC and the Regional Entity staff should work collaboratively with the ERO CMEP technology staff in reaching their milestones.
 - NERC and the Regional Entities should draft a more defined procedure for the ERO's role in changes to BES Element status.
 - NERC should review its website to 1) ensure the NERC Registration website is up to date, with documents in the appropriate locations and 2) ensure documents posted to the NERC Registration website are accurate. NERC should seek any ORCG input into ideas for clean-up and document migration.
 - NERC and the Regional Entities should prioritize any current or future identified issues and focus to resolve the higher priority issues in a timely manner and report progress to the ORCG.
- The activities associated with the implementation of the BES definition have decreased and, therefore, no additional resource demands are expected related to the BES definition. However, with applications for Self-Determined Notifications no longer being accepted through the ERO Enterprise BESnet application, Regional Entities will need to validate, with NERC oversight, their submittals to determine complete and proper application of the BES definition.
- Planned oversight activities for 2018 will be aligned with the ERO Enterprise Operating Model, which should not affect 2018 resource allocation and have little effect on overall NERC resource requirements. NERC understands that each Regional Entity will need to evaluate its individual resource needs and allocations.
- As noted in the assumptions for IT, Regional Entities will be asked to participate in teams to help develop application business requirements and to test business functionality for ERO Enterprise applications projects. These teams will primarily be business area subject matter experts, not IT staff. The success of the Entity Registration project, the Enterprise Reporting data warehouse project, and the Compliance Monitoring and Enforcement Process Tool project will be dependent on Regional Entity participation. When planning, Regional Entities should consider allocating resources at an adequate level of participation to support the success of these projects.

Key Focus Areas (2018)

- Recommendations from the 2016 review of the Certification program will be targeted for implementation in 2018. In addition, MRO expects to certify two new Transmission Operators in 2018. These activities will result in increased resources devoted to Certification implementation.
- Recommendations from the 2016 review of the Registration program, including the implementation of CFRs and JROs, will require increased resources for implementation in 2018.
- Participation on the NERC-led review panel, which may require four to six engagements per year, requires travel from each of the regional representatives.

MRO also plans to commit additional resources to Registration and Certification in 2018-2020 associated with the ERO CMEP Tools project.

Resource Requirements

An increase in resource requirements is projected for 2018.

Personnel Expenses (Increase \$60k, 19.7%)

The majority of the increase is seen in personnel expenses as senior staff collaborates with NERC as indicated in the Key Focus Areas (2018). MRO continues to facilitate participation of additional technical resources from the industry in drafting teams and in other areas to augment staff involvement, which has resulted in a relatively stabilized number of FTEs in prior years. MRO reimburses reasonable travel expenses for stakeholder participation.

Meeting Expenses (Increase \$14k, 30.7%)

MRO's increased participation in NERC-led activities will require increased travel expenses.

Reliability Standards, Organization Registration and Certification Budget Details

The following table shows funding sources and related expenses for the Reliability Standards, Organization Registration, and Certification Program.

			get & Proje								
	RELIABIL	ITY STANI	DARDS AND	ORG/	ANIZATIONAL	Var	riance Projection				ariance L8 Budget
			2017	_	2017		7 Budget		2018		17 Budget
unding		-	Budget	P	rojection	Over	(Under)		Budget	OV	er(Under)
	ERO Funding										
	NERC Assessments	\$	623,464	\$	623,464			\$	687,952	\$	64,48
	Penalty Sanctions	_	10,401	_	10,401	-			8,497	_	(1,90
	Total NERC Funding	\$	633,865	\$	633,865	-		\$	696,449	\$	62,58
	Membership Dues		-		-		-		-		-
	Testing Fees		-		-		-		-		-
	Services & Software		-		-		-		-		-
	Workshops		-		-		-		-		-
	Interest Miscellaneous		-						-		
otal Fund		\$	633,865	\$	633,865			\$	696,449	\$	62,58
penses	Personnel Expenses										
	Salaries	\$	214,962	\$	214,962	\$	-	\$	258,356	\$	43,39
	Payroll Taxes		13,591		13,591		-	•	16,816	•	3,22
	Benefits		26,474		26,474		-		31,169		4,69
	Retirement Costs		50,081		50,081		-		59,003		8,92
	Total Personnel Expenses	\$	305,108	\$	305,108	\$	-	\$	365,344	\$	60,23
	Meeting Expenses										
	Meetings	\$	2,500	\$	2,500	\$	-	\$	1,400	\$	(1,10
	Travel		42,400		42,400		-		57,300		14,90
	Conference Calls	\$	44,900	\$	44.900	\$	-	\$	58,700	\$	13,80
	Total Meeting Expenses	->	44,900	- >	44,900	->	-	<u> </u>	58,700	<u> </u>	13,80
	Operating Expenses										
	Consultants & Contracts	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
	Office Rent		-		-		-		-		-
	Office Costs		6,088		6,088		-		5,838		(25)
	Professional Services Miscellaneous		-		-		-		-		-
	Depreciation		-		-		-		-		-
	Total Operating Expenses	\$	6,088	\$	6,088	\$	-	\$	5,838	\$	(25
	Total Diseat Foresses	_	356.006	_	256.006	_			420.002	_	72.70
	Total Direct Expenses	\$	356,096	\$	356,096	\$	-	\$	429,882	\$	73,78
	Indirect Expenses	\$	289,481	\$	289,481	\$	-	\$	284,030	\$	(5,45
	Other Non-Operating Expenses	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
otal Expe	enses (B)	\$	645,577	\$	645,577	\$	-	\$	713,912	\$	68,33
hange in	Assets	\$	(11,712)	\$	(11,712)	\$	-	\$	(17,463)	\$	(5,750
xed Asse	ets										
	Depreciation	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
	Computer & Software CapEx		-		-		-		-		-
	Furniture & Fixtures CapEx		-		-		-		-		-
	Equipment CapEx		-		-		-		-		-
	Leasehold Improvements		-				-		-		-
	Allocation of Fixed Assets	\$	(11,712)		(11,712)		-		(17,463)		(5,75
	n Fixed Assets (C) DGET (=B + C)	\$	(11,712) 633,865	\$	(11,712) 633,865	\$	-	\$	(17,463) 696,449	\$	(5,75 62,58
		~	,000	*	,000	*		*	5,5	+	52,50
OTAL BU		ć	_	¢	_	Ġ	_	ċ	_		
OTAL BU	ANGE IN WORKING CAPITAL (=A-B-C)	\$	_	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-		

Table A-2. Reliability Standards, Organization Registration and Certification Budget Detail

Compliance Monitoring and Enforcement Program

The following table lists the budget for the Compliance Monitoring and Enforcement Program.

Compliance Mo		ring and Enforce whole dollars)	me	nt Program	Increase
	2	2017 Budget		2018 Budget	(Decrease)
Total FTEs		21.11		23.02	1.91
Direct Expenses	\$	4,321,942	\$	4,703,549	\$ 381,608
Indirect Expenses	\$	3,117,832	\$	3,252,919	\$ 135,087
Other Non-Operating Expenses	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -
Inc(Dec) in Fixed Assets	\$	(126,147)	\$	(199,998)	\$ (73,851)
Total Funding Requirement	\$	7,313,627	\$	7,756,470	\$ 442,844

Table A-3. Compliance Monitoring and Enforcement Program Budget

Program Scope and Functional Description

In 2018, the MRO Compliance Monitoring and Enforcement Program (CMEP) will include performing CMEP activities with an expected 106 registered entities in the MRO Region. This work is performed by three departments: Compliance Monitoring, Risk Assessment and Mitigation, and Enforcement creating an effective "checks and balance" for making decisions about noncompliance and enforcement.

Compliance Monitoring Department and Regulatory Affairs

The Compliance Monitoring and Regulatory Affairs Department is comprised of a 10.0 headcount, which includes audit and support staff with the competency to conduct oversight responsibilities. Compliance Monitoring staff is responsible for conducting compliance monitoring activities, including compliance audits, self-certifications, and spot checks. Additionally, Compliance Monitoring staff leads development of multi-year Compliance Oversight Plans (COPs). Development of initial three-year COPs for all MRO registered entities is anticipated to be completed in 2018.

With the implementation of multi-year COPs, there will be an increase in the number of compliance audits conducted in 2018, Though the scope of the compliance audits will typically be smaller, there will be an increase in the number of audits conducted and the number of audit reports issued. Self-certifications will continue to be drafted and issued on a quarterly basis in 2018. The number of registered entities subject to self-certifications is anticipated to remain stable in 2018. FTEs are also anticipated to remain stable in 2018.

In addition to the normal and ongoing compliance monitoring activities under the NERC CMEP, MRO Compliance Monitoring staff will be prepared to assist with other resposibilities in other functional areas depending on the needs of the organization. These activities are included in the business plan for 2018. Investigations, if any, will be handled by MRO's Risk Assessment and Mitigation staff.

Compliance Monitoring staff also includes a CMEP Process Principal, responsible for development and implementation of MRO's business processes related to its implementation of the CMEP. This position monitors the execution of CMEP processes to ensure the quality of MRO's activities in these areas (CMEP Quality Assurance). This position is also responsible for participating in regional or NERC working groups to assist in the development and implementation

of ERO-wide CMEP-related processes, including the CMEP Tools project. It is anticipated that this individual will devote significant time to the CMEP Tools project in 2018.

Risk Assessment and Mitigation Department

The Risk Assessment and Mitigation Department is comprised of an 11.0 headcount (including Registration and Certification staff), which includes four professional engineers, one certified system operator and other technical staff and two administrative staff.

The Risk Assessment and Mitigation Department leads the development of Inherent Risk Assessments (IRAs) for each registered entity in the region. The IRA is the technical underpinning for the development of the COP by the Compliance Monitoring staff. In 2016, MRO completed an initial IRA for each MRO registered entity. While there will be a need for periodic refreshes of IRAs, workload associated with this activity is expected to decrease.

When a potential issue of noncompliance is identified, Risk Assessment and Mitigation staff independently reviews the facts and circumstances surrounding each potential instance of noncompliance, and then determines whether there is an instance of noncompliance and if so, the risk posed by the instance of noncompliance. This risk determination is used by MRO Enforcement staff to determine the appropriate resolution of the instance of noncompliance.

The Risk Assessment and Mitigation staff works with the registered entity to develop an effective mitigation plan for each instance of noncompliance. The mitigation plan is designed to prevent recidivism. MRO has not had a repeat moderate or serious risk violation, within one year of mitigation completion of a previous moderate or serious risk violation, in the past three years.

Due to an increase in noncompliance in the MRO Region in 2016, workload associated with assessing the risk of noncompliance and associated mitigation activities is expected to increase in 2018.

Risk Assessment and Mitigation staff also reviews each BPS event, independent of the event analysis process, to assess risk and compliance with Reliability Standards.

Risk Assessment and Mitigation staff also serves as a technical resource for individual registered entities when an entity has questions about compliance. Support may involve one-on-one meetings with the registered entity or simply responding to an email. With the implementation of MRO's "HERO" outreach program, and a number of new Standards becoming effective in 2017, workload associated with this activity is expected to increase in 2018.

Risk Assessment and Mitigation staff works with registered entities to provide educational workshops and webinars. Risk Assessment and Mitigation staff also regularly attends the Mid-Continent Compliance Forum (MCCF) to provide technical support to MCCF members, and also provides education to MRO stakeholders through articles published in the MRO newsletter.

Enforcement

The Enforcement Department is comprised of a 3.0 headcount. Instances of noncompliance with Reliability Standards are reviewed by the Enforcement Department staff, who verify all relevant facts, review the risk determinations, and determine the appropriate enforcement actions for final disposition and resolution. Enforcement Department staff reports the status of all possible violations to NERC, negotiates settlement agreements and penalties, where appropriate, with registered entities, and coordinates review of settlement agreements by MRO's Hearing Body. Enforcement determinations are submitted to NERC for approval. For 2018, costs for this program are budgeted to remain stable with no increase in FTEs.

This three-step approach to the CMEP process, together with MRO's quality assurance oversight function, is designed to ensure accurate compliance and enforcement determinations by providing segregation of duties among those making the findings, those assessing risk, and those determining and negotiating penalties and sanctions.

MRO CMEP staff will continue to take a leadership role in transforming the CMEP work into more risk-informed, adaptive regulation.

Compliance Monitoring, Risk Assessment and Mitigation

<u>Assumptions (2018-2020)</u>

NERC and Regional Entity Business Plans and Budgets reflect a set of common assumptions developed jointly by NERC and the Regional Entities as part of the annual Business Plan and Budget process. NERC and the Regional Entities will also continue to work collaboratively to refine and revise procedures to eliminate duplication, increase operational efficiencies, enhance ERO-wide consistency, and achieve measureable reliability outcomes, consistent with their respective roles and responsibilities. The common assumptions for the Compliance Monitoring Program can be located in the Key Assumptions section of Exhibit A in NERC's 2018 Business Plan and Budget.

MRO will monitor compliance with Reliability Standards for each registered entity that has compliance responsibilities as defined in the Compliance Registry for MRO. In the United States, MRO monitors Reliability Standards according to Commission-approved Rules. In Manitoba, MRO monitors Reliability Standards under provincial law as implemented in the Manitoba Reliability Standards Regulation. In Saskatchewan, MRO carries out its compliance monitoring responsibilities according to an agreement with the Saskatchewan Electric Reliability Authority. 2018 key focus areas include:

- The implementation of more risk-informed CMEP required an increase of technical resources to complete and maintain the Inherent Risk Assessments (IRAs) for all registered entities in 2017-2019. In addition, Regional Entities will require resources to continuously update previously completed IRAs based on identified triggers and focus on creating compliance oversight plans that include compliance monitoring tools, the interval of compliance monitoring, and the Reliability Standards that are to be monitored.
- NERC and the Regional Entities will continue to evaluate business practices, implementation, and consistency of the CMEP work.
- NERC and the Regional Entities will continue to support the training and education requirements and guidelines necessary to meet the criteria set forth by the ERO Enterprise Compliance Monitoring and Enforcement Manual and the Competency Guide⁵.
- Planning and operating Reliability Standard violations are expected to remain constant as
 most registered entities have been audited and, thus, have a greater understanding of
 compliance expectations. In addition, MRO's outreach efforts including the development
 of Standard Application Guides has deepened the understanding of compliance
 expectations of registered entities. A modest increase may also occur as revisions of
 certain standards or new Reliability Standards become effective.
- Compliance personnel will need to continue support of the implementation of the CIP Reliability Standards.
- NERC will continue CIP V5 training, coordination, and facilitation with the ERO Enterprise CIP auditors and the industry. ERO Enterprise CIP subject matter experts will support these activities to ensure appropriate knowledge and guidance is developed, understood by industry, and administered.

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⁵ ERO Enterprise Compliance Monitoring and Enforcement Manual and the Competency Guide

- The allocation of resources in 2018 should be responsive to continued implementation by registered entities of new versions of the CIP Reliability Standards.
- Additional resources may be necessary for increased Physical Security compliance monitoring activities for CIP-014 and the compliance monitoring activities related to the Supply Chain Risk Management Reliability Standard (CIP-013).
- ERO Enterprise CMEP staff, particularly staff with visibility into risks existing in the field, will provide feedback to the ERO Enterprise. This feedback may include information on risks seen in the field that are not addressed by a standard, as well as information on where a standard is too broad. ERO Enterprise CMEP staff will participate in the development of a solution, regardless of whether the risk is addressed through a new or modified Reliability Standard, or other means.
- ERO Enterprise CMEP staff will provide input for standards development teams on the risks seen in the field relating to a standard under development, as well as for how a Reliability Standard would be monitored.
- As noted in the assumptions for IT, Regional Entities will be asked to participate in teams to help develop application business requirements and to test business functionality for ERO Enterprise applications projects. These teams will primarily be business area subject matter experts, not IT staff. The success of the Compliance Monitoring and Enforcement Process Tool project will be dependent on Regional Entity participation. When planning, Regional Entities should consider allocating resources at an adequate level of participation to support the success of this project.

Key Focus Areas (2018)

- Monitoring and management of compliance monitoring and enforcement metrics in support of ERO Enterprise's Strategic Plan and CMEP Oversight Program.
- Ongoing implementation and oversight of the CMEP, including IRAs, consideration of internal controls, and ensuring that Compliance Oversight Plans are addressing the relevant risks.
- Implementation and oversight of the CIP V5, CIP-013 and CIP-014 compliance monitoring programs, while recognizing that a risk-informed focus will be used.
- Risk assessment and mitigation work associated with the increased number of noncompliance identified in 2016, as well as a possible high level of 2017 noncompliance associated with low impact CIP requirements
- Continued ERO Enterprise-wide collaboration and implementation of consistent compliance monitoring and enforcement practices focused on higher reliability risks.

<u>Compliance Monitoring Explanation of Variances – 2018 Budget versus 2017 Budget</u> <u>Annual Implementation Plan</u>

- Monitor compliance with all regulatory-approved Reliability Standards as defined in the NERC Annual Implementation Plan
- Continued implementation of more risk informed techniques into the compliance monitoring framework, customizing scope of individual compliance monitoring activities and consideration of registered entities' internal controls
- Per the NERC CMEP Implementation Plan, with the implementation of multi-year Compliance Oversight Plans (COPs), there will be an increase in the number of compliance audits conducted in 2018. Additionally, complementing audits, MRO has established rigorous quarterly guided self-certifications for those Reliability Standards and requirements that address higher risk areas.
- Unscheduled spot checks and/or compliance audits may be conducted if:
 - Entity registration changes (such as adding TOP, BA, RC function)
 - Evidence of compliance provided during an audit (or other discovery method) is found to be noncompliant and the entity is using another entity's program or process

- Inherent Risk Assessments identify an emerging risk
- o Follow-up is needed as a result of self-certifications or events

Compliance Audits

- 2018 variance: increased workload
- The rigor, scope, depth and recurrence of audits and spot checks will be driven by reliability risk. Beginning in 2017, oversight plans will be developed for registered entities according to their risk and the best CMEP tools. This is reflected in the annual implementation plan.
- As a result of implementation of multi-year COPs, there is an increase in the number of compliance audits conducted in 2018. Although the scope of these activities is generally smaller than in past years, the review and reporting requirements will increase.

Self-Certifications

- 2018 variance: stable workload
- Quarterly guided self-certifications will continue to be conducted in 2018. The number of requirements for which self-certifications are issued, as well as the number of affected registered entities, are anticipated to be similar to 2017.

Spot Checks

- 2018 variance: stable workload
- The completion of IRAs and subsequent implementation of multi-year COPs provides greater alignment between MRO and registered entities with regard to risk and should result in a more stable approach to compliance monitoring

<u>Technical Feasibility Exceptions (TFEs)</u>

- 2018 variance: stable workload
- During 2018, MRO Compliance staff does not anticipate significant variation in effort associated with TFE processing.

Compliance Investigations (CIs) and Compliance Evaluations of Events

- 2018 variance: stable workload
- Workload related to compliance evaluations of events is anticipated to remain consistent.
- MRO Risk Assessment and Mitigation staff are responsible for conducting a review of all reported events, and developing compliance assessments of those events for all Category 2 and above events.
- If a CI were initiated in the MRO region, MRO Risk Assessment and Mitigation staff would lead the investigation. This would be an increase in workload. At this time, there is no anticipation of a CI.

Compliance Findings Discovery

- 2018 variance: increased workload
- For every potential noncompliance, MRO Risk Assessment and Mitigation performs a fact and circumstance review necessary to determine the potential and actual risk posed by the noncompliance, as well as appropriate mitigating activities.
- MRO expects an increase in workload associated with reviewing facts and circumstances around entity implementations of CIP v5, as well as risk determination work associated with the increased number of noncompliance discovered in 2016 and anticipated for 2017.

Compliance Findings Record Development

- 2018 variance: increased workload
- MRO's CMEP Quality Assurance (C-QA) program was fully implemented in 2016. The program seeks to ensure that all CMEP activities have sufficient technical rigor and discretion is applied without discrimination.
- MRO experienced increased instances of noncompliance in 2016 and expects a possible high number of instances of noncompliance associated with Low Impact CIP requirements in 2017. C-QA will see a corresponding increase in reviewing findings record development.

<u>Compliance Enforcement and Mitigation Explanation of Variances – 2018 Budget versus</u> 2017 Budget

Mitigation Plan Acceptance and Verification of Completion

2018 variance: increased workload

For every noncompliance identified, a description of mitigating activities/mitigation plan must be submitted. MRO Risk Assessment and Mitigation staff reviews each submission to assess whether the proposed actions will mitigate and prevent recurrence of the subject noncompliance. The development of the mitigating activities/mitigation plan provides the information necessary to determine the potential and actual risk to the reliability of the BES. MRO experienced increased instances of noncompliance in 2016 and expects a possible high number of instances of noncompliance associated with Low Impact CIP requirements in 2017.

2018 Enforcement and Mitigation Program Goals and Key Deliverables

- Ensure that professionally-trained staff is available to perform the required activities under the NERC Rules of Procedure
- Deliver consistent results when processing all instances of noncompliance and Possible Violations
- Process noncompliance and Possible Violations of standards in a fair, uniform, systematic, and timely manner
- Maintain internal controls for "one-up and next door" reviews to ensure all determinations receive adequate "due care" and review
- Provide security related outreach to MRO members

Processing Instances of Noncompliance

- 2018 variance: increased workload
- For every instance of noncompliance identified by MRO Compliance staff or a registered entity, MRO Risk Assessment and Mitigation staff performs a review to confirm its validity
- For Possible Violations deemed valid and subject to enforcement, MRO Enforcement staff prepares and issues a Notice of Possible Violation. If the Registered Entity is in violation of a standard, MRO Enforcement staff prepares a Notice of Alleged Violation that may include a Disposition Document for each alleged violation or a Notice of Find, Fix, Track and Report processing for each remediated issue. Where a Notice of Alleged Violation is issued, a proposed penalty is calculated and reviewed and considered by at least two MRO Enforcement staff. Upon acceptance or lapse of the required time for response to the Notice of Alleged Violation, MRO Enforcement staff prepares a Notice of Confirmed Violation. The drafting of these notices is an iterative process and requires resources. For more complex or significant matters, MRO Enforcement staff anticipates resolution through negotiated settlement. This process is sometimes lengthy and typically results in ongoing tracking and monitoring requirements for MRO and the registered entity to ensure completion of agreed-upon remedies. MRO encourages registered entities to make investments in reliable operations as an offset for proposed penalties. This results in

longer-term monitoring commitments in the enforcement process. MRO will continue to promote self-identification of noncompliance as a factor in determining how to resolve instances of noncompliance.

It is anticipated that a high percentage of self-identified instances of noncompliance will be resolved as compliance exceptions, thus relieving enforcement burden both the MRO and the registered entity.

Record Development and Maintenance

- 2018 variance: increased workload
- Processes have been formalized and necessary documentation identified to complete the record
- The webCDMS application provides for a central repository accessible to each registered entity
- The aforementioned CMEP Tools project seeks to develop an ERO-wide software platform to support CMEP activities. Until completion and deployment of such a solution, MRO is continuing to maintain its current multi-year contract to utilize webCDMS.

<u>Funding Requirements — Explanation of Increase (Decrease)</u>

Resource Requirements

Combined Compliance Monitoring and Enforcement Program.

Personnel Expenses (Increase \$420k, 10.9%)

- Increasing the headcount in this area by two. The cost impact of the additional FTEs is an increase of \$325k.
- The cost impact has been justified through staff's increased efforts in prevention through more outreach and CIP. Specifically, the RAM group has increased outreach hours from 3,000 hours in 2014 to an estimated 9,000 hours in 2017. The adverse consequence in this area is marked increase in the number of days in processing and response times in the CMEP area.
- In an effort to address these concerns, leadership has redeployed resources from other
 program areas. A number of internal processes have streamlined to increase efficiencies.
 At this time is it believed that MRO's productivity and resource utilization have been
 maximized, leaving additional staff as the only alternative if MRO continues to deliver the
 value that MRO strives for. Our culture, behaviors, and outcomes are built around a value
 proposition of shared accountabilities with registered entities.

Consultant Contracts (Decrease \$74k, 43.8%)

MRO has utilized outside consultants at times, which now is being supported by staff.

Office Costs (Increase \$30k, 35.4%)

An increase in office costs is a reflection of a higher FTE count.

Compliance Monitoring and Enforcement Program Budget Detail

The following table shows funding sources and related expenses for the Compliance Monitoring and Enforcement Program.

	Statement of Activition						1 Work	ing Ca	pital		
					n, and 2018 ENFORCEME		\D.4				
	COWP	LIANCE N	2017 Budget		2017 Projection	Varia 2017 Pro v 2017 I Over(U	nce ojection Budget		2018 Budget	20 v 20	/ariance 18 Budget 017 Budget er(Under)
unding			-								
	ERO Funding										
	NERC Assessments	\$	7,201,608	\$	7,201,608			\$	7,659,154	\$	457,54
	Penalty Sanctions Total NERC Funding	Ś	112,018 7,313,627	\$	7,313,627			\$	97,316 7,756,470	\$	(14,70 442,84
	Total NEITE Fullanis		7,313,027	<u> </u>	7,313,027			<u> </u>	1,130,410	-	442,04
	Membership Dues		-		-		-		-		-
	Testing Fees		-		-		-		-		-
	Services & Software		-		-		-		-		-
	Workshops		-		-		-		-		-
	Interest Miscellaneous		-		-		-		-		-
otal Fund		\$	7,313,627	\$	7,313,627			\$	7,756,470	\$	442,84
otal i ulic	g (~)		7,313,027	<u>,</u>	7,313,027			<u> </u>	7,730,470	-	442,04
kpenses											
	Personnel Expenses	_	0.045.5=1	_	0.045				0.46= :=:		
	Salaries	\$	2,842,052	\$	2,842,052	\$	-	\$	3,165,100	\$	323,04
	Payroll Taxes Benefits		187,019 298,571		187,019 298,571		-		204,686 329,896		17,66
	Retirement Costs		535,130		535,130		_		583,137		31,32 48,00
	Total Personnel Expenses	\$	3,862,772	Ś	3,862,772	\$		\$	4,282,819	\$	420,04
	rotal religionic Expenses		0,002,772	<u> </u>	0,002,772	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	.,202,023	<u> </u>	0,0
	Meeting Expenses										
	Meetings	\$	6,500	\$	6,500	\$	-	\$	7,500	\$	1,00
	Travel		199,900		199,900		-		204,830		4,93
	Conference Calls		-	_			-				-
	Total Meeting Expenses	\$	206,400	\$	206,400	\$	-	\$	212,330	\$	5,93
	Operating Expenses										
	Consultants & Contracts	\$	169,000	\$	169,000	\$	_	\$	95,000	\$	(74,00
	Office Rent	*	-	7	-	*	_	*	-	*	-
	Office Costs		83,770		83,770		-		113,400		29,63
	Professional Services		-		-		-		-		-
	Miscellaneous		-		-		-		-		-
	Depreciation	_	- 252 770	ć	- 252.770	_	-		- 200 400		- /44.27
	Total Operating Expenses	\$	252,770	\$	252,770	\$	-	\$	208,400	\$	(44,37
	Total Direct Expenses	\$	4,321,942	\$	4,321,942	\$	-	\$	4,703,549	\$	381,60
	Indirect Expenses	\$	3,117,832	\$	3,117,832	\$	-	\$	3,252,919	\$	135,08
	Other Non-Operating Expenses	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$		\$	
otal Expe	enses (B)	\$	7,439,774	\$	7,439,774	\$	-	\$	7,956,468	\$	516,69
hange in	Assets	\$	(126,147)	\$	(126,147)	\$	-	\$	(199,998)	\$	(73,85
ixed Asse											
	Depreciation Computer & Software CapEx		-		-		-		-		-
	Furniture & Fixtures CapEx		_		_		_		_		_
	Equipment CapEx		_		_		_		-		_
	Leasehold Improvements		-		-		-		-		-
	Allocation of Fixed Assets	\$	(126,147)		(126,147)		_		(199,998)		(73,85
(D):-	Fixed Access (C)			_							
	n Fixed Assets (C) DGET (=B + C)	\$	7,313,627	\$	7,313,627	\$	-	\$	7,756,470	\$	(73,85 442,84
			7,313,027		1,313,021		-		7,730,470		-4 2,04
J IAL CH	ANGE IN WORKING CAPITAL (=A-B-C)	\$	-	\$	-	\$		\$		\$	-

Table A-4. Compliance Monitoring and Enforcement Budget Detail

Reliability Assessment and Performance Analysis Program

The following table lists the budget for the Reliability Assessment and Performance Analysis (RAPA) program.

Reliability Asse		ents and Perforn whole dollars)	nan	ce Analysis								
	2017 Budget 2018 Budget											
Total FTEs		6.42		6.13		(0.29)						
Direct Expenses	\$	1,588,751	\$	1,548,845	\$	(39,906)						
Indirect Expenses	\$	948,199	\$	866,220	\$	(81,979)						
Other Non-Operating Expenses	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-						
Inc(Dec) in Fixed Assets	\$	(38,364)	\$	(53,257)	\$	(14,893)						
Total Funding Requirement	\$	2,498,586	\$	2,361,808	\$	(136,779)						

Table A-5. Reliability Assessment and Performance Analysis (RAPA) Budget

Program Scope and Functional Description

The objectives of the RAPA program are to:

- 1. Review Planning Coordinator assessments within the MRO Region from an operation and planning perspective. Ensure the assessments are technically sound and address appropriate risk areas.
- Evaluate existing and planned generation and transmission facilities to identify key reliability issues and the risks and uncertainties affecting adequacy and security of the Bulk Electric System.
- 3. Review event analysis efforts by registered entities to ensure causes are identified and corrected and that lessons learned are shared with industry.
- 4. Facilitate data collection and the development of power flow and dynamics simulation models for the MRO Region and the Eastern Interconnection.
- 5. Perform legacy Regional Reliability Organization functions until those functions are assigned to registered entities through Reliability Standards.
- 6. Support MRO Planning and Operating Committees and the organizational groups reporting to those committees and participate in NERC technical groups.
- 7. Implement enhancements to improve ERO enterprise-wide efficiency and effectiveness of RAPA-related functions.

RAPA identifies reliability risks to the BPS in the MRO geography by reviewing and/or performing reliability assessments in accordance with the Delegation Agreement and NERC's Rules of Procedure.

2018 Key Assumptions

Regarding periodic assessments, Planning Coordinators in the MRO Region perform assessments of reliability and adequacy and report results of short-term, long-term and specific scenario assessments. MRO staff performs independent reviews of reports with supplemental analysis to ensure competence and rigor.

The MRO Planning and Operating committees have balanced stakeholder representation, report to the MRO Board and provide input to the staff reviews of the assessments.

Assumptions (2018-2020)

- NERC and the Regional Entities will continue to focus resources on high quality reliability assessments that address goals and their associated contributing activities identified in the ERO Enterprise's 2018-2020 Strategic Plan for Goal 3 – Identification and Mitigation of Significant Risks to Reliability and Goal 4 – Identification and Assessment of Emerging Risks to Reliability.
- NERC and the Regional Entities will continue to support a common approach for NERC reliability assessments and ensure consistent evaluation, aligned with the ROP Section 800, Reliability Assessment Guidebook, and the Reliability Assessment Oversight Plan to be developed in 2017.
- NERC and the Regional Entities will advance data management strategies and analytical capabilities for identifying and determining reliability risks and conducting reliability assessments by:
 - Integrating the analysis and measures of essential reliability services (ERS) into the Long-Term Reliability Assessment. The process encompasses new data collection and analysis approaches needed to address assessment objectives of identifying reliability issues due to a changing resource mix.
 - o Providing technical resources to examine transmission and deliverability studies and providing high-level evaluation for the Long-Term Reliability Assessment.
 - Providing technical resources, advanced statistical analysis tools, objective expert input, and reliability leadership for the advancement of probabilistic analyses supporting the Long-Term Reliability Assessment.
 - Supporting the NERC Enterprise Reporting Project to ensure Reliability Assessment data is integrated and supported by analytical reporting, data checking, and validation tools.
- NERC and the Regional Entities will provide technical expertise, research, and feedback
 to the industry, as well as provide foundational technical efforts that support reliability
 planning-related standards development. In addition to providing feedback, NERC will
 also solicit industry's help while leveraging any industry research.
- NERC and the Regional Entities may require contractor and consultant services to maintain continued support and technical expertise associated with activities listed in the above assumptions with supporting special assessment, scenario, or other technical research efforts. This could potentially impact both NERC and Regional Entity resource allocation including:
 - Contractor services may be necessary to support special assessment analyses (e.g., EPA 111(d) evaluation or ERS), scenario analyses (e.g., polar vortex-like severe event analyses and gas-electric interdependence), and other technical research efforts (e.g., similar to geomagnetic disturbances (GMDs) and FAC-003 Vegetation Management).
 - Contractor services may be needed to support research into GMDs and their impact on BPS operations (see FERC Order 830).
 - o Contractor services may be needed to support increase in data analysis to support ERS measures, CPS1/CPS2 control performance, and frequency trending.
- As noted in the assumptions for IT, Regional Entities will be asked to participate in teams
 to help develop application business requirements and to test business functionality for
 ERO Enterprise applications projects. These teams will primarily be business area
 subject matter experts, not IT staff. The success of the Enterprise Reporting data
 warehouse project and the Compliance Monitoring and Enforcement Process Tool
 project will be dependent on Regional Entity participation.

Key Focus Areas (2018)

- NERC and the Regions will prioritize their work products according to the ERO Reliability Risk Priorities⁶ developed by the RISC, including: 1) Changing Resource Mix (Risk Profile #1), 2) BPS Planning (Risk Profile #2), and 3) Resource Adequacy and Performance (Risk Profile #3).
- Ongoing support for the Planning and Operating Committees and associated subcommittees, working groups, and task forces.
- Develop Reliability Guidelines and Technical Reference Documents based on priority and risk.
- Produce three required reliability assessments reflective of the common approach developed for NERC reliability assessments to ensure consistent treatment of resource and reliability evaluations: 1) Long-Term Reliability Assessment (incorporated probabilistic assessment), 2) Summer Reliability Assessment, and 3) Winter Reliability Assessment.
- Conduct special reliability assessments, as necessary, directed at high priority risks identified by RISC.

Performance Analysis

<u>Assumptions (2018-2020)</u>

- Ongoing support for the technical committees and associated subcommittees, working groups, and task forces.
- NERC and the Regional Entities will continue to focus resources on system insights from high quality performance analysis, including:
 - Development and implementation of expanded and enhanced enterprise-based data collection and analysis systems, and capabilities for performance analyses. This area includes Transmission Availability Data System (TADS), Generating Availability Data System (GADS), Demand Response Availability Data System (DADS), Event Analysis, Alerts, substation equipment failure, and protection systems misoperations data.
 - Support of the integration of information systems for assessments and associated data requirements (in support of data cleansing, blending, and validation).
 - Maturing and developing interconnection-wide analysis groups to support the assessment of interconnection-wide risks, such as frequency response.
 - Providing technical resources, analytical tools, and expertise to perform analyses as needed, including supporting and identifying risk priorities for standards development, compliance, and enforcement activities.
- Support the NERC Enterprise Reporting Project to ensure Performance Analysis data is integrated into consolidated system and supported by analytical reporting tools, as well as feedback loops to other parts of the ERO Enterprise such as compliance, standards, enforcement, etc.
- As noted in the assumptions for IT, Regional Entities will be asked to participate in teams
 to help develop application business requirements and to test business functionality for
 ERO Enterprise applications projects. These teams will primarily be business area
 subject matter experts, not IT staff. The success of the Enterprise Reporting data
 warehouse project will be dependent on Regional Entity participation.

Key Focus Areas (2018)

 Ongoing support for the technical committees and associated subcommittees, working groups, and task forces.

⁶ ERO Reliability Risk Priorities

- High quality performance analysis, including:
 - Development and implementation of expanded and enhanced enterprise-based data collection and analysis systems, and capabilities for performance analyses. This area includes TADS, GADS, DADS, Event Analysis, Alerts, substation equipment failure, and protection system misoperations data.
 - Support of the integration of RAPA information systems for assessments and associated data requirements, supporting delivery of high-quality reports (e.g., longterm, short-term, special or scenario assessments, and State of Reliability Report).
 - Providing technical resources and expertise to perform analyses as needed, including supporting and identifying risk priorities for standards development, compliance, and enforcement activities and feedback loops to other parts of the ERO Enterprise such as compliance, standards, enforcement, etc.

System Analysis

<u>Assumptions (2018-2020)</u>

- NERC and the Regions are advancing their analytical capabilities to assess and report on the reliability of the BPS. Additionally, newer and maturing technologies, such as synchro-phasor measurement unit (PMU) technology, are enabling innovative approaches for event analysis, power system analysis, and model validation. NERC and the Regions are uniquely situated to perform analyses that require a wide-area view of the interconnections, as well as supporting industry in advancing software and analytical capabilities where appropriate. Support and leadership to the System Analysis Subcommittee and any of the subcommittees, working groups, and task forces will continue.
- NERC will advocate to improve existing commercially available software capabilities and perform power system analysis that create a more profound understanding of system behavior (e.g., inter-area oscillations, frequency response, system strength, voltage/reactive performance, signal processing, and signature detection).
- NERC will provide direction and oversight of the interconnection case-building designees in support of interconnection model building and wide-area system analysis:
 - Mature and develop interconnection-wide analysis groups to support the assessment of interconnection-wide risks:
 - Conduct special reliability assessments based on recommendation from load modeling task force modeling to capture the impact of composite load modeling on transmission and distribution system--for example, Fault Induced Delayed Voltage Recovery.
 - Require powerflow, short circuit, and stability analysis tools and objective expert input for transmission adequacy and deliverability assessments and studies.
 - NERC and the Regional Entities' resources (through the case building designee agreements) will support the Planning Coordinators' development of long-term sustainable interconnection-wide powerflow, short circuit, and dynamics cases that exhibit the accuracy and fidelity reflecting actual BES reliability performance and dynamic conditions.
- NERC and the Regional Entities will advance modeling improvement capabilities to ensure the power system planning and operation models closely resemble actual operating conditions.
 - Perform periodic model validation against measured quantities and operational practices of the power system.
 - o Perform case quality and fidelity assessment on interconnection wide models:
 - Case data quality.
 - Case performance fidelity.

- Drive the advancement and use of dynamic load modeling on an interconnectionwide basis.
 - Formulate and guide the ERO Enterprise vision and associated activities to promote the advancement and use of dynamic load models and modeling practices.
 - Establish guidelines and technical reference documents related to dynamic load modeling practices, including explanations of existing dynamic load models and their structure, data sets, and parameter derivation.
 - Serve as the industry focal point and open forum for discussing dynamic load modeling practices for system planning and operations studies. Provide industry guidance and support to entities seeking direction on dynamic load modeling across North America.
- Drive the advancement and use of inverter-based modeling on interconnection wide basis.
 - Establish guidelines and technical reference documents related to inverter-based resource modeling on transmission and distribution system.
 - The recommended modeling practices for utility scale renewable energy resources using new inverter based technology.
- NERC will support the maintenance of the BESnet application and manage processing of the BES Exception Requests (ERs), including technical validation of review and approval of Regional ERs, periodic reviews of network changes affecting BES Exception determinations, recertification of previously approved BES ER, as well as requests for certain registration and certification reviews. The Regional Entities will continue to process BES ERs per guidelines established in the ROP. Recertification for exceptions begins in 2018.
- NERC and the Regional Entities will work collaboratively to enhance the ERO Enterprise's capability for event and forensic analysis, including:
 - Development of a process to ensure the compilation and creation of steady state, short circuit, and dynamic simulation model cases for use in the investigation and analysis of major power system disturbance events.
 - Evaluation of event disturbances using phasor measurements and other methods to assess sufficiency of data and models.
- NERC will provide technical expertise, research, and feedback to the industry, as well as
 foundational technical efforts that support the key reliability planning-related standards
 development. In addition to providing feedback, NERC will also solicit industry's help by
 using resources and leveraging any research that has been done by the industry.
- NERC and the Regional Entities may require contractor and consultant services to maintain continued support and technical expertise associated with activities listed in the above assumptions, supporting special assessment, scenario analysis, or other technical efforts, potentially impacting both NERC and Regional Entity resource allocation, including:
 - o If significant events occur, contractor services may be required to support wide-area system analyses and root cause evaluations.
 - Contractor services may be necessary to support special reliability assessment analyses (e.g., Inertia Response and Primary Frequency Response Analysis, Voltage and reactive performance study, and Inter-Area Oscillation Analysis).
 - Contractor services are needed to support Dynamic model developments (e.g., Composite Load Modeling, utility scale renewable energy modeling and distributed energy resources). For 2018, the Load Modeling Task Force is requesting load model testing (approximately \$100k).
 - o Contractor services are needed to support the Synchronized Measurement Subcommittee with a PMU-based assessment (approximately \$100k).
- As noted in the assumptions for IT, Regional Entities will be asked to participate in teams to help develop application business requirements and to test business functionality for

ERO Enterprise applications projects. These teams will primarily be business area subject matter experts, not IT staff. The success of the Enterprise Reporting data will be dependent on Regional Entity participation.

Key Focus Areas (2018)

- **Stakeholder and Committee Support -** Ongoing support for the Planning and Operating Committees, and associated subcommittees, working groups, and task forces.
- **ERO Enterprise Technical Support** Ongoing support for BES exception processing, Risk-Based Registration, Standards, and Compliance support.
- Modeling Improvement Initiatives Perform periodic model validation against
 measured quantities and event models to ensure case quality and fidelity and also case
 creation for event analysis.
- Power System Analysis Develop technical analyses in key reliability areas, resulting
 in technically accurate and comprehensive reports addressing areas of concern (e.g.,
 frequency response, short circuit strength, inter-area oscillation, distributed energy
 resource and load composition changes, etc.) to evaluate the characteristics and
 performance of the BPS with changes to the resource mix and integration of new
 technologies:
 - Synchrophasor technology Collect strategically selected PMU data in near real-time for improved situational awareness and monitoring, and to gather larger PMU datasets for advanced data analytics and modeling improvements. Expand use of synchrophasor technology for power plant model verification and compliance with MOD-026/-027 standards.
 - Oscillation analysis Broaden understanding of inter-area, local, and forced oscillations in all interconnections; use wide-area synchrophasor data to provide industry with better understanding of phenomena, available tools, and findings.
 - Load and distributed resource modeling Drive education of dynamic load modeling and development of improved dynamic load models; supporting compliance with TPL-001-4. Support study and policy development related to end-use load behavior; advocate for grid-friendly load response.
 - Frequency response analysis and vision Meet regulatory requirements per BAL-003-1; exploratory understanding of frequency response; support interconnectionwide studies of frequency response.
 - Case quality metrics, model validation and improvement Improve case quality and robustness, support industry developments for MOD-033 tools and processes feedback loop with MOD-032 designees. Proactively seek to address deficiencies in interconnection-wide models and eliminate incessant problems. Ensure models can recreate plant behavior.
 - Event Forensics Support NERC Event Analysis in event of major grid disturbance; simulation and data analysis expertise across multiple platforms.
 - System Strength & Reactive/Voltage Performance Analysis Support ERS
 measure with advanced studies of potential phenomena under future end states;
 perform assessment of short circuit ratio study and implications based on
 regional/local studies.
 - Geomagnetic Disturbances Conduct research on geomagnetic disturbances to address FERC Order 830 (three to four-year research plan).
- Technical Support, Standard Support, Implementation, and Outreach Provide technical expertise and unique insights to the industry. The department will also develop white papers, technical reports, and reference documents, as needed, to address emerging issues and industry concerns related to system planning and operations. The department will also develop and produce Reliability Guidelines for the Planning and Operating Committees. In addition to providing feedback, NERC will also solicit industry's help by using research work that has been done by the industry and academia.

- o 2-3 in-person workshops.
- Participation at industry technical groups, such as Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers (IEEE), North American SynchroPhasor Initiative (NASPI), International Council on Large Electric Systems (CIGRE), Power Systems Engineering Research Center (PSERC), etc., as needed.
- Advanced Software Capabilities In order to conduct analysis and produce results in a timely manner, additional and improved data collection, data management, and analytical tools will be required. Robust analytical tools will increase the effectiveness of NERC staff to functionally correlate disparate data sources to ensure full-scope analyses and assessments of situations relevant to reliability risks are performed more broadly than in historical NERC analyses and assessments. Using state of the art software and technology is crucial to effective analysis especially considering the size of the North American electric footprint.

Event Analysis

Assumptions (2018-2020)

- Ongoing support for the technical committees and associated subcommittees, working groups, and task forces. Regional Entity involvement is expected to remain at current levels with no additional resources required from the Regional Entities.
- Registered entity participation in the ERO Enterprise Event Analysis Process, which
 involves active participation by Regional Entity staffs, will continue at or above current
 levels through 2018-2020.
- Regional Entities will continue to budget for event analysis and situational awareness
 activities based on their respective Region's historical workload, as they did in the past.
 Some Regional Entities will continue to allocate resources as part of the activities
 accounted for under their RAPA program and should clearly delineate where the
 activities' resources are budgeted.
- Regional Entities will support critical infrastructure security activities in the context of situation awareness, using those designated resources, unless specifically budgeted and managed elsewhere.
- As noted in the assumptions for IT, Regional Entities will be asked to participate in teams
 to help develop application business requirements and to test business functionality for
 ERO Enterprise applications projects. These teams will primarily be business area
 subject matter experts, not IT staff. The success of the Enterprise Reporting data
 warehouse project will be dependent on Regional Entity participation.

Key Focus Areas (2018)

- Ongoing support for the technical committees and associated subcommittees, working groups, and task forces.
- Support for ERO Enterprise data collection and analysis, as well as the Enterprise Reporting Project designed to transfer the data to an integrated platform.
- Support for critical infrastructure security by promoting rapid and appropriate sharing of situational awareness information regarding security occurrences.
- Analysis of significant events to identify gaps in standards, compliance monitoring effectiveness, registration, and risk controls effectiveness.
- Work on overcoming barriers to the timely release of BES reports to industry through a secure portal.
- Providing of lessons-learned and recommendations from events and identified risks.
- Continue to provide industry leadership in the analysis, understanding, and prevention of human error and improved human performance with regards to increased BPS reliability.

- Enhancement of risk analysis capabilities by integrating risk data sources, such as event analysis, TADS, GADS, and relay misoperations.
- Participation as appropriate in periodic wide-area security exercises (e.g., GridEx and feedback loops to other parts of the ERO Enterprise such as compliance, standards, enforcement, etc.).

Resource Requirements

MRO reimburses travel expenses for stakeholder participation on MRO and NERC committees. Also, actual travel reimbursement requests have decreased over time, although attendance has not decreased.

Consultants and Contracts (Decrease \$20k, 27.4%)

MRO has reduced its model building efforts significantly.

Reliability Assessment and Performance Analysis Budget Detail

The following table lists funding sources and related expenses for the Reliability Assessment and Performance Analysis Program.

	Statement of Activiti							g Ca	pital		
					n, and 2018 PERFORMAN						
	RELIADI	ILIT ASSI	ESSIVIEINI AI	iu r	PERFURIVIAI		ariance				Variance
							Projection			2	018 Budget
			2017		2017	v 20	17 Budget		2018	v 2	017 Budget
			Budget		Projection	Ove	er(Under)		Budget	C	ver(Under)
unding	"										
	RERO Funding NERC Assessments	ć	2 464 510	ė	2 464 510			\$	2,335,894	\$	/120 62
	Penalty Sanctions	\$	2,464,519 34,067	Ş	2,464,519 34,067			Ş	25,914	Ş	(128,62 (8,15
	Total NERC Funding	\$	2,498,586	\$				\$	2,361,808	\$	(136,77
	-		, ,	<u> </u>	, ,				, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		(/
	Membership Dues Testing Fees		-		-		-		-		-
	Services & Software		_		_		_		_		_
	Workshops		-		-		-		-		-
	Interest		-		-		-		-		-
	Miscellaneous		-		-		-		-		-
otal Fund	ling (A)	\$	2,498,586	\$	2,498,586			\$	2,361,808	\$	(136,77
penses											
	Personnel Expenses										
	Salaries	\$	917,627	\$	917,627	\$	-	\$	923,220	\$	5,59
	Payroll Taxes		56,875		56,875		-		59,232		2,35
	Benefits		88,481		88,481		-		92,750		4,26
	Retirement Costs Total Personnel Expenses	Ś	225,268 1,288,251	\$	225,268 1,288,251	\$		\$	230,343 1,305,545	\$	5,07 17,2 9
	Total Fersonnel Expenses		1,200,231		1,200,231	-		٠,	1,303,343	-	17,23
	Meeting Expenses										
	Meetings	\$	15,000	\$	15,000	\$	-	\$	7,500	\$	(7,50
	Travel		197,000		197,000		-		167,000		(30,00
	Conference Calls		-		-		-		-		-
	Total Meeting Expenses	\$	212,000	\$	212,000	\$	-	\$	174,500	\$	(37,50
	Operating Expenses										
	Consultants & Contracts	\$	72,000	\$	72,000	\$	_	\$	52,300	\$	(19,70
	Office Rent	*	-	-	-	*	_	•	-	*	-
	Office Costs		16,500		16,500		-		16,500		-
	Professional Services		-		-		-		-		-
	Miscellaneous		-		-		-		-		-
	Depreciation	_		_			-	_		_	-
	Total Operating Expenses	\$	88,500	\$	88,500	\$	-	\$	68,800	\$	(19,70
	Total Direct Expenses	\$	1,588,751	\$	1,588,751	\$	-	\$	1,548,845	\$	(39,90
	Indirect Expenses	\$	948,199	\$	948,199	\$	-	\$	866,220	\$	(81,97
	Other Non-Operating Expenses	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	
otal Expe	enses (B)	\$	2,536,950	<u>\$</u>	2,536,950	\$	-	\$	2,415,065	\$	(121,88
hange in	Assets	\$	(38,364)	\$	(38,364)	\$	-	\$	(53,257)	\$	(14,89
xed Asse	ets										
	Depreciation		_		_		_		_		-
	Computer & Software CapEx		_		_		_		_		_
	Furniture & Fixtures CapEx		_		_		_		_		-
	Equipment CapEx		_		_		-		-		-
	Leasehold Improvements		_		_		_		_		-
	Allocation of Fixed Assets	\$	(38,364)		(38,364)	\$	_		- (53,257)	\$	(14,89
ıc(Dec) ir	n Fixed Assets (C)	\$	(38,364)	\$		\$		\$	(53,257)	\$	(14,89
	DGET (=B + C)	\$	2,498,586		2,498,586	\$	-	\$	2,361,808	\$	(136,7
				\$		\$		\$			·
JIAL CH	ANGE IN WORKING CAPITAL (=A-B-C)	\$	-	\$		->	-	>			

Table A-6. Reliability Assessment and Performance Analysis Budget Detail

Training and Education Program

The following table summarizes the budget for Training and Education program.

Т		g and Educatior whole dollars)	1		
	2	017 Budget		2018 Budget	Increase (Decrease)
Total FTEs		1.35		2.10	0.75
Direct Expenses	\$	398,278	\$	475,429	\$ 77,151
Indirect Expenses	\$	199,388	\$	296,748	\$ 97,360
Other Non-Operating Expenses	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -
Inc(Dec) in Fixed Assets	\$	(8,067)	\$	(18,245)	\$ (10,178)
Total Funding Requirement	\$	589,599	\$	753,932	\$ 164,333

Table A-7. Training and Education Budget

Program Scope and Functional Description

Maintaining the reliability and security of the BPS requires informed and trained Regional and registered entity personnel. Education and training, or outreach, is one of the primary objectives of MRO. The education and training program specifically pertains to the implementation of the CMEP, the application of Reliability Standards, reviewing reliability assessments, performing quality event analysis, identifying lessons learned from event analysis, and other related information pertinent to system reliability and compliance. The target audience for this program is registered entities. More emphasis on CIP and security has been the trend for the last several years.

MRO will provide outreach to registered entities through workshops, conferences, and presentation opportunities at industry meetings and by providing lessons learned in MRO's newsletter and other publications. MRO will continue to identify additional outreach opportunities for registered entities.

Key Focus Areas (2018)

In addition to the MRO management team participating in, and presenting at, various forums (such as the Transmission Forum, Generation Forum, MCCF, RTO/ISO, APDA, State Regulator meetings, etc.), MRO will provide workshops (one day Standards, CMEP, two Reliability, and a two-day Security). In addition, smaller workshops and/or webinars will be held for specific technical topics.

Resource Requirements

For 2018, MRO will provide outreach to registered entities through workshops and other opportunities at industry meetings and by providing lessons learned in MRO's newsletter and other publications. MRO will continue to identify education options for registered entities in the MRO Region so that they can also accomplish the objectives of the NERC program through a third party.

Personnel Expenses (Increase \$69k, 21.0%)

Increase in staff participation of the development and delivery of increased outreach efforts are medians as identified in our Key Focus Areas (2018).

Training and Education Budget Detail

The following table shows funding sources and related expenses for the Training and Education Program.

	2017		& Projecti			Duuget				
		TRA	INING and	ED	UCATION	Variance				Marianaa
			2017 Budget	Р	2017 rojection	Variance 2017 Projecti v 2017 Budg Over(Under	et	2018 Budget	20 v 2	Variance 018 Budget 017 Budget ver(Under)
unding	FDO For the									
	REC Assessments	\$	582,435	\$	582,435		\$	745,054	\$	162,61
	Penalty Sanctions		7,164		7,164			8,878		1,71
	Total NERC Funding	\$	589,598	\$	589,598		\$	753,932	\$	164,33
	Membership Dues		-		-	-		-		-
	Testing Fees		-		-	-		-		-
	Services & Software Workshops		-		_	_		-		-
	Interest		-		_	_		_		_
	Miscellaneous		_		_	-		_		_
otal Fund		\$	589,598	\$	589,598		\$	753,932	\$	164,33
penses										
	Personnel Expenses		242 270		242 270	<u>_</u>		200 227		45.05
	Salaries Payroll Taxes	\$	243,378 12,985	\$	243,378 12,985	\$ -	\$	289,237 16,952	\$	45,85 3,96
	Benefits		22,934		22,934	_		31,774		8,84
	Retirement Costs		47,081		47,081	-		57,066		9,98
	Total Personnel Expenses	\$	326,378	\$	326,378	\$ -	\$	395,029	\$	68,65
	Meeting Expenses		20.700		20.700			25.222		
	Meetings Travel	\$	30,700 41,200	\$	30,700 41,200	\$ -	\$	36,000 44,400	\$	5,30
	Conference Calls		41,200		41,200	_		44,400		3,20
	Total Meeting Expenses	\$	71,900	\$	71,900	\$ -	\$	80,400	\$	8,50
			,	<u> </u>	,	<u> </u>		,		
	Operating Expenses Consultants & Contracts	\$		\$		\$ -	\$		\$	
	Office Rent	٠	_	٦	_	-	۶	_	ې	_
	Office Costs		_		_	_		_		_
	Professional Services		_		_	-		_		_
	Miscellaneous		-		-	-		-		-
	Depreciation							-		-
	Total Operating Expenses	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-
	Total Direct Expenses	\$	398,278	\$	398,278	\$ -	\$	475,429	\$	77,15
	Indirect Expenses	\$	199,388	\$	199,388	\$ -	\$	296,748	\$	97,36
	·							· ·		
atal Funa	Other Non-Operating Expenses	\$	-	\$		\$ -	<u>\$</u>	772,177	\$	174.51
otal Expe	iises (b)	\$	597,666	\$	597,666	\$ -	\$	112,111	\$	174,51
hange in	Assets	\$	(8,067)	\$	(8,067)	\$ -	\$	(18,245)	\$	(10,17
ixed Asse	ts									
	Depreciation		-		-	-		-		-
	Computer & Software CapEx		-		-	-		-		-
	Furniture & Fixtures CapEx		-		-	-		-		-
	Equipment CapEx		-		-	-		-		-
	Leasehold Improvements		-		-	-		-		
	Allocation of Fixed Assets	\$	(8,067)		(8,067)			(18,245)	\$ 	(10,17
	Fixed Assets (C)	\$	(8,067)	\$	(8,067)	\$ -	_ Ť	(18,245)	\$	(10,17
OTAL BUI	DGET (=B + C)	\$	589,598	\$	589,598	\$ -	\$	753,932	\$	164,33
OTAL CHA	ANGE IN WORKING CAPITAL (=A-B-C)	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-

Table A-8. Training and Education Budget Detail

Situation Awareness and Infrastructure Security Program

The following table lists the budget for Situation Awareness and Infrastructure Security.

Situation Awareness and Infrastructure Security (in whole dollars) Increase						
	2	2017 Budget		2018 Budget		(Decrease)
Total FTEs		0.49		0.33		(0.16)
Direct Expenses	\$	121,550	\$	114,313	\$	(7,237)
Indirect Expenses	\$	72,370	\$	46,632	\$	(25,739)
Other Non-Operating Expenses	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Inc(Dec) in Fixed Assets	\$	(2,928)	\$	(2,867)	\$	61
Total Funding Requirement	\$	190,992	\$	158,078	\$	(32,915)

 Table A-9.
 Situation Awareness and Infrastructure Security Budget

Situation Awareness Program Scope and Functional Description

NERC and the Regions shall, through Reliability Coordinators and available tools, monitor present conditions on the BES and provide leadership coordination, technical expertise, and assistance to the industry in responding to events as necessary.

Assumptions (2018-2020)

- Ongoing support for the technical committees and associated subcommittees, working groups, and task forces. In 2017, MRO established a Security Advisory Council. Initially, this was budgeted for in the Risk Assessment and Mitigation area, but MRO has determined that it is more closely related to Infrastructure Security and therefore will be moving the costs associated with that group from Compliance to the Infrastructure Security Program starting in 2018.
- Registered entity participation in the ERO Enterprise Event Analysis Process, which involves active participation by Regional Entity staffs, will continue at or above current levels through 2018-2020.
- NERC will continue to require the software application known as Situational Awareness
 for FERC, NERC, and Regional Entities, Version 2 (SAFNRv2) for situation awareness,
 and The Event Analysis Management System (TEAMS) for Events Analysis. The
 allocation of additional resource investments is expected to maintain the capabilities of
 SAFNRv2 throughout the planning period. Any such investments will be NERC funded
 and not result in an allocation of cost to the Regional Entities.
- Regional Entities will continue to budget for event analysis and situational awareness
 activities based on their respective Region's historical workload, as they did in the past.
 Some Regional Entities will continue to allocate resources as part of the activities
 accounted for under their RAPA program and should clearly delineate where the activities'
 resources are budgeted.
- Regional Entities will support critical infrastructure security activities in the context of situation awareness, using those designated resources, unless specifically budgeted and managed elsewhere.

As noted in the assumptions for IT, Regional Entities will be asked to participate in teams
to help develop application business requirements and to test business functionality for
ERO Enterprise applications projects. These teams will primarily be business area subject
matter experts, not IT staff. The success of the Enterprise Reporting data warehouse
project will be dependent on Regional Entity participation. When planning, Regional
Entities should consider allocating resources at an adequate level of participation to
support the success of this project.

Key Focus Areas (2018)

- Ongoing support for the technical committees and associated subcommittees, working groups, and task forces.
- Support for ERO Enterprise data collection and analysis, as well as the Enterprise Reporting Project designed to transfer the data to an integrated platform.
- Support for critical infrastructure security by promoting rapid and appropriate sharing of situational awareness information regarding security occurrences, and support of the MRO Security Advisory Council.
- Analysis of significant events to identify gaps in standards, compliance effectiveness, registration, and risk controls effectiveness.
- Work on overcoming barriers to the timely release of BES and security reports to industry through a secure portal.
- Providing of lessons learned and recommendations from events and identified risks.
- Enhancement of risk analysis capabilities by integrating risk data sources, such as event analysis, TADS, GADS, and protection system misoperations into situation awareness assessments.
- Participation as appropriate in periodic wide-area security exercises (e.g., GridEx, Monitoring and Situation Awareness Workshop, NERC HP Conference, feedback loops to other parts of the ERO Enterprise such as compliance, standards, enforcement, etc.).

Resource Requirements

Personnel Expenses Decrease \$30k, 31.7%)

Personnel costs for 2018 decrease, reflecting the decrease in this program area's FTEs.

Meeting Expenses (Increase \$23k, 109.4%)

In 2017 MRO established a Security Advisory Council. Initially, this was budgeted for in the Risk Assessment and Mitigation area, but MRO has determined that it is more closely related to infrastructure security and, therefore, will be moving the costs associated with that group from Compliance to the Infrastructure Security Program starting in 2018.

Situation Awareness and Infrastructure Security Budget Detail

The following table shows funding sources and related expenses for the Situation Awareness and Infrastructure Security Program.

	Statement of Activit		d Assets Ex get & Proje					ng Ca	pital		
			ARENESS an								
	SHOAH		2017 Budget		2017 rojection	Va 2017 F v 201	riance Projection 7 Budget (Under)		2018 Budget	20 v 2	Variance 018 Budget 017 Budget over(Under)
unding	EDO Funding										
	ERO Funding NERC Assessments	\$	188,392	\$	188,392	\$	_	\$	156,683	\$	(31,70
	Penalty Sanctions	*	2,600		2,600	*		•	1,395	•	(1,20
	Total NERC Funding	\$	190,992	\$	190,992			\$	158,078	\$	(32,91
	Membership Dues								_		_
	Testing Fees						-		_		_
	Services & Software		_		-		-		_		_
	Workshops		-		-		-		-		-
	Interest		-		-		-		-		-
	Miscellaneous		-		-		-		-		-
otal Fund	ling (A)	\$	190,992	\$	190,992			\$	158,078	\$	(32,91
penses											
penses	Personnel Expenses										
	Salaries	\$	68,496	\$	68,496	\$	-	\$	45,777	\$	(22,7
	Payroll Taxes		4,642		4,642		-		3,279		(1,30
	Benefits		6,937		6,937		-		4,993		(1,94
	Retirement Costs		14,275		14,275		-		10,414		(3,86
	Total Personnel Expenses	\$	94,350	\$	94,350	\$	-	\$	64,463	\$	(29,88
	Manadian Francisco										
	Meeting Expenses	\$	200	\$	200	\$		\$	1,450	\$	1.20
	Meetings Travel	Ş	20,500	Ş	20,500	Ş	-	Ş	41,900	Ş	1,25 21,40
	Conference Calls		20,300		20,300				41,500		21,40
	Total Meeting Expenses	\$	20,700	\$	20,700	\$		\$	43,350	\$	22,65
				-				· -	,		
	Operating Expenses										
	Consultants & Contracts	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
	Office Rent		-		-		-		-		-
	Office Costs		6,500		6,500		-		6,500		-
	Professional Services		-		-		-		-		-
	Miscellaneous		-		-		-		-		-
	Depreciation	_		_		_	-			_	-
	Total Operating Expenses	\$	6,500	\$	6,500	\$	-	\$	6,500	\$	-
	Total Direct Expenses	\$	121,550	\$	121,550	\$	-	\$	114,313	\$	(7,23
	Indirect Expenses	\$	72,370	\$	72,370	\$	_	\$	46,632	\$	(25,73
	•										, -,
	Other Non-Operating Expenses	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$		\$	-
otal Expe	nses (B)	\$	193,920	\$	193,920	\$	-	\$	160,945	\$	(32,97
hange in	Assets	\$	(2,928)	\$	(2,928)	\$	-	\$	(2,867)	\$	(
xed Asse	ste.										
ACU ASSE	Depreciation		_		_		_		_		_
	Computer & Software CapEx		-		-		-		_		-
	Furniture & Fixtures CapEx		-		-		-		-		-
	Equipment CapEx		-		-		-		-		-
	Leasehold Improvements		-		-		-		-		-
	Allocation of Fixed Assets	\$	(2,928)		(2,928)		-		(2,867)		6
ıc(Dec) in	Fixed Assets (C)	\$	(2,928)	\$	(2,928)	\$		\$	(2,867)	\$	
	DGET (=B + C)	\$	190,992	\$	190,992	\$	-	\$	158,078	\$	(32,9
		ė		\$						\$	
JIME CH	ANGE IN WORKING CAPITAL (=A-B-C)	\$	-	7		\$		\$	<u>-</u>	7	
	FTF		0.40		0.40				0.22		10
	FTEs		0.49		0.49		-		0.33		(0.

Table A-10. Situation Awareness and Infrastructure Security Budget Detail

Administrative Services

The following table outlines the budget for Administrative Services.

	Direct Ex	penses and Fixed Asse	ets Increase		FTEs	ıncrease
	2017 Budget	2018 Budget	(Decrease)	2017 Budget	2018 Budget	(Decrease)
General and Administrative	\$1,005,377.00	\$986,938.00	-\$18,439.00	2.91	2.85	(0.06)
Legal and Regulatory	\$451,723.00	\$461,328.00	\$9,605.00	0.95	0.92	(0.03)
Information Technology	\$1,287,769.00	\$1,421,504.00	\$133,735.00	3.92	4.02	0.10
Human Resources, Finance and Accounting	\$1,695,182.00	\$1,584,948.00	(\$110,234.00)	3.89	3.62	(0.27)
Total Administrative Services	\$4,440,051.00	\$4,454,718.00	\$14,667.00	11.67	11.41	(0.26)

 Table A-11.
 Administrative Services Budget

Methodology for Allocation of Administrative Services Expenses to Programs

All expenses for the Administrative Services programs, referred to as indirect expenses, are allocated to the delegated program areas based on their respective number of FTEs. This allocation provides improved financial perspective for the delegated functions.

Program Scope and Functional Description

MRO's Administrative Services area includes the business and administrative functions of the organization, including legal and regulatory, information technology, human resources, finance and accounting, and general expenses. Costs incurred for these services are allocated as an indirect expense across MRO's other program areas.

General and Administrative

The following table lists the General and Administrative budget.

Administrative Services (in whole dollars)												
	20	017 Budget	2	2018 Budget		Increase (Decrease)						
Total FTEs		11.67		11.41		(0.26)						
Total Direct Expenses	\$	4,627,270	\$	4,746,548	\$	119,278						
Inc(Dec) in Fixed Assets	\$	(187,219)	\$	(291,830)	\$	(104,611)						
Less: Other Funding Sources	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-						
Total Allocation to Statutory Programs as Indirect												
Expenses	\$	4,440,051	\$	4,454,718	\$	14,667						
Funding Requirement for Working Capital	\$	(566,073)	\$	(854,632)	\$	(288,559)						

Table A-12. General and Administrative Budget

Program Scope and Functional Description

The General and Administrative Department, is led by MRO's President and CEO.

Methodology for Allocation of Administrative Services Expenses to Programs

Expenses related to indirect programs are allocated proportionately to the direct programs for 2018 based on the number of FTEs in those programs.

2018 Key Assumptions

- Work related to NERC and Regional Entity initiatives may impact existing staff resources, training, and business travel costs.
- MRO will continue to reimburse approved stakeholder travel costs for participation on NERC committees and working groups.
- Any increase or decrease in assessments to achieve desired working capital reserve will be included in the General and Administrative area and will be allocated proportionately based on FTEs in the direct program areas.

2018 Goals and Key Deliverables

The MRO General and Administrative function ensures that there is adequate attention to the day-to-day management of the corporation, including facilities and maintenance, board governance, policies and procedures to maintain and enhance operation of the corporation, proper record-keeping, and related responsibilities under applicable regulations as well as MRO's Delegation Agreement.

Funding Sources and Requirements — Explanation of Increase (Decrease)

<u>Assessments</u>

The MRO Board initially approved an Operating and Working Capital Reserves Policy on March 14, 2013, and reviews it on an annual basis. (See Section B for the current version.)

Funding Sources

In 2018, the expenses related to the indirect program areas are being allocated entirely to the direct programs, and therefore the indirect program areas have no ERO assessment revenue. Resource Requirements

Consultants and Contracts (Decrease \$43k, 57.3%)

Completed work on the shared Project Manager for the REMG initiatives.

General and Administrative Budget Detail

The following table shows funding sources and related expenses for the General and Administrative Program.

) 17 <u>Bud</u>			ditures and n, and 2018	_					
					VINISTRATIV						
		_	2017 Budget	F	2017 Projection	2017 I v 201	riance Projection 7 Budget (Under)		2018 Budget	20 v 2	Variance 18 Budget 017 Budget ver(Under)
unding	ERO Funding										
	NERC Assessments Penalty Sanctions	\$	(566,073)	\$	(566,073)	\$	-	\$	(854,632)	\$	(288,559
	Total NERC Funding	\$	(566,073)	\$	(566,073)	\$	-	\$	(854,632)	\$	(288,55
	Membership Dues		-		-		-		-		-
	Testing Fees		-		-		-		-		-
	Services & Software		-		-		-		-		-
	Workshops Interest		-		-		-		-		-
	Miscellaneous		-		-		-		-		-
otal Fund		\$	(566,073)	\$	(566,073)	\$	-	\$	(854,632)	\$	(288,55
xpenses											
	Personnel Expenses										
	Salaries	\$	573,621	\$	573,621	\$	-	\$	585,090	\$	11,46
	Payroll Taxes		25,338		25,338		-		25,565		22
	Benefits		43,745		43,745		-		43,122		(62
	Retirement Costs	-	109,173	-	109,173	<u> </u>	-	-	114,661	_	5,48
	Total Personnel Expenses	\$	751,877	\$	751,877	\$		\$	768,438	\$	16,56
	Meeting Expenses										
	Meetings	\$	30,000	\$	30,000	\$	-	\$	40,000	\$	10,00
	Travel Conference Calls		113,000		113,000		-		113,000		-
	Total Meeting Expenses	\$	143,000	\$	143,000	\$		\$	153,000	\$	10,00
			1.0,000	<u> </u>	1.0,000			<u> </u>	133,000	<u> </u>	20,00
	Operating Expenses Consultants & Contracts	\$	75,000	\$	75,000	\$		\$	32,000	\$	(43,00
	Office Rent	Y	73,000	Ų	-	,	_	y	32,000	J	(43,00
	Office Costs		35,500		35,500		-		33,500		(2,00
	Professional Services		-		-		-		-		-
	Miscellaneous		-		-		-		-		-
	Depreciation		-		-		-		-		-
	Total Operating Expenses	\$	110,500	\$	110,500	\$	-	\$	65,500	\$	(45,00
	Total Direct Expenses	\$	1,005,377	\$	1,005,377	\$	-	\$	986,938	\$	(18,43
	Indirect Expenses	\$	(1,005,377)	\$	(1,005,377)	\$	-	\$	(986,938)	\$	18,43
	Other Non-Operating Expenses	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	_
otal Expe		\$	-	\$	_	\$	_	\$	-	\$	-
hange in	Assets	\$	(566,073)	\$	(566,073)	\$	-	\$	(854,632)	\$	(288,55
ixed Asse	Depreciation										
	Computer & Software CapEx		-				-		-		-
	Furniture & Fixtures CapEx		-		-		-		-		-
	Equipment CapEx		-		-		-		-		-
	Leasehold Improvements		-		-		-		-		-
	Allocation of Fixed Assets	\$	-	\$	-		-		-		-
nc(Dec) in	n Fixed Assets (C)	\$	-	\$		\$	-	\$		\$	-
OTAL BUI	DGET (=B + C)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
OTAL CH	ANGE IN WORKING CAPITAL (=A-B-C)	\$	(566,073)	\$	(566,073)	\$	-	\$	(854,632)	\$	(288,55

Table A-13. General and Administrative Budget Detail

Legal and Regulatory

The following table lists the Legal and Regulatory budget.

L	_	and Regulatory whole dollars)		
	2	2017 Budget	2018 Budget	Increase (Decrease)
Total FTEs		0.95	0.92	(0.03)
Total Direct Expenses	\$	451,723	\$ 461,328	\$ 9,605
Inc(Dec) in Fixed Assets	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -
Working Capital Requirement	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -

Table A-14. Legal and Regulatory Budget

Program Scope and Functional Description

MRO has one internal corporate legal counsel to provide advice to the board, the President and CEO, and staff on legal and regulatory matters affecting MRO. MRO may use additional specialized legal resources on an as-needed basis, such as for corporate matters, employee benefit plan issues, and significant policy or regulatory matters.

2018 Key Assumptions

In the 2018 Budget, as in the 2013-2017 budgets, there are no specific funds for hearings under CMEP Rules; therefore, if there were a hearing, MRO would use its current budget resources and reserves to fund the expense.

2017 Goals and Key Deliverables

Legal and Regulatory functions are responsible for general corporate legal advice, legal training, and timely, accurate filings to regulatory authorities. This MRO staff person also supports the MRO Board Governance and Personnel Committee. External affairs and communications are also incorporated into this function including outreach to stakeholders and regulators (federal, state, and provincial). Outside legal resources are used exclusively for any hearings and to supplement internal resources as necessary due to the need for specialized advice or workflow volume.

Communications training is also part of the Legal and Regulatory function. Communications training is provided as part of MRO's Crisis Communication function. Internal legal counsel serves as the communication coordinator of the MRO Crisis Communication Team and the Vice President of Compliance Monitoring and Regulatory Affairs serves as the legal advisor.

Funding Sources

In 2018, the expenses related to the indirect program areas are allocated entirely to the direct programs and therefore have no ERO assessment revenue.

Legal and Regulatory Budget Detail

The following table shows funding sources and related expenses for the Legal and Regulatory Program.

Personnel Expenses Salaries \$ 200,048 \$ 200,048 \$ - \$ 207,980 \$ 7.5. Payroll Taxes 9,439 9,439 - 9,837 1.5 Benefits 13,591 13,591 - 13,920 1.5 Retirement Costs 37,820 37,820 - 38,916 1.6 Total Personnel Expenses \$ 260,898 \$ 260,898 \$ - \$ 270,653 \$ 9.7 Meeting Expenses Meeting Expenses Meeting Expenses Meeting Expenses Travel 8,000 8,000 - 12,000 4.6 Conference Calls						and 2018						
2017			LE	GAL and R	EGU	LATORY	.,				.,	
### REO Funding NEEC Assessments S							2017 v 201	Projection 7 Budget			201 v 20:	8 Budget 17 Budget
NEBC Assessments Penalty Sanctions Penal	unding		-	buuget		Tojection	Ove	(Onder)		buuget		:(Ollder)
Nembership Dues	_	RO Funding										
Membership Dues			\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Membership Dues	т		Ś		Ś	-	\$		Ś		Ś	
Testing Fees Services & Software Workshops Interest Workshops		-			-				<u> </u>		<u> </u>	
Services & Software				-		-		-		-		-
Workshops Interest Miscellaneous S		_		-		-		-		-		-
Miscellaneous				-		-		_		-		-
Personnel Expenses Personnel Expenses Salaries Salari		Interest		-		-		-		-		-
Personnel Expenses Salaries			_	-		-		-		-		-
Personnel Expenses	tal Fundin	g (A)	<u>\$</u>	-	Ş	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Salaries	-											
Payroll Taxes 9,439 9,439 9,387 13,591	F	-	ć	200.049	4	200.049	ė		ć	207.000	,	7.0
Benefits			Ş		Ş		Ş	-	Ş		Ş	7,9
Meeting Expenses		-				,		-				3
Meeting S		Retirement Costs		37,820		37,820		-		38,916		1,0
Meetings S	Т	Total Personnel Expenses	\$	260,898	\$	260,898	\$	-	\$	270,653	\$	9,7
Travel Conference Calls	ľ	Meeting Expenses										
Conference Calls			\$		\$		\$	-	\$		\$	-
Total Meeting Expenses						8,000		-				4,0
Operating Expenses Consultants & Contracts Office Rent Office Costs 7,775 7,75	Т		Ś		Ś	8.000	Ś		Ś		Ś	4,0
Consultants & Contracts			<u></u>	.,	<u> </u>	-,	·			,		
Office Rent Office Costs Office	C				,		ć		ć		ć	
Office Costs			Ş	-	Þ	-	>	-	\$	-	\$	-
Professional Services Miscellaneous Depreciation Total Operating Expenses \$ 182,825 \$ 182,825 \$ - \$ 178,675 \$ (4,2) Total Direct Expenses \$ 451,723 \$ 451,723 \$ - \$ 461,328 \$ 9,6 Indirect Expenses \$ (451,723) \$ (451,723) \$ - \$ (461,328) \$ (9,6) Other Non-Operating Expenses \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ tal Expenses (B) \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ ange in Assets Depreciation Computer & Software CapEx Furniture & Fixtures CapEx Equipment CapEx Leasehold Improvements Allocation of Fixed Assets C(Dec) in Fixed Assets (C) \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ STAL BUDGET (=B+C) Total Operating Expenses 175,050 1				7,775		7,775		-		3,625		(4,1
Depreciation - - - - - - - - -		Professional Services		175,050		175,050		-		175,050		-
Total Operating Expenses \$ 182,825 \$ 182,825 \$ - \$ 178,675 \$ (4,172) \$ 178,675 \$ 178,675 \$ (4,172) \$ 178,6				-		-		-		-		-
Total Direct Expenses \$ 451,723 \$ 451,723 \$ - \$ 461,328 \$ 9,6	_	-	_	-	_	-		-		-		
Indirect Expenses	1	otal Operating Expenses	\$	182,825	\$	182,825	\$	-	\$	178,675	Ş	(4,1
Other Non-Operating Expenses \$ - \$		Total Direct Expenses	\$	451,723	\$	451,723	\$	-	\$	461,328	\$	9,6
Sange in Assets Sange in A	1	ndirect Expenses	\$	(451,723)	\$	(451,723)	\$	-	\$	(461,328)	\$	(9,6
Seed Assets	C	Other Non-Operating Expenses	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Depreciation	tal Expens	es (B)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	
Depreciation	ange in As	ssets	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Computer & Software CapEx	ed Assets											
Furniture & Fixtures CapEx				-		-		-		-		-
Equipment CapEx Leasehold Improvements				-		-				-		-
Leasehold Improvements - <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>-</td>				-		-				-		-
C(Dec) in Fixed Assets (C) \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ STAL BUDGET (=B + C) \$ - \$ - \$ - \$				-		-				-		-
TAL BUDGET (=B + C) \$ - \$ - \$ - \$	A	Allocation of Fixed Assets		-	\$	-				-		
	c(Dec) in F	ixed Assets (C)	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	
STAL CHANGE IN WORKING CAPITAL (=A-B-C)	TAL BUDG	GET (=B + C)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
	TAL CHAN	IGE IN WORKING CAPITAL (=A-B-C)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	

Table A-15. Legal and Regulatory Budget Detail

Information Technology

The following table lists the Information Technology budget.

Inf					
	,	2017 Budget		2018 Budget	Increase (Decrease)
		oir Buuget		ZUIO Buuget	(Decrease)
Total FTEs		3.92		4.02	0.10
Total Direct Expenses	\$	1,618,099	\$	1,713,334	\$ 95,235
Inc(Dec) in Fixed Assets	\$	(330,330)	\$	(291,830)	\$ 38,500
Working Capital Requirement	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -

Table A-16. Information Technology Budget

Program Scope and Functional Description

MRO's Information Technology (IT) program responds to business needs by providing the technology and communications tools for staff to perform Regional Entity functions.

Assumptions (2018-2020)

- NERC and the Regional Entities will work collaboratively to refine existing strategies and governance and procurement practices applicable to the development, operation, and maintenance of enterprise architecture, including software and data systems supporting both NERC and Regional Entity operations.
- NERC's BP&B will include ongoing funding support for the development, operation, and maintenance of ERO TLT and ERO Technology Leadership Team (TLT) EMG-approved enterprise applications. Enterprise application funding in any given year will be subject to the budget and funding limits set forth in NERC's approved BP&B. Regional Entities should include appropriate funding for applications and supporting systems designed to satisfy Regional business needs.
- Regional Entities may be required to provide or augment business teams to help develop application business requirements and to test business functionality within the ERO Enterprise applications, such as the CMEP Technology Program Steering Committee.
- Ongoing investments will be required to develop, implement, and maintain enhancements
 to the NERC and Regional Entity websites, ERO Enterprise applications, and ERO
 Enterprise data repositories, which are required to improve access to information and
 data. NERC and the Regional Entities will separately fund any enhancements to their own
 websites.

Key Focus Areas (2018)

Following a disciplined process with appropriate ERO TLT approval, along with budgetary controls, the ERO Enterprise Project Management Office will deliver agreed upon ERO Enterprise IT applications designed to be used by NERC, the Regional Entities and, in some cases, registered entities. To ensure close coordination, collaboration, and efficiency, to the extent the agreed upon applications are in progress or widely available, NERC and the Regional Entities will not build or duplicate ERO Enterprise application functionality.

- NERC's BP&B will include ongoing funding support for the development, operation, and maintenance of NERC and Regional Entity approved enterprise applications. Enterprise application funding in any given year will be subject to the budget and funding limits set forth in NERC's approved BP&B.
- When no ERO Enterprise applications are available to satisfy the requirement, Regional Entities should provide a description of the maintenance and capital investment in software required in performance of their delegated functions. The NERC IT budget does not supplant Regional Entity need for IT expenditures for specific regional projects.

Key focus area projects include:

- Enhancing collaboration and information sharing by leveraging Microsoft's SharePoint platform. At the first phase (2015-2017) of the project, NERC is scheduled to deliver a Document Management system and NERC Intranet interface. The second phase includes delivery of enhancements to NERC's public facing website. The third phase is scheduled for 2018-2019 and will deliver NERC extranet, as well as replace email document collaboration with Microsoft's SharePoint collaboration System.
- Improving entity specific communication and information sharing across the ERO Enterprise. Plans include a new intelligent announcements and alert solution to be delivered in 2017-2019.
- Implementing new Enterprise-wide support tools for CMEP. Its first phase to deliver a
 centralized entity registration solution is scheduled for 2017. The second phase enables
 NERC Reliability Standards to be used as shared data and is scheduled for 2017-2019.
 The third phase delivering new solutions and retiring current solutions that support the
 CMEP is scheduled for 2017-2020.
- Consolidating data collected by NERC and making it available for analysis by authorized organizations. The build out of an ERO Enterprise Data Warehouse is currently underway.
 Additional data will be extracted, transformed, and loaded during 2017-2020. Data to be loaded includes generation, transmission, events, misoperations, and compliance data.

Funding Sources

In 2018, the expenses related to indirect program areas are being allocated entirely to the direct programs, and therefore the indirect program areas have no ERO assessment revenue.

Resource Requirements

To continue building and implementing enterprise applications, resources will be required from NERC and the Regions. New ERO applications will be centralized in one location to maximize efficiency of technology hardware, resources and data security.

NERC will continue to fund the development and maintenance of Enterprise applications. Regional Entities may be required to allocate or augment business teams to help develop application business requirements and to test business functionality within the enterprise applications.

Office Costs

Computer Supplies and Maintenance (Increase \$53k, 76.6%)

- Laptop replacements (formerly in capital)
- Replacement phones
- Replacement of two printers

Traning (Increase \$10k, 79%)

Additional training for IT staff in SharePoint, Net App, VMware, and Cisco

Fixed Assets

Computer Equipment (Increase \$112K, 64.8%)

MRO replaces the equipment that supports the virtual servers and storage area network every four to five years. This is the most expensive capital equipment we purchase – either to expand the system or replace major components, and it is configured in high availability at HQ and at the disaster recovery site so there are multiple sets of this equipment. In 2018 three servers will be replaced.

Information Technology Budget Detail

The following table shows funding sources and related expenses for the Information Technology Program.

	Statement of Activit		d Assets Exp dget & Proje					ng Ca	pital		
		II.	IFORMATION	N TE	CHNOLOGY	1					
			2017 Budget	F	2017 Projection	2017 v 201	riance Projection 7 Budget r(Under)		2018 Budget	201 v 20	/ariance 18 Budget 17 Budget er(Under)
Funding		· ·									
ERO Fu	-			_				_		_	
	NERC Assessments	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Total NI	Penalty Sanctions ERC Funding	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	
TOTAL INI	erc runding	_ >		,		<u> </u>	-	, ,		, ,	-
	Membership Dues		_		_		_		-		_
	Testing Fees		-		-		-		-		-
	Services & Software		-		-		-		-		-
	Workshops		-		-		-		-		-
	Interest		-		-		-		-		-
	Miscellaneous		-		-		-		-		-
otal Funding (A)		\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
xpenses	nel Expenses										
reisoni	Salaries	\$	399,848	\$	399,848	\$		\$	374,791	\$	(25,05
	Payroll Taxes	Ý	29,685	Ţ	29,685	Ą	_	Ļ	28,467	Ý	(1,21
	Benefits		55,637		55,637		_		60,825		5,18
	Retirement Costs		81,819		81,819		_		70,991		(10,82
Total Pe	ersonnel Expenses	\$	566,989	\$	566,989	\$	-	\$	535,074	\$	(31,91
						-		· —			(-)-
Meetin	g Expenses										
	Meetings	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
	Travel		8,000		8,000		-		10,000		2,000
	Conference Calls						-				-
Total M	eeting Expenses	\$	8,000	\$	8,000	\$	-	\$	10,000	\$	2,000
Operati	ng Expenses										
	Consultants & Contracts	\$	329,110	\$	329,110	\$	-	\$	318,860	\$	(10,25)
	Office Rent		-		-		-		-		-
	Office Costs		210,000		210,000		-		271,400		61,400
	Professional Services		-		-		-		-		-
	Miscellaneous		-		-		-		-		-
	Depreciation		504,000		504,000		-		578,000		74,000
Total O	perating Expenses	\$	1,043,110	\$	1,043,110	\$	-	\$	1,168,260	\$	125,150
	Total Direct Expenses	\$	1,618,099	\$	1,618,099	\$		\$	1,713,334	\$	95,23
	Total Birect Expenses		1,010,033		1,010,055				1,713,334		33,23.
Indirect	Expenses		(1,618,099)	\$	(1,618,099)	\$	-	\$	(1,713,334)	\$	(95,23
Other N	Ion-Operating Expenses	\$		\$		\$	_	\$	_	\$	
Other is	ion-operating expenses	-3		>		<u>,</u>		· -		-	
otal Expenses (B)		\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Change in Assets		\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-		
ixed Assets											
Depreci			(504,000)		(504,000)		-		(578,000)		(74,00
	er & Software CapEx		173,670		173,670		-		286,170		112,50
	re & Fixtures CapEx ent CapEx		-		-		-		-		-
	old Improvements		-		-		-		-		_
Leasenc	nu improvements		_		_				_		_
Allocati	on of Fixed Assets	\$	330,330	\$	330,330		-	\$	291,830	\$	(38,500
nc(Dec) in Fixed As	ssets (C)	\$		\$		\$	-	\$		\$	-
OTAL BUDGET (=E	3 + C)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
OTAL CILATION	AVODIVING CADITA: (A D C)	_									
OTAL CHANGE IN	WORKING CAPITAL (=A-B-C)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	-	

Table A-17. Information Technology Budget Detail

Human Resources, Finance and Accounting

The following table lists the Human Resources, Finance and Accounting budget.

Human Reso				
				Increase
	2	2017 Budget	 2018 Budget	 (Decrease)
Total FTEs		3.89	3.62	(0.27)
Total Direct Expenses	\$	1,552,071	\$ 1,584,948	\$ 32,877
Inc(Dec) in Fixed Assets	\$	143,111	\$ -	\$ (143,111)
Working Capital Requirement	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -

Table A-18. Human Resources, Finance and Accounting Budget

Program Scope and Functional Description

Human Resources

The Human Resources function of MRO designs, plans, and implements Human Resource policies and procedures in adherence with applicable federal and state laws. The Human Resources function also organizes the recruitment efforts of the organization and coordinates onboarding, training, personnel development, and best practice employee retention initiatives.

MRO has developed a culture and talent management program that features an in-depth communication and training plan. New hire training initiatives and employee collaborations are planned to create an opportunity for peer-to-peer internal mentorship and team building. The program also facilitates MRO's enterprise-wide corporate compliance and ethics program. MRO reviewed and enhanced its employee engagement and culture enrichment activities in an effort to positively impact both the experience of new employees upon arrival at MRO, as well as the overall corporate culture to be an "employer of choice," and therefore support attraction and retention of qualified staff.

Finance and Accounting

The Finance and Accounting function directs the overall financial plans and accounting practices of the organization, oversees treasury, accounting, budget, tax, and audit activities, and oversees financial and accounting system controls and standards. The Finance and Accounting function also administrates employee benefit plans, and reports the overall outcome of MRO's annual activities to the MRO board.

2018 Goals and Key Deliverables

- Forecasts and projections
- Payroll and expense administration
- Preparation of quarterly financial statements
- IRS reporting Form 990
- Review and improve fiscal controls
- Annual independent audit initiated by the Regional Entity
- Enterprise-wide Corporate Compliance and Ethics Program

- Treasury functions with MRO board
- 401(k) and Retiree Medical Trust administration
- Finance and Accounting also coordinates all MRO internal and external meetings, workshops and events

ERO Enterprise-wide Risk Management

Assumptions (2018-2020)

- A common ERO Enterprise risk management framework commenced in 2014 to focus on identifying, assessing, prioritizing, and mitigating risks associated with the performance of both NERC and the Regional Entities. This multi-year activity is progressing as expected and will reach steady state by 2017.
- NERC's Director of Internal Audit and Corporate Risk Management is responsible for the overall development of this framework, with the approval of the ERO Regional Executives and under the oversight of NERC's Enterprise-wide Risk Committee.
- NERC and the Regional Entities will continue to devote resources to implement this
 framework. The results will serve as an input into NERC's future audit plans, which are
 reviewed and approved by the NERC Board of Trustees Enterprise Risk Management
 Committee. Regional Entities may add risk management and internal control resources as
 needed.

Key Focus Areas (2018)

 NERC and Regional Entities key focus areas include continued refinement, validation, and prioritization of inherent and residual risks; greater precision in the identification of risk mitigation activities and internal controls; and enhanced consolidated results for ERO EMG review and approval.

Funding Sources

In 2018, the expenses related to indirect program areas are being allocated entirely to the direct programs and therefore have no ERO assessment revenue.

Resource Requirements

MRO's efforts include maintenance of core employee benefits, offsets to non-core benefits when necessary, analysis of office and other operational costs, improving efficiencies, and establishing uniformity in methodologies of cost allocation. MRO staff further explores improved cost effectiveness of routine expenses, and pursues early detection and quick resolution of budget concerns, lessening the impact of cost adjustments. It is our intent to continuously detect and address any risks.

Fixed Assets

<u>Leasehold Improvements (Decrease \$148K, 100%)</u>

This decrease is due to the one-time capital cost in 2017 from the facility reconfiguration.

Human Resources, Finance, and Accounting Budget Detail

The following table shows funding sources and related expenses for the Human Resources, Finance, and Accounting Program.

	Statement of Activitie							ng Ca	pital		
					n, and 2018						
	HUIV	IAN KES	JUKCES, FI	NAN	ICE, and AC		riance			,	Variance
			2017		2017	2017	Projection .7 Budget		2018	20	18 Budget 017 Budget
			Budget	F	Projection		r(Under)		Budget		ver(Under)
unding							(/				, , ,
ERO Fu	nding										
	NERC Assessments	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Total N	Penalty Sanctions ERC Funding	\$		\$		\$		\$	-	\$	
Iotai N	_	3		<u> </u>		->		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	-	
	Membership Dues		-		-		-		-		-
	Testing Fees		-		-		-		-		-
	Services & Software Workshops		-		-		-		-		-
	Interest										
	Miscellaneous		_		_		_		_		
otal Funding (A)		\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
xpenses	nel Expenses										
reisoni	Salaries	\$	414,657	\$	414,657	\$	_	\$	400,897	\$	(13,76
	Payroll Taxes	*	27,026	-	27,026	*	-	-	26,490	*	(53
	Benefits		52,381		52,381		-		54,772		2,39
	Retirement Costs		94,740		94,740		-		95,272		53
Total Pe	ersonnel Expenses	\$	588,804	\$	588,804	\$	-	\$	577,431	\$	(11,37
Meetin	g Expenses										
	Meetings	\$	100	\$	100	\$	-	\$	100	\$	-
	Travel		5,000		5,000		-		5,000		-
	Conference Calls		-		-		-		-		-
Total M	eeting Expenses	\$	5,100	\$	5,100	\$	-	\$	5,100	\$	-
Operat	ng Expenses										
o per un	Consultants & Contracts	\$	28,967	\$	28,967	\$	_	\$	36,967	\$	8,00
	Office Rent		701,900		701,900	•	-		733,700		31,80
	Office Costs		173,800		173,800		-		177,250		3,45
	Professional Services		53,500		53,500		-		54,500		1,00
	Miscellaneous		-		-		-		-		-
	Depreciation		-		-		-		-		-
Total O	perating Expenses	\$	958,167	\$	958,167	\$	-	\$	1,002,417	\$	44,25
	Total Direct Expenses	\$	1,552,071	\$	1,552,071	\$	-	\$	1,584,948	\$	32,87
Indirect	Expenses	\$	(1,552,071)	\$	(1,552,071)	\$	-	\$	(1,584,948)	\$	(32,87
Other N	Ion-Operating Expenses	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	-	\$	_
otal Expenses (B)		\$		\$		\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
Change in Assets		\$		\$		\$		\$	_	\$	_
				Ť				<u> </u>		_	
ixed Assets											
Depreci			-		-		-		-		-
	er & Software CapEx		-		-		-		-		-
	re & Fixtures CapEx ent CapEx										
	old Improvements		143,111		143,111		_		_		(143,1
			,		,						(= /
Allocati	on of Fixed Assets	\$	(143,111)	\$	(143,111)		-		-		143,11
nc(Dec) in Fixed A	ssets (C)	\$		\$		\$	-	\$		\$	-
OTAL BUDGET (=	3 + C)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
OTAL CHANGE IN	WORKING CAPITAL (=A-B-C)	\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	

Table A-19. Human Resources, Finance, and Accounting Budget Detail

Section B – Supplemental Financial Information

2018 Business Plan and Budget



Section B – Supplemental Financial Information Reserve Balance

Table B-1 analyzes the working capital reserve for 2017 through 2018.

Working Capital Reserve Analysis 2017-2018	
STATUTORY	
Beginning Working Capital Reserve (Deficit), December 31, 2016	2,384,548
Plus: 2017 MRO Funding (from LSEs or designees)	10,660,595
Less: 2017 Projected expenses & capital expenditures	(11,226,670)
Projected Working Capital Reserve (Deficit), December 31, 2017 ¹	1,818,473
Targeted Working Capital Reserve, December 31, 2018 ((\$11,726,738 / 365 days) X 30 days)	963,841
Less: Projected Working Capital Reserve, December 31, 2017	(1,818,473)
Increase(decrease) in assessments to achieve targeted Working Capital Reserve	(854,632)
2018 Expenses and Capital Expenditures	11,726,738
Less: Penalty Sanctions ²	(142,000)
Less: Other Funding Sources	0
Adjustment to achieve targeted Working Capital Reserve	(854,632)
2018 MRO Assessment	10,730,106

¹ MRO's projected reserve December 31, 2017 assumes that there will not be a material difference between budgeted versus actual/projected results from 2017.

Table B-1. Working Capital Reserve Analysis 2017 - 2018

Explanation of Changes in Reserve Policy from Prior Years

MRO's Finance and Audit Committee (FAC) resolved that 30 days of cash is sufficient based on MRO's cash flow risk, with the Board's approval in 2017 for working capital analysis 2017-2018. The certainty of MRO's funding stream supports that a 30-day reserve is reasonable for sustaining short-term contingencies. MRO resets its reserves at the beginning of each year to the approved policy.

² Represents collections on or prior to June 30, 2017. See Table-B-2 for full disclosure.

Breakdown by Statement of Activity Sections

Table B-2 lists all penalties, including date received and amount, received prior to June 30, 2017.

Penalty Sanctions Received On or Prior to June 30, 2017	Date Received	Amou	ınt Received	
	Mar-17	\$	142,000	

Total Penalties Received \$ 142,000

Table B-2. Penalty Sanctions Received

Penalty Sanctions

Penalty monies received prior to June 30, 2017 are to be used to offset assessments in the 2018 Budget, as documented in the NERC Policy – Accounting, Financial Statement and Budgetary Treatment of Penalties Imposed and Received for Violations of Reliability Standards. Penalty monies received from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2017 will be used to offset assessments in the 2018 Budget.

All penalties received prior to June 30, 2017 are listed above, including the amount and date received.

Allocation Method: Penalty sanctions received have been allocated to the following statutory programs to reduce assessments: Reliability Standards Organization Registration and Certification; Compliance Monitoring and Enforcement; Reliability Assessments and Performance Analysis; Training, Education and Operator Certification; and Situation Awareness and Infrastructure Security. Penalty sanctions are allocated based upon the number of FTEs in the Program divided by the aggregate total FTEs in the Programs receive the allocation.

Table B-3 lists the budget for Supplemental Funding.

Outside Funding Breakdown By Program (Excluding Penalty Sanction)	Budget 2017	Projection 2017	Budget 2018	Variance 2018 Budget v 2017 Budget
Compliance Monitoring, Enforcement & Org. Registration	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Total	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Reliability Assessment and Performance Analysis				
Total	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$
Training and Education Testing Fees and Certificate Renewals CEH Fees Workshops	\$ - - -	\$ - - -	\$ - - -	- - -
Total	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ <u>-</u>
Situation Awareness and Infrastructure Security FIST Royalties TSIN Fees	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Total	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
General and Administrative Interest Income	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Total	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$
Total Outside Funding	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$

Table B-3. Supplemental Funding

Explanation of Significant Variances - 2018 Budget versus 2017 Budget

MRO does not earn interest income. Our general banking account offsets the bank charges with any earned interest.

Table B-4 summarizes Personnel Expenses.

Personnel Expenses	Budget 2017	Projection 2017	Budget 2018	Variance 018 Budget v 2017 Budget	Variance %
Total Salaries	\$ 5,874,689	\$ 5,874,689	\$ 6,250,448	\$ 375,759	6.4%
Total Payroll Taxes	366,600	366,600	391,324	24,724	6.7%
Total Benefits	608,751	608,751	663,221	54,470	8.9%
Total Retirement	1,195,387	1,195,387	1,259,803	64,416	5.4%
Total Personnel Costs	\$ 8,045,427	\$ 8,045,427	\$ 8,564,796	\$ 519,369	6.5%
FTEs	43.00	43.00	45.00	2.00	4.7%
Cost per FTE					
Salaries	\$ 136,621	\$ 136,621	\$ 138,899	2,278	1.7%
Payroll Taxes	8,526	8,526	8,696	171	2.0%
Benefits	14,157	14,157	14,738	581	4.1%
Retirement	27,800	27,800	27,996	196	0.7%
Total Cost per FTE	\$ 187,103	\$ 187,103	\$ 190,329	\$ 3,226	1.7%

Table B-4. Personnel Expenses

Personnel Expenses (Increase \$519K, 6.5%)

- Salaries increase by 3 percent salary plus promotions
- Benefits and Retirement increase by 6 percent based on these increases
- Total Personnel expenses include a 4 percent cost impact due to two additional FTEs. Additional FTEs are a result of targeted outreach to improve prevention and shared responsibility efforts across the MRO footprint. Captured savings from facility and tax status change will offset investment towards the additional FTEs by \$130,000. The benefits expense is increasing 8.9 percent, in part due to the additional FTEs and also because health plan expenses are trending at a 6 percent increase according to actuarial studies.

Table B-5 lists the budget for Meeting Expenses.

Meeting Expenses	Budget 2017	Projection 2017	Budget 2018	2	Variance 2018 Budget v 2017 Budget	Variance %
Meeting Expenses Travel	\$ 85,000 635,000	\$ 85,000 635,000	\$ 93,950 655,430	\$	8,950 20,430	10.5% 3.2%
Conference Calls Total Meeting Expenses	\$ 720,000	\$ 720,000	\$ 749,380	\$	- 29,380	4.1%

Table B-5. Meeting Expenses

Meeting Expenses (Increase \$9k, 10.5%)

There is an increase in the number of meetings and outreach efforts planned in 2018; however, budgeted meeting expenses are approximately the same as in the 2017 budget because of efficiencies and cost savings realized from hosting meetings at MRO. Reimbursement for stakeholder participant travel expenses will increase.

Travel Expenses (Increase \$20k, 3.2%)

Reflects an increase in the number of on-site audits for 2018 and an increased number of working groups in a number of the program areas.

Table B-6 lists the budget for Consultants and Contracts.

Consultants	Budget 2017	Projection 2017	Budget 2018	Variance 2018 Budget v 2017 Budget	Variance
Consultants					,,,
Reliability Standards and Organization Registration and Certification	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
Compliance	77,000	77,000	3,000	(74,000)	-96%
Reliability Assessment and Performance Analysis (Alert)	8,000	8,000	-	(8,000)	-100%
Event Analysis	-	-	-	-	
Training and Education	-	-	-	-	
Situation Awareness and Infrastructure Security	-	-	-	-	
Committee and Member Forums	-	-	-	-	
General and Administrative	75,000	75,000	32,000	(43,000)	-57%
Legal and Regulatory	-	-	-	-	
Information Technology	241,000	241,000	197,000	(44,000)	-18%
Human Resources	-	-	-	-	
Accounting and Finance	-	-	-	-	
Consultants Total	\$ 401,000	\$ 401,000	\$ 232,000	\$ (169,000)	-42%

							Variance	
Contracts		Budget 2017		Projection		Budget 2018	2018 Budget v	
Contracts		2017		2017		2018	2017 Budget	%
Contracts								
Outsource Standards Tracking Software Applications	\$	_	\$	-	\$	_	_	
Subtotal - Reliability Standards Contracts		-	\$	-	\$	-	-	
·								
Outsource Compliance Information Tracking Applications							-	
Subtotal - Compliance and Organization Registration and Certification Contracts		92,000	\$	92,000	\$	92,000	-	0%
	\$	92,000	\$	92,000	\$	92,000	-	. 0%
Model Series Development (MRO's portion of expenses of the MMWG/ERAG)	\$	30,100	\$	30,100	\$	28,500	(1,600)	-5%
Model Building	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ť	-	(1,000)	070
PTI Software		16,300		16,300		15,100	(1,200)	-7%
Proposed Frequency Response Study		17,600		17,600		8,700	(8,900)	-51%
Subtotal - Reliability Assessments Contracts	\$	64,000	\$	64,000	\$	52,300	\$ (11,700)	-18%
Cisco		7,800		7,800		7,800	_	0%
Barracuda		1,800		1,800		1,800	_	0%
EFT Maintenance		4,200		4,200		7,700	3,500	83%
Antivirus		-		-		4,000	4,000	
PhishMe						10,000	10,000	
Varonis File Maintenance		8,500		8,500		6,000	(2,500)	-29%
Lyris		1,400		1,400		1,400	-	0%
VMWare Support		-		-		17,000	17,000	0=0/
SmartPhone Maintenance Server Support		1,600 10,000		1,600 10,000		2,000	400 (10,000)	25% -100%
Great Plains		4,000		4,000		4,000	(10,000)	-100%
Budget Maestro		-,000		-,000		800	800	070
Lync Monitoring		14,400		14,400		14,400	-	0%
NetApp Multistore-Security software for SAN		800		800		-	(800)	-100%
Load Balancer Support		-		-		5,900	5,900	
Network Monitor		700		700		2,650	1,950	279%
Somus HW Support		1,300		1,300		2,500	1,200	92%
Symantec Maintenance		4.500		4.500		2,000	2,000	4000/
Anitspam Service Imprerva		1,500 2,500		1,500 2,500		3,200	(1,500) 700	-100% 28%
Multi factor		3,300		3.300		6.000	2.700	82%
Cisco Amp		3,000		3.000		6.000	3.000	100%
AV Maintenance		20,000		20,000		12,000	(8,000)	-40%
Misc Items		1,310		1,310		4,710	3,400	260%
Subtotal - Information Technology Contracts	\$	88,110	\$	88,110	\$	121,860	\$ 33,750	38%
404///4571 4577 0 15 4 4 1 1 1 1								
401K / 457b, 457f 3rd Party Administrator		- 0.707		- 0.707		- 0.707	-	00/
FSA 3rd Party Administrator Transportation 3rd Party Administrator		2,707 3,125		2,707 3,125		2,707 3,125	-	0% 0%
Benefits 3rd Party Administrator		4,135		4,135		4,135	-	0%
Payroll 3rd Party Administrator		19,000		19,000		21,000	2,000	11%
HR-Employment Costs		-		-		6,000	6,000	11/0
Subtotal - HR and Finance Contracts	\$	28,967	\$	28,967	\$	36,967	8,000	28%
Contracts Tabel	•	272 077	ď	272 077	¢	202 407	¢ 20.050	440/
Contracts Total	\$	273,077	\$	273,077	\$	303,127	\$ 30,050	11%
Total Consulting and Contracts	\$	674,077	\$	674,077	\$	535,127	\$ (138,950)	-21%
Check Totals;	\$	674,077	\$	674,077	\$	535,127		
Difference:		-	\$	-	\$	-		

Table B-6. Consultants and Contracts

Compliance Monitoring and Enforcement (Decrease \$74k, 96.1%)

MRO has utilized outside consultants at times; this is now being supported by staff.

General and Administrative (Decreased \$43k, 57.3%)

Completed work on the shared Project Manager for the REMG initiatives.

Table B-7 lists the budget for Office Rent.

Office Rent	Budget 2017	Pi	rojection 2017	Budget 2018	2018	/ariance 3 Budget v 17 Budget	Variance %	
Office Rent	\$ 690,400	\$	690,400	\$ 718,700	\$	28,300	4.1%	
Utilities	6,500		6,500	7,000		500	7.7%	
Maintenance	5,000		5,000	8,000		3,000	60.0%	
Total Office Rent	\$ 701,900	\$	701,900	\$ 733,700	\$	31,800	4.53%	

Table B-7. Office Rent

The 2018 annual lease cost has a 2.0 percent projected increase impact based on prior year actual costs, which includes the new leased space. Operating costs and real estate taxes also have an increase of 2.0 percent, which is reflective of historical trends. Utilities and maintenance costs increase by 30 percent, which reflects the expanded area. The combined total rent increase is \$31,800 or 4.5 percent.

Table B-8 lists the budget for Office Costs.

		Budget		Projection		Budget		Variance 2018 Budget v	
Office Costs		2017		2017		2018		2017 Budget	Variance %
Phone Service									
Data Circuit (gmoe)	\$	60.000	\$	60.000	\$	60.000	\$	_	0.00%
Webex	Ψ	6.300	Ψ	6.300	Ψ	7.500	Ψ	1.200	19.05%
Voice Circuits		18.000		18.000		18.000		-	0.00%
Business Cable		2.000		2.000		2.500		500	25.00%
Disaster Recovery Site		19,000		19.000		19.000		-	0.00%
Internet/Cell		46,388		46,388		43,988		(2,400)	-5.17%
Office Supplies		31,450		31,450		33,000		1,550	4.93%
Employee Member Events		20,000		20,000		18,500		(1,500)	-7.50%
Employee Related Expense (Drug Testing, Finder Fees Etc)		16,500		16,500		16,500		-	0.00%
Computer Supplies and Maintenance		68,500		68,500		121,000		52,500	76.64%
Publications & Subscriptions		5,225		5,225		6,175		950	18.18%
Professional Dues		15,470		15,470		16,900		1,430	9.24%
Postage		2,700		2,700		2,700		-	0.00%
Temporary Services		-		-		-		-	
Finance-Filing/Reg Fees		3,000		3,000		3,000		-	0.00%
Equipment Repair/Service Contracts		13,500		13,500		12,700		(800)	-5.93%
Bank Charges		23,000		23,000		21,000		(2,000)	-8.70%
Presentation & Publicity & Supplies Promotional		5,000		5,000		5,000		-	0.00%
Departmental Functional Training		126,900		126,900		161,550		34,650	27.30%
Insurance Expense		57,000		57,000		59,000		2,000	3.51%
Total Office Costs	\$	539,933	\$	539,933	\$	628,013	\$	88,080	16.31%

Table B-8. Office Costs

<u>Explanation of Significant Variances – 2018 Budget versus 2017 Budget (Increase \$88k, 16.3%)</u>

- Computer Supplies and Maintenance (Increase \$53k, 76.6 percent)
 - Laptop replacements (formerly in capital)
 - o Replacement phones
 - o Replacement of two printers
- Departmental functional training (Increase \$35k, 27.3 percent)
 - RAM executive utility training
 - o IT additional training in SharePoint, Net App, VMware, and Cisco

Table B-9 lists the budget for Professional Services.

Professional Services	Budget 2017		rojection 2017	ا	Budget 2018	2018	ariance 3 Budget v 7 Budget	Variance %
Independent Trustee Fees	\$ 125,050	_\$	125,050	\$	125,050	\$	-	0.00%
Outside Legal	50,000		50,000		50,000	\$	-	0.00%
Accounting and Auditing Fees	28,500		28,500		29,500	\$	1,000	3.51%
Actuarial Fees	25,000		25,000		25,000	\$	-	0.00%
Total Services	\$ 228,550	\$	228,550	\$	229,550	\$	1,000	0.44%

Table B-9. Professional Services

Professional Services (Increase \$1k, 0.4%)

In 2018 professional services are flat compared to the 2017 budget.

Table B-10 lists the budget for Miscellaneous.

Miscellaneous Expenses	Budget 2016	Projection 2016	Budget 2017	Variance 2017 Budget v 2016 Budget	Variance %
	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 128	
		-		(4)	
	(#):	(=.)		(=)	
Total Miscellaneous Expenses	\$ -	\$ •:	\$ - 1	\$ (€)2	100.00%

Table B-10. Miscellaneous

MRO has not budgeted any Miscellaneous Expenses in 2017 or 2018.

Table B-11 lists the budget for other Non-Operating Expenses.

Other Non-Operating Expenses	Budget 2017	Projection 2017	Budget 2018	Variance 2018 Budget v 2017 Budget	Variance %
Interest Expense	\$ _	\$ -	\$ _	\$ _	
Line of Credit Payment		-		-	
Office Relocation	-	-	-	-	
Total Non-Operating Expenses	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	100.00%

 Table B-11.
 Other Non-Operating Expenses

MRO has not budgeted any Non-Operating Expenses in 2017 or 2018.

Table B-12 lists the budget for Fixed Assets.

Fixed Assets	Budget 2017	Projection 2017	Budget 2018	Variance 2018 Budget v 2017 Budget	Variance %
Depreciation	\$ (504,000)	\$ (504,000)	\$ (578,000)	\$ (74,000)	14.7%
Computer Equipment	144,500	144,500	270,000	125,500	86.9%
Capitalized Software	29,170	29,170	16,170	(13,000)	-44.6%
Furniture and Equipment	-	-	-	-	
Leasehold Improvements	143,111	143,111	-	(143,111)	-100.0%
Total Change in Fixed Assets	\$ (187,219)	\$ (187,219)	\$ (291,830)	\$ (104,611)	55.9%

Table B-12. Fixed Assets

<u>Depreciation (Increase \$74k, 14.7%)</u>

The 2018 costs increase as equipment purchases made in late 2016 and 2017 are now being depreciated.

Computer Equipment (Increase \$126k, 86.9%)

MRO replaces the equipment that supports the virtual servers and storage area network every four to five years. This is the most expensive capital equipment we purchase – either to expand the system or replace major components, and it is configured in high availability at HQ and at the disaster recovery site so there are multiple sets of this equipment. In 2018 three servers will be replaced.

<u>Leasehold Improvements (Decrease \$143k, 100%)</u>

This decrease is due to the one-time capital cost in 2017 from the facility reconfiguration.

Table B-13 compares the 2018 budget with projections for 2019-2020.

Statem	ent of Ac			ets Expenditu and 2020 Proj		_	in Workin	g Ca	pital			
		2018 Budget		2019 Projection		\$ Change 19 v 18	% Change 19 v 18		2020 Projection		\$ Change 20 v 19	% Change 20 v 19
Funding		Duaget		rojection		15 7 10	13 7 10	_	Trojection		20 7 15	20 7 15
ERO Funding NERC Assessments	\$	10,730,104	\$	12,078,538			12.57%	\$	12,440,894	¢	362,356	2.9%
Penalty Sanctions	Ý	142,000	Ţ	-			-100.00%	Ų	-	Y	-	2.570
Total NERC Funding	\$	10,872,104	\$	12,078,538	\$	1,206,434	11.1%	\$	12,440,894	\$	362,356	2.9%
Membership Dues												
Testing Fees		-				-					-	
Services & Software		-				-					-	
Workshops		-				-					-	
Interest		-				-					-	
Miscellaneous	\$	10,872,104	\$	12,078,538	\$	1,206,434	11 10/	\$	12,440,894	\$	262.256	3.0%
Total Funding (A)	->	10,872,104	>	12,078,538	>	1,206,434	11.1%	>	12,440,894	Þ	362,356	3.0%
Expenses												
Personnel Expenses												
Salaries	\$	6,250,448	\$	6,437,961	\$	187,513	3.0%	\$	6,631,100	\$	193,139	3.0%
Payroll Taxes Benefits		391,324 663,221		403,064 683,118		11,740 19,897	3.0% 3.0%		415,156 703,611		12,092 20,494	3.0% 3.0%
Retirement Costs		1,259,803		1,297,597		37,794	3.0%		1,336,525		38,928	3.0%
Total Personnel Expenses	\$	8,564,796	\$	8,821,740	\$	256,944	3.0%	\$	9,086,392	\$	264,652	3.0%
Meeting Expenses		02.050	ć	06.760	ć	2.010	2.00/	,	00.673		2.002	2.00/
Meetings Travel	\$	93,950 655,430	\$	96,769 \$ 675,093	>	2,819 19,663	3.0% 3.0%	\$	99,672 695,346		2,903 20,253	3.0% 3.0%
Conference Calls		-		-		-	3.070		-		-	3.070
Total Meeting Expenses	\$	749,380	\$	771,861	\$	22,481	3.0%	\$	795,017	\$	23,156	3.0%
Operating Expenses												
Consultants & Contracts	\$	535,127	\$	551,181		16,054	3.0%	\$	567,716		16,535	3.0%
Office Rent Office Costs		733,700 628,013		755,711 646,853		22,011 18,840	3.0% 3.0%		778,382 666,259		22,671 19,406	3.0% 3.0%
Professional Services		229,550		236,437		6,887	3.0%		243,530		7,093	3.0%
Miscellaneous		-	•	-		-	3.070	•	-		-	5.070
Depreciation		578,000		595,340		17,340	3.0%		613,200		17,860	3.0%
Total Operating Expenses	\$	2,704,390	\$	2,785,522	\$	81,132	3.0%	\$	2,869,087	\$	83,566	3.0%
Total Direct Expenses	\$	12,018,566	\$	12,379,123	\$	360,557	3.0%	\$	12,750,497	\$	371,374	3.0%
Indirect Expenses	\$	-	\$	-				\$	-	\$	-	
Other Non-Operating Expenses	\$	-	_	•	\$	-					-	
Total Expenses (B)	\$	12,018,566	\$	12,379,123	\$	360,557	3.0%	\$	12,750,497		371,374	3.0%
Change in Assets	\$	(1,146,462)	\$	(300,585)	\$	845,877	-73.8%	\$	(309,603)	\$	(9,018)	3.0%
Fixed Assets		(EZO 000)	ć	(EOE 240)	ć	(17.240)	2.00/	ć	- (612 200)	,	(17.000)	2.00/
Depreciation Computer & Software CapEx	\$	(578,000) 286,170	\$	(595,340) \$ 294,755	\$	(17,340) 8,585	3.0% 3.0%	\$	(613,200) 303,598	\$	(17,860) 8,843	3.0% 3.0%
Furniture & Fixtures CapEx		200,170		-		-	3.070		303,338		-	3.070
Equipment CapEx		-		-		-					-	
Leasehold Improvements		-		-		-			-		-	
Allocation of Fixed Assets												
Inc(Dec) in Fixed Assets (C)	\$	(291,830)	\$	(300,585)	\$	(8,755)	3.0%	\$	(309,602)	\$	(9,018)	0.0%
TOTAL BUDGET (=B + C)	\$	11,726,736	\$	12,078,538	\$	351,802	3.0%	\$	12,440,894	\$	371,374	3.1%
TOTAL CHANGE IN WORKING CAPITAL (=A-B-C)	\$	(854,632)	\$	- 5	\$	854,632	-100.0%	\$	-	\$	-	178.0%

Table B-13. Budget 2018 Compared with 2019-2020 Projections

Explanation of 2018, 2019, 2020 Projections

At this time, MRO does not anticipate significant changes in program areas for the next three years.

- FTEs remain flat
- Three percent escalation rate applied to expense categories
- Total budget increase of \$352k in 2019
- Total budget increase of \$371k in 2020
- Zero penalties budgeted

Section C – Non-Statutory Activities

2018 Business Plan and Budget



Section C – Non-Statutory Activities 2018 Non-Statutory Business Plan and Budget

MRO has no non-statutory activities.

Section D – Additional Consolidated Financial Statements

2018 Business Plan and Budget



Section D - Additional Consolidated Financial Statements

2018 Consolidated Statement of Activities by Program, Statutory and Non-Statutory

									Functions in Delegation Agreement	geement					
Statement of Activities and Capital Expenditures by Program 2018 Busines Plan and Budget	Total	Statutory Total	Non- Statutory Total	Statutory Total	Reliability Standards and Organization Registration and Certification (Section 300 & 500)	Compliance (Section 400)	Reliability Assessment and Performance Analysis (Section 800)	Training and Education (Section 6008,900)	Situation Awareness and Infrastructure Security (Section 1000)	Committee and Member Forums	Gen eral and Ad ministrative	Legal and Regulatory	Information Technology	Human Resources	Accounting and Finance
Funding ERO Funding		1			l							1		l	
NERC Assessments	10,730,104	10,730,104		10,730,104	687,952	7,659,154	2,335,894	745,054	156,683		(854,632)				
Total NERC Funding	10,872,104	10,872,104		10,872,104	696,449	7,756,470	2,361,808	7	158,078		(854,632)				
Membership Dues				,											
Testing Fees Canifogs D. Coffurera															
Services of software Workshops															
Interest Mise all manages															
Total Funding (A)	10,872,104	10,872,104		10,872,104	696,449	7,756,470	2,361,808	753,932	158,078		(854,632)				
Expenses															
Personnel Expenses	6 250 448	6 250 440		6 250 449	936 836	3 165 100		700000	46.727		90 303	207 080	274701		400 807
Payroll Taxes	391,324	391,324		391,324	16,816	204,686			3,279		25,565	9,837	28,467		26,490
Benefits	663,221	663,221		663,221	31,169	329,896	92,750	31,774	4,993		43,122	13,920	60,825		54,772
retirement Costs Total Personnel Expenses	8,564,796	8,564,796	 - -	8,564,796	365,344	4,282,819	1		10,414		768,438	38,916	535,074		577,431
Meeting Expenses															
Meetings	93,950	93,950		93,950	1,400	7,500	7,500	36,000	1,450		40,000				100
Travel Conference Calls	655,430	655,430		655,430	57,300	204,830			41,900		113,000	12,000	10,000		5,000
Total Meeting Expenses	749,380	749,380	 -	749,380	58,700	212,330	174,500	80,400	43,350		153,000	12,000	10,000		5,100
Operating Expenses															
Consultants & Contracts	535,127	535,127		535,127		95,000	52,300				32,000		318,860		36,967
Office Costs	733,700	733,700		733,700	- 2838	113.400	16.500		. 6500		33.500	3.625	271.400		733,700
Professional Services	229,550	229,550		229,550				•				175,050			54,500
Miscellaneous Denreciation	5.78.000	. 578 000		528.000									578000		
Total Operating Expenses	2,704,390	2,704,390		2,704,390	5,838	208,400	68,800		6,500		02,500	178,675	1,168,260		1,002,417
To tal Direct Expenses	12,018,566	12,018,566	-	12,018,566	429,882	4,703,549	1,548,845	475,429	114,313		986,938	461,328	1,713,334		1,584,948
					And have	ONG PACE	000 000	BAT SAL	Chief de		toro sout	mer sant	Charles of the Al		14 504 0401
eactader value					V604/N3V	545,4504,0	W. 164	01/00/2	20000		lace/ace)	(Actions)	(10 C/C Y (1)		(0)(0)(0)(0)
Other Non-Operating Expenses															
Total Expenses (B)	12,018,566	12,018,566	 -	12,018,566	713,912	7,956,468	2,415,065	772,177	160,945						
Change in Assets	(1,146,462)	(1,146,462)		(1,146,462)	(17,463)	(199,998)	(53,257	(18,245)	(2,867)		(854,632)				
Fixed Assets															
Depreciation	(578,000)	(578,000)		(578,000)									(578,000)		
Computer & Software Laptx Furniture & Fixtures Captx	0/1/987	0/1/087		- 286,170									0/1'987		
Equipment CapEx															
Leasehold Improvements															
Allocation of Fixed Assets	(0)	(0)		(0)	(17,463)	(199,998)	(53,257)	(18,245)	(2,867)				291,830		
Inc(Dec) in Fixed Assets (C)	(291,830)	(291,830)	 -	(291,830)	(17,463)	(199,998)	(53,257)	(18,245)	(2,867)						
TOTAL BUDGET (=B+C)	11,726,736	11,726,736	-	11,726,736	696,449	7,756,470	2,361,808	753,932	158,078						
TOTAL CHANGE IN WORKING CAPITAL (#A-B-C)	(854,632)	(854,632)		(854,632)			0		0		(854,632)				
FIES	45.00	45.00		45.00	2.01	23.02	6.13	2.10	0.33		2.85	0.92	4.02		3.62
				ı											
Indirect Costs Allocation					284,030	3,252,919	866,220	296,748	46,632		(986,938)	(461,328)	(1,713,334)		(1,584,948)
Allocation of Fixed Assets													(291,830)		
Penalty Sanctions Allocation				142,000	8,497	97,316	25,914	8,878	1,395						
Interest Income Allocation				•											
Other Non-Operating Expenses															

Consolidated Statement of Activities by Program, Statutory and Non-Statutory Table D-1.

Statement of Financial Position

The following table provides MRO Statement of Financial Position as of these dates:

- As of December 31, 2016, per audit
- As of December 31, 2017, projected
- As of December 31, 2018, as budgeted

Statement of Financial Position 2016 Audited, 2017 Projection, and 2018 Budget						
s	TATUTORY					
	(Per Audit) 31-Dec-16	Projected 31-Dec-17	Budget 31-Dec-18			
ASSETS Cash	3,755,883	3,002,591	1,998,129			
Restricted Cash	166,275	142,000	-			
Other Receivables	317	-	-			
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	345,447	190,000	196,000			
Security deposit	39,858	39,858	39,858			
Restricted Cash - non-curernt	-	-	-			
Property and equipment and capitalized software	1,819,854	2,419,086	1,897,802			
Total Assets	6,127,634	5,793,535	4,131,789			
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS						
Liabilities Accounts payable and accrued expenses	1,883,374	1,516,118	1,230,288			
Postretirement medical benefit obligation Deferred assessments - non-current	507,557	605,000	690,000			
Deferred assessments - non-current Deferred rent - non-current	500,325	500,325	500,325			
Total Liabilities	2,891,256	2,621,443	2,420,613			
Net Assets - unrestricted	3,236,378	3,172,092	1,711,176			
Total Liabilities and Net Assets	6,127,634	5,793,535	4,131,789			

Table D-2. Statement of Financial Position, Three-Year Comparison

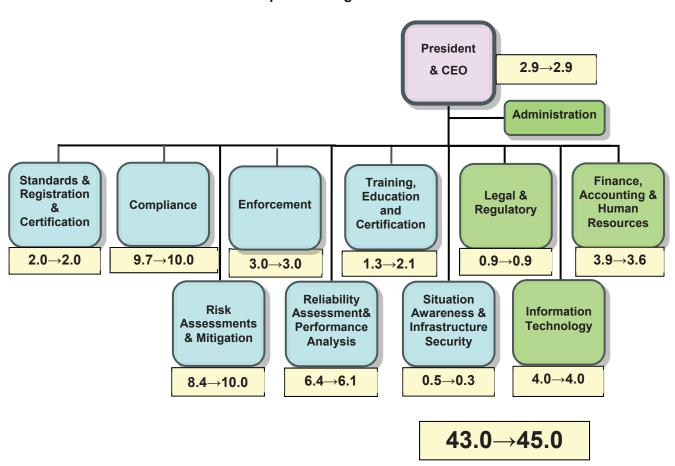
Appendix A Organization Chart

Appendix A

Organization Chart

The MRO Organization Chart is shown below.

2017 to 2018 Full Time Equivalent (FTE) Comparison Organization Chart



FTE Trend from 2016 to 2020

2016	2017	2018	2019 Estimate	2020 Estimate
43.0	43.0	45.0	45.0	45.0

Figure 2. Organization Chart

Appendix B Acronyms

Appendix B

This section lists acronyms used in this document.

Acronym	Definition
APDA	American Power Dispatchers Association
BA	Balancing Authority
BES	Bulk Electric System
BPS	Bulk Power System
CFR	Coordinated Functional Registration
CIP	Critical Infrastructure Protection
CMEP	Compliance Monitoring and Enforcement Program
EMS	Energy Management System
ERAG	Eastern Interconnection Reliability Assessment Group
ERO	Electric Reliability Organization
FAC	Finance and Audit Committee
FERC	Federal Energy Regulatory Commission
FPA	Federal Power Act
FTE	Full-Time Equivalent
IRA	Inherent Risk Assessment
IT	Information Technology
MCCF	Mid-Continent Compliance Forum
MRO	Midwest Reliability Organization
NERC	North American Electric Reliability Corporation
OC	Operating Committee
PC	Planning Committee
RAPA	Reliability Assessment and Performance Analysis
RC	Reliability Coordinator
RE	Regional Entity
RTO	Regional Transmission Organization
SC	Standards Committee
SCADA	Supervisory Control and Data Acquisition
SME	Subject Matter Expert
TFE	Technical Feasibility Exception
TOP	Transmission Operator

Appendix C

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2018 BUSINESS PLAN AND BUDGET FILING

ATTACHMENT 4

DISCUSSION OF COMMENTS RECEIVED

DURING DEVELOPMENT OF NERC'S

2018 BUSINESS PLAN AND BUDGET



July 17, 2017

Re: Management Response to Comments Received

The deadline for comments on the first draft of NERC's 2018 Business Plan and Budget (BP&B) ended on June 30, 2017. Comments were submitted by seven individuals and entities and covered a wide range of topics. Below is a summary of those comments and NERC management's response.

E-ISAC Member Executive Committee (MEC)¹

The MEC, comprised of the leadership of several large electric utilities across the country, provided a resolution in support of the E-ISAC strategy. This long-term strategy was included in Exhibit F of the first draft of NERC's BP&B, but associated costs were not included in the budget and feedback was solicited. The MEC provided a resolution that urged NERC to move forward with a "sense of urgency" and offered support for the proposed 2018 additional costs associated with the strategy.

NERC management received additional informal feedback from other stakeholders in support of this strategy, and management has included the proposed 2018 additional costs in the latest draft of NERC's BP&B.

Bonneville Power Administration (BPA)

BPA offered support and comments on the five strategic goals of the ERO Enterprise discussed in the BP&B. The comments were generally supportive and BPA encouraged NERC to continue their communication and outreach. NERC management agrees, welcomes the support and assistance of BPA, and will continue efforts to include industry stakeholders in the strategic goal and operating plan process.

Mr. David Bardin

Mr. Bardin provided comments on the FERC order related to Geomagnetic Disturbances (GMD) and NERC's plans for the research. As noted in the first draft of the BP&B, FERC directed NERC to submit a research work plan describing how NERC will conduct research into the specific GMD-related topics identified in the order. On May 30, 2017, NERC filed its preliminary GMD research work plan. In this preliminary plan, NERC identified various tasks that would build upon existing research, but noted that much work remains to be done to develop an optimal project management framework for this GMD research. In light of this approach, NERC included only minimal costs for the GMD research in the first draft of the BP&B. Mr. Bardin requested

¹ The MEC is a sub-group of the Electricity Subsector Coordinating Council (ESCC). For more information, please see the ESCC website here.

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that NERC reconsider this approach and add additional funds to support a more comprehensive research plan. He provided some additional details related to his request.

Management appreciates the feedback, but continues our current approach to address these additional steps. NERC plans to conduct extensive outreach over the coming months with government agencies, academia, the Electric Power Research Institute, stakeholders, and others to identify opportunities for research synergies, develop an appropriate research management structure, and discuss ways to fund to the project, including seeking outside funding resources. As Mr. Bardin notes, FERC may also provide further guidance or direction with respect to the specific GMD research activities included in the plan. This could include adding, eliminating, or prioritizing specific project activities. Each of these considerations would inform the final project plan and ultimately the final estimate of the total and year-over-year costs that would be borne by NERC and therefore be reflected in NERC's budgets. Given the current uncertainties, management still plans to make the 2018 GMD-related budget decisions after exploring stakeholder cofunding options and FERC review of the GMD research plan.

ISO / RTO Council – Standards Review Committee (SRC)

The SRC comments were primarily related to NERC's Reliability Standards program area. In particular, the SRC urged NERC to reduce reliance on continual standards revisions and development, focus efforts on risk identification, and explore ways to collect and analyze data regarding the effectiveness of standards. The SRC provided additional specific feedback on various areas of the BP&B.

NERC management agrees that the initiative on steady state in standards development and the move to Risk-Based Compliance Monitoring have brought much needed clarity and efficiencies in the understanding and enforcement of standards. However, the ongoing risks of physical and cyber security, coupled with the reliability risks of distributed energy resources, demonstrate the need for continued resources in standards development. We agree that not all of the solutions may exist in a standard, and that the Standards Committee will continue to work closely with the technical committees to address these risks with a standard solution when other solutions are not feasible. NERC is also committed to ongoing reviews of the standards to eliminate requirements unnecessary for reliability, and look for potential cost savings in implementation.

National Rural Electric Cooperative Association (NRECA)

The NRECA provided three comments related to efficiency and cost control, use of assessment stabilization reserves, and clarity on personnel costs and reasonableness. NERC management added additional language to the BP&B document to address some of these comments.

Canadian Electricity Association (CEA) and Independent Electricity System Operator (IESO)

The CEA and IESO, both Canadian entities, provided similar comments related to ongoing efficiency and cost control. Both organizations urged NERC to continually focus on maximizing efficiency and work to achieve budget increases that more closely align with utility and inflationary realities.

NERC management agrees that ongoing efficiency and cost control are an integral part of the ERO Enterprise long-term strategy. The 2018 BP&B is relatively stable, excluding the added costs associated with the E-ISAC



strategy. And the ERO Enterprise as a whole is experiencing some stability in recent years and looking into the next 2-3 years. We expect the efficiency goals and maturity of the ERO Enterprise will provide budgetary stability in the coming years. Improving the efficiency and effectiveness of the ERO Enterprise operations is one of the recommended focus areas included in NERC's draft long-term strategy which will be posted this week for stakeholder comment, and further reviewed at the August 2017 Members Representative Committee meeting.

We appreciate the comments received and encourage your continued participation in the BP&B process.

Sincerely,

Scott Jones

Vice President of Finance Treasurer

2018 BUSINESS PLAN AND BUDGET FILING

ATTACHMENT 5

CALCULATION OF ADJUSTMENTS

THE AESO 2018 NERC ASSESSMENT,

THE IESO 2018 NERC ASSESSMENT,

THE NEW BRUNSWICK 2018 NERC ASSESSMENT,

AND THE QUEBEC 2018 NERC ASSESSMENT

2018 AESO Assessment Adjustment

Credit for NERC Compliance Costs

Includes adjustment for 2016 Actual v Budgeted Costs

			AE	SO NEL Share	2010.0		FTF.				
	201	L8 NERC Budget		(2016) <u>1.311%</u>	<u> </u>	ompliance <u>Credit</u>	% Credit	ΑI	SO Credit	Cos	sts Paid by AESO
NERC Compliance Program Budget				<u> </u>	<u></u>		<u>,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,</u>				
Compliance Assurance	\$	8,890,790	\$	116,558	19.27	17.77	92.2%	\$	107,467	\$	9,092
Analysis and Certification	Ψ	4,880,587	Ÿ	63,985	9.40	8.38	89.1%	Y	57,042	Y	6,943
Enforcement Enforcement		6,665,495		87,385	12.22	12.22	100.0%		87,385		-
Total Compliance Costs, including Fixed Assets	\$	20,436,872	\$	267,928	40.89	38.37		\$	251,893	\$	16,035
Additional Compliance Costs (Not Budgeted in Comp	liance)									
2018 CMEP Database Support		161,000		2,111			100.0%		2,111		-
True-up 2016 Actual									(25,358)		
Additional Non-Compliance Costs											
Event Analysis		5,113,695		67,041	11.28	3.38	30.0%		20,112		46,928
SAFNR		523,900		6,868			100.0%		6,868		
Total Compliance, Event Analysis and SAFNR	\$	26,235,467	\$	343,948	52.17	41.75		\$	255,627	\$	62,963
2017	\$	23,418,441	\$	324,814	47.47	38.67		\$	300,599	\$	59,341
Change from 2017	\$	2,817,026						\$	(44,972)	\$	3,622
2018 Assessment											
2018 NERC Assessment	\$	578,600									
2018 RE Assessment		979,700									
Total 2018 Assessment	\$	1,558,299									
2017 Assessment											
2017 NERC Assessment	\$	544,658									
2017 RE Assessment		990,964									
Total 2017 Assessment	\$	1,535,622									
Change in Total Assessment	\$	22,677									
		1.5%									

2018 IESO Assessment Adjustment

Credit for NERC Compliance Costs

Includes adjustment for 2016 Actual v Budgeted Costs

			I	ESO NEL Share							
				(2016)	2018 Co	ompliance	FTEs			Cos	ts Paid by
		NERC Budget	_	3.040%	<u>Total</u>	<u>Credit</u>	% Credit	<u>IE</u>	SO Credit		<u>IESO</u>
NERC Compliance Program Budget											
Compliance Assurance	\$	8,890,790	\$	270,241	19.27	16.03	83.2%	\$	224,841	\$	45,401
Analysis and Certification		4,880,587		148,349	9.40	8.38	89.1%		132,251		16,097
Enforcement		6,665,495		202,602	12.22	12.22	100.0%		202,602		-
Total Compliance Costs, including Fixed Assets	\$	20,436,872	\$	621,192	40.89	36.63		\$	559,694	\$	61,498
Additional Compliance Costs (Not Budgeted in Compl	iance)										
2018 CMEP Database Support		161,000		4,894			100.0%		4,894		-
True-up 2016 Actual									(54,191)		
Additional Non-Compliance Costs											
Event Analysis		5,113,695	\$	155,434	11.28	3.38	30.0%	\$	46,575	\$	108,859
SAFNR		523,900		15,924			100.0%		15,924		_
Total Compliance, Event Analysis and SAFNR	\$	26,235,467	\$	797,444	52.17	40.01		\$	572,896	\$	170,357
2017	\$	23,418,441	\$	710,750	47.47	37.27		\$	637,044	\$	151,378
Change from 2017	\$	2,817,026	\$	86,694				\$	(64,148)	\$	18,979
2018 Assessment											
2018 NERC Assessment	\$	1,361,261									
2018 RE Assessment		2,074,231									
Total 2018 Assessment	\$	3,435,491	-								
2017 Assessment											
2017 NERC Assessment	\$	1,212,884									
2017 RE Assessment	Y	2,011,235									
Total 2017 Assessment	\$	3,224,119	_								
Change in Total Assessment	\$	211,372									
		6.6%									

2018 New Brunswick Assessment Adjustment

Credit for NERC Compliance Costs

Includes adjustment for 2016 Actual v Budgeted Costs

			- 1	NB NEL Share							
				(2016)	2018 Co	ompliance	FTEs			Cost	s Paid by
		NERC Budget		0.304%	<u>Total</u>	<u>Credit</u>	% Credit	N	B Credit		<u>NB</u>
NERC Compliance Program Budget											
Compliance Assurance	\$	8,890,790	\$	27,022	19.27	16.03	83.2%	\$	22,482	\$	4,540
Analysis and Certification		4,880,587		14,834	9.40	8.38	89.1%		13,224		1,610
Enforcement		6,665,495		20,259	12.22	12.22	100.0%		20,259		-
Total Compliance Costs, including Fixed Assets	\$	20,436,872	\$	62,115	40.89	36.63		\$	55,965	\$	6,149
Additional Compliance Costs (Not Budgeted in Comp	liance	e)									
2018 CMEP Database Support		161,000		489			100.0%		489		-
True-up 2016 Actual									(5,416)		
Additional Non-Compliance Costs											
Event Analysis		5,113,695		15,542	11.28	3.38	30.0%	\$	4,657	\$	10,885
SAFNR		523,900		1,592			100.0%		1,592		
Total Compliance, Event Analysis and SAFNR	\$	26,235,467	\$	79,739	52.17	40.01		\$	57,288	\$	17,034
2017	\$	23,418,441	\$	73,653	47.47	37.27		\$	66,129	\$	15,687
Change from 2017	\$	2,817,026						\$	(8,841)	\$	1,347
2018 Assessment											
2018 NERC Assessment	\$	136,114									
2018 RE Assessment		288,998									
Total 2018 Assessment	\$	425,112	•								
2017 Assessment											
2017 NERC Assessment	\$	125,585									
2017 RE Assessment	٠	290,905									
Total 2017 Assessment	\$	416,490	•								
Change in Total Assessment	\$	8,622									
		2.1%									

2018 Quebec Assessment Adjustment Credit for NERC Compliance Costs

Includes adjustment for 2016 Actual v Budget

includes adjustment for 2016 Actual V Budget				Quebec NEL Share (2016)	2010.0	!:	FTF-				Daywa and A	. II	-4:
				Share (2016)	2018 C	ompliance	FIES	Quebec	Cos	sts Paid by	 Payment A	AIIOC	ation
	N	ERC Budget		4.039%	<u>Total</u>	Credit	% Credit	<u>Credit</u>		<u>Quebec</u>	<u>Regie</u>	Hyd	dro Quebec
NERC Compliance Program Budget - 2018													
Compliance Assurance	\$	8,890,790	\$	359,114	19.27	6.94	36.0%	\$ 129,281	\$	229,833		\$	229,833
Analysis and Certification		4,880,587		197,135	9.40	8.38	89.1%	175,744		21,391	\$ 18,750		2,642
Enforcement		6,665,495		269,230	12.22	12.22	100.0%	269,230		-			
Total Compliance Costs, including Fixed Assets	\$	20,436,872	\$	825,479	40.89	27.54		\$ 574,255	\$	251,224	\$ 18,750	\$	232,474
Additional Compliance Costs (Not Budgeted in Compl	iance)												
2018 CMEP Database Support		161,000		6,503			100.0%	6,503					
True-up 2016 Actual								(51,620)					
Additional Non-Compliance Costs													
Event Analysis		5,113,695		206,551	11.28	3.38	30.0%	\$ 61,892	\$	144,659		\$	144,659
SAFNR		523,900		21,161			100.0%	21,161					
Total Compliance, Event Analysis and SAFNR	\$	26,235,467	\$	1,059,694	52.17	30.92		\$ 612,191	\$	395,883	\$ 18,750	\$	377,133
2017 Budget	\$	23,418,441	\$	957,713	47.47	29.96		\$ 689,561	\$	355,581	\$ 16,260	\$	339,321
Change from 2017	\$	2,817,026						\$ (77,370)	\$	40,302	\$ 2,490	\$	37,812
2018 Assessment (including Compliance credit)													
2018 NERC Assessment	\$	1,958,039									\$ 18,750	\$	1,939,289
2018 RE Assessment		2,985,158	_								1,050,695		1,934,463
Total 2018 Assessment	\$	4,943,197									\$ 1,069,445	\$	3,873,752
2017 Assessment (including Compliance Credit)													
2017 NERC Assessment	\$	1,803,289									\$ 16,260	\$	1,787,029
2017 RE Assessment		2,820,434	_								1,027,171		1,793,263
Total 2017 Assessment	\$	4,623,723									\$ 1,043,431	\$	3,580,292
Change in Total Assessment	\$	319,474									\$ 26,014	\$	293,460
		6.9%									2.5%		8.2%

2018 BUSINESS PLAN AND BUDGET FILING

ATTACHMENT 6

METRICS COMPARING
REGIONAL ENTITY OPERATIONS
BASED ON
THE 2018 BUDGETS

2018 Metrics for Budget Submissions

	Budget Metrics		FRCC	MRO		NPCC⁵	R	eliabilityFirst		SERC	SPP RE		Texas RE	WECC
1	Number of registered entities		42	113		205		230		192	120		203	366
2	Number of registered functions		163	342		427		477		507	315		379	888
3	Total NEL (GWh)		234,140	289,292		628,864		894,287		1,022,554	227,489		353,022	857,250
4	NEL (GWh) per registered entity		5,575	2,560	L	3,068	L	3,888	L	5,326	1,896	L	1,739	2,342
5	Total ERO Funding ¹	\$	6,913,663	\$ 10,872,104	\$	14,416,787	\$	22,060,585	\$	17,933,114	\$ 10,017,265	\$	11,546,986	\$ 27,382,000
6	ERO Funding per registered entity	\$	164,611	\$ 96,213	\$	70,326	\$	95,916	\$	93,402	\$ 83,477	\$	56,882	\$ 74,814
7	ERO Funding per registered function	\$	42,415	\$ 31,790	\$	33,763	\$	46,249	\$	35,371	\$ 31,801	\$	30,467	\$ 30,836
8	Total Budget ²	\$	7,514,112	\$ 11,726,738	\$	15,106,967	\$	21,393,899	\$	17,182,868	\$ 10,793,195	\$	12,656,953	\$ 27,097,344
9	Total Budget per registered entity	\$	178,907	\$ 103,776	\$	73,693	\$	93,017	\$	89,494	\$ 89,943	\$	62,350	\$ 74,036
10	Total Budget per registered function	_ 4	16098.84663	\$ 34,289	\$	35,379	\$	44,851	\$	33,891	\$ 34,264	\$	33,396	\$ 30,515
11	Total Statutory FTE ³		30.63	45.00		36.86		76.20		75.00	32.30		60.00	143.00
12	Registered entity per Statutory FTE		1.371	2.511		5.562		3.018		2.560	3.715		3.383	2.559
13	Registered function per Statutory FTE		5.322	7.600		11.584		6.260		6.760	9.752		6.317	6.210
14	Total Compliance Budget 4	\$	5,498,173	\$ 7,756,470	\$	8,293,748	\$	15,960,112	\$	12,171,991	\$ 8,466,710	\$	9,593,152	\$ 14,643,677
15	Compliance budget per registered entity	\$	130,909	\$ 68,641	\$	40,457	\$	69,392	\$	63,396	\$ 70,556	\$	47,257	\$ 40,010
16	Compliance budget per registered function	\$	33,731	\$ 22,680	\$	19,423	\$	33,459	\$	24,008	\$ 26,878	\$	25,312	\$ 16,491
17	Total Compliance FTE ³		19.65	23.02		16.00		45.25		32.56	21.75		36.25	59.00
18	Registered entity per Compliance FTE		2.1	4.9		12.8		5.1		5.9	5.5		5.6	6.2
19	Registered function per Compliance FTE		8.3	14.9		26.7		10.5		15.6	14.5		10.5	15.1

¹ ERO Funding is the sum of Assessments and Penalty Sanctions only. (Excludes funding, such as Membership Dues, Testing Fees, Services & Software, Workshops, Interest, and Miscellaneous.)

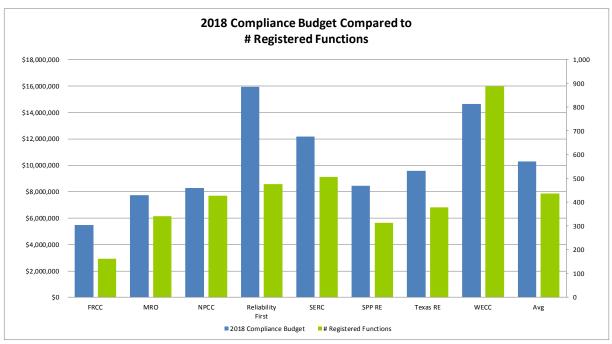
 $^{^2\,\}mathrm{Total}$ Budget is the sum of Total Expenses and the Increase/(Decrease) in Fixed Assets.

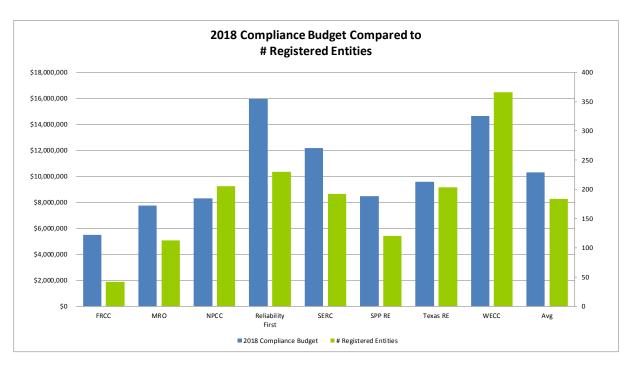
³Each FTE that works 2,080 hours per year is counted as one FTE. An FTE working less than the 2,080 hours per year is counted as a fractional FTE.

 $^{^4}$ Total Compliance Budget is a sum of Direct Expenses, Indirect Expenses, and Capital Expenditures.

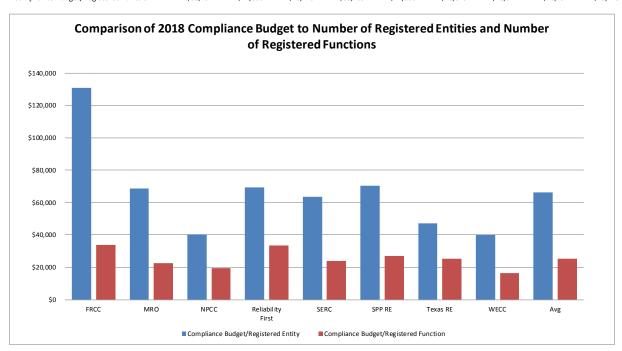
⁵ Due to the specifics of the compliance program included in the individual provincial MOUs for cross-border regional entities, some of these metrics are not directly comparable.

	FRCC	MRO	NPCC	Reliability First	SERC	SPP RE	Texas RE	WECC	Avg
2018 Compliance Budget	\$5,498,173	\$7,756,470	\$8,293,748	\$15,960,112	\$12,171,991	\$8,466,710	\$9,593,152	\$14,643,677	\$10,298,004
# Registered Entities # Registered Functions	42 163	113 342	205 427	230 477	192 507	120 315	203 379	366 888	184 437

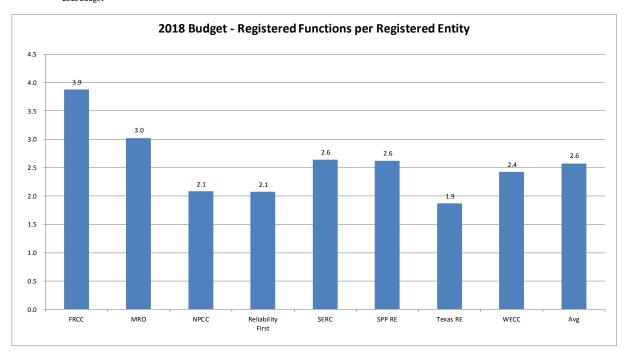


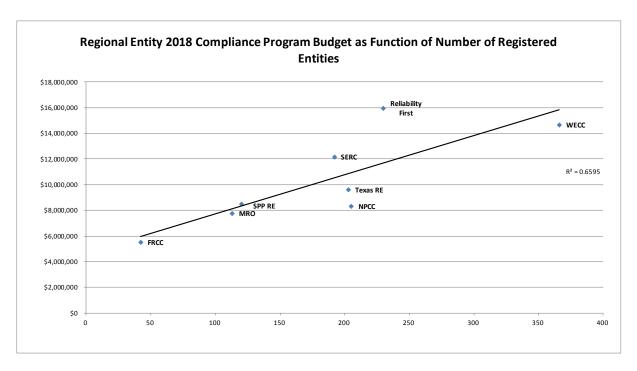


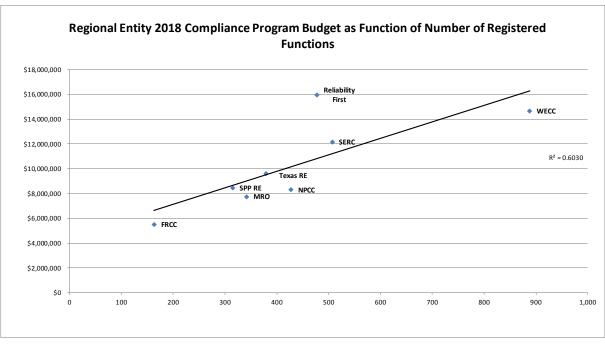
	FRCC	MRO	NPCC	Reliability First	SERC	SPP RE	Texas RE	WECC	Avg
Compliance Budget/Registered Entity	\$130,909	\$68,641	\$40,457	\$69,392	\$63,396	\$70,556	\$47,257	\$40,010	\$66,327
Compliance Budget/Registered Function	\$33,731	\$22,680	\$19,423	\$33,459	\$24,008	\$26,878	\$25,312	\$16,491	\$25,248



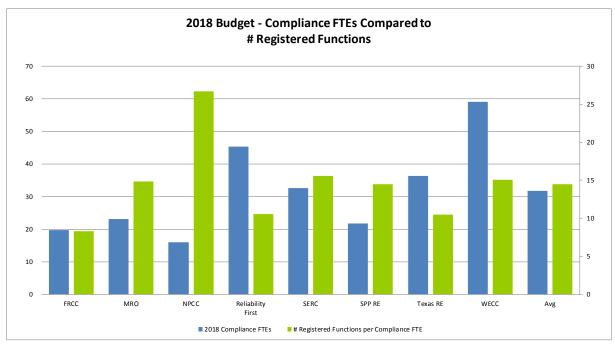
	FRCC	MRO	NPCC	Reliability First	SERC	SPP RE	Texas RE	WECC	Avg	
Registered Functions per Registered Entity	3.9	3.0	2.1	2.1	2.6	2.6	1.9	2.4	2.6	
2018 Rudget										

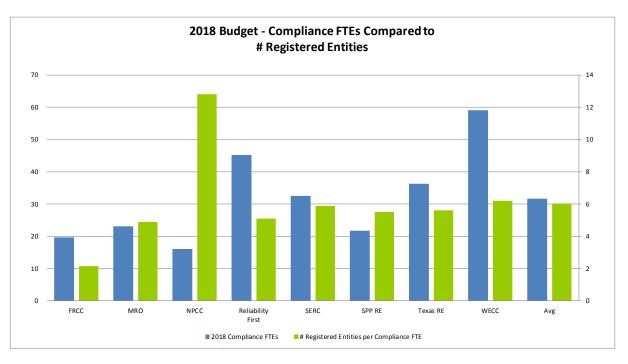




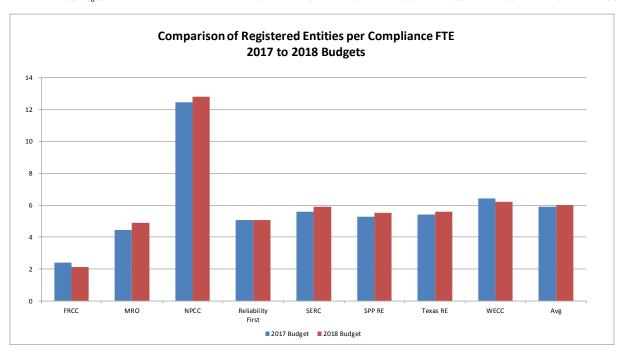


	FRCC	MRO	NPCC	Reliability First	SERC	SPP RE	Texas RE	WECC	Avg
2018 Compliance FTEs	19.65	23.02	16.00	45.25	32.56	21.75	36.25	59.00	31.69
# Registered Entities per Compliance FTE # Registered Functions per Compliance FTE	2.1 8.3	4.9 14.9	12.8 26.7	5.1 10.5	5.9 15.6	5.5 14.5	5.6 10.5	6.2 15.1	6.0 14.5

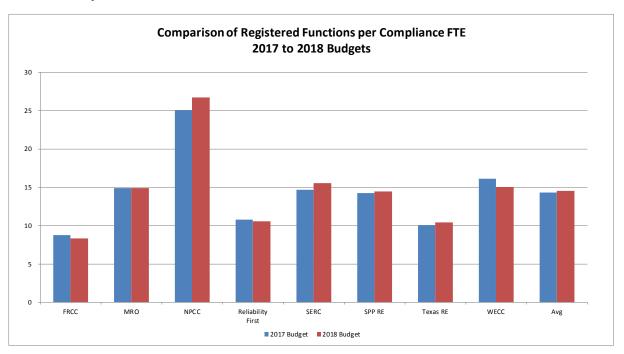




	FRCC	MRO	NPCC	Reliability First	SERC	SPP RE	Texas RE	WECC	Avg
2017 Budget	2.4	4.5	12.5	5.1	5.6	5.3	5.4	6.4	5.9
2018 Budget	2.1	4.9	12.8	5.1	5.9	5.5	5.6	6.2	6.0



	FRCC	MRO	NPCC	Reliability First	SERC	SPP RE	Texas RE	WECC	Avg
2017 Budget	8.7	14.9	25.1	10.7	14.7	14.3	10.0	16.1	14.3
2018 Budget	8.3	14.9	26.7	10.5	15.6	14.5	10.5	15.1	14.5



2018 BUSINESS PLAN AND BUDGET FILING

ATTACHMENT 7

METRICS ON NERC AND REGIONAL ENTITY ADMINISTRATIVE (INDIRECT) COSTS BASED ON

THE 2017 AND 2018 BUDGETS

Analysis of Indirect (Administrative Services) Costs 2018 Budget versus 2017 Budget

2017 BUDGET 2018 BUDGET

To	otal Statutory Budget	Total Statutory Direct Budget	Total Statutory Indirect Budget	% Statutory Indirect Budget to Total Statutory Budget	Ratio of Statutory Direct Budget to Indirect Budget		То	tal Statutory Budget	Total Statutory Direct Budget	tal Statutory lirect Budget	% Statutory Indirect Budget to Total Statutory Budget	Ratio of Statutory Direct Budget to Indirect Budget
\$	69,602,175	\$ 38,187,34	0 \$ 31,414,835	45.1%	1.22	NERC	\$	73,135,156	\$ 43,145,222	\$ 29,989,934	41.0%	1.44
	7,177,854	6,311,73	6 866,118	12.1%	7.29	FRCC		7,514,112	6,506,605	1,007,507	13.4%	6.46
	11,226,668	6,786,61	7 4,440,051	39.5%	1.53	MRO		11,726,736	7,272,018	4,454,718	38.0%	1.63
	15,147,054	9,700,33	5 5,446,719	36.0%	1.78	NPCC		15,106,967	9,684,689	5,422,278	35.9%	1.79
	19,908,939	14,170,62	0 5,738,319	28.8%	2.47	RF		21,393,899	15,185,134	6,208,764	29.0%	2.45
	17,482,403	9,305,22	9 8,177,174	46.8%	1.14	SERC		17,182,868	8,884,242	8,298,626	48.3%	1.07
	10,865,511	5,799,84	6 5,065,665	46.6%	1.14	SPP RE		10,793,195	5,786,488	5,006,707	46.4%	1.16
	12,167,256	7,491,45	2 4,675,804	38.4%	1.60	Texas RE		12,656,953	8,007,811	4,649,142	36.7%	1.72
\$	26,796,927	\$ 17,029,82	7 \$ 9,767,100	36.4%	1.74	WECC	\$	27,097,344	\$ 17,924,467	\$ 9,172,877	33.9%	1.95
				36.6%	2.21	AVERAGE					35.8%	2.18

2017 BUDGETED FTES 2018 BUDGETED FTES

Total Statutory FTEs	Total Statutory Direct FTEs	Total Statutory Indirect FTEs	Indirect FTE as % of Total FTE	# Direct to Indirect Statutory FTEs		Total Statutory FTEs	Total Statutory Direct FTEs	Total Statutory Indirect FTEs	Indirect FTE as % of Total FTE	# Direct to Indirect Statutory FTEs
189.88	120.56	69.33	36.5%	1.74	NERC	199.28	131.84	67.44	33.8%	1.95
29.99	25.80	4.19	14.0%	6.16	FRCC	30.63	26.01	4.62	15.1%	5.63
43.00	31.33	11.67	27.1%	2.68	MRO	45.00	33.59	11.41	25.4%	2.94
36.86	28.86	8.00	21.7%	3.61	NPCC	36.86	28.86	8.00	21.7%	3.61
72.30	57.60	14.70	20.3%	3.92	RF	76.20	60.60	15.60	20.5%	3.88
75.00	49.70	25.30	33.7%	1.96	SERC	75.00	44.70	30.30	40.4%	1.48
33.25	28.75	4.50	13.5%	6.39	SPP RE	32.30	27.80	4.50	13.9%	6.18
60.00	46.25	13.75	22.9%	3.36	Texas RE	60.00	46.25	13.75	22.9%	3.36
140.00	97.00	43.00	30.7%	2.26	WECC	143.00	102.30	40.70	28.5%	2.51
			24.5%	3.56	AVERAGE				24.7%	3.51