# NORTH AMERICAN ELECTRIC RELIABILITY CORPORATION

# 2015 BUSINESS PLAN AND BUDGET FILING

# **ATTACHMENT 1**

# SUMMARY TABLES FOR NERC AND REGIONAL ENTITY

PROPOSED 2015 BUDGETS AND ASSESSMENTS

#### **NERC'S Proposed Budget by Program<sup>1</sup>**

NERC Program	201 Statu	2015 Budget for Statutory Functions		
Reliability Standards	\$	10,167,369	\$	10,247,145
Compliance Monitoring and Enforcement				
Regional Entity Assurance and Oversight	\$	5,712,007	\$	5,737,572
Compliance Analysis, Certification and Registration	\$	3,784,438	\$	4,864,863
Compliance Enforcement	\$	6,395,091	\$	5,806,866
Reliability Assessments and Performance Analysis	\$	8,350,598	\$	9,825,750
Training, Education and Operator Certification	\$	3,737,472	\$	3,950,926
Reliability Risk Management				
Event Analysis	\$	4,048,371	\$	4,203,169
Situation Awareness	\$	4,583,264	\$	3,646,902
Critical Infrastructure Department <sup>2</sup>				
Critical Infrastructure Protection	\$	5,507,708	\$	4,495,972
ES-ISAC	\$	4,103,777	\$	13,870,144
Total Budget	\$	56,390,095	\$	66,649,309

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Does not include the proposed provision for Working Capital reserve funding

#### Proposed Budget for Statutory Activities of NERC, each Regional Entity and WIRAB <sup>1</sup>

	014 Budget for tutory Functions	2015 Budget for Statutory Functions
NERC	\$ 56,390,095	\$ 66,649,309
FRCC	\$ 6,794,932	\$ 7,162,233
MRO	\$ 9,744,799	\$ 10,328,687
NPCC	\$ 14,129,006	\$ 14,778,539
RFC	\$ 18,063,201	\$ 18,756,763
SERC	\$ 16,877,288	\$ 15,995,840
SPP RE	\$ 11,823,629	\$ 11,808,110
TRE	\$ 11,771,248	\$ 11,983,701
WECC	\$ 25,638,084	\$ 26,300,035
WIRAB	\$ 703,700	\$ 1,013,857
Total Budget	\$ 182,195,196	\$ 184,777,074
Peak Reliability	\$ 32,958,648	\$ 38,926,722

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Does not include the proposed provision for Working Capital reserve funding

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The 2014 budgets for Critical Infrastructure Protection and the ES-ISAC shown above are slightly different than the budgets presented in NERC's 2014 Business Plan and Budget due to a correction in the allocation of costs between the two departments after the 2014 Budget was filed. The 2014 budgets shown in the 2014 Business Plan and Budget as filed were \$5,668,027 for Critical Infrastructure Protection and \$3,943,457 for ES-ISAC.

# Proposed Assessments for Statutory Activities of NERC and each Regional Entity

		sessments for	۸IJ۵	ti-u to Counda		A	A 11	a antion to Consula
		atory Functions 2014	Allo	cation to Canada 2014	Assessments for Statutory Functions 2015			ocation to Canada 2015
NERC	\$	51,401,382	\$	4,554,567	\$	55,308,375	\$	5,111,411
FRCC	\$	5,488,057	\$	-	\$	6,062,838	\$	-
MRO	\$	8,741,444	\$	1,402,080	\$	9,426,019	\$	1,579,249
NPCC	\$	13,611,881	\$	5,163,960	\$	14,068,878	\$	5,309,142
RFC	\$	15,159,784	\$	-	\$	18,713,897	\$	-
SERC	\$	13,734,499	\$	-	\$	13,731,034	\$	-
SPP RE	\$	9,219,123	\$	-	\$	9,680,648	\$	-
TRE	\$	10,509,308	\$	-	\$	10,500,446	\$	-
WECC <sup>1</sup>	\$	16,219,260	\$	5,974,286	\$	26,090,293	\$	2,795,630
Total Budget	\$	144,084,738	\$	17,094,893	\$	163,582,428	\$	14,795,433

 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm 1}$  Includes assessments for WECC and WIRAB

# NORTH AMERICAN ELECTRIC RELIABILITY CORPORATION

# 2015 BUSINESS PLAN AND BUDGET FILING

# **ATTACHMENT 2**

# NORTH AMERICAN ELECTRIC RELIABILITY CORPORATION

PROPOSED 2015 BUSINESS PLAN AND BUDGET



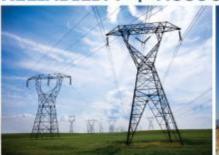
# 2015 Business Plan and Budget

August 5, 2014

# RELIABILITY | ACCOUNTABILITY









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# **Table of Contents**

About NERC	iv
Overview	iv
Membership and Governance	iv
Scope of Oversight	v
Statutory and Regulatory Background	vi
Funding	vi
Introduction and Executive Summary	viii
Strategic Goals, Objectives, and Metrics	viii
Priorities and Major Activities	ix
2015 Key Business Planning Assumptions	xiv
Application of Section 215 Criteria	xiv
Overview of 2015 Budget and Funding Requirements	xiv
Projections for 2016–2017	xxv
Section A — 2015 Business Plan and Budget Program Area and Department Detail	1
Reliability Standards	1
Compliance Monitoring and Enforcement and Organization Registration and Certification	Program Area
Compliance Analysis, Registration and Certification Group	
Compliance Enforcement Department	19
Reliability Assessments and Performance Analysis	
Reliability Risk Management	
Situation Awareness Department	38
Event Analysis Department	43
Critical Infrastructure	48
Key Critical Infrastructure Efforts Underway in 2014	49
Electricity Sector Information Sharing and Analysis Center (ES-ISAC)	53
Training, Education, and Operator Certification	61
Administrative Services	66
General and Administrative	66
Legal and Regulatory	70
Information Technology	73
Human Resources	80
Finance and Accounting	84

#### **Table of Contents**

Section B — Supplemental Financial Information	87
Table B-1	87
Table B-2	88
Table B-3	89
Table B-4	91
Table B-5	92
Table B-6	92
Table B-7	93
Table B-8	94
Table B-9	94
Table B-10	95
Section C — Non-Statutory Activity	96
Section D — Supplemental Financial Statements	97
Exhibit A – Common Assumptions	99
Exhibit B – Application of NERC Section 215 Criteria	107
Exhibit C – Contractor and Consulting Costs	126
Exhibit D – Capital Financing	128
Exhibit E – Working Capital and Operating Reserve Amounts	131
Exhibit F – Additional CRISP Detail	133

### **About NERC**

#### **Overview**

The North American Electric Reliability Corporation (NERC) is a not-for-profit entity organized under the New Jersey Nonprofit Corporation Act. NERC's mission is to improve and ensure the reliability of the Bulk Electric System (BES) in North America. NERC's area of responsibility spans the continental United States and Canada and the northern portion of Baja California, Mexico. Entities under NERC's jurisdiction are the users, owners, and operators of the bulk power system (BPS)—a system that serves the needs of over 340 million people, includes installed electricity production capacity of approximately 1,200 gigawatts, operates 475,000 miles of high-voltage transmission (100 kV and above), and is comprised of assets worth more than one trillion dollars.

#### **Electric Reliability Organization (ERO)**

The Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC or Commission) certified NERC as the electric reliability organization (ERO) within the United States to establish and enforce Reliability Standards for the United States portion of the BPS, pursuant to section 215 of the Federal Power Act. NERC is subject to regulatory oversight by FERC. As of June 18, 2007, FERC granted NERC the legal authority to enforce Reliability Standards with all U.S. users, owners, and operators of the BES and made compliance with those standards mandatory and enforceable. Equivalent relationships have been sought and for the most part realized in Canada and Mexico.

#### **International Relations**

Prior to adoption of §215 in the United States, the provinces of Ontario (in 2002) and New Brunswick (in 2004) adopted all Reliability Standards that were approved by the NERC Board as mandatory and enforceable within their respective jurisdictions through market rules. Reliability legislation is in place or NERC has memoranda of understanding with provincial authorities in Ontario, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, Québec, Manitoba, Saskatchewan, British Columbia, and Alberta, and with the National Energy Board of Canada (NEB). NERC standards are mandatory and enforceable in Ontario and New Brunswick as a matter of provincial law. Manitoba has adopted legislation, and standards are mandatory there. In addition, NERC has been designated as the "electric reliability organization" under Alberta's Transmission Regulation, and certain Reliability Standards have been approved in that jurisdiction; others are pending. NERC standards are now mandatory in British Columbia and Nova Scotia. NERC and the Northeast Power Coordinating Council (NPCC) have been recognized as standards-setting bodies by the Régie de l'énergie of Québec, and Québec has the framework in place for Reliability Standards to become mandatory. NEB has made Reliability Standards mandatory for international power lines.

In Mexico, the Comissión Federal de Electricidad (CFE) has signed WECC's reliability management system agreement, which only applies to Baja California Norte.

# **Membership and Governance**

An eleven-member Board of Trustees (Board), comprised of ten independent directors and NERC's president and chief executive officer serving as the management trustee, governs NERC. The Board formed several committees to facilitate oversight of the organization in the areas of finance and audit, governance and human resources, compliance, standards oversight and technology, nominations, and most recently, enterprise-wide risk. In February 2014, the former risk management and internal controls subcommittee (RMICS) of the Finance and Audit Committee was approved as a separate committee of

the Board, known as the Enterprise-Wide Risk Committee (EWRC). The EWRC provides oversight and guidance regarding corporate risk management and internal audit functions. Additionally, the Reliability Issues Steering Committee (RISC) serves as an advisory committee that reports directly to the Board and triages and provides front-end, high-level leadership and accountability for nominated issues of strategic importance to BES reliability.

Membership in NERC is open to any person or entity that has an interest in the reliability of the North American BES. Membership in NERC is voluntary and affords participants the opportunity to engage in the governance of the organization through election to the Member Representatives Committee (MRC).<sup>1</sup> More than six hundred entities and individuals are members of NERC.

# **Scope of Oversight**

As the international, multi-jurisdictional ERO, NERC is authorized to:

- Propose, monitor compliance with, and enforce mandatory Reliability Standards for the North American BPS, subject to regulatory oversight and approvals from FERC in the United States and applicable authorities in Canada;
- Conduct near-term and long-term assessments of the reliability and future adequacy of the North American BPS;
- Certify BPS operators as having and maintaining the necessary knowledge and skills to perform their reliability responsibilities;
- Maintain situational awareness of events and conditions that may threaten the reliability of the BPS;
- Coordinate efforts to improve physical and cyber security for the BPS of North America;
- Conduct detailed analyses and investigations of system disturbances and unusual events to determine root causes, uncover lessons learned, and issue relevant findings as advisories, recommendations, and essential actions to the industry; and
- Identify, based on lessons learned, the potential need for new or modified Reliability Standards, improved compliance monitoring and enforcement methods, or other initiatives.

#### **Delegated Authorities**

In executing its responsibility, NERC delegates certain authorities to eight regional reliability entities (Regional Entities or the Regions) to perform aspects of the ERO functions described through delegation agreements. FERC has approved delegation agreements between NERC and the eight Regional Entities (Florida Reliability Coordinating Council (FRCC), Midwest Reliability Organization (MRO), Northeast Power Coordinating Council, Inc. (NPCC), ReliabilityFirst (ReliabilityFirst), SERC Reliability Corporation (SERC), Southwest Power Pool Regional Entity (SPP RE), Texas Reliability Entity, Inc. (Texas RE), and the Western Electricity Coordinating Council (WECC)<sup>2</sup>). These agreements describe the authorities delegated and responsibilities assigned to the Regional Entities in the United States to address, among other things: (1) developing regional Reliability Standards, (2) monitoring compliance with and enforcing mandatory

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The <u>Member Representatives Committee</u> (MRC) comprises 28 voting representatives elected from the 12 membership sectors. The MRC elects the independent trustees and, along with the Board, votes on amendments to the Bylaws. The MRC also provides policy advice and recommendations to the Board on behalf of stakeholders with respect to annual budgets, business plans, and other matters pertinent to the purpose and operation of the organization.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> WECC has sub-delegated its Reliability Coordinator ("RC") and Interchange Authority ("IA") functions to Peak Reliability, which commenced operations and assumed the RC and IA functions within the WECC footprint on January 2, 2014.

Reliability Standards (both North American-wide and regional), (3) certifying registered entities and registering owners, operators, and users of the BES, (4) assessing reliability and analyzing performance, (5) training and education, (6) event analysis and reliability improvement, and (7) situation awareness and infrastructure security. NERC expects Regional Entities whose territories and geographic footprints extend into Canadian provinces and Mexico to perform equivalent functions in those jurisdictions.

#### **ERO Enterprise Operating Model**

The collective network of leadership, experience, judgment, skills, and technologies shared among NERC and the eight Regional Entities is referred to as the ERO Enterprise<sup>3</sup> (the enterprise). In 2014, a common operating model, <u>Improving Coordinated Operations across the ERO Enterprise</u>, was developed to define how NERC and the Regional Entities achieve excellence in the oversight and execution of statutory functions by collaborating and working together to mitigate reliability risks. The model also defines the division of the roles and responsibilities for NERC and the Regional Entities to efficiently and effectively execute services performed as the collective enterprise.

NERC has unique responsibilities within the enterprise to design the oversight of program areas; develop operational oversight and leadership; set qualifications and expectations for the performance of delegated activities; and assess, train, and give feedback to corresponding regional programs. NERC also reviews and provides input to the annual Regional Entity business plans and budgets, including but not limited to review of resource allocations, staffing capacity assessments, and program performance assessments. NERC input and review occurs before regional board approval.

Similarly, the Regional Entities have a mirrored set of responsibilities that include being responsive to the design of the operational model, providing input into the overall development of each ERO program area, providing training and development to meet ERO qualifications, and being receptive to feedback from the ERO and making responsive adjustments. Regional Entities also have an obligation to meet professional standards of independence and objectivity and to provide the best available expertise for addressing risks.

With due recognition and awareness of the distinction between individual roles, responsibilities, and corporate status, NERC and the Regional Entities are continually refining their individual and collective operating and governance practices in support of an agreed-upon set of strategic goals and objectives that are designed to ensure the ERO fulfills its statutory obligations.

# **Statutory and Regulatory Background**

NERC's authority as the ERO in the United States is based on Section 215 of the Federal Power Act, as added by the Energy Policy Act of 2005,<sup>4</sup> and the Commission's regulations and orders issued pursuant to Section 215. In Canada, NERC's authorities are established by the memoranda of understanding and regulations previously mentioned.

# **Funding**

Section 215 of the Federal Power Act and the Commission's regulations also specify procedures for NERC's funding in the United States. NERC's annual business plan and budget is subject to Commission approval in the United States. Once approved, assessments are allocated to load-serving entities on a net-energy-for-load (NEL) basis. Equivalent funding mechanisms are provided in Canada, subject to the specific laws and regulations of each province.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> The term ERO Enterprise refers to NERC and the eight Regional Entities.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> This was codified in section 215 of the Federal Power Act, 16 United States C. 824o.

The Regional Entities' funding requirements are addressed separately in their respective business plans and budgets, which must be reviewed and approved by NERC and FERC in the United States. Assessments for the Regional Entity budgets are included in the overall NERC assessments to load-serving entities.

# **Introduction and Executive Summary**

TOTAL RESOURCES (in whole dollars)								
	2	015 Budget		U.S.		Canada		Mexico
Statutory FTEs		192.30						
Non-statutory FTEs								
Total FTEs		192.30						
Statutory Expenses	\$	65,363,815						
Non-Statutory Expenses	\$	-						
Total Expenses	\$	65,363,815						
Statutory Inc (Dec) in Fixed Assets	\$	1,285,494						
Non-Statutory Inc (Dec) in Fixed Assets	\$	-						
Total Inc (Dec) in Fixed Assets	\$	1,285,494						
Statutory Working Capital Requirement	\$	1,094,958						
Non-Statutory Working Capital Requirement								
Total Working Capital Requirement	\$	1,094,958						
Proceeds from Financing Activities	\$	(373,003)						
Total Statutory Funding Requirement	\$	67,371,264						
Total Non-Statutory Funding Requirement	\$	-						
Total Funding Requirement	\$	67,371,264						
Statutory Funding Assessments	\$	55,308,375	\$	50,046,840	\$	5,111,411	\$	150,123
Non-Statutory Fees								
NEL		4,494,892,394		3,961,433,109		521,817,390		11,641,895
NEL%		100.00%		88.13%		11.61%		0.26%

# **Strategic Goals, Objectives, and Metrics**

Developing the common operating model for NERC and the Regional Entities aligned the enterprise's business planning goals, objectives, metrics, and assumptions for the 2014–2017 planning period. In February 2014, the NERC Board approved an updated version of the ERO Enterprise Strategic Plan with newly aligned goals, objectives, and deliverables for the 2014–2017 planning period. Prior to its approval, the NERC Board included the plan as part of the February 2014 policy input request letter to the MRC for member comment. NERC posted the written comments and policy input on the NERC website. NERC is tracking corresponding actions related to strategic planning and the business plan an ongoing basis as part of the business plan and budget process.

#### **Performance Metrics**

The strategic plan for 2014–2017 includes five consolidated goals within the existing areas of standards; compliance, registration, and certification; risks to reliability; and coordination and collaboration. New in 2014, NERC and the Regional Entities agreed to implement four overarching performance metrics designed to assess the overall effectiveness of the enterprise in addressing risk to the BES and improving BES reliability. These metrics concentrate on achieving reliability results, assuring standards and compliance effectiveness, and improving risk mitigation and program execution. The enterprise metrics are reviewed annually as part of the strategic planning process and are prioritized based on current year activities and major initiatives.

# Demonstrating Success (2014–2017)

- Achieve reliability results
- Assure standards and compliance effectiveness
- Improve risk mitigation
- Execute effective ERO programs

In May 2014, the NERC Board approved the <u>2014 performance metrics</u>. The four metrics, used in 2014 to measure the enterprise's success against the strategic goals, are not inclusive of all the objectives and deliverables identified for the entire three-year planning period; therefore, some of the deliverables listed in the strategic plan may not be specifically listed word-for-word in the four metrics approved for 2014. The 2015 performance metrics are expected to be finalized in fall of 2014.

NERC publicly posts and reviews quarterly corporate performance results with its Corporate Governance and Human Resources Committee.

#### Stakeholder Engagement

As one of the enterprise's guiding principles, NERC and the Regional Entities involved stakeholders with knowledge and expertise on a collaborative basis in the early development of the strategic plan, in the identification of prioritized risk-based activities, and in the development of the 2015 Business Plan and Budget. NERC obtained stakeholder input from a number of sources, including but not limited to the RISC, other standing committees of the Board, and the MRC's business planning and budget input group, which was specifically established in 2012 to provide and help coordinate annual input in the development of NERC's business plan and budget.

# **Priorities and Major Activities**

The electric grid is one of the nation's most critical infrastructures, and the North American BES is one of the largest, most complex, and most robust systems ever created. Several, if not all, of the other critical infrastructure sectors are dependent on electric power. As the organization charged with ensuring the reliability and security of the North American power grid, NERC continues its focus on the changing risk landscape from conventional risks (such as extreme weather and equipment failures) to new and emerging risks in the security arena. Coordinated physical and cyber attacks intended to disable elements of the power grid or deny electricity to specific targets differ from conventional risks in that they result from intentional actions by adversaries and are not simply random failures or acts of nature. These threats are not new, but they have evolved and continue to demand more and more attention from industry and the ERO. Recognizing the costs to electricity users associated with these efforts requires prioritization, along with risk management, to ensure that the ERO is focusing resources on the greatest risks to the reliability of the BES.

NERC and the Regional Entities are invested in achieving positive results for reliability, demonstrating the effectiveness of the ERO by closing gaps in Reliability Standards, designing and implementing effective risk-based compliance monitoring and enforcement, and executing ERO programs and operational

activities that support transparent and reliability-focused strategic goals and objectives. The following paragraphs highlight key initiatives and priorities.

#### Risk-Based Strategy – (ERO Enterprise Goal 4 and Metric 3)

The enterprise continues to integrate risk management principles and set priorities to address the reliability issues of greatest importance. The focus in 2015 and beyond will be to solve specific issues that present risk to reliability, to improve reliability performance, to minimize the use of less-effective processes, and to avoid using already limited resources on less-important issues.

In 2013, the RISC presented priority recommendations<sup>5</sup> to the NERC Board and worked closely with NERC and Regional Entity staffs to review, analyze, and identify a number of high-priority reliability risk areas of strategic importance for the ERO. This collaborative risk-based prioritization is being integrated into a multi-year reliability risk management process to identify projects the enterprise will undertake year to year, ensure the efficient use of resources to focus on high-risk areas, maximize opportunities for industry input, and align with the ERO's strategic and business planning priorities.<sup>6</sup>

The following list identifies the current risk projects that were selected from this collaborative risk-based prioritization process and the areas for focus in 2014, with a number of these efforts extending into 2015. The list is not inclusive of all the activities planned for 2015. The complete 2015 list will be identified after risk control projects are compiled and as the RISC informs the ERO of its priorities and projects. A preliminary set of 2015 project areas is provided in the discussion of the Reliability Assessment and Performance Analysis Department's 2015 activities in Section A.

Current ERO Enterprise High-Priority Risk Projects:

- 1. Changing Resource Mix As the generation and load on the power system change (e.g., as a result of integrated variable resources, increased dependence on natural gas, increased demand-side management, new technologies deployed, etc.), the system is being brought into states that are significantly different than when it was designed and planned, which exposes new vulnerabilities not previously considered. Fundamental operating characteristics and behaviors are no longer a certainty. Without focusing on how to respond, this risk will increase.
- 2. Extreme Physical Events While the probability of physical events (such as physical attack, geomagnetic disturbance, or severe weather) that lead to extensive damage is low, the potential consequences are high enough that risk avoidance (reducing the probability) is insufficient as a sole risk management strategy. Risk mitigation efforts (reducing the potential consequence) are also underway, but additional focus is needed to address the risk of physical events and minimize both the magnitude and duration of their consequences.
- 3. **Protection System Misoperations** NERC's 2012 and 2013 State of Reliability reports identified protection system misoperations as a significant threat to BES reliability. Additional activities are needed to ensure this risk is managed adequately.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> See <a href="http://www.nerc.com/comm/RISC/Related%20Files%20DL/RISC\_Priority\_Recommendations-Jul\_26\_2013.pdf">http://www.nerc.com/comm/RISC/Related%20Files%20DL/RISC\_Priority\_Recommendations-Jul\_26\_2013.pdf</a> for the complete report.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Please refer to Reliability Assessment and Performance Analysis program in Section A for additional detail regarding the overall planned risk project portfolio and associated projects within the respective program area details, as well as the consolidated resource allocations.

- 4. **Cold Weather Preparedness** Lack of generator preparedness for cold weather extremes may result in forced outages, de-ratings, and failures to start. Insufficient availability of intra-regional generation and limits on import transfer capability may result in insufficient generation to serve forecasted load, resulting in load shedding.
- 5. **Right-of-Way Clearances** Transmission Owners and applicable Generation Owners may have established incorrect ratings that are based on design documents, rather than on the actual facilities built. Managing to stay within operating limits that are based on incorrect ratings may be inadequate to prevent equipment damage, cascading, instability, or separation.
- 6. 345 kV Breaker Failures NERC has identified a potential trend of 345 kV SF6 puffer-type breakers failing. In conjunction with another fault, circuit breaker failures may lead to more BES facilities being removed from service than is required to clear the original fault. This poses a risk to the reliability of the BES.

Using the 2014 projects as a baseline for gauging resource demands, NERC plans to provide an equivalent level of support in 2015 to address high-risk priority projects. Section A describes the resources anticipated to support risk projects in 2015 and includes the need to reallocate existing resources from 2014 to support the continuation and completion of project activities in 2015.

#### Physical Security and Cybersecurity – (ERO Enterprise Goals 3 and 4)

In March 2014, FERC directed the ERO to create one or more physical grid security Reliability Standards that require registered entities to address physical security risks and vulnerabilities related to the reliable operation of the BES. NERC engaged subject matter experts throughout the Regions and among industry to assist in drafting a standard within a 90-day time period. The proposed standard requires registered entities to prioritize their most critical assets based on vulnerability and other criteria. The proposed standard final ballot closed on May 5, 2014, with 86 percent approval from the ballot body. It was adopted by the Board on May 13, 2014, and was filed with FERC for approval on May 23, 2014.

NERC has initiated a transition program to help industry understand and implement NERC's Critical Infrastructure Protection Version 5 (CIP Version 5) Reliability Standards in a timely, efficient manner. CIP Version 5 represents a significant improvement over the current CIP Version 3 standards. CIP Version 5 includes new cybersecurity controls and extends the scope of the systems that the CIP standards protect. The transition program will be in place through the enforcement date of the Version 5 standards. The goal of the transition program is to improve industry's understanding of the technical security requirements for CIP Version 5, as well as the expectations for compliance and enforcement.

NERC is also proposing to assume a program oversight role with respect to the Cyber Risk Information Sharing Program, a voluntary program to facilitate the exchange of detailed cybersecurity information between electric utilities, NERC's Electricity Sector-Information Sharing and Analysis Center (ES-ISAC), and the US Department of Energy to enable electric power critical infrastructure operators to better protect their networks from sophisticated cyber threats.

The company will also continue to focus on creating cybersecurity and physical security awareness through its annual GridSec conference and semiannual Grid-X national security exercise.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> In addition to the foregoing risk-based activities, NERC also incorporates risk considerations into other program area activities as further described in Section A.

#### Reliability Assurance Initiative (RAI) – (ERO Enterprise Goal 3 and Metric 4)

NERC and the Regional Entities continue to improve compliance and enforcement operations by focusing oversight and resources on improving processes as well as reducing unnecessary costs and administrative burdens on registered entities. Implementing RAI remains a multiyear effort to promote efficiencies, eliminate undue regulatory burdens, streamline documentation and reporting requirements, improve noncompliance processing, and develop new tools and training materials.

The major RAI activities underway in 2014 include: (1) development of a single ERO Enterprise method for registered entity reliability risk assessments to include an evaluation and test of registered entity internal controls; (2) consolidation of the expanded scope of matters that may be processed through the Find, Fix, Track, and Report (FFT) tool and initial implementation of aggregation and discretion processes; and (3) implementation of a complete auditor manual with an approved auditor handbook and checklist. Other enforcement enhancements will continue during 2014, including the development of tools that provide greater transparency into internal ERO processes, such as the assessment of risk from noncompliance and development of mitigation activities, and process improvements associated with coordination of compliance and enforcement activities for multi-Region registered entities. The ERO Auditor Capabilities and Competencies Guide, which was completed in 2014, has been posted on the NERC website and will be a critical component of auditor staff development and training.

Based on the results and successful implementation of the 2014 RAI activities, several RAI activities are planned for 2015 and beyond: (1) development and execution of a training program to support implementation of the ERO Auditor Capabilities and Competencies Guide; (2) development and delivery of training for the single compliance approach; (3) implementation of an enterprise-wide compliance tracking tool to support RAI activities; (4) compliance activities related to the successful transition to CIP Version 5; (5) design and implementation of governance, risk, and compliance management tools to support compliance oversight planning; and (6) consolidation of new enforcement processes and activities.

The 2015 RAI activities are necessary for implementing the strategic risk-based reforms intended to reduce unnecessary regulatory burden on industry. The activities are intended to increase efficiency by aligning resources associated with compliance monitoring and enforcement programs toward greater direct reliability benefit. The bulk of these activities will be resourced from NERC and Regional Entity staffs, but certain activities related to advancing the program implementation and the compliance application tool require third-party contractor support.

#### BES Implementation – (ERO Enterprise Goal 2 and Metric 4)

In 2010, FERC directed NERC to revise the BES definition to encompass all elements and facilities necessary to plan and reliably operate the BES. The revised definition becomes effective July 1, 2014, and the enterprise continues to guide the consistent evaluation of inclusions, exclusions, and self-notifications of BES elements. NERC and the Regional Entities will be engaged in activities supporting the implementation of the recent changes to the BES definition.

These implementation activities began in 2014 and will extend through 2015. They include: (1) the BES element evaluation process and associated procedures to provide a uniform, clear way of determining assets contained within the BES; (2) review of self-determined notifications by entities; (3) review of entity-submitted exceptions to the BES definition by Regions and NERC, (4) consideration of reviews and appeals of BES determinations and associated registration aspects; (5) providing guidance regarding Reliability Standard applicability; and (6) managing compliance and enforcement monitoring.

#### Risk-Based Registration – (ERO Enterprise Goal 2 and Metric 4)

In 2014, NERC and the Regional Entities are developing a risk-based registration (RBR) program that ensures entities are properly registered or de-registered commensurate with risk to the BES, are properly scoped, and are responsible for applicable Reliability Standards along with associated compliance obligations. NERC's registration rules and criteria are set forth in Section 500 and Appendices 5A and 5B of the NERC Rules of Procedure. The RBR program will focus on the scope of an entity's compliance responsibilities according to the BES reliability risks it poses. With the maturation of the ERO and associated industry experience, the registration criteria are now being revisited to adjust them with a risk-based technical foundation. These adjustments are focused on avoiding unnecessarily registering all potential entities without consideration of their materiality and risks to reliability. The goal of risk-based registration is to enhance the registration criteria so they contain threshold criteria complemented by risk-based methods. This approach will be used to exclude entities with smaller and lower voltage assets that would have a very low likelihood of posing a risk to the reliability of the BPS, while at the same time adjusting the scope of Reliability Standard requirements that must be followed.

The implementation of the RBR program is expected to:

- Align entity registration and compliance burden to its materiality and risk to BES reliability;
- Reduce the industry burden associated with registration, while sustaining continued BES reliability;
- Improve use of NERC, Regional Entity, and registered entity resources;
- Provide feedback during standards development to enhance the applicability of currently enforceable and future standards; and
- Increase consistency in registration across the eight Regional Entities by developing a common and repeatable approach and improving registration and de-registration procedures.

In addition, coordination of this effort will enhance the ERO's ability to:

- Evaluate risks to reliability across the ERO Enterprise; and
- Align changes to the registry criteria with other NERC activities and the BES definition.

#### Transformation of Standards to a Steady State – (ERO Enterprise Goal 1 and Metric 4)

In accordance with the approved Reliability Standards Development Plan (RSDP), the transformation of the NERC standards to a "steady state" remains a high priority. Steady state was defined in the 2014–2017 RSDP as a set of clear, concise, high-quality, and technically sound Reliability Standards that are results-based, including retiring requirements that do little to promote reliability. In their 2013 review of the NERC Reliability Standards, a panel of independent experts also found that the standards should be stable, necessary for accountability, and sufficient to maintain the reliability of the BES. A steady-state standard should not require further work absent a change in reliability risks, technology, practice, or other impetus.

<sup>8</sup> http://www.nerc.com/pa/Stand/Standards%20Development%20Plan%20Library/Standards\_Independent\_Experts\_Review\_ Project\_Report.pdf

# **2015 Key Business Planning Assumptions**

As part of the annual business planning process, NERC and the Regional Entities formed common business planning assumptions that they considered when developing their respective business plans and budgets. The Regional Entities used these assumptions to evaluate their projected workload and determine resource levels required to complete necessary tasks and meet the obligations of their Regional Delegation Agreements. The 2015 common business plan and budget assumptions are set forth in Exhibit A.

## **Application of Section 215 Criteria**

In its order approving NERC's 2013 Business Plan and Budget, FERC required NERC to establish criteria for determining whether its proposed activities are eligible for funding under Section 215. In an order dated April 19, 2013, FERC approved NERC's proposed criteria, with certain modifications. Exhibit B summarizes the major activities NERC proposes to undertake in 2015 and the approved Section 215 criteria applicable to such activities.

## **Overview of 2015 Budget and Funding Requirements**

NERC's 2015 combined expense and fixed asset (capital) budget is approximately \$66.6M, which represents an increase of approximately \$10.3M (18.2%) over 2014. Total expenses are increasing approximately \$9.8M (17.5%) over 2014. The total fixed asset (capital) budget, before accounting for depreciation, is approximately \$3.6M, an increase of approximately \$500k over 2014. Of the \$10.3M increase in the 2015 budget over the 2014 budget, \$8.9M (87.0%) is related to the Cyber Risk Information Sharing Program (CRISP). In the absence of CRISP, the 2015 budget would increase approximately \$1.3M (2.4%) over 2014. As further explained in Section A, Electricity Sector Information Sharing and Analysis Center (ES-ISAC) on page 52 and in Exhibit F, the majority of the NERC CRISP budget will be funded by participating utilities, with only a small portion funded through assessments.

NERC's total assessments are projected to increase \$3.9M (7.6%) over 2014. Of this amount, \$496.3k or roughly 1% percent of the total 7.7% increase is related to CRISP. The allocation of assessments to U.S., Canadian, and Mexican entities, after taking into account the application of NERC's policies regarding the allocation of United States penalty funds<sup>11</sup> and the allocation of certain compliance and enforcement costs,<sup>12</sup> and using 2013 net energy for load data, is \$50.0M, \$5.1M, and \$150.4k, respectively. The allocation of NERC and Regional Entity assessments is detailed in Appendix 2.

The following table provides a high-level year-over-year comparison of the major categories of expenses, total budget, and FTEs.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> North American Electric Reliability Corporation, Order on Compliance 143 FERC ¶ 61,052 (2013)

<sup>+</sup> North American Electric Reliability Corporation, Order on 2014 Business Plan and Budget of the North American Electric Reliability Corporation and Ordering Compliance Filing, 145 FERC ¶ 61,097 (2013).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> NERC and the Regional Entities budget Depreciation as an Operating Expense with an equal and offsetting credit against budgeted Fixed Asset Additions; as a result, the budgets do not include depreciation in the funding requirements.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> Accounting, Financial Statement and Budgetary Treatment of Penalties Imposed and Received for Violations of Reliability Standards, December 8, 2008 and as amended August 15, 2013

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup> Expanded Policy on allocation of Certain Compliance and Enforcement Costs, July 29, 2008

# Statement of Activities and Fixed Assets Expenditures 2014 and 2015 Budgets

	STAT	UTORY			
					Variance 2015 Budget v 2014
		2014	2015		Budget
		Budget	 Budget		Over(Under)
Funding					
ERO Funding					
NERC Assessments	\$	51,401,382	\$ 55,308,375	\$	3,906,993
Penalty Sanctions		290,000	 1,155,000		865,000
Total NERC Funding	\$	51,691,382	\$ 56,463,375	\$	4,771,993
Third-Party Funding (CRISP)		-	8,943,589		8,943,589
Testing Fees		1,620,000	1,670,000		50,000
Services & Software		50,000	50,000		-
Workshops		354,000	241,300		(112,700)
Interest		20,000	3,000		(17,000)
Miscellaneous		-	 -		
Total Funding (A)	\$	53,735,382	\$ 67,371,264	\$	13,635,882
Expenses					
<b>Total Personnel Expenses</b>	\$	34,059,654	\$ 35,803,312	\$	1,743,658
Total Meeting Expenses	\$	3,789,525	\$ 3,566,146	\$	(223,379)
<b>Total Operating Expenses</b>	\$	17,612,133	\$ 25,863,357	\$	8,251,224
Total Direct Expenses	\$	55,461,313	\$ 65,232,815	\$	9,771,502
Indirect Expenses	\$	0	\$ (0)	\$	(0)
Other Non-Operating Expenses	\$	144,000	\$ 131,000	\$	(13,000)
Total Expenses (B)	\$	55,605,313	\$ 65,363,815	\$	9,758,502
Change in Assets	\$	(1,869,930)	\$ 2,007,449	\$	3,877,379
Fixed Assets		(2.222.223)	(2.222.005)	_	
Depreciation	\$	(2,333,006)	\$ (2,333,006)	\$	-
Computer & Software CapEx		2,904,790	3,253,500		348,710
Equipment CapEx	-	213,000	 365,000		152,000
Inc(Dec) in Fixed Assets ( C )		784,784	 1,285,494		500,710
TOTAL BUDGET (=B + C)	\$	56,390,096	\$ 66,649,309	\$	10,259,212
TOTAL CHANGE IN WORKING CAPITAL (=A-B-C) <sup>1</sup>	\$	(2,654,714)	\$ 721,955	\$	3,376,669
FTEs		189.5	192.3		2.8

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The budgeted change in working capital reflects both a reduction in excess working capital and operating reserves and the assumptions related to capital financing. Refer to Table B-1 on page 115 for a complete

NERC's 2015 budget and funding requirements reflect the resources necessary to support achievement of the goals and objectives set forth in the Strategic Plan. The 2015 budget is comprised of both operating

and capital (fixed asset) costs. Operating costs include, but are not limited to: personnel costs based on projected 2014 year-end headcount, consulting costs to support specific program area needs, contracts for office space, software licensing, third-party data management, and communications and other customary services to support office operations. Fixed Asset (capital) costs primarily reflect investments in equipment and software to support operations, including investments in the development of software applications and infrastructure to facilitate improved business processes and efficiency.

#### **Key Budget Assumptions**

Key assumptions used in the development of NERC's 2015 budget included:

- An increase of 2.8 FTEs over 2014 to the ES-ISAC to support CRISP and provide administrative support to the ES-ISAC in connection with the physical separation of the ES-ISAC from other departments in NERC's Washington, D.C. office
- 6% adjustment to reduce budgeted FTEs to account for attrition and hiring delays
- 2.5% average salary increase pool
- Incentive compensation budget of 18.4% of base salary expense
- Market increases in medical and dental benefit plan costs

Management spends considerable efforts reviewing and reallocating personnel resources to ensure that appropriate resources are being dedicated to key priorities and activities. The 6% across-the-board FTE adjustment (reduction) for attrition and hiring delays is based on a three-year average of actual-to-budgeted FTE data. The 2.5% average salary increase is slightly below the 3% market reference provided by the company's compensation consultant. The incentive compensation budget of 18.4% of total base salary represents a three-year average. Incentive compensation is also tied to corporate, departmental, and individual performance results. Medical and dental premium cost estimates are based on market data provided by the company's benefits consultant.

- Meeting and Travel Expense
  - Forecast reduction based on review of 2013–2014 costs

The company has undertaken significant efforts over the past several years to reduce travel and meeting expenses. In 2013, NERC implemented additional policies, systems, and controls over travel expenses. The company has also worked closely with Regional Entities to share meeting space where possible, which has helped reduce meeting costs.

- Contractors and Consultants
  - Developed on a department-by-department basis, taking into account existing contractual commitments and individual department requirements
  - With the exception of proposed subcontract support for CRISP, applied 3% across-theboard reduction in each department's 2015 budget to account for potential under-runs in actual contractor and consulting expense (based on historic trends), as well as to help drive lower overall spending in this area.

The following table summarizes total year-over-year contractor and consulting costs by department, which were reduced by 3% across the board as noted above.

Consultants & Contracts	2014 BUDGET	2015 BUDGET	INC (DEC) OVER 2014
Regional Entity Assurance and Oversight	400,000	388,000	(12,000)
Total Reliability Assessments and Performance Analysis	638,085	955,450	317,365
Total Situation Awareness	1,289,108	1,077,321	(211,787)
Total Critical Infrastructure Department	190,000	426,800	236,800
Total ES-ISAC	786,450	8,329,390	7,542,940
Total Training, Education and Operator Certification	848,830	752,130	(96,700)
Total General & Administrative	75,000	15,000	(60,000)
Total Information Technology	1,944,000	1,729,600	(214,400)
Total Human Resources	257,500	298,275	40,775
Total Finance and Accounting	400,000	339,500	(60,500)
TOTAL CONSULTANTS AND CONTRACTS	6,828,973	14,311,466	7,482,493

Contractor and consulting expenses are developed on a department-by-department basis and reflect both known and anticipated expenses, based on both historic and current information. The Compliance and Registration (Regional Entity Assurance and Oversight) department budget is for consulting support for RAI implementation. Contract and consulting expenses for the Reliability Assessment and Performance Analysis program area is largely for software and services supporting reliability data management and analysis. Situation Awareness costs are primarily related to licenses and services supporting SAFNR, and other reliability information and notification (e.g., alerts) systems.

Critical Infrastructure Department expenses represent an increase over 2014 due to costs to support the biannual GridEx exercise. Other CID contractor and consulting costs are primarily to support the Critical Infrastructure Protection Committee consistent with historic experience and contract support levels. ESISAC costs are for software and services to support current operations, including the ESISAC portal. These costs do not include the incremental costs to participate in CRISP or to exercise an option to acquire additional space in the company's Washington, D.C. office. These items are discussed further below.

Training, Education, and Operator Certification contract and consulting costs include the cost of operator certification, training and continuing education programs, and training of NERC personnel. It also includes supporting compliance and enforcement (RAI) and other training initiatives. Policy and External Affairs costs are for Canadian policy analysis and communications training for NERC staff.

Information Technology contract and consulting support is primarily for systems and software maintenance services. Software development costs are primarily budgeted under fixed (capital) assets and are discussed further below. Human Resources contract and consulting costs are primarily for employee training, various surveys, compensation studies, and consulting services to support process improvements. Finance and Accounting costs are primarily for outside auditor services in connection with the annual financial statement audit and Form 990 preparation and filing, as well as audit and consulting services to support for the Enterprise Risk Management and Internal Control audit plan and CCC audit plan.

#### **ES-ISAC**

• CRISP Program Participation – The CRISP program is a public-private partnership to facilitate timely sharing of cybersecurity threat information and develop situation awareness tools to enhance the electricity sector's ability to identify, prioritize, and coordinate the protection of its critical infrastructure. CRISP provides near real-time capability for critical infrastructure owners and operators to voluntarily share cybersecurity threat data, analyze the data, and receive machine-to-machine mitigation measures. Information-sharing devices that are installed on the participants' networks send encrypted data to a CRISP analysis center operated by the Pacific Northwest National Labs, which analyzes the data it receives and sends alerts and mitigation measures back to CRISP participants through a secure network. There is significant industry interest in CRISP.

NERC believes there is merit and broad stakeholder benefit from having NERC assume the role of program manager for CRISP through the ES-ISAC. As program manager, the ES-ISAC will have access to additional detailed cybersecurity threat information that it can analyze and share (without attribution and in appropriate declassified format) with ES-ISAC registered users. NERC's participation in CRISP is subject to receipt of allnecessary corporate and regulatory budget approvals. Additional detailed information regarding CRISP is set forth in Section A, Electricity Sector Information Sharing and Analysis Cener on page 52 and Exhibit F.

- Physical Separation of ES-ISAC Personnel In February 2012, the Board approved an ES-ISAC Policy Statement that established a separation between the ES-ISAC and NERC's compliance and enforcement program. As a result, in June 2013 NERC requested comments from stakeholders regarding the impact, on NERC's compliance-related activities, of the walling off of certain staff from ES-ISAC activities. In response to the request for comments, stakeholders generally expressed support for this policy.<sup>13</sup> Numerous commenters recommended even stronger separation of the ES-ISAC information-sharing function from NERC's compliance and enforcement function. This would include, but not be limited to, physical separation of ES-ISAC personnel from other NERC personnel, coupled with strong process management and explicit access restrictions from all NERC personnel. Commenters also recommended that NERC adopt standards of conduct and procedures similar to those governing the separation of utility merchant and transmission functions, as well as a change in management reporting structure in which the ES-ISAC would report directly to the NERC president and chief executive officer. In consideration of this input, NERC management:
  - Separated the ES-ISAC from the Critical Infrastructure Department, with the ES-ISAC and chief security officer now reporting directly to NERC's president and chief executive officer.
  - Transferred Critical Infrastructure Department auditors to the Regional Entity Assurance and Oversight Department that provides oversight of Regional Entity compliance

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>13</sup> Entities submitting comments included SCE, EEI, the ISO/RTO Council, Duke, TECO, Entergy, PP&L, ITC Holdings, the APPA and LPPC. The full text of the comments may be found at the following link

- functions. In addition to removing these auditors from the same department as the ES-ISAC personnel, this transfer provides better functional alignment of auditors and more effective management of the compliance oversight and assurance audit function.
- Put into place a formal employee <u>code of conduct</u> to further memorialize the existing separation of the ES-ISAC from compliance and enforcement personnel. The code of conduct contains many of the principals incorporated in codes of conduct separating utility competitive and regulated operations.
- o Subject to approval of its 2015 business plan and budget and the receipt of other necessary corporate authorizations, management plans to exercise an option to acquire additional space in the company's Washington, D.C. office to physically separate the ES-ISAC from the company's other operations and restrict personnel access between operating areas and the ES-ISAC. Exercise of the option would allow the company to lease the remaining space, consisting of approximately 6,200 rentable square feet on the 6<sup>th</sup> floor, where the company's offices are now located. The lease provides that the rent for the option space will be based on the "prevailing market." The projected annual cost of leasing the space at a lease rate equivalent to rate per square foot for the company's existing space of approximately \$50 per square foot will add approximately \$300k to the budget, assuming negotiation of a reasonable build-out allowance. Estimated incremental operating costs will add an additional \$5k in annual costs to the budget.
- The ES-ISAC currently relies on administrative support from other departments in the Washington, D.C. office. As noted above, management is proposing to add 0.9 FTE to provide dedicated administrative support to ES-ISAC personnel. This FTE will be physically located in the ES-ISAC office space which will be separated from other operating areas.

#### Fixed Asset (Capital) Budget and Capital Financing

NERC's 2015 capital budget is approximately \$3.6M, which represents an increase of approximately \$500k over 2014. The table below provides a summary of the major capital budget components.

#### NERC 2015 CAPITAL BUDGET

Computer & Software CapEx		
<b>ERO Application Development</b>		1,050,000
ERO Data Analysis Tools		550,000
Generation Data Software		200,000
Hardware		100,000
	\$	1,900,000
IT Hardware and Software		
Disaster Recovery		250,000
Data Storage		425,000
Replacement servers		202,000
NERC Software licenses		350,500
Replacement laptops		126,000
Total Computer & Software CapEx		1,353,500
Equipment CapEx		
Replacement network devices	\$	365,000
Total Capital Budget	\$	3,618,500

NERC has budgeted 1.7M<sup>14</sup> in 2015 for services related to the planning, design, and implementation of software applications supporting common NERC and Regional Entity operations. Senior management of NERC and the Regional Entities have refined and updated the ERO Enterprise's long-term IT architecture and data management plans and the specific applications that will be under development in 2015. Further detail regarding updates to the Enterprise IT Strategy; the current status of the development of Enterprise IT applications; applications that will be under development in 2015 and steps that are being taken to improve its oversight of the identification, development and execution of Enterprise IT applications may be found under the Information Technology Department section on page 73. The proposed \$1.7M budget represents a reduction in the forecast 2015 enterprise application development budget presented in NERC's 2014 Business Plan and Budget. The 2015 capital budget also includes \$200k for development of a replacement software application for a legacy application called PC-GAR, which is used by industry to access information from the Generation Analysis Data System (GADS) database, as well as \$100k for hardware to support ERO applications. Further information regarding the ERO Enterprise application development budget is contained in Section A, Information Technology department. NERC's 2015 capital budget also includes funding for development of a disaster recovery plan, data storage, replacement of servers and laptops, and software license costs.

The 2015 budget projection assumes that \$1.9M of the total \$3.6M capital budget will be financed as part of the capital financing program that was described and authorized as part of the 2014 Business Plan and Budget. Further information regarding capital financing may be found in Exhibit D.

#### **Working Capital and Operating Reserves**

Management is proposing a budget of \$6.3M for working capital and operating reserves, which represents an increase of \$772.7k from 2014. Working capital reserves, (i.e., funds reserved for future liabilities), are budgeted at \$3.2M, which is a reduction of \$322.2k compared to 2014. Befor accounting for third party funded CRISP reserves, the total combined budget for known and unforeseen contingencies is \$2M, which is consistent with the 2014 budget. However, unlike in the case of the 2014 budget, the entire amount is being budgeted for Unforeseen Contingencies. The operating reserve budget for the System Operator Certification Program is \$591k, reflecting the planned use of \$405k of program reserves to support budgeted costs in excess of funding. \$500k in additional reserves for CRISP has also been added to reserves, with these additional reserves funded entirely by utilities participating in CRISP and segregated from other reserves pursuant to the terms of the CRISP agreements. Further information regarding working capital and operating reserves may be found in Exhibit E.

NERC senior management will be working with the senior management of the Regional Entities, the NERC Finance and Audit Committee, and the Board to develop additional long-term working capital and operating reserve policy guidance with the goal of mitigating large year-to-year swings in assessments. As always, NERC will also seek input from stakeholders in the development of this guidance and any associated policies.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>14</sup> Depending on the nature of the expenditures that may or may not be capable of being capitalized. Examples would be expenses related to the development planning or to the extent a decision is made for a third party to develop, host and maintain the application. To the extent the expenditures cannot be capitalized they will be recorded as a variance in contractor and consulting expenses which are recorded under the operating expense portion of NERC's budget. However, management is committed to working with the limitations of its overall operating and capital budget with respect to enterprise software and hardware relate expenditures.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>15</sup> The increase to \$2M from the initial draft of NERC's 2015 business plan and budget is subject to the receipt of necessary board of trustees and FERC authorizations to apply \$1M in penalty funds received on July 9, 2014 to reduce 2015 assessment funding requirements.

#### **Department Budget and FTE Comparisons**

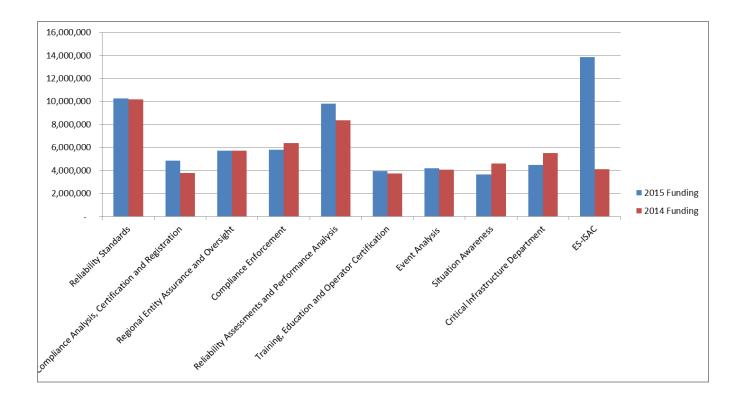
The following tables set forth a 2014–2015 total budget (operating expenses plus fixed assets minus depreciation) comparison by department, followed by a bar chart comparison of funding by department. As further detailed in Section A, total indirect expenses and fixed asset costs allocated to the statutory departments and included in the total 2014 and 2015 budgets reflected below are approximately 10.4% higher in 2015 due to the (1) reallocation of personnel to support NERC and stakeholder committees, and (2) transfer of the budget for development of ERO software applications to the IT department. Since these applications benefit multiple departments, they should be allocated similarly to other IT expenditures.

The increase in Compliance Analysis, Certification and Registration department costs is primarily due to the transfer of two positions to this department as part of the internal reorganization described above. The increase in the Reliability Assessment and Performance Analysis department budget is due to reallocation of resources to that department to further support risk assessment activities. The increase in the Training, Education and Operator Certification and Event Analysis budgets is generally due to an increase in the indirect expense and fixed asset allocations, as explained above. The increase in the Training, Education and Operator Certification budget was partially offset by lower contractor and consulting expenses. The reduction in the Situation Awareness department budget is due to reductions in contractor and consulting expense and capitalized software costs. The reduction in the Critical Infrastructure Department budget is primarily due to the transfer of personnel to the Regional Entity Assurance and Oversight department and the transfer of a position to the ES-ISAC. The ES-ISAC budget reflects the addition of an administrative FTEand includes the additional projected costs of CRISP participation discussed above. Exhibit F includes a comparison of the 2014 and 2015 ES-ISAC budgets with and without CRISP.

2014 – 2015 Total Budget by Department

Total Budget	Budget 2014	Budget 2015	Change 2015 Budget v 2014 Budget	% Change
Reliability Standards	10,167,369	10,247,145	79,776	0.8%
Compliance Analysis, Certification and Registration	3,784,438	4,864,863	1,080,425	28.5%
Regional Entity Assurance and Oversight	5,712,007	5,737,572	25,564	0.4%
Compliance Enforcement	6,395,091	5,806,866	(588,225)	-9.2%
Reliability Assessments and Performance Analysis	8,350,598	9,825,750	1,475,151	17.7%
Training, Education and Operator Certification	3,737,472	3,950,926	213,454	5.7%
Reliability Risk Management				
<b>Event Analysis</b>	4,048,371	4,203,169	154,798	3.8%
Situation Awareness	4,583,264	3,646,902	(936,363)	-20.4%
Critical Infrastructure Department*	5,507,708	4,495,972	(1,011,736)	-18.4%
ES-ISAC*	4,103,777	13,870,144	9,766,367	238.0%
Total Budget	56,390,096	66,649,309	10,259,213	18.2%

<sup>\*</sup>The 2014 budget allocation between the Critical Infrastructure Department and ES-ISAC is slightly different than the allocation presented in the 2014 Business Plan and Budget due to a correction in the allocation of costs between the two departments.



2014 – 2015 Funding Requirement by Department

The following table presents a year-over-year comparison of FTEs by department and reflects 2014 personnel additions and interdepartmental transfers, attrition assumptions, and proposed 2015 personnel additions. It is followed by a statement of activities comparing the 2014 budget and the proposed 2015 budget.

The increase in FTEs in the General and Administrative area is due to a reallocation of personnel supporting the Member Representatives Committee and Regional Entity Management Group activities. The addition of FTEs in the Information Technology area reflects the addition of a Chief Information Officer and project management support to further IT strategy development and execution. The increase in the Finance and Accounting area reflects the addition of staff in 2014 to support the Risk Management and Internal Controls function, as well as the addition of an accounting position to further strengthen segregation of duties, cross training, and back-up functions.

2014-2015 Year-over-Year Comparison of FTEs by Department

Total FTE's by Program Area STATUTORY	Budget 2014	Budget 2015	Change from 2014 Budget	% Change from 2014
Operational Programs				
Reliability Standards	25.92	24.40	(1.5)	-5.9%
Compliance Analysis, Certification and Registration	9.60	11.25	1.7	17.2%
Regional Entity Assurance and Oversight	13.44	12.19	(1.3)	100.0%
Compliance Enforcement	18.24	15.01	(3.2)	-17.7%
Reliability Assessments and Performance Analysis	18.99	19.70	0.7	3.7%
Training, Education and Operator Certification	8.16	7.97	(0.2)	-2.3%
Event Analysis	9.60	9.38	(0.2)	-2.3%
Situation Awareness	6.24	6.10	(0.1)	-2.2%
Critical Infrastructure Department	12.48	8.44	(4.0)	-32.4%
ES-ISAC	7.72	10.32	2.6	33.7%
Total FTEs Operational Programs	130.39	124.76	(5.6)	-4.3%
Administrative Programs				
General & Administrative	10.56	13.13	2.6	24.3%
Legal and Regulatory	15.15	15.01	(0.1)	-0.9%
Information Technology	18.07	19.70	1.6	9.0%
Human Resources	2.88	2.81	(0.1)	-2.4%
Finance and Accounting	12.48	16.89	4.4	35.3%
Total FTEs Administrative Programs	59.14	67.54	8.4	14.2%
Total FTEs	189.50	192.30	2.8	1.5%

The NERC 2015 organizational chart can be found in Appendix 1.

				TUTORY	ui c.	2014 and 20	713	Daugets		
					Pro	Variance 2014 ojection v 2014				Variance 2015 Budget v 2014
		2014		2014		Budget		2015		Budget
		Budget		Projection		Over(Under)		Budget		Over(Under)
Funding										
ERO Funding  NERC Assessments	\$	51,401,382	¢	51,401,382	\$	(0)	\$	55,308,375	\$	3,906,993
Penalty Sanctions	ڔ	290,000	ڔ	290,000	Ą	(0)	ڔ	1,155,000	ڔ	865,000
Total NERC Funding	\$	51,691,382	\$		\$	(0)	\$	56,463,375	\$	4,771,993
· ·	<u> </u>			01,001,001	<u> </u>	(0)	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	
Third-Party Funding (CRISP)		1 630 000		1 620 000		-		8,943,589		8,943,589
Testing Fees Services & Software		1,620,000 50,000		1,620,000 50,000		-		1,670,000 50,000		50,000
Workshops		354,000		239,000		(115,000)		241,300		(112,700)
Interest		20,000		2,500		(113,000)		3,000		(112,700)
Miscellaneous		20,000		2,300		(17,300)		3,000		(17,000)
Total Funding (A)	Ś	53,735,382	\$	53,602,882	\$	(132,500)	\$	67,371,264	\$	13,635,882
•			Ė		<u> </u>	, ,,,,,,,			<u> </u>	.,,.
Expenses Personnel Expenses										
Salaries	\$	26,218,572	¢	26,168,292	\$	(50,280)	\$	27,580,677	\$	1,362,105
Payroll Taxes	Y	1,570,954	Ţ	1,726,865	Y	155,911	Ţ	1,673,628	Y	102,674
Benefits		3,385,917		3,179,008		(206,909)		3,547,178		161,261
Retirement Costs		2,884,211		2,715,383		(168,828)		3,001,829		117,618
Total Personnel Expenses	\$	34,059,654	\$		\$	(270,106)	\$	35,803,312	\$	1,743,658
·									<u> </u>	, -,
Meeting Expenses		4.053.450	,	4 064 452		0.202	,	4.050.000	,	(2.450)
Meetings	\$	1,052,150	\$	1,061,453	\$	9,303	\$	1,050,000	\$	(2,150)
Travel Conference Calls		2,419,525		2,109,344		(310,181)		2,203,395		(216,130)
Total Meeting Expenses	\$	317,851 3,789,525	\$	293,649 <b>3,464,446</b>	\$	(24,202) (325,079)	\$	312,751 <b>3,566,146</b>	\$	(5,100) (223,379)
	>_	3,763,323	٠,	3,404,440	<del>-</del>	(323,073)	٠,	3,300,140	٠,	(223,373)
Operating Expenses										
Consultants & Contracts	\$	6,828,973	\$	7,516,119	\$	687,146	\$	14,311,466	\$	7,482,493
Office Rent		2,617,300		2,650,299		32,999		2,987,777		370,477
Office Costs		3,506,074		3,410,106		(95,968)		3,583,328		77,254
Professional Services		2,290,280		2,290,280		-		2,611,280		321,000
Miscellaneous		36,500		33,000		(3,500)		36,500		-
Depreciation	_	2,333,006	_	1,790,990	_	(542,016)	_	2,333,006	_	- 0.254.224
Total Operating Expenses		17,612,133	\$	17,690,794	\$	78,661	\$	25,863,357	\$	8,251,224
Total Direct Expenses	\$	55,461,313	\$	54,944,788	\$	(516,525)	\$	65,232,815	\$	9,771,502
Indirect Expenses	\$	0	\$	-	\$	(0)	\$	(0)	\$	(0)
Other Non-Operating Expenses	\$	144,000	\$	79,367	\$	(64,633)	\$	131,000	\$	(13,000)
Total Expenses (B)	\$	55,605,313	\$	55,024,155	\$	(581,157)	\$	65,363,815	\$	9,758,502
Change in Assets	\$	(1,869,930)	\$	(1,421,273)	\$	448,657	\$	2,007,449	\$	3,877,379
Fixed Assets		(2.222.005)		(4 700 000)		542.046		(2.222.225)		
Depreciation	\$	(2,333,006)	\$	(1,790,990)		542,016	\$	(2,333,006)	\$	-
Computer & Software CapEx		2,904,790		2,025,476		(879,314)		3,253,500		348,710
Furniture & Fixtures CapEx		-		-		(26.270)		-		-
Facility and Complete		213,000		186,721		(26,279)		365,000		152,000
Equipment CapEx				-		-		-		-
Leas ehold Improvements		-								
Leasehold Improvements Allocation of Fixed Assets	\$	- -	\$	(0)	\$	(0)	\$	-	\$	-
Leasehold Improvements Allocation of Fixed Assets	\$	784,784	\$	(0) <b>421,207</b>	\$	(0) (363,577)	\$	1,285,494	\$	500,710
Leas ehold Improvements	_	784,784 56,390,096	_		\$ <b>\$</b>		\$ <b>\$</b>	1,285,494 66,649,309	\$ <b>\$</b>	500,710 10,259,212
Leasehold Improvements Allocation of Fixed Assets Inc(Dec) in Fixed Assets ( C )	_		_	421,207 55,445,362	_	(363,577)	_			
Leasehold Improvements Allocation of Fixed Assets Inc(Dec) in Fixed Assets ( C ) TOTAL BUDGET (=B + C)	\$	56,390,096	\$	421,207 55,445,362	\$	(363,577) (944,734)	\$	66,649,309	\$	10,259,212

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The budgeted change in working capital reflects both a reduction in excess working capital and operating reserves and the assumptions related to capital financing. Refer to Table B-1 on page 115 for a complete analysis of the Working Capital and Operating Reserve balance.

# **Projections for 2016–2017**

Management has developed preliminary operating and fixed asset (capital) budget projections for 2016 and 2017. The significant assumptions considered in preparing these projections include:

- No increase in the total FTEs over 2015 budgeted FTEs
- Personnel and benefit cost increases consistent with the 2015 budget assumptions
- No increase in contractor and consulting expense above 2015 budget levels with the exception of contract support for GridEx III in 2016
- Debt service repayment obligations in connection with the company's Capital Financing Program consistent with the projected Enterprise IT Applications capital forecast
- No increase in CRISP related expenditures, except for personnel and benefit cost increases as noted above

The 2016 and 2017 total budget is projected to increase \$1.2M each year, or 1.8% and 1.7%, over 2015 and 2016, respectively. Average assessments are projected to increase \$2.8M and \$227.3k or 5.2% and 0.4% over 2015 and 2016, respectively. The projected increase in 2016 is primarily driven by the loss of \$1.2M in penalty funding and the \$1.2M increase in Total Budget.

							sets Expendit						
		20	015 Budget 8	& Pro	ojected 2016	an	d 2017 Budge	ets					
			2015 Budget		2016 Projection		\$ Change 16 v 15	% Change 16 v 15		2017 Projection		Change 17 v 16	% Change 17 v 16
Funding		-	Dauber				10110	10110	_	ojection			27 7 20
ERO Fundi	ng												
	NERC Assessments	\$	55,308,375	\$	58,189,615	\$	2,881,240	5.21%	\$	58,416,933	\$	227,318	0.4%
	Penalty Sanctions		1,155,000		-		(1,155,000)	-100.00%	_			-	
Total NERO	CFunding	\$	56,463,375	\$	58,189,615	\$	1,726,240	3.1%	\$	58,416,933	\$	227,318	0.4%
	Third-Party Funding (CRISP)		8,943,589		8,233,470		(710,119)	-7.94%		8,243,076		9,606	0.1%
	Testing Fees		1,670,000		1,670,000		(710,113)	0.00%		1,670,000		5,000	0.1%
	Services & Software		50,000		50,000		_	0.00%		50,000		_	0.0%
	Workshops		241,300		241,300		-	0.00%		241,300		-	0.0%
	Interest		3,000		3,271		271	9.02%		3,000		(271)	-8.3%
	Miscellaneous		-		3,2,1		-	3.0270		3,000		-	0.570
Total Funding (A)		\$	67,371,264	\$	68,387,655	\$	1,016,391	1.5%	\$	68,624,309	\$	236,654	0.3%
Expenses													
Personnel	Expenses												
	Salaries	\$	27,580,677	\$	28,264,569	\$	683,892	2.5%	\$	28,965,558	\$	700,989	2.5%
	Payroll Taxes		1,673,628		1,700,161		26,533	1.6%		1,726,212		26,050	1.5%
	Benefits		3,547,178		3,895,169		347,992	9.8%		4,158,206		263,037	6.8%
	Retirement Costs		3,001,829		3,088,546		86,717	2.9%		3,167,455		78,909	2.6%
Total Perso	onnel Expenses	\$	35,803,312	\$	36,948,446	\$	1,145,134	3.2%	\$	38,017,431	\$	1,068,985	2.9%
Meeting E	xnenses												
	Meetings	\$	1,050,000	\$	1,050,000	\$	_	0.0%	\$	1,050,000		_	0.0%
	Travel	Ÿ	2,203,395	Ÿ	2,203,395	~	_	0.0%	Ψ.	2,203,395		_	0.0%
	Conference Calls		312,751		312,751		-	0.0%		312,751		-	0.0%
Total Mee	ting Expenses	\$	3,566,146	\$	3,566,146	\$	-	0.0%	\$	3,566,146	\$	-	0.0%
Operating	Fynenses												
Operating	Consultants & Contracts	\$	14,311,466		14,533,113		221,647	1.5%		14,558,544		25,431	0.2%
	Office Rent	Y	2,987,777		2,987,777		221,047	0.0%		2,895,148		(92,629)	-3.1%
	Office Costs		3,583,328		3,583,328		_	0.0%		3,583,328		(32,023)	0.0%
	Professional Services		2,611,280		2,436,348		(174,932)	-6.7%		2,436,348		_	0.0%
	Miscellaneous		36,500		36,500		(17.,552)	0.0%		36,500		_	0.0%
	Depreciation		2,333,006		1,056,592		(1,276,415)	-54.7%		517,374		(539,218)	-51.0%
Total Oper	rating Expenses	\$	25,863,357	\$	24,633,658	\$	(1,229,699)	-4.8%	\$	24,027,242	\$	(606,416)	-2.5%
	Total Direct Expenses	\$	65,232,815	\$	65,148,250	\$	(84,565)	-0.1%	\$	65,610,819	\$	462,569	0.7%
Indirect Ex	penses	\$	-	\$	-				\$	-	\$	-	
Other Nor	n-Operating Expenses	\$	131,000	\$	203,000	\$	72,000	55.0%	_	163,000		(40,000)	-19.7%
Total Expenses (B)	1	Ś	65,363,815	\$	65,351,250	\$	(12,565)	0.0%	\$	65,773,819		422,569	0.6%
		<u> </u>											
Change in Assets		\$	2,007,449	\$	3,036,405	\$	1,028,956	51.3%	\$	2,850,490	\$	(185,915)	-6.1%
I.A													
Fixed Assets Depreciati	on	\$	(2,333,006)	¢	(1,056,592)	¢	1,276,415	-54.7%	¢	(517,374)	¢	539,218	-51.0%
	& Software CapEx	Ÿ	3,253,500	Ÿ	2,920,500	~	(333,000)	-10.2%	Ψ.	3,192,000	Ψ.	271,500	9.3%
	& Fixtures CapEx		-,_55,550		-		(333,000)	_0.270		-		-	3.570
Equipment	•		365,000		645,500		280,500	76.8%		583,000		(62,500)	-9.7%
	Improvements		-		-		-	70.070		-		(02,500)	3.7,0
	of Fixed Assets												
Inc(Dec) in Fixed A		_	1 205 404	_	3 500 400	ŕ	1,223,915	QF 30/	<u>,</u>	2 257 626	ć	740 210	20.00/
		<u>\$</u>	1,285,494	\$	2,509,408			95.2%	\$	3,257,626		748,218	29.8%
TOTAL BUDGET (=	D T CJ	\$	66,649,309	\$	67,860,658	Þ	1,211,349	1.8%	\$	69,031,445	Þ	1,170,787	1.7%
FTEs			192.30		192.30		-			192.30		-	

# Section A — 2015 Business Plan and Budget Program Area and Department Detail

# **Reliability Standards**

Reliability Standards Program (in whole dollars)										
		2014 Budget	2015 Budget	Increase (Decrease)						
Total FTEs		25.92		24.40		(1.52)				
Direct Expenses	\$	5,150,854	\$	4,800,751	\$	(350,103)				
Indirect Expenses	\$	4,872,999	\$	5,139,603	\$	266,604				
Other Non-Operating Expenses	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-				
Inc(Dec) in Fixed Assets	\$	143,517	\$	306,791	\$	163,274				
TOTAL BUDGET	\$	10,167,369	\$	10,247,145	\$	79,775				

#### **Background and Scope**

The Reliability Standards program carries out the ERO's statutory responsibility to develop, adopt, obtain approval of, and modify as and when appropriate, mandatory Reliability Standards (both continent-wide standards and regional reliability standards) for the reliable planning, operation, and critical infrastructure protection of the North American BES. The major activities undertaken by the Standards department include:

- Delivering high-quality, continent-wide Reliability Standards: NERC standards developers and
  other standards staff provide project management and leadership to develop solutions necessary
  to address reliability risks identified through the Reliability Risk Management Process (RRMP).
  These may include the development of or modifications to NERC Reliability Standards through
  standard development outreach activities, facilitation of drafting team activities, drafting support,
  assisting drafting teams in maintaining adherence to the development process as outlined in the
  Standard Processes Manual, and ensuring that the quality of documents produced are
  appropriate for approval by industry and the Board.
- Facilitating continent-wide industry engagement: NERC manages the work of over 200 industry contributors who serve on the Standards Committee, subgroups and other project teams for the development of NERC standards through the standards development program.
- Conducting balloting, disseminating information, and supporting regulatory filings: Through NERC's commenting and ANSI-accredited balloting process, industry consensus is built by engaging thousands of industry volunteers within hundreds of registered entities throughout North America who review, comment on, and approve the standards products created by the standard drafting teams. The department also supports the filing of standards with regulatory authorities and provides support in connection with regulatory proceedings.

The standards program also provides a mechanism for the eight Regional Entities to process regional standards when unique regional reliability gaps are detected. The NERC Standards department staff supports regional standards development processes by providing technical advice, final quality review of regional standards, presentation to the Board, and preparation of regional standards materials for submission for standard adoption to the applicable regulatory authorities in the United States and Canada.

#### Stakeholder Engagement and Cost-Effective Analysis Project

As part of the standard development process, industry technical experts scope, draft, and review the new or revised NERC Reliability Standards for approval by the industry ballot body, adoption by the Board, and filing with regulatory authorities in the United States and Canada. Additionally, stakeholders continue to pilot methods to address the cost-effectiveness of proposed standards.

The two-phased Cost-Effective Analysis Process (CEAP) attempts to ensure that the standards development process produces standards that cost-effectively address reliability gaps. The first phase of the CEAP is implemented during the Standards Authorization Request (SAR) stage to determine the cost impact of a proposed standard and whether it will meet or exceed an adequate level of reliability. The second phase is completed later in the standard development process to determine cost-effectiveness of the proposed approach and offer industry an opportunity to identify more cost-efficient solutions. A team comprised of the NERC Standards Committee and Standards Committee Process Subcommittee members, along with industry and NERC staff, continues to participate in the CEAP to promote information sharing and consensus and alleviate concerns regarding cost and effectiveness.

#### **Key Standards Efforts Underway in 2014**

#### **Emerging Issues**

In 2014, the Standards department continues to address "emerging issues" projects that either (1) have been identified through the RRMP; (2) respond to FERC orders and directives; or (3) are being addressed in an ongoing project. Two projects have been identified as key reliability issues through the RISC and the RRMP: (1) the Misoperations Reliability Standard, and (2) the Real-Time Reliability Monitoring and Analysis Standard, which is being included in the TOP/IRO Revision standard development project and which will provide specific requirements for real-time reliability monitoring and analysis capabilities. A number of FERC-responsive projects that were initiated in 2014 are anticipated to be completed by year-end. Among these are directives associated with CIP Version 5, Physical Security, the TOP/IRO Revisions, and the Geomagnetic Disturbance Mitigation Stage 2 Reliability Standards.

#### **FERC Directives**

NERC also continues to address other projects as necessary to respond to FERC directives. The number of outstanding FERC directives has been reduced to 122 as of March 1, 2014, which includes 18 directives that must be addressed by another NERC department or one of the NERC technical committees. Of the 104 directives that are standards-related, 35 were issued by FERC in 2013 or 2014, leaving 69 pre-December 2012 FERC directives to be resolved. The 2014–2017 RSDP provided a plan for 90% of the directives issued prior to 2013 to be completed in 2014. In total, 70% of all directives issued to date are on track to be completed in 2014, leaving approximately 30 directives to be resolved in 2015 and beyond. The 2015–2018 RSDP, which is being developed in the first half of 2014, will outline projects that address these remaining directives.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>16</sup> See http://www.nerc.com/pa/Stand/Pages/Project2010-05 Protection System Misoperations.aspx

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>17</sup> See <a href="http://www.nerc.com/pa/Stand/Pages/Project-2009-02-Real-time-Reliability-Monitoring-and-Analysis-Capabilities.aspx">http://www.nerc.com/pa/Stand/Pages/Project-2009-02-Real-time-Reliability-Monitoring-and-Analysis-Capabilities.aspx</a>

#### **Cross-Departmental and Collaborative Projects**

The Standards department is also addressing several other projects that involve multiple internal NERC departments and Regional Entities:

- Risk-Based Registration: The Risk-Based Registration project (see Compliance Monitoring and Enforcement and Organization Registration and Certification section for additional detail) involves the examination of registration criteria using a consistent and common approach to risk assessment and registration across the ERO Enterprise to ensure the right entities are subject to the right set of applicable Reliability Standards. This project involves the Regional Entities, stakeholders, and multiple departments within NERC. The project team is targeting approval of the program design and implementation plan for the November 2014 NERC Board meeting.
- Concurrent development of Reliability Standard Audit Worksheets (RSAWs) with standards:
   This project was initiated to ensure that compliance monitoring was consistent with the intent of standards. While the RSAW is merely a tool to assist auditors, this project has provided a useful vehicle to communicate the intent of standards projects to compliance and enforcement staffs, and also provide transparency for compliance monitoring to industry stakeholders.
- Cross-departmental technical analysis and verification of solutions: The Standards department
  is working with the Reliability Assessment and Performance Analysis department, Events Analysis
  department personnel, the RISC, and the technical committees to conduct the technical analysis
  needed as a foundation for standards projects.
- Verification of Risk Evaluation with the RISC prior to initiating projects: In 2014, the Standards
  department is taking all newly identified reliability risks to the RISC for verification prior to
  initiating a standards project. As an example, the Standards department requested that RISC
  examine three of the Independent Expert Review Panels' (IERPs') High-Priority Gaps prior to
  considering solutions. The RISC is conducting its evaluation in conjunction with the Operating
  Committee.

#### **Steady State Transformation**

In 2014, the transformation of the NERC Reliability Standards to a "steady state" continues, pursuant to the 2014–2017 RSDP. Steady state was defined in the 2014–2017 RSDP as a set of clear, concise, high-quality, and technically sound Reliability Standards that are results-based, including retirement of requirements that do little to promote reliability. In their 2013 review of the NERC Reliability Standards, the IERP also found that Reliability Standards should be stable, necessary for accountability, and sufficient to maintain BES reliability. A steady-state standard should not require further work absent a change in reliability risks, technology, practice, or other impetus.

As part of the steady-state transformation, two early initiatives continue to be implemented in 2014 and beyond to ensure standards address reliability risks and to eliminate standards or requirements that do not significantly benefit reliability. These include:

Paragraph 81 Initiative: On March 15, 2012, FERC issued an order on NERC's Find, Fix, Track and Report (FFT) program. In the order, NERC was invited to make a proposal to FERC identifying specific standards or requirements that needed to be revised or retired because of the lack of any meaningful benefit to BES reliability. FERC approved NERC's proposed Phase 1 requirements in FERC Order 788, and NERC is evaluating additional candidates that were submitted by industry for Phase 2.

• **Results-Based Standards Initiative:** This initiative ensures that standards are focused on required actions or results (the "what"), and not necessarily on the methods by which to accomplish those actions or results (the "how"). NERC continues to evaluate the appropriate level for the required actions or results on a requirement-by-requirement basis.

These two initiatives, plus the requirements that were recommended for retirement by the independent experts, are being considered by the subject matter experts within each standards development project as part of the transformation to steady state. It is expected that these initiatives will ensure that standards have the necessary combination of risk-, performance-, and capability-based requirements to ensure BES reliability.

#### **2015 Goals and Deliverables**

In 2015, the NERC Standards department's major initiatives will be focused on ensuring that the Reliability Standards Development Plan is effectively executed and that Reliability Standards appropriately mitigate risks to reliability. Department resources will be focused on supporting the Strategic Plan, including but not limited to support of the RRMP, resolving FERC directives, and transforming the NERC Reliability Standards to steady state. The Standards department will:

- 1. Focus on the selection of projects undertaken. Resources will be expended on issues determined to be a reliability risk through the RRMP (see Reliability Assessment and Performance Analysis section for additional detail). The department will apply broader project management skills to implement a variety of solutions to a reliability concern. An effective solution to an identified reliability risk may be a Reliability Standard, or it may be a guideline, information request, training, NERC Alert(s), technical conference, research, or a combination of these or other tools.
- 2. Address FERC directives and respond to FERC orders through standards development projects, as necessary. Each project will determine whether: (1) the directive will be complied with as issued, (2) there is an equally effective and efficient way to address the concern that fostered the directive, or (3) if there is technical justification (including that the directive has been overcome by events, processes, or advances in technology) that the directive is no longer needed.
- 3. **Transform NERC's standards to steady state.** The department will complete the majority of its foundational transformation work by addressing possible outstanding Paragraph 81 Phase 2 requirement candidates and IERP recommendations for retirement.
- 4. **Improve the quality and content of standards** to determine whether a Reliability Standard is of sufficient content and quality to be deemed steady state. Beginning in 2015, each standard family that is not considered steady state will receive a periodic review to determine modifications necessary for the standard to meet the steady-state criteria.
- 5. **Facilitate smooth transition to new standards** such as CIP Version 5 and Physical Security. This includes working with the Compliance Monitoring and Enforcement, Registration, and Reliability Assessment and Performance Analysis Programs to develop guidelines, webinars, and other activities to support auditor and industry training for the new standards.

The 2015–2018 RSDP is being developed during the first half of 2014 in conjunction with the Standards Committee, RISC, and RRMP. It will outline the continued work plan for the transformation of NERC Reliability Standards, the Standards department's support of Reliability Risk Management, and resolution of FERC directives.

#### **Resource Requirements**

#### Personnel

As in prior years, industry engagement is vital to successful standards development. In 2015, industry subject matter expert engagement requirements will remain steady as the remaining projects from 2014 are finalized in 2015. The transformation of NERC standards to steady state will require additional industry engagement throughout 2015.

The NERC Standards department continues to focus resources on the production of standards, rather than solely on the monitoring and execution of the standards process. For 2015, no additional personnel resources are planned. Additionally, the departmental travel expenses are expected to be below 2014 levels, given the number of standards initiatives expected to be in process, coupled with cost savings resulting from holding more meetings at NERC's Atlanta and Washington, D.C. offices.

#### **Contractors and Consultants**

No contractor and consulting support is budgeted in 2015, which is consistent with the 2014 budget.

		nt of Activities a 4 Budget & Proj								
	2014			ANDARDS	.o but	aget				
		2014 Budget		2014 Projection		Variance 4 Projection 014 Budget ver(Under)		2015 Budget	Variance 2015 Budget v 2014 Budget Over(Under)	
Funding										,
	ERO Funding									
	NERC Assessments	\$ 10,000,443	\$	10,000,443	\$	0	\$	9,911,464	\$	(88,979
	Penalty Sanctions  Total NERC Funding	58,951 <b>\$ 10,059,394</b>	Ġ	58,951 <b>10,059,394</b>	\$	0	\$	231,095 <b>10,142,558</b>	\$	172,144 <b>83,165</b>
	rotal vene runding	<del>→ 10,033,334</del>		10,033,334	<u>, ,                                   </u>			10,142,330	<u>, ,                                   </u>	03,103
	Third-Party Funding	-		-		-		-		-
	Testing Fees Services & Software	-		-		-		-		-
	Workshops	104,000		104,000		-		104,000		-
	Interest	3,976		522		(3,454)		587		(3,389
	Miscellaneous	-		-		-		-		-
Total Fund	ling (A)	\$ 10,167,369	\$	10,163,916	\$	(3,454)	\$	10,247,145	\$	79,776
Expenses										
LAPETISES	Personnel Expenses									
	Salaries	\$ 3,308,688	\$	3,077,815	\$	(230,873)	\$	3,082,972	\$	(225,716
	Payroll Taxes	210,130		220,023		9,893		202,258		(7,872
	Benefits	454,850		412,948		(41,902)		441,383		(13,467
	Retirement Costs	377,588		320,130		(57,458)		346,269		(31,319
	Total Personnel Expenses	\$ 4,351,256	\$	4,030,916	\$	(320,340)	\$	4,072,883	\$	(278,373
	Meeting Expenses									
	Meetings	\$ 185,000	\$	200,000	\$	15,000	\$	194,056	\$	9,056
	Travel	400,000		332,684		(67,316)		339,300		(60,700
	Conference Calls	123,748		135,000		11,252	_	117,736		(6,012
	Total Meeting Expenses	\$ 708,748	\$	667,684	\$	(41,064)	\$	651,092	\$	(57,656
	Operating Expenses									
	Consultants & Contracts	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
	Office Rent	-		-		-		-		-
	Office Costs	90,350		68,621		(21,729)		76,276		(14,074
	Professional Services	-		-		-		-		-
	Miscellaneous	500		1,000		500		500		-
	Depreciation  Total Operating Expenses	ć 00.9F0	<u> </u>	3,245	_	3,245	\$	76 776		- /14.074
	Total Operating Expenses	\$ 90,850	\$	72,866	\$	(17,984)	<u></u>	76,776	\$	(14,074
	Total Direct Expenses	\$ 5,150,854	\$	4,771,466	\$	(379,387)	\$	4,800,751	\$	(350,103
	Indirect Expenses	\$ 4,872,999	- <u>-</u>	5,382,700	\$	509,701	\$	5,139,603	\$	266,604
	Other Non-Operating Expenses	\$ -	\$	_	\$	_	\$		\$	_
T-4-1 F				10 15 1 1 6 7		120 214		0.040.254		(02.400
Total Expe	. ,	\$ 10,023,853		10,154,167	\$		\$	9,940,354	\$	(83,499
Change in	Assets	\$ 143,517	\$	9,749	\$	(133,768)	\$	306,791	\$	163,274
Fixed Asse	ate.									
ncu nosc	Depreciation	\$ -	\$	(3,245)	\$	(3,245)	\$	_	\$	_
	Computer & Software CapEx	-	7	516,734		516,734	,	-	•	_
	Furniture & Fixtures CapEx	-		-		-		-		-
	Equipment CapEx	-		-		-		-		-
	Leasehold Improvements	-		-		-		-		-
	Allocation of Fixed Assets	\$ 143,517		48,920		(94,597)		306,791		163,274
Inc(Dec) in	Fixed Assets ( C )	143,517	_	562,409		418,892	_	306,791		163,274
	DGET (=B + C)	\$ 10,167,369	\$	10,716,575	\$	549,206	\$	10,247,145	\$	79,776
			·			•			-	
	FTEs	25.92		25.30		(0.62)		24.40		(1.52)

# Summary of Variances by Category – 2015 Budget Compared to 2014 Budget

- **Personnel** Projected to be lower in 2015 due to the transfer of one position to another department in 2014, as well as an increase in across-the-board FTE adjustments to account for attrition and hiring delays (from 4% in 2014 to 6% in 2015).
- Meetings, Travel, and Conferencing Expenses The increase in meeting expenses and decreases in conferencing and travel expenses are based upon prior year actual results, the anticipated level of Reliability Standards development activity in 2015, and continued focus on cost reduction, including holding meetings in NERC's offices when possible.
- Office Costs The decrease is due to the reduction in FTEs and lower telecommunication costs as a result of having fewer telecommuters.
- **Indirect costs and allocation of fixed assets** The increase is due to higher administrative service expenses allocated to the direct programs, as explained on page xxii.

# Compliance Monitoring and Enforcement and Organization Registration and Certification Program Area

The Compliance Monitoring Enforcement and Organization Registration and Certification Program Area's purpose is to monitor, enforce, and ensure registered entity compliance with the ERO's mandatory standards. This program area is broken down into three operational groups: (1) Regional Entity Assurance and Oversight, (2) Compliance Analysis, Certification and Registration, and (3) Compliance Enforcement.

# **Regional Entity Assurance and Oversight**

Compliance Ana	•	, <b>Certification a</b> n whole dollars)	nd Re	egistration	
	2	2014 Budget		2015 Budget	Increase (Decrease)
Total FTEs		9.60		11.25	1.65
Direct Expenses	\$	1,926,469	\$	2,353,718	\$ 427,250
Indirect Expenses	\$	1,804,814	\$	2,369,694	\$ 564,880
Other Non-Operating Expenses	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -
Inc(Dec) in Fixed Assets	\$	53,154	\$	141,451	\$ 88,296
TOTAL BUDGET	\$	3,784,438	\$	4,864,863	\$ 1,080,426

# **Background and Scope**

NERC's Regional Entity Assurance and Oversight group (formerly the Compliance Operations department) works collaboratively with the eight Regional Entities to ensure consistent and effective implementation of the Compliance Monitoring and Enforcement Program (CMEP) across the entire ERO Enterprise. The CMEP identifies the monitoring processes for use by the Regional Entities, including compliance audits, self-certification, spot checking, investigations, self-reporting, periodic data submittals, and complaints. NERC and the Regional Entities ensure consistent and fair implementation of the CMEP, coalesce around best practices, and implement data management procedures that address data reporting requirements, data integrity, data retention, data security, and data confidentiality.

The Regional Entity Assurance and Oversight group's responsibilities include but are not limited to the following major activities and functions:

- Consistent implementation of the risk-based compliance monitoring program for reliability improvements, including developing and maintaining the necessary compliance-related processes, procedures, IT platforms, tools, and templates;
- Oversight of the Regional Entities' delegated compliance functions, including: (1) consistent and uniform CMEP planning, implementation, and reporting; (2) compliance operations and coordination; and (iii) auditor training;
- CIP V5 activities related to transition, training, and compliance design of ERO education
  programs that support industry compliance and the integration of risk assessment and internal
  controls;

- Development of minimum baseline monitoring requirements;
- Development and maintenance of RSAWs;
- Support for Regional Entity and industry committees, working groups, and task forces, such as the Compliance and Certification Committee; and
- Supporting standards development and education.

# Stakeholder Engagement and Benefit

The Regional Entity Assurance and Oversight group is committed to ensuring that all registered entities understand their compliance obligations and how compliance will be assessed. Compliance department staff will continue its work in reducing the variety of compliance documents currently produced and revising the RSAW tool to be more effective.

This group provides compliance information, statistics, and perspectives to standard drafting teams to foster the development of standards that provide an increased reliability benefit and clarify compliance risks. It will continue its collaboration with industry and Standards department staff early in the standards development process by providing draft RSAW guidance, including information on how compliance with draft standards will be determined, as well as input regarding the auditability and enforceability of the draft standards. This will better ensure that an RSAW serves as a tool in the auditing process and is not used or viewed as a tool to expand or modify standards requirements. After the Board approves a Reliability Standard and before the standard's effective date, NERC will conduct compliance trials to provide auditors and industry clear expectations of compliance.

NERC continues to promote registered entities' development of effective compliance programs and internal controls. As discussed in connection with the RAI, the Regional Entity Assurance and Oversight group is committed to a proactive and forward-looking method of supporting reliability assurance by taking into account greater consideration of internal controls. A common risk-based methodology for evaluating an entity's risk to the BES, and relevant internal controls, will support a consistent, risk-based approach to how compliance monitoring activities may be scoped.

As RAI focus group activities conclude in 2014, there will be additional opportunities to engage industry readiness and maximize stakeholder engagement during the implementation and deployment of various components of RAI into 2015 and beyond.

#### **Key Efforts Underway in 2014**

#### **Reliability Assurance Initiative**

Consistent with the goals and objectives set forth in the Strategic Plan, NERC continues to implement the Reliability Assurance Initiative as part of its stated objectives of ensuring BES reliability, improving the efficiency and effectiveness of NERC and Regional Entity compliance and enforcement operations, and reducing unnecessary burdens to registered entities. Implementing the RAI program is a multiyear effort that involves compliance and enforcement process changes, development of new tools and training materials, and a variety of related efforts. These initiatives are specifically aimed at moving the ERO toward a culture of reliability through improved compliance monitoring and enforcement mechanisms. Moreover, these initiatives will also eliminate known problems with the current "zero-tolerance" processes that place unnecessary administrative burdens on registered entities and consume too many NERC and Regional Entity resources.

The major activities of the Regional Entity Oversight and Compliance group for 2014 include: (1) development of a single ERO methodology for registered entity reliability risk assessments and evaluation and testing of registered entity internal controls, and (2) implementation of a complete auditor manual with the approved auditor handbook and checklist. Other enhancements are also expected to be implemented during 2014, including process improvements associated with the coordination of compliance and enforcement activities for multi-Region registered entities (MRREs).

#### **Regional Entity Oversight and Compliance**

The implementation of processes and procedures associated with the RAI will necessitate changes to the way NERC performs oversight of the Regional Entities. While the primary purpose of the RAI is to focus compliance monitoring activities on risk, an extremely important aspect of the design is to create a common ERO Enterprise approach. The common approach includes a single implementation plan, the use of a common checklist and handbook, a defined common approach to compliance monitoring, and an agreed-upon set of standards outlining the expectations for a compliance auditor's role. This convergence to a single design will also drive the adoption of common tools and systems. NERC is designing oversight and compliance activities to train compliance personnel on each aspect of the RAI, support the deployment of processes, and perform compliance activities that assure adoption and execution for each aspect of the RAI.

#### Critical Infrastructure Protection (CIP) Compliance and Transition

Consistent implementation of the risk-based CIP compliance monitoring program, including registration and certification, is necessary for reliability improvements. NERC and the Regional Entities continue to manage the smooth transition of compliance activities from Version 3 to Version 5 of the CIP standards by providing training, webinars, and other forms of outreach. The ERO education programs support industry compliance and the integration of risk assessment and internal controls.

#### **2015 Goals and Deliverables**

The Regional Entity Oversight and Compliance Group has several goals and objectives that support the ERO Strategic Plan. Resources will be focused on building upon the framework and improvements implemented as a result of the ongoing RAI activities in 2014. Specific 2015 objectives for this group include:

- 1. Developing a training program to support implementation of the common audit procedures and the ERO Auditor Capabilities and Competencies Guide.
- 2. Replacing/enhancing the existing compliance, reporting, analysis tracking system (CRATS) and other compliance tools to support RAI activities.
- 3. Making effective internal controls models and information available to industry.
- 4. Initiating compliance phase-in learning periods for new standards.
- 5. Transitioning to a single ERO approach to compliance monitoring and common audit planning, implementing RAI techniques and principles consistently.
- 6. Consolidating to a common set of RSAWs, or successors, for all standards.
- 7. Enhancing the design of regional compliance audits to evaluate regional staffing, deployment of tools, and testing of compliance activities;
- 8. Increasing the frequency of audits to validate the implementation of RAI program designs; and
- 9. Creating technically sound training to support compliance methodologies and testing approaches for Reliability Standards.

These 2015 activities are necessary to assure that RAI-developed policies, processes, and procedures are implemented both uniformly and consistently across the Regions. A number of RAI-related activities support the implementation of the strategic risk-based reforms intended to reduce regulatory burden on industry, increase efficiency, and provide greater direct reliability benefit by properly aligning resources associated with compliance monitoring programs. The increased oversight will assure industry benefits are achieved, validate methodologies, and identify continued process improvements. The bulk of these activities will be resourced from NERC and Regional Entity staffs, but certain activities related to advancing the program implementation and the compliance application tool will be supported through the use of outside consultants.

# **Resource Requirements**

#### Personnel

No personnel additions are proposed for 2015. The 1.25 FTE decrease is the result of a 2014 reallocation of personnel to other departments. Management will continue to evaluate whether sufficient resources are available to support key departmental initiatives.

#### **Contractors and Consultants**

Funds have been budgeted for outside consultants to assist in the development of RAI documentation. The budgeted amount is generally consistent with the 2014 budget. In addition, the Information Technology budget includes funding for the maintenance, evaluation, and development of enterprise tools supporting compliance assessment, registration, certification, and enforcement activities.

				Fixed Assertion, and 20						
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COIVI	PLIANC	2014 Budget		2014 Projection		Variance 14 Projection 2014 Budget Ever(Under)		2015 Budget	v 2	Variance 015 Budget 2014 Budget Over(Under)
Funding		g		,		(				(5
ERO Funding										
NERC Assessments	\$	3,264,067	\$	6,136,445	\$	2,872,378	\$	4,758,043	\$	1,493,976
Penalty Sanctions	\$	18,195	\$	34,206			_	106,550		88,35
Total NERC Funding	\$	3,282,261	\$	6,170,651	\$	2,872,378	\$	4,864,593	\$	1,582,33
Third-Party Funding		-		-		-		-		-
Testing Fees		-		-		-		-		-
Services & Software		-		-		-		-		-
Workshops				-		-		-		-
Interest				254		254		271		27
Miscellaneous		-		-		-		-		-
Total Funding (A)	\$	3,282,261	\$	6,170,905	\$	2,872,632	\$	4,864,863	\$	1,582,60
Expenses										
Personnel Expenses										
Salaries	\$	1,336,885	\$	1,770,102	\$	433,217	\$	1,658,833	\$	321,94
Payroll Taxes	Ψ	86,509	7	118,354	~	31,845	Ψ.	105,003	Ψ.	18,49
Benefits		168,463		207,368		38,905		203,715		35,25
Retirement Costs		153,442		190,066		36,624		186,557		33,11
Total Personnel Expenses	Ś	1,745,299	Ś	2,285,890	\$	540,591	\$	2,154,108	\$	408,80
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Meeting Expenses  Meetings			\$	70,000	\$	70,000	\$	3,064	\$	3,06
Travel		154,500	Ş	197,898	Ą	43,398	Ş	164,158	Ą	9,65
Conference Calls		134,300		7,173		7,173		3,588		3,58
Total Meeting Expenses	Ś	154,500	\$	275,071	\$	120,571	\$	170,810	\$	16,31
		134,500	<u> </u>	2,3,0,1	<u> </u>	120,371	<u> </u>	170,010	<u> </u>	10,51
Operating Expenses										
Consultants & Contracts			\$	470,165	\$	470,165	\$	-	\$	-
Office Rent		-		-		-		-		-
Office Costs		26,670		29,531		2,861		28,550		1,88
Professional Services		-		-		-		-		-
Miscellaneous				-		-		250		25
Depreciation		-		2,555		2,555		-		-
Total Operating Expenses	\$	26,670	\$	502,251	\$	475,581	\$	28,800	\$	2,13
Total Direct Expenses	\$	1,926,469	\$	3,063,212	\$	1,136,742	\$	2,353,718	\$	427,24
Indirect Expenses	\$	1,804,814	\$	2,608,376	\$	803,561	\$	2,369,694	\$	564,88
Other Non-Operating Expenses	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
Total Expenses (B)	\$	3,731,284	\$	5,671,587	\$	1,940,304	\$	4,723,412	\$	992,12
Change in Assets	\$	(449,022)	\$	499,317	\$	932,328	\$	141,451	\$	590,47
ixed Assets				()		()				
Depreciation		-		(2,555)		(2,555)		-		-
Computer & Software CapEx		-		-		-		-		-
Furniture & Fixtures CapEx		-		-		-		-		
Equipment CapEx		-		-		-		-		
Leasehold Improvements		-		-		-		Ξ		
Allocation of Fixed Assets	\$	53,154	\$	23,706		(29,448)		141,451		88,29
nc(Dec) in Fixed Assets ( C )	\$	53,154	\$	21,151	\$	(32,004)	\$	141,451	\$	88,29
TOTAL BUDGET (=B + C)	\$	3,784,438	\$	5,692,738	\$	1,908,300	\$	4,864,863	\$	1,080,42
FTEs		9.60		12.26		2.66		11.25		1.6
= -		2.00				2.00		11.23		1.

# Summary of Variances by Category - 2015 Budget Compared to 2014 Budget

- **Funding** Workshop fees have not been budgeted in 2015 because auditor workshops are being held at NERC or Regional offices (rather than hotels) at a much lower cost; there are no fees.
- Personnel The decrease is due to the transfer of one position to another department in 2014, as well as an increase in across-the-board FTE adjustments to account for attrition and hiring delays (from 4% in 2014 to 6% in 2015). The reduction in payroll taxes is not as significant as the reduction in salaries due to a higher maximum salary subject to FICA taxes.
- Meetings, Travel, and Conferencing Expenses The increase in travel expenses and decrease in conferencing expenses are based upon prior year actual results, the anticipated level of activity in 2015, and continued focus on cost reduction, including holding meetings in NERC's offices when possible.
- Office Costs The decrease is due to the reduction in FTEs and lower telecommunication costs as a result of having fewer telecommuters.
- Indirect costs and allocation of fixed assets The increase is due to higher administrative service expenses allocated to the direct programs, as explained on page xxii.

# **Compliance Analysis, Registration and Certification Group**

Compliance Ana	•	, <b>Certification ar</b> whole dollars)	nd R	egistration	
	2	2014 Budget		2015 Budget	Increase (Decrease)
Total FTEs		9.60		11.25	1.65
Direct Expenses	\$	1,926,469	\$	2,353,718	\$ 427,250
Indirect Expenses	\$	1,804,814	\$	2,369,694	\$ 564,880
Other Non-Operating Expenses	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -
Inc(Dec) in Fixed Assets	\$	53,154	\$	141,451	\$ 88,296
TOTAL BUDGET	\$	3,784,438	\$	4,864,863	\$ 1,080,426

#### **Background and Scope**

The Compliance Analysis, Registration and Certification group is responsible for a range of requirements and activities embodied in Section 500 (Organization Registration and Certification) and Appendices 5A and 5B of the NERC Rules of Procedure. The department strives to ensure that: (1) Compliance Analysis, Registration and Certification informs standards development and compliance monitoring; (2) all entities impacting the BES are registered commensurate with risk; (3) all RCs, TOPs, and BAs are certified; (4) industry maintains effective internal control programs for reliability assurance risk; and (5) program gaps are assessed in all reportable events and addressed if appropriate. Specific activities of the department include:

 Registration – Identifies and registers BES users, owners, and operators who are responsible for compliance with the FERC-approved Reliability Standards. Organizations that are registered are included on the NERC Compliance Registry (NCR) and are responsible for knowing the content of and for complying with all applicable Reliability Standards.

- Certification The process by which NERC evaluates and certifies the competency of entities performing certain key reliability functions, specifically the RC, BA and TOP functions. Entities performing these three functions must be certified as having the necessary personnel, knowledge, facilities, programs, and other qualifications to carry out these important responsibilities, including demonstrating the ability to meet the Requirements/Sub-requirements of all of the Reliability Standards applicable to the reliability function(s) for which they are being certified.
- **Compliance Investigations** Non-public, confidential investigations to identify possible violations of NERC Reliability Standards in response to complaints, BES disturbances, or other similar triggers. NERC staff participate as observers on investigations and inquiries conducted by FERC.
- **Complaints** The process by which NERC addresses formal complaints that allege the violation of Reliability Standards.
- **Technical Assurance** Development of quarterly gap and risk assessment reports and recommended responses. The department conducts inquiries and spot checks based on quarterly gap analysis.
- Oversight Regional registration, certification, investigation, and complaint programs.

# Stakeholder Engagement and Benefit

In 2014, NERC established a Risk-Based Registration Advisory Group (RBRAG) to provide input and advice for the Risk-Based Registration (RBR) design and implementation plan. The RBRAG is comprised of representatives from NERC, Regional Entity, and FERC staffs, along with United States and Canadian industry representatives. A white paper was developed with input from the RBRAG, industry responses to a survey, and assessment of information about the current Registration program attributes. The white paper was released for public comment in connection with NERC management's request for the MRC's policy input in April 2014. Further updates regarding the Registration program redesign and implementation plan will be periodically posted on NERC's website and discussed at NERC committee and Board meetings.

# **Reliability Benefits**

NERC launched RBR to ensure the right entities are subject to the right set of applicable Reliability Standards by using a consistent and common approach to risk assessment and registration across the ERO. The goal of this effort is to develop registration criteria and thresholds that identify users, owners, and operators who have a material impact on reliability, preserving an adequate level of reliability and avoid causing or exacerbating instability, uncontrolled separation, or cascading failures. Registered entities will be given proper signals and incentives to focus on operational, planning, physical security, cybersecurity, and business decisions in the best interest of reliability, rather than focusing on managing compliance risks. Registered entities will have certainty as to compliance obligations with tailored Reliability Standard requirements, as appropriate.

NERC and Regional Entities will have increased awareness of individual and aggregate entity risks to the reliability of the BES. They will have the ability to devote time and resources to registration and compliance monitoring and enforcement activities commensurate with the risks posed. Applicable governmental entities also will have increased awareness of entities subject to their respective

jurisdictions and their role in ensuring reliability of the BES. All other stakeholders, including end-use customers, will be third-party beneficiaries of benefits from implementation of RBR.

# **Key Efforts Underway in 2014**

In 2014, the Compliance Analysis, Certification and Registration group will continue the development of the new RBR design and registration criteria, which includes Board approval of a full implementation plan by year-end and an expected rollout in 2015.

The ultimate end-state vision considers the risk to reliability and ensures that the right entities are subject to the right set of applicable Reliability Standards, using a consistent and common approach to risk assessment and registration across the ERO Enterprise. Achieving the end-state vision is expected to occur in two phases. The first stage will focus on the development, refinement, and implementation of the RBR program design. The second stage will address any remaining non-design issues or considerations that may require longer lead times. The overall benefits of the RBR program include:

- Aligned entity registration and compliance burden to their risks and contributions to reliability, thereby reducing industry burden associated with registration and ensuring no gaps or duplication of compliance responsibilities, while sustaining continued reliability.
- Improved use of NERC, Regional Entity, and registered entity resources.
- Improved feedback to Reliability Standards development so applicability can be tailored for currently enforced and future standards.
- Increased consistency in registration with the eight Regional Entities by developing a common and repeatable approach as part of the design of the RBR program.

#### **2015 Goals and Deliverables**

In 2015, the Compliance Analysis, Registration and Certification group's resources will be focused on building upon the implementation of the RBR activities in 2014. Specific 2015 objectives for the department include:

- Deploying a sustainable RBR design that incorporates evaluation of the reliability risks and benefits provided by an entity to ensure reliability, identifying a corresponding properly scoped set of Reliability Standard requirements.
- 2. Developing an implementation plan with business practices and IT requirements that addresses unintended industry burden.
- 3. Aligning changes to the registration criteria with other NERC activities.
- 4. Assessing the current certification program for opportunities to mature the program.
- 5. Addressing effects to registration from the enhanced BES definition.
- 6. Providing support to the continued development of RSAWs; aid in the BES definition exception submittal process; aid in the review of registration appeals and aid in the review of registration appeals and review of mitigating activities; and assist with training modules for investigations, certifications, and registrations.
- 7. Providing analysis in support of projects addressing top reliability risks.

# **Resource Requirements**

#### Personnel

No additional personnel are slated for 2015. The 1.65 FTE increase is the result of a 2014 reallocation of personnel from other departments.

# **Contractor Expenses**

To the extent required, operating reserves will be used to fund expert costs to support investigations.

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	сом	PLIANC	E ANALYSIS, C 2014 Budget		2014 Projection	201 v 2	Variance 4 Projection 2014 Budget ver(Under)		2015 Budget	v 2	Variance 015 Budget 014 Budge ver(Under)
unding											
ERO Funding											
	Assessments	\$	3,264,067	\$	6,136,445	\$	2,872,378	\$	4,758,043	\$	1,493,9
	ty Sanctions	\$	18,195	\$	34,206	_	2 072 270	_	106,550	_	88,3
Total NERC Funding	1	\$	3,282,261	\$	6,170,651	\$	2,872,378	\$	4,864,593	\$	1,582,3
Third	-Party Funding		-		-		-		-		-
Testi	ng Fees		-		=		-		-		-
Servi	ces & Software		=		=		=		=		-
Work	shops				=		-		-		
Inter	est				254		254		271		2
Misc	ellaneous		-		-		-				-
otal Funding (A)		\$	3,282,261	\$	6,170,905	\$	2,872,632	\$	4,864,863	\$	1,582,6
penses											
Personnel Expense	s										
Salar		\$	1,336,885	\$	1,770,102	\$	433,217	\$	1,658,833	\$	321,9
	oll Taxes	*	86,509	*	118,354	•	31,845	•	105,003	•	18,4
Bene			168,463		207,368		38,905		203,715		35,2
	ement Costs		153,442		190,066		36,624		186,557		33,
Total Personnel Ex		Ś	1,745,299	Ś	2,285,890	\$	540,591	\$	2,154,108	\$	408,
			, -,		,,		,		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
Meeting Expenses	ings			\$	70,000	\$	70,000	\$	3,064	\$	3,0
Meet Trave	-		154500	Ş	197,898	Ş	43,398	Ş	,	Ş	,
	erence Calls		154,500						164,158		9,6
Total Meeting Expe		\$	154,500	\$	7,173 <b>275,071</b>	\$	7,173 <b>120,571</b>	\$	3,588 <b>170,810</b>	\$	3,5 <b>16,</b> 3
		<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>	134,300	7	273,071	<u> </u>	120,371		170,010	<u>,                                     </u>	10,
Operating Expense											
	ultants & Contracts			\$	470,165	\$	470,165	\$	-	\$	
	e Rent		-		-		-		-		
	e Costs		26,670		29,531		2,861		28,550		1,8
	ssional Services		-		-		-		-		
	ellaneous				-		-		250		7
Depr	eciation		-		2,555		2,555		=		
Total Operating Exp	enses	\$	26,670	\$	502,251	\$	475,581	\$	28,800	\$	2,
Total	Direct Expenses	\$	1,926,469	\$	3,063,212	\$	1,136,742	\$	2,353,718	\$	427,
Indirect Expenses		\$	1,804,814	\$	2,608,376	\$	803,561	\$	2,369,694	\$	564,
•		<u>*</u>	2,00 .,02 .	<u> </u>			000,001	<u>*</u>		· ·	50.,
Other Non-Operat	ing expenses	\$	-	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	-	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
otal Expenses (B)		\$	3,731,284	\$	5,671,587	\$	1,940,304	\$	4,723,412	\$	992,
hange in Assets		\$	(449,022)	\$	499,317	\$	932,328	\$	141,451	\$	590,4
ked Assets											
Depreciation			-		(2,555)		(2,555)		-		
Computer & Softwa			-		-		-		-		
Furniture & Fixture	s CapEx		-		-		-		-		
Equipment CapEx			=		=		=		=		
Leasehold Improve	ments		-		-		-		-		
Allocation of Fixed	l Assets	\$	53,154	\$	23,706		(29,448)		141,451		88,
c(Dec) in Fixed Assets ( C		\$	53,154	\$	21,151	\$	(32,004)	\$	141,451	\$	88,
OTAL BUDGET (=B + C)		\$	3,784,438	\$	5,692,738	\$	1,908,300	\$	4,864,863	\$	1,080,
		~	.,,	Τ.	. ,,	-	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	*	,,		-,500,
7 TAL BODGET (-B : C)											

**Summary of Variances by Category – 2015 Budget Compared to 2014 Budget** 

- Personnel The increase in personnel expense is primarily due to the transfer of personnel from
  other departments, offset by an increase in FTE adjustments to account for attrition and hiring
  delays—from 4% in 2014 to 6% in 2015. Due to a higher maximum salary subject to FICA taxes,
  payroll tax expenses are increasing at a slightly higher percentage than the other expense
  categories.
- Meetings, Travel and Conferencing Expenses The increase in travel is due to the increase in FTEs. The increase in meetings and conferencing expenses is based upon prior year actual and projected 2014 results.
- Office Costs The increase is due to the increase in FTEs.
- Indirect Expenses and Allocation of Fixed Assets Indirect expenses and allocation of fixed assets is higher due to higher administrative services expenses (to be allocated to the direct function programs) as previously explained on page xxi.

# **Compliance Enforcement Department**

C	-	nce Enforceme whole dollars)	nt			
	2	014 Budget	Increase (Decrease)			
Total FTEs		18.24		15.01		(3.23)
Direct Expenses	\$	2,864,951	\$	2,456,441	\$	(408,509)
Indirect Expenses	\$	3,429,147	\$	3,161,698	\$	(267,449)
Other Non-Operating Expenses	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Inc(Dec) in Fixed Assets	\$	100,993	\$	188,727	\$	87,734
TOTAL BUDGET	\$	6,395,091	\$	5,806,866	\$	(588,224)

# **Background and Scope**

The Compliance Enforcement department is responsible for overseeing enforcement processes, the application of penalties or sanctions, and activities to mitigate and prevent recurrence of noncompliance with Reliability Standards. The Compliance Enforcement department works collaboratively with the eight Regional Entities to ensure consistent and effective implementation of the Compliance Monitoring and Enforcement Program. Focus is also given to ensuring enterprise-wide resources are dedicated to the matters that have the greatest impact on reliability.

NERC's Compliance Enforcement department performs its responsibilities by:

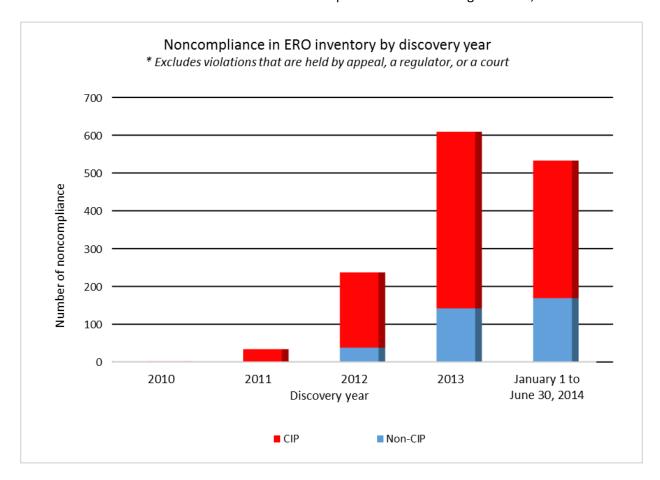
- Monitoring Regional Entities' enforcement processes and providing oversight over the outcome
  of such processes to ensure due process, to identify best practices and process efficiency
  opportunities, and to promote consistency among Regional Entities' business practices;
- Collecting and analyzing compliance enforcement data and trends to assist with the identification of emerging risks and to help inform the development of enforcement policy and processes;
- Filing notices of penalty and other submittals associated with noncompliance discovered through Regional Entity compliance, enforcement, and monitoring activities;
- Processing and filing notices of penalty and other submittals associated with violations discovered through NERC-led investigations and audits; and
- Collaborating with other NERC departments, including Standards and Regional Oversight Compliance.

# Stakeholder Engagement and Benefit

Over the past few years, NERC and the Regional Entities made substantial progress in reducing the number of instances of noncompliance remaining to be evaluated and processed. The ERO Enterprise has held registered entities accountable for violations that created risk to the reliability of the BES while ensuring that enforcement actions are timely and transparent. NERC is also seeking to further promote a culture of reliability excellence by examining registered entities' internal compliance programs and considering them as mitigating factors in penalty determination.

# **Processing Efficiencies**

In an effort to improve the efficiency of enforcement processing throughout the ERO Enterprise, NERC developed a series of key enforcement processing metrics, which are tracked and analyzed throughout the year. In addition, in 2012 and 2013, NERC established corporate goals to reduce the number of older violations remaining to be processed. Working with NERC, the Regional Entities invested significant time and resources in processing the older violations. As a result, the ERO Enterprise as a whole reduced the number of older violations substantially. For example, in 2012, NERC and the Regional Entities reduced the number of open violations dating from before 2011 (excluding violations that are held by appeal, a regulator, or a court, referred to as "on-hold" violations) by 80%. In 2013, NERC and the Regional Entities built on the successes of 2012. By January 1, 2014, the ERO Enterprise had reduced the number of pre-2012 violations (excluding "on hold" violations) by 93%. As of June 30, 2014, 43% of the pre-2013 noncompliance issues have been processed and resolved. The 237 pre-2013 remaining cases represent 2% of the total violations submitted to the ERO Enterprise from 2007 through June 30, 2014.



#### **FFT Enhancements**

NERC and the Regional Entities have worked together to implement the latest round of FFT improvements approved by FERC and reduce the amount of time required to process issues through the FFT program. As a result of these improvements, FFT treatment is now available for a limited pool of Possible Violations (PVs) that pose a moderate risk to the reliability of the BES (in addition to those posing a minimal risk). In addition, certain unmitigated PVs may be processed through the FFT program as long as mitigation is completed within 90 days of the date the FFT is posted.

To streamline processing of FFTs, Regional Entities now submit them for public posting on NERC's website at the end of each month. (The prior requirement was for NERC to submit monthly informational filings to FERC.) NERC maintains its enforcement oversight by reviewing a representative sample of FFTs during the 60-day window following the monthly posting as well as through an annual spot check. NERC's spot checks of FFT items ensure that issues selected for FFT treatment are appropriate for the program, that the issues are explained sufficiently in the posted documents, that the FFT program is implemented consistently across the Regions, and that information about FFT issues is presented consistently across the Regions.

#### **Self-Report and Other Enforcement Improvements**

As part of the RAI, NERC and Regional Entity enforcement staff also have worked closely with stakeholders to identify potential improvements to self-report processes and other enforcement processes. A number of improvements were designed and implemented in 2013 and 2014. In 2013, NERC and the Regional Entities began two pilot programs (the Aggregation of Minimal Risk Issues and Enforcement Discretion pilot programs) to develop and test the real-world application of risk-based enforcement concepts. Under the Aggregation of Minimal Risk Issues pilot program, NERC and certain Regional Entities are testing the ability of selected registered entities to self-assess, identify, and mitigate minimal-risk noncompliance proactively. This pilot is focused on allowing registered entities with demonstrated effective management practices to self-identify and assess instances of noncompliance to aggregate minimal risk issues that would otherwise be individually self-reported. The first six-month cycle of this pilot ended in March 2014. In reviewing the results of the first cycle, NERC and the Regional Entities decided to continue the program for the next six to nine months and include additional registered entities to obtain more data on the impact of the program.

Under the Enforcement Discretion pilot program, certain Regional Entities are reviewing minimal-risk issues identified by certain registered entities (in some cases, through the Aggregation of Minimal Risk Issues pilot program) to determine whether those issues warrant Enforcement Discretion treatment. If an issue is tracked for Enforcement Discretion treatment, NERC and FERC will be notified and the record will be available for review, but no notice of PV will be issued to the registered entity. Issues recorded for Enforcement Discretion are referred to as Compliance Exceptions. The scope of the program will be increased to include additional registered entities so the ERO Enterprise may collect more data over the next six to nine months.

These activities are timed such that the additional data can be collected and provided to inform a filing to FERC, reporting on the RAI program.

#### **Key Enforcement Efforts Underway in 2014**

In 2014, NERC and the Regional Entities are continuing to work together to reduce (and eventually eliminate) the number of violations in inventory that are older than 24 months. These efforts will ensure that Regional Entities are prioritizing and resolving older violations appropriately. Combined with efforts to decrease processing times through the use of alternative enforcement mechanisms and enforcement process refinements, the Regional Entities will reduce overall processing times and provide finality on compliance items more quickly to registered entities.

# **Promotion of Self-Identification of Noncompliance and Prompt Mitigation**

Although dedicated primarily to the evaluation and enforcement of discovered violations, Regional Entity enforcement programs play an important role in improving the reliability of the BES. By deploying proper incentives to encourage the self-discovery and timely self-reporting of violations, NERC and the Regional Entities have encouraged registered entities to take proactive steps to identify noncompliance. In 2013,

internally discovered violations comprised the majority of violations submitted to the Regional Entities. This rate of internally discovered violations was slightly higher than in 2012, when 72% of violations were discovered through internal means. In 2014, NERC and the Regional Entities will continue to encourage self-identification of noncompliance by registered entities.

In 2014, NERC will also continue to focus on and closely track the completion of mitigating activities. NERC monitors all items with ongoing mitigating activities regardless of where the violations are in the enforcement process; NERC expects mitigating activities to be completed in a timely manner.

## **RAI Activities and Related Process Improvements**

As of January 1, 2014, each of the Regional Entities implemented a triage process. Within the first 60 days after the discovery of a noncompliance, Regional Entities will review the noncompliance and make an initial determination as to whether the issue will proceed through enforcement or whether additional information is necessary for an initial determination. During the Enforcement Discretion pilot, only a limited set of minimal-risk issues from a select group of registered entities will be eligible for discretion treatment. Minimal-risk issues that do not qualify for discretion treatment may be tracked for FFT treatment or may be tracked for further review and analysis. By moving the initial determination to earlier in the enforcement process timeline, the triage process will promote the efficient processing of all issues, but particularly of FFTs. Ultimately, discretion will be available for minimal risk issues from all registered entities.

NERC and the Regional Entities developed two draft documents to enhance communication between registered entities and the Regional Entities and to facilitate the shift toward a risk-based enforcement approach. The first document, the *ERO Enterprise Self-Report User Guide*, provides registered entities with additional insight into the information NERC and the Regional Entities need to provide efficient and timely resolution of instances of potential noncompliance. The second document, the *ERO Enterprise Mitigation Plan Guide*, provides guidance on the information that should be considered when developing a Mitigation Plan and what elements and analysis to include.

Both the ERO Enterprise Self-Report User Guide and the ERO Enterprise Mitigation Plan Guide were posted for public comment in January 2014. NERC has reviewed comments and revised the documents. The newest version of each document will be posted to the RAI page of the NERC website.<sup>18</sup>

The goal of RAI is to shift the compliance and enforcement approach from one in which all instances of noncompliance are evaluated as PVs to an approach that strengthens management practices and reserves the enforcement process for instances of noncompliance that have been found to pose a greater risk to reliability. The enforcement initiatives described above, in conjunction with RAI compliance initiatives encouraging the development of strong management practices, will advance NERC's progress toward this goal in 2014. In addition, the process and communication improvements developed under RAI will improve overall processing times.

#### **2015 Goals and Deliverables**

Throughout 2015, NERC's Enforcement department will identify processing efficiencies to improve enforcement activities and focus on issues that reduce reliability risk. Specific 2015 objectives for the Compliance Enforcement department include:

1. Consolidate new processes, as discussed above.

<sup>18</sup> http://www.nerc.com/pa/comp/Pages/Reliability-Assurance-Initiative.aspx.

- 2. Ensure timely processing of violations, particularly those that pose greater risk and can provide lessons learned to industry.
- 3. Ensure early dissemination of violation information to registered entities to enable them to learn from prior events and violations and take preventative actions to eliminate similar risks.

The Compliance Enforcement department also will continue to work with the Regional Entities to significantly reduce their caseloads by closing prior PVs.

# **Resource Requirements**

#### Personnel

No additional Enforcement personnel are being proposed in 2015; budgeted staffing is being reduced by 3.23 FTEs from the 2014 budget.

#### **Contractor Expenses**

The Information Technology budget includes funding for the maintenance, evaluation, and development of enterprise tools supporting compliance assessment, registration, certification, and enforcement activities.

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# Summary of Variances by Category - 2015 Budget Compared to 2014 Budget

- Personnel The reduction in personnel expenses is due to the transfer of three positions to other departments in 2014.
- Meetings, Travel and Conferencing Expenses The decrease in travel is due to the transfer of positions to other departments and is based upon 2013 actual costs. The reduction in meetings and conferencing expenses is based upon prior year actual and projected 2014 results.
- **Indirect Expenses** The decrease in indirect expenses is due to a reduction in FTEs in proportion to total FTEs in the statutory programs.

# **Reliability Assessments and Performance Analysis**

Reliability Asse		nts and Perforn whole dollars)	nanc	e Analysis	
	2	014 Budget	;	2015 Budget	Increase (Decrease)
Total FTEs		18.99		19.70	0.71
Direct Expenses	\$	4,903,304	\$	5,456,456	\$ 553,152
Indirect Expenses	\$	3,570,148	\$	4,149,598	\$ 579,449
Other Non-Operating Expenses	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -
Inc(Dec) in Fixed Assets	\$	(122,854)	\$	219,696	\$ 342,550
TOTAL BUDGET	\$	8,350,598	\$	9,825,750	\$ 1,475,150

#### **Background and Scope**

The Reliability Assessment and Performance Analysis (RAPA) department carries out the ERO's statutory responsibility to conduct assessments of the reliability and adequacy of the BES to provide insight and guidance about reliability risks and performance improvements. The department also identifies reliability performance issues and areas of concern (including equipment performance and related reliability issues) for consideration in the development of new mandatory Reliability Standards, the modification of existing standards as part of the Reliability Standards Development Program, or other initiatives that enhance overall reliability. The department develops effective approaches for achieving reliability, develops a solid technical framework and understanding of the reliability risks facing the industry, and utilizes those insights to communicate guidance and information to entities across North America. The department does this through its own engineering and analysis efforts, as well as through marshaling stakeholder resources with subject matter expertise. RAPA is responsible for the:

• Independent assessments and reports on the overall reliability, adequacy, and associated reliability risks that could impact the upcoming summer and winter seasons and the long-term (e.g., ten-year) planning horizon.

- Performance analysis and recommendations of historical reliability and associated trends, relying
  on data integrity and consistent methodology, which in turn leads to credible recommendations
  and guidance.
- Reliability assessment and bulk system evaluation model development for analyzing steady-state and dynamic conditions.
- Assurance that electrical elements necessary for the reliable operation of the BPS are appropriately identified as Bulk Electric System Elements.
- Reliability risk program management for improving key risk areas using analyses of reliability gaps, risks, controls, and management efforts.
- Determination of reliability risk program priorities that align with the Strategic Plan and business plan and budget for appropriate level of resources, timing, completion, and execution.
- Providing leadership and consistent, technically sound guidance and recommendations that
  position industry and policy makers to enhance reliability through effective outreach and
  communications.

# **Stakeholder Engagement and Benefit**

The ERO monitors the reliability performance of the BES in North America through data gathered to analyze historic trends. The ERO provides reports and recommendations regarding the anticipated conditions that could impact the reliability, security, and stability of the BPS to the industry, Regional Entities, regulatory entities, and other designated entities.

RAPA works with industry leaders to create a reliability strategy that is relevant, timely, and effective at addressing the most important reliability risks. This effort includes understanding key information identified through analysis and assessment efforts; extracting and prioritizing the associated reliability risks from that information; sharing and integrating those risk analysis insights across the ERO Enterprise; and translating that knowledge into actionable guidance and recommendations for NERC management, the Board, and industry entities. This offers stakeholders an open and transparent approach for the development of NERC's reliability strategy, ultimately ensuring the ERO is accountable to industry, regulators, and the public at large.

# **Key RAPA Efforts Underway in 2014**

In 2014, RAPA continues to focus its efforts in the following key areas:

#### **Reliability Risk Analysis**

A comprehensive understanding of complex interdependencies and their wide-ranging impacts affecting the reliability of the BES requires deliberate and methodical risk analysis and control strategies. A robust approach that identifies emerging reliability risks and seeks to address them is essential for ensuring NERC's effectiveness at enhancing the reliability of the BES.

The key trends, findings, and recommendations from Reliability Risk Analysis serve as technical input to the ERO's Reliability Standards and standards project prioritization, compliance process improvements, event analyses, reliability assessment, and critical infrastructure protection efforts. This analysis of BES

performance not only provides an industry reference for historical BES reliability, but it also offers analytical insights across the enterprise that lead toward industry action and enable the discovery and prioritization of specific actionable risk control steps. These analyses and results are summarized in the annual State of Reliability report, which provides guidance and recommendations that will lead to enhanced bulk system reliability.

NERC has identified specific areas of reliability risk in 2015. The set of programs and associated projects described in the following pages represents a focus on risk priority projects where NERC, in alignment with the industry, the RISC, and governments, can make a difference in improving or maintaining reliability. This represents an important aspect of the link between NERC's activities and its mission of ensuring the reliability of the North American Bulk Electric System.

Reliability risk management efforts involve identifying key reliability risk areas, setting priorities for addressing these areas, then determining appropriate efforts from the suite of tools available to address such risks, and compiling these into an overall portfolio of prioritized risk projects. Industry, NERC, RISC, and others undertook significant efforts to assemble event and performance analyses from published assessments into a prioritized set of appropriate reliability risk projects. These analyses led to recommendations based on technical committee discussions; industry perspectives at the Reliability Leadership Summit; and ongoing technical committee assessment, event analysis, and Reliability Assessment and Reliability Risk Analysis work products, such as the Long-Term Reliability Assessment, the State of Reliability report, and various special reports and seasonal assessments. These prioritized risk project recommendations have been incorporated for 2014 into eight project areas focused on managing the top-priority reliability risks. Each program contains one or more projects identified to produce specific deliverables. By structuring these projects and programs within the larger context of priority reliability risks, resources can be allocated across the ERO Enterprise and program areas.

These top-priority reliability risk programs have been identified for 2014 efforts in this business plan; further refinement and identification of a comparable list of priority efforts will emerge over the course of the year, representing the 2015 priority risk projects. For budget assumption purposes, NERC has planned for a comparable level of effort to be allocated within NERC program areas for these projects. This is not intended to be an exhaustive list of all the reliability-centered activities undertaken by NERC. Ongoing obligations regarding standards development, compliance and enforcement, reliability assessments, and performance analysis are expected to continue, as are the numerous activities to respond to regulatory directives and increase efficiency and effectiveness of the ERO.

#### **Reliability Risk Management Process**

The process used to develop this set of programs is an interim approach as NERC transitions to a broader planning effort, titled the Reliability Risk Management Process (RRMP). NERC staff worked with the RISC to develop this process in a way that ensures that the consideration of reliability risk and the development of associated reliability risk management projects are reflected in ERO business planning activities. Under the RRMP, the RISC will collect information to identify and prioritize broad areas of reliability risk. These areas then undergo a deeper analysis to identify specific reliability risks, associated measurements, and the most critical risks within those broad areas that should be considered for further risk management activity. Following this analysis, strategies for managing the risks are developed. Such strategies may include the use of guidelines, information requests, training, NERC Alerts, technical conferences, research, standards, and other tools. Strategies will be weighed for overall effectiveness and efficiency, and a plan will be developed that addresses each identified reliability risk with a set of approaches commensurate in scope to the level of risk being managed. Ultimately, these efforts are reflected in ERO activities and the overall ERO planning process.

Listed below are the eight programs focused on managing the top-priority reliability risks as identified by the RISC. Each program has associated projects that are supported by various NERC departments. The supporting department is listed after each project. Further information about each project may be found in the supporting department's section of this report.

#### **Program: Changing Resource Mix**

Associated Reliability Risk Areas: Long-Term Planning and System Analysis, Resource and Transmission Adequacy, Integration of New Technologies and Operations

Energy currently produced by large rotating machines is being replaced with energy produced by variable resources, demand-response programs, and other new types of resources that exhibit different characteristics with respect to some of the less-obvious fundamental components of reliable operation (e.g., inertia, frequency response, maneuverability). Continuing improvements in energy efficiency and other changes in load composition impact the characteristics and behavior of load, reactive power needs, and how the system operates and behaves during disturbances (e.g., fault-induced delayed voltage recovery). The ongoing shift in fuel from coal to natural gas brings challenges such as critical dependence on the just-in-time fuel supply chain of the natural gas infrastructure. All of these changes move the system toward different behaviors, operating characteristics, and levels of reliability risk.

- Project: Essential Reliability Services Special Assessment Phase II RAPA
- Project: Development of Standardized Models RAPA
- Project: Support for IEEE 1574 RAPA
- Project: Load Composition Modeling Analysis RAPA
- Project: Gas Coordination Guidelines Reliability Risk Management (RRM) and RAPA

#### **Program: Resource Planning**

Associated Reliability Risk Areas: Resource and Transmission Adequacy

Environmental regulations, low natural gas prices, load forecasting uncertainty, and economic factors all contribute to an increased rate of plant retirements and a lack of construction. While demand response and energy efficiency may offset some of these losses, performance of those technologies can be uncertain, and each brings unique challenges. Long-term outages of multiple units to employ environmental retrofits also may have impacts. This all contributes to a lack of certainty regarding resource adequacy in North America over the next several years. Forecasts show potential deficiencies in reserve margins as early as 2014 and 2015 in the ERCOT and midcontinent ISOs.

Project: Environmental Regulations Special Assessment – RAPA

#### **Program: Protection System Reliability**

Associated Reliability Risk Areas: Protection Systems

Protection Systems serve a vital role in defense against system disturbance events. However, cases exist in which design of a protection system may be insufficient—where a fault accompanied by a failure of any single Protection System component could result in a significant outage event on the BES. One example is the June 24, 2004, Western outage event, which resulted in the loss

of approximately 5,000 MW of generation and the potential for collapse of the Western Interconnection. NERC identified five events between 2004 and 2010 in which a single point of failure on a protection system caused, in whole or in part, an event on the BPS.

Project: Protection System Reliability Analysis – RAPA

#### **Program: Uncoordinated Protection Systems**

Associated Reliability Risk Areas: Protection Systems

Protection Systems that trip unnecessarily can contribute significantly to the size of an event. When Protection Systems are not coordinated properly, the order of execution can result in either incorrect elements being removed from service or more elements being removed than necessary. This can also occur with special protection systems, remedial action schemes, and underfrequency and under-voltage load-shedding schemes. Such coordination errors occurred in the September 8, 2011, Southwest event and the August 14, 2003, Northeast blackout event.

Project: Guidelines for Coordination of Protection Systems and Other Devices – RAPA

#### **Program: Extreme Physical Events**

Associated Reliability Risk Areas: Coordinated Attack on Multiple Facilities, Geomagnetic Disturbance, Extreme Weather/Acts of Nature, Localized Physical Attack, Electromagnetic Pulse

Coordinated sabotage attacks, severe weather events, and geomagnetic disturbances are physical events that, at the extreme, can cause extensive equipment damage. Because of the long time involved in manufacturing and replacing some BES assets, an extreme physical event that causes extensive damage to equipment would result in degraded reliability for an extended period of time. While events of this magnitude have a low probability of occurrence, the potential consequences of such an event are high enough that additional focus is needed to properly address this risk and minimize the consequences of an extreme physical event to acceptable levels.

Project: Promoting Resiliency – RRM

• Project: Emergency Transformer Replacement – RAPA

### **Program: Availability of Real-Time Tools and Monitoring**

Associated Reliability Risk Areas: Monitoring and Situational Awareness

Inadequate situational awareness could have significant negative reliability consequences and is often a precursor to an event or a contributing cause to an event. Experience has shown that not having the right tools and data available can play a critical role in reduced situational awareness, contributing to events such as those seen in the September 8, 2011, Southwest event and the August 14, 2003, Northeast blackout event. NERC has analyzed data and identified that outages of tools and monitoring systems are fairly common occurrences, with approximately an 89% chance of a tool or monitoring system outage occurring within a given month. Each time one of these outages occurs, it creates a potential lack of situational awareness, resulting in a latent risk that could combine with other risks to produce a large event. In addition to outages, not providing the correct tools or data to operators is also a key concern.

- Project: Latent Risk Awareness of Real-Time Tools RRM
- Project: Real-Time Reliability Monitoring and Analysis Standards Standards

Project: Tool Failure Guidelines – RRM

#### **Program: Protection System Misoperations**

Associated Reliability Risk Areas: Protection Systems

Protection System Misoperations represent a double threat. Unnecessary trips can result in making a bad event worse and may start cascading failures as each successive trip can cause another protection system to trip. However, failures to trip and slow trips can damage equipment, which may result in degraded reliability for an extended period of time. Key Finding 4 from NERC's 2012 State of Reliability Report concluded that protection system misoperations are a significant contributor to disturbance events and automatic transmission outage severity.

Project: Protection System Guidelines – RAPA

Project: Protection System Education – RRM

# **Program: Right-of-Way Clearances**

Associated Reliability Risk Areas: Transmission Right-of-Way, Equipment Maintenance and Management

Reports from various entities have indicated that in a number of cases, actual conductor-to-ground clearances seen in the field have been inconsistent with those assumed during the design of the facility. Examples of inaccurate historical information that leads to these inconsistencies includes, but is not limited to, misplaced structures or supports, inadequate tower height, and ground profile inaccuracies. While an entity may address this concern by changing the facility ratings, modifying the transmission line configuration, or changing the topography, such cases must be identified before they can be addressed. Failure to address these misalignments could lead to incorrect ratings that are inadequate to prevent equipment damage or cascading, instability, or separation.

 Project: Right-of-Way Site Visit Evaluations – Compliance Analysis, Registration and Certification

Overall, it is anticipated that the resources expected to be deployed to address these reliability risk projects would be similar between 2015 and the comparable level of effort devoted to these efforts in 2014. Accordingly, each of the respective program areas provides a depiction of the efforts and resource allocation needed to support these projects and those anticipated to be identified for 2015. As the RISC and ERO continue to refine the efforts to establish a multi-year perspective addressing the key reliability initiatives, the specific projects and goals for 2015 (and potentially into 2016 and 2017) will be more clearly defined. At the same time, for business plan and budgeting purposes, it is expected that the level of effort allocated to these projects in 2014 would remain generally consistent with the levels expected in subsequent years.

#### **Reliability Assessment**

Reliability assessments serve to evaluate the expected reliability behavior of the BPS through extensive deterministic and probabilistic analyses to identify potential reliability conditions that could compromise overall reliability. These reviews include both evaluations at the edge of the planning horizon, as well as assessments of the anticipated performance during upcoming summer or winter seasons. These analyses

involved planned and anticipated changes within the generation resources, transmission infrastructure, and load behavior to formulate recommendations and related guidance, often by examining special scenarios and unique situations within the North American BPS. These analyses provide a technical platform for important policy discussions on challenges facing the interconnected North American BES, as well as focused recommendations that improve the overall reliability or lessen reliability risks.

Each year, NERC is responsible for independently assessing and reporting on the overall reliability, adequacy, and associated risks that could impact the upcoming summer and winter seasons and the long-term, ten-year period. As emerging risks and potential impacts to reliability are identified, RAPA conducts special reliability assessments and identifies recommendations and guidance actions that may be warranted to lessen identified risks or enhance reliability overall. RAPA's assessments are founded on solid engineering through collaborative and consensus-based approach.

By identifying and quantifying emerging reliability issues, NERC is able to provide risk-informed recommendations and support a learning environment for industry to pursue improved reliability performance. These recommendations, along with the associated technical analysis, provide the basis for actionable enhancements to resource and transmission planning methods, planning and operating guidelines, and NERC Reliability Standards.

Key assessments include:

- (1) Long-Term Reliability Assessment
- (2) Summer and Winter Reliability Assessments
- (3) Special and Scenario Reliability Assessments

Additionally, RAPA coordinates forecast reliability data between planning areas, the eight Regional Entities, and governmental organizations through the Electricity Supply and Demand Database.

#### **Reliability Initiatives and System Analysis**

A deep understanding of the technical performance behavior of the North American grid provides a sound technical foundation for identifying those crucial aspects of grid performance that are important to sustaining overall reliability. This understanding is achieved through a comprehensive evaluation and testing of BES behavior through forensic analysis of system disturbances and analytic simulations. Methodically comparing actual system behavior to the results of analytical power flow and dynamics simulations enables RAPA to create recommendations and insights that enhance system performance and reliability. These insights establish the framework and foundation for predictive results that lead to effective operating strategies and recommendations that serve to maintain reliability.

Based on NERC and industry priorities, and to meet business planning goals, RAPA has chosen not to pursue several issues and initiatives in 2015. Probabilistic analysis of reserve margins for NERC's Long-Term Reliability Assessment will be completed every two years rather than annually (none in 2013 or 2015); the smart grid follow-on work plan will be addressed sometime after 2014; and wind generator availability information (GADS) will be reprogrammed to the 2016 time frame. In 2015, RAPA will refine the composition of NERC's annual State of Reliability report to reflect post-seasonal reliability review, insights from analysis of transmission, generator, and demand response data systems (TADS, GADS, and DADS), and integration of event analysis and misoperations.

Further, RAPA will continue to work closely with other organizations, including but not limited to the Electric Power Research Institute (EPRI), the Institute of Electrical and Electronic Engineers (IEEE), the

North American Transmission Forum (NATF), the North American Generation Forum (NAGF), and the Canadian Electricity Association (CEA). RAPA collaborates with these groups on a number of fronts, including geomagnetic disturbance (GMD), vegetation management, TADS, GADS, and variable generation integration. RAPA will continue working with the Interstate Natural Gas Association of America (INGAA) and the Natural Gas Supply Association (NGSA) regarding studies pertaining to the interdependency of gas and electric systems.

#### **Bulk Electric System (BES) Definition Implementation**

During 2014, RAPA has been closely involved in the development of a revised definition for BES. RAPA has also been working closely with the Regional Entities to develop a software application to manage the implementation of the revised BES definition and exception process, by which a registered entity submits self-determined notifications or requests for exception of certain assets and systems from the BES. The associated business processes and guidance supporting the implementation are important elements aligned with the development of the BES tool. The BES tool and its functionality for Regions, registered entities, and NERC has been structured to conform to provisions of the Order 773 and 773-A directives and requirements.

The effective date for the implementation of the revised BES definition was July 1, 2014, and it is expected that during the remainder of 2014 and through 2015, reviews, evaluations, and confirmations of proposed changes to BES elements by registered entities will take place. This will involve both NERC and Regional Entity resources to manage effective implementation. Outside experts may be needed to conduct technical reviews of BES exception requests.

#### 2015 Goals and Deliverables

In 2015, RAPA will seek to accomplish several specific goals and objectives as part of the strategic focus of the ERO Enterprise:

- 1. Issue reliability assessment reports, guidelines, recommendations, and alerts as needed.
  - a. One ten-year Long-Term Reliability Assessment
  - b. Two seasonal assessments: Summer and Winter
  - c. Reliability assessment report on geomagnetic disturbance (GMD) BES effects and vulnerability assessment
  - d. One additional special assessment addressing key aspects of reliability issues, such as:
    - Essential Reliability Services white paper and framework assessment
    - Variable generation penetration reliability impacts
    - Planning assumptions related to major one-in-a-hundred-years storms
    - Reliability risks associated with a diverse and changing resource mix
  - e. One annual State of Reliability report
  - f. Oversight of Generating, Transmission, and Demand Response Availability Data Systems (GADS, TADS, and DADS), along with reliability metrics, misoperations, and the Spare Equipment Database
  - g. Strengthen data collection and validation processes by designing, creating, testing, and implementing data checking systems for reliability assessment, system analysis, and risk analysis

- h. Provide periodic updates on trends and measures of BES reliability
- 2. Develop a risk registry and systematic prioritization process consistent with the RISC framework and support BES risk profile measurement and assessment of standards.
- 3. Execute integrated risk control strategies and plans across the organization to address the highest-priority existing or emerging risks to BES reliability, and explicitly measure the results.
- 4. Support NERC Reliability Standard development and response to FERC directives by providing technical and system analysis expertise.
- 5. Support the technical foundation development for Reliability Standards to address deficiencies or needs revealed by RAPA.
- 6. Provide support and leadership to (1) the Planning Committee and (2) standing committees' subcommittees, working groups, and task forces serving the standing committees.
- 7. Develop a structured approach to evaluate and improve system models, model validation, system analysis, and assessments.
- 8. Assist in the development of approaches to registration and maintenance of the actively monitored list based on reliability trends, risks, and historical information to ensure that the compliance focus remains on the most critical entities and associated Reliability Standards.
- 9. Conduct major event investigations, analyses, and reporting of major findings and recommendations that will improve reliability.
- 10. Build and sustain an enterprise RAPA team that encompasses risk-informed approaches and structured methodology to identify and address reliability risks.
- 11. Implement effective oversight and tracking of various technical aspects of reliability, including frequency response performance, application of TPL footnote b adoption, and root cause applications to assessments and analyses.

#### Projects Addressing the Top-Priority Reliability Risks as Identified by the RISC

The RISC identified the following top-priority reliability risk projects for consideration in 2015. The projects are supported by one or more NERC departments, as indicated in the list below. As the RISC and ERO refine efforts to establish a multiyear perspective addressing key reliability initiatives, the specific projects and goals for 2015—and potentially into 2016 and 2017—will be more clearly defined as departments take into consideration resource availability.

# **Project: Essential Reliability Services Special Assessment Phase II**

The Reliability Assessments team will deliver the second part of its Special Assessment on Essential Reliability Services. The scope of this project consists of scenario analyses of different levels of Essential Reliability Services. (RAPA-RRM)

#### **Project: Development of Standardized Models**

The Reliability Initiatives and System Analysis team will continue developing a standardized set of power flow and dynamic modeling components to support industry's need for more accurate models. (RAPA)

#### **Project: Support for IEEE 1574**

The Reliability Initiatives and System Analysis team will continue its work with the standardssetting groups at IEEE to develop rules that establish frequency and voltage disturbance ridethrough obligations for distributed energy resources. (RAPA)

#### **Project: Load Composition Modeling Analysis**

The Reliability Initiatives and System Analysis team will work with stakeholders at the Planning Committee to develop a guideline for performing analysis of loads to determine system needs for various essential reliability services. (RAPA)

# **Project: Gas Coordination Guidelines**

The Reliability Assessments team, in cooperation with the Event Analysis team, will collaborate with stakeholders to develop a guideline that establishes protocols for operations and emergency coordination with gas suppliers and transporters. (RAPA)

# **Project: Environmental Regulations Special Assessment**

The Reliability Assessments team will publish a special assessment on the potential impact of emerging and proposed environmental regulations to the reliability of the BPS. This will include updates to the previous report on the Reliability Impacts of Climate Change Initiatives (RICCI), as well as a focus on new and existing source CO<sub>2</sub> requirements. (RAPA)

# **Project: Protection System Reliability Analysis**

The Reliability Initiatives and System Analysis team will continue analysis of single-point-of-failure data reported in response to Order No. 754 to determine whether an industry response is necessary. The results of that analysis will be presented to the RISC for their advice on possible ERO responses. (RAPA-RRM)

#### **Project: Guidelines for Coordination of Protection Systems and Other Devices**

The Reliability Initiatives and System Analysis team will work with stakeholders to develop a best practices document. Included in the scope is coordination of the design and operation of transmission system protection, generator protection and control, special protection systems, and under-frequency and under-voltage load-shedding programs. Additionally, modeling necessary for assessing coordination through planning and operating assessments of system performance will be considered. (RAPA)

#### **Project: Emergency Transformer Replacement**

The Reliability Assessments and the Performance Analysis teams will work with industry to encourage participation in coordination support programs such as the Spare Equipment Database and the Spare Transformer Equipment Program. Reliability Assessments and Performance Analysis will also work to share information regarding the Recovery Transformer Program. (RAPA)

#### **Project: Protection System Guidelines**

The Reliability Initiatives and System Analysis team will develop good industry practices and guidelines to aid in the proper application of relay elements to minimize setting errors, maintain microprocessor-based relay firmware, and apply power line carrier communication-aided protection. (RAPA-RRM)

The overall impact of resource allocations on the NERC budget reflected in the individual project program areas is reflected in the summary overview below.

# **Resource Requirements**

#### Personnel

No additional personnel are proposed to be added in 2015. The 0.7 FTE increase is the result of a 2014 reallocation of personnel from other departments.

# **Contractor Expenses**

The total contractor and consultant expenses for the department are projected at \$955.5k, representing an approximate \$317.4k increase over the 2014 budget. The 2015 contractor and consulting resources are described below and are grouped into four categories:

- 1. Research and Initiative Implementation, Tracking, and Reporting
  - a. Reliability Effects of GMD
  - b. Vegetation Management Research
- 2. Special and Long-Term Assessments and State of Reliability Analysis
  - a. Scenario assessment consultants
- 3. Licensing and Support of Existing Databases
- 4. Software Application Development—Replacement for the software application for industry access to GADS data is included in the Information Technology Capital budget, as are costs related to the development of enterprise software applications such as the Reliability Assessment Database applications.

			tivities and et & Project								
			SMENTS ar								
F d'	KEJADILI		2014 Budget		2014 Projection	20 v	Variance 14 Projection 2014 Budget Over(Under)		2015 Budget	v	Variance 2015 Budget 2014 Budget Over(Under)
Funding	ERO Funding										
	NERC Assessments Penalty Sanctions	\$	8,214,496 43,190	\$	8,214,496 43,190	\$	0	\$	9,571,195 186,581	\$	1,356,699 143,391
	Total NERC Funding	\$	8,257,686	\$	8,257,686	\$	0	\$	9,757,776	\$	1,500,090
	Third-Party Funding Testing Fees		-		-		-		-		
	Services & Software Workshops		50,000 40,000		50,000 40,000		-		50,000 17,500		- (22 500
	Interest		2,913		40,000		(2,508)		474		(22,500 (2,439
	Miscellaneous		-		-		<u> </u>		-		<u> </u>
Total Fund	ling (A)	\$	8,350,598	\$	8,348,091	\$	(2,508)	\$	9,825,750	\$	1,475,151
Expenses											
	Personnel Expenses	\$	2 604 050	٠,	2 960 000	Ļ	264.040	Ļ	2 022 400	ć	220 422
	Salaries Payroll Taxes	Ş	2,604,058 159,156	\$	2,869,006 192,226	\$	264,948 33,070	\$	2,833,480 176,963	\$	229,422 17,807
	Benefits		333,241		331,374		(1,867)		356,502		23,261
	Retirement Costs		294,179	_	289,783		(4,396)		317,664		23,485
	Total Personnel Expenses	\$	3,390,634	\$	3,682,389	\$	291,755	\$	3,684,609	\$	293,975
	Meeting Expenses										
	Meetings	\$	90,000	\$	90,000	\$	-	\$	90,018	\$	18
	Travel		385,000		314,691		(70,309)		313,993		(71,007
	Conference Calls		31,950	_	31,950		-		31,500		(450
	Total Meeting Expenses	\$	506,950	\$	436,641	\$	(70,309)	\$	435,511	\$	(71,439)
	Operating Expenses										
	Consultants & Contracts Office Rent	\$	638,085 -	\$	804,652 -	\$	166,567 -	\$	955,450 -	\$	317,365 -
	Office Costs		139,135		143,099		3,964		152,386		13,251
	Professional Services Miscellaneous		500		500		-		500		-
	Depreciation		228,000		298,743		70,743		228,000		-
	Total Operating Expenses	\$	1,005,720	\$	1,246,994	\$	241,274	\$	1,336,336	\$	330,616
	Total Direct Expenses	\$	4,903,304	\$	5,366,024	\$	462,720	\$	5,456,456	\$	553,152
	Indirect Expenses	\$	3,570,148	\$	4,167,869	\$	597,721	\$	4,149,598	\$	579,449
	Other Non-Operating Expenses	\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Total Expe	nses (B)	\$	8,473,452	\$	9,533,893	\$	1,060,441	\$	9,606,054	\$	1,132,601
Change in	Assets	\$	(122,854)	\$	(1,185,803)	\$	(1,062,949)	\$	219,696	\$	342,550
Fixed Asse	uts.										
i ixeu Asse	Depreciation		(228,000)		(298,743)		(70,743)		(228,000)		_
	Computer & Software CapEx		-		-		-		200,000		200,000
	Furniture & Fixtures CapEx		_		_		_				
	Equipment CapEx		_		_		_		_		_
	Leasehold Improvements		-		-		-		-		-
	Allocation of Fixed Assets	\$	105,146	\$	37,879	\$	(67,267)		247,696	\$	142,550
Inc(Dec) in	Fixed Assets ( C )	\$	(122,854)	\$	(260,864)	\$	(138,010)	\$	219,696	\$	342,550
TOTAL BUI	DGET (=B + C)	\$	8,350,598	\$	9,273,029	\$	922,431	\$	9,825,750	\$	1,475,151
	FTEs		18.99		19.59		0.60		19.70		0.71
	1129		10.33		13.33		0.00		15.70		0.71

# Summary of Variances by Category - 2015 Budget Compared to 2014 Budget

- **Personnel** The increase in personnel expense is primarily due to the transfer of one FTE from another department in 2014, partially offset by an increase in the across-the-board FTE adjustment to account for attrition and hiring delays—from 4% in 2014 to 6% in 2015. Payroll tax expenses are increasing at a slightly higher percentage than the other expense categories due to a higher maximum salary subject to FICA taxes.
- **Meetings, Travel and Conferencing Expenses** The decrease in travel expenses is based on prior year actual and projected 2014 costs.
- Consultants and Contracts The increase is for (1) contracts related to vegetation research (FAC-003), (2) additional software application development and support requirements, and (3) maintenance for pc-GAR.
- Indirect Expenses and Allocation of Fixed Assets Indirect expenses and allocation of fixed assets is higher due to higher administrative services expenses to be allocated to the direct programs, as explained on page xxi.

# **Reliability Risk Management**

NERC's Reliability Risk Management (RRM) group carries out the ERO's statutory responsibility to perform assessments (real-time or near-real-time) of the reliability and adequacy of the BES, including identifying potential issues of concern relating to system, equipment, entity, and human performance that may indicate the need to develop new or modified Reliability Standards. RRM has two departments: (1) Situation Awareness and (2) Event Analysis. These departments are responsible for four primary functions: (1) BES awareness; (2) event analysis and determination of root and contributing causes; (3) assessment of human performance challenges that affect BES reliability and identification of improvement opportunities; and (4) support of the NERC Operating Committee.

RRM's functions and resources are directly focused on proactive awareness of BES conditions and all events over a threshold of certain risk or impact. Through awareness and continuous assessment, RRM identifies potential reliability risks to the BES. RRM analyzes events in detail, addresses the most significant risks to BES reliability, and ensures that industry is well informed of system events, emerging trends, risk analysis, and lessons learned. Through performing these functions, RRM provides data and analysis to inform the other aspects of NERC's statutory functions. The group also provides strategic direction for using risk-based concepts in planning and executing its responsibilities.

**Situation Awareness Department** 

		tion Awareness whole dollars)						
	;	2014 Budget	2015 Budget	Increase (Decrease)				
Total FTEs		6.24		6.10		(0.14)		
Direct Expenses	\$	2,891,092	\$	2,446,801	\$	(444,292)		
Indirect Expenses	\$	1,173,129	\$	1,284,901	\$	111,771		
Other Non-Operating Expenses	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-		
Inc(Dec) in Fixed Assets		519,043		(84,800)		(603,843)		
TOTAL BUDGET	\$	4,583,264	\$	3,646,902	\$	(936,363)		

#### **Background and Scope**

The ERO enhances BPS situation awareness by having Reliability Coordinators provide near-real-time operating information for their respective footprints to FERC, NERC, and the Regional Entities. This is a way to gauge the reliability of the interconnections and monitor parameters indicative of a developing crisis. The ERO monitors present conditions on the BPS and provides leadership coordination, technical expertise, and assistance to industry in responding to events.

## **Stakeholder Engagement and Benefit**

The Situation Awareness department works with registered entities to monitor conditions on the high-voltage transmission lines, associated substations, and large generators using various software tools and applications. NERC coordinates with Regional Entities and registered entities to notify them of various types of disturbances (hurricanes, tornados, earthquakes, solar flares, etc.) that could negatively impact the BES. NERC relies on Regional Entity staff to facilitate communications between NERC and registered

entities. Additionally, when significant BES disturbances occur, NERC facilitates the coordination of communication between registered entities and applicable governmental authorities.

# **Key Situation Awareness Efforts Underway in 2014**

Several reliability-related situation awareness and monitoring tools will undergo enhancement, replacement, streamlining, or adjustment in sponsorship by the end of 2014. Similar to the successful transition of the Interchange Distribution Calculator (IDC) to industry sponsorship, the North American Synchrophasor Initiative will no longer be sponsored, funded, or managed by NERC by the end of 2014.

Situation Awareness is focused on the following in 2014: (1) operation and maintenance of Situation Awareness for NERC, FERC, and Regions, Version 2 (SAFNRv2) software application used for monitoring; (2) replacement of the current secure alert tool with a streamlined alert process that will notify industry via email and direct entity representatives to the NERC alerts page for public alerts and to the ES-ISAC portal for confidential, non-public alerts; and (3) transfer of NERCnet (Frame Relay Contract) – Interconnection Security Network (ISN) to the Eastern Interconnection Data Sharing Network consortium.

### **2015 Goals and Deliverables**

In 2015, Situation Awareness will seek to accomplish several specific goals and objectives as part of the strategic focus of the ERO Enterprise:

- 1. Ensure that the ERO is aware of all BES events above a threshold of impact.
- 2. Ensure the sharing of information and data to facilitate wide-area situational awareness.
- 3. During crisis situations, facilitate the exchange of information among industry, Regions, and U.S. and Canadian governments.
- 4. Keep industry informed of emerging reliability threats and risks to the BES, including any expected actions.
- 5. Conduct the annual NERC Monitoring and Situational Awareness Conference and Human Performance Conference.
- 6. Enhance tracking of notification of expected actions in response to emerging actions to promote greater industry accountability.
- 7. Issue timely updates regarding progress toward resolving issues identified in Recommendations and Essential Actions.

Situation Awareness utilizes the following reliability-related tools to support department activities:

#### Resource Adequacy (ACE Frequency) Tool

This software application provides continuous monitoring of key resource adequacy performance metrics, including pre-established thresholds and limits defined in standards. It alerts Reliability Coordinators and resource subcommittees to conditions that could result in critical inadequacies, such as major tie errors, inaccurate load forecasts, and inadequate frequency response.

#### Inadvertent Interchange

This tool facilitates the entering of monthly scheduling data and submittal of monthly inadvertent performance standards reports to NERC. It also assists in the monitoring and resolution of reliability issues originated by inadvertent interchange imbalances.

#### Frequency Monitoring and Analysis Tool

This tool detects frequency events and captures key frequency response information for each interconnection.

#### **Intelligent Alarms Tool**

This tool detects short-term and long-term frequency deviations using data transmitted to NERC by the Balancing Authorities. When coupled with the FNet<sup>19</sup> and Frequency Monitoring and Analysis tools, this tool allows immediate differentiation of the cause of a frequency deviation—a generator trip or a scheduling error.

# **Automated Reliability Reports**

Automated Reliability Reports are daily and monthly summaries of historical load generation resource adequacy and control performance for the three interconnections. These reports are used for monitoring frequency response and performing trending analysis. This tool relies on data supplied to the Resource Adequacy Tool.

# Area Interchange Error Monitoring Tool

This is an automatic data collection tool for post-analysis of frequency excursions. It is used in major system disturbances as part of the frequency response analysis.

#### Other Monitoring Tools

The company may procure additional, more granular tools to assist in maintaining situation awareness.

#### **Resource Requirements**

#### Personnel

No additional personnel are projected for the Situation Awareness department in 2015.

#### **Contractor Expenses**

The overall funding of approximately \$1.1M for contractors and consultants (which includes the cost of the tools set forth above) to support the Situation Awareness department in 2015 is approximately \$211.8k below 2014 budget levels. The detailed 2015 contractor and consulting budget for the Situation Awareness department is set forth in Exhibit C, together with a comparison to 2014 budgeted amounts.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>19</sup> FNet – Operated by the Power Information Technology Laboratory at the University of Tennessee, FNET is a low-cost, quickly deployable GPS-synchronized wide-area frequency measurement network. High dynamic accuracy Frequency Disturbance Recorders (FDRs) are used to measure the frequency, phase angle, and voltage of the power system at ordinary 120 V outlets. The measurement data are continuously transmitted via the internet to the FNET servers hosted at the University of Tennessee and Virginia Tech.

201	14 Bud	get & Proje	ctio	n, and 201	5 Buc	lget				
		SITUATION								
		2014 Budget		2014 Projection	201 v 2	Variance L4 Projection 2014 Budget ever(Under)		2015 Budget		Variance 2015 Budget v 2014 Budget Over(Under)
Funding							_			
ERO Funding	_	4 402 445		1 102 115	Ļ	(0)	ć	2 500 004	ć	1004.42
NERC Assessments Penalty Sanctions	\$	4,493,115 14,192		4,493,115 14,192	\$	(0) 0	\$	3,588,981 57,774	\$	(904,13- 43,58
Total NERC Funding	\$	4,507,307	\$	4,507,307	\$	(0)	\$	3,646,755	\$	(860,55
Third-Party Funding										
Third-Party Funding Testing Fees		-		-		-		-		-
Services & Software		-		-		-		-		-
Workshops		75,000		-		(75,000)		-		(75,00
Interest		957		127		(830)		147		(81
Miscellaneous		-		-		<u> </u>		-		-
Total Funding (A)	\$	4,583,264	\$	4,507,434	\$	(75,830)	\$	3,646,902	\$	(936,36
Expenses										
Personnel Expenses										
Salaries	\$	915,216	\$	848,082	\$	(67,134)	\$	849,802	\$	(65,41
Payroll Taxes		60,207		62,308		2,101		55,831		(4,37
Benefits		109,501		103,873		(5,628)		112,106		2,60
Retirement Costs	\$	104,293	\$	87,916 1 102 179	\$	(16,377)	\$	95,226 1 112 965	\$	(9,06 (76.25
Total Personnel Expenses	<u>\$</u>	1,189,217	<u> </u>	1,102,179	<u> </u>	(87,038)	<u>&gt;</u>	1,112,965	Þ	(76,25
Meeting Expenses	^	171 000	٠,	F 000	ċ	(166,000)	ċ	F 000	ċ	1100.00
Meetings Travel	\$	171,000 28,020	\$	5,000 47,000	\$	(166,000) 18,980	\$	5,000 45,882	\$	(166,00 17,86
rravei Conference Calls		28,020 4,000		47,000 792		(3,208)		45,882 2,610		17,86
Total Meeting Expenses	\$	203,020	\$	52,792	\$	(150,228)	\$	53,492	\$	(1,59)
Operating Expenses										
Consultants & Contracts	\$	1,289,108	\$	1,445,337	\$	156,229	\$	1,077,321	\$	(211,78
Office Rent	Y	,_33,100	Ý	-,	Ψ.		7	-,3,321	7	(===,,0
Office Costs		47,750		41,070		(6,680)		41,025		(6,72
Professional Services		-		-		-		-		-
Miscellaneous		500		-		(500)		500		-
Depreciation T-1-1		161,498		718	-	(160,779)	_	161,498	_	-
Total Operating Expenses	\$	1,498,856	\$	1,487,125	\$	(11,730)	\$	1,280,343	\$	(218,51
Total Direct Expenses	\$	2,891,092	\$	2,642,096	\$	(248,996)	\$	2,446,801	\$	(444,29
Indirect Expenses	\$	1,173,129	\$	1,306,315	\$	133,186	\$	1,284,901	\$	111,77
Other Non-Operating Expenses	\$	-	\$		\$		\$		\$	
Total Expenses (B)	<u></u>	4,064,222	\$	3,948,412	\$	(115,810)	\$	3,731,701	\$	(332,52
Change in Assets	\$	519,043	\$	559,022	<u>,                                    </u>	39,980	\$	(84,800)	\$	(603,84
energe in roots	<u> </u>	515,043	7	333,022	· ·	33,360	<u>,</u>	(04,000)	۰	(003,84
Fixed Assets										
Depreciation		(161,498)		(718)		160,779		(161,498)		-
Computer & Software CapEx		645,990		-		(645,990)		-		(645,99
Furniture & Fixtures CapEx		-		-		-		-		-
Equipment CapEx Leasehold Improvements		-		-		-		-		-
Allocation of Fixed Assets	\$	34,550	\$	- 11,872		(22,678)		- 76,698		- 42,14
Inc(Dec) in Fixed Assets ( C )	\$	519,043	\$	11,154	\$	(507,889)	\$	(84,800)	\$	(603,84
TOTAL BUDGET (=B + C)	\$	4,583,264	\$	3,959,566	\$	(623,699)	\$	3,646,902	\$	(936,36
FTEs		6.24		6.14		(0.10)		6.10		(0.1
										•

# Summary of Variances by Category – 2015 Budget Compared to 2014 Budget

- **Funding** The decrease in workshop fees is due to the transfer of the synchrophasor technology to the private sector. The 2014 budget for workshop fees was for the potential continued sponsorship of the North American Synchrophasor Initiative (NASPI) workshops during the transition.
- **Personnel** The reduction in salaries, payroll taxes, and retirement costs is due to an increase in the across the board FTE adjustment to account for attrition and hiring delays from 4% in 2014 to 6% in 2015. The increase in benefits is due to budgeted market increases in medical and dental plan costs.
- Meetings, Travel, and Conferencing Expenses The increase in Travel Expenses reflects budgeted staffing levels and expanded participation in cross-departmental efforts with RAPA and Standards. The decrease in meetings is due to allocation of the quarterly standing committee meetings to other departments and the transfer of costs associated with the Grid Security Conference to the CID program.
- Consultants and Contracts The decrease is due to a reduction in costs related to SAFNR, NERCnet, and the Secure Alerting System, offset by an increase in the cost of Reliability Tools. The increase in Reliability Tools is due to new costs for tool additions, offset by a reduction in costs due to the elimination of Automated Reliability Reports and AIE Monitoring tools.
- Office Costs The slight decrease is due to lower telecommunications costs on a per-FTE basis.
- Indirect Expenses and Fixed Assets Indirect expenses and allocation of fixed assets is higher due
  to higher administrative services expenses to be allocated to the direct programs as explained on
  page 22. Total Fixed Assets is lower due to the transfer of application software development
  funding to Information Technology and Fixed Assets.

**Event Analysis Department** 

Event Analysis Beparament					
		ent Analysis whole dollars)			
	2	014 Budget	2	015 Budget	Increase (Decrease)
Total FTEs		9.60		9.38	(0.22)
Direct Expenses	\$	2,384,069	\$	2,303,098	\$ (80,969)
Indirect Expenses	\$	1,804,814	\$	1,975,798	\$ 170,984
Other Non-Operating Expenses	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -
Inc(Dec) in Fixed Assets	\$	(140,512)	\$	(75,728)	\$ 64,784
TOTAL BUDGET	\$	4,048,371	\$	4,203,169	\$ 154,798

# **Background and Scope**

The Event Analysis department performs assessments of the reliability and adequacy of the BES. This includes identifying potential issues of concern related to system, equipment, entity, and human performance that may indicate a need to develop remediation strategies, action plans, or data used to revise Reliability Standards or consider new Reliability Standards. The department analyzes and determines the cause of the events, promptly assures tracking of corrective actions to prevent recurrence, and provides lessons learned to the industry. Event Analysis ensures that reporting and analysis are consistent to allow wide-area assessment of trends and risks. The department analyzes all reportable events for sequence of events, root cause, risk to reliability, and mitigation and keeps the industry well informed of system events, emerging trends, risk analysis, lessons learned, and expected actions.

The Event Analysis department also includes budgeted resources for the investigation team. These resources are currently managed in the Compliance Analysis and Certification department and are used to review formal complaints and conduct non-public compliance investigations. They are also used to assist in the review of registered entity compliance assessments to verify that compliance gaps are assessed in all reportable events. The event investigation group supports NERC's statutory responsibility of developing Reliability Standards and assessing the reliability and adequacy of the BES, as well as monitoring and enforcing compliance with mandatory Reliability Standards.

Additional resources within this department focus on identifying human-error risks and those precursor factors that allow human error to impact system reliability. The department educates industry regarding risks, precursors, and mitigation methods. Resources also support compliance and standards training initiatives, as well as trending and analysis to identify emerging reliability risks to the BES. These efforts are conducted in collaboration with industry human performance projects, including WECC's Human Performance Working Group, the NERC Operating Committee's Event Analysis Subcommittee, the Institute of Nuclear Power Operations (INPO), and the Electric Power Research Institute.

# Stakeholder Engagement and Benefit

The Event Analysis department coordinates event analyses to support the use of collective resources, consistency in analysis, and timely delivery of event analysis reports.<sup>20</sup> The ERO disseminates to the

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>20</sup> The core process for Event Analysis is outlined in the Board-approved process: Electric Reliability Organization Event Analysis Process - Version 2 (July 2013).

electric industry lessons learned and other useful information obtained from or as a result of event analysis. The Event Analysis team has conducted in-depth analyses of over 135 events per year. In 2013, the team also conducted calls facilitated by the Regional Entities with over 70 registered entities to discuss in detail and finalize root and contributing causes for the categorized events analyzed. Major analysis to date includes assessment of Energy Management System (EMS) outages and the publication of an updated advisory with recommendations and actions to be taken upon loss of EMS and the identification of specific equipment failures and the associated remediation.

#### **Collaboration with the Trade Associations and Forums**

The activities of the North American Transmission Forum (NATF), the North American Generator Forum (NAGF), trade associations, and other industry groups are expected to compliment ERO Enterprise activities and limit the need to add incremental resources to the NERC and Regional Entity business plans and budgets that might otherwise be required in the absence of these forums.

In 2013, NERC entered into a memorandum of understanding (MOU) with the NATF to help ensure that the common objectives of each organization are achieved in the most efficient and effective manner. There is mutual agreement, with no commitment of funds, to coordinate sharing of selected information, engage in the development and maintenance of mutual reliability initiatives, and provide periodic reports to pertinent audiences. A similar agreement is under development with the NAGF in 2014.

Joint reliability initiative projects between the NATF and NERC that are expected to continue into 2015 include protection systems misoperations reduction, physical security, various activities related to reliability assurance initiatives, improvement of modeling practices, and complementary efforts on addressing the GMD challenges.

#### **2015 Goals and Deliverables**

In 2015, the Event Analysis department will seek to accomplish several specific goals and objectives as part of the strategic focus of the ERO Enterprise:

- Work with the Regional Entities to obtain and review information from registered entities
  regarding qualifying events and disturbances in order to advance awareness of events above a
  threshold level; facilitate analysis of root and contributing causes, risks to reliability, wide-area
  assessments, and remediation efforts; and disseminate information regarding events in a timely
  manner.
- 2. Ensure that all reportable events (approximately 135 annually) are analyzed for sequence of events, root cause, risk to reliability, and mitigation.
- 3. Refine risk-based methodologies to support better identification of reliability risks, including the use of more sophisticated cause codes for analysis.
- 4. Ensure consistency in reporting and analysis to support wide-area assessments of significant reliability trends and risks.
- Conduct training (webinars, workshops, and conference support) to inform industry and the ERO
  of lessons learned, root cause analysis, cause coding, human performance, and cold weather
  preparedness and recommendations.
- 6. Develop reliability recommendations and alerts as needed.
- 7. Track industry accountability for critical reliability recommendations.

- 8. Ensure that industry is well informed of system events, emerging trends, risk analysis, lessons learned, and expected actions.
- 9. Conduct major event analysis and reporting of major findings and recommendations that will improve reliability.
- 10. Advance the quality and usefulness of reliability assessments and event analysis data.

The Event Analysis department will also support several of the top-priority reliability risk projects during 2015–2016, as identified and described under the Reliability Assessment and Performance Analysis department section of this business plan and budget.

# **Resource Requirements**

#### Personnel

No additional personnel are planned to be added to the Event Analysis department in 2015.

# **Contractor Expenses**

No additional consulting and contractor support is budgeted in 2015.

	201	4 Bud	get & Proje	ctio	n, and 201	5 Buc	lget				
			EVENT	ANA		201 v 2	Variance 4 Projection 014 Budget ver(Under)		2015 Budget	20 v 20	Variance 15 Budget 014 Budget Ver(Under)
Funding					•		, ,				,
	ERO Funding										
	NERC Assessments	\$	3,975,065	\$	3,975,065	\$	0	\$	4,066,804	\$	91,740
	Penalty Sanctions Total NERC Funding	\$	21,834 <b>3,996,898</b>	\$ <b>\$</b>	21,834 <b>3,996,899</b>	\$	0	\$	88,839 <b>4,155,643</b>	\$	67,005
	TOTAL NERC FUILDING	_ >_	3,330,030	<u>, , </u>	3,330,633	<u>, ,                                   </u>		<u>,                                     </u>	4,133,043	<del>-&gt;</del>	158,745
	Third-Party Funding		-		-		-		-		-
	Testing Fees		-		-		-		-		-
	Services & Software		-		-		-		47.200		- (2.70)
	Workshops Interest		50,000 1,473		50,000 197		(1,276)		47,300 226		(2,70) (1,24)
	Miscellaneous		-		-		(1,270)		-		(1,24
Total Fundi		\$	4,048,371	\$	4,047,096	\$	(1,275)	\$	4,203,169	\$	154,79
					· ·				, ,		•
xpenses	Danisan of Francisco										
	Personnel Expenses Salaries	\$	1,470,290	\$	1,441,975	\$	(28,315)	\$	1,447,159	\$	(23,13
	Payroll Taxes	Ş	91,480	Ş	97,486	ş	6,006	Ş	92,831	Ş	1,35
	Benefits		168,463		156,895		(11,568)		173,284		4,82
	Retirement Costs		167,286		154,123		(13,163)		162,193		(5,093
	Total Personnel Expenses	\$	1,897,519	\$	1,850,479	\$	(47,040)	\$	1,875,467	\$	(22,052
	Mooting Evnonces										
	Meeting Expenses  Meetings	\$	67,000	\$	95,000	\$	28,000	\$	79,228	\$	12,228
	Travel	Y	155,000	Ą	109,000	Y	(46,000)	Y	114,500	Y	(40,500
	Conference Calls		31,864		10,000		(21,864)		10,000		(21,86
	Total Meeting Expenses	\$	253,864	\$	214,000	\$	(39,864)	\$	203,728	\$	(50,136
	Operating Expenses										
	Consultants & Contracts	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
	Office Rent	•		*	_	*	_	•	-	*	
	Office Costs		38,519		45,718		7,199		29,736		(8,78
	Professional Services		-		-		-		-		-
	Miscellaneous		500		-		(500)		500		-
	Depreciation		193,667		704		(192,962)		193,667		-
	Total Operating Expenses	\$	232,686	\$	46,422	\$	(186,264)	\$	223,903	\$	(8,78
	Total Direct Expenses	\$	2,384,069	\$	2,110,901	\$	(273,168)	\$	2,303,098	\$	(80,970
	Indirect Expenses	\$	1,804,814	\$	2,021,172	\$	216,358	\$	1,975,798	\$	170,98
	·										
	Other Non-Operating Expenses	_\$_		\$		\$		\$	-	\$	-
Total Expen	` ,	\$	4,188,883	\$	4,132,073	\$	(56,810)	\$	4,278,897	\$	90,01
Change in A	Assets	\$	(140,512)	\$	(84,977)	\$	55,535	\$	(75,728)	\$	64,784
Fixed Asset											
iven W226£	Depreciation		(193,667)		(704)		192,962		(193,667)		_
	Computer & Software CapEx		-		-		-		-		_
	Furniture & Fixtures CapEx		-		-		-		-		_
	Equipment CapEx		-		-		-		-		-
	Leasehold Improvements		-		-		-		-		-
	Allocation of Fixed Assets	\$	53,154	\$	18,369		(34,785)		117,939		64,78
ma/Do -\ !:- !	Fixed Assets ( C )		(140 542)	_	17.00		150 477	_			C 4 70
	Fixed Assets ( C )	\$	(140,512)		17,665	\$	158,177	\$		\$	64,784
OTAL BUD	GET (=B + C)	\$	4,048,371	\$	4,149,738	\$	101,367	\$	4,203,169	\$	154,798
	FTEs		9.60		9.50		(0.10)		9.38		(0.22

# Summary of Variances by Category – 2015 Budget Compared to 2014 Budget

- Personnel Salaries and retirement expenses are projected to remain approximately the same in 2015. The slight variances are the result of an increase in the across-the-board FTE adjustment to account for attrition and hiring delays—from 4% in 2014 to 6% in 2015. The percentage increase in payroll taxes is due to a higher maximum salary subject to FICA taxes.
   Benefits are projected to be higher due to a projected market increase in health and dental plan costs.
- Meetings, Travel, and Conferencing Expenses A slight increase in meeting expenses is due to greater participation in RAPA and Standards activities. RRM supports various activities with technical experts and subject matter experts. The decrease in travel and conferencing expenses is based on 2013 actual and projected 2014 costs.
- Office Costs The decrease is due to lower telecommunications costs on a per-FTE basis.
- Indirect Expenses and Allocation of Fixed Assets Indirect expenses and allocation of fixed
  assets is higher due to higher administrative services expenses to be allocated to the direct
  programs, as explained on page xxii.

# **Critical Infrastructure**

Critical	Increase		
	2014 Budget	2015 Budget	(Decrease)
Total FTEs	12.48	8.44	(4.04)
Direct Expenses	\$ 3,092,349	\$ 2,612,056	\$ (480,293)
Indirect Expenses	\$ 2,346,259	\$ 1,777,797	\$ (568,462)
Other Non-Operating Expenses	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Inc(Dec) in Fixed Assets	\$ 69,101	\$ 106,120	\$ 37,019
TOTAL BUDGET	\$ 5,507,709	\$ 4,495,972	\$ (1,011,737)

# **Background and Scope**

NERC's Critical Infrastructure Department (CID) supports efforts to develop and administer critical infrastructure standards. CID conducts security outreach visits, provides training and exercise opportunities, and coordinates between industry and governmental entities on critical infrastructure protection (CIP) matters. The department accomplishes these activities through active CIP Standards Drafting Team participation and through programs such as the Security Reliability Program (SRP),<sup>21</sup> the annual Grid Security Conference (GridSecCon), and the biennial Grid Security Exercise (GridEx). The department also leverages public-private partnerships to examine CIP policy issues and provides staff-level support to NERC's Critical Infrastructure Protection Committee (CIPC), an industry-led committee comprised of industry experts in the areas of cybersecurity, physical security, and operational security.

# **Stakeholder Engagement and Benefit**

CID focuses its efforts on building partnerships and providing outreach to registered entities on emerging issues and best practices; in turn, the department relies on industry participation to strengthen, validate, and execute its programs. CID also coordinates with stakeholders to develop policy positions and determine the best strategies for program implementation. The department's continued coordination with government, across sectors, and through various other public-private partnerships also helps to keep stakeholders informed of policy activities on a national level and provides various opportunities for stakeholder comment and expertise. Through CIPC, industry experts also work together to discuss common concerns and develop policy recommendations to address those concerns.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>21</sup> Security Reliability Program, formerly known as the Sufficiency Review Program, was renamed to reflect the program's focus.

# **Key Critical Infrastructure Efforts Underway in 2014**

#### **CIP Standards Support**

The Critical Infrastructure Department continues to support the activities involved with Responsible Entities' transition from CIP Version 3 to Version 5.<sup>22</sup> Additionally, the department supported the Standards department by providing subject matter expertise to draft a physical security standard, as well as support for addressing FERC Order No. 791 directives.

# **Security Reliability Program (SRP)**

The SRP is a continuation of the Sufficiency Review Program from previous years. The program has been modified to focus on transitioning from CIP Version 3 implementation to CIP Version 5 implementation and includes discussion of issues raised during the CIP Transition Study conducted in 2013–2014. The program continues to provide timely and actionable advice to entities and their security and compliance programs in support of the CIP standards.

#### **GridEx III**

In 2014, the department is following up on 2013's GridEx II distributed play and executive tabletop lessons learned and using them to plan for the 2015 GridEx III. This biennial security exercise focuses on analyzing industry's response to a physical and cybersecurity scenarios. The distributed play exercise and executive tabletop activities aim to: (1) exercise the electric industry's readiness to respond to a security incident, incorporating lessons learned; (2) review existing command, control, and communication plans and tools for NERC and its stakeholders; (3) identify potential improvements in cybersecurity and physical security plans, programs, and responder skills; and (4) explore senior leadership policy decisions and triggers in response to a coordinated cyber and physical event of national significance with long-term grid reliability issues.

#### GridSecCon 2014

GridSecCon 2014 will be NERC's fourth annual conference focused on physical security and cybersecurity issues facing the Electricity Sub-sector. NERC holds the annual conference to: (1) build on NERC's mission to ensure the reliability of the North American BES through education and training; (2) deliver expert analysis on emerging physical security and cybersecurity threats and vulnerabilities; (3) discuss potential solutions to emerging industrial control system security issues; (4) provide a strategic focus on related public-private partnerships; and (5) provide information regarding ES-ISAC activities and participant benefits.

# **Policy and Coordination**

The department has been addressing policy issues from the 2013 Executive Order and Presidential Policy Directive and continues to monitor and contribute to these activities throughout 2014 and into 2015. In addition, the department continues to support the Policy and External Affairs department in tracking and analyzing legislation and congressional hearings, developing testimony, and completing other policy-related activities. CID also collaborates with NERC's government and private sector partners through both formal and informal structures.

#### CIPC

The CIPC fosters information sharing, provides industry leadership, and acts as a forum to exchange ideas pertaining to CIP security. In addition to analyzing reliability issues, the CIPC holds security briefings and

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>22</sup> In 2013, FERC approved CIP Version 5 (CIP-002-5 through CIP-011-1), which now categorizes cyber assets as Low, Medium, or High-Impact assets, requiring that all BES cyber assets be provided a level of protection based on their impact to the grid.

workshops throughout the year to educate industry about items such as physical security assessments and penetration testing. CIPC conducts its work by establishing task forces or working groups to address critical and timely security issues. Some existing working groups include: (1) Bulk Electric System Security Metrics Working Group; (2) Physical Response Guideline V3.0 Update Task Force; (3) Cyber Attack Tree Task Force; (4) Grid Exercise Working Group (GEWG) (which is instrumental in planning the scenario for NERC's GridEx series, as well as following up on lessons learned from the exercises); (5) Compliance Enforcement and Input Working Group; (6) Security Training Working Group; and (7) Physical Security Working Group.

These CIPC task forces and working groups continue their efforts to examine emerging security topics.

#### **2015 Goals and Deliverables**

In 2015, the Critical Infrastructure department will seek to accomplish several specific goals and objectives as part of the strategic focus of the ERO Enterprise:

- 1. Hold the annual GridSecCon, which focuses on physical security and cybersecurity issues facing the Electricity Sub-sector and builds on NERC's mission to ensure the reliability of the North American BES through education and training.
- 2. Conduct GridEx III, which focuses on analyzing industry's response to a physical security and cybersecurity scenario and gathering lessons learned.
- 3. Coordinate with government departments and agencies on critical infrastructure policy issues.
- 4. Support NERC External Affairs and CEO in preparations for public presentations and follow-on actions.
- 5. Support CIP standards development and implementation through outreach presentations, webinars, and other training opportunities.
- 6. Work with CIPC to address emerging risk issues and support risk projects in 2015, as needed.

# **Resource Requirements**

## Personnel

No additional personnel have been budgeted for this department; budgeted staffing is reduced from 12.48 FTEs in the 2014 budget to 8.44 FTEs in the 2015 budget due primarily to the transfer of CIP auditors to the Regional Entity Assurance and Oversight Department.

# **Contractor Expenses**

The 2015 budget includes funds for contractor support for GridExIII and CIPC support, which is in line with prior expenditures and reflects the fact that GridEx was not conducted or budgeted in 2014.

	Statement of A 2014 Bud	get & Proje								
	CRITICA	L INFRASTR	UCT	URE DEPAR	TME	NT				
		2014 Budget	ı	2014 Projection	v 2	Variance 14 Projection 2014 Budget Over(Under)		2015 Budget	v	Variance 2015 Budget v 2014 Budget Over(Under)
Funding	<del></del>	<u>v</u>	· — ·			,	_			/
ERO Funding		F 400 :		F 400	_			40.5		14 05-
NERC Assessn Penalty Sanct	·	5,432,411 28,383		5,428,058 28,383	\$	(4,353)	\$	4,343,333 79,936	\$	(1,089,078) 51,553
Total NERC Funding	\$	5,460,794	\$	5,456,441	\$	(4,353)	\$	4,423,269	\$	(1,037,525)
Third-Party F		-		-		-	_	-	_	-
Testing Fees	-	-		-		-		-		-
Services & So	ftware	-		-		-				-
Workshops		45,000		45,000		11 01 1		72,500		27,500
Interest Miscellaneou	IS	1,914		-		(1,914)		203		(1,711)
Total Funding (A)	\$	5,507,708	\$	5,501,441	\$	(6,267)	\$	4,495,972	\$	(1,011,736
Expenses										
Personnel Expenses										
Salaries	\$	1,883,806	\$	1,274,053	\$	(609,753)	\$	1,423,791	\$	(460,015
Payroll Taxes	;	113,362		81,027		(32,335)	\$	85,220		(28,142
Benefits		219,000		132,612		(86,388)	\$	152,786		(66,214
Retirement Co		214,632		125,862	*	(88,770)	\$	159,808	*	(54,824)
Total Personnel Expenses	<u>\$</u>	2,430,800	\$	1,613,554	\$	(817,246)	\$	1,821,605	\$	(609,195)
Meeting Expenses		145.000	_	145.000	<b>,</b>		_	422.42.	,	144 00=
Meetings Travel	\$	145,000 240,000	\$	145,000 170,000	\$	- (70,000)	\$ \$	133,134 188,358	\$	(11,866) (51,642)
Conference Co	alls	32,574		5,000		(70,000) (27,574)	\$ \$	21,500		(11,074)
Total Meeting Expenses	\$	417,574	\$	320,000	\$	(97,574)	\$	342,992	\$	(74,582)
Operating Expenses	<u></u>									
Consultants 8	& Contracts \$	190,000	\$	240,000	\$	50,000	\$	426,800	\$	236,800
Office Rent	<del></del>		7	-	*		\$		7	
Office Costs		53,475		47,587		(5,888)	\$	20,158		(33,317
Professional		-		-		-	\$	-		-
Miscellaneou		500		-		(500)	\$	500		-
Depreciation  Total Operating Expenses	\$	243,975	\$	16,377 <b>303,964</b>	\$	16,377 <b>59,989</b>	\$ <b>\$</b>	447,458	\$	203,483
rotal Operating expenses		-						447,458		•
Total Direct E	xpenses \$	3,092,349	\$	2,237,518	\$	(854,831)	\$	2,612,056	\$	(480,293)
Indirect Expenses	\$	2,346,259	\$	1,667,999	\$	(678,260)	\$	1,777,797	\$	(568,462)
Other Non-Operating Expe	nses \$		\$		\$		\$		\$	
Total Expenses (B)	\$	5,438,608	\$	3,905,517	\$	(1,533,091)	\$	4,389,853	\$	(1,048,755
Change in Assets	\$	69,100	\$	1,595,924	\$	1,526,824	\$	106,120	\$	37,020
	<del>-</del>									
Fixed Assets  Depreciation		_		(16,377)		(16,377)		_		
Computer & Software CapE	×	-		(10,3//)		(10,3//)		-		-
Furniture & Fixtures CapEx		-		-		-		-		-
Equipment CapEx		-		-		-		-		-
Leasehold Improvements		-		-		-		-		-
Allocation of Fixed Assets	\$	69,101	\$	15,159		(53,942)		106,120		37,019
nc(Dec) in Fixed Assets ( C )	\$	69,101	\$	(1,217)	\$	(70,318)	\$	106,120	\$	37,019
TOTAL BUDGET (=B + C)	\$	5,507,709	\$	3,904,299	\$	(1,603,410)	\$	4,495,972	\$	(1,011,737)

12.48

7.84 (4.64)

(4.04)

8.44

FTEs

# Summary of Variances by Category – 2015 Budget Compared to 2014 Budget

- **Funding** The increase in workshop fees is based upon 2013 actual results for the Grid Security Conference.
- **Personnel** The reduction in personnel expenses is primarily related to the transfer of (4) positions to other departments in 2014 and also due to an increase in the across-the-board FTE adjustment to account for attrition and hiring delays from 4% in 2014 to 6% in 2015.
- Meetings, Travel, and Conferencing Expenses The reduction in travel expenses is due to the transfer of FTEs to other departments in 2014. The reductions in meetings and conferencing expenses is based upon prior year actual and projected 2014 costs.
- **Consultants and Contracts** The increase is related to costs for the GridEx, which is held every other year.
- Office Costs The decrease is due to lower telecommunications expenses, resulting from having fewer FTEs in the department and a lower cost per FTE.
- **Indirect Expenses** The decrease in indirect expenses is due to a reduction in FTEs and in proportion to total FTEs in the statutory programs.

# **Electricity Sector Information Sharing and Analysis Center (ES-ISAC)**

	(in	ES-ISAC whole dollars)		
	2	2014 Budget	2015 Budget	Increase (Decrease)
Total FTEs		7.72	10.32	2.60
Direct Expenses	\$	2,609,660	\$ 11,466,588	\$ 8,856,928
Indirect Expenses	\$	1,451,372	\$ 2,173,799	\$ 722,428
Other Non-Operating Expenses	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -
Inc(Dec) in Fixed Assets	\$	42,937	\$ 229,758	\$ 186,821
TOTAL BUDGET	\$	4,103,969	\$ 13,870,144	\$ 9,766,176

# **Background and Scope**

The ES-ISAC was formed in 1998 when the U.S. Secretary of Energy requested that NERC serve as the ISAC<sup>23</sup> for the electricity sub-sector.<sup>24</sup> The ES-ISAC's primary function is the rapid and secure sharing of information with the electric industry and governmental entities regarding real and potential security threats to the electricity sector, as well as maintenance of the methods and tools used to avoid or mitigate the potential impact from these threats. ES-ISAC facilitates sector coordination, mitigation development, and mitigation delivery for physical security, cybersecurity, and all hazards events and is aligned to support ESCC intent under the National Infrastructure Protection Plan (NIPP).

In general, the ES-ISAC supports two functions: information sharing and analytics. These functions are vitally important to all other critical infrastructures and key resource sectors that have active ISACs. The ES-ISAC is a founding member of the National Council of ISACs and participates in daily coordination with its members to ensure effective collaboration. This close coordination is essential for addressing critical infrastructure protection and resilience within each sector, as well as the important interdependencies that exist among sectors.

The ES-ISAC develops alerts and notifications for distribution to registered entities. The ES-ISAC also utilizes its secure, private information-sharing portal to receive voluntary reports from industry members. This portal is designed with the unique ability to receive unattributed reports to increase information reporting.

The ES-ISAC also maintains a seat on the operations floor of the National Cybersecurity and Communications Integration Center (NCCIC) within the Department of Homeland Security (DHS). This

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>23</sup> The Information Security Analysis Center (ISAC) construct was conceived and operates under US Government authorities derived from Presidential Decision Directive 63, which was signed in 1998. The ISACs focus specifically on information sharing, analytics and sector activities directly related to the protection of critical infrastructure.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>24</sup> Subsequent administrations have sought to continue and strengthen information sharing in other sectors by establishing other sector-specific ISACs. In 2013, the Department of Energy (DOE) again reaffirmed its desire for NERC to continue to operate the ES-ISAC.

operations center is the hub for real-time, classified threat and vulnerability work, and the ES-ISAC serves a central private sector role in this operation. The NCCIC operations floor is where ES-ISAC personnel holding the appropriate security clearances analyze the threat and vulnerability component provided by the intelligence community to make initial determinations of potential BES impacts. The ES-ISAC maintains other information-sharing relationships throughout the U.S. and Canadian governments, including the DOE, Canadian Secret Intelligence Service, and U.S. Department of Defense. The ES-ISAC also coordinates information sharing with similar agencies in Australia, New Zealand, and the United Kingdom.

# **Stakeholder Engagement and Benefit**

The ES-ISAC directly benefits stakeholders through the following activities:

- Serving as a central coordination hub for electricity sector cyber risk and security information sharing, provision of mitigation advice, sector coordination support and authoritative reference material.
- Sharing information derived (declassified format) from classified threat and security vulnerability briefings that is otherwise not generally available.
- Information shared through the ES-ISAC enhances participant security assessments and capabilities.

# **Key ES-ISAC Efforts Underway in 2014**

In 2014 and into 2015, focus will remain on continued execution of capability maturation steps already underway, and process enhancements to ES-ISAC operations. For ES-ISAC, applied resources consist primarily of personnel and contractors who gather, analyze, and provide information regarding cybersecurity threats to industry through a secure communications portal, and the costs to operate and maintain that portal. Current capability maturation efforts include a portal update that will continue through 2015. Additionally, assessment support services and self-service assessment tool creation and refinement are planned for 2015. Having access to information regarding threats (including threats faced by other sectors, such as the financial and communications industries) and the ability to analyze the potential impact of these threats on the electric sector and rapidly share this information with industry enables the ES-ISAC to improve the security of the electricity sector.

#### **Maintaining Separation from Compliance and Enforcement**

In February 2012, the Board of Trustees approved an ES-ISAC Policy Statement that established a separation between the ES-ISAC and NERC's compliance and enforcement program. In support of this policy and in furtherance of one of the FERC recommendations from an audit of NERC, in June 2013, NERC requested comments from stakeholders regarding the impact on NERC's compliance-related activities of the walling off of certain staff from ES-ISAC activities (this is further detailed in the ES-ISAC Policy Statement). In response to the request for comments, stakeholders generally expressed support for this policy.<sup>25</sup> Commenters recommended even stronger separation of the ES-ISAC information-sharing function from NERC's compliance and enforcement function, including physical separation of ES-ISAC personnel from other NERC personnel, coupled with strong process management with explicit access restrictions from all NERC personnel. Commenters also recommended the adoption of standards of conduct and procedures similar to those governing separation of utility merchant and transmission functions, as well as a change in management reporting structure in which the ES-ISAC would report

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>25</sup> The full text of the comments may be found at the following link: http://www.nerc.com/gov/bot/FINANCE/2014%20Business%20Plan%20and%20Budget2nd%20Draft/ES-ISAC%20Comments%20Received%20as%20of%2008-02-13.pdf

directly to the NERC president and chief executive officer. In consideration of this input, NERC management undertook a number of initiatives, including:

- Separating the ES-ISAC from the Critical Infrastructure Department and having the ES-ISAC and the NERC chief security officer report directly to NERC's president and chief executive officer.
- Transferring CID auditors to the Regional Entity Assurance and Oversight Group which provides
  oversight of Regional Entity compliance functions. In addition to removing these auditors from
  the same department as ES-ISAC personnel, this transfer provides better functional alignment
  among the auditors and more efficient management of the compliance oversight and audit
  assurance function.
- Finalized and put in place a formal Employee Code of Conduct to further memorialize the existing separation of the ES-ISAC from Compliance Monitoring and Enforcement personnel. The Code of Conduct contains many of the principals incorporated in codes of conduct separating utility competitive and regulated operations.

Management also plans to exercise an option to acquire additional space in the company's Washington, D.C. office to physically separate the ES-ISAC from the company's other operations and restrict personnel access between operating areas and the ES-ISAC. In connection with the negotiation of that lease, management negotiated an option to lease the remaining space, which consists of approximately 6,200 rentable square feet on the 6<sup>th</sup> floor, where the company's offices are now located. The lease provides that the rent for the option space will be based on the "prevailing market." The projected annual cost of leasing the space at a lease rate equivalent to the rate per square foot for NERC's existing space of approximately \$50 per square foot would add approximately \$300k to the budget, assuming negotiation of a reasonable build out allowance. Estimated incremental operating costs would add an additional \$5k in annual costs to the budget.

#### **2015 Goals and Deliverables**

To keep pace with the growth and risk of cyber attacks and the associated need for information sharing with other sectors and industry to mitigate potential BES reliability risk, NERC's 2015 budget provides stable resource investment levels devoted to supporting the ES-ISAC. This resource support is primarily directed to three areas:

- 1. Improve the usability and functionality of the information-sharing portal.
- 2. Prepare a cyber risk preparedness toolkit to allow industry to conduct self-assessments of cyber risk preparedness.
- 3. Increase analytical capabilities, portal monitoring, and information sharing. Costs in 2015 associated with improving the portal and information-sharing capabilities consist primarily of software licensing fees. The toolkit will reduce NERC's projected ongoing costs for conducting individual cyber risk preparedness assessments for industry. Plans for 2015 include the early steps toward transitioning to an industry self-assessment model with declining ES-ISAC level of effort.

# **CRISP Program Participation**

The Cybersecurity Risk Information Sharing Program (CRISP) is a public-private partnership whose purpose is to facilitate timely information sharing of cyber threat information and to develop situation awareness tools that enhance the electricity sector's ability to identify, prioritize, and coordinate the protection of its critical infrastructure. CRISP provides near-real-time capability for critical infrastructure owners and

operators to voluntarily share cyber threat data, analyze this data, and receive machine-to-machine mitigation measures. Information-sharing devices that are installed on participants' networks send encrypted data to a CRISP analysis center operated by the Pacific Northwest National Labs, which analyzes the data it receives and sends alerts and mitigation measures back to CRISP participants through a secure network. NERC is proposing to assume a program managementrole of CRISP. Given the significance of this potential undertaking, a detailed description of NERC's oversight role, together with associated budgetary and funding projections is set forth in Exhibit F.

# **Resource Requirements**

#### Personnel

An administrative FTE is proposed to be added to the ES-ISAC department. The ES-ISAC currently shares administrative support with other departments. This FTE will be dedicated to supporting ES-ISAC personnel to facilitate the functional separation of ES-ISAC personnel from other operating areas. In addition and as further described in Exhibit F, NERC is proposing to add 2 FTEs to support CRISP.

## **Contractor Expenses**

Without CRISP, the 2015 contractor and consulting budget for ES-ISAC is approximately \$663k, which represents a decrease of approximately \$123k from the 2014 budget. The amount budgeted for 2015 includes funding for existing and added tools and technology. A discussion of the specific nature and need for these resources falls under three major categories: Program Level Support, Software and Services, and Events and Outreach. Exhibit C sets forth the budget for each of these categories of expense. Exhibit F sets forth additional detail regarding the CRISP budget, including contractor expenses.

# **Program Level Support**

#### **Portal Enhancement**

The ES-ISAC communication portal capabilities include: publishing alerts and other informational products, exchanging threat indicator information, and providing self-service access to user security awareness services. The ES-ISAC will continue development of a new portal platform that was initiated in 2014 as part of a long-term improvement strategy. Important new enhancements and improved capabilities are presently in use and development. These include facilitation of direct data exchange with other ISACs and government partners. The portal's improved capabilities support ES-ISAC analysts in their information analysis functions and directly tie the ES-ISAC analysts with their counterparts in other sectors and national laboratories.

#### Cyber Risk Preparedness Assessments (CRPA)

The CRPA is a program that assesses the cybersecurity capabilities of registered entities through facilitated tabletop exercises. Conducting these assessments allows the ES-ISAC to gain a better understanding of industry capabilities, identify key sector-level areas for improvement, and share best practices across the industry. Through the CRPA, participants gain an improved understanding of their cybersecurity programs and capabilities. The CRPA allows them to identify areas for improvement and enhance their abilities to respond to and recover from cyber events. The CRPA also educates participants through defined deliverables and best practices. The program incorporates many Electricity Subsector Cybersecurity Capability Maturity Model practices, which allows the participating organization to assess its cybersecurity program and use the CRPA to validate its assessment. The ES-ISAC is continuing to develop, and will deploy, a CRPA "kit" for entities to use to develop and run their own CRPAs. This kit will allow more sector members to leverage the CRPA methodology, which will have a more significant impact on overall sector preparedness. ES-ISAC staff will host training and education sessions on the kit to accelerate adoption of the methodology across the sector and move the program toward self-sustainment within the industry. The contractor and consulting budget to support CRPA engagements, complete kit development, and initiate kit deployment for use by industry partners has begun to decrease. The decrease reflects early cost efficiencies resulting from the transition to an industry self-assessment model.

#### **Cyber Awareness Monitoring**

A new class of cyber intelligence tools that collects and analyzes information and then alerts the user about selected threats is emerging in the marketplace. This collection and analysis goes beyond the individual organization's network perimeter and gives organizations like the ES-ISAC visibility across the entire industrial sector. Key global internet infrastructure data sources are combined with advanced visual analysis tools that provide ES-ISAC staff with enhanced analytic capabilities. The ES-ISAC currently licenses cyber awareness and continuous monitoring tools and services, including third-party services that provide real-time Internet communications visibility and analytics. During 2012 and 2013, the ES-ISAC worked with a vendor to develop a specific software visualization application that allows ES-ISAC staff to monitor malware and threats, as well as the general health of BES entities. ES-ISAC staff can then alert individual entities of problems. In 2014, the ES-ISAC portal will begin to provide individual asset owners a customized view of their asset networks. This view will provide the asset owner with insight into the organization's general network hygiene and highlight any significant network activity of concern.

#### **Software and Services**

#### **Software Integration Support Services**

The ES-ISAC operations center includes monitors used to display intelligence information provided from various software applications. Software integration services are routinely required from vendors providing existing and new software applications. Additional software must be licensed and maintained to display and integrate BES maps that have cyber intelligence information. The 2015 budget for software integration support services is approximately \$63k, a slight decrease from the 2014 budget. A portion of these costs is budgeted under Office Costs as software maintenance expenses.

#### **Analyst Workbench**

A strong technical analytic capability is needed to develop baselines and identify patterns and understandings of potential cyber-related threats. The analyst workbench toolset maintains historical information and allows a team to use and deliver consistent and repeatable analysis in both an operational (during an event) as well as nonoperational capacity. The analyst workbench will also offer stand-alone functionality for assessing and understanding cyber events. This workbench will include a threat database for historical correlation and various tools for network- and host-based analysis of malicious software.

#### **Secure Bidirectional Communications**

Certain emergent security situations may require the ES-ISAC to quickly transmit secure information from the ES-ISAC to DHS's NCCIC, DOE and its National Laboratories, and among different ES-ISAC registered users. The DOE recently developed the Contested Operational Network for Reporting and Defense (CONRAD) system for its own internal communications; CONRAD is now available for the ES-ISAC's use. The CONRAD system is an "out-of-band" network that ES-ISAC cyber analysts will use to communicate with their peers. The CONRAD system implements a specific network architecture that is separate from all regular site enterprise networks like Voice over Internet Protocol, normal email, web-based applications, and standard telephony. The CONRAD deployment is a fee-based service per network interface device; each location that participates in CONRAD requires a network interface device. CONRAD is also incorporated into CRISP with the expectation that every CRISP participant will have a device at its facility allowing for secure communications between all participants. NERC has budget for one device in 2015. If other devices are added, they will need to be funded from reserves.

#### **Events and Outreach**

## **Aurora Webinars and Technical Support**

In late 2006, a significant supply chain vulnerability was discovered in digital protective control devices that protect generators and motors in use throughout the BES. This vulnerability, named the Aurora Vulnerability, demonstrated a remote exploit that led to the destruction of a small generator as a proof of concept attack in early 2007. In June of 2007, NERC released a Level 1 Industry Advisory that specified actions that entities could take to help prevent exploitation. In October 2010, NERC released a second Aurora Alert, this time a Level 2 Recommendation to Industry. This second release also triggered a substantial increase in NERC's effort to close this vulnerability gap, and it required entities to report every six months until they closed the Alert actions. Prior to each required reporting period, the ES-ISAC holds three webinars to provide BES entities who are still working on their Aurora mitigations an opportunity to interact with the original authors and researchers who discovered the Aurora vulnerability. The ES-ISAC anticipates supporting limited webinar activity for this purpose until at least 2017.

#### **Intelligence Reporting Services**

ES-ISAC analytic personnel maintain a detailed understanding of emerging vulnerabilities and threats within the broad industrial control systems community, as well as within the more focused BES community. To support this intelligence role, the ES-ISAC budget includes the costs of a contract for intelligence services from a specialized security information service provider that focuses closely on the electricity subsector and has a working relationship with DOE's Idaho National Laboratory. These reporting services include weekly, quarterly, and annual news in the industrial controls systems and security space, along with expert guidance, opinion, and sourced material. This service gives ES-ISAC staff increased understanding of continuing trends, breaking news, and implications to the BES, which they utilize to keep registered entities informed of emerging BES risks through alerts and esisac.com security postings.

The ES-ISAC comparative Statement of Acitivities on the following page is inclusive of CRISP. See Exhibit F for additional supporting detail.

	Statement of Activities and Fixed Assets Expenditures 2014 Budget & Projection and 2015 Budget													
				SAC										
		2014 Budget		2014 Projection	v	14 Projection 2014 Budget Over(Under)		2015 Budget	v 2	015 Budget 2014 Budget Over(Under)				
Funding						,				,				
ERO Funding														
NERC Assessments*	\$	4,085,033		4,089,386	\$	4,353	\$	5,328,566	\$	1,243,533				
Penalty Sanctions		17,558		17,558				97,742		80,184				
Total NERC Funding	\$	4,102,591	\$	4,106,944	\$	4,353	\$	5,426,307	\$	1,323,716				
Third-Party Funding (CRISP)		-		-		-		8,943,589		8,943,589				
Interest		1,184		-		(1,184)		248		(936)				
Total Funding (A)	\$	4,103,775	\$	4,106,944	\$	3,169	\$	14,370,144	\$	10,266,369				
Expenses														
Personnel Expenses	_	4 000 075	_	1 200 225	_	/=0.0= · ·	4	4 700 105	_	202 = 2				
Salaries	\$	1,336,679	\$	1,283,028	\$	(53,651)	\$	1,733,405	\$	396,726				
Payroll Taxes		77,887		77,307		(580)		103,696		25,809				
Benefits Retirement Costs		135,474 151,967		128,072 141,032		(7,402) (10,935)		186,739 195,059		51,265 43,092				
Total Personnel Expenses	Ś	1,702,007	\$	1,629,439	\$	(72,568)	\$	2,218,899	\$	516,892				
•		1,, 02,007	<u> </u>	_,0_0,700	· <del></del>	(, 2,300)	<u>,</u>	_,0,055	<u> </u>	310,032				
Meeting Expenses  Meetings			\$		\$		\$	60,000	\$	60,000				
Travel		88,428	Ş	95,000	Ş	6,572	Ş	126,000	Ş	37,572				
Conference Calls		00,420		19,848		19,848		24,885		24,885				
Total Meeting Expenses	\$	88,428	\$	114,848	\$	26,420	\$	210,885	\$	122,457				
On a wation Francisco														
Operating Expenses  Consultants & Contracts	\$	786,450	\$	701,600	\$	(84,850)	\$	8,329,390	\$	7,542,940				
Office Rent	Ş	700,430	\$ \$	701,000	Ş	(04,030)	Ģ	0,343,330	Ş	1,542,540				
Office Costs		32,775	۶ \$	47,728		14,953		356,914		324,139				
Professional Services		32,773	\$	-		,555		350,000		350,000				
Miscellaneous			\$	-		-		500		500				
Depreciation			\$	-		-		-		-				
Total Operating Expenses	\$	819,225	\$	749,328	\$	(69,897)	\$	9,036,804	\$	8,217,579				
Total Direct Expenses	\$	2,609,660	\$	2,493,615	\$	(116,045)	\$	11,466,588	\$	8,856,928				
Indirect Expenses	\$	1,451,372	\$	1,610,555	\$	159,183	\$	2,173,799	\$	722,428				
Other Non-Operating Expenses	\$	<u> </u>	\$	-	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	-	\$	-				
Total Expenses (B)	\$	4,061,032	\$	4,104,170	\$	43,138	\$	13,640,387	\$	9,579,355				
Fixed Assets	_					<u> </u>		<u> </u>						
Computer & Software CapEx		-		-		-		100,000		100,000				
Allocation of Fixed Assets	\$	42,937	\$	14,637		(28,300)		129,758		86,821				
Inc(Dec) in Fixed Assets ( C )	\$	42,937	\$	14,637	\$	(28,300)	\$	229,758	\$	186,821				
TOTAL BUDGET (=B + C)	\$	4,103,969	\$	4,118,807	\$	14,838	\$	13,870,144	\$	9,766,176				
FTEs		7.72		7.57		(0.15)		10.32		2.60				

# Summary of Variances by Category – 2015 Budget Compared to 2014 Budget

- **Personnel** The increase in personnel expenses is due to the addition of an administrative FTE as described above, and two positions to support CRISP, offset by an increase in the across-the-board FTE adjustment to account for attrition and hiring delays—from 4% in 2014 to 6% in 2015.
- Meetings, Travel, and Conferencing Expenses Meeting and conferencing expenses were not allocated to ES-ISAC in the 2014 budget but were collectively budgeted in the Critical Infrastructure Department. The increase in travel expense is due to the increase in FTEs.
- Consultants and Contracts Expenses in this category are primarily related to CRISP as detailed in Exhibits C and F
- Office Costs The increase is due to data storage needs to support CRISP and software maintenance agreements that were budgeted in the Critical Infrastructure Department in 2014, but have been properly budgeted as a cost of the ES-ISAC in 2015.
- **Professional Services** The increases are for outside professional services support and additional insurance costs related to CRISP.
- Indirect Expenses and Allocation of Fixed Assets Indirect expenses and allocation of fixed assets
  is higher due to the increase in FTEs in proportion to total FTEs in the statutory programs and to
  higher administrative services expenses to be allocated to the direct programs as explained on
  page xxi.

# **Training, Education, and Operator Certification**

Training, Ed	n and Operator ( whole dollars)	Cert	ification		
	Increase (Decrease)				
Total FTEs	8.16		7.97		(0.19)
Direct Expenses	\$ 2,158,199	\$	2,171,919	\$	13,720
Indirect Expenses	\$ 1,534,092	\$	1,678,797	\$	144,704
Other Non-Operating Expenses	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-
Inc(Dec) in Fixed Assets	\$ 45,181	\$	100,210	\$	55,029
TOTAL BUDGET	\$ 3,737,472	\$	3,950,926	\$	213,454

# **Background and Scope**

NERC's Training and Education Program provides oversight and coordination of the delivery of training programs that support the ERO's statutory responsibilities. This program provides training to NERC and Regional Entity staff members, including compliance auditors. It also provides training and education to industry participants on the requirements of Reliability Standards and the compliance monitoring and enforcement process. Further, this program provides training to industry participants on the Reliability Standards development process, thereby helping to support the more efficient and effective development of mandatory Reliability Standards. The Training and Education Program supports NERC's statutory ERO responsibilities to develop, adopt, and obtain approval of Reliability Standards and to monitor, enforce, and achieve compliance with the mandatory standards. Section 901 of the NERC Rules of Procedure addresses the Training and Education Program's activities in these areas. The responsibility for training in some key areas is shared among multiple departments at NERC. Guidance for these areas is expressed in the NERC Rules of Procedure and other governing documentation pertaining to the operation of NERC as the ERO.

The Training and Education Program also supports NERC's System Operator Certification and Continuing Education (SOCCED) programs, which ensure that personnel operating the BES have the skills, training, and qualifications needed to operate the system reliably. NERC maintains the required credentials for over 6,000 system operators to work in system control centers across North America. NERC's system operator certification exam is designed to test specific knowledge of job skills and Reliability Standards. It also prepares operators for complying with requirements of Reliability Standards and appropriately operating the BES during normal and emergency operations. Certification exams are created by the Personnel Certification Governance Committee, an industry group of operations experts, trainers, and supervisors. Under the PCGC oversight, the Examination Working Group periodically updates and publishes new exams. Once an operator passes the certification exam, certification is maintained by completing NERC-approved continuing education courses and activities. The Personnel Subcommittee, composed of industry training experts, provides oversight of the Continuing Education program. Sections 500 and 902 of the NERC Rules of Procedure address the Training and Education Program's activities in these areas.

# Key Training, Education, and Operator Certification Efforts Underway in 2014

The ERO provides training for industry and ERO personnel to support their understanding of key program areas. These include:

- 1. Auditor Training
- 2. Standards and Compliance Training
- 3. Registration and Certification (for registered entities)
- 4. Continuing education for system operators and other industry personnel as appropriate and related to reliability functions
- 5. Event Analysis, Cause Analysis, and Lessons Learned

#### **2015 Goals and Deliverables**

In response to stakeholder and Regional Entity feedback, training and education opportunities will be further expanded and focused for registered entities, NERC staff, and Regional Entities. For registered entities, this training and education will focus on objectives related to various Reliability Standards, including standards compliance and emerging cyber-related issues that could affect BES reliability. For NERC and Regional Entity staff, the training and education will focus on consistent audit and investigation techniques and standards compliance reviews, including the RAI, FFT, and other improvements in compliance and enforcement practices. NERC will continue to offer training in auditor skills to promote continued development of auditing expertise. NERC will leverage IT systems to better deliver and share common training products and information with Regional Entities and registered entities. Other training will focus on knowledge and skills development in a number of key areas, including:

- o Development and implementation of clear and technically sound Reliability Standards,
- Key lessons learned and trends from events,
- o Identified themes from trending and common cause analyses,
- Effective compliance cultures with practices, procedures, and controls to address reliability risks,
- o Effective root, apparent, and common cause analysis methods,
- Quality improvement of registered entity self-reporting and self-certification,
- Entity registration processes, issues, and alternatives,
- o Human performance fundamentals, and
- Systematic approach to training.

NERC will continue to provide learning opportunities through workshops hosted by the Regional Entities. NERC will also host workshops, webinars, and training courses, as well as use vendors to develop training modules and supplement internal training resources. The responsibility for the subject matter expertise for much of the training is shared among multiple departments at NERC. The Training and Education group will provide coordination and synchronization efforts for shared NERC and ERO training responsibilities in addition to advancing and improving the skills of NERC's operating staff. NERC's Human Resources department will continue to budget and manage the delivery of more traditional corporate employee training and continuing education programs in concert with the coordination and synchronizing efforts of the Training and Education group.

# **Resource Requirements**

#### **Personnel**

The Training, Education, and Operator Certification department is not proposing the addition of staff in 2015.

#### **Contractor Expenses**

The total proposed consulting and contractor expenses of approximately \$752k in 2015 is approximately \$97k below the 2014 budget.

Further detail in support of the proposed 2015 contractor and consulting budget to support Training, Education, and Operator Certification is set forth in Exhibit C, which includes a comparison to 2014 budgeted amounts. The primary areas of contractor and consulting support include:

- Testing services to develop, administer, proctor, score, and support system operator certification exams across North America.
- Ongoing hosting and maintenance fees for the SOCCED database.
- Improvements to the SOCCED database described above.
- Supplemental support to Continuing Education Review Panel industry volunteers to review and audit over 2,500 individual learning activities and provider applications received each year.<sup>26</sup>
- Audit team leader soft skills training delivered by certified NERC staff using vendor-licensed materials to support effective dialogue and communications between audit teams and registered entities.
- Vendor supported BES technical training for select ERO staff, including auditors, technical, and support staff.
- Auditor training by recognized auditing specialists for NERC and Regional Entity staff to promote continued development of compliance staff.
- Web-based training development for ERO staff and industry, including standards applications, risk assessment training, industry human performance fundamentals, and BES events lessons learned.
- Learning management system to support web-based training for ERO staff.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>26</sup> Review and approval of learning activity applications results in over 400,000 hours of continuing education per year for the industry's certified system operators.

	2014 I TRAINING.	<b>EDUC</b>	TION and	<b>OPERATOR O</b>	ERTI	FICATION				
	TRAINING,	LDOCA	2014 Budget	2014 Projection	201 v 2	Variance 4 Projection 014 Budget ver(Under)		2015 Budget	20 v 20	Variance 15 Budget 014 Budget ver(Under)
Funding			_							
	ERO Funding									
	NERC Assessments	\$	1,665,959	\$ 1,665,959	\$	(0)	\$	1,826,822	\$	160,86
	Penalty Sanctions		12,008	12,008	\$	-		48,871		36,86
	Total NERC Funding	\$	1,677,968	\$ 1,677,967	\$	(0)	\$	1,875,692	\$	197,72
	Third-Party Funding		-	-		-		-		-
	Testing Fees		1,620,000	1,620,000		-		1,670,000		50,00
	Services & Software		-	-		-		-		· -
	Workshops		-	-		-		-		-
	Interest		1,252	162		(1,090)		192		(1,06
	Miscellaneous		-	-		-		-		-
otal Fund	ding (A)	\$	3,299,220	\$ 3,298,129	\$	(1,090)	\$	3,545,884	\$	246,66
xpenses								_		
kpenses	Personnel Expenses									
	Salaries	\$	806,116	\$ 859,928	\$	53,812	\$	903,106	\$	96,99
	Payroll Taxes	Y	56,919	67,624	Y	10,705	Ţ	60,937	Y	4,01
	Benefits		143,194	132,456		(10,738)		146,059		2,86
	Retirement Costs		91,840	97,903		6,063		101,437		9,59
	Total Personnel Expenses	Ś	1,098,069	\$ 1,157,911	\$	59,842	Ś	1,211,539	\$	113,47
	Meeting Expenses		_,,	<del>+ -//</del>						
	• .	\$	36,000	\$ 65,000	\$	29,000	\$	59,931	\$	23,93
	Meetings Travel	Ş	51,000	21,804	Ş	(29,196)	Ş	25,322	Ş	
	Conference Calls		25,500			(29,190)				(25,67
	Total Meeting Expenses	\$	112,500	\$ 112,304	\$	(196)	\$	29,320 <b>114,573</b>	\$	3,82 <b>2,07</b>
	Total Meeting Expenses	<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>	112,500	3 112,304	٠,	(190)	Ą	114,575	٠,	2,07
	Operating Expenses									
	Consultants & Contracts	\$	848,830	\$ 679,305	\$	(169,525)	\$	752,130	\$	(96,70
	Office Rent		-	-		-		-		-
	Office Costs		98,300	98,776		476		93,178		(5,12
	Professional Services		-	-		-		-		-
	Miscellaneous		500			(500)		500		-
	Depreciation	_	- 047.630	1,919	<u> </u>	1,919	_	- 045 000	<u>,</u>	/101.01
	Total Operating Expenses	\$	947,630	\$ 780,000	\$	(167,630)	Þ	845,808	\$	(101,82
	Total Direct Expenses	\$	2,158,199	\$ 2,050,215	\$	(107,984)	\$	2,171,919	\$	13,72
	Indirect Expenses	\$	1,534,092	\$ 1,665,871	\$	131,779	\$	1,678,797	\$	144,70
	Other Non-Operating Expenses	\$	-	\$ -	\$		\$	-	\$	-
otal Expe	enses (B)	\$	3,692,291	\$ 3,716,086	\$	23,795	\$	3,850,716	\$	158,42
hange in	Assets	\$	(393,072)	\$ (417,958)	\$	(24,885)	\$	(304,832)	\$	88,2
xed Asse	Depreciation		_	(3,838)		(1,919)		_		_
	Computer & Software CapEx		_	(5,550)		(1,515)		_		
	Compater & Joitware Capex									

	NERC Assessments	\$	1,665,959	\$ 1,665,95		(0)	\$	1,826,822	\$	160,862
	Penalty Sanctions	_	12,008	12,00		-	_	48,871		36,862
Total NER	C Funding	\$	1,677,968	\$ 1,677,96	7 \$	(0)	\$	1,875,692	\$	197,725
	Third-Party Funding		-	-		-		-		-
	Testing Fees		1,620,000	1,620,00	)	-		1,670,000		50,000
	Services & Software		-	-		-		-		-
	Workshops		-	-		-		-		-
	Interest		1,252	16	2	(1,090)		192		(1,060)
	Miscellaneous		-			-		-		-
Total Funding (A)		_\$_	3,299,220	\$ 3,298,12	\$	(1,090)	\$	3,545,884	\$	246,665
Expenses										
Personne	l Expenses									
	Salaries	\$	806,116	\$ 859,92		53,812	\$	903,106	\$	96,990
	Payroll Taxes		56,919	67,62		10,705		60,937		4,018
	Benefits		143,194	132,45	5	(10,738)		146,059		2,865
	Retirement Costs		91,840	97,90	3	6,063		101,437		9,597
Total Per	sonnel Expenses	\$	1,098,069	\$ 1,157,91	<u>     \$                               </u>	59,842	\$	1,211,539	\$	113,470
Meeting	Expenses									
	Meetings	\$	36,000	\$ 65,00	) \$	29,000	\$	59,931	\$	23,931
	Travel		51,000	21,80	1	(29,196)		25,322		(25,678
	Conference Calls		25,500	25,50	)	-		29,320		3,820
Total Med	eting Expenses	\$	112,500	\$ 112,30	4 \$	(196)	\$	114,573	\$	2,073
Operating	g Expenses									
	Consultants & Contracts Office Rent	\$	848,830 -	\$ 679,30	5 \$	(169,525) -	\$	752,130 -	\$	(96,700 -
	Office Costs		98,300	98,77	5	476		93,178		(5,122
	Professional Services		-	-		-		-		-
	Miscellaneous		500	-		(500)		500		-
	Depreciation		-	1,91	9	1,919		-		-
Total Ope	erating Expenses	\$	947,630	\$ 780,00	\$	(167,630)	\$	845,808	\$	(101,822
	Total Direct Expenses	\$	2,158,199	\$ 2,050,21	5 \$	(107,984)	\$	2,171,919	\$	13,720
Indirect E	xpenses	\$	1,534,092	\$ 1,665,87	1 \$	131,779	\$	1,678,797	\$	144,704
Other No	n-Operating Expenses	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Total Expenses (B)		\$	3,692,291	\$ 3,716,08	5 \$	23,795	\$	3,850,716	\$	158,425
Change in Assets		\$	(393,072)	\$ (417,95	3) \$	(24,885)	\$	(304,832)	\$	88,240
Fixed Assets										
Deprecia:	tion		_	(3,83	3)	(1,919)		_		_
	· & Software CapEx		_	(3,03	٠,	(1,515)		_		_
•	& Fixtures CapEx		_	_		_		_		_
Equipmer	·		_	_		_		_		_
	d Improvements		_	_		_		_		_
	·	خ.	AE 101	ć 1F14	,	(20.041)		100 210	ć	EE 020
	n of Fixed Assets	\$ <b>\$</b>	45,181	\$ 15,140 \$ <b>11,30</b>		(30,041)	\$	100,210	\$	55,029
Inc(Dec) in Fixed Asse			45,181			(31,960)		100,210	\$	55,029
TOTAL BUDGET (=B+	C)	\$	3,737,472	\$ 3,727,38	3 \$	(8,165)	\$	3,950,926	\$	213,454
FTEs			8.16	7.8	3	(0.33)		7.97		(0.19)
FTEs			8.16	7.8	3	(0.33)		7.97		

# Summary of Variances by Category – 2015 Budget Compared to 2014 Budget

- Personnel In addition to the budgeted increase in salaries, the increase in salaries is due to changes in job responsibilities for some positions, resulting in higher expense per FTE, partially offset by the change an increase in the across the board FTE adjustment to account for attrition and hiring delays—from 4% in 2014 to 6% in 2015. The higher salary expense per FTE also resulted in higher retirement expenses. The increase in payroll taxes is due to a higher maximum salary subject to FICA taxes. The increase in benefits is due to budgeted market increases in medical and dental plan costs.
- Meetings, Travel, and Conferencing Expenses –The increase in meeting expenses is primarily related to the PCGC and is offset by testing and certification fees. The increase in conferencing and the reduction in travel expenses, are based upon prior year actual and 2014 projected costs.
- **Consultants and Contracts** The decrease is primarily due to lower costs for system operator testing and exam development costs.
- Indirect Expenses and Allocation of Fixed Assets Indirect expenses and allocation of fixed assets is higher due to higher administrative services expenses to be allocated to the direct programs, as explained on page xxi.

# **Administrative Services**

	Administrative Services (in whole dollars)												
	Increase (Decrease)												
Total FTEs		59.14		67.54		8.40							
Total Direct Expenses	\$	24,513,515	\$	26,279,380	\$	1,765,865							
Inc(Dec) in Fixed Assets	\$	721,958	\$	1,568,658	\$	846,700							
Total Allocation to Statutory Programs as Indirect Expenses	\$	25,235,473	\$	27,848,038	\$	2,612,565							

# **Program Scope and Functional Description**

NERC's Administrative Services area includes the budget for all business and administrative functions of the organization, including (1) technical committees and member forums; (2) General and Administrative, which includes Board fees and expenses, the president and chief executive officer (CEO), chief reliability officer (CRO) and support staff, communications, external affairs and governmental relations, and office rent; (3) Legal and Regulatory; (4) Information Technology; (5) Human Resources; (6) Finance and Accounting; and (7) other general administrative expenses necessary to support program area activities. These functions are necessary to the existence and functioning of the organization and support the performance of NERC's ERO statutory activities. The costs of the Administrative Services functions are allocated to the five statutory programs as indirect expenses. The resource requirements and comparative budget information for each of these functions is described further below.

#### **Technical Committees and Members' Forum Program**

While NERC management and staff will continue to interact with and support numerous reliability-related forums (e.g., the North American Transmission Forum and Generator Forum), NERC's 2015 budget does not contain specific funding for any forum activities.

#### **General and Administrative**

# **Background and Scope**

The General and Administrative area is responsible for the administration and general management of the organization. Expenses allocated in this area include office rent; personnel and related costs of the CEO, the CRO, the CEO's executive assistant, communications, external affairs and government relations staff, and costs related to the Board. No additional personnel are budgeted for 2015 beyond current staffing. The increase in FTEs in the General and Administrative area is due to a reallocation occurring in 2014 of personnel supporting the Member Representatives Committee and Regional Entity Management Group activities.

The following table details the Board costs included in the total costs of the General and Administrative area.

Board of Trustee Expenses	Budget 2014	ı	Projection 2014	Budget 2015	2015 v 2014 Budget	Variance %
Meetings and Travel Expenses						
Quarterly Board Meetings	\$ 234,000	\$	250,000	\$ 244,000	\$ 10,000	
Trustee Travel	155,000		155,000	150,000	(5,000)	
<b>Total Board of Trustees Meetings and Travel Expenses</b>	389,000		405,000	394,000	5,000	
Professional Services					-	
Independent Trustee Fees	1,000,000		1,000,000	1,085,000	85,000	
Trustee Search Fees	70,000		70,000	-	(70,000)	
Total Board of Trustee Professional Services Expenses	1,070,000		1,070,000	1,085,000	15,000	
Total Board of Trustee Expenses	\$ 1,459,000	\$	1,475,000	\$ 1,479,000	\$ 20,000	1.37%

					Fixed Assets on, and 201						
					MINISTRAT						
			2014 Budget		2014 Projection	201 v 2	Variance 14 Projection 2014 Budget Over(Under)		2015 Budget		Variance 2015 Budget v 2014 Budget Over(Under)
Funding	500 5 × 12								<del></del> _		
	ERO Funding  NERC Assessments	_	(2.216.464)	۲	(2.246.464)	ċ		ć	626.007	ċ	2042 452
	NERC Assessments Penalty Sanctions	\$	(2,216,461)	\$	(2,216,461)	\$	-	\$	626,997 -	\$	2,843,458 -
	Total NERC Funding	\$	(2,216,461)	\$	(2,216,461)	\$	-	\$	626,997	\$	2,843,458
	Third-Party Funding		<u> </u>	_	_ <del></del>	_		_	_ <del></del>	_	
	Testing Fees		-		-		_		-		-
	Services & Software		-		-		-		-		-
	Workshops		-		-		-		-		-
	Interest		-		-		-		-		-
	Miscellaneous										
Total Fund	ding (A)	\$	(2,216,461)	\$	(2,216,461)	\$		\$	626,997	\$	2,843,458
Expenses											
	Personnel Expenses		2.024.746	,	2 270 000	ć	220.200	¢	2 425 000	,	204452
	Salaries	\$	2,031,740	\$	2,370,008	\$	338,268	\$	2,425,909	\$	394,169
	Payroll Taxes Benefits		89,250 245,309		133,897 281,732		44,647 36,423		122,928 314,644		33,678 69 335
	Retirement Costs		245,309 158,550		281,/32 255,461		36,423 96,911		203,656		69,335 45,106
	Total Personnel Expenses	\$	2,524,849	\$	3,041,098	\$	516,249	\$	3,067,137	\$	542,288
	•	<u> </u>	_,~ _ 7,043	<del>_</del>	<i>&gt;,</i> 3-1,030	<u> </u>	J = U, £ 4 J	<u>,                                     </u>	-,,131	<del></del>	372,200
	Meeting Expenses		25-	,	2==	_	4		a = = ·	.4.	<u> </u>
	Meetings	\$	268,000	\$	372,500	\$	104,500	\$	338,900	\$	70,900
	Travel		421,482		426,482		5,000 155		426,482		5,000
	Conference Calls	\$	24,206 <b>713,688</b>	\$	24,361 <b>823,343</b>	\$	155 109,655	\$	28,831 <b>794,213</b>	\$	4,625 <b>80,525</b>
	Total Meeting Expenses	<u> </u>	713,068	<u> </u>	043,343	٠	103,035	٠	/ 74,213	<u> </u>	80,525
	Operating Expenses			_	A =	_	100				16- 11
	Consultants & Contracts	\$	75,000	\$	15,000	\$		\$	15,000	\$	(60,000)
	Office Costs		2,617,300		2,650,299		32,999		2,987,777		370,477
	Office Costs		502,000		485,878		(16,122)		444,262		(57,738)
	Professional Services Miscellaneous		1,170,000 5 500		1,200,000 5,500		30,000		1,185,000 5,500		15,000
	Miscellaneous Depreciation		5,500 419,399		5,500 423 228		- 3,829		5,500 419,399		-
	Total Operating Expenses	Ś	419,399 <b>4,789,199</b>	\$	423,228 <b>4,779,905</b>	\$	(9,294)	\$	5,056,938	\$	267,739
		=						\$			
	Total Direct Expenses	\$	8,027,736	\$	8,644,346	\$	616,610		8,918,288	\$	890,552
	Indirect Expenses	\$	(8,171,736)	\$	(8,723,713)	\$	(551,977)	\$	(9,049,288)	\$	(877,552)
	Other Non-Operating Expenses	\$	144,000	\$	79,367	\$	(64,633)	\$	131,000	\$	(13,000)
Total Expe	enses (B)	\$		\$	(0)	\$	(0)	\$		\$	(0)
Change in	Assets	\$	(2,216,461)	\$	(2,216,461)	\$	0	\$	626,997	\$	2,843,458
				_							
Fixed Asse			(440 25-1		/422.27		10.05-1		1440 255		
	Depreciation		(419,399)		(423,228)		(3,829)		(419,399)		-
	Computer & Software CapEx		-		-		-		-		-
	Furniture & Fixtures CapEx Equipment CapEx		-		-		-		-		-
	Leasehold Improvements		-		-		-		-		-
	. p										
	Allocation of Fixed Assets	\$	419,399	\$	423,228		3,829		419,399		-
Inc(Dec) in	n Fixed Assets ( C )	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	
					(0)		-			_	(0)
TOTAL BU	IDGET (=B + C)	\$	-	\$	(0)	Ş	(0)	\$	-	\$	

10.56

13.11

2.55

13.13

2.57

FTEs

# **Summary of Variances by Category – 2015 Budget Compared to 2014 Budget**

- **Personnel** Personnel expenses are projected to increase in 2015 due primarily to FTEs reallocated to this department in 2014. The percentage increase in payroll taxes is higher than salaries and retirement expenses due to an increase in the maximum salary subject to FICA taxes. Benefits are projected to increase at a higher rate than other personnel expenses due to the higher cost per employee of employee benefits plans.
- **Travel and Conferencing Expenses** The increases in meeting, travel and conferencing expenses for 2015 are based upon 2013 actual costs.
- **Consultants and Contracts** The decrease in 2015 is due to the reduction in the projected cost of outside consulting to support communications.
- Office Rent The increase is related to the plan to exercise an existing option to acquire additional space in the Washington, DC office for the separation of the ES-ISAC from other NERC operations and to a projected decrease in rental income from the subtenant in NERC's former Washington, DC offices.
- Office Costs The decrease is primarily due to lower copying and use tax expenses based upon 2013 actual costs.
- **Professional Services** The increase is due to an increase in Trustee compensation offset by the reduction in Trustee search fees.
- Other Non-Operating Expenses The decrease is due to timing of draws on the capital financing loan which is expected to occur at the end of each year instead of the beginning of the year. Management has assumed a 3.5% rate of interest, which is higher than the current rate of interest, given the potential for interest rate increases in 2015.

# **Legal and Regulatory**

ι				
	:	2014 Budget	2015 Budget	Increase (Decrease)
Total FTEs		15.15	15.01	(0.14)
Total Direct Expenses	\$	4,298,813	\$ 4,448,015	\$ 149,202
Inc(Dec) in Fixed Assets	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -

# **Background and Scope**

The Legal and Regulatory department's workload is derived from the following key NERC program areas: Compliance Analysis, Registration and Certification, Reliability Risk Management, Reliability Assessment and Performance Analysis, and Standards. In addition, the Legal and Regulatory department is also responsible for providing a wide range of legal support to the NERC management team regarding antitrust, corporate, commercial, insurance, contract, employment, real estate, copyright, tax, legislation, and other legal matters. The Legal and Regulatory department is extensively involved with the preparation of the Five-Year ERO Performance Assessment, which was filed with FERC on July, 21, 2014. The department also addresses legal and regulatory matters that arise in connection with the delegation agreements with the Regional Entities, including proposed amendments to agreements expected at the end of 2015. The legal and regulatory needs of the ERO are both demanding and increasingly more complex.

# **Resource Requirements**

No additional personnel are budgeted in 2015 for this department.

Outside law firms and consultants supporting this area are budgeted and tracked as Professional Services. The Professional Services budget for 2015 is reduced from the 2014 budget.

# Statement of Activities and Fixed Assets Expenditures 2014 Budget & Projection, and 2015 Budget

LEGAL and REGULATORY

			2014 Budget		2014 Projection	v	Variance 14 Projection 2014 Budget Over(Under)		2015 Budget	v 2	Variance 015 Budget 2014 Budget ever(Under)
Funding	FRO Franking										
	ERO Funding  NERC Assessments	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
	Penalty Sanctions	\$	_	\$	_	Y		7	-	7	
	Total NERC Funding	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
	Third-Party Funding						_				_
	Testing Fees		-		_		-		-		-
	Services & Software		-		-		-		-		-
	Workshops		-		-		-		-		-
	Interest		-		-		-		-		-
Takal Famil	Miscellaneous	_	-	_	-	_		_	-		
Total Fund	ing (A)	_\$_	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	
Expenses											
	Personnel Expenses Salaries	\$	2 627 200		2 606 970	ć	E0 471	Ļ	2 700 200	ć	160.091
	Payroll Taxes	Ş	2,637,399 136,718	\$	2,696,870 150,064	\$	59,471 13,346	\$	2,798,380 152,178	\$	160,981 15,460
	Benefits		265,856		257,444		(8,412)		288,597		22,741
	Retirement Costs		296,887		293,893		(2,994)		314,835		17,948
	Total Personnel Expenses	\$	3,336,860	\$	3,398,271	\$	61,411	\$	3,553,990	\$	217,130
	Meeting Expenses										
	Meetings	\$	5,000	\$	5,000	\$	-	\$	7,500	\$	2,500
	Travel		120,000		104,549		(15,451)		106,000		(14,000)
	Conference Calls		12,953		7,024		(5,929)		8,874		(4,079)
	Total Meeting Expenses	\$	137,953	\$	116,573	\$	(21,380)	\$	122,374	\$	(15,579)
	Operating Expenses										
	Consultants & Contracts	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
	Office Rent		-		-		-		-		-
	Office Costs		63,500		60,942		(2,558)		71,152		7,652
	Professional Services		760,000		790,000		30,000		700,000		(60,000)
	Miscellaneous		500		- 4.450		(500)		500		-
	Depreciation  Total Operating Expenses	Ś	824,000	\$	4,458 <b>855,400</b>	\$	4,458 <b>31,400</b>	\$	771,652	\$	(52,348)
	Total Operating Expenses	<u>,</u>	824,000	<u>,</u>	833,400	<del>,</del>	31,400	_	771,032		(32,348)
	Total Direct Expenses	\$	4,298,813	\$	4,370,243	\$	71,430	\$	4,448,015	\$	149,202
	Indirect Expenses	\$	(4,298,813)	\$	(4,370,243)	\$	(71,430)	\$	(4,448,015)	\$	(149,202)
	Other Non-Operating Expenses	\$	-	\$	-	\$		\$	-	\$	-
Total Expe	enses (B)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	0	\$	-	\$	0_
Change in	Assets	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(0)	\$	-	\$	(0)
Fired A.											
Fixed Asse	Depreciation				(4,458)		(4,458)				_
	Computer & Software CapEx		-		(4,430)		(4,438)		-		-
	Furniture & Fixtures CapEx		_		-				-		-
	Equipment CapEx		-		-				-		-
	Leasehold Improvements		-		-				-		-
	Allocation of Fixed Assets	\$	-	\$	4,458				-		
Inc(Dec) in	Fixed Assets ( C )	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(4,458)	\$	-	\$	
TOTAL DUI	DGET (=B + C)	\$	_	\$		¢	(4.459)	\$		\$	0
IOTAL BUI	DGE1 (-D : C)	Ψ.		Ţ	-	\$	(4,458)	٠	-	Ą	Ū

# Summary of Variances by Category – 2015 Budget Compared to 2014 Budget

- Personnel The increases in salaries and retirement expenses reflect the general increases included in the 2015 budget. The percentage increase in payroll taxes is higher than salaries and retirement expenses due to an increase in the maximum salary subject to FICA taxes. Benefits are projected to increase at a higher rate than other personnel expenses due to the higher cost per employee of employee benefits plans due to budgeted market increases in medical and dental plan costs.
- **Meetings, Travel and Conferencing Expenses** The slight increase in meetings expense and the decreases in travel and conferencing expenses are based upon prior year actual costs.
- Office Costs The increase is due to projected higher subscription costs for legal research tools.
- **Professional Services** The reduction is related to outside legal costs to complete the 5-year performance assessment in 2014.

# **Information Technology**

Inf	Inorocco			
	20	14 Budget	Increase (Decrease)	
Total FTEs		18.07	19.70	1.63
Total Direct Expenses	\$	8,320,845	\$ 8,526,886	\$ 206,041
Inc(Dec) in Fixed Assets	\$	1,141,357	\$ 1,988,057	\$ 846,700

# **Background and Scope**

NERC's information technology (IT) department plan and budget includes those resources necessary to support the development and maintenance of ERO Enterprise applications, data analysis and ongoing operations.

# 1. ERO Enterprise Applications -

There are three major categories of expense which are included in the rolling three year Enterprise Application budget and forecast:

- a. Development. Applications deemed strategic to the ERO enterprise that are not readily available in a Commercially-off-the-Shelf (COTS) solution will require development by a well-qualified vendor, with expert level staff to develop the application to be used across the ERO enterprise, to include NERC, Regional Entities and in some instances registered entities.
- b. Enhancement. As enterprise applications are brought online and operational, ongoing, approved upgrades will be required to, enhance features, add functionality and meet the dynamic needs of the ERO enterprise to ensure the reliability of the North American bulk power system. The Bulk Electric System Notifications and Exceptions (BESnet) tool was brought online and operational on July 1, 2014, along with the Standards Balloting System (SBS) which is in the final stages of development and future enterprise applications will all require business approved enhancements following a disciplined process for approval and implementation.
- c. Support. Enterprise applications implemented for use by NERC, Regional Entities and sometimes registered entities e.g., BESnet, require ongoing support to ensure they are they are operational for business usage. Following industry accepted support practices funding for this line item is designed to ensure end user application issues are resolved, identification of errors, along with application and database maintenance is performed, to ensure the application is maintained and available in support of the ERO enterprise.

#### 2. ERO Data Analysis -

Data analysis expenses fall into three major categories: professional services, tools and support costs.

a. **Professional Services.** Professional services include vendor support for implementation and configuration of data analytics for the ERO Enterprise. Data analytics are used to

- describe, predict and improve business performance, as well as identify and assess reliability risks.
- b. **Tools.** Tools include software applications used to mine data from a single, or multiple databases in order to create analytics (e.g., Microsoft's Analytics Platform System in order to determine business performance, or in the context of the ERO enterprise, possible risk to reliability).
- c. **Support.** Support includes ongoing upgrades and enhancements, along with vendor help desk support as required.

#### 3. Ongoing Operations -

NERC's IT budget includes costs to support existing software applications, as well as consulting and vendor costs for network security testing and planning, website maintenance and development, as well as the development and implementation of a document management system.

- a. Compliance Database (CRATS/webCDMS+). The compliance database is used to track violations, mitigation plans to include reporting required by NERC as the certified ERO. In addition, the compliance database has additional modules included such as the Standards, Technical Feasibility Exceptions (TFE's) and Registration module, which contains a list of all registered entities. Funding requirements include ongoing maintenance and enhancements to the compliance tools (CRATS and webCDMS+).
- b. Application Broker, Meeting Manager, ERO Membership, NERC My Account, UMP, RCIS, CIPIS, CRC. NERC maintains a number of legacy applications. Many of the legacy applications were developed and implemented five to ten years ago and are unable to take advantage of contemporary application development and will have to be completely re-written, or may be able to leverage to-be-developed functionality available in the ERO enterprise applications. Funding is required for ongoing maintenance and enhancements until the application can be re-written or, in some case, potentially divested or transferred to industry support.
- c. Quarterly Penetration, Vulnerability Testing all NERC network and systems. Expert consulting services required to provide ongoing intrusion detection and vulnerability testing of the NERC public website, NERC's network, applications, and systems is an essential requirement of on-going operations. Multiple attempts are made to gain access, and any vulnerability identified is documented and provided to NERC IT for rapid remediation.
- d. NERC Security Program enhance based on internal audit recommendations. NERC's IT department performs a number of technology initiatives to ensure the security of the network and infrastructure. However, in order to continually improve security, a more holistic approach is required that implements technology improvements and constructs an overarching security program to ensure all aspects of security have been considered, including information classification, review of retention policies, and enforcement of security guidelines. During 2014, an outside vendor was retain to conduct an IT Risk Assessment. The outcome of the risk assessment will be used to guide and continually enhance the NERC IT security program as part of a multi-year initiative.
- e. **Document Management System and Website Enhancement.** During 2014, NERC will complete the initial steps required to commence implementation of a document

management system. In addition, during 2013, NERC completed a major enhancement of its public website utilizing SharePoint 2010. The effort was focused on moving to a much more flexible product that would lay the foundation for future website enhancements, such as an improved document library and navigation, and greatly improved analytics and search capability. In 2014, NERC made additional enhancements to the public website designed to improve internal core functionality e.g., streamlined document posting, internal controls and approval process. During the 2015 – 2017 timeframe NERC's IT department, in conjunction with the program areas,, plans to conduct a review of the website architecture in order to streamline access to important industry information, enhance search capability by leveraging metadata, along with the overall view and presentation of data across the website.

# **Resource Requirements**

#### Personnel

The increase in FTEs is due to the transfer of open positions from other departments in 2014, as well as the addition of a Chief Information Officer in 2014.

#### **Contract and Consulting Resources to Support Internal Operations**

The 2015 budgeted amounts are set forth in Exhibit C, with a comparison to 2014 budgeted amounts.

## **2015 IT Operating Expenses**

A summary of the major categories of IT Operating Expenses are set forth in the following table:

Office Costs	Budget 2014	Budget 2015	Variance
Telephone	\$ 225,000	\$ 225,000	\$ _
Telephone - Answering Service		3,000	3,000
Internet	275,000	375,000	100,000
Computer Supplies and Maintenance			
Computers	4,500	9,000	4,500
Computer Supplies	95,400	100,100	4,700
Maintenance & Service Agreements	1,539,370	1,333,320	(206,050)
Software	140,500	88,000	(52,500)
Network Supplies	-	-	
Express Shipping	-	10,000	10,000
Total Office Costs	\$ 2,279,770	\$ 2,143,420	\$ (136,350)

#### **Telephone Expenses**

Office telephone costs are items associated with cellular phone, mobile laptop cellular air card, bonded T1 Voice over Internet Protocol (VoIP) data circuits, and conference calling expenses.

NERC-issued cell phones are provided to employees to ensure access and productivity before, during, and after business hours, and cost is minimized by leveraging pooled minutes. Individual NERC employees are provided with a basic pooled cell phone plan of 450 minutes, including a basic-level subscription for texting and data. This plan is designed to ensure persons who travel frequently have additional cell phone minutes by taking advantage of limited usage by employees who travel less frequently. In addition,

employees are encouraged to connect via wireless whenever possible to reduce cellular charges for data usage. The basic texting plan is provided for those instances when calling or email is not optimal. Cellular calling costs are included in the telephone expense item.

Mobile laptop cellular air cards are provided to ensure connectivity while traveling or in locations where wireless connectivity is unavailable. Wireless or cellular connectivity to the NERC network is enabled using virtual private network technology to ensure maximum security, logging, and encryption. In addition, IT support persons are required to be available for support 24 x 7 x 365, which in almost all instances requires them to have access to systems and network via secure Internet connectivity. Included in the line item "telephone" are those monthly costs associated with Internet access for systems, application, network, and security to enable IT resources to provide support and conduct emergency and non-emergency patching of systems, routers, firewalls, etc., as required to ensure the stability of the NERC technology environment.

Conference calling is conducted via an external service provider in order to minimize internal hardware, IT support, and internal conference lines capable of providing access to an external audience. Information Technology conference calling, webinars, recorded events, etc., are included in the telephone cost line item. During 2014, IT implemented Microsoft Lync to enhance productivity by leveraging Interactive Messaging and Desktop Sharing and will also work to reduce conference calling fees by implementing a solution for internal conference calling.

Bonded T1 circuits provide access for VoIP service for NERC desk phones in lieu of having an expensive, support-intensive in-house phone switch (e.g., Private Branch Exchange) that requires senior-level telecommunication resources to support and manage.

#### **Internet Expense**

Internet expense is comprised of data circuits, Plain Old Telephone Service (POTS), and redundant capability in the event of primary service provider failure.

#### Computers

Computers are items that do not meet the criteria to be considered a capital expense, such as desktop computers or iPads. Desktop computers enable conference webinars, Internet access, training room functionality, etc., for those instances in which a presenter does not have a computer device available to conduct presentations. In addition, on a case-by-case basis and as justified by extensive travel or consistent out-of-office meetings, NERC will provide an iPad with cellular data access for persons who require functionality but are unable to use a laptop for computing needs.

#### **Computer Supplies**

Computer supplies are expense items required for infrastructure support and include computer monitors, mice, keyboard, cell phones, cables, encrypted hard drives, encrypted thumb drives, encryption keys, uninterruptible power supplies (UPS), privacy screens, phone headsets, docking stations, computer memory, and any other computer supplies or components required to support the technology infrastructure.

# **Maintenance and Service Agreements**

Maintenance and Service Agreements comprise those items required to support internal and external access to routers, switches, firewalls, intrusion protection, 100-fileservers, audiovisual, storage area network, data backup services, network and security monitoring, co-location data center services, video conferencing, digital certificates, and development and virtualization software. Service agreements

related to the co-location data center, offsite backup of over 100 terabytes of data, conference calling, and network and security monitoring consume a large portion of the maintenance and service agreements budget.

#### **Software**

Tools such as SharePoint Designer, Microsoft Visio, and Crystal Reports Developer are included under this line item. The tools are primarily used for NERC infrastructure purposes to develop SharePoint workflow, to create development process flows, and for reporting.

#### **Express Shipping**

Express shipping is for shipping of IT computers and computer supplies. This expense item was not separately budgeted in 2014.

# 2015 IT Fixed Asset (Capital) Expenses

The following table presents a summary of NERC's 2015 fixed asset (capital) budget:

Fixed Assets	Budget 2014	Budget 2015	Variance
Computer & Software CapEx	\$ 2,258,800	\$ 2,953,500	\$ 694,700
Equipment CapEx	\$ 213,000	\$ 365,000	\$ 152,000
	\$ 2,471,800	\$ 3,318,500	\$ 846,700

As in prior years, the goal of the 2015–2017 planning period is to provide access, visibility, and analysis of data from many different sources across the ERO; this will require significant investment in hardware, software, and associated tools. The overarching theme is to securely gather, analyze, and maintain data across the ERO Enterprise to support ERO operations. Adding the capability to centralize and mine data, in addition to foundational elements such as disaster recovery and application development, sets the stage for vastly improved reporting, business intelligence, and capability for collaboration and sharing of information vital to the ERO's mission.

In addition to the investments described above to support efficiency and consistency across the enterprise, the 2015 budget also includes the cost of software, servers, laptops, and other hardware to support daily operations.

		IN	FORMATIO	V TF	CHNOLOGY	5 Budք Y					
		IIV	. Smirini	(	-5	,	Variance				Variance
							4 Projection		<b>-</b>		015 Budget
			2014		2014		014 Budget		2015		014 Budget
			Budget		Projection	<u> 0</u> \	ver(Under)		Budget	0	ver(Under)
unding	ERO Funding										
	NERC Assessments	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	
	Penalty Sanctions	\$ \$	-	ڔ	-	ų	-	٧	-	Ÿ	-
	Total NERC Funding	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	-
	<b>G</b>	<u> </u>		<u>~</u>				<del></del>			
	Third-Party Funding Testing Fees		-		-		-		-		-
	Services & Software		-		-		-		-		
	Workshops		-		_		-		-		
	Interest		-		_		_		_		
	Miscellaneous		-		-		-		-		
tal Fund	ding (A)	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	
penses											
	Personnel Expenses										
	Salaries	\$	2,013,859	\$	2,202,292	\$	188,433	\$	2,477,896	\$	464,0
	Payroll Taxes		136,366		165,042		28,676		160,263		23,
	Benefits		317,097		311,150		(5,947)		356,502		39,
	Retirement Costs		229,767	_	199,411		(30,356)	_	277,094		47,
	Total Personnel Expenses	\$	2,697,089	\$	2,877,895	\$	180,806	\$	3,271,754	\$	574,0
	Meeting Expenses										
	Meetings	\$	5,000	\$	4,798	\$	(202)	\$	3,169	\$	(1,8
	Travel	F	59,243		34,544		(24,699)	•	35,000		(24,2
	Conference Calls		4,800		15,000		10,200		13,000		8,2
	Total Meeting Expenses	\$	69,043	\$	54,342	\$	(14,701)	\$	51,169	\$	(17,8
	Operating Expenses			_				_	_ <del>_</del>		
	Consultants & Contracts	\$	1,944,000	\$	2,468,808	\$	524,808	\$	1,729,600	\$	(214,
	Office Rent	*		7			,	,	,,,,,,,,		(== -)
	Office Costs		2,279,770		2,244,602		(35,168)		2,143,420		(136,
	Professional Services		-		-		- '		-		. ,
	Miscellaneous		500		-		(500)		500		
	Depreciation		1,330,443		1,024,148		(306,295)		1,330,443		
	Total Operating Expenses	\$	5,554,713	\$	5,737,558	\$	182,845	\$	5,203,963	\$	(350,
	Total Direct Expenses	\$	8,320,845	\$	8,669,795	\$	348,950	\$	8,526,886	\$	206,0
	Indirect Expenses	_	(8,320,845)	\$	(8,669,795)	\$	(348,950)	\$	(8,526,886)	\$	(206,0
	Other Non-Operating Expenses	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	
tal Expe	enses (B)	\$		\$		\$	(0)	\$		\$	
nange in	Assets	\$	_	\$	_	\$	0	\$	_	\$	

•		 	_			_		(-/
Fixed Asse	ts							
	Depreciation	(1,330,443)		(1,024,148)	306,295		(1,330,443)	-
	Computer & Software CapEx	2,258,800		1,508,742	(750,058)		2,953,500	694,700
	Furniture & Fixtures CapEx	-		-	-		-	-
	Equipment CapEx	213,000		186,721	(26,279)		365,000	152,000
	Leasehold Improvements	-		-			-	-
	Allocation of Fixed Assets	\$ (1,141,357)	\$	(671,315)	470,042	\$	(1,988,057)	\$ (846,700)
Inc(Dec) in	Fixed Assets ( C )	\$ 	\$		\$ 	\$	-	\$ -
TOTAL BUD	OGET (=B + C)	\$ -	\$	-	\$ (0)	\$	-	\$ 0
	FTEs	18.07		18.40	0.33		19.70	1.63

### Summary of Variances by Category – 2015 Budget Compared to 2014 Budget

- **Personnel** Personnel expenses are projected to increase in 2015 due primarily to FTEs reallocated to this department in 2014.
- **Meetings, Travel and Conferencing Expenses** The projected reductions are based upon prior year actual and 2014 projected costs.
- **Consultants and Contracts** The reduction is primarily due to lower budgeted costs for applications enhancements, consulting, and help desk support.
- Office Costs The decrease is primarily related to software and hardware annual maintenance agreements and data center hosting expenses.

### **Human Resources**

		nan Resources whole dollars)		
	2	2014 Budget	2015 Budget	Increase (Decrease)
Total FTEs		2.88	2.81	(0.07)
Total Direct Expenses	\$	1,104,974	\$ 1,158,304	\$ 53,330
Inc(Dec) in Fixed Assets	\$		\$ 1	\$ -

### **Background and Scope**

Human Resources (HR) manages all of NERC's HR functions, including new hires, benefits, and employee functions. This area also oversees NERC's employee performance appraisal and incentive structure process. Management has implemented a robust, objective, and auditable performance management system to track corporate, departmental, and individual performance against pre-established goals, objectives, and measures. Each year NERC continues to refine and improve this system. In 2012, NERC implemented a new time accounting system to facilitate tracking of time by functional activities or, where appropriate, specific projects.

### **Executive Training and Development**

As the risk-based methodology to improve reliability is further developed and deployed, NERC will use experienced consultants to provide strategic guidance and training for the executive team to frame problems according to highest potential risk factors and prioritize them to solve big issues. The executive leadership team may also receive additional training and development initiatives geared toward promoting collaboration and consensus building to improve knowledge sharing and team performance.

### **Staff Development**

Management believes that access to knowledge is a key differentiator for NERC and that it ensures retention and high performance. Therefore, NERC will invest in learning opportunities for staff in several areas. First, HR will continue to host and optimize an e-leaning platform, SkillSoft, to provide staff resources for improving soft and technical skills. Second, HR will provide staff development training though real-world access via tours of and training on control centers, electric substations, and power generation plants. Finally, staff will have access to additional education, including but not limited to degree-oriented university education, pursuit of specialized certifications, and other in-house and external training that provides essential knowledge and skills development that will lead to improved staff performance.

### **Compensation Consulting**

HR will continue to rely on market data to drive its attraction, engagement, and retention model. Periodically, HR will have a compensation consultant examine the current market data to ensure that decisions affecting compensation are made in light of the current market climate and that qualified employees are attracted and retained within a defined total remuneration range. To protect NERC's substantial investment in human capital, HR will also engage consultants to consider proven successful compensation models and practices prevalent within the market. Similarly, HR may retain compensation subject matter experts to perform periodic assessments of the BOT compensation model to ensure alignment with market practices. NERC's compensation policy and analysis of market data will be based

on total remuneration, taking into account base and incentive compensation, as well as the value of benefits.

### Surveys

HR will retain a vendor to conduct periodic Board of Trustees and committee effectiveness surveys to identify improvement opportunities. HR will also launch additional surveys as appropriate, based on business needs, which may include periodic internal climate surveys.

### **Succession Planning**

Minimizing disruption of knowledge, skill, and experience bases of key staff is critical to the company's success. HR works with senior management to identify essential roles and develop strategies to build succession and contingency plans for any loss of staff.

#### **HR Products and Services Automation**

Paramount to an effective HR department is the use of electronic and automated products and services. HR will continue to operate, maintain, and investigate investment in additional electronic platforms for HR support services.

### **Resource Requirements**

### **Personnel**

No additional personnel are budgeted for this department in 2015.

### **Contractor Expenses**

Contractor and consultant expenses are higher than 2014 budgeted amounts to support HR services and are set forth in additional detail in Exhibit C.

### **Miscellaneous Expenses**

Miscellaneous expenses include Community Responsibility and Employee Engagement, Year-end Holiday Catering, and a portion of the budget for Employee Rewards and Recognition.

Statement of Activities and Fixed Assets Expenditures
2014 Budget & Projection, and 2015 Budget

#### **HUMAN RESOURCES** Variance Variance 2014 Projection 2015 Budget 2014 2014 v 2014 Budget 2015 v 2014 Budget Budget Projection Over(Under) Budget Over(Under) Funding **ERO Funding** \$ \$ **NERC Assessments** \$ Penalty Sanctions **Total NERC Funding** Third-Party Funding **Testing Fees** Services & Software Workshops Interest Miscellaneous Total Funding (A) Expenses **Personnel Expenses** Salaries 595,009 557,071 (37,938) 606,214 11,205 Payroll Taxes 23,797 23,428 26.607 3.179 369 Benefits 50,539 49,725 (814)50,929 390 Retirement Costs 1.541 42,964 243 42,721 44,262 **Total Personnel Expenses** (34,032) 723,904 12,207 711,697 677,665 **Meeting Expenses** Meetings 1,000 (1,000)1,500 (500) \$ 2.000 Ś Ś Ś Ś Travel 10,897 14,000 3,103 14,000 3,103 Conference Calls 600 600 1.247 647 **Total Meeting Expenses** 13,497 15,600 2,103 16,747 3,250 **Operating Expenses** Consultants & Contracts \$ 257,500 332,000 74,500 298,275 40,775 Office Rent 16,500 13,791 (2,709) 14,099 Office Costs (2,401)**Professional Services** 80,280 75,280 (5,000)80,280 25,500 25,500 (500)Miscellaneous 25,000 Depreciation 7,733 7,733 **Total Operating Expenses** 379,780 454,305 74,525 \$ 417,654 \$ 37,874 **Total Direct Expenses** 1,104,974 \$ 1,147,570 42,596 1,158,304 53,330 **Indirect Expenses** \$(1,147,570) \$ (42,596) (1,158,304) \$ (1,104,974) \$ (53,330) Other Non-Operating Expenses Total Expenses (B) 0 0 **Change in Assets** (0) (0) **Fixed Assets** (7,733)Depreciation (7,733)Computer & Software CapEx Furniture & Fixtures CapEx Equipment CapEx Leasehold Improvements Allocation of Fixed Assets 7,733 \$ 7,733 Inc(Dec) in Fixed Assets ( C ) \$

2.88

2.94

0

2.81

(0.07)

0.06

TOTAL BUDGET (=B + C)

**FTEs** 

### Summary of Variances by Category - 2015 Budget Compared to 2014 Budget

- **Personnel** Salaries expense includes a total corporate budget for employment agency fees and temporary office services. The budget for these expenses remains the same in 2015 as was budgeted in 2014.
- Travel The increase is based upon 2013 actual and projected 2014 costs.
- Consultants and Contracts The increase is to provide additional HR support services.
- Office Costs The decrease is primarily related to a reduction in the cost of telecommunications on a per-FTE basis.

### **Finance and Accounting**

		2014 Bu	ıdget	2015 Budget	Increase (Decrease)
Total FTEs			12.48	16.89	4.41
Total Direct Expenses	ç	\$ 2,6	517,147	\$ 3,096,886	\$ 479,739
Inc(Dec) in Fixed Assets	ç	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -

### **Background and Scope**

NERC's Finance and Accounting department manages all finance and accounting functions, including employee payroll, 401(k) and 457(b) plans, travel and expense reporting, monthly financial reporting, sales and use tax, meeting and events planning and services, insurance, internal auditing, and facilities management. This area also holds primary responsibility for the development of the annual business plan and budget, as well as NERC's proposed ERO risk management framework. Over the past several years, NERC's Finance and Accounting department implemented additional policies, procedures, and controls governing day-to-day practices including contract and personnel procurements, meetings, conference planning and travel, expense reimbursement, and back office systems and procedures. The department will continue to refine, improve, and where necessary implement additional procedures and controls.

### **Resource Requirements**

### **Personnel**

Several FTEs have been reallocated to this department during 2014. One additional FTE will be added to this department in 2015 to strengthen segregation of duties, cross training, and back-up functions.

### **Contractor Expenses**

Approximaely \$339k is budgeted for outside contractor and consulting support, representing a decrease compared to the 2014 budget. These costs are primarily for outside professional support for auditors to support various risk management and internal control intiatives, as well as to provide finance and accounting support.

Statement of Activities and Fixed Assets Expenditures
2014 Budget & Projection, and 2015 Budget

					COUNTING							
			2014 Budget		2014 Projection	201 v 2	Variance 4 Projection 014 Budget ver(Under)		2015 Budget		Variance 2015 Budget v 2014 Budget Over(Under)	
Funding					•				-			
	ERO Funding											
	NERC Assessments	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
	Penalty Sanctions	\$ <b>\$</b>	-	_	-	_			-	_		
	Total NERC Funding	_\$_		\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	<u> </u>	
	Third-Party Funding		-		-		-		-		-	
	Testing Fees		-		-		-		-		-	
	Services & Software		-		-		-		-		-	
	Workshops		-		-		-		-		-	
	Interest Miscellaneous		-		-		-		-		-	
Total Fundi		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		
	····6 (^)	<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>		<u>,</u>		<del></del> _		<u> </u>		<del></del>		
Expenses	Developed Company											
	Personnel Expenses Salaries	\$	1,379,476	\$	1,590,905	\$	211,429	\$	1,770,583	\$	391,107	
	Payroll Taxes	Ş	81,128	Ş	108,894	Ş	27,766	Ş	105,402	Ş	24,274	
	Benefits		219,002		253,392		34,390		288,597		69,595	
	Retirement Costs		155,391		171,089		15,698		197,906		42,515	
	Total Personnel Expenses	\$	1,834,997	\$	2,124,280	\$	289,283	\$	2,362,488	\$	527,491	
									-			
	Meeting Expenses	<b>.</b>	F (F0	,	2.500	<u>,</u>	(2.150)	ċ	2.500	<u>,</u>	(2.150	
	Meetings Travel	\$	5,650	\$	2,500	\$	(3,150)	\$	2,500	\$	(3,150	
	Conference Calls		62,500 4,000		48,765 8,000		(13,735) 4,000		48,500 9,560		(14,000 5,560	
	Total Meeting Expenses	\$	72,150	\$	59,265	\$	(12,885)	\$	60,560	\$	(11,590	
	• ,		72,130	<del>,</del>	33,203	<u> </u>	(12,003)	<u>, , </u>	00,500	<del></del>	(11,550	
	Operating Expenses	<u>,</u>	400.000	,	250.252	<u>,</u>	(40.740)	ċ	220 500	<u>,</u>	/60.500	
	Consultants & Contracts Office Rent	\$	400,000	\$	359,252	\$	(40,748)	\$	339,500	\$	(60,500	
	Office Costs		29,500		31,744		2,244		37,838		8,338	
	Professional Services		280,000		225,000		(55,000)		296,000		16,000	
	Miscellaneous		500		500		(55,000)		500		-	
	Depreciation		-		2,201		2,201		-		_	
	Total Operating Expenses	\$	710,000	\$	618,697	\$	(91,303)	\$	673,838	\$	(36,162	
	Total Direct Expenses	\$	2,617,147	\$	2,802,242	\$	185,095	\$	3,096,886	\$	479,739	
	Indirect Expenses	\$	(2,617,147)	\$	(2,802,242)	\$	(185,095)	\$	(3,096,886)	\$	(479,739	
	·		(=,0=1,1=11)		(=)=====	\$			(0)000,000	\$	(175)755	
	Other Non-Operating Expenses	<u>\$</u>	<u> </u>	<u>\$</u>	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	<u>\$</u>			<u>-</u>	
Total Expen	nses (B)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(1)		-	\$	(1	
Change in A	Assets	<u>\$</u>	-	\$	-	\$	1	\$	-	\$	1	
Fixed Asset	ts											
	Depreciation		-		(2,201)		(2,201)		-		-	
	Computer & Software CapEx		-		-				-		-	
	Furniture & Fixtures CapEx		-		-				-		-	
	Equipment CapEx Leasehold Improvements		-		-				-		-	
	Allocation of Fixed Assets	\$	-	\$	- 2,201	\$	2,201		-		-	
Inc(Dec) in	Fixed Assets ( C )	\$		\$	2,201	\$		\$		\$		
		\$	-	\$		\$			-	\$		
IO IAL BUD	OGET (=B + C)	\$		<b>&gt;</b>		Þ	(1)	\$		Þ	(1	
	FTEs		12.48		14.98		2.50		16.89		4.41	

### Summary of Variances by Category – 2015 Budget Compared to 2014 Budget

- **Personnel** Personnel expenses are projected to increase in 2015 due primarily to FTEs reallocated to this department in 2014. Benefits are projected to increase at a slightly higher rate than other personnel expenses due to the higher cost per employee of employee benefits plans due to budgeted market increases in medical and dental plan costs.
- Office Costs The increase is due to an increase in the number for FTEs in the department.
- **Professional Services** The increase is due to implementation of new systems to improve efficiency and controls in processing expenses.

### **Section B — Supplemental Financial Information**

### **Breakdown by Statement of Activity Sections**

The following detailed schedules support the consolidated Statement of Activities. All significant variances were described by program area in the preceding pages.

**Table B-1**Working Capital and Operating Reserves Analysis

Working Capital ar		erve Analysis				
	Statutory	Working	Known	Unknown	Operator	
	Reserves	Capital <sup>1</sup>	Contingencies	Contingencies	Certification	CRISP
Beginning Balance						
Balance as of 12/31/13 - per audit	6,264,672	3,817,478	1,000,000	(69,672)	1,516,866	
Less: Adjustment for future liabilities	(3,817,478)	(3,817,478)				
<b>Available Working Capital and Operating Reserves</b>	2,447,194	-	1,000,000	(69,672)	1,516,866	-
Generation or (Use) from 2014 Operations						
From 2014 operations	2 (1,842,482)		(150,000)	(1,172,046)	(520,436)	
Proceeds from financing activities (non-current portion only)	1,400,799			1,400,799		
Projected Working Capital and Operating Reserves - 12/31/14	2,005,511	-	850,000	159,081	996,430	-
Required Working Capital and Operating Reserves - 12/31/15	<sup>3</sup> 3,100,469	-	-	2,009,081	591,388	500,000
Adjustment to achieve required reserve balance	1,094,958	-	(850,000)	1,850,000	(405,042)	500,000
Increase(decrease) in funding requirement to adjust reserve balance	1,094,958	-	(850,000)	1,850,000	(405,042)	500,000
	-					
2015 Expenses and Capital Expenditures	66,649,309			55,853,076	1,475,109	9,321,123
Less: Penalty Sanctions received 7/1/13 - 7/31/14	(1,155,000)			(1,155,000)		
Less: Other Funding Sources	(10,907,889)			(894,232)	(1,070,068)	(8,943,589)
Adjustment to achieve desired reserve balance	1,094,958	-	(850,000)	1,850,000	(405,042)	500,000
Less: Proceeds from financing activities (non-current only)	(1,266,667)			(1,266,667)		
Plus: debt service	893,664			893,664		
2015 NERC Assessment	55,308,375	-	(850,000)	55,280,841	-	877,534

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>As further explained in the discussion of the Working Capital Reserve amount in Exhibit E, funds classified as Working Capital offset future, non-current liabilities. The calculation of Working Capital and Operating Reserve balances per 2013 audited financials and as projected for 2014 and 2015 is included with the Statements of Financial Position on page 97.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The use of Unknown Contingency reserves includes the \$1,222,471 budgeted reduction in reserves in 2014.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> On August 14, 2014, the NERC Board of Trustees approved the Working Capital and Operating Reserve Balance at 12/31/15.

# **Table B-2 Penalties**

### **Penalty Sanctions**

Penalty monies received prior to June 30, 2014, are to be used to offset assessments in the 2015 budget, as documented in NERC Policy – Accounting, Financial Statement and Budgetary Treatment of Penalties Imposed and Received for Violations of Reliability Standard, as well as Section 1107.2 of the Rules of Procedure. Penalty monies received from July 1, 2014, through June 30, 2015, will be used to offset assessments in the 2016 budget. In addition, pursuant to Section 1107.4 of the Rules of Procedure, management is requesting approval to apply \$1M in penalty funds received on July 9, 2014 to offset 2015 assessments.

All penalties received as of July 9, 2014, are detailed below, including the amount and date received.

### **Allocation Method**

Penalty sanctions received have been allocated to the following statutory programs to reduce assessments: Reliability Standards, Regional Entity Assurance and Oversight, Compliance Analysis, Registration and Certification, Compliance Enforcement, Reliability Assessments and Performance Analysis, Training and Education, Situational Awareness, Event Analysis and Investigations, the Critical Infrastructure Department, and the ES-ISAC. Penalty sanctions are allocated based upon the number of FTEs in the program divided by the aggregate total FTEs in the programs receiving the allocation.

Penalty Sanctions	Date Received	Amo	unt Received
Penalties received between 7/1/2013 and 6/30/2014			
	7/15/2013	\$	25,000
	11/7/2013		120,000
	11/8/2013		5,000
	12/2/2013		5,000
		\$	155,000
Penalties received after 6/30/2014, but included in the 2015 Budge	et 7/9/2014	\$	1,000,000
Total Penalty Sanctions included in the 2015 Budget		\$	1,155,000

**Table B-3**Outside Funding

Outside Funding Breakdown By Program (Excluding Penalty		Budget		Projection		Budget		Variance 2015 Budget v 2014		
Sanction)		2014		2014		2015		Budget		
Reliability Standards										
Workshops	\$	104,000	\$	104,000	\$	104,000	\$	-		
Interest Allocation		3,976	·	522	·	587	·	(3,389)		
Total	\$	107,976	\$	104,522	\$	104,587	\$	(3,389)		
Compliance Analysis, Registration and Certification										
Interest Allocation	\$	-	\$	254	\$	271	\$	271		
Total	\$ \$	46,332	\$	254	\$	271	\$	271		
Regional Entity Assurance and Oversight										
Workshops	\$	40,000	Ś	-	\$	-	\$	(40,000)		
Interest Allocation	•	3,534	7	254	т.	293	*	(3,241)		
Total	\$	46,332	\$	254	\$	293	\$	(43,241)		
Compliance Enforcement										
Interest Allocation	\$	2,798	\$	293	\$	361	\$	(2,437)		
Total	\$	46,332	\$	293	\$	361	\$	(2,437)		
Reliability Assessments and Performance Analysis										
pc_GAR Software	\$	50,000	\$	50,000	\$	50,000	Ś	_		
Workshops	,	40,000		40,000		17,500	•	(22,500		
Interest Allocation		2,913		405		474		(2,439		
Total	\$	92,913	\$	90,405	\$	67,974	\$	(24,939)		
Training and Education										
Testing Fees and Certificate Renewals	\$	1,035,000	\$	1,020,000	\$	1,070,000	\$	35,000		
CEH Fees		600,000		600,000		600,000		-		
Interest Allocation		1,252		162		192		(1,060)		
Total	\$	1,621,252	\$	1,620,162	\$	1,670,192	\$	33,940		
Event Analysis										
Workshops	\$	50,000	\$	50,000	\$	47,300	\$	(2,700)		
Interest Allocation		1,473		197		226		(1,247)		
Total	\$	51,473	\$	50,197	\$	47,526	\$	(3,947)		
Situation Awareness										
Workshops	\$	75,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(75,000)		
Interest Allocation		957		127		147		(810)		
Total	\$	75,957	\$	127	\$	147	\$	(75,810)		
Critical Infrastructure Department										
Workshops	\$	45,000	\$	45,000	\$	72,500	\$	27,500		
Interest Allocation		3,098		162		203		(2,895)		
Total	\$	48,098	\$	45,162	\$	72,703	\$	24,605		
ES-ISAC										
Third Party Funding (CRISP)						8,943,589		8,943,589		
Interest Allocation				157		248		248		
Total	\$	-	\$	157	\$	8,943,837	\$	8,943,837		
Total Outside Funding	\$	2,044,000	\$	1,910,986	\$	10,907,235	\$	(49,270)		
_						_				

### Explanation of Significant Variances – 2015 Budget Compared to 2014 Budget

- Regional Entity Assurance and Oversight Workshop fees are not budgeted in 2015 because the
  workshops are being held in NERC or Regional Entity offices at significantly lower cost than
  hotels.
- Reliability Assessments and Performance Analysis Historically, NERC charged nominal license fees to help defray a portion of the costs of operating, maintaining, and administering pc-GAR, a complex legacy software application used to provide industry with access to certain generator and transmission data. In response to its 2013 Business Plan and Budget (in which NERC indicated it would discontinue the licensing of this software and data availability and therefore excluded any projection of licensing fees in its 2013 budget), NERC received feedback from industry expressing a strong desire for continuing to provide access. Upon further review and consideration, NERC management felt that it was important to retain control of the licensing in order to ensure the protection of confidential information and that the assessment activities performed by RAPA would also benefit from the continued industry utilization of pc-GAR. As previously described under the RAPA section of this business plan and budget, NERC expects to commence development of a replacement software application for pc-GAR in Q4 2013, and funding is included in the Fixed Asset portion of the 2015 Business Plan and Budget for this activity. Any fees for licensing of the pc-GAR software in 2015 will be used to offset development costs of the replacement application, as well operation and maintenance costs for the existing and replacement applications.

The reduction in workshop fees is due to the decision to not charge attendance fees at one of two meetings.

- <u>Training and Education</u> The increase is related to a higher number of tests being administered in 2015.
- <u>Situation Awareness</u> Reduced number of workshops due to the transition of the NASPI support to the private sector.
- <u>Critical Infrastructure Protection</u> Workshop fees associated with the Grid Security Conference are budgeted to be higher than 2014 based upon 2013 actual results.
- <u>ES-ISAC</u> The increase is related to third party funding of CRISP.

Table B-4
Personnel

Personnel Expenses	Budget 2014		Projection 2014		Budget 2015		Variance 015 Budget v 2014 Budget	Variance %
Total Salaries	\$	26,218,572	\$	26,168,292	\$	27,580,677	\$ 1,362,105	5.2%
Total Payroll Taxes		1,570,954		1,726,865		1,673,628	102,674	6.5%
Total Benefits		3,385,917		3,179,008		3,547,178	161,261	4.8%
Total Retirement		2,884,211		2,715,383		3,001,829	117,618	4.1%
Total Personnel Costs	\$	34,059,654	\$	33,789,548	\$	35,803,312	\$ 1,743,658	5.1%
FTEs		189.53		164.32		192.30	2.77	1.5%
Cost per FTE								
Salaries	\$	138,335	\$	159,252	\$	143,425	5,091	3.7%
Payroll Taxes		8,289		10,509		8,703	415	5.0%
Benefits		17,865		19,346		18,446	581	3.3%
Retirement		15,218		16,525		15,610	392	2.6%
Total Cost per FTE	\$	179,706	\$	205,633	\$	186,185	\$ 6,479	3.6%

### Explanation of Significant Variances – 2015 Budget Compared to 2014 Budget

The increase in salaries, payroll taxes, and retirement expenses is due to the increase in FTEs, budgeted salary increases, the addition of more senior staff in 2014, and the need to pay higher market-based compensation than previously budgeted to attract and retain employees. The average cost per FTE is also affected by an increase in the across-the-board FTE adjustment to account for attrition and hiring delays—from 4% in 2014 to 6% in 2015. This reduced the total number of FTEs budgeted in all departments, offset by the addition of three positions in the ES-ISAC department. In addition to the increase in the number of FTEs on staff, benefits are budgeted to increase based upon the most recent market data as provided by NERC's insurance broker. Payroll taxes are increasing at a higher percentage due to an increase in the maximum salary subject to FICA taxes.

### Table B-5

NOTE: This table has been replaced by Exhibit C.

### Table B-6 Rent

Rent	Budget 2014		Projection 2014		Budget 2015		Variance )15 Budget v !014 Budget	Variance %
Office Rent	\$ 2,617,300	\$	2,650,299	\$	2,987,777	\$	370,477	14.15%
Total Office Rent	\$ 2,617,300	\$	2,650,299	\$	2,987,777	\$	370,477	14.15%

The increase is related to the proposal to acquire additional space in the Washington, DC office for the separation of the ES-ISAC from other NERC operations and to the projected decrease in rent income from the subtenant in NERC's former Washington, DC offices.

**Table B-7**Office Costs

Office Costs		Budget 2014		Projection 2014	Budget 2015		Variance 2015 Budget v 2014 Budget	Variance %
Telephone	Ś	628,000	Ś	464.422	Ś	560.318	\$ (67,682	-10.78%
Telephone Answering Srv	*	,	,	2,341	,	3.000	3,000	,
Internet		310,000		407,911		403,357	93,357	30.12%
Office Supplies		199,300		200,812		189,600	(9,700	-4.87%
Computer Supplies and Maintenance		,		, -		,	-	
Computers		4,500		4,500		9,000	4,500	100.00%
Computer Supplies		95,400		100,652		100,100	4,700	4.93%
Maintenance & Service Agreements		1,676,029		1,539,704		1,749,979	73,950	4.41%
Software		141,500		199,925		140,680	(820	
Network Supplies		,		5,400		•		•
Publications & Subscriptions		32,995		47,184		40,495	7,500	22.73%
Dues		41,750		67,709		53,000	11,250	26.95%
Postage		19,600		12,965		12,300	(7,300	-37.24%
Express Shipping		34,000		29,033		38,500	4,500	13.24%
Copying		115,000		116,257		65,000	(50,000	-43.48%
Reports		8,000		3,000		3,000	(5,000	-62.50%
Stationary/Forms		10,000		2,500		5,000	(5,000	-50.00%
Equipment Repair/Service Contracts		70,000		70,000		100,000	30,000	42.86%
Bank Charges		20,000		43,000		20,000	-	0.00%
Taxes		15,000		5,000		5,000	(10,000	-66.67%
Merchant Card Fees		85,000		87,792		85,000	- -	0.00%
Total Office Costs	\$	3,506,074	\$	3,410,107	\$	3,583,328	\$ 77,254	2.20%

### Explanation of Significant Variances – 2015 Budget Compared to 2014 Budget

The increase in Office Costs is primarily due higher maintenance and service agreement costs related to data storage requirements of CRISP, offset by a reduction in costs resulting from the decision to purchase the necessary hardware and software to back up NERC data and eliminate the monthly service to provide this capability. The increases in Internet and Equipment Repair/Service Contracts and the decrease in Copying are based upon 2014 projected costs.

**Table B-8**Professional Services

Professional Services	Budget 2014		Projection 2014	Budget 2015	20:	Variance 15 Budget v 014 Budget	Variance %
Independent Trustee Fees	\$ 1,000,000	\$	1,000,000	\$ 1,085,000	\$	85,000	8.50%
Trustee Search Fee	70,000		70,000	-		(70,000)	-100.00%
Outside Legal	740,000		740,000	930,000		190,000	25.68%
Lobbying Fees	50,000		50,000	50,000		-	0.00%
Accounting & Auditing Fees	150,000		150,000	150,000		-	0.00%
Insurance Commercial	100,000		100,000	200,000		100,000	100.00%
Outside Services	180,280		180,280	196,280		16,000	8.88%
Total Services	\$ 2,290,280	\$	2,290,280	\$ 2,611,280	\$	321,000	14.02%

The Professional Services budget includes a previously approved increase in trustee fees, offset by the reduction in trustee search fees, which will not be required in 2015.<sup>27</sup> The increase in outside legal fees is related to outside counselto support CRISPoffset by a reduction in costs included in the 2014 budget for completion of the 5-year performance assessment which will not be incurred in 2015. The increase in Insurance is related to the purchase of certain additional insurance required by the terms of the CRISP Master Serivces Agreement. The projected increase in outside service costs is primarily due to higher costs associated with accounting systems implemented at the beginning of 2014.

**Table B-9 Miscellaneous** 

Miscellaneous Expenses		Budget 2014		Projection 2014		Budget 2015		Variance 5 Budget v 2014 Budget	Variance %	
Miscellaneous Expense	Ś	6.500	Ś	3.000	Ś	6.500	\$	_	0.00%	
Employee Rewards and Recognition	\$	10,000		10,000	Ψ	10,000	Ψ.	-	0.00%	
Community Resp & Employee Engagement		10,000		10,000		10,000		-	0.00%	
Year-end Employee Recognition Event		10,000		10,000		10,000		-	0.00%	
Total Miscellaneous Expenses	\$	36,500	\$	33,000	\$	36,500	\$	-	0.00%	

The 2015 Miscellaneous Expense budget is \$36,500, which is equal to the 2014 budget. This budget is intended to cover the cost of (1) token gifts to retiring employees, condolence flowers in the event of a death in the family of an employee, and similar types of miscellaneous expenses (\$6.5k); (2) funds to support Community Responsibility and Employee Engagement Committee activities (\$10k); (3) departmental and company team-building activities and employee rewards and recognition expenses that are not otherwise included in personnel expense (\$10k); and (4) year-end employee recognition meal expenses (\$10k).

NERC | 2015 Business Plan and Budget | Approved by the Board of Trustess August 14, 2014

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>27</sup> Further information regarding the increase in Trustee fees may be found in the background materials to Agenda Item 2 on the August 14, 2013, Corporate Governance and Human Resources Committee agenda.

# **Table B-10**Other Non-Operating Expenses

Other Non-Operating Expenses	Budget 2014	Projection 2014	Budget 2015		2015	Variance 5 Budget v 2014 Budget	Variance %	
Gain/Loss from Sale of Assets					\$	-		
Property Tax Expense	\$ 50,000	50,000	\$	50,000		-		
Office Relocation	-			-		-		
Interest	94,000	29,367		81,000		(13,000)		
Total Other Non-Operating Expenses	\$ 144,000	\$ 79,367	\$	131,000	\$	(13,000)	-9.03%	

The decrease in budgeted interest expense is based on the assumption that 2015 draws on the loan will occur at the end of the year instead of the beginning of the year, as further detailed in the Capital Financing, Exhibit D.

RC has no non-sta	tutory activities.		

### **Section D — Supplemental Financial Statements**

NORTH AMERICAN ELECTRIC RELIABILITY COPORATION STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

	12/31/2013 per Audit	12/31/2014 Projection	12/31/2015 Projection		
ASSETS					
Cash	26,182,060	26,822,930	27,521,607		
Trade Accounts receivable, net of allowance for uncollectible accounts of \$0 and \$62,573 in 2013 and 2012	3,353,895	3,353,895	3,353,895		
Other Receivables	-	-	-		
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	869,876	869,876	869,876		
Security deposit	99,136	99,136	99,136		
Cash value of insurance policies	-	-	-		
Plan Assets (457b)	3 20,6 60	320,660	320,660		
Property and equipment	5,645,116	6,066,323	7,351,817		
Total Assets	36,470,743	37,532,820	39,516,991		
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS					
Liabilities  Current Portion					
Accounts payable and accrued expenses (incl, vacation accrual)	2,917,304	2,917,304	2,917,304		
Accrued Incentive Comp	4,025,979	3,972,691	4,194,752		
Deferred rent-current	182,421	249,764	322,218		
Deferred compensation-current Capital lease obligations - current	20,386 47,108	(0)	(0)		
Accrued retirement liabilities	1,788,624	1,570,716	1,723,805		
Deferred income	5,287,044	5,287,044	5,287,044		
Regional assessments	9,427,293	9,427,293	9,427,293		
Capital Project Financing - Current Portion		893,664	1,526,997		
Total Current Portion	23,696,159	24,318,477	25,399,414		
Long-Term Portion					
Deferred compensation <sup>1</sup> Deferred rent - non-current	597,514	597,514	597,514		
Capital lease obligations - non-current	3,817,478	3,567,713	3,245,495		
Capital Project Financing - non-current		1,400,798	1,773,801		
Total Non-Current Portion	4,414,992	5,566,026	5,616,810		
Total Liabilities	28,111,151	29,884,502	31,016,224		
-					
Net Assets - unrestricted	7,914,592	6,493,318	8,500,767		
Net Assets - restricted	445,000	1,155,000	-		
Total Liabilities and Net Assets	36,470,743	37,532,820	39,516,991		
<sup>1</sup> Includes 457b liability, life insurance for former executive, and reti	ree medical				
	-	-			
Working Capital	6,264,672	5,573,225	6,345,964		
Less: Restriction for future liabilities	(3,817,478)	(3,567,713)	(3,245,495)		
Available Working Capital	2,447,194	2,005,511	3,100,469		
CRISP	, ,		500,000		
Known and Unknown	930,328	1,009,081	2,509,081		
PCGC	1,516,866	996,430	591,388		

#### NORTH AMERICAN ELECTRIC RELIABILITY COPRORATION

									Statutory Activities								
									Statutory Activities								
Statement of Activities, Fixed Asset																	
Expenditures and Change in Working Capital by													General and Administrative				
Program 2015 Budget	Statutory Total	Reliability Standards	Compliance Analysis&Cert			Reliability Assessment and	Operator Certification	Training and Continuing			Critical Infrastructure	ES-ISAC	(Includes Executive and Gov't		Information Technology		Accounting and Finance
2015 Budget Funding	Statutory Iotal	Reliability Standards	Analysis&Cert	Regional Oversight	Compliance Enforcement	Performance Analysis	Operator Certification	Education	Event Analysis	Situation Awareness	Department	ES-ISAC	Relations)	Legal and Regulatory	Technology	Human Resources	Finance
ERO Funding																	
NERC Assessments	55,308,375	9,911,464	4,758,043	5,621,826	5,664,344	9,571,195		1,826,822	4,066,804	3,588,981	4,343,333	5,328,566	626,997	-	-		-
Penalty Sanctions	1,155,000	231,095	106,550	115,453	142,161	186,581		48,871	88,839	57,774	79,936	97,742			-		
Total NERC Funding	56,463,375	10,142,558	4,864,593	5,737,279	5,806,505	9,757,776		1,875,692	4,155,643	3,646,755	4,423,269	5,426,307	626,997	-	-	-	-
Third-Party Funding (CRISP)	8,943,589											8,943,589					
Testing Fees	1,670,000						1,070,000	600,000				0,545,505					
Services & Software	50,000					50,000											
Workshops	241,300	104,000				17,500			47,300		72,500						
Interest	3,000	587	271	293	361	474	68	124	226	147	203	248					
Miscellaneous Total Funding (A)	67,371,264	10,247,145	4,864,863	5,737,572	5,806,866	9,825,750	1,070,068	2,475,817	4,203,169	3,646,902	4,495,972	14,370,144	626,997				
Total Fulluling (A)	07,371,204	10,247,143	4,004,003	3,737,372	3,000,000	3,023,730	1,070,000	2,473,017	4,203,103	3,040,302	4,433,372	14,370,144	020,557				
Expenses																	
Personnel Expenses																	
Salaries	27,580,677	3,082,972	1,658,833	1,783,650	1,785,495	2,833,480		641,792 43,305	1,447,159	849,802	1,423,791	1,733,405	2,425,909		2,477,896	606,214	1,770,583
Payroll Taxes Benefits	1,673,628 3,547,178	202,258 441,383	105,003 203,715	115,456 220,692	110,866 254,644	176,963 356,502		43,305 95,130	92,831 173,284	55,831 112,106	85,220 152,786	103,696 186,739	122,928 314,644		160,263 356,502	23,797 50,929	105,402 288,597
Retirement Costs	3,001,829	346,269	186,557	200,525	200,635	317,664		71,986	162,193	95,226	159,808	195,059	203,656		277,094	42,964	197,906
Total Personnel Expenses	35,803,312	4,072,883	2,154,108	2,320,322	2,351,641	3,684,609		852,213	1,875,467	1,112,965	1,821,605	2,218,899	3,067,137		3,271,754	723,904	2,362,488
Meeting Expenses																	
Meetings	1,050,000 2,203,395	194,056 339,300	3,064 164,158	70,000 198,000	2,000 57,900			14,931 18,822	79,228 114,500	5,000 45,882	133,134 188,358	60,000 126,000	338,900 426,482		3,169 35,000	1,500 14,000	2,500 48,500
Travel Conference Calls	312,751	117,736	3,588	7,200	2,900			27,900	10,000	45,882 2,610	21,500	24,885	426,482 28,831		13,000	1,247	9,560
Total Meeting Expenses	3,566,146	651,092	170,810	275,200	62,800			61,653	203,728	53,492	342,992	210,885	794,213		51,169	16,747	60,560
Operating Expenses																	
Consultants & Contracts Office Rent	14,311,466 2,987,777			388,000		955,450	392,724	359,406		1,077,321	426,800	8,329,390	15,000 2,987,777		1,729,600	298,275	339,500
Office Costs	3,583,328	76,276	28,550	32,834	41,500	152,386	42,911	50,267	29,736	41,025	20,158	356,914	444,262		2,143,420	14,099	37,838
Professional Services	2,611,280	,		,	,	,	,	,	,	,		350,000	1,185,000		_,,	80,280	296,000
Miscellaneous	36,500	500	250	250	500			500	500	500	500	500			500	25,000	500
Depreciation	2,333,006					228,000			193,667	161,498			419,399		1,330,443		
Total Operating Expenses	25,863,357	76,776	28,800	421,084	42,000	1,336,336	435,635	410,173	223,903	1,280,343	447,458	9,036,804	5,056,938	771,652	5,203,963	417,654	673,838
Total Direct Expenses	65,232,815	4,800,751	2,353,718	3,016,607	2,456,441	5,456,456	847,881	1,324,038	2,303,098	2,446,801	2,612,056	11,466,588	8,918,288	4,448,015	8,526,886	1,158,304	3,096,886
		.,,,,,,,,,	2,200,120	5,525,555	-,,	2,123,132		-,,	2,232,232	2,,	2,123,111	,,	2,020,200	.,,	5,521,551	2,230,23	2,000,000
Indirect Expenses	(0)	5,139,603	2,369,694	2,567,695	3,161,698	4,149,598	591,897	1,086,900	1,975,798	1,284,901	1,777,797	2,173,799	(9,049,288)	(4,448,015)	(8,526,886)	(1,158,304)	(3,096,886)
													404.000				
Other Non-Operating Expenses	131,000		-				-			-	•	-	131,000				<del></del>
Total Expenses (B)	65,363,815	9,940,354	4,723,412	5,584,302	5,618,139	9,606,054	1,439,778	2,410,938	4,278,897	3,731,701	4,389,853	13,640,387		-	-	-	-
,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		-,	, ,	-,,	-,,	.,,	, ,		, ,,,,,		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	-,					
Change in Assets	2,007,449	306,791	141,451	153,270	188,727	219,696	(369,711)	64,879	(75,728)	(84,800)	106,120	729,758	626,997	-	-	-	
Fixed Assets																	
Depreciation Computer & Software CapEx	(2,333,006) 3,253,500	-				(228,000)		-	(193,667)	(161,498)		100,000	(419,399)	-	(1,330,443) 2,953,500		-
Furniture & Fixtures CapEx	3,253,500					200,000						100,000			2,953,500		
Equipment CapEx	365,000														365,000		
Leasehold Improvements																	
Allocation of Fixed Assets	-	306,791	141,451	153,270	188,727	247,696	35,331	64,879	117,939	76,698	106,120	129,758	419,399		(1,988,057)		-
Inc(Dec) in Fixed Assets ( C )	1,285,494	306,791	141,451	153,270	188,727	219,696	35,331	64,879	(75,728)	(84,800)	106,120	229,758					
me(bec) in rived Assets ( C )	1,203,434	300,731	141,431	155,270	100,727	215,050	33,331	04,073	(73,720)	(04,000)	100,120	223,730		-			
TOTAL BUDGET (=B + C)	66,649,309	10,247,145	4,864,863	5,737,572	5,806,866	9,825,750	1,475,109	2,475,817	4,203,169	3,646,902	4,495,972	13,870,144					-
							(400)										
TOTAL CHANGE IN WORKING CAPITAL (=A-B-C)	721,955		(0)	(0)	-	0	(405,042)	0		-	0	500,000	626,997	-	-		
FTEs	192.30	24.40	11.25	12.19	15.01	19.70	2.81	5.16	9.38	6.10	8.44	10.32	13.13	15.01	19.70	2.81	16.89

### **Exhibit A – Common Assumptions**

# Shared Business Plan and Budget Assumptions – NERC and the Regional Entities 2014–2017 Planning Period (2015 Budget Cycle)

Throughout 2013 and early 2014, NERC and the eight Regional Entities worked to develop a common operating model with defined roles and responsibilities<sup>28</sup> that align with business planning goals, objectives, metrics, and assumptions for the ERO Enterprise for the 2014–2017 planning period (and specifically for the 2015 budget cycle). At its February 2014 meeting, the NERC Board of Trustees approved an updated version of the ERO Enterprise Strategic Plan with newly aligned goals, objectives, and deliverables for the 2014–2017 planning period. The ERO Enterprise's annual strategic planning and performance monitoring processes will remain transparent with results reported on a quarterly basis to NERC's corporate governance and human resources committee and Board in support of the ERO corporate oversight function.

As part of the updated strategic plan, NERC and the Regional Entities consolidated five goals within the existing focus areas of standards; compliance, registration and certification; risks to reliability; and coordination and collaboration, and identified a number of associated objectives and deliverables expected of the ERO Enterprise. New in 2014, NERC and the Regional Entities added four overarching performance metrics to assess the overall effectiveness of the ERO Enterprise in addressing risk to the BES and improving BES reliability. These metrics concentrate on measuring progress in achieving reliability results, assuring standards and compliance effectiveness, and improving risk mitigation and program execution. The following set of common assumptions has been developed to guide ERO Enterprise resource projections<sup>29</sup> for the 2014–2017 business planning and budget period (and specifically for the 2015 budget cycle) in support of achievement of the goals and objectives set forth in the Strategic Plan.

Similar to prior planning cycles, the specific resource needs and budgets of NERC and the Regional Entities will be publicly posted and made available on NERC's website for review and will be approved in open session by NERC's Finance and Audit Committee as part of the annual business plan and budget processes. This is in addition to the process that the Regional Entities use to obtain their board and stakeholder review of their business plans and budgets. NERC's review of the Regional Entity business plans and budgets will be primarily focused on ensuring alignment of activities with the Strategic Plan and that resources are adequate to support performance of delegated functions and key initiatives. A 2015 Business Plan and Budget schedule has been developed to identify important meeting dates, review periods, posting dates, etc. associated with the development and completion of the NERC and Regional Entity plans.

These assumptions will continue to be refined based on comments received from stakeholders and the ongoing work conducted by NERC and Regional Entity leadership regarding specific goals, objectives and supporting activities over the planning period.

### **Legal and Operating Framework**

NERC and the Regional Entities will continue to work under the existing regulatory framework governing the establishment and enforcement of Reliability Standards for the BPS established by applicable governmental authorities in the United States, Canada and portions of Mexico, as well as the authorizations contained in the FERC's order approving NERC as the ERO. Because the Regional Delegation Agreements (RDAs) expire on January

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>28</sup> See Operational Oversight Model Whitepaper

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>29</sup> NERC recognizes there are often unique factors that drive differences in each entity or organization's final determination of its resource needs and budget. Regional Entity-specific assumptions are stated in each Regional Entity's business plan and budget as appropriate.

1, 2016, NERC and the Regional Entities will work collaboratively to identify any necessary revisions to the RDAs as renewal efforts begin in 2014.

NERC will provide oversight of the Regional Entities' performance of their delegated functions to ensure that delegated responsibilities are adequately performed. NERC expects that the Regional Entities will continue to have the primary responsibility for day-to-day operations and interactions with registered entities. NERC and the Regional Entities will also continue to work collaboratively to refine and revise procedures to eliminate duplication, increase operational efficiencies, enhance ERO-wide consistency, and achieve measureable reliability outcomes, consistent with their respective roles and responsibilities.

### **Stakeholder Participation**

NERC and the Regional Entities develop their business plans, budgets, and resource requirements based upon the assumption of continued stakeholder participation in support of key program areas initiatives, while recognizing that stakeholder resource limitations may affect specific levels of participation in any given activity. The availability and adequacy of industry resource support will be evaluated on an ongoing basis.

#### **External Factors**

Factors external to the ERO Enterprise have the potential to influence project prioritization, resource needs, and allocation. These factors include but are not limited to the following:

- FERC, or other governmental authority orders, directives, audits, and performance assessments
- The implementation and deployment of the BES definition, as well as the volume and complexity of exception, self-determined notifications, and registration requests
- The rate and severity of entity violations
- The rate and severity of system events requiring formal investigations beyond historic volumes and their causal factors
- New technologies and changing resource or demand composition that require additional reliability studies and reliability risk analysis
- Changes in applicable laws and regulations, including environmental laws and others
- Priority risk initiatives identified by the Reliability Issues Steering Committee, Board committees, and through other stakeholder input
- The pace at which Reliability Standards are revised to achieve sustainable high-quality and content scores<sup>30</sup>
- The ability of stakeholders to support the pace and scope of the various initiatives while implementing the results of earlier efforts

### **Collaboration with the Trade Associations and Forums**

The activities of the North American Transmission Forum (NATF), North American Generator Forum (NAGF), and other trade forums and associations are expected to complement ERO Enterprise activities and limit the need to add incremental resources to the NERC and Regional Entity business plans and budgets that might otherwise be required in the absence of these forums. In 2013, NERC entered into a memorandum of understanding with the NATF to help ensure that the common objectives of each organization are achieved in the most efficient and effective manner. There is mutual agreement, with no commitment of funds, to coordinate information sharing,

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>30</sup> The approach for determining whether a Reliability Standard has met a sustainable high quality and content score will be developed by NERC staff and the Standards Committee and reviewed with stakeholders. Any needed changes to the Standard Processes Manual (SPM) required to implement this approach will be addressed prior to the pace being established.

engage in the development and maintenance of mutual reliability initiatives, and provide periodic reports to pertinent audiences. A similar agreement is under development with the NAGF in 2014.

Collaboration between the NATF and NERC is expected to continue into 2015 so that NATF members can more fully support NERC efforts on projects such as: protection systems misoperations reduction, physical security, various activities related to reliability assurance initiatives, improvement of modeling practices, and complementary efforts on addressing the geomagnetic disturbance challenges.

### Key Assumptions by Program Area<sup>31</sup>

### **Reliability Standards Program**

- 1. There will be continued focus on improving quality and content of Reliability Standards. This will require the allocation of resources from several internal NERC departments and support from across the enterprise.
  - a. The implementation of a cost-effectiveness assessment of proposed standards and the involvement in various other reform activities will likely require resource support from other program areas. Resource requirements and impacts are not fully known at this time.
- 2. The focus on improving the quality and content of standards will likely increase the demand on NERC, the Regional Entities and stakeholders to review and comment on proposed revisions to standards, support regulatory filings, and support successful implementation of new standards as they become effective.
- The number of projects contained in the Reliability Standards Development Plan will likely increase, depending upon the number of standards that require reviews and modifications to improve the quality and content.
  - a. The scope of these projects, however, is expected to narrow as regulatory obligations in the form of directives and five-year reviews, Paragraph 81, and IERP recommendations are progressively addressed.
- 4. NERC and the Regional Entities must plan to develop or modify the Reliability Standards Audit Worksheets (RSAWs) required to support the Reliability Standards Development Plan. Sufficient resources must be allocated to do so in accordance with the new RSAW development process, which aims to produce RSAWs (or modifications to RSAWs) by the time a standard is balloted.
- 5. The number of interpretation and guidance requests is expected to remain low, based on the transformation to a steady state and the implementation of RAI.
- 6. Activity associated with regional standards development is expected to remain low.

### Compliance Monitoring and Enforcement, and Organization Registration and Certification Programs

### **Compliance and Enforcement**

1. The implementation of the Reliability Assurance Initiative (RAI) and expansion of the Find-Fix-Track process will require the allocation of dedicated resources from both NERC and the Regional Entities to

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>31</sup> These statements, which are generally organized by program area, are intended to help generally guide resource allocation decision making in the development of the 2015 business plans and budgets.

complete the design and to begin developing the processes necessary to implement RAI for both compliance and enforcement.

- a. Regional Entities should anticipate at least the same level of participation in RAI as in 2013 and possibly slightly more if the transition to certain RAI elements is able to begin earlier in 2015.
- 2. NERC and the Regional Entities are expected to utilize consistent audit practices and focus on higher reliability risks to increase efficiency and mitigate overall compliance costs for registered entities.
- 3. The *Compliance Auditor Capabilities and Competency Guide* is expected to be adopted in 2015. The Regional Entities will need to assess their existing resources, including potentially adjusting skill sets to meet these requirements. This may require additional resources or a reallocation of resources to attain and maintain these competencies as noted below.
- 4. NERC and the Regional Entities must plan to support the training requirements necessary to meet the criteria set forth by the *ERO Auditor Manual and Handbook* and the *Compliance Auditor Capabilities and Competency Guide*. Regional Entities will be expected to demonstrate the following:
  - a. RSAWs, bulletins, compliance analysis reports (CARs), training documents, and other related compliance guidance are provided to compliance personnel and other staff, as necessary.
  - b. Compliance Auditor job descriptions are reviewed and properly reflect the guidance provided in the *Compliance Auditor Capabilities and Competency Guide*.
  - c. A gap analysis has been performed to specifically identify both individual training needs and organizational compliance resource needs to assure properly staffed engagements with individuals who are capable of performing work associated with identified engagement scope (e.g., appropriate individual and team knowledge, education, and collective skills).
  - d. A process is in place for personnel to acknowledge their commitment to Professional Standards, Ethical Principles, and Rules of Conduct.
  - e. An assessment process is in place to evaluate audit team competencies and capability needs.
  - f. A training program is in place that addresses initial and continuing training for capability and competency development. Regional Entities will continue to budget to meet the strategic objective of acquiring, engaging, and retaining highly qualified talent.
- 5. The implementation will continue for Technical Feasibility Exception (TFE) processing per the revised Appendix 4D, NERC Rules of Procedure, which is expected to drive a less onerous process for TFE reporting and reviewing.
- 6. An assessment project will be completed in 2014 that evaluates systems used for compliance, registration, analysis, and tracking. The project will result in changes to or the replacement of existing systems. NERC and the Regional Entities should maintain current multiyear contractor and consultant services to support the continued maintenance and administration activities associated with existing systems.
- 7. Risk-based monitoring activities are expected to increase.
- 8. The use of spot checks and self-certifications is expected to increase as risk-based monitoring is implemented, but the increase should have little effect on overall resource requirements.

- 9. Non-CIP violations are expected to continue to decrease, as most registered entities have been audited and the standards and RSAWs have matured.
- 10. CIP compliance personnel will need to support the conversion from V3 to V5 and provide support to entities undergoing a CIP audit until stability in the standards is reached.
  - a. NERC will lead the CIP Version 5 training development, coordination, and facilitation for the ERO CIP Auditors and Industry Outreach. ERO CIP Auditors will support these initiatives in collaboration with NERC, as needed, to ensure appropriate knowledge and guidance are developed, understood, and administered.
  - b. Regional Entities must plan to support the ongoing CIP Version 5 transition plans and should anticipate an expansion in the number of registered entities that require guidance during 2015.
  - c. Additional training requirements will be necessary to support the transition and will affect the annual training commitments.

An impact study is being performed to determine staffing impacts associated with the transition from Version 3 to Version 5.

### **Organization Registration and Certification**

- A risk-based registration assessment project will occur in 2014 with the expectation that an implementation plan and possibly early deployments of revisions to the registration process will take place in 2015.
- 2. The implementation of the BES definition may place additional resource demands on the registration area.
  - a. These demands cannot be fully assessed at this time. If a high number of BES exceptions is requested, a backlog situation in the first two or three years of implementation is possible.

### Reliability Assessment and Performance Analysis Program (RAPA)

- 1. The implementation of the BES exception process will require the reallocation of resources from several NERC and Regional Entity departments.
  - a. Resources are expected to manage the process execution, technical validation of the definition and exception requests, self-determined notification submittals, and requests for registration and certification reviews.
  - b. The resource impacts are not fully known at this time but are expected to be driven by the number and complexity of exception requests, self-determined notification submittals, and registration requests received.
- 2. Invested and dedicated RAPA resources will also be required throughout the enterprise to jointly:
  - a. Develop and implement improved enterprise-based data collection and analysis systems and capabilities.
  - b. Support the integration of RAPA information systems for modeling and data requirements and achieve timelines for delivering high-quality reports (e.g., Long-Term Reliability Assessment and State of Reliability report).

- c. Develop, verify, and validate quality reliability assessment and analyses model and data quality characteristics.
- d. Address impacts of new technologies, changing resource, or demand resource composition, and environmental-related regulations or legislation.
- e. Support the compilation of long-term sustainable Eastern Interconnection models.
- f. Provide technical resources and expertise to perform analyses as needed for standards development, compliance, and enforcement activities.
- g. Support quality analysis and overall assessment of the geomagnetic disturbance (GMD) vulnerability, planning guides, and planning standards.
- 3. The implementation of the Reliability Risk Management projects, identified in the ERO Performance Metric #3, will require varied resource commitments during the planning period (2014–2017) to ensure measurable improvements in reliability outcomes.
  - a. The extent of the actual resource commitment cannot be determined at this time.
- 4. Contractor and consultant services may be necessary to maintain continued support and technical expertise associated with activities listed in the above assumptions and with supporting various research efforts such as Vegetation Management, GMD, etc.
  - a. To the extent that significant events occur, contractor services may be required to support widearea system analyses and root cause evaluations.

### Training, Education, and Operator Certification Program

- 1. NERC will continue to budget and incur the cost of a unified learning management system (LMS) for the regional audit staff and work with the Regional Entities to consolidate training resources and promote better coordination, planning, delivery, and management of training efforts across the enterprise without adversely impacting Region-specific training requirements.
- 2. The time pressures associated with implementing auditor training and increasing competencies are expected to drive the allocation of training resources throughout the enterprise.
  - a. NERC will continue development of training modules with the assistance of qualified auditors from the Regional Entities.
- 3. Additional resources will be required, and increases to NERC and Regional Entity training budgets are expected to support certain training initiatives of RAI.
  - a. Regional Entities are also expected to allocate resources to meet the training requirements for the compliance and enforcement staff that are associated with the implementation of RAI.
- 4. The Regional Entities are expected to help determine training needs, including flexibility in approach between Regional Entities, and to anticipate areas of support for standards, compliance monitoring, and enforcement and IT for their staffs and stakeholders.
- 5. The Operating Personnel Certification program is expected to remain at a steady state with no additional resources required from the Regional Entities.

6. Contractor and consultant services may be necessary to maintain the continued support and technical expertise associated with some enterprise training activities.

### **Situation Awareness and Event Analysis Program**

- 1. NERC will continue to budget and manage Event Analysis with Situation Awareness separate from the Compliance and Enforcement functions.
- 2. NERC will continue to budget and incur costs to operate and maintain the software applications and systems known as Situation Awareness for NERC, FERC, and the Regions (SAFNR).
  - a. Additional resource investments may be required to enhance the capabilities of SAFNR throughout the planning period, but with no increased cost to the Regional Entities.
- 3. As the depth of focused analysis improves, any identification of possible gaps in standards and compliance monitoring could potentially influence those program areas.
- 4. Regional Entities will continue to budget for Event Analysis and Situational Awareness, as in the past. Some Regional Entities will continue to allocate resources as part of the activities accounted for under their RAPA programs.

### **Critical Infrastructure Department (CID)**

- 1. NERC will continue to fund and conduct the Grid Security Exercise (GridEx) program, with no increased cost to the Regional Entities. Planning activities will occur during even-numbered years, and execution of the exercise will take place in odd-numbered years.
- 2. NERC will continue to fund and conduct the Grid Security Conference as an annual event. Other than funding registration fees for individual attendees from their Regional Entities, no Regional Entity funding is anticipated.
- 3. NERC will continue to provide support for CIP compliance and security awareness and will continue to use available regional subject matter experts in providing this support.

### **ES-ISAC**

1. NERC will continue to fund, operate, and maintain the Electricity Sector Information Sharing and Analysis Center (ES-ISAC) with no increased cost to the Regional Entities.

### Information Technology and Project Management Office (PMO)

- 1. NERC and the Regional Entities will collaboratively work to refine existing strategies, governance, and procurement practices applicable to the development, operation, and maintenance of enterprise architecture, software, and data systems supporting both NERC and Regional Entity operations.
- 2. NERC's business plan and budget will include ongoing funding for the development, operation, and maintenance of NERC- and Regional Entity-approved enterprise applications. Enterprise application funding in any given year will be subject to the budget and funding limits set forth in NERC's approved business plan and budget. Regional Entities should include appropriate funding for applications and supporting systems designed to satisfy regional business needs that are not within the mutually agreed-upon scope of the ERO Enterprise applications that are funded by NERC.

- 3. Regional Entities may be required to allocate or augment business teams to help develop application business requirements and to test business functionality within the enterprise applications.
- 4. Ongoing investments will be required to develop, implement, and maintain enhancements to the NERC and Regional Entity websites required to improve access to information. NERC and the Regional Entities will separately fund any enhancements to their own websites.
- 5. NERC anticipates that its management of NERCnet will be transferred to the Eastern Interconnect Data Sharing Network (EIDSN) during 2014. Entities currently using NERCnet may see an increase or decrease in their costs going forward depending upon EISDN costs and billing arrangements. Users should consult EIDSN for further information.
- 6. NERC may consider transitioning other tools to third-party ownership, operation, and maintenance. NERC has not made a determination regarding which, if any, tools are likely to be transitioned or the timing of such transition. Any such transition will be accomplished in a collaborative manner with affected users, including advance notice and efforts to mitigate financial and operational impacts.

### **ERO Enterprise-wide Risk Management**

- 1. A common ERO Enterprise risk management framework will be developed and implemented that focuses on identifying, assessing, prioritizing, and mitigating risks associated with the performance of both NERC and the Regional Entities. This will be a multiyear initiative.
- 2. NERC's director of risk management and internal controls will be responsible for the overall development of this framework under NERC's Enterprise-wide Risk Management Committee.
- 3. The development and implementation of this framework will require Regional Entity cooperation and support. Any decision to add risk management and internal control resources at the Regional Entity level is reserved for Regional Entity decision-making processes.

### Exhibit B - Application of NERC Section 215 Criteria

# DISCUSSION OF HOW THE NERC MAJOR ACTIVITIES IN THE 2015 BUSINESS PLAN AND BUDGET MEET THE NERC WRITTEN CRITERIA FOR DETERMINING WHETHER A RELIABILITY ACTIVITY IS ELIGIBLE TO BE FUNDED UNDER FEDERAL POWER ACT SECTION 215

#### I. Introduction

This Exhibit discusses how the major activities in NERC's 2015 Business Plan and Budget meet the NERC written criteria for determining whether a reliability activity is eligible to be funded under §215 of the Federal Power Act (FPA §215). This Exhibit is intended to satisfy Recommendation No. 38 resulting from the financial performance of NERC conducted by the Commission's Division of Audits "DA" in 2012–2013 and adopted by the Commission in its November 2, 2012, order on NERC's 2013 Business Plan and Budget.<sup>32</sup> NERC submitted the written criteria to the Commission in a compliance filing dated February 21, 2013, in Docket No. FA11-21-000.<sup>33</sup> The Commission approved the NERC written criteria, with modifications, in an order issued in that docket on April 18, 2013.<sup>34</sup> The NERC written criteria as used in this Exhibit incorporate the modifications specified in the Compliance Order.<sup>35</sup>

### II. Reliability Standards Program 2015 Major Activities

The major activities of the Reliability Standards Program are described on pages 1-4 of the 2015 Business Plan and Budget. The Reliability Standards Program carries out the ERO's responsibility to develop, adopt, obtain approval of, and modify as and when appropriate, mandatory Reliability Standards for the reliable planning, operation, and critical infrastructure protection of the North American BES. The major activity areas for this program include (1) providing project management and leadership to the Reliability Standard development process to deliver high-quality, continent-wide Reliability Standards, including standard development outreach activities, facilitation of Standard Drafting Team activities, drafting support, assisting Standard Drafting Teams in adhering to the processes in the *Standard Processes Manual*, and ensuring that the quality of documents produced are appropriate for approval by industry and the NERC Board; (2) facilitating continent-wide industry engagement in the standard development processes; and (3) conducting industry balloting on standards, disseminating information on standards and the standard development processes, and supporting regulatory filings and proceedings relating to standards. Additionally, the Reliability Standards Program provides technical advice and quality review for Regional Entity Standards development processes, presents proposed regional standards to the NERC Board, and develops and supports regulatory filings for approval of regional standards. The Reliability Standards Program

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>32</sup> North American Electric Reliability Corporation, Order Accepting 2013 Business Plan and Budget of the North American Electric Reliability Corporation and Ordering Compliance Filing, 141 FERC ¶ 61,086 (2012) ("2013 Budget Order"). Recommendation 38, as adopted in the 2013 Budget Order, is: "In its annual business plan and budget filings, [NERC should] provide an explanation as to why the proposed activities to be undertaken by each program area for the budget year are statutory, including, at a minimum: a description and the purpose of the major activities to be taken by each program area and an explanation for why the activity is a statutory activity." *Id.* at P 16.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>33</sup> Compliance Filing of the North American Electric Reliability Corporation in response to paragraph 30 of November 2, 2012 Commission Order – NERC Written Criteria for Determining Whether a Reliability Activity is Eligible to be Funded Under Federal Power Act Section 215, filed February 1, 2013 in Docket No. FA 11-21-000 ("February 1, 2013 Compliance Filing").

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>34</sup> North American Electric Reliability Corporation, Order on Compliance, 143 FERC ¶ 61,052 (2013) ("Compliance Order").

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>35</sup> For ease of reference, the complete NERC written criteria, as modified in accordance with the Compliance Order, are provided at the end of this Exhibit.

supports the Cost-Effective Analysis Process to ensure that the standards development process produces standards that cost-effectively address reliability gaps.

The Reliability Standards Program is involved in and supports cross-departmental and collaborative projects, including the Risk-Based Registration project; the concurrent development of RSAWs with the associated Reliability Standards; conducting, in conjunction with other departments, technical analysis needed as a foundation for standards projects; and submitting newly identified reliability risks to the Reliability Issues Steering Committee (RISC) for verification prior to initiation of a standards project.

For 2015, the major activities of the Reliability Standards Program will seek to ensure that the Reliability Standards Development Plan is effectively executed and that the Reliability Standards developed will appropriately mitigate risks to reliability. The major activities will include: (1) supporting the Reliability Risk Management Process, including focusing on the selection of standards projects undertaken; (2) addressing FERC directives and responding to FERC orders through standards development projects as necessary; (3) transforming NERC's standards to steady state, including addressing possible outstanding Paragraph 81 Phase 2 requirements candidates for retirement and Independent Expert Review Panel candidates for retirement; (4) improving the quality and content of standards to determine the specific criteria for determining whether a Reliability Standard is of sufficient content and quality to be deemed steady state; and (5) facilitating smooth transitions to new standards such as CIP Version 5 and the Physical Security standard by working with other departments to develop guidelines, webinars, and other activities to support auditor and industry training on the new standards.

The major activities of the Reliability Standards Program satisfy the following criteria:

- I.A: Is the activity necessary or appropriate for Reliability Standards development projects pursuant to the NERC Rules of Procedure (ROP)?
- I.B: Is the activity necessary or appropriate for providing guidance and assistance to Regional Entities in carrying out Regional Reliability Standards development activities?
- I.C: Is the activity necessary or appropriate for information gathering, collection, and analysis activities to obtain information for Reliability Standards development, including for purposes of identifying areas in which new Reliability Standards could be developed, existing Reliability Standards could be revised, or existing Reliability Standards could be eliminated?
- I.D: Is the activity necessary or appropriate for the provision of training and education concerning Reliability Standards development processes, procedures, and topics for/to (i) NERC personnel, (ii) Regional Entity personnel, (iii) industry personnel?
- II.A: Is the activity necessary or appropriate for the identification and registration of users, owners, and operators of the Bulk Power System that are required to comply with the Requirements of Reliability Standard applicable to the reliability functions for which they are registered?
- II.F.1: Is the activity necessary or appropriate for the provision of training, education, and dissemination of information for/to (i) NERC personnel, (ii) Regional Entity personnel, and (ii) industry personnel with respect to compliance monitoring and enforcement topics and topics concerning reliability risks identified through compliance monitoring and enforcement activities, such as (1) Requirements of Reliability Standards, including how to comply and how to demonstrate compliance? This includes development of guidance and interpretation documents.

- V: Is the activity one that is required or specified by, or carries out, the provisions of NERC's Rules of Procedure that have been approved by the Commission as "Electric Reliability Organization Rules" (defined in 18 C.F.R. §39.1) pursuant to FPA §215(f)? (The applicable Rules of Procedure provisions for these major activities are §300 and Appendix 3A.)
- VI: Is the activity necessary or appropriate for the supervision and oversight of Regional Entities in the performance of their delegated responsibilities in accordance with FPA §215, 18 C.F.R. Part 39, the Commission-approved delegation agreement between NERC and the Regional Entity, the NERC ROP, and applicable provisions of Commission orders?
- IX. Is the activity necessary or appropriate for NERC and Regional Entity committees, subcommitteesand working groups engaged in activities encompassed by one or more of the other criteria?
- X. Is the activity necessary or appropriate for the analysis and evaluation of activities encompassed by one or more of the other criteria for the purpose of identifying means of performing the activities more effectively and efficiently?

## III. Compliance Monitoring and Enforcement and Organization Registration and Certification Program Area 2015 Major Activities

The major activities of the Compliance Monitoring and Enforcement and Organization Registration and Certification Program Area are described on pages 8-10, 13-15, and 19-23 of the 2015 Business Plan and Budget. This Program Area is comprised of three operational groups: (1) Regional Entity Assurance and Oversight, (2) Compliance Analysis, Certification and Registration, and (3) Compliance Enforcement.

The Regional Entity Assurance and Oversight group works collaboratively with the Regional Entities to ensure consistent and effective implementation of the Compliance Monitoring and Enforcement Program (CMEP) across the entire ERO Enterprise. This group's activities include the following major activities and functions: (1) ensuring consistent and fair implementation of the CMEP and of the risk-based compliance monitoring program for reliability improvements, including developing and maintaining the necessary compliance-related processes, procedures, IT platforms, tools, and templates; (2) oversight of the Regional Entities' delegated compliance functions, including consistent and uniform CMEP planning, implementation, and reporting, compliance operations and coordination, and auditor training; (3) CIP Version 5 activities related to transition, training, and compliance design of ERO education programs that support industry compliance and the integration of risk assessment and internal controls; (4) development of minimum baseline monitoring requirements; (5) development and maintenance of RSAWs; (6) support for Regional Entity and industry committees, working groups, and task forces, such as the Compliance and Certification Committee; and (7) supporting standards development and education. Regional Entity Assurance and Oversight provides information, statistics, and perspectives to Standard Drafting Teams and collaborates in the development of draft RSAWs during the standard development process. This program also supports and promotes the development by registered entities of effective compliance programs and internal controls.

The Regional Entity Assurance and Oversight group participates in and supports the implementation of RAI, including development of a single ERO methodology for registered entity risk assessments and evaluation and testing of registered entity internal controls; implementation of an auditor manual with an approved auditor handbook and checklist; and process improvements associated with coordination of compliance and enforcement activities for multi-region registered entities.

The ongoing and new major activities of the Regional Entity Assurance and Oversight group for 2015 include: developing a training program to support implementation of the common audit procedures and the ERO Auditor Capabilities and Competencies Guide; replacing/enhancing NERC's existing Compliance, Reporting, Analysis Tracking System (CRATS) and other compliance tools to support RAI activities; making effective internal controls models and information available to industry; initiating compliance phase-in learning periods for new standards; transitioning to a single ERO approach to compliance monitoring and common audit planning, and implementing RAI techniques and principles consistently; consolidating to a common set of RSAWs, or successors, for all standards; enhancing the design of regional compliance audits to evaluate regional staffing, deployment of tools, and testing of compliance activities; increasing the frequency of audits to validate the implementation of RAI program designs; and creating technically sound training to support compliance methodologies and testing approaches for Reliability Standards.

The Compliance Analysis, Registration and Certification Group is responsible for a range of requirements and activities embodied in Section 500 and Appendices 5A and 5B of the NERC ROP, including ensuring all entities impacting the BES are registered; ensuring Reliability Coordinators (RC), Balancing Authorities (BA) and Transmission Operators (TOP) are certified; supporting standards development and compliance monitoring; ensuring that industry maintains effective internal controls programs for reliability assurance risk; and ensuring that program gaps are assessed in all reportable events and addressed if appropriate. Major activities of this group include (1) registration of BES users, owners, and operators; (2) certification of RC, BA and TOP; (3) compliance investigations to identify possible violations of Reliability Standards; (4) processing complaints alleging violations of Reliability Standards; (5) technical assurance, including developing quarterly gap and risk assessment reports and recommended responses, and conducting inquiries and spot checks based on quarterly gap analysis; and (6) oversight of Regional Entity registration, certification, investigation, and complaint programs.

The Compliance Analysis, Registration and Certification Group is principally involved in the design and implementation of the Risk-Based Registration initiative, including the related registration criteria to identify users, owners, and operators of the BES that have a material impact on reliability and to ensure that the right entities are subject to the right set of applicable Reliability Standards, based on a consistent and common approach to risk assessment and registration across the ERO Enterprise.

The ongoing and new major activities of the Compliance Analysis, Registration and Certification Group for 2015 include: deploying a sustainable Risk-Based Registration design that incorporates evaluation of the reliability risks and benefits provided by an entity to ensure reliability; identifying a corresponding properly scoped set of Reliability Standard requirements; developing an implementation plan with business practices and IT requirements that addresses unintended industry burden, while preserving an adequate level of reliability; aligning changes to the registration criteria with other NERC activities; assessing the current certification program for opportunities to mature the program; incorporating changes in registration from the enhanced BES definition; providing support for the continued development of RSAWs; aiding in the BES definition exception submittal process; aiding in the review of registrations appeals and enforcement mitigation; assisting with training modules for investigations, certifications, and registrations; and providing analysis in support of projects addressing top reliability risks.

The Compliance Enforcement department is responsible for overseeing enforcement processes, the application of penalties or sanctions, and activities to mitigate and prevent recurrence of noncompliance with Reliability Standards. The department works collaboratively with the Regional Entities to ensure consistent and effective implementation of the CMEP. Compliance monitors Regional Entities' enforcement processes and provides oversight over the outcomes of such processes to ensure due process, identify best practices and process efficiency opportunities, and promote consistency among Regional Entities' business practices. The department collects and analyzes compliance enforcement data and trends to assist with identification of emerging risks and help to inform development of enforcement policy and processes; it files notices of penalty and other submittals

associated with noncompliance discovered through Regional Entity compliance, monitoring, and enforcement activities; it processes and files notices of penalty and other submittals discovered through NERC-led investigations and audits; and it collaborates with other NERC departments, including Reliability Standards and Regional Entity Oversight and Assurance.

The Compliance Enforcement department works with the Regional Entities to reduce the number of violations in inventory, particularly those older than 24 months; ongoing identification and implementation of enforcement process improvements, including FFT and self-reporting; promoting self-identification, prompt mitigation of noncompliance, and timely completion of mitigating activities (including through development of the ERO Enterprise Self-Report User Guide and the ERO Enterprise Mitigation Plan Guide); and other RAI activities.

New and ongoing major activities of this department in 2015 will include continuing to identify processing efficiencies and enhancements to enforcement activities; consolidating new enforcement processes, including enhancements to the FFT program, self-reporting, and RAI activities and related process improvements; ensuring timely processing of violations, particularly those that pose greater risk and can provide lessons learned to industry; and ensuring early dissemination of violation information to registered entities to enable them to learn from prior events and violations and take preventative actions to eliminate similar risks.

The major activities of the Compliance Monitoring and Enforcement and Organization Registration and Certification Program Area satisfy the following criteria:

- I.A: Is the activity necessary or appropriate for Reliability Standards development projects pursuant to the NERC Rules of Procedure?
- I.C: Is the activity necessary or appropriate for information gathering, collection and analysis activities to obtain information for Reliability Standards development, including for purposes of identifying areas in which new Reliability Standards could be developed, existing Reliability Standards could be revised, or existing Reliability Standards could be eliminated?
- II.A: Is the activity necessary or appropriate for the identification and registration of users, owners, and operators of the Bulk Power System that are required to comply with Requirements of Reliability Standards applicable to the reliability functions for which they are registered?
- II.B: Is the activity necessary or appropriate for the Certification of Reliability Coordinators, Transmission Operators and Balancing Authorities as having the requisite personnel, qualifications and facilities and equipment needed to perform these reliability functions in accordance with the applicable Requirements of Reliability Standards?
- II.D: Is the activity necessary or appropriate for conducting, participating in, or overseeing compliance monitoring and enforcement activities pursuant to the NERC ROP and (through the Regional Entities) the Commission-approved delegation agreements?
- II.E: Is the activity necessary or appropriate for information gathering, collection and analysis activities to obtain information to monitor and enforce compliance with Reliability Standards, including evaluating the effectiveness of current compliance monitoring and enforcement processes, the need for new or revised compliance monitoring and enforcement processes, and the need for new or different means of training and education on compliance with Reliability Standards.
- II.F: Is the activity necessary or appropriate for the provision of training, education and dissemination of information for/to (i) NERC personnel, (ii) Regional Entity personnel, and (iii) industry personnel with

respect to compliance monitoring and enforcement topics and topics concerning reliability risks identified through compliance monitoring and enforcement activities, such as: (1) Requirements of Reliability Standards, including how to comply and how to demonstrate compliance? This includes development of guidance and interpretation documents. (2) Compliance monitoring and enforcement processes, including how to conduct them, how to participate in them, and the expectations for the process? This includes development of guidance documents. (3) Disseminating, through workshops, webinars, Advisories/Recommendations/Essential Actions, and other publications, "lessons learned" information on compliance concerns and reliability risks obtained through compliance monitoring and enforcement activities, monitoring and investigation of Bulk Power System major events, off-normal occurrences and near miss events, and other Bulk Power System monitoring activities? (4) Registered Entity internal processes for compliance with Reliability Standards, such as development, implementation and maintenance of internal reliability compliance programs?

- V: Is the activity one that is required or specified by, or carries out, the provisions of NERC's Rules of Procedure that have been approved by the Commission as "Electric Reliability Organization Rules" (defined in 18 C.F.R. §39.1) pursuant to FPA §215(f)? (The applicable Rules of Procedure provisions for these major activities are §400 and 500 and Appendices 4B, 4C, 5A, 5B and 5C.)
- VI: Is the activity necessary or appropriate for the supervision and oversight of Regional Entities in the performance of their delegated responsibilities in accordance with FPA §215, 18 C.F.R. Part 39, the Commission-approved delegation agreement between NERC and the Regional Entity, the NERC ROP, and applicable provisions of Commission orders?
- IX: Is the activity necessary or appropriate for NERC and Regional Entity committees, subcommittees and working groups engaged in the activities encompassed by one or more of the other criteria?
- X: Is the activity necessary or appropriate for the analysis and evaluation of activities encompassed by one or more of the other criteria for the purpose of identifying means of performing the activities more effectively and efficiently?

### IV. Reliability Assessment and Performance Analysis Program 2015 Major Activities

The major activities of the Reliability Assessment and Performance Analysis (RAPA) Program are described on pages 25-34 of the 2015 Business Plan and Budget. The RAPA Program carries out the ERO's responsibility to conduct assessments of the reliability and adequacy of the BES to provide insight and guidance about reliability risks and performance improvements. RAPA also identifies reliability performance issues and areas of concern (including equipment performance and reliability issues) for consideration in the development and modification of Reliability Standards or other initiatives to enhance reliability. The principal activity areas of the RAPA program include: independent assessments and reports on the overall reliability, adequacy, and associated reliability risks that could impact the upcoming summer and winter seasons and the long-term (e.g., 10-year) planning horizon; performance analysis and recommendations of historical reliability and associated trends, relying on data integrity and consistent methodology, leading to credible recommendations/guidance; reliability assessment and bulk system evaluation model development for analyzing steady-state and dynamic conditions; assurance that electrical elements necessary for the reliable operation of the BPS are appropriately identified as BES Elements; reliability risk program management for improving key risk areas using analyses of reliability gaps, risks, controls, and management efforts; determination of reliability risk program priorities to align with the strategic plan and business plan and budget for the appropriate level of resources, timing, completion, and execution; and providing leadership and consistent technically sound guidance and recommendations that position industry and policy makers to enhance reliability through effective outreach and communications.

The RAPA Program is engaged in reliability risk analysis and identification of top reliability risks and in supporting and implementing the Reliability Risk Management Process to identify, measure, prioritize, and develop strategies for managing and disseminating information on areas of reliability risk. Current programs focused on managing the top-priority reliability risks address the changing resource mix, resource planning, protection system reliability, uncoordinated protection systems, extreme physical events, availability of real-time tools and monitoring, protection system misoperations, and right-of-way clearances. RAPA works on a number of these programs in collaboration with other NERC departments and conducts analyses to understand the technical performance of the BES to guide recommendations and insights that enhance system performance and reliability. Additionally, RAPA continues to be heavily involved in the development and implementation of the revised BES definition and the BES Exception procedure (Appendix 5C of the NERC ROP), both of which became effective in mid-2014 and involve reviews, evaluations, and confirmations of proposed changes to BES elements by registered entities.

The ongoing and new major activities of the RAPA Program for 2015 include: issuing reliability reports, guidelines, recommendations and alerts as needed; preparing the long-term and seasonal reliability assessments; conducting special assessments addressing key reliability issues, including a report on Geomagnetic Disturbance BES effects and a vulnerability assessment; preparing an annual State of Reliability report; providing oversight of the Generating Availability System, Transmission Data Availability System and Demand Response Availability System, along with the Spare Equipment Database; strengthening data collection and validation processes by designing, creating, testing, and implementing data systems and management for reliability assessment and risk analysis; providing periodic updates on trends and measures of BES reliability; developing a risk registry and a systematic prioritization process with the RISC; executing integrated risk control strategies and plans across the organization to address the highest priority existing or emerging risks to BES reliability, and explicitly measure the results; supporting NERC Reliability Standard development and responses to FERC directives by providing technical and system analysis expertise; supporting the technical foundation development for Reliability Standards to address deficiencies or needs revealed by reliability assessments and performance analysis; providing support and leadership to the NERC Planning Committee, and to subcommittees, working groups and tasks forces of NERC standing committees; developing a structured approach to evaluate and improve system models, model validation, system analysis, and assessments; assisting in the development of approaches to registration and maintenance of the actively monitored standards list based on reliability trends, risks, and historical information to ensure that the compliance focus remains on the most critical entities and associated Reliability Standards; conducting major event investigations, analysis, and reporting of major findings and recommendations that will improve reliability; building and sustaining an enterprise reliability assessment and performance analysis team that encompasses risk-informed approaches and structured methodology to identify and address reliability risks; and implementing effective oversight and tracking of various technical aspects of reliability, including frequency response performance, application of the TPL footnote b adoption, and root cause applications to assessment and analyses.

The RAPA Program's top reliability risk projects for 2015 are expected to include the following: Essential Reliability Services Special Assessment Phase II (scenario analyses of different levels of Essential Reliability Services; development of standardized power flow models and dynamic modeling components; support for IEEE 1574 relating to rules that establish frequency and voltage disturbance ride-through obligations for distributed energy resources; load composition modeling analysis; development of guidelines for operations and emergency coordination with gas suppliers and transporters; special assessment of potential impacts to BPS reliability of emerging and proposed environmental regulations; analysis of single-point-of-failure data reported in response to FERC Order No. 754; development of a best practices document for coordination of protection systems and other devices including under-frequency and under-voltage load-shedding devices, and associated modeling for assessing coordination; development and promotion of coordinated industry support programs such as the Spare Equipment Database Program, Spare Transformer Equipment Program, and Recovery Transformer Program; and development of good industry practices and guidelines to aid in proper application of protection systems.

The major activities of the RAPA Program satisfy the following criteria:

- I.A: Is the activity necessary or appropriate for Reliability Standards development projects pursuant to the NERC Rules of Procedure?
- I.C.1: Is the activity necessary or appropriate for information gathering, collection, and analysis activities to obtain information for Reliability Standards development, including for purposes of identifying areas in which new Reliability Standards could be developed, existing Reliability Standards could be revised, or existing Reliability Standards could be eliminated, such as: (1) measuring reliability performance—past, present, and future; publishing or disseminating the results of such measurements; analyzing the results of such measurements; identifying and analyzing risks to reliability of the Bulk Power System based on such measurements; and/or identifying approaches to mitigating or eliminating such risks?
- III.A: Is the activity necessary or appropriate for the preparation or dissemination of long-term, seasonal, and special assessments of the reliability and adequacy of the Bulk Power System?
- III.B: Is the activity necessary or appropriate for measuring reliability performance—past, present and future; publishing or disseminating the results of such measurements; analyzing the results of such measurements; identifying and analyzing risks to reliability of the Bulk Power System based on such measurements; and/or identifying approaches to mitigating or eliminating such risks?
- III.F: Is the activity necessary or appropriate for the development and dissemination of Advisories/Recommendations/Essential Actions regarding lessons learned and potential reliability risks to users, owners, and operators of the Bulk Power System?
- IV: Is the activity one that was required or directed by a Commission order issued pursuant to §215? (FERC orders directed NERC to develop and implement a revised definition of "Bulk Electric System" and a procedure for requesting and receiving exceptions from the BES definition, and subsequently approved NERC's proposed revised BES definition and its proposed BES exception procedure.)
- V. Is the activity one that is required or specified by, or carries out, the provisions of NERC's Rules of Procedure that have been approved by the Commission as "Electric Reliability Organization Rules" (defined in 18 C.F.R. §39.1) pursuant to FPA §215(f)? (The applicable Rules of Procedure provisions for this major activity are §801-806 and 809-811.)
- VI: Is the activity necessary or appropriate for the supervision and oversight of Regional Entities in the performance of their delegated responsibilities in accordance with FPA §215, 18 C.F.R. Part 39, the Commission-approved delegation agreement between NERC and the Regional Entity, the NERC ROP, and applicable provisions of Commission orders?
- IX: Is the activity necessary or appropriate for NERC and Regional Entity committees, subcommittees and working groups engaged in activities encompassed by one or more of the other criteria?
- X: Is the activity necessary or appropriate for the analysis and evaluation of activities encompassed by one or more of the other criteria for the purpose of identifying means of performing the activities more effectively and efficiently?

#### V. Reliability Risk Management (Situation Awareness and Event Analysis) 2015 Major Activities

The major activities of the Reliability Risk Management (RRM) group, which is comprised of the Situation Awareness department and the Event Analysis department, are described on pages 38-40 and 43–45 of the 2015 Business Plan and Budget. The RRM group carries out the ERO's responsibility to perform assessments (including real-time and near-real-time assessments) of the reliability and adequacy of the BES. The four primary functions of the RRM group are BES awareness, event analysis and determination of root and contributing causes, assessment of human performance challenges that affect BES reliability and identification of improvement opportunities, and support of the NERC Operating Committee. These activities are carried out to identify potential issues of concern relating to system, equipment, entity, and human performance that may indicate a possible need to develop new or modified Reliability Standards.

The Situation Awareness department works with registered entities to monitor present conditions on the BES using various software tools and applications; communicates and coordinates with Regional Entities and registered entities to notify them of disturbances that could negatively impact the BES; and, in the event of significant BES disturbances, facilitates the coordination of communications between registered entities and applicable governmental authorities. The Situation Awareness department is involved in the operation and maintenance of the Situation Awareness for NERC, FERC, and Regions software application and the secure alert tool. The Situation Awareness department uses the following reliability-related tools to support its activities: Resource Adequacy (ACE Frequency) Tool, Inadvertent Interchange, Frequency Modeling and Analysis Tool, Intelligent Alarms Tool, Automated Reliability Reports, and Area Interchange Modeling Tool.

The ongoing and new major activities of the Situational Awareness department for 2015 include: ensuring that the ERO is aware of all BES events above a threshold of impact; ensuring the sharing of information and data to facilitate wide-area situational awareness; during crisis situations, facilitating the exchange of information among industry, Regions, and U.S. and Canadian governments; keeping the industry informed of emerging reliability threats and risks to the BES, including any expected actions; enhancing tracking of notification of expected actions in response to emerging actions to promote greater industry accountability; and issuing timely updates regarding progress toward resolving issues identified in Recommendations and Essential Actions.

The Event Analysis department performs assessments of the reliability and adequacy of the BES, including analyses to determine the causes of events, promptly assuring tracking of corrective actions to prevent recurrence, and providing lessons learned to the industry. Event Analysis assures that the industry is well informed of system events, emerging trends, risk analysis, lessons learned, and expected actions. Event Analysis also supports the development of Reliability Standards and monitoring and enforcing compliance with Reliability Standards. Additionally, Event Analysis identifies human error risks and precursor factors that allow human error to affect BES reliability and educates industry regarding such risks, precursors, and related mitigation methods. Event analysis also supports compliance and standards training initiatives and trending and analysis to identify emerging reliability risks to the BES.

The ongoing and new major activities for 2015 for the Event Analysis department include: (1) working with Regional Entities to obtain and review information from registered entities regarding qualifying events and disturbances in order to advance awareness of events above a threshold level; facilitating analysis of root and contributing causes, risks to reliability, wide-area assessments and remediation efforts; and disseminating information regarding events in a timely manner; (2) ensuring that all reportable events are analyzed for sequence of events, root cause, risk to reliability, and mitigation; (3) refining risk-based methodologies to support more effective and efficient identification of reliability risks, including use of more sophisticated cause codes for analysis; (4) ensuring consistency in reporting and analysis to support wide-area assessments of significant reliability trends and risks; (5) conducting the annual NERC Human Performance Conference and the NERC

Monitoring and Situation Awareness Conference; (6) conducting training (webinars, workshops and conference support) to inform industry and the ERO of lessons learned, root cause analysis, cause coding, human performance, and cold weather preparedness and recommendations; (7) developing reliability recommendations and alerts as needed; (8) tracking industry accountability for critical reliability recommendations; (9) ensuring that industry is well informed of system events, emerging trends, risk analysis, lessons learned, and expected actions; (10) conducting major event analysis and reporting of major findings and recommendations that will improve reliability; and (11) advancing the quality and usefulness of reliability assessments and event analysis data. The Event Analysis department will also support several top priority reliability risk projects being led by the RAPA program.

The major activities of the RRM group satisfy the following criteria:

- I.C.2: Is the activity necessary or appropriate for information gathering, collection and analysis activities to obtain information for Reliability Standards development, including for purposes of identifying areas in which new Reliability Standards could be developed, existing Reliability Standards could be revised, or existing Reliability Standards could be eliminated, such as: (2)monitoring, event analysis and investigations of Bulk Power System major events, off-normal occurrences and near-miss events?
- II.E.2: Is the activity necessary or appropriate for information gathering, collection and analysis activities to obtain information to monitor and enforce compliance with Reliability Standards, including evaluating the effectiveness of current compliance monitoring and enforcement processes, the need for new or revised compliance monitoring and enforcement processes, and the need for new or different means of training and education on compliance with Reliability Standards, such as: (2) monitoring, event analysis and investigation of Bulk Power System major events, off-normal occurrences, and near-miss events?
- II.F.3: Is the activity necessary or appropriate for the provision of training, education, and dissemination of information for/to (i) NERC personnel, (ii) Regional Entity personnel, and (iii) industry personnel with respect to compliance monitoring and enforcement topics and topics concerning reliability risks identified through compliance monitoring and enforcement activities, such as: (3) disseminating, through workshops, webinars, Advisories/Recommendations/Essential Actions, and other publications, "lessons learned" information on compliance concerns and reliability risks obtained through compliance monitoring and enforcement activities, monitoring and investigation of Bulk Power System major events, off-normal occurrences and near-miss events, and other Bulk Power System monitoring activities?
- II.G: Is the activity necessary or appropriate for the development and provision of tools and services that are useful for the provision of adequate reliability, because they relate specifically to compliance with existing Reliability Standards and they proactively help avert Reliability Standard violations and Bulk Power System disturbances?
- III.C: Is the activity necessary or appropriate for investigating, analyzing, evaluating, and disseminating information concerning the causes of major events and off-normal occurrences, and/or providing coordination assistance, technical expertise, and other assistance to users, owners, and operators of the Bulk Power System in connection with Bulk Power System major events and off-normal occurrences, but not real-time operational control of the Bulk Power System?
- III.D: Is the activity necessary or appropriate for awareness of circumstances on the Bulk Power System and to contribute to understanding risks to reliability?
- III.F: Is the activity necessary or appropriate for the development and dissemination of

Advisories/Recommendations/Essential Actions regarding lessons learned and potential reliability risks to users, owners, and operators of the Bulk Power System?

- V: Is the activity one that is required or specified by, or carries out, the provisions of NERC's Rules of Procedure that have been approved by the Commission as "Electric Reliability Organization Rules" (defined in 18 C.F.R. §39.1) pursuant to FPA §215(f)? (The applicable Rules of Procedure provisions for these major activities are §807, 808, 810 and 1001 and Appendix 8.)
- IX. Is the activity necessary or appropriate for NERC and Regional Entity committees, subcommittees and working groups engaged in activities encompassed by one or more of the other criteria?

#### VI. Critical Infrastructure Department 2015 Major Activities

The major activities of the Critical Infrastructure Department (CID) are described on pages 48–50 of the 2015 Business Plan and Budget. These activities include supporting the development and administration of the Critical Infrastructure Protection (CIP) standards, conducting security outreach visits, providing training and exercise opportunities on CIP topics, and coordinating between industry and governmental entities on CIP matters. CID conducts the Security Reliability Program (formerly known as the Sufficiency Review Program), which provides timely and actionable advice to registered entities in support of CIP standards and is currently focused on the transition from the CIP Version 3 to CIP Version 5 standards. CID also conducts the periodic Grid Security Exercises and Grid Security Conferences. Further, CID supports the activities of the NERC Critical Infrastructure Protection Committee (CIPC) and its task forces and working groups.

CID's 2015 ongoing and new major activities include: holding the annual Grid Security Conference, which focuses on physical and cybersecurity issues facing the Electricity Sub-sector and builds on NERC's mission to ensure the reliability of the North American BES through education and training; conducting the biennial Grid Security Exercise (GridEx III), which focuses on analyzing industry's response to a physical security and cybersecurity scenario and gathering lessons learned; coordinating with government departments and agencies on critical infrastructure policy issues; supporting NERC External Affairs and CEO in preparation for public presentations and follow-on actions; supporting CIP standards development and implementation through outreach presentations, webinars, and other training opportunities; and supporting the activities of the CIPC and its subgroups, including working through the CIPC to address emerging risk issues and support risk projects in 2015 as needed.

The major activities of CID satisfy the following criteria:

- I.C.1: Is the activity necessary or appropriate for information gathering, collection and analysis activities to obtain information for Reliability Standards development, including for purposes of identifying areas in which new Reliability Standards could be developed, existing Reliability Standards could be revised, or existing Reliability Standards could be eliminated, such as: (1) measuring reliability performance—past, present, and future; publishing or disseminating the results of such measurements; analyzing the results of such measurements; identifying and analyzing risks to reliability of the Bulk Power System based on such measurements; and/or identifying approaches to mitigating or eliminating such risks?
- III.B: Is the activity necessary or appropriate for measuring reliability performance—past, present, and future; publishing or disseminating the results of such measurements; analyzing the results of such measurements; identifying and analyzing risks to reliability of the Bulk Power System based on such measurements; and/or identifying approaches to mitigating or eliminating such risks?

- III.E: Is the activity necessary or appropriate for gathering, analyzing and sharing with and among industry and government participants, information regarding the physical or cyber security of the Bulk Power System?
- III.F: Is the activity necessary or appropriate for the development and dissemination of Advisories/Recommendations/Essential Actions regarding lessons learned and potential reliability risks to users, owners, and operators of the Bulk Power System?
- V: Is the activity one that is required or specified by, or carries out, the provisions of NERC's Rules of Procedure that have been approved by the Commission as "Electric Reliability Organization Rules" (defined in 18 C.F.R. §39.1) pursuant to FPA §215(f)? (The applicable Rules of Procedure provisions for these major activities are §810 and 1003.)
- IX. Is the activity necessary or appropriate for NERC and Regional Entity committees, subcommittees and working groups engaged in activities encompassed by one or more of the other criteria?

#### VII. Electricity Sector Information Sharing and Analysis Center 2015 Major Activities

The major activities of the Electricity Sector Information Sharing and Analysis Center (ES-ISAC) are described on pages 53-58 and Exhibit F of the 2015 Business Plan and Budget. The primary function of ES-ISAC is the rapid and secure sharing of information with the electric industry and governmental entities regarding real and potential security threats to the electricity sector and methods and tools to avoid or mitigate the potential impact from these threats. ES-ISAC facilitates sector coordination, mitigation development, and mitigation delivery for physical security, cybersecurity, and all hazards events. ES-ISAC develops alerts and notifications for distribution to registered entities and uses its secure portal to receive reports from industry members. ES-ISAC manages and executes NERC's responsibilities in the Cybersecurity Risk Information Sharing Program (CRISP) and acts as the program manager for CRISP.ES-ISAC maintains a seat on the operations floor of the National Cybersecurity and Communications Integration Center within the Department of Homeland Security. ES-ISAC also conducts Cyber Risk Preparedness Assessments (CRPA) for registered entities.

The ongoing and new major activities of the ES-ISAC for 2015 include: improving the usability and functionality of the information-sharing portal; preparing a CRPA toolkit to allow industry to conduct self-assessments of cyber risk preparedness, and conducting training and education sessions on the toolkit; and increasing analytical capabilities (including cyber awareness monitoring), portal monitoring, and information sharing. ES-ISAC will act as program manager for CRISP, enter into and manage a master services agreement with participating electric utilities, oversee the installation of the passive information sharing devices (ISDs) at utility sites and the associated monitoring activities, enter into and manage sub-contracts as necessary, serve as the central point for coordination and collaborative analysis of CRISP data, and share CRISP reporting and data with the registered users of the ES-ISAC portal. In carrying out its activities, the ES-ISAC use various software integration support services, the analyst workbench toolset, the Contested Operational Network for Reporting and Defense system for secure bi-directional communications, and certain intelligence reporting services. Additionally, the ES-ISAC will conduct periodic webinars relating to reporting in response to the NERC Aurora Alerts. Finally, through an annual member conference, the ES-ISAC will continue to offer workshops and other industry training and collaboration capabilities such as the CRPA.

The major activities of the ES-ISAC satisfy the following criteria:

III.D: Is the activity necessary or appropriate for awareness of circumstances on the Bulk Power System and to contribute to understanding risks to reliability?

- III.E: Is the activity necessary or appropriate for gathering, analyzing, and sharing with and among industry and government participants, information regarding the physical or cyber security of the Bulk Power System?
- III.F: Is the activity necessary or appropriate for the development and dissemination of Advisories/Recommendations/Essential Actions regarding lessons learned and potential reliability risks to users, owners, and operators of the Bulk Power System?
- V: Is the activity one that is required or specified by, or carries out, the provisions of NERC's Rules of Procedure that have been approved by the Commission as "Electric Reliability Organization Rules" (defined in 18 C.F.R. §39.1) pursuant to FPA §215(f)? (The applicable Rules of Procedure provisions for these major activities are §810 and 1003.)

#### VIII. Training, Education, and Operator Certification Program 2015 Major Activities

The major activities of the Training, Education, and Operator Certification Program are described on pages 61-62 of the 2015 Business Plan and Budget. The major activities of this program include oversight and coordination of the delivery of training programs to NERC and Regional Entity staff, including compliance auditors, relating to their job responsibilities, as well as training for industry participants on the Reliability Standards development process, the requirements of Reliability Standards, and the compliance monitoring and enforcement process. Training is also provided on registration and certification and on event analysis, cause analysis, and lessons learned. The Training and Education Program supports the ERO's responsibilities to develop, adopt, and obtain approval of Reliability Standards and to monitor, enforce, and achieve compliance with the mandatory standards. The Training and Education Program also supports NERC's System Operator Certification and Continuing Education (SOCCED) programs, which ensure that personnel operating the BES have the skills, training, and qualifications needed to operate the BES reliably. This program maintains the credentials for over 6,000 system operators to work in system control centers across North America.

The major activities of the Training, Education, and Operator Certification Program for 2015 include providing training and education for ERO personnel and industry in the following areas: auditor training; standards and compliance training; registration and certification (for registered entities); continuing education for system operators and other industry personnel as appropriate and related to reliability functions; and event analysis, cause analysis, and lessons learned. Training offered in 2015 will focus on standards compliance and emerging cyber-related issues potentially affecting BES reliability; consistent audit and investigation techniques and standards compliance reviews, including the RAI, FFT, and other improvements in compliance and enforcement practices; other auditor skills; development and implementation of clear and technically sound Reliability Standards; lessons learned and trends from events, trending and common cause analyses; effective compliance cultures to address reliability risks; effective root, apparent and common cause analytical methods; improvements to registered entity self-reporting and self-certification; entity registration processes, issues and alternatives; human performance fundamentals; and systematic approaches to training.

The major activities of the Training, Education, and Operator Certification Program satisfy the following criteria:

I.D: Is the activity necessary or appropriate for the provision of training and education concerning Reliability Standards development processes, procedures and topics for/to (i) NERC personnel, (ii) Regional Entity personnel, and (iii) industry personnel?

II.C: Is the activity necessary or appropriate for the Certification of system operating personnel as qualified to carry out the duties and responsibilities of their positions in accordance with the Requirements of applicable Reliability Standards?

II.F: Is the activity necessary or appropriate for the provision of training, education, and dissemination of information for/to (i) NERC personnel, (ii) Regional Entity personnel, and (iii) industry personnel with respect to compliance monitoring and enforcement topics and topics concerning reliability risks identified through compliance monitoring and enforcement activities, such as: (1) Requirements of Reliability Standards, including how to comply and how to demonstrate compliance? This includes development of guidance and interpretation documents. (2) Compliance monitoring and enforcement processes, including how to conduct them, how to participate in them, and the expectations for the processes? This includes development of guidance documents. (3) Disseminating, through workshops, webinars, Advisories/Recommendations/Essential Actions, and other publications, "lessons learned" information on compliance concerns and reliability risks obtained through compliance monitoring and enforcement activities, monitoring and investigation of Bulk Power System major events, off-normal occurrences and near-miss events, and other Bulk Power System monitoring activities. (4) Registered Entity internal processes for compliance with Reliability Standards, such as development, implementation and maintenance of internal reliability compliance programs?

V: Is the activity one that is required or specified by, or carries out, the provisions of NERC's Rules of Procedure that have been approved by the Commission as "Electric Reliability Organization Rules" (defined in 18 C.F.R. §39.1) pursuant to FPA §215(f)? (The applicable Rules of Procedure provision for these major activities are §600 and 900.)

VI: Is the activity necessary or appropriate for the supervision and oversight of Regional Entities in the performance of their delegated responsibilities in accordance with FPA §215, 18 C.F.R. Part 39, the Commission-approved delegation agreement between NERC and the Regional Entity, the NERC ROP, and applicable provisions of FERC orders?

#### IX. Administrative Services 2015 Major Activities

NERC's Administrative Services departments are Technical Committees and Member Forums (for which no activities are budgeted for 2015), General and Administrative, Legal and Regulatory, Information Technology (IT), Human Resources, and Finance and Accounting. The major activities of these departments are described on pages 66, 70, 73-77, 80-81, and 84 of the 2015 Business Plan and Budget. General and Administrative includes the administration and general management of the organization, the Chief Executive Officer, Board of Trustees fees and expenses, communications and public relations, and office rent. Legal and Regulatory provides legal support to the organization, including to the Board, executive management, and the Reliability Standards, Compliance Analysis, Registration, and Certification, Reliability Risk Management, and RAPA Programs, as well as general corporate legal support. IT supports NERC's computing, Internet, database and electronic data storage and maintenance, and telecommunications needs, programs, applications, and infrastructure, including management of the development and implementation of new software applications and infrastructure. The capital expenditure projects managed by IT represent capital expenditures in hardware, software, and associated tools to securely gather, store, analyze, and maintain data across the ERO Enterprise to support the ERO's operations, as well as necessary acquisition and replacement of computers, servers, and related devices. Human Resources manages all of NERC's human resources functions, including new hires, benefits, employee functions, and the employee performance appraisal and incentive structure processes. Finance and Accounting manages all finance and accounting functions of NERC, including payroll, 401(k) and 457(b) plans, travel and expense reporting, monthly financial reporting, sales and use tax, meetings and events planning and services, insurance, internal audit, facilities management, development of the annual business plan and budget, and the ERO risk management

#### framework.

The major activities of NERC's Administrative Services departments satisfy the following criteria:

- I.A: Is the activity necessary or appropriate for Reliability Standards development projects pursuant to the NERC Rules of Procedure (ROP)?
- II.A: Is the activity necessary or appropriate for the identification and registration of users, owners, and operators of the Bulk Power System that are required to comply with Requirements of Reliability Standards applicable to the reliability functions for which they are registered?
- II.D: Is the activity necessary or appropriate for conducting, participating in, or overseeing compliance monitoring and enforcement activities pursuant to the NERC ROP and (through the Regional Entities) the Commission-approved delegation agreements?
- III.C: Is the activity necessary or appropriate for investigating, analyzing, evaluating, and disseminating information concerning the causes of major events and off-normal occurrences, and/or providing coordination assistance, technical expertise and other assistance to users, owners, and operators of the Bulk Power System in connection with Bulk Power System major events and off-normal occurrences, but not real-time operational control of the Bulk Power System?
- V: Is the activity one that is required or specified by, or carries out, the provisions of NERC's Rules of Procedure that have been approved by the Commission as "Electric Reliability Organization Rules" (defined in 18 C.F.R. §39.1) pursuant to FPA §215(f)? (The applicable Rules of Procedure provision for this major activity (Finance and Accounting) is §1100.)
- VI: Is the activity necessary or appropriate for the supervision and oversight of Regional Entities in the performance of their delegated responsibilities in accordance with FPA §215, 18 C.F.R. Part 39, the Commission-approved delegation agreement between NERC and the Regional Entity, the NERC ROP, and the applicable provisions of Commission orders.
- IX. Is the activity necessary or appropriate for NERC and Regional Entity committees, subcommittees and working groups engaged in activities encompassed by one or more of the other criteria?
- X. Is the activity necessary or appropriate for the analysis and evaluation of activities encompassed by one or more of the other criteria for the purpose of identifying means of performing the activities more effectively and efficiently?
- XI: Is the activity a governance or administrative/overhead function, activity or service necessary or appropriate for the activities encompassed by the other criteria and, in general, necessary and appropriate to operate a functioning organization?

#### NERC WRITTEN CRITERIA FOR DETERMINING WHETHER AN ACTIVITY IS ELIGIBLE TO BE FUNDED UNDER SECTION 215 OF THE FEDERAL POWER ACT

For purposes of internal management approval of a proposed new activity or group of related activities "major activity",, the proposed activity or major activity must be shown to fall within at least one of the criteria listed below. When sub-criteria are listed below a roman numeral-numbered major criterion, the proposed activity should be a positive answer to at least one of the sub-criteria. Conversely, an activity that falls under a sub-criterion should pertain to the subject matter of the major criterion.

NERC's annual business plan and budget will describe how each major activity falls within one or more of the criteria listed below. If the major activity is substantially the same as a major activity that was shown to fall within the criteria in a previous year's business plan and budget, the current year's business plan and budget can refer to the prior year's business plan and budget.

A determination that an activity falls within FPA §215 does not necessarily mean that NERC will propose or undertake such activity. The determination of whether an activity falling under FPA §215 should or will be undertaken in a given budget year will be addressed in the context of the applicable business plan and budget and will include opportunities for stakeholder input.

The criteria listed below are not necessarily distinct from one another. An activity or major activity may fall within more than one of the criteria listed below.

- I. Is the activity necessary or appropriate for the development of Reliability Standards?
  - A. Is the activity necessary or appropriate for Reliability Standards development projects pursuant to the NERC Rules of Procedure (ROP)?
  - B. Is the activity necessary or appropriate for providing guidance and assistance to Regional Entities in carrying out Regional Reliability Standards development activities?
  - C. Is the activity necessary or appropriate for information gathering, collection, and analysis activities to obtain information for Reliability Standards development, including for purposes of identifying areas in which new Reliability Standards could be developed, existing Reliability Standards could be revised, or existing Reliability Standards could be eliminated, such as:
    - 1. Measuring reliability performance—past, present and future; publishing or disseminating the results of such measurements; analyzing the results of such measurements; identifying and analyzing risks to reliability of the Bulk Power System<sup>36</sup> based on such measurements; and/or identifying approaches to mitigating or eliminating such risks?
    - 2. Monitoring, event analysis, and investigation of Bulk Power System major events, offnormal occurrences and near-miss events?
  - Is the activity necessary or appropriate for the provision of training and education concerning Reliability Standards development processes, procedures, and topics for/to (i) NERC personnel, (ii) Regional Entity personnel, and (iii) industry personnel?
- II. Is the activity necessary or appropriate for the monitoring and enforcement of compliance with Reliability Standards?
  - A. Is the activity necessary or appropriate for the identification and registration of users, owners, and operators of the Bulk Power System that are required to comply with Requirements of Reliability Standards applicable to the reliability functions for which they are registered?
  - B. Is the activity necessary or appropriate for the Certification of Reliability Coordinators, Transmission Operators, and Balancing Authorities as having the requisite personnel,

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>36</sup> This document uses the term "Bulk Power System" because that is the term defined and used in FPA §215. NERC recognizes that a different term, "Bulk Electric System," is used to define the current reach of Reliability Standards.

- qualifications, facilities, and equipment needed to perform these reliability functions in accordance with the applicable Requirements of Reliability Standards?
- C. Is the activity necessary or appropriate for the Certification of system operating personnel as qualified to carry out the duties and responsibilities of their positions in accordance with the Requirements of applicable Reliability Standards?<sup>37</sup>
- D. Is the activity necessary or appropriate for conducting, participating in, or overseeing compliance monitoring and enforcement activities pursuant to the NERC ROP and (through the Regional Entities) the Commission-approved delegation agreements?
- E. Is the activity necessary or appropriate for information gathering, collection, and analysis activities to obtain information to monitor and enforce compliance with Reliability Standards, including evaluating the effectiveness of current compliance monitoring and enforcement processes, the need for new or revised compliance monitoring and enforcement processes, and the need for new or different means of training and education on compliance with Reliability Standards, such as:
  - Measuring reliability performance—past, present and future; publishing or disseminating the results of such measurements; analyzing the results of such measurements; identifying and analyzing risks to reliability of the Bulk Power System based on such measurements; and/or identifying approaches to mitigating or eliminating such risks?
  - 2. Monitoring, event analysis, and investigation of Bulk Power System major events, offnormal occurrences, and near-miss events?
- F. Is the activity necessary or appropriate for the provision of training, education, and dissemination of information for/to (i) NERC personnel, (ii) Regional Entity personnel, and (iii) industry personnel with respect to compliance monitoring and enforcement topics and topics concerning reliability risks identified through compliance monitoring and enforcement activities, such as:
  - 1. Requirements of Reliability Standards, including how to comply and how to demonstrate compliance? This includes development of guidance and interpretation documents.
  - Compliance monitoring and enforcement processes, including how to conduct them, how
    to participate in them, and the expectations for the processes? This includes development
    of guidance documents.
  - 3. Disseminating, through workshops, webinars, Advisories/Recommendations/Essential Actions, and other publications, "lessons learned" information on compliance concerns and reliability risks obtained through compliance monitoring and enforcement activities, monitoring and investigation of Bulk Power System major events, off-normal occurrences and near-miss events, and other Bulk Power System monitoring activities?
  - 4. Registered Entity internal processes for compliance with Reliability Standards, such as development, implementation and maintenance of internal reliability compliance programs?
- G. Is the activity necessary or appropriate for the development and provision of tools and services that are useful for the provision of adequate reliability, because they relate specifically to compliance with existing Reliability Standards and they proactively help avert Reliability Standard violations and Bulk Power System disturbances?
- III. Is the activity necessary or appropriate for conducting and disseminating periodic assessments of the reliability of the Bulk Power System or monitoring the reliability of the Bulk Power System?
  - A. Is the activity necessary or appropriate for the preparation or dissemination of long-term, seasonal, and special assessments of the reliability and adequacy of the Bulk Power System?
  - B. Is the activity necessary or appropriate for measuring reliability performance—past, present, and future; publishing or disseminating the results of such measurements; analyzing the results of

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>37</sup> Although certification of system operating personnel is an activity falling within the scope of, and eligible to be funded pursuant to, FPA §215, NERC strives to fully fund the costs of this activity through fees charged to participants.

- such measurements; identifying and analyzing risks to reliability of the Bulk Power System based on such measurements; and/or identifying approaches to mitigating or eliminating such risks?
- C. Is the activity necessary or appropriate for investigating, analyzing, evaluating, and disseminating information concerning the causes of major events and off-normal occurrences, and/or providing coordination assistance, technical expertise and other assistance to users, owners, and operators of the Bulk Power System in connection with Bulk Power System major events and off-normal occurrences, but not real-time operational control of the Bulk Power System?
- D. Is the activity necessary or appropriate for awareness of circumstances on the Bulk Power System and to contribute to understanding risks to reliability?
- E. Is the activity necessary or appropriate for gathering, analyzing, and sharing with and among industry and government participants, information regarding the physical or cyber security of the Bulk Power System?
- F. Is the activity necessary or appropriate for the development and dissemination of Advisories/Recommendations/Essential Actions regarding lessons learned and potential reliability risks to users, owners, and operators of the Bulk Power System?
- G. Is the activity necessary or appropriate for data collection and analysis of information regarding Bulk Power System reliability matters mandated by the Commission?
- IV. Is the activity one that was required or directed by a Commission order issued pursuant to FPA §215? Justification of an activity as a FPA §215 activity based on this category must reference the particular Commission order and directive.
- V. Is the activity one that is required or specified by, or carries out, the provisions of NERC's Rules of Procedure that have been approved by the Commission as "Electric Reliability Organization Rules" (defined in 18 C.F.R. §39.1) pursuant to FPA §215(f)?
- VI. Is the activity necessary or appropriate for the supervision and oversight of Regional Entities in the performance of their delegated responsibilities in accordance with FPA §215, 18 C.F.R. Part 39, the Commission-approved delegation agreement between NERC and the Regional Entity, the NERC ROP, and applicable provisions of Commission orders?
- VII. Is the activity necessary or appropriate for maintaining NERC's certification as the Electric Reliability Organization? This Criterion includes conducting periodic assessments of NERC's and the Regional Entities' performance as the Electric Reliability Organization as required by 18 C.F.R. §39.3(c).
- VIII. Does the activity respond to or is it necessary or appropriate for audits of NERC and the Regional Entities conducted by the Commission?
- IX. Is the activity necessary or appropriate for NERC and Regional Entity committees, subcommittees, and working groups engaged in activities encompassed by one or more of the other criteria?
- X. Is the activity necessary or appropriate for the analysis and evaluation of activities encompassed by one or more of the other criteria for the purpose of identifying means of performing the activities more effectively and efficiently?
- XI. Is the activity a governance or administrative/overhead function, activity, or service necessary or appropriate for the activities encompassed by the other criteria and, in general, necessary and appropriate to operate a functioning organization? (Should NERC perform any non-FPA §215 activities, the costs of governance and administrative/overhead functions must be appropriately allocated.)
  - NERC's current governance and administrative/overhead functions are carried out in the following program areas:
  - A. Technical Committees and Members' Forum Programs
  - B. General and Administrative (includes, but is not limited to, executive, board of trustees, communications, government affairs, and facilities and related services)
  - C. Legal and Regulatory
  - D. Information Technology
  - E. Human Resources
  - F. Accounting and Finance

The following matters are excluded from the scope of FPA §215 activities. While a list of non-FPA §215 activities would be infinite, the following excluded matters are listed here because they are expressly referred to in FPA §215, the Commission's ERO regulations and/or a Commission order issued pursuant to FPA §215:

- A. Developing or enforcing requirements to enlarge Bulk Power System facilities, or to construct new transmission capacity or generation capacity, or requirements for adequacy or safety of electric facilities or services.
- B. Activities entailing Real-time operational control of the Bulk Power System.
- C. Activities pertaining to facilities used in the local distribution of electricity.

## **Exhibit C – Contractor and Consulting Costs**

Regional Entity Assurance and Oversight   400,000   388,000   (12,000   Reliability Assessments and Performance Analysis   Reliability affects of GMD   250,000   242,500   24	Program	Consultants & Contracts	2014 BUDGET	2015 BUDGET	INC (DEC) OVER 2014
Regional Entity Assurance and Oversight   400,000   388,000   (12,000   Reclability Assessments and Performance Analysis   Reliability affects of GMD   250,000   242,500   24	RE Assurance and Oversight				
Reliability Assessments and Performance Analysis   Reliability affects of GMO   Vegetation Research (FAC 3)   242,500   242,		Reliability Assurance Initiative	400,000	388,000	(12,000)
Reliability affects of GMD   250,000   242,500   (7,500   242,50		Regional Entity Assurance and Oversight	400,000	388,000	(12,000)
Vegetation Research (FAC 3)	Reliability Assessments and Perform	ance Analysis			
Vegetation Research (FAC 3)					(= ===)
Reliability consulting support   120,000   169,750   49,750   49,750   6ADS/TADS/DADS/SED   268,085   300,700   32,615   Total Reliability Assessments and Performance Analysis   638,085   955,450   317,365   317,36		•	250,000	•	
Total Reliability Assessments and Performance Analysis   G38,085   955,450   317,365					
Situation Awareness   Reliability Assessments and Performance Analysis   Situation Awareness   Reliability Tools   377,816   472,212   94,394   377,816   472,212   94,394   377,816   377,816   472,212   94,394   377,816   377,816   472,212   94,394   377,816   377,816   472,212   94,394   377,816   377,816   472,212   94,394   377,816   377,8		Reliability consulting support	120,000	169,750	49,750
Situation Awareness   Reliability Tools   377,816   472,212   94,396		GADS/TADS/DADS/SED	268,085	300,700	32,615
Secure Alerting System   79,373   79,		Total Reliability Assessments and Performance Analysis	638,085	955,450	317,365
Total Situation Awareness   1,289,108   1,077,321   (211,78)	Situation Awareness	Reliability Tools	377,816	472,212	94,396
Total Situation Awareness   1,289,108   1,077,321   (211,78)		Secure Alerting System	79,373		(79,373)
Total Situation Awareness   1,289,108   1,077,321   (211,78)		SAFNR - Phase II	531 825	459 609	(72 216)
Critical Infrastructure			•	·	(154,594)
Continuing Education		Total Situation Awareness	1,289,108	1,077,321	(211,787)
Section	Critical Infrastructure	CIPC Support	190 000	18/1 300	(5.700)
Program-Level Capabilities   602,700   499,500   (103,200   50,500   113,285   1,533	Critical Illinastracture		130,000		242,500
Program-Level Capabilities   602,700   499,500   (103,200   Software & Services   111,750   113,285   1,535   Events & Outreach   72,000   50,550   (21,450   7,666,055   7,		Total Critical Infrastructure Department	190,000	426,800	236,800
Program-Level Capabilities   602,700   499,500   (103,200   Software & Services   111,750   113,285   1,535   Events & Outreach   72,000   50,550   (21,450   7,666,055   7,	ES-ISAC				
Events & Outreach   72,000   50,550   (21,450   7,666,055   7,66		Program-Level Capabilities	602,700	499,500	(103,200)
Total Es-ISAC   7,666,055		Software & Services	111,750	113,285	1,535
Total ES-ISAC   786,450   8,329,390   7,542,940			72,000		(21,450)
Operator Certification         System Operator Testing Expenses         100,000         57,618         (42,382					
System Operator Examination Development   100,000   66,176   (33,824   11,784   14,000   25,784   11		Total ES-ISAC	786,450	8,329,390	7,542,940
Job Task Analysis   14,000   25,784   11,784     Database   Data	Operator Certification	System Operator Testing Expenses	100,000	57,618	(42,382)
Database Development Database Development Database Development Database Maintenance Database Maintenance Database Maintenance Database Maintenance Database Improvement Project (funded from Working Capital generated from fees in excess of expenses) Database Improvement Project (funded from Working Capital generated from fees in excess of expenses) Database Improvement Project (funded from Working Capital generated from fees in excess of expenses) Database Database Improvement Database Imp		System Operator Examination Development	100,000	66,176	(33,824)
Database Development Database Maintenance Database Maintenance Database Maintenance Database Maintenance Database Maintenance SOCCED Database Improvement Project (funded from Working Capital generated from fees in excess of expenses) Total System Operator Certification  Training & Education Continuing Education Program Web-based course hosting (Learning Management System) Web-based course development Database Development Database Maintenance Data		Job Task Analysis	14,000	25,784	11,784
Database Maintenance SOCCED Database Improvement Project (funded from Working Capital generated from fees in excess of expenses) Total System Operator Certification  Continuing Education Program Web-based course hosting (Learning Management System) Web-based course development Training Services-NERC and Regional Entities NERC Staff Technical Training Total Continuing Education, Training & Education  Database Maintenance 24,000 23,746 (254 200,000 200,000 - 200,000 - 473,000 392,724 (80,276 80,2					4
SOCCED Database Improvement Project (funded from Working Capital generated from fees in excess of expenses)  Total System Operator Certification  Continuing Education Program Web-based course hosting (Learning Management System) Web-based course development Training Services-NERC and Regional Entities NERC Staff Technical Training  Total Continuing Education, Training & Education  SOCCED Database Improvement Project (funded from 200,000 200,000 1 200,000 1 473,000 392,724 (80,276)  152,330 163,930 11,600 29,800 3,300 49,7776 (22,224)  152,330 163,930 11,600 120,000 12		•		•	, , ,
Working Capital generated from fees in excess of expenses   200,000   200,000   -			24,000	23,740	(254)
Training & Education         Continuing Education Program         152,330         163,930         11,600           Web-based course hosting (Learning Management System)         26,500         29,800         3,300           Web-based course development         120,000         97,776         (22,224           Training Services-NERC and Regional Entities         47,000         38,800         (8,200           NERC Staff Technical Training         30,000         29,100         (900           Total Continuing Education, Training & Education         375,830         359,406         (16,424			200,000	200,000	-
Web-based course hosting (Learning Management System)       26,500       29,800       3,300         Web-based course development       120,000       97,776       (22,224         Training Services-NERC and Regional Entities       47,000       38,800       (8,200         NERC Staff Technical Training       30,000       29,100       (900         Total Continuing Education, Training & Education       375,830       359,406       (16,424		<b>Total System Operator Certification</b>	473,000	392,724	(80,276)
Web-based course hosting (Learning Management System)       26,500       29,800       3,300         Web-based course development       120,000       97,776       (22,224         Training Services-NERC and Regional Entities       47,000       38,800       (8,200         NERC Staff Technical Training       30,000       29,100       (900         Total Continuing Education, Training & Education       375,830       359,406       (16,424	Tuelalis - O. Ed.	Castinuing Education Service	452.006	462.000	44.000
Web-based course development       120,000       97,776       (22,224)         Training Services-NERC and Regional Entities       47,000       38,800       (8,200)         NERC Staff Technical Training       30,000       29,100       (900)         Total Continuing Education, Training & Education         375,830       359,406       (16,424)	iraining & Education				•
Training Services-NERC and Regional Entities 47,000 38,800 (8,200 NERC Staff Technical Training 30,000 29,100 (900 Total Continuing Education, Training & Education 375,830 359,406 (16,424)					
NERC Staff Technical Training 30,000 29,100 (900)  Total Continuing Education, Training & Education 375,830 359,406 (16,424)		·			(8,200)
					(900)
Total Training Education and Operator Cartification 949 920		Total Continuing Education, Training & Education	375,830	359,406	(16,424)
752,130 (95,70)		Total Training, Education and Operator Certification	848,830	752,130	(96,700)

Program	Consultants & Contracts	2014 BUDGET	2015 BUDGET	INC (DEC) OVER 2014
General & Administrative	Communications support	75,000	15,000	(60,000)
	<b>Total General &amp; Administrative</b>	75,000	15,000	(60,000)
Information Technology				
	ERO Application Development	790,000	829,350	39,350
	ERO Data Analysis		100,000	100,000
	Applications Enhancements, Consulting and Help Desk Support	1,154,000	800,250	(353,750)
	Total Information Technology	1,944,000	1,729,600	(214,400)
Human Resources	Executive Training and Development	90,000	87,300	(2,700)
	Staff Training and Development	65,000	63,050	(1,950)
	Compensation Consulting	30,000	29,100	(900)
	Employee, industry and Board Surveys, succession planning	45,000	43,650	(1,350)
	HR Process Improvements	27,500	26,675	(825)
	HR Consulting Services		48,500	48,500
	Total Human Resources	257,500	298,275	40,775
Finance and Accounting	Internal Controls and Outside Auditor Consulting Support	300,000	242,500	(57,500)
	Audit procedures, practices, tools and reports consulting support	50,000	48,500	(1,500)
	Finance and Accounting Support	50,000	48,500	(1,500)
	Total Finance and Accounting	400,000	339,500	(60,500)
	TOTAL CONSULTANTS AND CONTRACTS	6,828,973	14,311,466	7,482,493

### **Exhibit D – Capital Financing**

The company successfully closed on its capital financing program on January 10, 2014. The interest rate is floating and equal to LIBOR plus 275 basis points, which yielded a rate of 2.91% at closing.<sup>38</sup> The total size of the non-revolving credit facility is \$7.5M, with the total authorized borrowings each year limited to the amount approved by the Board of Trustees and FERC in that year's business plan and budget for IT hardware and the costs of developing software applications. Consistent with the terms of the loan documentation and its Board and FERC-approved 2014 budget, the company made an initial draw of \$1.265M at the end of January. The company recorded new capital investments of approximately \$1.65M in 2013 related to the development of software applications and IT hardware,<sup>39</sup> a portion of which was financed with the proceeds from this initial draw. This first tranche of capital financing will be amortized over three years, commencing January 31, 2014, and can be prepaid without penalty. A balance of \$1.416M is available for draw during the remainder of 2014, which is also consistent with NERC's 2014 approved budget.

During 2013, NERC and the Regional Entities developed a common software application to process BES exception requests and commenced the development of an application to facilitate the management, analysis, and dissemination of information regarding events affecting BPS reliability (the Events Information Data System, or EIDS). As further detailed in the May 2014 presentations to the NERC Finance and Audit Committee and Standards Oversight and Technology Committee, the company encountered difficulties in the development of EIDS and put the project temporarily on hold, pending a review of the overall ERO Enterprise's enterprise IT architecture and enterprise application development strategy. An ERO Enterprise IT Strategy update was presented to the Standards Oversight and Technology Committee at its August 2014 meeting, including steps to improve application development strategy, oversight and execution.

As further described in NERC's 2014 and 2015 Business Plans and Budgets, as part of the ERO Enterprise IT strategy NERC and the Regional Entities are in the planning phases of several additional enterprise software applications including an application (the "RADS" application) to replace the legacy reliability assessment database, which currently requires hundreds of NERC and Regional Entity man-hours to process millions of data elements to populate up to 27 individual spreadsheets that are manually processed in connection with preparation of the summer and winter seasonal assessments. The replacement RADS application will allow regional staffs to input data into forms that would automatically populate a central database for almost immediate creation of the data required for seasonal assessments, reducing manual workload and potential for error. The resulting efficiency gains will be used to redirect resources in support of key reliability improvement initiatives. As contemplated in NERC's 2014 Business Plan and Budget, the company also engaged a consultant to help evaluate current software tools utilized to support compliance and registration systems currently used by NERC and the Regional Entities, including the merits of developing a replacement enterprise application.

As further discussed in the Introduction and Executive Summary and set forth in the table below, NERC has a 2015 proposed IT capital budget of approximately \$3.6M, \$1.9M of which it is proposing to finance.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>38</sup> The interest rate at closing was lower than projected for purposes of the 2014 budget. As detailed in the company's approved 2014 Business Plan and Budget, any difference between actual and budgeted interest expense for draws under the credit facility becomes an addition to the company's Unforeseen Contingency Operating Reserve balance.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>39</sup> This capital investment amount is exclusive of approximately \$640k in expenses which were incurred in 2013 in the development of the Events Information Data System application and expensed rather than capitalized, as further discussed in the <a href="mailto:company's Q1 2014 budget variance">company's Q1 2014 budget variance</a> report presented to the NERC Finance and Audit Committee.

#### **NERC 2015 CAPITAL BUDGET**

Computer & Software CapEx		
<b>ERO Application Development</b>		1,050,000
ERO Data Analysis Tools		550,000
Generation Data Software		200,000
Hardware		100,000
	\$	1,900,000
IT Hardware and Software		
Disaster Recovery		250,000
Data Storage		425,000
Replacement servers		202,000
NERC Software licenses		350,500
Replacement laptops		126,000
Total Computer & Software CapEx	\$	1,353,500
Equipment CapEx		
Replacement network devices		365,000
Total Capital Budget	\$	3,618,500

The table below sets forth the projected principal and interest repayment schedule for the amounts financed to date and the additional planned \$1.9M in capital financing. This projection assumes an average interest rate of 3.5% over the term of the financing, which is consistent with the 2014 budget. Management is recommending that 3.5% continue to be used given the potential for interest rate increases during 2015. The actual interest rate and interest rate expense will be reflected in the quarterly budget to actual variance reports the company posts on its website, reviews in open session with the NERC Finance and Audit Committee, and files with FERC. Any variations in interest expense will be captured and reported as a contribution to the company operating reserves, the expenditures of which are subject to the terms of the company's Working Capital and Operating Reserve Policy.

(	Tranche A		Tranche C
(000's)	2014	2014	2015
Enterprise Application Development	1265	1416	1050
Generation Data Software		0	200
Data Analysis Tools			550
Hardware			100
Total Needs	1265	1416	1900
3.50%			
	2013	2014	2015
Debt Balance Tranche A	0	1265	457
Amortization of Tranche A		387	422
Interest	0	41	16
Total Annual Payment	0	427	438
	_		
Debt Balance Tranche B	0	1416	1416
Amortization of Tranche B	_	0	472
Interest	0	4	50
Total Annual Payment	0	4	522
Debt Balance Tranche C	0	0	1900
Amortization of Tranche C		0	0
Interest	0	0	15
Total Annual Payment	0	0	15
Debt Balance Tranche D	0	0	0
Amortization of Tranche D		0	0
Interest	0	0	0
Total Annual Payment	0	0	0
Debt Balance Tranche E	0	0	0
Amortization of Tranche E		0	0
Interest	0	0	0
Total Annual Payment	0	0	0
Funded Debt Balance	0	2681	3773
Amortization of Debt	0	387	894
Interest Due	0	45	81
TOTAL ANNUAL PAYMENTS	0	431	974

### **Exhibit E – Working Capital and Operating Reserve Amounts**

Management is proposing a budget of \$6.3M for working capital and operating reserves, which represents an increase of \$773k from 2014. Working capital reserves (which includes funds reserved for future liabilities) are budgeted at \$3.2M, which is a reduction of \$322.2k compared to 2014; this represents the amortization of the deferred rent liability. The total budget for known and unforeseen contingencies has been held at \$2M, which is consistent with the 2014 budget. However, unlike in the case of the 2014 budget, the entire amount has been budgeted for unforeseen contingencies.

#### Working Capital - \$3.25M

Based on its 2014 cash flow projection and taking into account the historic manner in which NERC's assessments have been billed and paid, NERC does not anticipate needing access to working capital in 2014 to meet monthly cash flow needs. In the unlikely event NERC experiences a temporary cash flow shortage, it has the ability to either request authorization from the Finance and Audit Committee and Board of Trustees to temporarily access operating reserve funds, or draw on its \$4M line of credit, as long as NERC is in compliance with the covenants under its bank credit agreement.

Per its credit agreement, NERC must maintain a ratio of working capital and operating reserves to debt service that is greater than or equal to 1.2 to 1.0, and a ratio of liquidity to debt service that is greater than or equal to 1.5 to 1.0. Based upon NERC's 2014 projection and 2015 budget, these ratios are projected to be 3.8 to 1.0 and 11.5 to 1.0 at the end of 2015.

NERC has also posted letters of credit totaling approximately \$101,236 in lieu of cash security deposits in connection with its offices leases. In the event these lines of credit are drawn upon, NERC is required to reimburse the draws in full. Management does not recommend at this time that working capital be maintained as security for this reimbursement obligation, as cash flows are projected to be sufficient in 2014–2015 to support timely payment of office rent without the letters of credit being drawn on.

NERC has collected funding to offset future liabilities under lease agreements for the Atlanta and Washington, D.C. offices. The projected \$3.2M<sup>40</sup> year-end balance of these funds is being held as a segregated working capital reserve to offset these future liabilities. Pursuant to the company's Working Capital and Operating Reserve Policy, these funds may also be made available to satisfy debt service reserve and liquidity requirements as set forth therein and may be accessed for other purposes only upon receipt of necessary corporate and regulatory authorizations.<sup>41</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>40</sup> Refer to the Statement of Financial Position on page 99, Deferred rent – non-current

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>41</sup> To the extent the company seeks to utilize such funds for any other purpose, prior approval of the Finance and Audit Committee is required. In addition, in the event the amount requested to be utilized for such other purpose is \$500,000 or more, prior approval of the Board of Trustees and filing with the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission is also required.

**Operating Reserves – \$3.1M Total** (Known Contingency Category (\$0M) + Unforeseen Contingency Category (\$2M) + Personnel Certification and Operating Training Excess Revenues (\$591.4k)

- (1) Known Contingencies where timing and amount uncertain \$0M
- (2) Unforeseen Contingencies \$2M
- (3) System Operator Certification Program \$591.4k The projected 12/31/14 reserve balance of the System Operator Certification Program is \$996,430, \$405,042 of which is projected to be used to fund budgeted costs that are in excess of projected funding.
- (4) CRISP Pursuant the terms of the Master Services Agreement between NERC and participating utilities, a separate \$500k CRISP participant (third party) funded reserve will be established to fund certain contingencies in connection with CRISP.

Total Working Capital + Operating Reserves - \$6.3M

#### Exhibit F - Additional CRISP Detail

#### **Introduction and Executive Summary**

This exhibit provides additional background on CRISP, NERC's proposed role, budget and funding requirements, as well as projected impacts on NERC's assessments to load serving entities.

#### **Background**

CRISP is a voluntary program to facilitate the exchange of detailed cybersecurity information between electric utilities, the Electricity Sector Information Sharing and Analysis Center (ES-ISAC), the US Department of Energy (DOE), and Pacific Northwest National Laboratory (PNNL), to enable electric power critical infrastructure operators to better protect their networks from sophisticated cyber threats. The program uses passive sensors called Information Sharing Devices ("ISDs") to collect and transmit cybersecurity information from each site for analysis. CRISP also incorporates additional information exchange capabilities that permit some outputs from the analysis to be shared more broadly with the entire electricity sector, improving the overall sector cybersecurity posture. CRISP has two differentiators from other commercially available cyber risk monitoring services. The first is the intent and ability to integrate other cyber related threat information provided through governmental sources with the cyber threat information gathered from the ISDs installed at the participant's sites. Second is the ability of the program to look across organizations within the electricity subsector, identifying correlation and trends.

#### Scope

The CRISP technology was deployed across the DOE networks over ten years ago. During the past several years, the technology has been deployed across five electric utilities through a DOE pilot program. Under the direction of DOE and in coordination with the Electricity Subsector Coordinating Council (ESCC), the deployment of CRISP is now transitioning from a pilot to broader deployment. While it will still only deployed to a small subset of the industry, information derived from this program will be disseminated broadly to registered users of the ES-ISAC, enhancing the entire industry's cybersecurity posture. The ESCC has endorsed this program and its members have taken a leadership role in advocating industry participation and funding support. Twenty-eight (28) electric utility organizations have been preliminarily identified for deployment of the CRISP capability, requiring an estimated 68 ISDs to be installed at the various sites.

#### **Roles and Responsibilities**

#### ES-ISAC

Under the contemplated structure, the ES-ISAC will assume the role of program manager for CRISP and will be responsible for providing certain agreed upon services to the participating electric utilities, including the oversight of the installation of the ISDs and associated analytical services. The ES-ISAC will provide a central point for coordination and be the hub for collaborative analysis of CRISP data. Additionally, unattributed CRISP reporting and data will be shared with registered users of the ES-ISAC portal providing more widespread benefits to industry. NERC will subcontract substantially all of these services to PNNL. In the future, the ES-ISAC will work with PNNL and utility participants to evaluate the costs and benefits of NERC developing the capability to either performing these services in-house without PNNL support, with reduced PNNL support or through a combination of in-house, PNNL and other commercially available subcontractor capabilities.

#### **PNNL and Argonne National Labs**

PNNL is a United States Department of Energy National Laboratory, operated by Battelle with oversight by the Department of Energy. The main campus of the laboratory is in Richland, Washington. PNNL was the federal government's primary technical partner in establishing CRISP and will be the primary subcontractor to NERC in connection with the provision of CRISP services to participating utilities, subject to the potential use of different

subcontractors in the future and NERC building additional internal capabilities to provide the services which would initially be provided by PNNL.

Pursuant to its subcontract with NERC, PNNL will be responsible for the deployment of the required technology, supporting infrastructure, analysis, and the technical capabilities. Argonne National Lab (ANL) supports and maintains certain core components necessary for CRISP and would provide this support through an inter-lab agreement with PNNL.

#### **Technology**

CRISP has three main technology elements. Together these elements provide the site with analysis of cybersecurity information, the ability to exchange cybersecurity threat information, and a means for secure data and voice communications across all CRISP participants. CRISP supplements a site's existing cybersecurity program and enables a level of collaboration that does not currently exist in the sector.

These three technology elements are:

- Information Sharing Device (ISD)
  - Hardware installed at the site that captures cybersecurity threat information for transmission to PNNL for analysis.
- Cyber Fed Model (CFM)
  - Software that enable the secure communication of cybersecurity threat information between PNNL, ANL, ES-ISAC, sites, and other participating organizations (government and non-government)
- Contested Operations Network for Reporting and Detection (CONRAD)
   A secure communications device comprised of hardware and software that enables the secure voice and data transmission.

#### **Technical Overview**

#### **Information Sharing Devices (ISD)**

The CRISP ISD is a network device which uses commercial off the shelf hardware. It's placed at the transmitting site's (e.g. utility) network border, just outside the corporate firewall. Once the ISD is configured and activated, the data is encrypted and transmitted to PNNL for analysis. The ISD is not an intrusion prevention or detection system. It is a completely passive device that gathers cyber threat information necessary to understand the cyber threat tactics, techniques and procedures, and correlate information from across the CRISP sites with other cyber threat information made available by the government and other sources.

PNNL, with assistance from utility site personnel, will be responsible for the installation of the ISD, which will be owned and operated by the participating utility. ES-ISAC personnel also plan to be present on-site during these installations. PNNL will provide technical support to maintain the sensor operations and ensure proper communications with the ISD data repository. PNNL has already installed a number of ISDs at utilities which are planning to participate in the program, including utilities who participated in the DOE pilot program.

#### Cyber Fed Model (CFM)

Developed and operated by ANL, CFM is a software program that is installed on the site's computer and enables the exchange of cyber threat information with other CFM sites. ANL will support CFM installation at the sites through an inter-lab agreement with PNNL and can be done in conjunction with ISD installation. CFM provides a near real-time exchange of cyber threat information to and from participating organizations. It includes an encryption-based information-exchange protocol that allows the site to specifically determine who receives its data. Along with reports, and other situational-analysis information generated through CRISP, the data shared includes information regarding a combination of hostile IP addresses, DNS domains, and other threat indicators. This actionable data is provided to sites automatically (machine to machine) every 5-15 minutes. The ES-ISAC has

already established a CFM node at the NERC Washington office. Given the proposed change in NERC and the ES-ISAC's role in overseeing CRISP, NERC has deferred making a decision regarding the installation of an ISD on its network and, assuming receipt of all necessary corporate and regulatory authorizations to proceed with the program, will instead focus on overseeing installation of the ISDs at participating utility sites and performing the other functions and service described herein. In the future, NERC may decide to install an ISD on its network.

#### **Contested Operations Network for Reporting and Detection (CONRAD)**

The CONRAD device and communications network allows a compromised site to collaborate and coordinate with other sites to mitigate the threat without the perpetrating actor monitoring the communications. This secure network uses technologies which are approved by the National Security Agency and are commercially available.

CONRAD requires the installation of a network device at the site to encrypt and decrypt communications. CONRAD enables both data and voice communications. Installation of CONRAD can occur in conjunction with ISD installation.

Figure 1 on the next page provides a visual overview of CRISP's three primary technology elements.

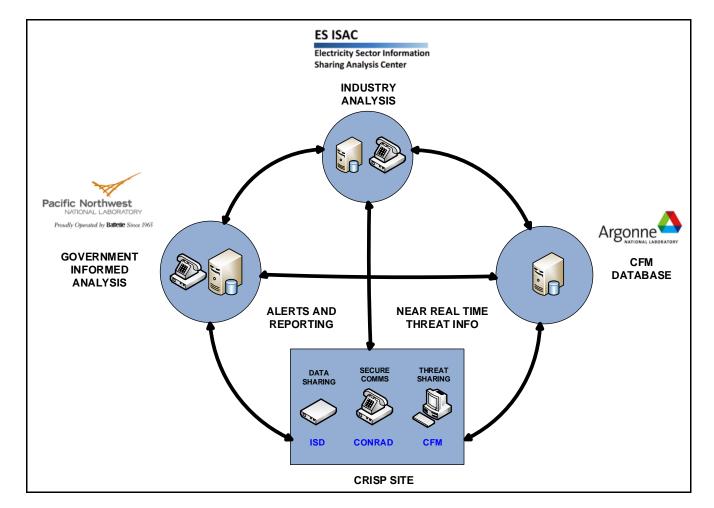


Figure 1: Visual of CRISP Technologies and Capability

#### **Overview of Contract Structure**

Implementation of CRISP by NERC will be governed pursuant to a master agreement ("Master Agreement") between NERC and the participating utilities. NERC will subcontract the majority of the services and obligations under the Master Agreement to PNNL pursuant to the terms of a subcontract ("PNNL Contract") which will be executed contemporaneously with the execution of the Master Agreement. The terms and conditions of the Master Agreement and PNNL Contract are in the final stages of negotiation.

#### **CRISP Budget**

The MSA provides that NERC participation in CRISP is subject to receipt of necessary annual business plan and budget approvals.

NERC's projected CRISP budget will include two major categories of expense (1) the projected PNNL subcontract costs and (2) incremental ES-ISAC personnel, hardware, software, meeting, travel, legal, insurance and indirect expenses associated with NERC's management and administration of CRISP and sharing of CRISP derived information through the ES-ISAC portal. NERC's total projected 2015 CRISP budget is approximately \$9.3M. Each of the major expense categories are further discussed below.

#### **2015 PNNL Subcontract Budget**

All 2015 PNNL subcontract costs will be allocated to and funded directly by participating utilities and not through assessments. PNNL 2015 subcontract will also contain a not to exceed price. The PNNL subcontract budget will

include hardware, personnel and other costs for ISD installation, as well as personnel, hardware, software, insurance and other expenses to provide the required monitoring and analytical services set forth in the Master Agreement.

The 2015 PNNL subcontract budget will assume 28 participating entities in 2015 and installation of 68 ISDs, several of which have already been installed pursuant to separate interim agreements between PNNL and participating utilities.

PNNL will be paid based on actual costs incurred, subject to the not to exceed price set forth in the agreement. Any increase in the PNNL 2015 subcontract price will require prior approval of NERC and the participating utilities, with NERC's approval conditioned upon agreement that any such additional costs are reimbursed entirely by the participating utilities and not funded through assessments.

#### **Projected Additional Internal ES-ISAC Resource Needs and Expenses**

In addition to projected PNNL subcontract expenses, NERC has developed a 2015 budget for the additional ES-ISAC resource needs and expenses to initially support CRISP. NERC is projecting a 2015 CRISP (internal) ES-ISAC CRISP budget of approximately \$1.75M, which is in addition to the projected PNNL subcontract costs previously described.

#### Additional ES-ISAC Personnel Resources

Initial year one support for CRISP will require the addition of 2 FTEs in the ES-ISAC. One FTE will be a manager level position and will be responsible for the day-to-day oversight and management of the technical and financial aspects of the Master Agreement and PNNL subontract. The second FTE will be an analyst position focused on analysis of CRISP data and dissemination of information among CRISP participants and ES-ISAC registered users.

In the long term, additional personnel additions may be warranted to support CRISP, especially if the decision is made to transition significant portions of the CRISP support in-house as mentioned above. In the event NERC moves forward with this initiative, as the program gets up and running and moves through initial year, these needs will be further assessed in collaboration with participating utilities and subject to review as part of NERC's business plan and budget and associated processes, including the receipt of any required corporate and regulatory authorizations.

# Additional ES-ISAC Data Storage, Hardware, Software, Meeting and Travel Expense and Professional Fees, Insurance and Indirect Cost Allocation

NERC is also projecting the need to increase data storage needs, acquire additional hardware and software and upgrade the ES-ISAC portal to facilitate the sharing of CRISP information with ES-ISAC registered users. Meeting and travel expenses are also projected to increase given the ES-ISAC's program oversight role. In addition, NERC anticipates the need to retain the assistance of outside professionals to support various MSA activities.

Indirect cost allocations are driven by the ratio of ES-ISAC FTEs to total FTEs. Therefore, the projected addition of FTEs to the ES-ISAC results in an increase in the allocation of indirect expenses

The following table provides a breakdown of the additional 2015 ES-ISAC personnel, data storage, hardware, software, meeting, travel, conference, cellular, offices and professional fees and insurance expenses, together with a revised ES-ISAC indirect cost allocation. Cost of professional liability and cyber insurance insurance required under the MSA which is in excess of \$100k will be paid for by the participating utilities.

Personnel	\$459,251
Data Storage	\$300,000
Hardware and Software	\$100,000
ES-ISAC Portal Upgrades	\$100,000
Meetings, travel and conferences	\$50,000
Cellular and other Office costs	\$5,000
Professional Fees	\$250,000
Insurance	\$100,000
Indirect cost allocation	\$390,817
Total	\$1,755,068

#### Funding

All of the PNNL subcontract costs, which represent the majority of the CRISP budget and includes ISD installation costs and supporting data analysis provided by PNNL will be allocated to and funded directly by participating utilities pursuant to the terms of the Master Agreement. In addition, participating utilities will also fund a separate \$500k CRISP reserve. CRISP participant funding is shown in the row labeled "Third Party Funding (CRISP)" on the ES-ISAC departmental comparative Statement of Activities in Attachment A.

With respect to the remaining projected incremental (internal) ES-ISAC CRISP resource needs and expenses totaling approximately \$1.75M described in the preceding section, these costs will be shared equally between Load Serving Entities and CRISP participating utilities, with fifty percent (50%) of these costs be recovered through assessments, after taking into account allocations of penalty funds and interest<sup>42</sup>. The remaining fifty percent (50%) would be recovered from participating utilities. Fifty (50%) of the total ES-ISAC internal budget of approximately \$1.75M, exclusive of PNNL costs, is equal to approximately \$878k (See Attachment A, row labeled "Total NERC Funding"). This effectively represents the cap on the amount of 2015 CRISP budget that will be funded through assessments.

Sharing of these costs is appropriate given that anonymized information derived from CRISP would be disseminated broadly to the entire electricity subsector through the ES-ISAC, enhancing the entire electric power industry's cybersecurity posture. In the future management may propose changes to this sharing formula based on experience gained in its management of CRISP. However, for the initial contract year, a 50/50 sharing of these costs is reasonable, especially as the vast majority of the program costs will be funded directly by participating utilities. Any future changes in this allocation formula and costs recovered through assessments would be subject to NERC finance and audit committee, board of trustees and FERC review and approval of NERC's future business plans and budgets and associated assessments, after due consideration of stakeholder feedback.

#### Projected ES-ISAC and NERC 2015 Budget and Assessment Impact

Attachment A contains an analysis of the combined impact of the current estimate of the cost of the PNNL subcontract and the additional ES-ISAC resource needs and expenses described above, compared to the ES-ISAC budget presented in NERC's final 2015 business plan and budget without CRISP. With CRISP, projected 2015 total funding requirements for the ES-ISAC are projected to increase from approximately \$4.5M to \$13.8M, an increase of approximately \$9.3M. (See Attachment A, row labeled "Total Budget (=B+C)".

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>42</sup> Per FERC approved allocation policies applicable to NERC and Regional Entity budgets, penalty funds and interest earnings are allocated among departments based on the ratio of budgeted department FTEs to total FTEs.

Attachment B contains an analysis of the total impact of the estimated costs of CRISP on the budget and assessment projections presented in NERC's 2015 business plan and budget assuming, as previously described, fifty percent (50%) of the projected incremental internal ES-ISAC costs (exclusive of PNNL subcontract costs) will recovered through assessments and the balance of the CRISP costs (including PNNL subcontract costs) paid directly to NERC by participating utilities. This results in an approximate \$496k, 1.0%, projected increase in total NERC assessments from draft 2, without CRISP, (6.6% increase to 7.6% increase).

The projected increase in assessments of approximately \$496k shown in Attachment B is less than the projected assessment impact of approximately \$861k shown in ES-ISAC comparative departmental comparative Statement of Activities in Attachment A due to the fact that the total amount of NERC's 2015 indirect costs would still be included in NERC's 2015 budget in the absence of CRISP.

#### Projections for 2016 and 2017

It is difficult at this stage to develop accurate projections of CRISP costs beyond 2015. For purposes of NERC's 2016 and 2017 overall budget projections it was assumed that CRISP costs would be approximately equal to 2015, except for a reduction in outside professional fees. It was also assumed that CRISP funding from third party participants would be consistent with 2015, except for the reduction for the one-time funding of reserves, with any increase in costs over and above the 2015 budget funded directly by CRISP participants.

# Attachment A 2015 ES-ISAC Departmental Budget and CRISP Cost Analysis-Comparison

#### **Statement of Activities and Fixed Assets Expenditures** 2014 Budget & Projection and 2015 Budget **ES-ISAC** 2014 Projection 2015 Budget v 2014 Budget 2015 Budget 2015 Budget 2014 2014 v 2014 Budget 2015 Projection Over(Under) Over(Under) W/O CRISP **Budget** Budget **Funding ERO Funding** NERC Assessments\* 4 085 033 4.089.386 Ś 5.328.566 1.243.533 4.467,628 860 938 4 353 Ś Ś \$ **Penalty Sanctions** 17,558 17,558 97,742 80,184 16,554 81,188 **Total NERC Funding** 4,102,591 4,106,944 4,353 5,426,307 1,323,716 4,548,815 877,492 Third-Party Funding (CRISP) 8,943,589 8.943.589 8,443,589 500,000 1.184 (1,184)248 (936)206 42 Total Funding (A) 10,266,369 4,103,775 \$ 4,106,944 3,169 14,370,144 4,549,021 1,377,534 Expenses **Personnel Expenses** 1,336,679 \$ 1,283,028 1,733,405 1.370.048 363.357 Salaries Ś (53,651) \$ 396.726 Ś Payroll Taxes 77,887 77,307 (580)103,696 25,809 82,706 20,990 Benefits 128,072 (7,402)186,739 51,265 152,786 33,953 135,474 **Retirement Costs** 151,967 141,032 (10,935)195,059 43,092 154,108 40,951 **Total Personnel Expenses** <u>1,702,</u>007 \$ 1,629,439 (72,568) 2,218,899 516,892 1.759.648 459,251 **Meeting Expenses** Meetings \$ \$ 60,000 60,000 45,000 15.000 Travel 88,428 95,000 6,572 126,000 37,572 96,000 30,000 Conference Calls 19.848 19.848 24.885 5.000 24,885 19.885 **Total Meeting Expenses** 88,428 114,848 26,420 210,885 122,457 160,885 50,000 **Operating Expenses** Consultants & Contracts Ś 786,450 \$ 701,600 Ś (84,850) \$ 8,329,390 7,542,940 663,335 7,666,055 Office Rent 32,775 47,728 14,953 356,914 305,000 Office Costs \$ 324,139 51,914 Professional Services 350.000 350.000 350,000 Ś Miscellaneous Ś 500 500 500 Depreciation **Total Operating Expenses** 819,225 749,328 (69,897) 9,036,804 8,217,579 715,749 8,321,055 **Total Direct Expenses** 2,609,660 \$ 2,493,615 (116,045) 11,466,588 8,856,928 2,636,282 8,830,306 **Indirect Expenses** 1,451,372 \$ 1,610,555 \$ 159,183 2,173,799 722,428 1,804,996 368,803 Other Non-Operating Expenses 4,061,032 \$ 4,104,170 43,138 13,640,387 9,579,355 Total Expenses (B) \$ \$ \$ 4,441,278 \$ 9,199,108 **Fixed Assets** Computer & Software CapEx 100,000 100,000 100,000 Allocation of Fixed Assets 42,937 (28,300)107,743 22,014 \$ 14,637 129,758 86,821 \$ Ś 42,937 Inc(Dec) in Fixed Assets (C) 14.637 (28.300) 229.758 186.821 107.743 (100.000) TOTAL BUDGET (=B + C) \$ 4,103,969 \$ 4,118,807 \$ 14,838 \$ 13,870,144 \$ 9,766,176 \$ 4,549,021 \$ 9,321,123

(0.15)

10.32

2.60

8.44

1.88

7.57

7.72

FTEs

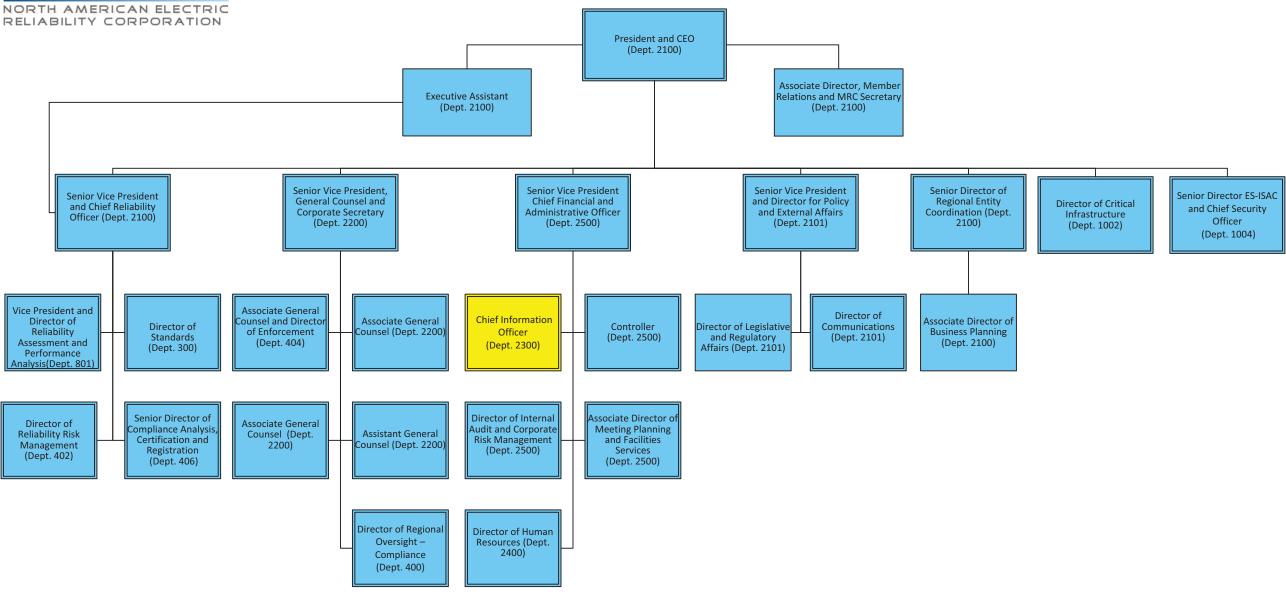
<sup>\*</sup>The increase in assessments due to CRISP is on a 'stand alone' basis for the ES-ISAC Program. The increase in assessments for 'Total NERC' is approximately \$460k, because indirect expenses and the fixed assets, excluding the \$100k budgeted for CRISP, were already included in the total funding requirment without CRISP.

# Attachment B Comparison of Final 2015 Budget and Assessments with CRISP to Final 2015 Business Plan and Budget and Assessments without CRISP

	Jiai	ement of Ac	LIV	2015 Budg		133Ct3 Expent	iitui	C3							
				STATUTOR											
					Pr	Variance 2014 ojection v 2014				Variance 2015 Budget v 2014					
		2014 Budget		2014 Projection		Budget Over(Under)		2015 Budget with CRISP		Budget Over(Under)	% Inc 2015 over 2014		2015 Budget without CRISP		Inc in Budget due to CRISP
Funding	_	buuget	_	Projection	_	Over (Orider)	_	WILLI CRISP	_	Over (Orider)	OVEI 2014	_	WILIIOUL CRISP	_	uue to Chisr
ERO Funding															
NERC Assessments	\$	- , - ,	\$	51,401,382	\$	(0)	\$	55,308,375	\$	3,906,993	7.6%	\$		\$	496,312
Penalty Sanctions		290,000	_	290,000	_	-	_	1,155,000	_	865,000		_	1,155,000		-
Total NERC Funding	\$	51,691,382	\$	51,691,382	\$	(0)	\$	56,463,375	\$	4,771,993		\$	55,967,063	\$	496,312
Third-Party Funding		<del>-</del>		-		-		8,943,589		8,943,589					8,943,589
Testing Fees		1,620,000		1,620,000		-		1,670,000		50,000			1,670,000		-
Services & Software Workshops		50,000 354,000		50,000 239,000		(115,000)		50,000 241,300		(112,700)			50,000 241,300		
Interest		20,000		2,500		(17,500)		3,000		(17,000)			3,000		
Miscellaneous		-				-		-		-			-		-
Total Funding (A)	\$	53,735,382	\$	53,602,882	\$	(132,500)	\$	67,371,264	\$	13,635,882	25.4%	\$	57,931,363	\$	9,439,901
Expenses															
Personnel Expenses															
Salaries	\$	26,218,572	\$	26,168,292	\$	(50,280)	\$	27,580,677	\$	1,362,105		\$	27,217,320		363,357
Payroll Taxes		1,570,954		1,726,865		155,911		1,673,628		102,674			1,652,638		20,990
Benefits		3,385,917		3,179,008		(206,909)		3,547,178		161,261			3,513,225		33,953
Retirement Costs  Total Personnel Expenses	\$	2,884,211 <b>34,059,654</b>	\$	2,715,383 33,789,548	\$	(168,828) (270,106)	\$	3,001,829 <b>35,803,312</b>	\$	117,618 1,743,658	5.1%	\$	2,960,878 <b>35,344,061</b>		40,951 <b>459,251</b>
		34,039,034		33,783,348	<del>-</del>	(270,100)	<del>-</del>	33,803,312		1,743,036	3.176	7	33,344,001		433,231
Meeting Expenses	\$	1.053.150	,	1.061.453	\$	9,303	\$	1,050,000	\$	(2.150)		\$	1,035,000		15,000
Meetings Travel	Ş	1,052,150 2,419,525	\$	1,061,453 2,109,344	Ş	(310,181)	Ş	2,203,395	Ş	(2,150) (216,130)		Þ	2,173,395		30,000
Conference Calls		317,851		293,649		(24,202)		312,751		(5,100)			307,751		5,000
Total Meeting Expenses	\$	3,789,525	\$		\$	(325,079)	\$	3,566,146	\$	(223,379)	-5.9%	\$	3,516,146		50,000
Operating Expenses															
Consultants & Contracts	\$	6,828,973	\$	7,516,119	\$	687,146	\$	14,311,466	\$	7,482,493		\$	6,645,411		7,666,055
Office Rent		2,617,300		2,650,299		32,999		2,987,777		370,477			2,987,777		-
Office Costs		3,506,074		3,410,106		(95,968)		3,583,328		77,254			3,278,328		305,000
Professional Services		2,290,280		2,290,280		- (2.500)		2,611,280		321,000			2,261,280		350,000
Miscellaneous Depreciation		36,500 2,333,006		33,000 1,790,990		(3,500) (542,016)		36,500 2,333,006		-			36,500 2,333,006		-
Total Operating Expenses	\$	17,612,133	Ś	17,690,794	\$	78,661	\$	25,863,357	\$	8,251,224	46.8%	\$		\$	8,321,055
Total Direct Expenses	\$	55,461,313	\$		\$	(516,525)	\$	65,232,815	\$	9,771,502	17.6%	\$		\$	8,830,306
·	_		=			, , ,	=		_		17.0%				
Indirect Expenses	\$	0	\$	-	\$	(0)	\$	(0)	\$	(0)		\$	-	\$	(0)
Other Non-Operating Expenses	\$	144,000	\$	79,367	\$	(64,633)	\$	131,000	\$	(13,000)	-9.0%	\$	131,000	\$	-
Total Expenses (B)	\$	55,605,313	\$	55,024,155	\$	(581,157)	\$	65,363,815	\$	9,758,502	17.5%	\$	56,533,509	\$	8,830,306
Change in Assets	\$	(1,869,930)	\$	(1,421,273)	\$	448,657	\$	2,007,449	\$	3,877,379		\$	1,397,854		609,595
Fixed Assets											•				
Depreciation	\$	(2,333,006)	\$	(1,790,990)		542,016	\$	(2,333,006)	\$	-		\$	(2,333,006)	\$	-
Computer & Software CapEx		2,904,790		2,025,476		(879,314)		3,253,500		348,710		ľ	3,153,500	ľ	100,000
Furniture & Fixtures CapEx		-		-		-		-		-			-		-
Equipment CapEx		213,000		186,721		(26,279)		365,000		152,000			365,000		-
Leasehold Improvements		-		-		-		-		-			-		-
Allocation of Fixed Assets	\$	-	\$	(0)	\$	(0)	\$	-	\$	-		\$	0	\$	(0)
Inc(Dec) in Fixed Assets ( C )		784,784		421,207		(363,577)		1,285,494		500,710		Ξ	1,185,494		100,000
TOTAL BUDGET (=B + C)	\$	56,390,096	\$	55,445,362	\$	(944,734)	\$	66,649,309	\$	10,259,212	18.2%	\$	57,719,003	\$	8,930,306
TOTAL CHANGE IN WORKING CAPITAL $(=A-B-C)^1$	\$	(2,654,714)	\$	(1,842,480)	\$	812,234	\$	721,955	\$	3,376,669		\$	212,360	\$	509,595



## NERC Staff Organization Chart 2015 Budget

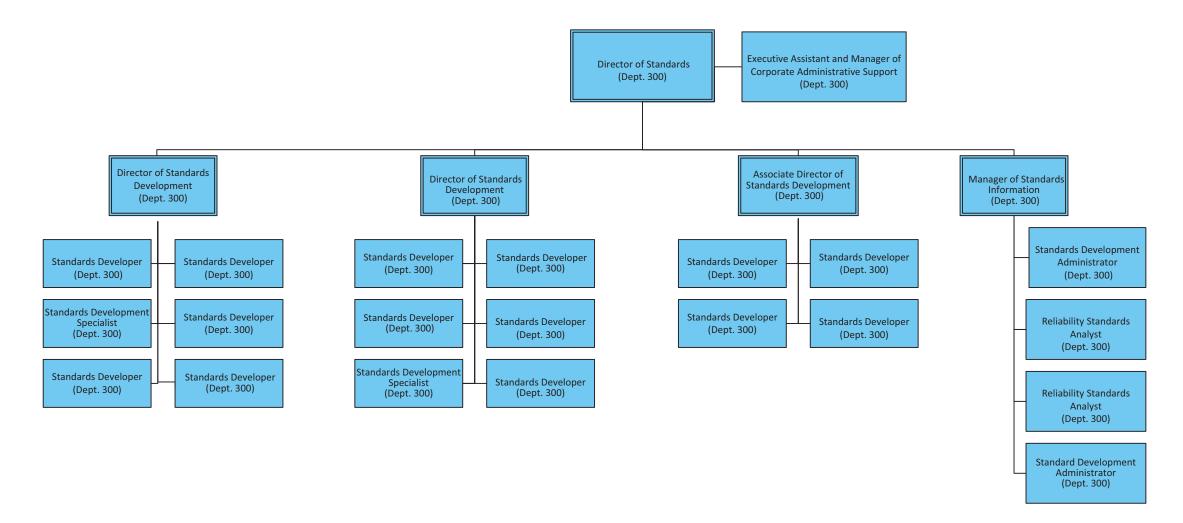


2015 Budget

July 15, 2014



## Reliability Standards 2015 (Dept. 300)

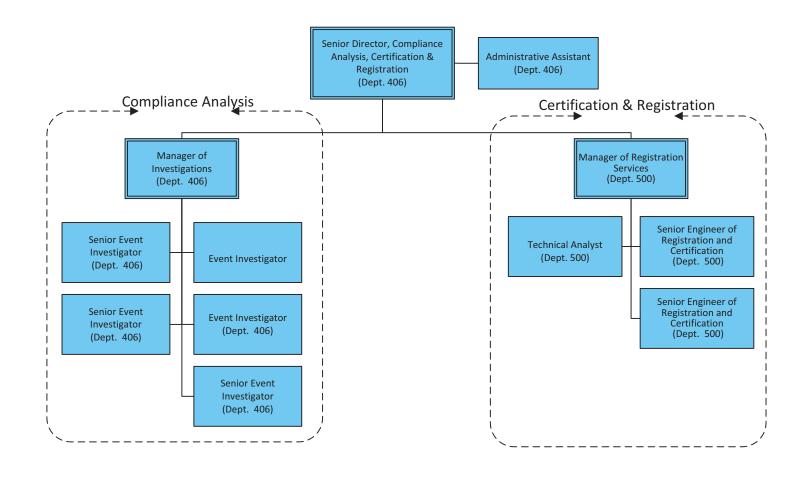


2015 Budget

2014 Organizational Chart



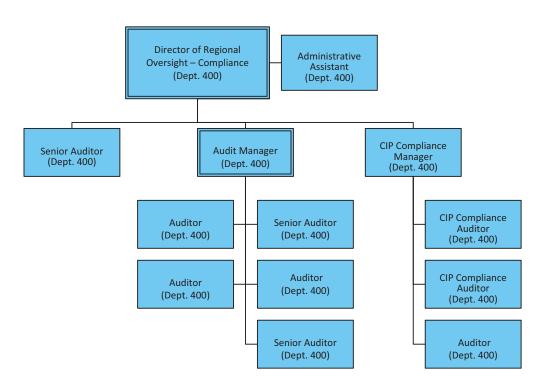
# Compliance Analysis, Certification and Registration 2015 (Dept. 406, 500)



2015 Budget



# Regional Oversight - Compliance 2015 (Dept. 400)



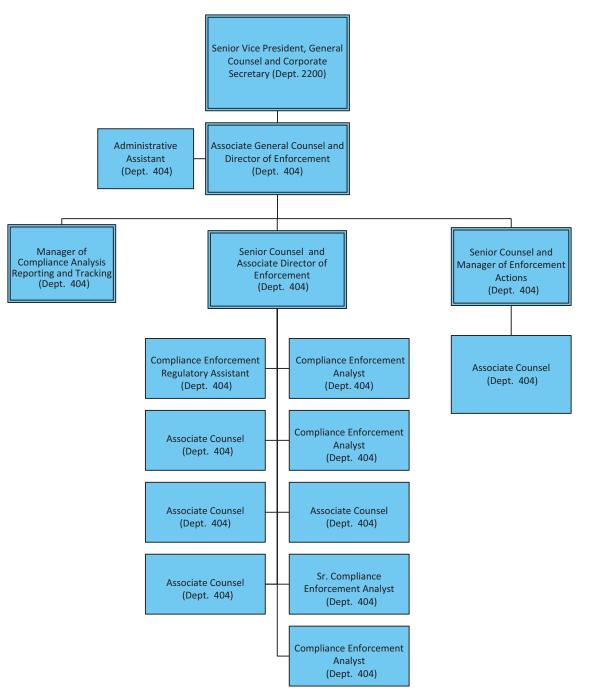
2015 Bud

2014 Organizational Chart

July 15, 20



# Compliance Enforcement 2015 (Dept. 404)



2015 Budget

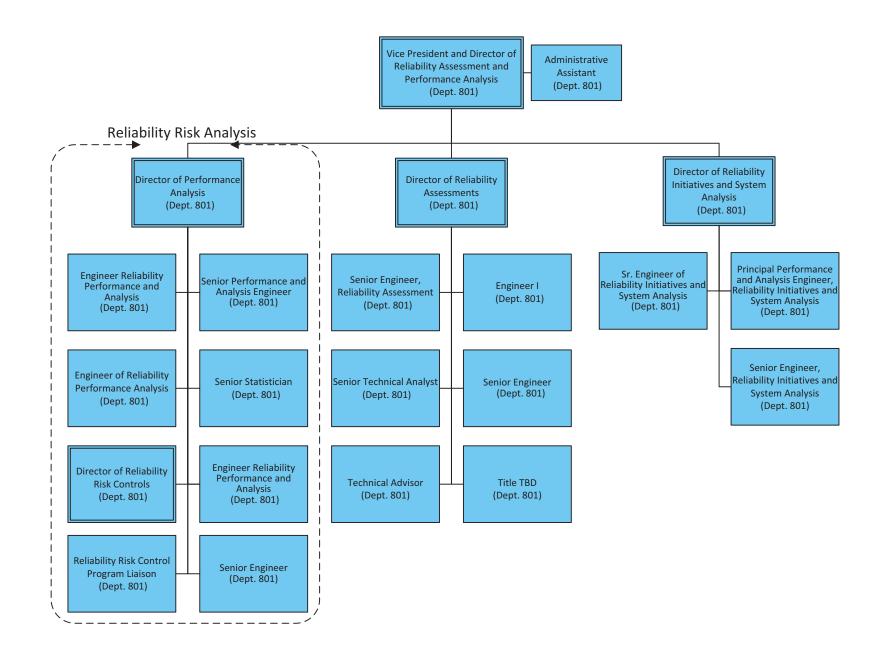
Page 5

2014 Organizational Chart

July 15, 2014

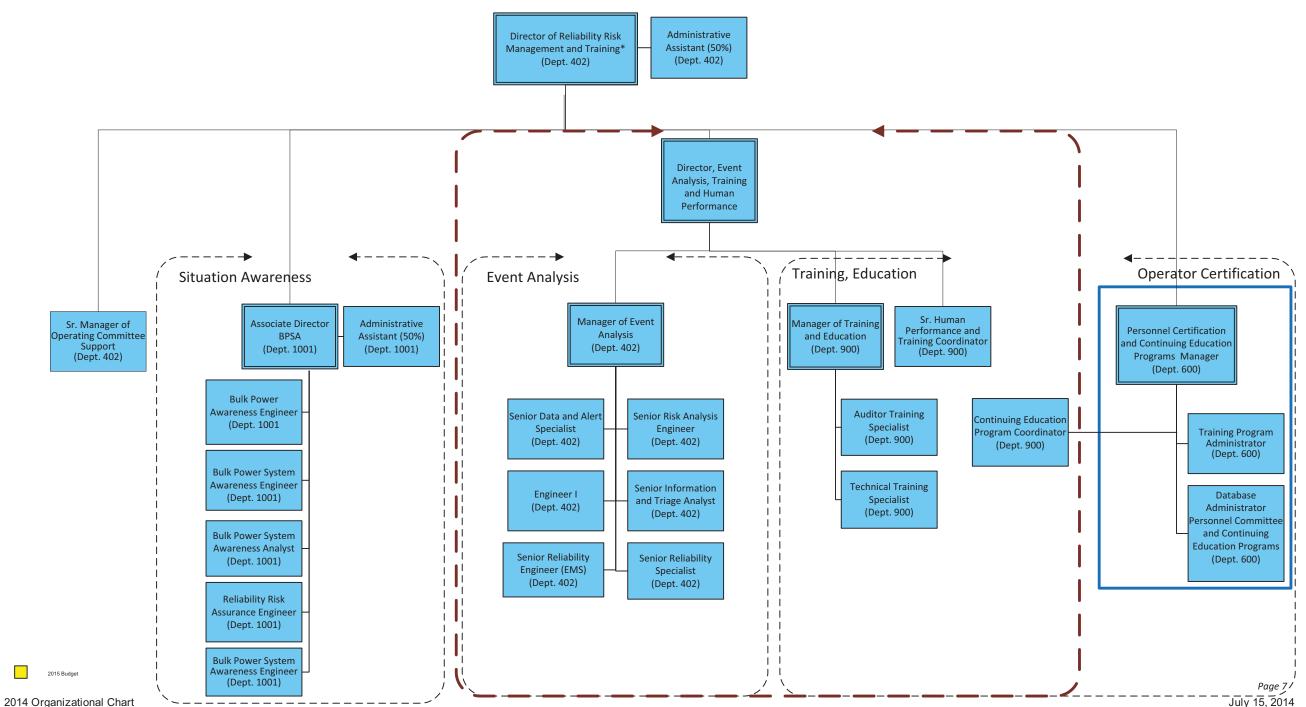


## Reliability Assessment and Performance Analysis 2015 (Dept. 801)



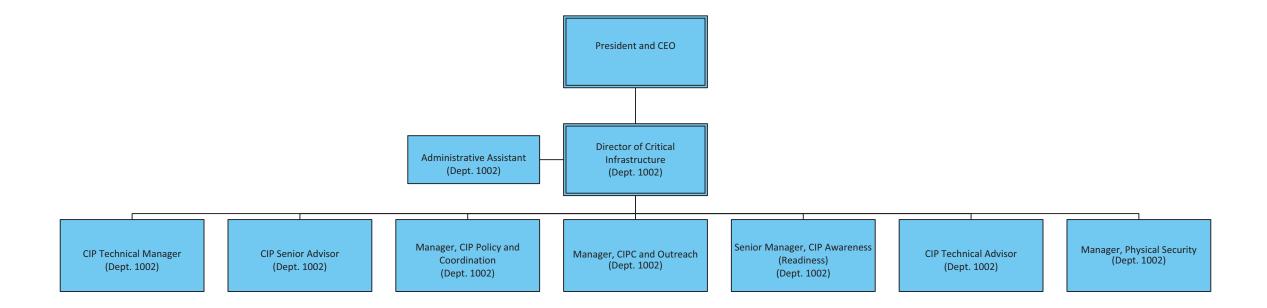
2015 Budget





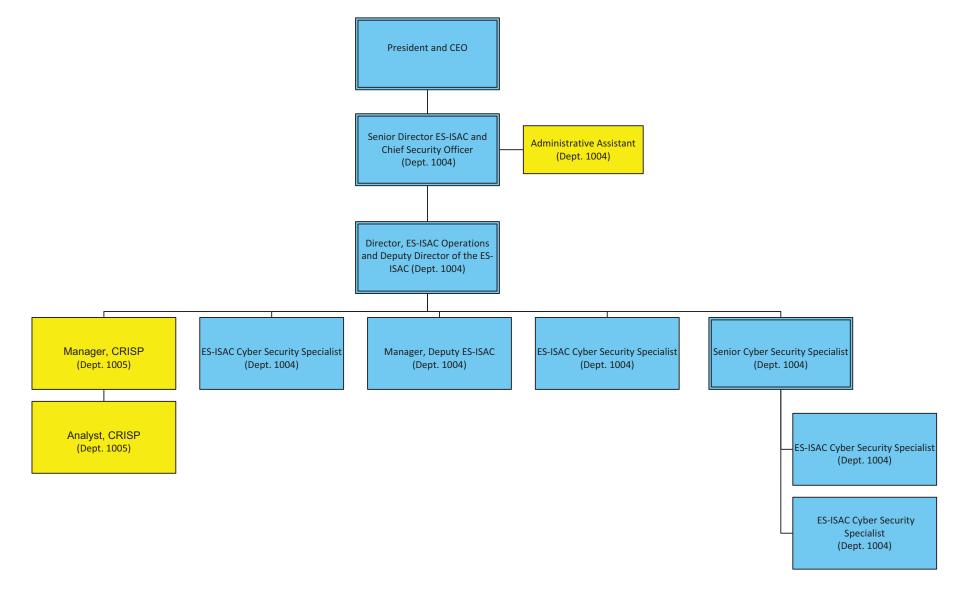


## Critical Infrastructure Department 2015 (Dept. 1002)





## ES-ISAC 2015 (Dept. 1004)

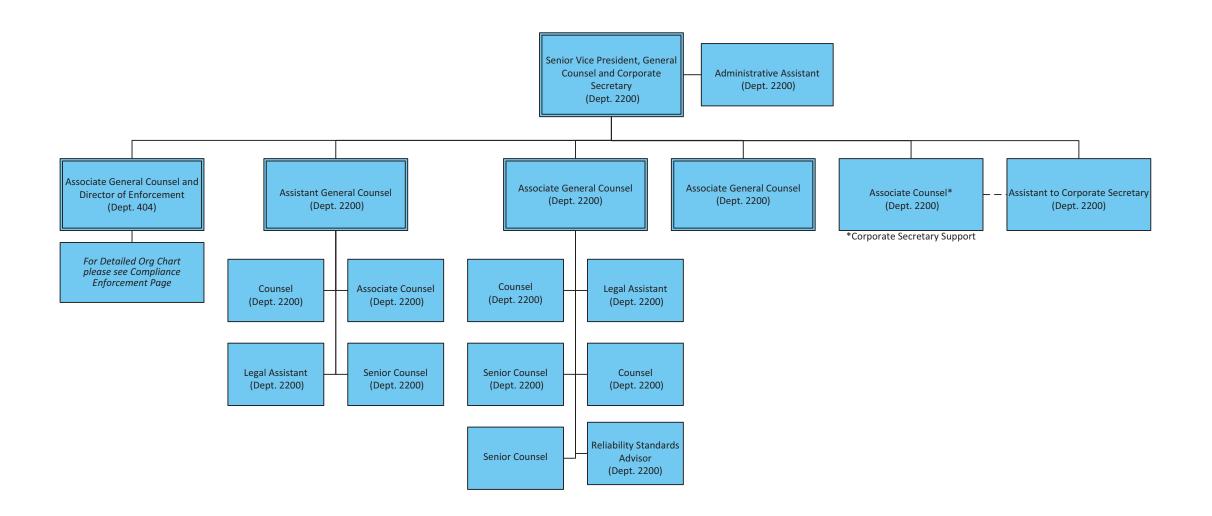


2015 Budget

July 15, 2014



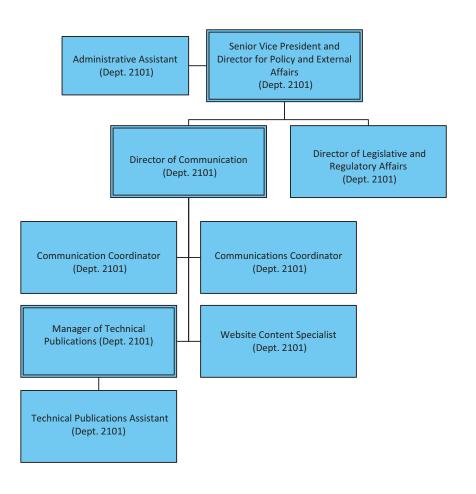
## Legal and Regulatory 2015 (Dept. 2200) Compliance Enforcement 2015 (Dept. 404)



Page 10



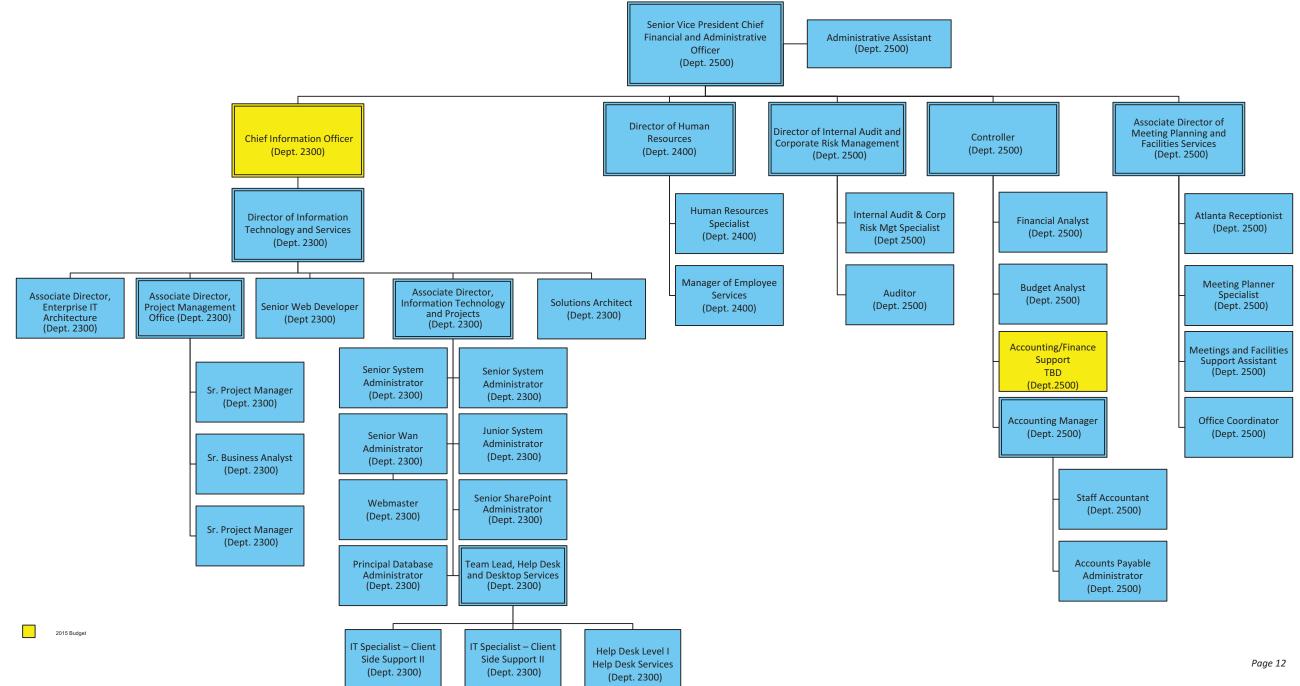
## Policy and External Affairs 2015 (Dept. 2101)



2015 Budget



## Human Resources, Accounting & Finance and Information Technology 2015 (Dept. 2300, 2400, 2500)



			T														
Data Year	Regional Entity	ID	Entity	Country	Total NEL (MWh)	U.S. NEL	Canada NEL	Mexico NEL	% of RE total	US Total	Canada Total	Mexico Total	% of ERO Total	US Total	Canada Total	Mexico Total	% of ERO - US Only
Teal	Litticy	יוו	Entity	Country	TOTAL INCL (INIVITY)	0.3. NLL	Callaua IVLL	IVIEXICO IVEL	totai	O3 TOTAL	iotai	Total	Total	O3 TOTAL	Total	Total	O3 Offiny
2013	FRCC		Alachua, City of	U.S.	120,437	120,437			0.054%	0.054%	0.000%	0.000%	0.003%	0.003%	0.000%	0.000%	0.003%
2013	FRCC	1075	Bartow, City of	U.S.	271,500	271,500			0.123%	0.123%	0.000%	0.000%	0.006%	0.006%	0.000%	0.000%	0.007%
2013	FRCC	1076	Chattahoochee, City of	U.S.	36,499	36,499			0.016%	0.016%	0.000%	0.000%	0.001%	0.001%	0.000%	0.000%	0.001%
2013 2013	FRCC FRCC	1077 1078	Florida Keys Electric Cooperative Assn Florida Power & Light Co.	U.S. U.S.	719,000 109,491,600	719,000 109,491,600			0.325% 49.476%	0.325% 49.476%	0.000%	0.000%	0.016% 2.436%	0.016% 2.436%	0.000%	0.000%	0.018% 2.764%
2013	FRCC	1078	Florida Public Utilities Company	U.S.	353,300	353,300			0.160%	0.160%	0.000%	0.000%	0.008%	0.008%	0.000%	0.000%	0.009%
2013	FRCC	1080	Gainesville Regional Utilities	U.S.	1,760,000	1,760,000			0.795%	0.795%	0.000%	0.000%	0.039%	0.039%	0.000%	0.000%	0.044%
2013	FRCC	1081	Homestead, City of	U.S.	510,000	510,000			0.230%	0.230%	0.000%	0.000%	0.011%	0.011%	0.000%	0.000%	0.013%
2013	FRCC	1082	JEA	U.S.	11,962,000	11,962,000			5.405%	5.405%	0.000%	0.000%	0.266%	0.266%	0.000%	0.000%	0.302%
2013	FRCC	1083	Lakeland Electric	U.S.	2,919,000	2,919,000			1.319%	1.319%	0.000%	0.000%	0.065%	0.065%	0.000%	0.000%	0.074%
2013	FRCC	1626	Lee County Electric Cooperative, Inc	U.S.	3,665,500	3,665,500			1.656%	1.656%	0.000%	0.000%	0.082%	0.082%	0.000%	0.000%	0.093%
2013	FRCC	1661	City of Lake Worth	U.S.	436,000	436,000			0.197%	0.197%	0.000%	0.000%	0.010%	0.010%	0.000%	0.000%	0.011%
2013 2013	FRCC FRCC	1084 1085	Mount Dora, City of New Smyrna Beach, Utilities Commission of	U.S. U.S.	88,900 386,000	88,900 386,000			0.040% 0.174%	0.040% 0.174%	0.000%	0.000%	0.002% 0.009%	0.002% 0.009%	0.000%	0.000%	0.002% 0.010%
2013	FRCC	1085	Orlando Utilities Commission	U.S.	5,693,500	5,693,500			2.573%	2.573%	0.000%	0.000%	0.009%	0.009%	0.000%	0.000%	0.010%
2013	FRCC	1087	Duke Energy Florida	U.S.	39,215,601	39,215,601			17.720%	17.720%	0.000%	0.000%	0.872%	0.872%	0.000%	0.000%	0.990%
2013	FRCC	1088	Quincy, City of	U.S.	136,000	136,000			0.061%	0.061%	0.000%	0.000%	0.003%	0.003%	0.000%	0.000%	0.003%
2013	FRCC	1089	Reedy Creek Improvement District	U.S.	1,208,000	1,208,000			0.546%	0.546%	0.000%	0.000%	0.027%	0.027%	0.000%	0.000%	0.030%
2013	FRCC	1090	St. Cloud, City of (OUC)	U.S.	603,000	603,000			0.272%	0.272%	0.000%	0.000%	0.013%	0.013%	0.000%	0.000%	0.015%
2013	FRCC	1091	Tallahassee, City of	U.S.	2,684,000	2,684,000			1.213%	1.213%	0.000%	0.000%	0.060%	0.060%	0.000%	0.000%	0.068%
2013	FRCC	1092	Tampa Electric Company	U.S.	19,177,000	19,177,000			8.665%	8.665%	0.000%	0.000%	0.427%	0.427%	0.000%	0.000%	0.484%
2013	FRCC	1603	City of Vero Beach	U.S.	739,000	739,000			0.334%	0.334%	0.000%	0.000%	0.016%	0.016%	0.000%	0.000%	0.019%
2013	FRCC	1093	Wauchula, City of	U.S.	61,774	61,774			0.028%	0.028%	0.000%	0.000%	0.001%	0.001%	0.000%	0.000%	0.002%
2013	FRCC	1094	Williston, City of	U.S.	32,000	32,000			0.014%	0.014%	0.000%	0.000%	0.001%	0.001%	0.000%	0.000%	0.001%
2013 2013	FRCC FRCC	1095 1072	Winter Park, City of Florida Municipal Power Agency	U.S. U.S.	432,000 5,524,000	432,000 5,524,000			0.195% 2.496%	0.195% 2.496%	0.000%	0.000%	0.010% 0.123%	0.010% 0.123%	0.000%	0.000%	0.011% 0.139%
2013	FRCC		Seminole Electric Cooperative	U.S.	13,077,500	13,077,500			5.909%	5.909%	0.000%	0.000%	0.123%	0.123%	0.000%	0.000%	0.139%
	11100	1075	TOTAL FRCC	0.0.	221,303,111	221,303,111	_	_	100.000%	100.000%	0.000%	0.000%	4.923%	4.923%	0.000%	0.000%	5.586%
2013	MRO	1199	Basin Electric Power Cooperative	U.S.	14,198,724	14,198,724	-		4.909%	4.909%	0.000%	0.000%	0.316%	0.316%	0.000%	0.000%	0.358%
2013	MRO	1201	Central Iowa Power Cooperative (CIPCO)	U.S.	2,845,657	2,845,657	-		0.984%	0.984%	0.000%	0.000%	0.063%	0.063%	0.000%	0.000%	0.072%
2013	MRO	1204	Corn Belt Power Cooperative	U.S.	2,048,324	2,048,324	-		0.708%	0.708%	0.000%	0.000%	0.046%	0.046%	0.000%	0.000%	0.052%
2013 2013	MRO MRO	1207 1210	Dairyland Power Cooperative Great River Energy	U.S. U.S.	5,506,600 13,924,194	5,506,600 13,924,194	-		1.904% 4.814%	1.904% 4.814%	0.000%	0.000%	0.123% 0.310%	0.123% 0.310%	0.000%	0.000%	0.139% 0.351%
2013	MRO	1210	Minnkota Power Cooperative, Inc.	U.S.	4,356,097	4,356,097	-		1.506%	1.506%	0.000%	0.000%	0.310%	0.310%	0.000%	0.000%	0.351%
2013	MRO	1230	Nebraska Public Power District	U.S.	13,628,644	13,628,644	_		4.711%	4.711%	0.000%	0.000%	0.303%	0.303%	0.000%	0.000%	0.344%
2013	MRO	1232	Omaha Public Power District	U.S.	11,453,844	11,453,844	-		3.960%	3.960%	0.000%	0.000%	0.255%	0.255%	0.000%	0.000%	0.289%
2013	MRO	1237	Southern Montana Generation and Transmission	U.S.	6,964	6,964	-		0.002%	0.002%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%
2013	MRO	1240	Western Area Power Administration (UM)	U.S.	9,040,686	9,040,686	-		3.125%	3.125%	0.000%	0.000%	0.201%	0.201%	0.000%	0.000%	0.228%
2013	MRO	1239	Western Area Power Administration (LM)	U.S.	126,885	126,885	-		0.044%	0.044%	0.000%	0.000%	0.003%	0.003%	0.000%	0.000%	0.003%
2013	MRO	1217	Manitoba Hydro	CAN	23,856,518		23,856,518		8.247%	0.000%	8.247%	0.000%	0.531%	0.000%	0.531%	0.000%	0.000%
2013	MRO	1235	SaskPower	CAN	22,658,000		22,658,000		7.833%	0.000%	7.833%	0.000%	0.504%	0.000%	0.504%	0.000%	0.000%
2013 2013	MRO MRO	1195 1216	Alliant Energy (Alliant East - WPL & Alliant West IPL)	U.S. U.S.	29,013,856	29,013,856	-		10.030% 1.199%	10.030% 1.199%	0.000%	0.000%	0.645% 0.077%	0.645% 0.077%	0.000%	0.000%	0.732% 0.088%
2013	MRO	1216	Madison, Gas and Electric  MidAmerican Energy Company	U.S.	3,467,856 28,445,192	3,467,856 28,445,192	-		9.834%	9.834%	0.000%	0.000%	0.633%	0.633%	0.000%	0.000%	0.088%
2013	MRO	1221	Minnesota Power	U.S.	13,051,082	13,051,082	-		4.512%	4.512%	0.000%	0.000%	0.033%	0.033%	0.000%	0.000%	0.718%
2013	MRO	1226	Montana-Dakota Utilities Co.	U.S.	3,115,064	3,115,064	-		1.077%	1.077%	0.000%	0.000%	0.069%	0.069%	0.000%	0.000%	0.079%
2013	MRO	1231	NorthWestern Energy	U.S.	1,564,096	1,564,096	-		0.541%	0.541%	0.000%	0.000%	0.035%	0.035%	0.000%	0.000%	0.039%
2013	MRO	1233	Otter Tail Power Company	U.S.	4,588,910	4,588,910	-		1.586%	1.586%	0.000%	0.000%	0.102%	0.102%	0.000%	0.000%	0.116%
2013	MRO		Wisconsin Public Service (WPS)	U.S.	12,320,499	12,320,499	-		4.259%	4.259%	0.000%	0.000%	0.274%	0.274%	0.000%	0.000%	0.311%
2013	MRO		Upper Peninsula Power Company (UPPCO)	U.S.	822,962	822,962	-		0.285%	0.285%	0.000%	0.000%	0.018%	0.018%	0.000%	0.000%	0.021%
2013	MRO	1244		U.S.	45,155,059	45,155,059	-		15.610%	15.610%	0.000%	0.000%	1.005%	1.005%	0.000%	0.000%	1.140%
2013	MRO	1196	Ames Municipal Electric System	U.S.	772,397	772,397	-		0.267%	0.267%	0.000%	0.000%	0.017%	0.017%	0.000%	0.000%	0.019%
2013	MRO MRO	1604 1476	Atlantic Municipal Utilities	U.S.	83,151	83,151			0.029%	0.029%	0.000%	0.000%	0.002%	0.002% 0.009%	0.000%	0.000%	0.002%
2013 2013	MRO	1200	Badger Power Marketing Authority of Wisconsin, Inc. Cedar Falls Municipal Utilities	U.S. U.S.	403,818 534,218	403,818 534,218	-		0.140% 0.185%	0.140% 0.185%	0.000%	0.000%	0.009% 0.012%	0.009%	0.000%	0.000%	0.010% 0.013%
2013	MRO	1477	Central Minnesota Municipal Power Agency (CMMPA)	U.S.	467.024	467.024	-		0.161%	0.161%	0.000%	0.000%	0.012%	0.012%	0.000%	0.000%	0.013%
2013	MRO	1203		U.S.	139,646	139,646	-		0.101%	0.101%	0.000%	0.000%	0.010%	0.010%	0.000%	0.000%	0.012%
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Data Year	Regional Entity	ID	Entity	Country	Total NEL (MWh)	U.S. NEL	Canada NEL	Mexico NEL	% of RE total	US Total	Canada Total	Mexico Total	% of ERO Total	US Total	Canada Total	Mexico Total	% of ERO - US Only
			·			•											
2013	MRO		Falls City Water & Light Department	U.S.	56,969	56,969	-		0.020%	0.020%	0.000%	0.000%	0.001%	0.001%	0.000%	0.000%	0.001%
2013	MRO	1206	Fremont Department of Utilities	U.S.	437,914	437,914	-		0.151%	0.151%	0.000%	0.000%	0.010%	0.010%	0.000%	0.000%	0.011%
2013 2013	MRO MRO	1208 1209	Geneseo Municipal Utilities Grand Island Utilities Department	U.S. U.S.	66,522 760,298	66,522 760,298	-		0.023% 0.263%	0.023% 0.263%	0.000%	0.000%	0.001% 0.017%	0.001% 0.017%	0.000%	0.000%	0.002% 0.019%
2013	MRO	1606	Harlan Municipal Utilities	U.S.	24,078	24,078	-		0.203%	0.203%	0.000%	0.000%	0.017%	0.017%	0.000%	0.000%	0.019%
2013	MRO	1211	Hastings Utilities	U.S.	437,707	437,707	_		0.151%	0.151%	0.000%	0.000%	0.010%	0.010%	0.000%	0.000%	0.011%
2013	MRO	1212	Heartland Consumers Power District	U.S.	851,271	851,271	_		0.294%	0.294%	0.000%	0.000%	0.019%	0.019%	0.000%	0.000%	0.021%
2013	MRO	1213	Hutchinson Utilities Commission	U.S.	289,957	289,957	-		0.100%	0.100%	0.000%	0.000%	0.006%	0.006%	0.000%	0.000%	0.007%
2013	MRO	1215	Lincoln Electric System	U.S.	3,277,049	3,277,049	-		1.133%	1.133%	0.000%	0.000%	0.073%	0.073%	0.000%	0.000%	0.083%
2013	MRO	1218	Manitowoc Public Utilities	U.S.	541,613	541,613	-		0.187%	0.187%	0.000%	0.000%	0.012%	0.012%	0.000%	0.000%	0.014%
2013	MRO	1223	Missouri River Energy Services	U.S.	2,458,959	2,458,959	-		0.850%	0.850%	0.000%	0.000%	0.055%	0.055%	0.000%	0.000%	0.062%
2013	MRO	1224	MN Municipal Power Agency (MMPA)	U.S.	1,523,745	1,523,745	-		0.527%	0.527%	0.000%	0.000%	0.034%	0.034%	0.000%	0.000%	0.038%
2013	MRO	1607	Montezuma Municipal Light & Power	U.S.	32,156	32,156			0.011%	0.011%	0.000%	0.000%	0.001%	0.001%	0.000%	0.000%	0.001%
2013	MRO	1227	Municipal Energy Agency of Nebraska	U.S.	1,177,524	1,177,524	-		0.407%	0.407%	0.000%	0.000%	0.026%	0.026%	0.000%	0.000%	0.030%
2013	MRO	1228	Muscatine Power and Water	U.S.	874,185	874,185	-		0.302%	0.302%	0.000%	0.000%	0.019%	0.019%	0.000%	0.000%	0.022%
2013	MRO	1229	Nebraska City Utilities	U.S.	171,711	171,711	-		0.059%	0.059%	0.000%	0.000%	0.004%	0.004%	0.000%	0.000%	0.004%
2013	MRO	1234	Rochester Public Utilities	U.S.	5,381	5,381	-		0.002%	0.002%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%
2013 2013	MRO MRO	1236 1241	Southern Minnesota Municipal Power Agency Willmar Municipal Utilities	U.S. U.S.	2,956,591 263,089	2,956,591 263,089	-		1.022% 0.091%	1.022% 0.091%	0.000%	0.000%	0.066% 0.006%	0.066% 0.006%	0.000%	0.000%	0.075% 0.007%
2013	MRO	1241	Wisconsin Public Power, Inc. (East and West regions)	U.S.	5,461,296	5,461,296	-		1.888%	1.888%	0.000%	0.000%	0.006%	0.006%	0.000%	0.000%	0.007%
2013	IVINU	1242	TOTAL MRO	0.3.	289,263,982	242,749,464	46,514,518		100.00%	83.920%	16.080%	0.000%	6.435%	5.401%	1.035%	0.000%	6.128%
			Total		203,203,302	212,713,101	10,511,510		100.0070	03.32070	10.00070	0.00070	0.15570	3.10170	1.05570	0.00070	0.12070
2013	NPCC	1336	New England	U.S.	129,377,000	129,377,000			19.947%	19.947%	0.000%	0.000%	2.878%	2.878%	0.000%	0.000%	3.266%
2013	NPCC	1339	New York	U.S.	163,514,000	163,514,000			25.210%	25.210%	0.000%	0.000%	3.638%	3.638%	0.000%	0.000%	4.128%
2013	NPCC	1337	Ontario	Canada	140,737,000		140,737,000		21.698%	0.000%	21.698%	0.000%	3.131%	0.000%	3.131%	0.000%	
2013	NPCC	1341	Quebec	Canada	189,722,000		189,722,000		29.251%	0.000%	29.251%	0.000%	4.221%	0.000%	4.221%	0.000%	
2013	NPCC	1338	New Brunswick	Canada	14,084,000		14,084,000		2.171%	0.000%	2.171%	0.000%	0.313%	0.000%	0.313%	0.000%	
2013	NPCC	1340	Nova Scotia	Canada	11,173,000		11,173,000		1.723%	0.000%	1.723%	0.000%	0.249%	0.000%	0.249%	0.000%	
			TOTAL NPCC		648,607,000	292,891,000	355,716,000	-	100.000%	45.157%	54.843%	0.000%	14.430%	6.516%	7.914%	0.000%	7.394%
2013	RF	1104	Bay City	U.S.	329,862	329,862			0.036%	0.036%	0.000%	0.000%	0.007%	0.007%	0.000%	0.000%	0.008%
2013	RF	1104	Cannelton Utilities	U.S.	16,213	16,213			0.002%	0.002%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.007%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%
2013	RF	1102	City of Chelsea	U.S.	97,261	97,261			0.002%	0.002%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.002%
2013	RF	1106	City of Croswell	U.S.	42,388	42,388			0.005%	0.005%	0.000%	0.000%	0.001%	0.001%	0.000%	0.000%	0.001%
2013	RF	1108	City of Eaton Rapids	U.S.	95,626	95,626			0.011%	0.011%	0.000%	0.000%	0.002%	0.002%	0.000%	0.000%	0.002%
2013	RF	1111	City of Hart	U.S.	48,870	48,870			0.005%	0.005%	0.000%	0.000%	0.001%	0.001%	0.000%	0.000%	0.001%
2013	RF	1490	City of Lansing	U.S.	2,224,945	2,224,945			0.245%	0.245%	0.000%	0.000%	0.049%	0.049%	0.000%	0.000%	0.056%
2013	RF	1112	City of Marquette Board of Light & Power	U.S.	332,934	332,934			0.037%	0.037%	0.000%	0.000%	0.007%	0.007%	0.000%	0.000%	0.008%
2013	RF	1114	City of Portland	U.S.	36,925	36,925			0.004%	0.004%	0.000%	0.000%	0.001%	0.001%	0.000%	0.000%	0.001%
2013	RF	1116	City of St. Louis	U.S.	40,348	40,348			0.004%	0.004%	0.000%	0.000%	0.001%	0.001%	0.000%	0.000%	0.001%
2013	RF	1118	City of Wyandotte	U.S.	219,715	219,715			0.024%	0.024%	0.000%	0.000%	0.005%	0.005%	0.000%	0.000%	0.006%
2013	RF	1120	Cloverland Electric Cooperative	U.S.	902,455	902,455			0.099%	0.099%	0.000%	0.000%	0.020%	0.020%	0.000%	0.000%	0.023%
2013	RF	1122	CMS ERM Michigan LLC	U.S.	158,492	158,492			0.017%	0.017%	0.000%	0.000%	0.004%	0.004%	0.000%	0.000%	0.004%
2013	RF	1124	Constellation New Energy (MECS-CONS)	U.S.	904,866	904,866			0.100%	0.100%	0.000%	0.000%	0.020%	0.020%	0.000%	0.000%	0.023%
2013	RF	1123	Constellation New Energy (MECS-DET)	U.S.	1,093,115	1,093,115			0.120%	0.120%	0.000%	0.000%	0.024%	0.024%	0.000%	0.000%	0.028%
2013	RF	1126	Consumers Energy Company	U.S.	32,556,015	32,556,015			3.583%	3.583%	0.000%	0.000%	0.724%	0.724%	0.000%	0.000%	0.822%
2013	RF	1128	Detroit Edison Company	U.S.	46,383,652	46,383,652			5.104%	5.104%	0.000%	0.000%	1.032%	1.032%	0.000%	0.000%	1.171%
2013	RF	1166	Duke Energy Indiana	U.S.	30,388,800	30,388,800			3.344%	3.344%	0.000%	0.000%	0.676%	0.676%	0.000%	0.000%	0.767%
2013	RF RF	1135	Ferdinand Municipal Light & Water	U.S.	47,529 687,811	47,529			0.005%	0.005%	0.000%	0.000%	0.001%	0.001%	0.000%	0.000%	0.001%
2013 2013	RF	1646 1549	FirstEnergy Solutions (MECS-CONS)	U.S. U.S.	2,382,157	687,811 2,382,157			0.076% 0.262%	0.076% 0.262%	0.000%	0.000%	0.015% 0.053%	0.015% 0.053%	0.000%	0.000%	0.017% 0.060%
2013	RF	1612	FirstEnergy Solutions (MECS-DET) Glacial Energy (MECS-DET)	U.S.	144,680	2,382,157 144,680			0.262%	0.262%	0.000%	0.000%	0.053%	0.053%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%
2013	RF	1144	Holland Board of Public Works	U.S.	984,680	984,680			0.108%	0.016%	0.000%	0.000%	0.003%	0.003%	0.000%	0.000%	0.004%
2013	RF	1144	Hoosier Fnergy	U.S.	7,319,807	7,319,807			0.108%	0.108%	0.000%	0.000%	0.022%	0.022%	0.000%	0.000%	0.025%
2013	RF	1143	Indiana Municipal Power Agency (DUKE CIN)	U.S.	3,089,272	3,089,272			0.340%	0.340%	0.000%	0.000%	0.069%	0.103%	0.000%	0.000%	0.183%
2013	RF	1485	Indiana Municipal Power Agency (NIPSCO)	U.S.	429,073	429,073			0.047%	0.047%	0.000%	0.000%	0.010%	0.010%	0.000%	0.000%	0.011%
2013	RF	1486	Indiana Municipal Power Agency (SIGE)	U.S.	591.686	591.686			0.065%	0.065%	0.000%	0.000%	0.013%	0.013%	0.000%	0.000%	0.015%
2013	RF	1149	Indianapolis Power & Light Co.	U.S.	14,785,670	14,785,670			1.627%	1.627%	0.000%	0.000%	0.329%	0.329%	0.000%	0.000%	0.373%
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Data Year	Regional Entity	ID	Entity	Country	Total NEL (MWh)	U.S. NEL	Canada NEL	Mexico NEL	% of RE total	US Total	Canada Total	Mexico Total	% of ERO Total	US Total	Canada Total	Mexico Total	% of ERO - US Only
	•						•		•	•					•		
2013 2013	RF RF	1553 1554	Integrys Energy Services (MECS-CONS)	U.S. U.S.	1,025,220 579,916	1,025,220			0.113% 0.064%	0.113% 0.064%	0.000%	0.000%	0.023% 0.013%	0.023% 0.013%	0.000%	0.000%	0.026% 0.015%
2013	RF	1554	Integrys Energy Services (MECS-DET) Integrys Energy Services (WEPC)	U.S.	861,971	579,916 861,971			0.064%	0.064%	0.000%	0.000%	0.013%	0.013%	0.000%	0.000%	0.015%
2013	RF	1614	Just Energy (MECS-DET)	U.S.	14,499	14,499			0.093%	0.093%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.022%
2013	RF	1154	Michigan Public Power Agency	U.S.	1,277,731	1,277,731			0.141%	0.141%	0.000%	0.000%	0.028%	0.028%	0.000%	0.000%	0.032%
2013	RF	1155	Michigan South Central Power Agency	U.S.	640,768	640,768			0.071%	0.071%	0.000%	0.000%	0.014%	0.014%	0.000%	0.000%	0.016%
2013	RF	1158	MidAmerican Energy Company Retail	U.S.	99,497	99,497			0.011%	0.011%	0.000%	0.000%	0.002%	0.002%	0.000%	0.000%	0.003%
2013	RF	1163	Northern Indiana Public Service Co.	U.S.	17,596,567	17,596,567			1.936%	1.936%	0.000%	0.000%	0.391%	0.391%	0.000%	0.000%	0.444%
2013	RF	1164	Ontonagon County Rural Electrification Assoc.	U.S.	29,472	29,472			0.003%	0.003%	0.000%	0.000%	0.001%	0.001%	0.000%	0.000%	0.001%
2013	RF	1265	PJM Interconnnection, LLC	U.S.	695,629,380	695,629,380			76.550%	76.550%	0.000%	0.000%	15.476%	15.476%	0.000%	0.000%	17.560%
2013	RF	1172	Sempra Energy Solutions (MECS-CONS)	U.S.	677,352	677,352			0.075%	0.075%	0.000%	0.000%	0.015%	0.015%	0.000%	0.000%	0.017%
2013	RF	1171	Sempra Energy Solutions (MECS-DET)	U.S.	711,714	711,714			0.078%	0.078%	0.000%	0.000%	0.016%	0.016%	0.000%	0.000%	0.018%
2013	RF	1176	Direct Energy (fka:Strategic Energy,LLC) (MECS-CONS)	U.S.	12,917	12,917			0.001%	0.001%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%
2013	RF	1174	Direct Energy (fka:Strategic Energy,LLC) (MECS-DET)	U.S.	372,127	372,127			0.041%	0.041%	0.000%	0.000%	0.008%	0.008%	0.000%	0.000%	0.009%
2013	RF	1581	Spartan Renewable Energy	U.S.	67,754	67,754			0.007%	0.007%	0.000%	0.000%	0.002%	0.002%	0.000%	0.000%	0.002%
2013	RF	1180	Thumb Electric Cooperative	U.S.	180,729	180,729			0.020%	0.020%	0.000%	0.000%	0.004%	0.004%	0.000%	0.000%	0.005%
2013	RF RF	1662	Ohio Valley Electric Corporation	U.S.	644,612	644,612			0.071%	0.071%	0.000%	0.000%	0.014%	0.014%	0.000%	0.000%	0.016%
2013 2013	RF	1181 1183	Vectren Energy Delivery of IN Village of Sebewaing	U.S. U.S.	5,759,508 44,183	5,759,508 44,183			0.634% 0.005%	0.634% 0.005%	0.000%	0.000%	0.128% 0.001%	0.128% 0.001%	0.000%	0.000%	0.145% 0.001%
2013	RF	1184	Wabash Valley Power Association Inc. (DUKE CIN)	U.S.	2,801,698	2,801,698			0.308%	0.308%	0.000%	0.000%	0.062%	0.062%	0.000%	0.000%	0.001%
2013	RF	1488	Wabash Valley Power Association Inc. (DORE CIN)  Wabash Valley Power Association Inc. (NIPSCO)	U.S.	1,688,010	1,688,010			0.308%	0.186%	0.000%	0.000%	0.038%	0.002%	0.000%	0.000%	0.071%
2013	RF	1185	Wisconsin Electric Power Co.	U.S.	28,121,962	28,121,962			3.095%	3.095%	0.000%	0.000%	0.626%	0.626%	0.000%	0.000%	0.710%
2013	RF	1189	Wolverine Power Marketing Cooperative	U.S.	758,098	758,098			0.083%	0.083%	0.000%	0.000%	0.017%	0.017%	0.000%	0.000%	0.019%
2013	RF	1191	Wolverine Power Supply Cooperative	U.S.	2,658,358	2,658,358			0.293%	0.293%	0.000%	0.000%	0.059%	0.059%	0.000%	0.000%	0.067%
2013	RF	1190	Wolverine Power Marketing Cooperative	U.S.	137,689	137,689			0.015%	0.015%	0.000%	0.000%	0.003%	0.003%	0.000%	0.000%	0.003%
			TOTAL RELIABILITYFIRST		908,726,579	908,726,579	-	-	100.000%	100.000%	0.000%	0.000%	20.217%	20.217%	0.000%	0.000%	22.939%
2013	SERC	1267	Alabama Municipal Electric Authority	U.S.	3,409,691	3,409,691			0.338%	0.338%	0.000%	0.000%	0.076%	0.076%	0.000%	0.000%	0.086%
2013	SERC	1268	Alabama Power Company	U.S.	59,203,484	59,203,484			5.867%	5.867%	0.000%	0.000%	1.317%	1.317%	0.000%	0.000%	1.494%
2013	SERC	1269	Ameren - Illinois	U.S.	42,979,000	42,979,000			4.259%	4.259%	0.000%	0.000%	0.956%	0.956%	0.000%	0.000%	1.085%
2013 2013	SERC SERC	1271 1272	Ameren - Missouri	U.S. U.S.	41,936,000 27,551	41,936,000 27,551			4.156% 0.003%	4.156% 0.003%	0.000%	0.000%	0.933% 0.001%	0.933% 0.001%	0.000%	0.000%	1.059% 0.001%
2013	SERC	1660	APGI - Yadkin Division APGI - Tapoco Division (ALCOA)	U.S.	316,134	316,134			0.003%	0.003%	0.000%	0.000%	0.001%	0.001%	0.000%	0.000%	0.001%
2013	SERC	1273	Associated Electric Cooperative Inc.	U.S.	19,364,701	19,364,701			1.919%	1.919%	0.000%	0.000%	0.431%	0.431%	0.000%	0.000%	0.489%
2013	SERC	1582	Beauregard Electric Cooperative, Inc.	U.S.	1,117,856	1,117,856			0.111%	0.111%	0.000%	0.000%	0.025%	0.025%	0.000%	0.000%	0.028%
2013	SERC	1462	Benton Utility District	U.S.	272,291	272,291			0.027%	0.027%	0.000%	0.000%	0.006%	0.006%	0.000%	0.000%	0.007%
2013	SERC	1274	Big Rivers Electric Corporation	U.S.	3,824,402	3,824,402			0.379%	0.379%	0.000%	0.000%	0.085%	0.085%	0.000%	0.000%	0.097%
2013	SERC	1275	Black Warrior EMC	U.S.	438,860	438,860			0.043%	0.043%	0.000%	0.000%	0.010%	0.010%	0.000%	0.000%	0.011%
2013	SERC	1276	Blue Ridge EMC	U.S.	1,403,674	1,403,674			0.139%	0.139%	0.000%	0.000%	0.031%	0.031%	0.000%	0.000%	0.035%
2013	SERC	1628	Brazos Electric Power Cooperative, Inc.	U.S.	430,513	430,513			0.043%	0.043%	0.000%	0.000%	0.010%	0.010%	0.000%	0.000%	0.011%
2013	SERC	1463	Canton, MS	U.S.	121,271	121,271			0.012%	0.012%	0.000%	0.000%	0.003%	0.003%	0.000%	0.000%	0.003%
2013	SERC	1277	Central Electric Power Cooperative Inc.	U.S.	15,306,864	15,306,864			1.517%	1.517%	0.000%	0.000%	0.341%	0.341%	0.000%	0.000%	0.386%
2013	SERC		Century Aluminum - Hawesville	U.S.	4,271,731	4,271,731			0.423%	0.423%	0.000%	0.000%	0.095%	0.095%	0.000%	0.000%	0.108%
2013	SERC		Century Aluminum - Sebree	U.S.	3,252,188	3,252,188			0.322%	0.322%	0.000%	0.000%	0.072%	0.072%	0.000%	0.000%	0.082%
2013	SERC	1278	City of Blountstown FL	U.S.	38,099	38,099			0.004%	0.004%	0.000%	0.000%	0.001%	0.001%	0.000%	0.000%	0.001%
2013	SERC	1279	City of Camden SC	U.S.	188,872	188,872			0.019%	0.019%	0.000%	0.000%	0.004%	0.004%	0.000%	0.000%	0.005%
2013	SERC	1280	City of Collins MS	U.S.	49,787	49,787			0.005%	0.005%	0.000%	0.000%	0.001%	0.001%	0.000%	0.000%	0.001%
2013	SERC	1281	City of Columbia MO	U.S.	1,188,481	1,188,481			0.118%	0.118%	0.000%	0.000%	0.026%	0.026%	0.000%	0.000%	0.030%
2013	SERC	1282	City of Conway AR (Conway Corporation)	U.S.	1,035,034	1,035,034			0.103%	0.103%	0.000%	0.000%	0.023%	0.023%	0.000%	0.000%	0.026%
2013	SERC	1284	City of Evergreen AL	U.S.	58,711	58,711			0.006%	0.006%	0.000%	0.000%	0.001%	0.001%	0.000%	0.000%	0.001%
2013	SERC	1285	City of Hampton GA	U.S.	23,585	23,585			0.002%	0.002%	0.000%	0.000%	0.001%	0.001%	0.000%	0.000%	0.001%
2013	SERC	1286	City of Hartford AL	U.S.	33,453	33,453			0.003%	0.003%	0.000%	0.000%	0.001%	0.001%	0.000%	0.000%	0.001%
2013 2013	SERC SERC	1287 1288	City of Henderson (KY) Municipal Power & Light City of North Little Rock AR (DENL)	U.S. U.S.	617,149 958,745	617,149 958,745			0.061% 0.095%	0.061% 0.095%	0.000%	0.000%	0.014% 0.021%	0.014% 0.021%	0.000%	0.000%	0.016% 0.024%
2013	SERC	1288	City of Orangeburg SC Department of Public Utilities	U.S.	938,745 836,257	938,745 836,257			0.095%	0.095%	0.000%	0.000%		0.021%	0.000%	0.000%	0.024%
2013	SERC	1289	City of Orangeourg SC Department of Public Utilities  City of Robertsdale AL	U.S. U.S.	836,257 84,101	836,257 84,101			0.008%	0.008%	0.000%	0.000%	0.019% 0.002%	0.019%	0.000%	0.000%	0.021%
2013	SERC	1290	City of Ruston LA (DERS)	U.S.	296.978	296.978			0.008%	0.008%	0.000%	0.000%	0.002%	0.002%	0.000%	0.000%	0.002%
2013	SERC		City of Seneca SC	U.S.	159,906	159,906			0.025%	0.016%	0.000%	0.000%	0.007%	0.007%	0.000%	0.000%	0.007%
-010			,	5.5.	133,300	155,500			2.020,0	2.020/3	2.20070	2.20070	2.00 1/0		2.20070	2.200/0	2.00173

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Data	Regional								% of RE		Canada	Mexico	% of ERO		Canada	Mexico	% of ERO -
Year	Entity	ID	Entity	Country	Total NEL (MWh)	U.S. NEL	Canada NEL	Mexico NEL	% of RE	US Total	Total	Total	% of ERO	US Total	Total	Total	WS Only
2012	cenc	1115	City, of Contractical (CMID)	11.6	1 000 500	1 000 500			0.1700/	0.1709/	0.0000/	0.0000/	0.0409/	0.0400/	0.0000/	0.0000/	0.0469/
2013 2013	SERC SERC		City of Springfield (CWLP) City of Thayer, MO	U.S. U.S.	1,808,586 23,197	1,808,586 23,197			0.179% 0.002%	0.179% 0.002%	0.000%	0.000%	0.040% 0.001%	0.040% 0.001%	0.000%	0.000%	0.046% 0.001%
2013	SERC	1293	City of Troy AL	U.S.	427,446	427,446			0.042%	0.042%	0.000%	0.000%	0.010%	0.010%	0.000%	0.000%	0.011%
2013	SERC	1294	City of West Memphis AR (West Memphis Utilities)	U.S.	400,561	400,561			0.040%	0.040%	0.000%	0.000%	0.009%	0.009%	0.000%	0.000%	0.010%
2013	SERC	1583	Claiborne Electric Cooperative, Inc.	U.S.	671,322	671,322			0.067%	0.067%	0.000%	0.000%	0.015%	0.015%	0.000%	0.000%	0.017%
2013	SERC	1584	Concordia Electric Cooperative, Inc.	U.S.	264,319	264,319			0.026%	0.026%	0.000%	0.000%	0.006%	0.006%	0.000%	0.000%	0.007%
2013	SERC	1283	Dalton Utilities	U.S.	1,585,498	1,585,498			0.157%	0.157%	0.000%	0.000%	0.035%	0.035%	0.000%	0.000%	0.040%
2013 2013	SERC SERC	1585 1295	Dixie Electric Membership Corporation  Dominion Virginia Power	U.S. U.S.	2,271,088 85,837,830	2,271,088 85,837,830			0.225% 8.507%	0.225% 8.507%	0.000%	0.000%	0.051% 1.910%	0.051% 1.910%	0.000%	0.000%	0.057% 2.167%
2013	SERC	1295	Duke Energy Carolinas, LLC	U.S.	77,613,182	77,613,182			7.692%	7.692%	0.000%	0.000%	1.727%	1.727%	0.000%	0.000%	1.959%
2013	SERC	1466	Durant, MS	U.S.	26.044	26.044			0.003%	0.003%	0.000%	0.000%	0.001%	0.001%	0.000%	0.000%	0.001%
2013	SERC	1478	LG&E and KU Services Company as agent for LG&E Company and KUCompany	U.S.	35,041,560	35,041,560			3.473%	3.473%	0.000%	0.000%	0.780%	0.780%	0.000%	0.000%	0.885%
2013	SERC	1297	East Kentucky Power Cooperative	U.S.	13,342,933	13,342,933			1.322%	1.322%	0.000%	0.000%	0.297%	0.297%	0.000%	0.000%	0.337%
2013	SERC	1298	East Mississippi Electric Power Association	U.S.	466,364	466,364			0.046%	0.046%	0.000%	0.000%	0.010%	0.010%	0.000%	0.000%	0.012%
2013	SERC		Electricities of North Carolina Inc	U.S.	11,455,231	11,455,231			1.135%	1.135%	0.000%	0.000%	0.255%	0.255%	0.000%	0.000%	0.289%
2013 2013	SERC SERC	1300 1301	EnergyUnited EMC Entergy	U.S. U.S.	2,561,495 110,500,922	2,561,495 110,500,922			0.254% 10.951%	0.254% 10.951%	0.000%	0.000%	0.057% 2.458%	0.057% 2.458%	0.000%	0.000%	0.065% 2.789%
2013	SERC	1301	Fayetteville (NC) Public Works Commission	U.S.	2,148,077	2,148,077			0.213%	0.213%	0.000%	0.000%	0.048%	0.048%	0.000%	0.000%	0.054%
2013	SERC	1303	Florida Public Utilities (FL Panhandle Load)	U.S.	317,976	317,976			0.032%	0.032%	0.000%	0.000%	0.007%	0.007%	0.000%	0.000%	0.008%
2013	SERC	1304	French Broad EMC	U.S.	532,169	532,169			0.053%	0.053%	0.000%	0.000%	0.012%	0.012%	0.000%	0.000%	0.013%
2013	SERC	1305	Georgia Power Company	U.S.	86,177,237	86,177,237			8.540%	8.540%	0.000%	0.000%	1.917%	1.917%	0.000%	0.000%	2.175%
2013	SERC	1306	Georgia System Optns Corporation	U.S.	37,429,348	37,429,348			3.709%	3.709%	0.000%	0.000%	0.833%	0.833%	0.000%	0.000%	0.945%
2013	SERC	1479	Greenwood (MS) Utilities Commission	U.S.	291,567	291,567			0.029%	0.029%	0.000%	0.000%	0.006%	0.006%	0.000%	0.000%	0.007%
2013 2013	SERC SERC	1307 1308	Greenwood (SC) Commissioners of Public Works	U.S.	315,927	315,927			0.031% 1.140%	0.031% 1.140%	0.000%	0.000%	0.007%	0.007% 0.256%	0.000%	0.000%	0.008% 0.290%
2013	SERC	1586	Gulf Power Company Haywood EMC	U.S. U.S.	11,507,385 311,308	11,507,385 311,308			0.031%	0.031%	0.000%	0.000%	0.256% 0.007%	0.256%	0.000%	0.000%	0.290%
2013	SERC	1309	Illinois Municipal Electric Agency	U.S.	1,928,400	1,928,400			0.191%	0.191%	0.000%	0.000%	0.007%	0.007%	0.000%	0.000%	0.049%
2013	SERC	1480	Itta Bena, MS	U.S.	14,366	14,366			0.001%	0.001%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%
2013	SERC	1587	Jefferson Davis Electric Cooperative, Inc.	U.S.	290,781	290,781			0.029%	0.029%	0.000%	0.000%	0.006%	0.006%	0.000%	0.000%	0.007%
2013	SERC	1617	Kentucky Municipal Power	U.S.	718,786	718,786			0.071%	0.071%	0.000%	0.000%	0.016%	0.016%	0.000%	0.000%	0.018%
2013	SERC	1481	Kosciusko, MS	U.S.	69,929	69,929			0.007%	0.007%	0.000%	0.000%	0.002%	0.002%	0.000%	0.000%	0.002%
2013 2013	SERC SERC	1482 1313	Leland, MS	U.S.	30,580	30,580			0.003%	0.003%	0.000%	0.000%	0.001%	0.001%	0.000%	0.000%	0.001%
2013	SERC	1313	McCormick Commission of Public Works Mississippi Power Company	U.S. U.S.	15,926 10,629,207	15,926 10,629,207			0.002% 1.053%	0.002% 1.053%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000% 0.236%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%
2013	SERC	1630	Mt. Carmel Public Utility	U.S.	95,851	95,851			0.009%	0.009%	0.000%	0.000%	0.002%	0.002%	0.000%	0.000%	0.002%
2013	SERC	1315	Municipal Electric Authority of Georgia	U.S.	10,667,071	10,667,071			1.057%	1.057%	0.000%	0.000%	0.237%	0.237%	0.000%	0.000%	0.269%
2013	SERC	1316	N.C. Electric Membership Corp.	U.S.	12,300,719	12,300,719			1.219%	1.219%	0.000%	0.000%	0.274%	0.274%	0.000%	0.000%	0.311%
2013	SERC	1588	Northeast Louisiana Power Cooperative, Inc.	U.S.	315,718	315,718			0.031%	0.031%	0.000%	0.000%	0.007%	0.007%	0.000%	0.000%	0.008%
2013	SERC	1574	Northern Virginia Electric Cooperative	U.S.	4,009,193	4,009,193			0.397%	0.397%	0.000%	0.000%	0.089%	0.089%	0.000%	0.000%	0.101%
2013	SERC	1319	Old Dominion Electric Cooperative	U.S.	5,883,258	5,883,258			0.583%	0.583%	0.000%	0.000%	0.131%	0.131%	0.000%	0.000%	0.149%
2013 2013	SERC SERC	1618 1320	Osceola (Arkansas) Municipal Light and Power Owensboro (KY) Municipal Utilities	U.S. U.S.	185,449 902,070	185,449 902,070			0.018% 0.089%	0.018% 0.089%	0.000%	0.000%	0.004% 0.020%	0.004% 0.020%	0.000%	0.000%	0.005% 0.023%
2013	SERC	1322	Piedmont EMC in Duke and Progress Areas	U.S.	507,378	507,378			0.050%	0.050%	0.000%	0.000%	0.020%	0.020%	0.000%	0.000%	0.023%
2013	SERC	1323	Piedmont Municipal Power Agency (PMPA)	U.S.	2,226,981	2,226,981			0.221%	0.221%	0.000%	0.000%	0.050%	0.050%	0.000%	0.000%	0.056%
2013	SERC	1589	Pointe Coupee Electric Memb. Corp.	U.S.	271,727	271,727			0.027%	0.027%	0.000%	0.000%	0.006%	0.006%	0.000%	0.000%	0.007%
2013	SERC	1266	PowerSouth Energy	U.S.	8,394,912	8,394,912			0.832%	0.832%	0.000%	0.000%	0.187%	0.187%	0.000%	0.000%	0.212%
2013	SERC	1330	Prairie Power, Inc.	U.S.	1,587,723	1,587,723			0.157%	0.157%	0.000%	0.000%	0.035%	0.035%	0.000%	0.000%	0.040%
2013	SERC	1324	Progress Energy Carolinas	U.S.	45,597,000	45,597,000			4.519%	4.519%	0.000%	0.000%	1.014%	1.014%	0.000%	0.000%	1.151%
2013 2013	SERC SERC	1325 1631	Rutherford EMC Sam Rayburn G&T Electric Cooperative Inc.	U.S. U.S.	1,330,129 1,789,204	1,330,129 1,789,204			0.132% 0.177%	0.132% 0.177%	0.000%	0.000%	0.030% 0.040%	0.030% 0.040%	0.000%	0.000%	0.034% 0.045%
2013	SERC	1326	South Carolina Electric & Gas Company	U.S.	22,493,515	22,493,515			2.229%	2.229%	0.000%	0.000%	0.500%	0.500%	0.000%	0.000%	0.045%
2013	SERC	1327	South Carolina Public Service Authority	U.S.	11,134,017	11,134,017			1.103%	1.103%	0.000%	0.000%	0.248%	0.248%	0.000%	0.000%	0.281%
2013	SERC	1590	South Louisiana Electric Cooperative Association	U.S.	631,016	631,016			0.063%	0.063%	0.000%	0.000%	0.014%	0.014%	0.000%	0.000%	0.016%
2013	SERC	1328	South Mississippi Electric Power Association	U.S.	10,355,847	10,355,847			1.026%	1.026%	0.000%	0.000%	0.230%	0.230%	0.000%	0.000%	0.261%
2013	SERC	1329	Southern Illinois Power Cooperative	U.S.	1,547,015	1,547,015			0.153%	0.153%	0.000%	0.000%	0.034%	0.034%	0.000%	0.000%	0.039%
2013	SERC	1591	Southwest Louisiana Electric Membership Corporation	U.S.	2,657,052	2,657,052			0.263%	0.263%	0.000%	0.000%	0.059%	0.059%	0.000%	0.000%	0.067%
2013	SERC	1619	Southwestern Electric Cooperative, Inc.	U.S.	425,036	425,036			0.042%	0.042%	0.000%	0.000%	0.009%	0.009%	0.000%	0.000%	0.011% 4.083%
2013	SERC	1331	Tennessee Valley Authority	U.S.	161,755,649	161,755,649			16.030%	16.030%	0.000%	0.000%	3.599%	3.599%	0.000%	0.000%	4.083%

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Data	Regional	١,,	5.00	Country	T-4-1 NICI (84)4/5)	II C NEI	Comedo NEI	Manias NEI	% of RE	UC Takal	Canada	Mexico	% of ERO	US Total	Canada	Mexico	% of ERO - US Only
Year	Entity	ID	Entity	Country	Total NEL (MWh)	U.S. NEL	Canada NEL	Mexico NEL	total	US Total	Total	Total	Total	US Total	Total	Total	US Only
2013	SERC	1632	Tex-La Electric Cooperative of Texas, Inc	U.S.	208,435	208,435			0.021%	0.021%	0.000%	0.000%	0.005%	0.005%	0.000%	0.000%	0.005%
2013	SERC	1332	Tombigbee Electric Cooperative Inc.	U.S.	132,281	132,281			0.013%	0.013%	0.000%	0.000%	0.003%	0.003%	0.000%	0.000%	0.003%
2013	SERC	1594	Town of Sharpsburg, N.C.	U.S.	19,830	19,830			0.002%	0.002%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.001%
2013	SERC	1595	Town of Stantonsburg, N.C. JRO	U.S.	77,300	77,300			0.008%	0.008%	0.000%	0.000%	0.002%	0.002%	0.000%	0.000%	0.002%
2013 2013	SERC SERC	1333 1334	Town of Waynesville NC Town of Winnshoro SC	U.S. U.S.	91,000 55,421	91,000			0.009%	0.009% 0.005%	0.000%	0.000%	0.002% 0.001%	0.002% 0.001%	0.000%	0.000%	0.002% 0.001%
2013	SERC	1334	Town of Winterville NC	U.S.	54,348	55,421 54,348			0.005% 0.005%	0.005%	0.000%	0.000%	0.001%	0.001%	0.000%	0.000%	0.001%
2013	SERC	1597	Washington-St.Tammany Electric Cooperative, Inc.	U.S.	1.086.428	1.086.428			0.108%	0.108%	0.000%	0.000%	0.024%	0.024%	0.000%	0.000%	0.027%
			TOTAL SERC		1,009,060,489	1,009,060,489	-	-	100.000%	100.000%	0.000%	0.000%	22.449%	22.449%	0.000%	0.000%	25.472%
2013	SPP	1246		U.S.	36,992,312	36,992,312			17.074%	17.074%	0.000%		0.823%	0.823%	0.000%	0.000%	0.934%
2013	SPP	1435	Arkansas Electric Cooperative Corporation (AEP)	U.S.	5,133,268	5,133,268			2.369%	2.369%	0.000%	0.000%	0.114%	0.114%	0.000%	0.000%	0.130%
2013 2013	SPP SPP	1247 1620	Board of Public Utilities (Kansas City KS) Board of Public Utilities, City of McPherson, Kansas	U.S. U.S.	2,365,471 941,518	2,365,471 941,518			1.092% 0.435%	1.092% 0.435%	0.000%	0.000%	0.053% 0.021%	0.053% 0.021%	0.000%	0.000%	0.060% 0.024%
2013	SPP	1647	Carthage City Water & Light	U.S.	322,822	322,822			0.433%	0.433%	0.000%	0.000%	0.021%	0.021%	0.000%	0.000%	0.024%
2013	SPP	1469	Central Valley Electric Cooperative	U.S.	848.423	848,423			0.392%	0.392%	0.000%	0.000%	0.019%	0.019%	0.000%	0.000%	0.021%
2013	SPP	1556	City of Bentonville	U.S.	646,929	646,929			0.299%	0.299%	0.000%	0.000%	0.014%	0.014%	0.000%	0.000%	0.016%
2013	SPP	1557	City of Clarksdale, Mississippi	U.S.	163,899	163,899			0.076%	0.076%	0.000%	0.000%	0.004%	0.004%	0.000%	0.000%	0.004%
2013	SPP	1558	Hope Water & Light (HWL)	U.S.	299,830	299,830			0.138%	0.138%	0.000%	0.000%	0.007%	0.007%	0.000%	0.000%	0.008%
2013	SPP	1559	City of Minden	U.S.	161,831	161,831			0.075%	0.075%	0.000%	0.000%	0.004%	0.004%	0.000%	0.000%	0.004%
2013	SPP	1635	The City of Osage City	U.S.	36,227	36,227			0.017%	0.017%	0.000%	0.000%	0.001%	0.001%	0.000%	0.000%	0.001%
2013 2013	SPP	1636	City of Prescott	U.S.	88,179	88,179			0.041%	0.041% 0.494%	0.000%	0.000%	0.002%	0.002%	0.000%	0.000%	0.002% 0.027%
2013	SPP SPP	1248 1436	Independence Power & Light (Independence, MO) City Utilities of Springfield, MO	U.S. U.S.	1,070,657 3,183,351	1,070,657 3,183,351			0.494% 1.469%	1.469%	0.000%	0.000%	0.024% 0.071%	0.024% 0.071%	0.000%	0.000%	0.027%
2013	SPP	1249	Cleco Power LLC	U.S.	11,826,507	11,826,507			5.459%	5.459%	0.000%	0.000%	0.263%	0.263%	0.000%	0.000%	0.080%
2013	SPP	1437	East Texas Electric Coop, Inc.	U.S.	419,870	419,870			0.194%	0.194%	0.000%	0.000%	0.009%	0.009%	0.000%	0.000%	0.011%
2013	SPP	1250	The Empire District Electric Company	U.S.	5,314,638	5,314,638			2.453%	2.453%	0.000%	0.000%	0.118%	0.118%	0.000%	0.000%	0.134%
2013	SPP	1470	Farmers' Electric Coop	U.S.	441,138	441,138			0.204%	0.204%	0.000%	0.000%	0.010%	0.010%	0.000%	0.000%	0.011%
2013	SPP	1438	Golden Spread Electric Coop	U.S.	5,758,253	5,758,253			2.658%	2.658%	0.000%	0.000%	0.128%	0.128%	0.000%	0.000%	0.145%
2013	SPP	1251	Grand River Dam Authority	U.S.	4,887,388	4,887,388			2.256%	2.256%	0.000%	0.000%	0.109%	0.109%	0.000%	0.000%	0.123%
2013	SPP	1648	Jonesboro City Water & Light	U.S.	1,319,614	1,319,614			0.609%	0.609%	0.000%	0.000%	0.029%	0.029%	0.000%	0.000%	0.033%
2013 2013	SPP SPP	1252 1439	Kansas City Power & Light (KCPL) Kansas Electric Power Coop., Inc	U.S. U.S.	15,799,704 2,230,757	15,799,704 2,230,757			7.293% 1.030%	7.293% 1.030%	0.000%	0.000%	0.352% 0.050%	0.352% 0.050%	0.000%	0.000%	0.399% 0.056%
2013	SPP	1440	Kansas Municipal Energy Agency (KCPL)	U.S.	2,230,757 402,837	2,230,757 402,837			0.186%	0.186%	0.000%	0.000%	0.050%	0.050%	0.000%	0.000%	0.056%
2013	SPP	1637	Kansas Power Pool	U.S.	1,535,998	1,535,998			0.709%	0.709%	0.000%	0.000%	0.034%	0.034%	0.000%	0.000%	0.039%
2013	SPP	1560	Kaw Valley Electric Cooperative, Inc.	U.S.	163,613	163,613			0.076%	0.076%	0.000%	0.000%	0.004%	0.004%	0.000%	0.000%	0.004%
2013	SPP	1649	Kennett Board of Public Works	U.S.	170,169	170,169			0.079%	0.079%	0.000%	0.000%	0.004%	0.004%	0.000%	0.000%	0.004%
2013	SPP	1598	KCP&L GMOC (Greater Missouri Operations Company)	U.S.	8,821,370	8,821,370			4.072%	4.072%	0.000%	0.000%	0.196%	0.196%	0.000%	0.000%	0.223%
2013	SPP	1471	Lafayette Utilities System	U.S.	2,100,204	2,100,204			0.969%	0.969%	0.000%	0.000%	0.047%	0.047%	0.000%	0.000%	0.053%
2013	SPP	1472	Lea County Electric Coop	U.S.	1,295,858	1,295,858			0.598%	0.598%	0.000%	0.000%	0.029%	0.029%	0.000%	0.000%	0.033%
2013 2013	SPP SPP	1253 1650	Louisiana Energy & Power Authority (LEPA)  Malden Board of Public Works	U.S. U.S.	1,027,670 51,374	1,027,670 51,374			0.474% 0.024%	0.474% 0.024%	0.000%	0.000%	0.023% 0.001%	0.023% 0.001%	0.000%	0.000% 0.000%	0.026% 0.001%
2013	SPP	1441	Midwest Energy Inc.	U.S.	1,847,501	1,847,501			0.024%	0.024%	0.000%	0.000%	0.001%	0.001%	0.000%	0.000%	0.001%
2013	SPP	1443	Missouri Joint Municipal Electric Utility Commission	U.S.	2,593,744	2,593,744			1.197%	1.197%	0.000%	0.000%	0.058%	0.058%	0.000%	0.000%	0.047%
2013	SPP	1638	Nemaha Marshall Electric Cooperative (NMEC)	U.S.	56,433	56,433			0.026%	0.026%	0.000%	0.000%	0.001%	0.001%	0.000%	0.000%	0.001%
2013	SPP	1442	Northeast Texas Electric Cooperative, Inc.	U.S.	3,296,126	3,296,126			1.521%	1.521%	0.000%	0.000%	0.073%	0.073%	0.000%	0.000%	0.083%
2013	SPP	1255	Oklahoma Gas and Electric Co.	U.S.	28,869,838	28,869,838			13.325%	13.325%	0.000%	0.000%	0.642%	0.642%	0.000%	0.000%	0.729%
2013	SPP	1444	Oklahoma Municipal Power Auth	U.S.	2,743,902	2,743,902			1.266%	1.266%	0.000%	0.000%	0.061%	0.061%	0.000%	0.000%	0.069%
2013	SPP	1639	OzMo Ozark Missouri, West Plains MO	U.S.	212,558	212,558			0.098%	0.098%	0.000%	0.000%	0.005%	0.005%	0.000%	0.000%	0.005%
2013	SPP SPP	1651	Paragould Light, Water & Cable Piggott Municipal Light, Water & Sewer	U.S.	595,470	595,470			0.275%	0.275%	0.000%	0.000%	0.013% 0.001%	0.013% 0.001%	0.000%	0.000%	0.015%
2013 2013	SPP	1652 1653	Poplar Bluff Municipal Utilities	U.S. U.S.	41,912 390,226	41,912 390,226			0.019% 0.180%	0.019% 0.180%	0.000%	0.000%	0.001%	0.001%	0.000%	0.000% 0.000%	0.001% 0.010%
2013	SPP	1561	Public Service Commission of Yazoo City of Mississippi	U.S.	124,607	124,607			0.180%	0.180%	0.000%	0.000%	0.003%	0.003%	0.000%	0.000%	0.010%
2013	SPP	1473	Roosevelt County Electric Coop	U.S.	194,865	194,865			0.090%	0.090%	0.000%	0.000%	0.004%	0.004%	0.000%	0.000%	0.005%
2013	SPP	1654	Sikeston Board of Municipal Utilities	U.S.	406,682	406,682			0.188%	0.188%	0.000%	0.000%	0.009%	0.009%	0.000%	0.000%	0.010%
2013	SPP	1257	Southwestern Public Service Co. (SPS-XCEL)	U.S.	20,275,550	20,275,550			9.358%	9.358%	0.000%	0.000%	0.451%	0.451%	0.000%	0.000%	0.512%
2013	SPP	1256	Sunflower Electric Power Cooperative	U.S.	5,261,278	5,261,278			2.428%	2.428%	0.000%	0.000%	0.117%	0.117%	0.000%	0.000%	0.133%
2013	SPP	1445	Tex - La Electric Cooperative of Texas	U.S.	518,562	518,562			0.239%	0.239%	0.000%	0.000%	0.012%	0.012%	0.000%	0.000%	0.013%

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Data Year	Regional Entity	ID	Entity	Country	Total NEL (MWh)	U.S. NEL	Canada NEL	Mexico NEL	% of RE total	US Total	Canada Total	Mexico Total	% of ERO Total	US Total	Canada Total	Mexico Total	% of ERO - US Only
Teal	Littley	ID	Enuty	Country	TOTAL INCE (INTOVIT)	0.3. NEE	Callada IVEL	IVIEXICO IVEL	totai	O3 TOTAL	Total	Total	Total	O3 TOTAL	Total	Total	03 Only
2013	SPP		Tri County Electric Coop	U.S.	408,044	408,044			0.188%	0.188%	0.000%	0.000%	0.009%	0.009%	0.000%		0.010%
2013	SPP	1260	Westar Energy, Inc.	U.S.	21,518,819	21,518,819			9.932%	9.932%	0.000%	0.000%	0.479%	0.479%	0.000%	0.000%	0.543%
2013	SPP	1259	Western Farmers Electric Cooperative	U.S.	8,593,524	8,593,524			3.966%	3.966%	0.000%	0.000%	0.191%	0.191%	0.000%	0.000%	0.217%
2013	SPP	1501	West Texas Municipal Power Agency TOTAL SPP	U.S.	2,884,669 216,655,989	2,884,669 216,655,989			1.331%	1.331%	0.000%	0.000%	0.064% 4.820%	0.064% 4.820%	0.000%	0.000%	0.073% 5.469%
			TOTAL SPP		210,055,969	210,033,989		-	100.000%	100.000%	0.000%	0.000%	4.020%	4.020%	0.000%	0.000%	3.409%
2011	TRE	1019	ERCOT	U.S.	332,698,379	332,698,379			100.000%	100.000%	0.000%	0.000%	7.402%	7.402%	0.000%	0.000%	8.398%
					332,698,379	332,698,379	-	-	100.000%	100.000%	0.000%	0.000%	7.402%	7.402%	0.000%	0.000%	8.398%
2013	WECC		Alberta Electric System Operator	Canada	60,582,433		60,582,433		6.975%	0.000%	6.975%	0.000%	1.348%	0.000%	1.348%	0.000%	0.000%
2013 2013	WECC		British Columbia Hydro & Power Authority Comision Federal de Electricidad	Canada Mexico	59,004,439 11,614,895		59,004,439	11,614,895	6.793% 1.337%	0.000% 0.000%	6.793% 0.000%	0.000% 1.337%	1.313% 0.258%	0.000%	1.313% 0.000%	0.000% 0.258%	0.000% 0.000%
2013	WECC		Aguila Irrigation District - APS	U.S.	31,010	31,010		11,614,895	0.004%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.258%	0.000%	0.000%	0.258%	0.000%
2013	WECC		Aha Macav Power Service	U.S.	25,289	25,289			0.004%	0.003%	0.000%	0.000%	0.001%	0.001%	0.000%	0.000%	0.001%
2013	WECC		Ajo Improvement District	U.S.	13,734	13,734			0.002%	0.002%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%
2013	WECC		Ak-Chin	U.S.	38,775	38,775			0.004%	0.004%	0.000%	0.000%	0.001%	0.001%	0.000%	0.000%	0.001%
2013	WECC		Alcoa Inc	U.S.	3,458,150	3,458,150			0.398%	0.398%	0.000%	0.000%	0.077%	0.077%	0.000%	0.000%	0.087%
2013	WECC		Arizona Public Service Company	U.S.	29,805,265	29,805,265			3.432%	3.432%	0.000%	0.000%	0.663%	0.663%	0.000%	0.000%	0.752%
2013	WECC		Arkansas River Power Authority (ARPA)	U.S.	235,150	235,150			0.027%	0.027%	0.000%	0.000%	0.005%	0.005%	0.000%	0.000%	0.006%
2013	WECC		Avista Corporation	U.S.	59,292	59,292			0.007%	0.007%	0.000%	0.000%	0.001%	0.001%	0.000%	0.000%	0.001%
2013	WECC		Avista Corporation	U.S.	9,576,506	9,576,506			1.103%	1.103%	0.000%	0.000%	0.213%	0.213%	0.000%	0.000%	0.242%
2013	WECC		Barrick Goldstrike Mines Inc.	U.S.	1,179,964	1,179,964			0.136%	0.136%	0.000%	0.000%	0.026%	0.026%	0.000%	0.000%	0.030%
2013	WECC		Basin Electric Power Cooperative	U.S.	59,554	59,554			0.007%	0.007%	0.000%	0.000%	0.001%	0.001%	0.000%	0.000%	0.002%
2013	WECC		Basin Electric Power Cooperative	U.S.	3,056,832	3,056,832			0.352%	0.352%	0.000%	0.000%	0.068%	0.068%	0.000%	0.000%	0.077%
2013	WECC		Benton REA	U.S.	551,563	551,563			0.064%	0.064%	0.000%	0.000%	0.012%	0.012%	0.000%	0.000%	0.014%
2013	WECC		Big Bend Electric Cooperative, Inc.	U.S.	139,523	139,523			0.016%	0.016%	0.000%	0.000%	0.003%	0.003%	0.000%	0.000%	0.004%
2013	WECC		Big Bend Electric Cooperative, Inc.	U.S.	360,754	360,754			0.042%	0.042%	0.000%	0.000%	0.008%	0.008%	0.000%	0.000%	0.009%
2013	WECC		Blachly-Lane Electric Cooperative	U.S.	173,759	173,759			0.020%	0.020%	0.000%	0.000%	0.004%	0.004%	0.000%	0.000%	0.004%
2013	WECC		Black Hills Power	U.S.	1,927,008	1,927,008			0.222%	0.222%	0.000%	0.000%	0.043%	0.043%	0.000%	0.000%	0.049%
2013	WECC		Black Hills Power/Cheyenne Light Fuel & Power	U.S.	2,953,785	2,953,785			0.340%	0.340%	0.000%	0.000%	0.066%	0.066%	0.000%	0.000%	0.075%
2013	WECC		Black Hills State University South Dakota	U.S.	19,749	19,749			0.002%	0.002%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%
2013 2013	WECC		Bonneville Power Administration	U.S.	6,817	6,817			0.001%	0.001%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%
	WECC		Bonneville Power Administration Bonneville Power Administration	U.S. U.S.	13,511 779,199	13,511 779,199			0.002%	0.002%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000% 0.017%		0.000%	0.000%	
2013 2013	WECC		Bonneville Power Administration	U.S.	1,864,618	1,864,618			0.090% 0.215%	0.090% 0.215%	0.000%	0.000%	0.017%	0.017% 0.041%	0.000%	0.000%	0.020% 0.047%
2013	WECC		Bonneville Power Administration	U.S.	3,834,849	3,834,849			0.442%	0.442%	0.000%	0.000%	0.041%	0.041%	0.000%	0.000%	0.097%
2013	WECC		BPA - Big Bend/Schrag Load	U.S.	37,344	37,344			0.004%	0.004%	0.000%	0.000%	0.001%	0.001%	0.000%	0.000%	0.001%
2013	WECC		BPA - Kittitas Load	U.S.	7,375	7,375			0.001%	0.004%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.001%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%
2013	WECC		BPA - USBR Load	U.S.	131,805	131,805			0.015%	0.015%	0.000%	0.000%	0.003%	0.003%	0.000%	0.000%	0.003%
2013	WECC		Buckeye Water Conservation and Drainage District - APS	U.S.	19,821	19,821			0.002%	0.002%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.001%
2013	WECC		Bureau of Reclamation (Desalter) - c/o DSW EMMO	U.S.	766	766			0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%
2013	WECC		Bureau of Reclamation (Wellfield) - c/o DSW EMMO	U.S.	6,499	6,499			0.001%	0.001%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%
2013	WECC		Burlington	U.S.	36,727	36,727			0.004%	0.004%	0.000%	0.000%	0.001%	0.001%	0.000%	0.000%	0.001%
2013	WECC		California Independent System Operator	U.S.	232,339,960	232,339,960			26.750%	26.750%	0.000%	0.000%	5.169%	5.169%	0.000%	0.000%	5.865%
2013	WECC		Canby Public Utility Board	U.S.	181,172	181,172			0.021%	0.021%	0.000%	0.000%	0.004%	0.004%	0.000%	0.000%	0.005%
2013	WECC		Central Arizona Water Conservation District	U.S.	2,632,527	2,632,527			0.303%	0.303%	0.000%	0.000%	0.059%	0.059%	0.000%	0.000%	0.066%
2013	WECC		Central Electric Cooperative	U.S.	609,107	609,107			0.070%	0.070%	0.000%	0.000%	0.014%	0.014%	0.000%	0.000%	0.015%
2013	WECC		Central Lincoln PUD	U.S.	1,350,692	1,350,692			0.156%	0.156%	0.000%	0.000%	0.030%	0.030%	0.000%	0.000%	0.034%
2013	WECC		Central Montana Electric Power Cooperative	U.S.	63,810	63,810			0.007%	0.007%	0.000%	0.000%	0.001%	0.001%	0.000%	0.000%	0.002%
2013	WECC		Central Montana Electric Power Cooperative	U.S.	317,843	317,843			0.037%	0.037%	0.000%	0.000%	0.007%	0.007%	0.000%	0.000%	0.008%
2013	WECC		City of Aztec Electric Dept	U.S.	39,751	39,751			0.005%	0.005%	0.000%	0.000%	0.001%	0.001%	0.000%	0.000%	0.001%
2013	WECC		City of Bandon	U.S.	67,365	67,365			0.008%	0.008%	0.000%	0.000%	0.001%	0.001%	0.000%	0.000%	0.002%
2013	WECC		City of Blaine	U.S.	78,248	78,248			0.009%	0.009%	0.000%	0.000%	0.002%	0.002%	0.000%	0.000%	0.002%
2013	WECC		City of Bonners Ferry	U.S.	72,517	72,517			0.008%	0.008%	0.000%	0.000%	0.002%	0.002%	0.000%	0.000%	0.002%
2013 2013	WECC		City of Cascade Locks City of Centralia	U.S. U.S.	19,641 270,593	19,641 270,593			0.002% 0.031%	0.002% 0.031%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000% 0.006%	0.000% 0.006%	0.000%	0.000% 0.000%	0.000% 0.007%
2013	WECC		City of Cheney	U.S. U.S.	270,593 149.356	270,593 149,356			0.031%	0.031%	0.000%	0.000%	0.006%	0.006%	0.000%	0.000%	0.007%
2013	WECC		City of Chewelah	U.S.	23,809	23,809			0.017%	0.017%	0.000%	0.000%	0.003%	0.003%	0.000%	0.000%	0.004%
_015			and a second	0.3.	25,005	25,005			2.005/0	2.003/0	2.30070	2.20070	2.002/0	2.202/3	2.30070	2.200,0	2.302/0

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Data Year	Regional Entity	ID	Entity	Country	Total NEL (MWh)	U.S. NEL	Canada NEL	Mexico NEL	% of RE total	US Total	Canada Total	Mexico Total	% of ERO Total	US Total	Canada Total	Mexico Total	% of ERO - US Only
2042	14/500		Charles		46.047	16.047			0.0020/	0.0020/	0.0000/	0.0000/	0.0000/	0.0000/	0.0000/	0.0000/	0.0000/
2013 2013	WECC		City of Drain City of Ellensburg	U.S. U.S.	16,847 207,748	16,847 207,748			0.002% 0.024%	0.002% 0.024%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000% 0.005%	0.000% 0.005%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000% 0.005%
2013	WECC		City of Fallon	U.S.	37,292	37,292			0.004%	0.004%	0.000%	0.000%	0.003%	0.003%	0.000%	0.000%	0.001%
2013	WECC		City of Farmington	U.S.	1,025,393	1,025,393			0.118%	0.118%	0.000%	0.000%	0.023%	0.023%	0.000%	0.000%	0.026%
2013	WECC		City of Forest Grove	U.S.	256,440	256,440			0.030%	0.030%	0.000%	0.000%	0.006%	0.006%	0.000%	0.000%	0.006%
2013	WECC		City of Gallup	U.S.	189,880	189,880			0.022%	0.022%	0.000%	0.000%	0.004%	0.004%	0.000%	0.000%	0.005%
2013	WECC		City of Henderson	U.S.	42,834	42,834			0.005%	0.005%	0.000%	0.000%	0.001%	0.001%	0.000%	0.000%	0.001%
2013	WECC		City of Hermiston, DBA Hermiston Energy Services	U.S.	111,146	111,146			0.013%	0.013%	0.000%	0.000%	0.002%	0.002%	0.000%	0.000%	0.003%
2013	WECC		City of Las Vegas	U.S.	41,831	41,831			0.005%	0.005%	0.000%	0.000%	0.001%	0.001%	0.000%	0.000%	0.001%
2013	WECC		City of McCleary	U.S.	31,415	31,415			0.004%	0.004%	0.000%	0.000%	0.001%	0.001%	0.000%	0.000%	0.001%
2013	WECC		City of McMinnville	U.S.	770,559	770,559			0.089%	0.089%	0.000%	0.000%	0.017%	0.017%	0.000%	0.000%	0.019%
2013	WECC		City of Mesa	U.S.	261,581	261,581			0.030%	0.030%	0.000%	0.000%	0.006%	0.006%	0.000%	0.000%	0.007%
2013	WECC		City of Milton	U.S.	60,532	60,532			0.007%	0.007%	0.000%	0.000%	0.001%	0.001%	0.000%	0.000%	0.002%
2013	WECC		City of Milton-Freewater	U.S.	113,514	113,514			0.013%	0.013%	0.000%	0.000%	0.003%	0.003%	0.000%	0.000%	0.003%
2013 2013	WECC		City of Monmouth	U.S. U.S.	74,430 30,990	74,430			0.009% 0.004%	0.009% 0.004%	0.000%	0.000%	0.002% 0.001%	0.002% 0.001%	0.000%	0.000%	0.002% 0.001%
2013	WECC		City of Needles City of North Las Vegas	U.S.	4,639	30,990 4,639			0.004%	0.004%	0.000%	0.000%	0.001%	0.001%	0.000%	0.000%	0.001%
2013	WECC		City of Page	U.S.	92,251	92,251			0.001%	0.001%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%
2013	WECC		City of Plummer	U.S.	35,994	35,994			0.0011%	0.0011%	0.000%	0.000%	0.002%	0.002%	0.000%	0.000%	0.002%
2013	WECC		City of Port Angeles	U.S.	732,324	732,324			0.084%	0.084%	0.000%	0.000%	0.016%	0.016%	0.000%	0.000%	0.018%
2013	WECC		City of Redding	U.S.	799,829	799,829			0.092%	0.092%	0.000%	0.000%	0.018%	0.018%	0.000%	0.000%	0.020%
2013	WECC		City of Richland	U.S.	894,506	894,506			0.103%	0.103%	0.000%	0.000%	0.020%	0.020%	0.000%	0.000%	0.023%
2013	WECC		City of Roseville	U.S.	1,235,079	1,235,079			0.142%	0.142%	0.000%	0.000%	0.027%	0.027%	0.000%	0.000%	0.031%
2013	WECC		City of Shasta Lake	U.S.	193,187	193,187			0.022%	0.022%	0.000%	0.000%	0.004%	0.004%	0.000%	0.000%	0.005%
2013	WECC		City of Sumas	U.S.	31,016	31,016			0.004%	0.004%	0.000%	0.000%	0.001%	0.001%	0.000%	0.000%	0.001%
2013	WECC		City of Tacoma DBA Tacoma Power	U.S.	310	310			0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%
2013	WECC		City of Tacoma DBA Tacoma Power	U.S.	5,010,435	5,010,435			0.577%	0.577%	0.000%	0.000%	0.111%	0.111%	0.000%	0.000%	0.126%
2013	WECC		City of Troy	U.S.	17,559	17,559			0.002%	0.002%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%
2013	WECC		City of Williams	U.S.	39,158	39,158			0.005%	0.005%	0.000%	0.000%	0.001%	0.001%	0.000%	0.000%	0.001%
2013	WECC		Clark County Water Resources	U.S.	77,436	77,436			0.009%	0.009%	0.000%	0.000%	0.002%	0.002%	0.000%	0.000%	0.002%
2013	WECC		Clark Public Utilities	U.S.	4,487,612	4,487,612			0.517%	0.517%	0.000%	0.000%	0.100%	0.100%	0.000%	0.000%	0.113%
2013	WECC		Clatskanie PUD	U.S.	943,244	943,244			0.109%	0.109%	0.000%	0.000%	0.021%	0.021%	0.000%	0.000%	0.024%
2013	WECC		Clearwater Cooperative, Inc	U.S.	39,974	39,974			0.005%	0.005%	0.000%	0.000%	0.001%	0.001%	0.000%	0.000%	0.001%
2013	WECC		Clearwater Cooperative, Inc	U.S.	170,714	170,714			0.020%	0.020%	0.000%	0.000%	0.004%	0.004%	0.000%	0.000%	0.004%
2013	WECC		Colorado River Commission of Nevada	U.S.	872,387	872,387			0.100%	0.100%	0.000%	0.000%	0.019%	0.019%	0.000%	0.000%	0.022%
2013	WECC		Colorado Springs Utilities	U.S.	61,174	61,174			0.007%	0.007%	0.000%	0.000%	0.001%	0.001%	0.000%	0.000%	0.002%
2013 2013	WECC		Colorado Springs Utilities	U.S. U.S.	4,662,507 113,365	4,662,507 113,365			0.537% 0.013%	0.537% 0.013%	0.000%	0.000%	0.104%	0.104% 0.003%	0.000%	0.000%	0.118% 0.003%
2013	WECC		Columbia Basin Electric Cooperative, Inc. Columbia Falls Aluminum Company	U.S.	4,579	4,579			0.013%	0.013%	0.000%	0.000%	0.003% 0.000%	0.003%	0.000%	0.000%	0.003%
2013	WECC		Columbia Power Cooperative Association	U.S.	22,379	22,379			0.001%	0.001%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%
2013	WECC		Columbia River PUD	U.S.	171,325	171,325			0.020%	0.020%	0.000%	0.000%	0.004%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.001%
2013	WECC		Columbia River PUD	U.S.	311,215	311,215			0.036%	0.036%	0.000%	0.000%	0.007%	0.007%	0.000%	0.000%	0.008%
2013	WECC		Columbia Rural Electric Association (REA)	U.S.	333,263	333,263			0.038%	0.038%	0.000%	0.000%	0.007%	0.007%	0.000%	0.000%	0.008%
2013	WECC		Consolidated Irrigation District No. 19	U.S.	6,224	6,224			0.001%	0.001%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%
2013	WECC		Consumers Power, Inc.	U.S.	430,981	430,981			0.050%	0.050%	0.000%	0.000%	0.010%	0.010%	0.000%	0.000%	0.011%
2013	WECC		Coos-Curry Electric Cooperative, Inc	U.S.	355,309	355,309			0.041%	0.041%	0.000%	0.000%	0.008%	0.008%	0.000%	0.000%	0.009%
2013	WECC		Deseret Generation & Transmission Cooperative	U.S.	144,583	144,583			0.017%	0.017%	0.000%	0.000%	0.003%	0.003%	0.000%	0.000%	0.004%
2013	WECC		Douglas Electric Cooperative, Inc.	U.S.	96,240	96,240			0.011%	0.011%	0.000%	0.000%	0.002%	0.002%	0.000%	0.000%	0.002%
2013	WECC		Douglas Palisades / PUD No. 1 of DC	U.S.	19,291	19,291			0.002%	0.002%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%
2013	WECC		El Paso Electric Company	U.S.	8,354,189	8,354,189			0.962%	0.962%	0.000%	0.000%	0.186%	0.186%	0.000%	0.000%	0.211%
2013	WECC		Electrical District #2	U.S.	179,643	179,643			0.021%	0.021%	0.000%	0.000%	0.004%	0.004%	0.000%	0.000%	0.005%
2013	WECC		Electrical District #2 - Coolidge Generating Station	U.S.	9,195	9,195			0.001%	0.001%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%
2013	WECC		Electrical District No. 6 of Pinal County - APS	U.S.	2,493	2,493			0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%
2013	WECC		Electrical District No. 7 of Maricopa County - APS	U.S.	47,058	47,058			0.005%	0.005%	0.000%	0.000%	0.001%	0.001%	0.000%	0.000%	0.001%
2013	WECC		Electrical District No. 8 of Maricopa County - APS	U.S.	276,912	276,912			0.032%	0.032%	0.000%	0.000%	0.006%	0.006%	0.000%	0.000%	0.007%
2013	WECC		Electrical Districts 1 & 3	U.S.	578,995	578,995			0.067%	0.067%	0.000%	0.000%	0.013%	0.013%	0.000%	0.000%	0.015%
2013 2013	WECC		Elmhurst Mutual Power & Light Company Emerald PUD	U.S. U.S.	279,749 518,509	279,749 518,509			0.032% 0.060%	0.032% 0.060%	0.000%	0.000%	0.006% 0.012%	0.006% 0.012%	0.000%	0.000%	0.007% 0.013%
2013	WLCC		Linerald 1 00	0.3.	310,309	310,309			0.000%	0.000%	0.00076	0.000/6	0.01270	0.012/0	0.000%	3.000%	0.013/6

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Data Year	Regional Entity	ID	Entity	Country	Total NEL (MWh)	U.S. NEL	Canada NEL	Mexico NEL	% of RE total	US Total	Canada Total	Mexico Total	% of ERO Total	US Total	Canada Total	Mexico Total	% of ERO - US Only
			From Modernia			26.570											
2013 2013	WECC		Energy Northwest Eugene Water & Electric Board	U.S. U.S.	36,570 2,495,053	36,570 2,495,053			0.004% 0.287%	0.004% 0.287%	0.000%	0.000%	0.001% 0.056%	0.001% 0.056%	0.000%	0.000%	0.001% 0.063%
2013	WECC		Fall River Rural Electric Cooperative, Inc.	U.S.	2,495,055	2,493,033			0.287%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.003%
2013	WECC		Flathead Electric Cooperative, Inc	U.S.	1,513,536	1,513,536			0.174%	0.174%	0.000%	0.000%	0.034%	0.034%	0.000%	0.000%	0.038%
2013	WECC		Frederickson Power LP	U.S.	3,437	3,437			0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%
2013	WECC		Grand Valley Power	U.S.	245,738	245,738			0.028%	0.028%	0.000%	0.000%	0.005%	0.005%	0.000%	0.000%	0.006%
2013	WECC		Harney Electric Cooperative, Inc.	U.S.	90,674	90,674			0.010%	0.010%	0.000%	0.000%	0.002%	0.002%	0.000%	0.000%	0.002%
2013	WECC		Harney Electric Cooperative, Inc.	U.S.	98,753	98,753			0.011%	0.011%	0.000%	0.000%	0.002%	0.002%	0.000%	0.000%	0.002%
2013	WECC		Harquahala Valley Power Districts - APS	U.S.	79,282	79,282			0.009%	0.009%	0.000%	0.000%	0.002%	0.002%	0.000%	0.000%	0.002%
2013	WECC		Hermiston Power LLC	U.S.	1,953	1,953			0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%
2013	WECC		Holy Cross Energy	U.S.	1,218,703	1,218,703			0.140%	0.140%	0.000%	0.000%	0.027%	0.027%	0.000%	0.000%	0.031%
2013	WECC		Hood River Electric Cooperative	U.S.	44,095	44,095			0.005%	0.005%	0.000%	0.000%	0.001%	0.001%	0.000%	0.000%	0.001%
2013	WECC		Idaho County Light and Power Cooperative Association, Inc.	U.S.	59,313	59,313			0.007%	0.007%	0.000%	0.000%	0.001%	0.001%	0.000%	0.000%	0.001%
2013	WECC		Idaho Power Company	U.S.	16,340,718	16,340,718			1.881%	1.881%	0.000%	0.000%	0.364%	0.364%	0.000%	0.000%	0.412%
2013	WECC		Imperial Irrigation District	U.S.	3,661,545	3,661,545			0.422%	0.422%	0.000%	0.000%	0.081%	0.081%	0.000%	0.000%	0.092%
2013	WECC		Inland Power and Light Company	U.S.	477,845	477,845			0.055%	0.055%	0.000%	0.000%	0.011%	0.011%	0.000%	0.000%	0.012%
2013 2013	WECC		Inland Power and Light Company	U.S.	499,781	499,781			0.058%	0.058%	0.000%	0.000%	0.011%	0.011% 0.048%	0.000%	0.000%	0.013% 0.054%
2013	WECC		Intermountain Rural Electric Association Kaiser Aluminum Fabricated Products LLC	U.S. U.S.	2,153,915 311,536	2,153,915 311,536			0.248% 0.036%	0.248% 0.036%	0.000%	0.000%	0.048% 0.007%	0.048%	0.000%	0.000%	0.054%
2013	WECC		Kootenai Electric Cooperative, Inc.	U.S.	469,569	469,569			0.054%	0.054%	0.000%	0.000%	0.007%	0.007%	0.000%	0.000%	0.008%
2013	WECC		Lakeview Light & Power	U.S.	274,245	274,245			0.034%	0.034%	0.000%	0.000%	0.010%	0.010%	0.000%	0.000%	0.012%
2013	WECC		Lane Electric Cooperative, Inc.	U.S.	230,340	230,340			0.032%	0.032%	0.000%	0.000%	0.005%	0.005%	0.000%	0.000%	0.007%
2013	WECC		Las Vegas Valley Water District	U.S.	93,430	93,430			0.011%	0.011%	0.000%	0.000%	0.003%	0.002%	0.000%	0.000%	0.002%
2013	WECC		Lincoln Electric Cooperative, Inc.	U.S.	118,451	118,451			0.014%	0.014%	0.000%	0.000%	0.003%	0.003%	0.000%	0.000%	0.003%
2013	WECC		Los Angeles Department of Water and Power	U.S.	28,866,202	28,866,202			3.323%	3.323%	0.000%	0.000%	0.642%	0.642%	0.000%	0.000%	0.729%
2013	WECC		Lost River Electric Cooperative, Inc.	U.S.	22	22			0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%
2013	WECC		Lower Valley Energy, Inc.	U.S.	87	87			0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%
2013	WECC		Maricopa County Municipal Water Conservation Dist No. 1 - APS	U.S.	52,365	52,365			0.006%	0.006%	0.000%	0.000%	0.001%	0.001%	0.000%	0.000%	0.001%
2013	WECC		McMullen Valley Water Conservation & Drainage District - APS	U.S.	69,883	69,883			0.008%	0.008%	0.000%	0.000%	0.002%	0.002%	0.000%	0.000%	0.002%
2013	WECC		Merced Irrigation District	U.S.	470,352	470,352			0.054%	0.054%	0.000%	0.000%	0.010%	0.010%	0.000%	0.000%	0.012%
2013	WECC		Midstate Electric Cooperative, Inc.	U.S.	414,182	414,182			0.048%	0.048%	0.000%	0.000%	0.009%	0.009%	0.000%	0.000%	0.010%
2013	WECC		Mission Valley Power	U.S.	413,525	413,525			0.048%	0.048%	0.000%	0.000%	0.009%	0.009%	0.000%	0.000%	0.010%
2013	WECC		Modern Electric Water Company	U.S.	234,810	234,810			0.027%	0.027%	0.000%	0.000%	0.005%	0.005%	0.000%	0.000%	0.006%
2013	WECC		Modesto Irrigation District	U.S.	2,577,631	2,577,631			0.297%	0.297%	0.000%	0.000%	0.057%	0.057%	0.000%	0.000%	0.065%
2013	WECC		Montana-Dakota Utilities Co.	U.S.	20,487	20,487			0.002%	0.002%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.001%
2013	WECC		Mt. Wheeler Power	U.S.	560,779	560,779			0.065%	0.065%	0.000%	0.000%	0.012%	0.012%	0.000%	0.000%	0.014%
2013	WECC		Municipal Energy Agency of Nebraska	U.S.	199,657	199,657			0.023%	0.023%	0.000%	0.000%	0.004%	0.004%	0.000%	0.000%	0.005%
2013	WECC		Municipal Energy Agency of Nebraska	U.S.	669,387	669,387			0.077%	0.077%	0.000%	0.000%	0.015%	0.015%	0.000%	0.000%	0.017%
2013 2013	WECC		Navajo Agricultural Products Industry (NAPI)	U.S.	1,093 54.383	1,093			0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000% 0.001%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000% 0.001%
2013	WECC		Navajo Tribal Utility Authority	U.S. U.S.	54,383 286,099	54,383			0.006%	0.006% 0.033%	0.000%	0.000%	0.001% 0.006%	0.001%	0.000%		0.001%
2013	WECC		Navajo Tribal Utility Authority Navopache Electric Cooperative, Inc.	U.S.	370,656	286,099 370,656			0.033% 0.043%	0.033%	0.000%	0.000%	0.008%	0.008%	0.000%	0.000% 0.000%	0.007%
2013	WECC		Navopacine Electric Cooperative, Inc.  Nebraska Public Power Marketing	U.S.	5,842	5,842			0.043%	0.043%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.009%
2013	WECC		Nespelem Valley Electric Cooperative, Inc.	U.S.	58,413	58,413			0.001%	0.001%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%
2013	WECC		Nevada Power Company dba NV Energy	U.S.	26,587,371	26,587,371			3.061%	3.061%	0.000%	0.000%	0.592%	0.592%	0.000%	0.000%	0.671%
2013	WECC		Noble Americas Energy Solutions, LLC	U.S.	1,673,553	1,673,553			0.193%	0.193%	0.000%	0.000%	0.037%	0.037%	0.000%	0.000%	0.042%
2013	WECC		Northern Lights, Inc.	U.S.	36,440	36,440			0.004%	0.004%	0.000%	0.000%	0.001%	0.001%	0.000%	0.000%	0.001%
2013	WECC		Northern Lights, Inc.	U.S.	262,743	262,743			0.030%	0.030%	0.000%	0.000%	0.006%	0.006%	0.000%	0.000%	0.007%
2013	WECC		Northern Wasco County PUD	U.S.	556,511	556,511			0.064%	0.064%	0.000%	0.000%	0.012%	0.012%	0.000%	0.000%	0.014%
2013	WECC		NorthWestern Corp. dba NorthWestern Energy, LLC	U.S.	241,233	241,233			0.028%	0.028%	0.000%	0.000%	0.005%	0.005%	0.000%	0.000%	0.006%
2013	WECC		NorthWestern Corp. dba NorthWestern Energy, LLC	U.S.	9,167,768	9,167,768			1.056%	1.056%	0.000%	0.000%	0.204%	0.204%	0.000%	0.000%	0.231%
2013	WECC		Ohop Mutual Light Company	U.S.	86,807	86,807			0.010%	0.010%	0.000%	0.000%	0.002%	0.002%	0.000%	0.000%	0.002%
2013	WECC		Orcas Power and Light Cooperative	U.S.	217,914	217,914			0.025%	0.025%	0.000%	0.000%	0.005%	0.005%	0.000%	0.000%	0.006%
2013	WECC		Oregon Trail Electric Consumers Cooperative, Inc.	U.S.	354,194	354,194			0.041%	0.041%	0.000%	0.000%	0.008%	0.008%	0.000%	0.000%	0.009%
2013	WECC		Overton Power District No. 5	U.S.	381,124	381,124			0.044%	0.044%	0.000%	0.000%	0.008%	0.008%	0.000%	0.000%	0.010%
2013	WECC		PacifiCorp	U.S.	1,876	1,876			0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%
2013	WECC		PacifiCorp	U.S.	2,156	2,156			0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%
2013	WECC		PacifiCorp	U.S.	70,407	70,407			0.008%	0.008%	0.000%	0.000%	0.002%	0.002%	0.000%	0.000%	0.002%

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Data Year	Regional Entity	ID	Entity	Country	Total NEL (MWh)	U.S. NEL	Canada NEL	Mexico NEL	% of RE total	US Total	Canada Total	Mexico Total	% of ERO Total	US Total	Canada Total	Mexico Total	% of ERO - US Only
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2013 2013			PacifiCorp PacifiCorp	U.S. U.S.	116,284 50,590,830	116,284 50,590,830			0.013% 5.825%	0.013% 5.825%	0.000%	0.000%	0.003% 1.126%	0.003% 1.126%	0.000%	0.000%	0.003% 1.277%
2013	WECC		PacifiCorp West (PACW)	U.S.	21,336,825	21,336,825			2.457%	2.457%	0.000%	0.000%	0.475%	0.475%	0.000%	0.000%	0.539%
2013			Parkland Light and Water Company	U.S.	122,305	122,305			0.014%	0.014%	0.000%	0.000%	0.003%	0.003%	0.000%	0.000%	0.003%
2013			Pend Oreille County PUD No. 1	U.S.	1,016,523	1,016,523			0.117%	0.117%	0.000%	0.000%	0.023%	0.023%	0.000%	0.000%	0.026%
2013	WECC		Peninsula Light Company, Inc.	U.S.	608,193	608,193			0.070%	0.070%	0.000%	0.000%	0.014%	0.014%	0.000%	0.000%	0.015%
2013	WECC		Platte River Power Authority	U.S.	3,244,570	3,244,570			0.374%	0.374%	0.000%	0.000%	0.072%	0.072%	0.000%	0.000%	0.082%
2013	WECC		Port of Seattle - Seattle-Tacoma International Airport	U.S.	141,204	141,204			0.016%	0.016%	0.000%	0.000%	0.003%	0.003%	0.000%	0.000%	0.004%
2013	WECC		Port Townsend Paper Corporation	U.S.	166,731	166,731			0.019%	0.019%	0.000%	0.000%	0.004%	0.004%	0.000%	0.000%	0.004%
2013			Portland General Electric Company	U.S.	18,600,632	18,600,632			2.142%	2.142%	0.000%	0.000%	0.414%	0.414%	0.000%	0.000%	0.470%
2013			Public Service Company of Colorado (Xcel)	U.S.	35,594	35,594			0.004%	0.004%	0.000%	0.000%	0.001%	0.001%	0.000%	0.000%	0.001%
2013			Public Service Company of Colorado (Xcel)	U.S.	26,537,376	26,537,376			3.055%	3.055%	0.000%	0.000%	0.590%	0.590%	0.000%	0.000%	0.670%
2013			Public Service Company of New Mexico	U.S.	10,787,283	10,787,283			1.242%	1.242%	0.000%	0.000%	0.240%	0.240%	0.000%	0.000%	0.272%
2013	WECC		Public Utility District No. 1 of Chelan County	U.S.	4,025,516	4,025,516			0.463%	0.463%	0.000%	0.000%	0.090%	0.090%	0.000%	0.000%	0.102%
2013 2013	WECC		PUD No. 1 of Asstin County	U.S. U.S.	290 4.975	290 4,975			0.000% 0.001%	0.000% 0.001%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%
2013			PUD No. 1 of Asotin County PUD No. 1 of Benton County	U.S.	1,773,502	4,975 1,773,502			0.001%	0.204%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%
2013	WECC		PUD No. 1 of Clallam County	U.S.	680,465	680,465			0.204%	0.204%	0.000%	0.000%	0.035%	0.035%	0.000%	0.000%	0.043%
2013	WECC		PUD No. 1 of Cowlitz County	U.S.	5,247,802	5,247,802			0.604%	0.604%	0.000%	0.000%	0.013%	0.013%	0.000%	0.000%	0.132%
2013	WECC		PUD No. 1 of Douglas County	U.S.	8,928	8,928			0.001%	0.001%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%
2013	WECC		PUD No. 1 of Douglas County	U.S.	1,486,659	1,486,659			0.171%	0.171%	0.000%	0.000%	0.033%	0.033%	0.000%	0.000%	0.038%
2013	WECC		PUD No. 1 of Ferry County	U.S.	109,044	109,044			0.013%	0.013%	0.000%	0.000%	0.002%	0.002%	0.000%	0.000%	0.003%
2013			PUD No. 1 of Franklin County	U.S.	1,065,410	1,065,410			0.123%	0.123%	0.000%	0.000%	0.024%	0.024%	0.000%	0.000%	0.027%
2013			PUD No. 1 of Grays Harbor	U.S.	1,186,461	1,186,461			0.137%	0.137%	0.000%	0.000%	0.026%	0.026%	0.000%	0.000%	0.030%
2013	WECC		PUD No. 1 of Jefferson County	U.S.	246,380	246,380			0.028%	0.028%	0.000%	0.000%	0.005%	0.005%	0.000%	0.000%	0.006%
2013	WECC		PUD No. 1 of Kittitas County	U.S.	16,412	16,412			0.002%	0.002%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%
2013	WECC		PUD No. 1 of Kittitas County	U.S.	75,702	75,702			0.009%	0.009%	0.000%	0.000%	0.002%	0.002%	0.000%	0.000%	0.002%
2013	WECC		PUD No. 1 of Klickitat County	U.S.	300,703	300,703			0.035%	0.035%	0.000%	0.000%	0.007%	0.007%	0.000%	0.000%	0.008%
2013	WECC		PUD No. 1 of Lewis County	U.S.	938,394	938,394			0.108%	0.108%	0.000%	0.000%	0.021%	0.021%	0.000%	0.000%	0.024%
2013			PUD No. 1 of Mason County	U.S.	78,370	78,370			0.009%	0.009%	0.000%	0.000%	0.002%	0.002%	0.000%	0.000%	0.002%
2013	WECC		PUD No. 1 of Skamania County	U.S.	134,732	134,732			0.016%	0.016%	0.000%	0.000%	0.003%	0.003%	0.000%	0.000%	0.003%
2013			PUD No. 1 of Snohomish County	U.S.	6,824,113	6,824,113			0.786%	0.786%	0.000%	0.000%	0.152%	0.152%	0.000%	0.000%	0.172%
2013	WECC		PUD No. 1 of Wahkiakum County	U.S.	44,092	44,092			0.005%	0.005%	0.000%	0.000%	0.001%	0.001%	0.000%	0.000%	0.001%
2013	WECC		PUD No. 1 of Whatcom County	U.S.	4,995	4,995			0.001%	0.001%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%
2013	WECC		PUD No. 1 of Whatcom County	U.S.	224,295	224,295			0.026%	0.026%	0.000%	0.000%	0.005%	0.005%	0.000%	0.000%	0.006%
2013	WECC		PUD No. 2 of Grant County	U.S.	49,941	49,941			0.006%	0.006%	0.000%	0.000%	0.001%	0.001%	0.000%	0.000%	0.001%
2013 2013	WECC		PUD No. 2 of Grant County PUD No. 2 of Grant County	U.S. U.S.	93,675 3.839.087	93,675 3,839,087			0.011% 0.442%	0.011% 0.442%	0.000%	0.000%	0.002% 0.085%	0.002% 0.085%	0.000%	0.000%	0.002% 0.097%
2013			PUD No. 2 of Pacific County	U.S.	3,839,087	305,445			0.442%	0.442%	0.000%	0.000%	0.085%	0.085%	0.000%	0.000%	0.097%
2013	WECC		PUD No. 3 of Mason County	U.S.	698,785	698,785			0.033%	0.033%	0.000%	0.000%	0.007%	0.007%	0.000%	0.000%	0.018%
2013	WECC		Puget Sound Energy, Inc.	U.S.	24,437,530	24,437,530			2.814%	2.814%	0.000%	0.000%	0.544%	0.544%	0.000%	0.000%	0.617%
2013			Raft River Electric Cooperative	U.S.	46	46			0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%
2013			Raton Public Service	U.S.	51,732	51,732			0.006%	0.006%	0.000%	0.000%	0.001%	0.001%	0.000%	0.000%	0.001%
2013			Roosevelt Irrigation District - APS	U.S.	37,851	37,851			0.004%	0.004%	0.000%	0.000%	0.001%	0.001%	0.000%	0.000%	0.001%
2013	WECC		Sacramento Municipal Utility District	U.S.	11,226,639	11,226,639			1.293%	1.293%	0.000%	0.000%	0.250%	0.250%	0.000%	0.000%	0.283%
2013	WECC		Salem Electric	U.S.	331,171	331,171			0.038%	0.038%	0.000%	0.000%	0.007%	0.007%	0.000%	0.000%	0.008%
2013	WECC		Salt River Project	U.S.	28,911,429	28,911,429			3.329%	3.329%	0.000%	0.000%	0.643%	0.643%	0.000%	0.000%	0.730%
2013	WECC		San Carlos Indian Irrigation Project	U.S.	7	7			0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%
2013	WECC		Seattle City Light	U.S.	10,035,929	10,035,929			1.155%	1.155%	0.000%	0.000%	0.223%	0.223%	0.000%	0.000%	0.253%
2013	WECC		Sierra Pacific Power Company dba NV Energy	U.S.	11,116,111	11,116,111			1.280%	0.000%	0.000%	1.280%	0.247%	0.247%	0.000%	0.000%	0.281%
2013	WECC		Silver State Energy - c/o Colorado River Commission of Nevada	U.S.	515,076	515,076			0.059%	0.059%	0.000%	0.000%	0.011%	0.011%	0.000%	0.000%	0.013%
2013	WECC		Southern Montana Electric Generation & Transmission	U.S.	522,515	522,515			0.060%	0.060%	0.000%	0.000%	0.012%	0.012%	0.000%	0.000%	0.013%
2013	WECC		Southern Nevada Water Authority	U.S.	118,357	118,357			0.014%	0.014%	0.000%	0.000%	0.003%	0.003%	0.000%	0.000%	0.003%
2013	WECC		Southwest Transmission Cooperative, Inc.	U.S.	2,012,236	2,012,236			0.232%	0.232%	0.000%	0.000%	0.045%	0.045%	0.000%	0.000%	0.051%
2013	WECC		Springfield Utility Board	U.S.	867,593	867,593			0.100%	0.100%	0.000%	0.000%	0.019%	0.019%	0.000%	0.000%	0.022%
2013	WECC		Surprise Valley Electrification Corporation	U.S.	38,220	38,220			0.004%	0.000%	0.004%	0.000%	0.001%	0.000%	0.001%	0.000%	0.001%
2013	WECC		Tanner Electric Cooperative	U.S.	99,115	99,115			0.011% 0.042%	0.011%	0.000%	0.000%	0.002%	0.002%	0.000%	0.000%	0.003%
2013	WECC		The Incorporated County of Los Alamos	U.S.	364,095	364,095			0.042%	0.000%	0.000%	0.042%	0.008%	0.000%	0.000%	0.008%	0.009%

Data	Regional								% of RE		Canada	Mexico	% of ERO		Canada	Mexico	% of ERO -
Year	Entity	ID	Entity	Country	Total NEL (MWh)	U.S. NEL	Canada NEL	Mexico NEL	total	US Total	Total	Total	Total	US Total	Total	Total	US Only
2013	WECC		Tillamook People's Utility District	U.S.	375,501	375,501			0.043%	0.043%	0.000%	0.000%	0.008%	0.008%	0.000%	0.000%	0.009%
2013	WECC		Tohono O'Odham Utility Authority	U.S.	67,110	67,110			0.008%	0.008%	0.000%	0.000%	0.001%	0.001%	0.000%	0.000%	0.002%
2013	WECC		Tonopah Irrigation District - APS	U.S.	22,698	22,698			0.003%	0.003%	0.000%	0.000%	0.001%	0.001%	0.000%	0.000%	0.001%
2013	WECC		Town of Center	U.S.	20,928	20,928			0.002%	0.002%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.001%
2013	WECC		Town of Coulee	U.S.	17,416	17,416			0.002%	0.002%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%
2013	WECC		Town of Eatonville	U.S.	28,069	28,069			0.003%	0.003%	0.000%	0.000%	0.001%	0.001%	0.000%	0.000%	0.001%
2013	WECC		Town of Fredonia	U.S.	10,953	10,953			0.001%	0.001%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%
2013	WECC		Town of Steilacoom	U.S.	41,331	41,331			0.005%	0.005%	0.000%	0.000%	0.001%	0.001%	0.000%	0.000%	0.001%
2013	WECC		Town of Wickenburg	U.S.	26,570	26,570			0.003%	0.003%	0.000%	0.000%	0.001%	0.001%	0.000%	0.000%	0.0019
2013	WECC		Tri-State Generation & Transmission Assoc. Inc - Reliability	U.S.	2,062,440	2,062,440			0.237%	0.237%	0.000%	0.000%	0.046%	0.046%	0.000%	0.000%	0.052%
2013	WECC		Tri-State Generation & Transmission Assoc. Inc - Reliability	U.S.	7,419,925	7,419,925			0.854%	0.854%	0.000%	0.000%	0.165%	0.165%	0.000%	0.000%	0.187%
2013	WECC		Tri-State Generation & Transmission Association, Inc.	U.S.	2,642,944	2,642,944			0.304%	0.304%	0.000%	0.000%	0.059%	0.059%	0.000%	0.000%	0.067%
2013	WECC		Truckee Donner Public Utility District	U.S.	154,280	154,280			0.018%	0.018%	0.000%	0.000%	0.003%	0.003%	0.000%	0.000%	0.004%
2013	WECC		Tucson Electric Power Company	U.S.	15,085,818	15,085,818			1.737%	1.737%	0.000%	0.000%	0.336%	0.336%	0.000%	0.000%	0.381%
2013	WECC		Turlock Irrigation District	U.S.	2,135,260	2,135,260			0.246%	0.246%	0.000%	0.000%	0.048%	0.048%	0.000%	0.000%	0.054%
2013	WECC		U.S. Army Yuma Proving Ground	U.S.	16,326	16,326			0.002%	0.002%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%
2013	WECC		U.S. BOR Columbia Basin	U.S.	33,360	33,360			0.004%	0.004%	0.000%	0.000%	0.001%	0.001%	0.000%	0.000%	0.001%
2013	WECC		U.S. BOR East Greenacres (Rathdrum)	U.S.	4,176	4,176			0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%
2013	WECC		U.S. Bor Spokane Indian Development`	U.S.	3,136	3,136			0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%
2013	WECC		U.S. BOR The Dalles Project	U.S.	18,335	18,335			0.002%	0.002%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%
2013	WECC		U.S. DOE National Energy Technology Laboratory	U.S.	4,828	4,828			0.001%	0.001%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%
2013	WECC		Umatilla Electric Cooperative Association	U.S.	1,140,059	1,140,059			0.131%	0.131%	0.000%	0.000%	0.025%	0.025%	0.000%	0.000%	0.029%
2013	WECC		Unit B Irrigation District	U.S.	24	24			0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%
2013	WECC		US Air Force Base, Fairchild	U.S.	49,053	49,053			0.006%	0.006%	0.000%	0.000%	0.001%	0.001%	0.000%	0.000%	0.001%
2013	WECC		US Dept of Energy - Kirtland AFB	U.S.	410,793	410,793			0.047%	0.047%	0.000%	0.000%	0.009%	0.009%	0.000%	0.000%	0.010%
2013	WECC		USDOE Richland	U.S.	187,652	187,652			0.022%	0.022%	0.000%	0.000%	0.004%	0.004%	0.000%	0.000%	0.005%
2013	WECC		USN Naval Station, Bremerton	U.S.	250,674	250,674			0.029%	0.029%	0.000%	0.000%	0.006%	0.006%	0.000%	0.000%	0.006%
2013	WECC		USN Naval Station, Everett	U.S.	10,912	10,912			0.001%	0.001%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%
2013	WECC		USN Submarine Base, Bangor	U.S.	170,292	170,292			0.020%	0.020%	0.000%	0.000%	0.004%	0.004%	0.000%	0.000%	0.004%
2013	WECC		Vera Water and Power	U.S.	234,898	234,898			0.027%	0.027%	0.000%	0.000%	0.005%	0.005%	0.000%	0.000%	0.006%
2013	WECC		Vigilante Electric Cooperative, Inc.	U.S.	15,897	15,897			0.002%	0.002%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%
2013	WECC		Wasco Electric Cooperative	U.S.	97,027	97,027			0.011%	0.011%	0.000%	0.000%	0.002%	0.002%	0.000%	0.000%	0.002%
2013			Wells Rural Electric Cooperative	U.S.	672,455	672,455 401			0.077%	0.077%	0.000%	0.000%	0.015%	0.015%	0.000%	0.000%	0.017%
2013	WECC		Wellton-Mohawk Irrigation & Drainage District	U.S.	401				0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%
2013 2013	WECC		West Oregon Electric Cooperative, Inc.	U.S.	12,860	12,860 56,442			0.001%	0.001%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%
2013	WECC		West Oregon Electric Cooperative, Inc. Western Area Power - Loveland, CO	U.S. U.S.	56,442 364,173	364,173			0.006% 0.042%	0.006%	0.000%	0.000%	0.001%	0.001% 0.008%	0.000%	0.000%	0.001%
2013	WECC		Western Area Power - Loveland, CO Western Area Power - Loveland, CO		2,054,674	2,054,674			0.042%	0.042%	0.000%	0.000%		0.008%	0.000%		0.009%
2013	WECC		Western Area Power Administration - CRSP	U.S. U.S.	2,054,674	2,053,652			0.237%	0.237%	0.000%	0.000%	0.046% 0.046%	0.046%	0.000%	0.000%	0.052%
2013	WECC		Western Area Power Administration - CKSP  Western Area Power Administration - Sierra Nevada Region	U.S.	1,324,532	1,324,532			0.152%	0.250%	0.000%	0.000%	0.046%	0.046%	0.000%	0.000%	0.032%
2013	WECC		Western Area Power Administration - Sierra Nevada Region  Western Area Power Administration - Desert Southwest Region	U.S.	3,225,943	3,225,943			0.132%	0.132%	0.000%	0.000%	0.023%	0.023%	0.000%	0.000%	0.033%
2013	WECC		Western Area Power Administration-Desert Southwest Region  Western Area Power Administration-Upper Great Plains Region	U.S.	7,688	7,688			0.001%	0.001%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.001%
2013	WECC		Western Area Power Administration-Upper Great Plains Region	U.S.	391.282	391,282			0.001%	0.045%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.010%
2013	WECC		Wyoming Municipal Power Agency	U.S.	280,327	280,327			0.043%	0.043%	0.000%	0.000%	0.005%	0.005%	0.000%	0.000%	0.010%
2013	WECC		Yakama Power	U.S.	21,718	21,718			0.003%	0.003%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.001%
2013	WECC		Yampa Valley Electric Association	U.S.	630,694	630,694			0.003%	0.003%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.001%
2013	WECC		Yuma Irrigation District	U.S.	3,112	3,112			0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%
2013	WECC		Yuma-Mesa Irrigation District	U.S.	175	175			0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%
	******		TOTAL WECC	3.3.	868.549.865	737,348,098	119,586,872	11,614,895	100.000%	83.568%	13.773%		19.323%	16.395%	2.661%	0.267%	18.613%
			TO THE THEO		000,545,005	737,340,030	113,300,072	11,017,033	100.000/8	03.300/8	13.77376	2.033/6	13.323/0	10.33370	2.001/0	3.207/0	10.013/0
																	100.000%
	TOTAL ERO				4,494,865,394	3,961,433,109	521,817,390	11,614,895	800.000%	712.645%	84.696%	2.659%	100.000%	88.123%	11.610%	0.267%	

Data Regional Year Entity ID	Entity Country	Total NEL (MWh)	U.S. NEL	Canada NEL	Mexico NEL	% of RE total	US Total	Canada Total	Mexico Total	% of ERO Total	US Total	Canada Total	Mexico Total	% of ERO - US Only
Summary by Regional Entity		Total NEL (MWh)	U.S. NEL	Canada NEL	Mexico NEL									
2013 FRCC		221,303,111	221,303,111	-	-	100.000%	100.000%	0.000%	0.000%	4.923%	4.923%	0.000%	0.000%	5.586%
2013 MRO		289,263,982	242,749,464	46,514,518	-	100.000%	83.920%	16.080%	0.000%	6.435%	5.401%	1.035%	0.000%	6.128%
2013 NPCC		648,607,000	292,891,000	355,716,000	-	100.000%	45.157%	54.843%	0.000%	14.430%	6.516%	7.914%	0.000%	7.394%
2013 RF		908,726,579	908,726,579	-	-	100.000%	100.000%	0.000%	0.000%	20.217%	20.217%	0.000%	0.000%	22.939%
2013 SERC		1,009,060,489	1,009,060,489	-	-	100.000%	100.000%	0.000%	0.000%	22.449%	22.449%	0.000%	0.000%	25.472%
2013 SPP		216,655,989	216,655,989	-	-	100.000%	100.000%	0.000%	0.000%	4.820%	4.820%	0.000%	0.000%	5.469%
2013 TRE		332,698,379	332,698,379	-	-	100.000%	100.000%	0.000%	0.000%	7.402%	7.402%	0.000%	0.000%	8.398%
2013 WECC		868,549,865	737,348,098	119,586,872	11,614,895	100.000%	83.568%	13.773%	2.659%	19.323%	16.395%	2.661%	0.267%	18.613%
Total		4,494,865,394	3,961,433,109	521,817,390	11,614,895	800.000%	712.645%	84.696%	2.659%	100.000%	88.123%	11.610%	0.267%	100.000%

				Ī	Total ERC	Assessments (N	ERC, RE & WIRA	AB Costs)	т	otal NERC Asse	ssments		Total Regio	onal Entity Assessr Assessme		ig WIRAB
Data Year	Regional Entity	ID	Entity	Country	Total	US Total	Canada Tatal	Mexico Total	Total	US Total	Canada Total	Mexico Total	Total	LIC Total	Canada Total	Mexico Total
Year	Entity	טו	Entity	Country	Iotai	US TOTAL	Canada Iotai	iviexico Total	Total	US TOTAL	Canada Iotai	iviexico Total	Iotai	US Total	Canada Total	iviexico i otal
2013 2013	FRCC FRCC	1074 1075	· ·	U.S. U.S.	4,821 10.868	4,821 10.868	-	-	1,522 3,430	1,522 3.430	-	-	3,300 7.438	3,300 7.438	-	-
2013	FRCC	1075	Chattahoochee, City of	U.S.	1,461	1,461	-	-	3,430 461	3,430 461	-	-	1,000	1,000	-	-
2013	FRCC	1077	Florida Keys Electric Cooperative Assn	U.S.	28,781	28,781	-	-	9,084	9,084	-	-	19,698	19,698	-	-
2013	FRCC	1078	Florida Power & Light Co.	U.S.	4,382,905	4,382,905	-	-	1,383,264	1,383,264	-	-	2,999,641	2,999,641	-	-
2013	FRCC	1079	Florida Public Utilities Company	U.S.	14,142	14,142	-	-	4,463	4,463	-	-	9,679	9,679	-	-
2013 2013	FRCC FRCC	1080 1081	Gainesville Regional Utilities Homestead, City of	U.S. U.S.	70,452 20,415	70,452 20,415	-	-	22,235 6,443	22,235 6,443	-	-	48,217 13,972	48,217 13,972	-	-
2013	FRCC	1082		U.S.	478,834	478,834	-	=	151,122	151,122	-	-	327,712	327,712	-	=
2013	FRCC	1083	Lakeland Electric	U.S.	116,846	116,846	-	-	36,877	36,877	-	-	79,969	79,969	-	-
2013	FRCC	1626	Lee County Electric Cooperative, Inc	U.S.	146,728	146,728	-	-	46,308	46,308	-	-	100,420	100,420	-	-
2013 2013	FRCC FRCC	1661 1084	City of Lake Worth	U.S. U.S.	17,453 3,559	17,453 3,559	-	-	5,508 1,123	5,508 1,123	-	=	11,945 2,436	11,945 2,436	-	-
2013	FRCC	1085	Mount Dora, City of New Smyrna Beach, Utilities Commission of	U.S.	15,451	15,451	-	-	4,877	4,877	-	-	10,575	10,575	-	-
2013	FRCC	1086	Orlando Utilities Commission	U.S.	227,909	227,909	-	-	71,929	71,929	-	-	155,980	155,980	-	-
2013	FRCC	1087	Duke Energy Florida	U.S.	1,569,785	1,569,785	-	-	495,431	495,431	-	-	1,074,354	1,074,354	-	-
2013	FRCC	1088	Quincy, City of	U.S.	5,444	5,444	=	=	1,718	1,718	=	=	3,726	3,726	=	=
2013 2013	FRCC FRCC	1089 1090	Reedy Creek Improvement District St. Cloud. City of (OUC)	U.S. U.S.	48,356 24.138	48,356 24.138	-	-	15,261 7,618	15,261 7.618	=	=	33,094 16.520	33,094 16.520	-	-
2013	FRCC	1090	Tallahassee, City of	U.S.	24,138 107,439	24,138 107,439	-	-	33,908	33,908	-	-	73,531	73,531	-	-
2013	FRCC	1092	Tampa Electric Company	U.S.	767,648	767,648	-	-	242,273	242,273	-	-	525,375	525,375	-	-
2013	FRCC	1603	City of Vero Beach	U.S.	29,582	29,582	-	=	9,336	9,336	=	-	20,246	20,246	-	-
2013	FRCC	1093	Wauchula, City of	U.S.	2,473	2,473	-	-	780	780	-	-	1,692	1,692	-	-
2013	FRCC	1094	Williston, City of	U.S.	1,281	1,281	=	-	404	404	-	-	877	877	=	-
2013 2013	FRCC FRCC	1095 1072	Winter Park, City of Florida Municipal Power Agency	U.S. U.S.	17,293 221,124	17,293 221,124	-	-	5,458 69,788	5,458 69,788	_	-	11,835 151,336	11,835 151,336	-	-
2013	FRCC	1073	Seminole Electric Cooperative	U.S.	523,487	523,487	-	-	165,215	165,215	_	-	358,272	358,272	-	_
			TOTAL FRCC		8,858,675	8,858,675	-	-	2,795,837	2,795,837	-	-	6,062,838	6,062,838	-	
2013	MRO	1199		U.S.	638.347	638.347			- 179.380	179.380			458.968	458.968		
2013	MRO	1201	Basin Electric Power Cooperative Central Iowa Power Cooperative (CIPCO)	U.S.	127,935	127,935	-	-	179,380 35,951	35,951	-	-	458,968 91,985	458,968 91,985	-	-
2013	MRO		Corn Belt Power Cooperative	U.S.	92,089	92,089	-	-	25,878	25,878	-	-	66,211	66,211	-	-
2013	MRO	1207	Dairyland Power Cooperative	U.S.	247,566	247,566	-	-	69,568	69,568	-	-	177,998	177,998	-	-
2013	MRO	1210	Great River Energy	U.S.	626,005	626,005	-	-	175,912	175,912	-	-	450,093	450,093	-	-
2013	MRO	1222	Minnkota Power Cooperative, Inc.	U.S.	195,842	195,842	-	-	55,033	55,033	-	-	140,809	140,809	-	-
2013 2013	MRO MRO	1230 1232	Nebraska Public Power District Omaha Public Power District	U.S. U.S.	612,718 514,943	612,718 514,943	-	=	172,178 144,702	172,178 144,702	=	=	440,540 370,240	440,540 370,240	-	-
2013	MRO	1237	Southern Montana Generation and Transmission	U.S.	314,943	314,943	-	-	144,702	144,702	-	-	225	225	-	-
2013	MRO	1240	Western Area Power Administration (UM)	U.S.	406,452	406,452	-	-	114,216	114,216	-	-	292,236	292,236	-	-
2013	MRO	1239	Western Area Power Administration (LM)	U.S.	5,705	5,705	-	=	1,603	1,603	=	-	4,102	4,102	-	-
2013	MRO	1217	Manitoba Hydro	CAN	1,118,318	-	1,118,318	-	308,347	-	308,347	=	809,971	=	809,971	-
2013 2013	MRO MRO	1235 1195	SaskPower Alliant Energy (Alliant East - WPL & Alliant West IPL)	CAN U.S.	1,062,135 1,304,407	1,304,407	1,062,135	=	292,856 366,547	- 366,547	292,856	=	769,279 937,860	937,860	769,279	=
2013	MRO	1216	Madison, Gas and Electric	U.S.	155,908	155,908	-	-	43,811	43,811	-	-	112,097	112,097	-	-
2013	MRO	1220	MidAmerican Energy Company	U.S.	1,278,841	1,278,841	-	-	359,363	359,363	-	-	919,478	919,478	-	-
2013	MRO	1221	Minnesota Power	U.S.	586,752	586,752	-	=	164,881	164,881	=	-	421,870	421,870	-	-
2013	MRO	1226	Montana-Dakota Utilities Co.	U.S.	140,047	140,047	-	-	39,354	39,354	-	-	100,693	100,693	-	-
2013	MRO	1231	NorthWestern Energy	U.S.	70,319	70,319	=	-	19,760	19,760	-	-	50,559	50,559	=	-
2013 2013	MRO MRO	1233	Otter Tail Power Company Wisconsin Public Service (WPS)	U.S. U.S.	206,309 553,906	206,309 553,906	-	-	57,974 155,651	57,974 155,651	-	-	148,334 398,255	148,334 398,255	-	-
2013	MRO		Upper Peninsula Power Company (UPPCO)	U.S.	36,999	36,999	-	=	10,397	10,397	-	-	26,602	26,602	-	-
2013	MRO	1244	Xcel Energy Company (NSP)	U.S.	2,030,085	2,030,085	-	-	570,467	570,467	-	-	1,459,617	1,459,617	-	-
2013	MRO	1196	Ames Municipal Electric System	U.S.	34,725	34,725	-	-	9,758	9,758	-	-	24,967	24,967	-	-
2013	MRO	1604	Atlantic Municipal Utilities	U.S.	3,738	3,738	-	-	1,050	1,050	-	=	2,688	2,688	=	-
2013 2013	MRO MRO	1476 1200	Badger Power Marketing Authority of Wisconsin, Inc. Cedar Falls Municipal Utilities	U.S. U.S.	18,155 24,017	18,155 24,017	-	-	5,102 6,749	5,102 6,749	-	-	13,053 17,268	13,053 17,268	-	-
2013	MRO	1477	Central Minnesota Municipal Power Agency (CMMPA)	U.S.	20,997	20,997	-	-	5,900	5,900	-	-	15,096	15,096	-	-
2013	MRO	1203	City of Escanaba	U.S.	6,278	6,278	-	-	1,764	1,764	-	-	4,514	4,514	-	-
2013	MRO	1205	Falls City Water & Light Department	U.S.	2,561	2,561	-	-	720	720	-	-	1,841	1,841	-	-
2013	MRO	1206	·	U.S.	19,688	19,688	-	-	5,532	5,532	-	-	14,155	14,155	-	-
2013	MRO	1208	Geneseo Municipal Utilities	U.S.	2,991	2,991	-	-	840	840	-	-	2,150	2,150	-	-

					Total ERO	Assessments (N	ERC, RE & WIRA	B Costs)		otal NERC Asse	ssments		Total Regio	nal Entity Assessr		ng WIRAB
Data	Regional															
Year	Entity	ID	Entity	Country	Total	US Total	Canada Total	Mexico Total	Total	US Total	Canada Total	Mexico Total	Total	US Total	Canada Total	Mexico Total
2013	MRO		Grand Island Utilities Department	U.S.	34,182	34,182	-	=	9,605	9,605	-	=	24,576	24,576	-	-
2013 2013	MRO MRO		Harlan Municipal Utilities Hastings Utilities	U.S. U.S.	1,083 19,678	1,083 19,678	-	-	304 5,530	304 5,530	-	-	778 14,149	778 14,149	-	-
2013	MRO		Heartland Consumers Power District	U.S.	38,272	38,272	-	-	10,755	10,755	-	-	27,517	27,517	-	-
2013	MRO		Hutchinson Utilities Commission	U.S.	13,036	13,036	-	-	3,663	3,663	-	=	9,373	9,373	=	=
2013 2013	MRO MRO		Lincoln Electric System  Manitowoc Public Utilities	U.S. U.S.	147,330 24,350	147,330 24,350	-	-	41,401 6,842	41,401 6,842	-	=	105,929 17,507	105,929 17,507	-	-
2013	MRO		Missouri River Energy Services	U.S.	110,550	110,550	-	-	31,065	31,065	-	-	79,485	79,485	-	-
2013	MRO		MN Municipal Power Agency (MMPA)	U.S.	68,505	68,505	-	-	19,250	19,250	-	-	49,254	49,254	-	-
2013	MRO MRO	1607	Montezuma Municipal Light & Power	U.S.	1,446	1,446	=	-	406	406	=	-	1,039	1,039	=	=
2013 2013	MRO		Municipal Energy Agency of Nebraska  Muscatine Power and Water	U.S. U.S.	52,939 39,302	52,939 39,302	-	-	14,876 11,044	14,876 11,044	-	-	38,063 28,258	38,063 28,258	-	-
2013	MRO	1229	Nebraska City Utilities	U.S.	7,720	7,720	-	-	2,169	2,169	-	=	5,550	5,550	-	-
2013	MRO	1234	Rochester Public Utilities	U.S.	242	242	-	-	68	68	-	-	174	174	-	-
2013 2013	MRO MRO		Southern Minnesota Municipal Power Agency	U.S. U.S.	132,923 11,828	132,923 11,828	=	-	37,352 3,324	37,352 3.324	-	-	95,571 8,504	95,571 8.504	-	-
2013	MRO		Willmar Municipal Utilities Wisconsin Public Power, Inc. (East and West regions)	U.S.	11,828 245,529	11,828 245,529	-	-	3,324 68,995	3,324 68,995	-	-	8,504 176,534	8,504 176,534	-	-
2013		12.12	TOTAL MRO	0.5.	13,094,003	10,913,550	2,180,453	-	3,667,984	3,066,780	601,204	-	9,426,019	7,846,770	1,579,249	-
2013	NPCC	1336	New England	U.S.	5,503,872	5,503,872	-	-	- 1,634,487	1,634,487	_	-	3,869,386	3,869,386	_	_
2013	NPCC	1339	New York	U.S.	6,956,107	6,956,107	-	=	2,065,757	2,065,757	-	=	4,890,350	4,890,350	-	-
2013	NPCC	1337	Ontario	Canada	3,200,394	-	3,200,394	-	1,215,106	-	1,215,106	-	1,985,288	-	1,985,288	-
2013	NPCC		Quebec	Canada	4,539,006	-	4,539,006	-	1,757,802	-	1,757,802	-	2,781,204	-	2,781,204	-
2013 2013	NPCC NPCC		New Brunswick Nova Scotia	Canada Canada	418,528 387,446	-	418,528 387,446	-	118,912 144,412	-	118,912 144,412	-	299,616 243,034	-	299,616 243,034	-
2015	cc	1510	TOTAL NPCC	canada	21,005,353	12,459,980	8,545,373	-	6,936,475	3,700,244	3,236,231	-	14,068,878	8,759,736	5,309,142	-
2042			9. 69		40.050	40.050			-	4.457			6 700	5 700		
2013 2013	RF RF	1104 1102	Bay City Cannelton Utilities	U.S. U.S.	10,960 539	10,960 539	-	-	4,167 205	4,167 205	-	-	6,793 334	6,793 334	-	-
2013	RF		City of Chelsea	U.S.	3,232	3,232	-	-	1,229	1,229	_	-	2,003	2,003	-	-
2013	RF	1106	City of Croswell	U.S.	1,408	1,408	-	-	536	536	-	-	873	873	-	-
2013	RF		City of Eaton Rapids	U.S.	3,177	3,177	-	-	1,208	1,208	-	-	1,969	1,969	-	-
2013 2013	RF RF	1111 1490	City of Hart City of Lansing	U.S. U.S.	1,624 73,928	1,624 73,928	-	-	617 28,109	617 28,109	-	-	1,006 45,819	1,006 45,819	-	-
2013	RF		City of Marquette Board of Light & Power	U.S.	11,062	11,062	-	-	4,206	4,206	-	-	6,856	6,856	-	-
2013	RF	1114	City of Portland	U.S.	1,227	1,227	-	-	466	466	-	-	760	760	-	-
2013	RF		City of St. Louis	U.S.	1,341	1,341	-	=	510	510	-	=	831	831	-	-
2013 2013	RF RF		City of Wyandotte Cloverland Electric Cooperative	U.S. U.S.	7,300 29,986	7,300 29,986	=	-	2,776 11,401	2,776 11,401	-	-	4,525 18,585	4,525 18,585	-	-
2013	RF		CMS ERM Michigan LLC	U.S.	5,266	5,266	-	-	2,002	2,002	-	-	3,264	3,264	-	-
2013	RF	1124	Constellation New Energy (MECS-CONS)	U.S.	30,066	30,066	-	-	11,432	11,432	-	-	18,634	18,634	-	-
2013	RF	1123	Constellation New Energy (MECS-DET)	U.S.	36,321	36,321	-	=	13,810	13,810	-	=	22,511	22,511	-	-
2013 2013	RF RF	1126 1128	Consumers Energy Company Detroit Edison Company	U.S. U.S.	1,081,741 1,541,192	1,081,741 1,541,192	-	-	411,297 585,989	411,297 585,989	-	-	670,444 955,204	670,444 955,204	-	-
2013	RF	1166	Duke Energy Indiana	U.S.	1,009,730	1,009,730	-	-	383,917	383,983	-	-	625,813	625,813	-	-
2013	RF	1135	Ferdinand Municipal Light & Water	U.S.	1,579	1,579	-	-	600	600	-	-	979	979	-	-
2013	RF	1646	FirstEnergy Solutions (MECS-CONS)	U.S.	22,854	22,854	-	=	8,689	8,689	-	=	14,164	14,164	-	-
2013 2013	RF RF	1549 1612	FirstEnergy Solutions (MECS-DET) Glacial Energy (MECS-DET)	U.S. U.S.	79,152 4,807	79,152 4,807	-	=	30,095 1,828	30,095 1,828	-	=	49,057 2,979	49,057 2,979	-	-
2013	RF	1144	Holland Board of Public Works	U.S.	32,718	32,718	-	-	12,440	12,440	_	-	20,278	20,278	-	-
2013	RF	1145	Hoosier Energy	U.S.	243,216	243,216	=	-	92,475	92,475	-	=	150,741	150,741	-	-
2013	RF	1148	Indiana Municipal Power Agency (DUKE CIN)	U.S.	102,647	102,647	-	=	39,028	39,028	=	=	63,619	63,619	=	=
2013 2013	RF RF	1485 1486	Indiana Municipal Power Agency (NIPSCO) Indiana Municipal Power Agency (SIGE)	U.S. U.S.	14,257 19,660	14,257 19,660	=	-	5,421 7,475	5,421 7,475	-	=	8,836 12,185	8,836 12,185	-	-
2013	RF	1149	Indianapolis Power & Light Co.	U.S.	491,284	491,284	-	-	186,795	186,795	-	-	304,489	304,489	-	-
2013	RF	1553	Integrys Energy Services (MECS-CONS)	U.S.	34,065	34,065	-	-	12,952	12,952	-	-	21,113	21,113	-	-
2013	RF	1554	Integrys Energy Services (MECS-DET)	U.S.	19,269	19,269	=	-	7,326	7,326	=	=	11,943	11,943	=	-
2013	RF RF	1614	Integrys Energy Services (WEPC)	U.S. U.S.	28,641 482	28,641 482	-	-	10,890 183	10,890 183	-	=	17,751	17,751	-	-
2013 2013	RF		Just Energy (MECS-DET) Michigan Public Power Agency	U.S.	482 42,455	482 42,455	-	-	183 16,142	16,142	-	-	299 26,313	299 26,313	-	-
2013	RF		Michigan South Central Power Agency	U.S.	21,291	21,291	-	-	8,095	8,095	-	-	13,196	13,196	-	-

					T-4-1 F00	Access /-	HEDC DE O WITT	AR Costs		Total NICOC A			Total Regio	onal Entity Assessr		ng WIRAB
					Total ERC	Assessments (I	IERC, RE & WIRA	AB Costs)		Total NERC Asse	essments			Assessme	nts)	
Data	Regional															
Year	Entity	ID	Entity	Country	Total	US Total	Canada Total	Mexico Total	Total	US Total	Canada Total	Mexico Total	Total	US Total	Canada Tota	l Mexico Total
2013	RF	1150	MidAmerican Faceru Company Patail	U.S.	3,306	3,306			1,257	1,257			2,049	2,049		
2013	RF		MidAmerican Energy Company Retail Northern Indiana Public Service Co.	U.S.	584,682	584,682	-	-	222,307	222,307	-	-	362,376	362,376	-	-
2013	RF		Ontonagon County Rural Electrification Assoc.	U.S.	979	979	-	-	372	372	-	-	607	607	-	-
2013	RF	1265	PJM Interconnnection, LLC	U.S.	23,113,718	23,113,718	=	-	8,788,247	8,788,247	=	=	14,325,471	14,325,471	-	=
2013	RF		Sempra Energy Solutions (MECS-CONS)	U.S.	22,506	22,506	-	-	8,557	8,557	-	=	13,949	13,949	-	-
2013	RF		Sempra Energy Solutions (MECS-DET)	U.S.	23,648	23,648	-	-	8,991	8,991	-	-	14,657	14,657	-	-
2013	RF RF		Direct Energy (fka:Strategic Energy,LLC) (MECS-CONS)	U.S.	429 12,365	429	-	-	163 4,701	163	-	-	266	266	-	-
2013 2013	RF		Direct Energy (fka:Strategic Energy,LLC) (MECS-DET) Spartan Renewable Energy	U.S. U.S.	2,251	12,365 2,251	-	-	4,701 856	4,701 856	-	-	7,663 1,395	7,663 1,395	-	-
2013	RF		Thumb Electric Cooperative	U.S.	6,005	6,005	-	-	2,283	2,283	-	-	3,722	3,722	-	-
2013	RF		Ohio Valley Electric Corporation	U.S.	21,419	21,419	-	-	8,144	8,144	-	-	13,275	13,275	-	_
2013	RF		Vectren Energy Delivery of IN	U.S.	191,372	191,372	-	-	72,763	72,763	-	-	118,609	118,609	-	-
2013	RF		Village of Sebewaing	U.S.	1,468	1,468	-	-	558	558	-	=	910	910	-	=
2013	RF		Wabash Valley Power Association Inc. (DUKE CIN)	U.S.	93,092	93,092	-	-	35,395	35,395	-	-	57,697	57,697	-	-
2013	RF		Wabash Valley Power Association Inc.(NIPSCO)	U.S.	56,088	56,088	-	-	21,326	21,326	-	=	34,762	34,762	-	-
2013	RF		Wisconsin Electric Power Co.	U.S.	934,410	934,410	=	-	355,279	355,279	-	-	579,131	579,131	-	-
2013	RF RF	1189	Wolverine Power Marketing Cooperative	U.S.	25,189	25,189	-	-	9,577	9,577	-	-	15,612	15,612	-	-
2013 2013	RF		Wolverine Power Supply Cooperative Wolverine Power Marketing Cooperative	U.S. U.S.	88,329 4,575	88,329 4,575	-	-	33,584 1,739	33,584 1.739	-	-	54,745 2.836	54,745 2,836	-	-
2013	NF	1190	TOTAL RELIABILITYFIRST	0.3.	30,194,311	30,194,311			11,480,414	11,480,414		<del></del>	18,713,897	18,713,897	-	<del></del>
			TO THE MEDITION TO		30,131,311	30,13 1,311			-	11,100,111			10,713,037	10,713,037		
2013	SERC	1267	Alabama Municipal Electric Authority	U.S.	89,475	89,475	-	-	43,076	43,076	-	-	46,398	46,398	-	-
2013	SERC	1268	Alabama Power Company	U.S.	1,553,574	1,553,574	-	-	747,948	747,948	-	=	805,626	805,626	-	=
2013	SERC		Ameren - Illinois	U.S.	1,127,823	1,127,823	-	-	542,976	542,976	-	-	584,847	584,847	-	-
2013	SERC		Ameren - Missouri	U.S.	1,100,453	1,100,453	-	-	529,799	529,799	-	=	570,654	570,654	-	-
2013	SERC		APGI - Yadkin Division	U.S.	723	723	-	-	348	348	-	-	375	375	-	-
2013	SERC SERC		APGI - Tapoco Division (ALCOA)	U.S.	8,296	8,296	=	-	3,994	3,994	=	=	4,302	4,302	-	=
2013 2013	SERC		Associated Electric Cooperative Inc.	U.S. U.S.	508,154 29,334	508,154 29,334	-	-	244,644	244,644 14,122	-	-	263,510 15,211	263,510 15,211	-	-
2013	SERC		Beauregard Electric Cooperative, Inc. Benton Utility District	U.S.	7,145	7,145	-		14,122 3,440	3,440	-	-	3,705	3,705	-	_
2013	SERC		Big Rivers Electric Corporation	U.S.	100,357	100,357	_	_	48,316	48,316	-	_	52,041	52,041	_	-
2013	SERC		Black Warrior EMC	U.S.	11,516	11,516	-	-	5,544	5,544	-	=	5,972	5,972	-	-
2013	SERC	1276	Blue Ridge EMC	U.S.	36,834	36,834	-	-	17,733	17,733	-	-	19,101	19,101	-	-
2013	SERC	1628	Brazos Electric Power Cooperative, Inc.	U.S.	11,297	11,297	-	-	5,439	5,439	-	=	5,858	5,858	-	-
2013	SERC		Canton, MS	U.S.	3,182	3,182	-	-	1,532	1,532	-	-	1,650	1,650	-	-
2013	SERC	1277	Central Electric Power Cooperative Inc.	U.S.	401,671	401,671	-	-	193,380	193,380	-	=	208,292	208,292	-	-
2013	SERC		Century Aluminum - Hawesville	U.S.	112,096	112,096	-	-	53,967	53,967	-	-	58,129	58,129	-	-
2013 2013	SERC SERC	1270	Century Aluminum - Sebree	U.S.	85,342 1,000	85,342	-	-	41,087 481	41,087 481	-	-	44,255 518	44,255 518	-	-
2013	SERC		City of Blountstown FL City of Camden SC	U.S. U.S.	4,956	1,000 4,956	=	=	2,386	2,386	=	=	2,570	2,570	-	-
2013	SERC		City of Collins MS	U.S.	1,306	1,306	-	-	629	629	-	-	677	677	-	-
2013	SERC		City of Columbia MO	U.S.	31,187	31,187	-	-	15,015	15,015	-	-	16,173	16,173	-	-
2013	SERC		City of Conway AR (Conway Corporation)	U.S.	27,161	27,161	-	-	13,076	13,076	-	-	14,084	14,084	-	-
2013	SERC	1284	City of Evergreen AL	U.S.	1,541	1,541	-	-	742	742	-	=	799	799	-	-
2013	SERC		City of Hampton GA	U.S.	619	619	-	-	298	298	-	-	321	321	-	-
2013	SERC		City of Hartford AL	U.S.	878	878	=	=	423	423	=	=	455	455	-	=
2013	SERC		City of Henderson (KY) Municipal Power & Light	U.S.	16,195	16,195	-	-	7,797	7,797	-	-	8,398	8,398	-	-
2013	SERC SERC		City of North Little Rock AR (DENL)	U.S.	25,159 21,944	25,159	-	-	12,112 10,565	12,112 10,565	-	-	13,046	13,046	-	-
2013 2013	SERC		City of Orangeburg SC Department of Public Utilities City of Robertsdale AL	U.S. U.S.	21,944	21,944 2,207	=	=	1,062	1,062	=	=	11,380 1,144	11,380 1,144	-	=
2013	SERC		City of Ruston LA (DERS)	U.S.	7,793	7,793	-	-	3,752	3,752	-	-	4,041	4,041	-	-
2013	SERC		City of Seneca SC	U.S.	4,196	4,196	-	_	2,020	2,020	-	-	2,176	2,176	-	-
2013	SERC		City of Springfield (CWLP)	U.S.	47,460	47,460	-	-	22,849	22,849	-	-	24,611	24,611	-	-
2013	SERC		City of Thayer, MO	U.S.	609	609	-	-	293	293	-	-	316	316	-	-
2013	SERC		City of Troy AL	U.S.	11,217	11,217	-	-	5,400	5,400	-	-	5,817	5,817	-	-
2013	SERC	1294	City of West Memphis AR (West Memphis Utilities)	U.S.	10,511	10,511	-	-	5,060	5,060	-	=	5,451	5,451	-	-
2013	SERC		Claiborne Electric Cooperative, Inc.	U.S.	17,616	17,616	-	-	8,481	8,481	-	-	9,135	9,135	-	-
2013 2013	SERC SERC		Concordia Electric Cooperative, Inc. Dalton Utilities	U.S. U.S.	6,936	6,936	-	=	3,339	3,339 20,030	-	=	3,597	3,597	-	=
2013	SERC		Dixie Electric Membership Corporation	U.S.	41,605 59,596	41,605 59,596	-	-	20,030 28,692	28,692	-	-	21,575 30,904	21,575 30,904	-	-
2013	SERC		Dominion Virginia Power	U.S.	2,252,493	2,252,493	-	_	1,084,434	1,084,434	-	-	1,168,059	1,168,059	-	-
2013	52110	1200		0.5.	2,232,733	-,,,			1,004,434	2,004,404			1,200,033	1,100,033		

Part						Total ERC	Assessments (I	IERC. RE & WIRA	AB Costs)		Total NERC Asse	essments		Total Regio	onal Entity Assessr		ig WIRAB
18.   18.							Ì										
2.5   Vic.   1.5   All Principle Amounts   1.5   1.05																	
1975   1976	Year	Entity	ID	Entity	Country	Total	US Total	Canada Total	Mexico Total	Total	US Total	Canada Total	Mexico Total	Total	US Total	Canada Total	Mexico Total
1805   180								-	-			-	-			-	-
1909   1976								-	=			-	=			-	-
1862   1862								-	-			-	-			-	-
1905   1906								-	-			-	-			-	-
232   245   232   1870   187								-	-			-	-			-	-
Page   1982   1982   1982   Page   1982   Page   1982				=-				-	=			-	=			-	=
1905   1907								-	-			-	=			-	-
1.00   1.00				· · · · · ·				-	-			-	-			-	-
1981   1982				French Broad EMC				-	-			-	=			-	-
2012   Sept.   App.   Sept.   App.   Sept.   App.								-	-			-	-			-	-
Sect   187   Sec				0 , , ,				=	=			=	=			-	-
Sect   1.00								-	-			-	-			-	-
1906   1906				· ·				-	-			-	=			-	-
Series   186	2013	SERC	1586	Haywood EMC	U.S.	8,169	8,169	-	-	3,933	3,933	-	-	4,236	4,236	-	-
SRC   157   Inference New Electric Cooperation (n.   U.S.   7,00   7,00   3,674   3,674   3,971   7,00								-	-			-	-			-	-
Process   Proc								-	-			-	-			-	-
SEC   181   Sociation MS								-	-			-	-			-	-
SIRC   1424   Leland, MS   1424   Leland, MS   1424   1314   1211   1211   1211   1214   12				·				=	-			-	=			-	-
SERC   1314   Mississiph Power Company   U.S.   779,024   278,024   278,024   134,284   134,284   134,689   144,689   144,689   130   13								-	-			-	=			-	-
SEC   150   M. Carmen Public Utility   U.S.   2,515   2,515   2,515   2,515   2,515   3,515   1,211   1,310   1,300	2013	SERC	1313	McCormick Commission of Public Works	U.S.	418	418	-	-	201	201	-	=	217	217	-	-
Series   1315   Municipal Electric Authority of Georgia   U.S.   227/917   279/917   134/765   134/765   134/765   134/765   155,401   157,385   145,155				• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •				-	-			-	-			-	-
								-	-			-	-			-	-
Series   158   Northeant Louisians Power Cooperative   U.S.   8,285   8,255   3,989   3,989   4,256   4,256   -								-	-			-	-			-	-
Sect   174   Northern Wrighins Reteric Cooperative   U.S.   105,206   105,								-	-			-	-			-	-
2013   SERC   1518   Oceanic Arthonassa Municipal Lights and Prower   U.S.   2,671   2,671   1.1396   11,396   11,295   2,275   2,275   2,274   2,52								-	-			-	-			-	-
Series   1320   Series   1320   Series   1321   Series   1324   Series   132			1319	Old Dominion Electric Cooperative	U.S.	154,384	154,384	-	-	74,326	74,326	-	=	80,058	80,058	-	-
Serie   1322   Pedmont Munical Power Agency (PMPA)   U.S.   13,314   13,3								-	-			-	=			-	-
Serie   128   Pedimont Municipal Power Agency (PMPA)   U.S.   S.8,439   S.								-	-			-	-			-	-
2013   SFR   1.58   Polime Coupee Rectric Memb. Corp.   U.S.   7,130   7,130   3,433   3,433   3,433   3,698								-	-			-	-			-	-
2013   SFR   126   PowerSouth Energy   U.S.   220,293   220,293   20,095   106,057   106,057   20,055   21,05				. , , ,			-	-	-			-	-			-	-
2013   SERC   1324   Progress Feargy Carolinas   U.S.   1,196,523   1,196,52								-	-			-	-			-	-
2013   SERC   132   Rutherford EMC   U.S.   34,904   34,904   -   16,804   16,804   -   22,604   22,604   -   24,347   24,347   -   24,347   24,347   -   24,347   24,347   -   24,347   24,347   -   24,347   24,347   -   24,347   24,347   -   24,347   -   24,347   24,347   -   24,347   24,347   -   24,347   24,347   -   24,347			1330	Prairie Power, Inc.				=	=			=	=			-	-
SERC   131   SERC   132   SERC   132   Such Carolina Electric Cooperative Inc.   U.S.   46,951   46,951   -   22,604   22,604   -   24,347   24,347   -   -   -   2013   SERC   1325   South Carolina Electric Cooperative U.S.   590,258   590,258   -   284,172   -   140,662   -   151,509   -   -   151,509   -   -   -   151,509   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -				0 0,				=	=			=	=			-	=
SERC   1326   SERC   1327   South Carolina Electric & Gas Company   U.S.   590,258								-	-			-	-			-	-
SERC   1327   SUNT Carolina Public Service Authority   U.S.   292,171   292,171   292,171   -   140,662   140,662   -   151,509   151,509   -   -   151,509   151,509   -   -   151,509   -				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				-	-			-	-			-	-
SERC   1328   South Mississippi Electric Power Association   U.S.   271,750   271,75								-	-			-	-			-	-
SERC   1329   Suthern Illinois Power Cooperative   U.S.   40,596				·			-	-	-			-	-			-	-
SERC   1591   Southwest Louisiana Electric Membership Corporation   U.S.   69,724			1328	South Mississippi Electric Power Association				-	-			-	-		140,920	-	-
SERC   1619   Suthwestern Electric Cooperative, Inc.   U.S.   11,153   11,153   1   1,153   1,153   1   1,153   1,153   1   1,153   1,153   1   1,153   1,153   1   1,153   1,153   1   1,153   1,153   1   1,153   1,153   1   1,153   1,153   1   1,153   1,153   1   1,153   1,153   1   1,153   1,153   1   1,153   1,153   1,153   1   1,153   1,15								-	-			-	-			-	-
2013 SERC 131 Tennessee Valley Authority U.S. 4,244,672 4,244,672 - 2,043,543 2,043,543 - 2,01,129 2,01,129 - 2,01,129 2,01,129 - 2,01,129				·			-	-	-			-	-			-	-
2013 SERC 1632 Tex-La Electric Cooperative of Texas, Inc U.S. 5,470 5,470 - 2,633 2,633 - 2,836 2,836 - 2,836 2,836 - 2,836 2,836 - 2,836 2,836 - 2,836 2,366 2,36								-	-			-	-			-	-
2013 SERC 133 Town of Sharpsburg, N.C.  2013 SERC 159 Town of Sharpsburg, N.C.  2013 SERC 159 Town of Sharpsburg, N.C.  2014 SERC 159 Town of Sharpsburg, N.C.  2015 SERC 159 Town of Sharpsburg, N.C.  2016 SERC 159 Town of Sharpsburg, N.C.  2017 SERC 159 Town of Winsboro SC  2018 SERC 159 Town of Winsboro SC  2019 SERC 159 Town of Winsboro SC  2010 SERC 159 Town of Winsboro SC  2011 SERC 159 Town of Winsboro SC  2012 SERC 159 Town of Winsboro SC  2013 SERC 159 Town of Winsboro SC  2014 SERC 159 Town of Winsboro SC  2015 SERC 159 Washington-St. Tammany Electric Cooperative, Inc.  2016 SERC 159 Washington-St. Tammany Electric Cooperative, Inc.  2017 SERC 159 Washington-St. Tammany Electric Cooperative, Inc.				•				-	-			-	-			-	-
2013 SERC 1595 Town of Stantonsburg, N.C. JRO U.S. 2,028 2,028 977 977 1,052 1,052 2 2013 SERC 1333 Town of Waynesville NC U.S. 2,388 2,388 1,150 1,150 1,238 1,238 2 2013 SERC 1334 Town of Winnsboro SC U.S. 1,454 1,454 700 700 754 754 2 2013 SERC 1335 Town of Winnsboro SC U.S. 1,426 1,426 687 687 740 740 2 2013 SERC 1597 Washington-St. Tammany Electric Cooperative, Inc. U.S. 28,509 28,509 13,725 13,725 14,784 14,784								-	-			-	-			-	-
2013     SERC     1333     Town of Waynesville NC     U.S.     2,388     2,388     -     -     1,150     1,150     -     -     1,238     1,238     -       2013     SERC     1334     Town of Winnsboro SC     U.S.     1,454     1,454     -     -     700     700     -     -     754     -     -       2013     SERC     1335     Town of Winterville NC     U.S.     1,426     -     -     687     687     -     -     740     -       2013     SERC     1597     Washington-St. Tammany Electric Cooperative, Inc.     U.S.     28,509     -     -     13,725     -     -     14,784     -     -								-	-			-	-			-	-
2013     SERC     134     Town of Winnsboro SC     U.S.     1,454     -     -     700     700     -     -     754     754     -     -       2013     SERC     1355     Town of Winterville NC     U.S.     1,426     1,426     -     -     687     687     -     -     740     740     -     -       2013     SERC     1597     Washington-St. Tammany Electric Cooperative, Inc.     U.S.     28,509     28,509     -     -     13,725     -     -     14,784     -     -				<del>-</del>				-	-			-	-			-	-
2013 SERC 1335 Town of Winterville NC U.S. 1,426 1,426 687 687 740 740 2013 SERC 1597 Washington-St. Tammany Electric Cooperative, Inc. U.S. 28,509 28,509 13,725 13,725 14,784 14,784								-	-			-	-			-	-
2013 SERC 1597 Washington-St.Tammany Electric Cooperative, Inc. U.S. 28,509 28,509 13,725 13,725 14,784 14,784								-	-			-	-			-	-
TOTAL SERC 26,479,019 26,479,019 - 12,747,985 12,747,985 13,731,034 13,731,034								-	-			-	=			-	-
				TOTAL SERC		26,479,019	26,479,019	-	-	12,747,985	12,747,985	-	-	13,731,034	13,731,034	-	-

					Total FRO	Accorements (*	NERC, RE & WIRA	NR Costs)		Total NERC Ass	ocemonts		Total Regio	onal Entity Assessr		ig WIRAB
					TOTALENC	Assessments (P	VERC, RE & WIRE	AB COSIS)		TOTAL NEKC ASS	essments			Assessine	ints)	
Data	Regional															
Year	Entity	ID	Entity	Country	Total	US Total	Canada Total	Mexico Total	Total	US Total	Canada Total	Mexico Total	Total	US Total	Canada Total	Mexico Total
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·													
2013	SPP	1246	American Electric Power	U.S.	2,120,238	2,120,238	_	_	467,343	467,343	_	_	1,652,895	1,652,895	_	_
2013	SPP	1435	Arkansas Electric Cooperative Corporation (AEP)	U.S.	294,217	2,120,238	-	_	64,851	64,851	-	-	229,365	229,365	-	-
2013	SPP	1247	Board of Public Utilities (Kansas City KS)	U.S.	135,578	135,578	-	-	29,884	29,884	-	=	105,694	105,694	-	-
2013	SPP	1620	Board of Public Utilities, City of McPherson, Kansas	U.S.	53,964	53,964	=	=	11,895	11,895	=	=	42,069	42,069	=	=
2013 2013	SPP SPP	1647 1469	Carthage City Water & Light Central Valley Electric Cooperative	U.S. U.S.	18,503 48,628	18,503 48,628	-	-	4,078 10,719	4,078 10,719	-	=	14,424 37,909	14,424 37,909	-	-
2013	SPP	1556	City of Bentonville	U.S.	37,079	37,079	-	-	8,173	8,173	-	=	28,906	28,906	-	-
2013	SPP	1557	City of Clarksdale, Mississippi	U.S.	9,394	9,394	-	-	2,071	2,071	-	=	7,323	7,323	-	-
2013	SPP	1558	Hope Water & Light (HWL)	U.S.	17,185	17,185	-	-	3,788	3,788	-	-	13,397	13,397	-	-
2013	SPP	1559	City of Minden	U.S.	9,275	9,275	-	=	2,044	2,044	=	=	7,231	7,231	-	-
2013 2013	SPP SPP	1635 1636	The City of Osage City City of Prescott	U.S. U.S.	2,076 5,054	2,076 5,054	-	-	458 1,114	458 1,114	-	-	1,619 3,940	1,619 3,940	-	-
2013	SPP	1248	Independence Power & Light (Independence, MO)	U.S.	61,365	61,365	-	-	13,526	13,526	-	=	47,839	47,839	-	-
2013	SPP	1436	City Utilities of Springfield, MO	U.S.	182,456	182,456	-	-	40,217	40,217	-	=	142,239	142,239	-	-
2013	SPP	1249	Cleco Power LLC	U.S.	677,844	677,844	-	=	149,410	149,410	=	=	528,433	528,433	-	-
2013	SPP	1437	East Texas Electric Coop, Inc.	U.S.	24,065	24,065	-	-	5,304	5,304	-	=	18,761	18,761	-	-
2013 2013	SPP SPP	1250 1470	The Empire District Electric Company	U.S. U.S.	304,612 25.284	304,612	=	=	67,143	67,143 5.573	=	=	237,469 19.711	237,469 19.711	-	=
2013	SPP	1470	Farmers' Electric Coop Golden Spread Electric Coop	U.S.	25,284 330,038	25,284 330,038	-	-	5,573 72,747	5,573 72,747	-	-	19,711 257,291	19,711 257,291	-	-
2013	SPP	1251	Grand River Dam Authority	U.S.	280,124	280,124	-	-	61,745	61,745	-	-	218,379	218,379	-	-
2013	SPP	1648	Jonesboro City Water & Light	U.S.	75,635	75,635	-	-	16,671	16,671	-	-	58,963	58,963	-	-
2013	SPP	1252	Kansas City Power & Light (KCPL)	U.S.	905,570	905,570	-	-	199,606	199,606	-	-	705,964	705,964	-	-
2013	SPP SPP	1439	Kansas Electric Power Coop., Inc	U.S.	127,857	127,857	-	-	28,182	28,182	-	-	99,675	99,675	-	-
2013 2013	SPP	1440 1637	Kansas Municipal Energy Agency (KCPL) Kansas Power Pool	U.S. U.S.	23,089 88,037	23,089 88,037	-	-	5,089 19,405	5,089 19,405	-	-	18,000 68,632	18,000 68,632	-	-
2013	SPP	1560	Kaw Valley Electric Cooperative, Inc.	U.S.	9,378	9,378	-	_	2,067	2,067	-	-	7,311	7,311	-	-
2013	SPP	1649	Kennett Board of Public Works	U.S.	9,753	9,753	-	-	2,150	2,150	-	-	7,604	7,604	-	-
2013	SPP	1598	KCP&L GMOC (Greater Missouri Operations Company)	U.S.	505,602	505,602	-	-	111,445	111,445	-	-	394,157	394,157	-	-
2013	SPP	1471	Lafayette Utilities System	U.S.	120,375	120,375	-	-	26,533	26,533	-	-	93,842	93,842	-	-
2013 2013	SPP SPP	1472 1253	Lea County Electric Coop Louisiana Energy & Power Authority (LEPA)	U.S. U.S.	74,273 58,902	74,273 58,902	-	=	16,371 12,983	16,371 12,983	=	=	57,902 45,918	57,902 45,918	-	-
2013	SPP	1650	Malden Board of Public Works	U.S.	2,945	2,945	-	-	12,963	649	-	=	2,295	2,295	-	-
2013	SPP	1441	Midwest Energy Inc.	U.S.	105,891	105,891	-	-	23,340	23,340	-	=	82,550	82,550	-	-
2013	SPP	1443	Missouri Joint Municipal Electric Utility Commission	U.S.	148,662	148,662	-	=	32,768	32,768	=	=	115,894	115,894	-	-
2013	SPP	1638	Nemaha Marshall Electric Cooperative (NMEC)	U.S.	3,234	3,234	-	-	713	713	-	=	2,522	2,522	-	-
2013	SPP	1442	Northeast Texas Electric Cooperative, Inc.	U.S.	188,920	188,920	=	=	41,642	41,642	=	=	147,278	147,278	-	-
2013 2013	SPP SPP	1255 1444	Oklahoma Gas and Electric Co. Oklahoma Municipal Power Auth	U.S. U.S.	1,654,693 157,268	1,654,693 157,268	-	-	364,728 34,665	364,728 34,665	-	-	1,289,965 122,603	1,289,965 122,603	-	-
2013	SPP	1639	OzMo Ozark Missouri, West Plains MO	U.S.	12,183	12,183	-	-	2,685	2,685	-	=	9,498	9,498	-	_
2013	SPP	1651	Paragould Light, Water & Cable	U.S.	34,130	34,130	-	=	7,523	7,523	=	=	26,607	26,607	-	-
2013	SPP		Piggott Municipal Light, Water & Sewer	U.S.	2,402	2,402	-	-	529	529	-	=	1,873	1,873	-	-
2013	SPP		Poplar Bluff Municipal Utilities	U.S.	22,366	22,366	-	-	4,930	4,930	-	-	17,436	17,436	-	-
2013 2013	SPP SPP	1561 1473	Public Service Commission of Yazoo City of Mississippi Roosevelt County Electric Coop	U.S. U.S.	7,142 11,169	7,142 11,169	-	-	1,574 2,462	1,574 2,462	_	_	5,568 8,707	5,568 8,707	-	-
2013	SPP		Sikeston Board of Municipal Utilities	U.S.	23,309	23,309	-	_	5,138	5,138	-	-	18,171	18,171	-	_
2013	SPP	1257	Southwestern Public Service Co. (SPS-XCEL)	U.S.	1,162,106	1,162,106	-	-	256,152	256,152	-	-	905,954	905,954	-	-
2013	SPP		Sunflower Electric Power Cooperative	U.S.	301,553	301,553	-	-	66,468	66,468	-	-	235,085	235,085	-	-
2013	SPP	1445	Tex - La Electric Cooperative of Texas	U.S.	29,722	29,722	-	-	6,551	6,551	-	-	23,170	23,170	-	-
2013 2013	SPP SPP	1475 1260	Tri County Electric Coop Westar Energy, Inc.	U.S. U.S.	23,387 1,233,365	23,387 1,233,365	-	-	5,155 271,858	5,155 271,858	-	-	18,232 961,506	18,232 961,506	-	-
2013	SPP	1259	Western Farmers Electric Cooperative	U.S.	492,543	492,543	-	-	108,566	108,566	-	= =	383,977	383.977	-	-
2013	SPP	1501	West Texas Municipal Power Agency	U.S.	165,337	165,337	<del>-</del>		36,444	36,444	<del>-</del>	=	128,893	128,893	<u> </u>	<del>-</del>
			TOTAL SPP		12,417,776	12,417,776	-	-	2,737,128	2,737,128	-		9,680,648	9,680,648	-	
2011	TOT	4040	FROOT	11.5	44 702 505	44 702 50-			-	4 202 47 :			40 500 445	40 500 455		
2011	TRE	1019	EKCUI	U.S.	14,703,597 14,703,597	14,703,597 14,703,597	-		4,203,151 4,203,151	4,203,151 4,203,151	-		10,500,446	10,500,446 10,500,446		
				•	,. 05,551	,. 00,007			1,203,131	.,=03,131				,500,110		

				ſ	Total FRC	Assessments (N	IERC, RE & WIRA	.B Costs)		otal NERC Asse	ssments		Total Regio	nal Entity Assessme		g WIRAB
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Data	Regional															
Year	Entity	ID	Entity	Country	Total	US Total	Canada Total	Mexico Total	Total	US Total	Canada Total	Mexico Total	Total	US Total	Canada Total	Mexico Total
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2013	WECC		Alberta Electric System Operator	Canada	1,460,515	-	1,460,515	-	511,339	=	511,339	-	949,176	-	949,176	-
2013	WECC		British Columbia Hydro & Power Authority	Canada	2,609,092	-	2,609,092	-	762,637	-	762,637	-	1,846,455	-	1,846,455	-
2013			Comision Federal de Electricidad	Mexico	513,594	4.256	-	513,594	150,123	-	-	150,123	363,471	-	-	363,471
2013 2013			Aguila Irrigation District - APS Aha Macav Power Service	U.S. U.S.	1,356 1,106	1,356 1,106	-	-	392 319	392 319	-	-	964 786	964 786	-	-
2013	WECC		Ajo Improvement District	U.S.	601	601	-	_	174	174	-	-	427	427	-	-
2013	WECC		Ak-Chin	U.S.	1,696	1,696	-	-	490	490	-	-	1,206	1,206	-	-
2013			Alcoa Inc	U.S.	151,236	151,236	-	-	43,689	43,689	-	-	107,547	107,547	-	-
2013			Arizona Public Service Company	U.S.	1,303,476	1,303,476	-	-	376,545	376,545	-	-	926,930	926,930	-	-
2013 2013	WECC		Arkansas River Power Authority (ARPA) Avista Corporation	U.S. U.S.	10,284 2,593	10,284 2,593	-	-	2,971 749	2,971 749	-	-	7,313 1,844	7,313 1,844	-	=
2013			Avista Corporation	U.S.	418,810	418,810	-	-	120,985	120,985	-	-	297,825	297,825	-	-
2013			Barrick Goldstrike Mines Inc.	U.S.	51,603	51,603	-	-	14,907	14,907	-	-	36,696	36,696	-	-
2013			Basin Electric Power Cooperative	U.S.	2,604	2,604	=	=	752	752	-	=	1,852	1,852	-	=
2013			Basin Electric Power Cooperative	U.S.	133,685	133,685	-	-	38,619	38,619	-	-	95,066	95,066	-	-
2013 2013	WECC		Benton REA	U.S. U.S.	24,122	24,122	-	-	6,968	6,968	-	-	17,153	17,153	-	-
2013			Big Bend Electric Cooperative, Inc. Big Bend Electric Cooperative, Inc.	U.S. U.S.	6,102 15,777	6,102 15,777	-	-	1,763 4,558	1,763 4,558	-	-	4,339 11,219	4,339 11,219	-	-
2013			Blachly-Lane Electric Cooperative	U.S.	7,599	7,599	-	-	2,195	2,195	-	-	5,404	5,404	-	-
2013			Black Hills Power	U.S.	84,274	84,274	=	-	24,345	24,345	-	=	59,929	59,929	-	=
2013	WECC		Black Hills Power/Cheyenne Light Fuel & Power	U.S.	129,178	129,178	-	-	37,317	37,317	-	=	91,861	91,861	-	-
2013			Black Hills State University South Dakota	U.S.	864	864	-	-	249	249	-	-	614	614	-	-
2013			Bonneville Power Administration	U.S.	298	298	-	-	86	86	-	-	212	212	-	-
2013 2013			Bonneville Power Administration	U.S. U.S.	591 34,077	591 34,077	=	=	171 9,844	171 9,844	=	=	420 24,233	420 24,233	-	=
2013	WECC		Bonneville Power Administration Bonneville Power Administration	U.S.	81,545	81,545	-	-	23,557	23,557	-	=	57,989	57,989	-	-
2013			Bonneville Power Administration	U.S.	167,710	167,710	-	-	48,448	48,448	-	-	119,262	119,262	-	-
2013	WECC		BPA - Big Bend/Schrag Load	U.S.	1,633	1,633	-	-	472	472	-	-	1,161	1,161	-	-
2013			BPA - Kittitas Load	U.S.	323	323	-	-	93	93	-	-	229	229	-	-
2013			BPA - USBR Load	U.S.	5,764	5,764	Ξ	=	1,665	1,665	=	Ē	4,099	4,099	-	=
2013	WECC		Buckeye Water Conservation and Drainage District - APS	U.S.	867	867	=	=	250	250	=	=	616	616	-	=
2013 2013			Bureau of Reclamation (Desalter) - c/o DSW EMMO Bureau of Reclamation (Wellfield) - c/o DSW EMMO	U.S. U.S.	33 284	33 284	-	-	10 82	10 82	-	-	24 202	24 202	-	-
2013			Burlington	U.S.	1,606	1,606	-	-	464	464	-	-	1,142	1,142	-	-
2013	WECC		California Independent System Operator	U.S.	10,160,939	10,160,939	-	-	2,935,271	2,935,271	-	-	7,225,668	7,225,668	-	-
2013	WECC		Canby Public Utility Board	U.S.	7,923	7,923	-	-	2,289	2,289	-	-	5,634	5,634	-	-
2013			Central Arizona Water Conservation District	U.S.	115,128	115,128	Ξ	=	33,258	33,258	=	Ē	81,870	81,870	-	=
2013			Central Electric Cooperative Central Lincoln PUD	U.S.	26,638	26,638	=	=	7,695	7,695	=	=	18,943	18,943	-	=
2013 2013	WECC		Central Montana Electric Power Cooperative	U.S. U.S.	59,070 2,791	59,070 2,791	-	-	17,064 806	17,064 806	-	-	42,006 1,984	42,006 1,984	-	-
2013			Central Montana Electric Power Cooperative	U.S.	13,900	13,900	-	-	4,015	4,015	-	-	9,885	9,885	-	-
2013	WECC		City of Aztec Electric Dept	U.S.	1,738	1,738	-	-	502	502	-	-	1,236	1,236	-	-
2013			City of Bandon	U.S.	2,946	2,946	-	-	851	851	-	-	2,095	2,095	-	-
2013			City of Blaine	U.S.	3,422	3,422	-	-	989	989	-	-	2,433	2,433	-	-
2013 2013	WECC		City of Bonners Ferry City of Cascade Locks	U.S. U.S.	3,171 859	3,171 859	-	-	916 248	916 248	-	-	2,255 611	2,255 611	-	=
2013			City of Cascade Locks  City of Centralia	U.S.	11,834	11,834	-	-	3,419	3,419	-	=	8,415	8,415	-	-
2013			City of Cheney	U.S.	6,532	6,532	=	-	1,887	1,887	-	=	4,645	4,645	-	=
2013	WECC		City of Chewelah	U.S.	1,041	1,041	-	-	301	301	-	-	740	740	-	-
2013	WECC		City of Drain	U.S.	737	737	=	-	213	213	-	-	524	524	-	-
2013			City of Ellensburg	U.S.	9,085	9,085	-	-	2,625	2,625	-	-	6,461	6,461	-	-
2013 2013			City of Fallon City of Farmington	U.S. U.S.	1,631 44.844	1,631 44.844	-	-	471 12.954	471 12.954	-	-	1,160 31.889	1,160 31.889	-	-
2013			City of Farmington City of Forest Grove	U.S. U.S.	44,844 11,215	44,844 11,215	-	-	12,954 3,240	12,954 3,240	-	-	31,889 7,975	31,889 7,975	-	-
2013	WECC		City of Gallup	U.S.	8,304	8,304	-	-	2,399	2,399	-	-	5,905	5,905	-	-
2013	WECC		City of Henderson	U.S.	1,873	1,873	-	-	541	541	-	-	1,332	1,332	-	-
2013	WECC		City of Hermiston, DBA Hermiston Energy Services	U.S.	4,861	4,861	-	-	1,404	1,404	-	-	3,457	3,457	-	-
2013	WECC		City of Las Vegas	U.S.	1,829	1,829	-	-	528	528	-	-	1,301	1,301	-	-

					Total EPO	Assessments (A	IERC, RE & WIRAE	R Costs)	T	otal NERC Asse	cemonte		Total Regiona	I Entity Assessmen		VIRAB
					TOTALERO	Assessments (N	ILIC, IL & WIRAL	Costs)		otal NERC Asse	ssilients			Assessments		
Data	Regional															
Year	Entity	ID	Entity	Country	Total	US Total	Canada Total	Mexico Total	Total	US Total	Canada Total	Mexico Total	Total	US Total Ca	nada Total M	/lexico Total
2013	WECC		City of McCleary	U.S.	1,374	1,374	Ē	ē	397	397	=	Ξ	977	977	Ē	E
2013 2013	WECC		City of McMinnville City of Mesa	U.S. U.S.	33,699 11,440	33,699 11,440	-	-	9,735 3,305	9,735 3,305	-	-	23,964 8,135	23,964 8,135	-	-
2013	WECC		City of Milton	U.S.	2,647	2,647	=	-	765	765	-	-	1,883	1,883	-	-
2013 2013	WECC		City of Milton-Freewater	U.S. U.S.	4,964 3,255	4,964	-	-	1,434 940	1,434 940	-	-	3,530	3,530	-	-
2013	WECC		City of Monmouth City of Needles	U.S. U.S.	3,255 1,355	3,255 1,355	-	-	940 392	940 392	-	-	2,315 964	2,315 964	-	-
2013	WECC		City of North Las Vegas	U.S.	203	203	-	-	59	59	-	-	144	144	-	-
2013	WECC		City of Page	U.S.	4,034	4,034	=	-	1,165	1,165	-	=	2,869	2,869	=	-
2013 2013	WECC		City of Plummer City of Port Angeles	U.S. U.S.	1,574 32,027	1,574 32,027	-	-	455 9,252	455 9,252	-	-	1,119 22,775	1,119 22,775	-	-
2013	WECC		City of Redding	U.S.	34,979	34,979	=	-	10,105	10,105	-	=	24,874	24,874	-	-
2013	WECC		City of Richland	U.S.	39,119	39,119	-	-	11,301	11,301	-	-	27,819	27,819	-	-
2013 2013	WECC		City of Roseville City of Shasta Lake	U.S. U.S.	54,014 8,449	54,014 8,449	=	-	15,603 2,441	15,603 2,441	-	=	38,410 6,008	38,410 6,008	-	-
2013	WECC		City of Sumas	U.S.	1,356	1,356	-	-	392	392	-	-	965	965	-	-
2013	WECC		City of Tacoma DBA Tacoma Power	U.S.	14	14	-	-	4	4	-	-	10	10	-	-
2013	WECC		City of Tacoma DBA Tacoma Power	U.S.	219,122	219,122	=	-	63,299	63,299	-	=	155,822	155,822	=	-
2013 2013	WECC		City of Troy City of Williams	U.S. U.S.	768 1,712	768 1,712	=	-	222 495	222 495	-	=	546 1,218	546 1,218	-	-
2013	WECC		Clark County Water Resources	U.S.	3,387	3,387	-	-	978	978	-	-	2,408	2,408	-	-
2013	WECC		Clark Public Utilities	U.S.	196,257	196,257	-	-	56,694	56,694	-	-	139,563	139,563	-	-
2013	WECC		Clatskanie PUD	U.S.	41,251	41,251	-	-	11,916	11,916	-	-	29,334	29,334	-	-
2013 2013	WECC		Clearwater Cooperative, Inc Clearwater Cooperative, Inc	U.S. U.S.	1,748 7.466	1,748 7.466	-	-	505 2,157	505 2,157	-	-	1,243 5.309	1,243 5.309	-	-
2013	WECC		Colorado River Commission of Nevada	U.S.	38,152	38,152	=	-	11,021	11,021	-	=	27,131	27,131	-	-
2013	WECC		Colorado Springs Utilities	U.S.	2,675	2,675	-	-	773	773	-	-	1,902	1,902	-	-
2013	WECC		Colorado Springs Utilities	U.S.	203,906	203,906	-	-	58,904	58,904	-	-	145,002	145,002	-	-
2013 2013	WECC		Columbia Basin Electric Cooperative, Inc. Columbia Falls Aluminum Company	U.S. U.S.	4,958 200	4,958 200	-	-	1,432 58	1,432 58	-	-	3,526 142	3,526 142	-	-
2013	WECC		Columbia Power Cooperative Association	U.S.	979	979	-	-	283	283	-	=	696	696	-	-
2013	WECC		Columbia River PUD	U.S.	7,493	7,493	=	-	2,164	2,164	-	=	5,328	5,328	=	-
2013 2013	WECC		Columbia River PUD Columbia Rural Electric Association (REA)	U.S. U.S.	13,610 14,575	13,610 14,575	=	-	3,932 4,210	3,932 4,210	-	=	9,679 10,364	9,679 10,364	-	-
2013	WECC		Consolidated Irrigation District No. 19	U.S.	272	272	-	-	79	79	-	-	194	194	-	-
2013	WECC		Consumers Power, Inc.	U.S.	18,848	18,848	=	-	5,445	5,445	-	=	13,403	13,403	-	-
2013	WECC		Coos-Curry Electric Cooperative, Inc	U.S.	15,539	15,539	-	-	4,489	4,489	-	-	11,050	11,050	-	-
2013 2013	WECC		Deseret Generation & Transmission Cooperative Douglas Electric Cooperative, Inc.	U.S. U.S.	6,323 4,209	6,323 4,209	-	-	1,827 1,216	1,827 1,216	-	-	4,496 2,993	4,496 2,993	-	-
2013	WECC		Douglas Palisades / PUD No. 1 of DC	U.S.	844	844	-	-	244	244	-	-	600	600	=	-
2013	WECC		El Paso Electric Company	U.S.	365,354	365,354	-	-	105,543	105,543	-	-	259,811	259,811	-	-
2013 2013	WECC		Electrical District #2 Electrical District #2 - Coolidge Generating Station	U.S. U.S.	7,856 402	7,856 402	=	-	2,270 116	2,270 116	-	=	5,587 286	5,587 286	-	-
2013	WECC		Electrical District No. 6 of Pinal County - APS	U.S.	109	109	-	-	31	31	-	-	78	78	-	-
2013	WECC		Electrical District No. 7 of Maricopa County - APS	U.S.	2,058	2,058	-	-	595	595	-	-	1,463	1,463	-	-
2013	WECC		Electrical District No. 8 of Maricopa County - APS	U.S.	12,110	12,110	-	-	3,498	3,498	-	-	8,612	8,612	-	-
2013 2013	WECC		Electrical Districts 1 & 3 Elmhurst Mutual Power & Light Company	U.S. U.S.	25,321 12,234	25,321 12,234	-	-	7,315 3,534	7,315 3,534	-	-	18,006 8,700	18,006 8,700	-	-
2013	WECC		Emerald PUD	U.S.	22,676	22,676	-	-	6,551	6,551	-	-	16,125	16,125	=	-
2013	WECC		Energy Northwest	U.S.	1,599	1,599	-	-	462	462	-	-	1,137	1,137	-	-
2013	WECC		Eugene Water & Electric Board	U.S.	109,116	109,116	-	-	31,521	31,521	-	-	77,595	77,595	-	-
2013 2013	WECC		Fall River Rural Electric Cooperative, Inc. Flathead Electric Cooperative, Inc	U.S. U.S.	1 66,192	1 66,192	-	-	0 19,121	0 19,121	-	-	1 47,070	1 47,070	-	-
2013	WECC		Frederickson Power LP	U.S.	150	150	-	-	43	43	-	-	107	107	-	-
2013	WECC		Grand Valley Power	U.S.	10,747	10,747	=	=	3,105	3,105	-	Ξ	7,642	7,642	=	-
2013 2013	WECC		Harney Electric Cooperative, Inc. Harney Electric Cooperative, Inc.	U.S. U.S.	3,965 4,319	3,965 4,319	-	-	1,146 1,248	1,146 1,248	-	-	2,820 3,071	2,820 3,071	-	-
2013	WECC		Harquahala Valley Power Districts - APS	U.S.	3,467	3,467	-	-	1,002	1,002	-	-	2,466	2,466	-	-
2013	WECC		Hermiston Power LLC	U.S.	85	85	=	-	25	25	-	-	61	61	-	-
2013	WECC		Holy Cross Energy	U.S.	53,298	53,298	=	-	15,397	15,397	-	-	37,901	37,901	-	-
2013	WECC		Hood River Electric Cooperative	U.S.	1,928	1,928	-	-	557	557	-	-	1,371	1,371	-	-

				Ţ	Total ERC	Assessments (N	IERC, RE & WIRA	AB Costs)	1	otal NERC Asse	ssments		Total Regio	nal Entity Assessr Assessme		g WIRAB
Data	Regional															
Year	Entity	ID	Entity	Country	Total	US Total	Canada Total	Mexico Total	Total	US Total	Canada Total	Mexico Total	Total	US Total	Canada Total	Mexico Total
2013	WECC		Idaho County Light and Power Cooperative Association, Inc.	U.S.	2,594	2,594	=	-	749	749	-	=	1,845	1,845	-	-
2013 2013	WECC		Idaho Power Company Imperial Irrigation District	U.S. U.S.	714,630 160,131	714,630 160,131	-	-	206,441 46,258	206,441 46,258	-	-	508,189 113,872	508,189 113,872	-	-
2013	WECC		Inland Power and Light Company	U.S.	20,898	20,898	=	-	6,037	6,037	-	-	14,861	14,861	-	-
2013	WECC		Inland Power and Light Company	U.S.	21,857	21,857	=	-	6,314	6,314	-	-	15,543	15,543	-	-
2013 2013	WECC		Intermountain Rural Electric Association Kaiser Aluminum Fabricated Products LLC	U.S. U.S.	94,197 13,624	94,197 13,624	-	-	27,212 3,936	27,212 3,936	-	=	66,986 9,689	66,986 9,689	-	-
2013	WECC		Kootenai Electric Cooperative, Inc.	U.S.	20,536	20,536	-	-	5,932	5,932	-	= =	14,603	14,603	-	-
2013	WECC		Lakeview Light & Power	U.S.	11,994	11,994	-	-	3,465	3,465	-	-	8,529	8,529	-	-
2013	WECC		Lane Electric Cooperative, Inc.	U.S.	10,073	10,073	=	-	2,910	2,910	-	-	7,163	7,163	-	-
2013 2013	WECC		Las Vegas Valley Water District Lincoln Electric Cooperative, Inc.	U.S. U.S.	4,086 5,180	4,086 5,180	-	-	1,180 1,496	1,180 1,496	-	=	2,906 3,684	2,906 3,684	-	-
2013	WECC		Los Angeles Department of Water and Power	U.S.	1,262,408	1,262,408	-	-	364,682	364,682	-	= =	897,726	897,726	-	-
2013	WECC		Lost River Electric Cooperative, Inc.	U.S.	1	1	-	-	0	0	-	-	1	1	-	-
2013	WECC		Lower Valley Energy, Inc.	U.S.	4	4	-	-	1	1	-	-	3	3	-	-
2013	WECC		Maricopa County Municipal Water Conservation Dist No. 1 - APS	U.S.	2,290	2,290	-	-	662	662	-	-	1,629	1,629	-	-
2013 2013	WECC		McMullen Valley Water Conservation & Drainage District - APS  Merced Irrigation District	U.S. U.S.	3,056 20,570	3,056 20,570	-	-	883 5,942	883 5,942	-	-	2,173 14,628	2,173 14,628	-	-
2013	WECC		Midstate Electric Cooperative, Inc.	U.S.	18,113	18,113	-	-	5,233	5,233	_	-	12,881	12,881	-	_
2013	WECC		Mission Valley Power	U.S.	18,085	18,085	-	-	5,224	5,224	-	=	12,860	12,860	-	-
2013	WECC		Modern Electric Water Company	U.S.	10,269	10,269	-	-	2,966	2,966	-	=	7,302	7,302	-	=
2013 2013	WECC		Modesto Irrigation District  Montana-Dakota Utilities Co.	U.S. U.S.	112,728 896	112,728 896	-	=	32,565 259	32,565 259	-	=	80,163 637	80,163 637	-	=
2013	WECC		Mt. Wheeler Power	U.S.	24,525	24,525	-	-	7,085	7,085	-	=	17,440	17,440	-	-
2013	WECC		Municipal Energy Agency of Nebraska	U.S.	8,732	8,732	-	-	2,522	2,522	-	-	6,209	6,209	-	-
2013	WECC		Municipal Energy Agency of Nebraska	U.S.	29,274	29,274	-	-	8,457	8,457	-	-	20,818	20,818	-	-
2013	WECC		Navajo Agricultural Products Industry (NAPI)	U.S.	48	48	-	-	14	14	-	-	34	34	-	-
2013 2013	WECC		Navajo Tribal Utility Authority  Navajo Tribal Utility Authority	U.S. U.S.	2,378 12,512	2,378 12,512	-	-	687 3,614	687 3,614	-	-	1,691 8,898	1,691 8,898	-	-
2013	WECC		Navopache Electric Cooperative, Inc.	U.S.	16,210	16,210	-	-	4,683	4,683	-	=	11,527	11,527	-	-
2013	WECC		Nebraska Public Power Marketing	U.S.	255	255	=	-	74	74	-	-	182	182	-	-
2013	WECC		Nespelem Valley Electric Cooperative, Inc.	U.S.	2,555	2,555	-	-	738	738	-	-	1,817	1,817	-	-
2013 2013	WECC		Nevada Power Company dba NV Energy Noble Americas Energy Solutions, LLC	U.S. U.S.	1,162,747 73,190	1,162,747 73,190	-	-	335,892 21,143	335,892 21,143	-	-	826,855 52,047	826,855 52,047	-	-
2013	WECC		Northern Lights, Inc.	U.S.	1,594	1,594	-	-	460	460	-	-	1,133	1,133	-	-
2013	WECC		Northern Lights, Inc.	U.S.	11,491	11,491	-	-	3,319	3,319	-	-	8,171	8,171	-	-
2013	WECC		Northern Wasco County PUD	U.S.	24,338	24,338	-	-	7,031	7,031	-	-	17,307	17,307	-	-
2013 2013	WECC		NorthWestern Corp. dba NorthWestern Energy, LLC NorthWestern Corp. dba NorthWestern Energy, LLC	U.S. U.S.	10,550 400,935	10,550 400,935	-	-	3,048 115,821	3,048 115,821	-	=	7,502 285,113	7,502 285,113	-	-
2013	WECC		Ohop Mutual Light Company	U.S.	3,796	3,796	-	-	1,097	1,097	-	= =	2,700	2,700	-	-
2013	WECC		Orcas Power and Light Cooperative	U.S.	9,530	9,530	-	-	2,753	2,753	-	-	6,777	6,777	-	-
2013	WECC		Oregon Trail Electric Consumers Cooperative, Inc.	U.S.	15,490	15,490	-	-	4,475	4,475	-	-	11,015	11,015	-	-
2013 2013	WECC		Overton Power District No. 5 PacifiCorp	U.S.	16,668 82	16,668 82	=	-	4,815 24	4,815 24	-	-	11,853 58	11,853 58	-	-
2013	WECC		PacifiCorp	U.S. U.S.	82 94	82 94	-	-	24 27	24 27	-	-	58 67	58 67	-	-
2013	WECC		PacifiCorp	U.S.	3,079	3,079	-	-	889	889	-	-	2,190	2,190	-	=
2013	WECC		PacifiCorp	U.S.	5,085	5,085	-	-	1,469	1,469	-	=	3,616	3,616	-	-
2013	WECC		PacifiCorp	U.S.	2,212,492	2,212,492	-	-	639,140	639,140	-	=	1,573,352	1,573,352	-	=
2013 2013	WECC		PacifiCorp West (PACW) Parkland Light and Water Company	U.S. U.S.	933,125 5,349	933,125 5,349	-	-	269,559 1,545	269,559 1,545	-	-	663,566 3,804	663,566 3,804	-	-
2013	WECC		Pend Oreille County PUD No. 1	U.S.	44,456	44,456	-	-	12,842	12,842	-	-	31,613	31,613	-	-
2013	WECC		Peninsula Light Company, Inc.	U.S.	26,598	26,598	-	-	7,684	7,684	-	-	18,915	18,915	-	-
2013	WECC		Platte River Power Authority	U.S.	141,895	141,895	-	-	40,990	40,990	-	=	100,905	100,905	=	=
2013	WECC		Port of Seattle - Seattle-Tacoma International Airport Port Townsend Paper Corporation	U.S. U.S.	6,175	6,175 7,292	-	-	1,784 2,106	1,784	-	-	4,391 5 185	4,391 5 185	-	-
2013 2013	WECC		Port Townsend Paper Corporation Portland General Electric Company	U.S.	7,292 813,463	7,292 813,463	-	-	2,106	2,106 234,991	-	-	5,185 578,471	5,185 578,471	-	-
2013	WECC		Public Service Company of Colorado (Xcel)	U.S.	1,557	1,557	-	-	450	450	-	-	1,107	1,107	-	-
2013	WECC		Public Service Company of Colorado (Xcel)	U.S.	1,160,561	1,160,561	-	-	335,260	335,260	-	-	825,300	825,300	-	-
2013	WECC		Public Service Company of New Mexico	U.S.	471,761	471,761	-	-	136,281	136,281	-	-	335,480	335,480	-	-
2013 2013	WECC		Public Utility District No. 1 of Chelan County PUD No. 1 of Asotin County	U.S. U.S.	176,048 13	176,048 13	-	-	50,856 4	50,856 4	-	-	125,192 9	125,192 9	-	-
2013				0.5.	13	13			4	7			,	3		

				[	Total FR	O Assessments (N	NERC. RE & WIR	AB Costs)		Total NERC Asse	essments		Total Regio	onal Entity Assessr		ng WIRAB
					10101211	713353311161115 (1	TENO, NE Q TIN	l costs)			- Some me			7.555551110		
Data	Regional															
Year	Entity	ID	Entity	Country	Total	US Total	Canada Tota	l Mexico Total	Total	US Total	Canada Total	Mexico Total	Total	US Total	Canada Total	Mexico Total
2013	WECC		PUD No. 1 of Asotin County	U.S.	218	218	-	-	63	63	-	=	155	155	-	-
2013 2013	WECC		PUD No. 1 of Benton County PUD No. 1 of Clallam County	U.S. U.S.	77,561 29,759	77,561 29,759	-	-	22,406 8,597	22,406 8,597	-	=	55,155 21,162	55,155 21,162	-	-
2013	WECC		PUD No. 1 of Cowlitz County	U.S.	29,739	29,739	-	-	66,298	66,298	-	-	163,204	163,204	-	-
2013	WECC		PUD No. 1 of Douglas County	U.S.	390	390	-	-	113	113	-	-	278	278	-	-
2013	WECC		PUD No. 1 of Douglas County	U.S.	65,016	65,016	-	-	18,782	18,782	-	-	46,234	46,234	-	-
2013 2013	WECC		PUD No. 1 of Ferry County PUD No. 1 of Franklin County	U.S. U.S.	4,769 46,594	4,769 46,594	-	=	1,378 13,460	1,378 13,460	-	-	3,391 33,134	3,391 33,134	-	-
2013	WECC		PUD No. 1 of Grays Harbor	U.S.	51,888	51,888	-	-	14,989	14,989	-	-	36,898	36,898	-	=
2013	WECC		PUD No. 1 of Jefferson County	U.S.	10,775	10,775	-	-	3,113	3,113	-	-	7,662	7,662	-	-
2013	WECC		PUD No. 1 of Kittitas County	U.S.	718	718	-	-	207	207	-	-	510	510	-	-
2013	WECC		PUD No. 1 of Kittitas County PUD No. 1 of Klickitat County	U.S.	3,311	3,311	-	-	956	956	-	-	2,354	2,354	-	-
2013 2013	WECC		PUD No. 1 of Lewis County PUD No. 1 of Lewis County	U.S. U.S.	13,151 41,039	13,151 41,039	-	-	3,799 11,855	3,799 11,855	-	-	9,352 29,184	9,352 29,184	-	-
2013	WECC		PUD No. 1 of Mason County	U.S.	3,427	3,427	-	-	990	990	-	-	2,437	2,437	-	-
2013	WECC		PUD No. 1 of Skamania County	U.S.	5,892	5,892	-	=	1,702	1,702	-	-	4,190	4,190	-	=
2013	WECC		PUD No. 1 of Snohomish County	U.S.	298,439	298,439	-	=	86,213	86,213	-	=	212,227	212,227	-	=
2013 2013	WECC		PUD No. 1 of Wahkiakum County PUD No. 1 of Whatcom County	U.S. U.S.	1,928 218	1,928 218	-	-	557 63	557 63	-	-	1,371 155	1,371 155	-	-
2013	WECC		PUD No. 1 of Whatcom County	U.S.	9,809	9,809	-	-	2,834	2,834	_	-	6,975	6,975	-	-
2013	WECC		PUD No. 2 of Grant County	U.S.	2,184	2,184	-	-	631	631	-	-	1,553	1,553	-	-
2013	WECC		PUD No. 2 of Grant County	U.S.	4,097	4,097	-	-	1,183	1,183	-	-	2,913	2,913	-	-
2013 2013	WECC		PUD No. 2 of Grant County	U.S. U.S.	167,895 13,358	167,895 13,358	-	-	48,501 3,859	48,501 3,859	-	-	119,394	119,394	-	-
2013	WECC		PUD No. 2 of Pacific County PUD No. 3 of Mason County	U.S.	30,560	30,560	-	-	8,828	8,828	-	-	9,499 21,732	9,499 21,732	-	=
2013	WECC		Puget Sound Energy, Inc.	U.S.	1,068,728	1,068,728	-	-	308,732	308,732	-	-	759,996	759,996	-	-
2013	WECC		Raft River Electric Cooperative	U.S.	2	2	-	-	1	1	-	-	1	1	-	-
2013	WECC		Raton Public Service	U.S.	2,262	2,262	-	-	654	654	-	-	1,609	1,609	-	-
2013 2013	WECC		Roosevelt Irrigation District - APS Sacramento Municipal Utility District	U.S. U.S.	1,655 490.975	1,655 490,975	-	-	478 141,832	478 141.832	-	-	1,177 349.143	1,177 349.143	-	-
2013	WECC		Salem Electric	U.S.	14,483	14,483	-	-	4,184	4,184	-	-	10,299	10,299	-	-
2013	WECC		Salt River Project	U.S.	1,264,385	1,264,385	-	=	365,253	365,253	-	-	899,132	899,132	-	=
2013	WECC		San Carlos Indian Irrigation Project	U.S.	0	0	-	=	0	0	-	=	0	0	-	=
2013 2013	WECC		Seattle City Light Sierra Pacific Power Company dba NV Energy	U.S. U.S.	438,902 486,142	438,902 486,142	-	=	126,789 140,436	126,789 140,436	-	=	312,113 345,706	312,113 345,706	-	=
2013	WECC		Silver State Energy - c/o Colorado River Commission of Nevada	U.S.	22,526	22,526	-	_	6,507	6,507	-	-	16,019	16.019	-	-
2013	WECC		Southern Montana Electric Generation & Transmission	U.S.	22,851	22,851	-	-	6,601	6,601	-	-	16,250	16,250	-	-
2013	WECC		Southern Nevada Water Authority	U.S.	5,176	5,176	-	-	1,495	1,495	-	-	3,681	3,681	-	-
2013	WECC		Southwest Transmission Cooperative, Inc. Springfield Utility Board	U.S.	88,001 37,943	88,001	-	-	25,422 10,961	25,422	-	-	62,580	62,580	-	-
2013 2013	WECC		Surprise Valley Electrification Corporation	U.S. U.S.	1,671	37,943 1,671	-	-	10,961	10,961 483	-	-	26,982 1,189	26,982 1,189	-	-
2013	WECC		Tanner Electric Cooperative	U.S.	4,335	4,335	-	-	1,252	1,252	-	-	3,082	3,082	-	=
2013	WECC		The Incorporated County of Los Alamos	U.S.	15,923	15,923	-	-	4,600	4,600	-	-	11,323	11,323	-	-
2013	WECC		Tillamook People's Utility District	U.S.	16,422	16,422	-	-	4,744	4,744 848	-	-	11,678	11,678	-	-
2013 2013	WECC		Tohono O'Odham Utility Authority Tonopah Irrigation District - APS	U.S. U.S.	2,935 993	2,935 993	-	-	848 287	848 287	-	-	2,087 706	2,087 706	-	-
2013	WECC		Town of Center	U.S.	915	915	-	-	264	264	-	-	651	651	-	=
2013	WECC		Town of Coulee	U.S.	762	762	-	=	220	220	-	-	542	542	-	=
2013	WECC		Town of Eatonville	U.S.	1,228	1,228	-	-	355	355	-	-	873	873	-	-
2013 2013	WECC		Town of Fredonia Town of Steilacoom	U.S. U.S.	479 1,808	479 1,808	-	-	138 522	138 522	-	-	341 1,285	341 1,285	-	-
2013	WECC		Town of Vickenburg	U.S.	1,162	1,162	_	_	336	336	-	-	826	826	-	-
2013	WECC		Tri-State Generation & Transmission Assoc. Inc - Reliability	U.S.	90,197	90,197	-	-	26,056	26,056	-	=	64,141	64,141	-	-
2013	WECC		Tri-State Generation & Transmission Assoc. Inc - Reliability	U.S.	324,496	324,496	=	=	93,740	93,740	-	=	230,756	230,756	=	=
2013 2013	WECC		Tri-State Generation & Transmission Association, Inc. Truckee Donner Public Utility District	U.S. U.S.	115,584 6,747	115,584 6,747	-	-	33,390 1,949	33,390 1,949	-	-	82,194 4,798	82,194 4,798	=	-
2013	WECC		Tucson Electric Power Company	U.S.	659,749	659,749	-	-	1,949	1,949	-	-	4,798 469,162	4,798	-	-
2013	WECC		Turlock Irrigation District	U.S.	93,381	93,381	-	-	26,976	26,976	-	-	66,406	66,406	-	-
2013	WECC		U.S. Army Yuma Proving Ground	U.S.	714	714	-	-	206	206	-	-	508	508	-	-
2013	WECC		U.S. BOR Columbia Basin	U.S.	1,459	1,459	=	-	421	421	-	=	1,037	1,037	-	-
2013	WECC		U.S. BOR East Greenacres (Rathdrum)	U.S.	183	183	-	-	53	53	-	-	130	130	-	-

					Total FRC	) Assessments (I	NERC, RE & WIRA	B Costs)	т	otal NERC Asse	ssments		Total Region	al Entity Assess		ng WIRAB
					Total Enc	, (1	TENO, NE OL WINA	2 55563		CLUT HEIRE ASSE				nascasiiii		
Data	Regional															
Year	Entity	ID	Entity	Country	Total	US Total	Canada Total	Mexico Total	Total	US Total	Canada Total	Mexico Total	Total	US Total	Canada Total	Mexico Total
2013	WECC		U.S. Bor Spokane Indian Development`	U.S. U.S.	137 802	137 802	-	-	40 232	40 232	-	-	98 570	98 570	-	-
2013 2013	WECC		U.S. BOR The Dalles Project		211	211	-	-	61	61	-	-	150	150	-	-
			U.S. DOE National Energy Technology Laboratory	U.S.	49,858		=	-		14,403	=	=			-	=
2013 2013	WECC		Umatilla Electric Cooperative Association Unit B Irrigation District	U.S. U.S.	49,000	49,858 1	=	-	14,403 0	14,403	=	=	35,455 1	35,455 1	-	=
2013	WECC		US Air Force Base, Fairchild	U.S.	2,145	2,145	-	-	620	620	-	-	1,526	1,526	-	-
2013	WECC		US Dept of Energy - Kirtland AFB	U.S.	17,965	17,965		_	5,190	5,190			12,775	12,775		
2013	WECC		USDOE Richland	U.S.	8,207	8,207	_	_	2,371	2,371	_	_	5,836	5,836	_	_
2013	WECC		USN Naval Station, Bremerton	U.S.	10,963	10,963	_	_	3,167	3,167	_	_	7,796	7,796	_	_
2013	WECC		USN Naval Station, Everett	U.S.	477	477		_	138	138			339	339		
2013	WECC		USN Submarine Base, Bangor	U.S.	7,447	7,447	_	_	2,151	2,151	_	_	5,296	5,296	_	_
2013	WECC		Vera Water and Power	U.S.	10,273	10,273	_	_	2,968	2,968	_	_	7,305	7,305	_	_
2013	WECC		Vigilante Electric Cooperative, Inc.	U.S.	695	695	_	_	201	201	_	_	494	494	_	_
2013	WECC		Wasco Electric Cooperative	U.S.	4,243	4.243	_	_	1,226	1,226	_	_	3,017	3.017	_	_
2013	WECC		Wells Rural Electric Cooperative	U.S.	29,409	29,409	_	_	8,495	8,495	_	_	20,913	20,913	_	_
2013	WECC		Wellton-Mohawk Irrigation & Drainage District	U.S.	18	18	_	_	5	5	_	_	12	12	_	_
2013	WECC		West Oregon Electric Cooperative, Inc.	U.S.	562	562	_	_	162	162	_	_	400	400	_	_
2013	WECC		West Oregon Electric Cooperative, Inc.	U.S.	2,468	2,468	_	_	713	713	_	_	1,755	1,755	_	_
2013	WECC		Western Area Power - Loveland, CO	U.S.	15,926	15,926	_	_	4,601	4,601	_	_	11,326	11,326	_	_
2013	WECC		Western Area Power - Loveland, CO	U.S.	89,857	89,857	-	_	25,958	25,958	_	_	63,899	63,899	_	-
2013	WECC		Western Area Power Administration - CRSP	U.S.	89,812	89,812	_	_	25,945	25,945	_	_	63,868	63,868	_	_
2013	WECC		Western Area Power Administration - Sierra Nevada Region	U.S.	57,926	57,926	-	_	16,734	16,734	_	_	41,192	41,192	_	-
2013	WECC		Western Area Power Administration-Desert Southwest Region	U.S.	141,080	141,080	-	_	40,755	40,755	_	_	100,325	100,325	_	-
2013	WECC		Western Area Power Administration-Upper Great Plains Region	U.S.	336	336	-	_	97	97	_	_	239	239	_	-
2013	WECC		Western Area Power Administration-Upper Great Plains Region	U.S.	17,112	17,112	-	_	4,943	4,943	_	_	12,169	12,169	_	-
2013	WECC		Wyoming Municipal Power Agency	U.S.	12,260	12,260	_	_	3,542	3,542	_	_	8,718	8,718	_	_
2013	WECC		Yakama Power	U.S.	950	950	_	_	274	274	_	_	675	675	_	_
2013	WECC		Yampa Valley Electric Association	U.S.	27,582	27,582	_	_	7,968	7,968	_	_	19,614	19,614	_	_
2013	WECC		Yuma Irrigation District	U.S.	136	136	_	_	39	39	_	_	97	97	_	_
2013	WECC		Yuma-Mesa Irrigation District	U.S.	8	8	=	-	2	2	-	-	5	5	-	-
			TOTAL WECC		36,829,694	32,246,493	4,069,607	513,594	10,739,401	9,315,301	1,273,976	150,123	26,090,293	22,931,192	2,795,630	363,471
	TOTAL ERO				163,582,428	148,273,401	14,795,433	513,594	55,308,375	50,046,840	5,111,411	150,123	108,274,053	98,226,561	9,684,022	363,471
Summar 2013	y by Regional	Il Entity			8,858,675	8,858,675	_		2,795,837	2,795,837	_		6,062,838	6,062,838		
	MRO				13,094,003	10,913,550	2,180,453	-	2,795,837 3,667,984	3,066,780	601,204	-	9,426,019	7,846,770	1,579,249	-
	NPCC						2,180,453 8,545,373	-		3,700,244	3,236,231		14,068,878		5,309,142	-
					21,005,353	12,459,980		-	6,936,475			-		8,759,736		-
	RF SERC				30,194,311	30,194,311	-	-	11,480,414	11,480,414	-	-	18,713,897	18,713,897	-	-
	SPP				26,479,019 12,417,776	26,479,019	-	-	12,747,985	12,747,985	-	-	13,731,034 9,680,648	13,731,034 9,680,648	-	-
	TRE				14,703,597	12,417,776 14,703,597	-	-	2,737,128 4,203,151	2,737,128 4,203,151	-	-	10,500,446	10,500,446	-	-
	WECC				36.829.694	32,246,493	4.069.607	513.594	10.739.401	9.315.301	1.273.976	150,123	26.090.293	22,931,192	2.795.630	363,471
Total	VV ECC				163,582,428	148,273,401	14,795,433	513,594	55.308.375	50,046,840	5,111,411	150,123	108,274,053	98,226,561	9,684,022	363,471
rotal					103,302,420	140,273,401	14,733,433	313,334	33,306,373	50,040,040	114411 رد	130,123	100,274,033	30,220,301	3,004,022	303,4/1

										NEDO NEI			Penalty Sand					
						otal NERC Asse	ssments			NEKC NEL	Assessments		Penalty Sand	ctions		NERC Compliano	ce Credits	
Data	Regional																	Mexico
Year	Entity	ID	Entity	Country	Total	US Total	Canada Total	Mexico Total	Total	US Total	Canada Total	Mexico Total	Total	US Total	Total	US Total C	anada Total	Total
2013	FRCC	1074	Alachua, City of	U.S.	1,522	1,522			1,513	1,513			(35)	(35)	44	44		-
2013	FRCC	1075	Bartow, City of	U.S.	3,430	3,430	-	-	3,411	3,411	-	-	(79)	(79)	99	99	-	-
2013 2013	FRCC		Chattahoochee, City of Florida Keys Electric Cooperative Assn	U.S. U.S.	461 9.084	461 9.084	-	-	458 9.032	458 9,032	-	-	(11) (210)	(11) (210)	13 261	13 261	-	-
2013	FRCC		Florida Power & Light Co.	U.S.	1,383,264	1,383,264			1,375,406	1,375,406		-	(31,923)	(31,923)	39,782	39,782		
2013	FRCC	1079	Florida Public Utilities Company	U.S.	4,463	4,463	-	-	4,438	4,438	-	-	(103)	(103)	128	128	-	-
2013	FRCC	1080 1081	Gainesville Regional Utilities	U.S.	22,235 6,443	22,235 6.443			22,109 6.406	22,109 6.406		-	(513) (149)	(513) (149)	639 185	639 185	-	-
2013 2013	FRCC		Homestead, City of JEA	U.S.	151,122	151,122			150,264	150,264		-	(3,488)	(3,488)	4,346	4,346		
2013	FRCC		Lakeland Electric	U.S.	36,877	36,877	-	-	36,668	36,668	-	-	(851)	(851)	1,061	1,061	-	-
2013	FRCC		Lee County Electric Cooperative, Inc	U.S.	46,308	46,308	-	-	46,045	46,045	-	-	(1,069)	(1,069)	1,332	1,332	-	-
2013 2013	FRCC FRCC		City of Lake Worth Mount Dora, City of	U.S. U.S.	5,508 1,123	5,508 1,123			5,477 1,117	5,477 1,117		-	(127) (26)	(127) (26)	158 32	158 32		
2013	FRCC		New Smyrna Beach, Utilities Commission of	U.S.	4,877	4,877	-	-	4,849	4,849			(113)	(113)	140	140		-
2013	FRCC		Orlando Utilities Commission	U.S.	71,929	71,929	-	-	71,520	71,520	-	-	(1,660)	(1,660)	2,069	2,069	-	-
2013	FRCC		Duke Energy Florida	U.S.	495,431	495,431			492,617	492,617		-	(11,434)	(11,434)	14,248	14,248	-	-
2013 2013	FRCC		Quincy, City of Reedy Creek Improvement District	U.S. U.S.	1,718 15,261	1,718 15,261			1,708 15.175	1,708 15,175		-	(40) (352)	(40) (352)	49 439	49 439		-
2013	FRCC		St. Cloud, City of (OUC)	U.S.	7,618	7,618	-	-	7,575	7,575		-	(176)	(176)	219	219		
2013	FRCC		Tallahassee, City of	U.S.	33,908	33,908	-	-	33,716	33,716		-	(783)	(783)	975	975	-	-
2013	FRCC		Tampa Electric Company City of Vero Beach	U.S.	242,273	242,273	-	-	240,897	240,897	-	-	(5,591)	(5,591)	6,968	6,968	-	-
2013 2013	FRCC		Wauchula, City of	U.S. U.S.	9,336 780	9,336 780			9,283 776	9,283 776		-	(215) (18)	(215) (18)	269 22	269 22		
2013	FRCC		Williston, City of	U.S.	404	404	-	-	402	402	-	-	(9)	(9)	12	12	-	-
2013	FRCC		Winter Park, City of	U.S.	5,458	5,458	-	-	5,427	5,427	-	-	(126)	(126)	157	157	-	-
2013 2013	FRCC		Florida Municipal Power Agency Seminole Electric Cooperative	U.S. U.S.	69,788 165,215	69,788 165,215		-	69,391 164,276	69,391 164,276	-	-	(1,611) (3,813)	(1,611) (3,813)	2,007 4,751	2,007 4,751	-	-
2013	FRCC	10/3	TOTAL FRCC	0.5.	2,795,837	2,795,837	-	<del></del>	2,779,954	2,779,954			(64,523)	(64,523)	80,406	80,406	- :	<del></del>
				·	-													
2013 2013	MRO MRO		Basin Electric Power Cooperative Central Iowa Power Cooperative (CIPCO)	U.S. U.S.	179,380 35,951	179,380 35.951	-	-	178,361 35.746	178,361 35.746	-	-	(4,140) (830)	(4,140) (830)	5,159 1.034	5,159 1,034	-	-
2013	MRO		Corn Belt Power Cooperative	U.S.	25,878	25,878	-	-	25,731	25,731		-	(597)	(597)	744	744		
2013	MRO		Dairyland Power Cooperative	U.S.	69,568	69,568		-	69,173	69,173		-	(1,606)	(1,606)	2,001	2,001	-	-
2013	MRO		Great River Energy	U.S.	175,912	175,912	-	-	174,912	174,912	-	-	(4,060)	(4,060)	5,059	5,059	-	-
2013 2013	MRO MRO		Minnkota Power Cooperative, Inc. Nebraska Public Power District	U.S. U.S.	55,033 172,178	55,033 172,178	-	-	54,720 171,200	54,720 171,200		-	(1,270) (3,974)	(1,270) (3,974)	1,583 4,952	1,583 4,952	-	-
2013	MRO		Omaha Public Power District	U.S.	144,702	144,702			143,880	143,880		-	(3,339)	(3,339)	4,162	4,162		
2013	MRO		Southern Montana Generation and Transmission	U.S.	88	88			87	87		-	(2)	(2)	3	3	-	-
2013	MRO		Western Area Power Administration (UM)	U.S.	114,216	114,216	-	-	113,567	113,567	-	-	(2,636)	(2,636)	3,285	3,285	-	-
2013 2013	MRO MRO		Western Area Power Administration (LM) Manitoba Hydro	U.S. CAN	1,603 308,347	1,603	308,347	-	1,594 299,680	1,594	299.680	-	(37)	(37)	46 8,668	46	8,668	-
2013	MRO		SaskPower	CAN	292,856		292,856		284,624	-	284,624	-	-		8,232		8,232	-
2013	MRO		Alliant Energy (Alliant East - WPL & Alliant West IPL)	U.S.	366,547	366,547	-	-	364,465	364,465	-	-	(8,459)	(8,459)	10,542	10,542	-	-
2013 2013	MRO MRO		Madison, Gas and Electric	U.S. U.S.	43,811 359,363	43,811 359,363			43,562 357,321	43,562 357,321		-	(1,011) (8,294)	(1,011) (8,294)	1,260 10,335	1,260 10,335	-	-
2013	MRO		MidAmerican Energy Company Minnesota Power	U.S.	164,881	164,881	-	-	163,944	163,944		-	(3,805)	(3,805)	4,742	4,742		
2013	MRO		Montana-Dakota Utilities Co.	U.S.	39,354	39,354	-	-	39,131	39,131		-	(908)	(908)	1,132	1,132		
2013	MRO		NorthWestern Energy	U.S.	19,760	19,760	-	-	19,648	19,648		-	(456)	(456)	568	568	-	-
2013 2013	MRO MRO	1233	Otter Tail Power Company Wisconsin Public Service (WPS)	U.S. U.S.	57,974 155,651	57,974 155,651	-	-	57,645 154,767	57,645 154,767	-	-	(1,338) (3,592)	(1,338) (3,592)	1,667 4,476	1,667 4,476	-	-
2013	MRO		Upper Peninsula Power Company (UPPCO)	U.S.	10,397	10,397			10,338	10,338		-	(3,592)	(3,392)	4,476 299	299		-
2013	MRO	1244	Xcel Energy Company (NSP)	U.S.	570,467	570,467	-	-	567,227	567,227	-	-	(13,165)	(13,165)	16,406	16,406	-	-
2013	MRO		Ames Municipal Electric System	U.S.	9,758	9,758	-	-	9,703	9,703	-	-	(225)	(225)	281	281	-	-
2013 2013	MRO MRO		Atlantic Municipal Utilities Badger Power Marketing Authority of Wisconsin, Inc.	U.S.	1,050 5.102	1,050 5.102	-	-	1,045 5.073	1,045 5.073	-		(24) (118)	(24) (118)	30 147	30 147	-	-
2013	MRO		Cedar Falls Municipal Utilities	U.S.	6,749	6,749			6,711	6,711			(118)	(116)	194	194		-
2013	MRO		Central Minnesota Municipal Power Agency (CMMPA)	U.S.	5,900	5,900	-	-	5,867	5,867	-	-	(136)	(136)	170	170	-	-
2013	MRO		City of Escanaba	U.S.	1,764	1,764	-	-	1,754	1,754	-	-	(41)	(41)	51	51	-	-
2013 2013	MRO MRO		Falls City Water & Light Department Fremont Department of Utilities	U.S. U.S.	720 5,532	720 5,532	-	-	716 5,501	716 5,501	-	-	(17) (128)	(17) (128)	21 159	21 159	-	-
2013	MRO		Geneseo Municipal Utilities	U.S.	5,532 840	5,532 840	-	-	836	836			(128)	(128)	24	24		-

						Total NERC Asse	ssments			NERC NEL	Assessments		Penalty San	ctions		NERC Complia	nce Credits	
						TOTAL NEINE ASSE	silients			NEIC NEE	Assessments		reliaity Sair	ctions		NEIKE COMPIN	nce creuits	
Data	Regional																	Mexico
Year	Entity	ID	Entity	Country	Total	US Total	Canada Total	Mexico Total	Total	US Total	Canada Total	Mexico Total	Total	US Total	Total	US Total	Canada Total	Total
2013	MRO	1209	Grand Island Utilities Department	U.S.	9,605	9,605			9,551	9,551			(222)	(222)	276	276		-
2013	MRO	1606	Harlan Municipal Utilities	U.S.	304	304	-	-	302	302	-	-	(7)	(7)	9	9	-	-
2013	MRO		Hastings Utilities	U.S.	5,530	5,530	-		5,498	5,498	-	-	(128)	(128)	159	159	-	-
2013 2013	MRO MRO		Heartland Consumers Power District Hutchinson Utilities Commission	U.S. U.S.	10,755 3,663	10,755 3,663			10,693 3,642	10,693 3,642		-	(248) (85)	(248) (85)	309 105	309 105		-
2013	MRO		Lincoln Electric System	U.S.	41,401	41,401	-	-	41,165	41,165		-	(955)	(955)	1,191	1,191		-
2013	MRO	1218	Manitowoc Public Utilities	U.S.	6,842	6,842	-	-	6,804	6,804	-	-	(158)	(158)	197	197		-
2013	MRO		Missouri River Energy Services	U.S.	31,065	31,065	-	-	30,889	30,889	-	-	(717)	(717)	893	893	-	-
2013 2013	MRO MRO		MN Municipal Power Agency (MMPA) Montezuma Municipal Light & Power	U.S. U.S.	19,250 406	19,250 406	-	-	19,141 404	19,141 404		-	(444) (9)	(444) (9)	554 12	554 12		
2013	MRO		Municipal Energy Agency of Nebraska	U.S.	14,876	14,876	-	-	14,792	14,792			(343)	(343)	428	428		
2013	MRO		Muscatine Power and Water	U.S.	11,044	11,044	-	-	10,981	10,981	-	-	(255)	(255)	318	318	-	-
2013	MRO		Nebraska City Utilities	U.S.	2,169	2,169	-	-	2,157	2,157	-	-	(50)	(50)	62	62	-	-
2013	MRO		Rochester Public Utilities	U.S.	68	68	-	-	68	68	-	-	(2)	(2)	1.074	1.074	-	-
2013 2013	MRO MRO		Southern Minnesota Municipal Power Agency Willmar Municipal Utilities	U.S. U.S.	37,352 3,324	37,352 3,324	-	-	37,140 3,305	37,140 3,305		-	(862) (77)	(862) (77)	1,074 96	1,074 96		
2013	MRO		Wisconsin Public Power, Inc. (East and West regions)	U.S.	68,995	68,995	-	-	68,603	68,603		-	(1,592)	(1,592)	1,984	1,984		-
			TOTAL MRO		3,667,984	3,066,780	601,204	-	3,633,662	3,049,358	584,304	-	(70,776)	(70,776)	105,098	88,198	16,900	-
2013	NPCC	1226	New England	U.S.	1,634,487	1,634,487			1,625,202	1,625,202			(37,721)	(37,721)	47,007	47,007		
2013	NPCC		New York	U.S.	2,065,757	2,065,757	-	-	2,054,022	2,054,022			(47,674)	(47,674)	59,410	59,410		
2013	NPCC		Ontario	Canada	1,215,106	-,,	1,215,106	-	1,767,903	-	1,767,903	-	-	-	(552,797)	-	(552,797)	
2013	NPCC		Quebec	Canada	1,757,802	-	1,757,802	-	2,383,240	-	2,383,240	-	-	-	(625,439)	-	(625,439)	-
2013	NPCC		New Brunswick	Canada	118,912	-	118,912	-	176,920	-	176,920	-	-	-	(58,008)	-	(58,008)	-
2013	NPCC	1340	Nova Scotia TOTAL NPCC	Canada	144,412 6,936,475	3,700,244	144,412 3,236,231		140,352 8,147,639	3,679,224	140,352 4,468,415	<del></del> -	(85,396)	(85,396)	4,059	106,416	4,059 (1,232,184)	<del></del>
					-	0,100,211	0,200,200		0,2,000	0,0.0,22.	.,,		(00)000)	(00)0007	(-//	,	(-))	
2013	RF		Bay City	U.S.	4,167	4,167	-	-	4,144	4,144	-	-	(96)	(96)	120	120	-	-
2013 2013	RF RF		Cannelton Utilities City of Chelsea	U.S. U.S.	205 1,229	205 1,229	-	-	204 1,222	204 1,222		-	(5) (28)	(5) (28)	6 35	6 35	-	-
2013	RF RF		City of Croswell	U.S.	536	536	-	-	532	532		-	(12)	(12)	15	15		
2013	RF		City of Eaton Rapids	U.S.	1,208	1,208	-	-	1,201	1,201		-	(28)	(28)	35	35		-
2013	RF	1111	City of Hart	U.S.	617	617	-	-	614	614	-	-	(14)	(14)	18	18	-	-
2013	RF		City of Lansing	U.S.	28,109	28,109	-	-	27,949	27,949	-	-	(649)	(649)	808	808	-	-
2013 2013	RF RF		City of Marquette Board of Light & Power City of Portland	U.S. U.S.	4,206 466	4,206 466	-	-	4,182 464	4,182 464		-	(97) (11)	(97) (11)	121 13	121 13		-
2013	RF		City of St. Louis	U.S.	510	510	-	-	507	507		-	(12)	(11)	15	15	-	
2013	RF		City of Wyandotte	U.S.	2,776	2,776	-	-	2,760	2,760	-	-	(64)	(64)	80	80	-	
2013	RF		Cloverland Electric Cooperative	U.S.	11,401	11,401	-	-	11,336	11,336	-	-	(263)	(263)	328	328	-	-
2013	RF RF		CMS ERM Michigan LLC	U.S.	2,002	2,002	-	-	1,991	1,991	-	-	(46)	(46)	58	58	-	-
2013 2013	RF		Constellation New Energy (MECS-CONS) Constellation New Energy (MECS-DET)	U.S. U.S.	11,432 13,810	11,432 13,810			11,367 13,731	11,367 13,731	-		(264) (319)	(264) (319)	329 397	329 397	-	
2013	RF		Consumers Energy Company	U.S.	411,297	411,297		-	408,961	408,961		-	(9,492)	(9,492)	11,829	11,829		
2013	RF		Detroit Edison Company	U.S.	585,989	585,989	-	-	582,660	582,660	-	-	(13,524)	(13,524)	16,853	16,853	-	-
2013	RF	1166	Duke Energy Indiana	U.S.	383,917	383,917	-	-	381,737	381,737	-	-	(8,860)	(8,860)	11,041	11,041	-	-
2013 2013	RF RF	1135 1646	Ferdinand Municipal Light & Water	U.S. U.S.	600 8,689	600 8,689	-	-	597 8,640	597 8,640	-	-	(14) (201)	(14)	17 250	17 250	-	-
2013	RF	1549	FirstEnergy Solutions (MECS-CONS) FirstEnergy Solutions (MECS-DET)	U.S.	30,095	30,095	-	-	29,924	29,924	-	-	(695)	(201) (695)	866	866	-	
2013	RF		Glacial Energy (MECS-DET)	U.S.	1,828	1,828	-	-	1,817	1,817	-	-	(42)	(42)	53	53	-	
2013	RF		Holland Board of Public Works	U.S.	12,440	12,440	-	-	12,369	12,369	-	-	(287)	(287)	358	358	-	-
2013	RF	1145	Hoosier Energy	U.S.	92,475	92,475	-	-	91,950	91,950	-	-	(2,134)	(2,134)	2,660	2,660	-	-
2013 2013	RF RF		Indiana Municipal Power Agency (DUKE CIN) Indiana Municipal Power Agency (NIPSCO)	U.S. U.S.	39,028 5,421	39,028 5,421	-	-	38,807 5,390	38,807 5,390	-	-	(901) (125)	(901) (125)	1,122 156	1,122 156	-	-
2013	RF		Indiana Municipal Power Agency (NIPSCO)  Indiana Municipal Power Agency (SIGE)	U.S. U.S.	5,421 7,475	5,421 7,475			7,433	5,390 7,433		-	(125)	(125)	215	215		
2013	RF	1149	Indianapolis Power & Light Co.	U.S.	186,795	186,795			185,734	185,734	-	-	(4,311)	(4,311)	5,372	5,372		-
2013	RF	1553	Integrys Energy Services (MECS-CONS)	U.S.	12,952	12,952		-	12,879	12,879	-	-	(299)	(299)	372	372	-	-
2013	RF	1554	Integrys Energy Services (MECS-DET)	U.S.	7,326	7,326	-	-	7,285	7,285	-	-	(169)	(169)	211	211	-	-
2013	RF DE	1614	Integrys Energy Services (WEPC)	U.S.	10,890	10,890	-	-	10,828	10,828	-	-	(251)	(251)	313	313	-	-
2013 2013	RF RF		Just Energy (MECS-DET) Michigan Public Power Agency	U.S. U.S.	183 16,142	183 16,142			182 16,051	182 16,051		-	(4)	(4) (373)	5 464	5 464		-
2013	RF		Michigan South Central Power Agency	U.S.	8,095	8,095			8,049	8,049		-	(187)	(187)	233	233		

					1	Total NERC Asse	ssments			NERC NEL A	Assessments		Penalty Sa	nctions		NERC Compli	ance Credits	
Data Year	Regional Entity	ID	Entity	Country	Total	US Total	Canada Total	Mexico Total	Total	US Total	Canada Total	Mexico Total	Total	US Total	Total	US Total	Canada Total	Mexico Total
2013	RF	1159	MidAmerican Energy Company Retail	U.S.	1,257	1,257			1,250	1.250	_		(29)	(29)	36	36		
2013	RF	1163	Northern Indiana Public Service Co.	U.S.	222,307	222,307	-	-	221,044	221,044	-	-	(5,130)	(5,130)	6,393	6,393	-	-
2013 2013	RF RF	1164 1265	Ontonagon County Rural Electrification Assoc. PJM Interconnection, LLC	U.S. U.S.	372 8,788,247	372 8,788,247	-	-	370 8,738,322	370 8,738,322	-	-	(9) (202,819)	(9) (202,819)	11 252,743	11 252,743	-	-
2013	RF		Sempra Energy Solutions (MECS-CONS)	U.S.	8,557	8,557	-	-	8,509	8,509	-	-	(197)	(197)	246	246	-	-
2013	RF RF		Sempra Energy Solutions (MECS-DET)	U.S.	8,991	8,991	-	-	8,940	8,940	-	-	(208)	(208)	259	259	-	-
2013 2013	RF RF		Direct Energy (fka:Strategic Energy,LLC) (MECS-CONS) Direct Energy (fka:Strategic Energy,LLC) (MECS-DET)	U.S. U.S.	163 4,701	163 4,701			162 4,675	162 4,675			(4) (108)	(4) (108)	5 135	5 135		-
2013	RF	1581	Spartan Renewable Energy	U.S.	856	856	-	-	851	851		-	(20)	(20)	25	25	-	-
2013 2013	RF RF	1180 1662	Thumb Electric Cooperative Ohio Valley Electric Corporation	U.S. U.S.	2,283 8,144	2,283 8.144	-	-	2,270 8.097	2,270 8,097		-	(53) (188)	(53) (188)	66 234	66 234	-	-
2013	RF		Vectren Energy Delivery of IN	U.S.	72,763	72,763			72,349	72,349			(1,679)	(1,679)	2,093	2,093		
2013	RF		Village of Sebewaing	U.S.	558	558	-	-	555	555	-	-	(13)	(13)	16	16	-	-
2013 2013	RF RF	1184 1488	Wabash Valley Power Association Inc. (DUKE CIN) Wabash Valley Power Association Inc. (NIPSCO)	U.S. U.S.	35,395 21,326	35,395 21.326			35,194 21,204	35,194 21,204	-	-	(817) (492)	(817) (492)	1,018 613	1,018 613	-	-
2013	RF	1185	Wisconsin Electric Power Co.	U.S.	355,279	355,279	-	-	353,261	353,261	-	-	(8,199)	(8,199)	10,218	10,218	-	-
2013 2013	RF RF		Wolverine Power Marketing Cooperative	U.S.	9,577	9,577	-	-	9,523	9,523	-	-	(221)	(221)	275 966	275 966	-	-
2013	RF		Wolverine Power Supply Cooperative Wolverine Power Marketing Cooperative	U.S. U.S.	33,584 1,739	33,584 1.739			33,394 1.730	33,394 1.730			(775) (40)	(775) (40)	966 50	966 50		
			TOTAL RELIABILITYFIRST		11,480,414	11,480,414	-	-	11,415,196	11,415,196	-	-	(264,949)	(264,949)	330,168	330,168	-	-
2013	SERC	1267	Alabama Municipal Electric Authority	U.S.	43,076	43,076			42,832	42,832			(994)	(994)	1,239	1,239		
2013	SERC		Alabama Power Company	U.S.	747,948	747,948	-	-	743,699	743,699	-	-	(17,261)	(17,261)	21,510	21,510	-	-
2013	SERC SERC		Ameren - Illinois Ameren - Missouri	U.S.	542,976	542,976 529,799	-	-	539,891	539,891	-	-	(12,531)	(12,531)	15,616	15,616	-	-
2013 2013	SERC		APGI - Yadkin Division	U.S. U.S.	529,799 348	529,799 348			526,790 346	526,790 346			(12,227)	(12,227)	15,237 10	15,237 10		
2013	SERC		APGI - Tapoco Division (ALCOA)	U.S.	3,994	3,994			3,971	3,971	-	-	(92)	(92)	115	115	-	-
2013 2013	SERC SERC		Associated Electric Cooperative Inc. Beauregard Electric Cooperative, Inc.	U.S. U.S.	244,644 14,122	244,644 14.122	-	-	243,255 14,042	243,255 14,042	-	-	(5,646) (326)	(5,646)	7,036 406	7,036 406		
2013	SERC		Benton Utility District	U.S.	3,440	3,440		-	3,420	3,420		-	(79)	(79)	99	99		
2013	SERC		Big Rivers Electric Corporation	U.S.	48,316	48,316	-	-	48,041	48,041	-	-	(1,115)	(1,115)	1,390	1,390		
2013 2013	SERC SERC		Black Warrior EMC Blue Ridge EMC	U.S. U.S.	5,544 17,733	5,544 17.733			5,513 17.633	5,513 17.633			(128) (409)	(128) (409)	159 510	159 510		
2013	SERC		Brazos Electric Power Cooperative, Inc.	U.S.	5,439	5,439			5,408	5,408			(126)	(126)	156	156		
2013	SERC		Canton, MS	U.S.	1,532	1,532	-	-	1,523	1,523	-	-	(35)	(35)	44	44		
2013 2013	SERC SERC	1277	Central Electric Power Cooperative Inc. Century Aluminum - Hawesville	U.S. U.S.	193,380 53,967	193,380 53,967	-	-	192,281 53,660	192,281 53,660			(4,463) (1,245)	(4,463) (1,245)	5,561 1,552	5,561 1,552		
2013	SERC		Century Aluminum - Sebree	U.S.	41,087	41,087	-	-	40,853	40,853		-	(948)	(948)	1,182	1,182		
2013 2013	SERC SERC		City of Blountstown FL City of Camden SC	U.S. U.S.	481 2.386	481 2,386	-	-	479 2.373	479 2,373	-	-	(11) (55)	(11) (55)	14 69	14 69		
2013	SERC		City of Collins MS	U.S.	629	629	-	-	625	625		-	(15)	(15)	18	18		
2013	SERC		City of Columbia MO	U.S.	15,015	15,015	-	-	14,929	14,929	-	-	(347)	(347)	432	432		
2013 2013	SERC SERC		City of Conway AR (Conway Corporation) City of Evergreen AL	U.S. U.S.	13,076 742	13,076 742		-	13,002 738	13,002 738	-		(302) (17)	(302) (17)	376 21	376 21		
2013	SERC		City of Hampton GA	U.S.	298	298			296	296	-		(7)	(7)	9	9		
2013	SERC		City of Hartford AL	U.S.	423	423	-	-	420	420	-	-	(10)	(10)	12	12		
2013 2013	SERC SERC		City of Henderson (KY) Municipal Power & Light City of North Little Rock AR (DENL)	U.S. U.S.	7,797 12,112	7,797 12,112			7,752 12,044	7,752 12,044	-		(180) (280)	(180) (280)	224 348	224 348		
2013	SERC	1289	City of Orangeburg SC Department of Public Utilities	U.S.	10,565	10,565	-	-	10,505	10,505	-	-	(244)	(244)	304	304		
2013 2013	SERC SERC		City of Robertsdale AL	U.S. U.S.	1,062	1,062 3,752		-	1,056 3,731	1,056	-	-	(25)	(25)	31 108	31 108		
2013	SERC		City of Ruston LA (DERS) City of Seneca SC	U.S.	3,752 2,020	2,020			2,009	3,731 2,009	-		(87) (47)	(87) (47)	58	58		
2013	SERC		City of Springfield (CWLP)	U.S.	22,849	22,849	-	-	22,719	22,719	-	-	(527)	(527)	657	657		
2013 2013	SERC SERC		City of Thayer, MO City of Troy AL	U.S. U.S.	293 5,400	293 5.400			291 5,369	291 5.369			(7) (125)	(7) (125)	8 155	8 155		
2013	SERC		City of West Memphis AR (West Memphis Utilities)	U.S.	5,060	5,060			5,032	5,032			(117)	(117)	146	146		
2013	SERC	1583	Claiborne Electric Cooperative, Inc.	U.S.	8,481	8,481		-	8,433	8,433	-	-	(196)	(196)	244	244		
2013 2013	SERC SERC		Concordia Electric Cooperative, Inc. Dalton Utilities	U.S. U.S.	3,339 20,030	3,339 20,030			3,320 19,917	3,320 19,917			(77) (462)	(77) (462)	96 576	96 576		
2013	SERC	1585	Dixie Electric Membership Corporation	U.S.	28,692	28,692			28,529	28,529		-	(662)	(662)	825	825		
2013 2013	SERC SERC		Dominion Virginia Power Duke Energy Carolinas, LLC	U.S. U.S.	1,084,434 980,528	1,084,434 980,528	-	-	1,078,273 974,957	1,078,273 974,957	-	-	(25,027) (22,629)	(25,027) (22,629)	31,187 28,199	31,187 28,199		
2013	SERC		Duke Energy Carolinas, LLC Durant, MS	U.S.	980,528 329	980,528 329			974,957 327	974,957 327			(22,629)	(22,629)	28,199 9	28,199 9		
2013	SERC		LG&E and KU Services Company as agent for LG&E Company and KUCompany	U.S.	442,698	442,698	-	-	440,183	440,183	-	-	(10,217)	(10,217)	12,732	12,732		
2013	SERC SERC		East Kentucky Power Cooperative East Mississippi Electric Power Association	U.S.	168,568 5.892	168,568 5.892			167,611 5.858	167,611 5.858	-	-	(3,890)	(3,890)	4,848 169	4,848 169		
2013	SERC	12,50	Electricities of North Carolina Inc	U.S.	144,720	144,720			143,898	143,898	-		(3,340)	(3,340)	4,162	4,162		
2013	SERC		EnergyUnited EMC	U.S.	32,361	32,361		-	32,177	32,177	-	-	(747)	(747)	931	931		
2013	SERC	1301	Entergy	U.S.	1,396,015	1,396,015	-	-	1,388,085	1,388,085	-	-	(32,218)	(32,218)	40,148	40,148		

						Total NERC Asse	ssments			NERC NEL A	ssessments		Penalty Sand	rtions		NERC Compliance	Credits
						OLUI IVENC ASSE	Jonnatius			INC. INC. IN			r enaity Saint			compilative	
Data Year	Regional Entity	ID	Entity	Country	Total	US Total	Canada Total	Mexico Total	Total	US Total	Canada Total	Mexico Total	Total	US Total	Total	US Total Cana	Mexico ada Total Total
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2013	SERC	1302	Fayetteville (NC) Public Works Commission	U.S.	27,138	27,138	-	-	26,984	26,984	-	-	(626)	(626)	780	780	
2013	SERC	1303		U.S.	4,017	4,017	-	-	3,994	3,994	-	-	(93)	(93)	116	116	
2013	SERC		French Broad EMC	U.S.	6,723	6,723	-	-	6,685	6,685	-	-	(155)	(155)	193	193	
2013 2013	SERC SERC		Georgia Power Company	U.S. U.S.	1,088,722	1,088,722 472.864	-	-	1,082,537 470.178	1,082,537	-	-	(25,126)	(25,126)	31,311	31,311	
2013	SERC		Georgia System Optns Corporation Greenwood (MS) Utilities Commission	U.S.	472,864 3,684	3,684	-	-	470,178 3,663	470,178 3,663	-		(10,913) (85)	(10,913) (85)	13,599 106	13,599 106	
2013	SERC	1307		U.S.	3,084	3,991	-		3,969	3,969	-	-	(92)	(92)	115	115	
2013	SERC	1308		U.S.	145,379	145,379			144,553	144,553			(3,355)	(3,355)	4,181	4,181	
2013	SERC	1586	• •	U.S.	3,933	3,933	-	-	3,911	3,911	-	_	(91)	(91)	113	113	
2013	SERC	1309	,	U.S.	24,362	24,362			24,224	24,224	-		(562)	(562)	701	701	
2013	SERC	1480	Itta Bena, MS	U.S.	181	181	-	-	180	180	-	-	(4)	(4)	5	5	
2013	SERC	1587	Jefferson Davis Electric Cooperative, Inc.	U.S.	3,674	3,674	-	-	3,653	3,653	-	-	(85)	(85)	106	106	
2013	SERC	1617	Kentucky Municipal Power	U.S.	9,081	9,081	-	-	9,029	9,029	-	-	(210)	(210)	261	261	
2013	SERC	1481	Kosciusko, MS	U.S.	883	883	-	-	878	878	-	-	(20)	(20)	25	25	
2013	SERC	1482	Leland, MS	U.S.	386	386	-	-	384	384	-	-	(9)	(9)	11	11	
2013	SERC	1313	McCormick Commission of Public Works	U.S.	201	201	-	-	200	200	-	-	(5)	(5)	6	6	
2013	SERC		Mississippi Power Company	U.S.	134,284	134,284	-	-	133,521	133,521	-	-	(3,099)	(3,099)	3,862	3,862	
2013	SERC	1630	•	U.S.	1,211	1,211	-	-	1,204	1,204	-	-	(28)	(28)	35	35	
2013	SERC		Municipal Electric Authority of Georgia	U.S.	134,763	134,763	-	-	133,997	133,997	-	-	(3,110)	(3,110)	3,876	3,876	
2013	SERC		N.C. Electric Membership Corp.	U.S.	155,401	155,401	-	-	154,519	154,519	-	-	(3,586)	(3,586)	4,469	4,469	
2013	SERC	1588	• •	U.S.	3,989	3,989	-	-	3,966	3,966	-	-	(92)	(92)	115	115	
2013	SERC	1574		U.S.	50,650	50,650	-	-	50,362	50,362	-	-	(1,169)	(1,169)	1,457	1,457	
2013 2013	SERC SERC	1319 1618	•	U.S. U.S.	74,326 2,343	74,326 2,343	-	-	73,904 2,330	73,904 2,330	-	-	(1,715) (54)	(1,715) (54)	2,138 67	2,138 67	
2013	SERC	1320		U.S.	2,343 11,396	11,396	-	-	11,332	11,332			(263)	(263)	328	328	
2013	SERC		Piedmont EMC in Duke and Progress Areas	U.S.	6,410	6.410	-	-	6.374	6,374	_		(148)	(148)	184	184	
2013	SERC		Piedmont Municipal Power Agency (PMPA)	U.S.	28,135	28,135	-	-	27,975	27,975	_		(649)	(649)	809	809	
2013	SERC	1589		U.S.	3,433	3,433	_	_	3,413	3,413	_	-	(79)	(79)	99	99	
2013	SERC	1266	·	U.S.	106,057	106,057	_	_	105,455	105,455	_	-	(2,448)	(2,448)	3,050	3,050	
2013	SERC	1330		U.S.	20,059	20,059	-	-	19,945	19,945	-	-	(463)	(463)	577	577	
2013	SERC	1324	Progress Energy Carolinas	U.S.	576,051	576,051	-	-	572,778	572,778	-	-	(13,294)	(13,294)	16,567	16,567	
2013	SERC	1325	Rutherford EMC	U.S.	16,804	16,804	-	-	16,709	16,709	-	-	(388)	(388)	483	483	
2013	SERC	1631	Sam Rayburn G&T Electric Cooperative Inc.	U.S.	22,604	22,604	-	-	22,476	22,476	-	-	(522)	(522)	650	650	
2013	SERC	1326	South Carolina Electric & Gas Company	U.S.	284,172	284,172	-	-	282,558	282,558	-	-	(6,558)	(6,558)	8,173	8,173	
2013	SERC	1327	,	U.S.	140,662	140,662	-	-	139,863	139,863	-	-	(3,246)	(3,246)	4,045	4,045	
2013	SERC	1590	•	U.S.	7,972	7,972	-	-	7,927	7,927		-	(184)	(184)	229	229	
2013	SERC	1328		U.S.	130,831	130,831	-	-	130,088	130,088	-	-	(3,019)	(3,019)	3,763	3,763	
2013	SERC	1329	•	U.S.	19,544	19,544	-	-	19,433	19,433	-	-	(451)	(451)	562	562	
2013	SERC		Southwest Louisiana Electric Membership Corporation	U.S.	33,568	33,568	-	-	33,377	33,377	-	-	(775)	(775)	965	965	
2013 2013	SERC SERC		Southwestern Electric Cooperative, Inc. Tennessee Valley Authority	U.S. U.S.	5,370 2,043,543	5,370 2,043,543	-	-	5,339 2,031,934	5,339 2,031,934	-	-	(124) (47,162)	(124) (47,162)	154 58,771	154 58,771	
2013	SERC	1632	·	U.S.	2,043,543	2,043,543	-	-	2,031,934	2,031,934	-	-	(61)	(61)	76	76	
2013	SERC	1332		U.S.	2,633 1,671	1,671	-		1,662	1,662	-		(39)	(39)	48	48	
2013	SERC		Town of Sharpsburg, N.C.	U.S.	251	251	-	-	249	249			(6)	(6)	7	7	
2013	SERC	1595		U.S.	977	977	_	-	971	971	_	-	(23)	(23)	28	28	
2013	SERC	1333	-	U.S.	1,150	1,150	-	-	1,143	1,143	-	-	(27)	(27)	33	33	
2013	SERC		Town of Winnsboro SC	U.S.	700	700	-	-	696	696		-	(16)	(16)	20	20	
2013	SERC	1335	Town of Winterville NC	U.S.	687	687	-	-	683	683	-	-	(16)	(16)	20	20	
2013	SERC	1597	Washington-St.Tammany Electric Cooperative, Inc.	U.S.	13,725	13,725	-	-	13,647	13,647			(317)	(317)	395	395	
			TOTAL SERC		12,747,985	12,747,985	-	-	12,675,566	12,675,566	-	-	(294,203)	(294,203)	366,622	366,622	
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					To	otal NERC Asses	ssments			NERC NEL A	Assessments		Penalty Sano	ctions		NERC Complian	ce Credits	
Data	Regional																	Mexico
Year	Entity	ID	Entity	Country	Total	US Total	Canada Total	Mexico Total	Total	US Total	Canada Total	Mexico Total	Total	US Total	Total	US Total C	anada Total	Total
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2013 2013	SPP SPP	1246 1435	American Electric Power Arkansas Electric Cooperative Corporation (AEP)	U.S. U.S.	467,343 64,851	467,343 64,851	-	-	464,688 64,483	464,688 64,483	-	-	(10,786) (1,497)	(10,786) (1,497)	13,440 1,865	13,440 1,865	-	-
2013	SPP	1247	Board of Public Utilities (Kansas City KS)	U.S.	29.884	29.884	-		29.714	29.714		-	(690)	(690)	859	859		
2013	SPP	1620	Board of Public Utilities, City of McPherson, Kansas	U.S.	11,895	11,895	-	-	11,827	11,827	-	-	(275)	(275)	342	342	-	-
2013	SPP	1647	Carthage City Water & Light	U.S.	4,078	4,078	-	-	4,055	4,055	-	-	(94)	(94)	117	117	-	-
2013	SPP	1469	Central Valley Electric Cooperative	U.S.	10,719	10,719	-	-	10,658	10,658	-	-	(247)	(247)	308	308	-	-
2013	SPP	1556	City of Bentonville	U.S.	8,173	8,173	-	-	8,127	8,127	-	-	(189)	(189)	235	235	-	-
2013 2013	SPP SPP	1557 1558	City of Clarksdale, Mississippi Hope Water & Light (HWL)	U.S. U.S.	2,071 3,788	2,071 3.788		-	2,059 3,766	2,059 3,766		-	(48) (87)	(48) (87)	60 109	60 109	-	-
2013	SPP	1559	City of Minden	U.S.	2,044	2,044	-		2,033	2,033		-	(47)	(47)	59	59		
2013	SPP	1635	The City of Osage City	U.S.	458	458	-	-	455	455	-	-	(11)	(11)	13	13		-
2013	SPP	1636	City of Prescott	U.S.	1,114	1,114	-	-	1,108	1,108	-	-	(26)	(26)	32	32	-	-
2013	SPP	1248	Independence Power & Light (Independence, MO)	U.S.	13,526	13,526	-	-	13,449	13,449	-	-	(312)	(312)	389	389		-
2013	SPP	1436	City Utilities of Springfield, MO	U.S.	40,217	40,217	-	-	39,988	39,988	-	-	(928)	(928)	1,157	1,157	-	-
2013	SPP SPP	1249 1437	Cleco Power LLC	U.S.	149,410	149,410	-	-	148,562	148,562	-	-	(3,448) (122)	(3,448)	4,297 153	4,297	-	-
2013 2013	SPP	1250	East Texas Electric Coop, Inc. The Empire District Electric Company	U.S. U.S.	5,304 67,143	5,304 67,143		-	5,274 66,761	5,274 66,761	-		(1,550)	(122) (1,550)	1,931	153 1,931		
2013	SPP	1470	Farmers' Electric Coop	U.S.	5,573	5,573	-	-	5,541	5,541	-	-	(129)	(129)	160	160	-	-
2013	SPP	1438	Golden Spread Electric Coop	U.S.	72,747	72,747	-	-	72,334	72,334	-	-	(1,679)	(1,679)	2,092	2,092	-	-
2013	SPP	1251	Grand River Dam Authority	U.S.	61,745	61,745	-	-	61,394	61,394	-	-	(1,425)	(1,425)	1,776	1,776	-	-
2013	SPP	1648	Jonesboro City Water & Light	U.S.	16,671	16,671	-	-	16,577	16,577	-	-	(385)	(385)	479	479	-	-
2013	SPP SPP	1252	Kansas City Power & Light (KCPL)	U.S.	199,606	199,606	-	-	198,472	198,472	-	-	(4,607)	(4,607)	5,741	5,741	-	-
2013 2013	SPP	1439 1440	Kansas Electric Power Coop., Inc Kansas Municipal Energy Agency (KCPL)	U.S. U.S.	28,182 5,089	28,182 5,089		-	28,022 5,060	28,022 5,060	-		(650) (117)	(650) (117)	811 146	811 146		
2013	SPP	1637	Kansas Power Pool	U.S.	19,405	19,405	-		19,295	19,295	-	-	(448)	(448)	558	558		
2013	SPP	1560	Kaw Valley Electric Cooperative, Inc.	U.S.	2,067	2,067	-	-	2,055	2,055	-	-	(48)	(48)	59	59		
2013	SPP	1649	Kennett Board of Public Works	U.S.	2,150	2,150	-	-	2,138	2,138	-	-	(50)	(50)	62	62	-	-
2013	SPP	1598	KCP&L GMOC (Greater Missouri Operations Company)	U.S.	111,445	111,445	-	-	110,812	110,812	-	-	(2,572)	(2,572)	3,205	3,205	-	-
2013	SPP	1471	Lafayette Utilities System	U.S.	26,533	26,533	-	-	26,382	26,382	-	-	(612)	(612)	763	763	-	-
2013 2013	SPP SPP	1472 1253	Lea County Electric Coop  Louisiana Energy & Power Authority (LEPA)	U.S. U.S.	16,371 12,983	16,371 12,983	-	-	16,278 12,909	16,278 12,909	-	-	(378)	(378)	471 373	471 373	-	-
2013	SPP	1650	Malden Board of Public Works	U.S.	12,983	649	-	-	12,909	12,909	-	-	(15)	(15)	3/3 19	19		
2013	SPP	1441	Midwest Energy Inc.	U.S.	23,340	23,340	-		23,208	23,208	-	-	(539)	(539)	671	671		-
2013	SPP	1443	Missouri Joint Municipal Electric Utility Commission	U.S.	32,768	32,768	-	-	32,582	32,582	-	-	(756)	(756)	942	942	-	-
2013	SPP	1638	Nemaha Marshall Electric Cooperative (NMEC)	U.S.	713	713	-	-	709	709	-	-	(16)	(16)	21	21		-
2013	SPP	1442	Northeast Texas Electric Cooperative, Inc.	U.S.	41,642	41,642	-	-	41,405	41,405	-	-	(961)	(961)	1,198	1,198	-	-
2013 2013	SPP SPP	1255 1444	Oklahoma Gas and Electric Co. Oklahoma Municipal Power Auth	U.S. U.S.	364,728 34,665	364,728 34,665	-	-	362,656 34,468	362,656 34,468	-	-	(8,417) (800)	(8,417) (800)	10,489 997	10,489 997	-	-
2013	SPP	1639	OzMo Ozark Missouri, West Plains MO	U.S.	2,685	2,685		-	2,670	2,670	-		(62)	(62)	77	77		
2013	SPP	1651	Paragould Light, Water & Cable	U.S.	7,523	7,523	-	-	7,480	7,480	-	-	(174)	(174)	216	216		
2013	SPP	1652	Piggott Municipal Light, Water & Sewer	U.S.	529	529	-	-	526	526	-	-	(12)	(12)	15	15		
2013	SPP	1653	Poplar Bluff Municipal Utilities	U.S.	4,930	4,930	-	-	4,902	4,902	-	-	(114)	(114)	142	142	-	-
2013	SPP	1561	Public Service Commission of Yazoo City of Mississippi	U.S.	1,574	1,574	-	-	1,565	1,565	-	-	(36)	(36)	45	45	-	-
2013	SPP	1473	Roosevelt County Electric Coop	U.S.	2,462	2,462	-	-	2,448	2,448	-	-	(57)	(57)	71	71	-	-
2013 2013	SPP SPP	1654 1257	Sikeston Board of Municipal Utilities Southwestern Public Service Co. (SPS-XCEL)	U.S.	5,138 256,152	5,138 256,152	-	-	5,109 254,696	5,109 254.696	-	-	(119) (5,912)	(119) (5,912)	148 7,367	148 7.367	-	-
2013	SPP		Sunflower Electric Power Cooperative	U.S.	66,468	66,468	-		66,091	66,091		-	(1,534)	(1,534)	1,912	1,912		
2013	SPP	1445	Tex - La Electric Cooperative of Texas	U.S.	6,551	6,551	-	-	6,514	6,514	-		(151)	(151)	188	188		-
2013	SPP	1475	Tri County Electric Coop	U.S.	5,155	5,155	-	-	5,126	5,126		-	(119)	(119)	148	148	-	-
2013	SPP	1260	Westar Energy, Inc.	U.S.	271,858	271,858	-	-	270,314	270,314	-	-	(6,274)	(6,274)	7,818	7,818	-	-
2013	SPP	1259	Western Farmers Electric Cooperative	U.S.	108,566	108,566	-	-	107,950	107,950	-	-	(2,506)	(2,506)	3,122	3,122	-	-
2013	SPP	1501	West Texas Municipal Power Agency TOTAL SPP	U.S.	36,444 2,737,128	36,444 2.737.128			36,236 2,721,578	36,236 2,721,578	-		(841)	(63,168)	1,048 78.718	1,048 78.718	-	
			TOTAL SEE	=	2,/3/,128	2,/3/,128			2,721,578	2,/21,5/8			(03,108)	(03,108)	/5,/18	/8,/18	-	
2011	TRE	1019	ERCOT	U.S.	4,203,151	4,203,151			4,179,274	4,179,274		-	(97,002)	(97,002)	120,879	120,879		
				-	4,203,151	4,203,151	-	-	4,179,274	4,179,274		-	(97,002)	(97,002)	120,879	120,879		

						otal NERC Asse	ssments			NERC NEL A	Assessments		Penalty Sand	ctions		NERC Complia	nce Credits	
Data Year	Regional Entity	ID	Entity	Country	Total	US Total	Canada Total	Mexico Total	Total	US Total	Canada Total	Mexico Total	Total	US Total	Total	US Total	Canada Total	Mexico Total
2013	WECC		Alleste Flestis Custom Occurre	Canada	- 511,339		511,339		761.021		761.021				(249,682)		(249,682)	
2013	WECC		Alberta Electric System Operator British Columbia Hydro & Power Authority	Canada	762,637	-	762,637		761,021 741,199		761,021 741,199	-	-		21,438		21,438	-
2013	WECC		Comision Federal de Electricidad	Mexico	150,123	-	-	150,123	145,903	-	-	145,903	-		4,220	-		4,220
2013	WECC		Aguila Irrigation District - APS	U.S.	392	392	-	-	390	390	-	-	(9)	(9)	11	11	-	-
2013	WECC		Aha Macav Power Service	U.S.	319	319		-	318	318	-	-	(7)	(7)	9	9	-	-
2013 2013	WECC		Ajo Improvement District Ak-Chin	U.S. U.S.	174 490	174 490	-	-	173 487	173 487		-	(4) (11)	(4) (11)	5 14	5 14		
2013	WECC		Alcoa Inc	U.S.	43,689	43,689	-	-	43,440	43,440		-	(1,008)	(1,008)	1,256	1,256		
2013	WECC		Arizona Public Service Company	U.S.	376,545	376,545	-	-	374,406	374,406	-	-	(8,690)	(8,690)	10,829	10,829	-	-
2013	WECC		Arkansas River Power Authority (ARPA)	U.S.	2,971	2,971	-	-	2,954	2,954	-	-	(69)	(69)	85	85	-	-
2013 2013	WECC		Avista Corporation Avista Corporation	U.S. U.S.	749 120,985	749 120,985	-	-	745 120,298	745 120,298		-	(17) (2,792)	(17) (2,792)	22 3,479	22 3,479		
2013	WECC		Barrick Goldstrike Mines Inc.	U.S.	14,907	14,907	-		14,822	14,822		-	(344)	(344)	429	429	-	-
2013	WECC		Basin Electric Power Cooperative	U.S.	752	752	-	-	748	748	-	-	(17)	(17)	22	22		
2013	WECC		Basin Electric Power Cooperative	U.S.	38,619	38,619	-	-	38,399	38,399	-	-	(891)	(891)	1,111	1,111		-
2013 2013	WECC		Benton REA	U.S. U.S.	6,968 1,763	6,968 1,763	-	-	6,929 1,753	6,929 1,753	-	-	(161) (41)	(161) (41)	200 51	200 51	-	-
2013	WECC		Big Bend Electric Cooperative, Inc. Big Bend Electric Cooperative, Inc.	U.S.	4,558	4,558			4,532	4,532	-	-	(105)	(105)	131	131		
2013	WECC		Blachly-Lane Electric Cooperative	U.S.	2,195	2,195	-	-	2,183	2,183		-	(51)	(51)	63	63		
2013	WECC		Black Hills Power	U.S.	24,345	24,345	-	-	24,207	24,207	-	-	(562)	(562)	700	700	-	-
2013	WECC		Black Hills Power/Cheyenne Light Fuel & Power	U.S.	37,317	37,317	-	-	37,105	37,105	-	-	(861)	(861)	1,073	1,073	-	-
2013 2013	WECC		Black Hills State University South Dakota Bonneville Power Administration	U.S. U.S.	249 86	249 86	-	-	248 86	248 86	-	-	(6) (2)	(6) (2)	7 2	7 2		-
2013	WECC		Bonneville Power Administration	U.S.	171	171		-	170	170			(4)	(4)	5	5		
2013	WECC		Bonneville Power Administration	U.S.	9,844	9,844	-	-	9,788	9,788	-	-	(227)	(227)	283	283	-	-
2013	WECC		Bonneville Power Administration	U.S.	23,557	23,557	-	-	23,423	23,423	-	-	(544)	(544)	677	677	-	-
2013	WECC		Bonneville Power Administration	U.S.	48,448	48,448	-	-	48,172	48,172	-	-	(1,118)	(1,118)	1,393	1,393	-	-
2013 2013	WECC		BPA - Big Bend/Schrag Load BPA - Kittitas Load	U.S. U.S.	472 93	472 93		-	469 93	469 93		-	(11) (2)	(11) (2)	14	14		
2013	WECC		BPA - USBR Load	U.S.	1,665	1,665	-		1,656	1,656		-	(38)	(38)	48	48	-	-
2013	WECC		Buckeye Water Conservation and Drainage District - APS	U.S.	250	250	-	-	249	249	-	-	(6)	(6)	7	7	-	-
2013	WECC		Bureau of Reclamation (Desalter) - c/o DSW EMMO	U.S.	10	10	-	-	10	10	-	-	(0)	(0)	0	0	-	-
2013 2013	WECC		Bureau of Reclamation (Wellfield) - c/o DSW EMMO Burlington	U.S. U.S.	82 464	82 464	-	-	82 461	82 461	-	-	(2)	(2)	2 13	2 13	-	-
2013	WECC		California Independent System Operator	U.S.	2,935,271	2,935,271	-	-	2,918,596	2,918,596		-	(11) (67,741)	(11) (67,741)	84,416	84,416		
2013	WECC		Canby Public Utility Board	U.S.	2,289	2,289	-	-	2,276	2,276	-	-	(53)	(53)	66	66		
2013	WECC		Central Arizona Water Conservation District	U.S.	33,258	33,258	-	-	33,069	33,069	-	-	(768)	(768)	956	956	-	-
2013	WECC		Central Electric Cooperative	U.S.	7,695	7,695	-	-	7,651	7,651	-	-	(178)	(178)	221	221	-	-
2013 2013	WECC		Central Lincoln PUD Central Montana Electric Power Cooperative	U.S. U.S.	17,064 806	17,064 806	-	-	16,967 802	16,967 802		-	(394) (19)	(394) (19)	491 23	491 23		
2013	WECC		Central Montana Electric Power Cooperative	U.S.	4,015	4,015	-		3,993	3,993		-	(93)	(93)	115	115	-	-
2013	WECC		City of Aztec Electric Dept	U.S.	502	502	-	-	499	499		-	(12)	(12)	14	14	-	-
2013	WECC		City of Bandon	U.S.	851	851	-	-	846	846	-	-	(20)	(20)	24	24	-	-
2013 2013	WECC		City of Blaine City of Bonners Ferry	U.S. U.S.	989 916	989 916		-	983 911	983 911	-	-	(23)	(23) (21)	28 26	28 26		-
2013	WECC		City of Cascade Locks	U.S.	248	248	-	-	247	247		-	(21)	(6)	7	7		
2013	WECC		City of Centralia	U.S.	3,419	3,419	-	-	3,399	3,399	-	-	(79)	(79)	98	98	-	-
2013	WECC		City of Cheney	U.S.	1,887	1,887	-	-	1,876	1,876	-	-	(44)	(44)	54	54	-	-
2013	WECC		City of Chewelah	U.S.	301	301	-	-	299	299	-	-	(7)	(7)	9	9	-	-
2013 2013	WECC		City of Drain City of Ellensburg	U.S. U.S.	213 2,625	213 2,625			212 2,610	212 2,610		-	(5) (61)	(5) (61)	6 75	6 75		
2013	WECC		City of Fallon	U.S.	2,625 471	471			468	468	-	-	(11)	(11)	14	14	-	-
2013	WECC		City of Farmington	U.S.	12,954	12,954		-	12,881	12,881	-	-	(299)	(299)	373	373	-	-
2013	WECC		City of Forest Grove	U.S.	3,240	3,240	-	-	3,221	3,221	-	-	(75)	(75)	93	93	-	-
2013	WECC		City of Gallup City of Henderson	U.S.	2,399 541	2,399 541	-	-	2,385 538	2,385 538	-	-	(55)	(55)	69	69	-	-
2013	WECC		City of Hermiston, DBA Hermiston Energy Services	U.S. U.S.	541 1,404	1,404			1,396	1,396	-	-	(12) (32)	(12) (32)	16 40	16 40	-	-
2013	WECC		City of Las Vegas	U.S.	528	528			525	525		-	(12)	(12)	15	15		

					То	otal NERC Asse	ssments			NERC NEL	Assessments		Penalty Sand	ctions		NERC Complian	nce Credits	
Data Year	Regional Entity	ID	Entity	Country	Total	US Total	Canada Total	Mexico Total	Total	US Total	Canada Total	Mexico Total	Total	US Total	Total	US Total	Canada Total	Mexico Total
- reui	Littley			country	70.0.1	05 10101	cunda rotar	mexico rotal	10101	05 10101	Cullula Fotol	INCARO TOTAL	rotui	03 Total	10101	os rotar	conduct rotal	10141
2013	WECC		City of McCleary	U.S.	397	397	-	-	395	395	-	-	(9)	(9)	11	11	-	-
2013 2013	WECC		City of McMinnville City of Mesa	U.S. U.S.	9,735 3,305	9,735 3,305		-	9,680 3,286	9,680 3,286		-	(225) (76)	(225) (76)	280 95	280 95		
2013	WECC		City of Milton	U.S.	765	765	-	-	760	760	-	-	(18)	(18)	22	22	-	-
2013	WECC		City of Milton-Freewater	U.S.	1,434	1,434	-	-	1,426	1,426	-	-	(33)	(33)	41	41	-	-
2013 2013	WECC		City of Monmouth City of Needles	U.S. U.S.	940 392	940 392		-	935 389	935 389	-	-	(22)	(22)	27 11	27 11	-	
2013	WECC		City of North Las Vegas	U.S.	59	59		-	58	58		-	(1)	(1)	2	2		
2013	WECC		City of Page	U.S.	1,165	1,165	-	-	1,159	1,159	-	-	(27)	(27)	34	34	-	-
2013 2013	WECC		City of Plummer City of Port Angeles	U.S. U.S.	455 9,252	455 9,252	-	-	452 9,199	452 9,199	-	-	(10) (214)	(10) (214)	13 266	13 266	-	-
2013	WECC		City of Port Angeles  City of Redding	U.S.	10,105	10,105		-	10,047	10,047		-	(233)	(214)	200	200		
2013	WECC		City of Richland	U.S.	11,301	11,301	-	-	11,237	11,237	-	-	(261)	(261)	325	325	-	-
2013	WECC		City of Roseville	U.S.	15,603	15,603	-	-	15,515	15,515	-	-	(360)	(360)	449	449	-	-
2013 2013	WECC		City of Shasta Lake City of Sumas	U.S. U.S.	2,441 392	2,441 392		-	2,427 390	2,427 390	-	-	(56) (9)	(56) (9)	70 11	70 11	-	-
2013	WECC		City of Tacoma DBA Tacoma Power	U.S.	4	4		-	4	4			(0)	(0)	0	0		
2013	WECC		City of Tacoma DBA Tacoma Power	U.S.	63,299	63,299	-	-	62,940	62,940		-	(1,461)	(1,461)	1,820	1,820	-	-
2013	WECC		City of Troy	U.S.	222	222	-	-	221	221	-	-	(5)	(5)	6	6	-	-
2013 2013	WECC		City of Williams Clark County Water Resources	U.S. U.S.	495 978	495 978		-	492 973	492 973	-	-	(11) (23)	(11)	14 28	14 28	-	-
2013	WECC		Clark Public Utilities	U.S.	56,694	56,694		-	56,372	56,372			(1,308)	(1,308)	1,630	1,630		
2013	WECC		Clatskanie PUD	U.S.	11,916	11,916	-	-	11,849	11,849		-	(275)	(275)	343	343	-	-
2013	WECC		Clearwater Cooperative, Inc	U.S.	505	505	-	-	502	502	-	-	(12)	(12)	15	15	-	-
2013 2013	WECC		Clearwater Cooperative, Inc Colorado River Commission of Nevada	U.S. U.S.	2,157 11,021	2,157 11,021		-	2,144 10,959	2,144 10,959	-	-	(50) (254)	(50) (254)	62 317	62 317	-	-
2013	WECC		Colorado Springs Utilities	U.S.	773	773		-	768	768			(18)	(18)	22	22		
2013	WECC		Colorado Springs Utilities	U.S.	58,904	58,904	-	-	58,569	58,569		-	(1,359)	(1,359)	1,694	1,694	-	-
2013	WECC		Columbia Basin Electric Cooperative, Inc.	U.S.	1,432	1,432	-	-	1,424	1,424	-	-	(33)	(33)	41	41	-	-
2013 2013	WECC		Columbia Falls Aluminum Company Columbia Power Cooperative Association	U.S. U.S.	58 283	58 283		-	58 281	58 281	-	-	(1) (7)	(1) (7)	2	2	-	-
2013	WECC		Columbia River PUD	U.S.	2,164	2,164		-	2,152	2,152			(50)	(50)	62	62		
2013	WECC		Columbia River PUD	U.S.	3,932	3,932	-	-	3,909	3,909		-	(91)	(91)	113	113	-	-
2013	WECC		Columbia Rural Electric Association (REA)	U.S.	4,210	4,210	-	-	4,186	4,186	-	-	(97)	(97)	121	121	-	-
2013 2013	WECC		Consolidated Irrigation District No. 19 Consumers Power, Inc.	U.S. U.S.	79 5,445	79 5,445		-	78 5,414	78 5,414	-	-	(2) (126)	(2) (126)	2 157	2 157	-	
2013	WECC		Coos-Curry Electric Cooperative, Inc	U.S.	4,489	4,489		-	4,463	4,463			(104)	(104)	129	129		
2013	WECC		Deseret Generation & Transmission Cooperative	U.S.	1,827	1,827		-	1,816	1,816	-	-	(42)	(42)	53	53	-	-
2013	WECC		Douglas Electric Cooperative, Inc.	U.S.	1,216	1,216	-	-	1,209	1,209	-	-	(28)	(28)	35	35	-	-
2013 2013	WECC		Douglas Palisades / PUD No. 1 of DC El Paso Electric Company	U.S. U.S.	244 105,543	244 105,543	-	-	242 104,943	242 104,943			(6) (2,436)	(6) (2,436)	7 3,035	7 3,035		-
2013	WECC		Electrical District #2	U.S.	2,270	2,270			2,257	2,257		-	(52)	(52)	65	65	-	-
2013	WECC		Electrical District #2 - Coolidge Generating Station	U.S.	116	116	-	-	116	116	-	-	(3)	(3)	3	3	-	-
2013	WECC		Electrical District No. 6 of Pinal County - APS	U.S.	31	31 595	-	-	31	31	-	-	(1)	(1)	1	1 17	-	-
2013 2013	WECC		Electrical District No. 7 of Maricopa County - APS Electrical District No. 8 of Maricopa County - APS	U.S. U.S.	595 3,498	3,498		-	591 3,478	591 3,478			(14) (81)	(14) (81)	17 101	101		
2013	WECC		Electrical Districts 1 & 3	U.S.	7,315	7,315			7,273	7,273		-	(169)	(169)	210	210	-	-
2013	WECC		Elmhurst Mutual Power & Light Company	U.S.	3,534	3,534	-	-	3,514	3,514	-	-	(82)	(82)	102	102	-	-
2013	WECC		Emerald PUD	U.S.	6,551	6,551		-	6,513	6,513	-	-	(151)	(151)	188	188	-	-
2013 2013	WECC		Energy Northwest Eugene Water & Electric Board	U.S. U.S.	462 31,521	462 31,521		-	459 31,342	459 31,342			(11) (727)	(11) (727)	13 907	13 907		
2013	WECC		Fall River Rural Electric Cooperative, Inc.	U.S.	0	0			0	0		-	(0)	(0)	0	0		
2013	WECC		Flathead Electric Cooperative, Inc	U.S.	19,121	19,121	-	-	19,013	19,013	-	-	(441)	(441)	550	550	-	-
2013 2013	WECC		Frederickson Power LP	U.S.	43	43 3.105	-	-	43	43 3.087	-	-	(1)	(1)	1 89	1 89	-	-
2013 2013	WECC		Grand Valley Power Harney Electric Cooperative, Inc.	U.S. U.S.	3,105 1,146	3,105 1,146	-		3,087 1,139	3,087 1,139			(72) (26)	(72) (26)	89 33	89 33		
2013	WECC		Harney Electric Cooperative, Inc.	U.S.	1,248	1,248	-		1,241	1,241			(29)	(29)	36	36	-	-
2013	WECC		Harquahala Valley Power Districts - APS	U.S.	1,002	1,002	-	-	996	996	-	-	(23)	(23)	29	29	-	-
2013	WECC		Hermiston Power LLC	U.S.	25	25	-	-	25	25	-	-	(1)	(1)	1	1	-	-
2013 2013	WECC		Holy Cross Energy Hood River Electric Cooperative	U.S. U.S.	15,397 557	15,397 557	-		15,309 554	15,309 554			(355) (13)	(355)	443 16	443 16		
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Section	Data	Regional																	Mexico
Marcon   M	Year	Entity	ID	Entity	Country	Total	US Total	Canada Total	Mexico Total	Total	US Total	Canada Total	Mexico Total	Total	US Total	Total	US Total	Canada Total	Total
ACC   September   March   Ma	2013	WECC	Idaho County Light a	nd Power Cooperative Association, Inc.	U.S.	749	749			745	745			(17)	(17)	22	22	-	-
MICE				,				-	-			-	-					-	-
Mile			,					-	-				-						-
MICE   Microsome Section Section   Microsome																			
MCC   Mortan   Mort								-	-			-	-					-	-
VICE   Market Specific Market   1.5   1.66   3.66								-	-			-	-					-	-
MCC   Line Eneric Connection   Line								-	-			-	-					-	-
MINE   La Vaga Walley will all prints   La Vaga Walley will all								-	-			-	-					-	-
								-	-				-						
MICE   Leas New Market (Congression)   Michael   Micha								-	-			-	-					-	
MICC   Marting Parting No.   1.0	2013	WECC	Los Angeles Departm	ent of Water and Power	U.S.	364,682	364,682	-	-	362,610	362,610	-	-	(8,416)	(8,416)	10,488	10,488	-	-
MICC   Michael Information and Information a							•	-	-	0	-	-	-			-		-	-
MICC   Modern Variety Starter Conservation & Control and Desired								-	-	1		-	-					-	-
MICC   Micro   Micro   Graver   U.S.   5,942   5,962   5,908   1,117   1,17				•				-	-			-	-					-	-
							003	-	-	0,0		-	-					-	
MICC   Modern Network And Company   1.5   5.224   5.236   5.05   5.05   6.03   6.03   6.05   5.05   6.03   6.05								_	-			_	-					-	
MICC   Monther Month								-	-			-	-					-	-
MICC   Mr. Minerie Power   U.S.   259   259   257   257   (6) (6)   7   7					U.S.		,	-	-	2,950		-	-		,			-	-
								-	-			-	-			937		-	-
2013   WCC   Manicipal Foreiry Agency of Membraish   U.S.   1,5,4   2,5   3,5   1,				lities Co.				-	-			-	-			7	-	-	-
				ancy of Nebraska						, ,			-					-	-
2013   WECC   New York Part Uniter Number   WEST								_	-			_							
2013   WECC   Navojo Trabal Unilly, Authorny   U.S.   5,687   6,687								-	-			-	-					-	-
2013   W.C.C   November Restrict Cooperative, Inc.	2013	WECC			U.S.	687	687	-	-	683	683	-	-	(16)	(16)	20	20	-	-
2013   WCC   Neptenka Public Power Marketing   U.S.   74   74   73   73     [2]   2]   2   2   2   2   2   2   2   2								-	-			-	-					-	-
2013   WCC   Nepslem Valley Retrict Cooperative, Inc.   U.S.   338, 978   S.   378   S								-	-			-	-					-	-
2013   WECC   Neode Power Company the Nergy   U.S.   335,892   335,892   335,892   333,894   333,894   7,7720   7,7720   7,7720   9,650   9,650   9,650   9,201   9,				•				-	-			-	-			_	_	-	-
Melic   Mole American Energy Solutions, LC   U.S.   21,148   21,148   21,128   21,023   21,023   (488)   (688   688   688   681								-	-			-	-					-	
VEC   Northern Lights, Inc.   U.S.   460								-	-			-	-					-	-
Part			Northern Lights, Inc.					-	-			-	-				13	-	-
2013   WECC   NorthWestern Corp. das NorthWestern Feregy, LLC   U.S.   15,842   11,542							3,319	-	-	3,301		-	-					-	-
2013   WCC   NorthWestern Energy, LLC   U.S.   115,821							,	-	-			-	-					-	-
2013   WECC   Ohop Mutual Light Company   U.S.   1.097   1.0								-	-			-	-					-	-
												-						-	
								-	-			-	-					-	-
MECC   PacifiCorp   MECC   PacifiCorp   MECC   PacifiCorp   MECC   PacifiCorp   MECC   PacifiCorp   MECC   MECC   PacifiCorp   MECC   MECC   PacifiCorp   MECC			Oregon Trail Electric	Consumers Cooperative, Inc.				-	-			-	-			129		-	-
Pacific   Paci				ict No. 5	U.S.	4,815	4,815	-	-		4,788	-	-	(111)	(111)	138	138	-	-
2013   WECC   PacifiCorp   U.S.   889   889           884								-	-			-	-			_	_	-	-
MECC   PacifiCorp   PacifiCorp   MECC   Paci								-	-			-	-					-	-
2013   WECC   PacificOrp West (PACW)   U.S.   639,140   639,140   639,140   639,140   635,509   635,509   -   (14,750)   (14,750)   (14,750)   18,381   18,381   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -																			
2013   WECC   Perkland Light and Water Company   U.S.   1,545   1,54							-,	-	-	, .		-	-		()			-	-
2013 WECC Pend Oreille County PUD No. 1 U.S. 12,842 12,842 - 12,769 12,769 - 12,769 12,769 - 12,769 12,769 - 12,769 12,76		WECC	PacifiCorp West (PAC	CW)				-	-	268,028	268,028	-	-					-	-
2013 WECC Peninsula Light Company, Inc. U.S. 7,684 7,684 7,684 7,684 7,680 7,640 7,6								-	-			-	-					-	-
2013 WECC Platte River Power Authority U.S. 40,990 40,990 - 40,757 40,757 - 9,40,757 - 9,40,40 946 946 947 1,779 - 1,179 - 2013 WECC Port of Seattle-Scardmaintennational Airport U.S. 1,784 1,784 - 1,774 1,774 - 1,774 - 1,174 - 1,174 1,174 - 1,174								-	-			-	-					-	-
2013 WECC Port of Seattle-Tacoma International Airport U.S. 1,784 1,784 - 1,774 1,774 - (41) (41) 51 51 2013 WECC Port Townsend Paper Corporation U.S. 2,106 2,106 - 2,094 2,094 - 0,649 (49) (49) 61 61 61 2 0,094 (49) (49) 61 61 61 2 0,094 (49) (49) 61 61 61 2 0,094 (49) (49) 61 61 61 2 0,094 (49) 61 61 61 - 2 0,094 (49) 61 61 61 - 2 0,094 (49) 61 61 61 - 2 0,094 (49) 61 61 61 - 2 0,094 (49) 61 61 61 - 2 0,094 (49) 61 61 61 - 2 0,094 (49) 61 61 61 - 2 0,094 (49)								-	-			-	-					-	-
2013 WECC Port Townsend Paper Corporation U.S. 2,106 2,06 - 2,094 2,094 - (49) (49) 61 61 - 2 (49) (49) 61 61 - 2 (49) (49) 61 61 - 2 (49) (49) 61 61 - 2 (49) (49) 61 61 - 2 (49) (49) 61 61 - 2 (49) (49) 61 61 - 2 (49) (49) 61 61 - 2 (49) (49) 61 61 - 2 (49) (49) 61 61 - 2 (49) (49) 61 61 - 2 (49) (49) 61 61 - 2 (49) (49) 61 61 - 2 (49) (49) 61 61 61 - 2 (49) (49) 61 61 61 - 2 (49) (49) 61 61 61 - 2 (49) (49) 61 61 61 - 2 (49) (49) 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61																			
2013 WECC Portland General Electric Company U.S. 234,991 234,991 - 234,991 - 234,991 - 233,656 233,656 (5,423) (5,423) 6,758 6,758 2013 MECC Public Service Company of Colorado (Xcel) U.S. 450 450 - 447 447 (10) (10) 13 13 2013 MECC Public Service Company of Colorado (Xcel) U.S. 335,260 335,260 - 333,355 (7,737) (7,737) 9,642 9,642 2013 MECC Public Service Company of New Mexico U.S. 136,281 136,281 136,281 - 135,507 135,507 (3,145) (3,145) 3,919 3,919 2013 MECC Public Service Company of New Mexico U.S. 50,856 50,856 - 50,568 50,568 (1,174) (1,174) 1,463 1,463 2013 MECC Public Service Company of New Mexico U.S. 50,856 50,856 - 50,568 50,56				•			-,											-	-
2013 WECC Public Service Company of Colorado (Xcel) U.S. 450 450 - 447 47 (10) (10) 13 13 (2013 WECC Public Service Company of Colorado (Xcel) U.S. 335,260 335,260 - 333,356 333,356 (7,737) (7,737) 9,642 9,642 (7,737) (7,737) 9,642 9,642 (7,737) (7,737) 9,642 9,642 (7,737) (7,737) 9,642 9,642 (7,737) (7,737) 9,642 9,642 (7,737) 9,642 9,642 (7,737) 9,642 9,642 (7,737) 9,642 9,642 (7,737) 9,642 9,642 (7,737) 9,642 9,642 (7,737) 9,642 9,642 (7,737) 9,642 9,642 (7,737) 9,642 9,642 (7,737) 9,642 9,642 (7,737) 9,642 9,								-	-			-	-		,				-
2013     WECC     Public Service Company of New Mexico     U.S.     136,281     136,281     -     -     135,507     -     -     (3,145)     3,919     3,919     -     -       2013     WECC     Public Utility District No. 1 of Chelan County     U.S.     50,856     50,856     -     -     50,568     -     -     (1,174)     (1,174)     1,463     1,463     -	2013	WECC	Public Service Compa	ny of Colorado (Xcel)	U.S.	450	450			447	447	-		(10)	(10)	13	13		-
2013 WECC Public Utility District No. 1 of Chelan County U.S. 50,856 50,856 - 50,568 - (1,174) (1,174) 1,463 1,463 -								-	-			-	-					-	-
												-						-	-
202 11-00 1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1																			
	2013	WLCC	1 05 No. 1 01 A30till 1	,	0.3.	*	*			*	*			(0)	(0)	Ü	U		

					То	tal NERC Asses	ssments			NERC NEL	Assessments		Penalty San	ctions		NERC Compliar	nce Credits	
Data Year	Regional Entity	ID	Entity	Country	Total	US Total	Canada Total	Mexico Total	Total	US Total	Canada Total	Mexico Total	Total	US Total	Total	US Total	Canada Total	Mexico Total
rear	Litery		·	country	1044	05 10101	Canada Total	Wickies Fotoi	10101	05 10141	canada rotar	MCMED TOTAL	1014	05 10101	10101	05 10141	conduct Foton	Total
2013 2013			PUD No. 1 of Asotin County PUD No. 1 of Benton County	U.S.	63	63	-	-	62	62 22,278	-		(1)	(1)	2 644	2 644	-	-
2013			PUD No. 1 of Clallam County	U.S. U.S.	22,406 8,597	22,406 8,597		-	22,278 8,548	8,548		-	(517) (198)	(517) (198)	247	247	-	
2013	WECC		PUD No. 1 of Cowlitz County	U.S.	66,298	66,298	-	-	65,922	65,922			(1,530)	(1,530)	1,907	1,907	-	-
2013			PUD No. 1 of Douglas County	U.S.	113	113	-	-	112	112	-		(3)	(3)	3	3 540	-	-
2013 2013			PUD No. 1 of Douglas County PUD No. 1 of Ferry County	U.S. U.S.	18,782 1,378	18,782 1,378		-	18,675 1,370	18,675 1,370		-	(433) (32)	(433) (32)	540 40	40	-	
2013	WECC		PUD No. 1 of Franklin County	U.S.	13,460	13,460		-	13,383	13,383		-	(311)	(311)	387	387	-	-
2013			PUD No. 1 of Grays Harbor	U.S.	14,989	14,989	-	-	14,904	14,904	-	-	(346)	(346)	431	431	-	-
2013 2013	WECC		PUD No. 1 of Jefferson County PUD No. 1 of Kittitas County	U.S. U.S.	3,113 207	3,113 207		-	3,095 206	3,095 206		-	(72) (5)	(72) (5)	90 6	90 6		
2013			PUD No. 1 of Kittitas County	U.S.	956	956		-	951	951		-	(22)	(22)	28	28		
2013	WECC		PUD No. 1 of Klickitat County	U.S.	3,799	3,799	-	-	3,777	3,777	-	-	(88)	(88)	109	109	-	-
2013 2013			PUD No. 1 of Lewis County PUD No. 1 of Mason County	U.S.	11,855 990	11,855 990	-	-	11,788 984	11,788 984	-	-	(274)	(274)	341 28	341 28	-	-
2013			PUD No. 1 of Skamania County	U.S. U.S.	1,702	1,702	-	-	1,692	1,692		-	(23)	(23) (39)	28 49	28 49		
2013			PUD No. 1 of Snohomish County	U.S.	86,213	86,213	-	-	85,723	85,723		-	(1,990)	(1,990)	2,479	2,479		
2013			PUD No. 1 of Wahkiakum County	U.S.	557	557	-	-	554	554	-	-	(13)	(13)	16	16	-	-
2013 2013			PUD No. 1 of Whatcom County PUD No. 1 of Whatcom County	U.S. U.S.	63 2,834	63 2,834	-	-	63 2,818	63 2.818	-	-	(1) (65)	(1) (65)	2 81	2 81	-	-
2013			PUD No. 2 of Grant County	U.S.	631	631	-	-	627	627		-	(15)	(15)	18	18		
2013			PUD No. 2 of Grant County	U.S.	1,183	1,183	-	-	1,177	1,177		-	(27)	(27)	34	34		
2013			PUD No. 2 of Grant County	U.S.	48,501	48,501	-	-	48,226	48,226	-	-	(1,119)	(1,119)	1,395	1,395	-	-
2013 2013			PUD No. 2 of Pacific County PUD No. 3 of Mason County	U.S. U.S.	3,859 8,828	3,859 8.828	-	-	3,837 8,778	3,837 8,778	-	-	(89) (204)	(89) (204)	111 254	111 254	-	-
2013			Puget Sound Energy, Inc.	U.S.	308,732	308,732		-	306,978	306,978		-	(7,125)	(7,125)	8,879	8,879		
2013			Raft River Electric Cooperative	U.S.	1	1	-	-	1	1		-	(0)	(0)	0	0	-	
2013	WECC		Raton Public Service	U.S.	654	654	-	-	650	650	-	-	(15)	(15)	19	19	-	-
2013 2013			Roosevelt Irrigation District - APS Sacramento Municipal Utility District	U.S. U.S.	478 141,832	478 141,832	-	-	475 141,026	475 141,026	-	-	(11) (3,273)	(11) (3,273)	14 4,079	14 4,079	-	-
2013			Salem Electric	U.S.	4,184	4,184	-	-	4,160	4.160		-	(3,273)	(3,273)	120	120		
2013			Salt River Project	U.S.	365,253	365,253	-	-	363,178	363,178		-	(8,429)	(8,429)	10,504	10,504	-	
2013			San Carlos Indian Irrigation Project	U.S.	0	0	-	-	0	0	-	-	(0)	(0)	0	0	-	-
2013 2013			Seattle City Light Sierra Pacific Power Company dba NV Energy	U.S.	126,789 140,436	126,789 140,436	-	-	126,069 139,638	126,069 139.638	-	-	(2,926) (3,241)	(2,926) (3,241)	3,646 4,039	3,646 4.039	-	-
2013			Silver State Energy - c/o Colorado River Commission of Nevada	U.S.	6,507	6,507		-	6,470	6,470		-	(150)	(150)	187	187		
2013			Southern Montana Electric Generation & Transmission	U.S.	6,601	6,601	-	-	6,564	6,564	-	-	(152)	(152)	190	190	-	-
2013			Southern Nevada Water Authority	U.S.	1,495	1,495	-	-	1,487	1,487	-	-	(35)	(35)	43	43	-	-
2013 2013			Southwest Transmission Cooperative, Inc. Springfield Utility Board	U.S. U.S.	25,422 10,961	25,422 10,961	-	-	25,277 10,898	25,277 10,898	-	-	(587) (253)	(587) (253)	731 315	731 315	-	-
2013			Surprise Valley Electrification Corporation	U.S.	483	483			480	480			(11)	(11)	14	14		
2013	WECC		Tanner Electric Cooperative	U.S.	1,252	1,252	-	-	1,245	1,245		-	(29)	(29)	36	36	-	-
2013			The Incorporated County of Los Alamos	U.S.	4,600	4,600	-	-	4,574	4,574	-	-	(106)	(106)	132	132	-	-
2013 2013			Tillamook People's Utility District Tohono O'Odham Utility Authority	U.S. U.S.	4,744 848	4,744 848	-	-	4,717 843	4,717 843		-	(109) (20)	(109) (20)	136 24	136 24		-
2013	WECC		Tonopah Irrigation District - APS	U.S.	287	287	-	-	285	285		-	(7)	(7)	8	8	-	-
2013			Town of Center	U.S.	264	264	-	-	263	263		-	(6)	(6)	8	8	-	-
2013			Town of Coulee	U.S.	220	220	-	-	219	219	-	-	(5)	(5)	6	6	-	-
2013 2013			Town of Eatonville Town of Fredonia	U.S. U.S.	355 138	355 138	-	-	353 138	353 138		-	(8)	(8)	10	10		-
2013			Town of Steilacoom	U.S.	522	522		-	519	519		-	(12)	(12)	15	15	-	
2013	WECC		Town of Wickenburg	U.S.	336	336	-	-	334	334		-	(8)	(8)	10	10	-	-
2013			Tri-State Generation & Transmission Assoc. Inc - Reliability	U.S.	26,056	26,056	-	-	25,908	25,908	-		(601)	(601)	749	749	-	-
2013 2013			Tri-State Generation & Transmission Assoc. Inc - Reliability Tri-State Generation & Transmission Association, Inc.	U.S. U.S.	93,740 33,390	93,740 33,390	-		93,207 33,200	93,207 33,200	-		(2,163) (771)	(2,163) (771)	2,696 960	2,696 960	-	-
2013			Truckee Donner Public Utility District	U.S.	1,949	1,949			1,938	1,938	-		(45)	(45)	56	56		-
2013			Tucson Electric Power Company	U.S.	190,587	190,587	-	-	189,504	189,504			(4,398)	(4,398)	5,481	5,481	-	-
2013			Turlock Irrigation District	U.S.	26,976	26,976	-	-	26,823	26,823	-		(623)	(623)	776	776	-	-
2013 2013			U.S. Army Yuma Proving Ground U.S. BOR Columbia Basin	U.S. U.S.	206 421	206 421	-		205 419	205 419	-		(5) (10)	(5) (10)	6 12	6 12	-	-
2013			U.S. BOR East Greenacres (Rathdrum)	U.S.	53	53			52	52			(1)	(1)	2	2	-	

Data						otal NERC Asse	cemante			NEDC NEL /	Assessments		Penalty Sar	octions		NERC Compli	anca Cradite	
Data						otal NENC ASSE	ooments			IVERC IVEL A	-33E3SIIIEIILS		renaity Sar	ictiolis		NENC COMPIL	ance Creuits	
	Regional																	Mexico
Year	Entity	ID	Entity	Country	Total	US Total	Canada Total	Mexico Total	Total	US Total	Canada Total	Mexico Total	Total	US Total	Total	US Total	Canada Total	Total
2013	WECC		U.S. Bor Spokane Indian Development`	U.S.	40	40	-		39	39		-	(1)	(1)	1	1	-	-
2013	WECC		U.S. BOR The Dalles Project	U.S.	232	232	-	-	230	230	-	-	(5)	(5)	7	7	-	
2013	WECC		U.S. DOE National Energy Technology Laboratory	U.S.	61	61	-	-	61	61	-	-	(1)	(1)	2	2	-	-
2013	WECC		Umatilla Electric Cooperative Association	U.S.	14,403	14,403	-	-	14,321	14,321	-	-	(332)	(332)	414	414	-	-
2013	WECC		Unit B Irrigation District	U.S.	0	0	-	-	0	0	-	-	(0)	(0)	0	0	-	-
2013	WECC		US Air Force Base, Fairchild	U.S.	620	620	-	-	616	616	-	-	(14)	(14)	18	18	-	-
2013	WECC		US Dept of Energy - Kirtland AFB	U.S.	5,190	5,190	-	-	5,160	5,160	-	-	(120)	(120)	149	149	-	-
2013	WECC		USDOE Richland	U.S.	2,371	2,371	-	-	2,357	2,357	-	-	(55)	(55)	68	68	-	-
2013	WECC		USN Naval Station, Bremerton	U.S.	3,167	3,167	-	-	3,149	3,149	-	-	(73)	(73)	91	91	-	-
2013	WECC		USN Naval Station, Everett	U.S.	138	138	-	-	137	137	-	-	(3)	(3)	4	4	-	-
2013	WECC		USN Submarine Base, Bangor	U.S.	2,151	2,151	-	-	2,139	2,139	-	-	(50)	(50)	62	62	-	-
2013	WECC		Vera Water and Power	U.S.	2,968	2,968	-	-	2,951	2,951	-	-	(68)	(68)	85	85	-	-
2013	WECC		Vigilante Electric Cooperative, Inc.	U.S.	201	201	-	-	200	200	-	-	(5)	(5)	6	6	-	-
2013	WECC		Wasco Electric Cooperative	U.S.	1,226	1,226	-	-	1,219	1,219	-	-	(28)	(28)	35	35	-	-
2013	WECC		Wells Rural Electric Cooperative	U.S.	8,495	8,495	-	-	8,447	8,447	-	-	(196)	(196)	244	244	-	-
2013	WECC		Wellton-Mohawk Irrigation & Drainage District	U.S.	5	5	-	-	5	5	-	-	(0)	(0)	0	0	-	-
2013	WECC		West Oregon Electric Cooperative, Inc.	U.S.	162	162	-	-	162	162	-	-	(4)	(4)	5	5	-	-
2013	WECC		West Oregon Electric Cooperative, Inc.	U.S.	713	713	-	-	709	709	-	-	(16)	(16)	21	21	-	-
2013	WECC		Western Area Power - Loveland, CO	U.S.	4,601	4,601	-	-	4,575	4,575	-	-	(106)	(106)	132	132	-	-
2013	WECC		Western Area Power - Loveland, CO	U.S.	25,958	25,958	-	-	25,810	25,810	-	-	(599)	(599)	747	747	-	-
2013	WECC		Western Area Power Administration - CRSP	U.S.	25,945	25,945	-	-	25,797	25,797	-	-	(599)	(599)	746	746	-	-
2013	WECC		Western Area Power Administration - Sierra Nevada Region	U.S.	16,734	16,734	-	-	16,638	16,638	-	-	(386)	(386)	481	481	-	
2013	WECC		Western Area Power Administration-Desert Southwest Region	U.S.	40,755	40,755	-	-	40,523	40,523	-	-	(941)	(941)	1,172	1,172	-	-
2013	WECC		Western Area Power Administration-Upper Great Plains Region	U.S.	97	97	-	-	97	97	-	-	(2)	(2)	3	3	-	-
2013	WECC		Western Area Power Administration-Upper Great Plains Region	U.S.	4,943	4,943	-	-	4,915	4,915	-	-	(114)	(114)	142	142	-	-
2013	WECC		Wyoming Municipal Power Agency	U.S.	3,542	3,542	-	-	3,521	3,521	-	-	(82)	(82)	102	102	-	
2013	WECC		Yakama Power	U.S.	274	274	-	-	273	273	-	-	(6)	(6)	8	8	-	-
2013	WECC		Yampa Valley Electric Association	U.S.	7,968	7,968	-	-	7,923	7,923	-	-	(184)	(184)	229	229	-	
2013	WECC		Yuma Irrigation District	U.S.	39	39	-	-	39	39	-	-	(1)	(1)	1	1	-	
2013	WECC		Yuma-Mesa Irrigation District	U.S.	2	2	-	-	2	2	-	-	(0)	(0)	0	0	-	
			TOTAL WECC		10,739,401	9,315,301	1,273,976	150,123	10,910,506	9,262,382	1,502,220	145,903	(214,982)	(214,982)	43,877	267,901	(228,244)	4,220
	TOTAL ERO				55,308,375	50,046,840	5,111,411	150,123	56,463,375	49,762,532	6,554,940	145,903	(1,155,000)	(1,155,000)	0	1,439,308	(1,443,528)	4,220
•	y Regional E	Entity			2 705 627	2 705 627	_		2 770 054	2 770 054			(64.533)	(54.533)	00.400	00.400		
2013 F					2,795,837	2,795,837		-	2,779,954	2,779,954		-	(64,523)	(64,523)	80,406	80,406	-	-
	VRO				3,667,984	3,066,780	601,204	-	3,633,662	3,049,358	584,304	-	(70,776)	(70,776)	105,098	88,198	16,900	-
	NPCC				6,936,475	3,700,244	3,236,231	-	8,147,639	3,679,224	4,468,415	-	(85,396)	(85,396)	(1,125,768)	106,416	(1,232,184)	-
2013 R					11,480,414	11,480,414	-	-	11,415,196	11,415,196	-	-	(264,949)	(264,949)	330,168	330,168	-	-
2013 S					12,747,985	12,747,985	-	-	12,675,566	12,675,566	-	-	(294,203)	(294,203)	366,622	366,622	-	-
2013 S					2,737,128	2,737,128	-	-	2,721,578	2,721,578	-	-	(63,168)	(63,168)	78,718	78,718	-	-
2013 T					4,203,151	4,203,151		-	4,179,274	4,179,274	4 500 05-	-	(97,002)	(97,002)	120,879	120,879	(220.244)	
	VECC				10,739,401	9,315,301	1,273,976	150,123	10,910,506	9,262,382	1,502,220	145,903	(214,982)	(214,982)	43,877	267,901	(228,244)	4,220 4,220
Total					55,308,375	50,046,840	5,111,411	150,123	56,463,375	49,762,532	6,554,940	145,903	(1,155,000)	(1,155,000)	0	1,439,308	(1,443,528)	4,220

				Total Region		ents (Including WIRAB																$\neg$
					Assessmen	rts)	Regi	onal Entity NEL A	ssessments		Penalty Sanction	ns - US Only	NPCC	CORC Program	n	WECC Co	ompliance As	sessments (e	x.AESO)	WIRAB A	sessments	
Data Region Year Entity		Entity	Country	Total	US Total	Canada Total Mexico Total	Total	US Total	Canada Total	Mexico Total	Total	US Total	Total	US Total	Canada Total	Total	US Tota	Canada Tota		Total US To	Canada al Total	Mexico Total
2013 FRCC		4 Alachua, City of 5 Bartow. City of	U.S. U.S.	3,300 7.438	3,300 7.438		3,395 7,653	3,395 7,653	=	-	(95) (215)	(95) (215)										
2013 FRCC		6 Chattahoochee, City of	U.S.	1,000	1,000		1,029	1,029	-		(29)	(29)										
2013 FRCC		7 Florida Keys Electric Cooperative Assn	U.S.	19,698	19,698		20,266	20,266	-	-	(569)	(569)										
2013 FRCC 2013 FRCC		8 Florida Power & Light Co. 9 Florida Public Utilities Company	U.S.	2,999,641 9.679	2,999,641 9.679		3,086,224 9,958	3,086,224 9,958	-	-	(86,583) (279)	(86,583) (279)										
2013 FRCC 2013 FRCC		0 Gainesville Regional Utilities	U.S.	48,217	48,217		49,609	49,609	-		(1,392)	(1,392)										
2013 FRCC		1 Homestead, City of	U.S.	13,972	13,972		14,375	14,375	-		(403)	(403)										
2013 FRCC		2 JEA	U.S.	327,712	327,712		337,171	337,171	-	-	(9,459)	(9,459)										
2013 FRCC 2013 FRCC		3 Lakeland Electric 6 Lee County Electric Cooperative, Inc	U.S. U.S.	79,969 100.420	79,969 100.420		82,277 103.319	82,277 103.319	-	-	(2,308)	(2,308)										
2013 FRCC		1 City of Lake Worth	U.S.	11 945	11.945		103,319	103,319	-		(345)	(2,899)										
2013 FRCC		4 Mount Dora, City of	U.S.	2,436	2,436		2,506	2,506	-	-	(70)	(70)										
2013 FRCC		5 New Smyrna Beach, Utilities Commission of	U.S.	10,575	10,575		10,880	10,880	-	-	(305)	(305)										
2013 FRCC 2013 FRCC		6 Orlando Utilities Commission 7 Duke Energy Florida	U.S. U.S.	155,980 1,074,354	155,980 1,074,354		160,482 1,105,364	160,482 1,105,364	-	-	(4,502) (31,011)	(4,502) (31,011)										
2013 FRCC 2013 FRCC		8 Quincy, City of	U.S.	3,726	3,726		3,833	3,833	-		(108)	(108)										
2013 FRCC		9 Reedy Creek Improvement District	U.S.	33,094	33,094		34,050	34,050	-		(955)	(955)										
2013 FRCC		0 St. Cloud, City of (OUC)	U.S.	16,520	16,520		16,997	16,997	-	-	(477)	(477)										
2013 FRCC		1 Tallahassee, City of	U.S.	73,531	73,531		75,654	75,654	-	-	(2,122)	(2,122)										
2013 FRCC 2013 FRCC		2 Tampa Electric Company 3 City of Vero Beach	U.S. U.S.	525,375 20.246	525,375 20.246		540,539 20.830	540,539 20.830	-	-	(15,165) (584)	(15,165) (584)										
2013 FRCC		3 Wauchula. City of	U.S.	1.692	1.692		1.741	1.741	-		(49)	(49)										
2013 FRCC		4 Williston, City of	U.S.	877	877		902	902	-	-	(25)	(25)										
2013 FRCC		5 Winter Park, City of	U.S.	11,835	11,835		12,177	12,177	-	-	(342)	(342)										
2013 FRCC 2013 FRCC		2 Florida Municipal Power Agency 3 Seminole Electric Cooperative	U.S. U.S.	151,336 358,272	151,336 358,272		155,704 368,614	155,704 368,614	-		(4,368) (10,341)	(4,368) (10,341)										
2019 11100	1073	TOTAL FRCC	0.3.	6,062,838	6,062,838		6,237,838	6,237,838	-	-	(175,000)	(175,000)										_
2013 MRO				****	450.000		400.000	400.070			100 4041	(00.404)										
2013 MRO 2013 MRO		9 Basin Electric Power Cooperative 1 Central Iowa Power Cooperative (CIPCO)	U.S. U.S.	458,968 91.985	458,968 91,985		482,072 96.615	482,072 96.615	-	-	(23,104)	(23,104)										
2013 MRO		4 Corn Belt Power Cooperative	U.S.	66,211	66,211		69,544	69,544	-		(3,333)	(3,333)										
2013 MRO	1207	7 Dairyland Power Cooperative	U.S.	177,998	177,998		186,959	186,959	-	-	(8,960)	(8,960)										
2013 MRO		0 Great River Energy	U.S.	450,093	450,093		472,751	472,751	-	-	(22,657)	(22,657)										
2013 MRO 2013 MRO		Minnkota Power Cooperative, Inc.     Nebraska Public Power District	U.S. U.S.	140,809 440.540	140,809 440,540		147,897 462,716	147,897 462.716	-	-	(7,088) (22,176)	(7,088) (22,176)										
2013 MRO 2013 MRO		2 Omaha Public Power District	U.S.	370,240	370,240		388,878	388,878	-		(18,638)	(18,638)										
2013 MRO	1237	7 Southern Montana Generation and Transmission	U.S.	225	225		236	236	-		(11)	(11)										
2013 MRO		0 Western Area Power Administration (UM)	U.S.	292,236	292,236		306,947	306,947	-	-	(14,711)	(14,711)										
2013 MRO 2013 MRO		9 Western Area Power Administration (LM) 7 Manitoba Hydro	U.S. CAN	4,102 809,971	4,102	809,971 -	4,308 809,971	4,308	809.971	-	(206)	(206)										
2013 MRO 2013 MRO		7 Manitoba Hydro 5 SaskPower	CAN	769,279	-	769,279	809,971 769,279	-	769,279		-											
2013 MRO	1195	5 Alliant Energy (Alliant East - WPL & Alliant West IPL)	U.S.	937,860	937,860		985,071	985,071	-	-	(47,211)	(47,211)										
2013 MRO		6 Madison, Gas and Electric	U.S.	112,097	112,097		117,740	117,740	-	-	(5,643)	(5,643)										
2013 MRO		0 MidAmerican Energy Company	U.S.	919,478	919,478		965,764	965,764	-	-	(46,286)	(46,286)										
2013 MRO 2013 MRO		1 Minnesota Power 6 Montana-Dakota Utilities Co.	U.S. U.S.	421,870 100,693	421,870 100,693		443,107 105,762	443,107 105,762	-	-	(21,237) (5,069)	(21,237) (5,069)										
2013 MRO		1 NorthWestern Energy	U.S.	50,559	50,559		53,104	53.104	-		(2,545)	(2,545)										
2013 MRO	1233	3 Otter Tail Power Company	U.S.	148,334	148,334		155,802	155,802	-	-	(7,467)	(7,467)										
2013 MRO		Wisconsin Public Service (WPS)	U.S.	398,255	398,255		418,303	418,303	-	-	(20,048)	(20,048)										
2013 MRO 2013 MRO		Upper Peninsula Power Company (UPPCO)  Xcel Energy Company (NSP)	U.S. U.S.	26,602 1,459,617	26,602 1,459,617		27,941 1,533,093	27,941 1,533,093	-	-	(1,339) (73,476)	(1,339) (73,476)										
2013 MRO		6 Ames Municipal Electric System	U.S.	24,967	24,967		26,224	26,224	-		(1,257)	(1,257)										
2013 MRO	1604	4 Atlantic Municipal Utilities	U.S.	2,688	2,688		2,823	2,823	-	-	(135)	(135)										
2013 MRO		6 Badger Power Marketing Authority of Wisconsin, Inc.	U.S.	13,053	13,053		13,710	13,710	-	-	(657)	(657)										
2013 MRO 2013 MRO		0 Cedar Falls Municipal Utilities	U.S.	17,268 15,096	17,268 15,096		18,138	18,138 15,856	-	-	(869)	(869) (760)										
2013 MRO 2013 MRO		7 Central Minnesota Municipal Power Agency (CMMPA) 3 City of Escanaba	U.S. U.S.	4,514	4,514		15,856 4,741	4,741	-		(760) (227)	(227)										
2013 MRO		5 Falls City Water & Light Department	U.S.	1,841	1,841		1,934	1,934		-	(93)	(93)										
2013 MRO		6 Fremont Department of Utilities	U.S.	14,155	14,155		14,868	14,868	-	-	(713)	(713)										
2013 MRO 2013 MRO		8 Geneseo Municipal Utilities 9 Grand Island Utilities Department	U.S. U.S.	2,150 24,576	2,150 24,576		2,259 25,813	2,259 25,813	-	-	(108) (1,237)	(108) (1,237)										
2013 MRO 2013 MRO		9 Grand Island Utilities Department 6 Harlan Municipal Utilities	U.S.	24,576 778	24,576 778		25,813 817	25,813 817		-	(1,237)	(1,237)										
2013 MRO	1211	1 Hastings Utilities	U.S.	14,149	14,149		14,861	14,861		-	(712)	(712)										
2013 MRO		2 Heartland Consumers Power District	U.S.	27,517	27,517		28,902	28,902	-	-	(1,385)	(1,385)										
2013 MRO 2013 MRO		3 Hutchinson Utilities Commission 5 Lincoln Electric System	U.S.	9,373 105.929	9,373 105.929		9,845 111.262	9,845 111.262	-	-	(472)	(472) (5.332)										
2013 MRO 2013 MRO		5 Lincoln Electric System 8 Manitowoc Public Utilities	U.S.	105,929 17.507	105,929 17.507		111,262 18.389	111,262 18.389		-	(5,332) (881)	(5,332)										
2013 MRO		3 Missouri River Energy Services	U.S.	79,485	79,485		83,486	83,486	-	-	(4,001)	(4,001)										
2013 MRO	1224	4 MN Municipal Power Agency (MMPA)	U.S.	49,254	49,254		51,734	51,734			(2,479)	(2,479)										
2013 MRO		7 Montezuma Municipal Light & Power	U.S.	1,039	1,039		1,092	1,092	-	-	(52)	(52)										
2013 MRO 2013 MRO		7 Municipal Energy Agency of Nebraska 8 Muscatine Power and Water	U.S. U.S.	38,063 28,258	38,063 28,258		39,979 29,680	39,979 29,680	-	-	(1,916) (1,422)	(1,916) (1,422)										
2013 MRO 2013 MRO		9 Nebraska City Utilities	U.S.	28,258 5,550	28,258 5,550		29,680 5,830	29,680 5,830	-	-	(279)	(279)										
2013 MRO	1234	4 Rochester Public Utilities	U.S.	174	174		183	183		-	(9)	(9)										
2013 MRO		6 Southern Minnesota Municipal Power Agency	U.S.	95,571	95,571		100,381	100,381	-	-	(4,811)	(4,811)										
2013 MRO 2013 MRO		1 Willmar Municipal Utilities 2 Wisconsin Public Power, Inc. (East and West regions)	U.S.	8,504 176 534	8,504 176,534		8,932 185,421	8,932 185,421	-	-	(428)	(428)										
2013 WINO	1242	TOTAL MRO	0.3.	9,426,019	7,846,770	1,579,249 -	9,821,019	8,241,770	1,579,249	-	(395,000)	(395,000)								 		_
																						_
2013 NPCC 2013 NPCC		6 New England 9 New York	U.S. U.S.	3,869,386 4,890,350	3,869,386 4,890,350		1,155,172 1,459,971	1,155,172 1,459,971	-	-	(128,321) (162,179)	(128,321) (162,179)	2,842,535 3,592,558	2,842,535 3,592,558	-							
2013 NPCC 2013 NPCC		7 Ontario	Canada	1,985,288	4,0JU,33U -	1,985,288	1,459,971	1,439,971	1,256,602	-	(102,179)	(102,179)	728,686	3,332,336 -	728,686							
2013 NPCC	1341	1 Quebec	Canada	2,781,204	-	2,781,204 -	1,693,975	-	1,693,975	-			1,087,229	-	1,087,229							
2013 NPCC		8 New Brunswick	Canada	299,616	-	299,616 -	125,752	-	125,752	-			173,864	-	173,864							
2013 NPCC	1340	0 Nova Scotia TOTAL NPCC	Canada	243,034 14,068,878	8,759,736	243,034 -	99,761 5,791,233	2,615,143	99,761 3,176,090	-	(290,500)	(290,500)	143,273 8,568,145	6.435.093	143,273		-	_	_			
-				17,000,070	0,,35,730	-,303,272 -	3,/31,433	4,040,140	3,270,030		(000,000)	(0.00,000)	0,500,145	2,722,023	-,200,002							

Appendix 2-D, Regional Entity Assessments

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					Total Region	nal Entity Assessmen	ents (Including WIRAB		ional Entity AIF	rrorrmo=t-		Donalty Commit	w He O-t-	NPCC CORC Program	WECC Compliance Assessments (ex.AESO)	WIRAB Assessments
						Assessment	3)	neg	ional Entity NEL A	ssessments		Penalty Sanction	15 - US Only	NPCC CORC Program	wecc compliance assessments (ex. acso)	WIRAD ASSESSMENTS
Data Year	Regional Entity	ID	Entity	Country	Total	US Total C	anada Total Mexico Total	Total	US Total	Canada Total	Mexico Total	Total	US Total	Canada Total US Total Total	Total US Total Total Total	Canada Mexico I Total US Total Total Total
2013 2013	RF RF		Bay City Cannelton Utilities	U.S. U.S.	6,793 334	6,793 334		7,000 344	7,000 344	=	-	(207)	(207)			
2013	RF		City of Chelsea	U.S.	2,003	2,003		2,064	2,064		-	(61)	(61)			
2013	RF RF		City of Croswell City of Eaton Rapids	U.S. U.S.	873 1,969	873 1,969		900 2,029	900	-	-	(27)	(27) (60)			
2013	RF		City of Hart	U.S.	1,006	1,969		1,037	1.037	-	-	(31)	(31)			
2013	RF	1490	City of Lansing	U.S.	45,819	45,819		47,215	47,215	-	-	(1,396)	(1,396)			
2013 2013	RF RF		City of Marquette Board of Light & Power City of Portland	U.S. U.S.	6,856 760	6,856 760		7,065 784	7,065 784	-	-	(209)	(209) (23)			
2013	RF		City of St. Louis	U.S.	831	831		856	856	-	-	(25)	(25)			
2013	RF	1118	City of Wyandotte	U.S.	4,525	4,525		4,663	4,663	-	-	(138)	(138)			
2013 2013	RF RF	1120	Cloverland Electric Cooperative CMS ERM Michigan LLC	U.S. U.S.	18,585 3,264	18,585 3,264		19,151 3,363	19,151 3,363	-	-	(566) (99)	(566) (99)			
2013	RF	1124	Constellation New Energy (MECS-CONS)	U.S.	18,634	18,634		19,202	19,202		-	(568)	(568)			
2013	RF		Constellation New Energy (MECS-DET)	U.S. U.S.	22,511 670,444	22,511 670,444		23,197	23,197	-	-	(686) (20,421)	(686) (20,421)			
2013 2013	RF RF		Consumers Energy Company Detroit Edison Company	U.S.	670,444 955.204	670,444 955,204		690,864 984,298	690,864 984,298		-	(20,421)	(20,421)			
2013	RF		Duke Energy Indiana	U.S.	625,813	625,813		644,874	644,874	-	-	(19,061)	(19,061)			
2013 2013	RF RF		Ferdinand Municipal Light & Water FirstEnergy Solutions (MECS-CONS)	U.S.	979 14,164	979 14,164		1,009 14,596	1,009 14.596	-	-	(30) (431)	(30) (431)			
2013	RF		FirstEnergy Solutions (MECS-CONS) FirstEnergy Solutions (MECS-DET)	U.S. U.S.	14,164 49,057	49,057		14,596 50,551	14,596 50,551	-	-	(1,494)	(1,494)			
2013	RF	1612	Glacial Energy (MECS-DET)	U.S.	2,979	2,979		3,070	3,070	-	-	(91)	(91)			
2013 2013	RF RF	1144 1145	Holland Board of Public Works Hoosier Energy	U.S. U.S.	20,278 150,741	20,278 150,741		20,896 155,332	20,896 155,332	-	-	(618) (4,591)	(618) (4,591)			
2013	RF	1148	Indiana Municipal Power Agency (DUKE CIN)	U.S.	63,619	63,619		65,557	65,557	-	-	(1,938)	(1,938)			
2013	RF	1485	Indiana Municipal Power Agency (NIPSCO)	U.S.	8,836	8,836		9,105	9,105	-	-	(269)	(269)			
2013 2013	RF RF	1486 1149	Indiana Municipal Power Agency (SIGE) Indianapolis Power & Light Co.	U.S. U.S.	12,185 304,489	12,185 304,489		12,556 313,764	12,556 313,764		-	(371) (9,274)	(371) (9,274)			
2013	RF	1553	Integrys Energy Services (MECS-CONS)	U.S.	21,113	21,113		21,756	21,756	-	-	(643)	(643)			
2013	RF		Integrys Energy Services (MECS-DET)	U.S.	11,943	11,943		12,306	12,306	-	-	(364)	(364)			
2013 2013	RF RF		Integrys Energy Services (WEPC) Just Energy (MECS-DET)	U.S. U.S.	17,751 299	17,751 299		18,292 308	18,292 308			(541) (9)	(541)			
2013	RF	1154	Michigan Public Power Agency	U.S.	26,313	26,313		27,114	27,114	-	-	(801)	(801)			
2013 2013	RF RF		Michigan South Central Power Agency	U.S.	13,196 2.049	13,196		13,598 2,111	13,598 2.111	-	-	(402) (62)	(402)			
2013	RF	1163	MidAmerican Energy Company Retail Northern Indiana Public Service Co.	U.S. U.S.	362,376	362,376		2,111 373,413	373,413	-	-	(11,037)	(11,037)			
2013	RF	1164	Ontonagon County Rural Electrification Assoc.	U.S.	607	607		625	625	-	-	(18)	(18)			
2013 2013	RF RF	1265	PJM Interconnnection, LLC Sempra Energy Solutions (MECS-CONS)	U.S. U.S.	14,325,471 13,949	14,325,471 13,949		14,761,806 14,374	14,761,806 14,374	-	-	(436,334) (425)	(436,334) (425)			
2013	RF	1171	Sempra Energy Solutions (MECS-DET)	U.S.	14,657	14,657		15,103	15,103	-	-	(446)	(446)			
2013	RF	1176	Direct Energy (fka:Strategic Energy,LLC) (MECS-CONS)	U.S.	266	266		274	274	-	-	(8)	(8)			
2013 2013	RF RF	1174	Direct Energy (fka:Strategic Energy,LLC) (MECS-DET) Spartan Renewable Energy	U.S. U.S.	7,663 1,395	7,663 1,395		7,897 1,438	7,897 1,438		-	(233) (42)	(233) (42)			
2013	RF		Thumb Electric Cooperative	U.S.	3,722	3,722		3,835	3,835			(113)	(113)			
2013	RF		Ohio Valley Electric Corporation	U.S.	13,275	13,275		13,679	13,679	-	-	(404)	(404)			
2013 2013	RF RF		Vectren Energy Delivery of IN Village of Sebewaing	U.S. U.S.	118,609 910	118,609 910		122,221 938	122,221 938		-	(3,613)	(3,613)			
2013	RF	1184	Wabash Valley Power Association Inc. (DUKE CIN)	U.S.	57,697	57,697		59,454	59,454	-	-	(1,757)	(1,757)			
2013	RF RF		Wabash Valley Power Association Inc.(NIPSCO) Wisconsin Electric Power Co.	U.S. U.S.	34,762 579.131	34,762 579.131	-	35,821 596.770	35,821 596,770		-	(1,059)	(1,059)			
2013	RF		Wolverine Power Marketing Cooperative	U.S.	15,612	15,612		16,087	16,087	-	-	(476)	(476)			
2013			Wolverine Power Supply Cooperative	U.S.	54,745	54,745		56,412	56,412	-	-	(1,667)	(1,667)			
2013	RF	1190	Wolverine Power Marketing Cooperative TOTAL RELIABILITYFIRST	U.S.	2,836 18,713,897	2,836 18,713,897		2,922 19,283,897	2,922 19,283,897	-		(86)	(86)			
	SERC					46.398		52.437	52.437				(6.038)			
2013 2013	SERC	1268	Alabama Municipal Electric Authority Alabama Power Company	U.S. U.S.	46,398 805,626	805,626		910,472	910,472	-	-	(6,038) (104,847)	(104,847)			
2013	SERC		Ameren - Illinois	U.S.	584,847	584,847		660,961	660,961	-	-	(76,114)	(76,114)			
2013 2013	SERC SERC		Ameren - Missouri APGI - Yadkin Division	U.S. U.S.	570,654 375	570,654 375		644,921 424	644,921 424		-	(74,267) (49)	(74,267) (49)			
2013	SERC		APGI - Tapoco Division (ALCOA)	U.S.	4,302	4,302		4,862	4,862	-	-	(560)	(560)			
2013 2013	SERC SERC		Associated Electric Cooperative Inc.  Beauregard Electric Cooperative, Inc.	U.S. U.S.	263,510 15.211	263,510 15.211	-	297,804 17.191	297,804 17.191		-	(34,294) (1,980)	(34,294)			
2013	SERC		Benton Utility District	U.S.	3,705	3,705		4,187	4,187	-	-	(1,980)	(1,980)			
2013	SERC		Big Rivers Electric Corporation	U.S.	52,041	52,041		58,814	58,814	-	-	(6,773)	(6,773)			
2013 2013	SERC SERC		Black Warrior EMC Blue Ridge EMC	U.S. U.S.	5,972 19.101	5,972 19.101		6,749 21.587	6,749 21.587		-	(777) (2,486)	(777) (2,486)			
2013	SERC	1628	Brazos Electric Power Cooperative, Inc.	U.S.	5,858	5,858		6,621	6,621	-	-	(762)	(762)			
2013	SERC	1463	Canton, MS	U.S.	1,650	1,650		1,865	1,865	-	-	(215)	(215)			
2013 2013	SERC SERC	1277	Central Electric Power Cooperative Inc. Century Aluminum - Hawesville	U.S. U.S.	208,292 58,129	208,292 58,129		235,400 65,694	235,400 65,694		-	(27,108) (7,565)	(27,108) (7,565)			
2013	SERC		Century Aluminum - Sebree	U.S.	44,255	44,255		50,014	50,014	-	-	(5,759)	(5,759)			
2013 2013	SERC SERC	1278	City of Blountstown FL City of Camden SC	U.S. U.S.	518 2,570	518 2,570		586 2,905	586 2,905	-	-	(67) (334)	(67) (334)			
2013	SERC		City of Collins MS	U.S.	677	677		766	766			(88)	(88)			
2013	SERC	1281	City of Columbia MO	U.S.	16,173	16,173		18,277	18,277		-	(2,105)	(2,105)			
2013 2013	SERC SERC		City of Conway AR (Conway Corporation) City of Evergreen AL	U.S. U.S.	14,084 799	14,084 799		15,917 903	15,917 903	-	-	(1,833)	(1,833)			
2013	SERC		City of Hampton GA	U.S.	799 321	799 321		903 363	363		-	(104)	(42)			
2013	SERC		City of Hartford AL	U.S.	455	455		514	514	-	-	(59)	(59)			
2013 2013	SERC SERC	1287	City of Henderson (KY) Municipal Power & Light City of North Little Rock AR (DENL)	U.S. U.S.	8,398 13,046	8,398 13,046		9,491 14,744	9,491 14,744	-	-	(1,093) (1,698)	(1,093) (1,698)			
2013	SERC	1289	City of Orangeburg SC Department of Public Utilities	U.S.	11,380	11,380		12,861	12,861		-	(1,481)	(1,481)			
2013	SERC	1290	City of Robertsdale AL	U.S.	1,144	1,144		1,293	1,293	-	-	(149)	(149)			
2013 2013	SERC SERC		City of Ruston LA (DERS) City of Seneca SC	U.S. U.S.	4,041 2,176	4,041 2,176		4,567 2,459	4,567 2,459		-	(526) (283)	(526) (283)			
2013	SERC	1115	City of Springfield (CWLP)	U.S.	24,611	24,611		27,814	27,814		-	(3,203)	(3,203)			
2013	SERC	1465	City of Thayer, MO	U.S.	316	316		357	357	-	-	(41)	(41)			
2013																

Appendix 2-D, Regional Entity Assessments

				Total Region		nts (Including WIRAB	_								
					Assessments	;)	Reg	gional Entity NEL A	Assessments		Penalty Sanction	ns - US Only	NPCC CORC Program	WECC Compliance Assessments (ex.AESO)	WIRAB Assessments
Data Year	Regional Entity	ID Entity	Country	Total	US Total C	anada Total Mexico Total	Total	US Total	Canada Total	Mexico Total	Total	US Total	Canada Total US Total Total	Canada Mexic	Canada Mexico al Total US Total Total
2013		1293 City of Troy AL	U.S.	5,817	5,817		6,574	6,574	-	-	(757)	(757)			
2013		1294 City of West Memphis AR (West Memphis Utilities) 1583 Claiborne Electric Cooperative, Inc.	U.S. U.S.	5,451 9.135	5,451 9.135		6,160 10.324	6,160 10.324	•	-	(709) (1,189)	(709) (1.189)			
2013		1584 Concordia Electric Cooperative, Inc.	U.S.	3,597	3,597		4,065	4,065			(468)	(468)			
2013		1283 Dalton Utilities	U.S.	21,575	21,575		24,383	24,383	-	-	(2,808)	(2,808)			
2013 2013		1585 Dixie Electric Membership Corporation 1295 Dominion Virginia Power	U.S. U.S.	30,904 1,168,059	30,904 1,168,059		34,926 1,320,074	34,926 1,320,074			(4,022) (152,015)	(4,022) (152,015)			
2013	SERC	1296 Duke Energy Carolinas, LLC	U.S.	1,056,140	1,056,140		1,193,589	1,193,589			(137,449)	(137,449)			
2013		1466 Durant, MS	U.S.	354	354		401	401	-	-	(46)	(46)			
2013 2013	SERC SERC	<ul> <li>1478 LG&amp;E and KU Services Company as agent for LG&amp;E Company and KUCom</li> <li>1297 East Kentucky Power Cooperative</li> </ul>	npany U.S. U.S.	476,836 181,567	476,836 181,567		538,893 205,197	538,893 205,197		-	(62,057) (23,630)	(62,057) (23,630)			
2013	SERC	1298 East Mississippi Electric Power Association	U.S.	6,346	6,346		7,172	7,172			(826)	(826)			
2013		Electricities of North Carolina Inc	U.S.	155,880	155,880		176,167	176,167	-	-	(20,287)	(20,287)			
2013 2013		1300 EnergyUnited EMC 1301 Entergy	U.S. U.S.	34,856 1,503,668	34,856 1,503,668		39,392 1,699,360	39,392 1,699,360		-	(4,536) (195,692)	(4,536) (195,692)			
2013	SERC	1302 Fayetteville (NC) Public Works Commission	U.S.	29,230	29,230		33,035	33,035	-	-	(3,804)	(3,804)			
2013 2013		1303 Florida Public Utilities (FL Panhandle Load) 1304 French Broad EMC	U.S. U.S.	4,327 7,242	4,327 7.242		4,890 8.184	4,890 8.184	-	-	(563) (942)	(563) (942)			
2013		1304 French Broad EMC 1305 Georgia Power Company	U.S.	1,172,678	1.172.678		8,184 1,325,293	1,325,293		-	(152,616)	(152.616)			
2013		1306 Georgia System Optns Corporation	U.S.	509,329	509,329		575,615	575,615	-	-	(66,286)	(66,286)			
2013		1479 Greenwood (MS) Utilities Commission	U.S.	3,968	3,968 4,299		4,484	4,484 4,859	-	-	(516)	(516)			
2013 2013	SERC	1307 Greenwood (SC) Commissioners of Public Works 1308 Gulf Power Company	U.S. U.S.	4,299 156,590	4,299 156,590		4,859 176,969	4,859 176,969	-	-	(559) (20,379)	(559) (20,379)			
2013	SERC	1586 Haywood EMC	U.S.	4,236	4,236		4,788	4,788			(551)	(551)			
2013 2013		1309 Illinois Municipal Electric Agency 1480 Itta Bena, MS	U.S. U.S.	26,241 195	26,241 195		29,656 221	29,656 221	-	-	(3,415) (25)	(3,415)			
2013		1480 Itta Bena, MS 1587 Jefferson Davis Electric Cooperative, Inc.	U.S. U.S.	195 3,957	3,957		4,472	4,472	-	-	(515)	(515)			
2013	SERC	1617 Kentucky Municipal Power	U.S.	9,781	9,781		11,054	11,054	-	-	(1,273)	(1,273)			
2013 2013		1481 Kosciusko, MS 1482 Leland, MS	U.S. U.S.	952 416	952 416		1,075 470	1,075 470	-	-	(124) (54)	(124) (54)			
2013		1313 McCormick Commission of Public Works	U.S.	217	217		245	245			(28)	(28)			
2013		1314 Mississippi Power Company	U.S.	144,639	144,639		163,463	163,463	-	-	(18,824)	(18,824)			
2013		1630 Mt. Carmel Public Utility 1315 Municipal Electric Authority of Georgia	U.S. U.S.	1,304 145,155	1,304 145,155		1,474 164,046	1,474 164.046	-	-	(170) (18.891)	(170)			
2013		1316 N.C. Electric Membership Corp.	U.S.	145,155	145,155		189,169	189.169	-		(21,784)	(21,784)			
2013		1588 Northeast Louisiana Power Cooperative, Inc.	U.S.	4,296	4,296		4,855	4,855			(559)	(559)			
2013 2013		1574 Northern Virginia Electric Cooperative 1319 Old Dominion Electric Cooperative	U.S. U.S.	54,556 80,058	54,556 80,058		61,656 90,477	61,656 90,477			(7,100) (10,419)	(7,100) (10,419)			
2013		1618 Osceola (Arkansas) Municipal Light and Power	U.S.	2,524	2,524		2,852	2,852			(328)	(328)			
2013	SERC	1320 Owensboro (KY) Municipal Utilities	U.S.	12,275	12,275		13,873	13,873		-	(1,598)	(1,598)			
2013 2013		1322 Piedmont EMC in Duke and Progress Areas 1323 Piedmont Municipal Power Agency (PMPA)	U.S. U.S.	6,904 30,304	6,904 30,304		7,803 34,248	7,803 34,248	-	-	(899) (3,944)	(899) (3,944)			
2013		1523 Pleathort Municipal Power Agency (PMPA) 1589 Pointe Coupee Electric Memb. Corp.	U.S.	3,698	3,698		4,179	4,179			(481)	(481)			
2013	SERC	1266 PowerSouth Energy	U.S.	114,236	114,236		129,103	129,103	-	-	(14,867)	(14,867)			
2013 2013		1330 Prairie Power, Inc. 1324 Progress Energy Carolinas	U.S. U.S.	21,605 620,472	21,605 620.472		24,417 701.222	24,417 701.222	-	-	(2,812) (80,750)	(2,812) (80.750)			
2013		1325 Rutherford EMC	U.S.	18,100	18,100		20,456	20,456			(2,356)	(2,356)			
2013		1631 Sam Rayburn G&T Electric Cooperative Inc.	U.S.	24,347	24,347		27,516	27,516		-	(3,169)	(3,169)			
2013		1326 South Carolina Electric & Gas Company 1327 South Carolina Public Service Authority	U.S. U.S.	306,086 151,509	306,086 151,509		345,921 171.227	345,921 171 227	-	-	(39,835) (19,718)	(39,835) (19.718)			
2013		1590 South Colonia Fubic Service Authority  1590 South Louisiana Electric Cooperative Association	U.S.	8,587	8,587		9,704	9,704		-	(1,118)	(1,118)			
2013		1328 South Mississippi Electric Power Association	U.S.	140,920	140,920		159,259	159,259		-	(18,340)	(18,340)			
2013 2013		1329 Southern Illinois Power Cooperative 1591 Southwest Louisiana Electric Membership Corporation	U.S. U.S.	21,051 36,156	21,051 36,156		23,791 40,862	23,791 40,862	-	-	(2,740) (4,706)	(2,740) (4,706)			
2013		1619 Southwest Electric Cooperative, Inc.	U.S.	5,784	5,784		6,536	6,536		-	(753)	(753)			
2013	SERC	1331 Tennessee Valley Authority	U.S.	2,201,129	2,201,129		2,487,591	2,487,591		-	(286,462)	(286,462)			
2013 2013		1632 Tex-La Electric Cooperative of Texas, Inc 1332 Tombigbee Electric Cooperative Inc.	U.S. U.S.	2,836 1,800	2,836 1,800		3,205 2,034	3,205 2,034	-	-	(369) (234)	(369) (234)			
2013		1594 Town of Sharpsburg, N.C.	U.S.	270	270		305	305		-	(35)	(35)			
2013		1595 Town of Stantonsburg, N.C. JRO	U.S.	1,052	1,052		1,189	1,189		-	(137)	(137)			
2013 2013		1333 Town of Waynesville NC 1334 Town of Winnsboro SC	U.S. U.S.	1,238 754	1,238 754		1,399 852	1,399 852		-	(161)	(161) (98)			
2013		1335 Town of Winterville NC	U.S.	740	740		836	836		-	(96)	(96)			
2013	SERC	1597 Washington-St.Tammany Electric Cooperative, Inc.	U.S.	14,784	14,784		16,708	16,708		-	(1,924)	(1,924)			
-		TOTAL SERC		13,731,034	13,731,034		15,518,034	15,518,034	•	-	(1,787,000)	(1,787,000)			
2013		1246 American Electric Power	U.S.	1,652,895	1,652,895		1,732,205	1,732,205	-	-	(79,310)	(79,310)			
2013 2013		1435 Arkansas Electric Cooperative Corporation (AEP) 1247 Board of Public Utilities (Kansas City KS)	U.S. U.S.	229,365 105,694	229,365 105,694		240,371 110,766	240,371 110,766	•	-	(11,005) (5,071)	(11,005) (5,071)			
2013		1620 Board of Public Utilities (Kansas City KS)	U.S.	42,069	42,069		44,088	44,088			(2,019)	(2,019)			
2013	SPP	1647 Carthage City Water & Light	U.S.	14,424	14,424	-	15,116	15,116	-		(692)	(692)			
2013 2013	SPP SPP	1469 Central Valley Electric Cooperative 1556 City of Bentonville	U.S. U.S.	37,909 28,906	37,909 28,906		39,728 30,293	39,728 30,293	-	-	(1,819) (1,387)	(1,819) (1,387)			
2013	SPP	1557 City of Clarksdale, Mississippi	U.S.	7,323	7,323		7,675	7,675	-	-	(351)	(351)			
2013	SPP	1558 Hope Water & Light (HWL)	U.S.	13,397	13,397		14,040	14,040	-	-	(643)	(643)			
2013 2013		1559 City of Minden 1635 The City of Osage City	U.S. U.S.	7,231 1,619	7,231 1,619		7,578 1,696	7,578 1,696	-	-	(347)	(347) (78)			
2013		1636 City of Prescott	U.S.	3,940	3,940		4,129	4,129	-	-	(189)	(189)			
2013		1248 Independence Power & Light (Independence, MO)	U.S.	47,839	47,839		50,135	50,135	-	-	(2,295)	(2,295)			
2013 2013		1436 City Utilities of Springfield, MO 1249 Cleco Power LLC	U.S. U.S.	142,239 528,433	142,239 528.433		149,064 553,789	149,064 553,789	-	-	(6,825)	(6,825) (25,355)			
2013		1249 Cleco Power LLC 1437 East Texas Electric Coop, Inc.	U.S. U.S.	528,433 18,761	528,433 18,761		553,789 19,661	553,789 19,661		-	(25,355) (900)	(25,355)			
2013	SPP	1250 The Empire District Electric Company	U.S.	237,469	237,469		248,864	248,864	-	-	(11,394)	(11,394)			
2013 2013	SPP	1470 Farmers' Electric Coop 1438 Golden Spread Electric Coop	U.S. U.S.	19,711 257,291	19,711 257,291	-	20,657 269,636	20,657 269,636	-	-	(946) (12,345)	(946) (12,345)			
2013	SPP	1251 Grand River Dam Authority	U.S.	257,291	257,291 218,379		269,636	269,636	-	-	(12,345)	(12,345)			
2013	SPP	1648 Jonesboro City Water & Light	U.S.	58,963	58,963		61,792	61,792	-	-	(2,829)	(2,829)			
2013	SPP	1252 Kansas City Power & Light (KCPL)	U.S.	705,964	705,964		739,838	739,838	-	-	(33,874)	(33,874)			

					Total Region	al Entity Assessmen	ents (Including WIRAB	D. of	i! F-4it- NF!			Penalty Sanction	us US Oak	NPCC CORC Program	WECC CO.	npliance Assessments (ex.AESO)	WIRAB Assessments
						Assessmen	(S)	Regi	ional Entity NEL	Assessments	Mexico	Penalty Sanction	is - US Only	Canada	WECCCON	Canada Mexico	Canada Mexico
Year	Entity	ID	Entity	Country	Total	US Total	Canada Total Mexico Total	Total	US Total	Canada Total	Total	Total	US Total	Total US Total Total	Total	US Total Total Total	Total US Total Total Total
2013	SPP	1439	Kansas Electric Power Coop., Inc	U.S.	99,675	99,675		104,458	104,458	-		(4,783)	(4,783)				
2013	SPP SPP	1440	Kansas Municipal Energy Agency (KCPL)	U.S.	18,000	18,000	-	18,863	18,863		-	(864)	(864)				
2013 2013	SPP	1637 1560	Kansas Power Pool Kaw Valley Electric Cooperative, Inc.	U.S. U.S.	68,632 7,311	68,632 7,311		71,925 7,661	71,925 7,661		-	(3,293) (351)	(3,293) (351)				
2013	SPP	1649	Kennett Board of Public Works	U.S.	7,604	7,604		7,968	7,968		-	(365)	(365)				
2013 2013	SPP		KCP&L GMOC (Greater Missouri Operations Company)  Lafavette Utilities System	U.S. U.S.	394,157 93,842	394,157 93,842	-	413,070 98.344	413,070 98.344	-	-	(18,913) (4,503)	(18,913) (4.503)				
2013	SPP		Lea County Electric Coop	U.S.	57,902	57,902		60,680	60,680		-	(2,778)	(2,778)				
2013	SPP		Louisiana Energy & Power Authority (LEPA)	U.S.	45,918	45,918	-	48,122	48,122		-	(2,203)	(2,203)				
2013 2013	SPP		Malden Board of Public Works Midwest Energy Inc.	U.S. U.S.	2,295 82,550	2,295 82.550		2,406 86,511	2,406 86.511		-	(110)	(110)				
2013	SPP	1443	Missouri Joint Municipal Electric Utility Commission	U.S.	115,894	115,894		121,455	121,455	-	-	(5,561)	(5,561)				
2013 2013	SPP	1638	Nemaha Marshall Electric Cooperative (NMEC) Northeast Texas Electric Cooperative, Inc.	U.S. U.S.	2,522 147,278	2,522 147,278		2,643 154,345	2,643 154.345		-	(121) (7,067)	(121) (7,067)				
2013	SPP	1255	Oklahoma Gas and Electric Co.	U.S.	1,289,965	1,289,965		1,351,861	1,351,861		-	(61,896)	(61,896)				
2013	SPP SPP	1444 1639	Oklahoma Municipal Power Auth OzMo Ozark Missouri, West Plains MO	U.S.	122,603 9,498	122,603 9,498		128,486 9,953	128,486 9,953		-	(5,883) (456)	(5,883) (456)				
2013 2013			Paragould Light, Water & Cable	U.S. U.S.	9,498 26,607	9,498 26,607		27,884	9,953 27,884		-	(1,277)	(1,277)				
2013	SPP	1652	Piggott Municipal Light, Water & Sewer	U.S.	1,873	1,873		1,963	1,963		-	(90)	(90)				
2013 2013	SPP		Poplar Bluff Municipal Utilities  Public Service Commission of Yazoo City of Mississippi	U.S. U.S.	17,436 5,568	17,436 5.568		18,273 5.835	18,273 5.835		-	(837)	(837) (267)				
2013	SPP		Roosevelt County Electric Coop	U.S.	8,707	8,707		9,125	9,125	-		(418)	(418)				
2013 2013	SPP		Sikeston Board of Municipal Utilities Southwestern Public Service Co. (SPS-XCEL)	U.S. U.S.	18,171 905,954	18,171 905,954		19,043 949.424	19,043 949,424		-	(872) (43,470)	(872) (43.470)				
2013	SPP		Southwestern Public Service Co. (SPS-XCEL) Sunflower Electric Power Cooperative	U.S.	905,954 235,085	235,085		949,424 246,365	246,365		-	(11,280)	(11,280)				
2013	SPP	1445	Tex - La Electric Cooperative of Texas	U.S.	23,170	23,170		24,282	24,282	-	-	(1,112)	(1,112)				
2013 2013	SPP SPP	1475 1260	Tri County Electric Coop Westar Energy, Inc.	U.S. U.S.	18,232 961,506	18,232 961,506		19,107 1,007,642	19,107 1,007,642		-	(875) (46,135)	(875) (46,135)				
2013	SPP	1259	Western Farmers Electric Cooperative	U.S.	383,977	383,977		402,401	402,401		-	(18,424)	(18,424)				
2013	SPP	1501	West Texas Municipal Power Agency TOTAL SPP	U.S.	9,680,648	128,893 9.680.648		135,078	135,078 10.145.148	-	-	(6,185)	(6,185) (464.500)				<del></del>
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2011	TRE	1019	ERCOT	U.S.	10,500,446 10,500,446	10,500,446 10,500,446		10,983,946 10,983,946	10,983,946 10,983,946	-	-	(483,500) (483,500)	(483,500) (483,500)				
2013	WECC		Alberta Electric System Operator	Canada	949,176	-	949,176 -	1,755,997	-	1,755,997	-	-	-		(880,629)	(880,629)	73,808 73,808
2013 2013	WECC		British Columbia Hydro & Power Authority Comision Federal de Electricidad	Canada Mexico	1,846,455 363,471	-	1,846,455 -	1,710,258	-	1,710,258	336,661	-	-		64,311 12,659	64,311	71,885 71,885
2013			Aguila Irrigation District - APS	U.S.	363,471 964	964	363,471	336,661 899	899		336,661	(6)	(6)		12,659	34	14,150 14,150 38 38
2013	WECC		Aha Macav Power Service	U.S.	786	786	-	733	733		-	(5)	(5)		28	28	31 31
2013 2013			Ajo Improvement District Ak-Chin	U.S. U.S.	427 1,206	427 1,206		398 1,124	398 1,124		-	(3)	(3)		15 42	15 42	17 17 47 47
2013	WECC		Alcoa Inc	U.S.	107,547	107,547		100,235	100,235	-	-	(671)	(671)		3,769	3,769	4,213 4,213
2013 2013	WECC		Arizona Public Service Company Arkansas River Power Authority (ARPA)	U.S. U.S.	926,930 7.313	926,930 7.313		863,913 6.816	863,913 6.816	-	-	(5,780)	(5,780)		32,486 256	32,486 256	36,312 36,312 286 286
2013	WECC		Avista Corporation	U.S.	1,844	1,844		1,719	1,719	-	-	(11)	(11)		65	65	72 72
2013	WECC		Avista Corporation Barrick Goldstrike Mines Inc.	U.S. U.S.	297,825 36.696	297,825 36,696		277,577 34,202	277,577 34 202		-	(1,857)	(1,857)		10,438	10,438 1,286	11,667 11,667 1,438 1,438
2013	WECC		Basin Electric Power Cooperative	U.S. U.S.	1,852	1,852		1,726	1,726		-	(229)	(229)		1,286 65	1,286	1,438 1,438 73 73
2013	WECC		Basin Electric Power Cooperative Benton REA	U.S.	95,066	95,066		88,603	88,603	-	-	(593)	(593)		3,332	3,332	3,724 3,724
2013 2013	WECC		Benton REA Big Bend Electric Cooperative, Inc.	U.S. U.S.	17,153 4,339	17,153 4,339		15,987 4.044	15,987 4.044		-	(107) (27)	(107) (27)		601 152	601 152	672 672 170 170
2013	WECC		Big Bend Electric Cooperative, Inc.	U.S.	11,219	11,219		10,457	10,457		-	(70)	(70)		393	393	440 440
2013 2013			Blachly-Lane Electric Cooperative Black Hills Power	U.S. U.S.	5,404 59,929	5,404 59,929		5,036 55,855	5,036 55,855		-	(34) (374)	(34)		189 2,100	189 2,100	212 212 2,348 2,348
2013	WECC		Black Hills Power/Cheyenne Light Fuel & Power	U.S.	91,861	91,861		85,616	85,616		-	(573)	(573)		3,219	3,219	3,599 3,599
2013 2013	WECC		Black Hills State University South Dakota Bonneville Power Administration	U.S. U.S.	614 212	614 212		572 198	572 198	-	-	(4)	(4)		22	22	24 24 8 8
2013	WECC		Bonneville Power Administration	U.S.	420	420		392	392		-	(3)	(3)		15	15	16 16
2013			Bonneville Power Administration Bonneville Power Administration	U.S. U.S.	24,233 57,989	24,233 57,989		22,585 54,046	22,585 54,046	-	-	(151)	(151)		849 2.032	849 2.032	949 949 2.272 2.272
2013	WECC		Bonneville Power Administration	U.S.	119,262	119,262		111,154	111,154		-	(744)	(744)		4,180	4,180	4,672 4,672
2013 2013	WECC		BPA - Big Bend/Schrag Load BPA - Kittitas Load	U.S. U.S.	1,161 229	1,161 229		1,082 214	1,082		-	(7) (1)	(7) (1)		41	41	45 45
2013	WECC		BPA - USBR Load	U.S.	4,099	4,099		3,820	3,820		-	(26)	(26)		144	144	161 161
2013 2013			Buckeye Water Conservation and Drainage District - APS Bureau of Reclamation (Desalter) - c/o DSW EMMO	U.S. U.S.	616 24	616 24		575 22	575 22		-	(4) (0)	(4)		22	22	24 24
2013			Bureau of Reclamation (Wellfield) - c/o DSW EMMO	U.S.	202	202		188	188		-	(1)	(0) (1)		7	7	8 8
2013	WECC		Burlington	U.S.	1,142	1,142		1,065	1,065	-	-	(7)	(7)		40	40	45 45
2013 2013	WECC		California Independent System Operator Canby Public Utility Board	U.S. U.S.	7,225,668 5,634	7,225,668 5,634		6,734,432 5.251	6,734,432 5.251		-	(45,060)	(45,060)		253,235 197	253,235 197	283,061 283,061 221 221
2013	WECC		Central Arizona Water Conservation District	U.S.	81,870	81,870		76,304	76,304	-	-	(511)	(511)		2,869	2,869	3,207 3,207
2013 2013			Central Electric Cooperative Central Lincoln PUD	U.S. U.S.	18,943 42,006	18,943 42,006		17,655 39,150	17,655 39,150	-	-	(118) (262)	(118) (262)		664 1,472	664 1,472	742 742 1,646 1,646
2013	WECC		Central Montana Electric Power Cooperative	U.S.	1,984	1,984	ē .	1,850	1,850	-	-	(12)	(12)		70	70	78 78
2013 2013	WECC		Central Montana Electric Power Cooperative City of Aztec Electric Dept	U.S. U.S.	9,885 1,236	9,885 1,236		9,213 1,152	9,213 1,152	-	-	(62) (8)	(62) (8)		346 43	346 43	387 387 48 48
2013	WECC		City of Bandon	U.S.	2,095	2,095		1,953	1,953	-	-	(13)	(13)		73	73	82 82
2013 2013	WECC		City of Blaine City of Bonners Ferry	U.S. U.S.	2,433 2,255	2,433 2,255		2,268 2,102	2,268 2,102	-	-	(15) (14)	(15) (14)		85 79	85 79	95 95 88 88
2013			City of Cascade Locks	U.S.	611	611		569	569	-	-	(4)	(4)		21	21	24 24
2013	WECC		City of Centralia	U.S.	8,415	8,415		7,843	7,843	-	-	(52)	(52)		295	295	330 330
2013 2013	WECC		City of Cheney City of Chewelah	U.S. U.S.	4,645 740	4,645 740		4,329 690	4,329 690	-	-	(29) (5)	(29) (5)		163 26	163 26	182 182 29 29
2013			City of Drain	U.S.	524	524		488	488	-	-	(3)	(3)		18	18	21 21
2013 2013			City of Ellensburg City of Fallon	U.S. U.S.	6,461 1,160	6,461 1,160		6,022 1,081	6,022 1,081		-	(40) (7)	(40) (7)		226 41	226 41	253 253 45 45
2013	WECC		City of Farmington	U.S.	31,889	31,889		29,721	29,721	-		(199)	(199)		1,118	1,118	1,249 1,249

				Total Regional	I Entity Assessmen	its (Including WIRAB	Pori	onal Entity NEL A	ccoccmonts		Penalty Sanction	c US Only	NPCC CORC Program	WECC Con	npliance Assessments (ex.Al	:60)	MIDAD	ssessments
					Assessments		Regi	Onal Entity NEE A	ssessments		Penalty Sanction	s - U3 Olliy		WECCCON			WIND	
Data Year	Regional Entity ID	Entity	Country	Total	US Total Ca	nada Total Mexico Total	Total	US Total	Canada Total	Mexico Total	Total	US Total	Total US Total Total	Total	Canada US Total Total	Mexico Total	Total US To	Canada Mexico tal Total Total
2013	WECC	City of Forest Grove	U.S.	7.975	7.975		7.433	7.433			(50)	(50)		280	280		312 3	12
2013	WECC	City of Gallup	U.S.	5,905	5,905		5,504	5,504	-	-	(37)	(37)		207	207		231 2	31
2013 2013	WECC	City of Henderson City of Hermiston, DBA Hermiston Energy Services	U.S. U.S.	1,332 3,457	1,332 3.457		1,242 3,222	1,242 3.222	-	-	(8)	(8)		47 121	47 121			52 35
2013	WECC	City of Las Vegas	U.S.	1,301	1,301		1,212	1,212	-	-	(8)	(8)		46	46			51
2013	WECC	City of McCleary	U.S.	977	977		911	911	-	-	(6)	(6)		34	34			38
2013 2013	WECC	City of McMinnville City of Mesa	U.S. U.S.	23,964 8,135	23,964 8,135		22,335 7,582	22,335 7,582	-	-	(149) (51)	(149) (51)		840 285	840 285		939 9 319 3	39 19
2013	WECC	City of Milton	U.S.	1,883	1,883		1,755	1,755			(12)	(12)		66	66			74
2013	WECC	City of Milton-Freewater	U.S.	3,530	3,530		3,290	3,290	-	-	(22)	(22)		124	124			38
2013 2013	WECC	City of Monmouth City of Needles	U.S. U.S.	2,315 964	2,315 964		2,157 898	2,157 898	-	-	(14)	(14)		81 34	81 34			91 38
2013	WECC	City of North Las Vegas	U.S.	144	144		134	134	-	-	(1)	(1)		5	5			6
2013	WECC	City of Page	U.S.	2,869	2,869		2,674	2,674	-	-	(18)	(18)		101	101			12
2013 2013	WECC	City of Plummer City of Port Angeles	U.S. U.S.	1,119 22,775	1,119 22,775		1,043 21.227	1,043 21,227		-	(7) (142)	(7) (142)		39 798	39 798			44 92
2013	WECC	City of Redding	U.S.	24,874	24,874		23,183	23,183			(155)	(155)		872	872			74
2013	WECC	City of Richland	U.S.	27,819	27,819		25,927	25,927	-	-	(173)	(173)		975	975		1,090 1,0	
2013 2013	WECC	City of Roseville City of Shasta Lake	U.S. U.S.	38,410 6,008	38,410 6,008		35,799 5,600	35,799 5.600		-	(240) (37)	(240) (37)		1,346 211	1,346 211		1,505 1,5 235 2	05 35
2013	WECC	City of Sumas	U.S.	965	965		899	899	-	-	(6)	(6)		34	34			38
2013	WECC	City of Tacoma DBA Tacoma Power	U.S.	10	10		9	9	-	-	(0)	(0)		0	0			0
2013 2013	WECC	City of Tacoma DBA Tacoma Power City of Troy	U.S. U.S.	155,822 546	155,822 546		145,229 509	145,229 509	-	-	(972)	(972)		5,461 19	5,461 19		6,104 6,1 21	04 21
2013	WECC	City of Williams	U.S.	1,218	1,218		1,135	1,135			(8)	(8)		43	43			48
2013	WECC	Clark County Water Resources Clark Public Utilities	U.S.	2,408	2,408		2,245	2,245	-	-	(15)	(15)		84	84			94
2013	WECC	Clark Public Utilities Clatskanie PUD	U.S. U.S.	139,563 29.334	139,563 29,334		130,075 27,340	130,075 27,340		-	(870) (183)	(870) (183)		4,891 1.028	4,891 1,028		5,467 5,4 1,149 1,1	
2013	WECC	Clearwater Cooperative, Inc	U.S.	1,243	1,243		1,159	1,159			(8)	(8)		44	44			49
2013	WECC	Clearwater Cooperative, Inc	U.S.	5,309	5,309		4,948	4,948	-	-	(33)	(33)		186	186			08
2013 2013	WECC	Colorado River Commission of Nevada Colorado Springs Utilities	U.S. U.S.	27,131 1,902	27,131 1,902		25,286 1,773	25,286 1,773	-	-	(169) (12)	(169) (12)		951 67	951 67		1,063 1,0 75	63 75
2013	WECC	Colorado Springs Utilities	U.S.	145,002	145,002		135,144	135,144	-	-	(904)	(904)		5,082	5,082		5,680 5,6	
2013	WECC	Columbia Basin Electric Cooperative, Inc.	U.S.	3,526	3,526		3,286	3,286	-	-	(22)	(22)		124	124		138 1	38
2013 2013	WECC	Columbia Falls Aluminum Company Columbia Power Cooperative Association	U.S. U.S.	142 696	142 696		133 649	133 649		-	(1) (4)	(1)		5 24	5 24			6 27
2013	WECC	Columbia River PUD	U.S.	5,328	5,328		4,966	4,966			(33)	(33)		187	187			09
2013	WECC	Columbia River PUD	U.S.	9,679	9,679		9,021	9,021	-	-	(60)	(60)		339	339			79
2013	WECC	Columbia Rural Electric Association (REA) Consolidated Irrigation District No. 19	U.S. U.S.	10,364	10,364		9,660 180	9,660 180		-	(65) (1)	(65)		363 7	363 7			06 8
2013	WECC	Consumers Power, Inc.	U.S.	13,403	13,403		12,492	12,492	-	-	(84)	(84)		470	470			25
2013	WECC	Coos-Curry Electric Cooperative, Inc	U.S.	11,050	11,050		10,299	10,299	-	-	(69)	(69)		387	387			33
2013 2013	WECC	Deseret Generation & Transmission Cooperative Douglas Electric Cooperative, Inc.	U.S. U.S.	4,496 2,993	4,496 2,993		4,191 2,790	4,191 2,790			(28) (19)	(28) (19)		158 105	158 105			76 17
2013	WECC	Douglas Palisades / PUD No. 1 of DC	U.S.	600	600		559	559			(4)	(4)		21	21		24	24
2013	WECC	El Paso Electric Company	U.S.	259,811	259,811		242,148	242,148	-	-	(1,620)	(1,620)		9,105	9,105		10,178 10,1	
2013 2013	WECC	Electrical District #2 Electrical District #2 - Coolidge Generating Station	U.S. U.S.	5,587 286	5,587 286		5,207 267	5,207 267		-	(35)	(35)		196 10	196 10		219 2 11	19 11
2013	WECC	Electrical District No. 6 of Pinal County - APS	U.S.	78	78		72	72			(0)	(0)		3	3			3
2013	WECC	Electrical District No. 7 of Maricopa County - APS	U.S.	1,463	1,463		1,364	1,364	-	-	(9)	(9)		51	51			57
2013 2013	WECC	Electrical District No. 8 of Maricopa County - APS Electrical Districts 1 & 3	U.S. U.S.	8,612 18.006	8,612 18.006		8,026 16.782	8,026 16.782		-	(54) (112)	(54) (112)		302 631	302 631			37 05
2013	WECC	Elmhurst Mutual Power & Light Company	U.S.	8,700	8,700		8,109	8,109	-	-	(54)	(54)		305	305		341 3	41
2013 2013	WECC	Emerald PUD Energy Northwest	U.S. U.S.	16,125 1.137	16,125 1.137		15,029 1.060	15,029	-	-	(101)	(101)		565 40	565 40			32 45
2013	WECC	Eugene Water & Electric Board	U.S.	1,137 77,595	77,595		72,320	72,320	-	-	(7) (484)	(7) (484)		2,719	2,719		45 3,040 3,0	
2013	WECC	Fall River Rural Electric Cooperative, Inc.	U.S.	1	1		1	1	-	-	(0)	(0)		0	0		0	0
2013	WECC	Flathead Electric Cooperative, Inc Frederickson Power LP	U.S.	47,070 107	47,070 107		43,870 100	43,870 100	-	-	(294)	(294)		1,650	1,650		1,844 1,8	44
2013 2013	WECC	Frederickson Power LP Grand Valley Power	U.S. U.S.	107 7,642	107 7,642		100 7,123	100 7,123			(1) (48)	(1)		4 268	4 268		4 299 2	4
2013	WECC	Harney Electric Cooperative, Inc.	U.S.	2,820	2,820		2,628	2,628	-	-	(18)	(18)		99	99		110 1	10
2013 2013	WECC	Harney Electric Cooperative, Inc. Harquahala Valley Power Districts - APS	U.S. U.S.	3,071 2.466	3,071 2,466	-	2,862 2.298	2,862 2.298		-	(19) (15)	(19) (15)		108 86	108 86			20 97
2013	WECC	Hermiston Power LLC	U.S.	2,466	2,466		2,298	2,298			(0)	(0)		2	2			2
2013	WECC	Holy Cross Energy	U.S.	37,901	37,901		35,324	35,324	-	-	(236)	(236)		1,328	1,328		1,485 1,4	
2013	WECC	Hood River Electric Cooperative Idaho County Light and Power Cooperative Association, Inc.	U.S. U.S.	1,371	1,371	-	1,278 1,719	1,278		-	(9) (12)	(9) (12)		48 65	48 65			54 72
2013	WECC	Idaho Power Company	U.S.	508,189	508,189		473,640	473,640	-		(3,169)	(3,169)		17,810	17,810		19,908 19,9	
2013	WECC	Imperial Irrigation District	U.S.	113,872	113,872		106,131	106,131	-	-	(710)	(710)		3,991	3,991		4,461 4,4	
2013	WECC	Inland Power and Light Company Inland Power and Light Company	U.S.	14,861	14,861		13,850	13,850		-	(93)	(93)		521 545	521 545			82 09
2013 2013	WECC	Intermountain Rural Electric Association	U.S. U.S.	15,543 66,986	15,543 66,986		14,486 62,432	14,486 62,432	-	-	(97) (418)	(97) (418)		2,348	2,348		2,624 2,6	
2013	WECC	Kaiser Aluminum Fabricated Products LLC	U.S.	9,689	9,689		9,030	9,030			(60)	(60)		340	340		380 3	80
2013 2013	WECC	Kootenai Electric Cooperative, Inc. Lakeview Light & Power	U.S. U.S.	14,603 8.529	14,603 8.529		13,611 7.949	13,611 7,949	-	-	(91) (53)	(91) (53)		512 299	512 299			72 34
2013 2013	WECC	Lakeview Light & Power Lane Electric Cooperative, Inc.	U.S.	8,529 7,163	8,529 7,163		7,949 6,676	7,949 6,676	-	-	(53) (45)	(53) (45)		299 251	299 251			34 81
2013	WECC	Las Vegas Valley Water District	U.S.	2,906	2,906		2,708	2,708	-	-	(18)	(18)		102	102			14
2013	WECC	Lincoln Electric Cooperative, Inc. Los Angeles Department of Water and Power	U.S. U.S.	3,684 897.726	3,684 897.726	-	3,433 836,694	3,433 836.694		-	(23) (5,598)	(23) (5,598)		129 31,462	129 31.462		144 1 35,168 35,1	44 58
2013	WECC	Lost River Electric Cooperative, Inc.	U.S.	897,726	057,720		836,694	030,094		-	(5,598)	(5,598)		31,462	31,462			0
2013	WECC	Lower Valley Energy, Inc.	U.S.	3	3		3	3		-	(0)	(0)		0	0			0
2013 2013	WECC	Maricopa County Municipal Water Conservation Dist No. 1 - APS McMullen Valley Water Conservation & Drainage District - APS	U.S. U.S.	1,629 2,173	1,629 2,173		1,518 2,026	1,518 2,026	-	-	(10) (14)	(10) (14)		57 76	57			64 85
2013 2013	WECC	McMullen Valley Water Conservation & Drainage District - APS  Merced Irrigation District	U.S.	2,173 14,628	2,173 14,628		2,026 13,633	2,026 13,633	-	-	(14)	(14) (91)		76 513	76 513			85 73
2013	WECC	Midstate Electric Cooperative, Inc.	U.S.	12,881	12,881		12,005	12,005	-	-	(80)	(80)		451	451			05
2013 2013	WECC	Mission Valley Power Modern Electric Water Company	U.S. U.S.	12,860 7,302	12,860 7,302		11,986 6,806	11,986 6,806	-	-	(80) (46)	(80) (46)		451 256	451 256			04 86
2013	WECC	Modesto Irrigation District	U.S.	80,163	80,163		74,713	74,713	-		(500)	(500)		2,809	2,809		3,140 3,1	

			Ī	Total Regional	l Entity Assessment Assessments)	ts (Including WIRAB	Regio	onal Entity NEL A	Assessments		Penalty Sanctions	- US Only	NPCC CORC Program	WECC Com	pliance Assessments (ex.AESO)	WIRAB Assessments
Data	Regional									Mexico			Canada		Canada Mexico	Canada Mexico
Year	Entity ID	Entity	Country	Total	US Total Car	nada Total Mexico Total	Total	US Total	Canada Total	Total	Total	US Total	Total US Total Total	Total	US Total Total Total	Total US Total Total Total
2013	WECC	Montana-Dakota Utilities Co. Mt. Wheeler Power	U.S.	637	637		594	594	-	-	(4)	(4)		22	22	25 25
2013 2013	WECC	Municipal Energy Agency of Nebraska	U.S. U.S.	17,440 6,209	17,440 6,209		16,254 5,787	16,254 5,787	-	-	(109)	(109)		611 218	611 218	683 683 243 243
2013	WECC	Municipal Energy Agency of Nebraska	U.S.	20,818	20,818		19,402	19,402	-	-	(130)	(130)		730	730	816 816
2013	WECC	Navajo Agricultural Products Industry (NAPI)	U.S.	34	34	-	32	32	-	-	(0)	(0)		1	1	1 1
2013 2013	WECC	Navajo Tribal Utility Authority Navajo Tribal Utility Authority	U.S. U.S.	1,691 8.898	1,691 8.898		1,576 8.293	1,576 8.293	-		(11)	(11)		59 312	59 312	66 66 349 349
2013	WECC	Navopache Electric Cooperative, Inc.	U.S.	11,527	11,527		10,744	10,744	-	-	(72)	(72)		404	404	452 452
2013	WECC	Nebraska Public Power Marketing Nespelem Valley Electric Cooperative, Inc.	U.S.	182 1.817	182 1.817		169 1.693	169 1.693	-	-	(1) (11)	(1) (11)		6 64	6 64	7 7 71 71
2013	WECC	Nevada Power Company dba NV Energy	U.S.	1,817 826.855	1,817 826.855		770.642	770.642	-	-	(5,156)	(5,156)		28.978	28.978	32.392 32.392
2013	WECC	Noble Americas Energy Solutions, LLC	U.S.	52,047	52,047		48,508	48,508	-	-	(325)	(325)		1,824	1,824	2,039 2,039
2013 2013	WECC	Northern Lights, Inc. Northern Lights, Inc.	U.S. U.S.	1,133 8,171	1,133 8,171		1,056 7,616	1,056 7,616	-	-	(7) (51)	(7) (51)		40 286	40 286	44 44 320 320
2013	WECC	Northern Wasco County PUD	U.S.	17,307	17,307		16,131	16,131		-	(108)	(108)		607	607	678 678
2013	WECC	NorthWestern Corp. dba NorthWestern Energy, LLC	U.S.	7,502	7,502		6,992	6,992	-	-	(47)	(47)		263	263	294 294
2013 2013	WECC	NorthWestern Corp. dba NorthWestern Energy, LLC Ohop Mutual Light Company	U.S. U.S.	285,113 2,700	285,113 2,700		265,730 2,516	265,730 2,516	-		(1,778) (17)	(1,778) (17)		9,992 95	9,992 95	11,169 11,169 106 106
2013	WECC	Orcas Power and Light Cooperative	U.S.	6,777	6,777		6,316	6,316	-	-	(42)	(42)		238	238	265 265
2013	WECC	Oregon Trail Electric Consumers Cooperative, Inc. Overton Power District No. 5	U.S.	11,015	11,015		10,266	10,266	-	-	(69)	(69)		386	386 415	432 432
2013 2013	WECC	PacifiCorp	U.S. U.S.	11,853 58	11,853 58		11,047 54	11,047 54		-	(74)	(74)		415 2	2	464 464 2 2
2013	WECC	PacifiCorp	U.S.	67	67		62	62	-	-	(0)	(0)		2	2	3 3
2013 2013	WECC	PacifiCorp PacifiCorp	U.S. U.S.	2,190 3,616	2,190 3,616		2,041 3,371	2,041 3,371		-	(14) (23)	(14)		77 127	77 127	86 86 142 142
2013	WECC	PacifiCorp	U.S.	1,573,352	1,573,352		1,466,388	1,466,388	-		(9,811)	(9,811)		55,141	55,141	61,635 61,635
2013 2013	WECC	PacifiCorp West (PACW) Parkland Light and Water Company	U.S. U.S.	663,566 3,804	663,566 3,804		618,453 3,545	618,453 3,545	-	-	(4,138) (24)	(4,138)		23,256 133	23,256 133	25,995 25,995 149 149
2013	WECC	Pend Oreille County PUD No. 1	U.S.	3,804	3,804		3,545 29,464	3,545 29,464		-	(24)	(24)		1,108	1,108	1,238 1,238
2013	WECC	Peninsula Light Company, Inc.	U.S.	18,915	18,915		17,629	17,629		-	(118)	(118)		663	663	741 741
2013 2013	WECC	Platte River Power Authority Port of Seattle - Seattle-Tacoma International Airport	U.S. U.S.	100,905 4.391	100,905 4.391		94,045 4.093	94,045 4.093		-	(629) (27)	(629) (27)		3,536 154	3,536 154	3,953 3,953 172 172
2013	WECC	Port Townsend Paper Corporation	U.S.	5,185	5,185		4,833	4,833		-	(32)	(32)		182	182	203 203
2013	WECC	Portland General Electric Company	U.S.	578,471	578,471		539,144	539,144	-	-	(3,607)	(3,607)		20,273	20,273	22,661 22,661
2013	WECC	Public Service Company of Colorado (Xcel)  Public Service Company of Colorado (Xcel)	U.S. U.S.	1,107 825.300	1,107 825.300		1,032 769 192	1,032 769 192		-	(7) (5.147)	(7) (5.147)		39 28 924	39 28 924	43 43 32.331 32.331
2013	WECC	Public Service Company of New Mexico	U.S.	335,480	335,480		312,672	312,672	-	-	(2,092)	(2,092)		11,757	11,757	13,142 13,142
2013	WECC	Public Utility District No. 1 of Chelan County PUD No. 1 of Asotin County	U.S.	125,192	125,192		116,681	116,681	-	-	(781)	(781)		4,388	4,388	4,904 4,904 0 0
2013 2013	WECC	PUD No. 1 of Asotin County	U.S. U.S.	155	155		144	144		-	(0) (1)	(0) (1)		5	5	6 6
2013	WECC	PUD No. 1 of Benton County	U.S.	55,155	55,155		51,405	51,405		-	(344)	(344)		1,933	1,933	2,161 2,161
2013 2013	WECC	PUD No. 1 of Clallam County PUD No. 1 of Cowlitz County	U.S. U.S.	21,162 163,204	21,162 163,204		19,723 152,109	19,723 152,109		-	(132) (1,018)	(132) (1,018)		742 5,720	742 5,720	829 829 6,393 6,393
2013	WECC	PUD No. 1 of Douglas County	U.S.	278	278		259	259			(2)	(2)		10	10	11 11
2013	WECC	PUD No. 1 of Douglas County	U.S.	46,234	46,234		43,091	43,091	-	-	(288)	(288)		1,620	1,620	1,811 1,811
2013 2013	WECC	PUD No. 1 of Ferry County PUD No. 1 of Franklin County	U.S. U.S.	3,391 33.134	3,391 33.134		3,161 30.881	3,161 30.881	-	-	(21)	(21)		119 1.161	119 1.161	133 133 1.298 1.298
2013	WECC	PUD No. 1 of Grays Harbor	U.S.	36,898	36,898		34,390	34,390	-	-	(230)	(230)		1,293	1,293	1,445 1,445
2013 2013	WECC	PUD No. 1 of Jefferson County PUD No. 1 of Kittitas County	U.S. U.S.	7,662 510	7,662 510		7,141 476	7,141 476	-	-	(48)	(48)		269 18	269 18	300 300 20 20
2013	WECC	PUD No. 1 of Kittles County  PUD No. 1 of Kittles County	U.S.	2,354	2,354		2,194	2,194		-	(15)	(15)		18 83	18 83	92 92
2013	WECC	PUD No. 1 of Klickitat County	U.S.	9,352	9,352		8,716	8,716		-	(58)	(58)		328	328	366 366
2013 2013	WECC	PUD No. 1 of Lewis County PUD No. 1 of Mason County	U.S. U.S.	29,184 2,437	29,184 2,437		27,200 2,272	27,200 2,272	-	-	(182) (15)	(182) (15)		1,023 85	1,023 85	1,143 1,143 95 95
2013	WECC	PUD No. 1 of Skamania County	U.S.	4,190	4,190		3,905	3,905	-	-	(26)	(26)		147	147	164 164
2013	WECC	PUD No. 1 of Snohomish County	U.S.	212,227	212,227		197,799	197,799	-	-	(1,323)	(1,323)		7,438	7,438	8,314 8,314
2013 2013	WECC	PUD No. 1 of Wahkiakum County PUD No. 1 of Whatcom County	U.S. U.S.	1,371 155	1,371 155		1,278 145	1,278 145	-		(9) (1)	(9) (1)		48	48	54 54
2013	WECC	PUD No. 1 of Whatcom County	U.S.	6,975	6,975		6,501	6,501	-	-	(43)	(43)		244	244	273 273
2013	WECC	PUD No. 2 of Grant County PUD No. 2 of Grant County	U.S. U.S.	1,553 2.913	1,553 2,913		1,448 2.715	1,448 2,715		-	(10)	(10)		54 102	54 102	61 61 114 114
2013	WECC	PUD No. 2 of Grant County	U.S.	119,394	119,394		111,277	111,277		-	(745)	(745)		4,184	4,184	4,677 4,677
2013	WECC	PUD No. 2 of Pacific County PUD No. 3 of Mason County	U.S.	9,499	9,499		8,853	8,853	-	-	(59)	(59)		333 762	333 762	372 372
2013 2013	WECC	PUD No. 3 of Mason County Puget Sound Energy, Inc.	U.S. U.S.	21,732 759,996	21,732 759,996		20,254 708,328	20,254 708,328	-	-	(136) (4,739)	(136) (4,739)		762 26,635	762 26,635	851 851 29,772 29,772
2013	WECC	Raft River Electric Cooperative	U.S.	1	1		1	1		-	(0)	(0)		0	0	0 0
2013 2013	WECC	Raton Public Service Roosevelt Irrigation District - APS	U.S. U.S.	1,609 1,177	1,609 1,177		1,499 1,097	1,499 1,097		-	(10) (7)	(10)		56 41	56 41	63 63
2013	WECC	Sacramento Municipal Utility District	U.S.	349,143	349,143		325,407	325,407			(2,177)	(2,177)		12,236	12,236	13,677 13,677
2013	WECC	Salem Electric	U.S.	10,299	10,299		9,599	9,599	-	-	(64)	(64)		361	361	403 403
2013 2013	WECC	Salt River Project San Carlos Indian Irrigation Project	U.S. U.S.	899,132 0	899,132 0		838,005 0	838,005 0	-	-	(5,607)	(5,607)		31,511 0	31,511	35,223 35,223 0 0
2013	WECC	Seattle City Light	U.S.	312,113	312,113		290,894	290,894	-		(1,946)	(1,946)		10,938	10,938	12,227 12,227
2013	WECC	Silver Pacific Power Company dba NV Energy	U.S.	345,706	345,706		322,203	322,203	-	-	(2,156)	(2,156)		12,116 561	12,116	13,543 13,543 628 628
2013 2013	WECC	Silver State Energy - c/o Colorado River Commission of Nevada Southern Montana Electric Generation & Transmission	U.S. U.S.	16,019 16,250	16,019 16,250		14,930 15,145	14,930 15,145		-	(100) (101)	(100) (101)		561 570	561 570	628 628 637 637
2013	WECC	Southern Nevada Water Authority	U.S.	3,681	3,681		3,431	3,431		-	(23)	(23)		129	129	144 144
2013 2013	WECC	Southwest Transmission Cooperative, Inc. Springfield Utility Board	U.S. U.S.	62,580 26,982	62,580 26,982	-	58,325 25,147	58,325 25,147		-	(390) (168)	(390) (168)		2,193 946	2,193 946	2,452 2,452 1,057 1,057
2013	WECC	Surprise Valley Electrification Corporation	U.S.	1,189	1,189		1,108	1,108		-	(7)	(7)		42	42	47 47
2013	WECC	Tanner Electric Cooperative	U.S.	3,082	3,082	-	2,873	2,873	-	-	(19)	(19)		108	108	121 121
2013 2013	WECC	The Incorporated County of Los Alamos Tillamook People's Utility District	U.S. U.S.	11,323 11.678	11,323 11.678		10,553 10.884	10,553 10.884	-	-	(71) (73)	(71) (73)		397 409	397 409	444 444 457 457
2013	WECC	Tohono O'Odham Utility Authority	U.S.	2,087	2,087		1,945	1,945	-	-	(13)	(13)		73	73	82 82
2013 2013	WECC	Tonopah Irrigation District - APS Town of Center	U.S.	706 651	706 651		658 607	658 607	•	-	(4)	(4)		25 23	25 23	28 28 25 25
2013	WECC	Town of Coulee	U.S.	542	542		505	505		-	(3)	(4)		19	19	21 21
2013	WECC	Town of Eatonville	U.S.	873	873		814	814	-	-	(5)	(5)		31	31	34 34

			Total Region		ents (Including WIF	АВ									umar -		. /			
				Assessmen	ts)		Regi	onal Entity NEL A	ssessments		Penalty Sanctic	ons - US Only	NPCC CORC Progra	am	WECC Cor	mpliance Asse	ssments (ex.AESO)		WIRAB Assessi	nents
Data Regional	D. Fntity									Mexico				Canada			Canada Mexic			Canada Mexico
Year Entity	D Entity	Country	Total	US Total	Canada Total Mex	tico Total	Total	US Total	Canada Total	Total	Total	US Total	Total US Total	Total	Total	US Total	Total Total	Total	US Total	Total Total
2013 WECC	Town of Fredonia	U.S.	341	341	-	-	317	317	-	-	(2)	(2)			12	12		13	13	
2013 WECC	Town of Stellacoom	U.S.	1,285	1,285	-	-	1,198	1,198	-	-	(8)	(8)			45	45		50	50	
2013 WECC 2013 WECC	Town of Wickenburg Tri-State Generation & Transmission Assoc. Inc - Reliability	U.S. U.S.	826 64.141	826 64.141	-	-	770 59.780	770 59.780	-		(5) (400)	(5) (400)			29 2.248	29 2.248		32 2.513	32 2.513	
2013 WECC	Tri-State Generation & Transmission Assoc. Inc - Reliability	U.S.	230,756	230,756	-	-	215,068	215,068	-		(1,439)	(1,439)			8,087	8,087		9,040	9,040	
2013 WECC	Tri-State Generation & Transmission Association, Inc.	U.S.	82,194	82,194	-	-	76,606	76,606	-		(513)	(513)			2,881	2,881		3,220	3,220	
2013 WECC	Truckee Donner Public Utility District	U.S.	4,798	4,798	-	-	4,472	4,472	-	-	(30)	(30)			168	168		188	188	
2013 WECC	Tucson Electric Power Company	U.S.	469,162	469,162	-	-	437,266	437,266	-	-	(2,926)	(2,926)			16,443	16,443		18,379	18,379	
2013 WECC	Turlock Irrigation District	U.S.	66,406	66,406	-	-	61,891	61,891	-	-	(414)	(414)			2,327	2,327		2,601	2,601	
2013 WECC 2013 WECC	U.S. Army Yuma Proving Ground U.S. BOR Columbia Basin	U.S. U.S.	508 1.037	508 1.037	-	-	473 967	473 967	-	-	(3)	(3)			18 36	18 36		20	20 41	
2013 WECC 2013 WECC	U.S. BOR Columbia basin U.S. BOR East Greenacres (Rathdrum)	U.S.	1,037	1,037	-	-	967	967 121	-	-	(1)	(1)			3b	3b E		41 5	41	
2013 WECC	U.S. Bor Spokane Indian Development'	U.S.	98	98	-	-	91	91	-		(1)	(1)			3	3		4	4	
2013 WECC	U.S. BOR The Dalles Project	U.S.	570	570		-	531	531		-	(4)	(4)			20	20		22	22	
2013 WECC	U.S. DOE National Energy Technology Laboratory	U.S.	150	150	-	-	140	140	-	-	(1)	(1)			5	5		6	6	
2013 WECC	Umatilla Electric Cooperative Association	U.S.	35,455	35,455		-	33,045	33,045	-	-	(221)	(221)			1,243	1,243		1,389	1,389	
2013 WECC	Unit B Irrigation District	U.S.	1	1	-	-	1	1	-	-	(0)	(0)			0	0		0	0	
2013 WECC	US Air Force Base, Fairchild	U.S.	1,526	1,526	-	-	1,422	1,422	-	-	(10)	(10)			53	53		60	60	
2013 WECC	US Dept of Energy - Kirtland AFB	U.S.	12,775	12,775	-	-	11,907	11,907	-	-	(80)	(80)			448	448		500	500	
2013 WECC 2013 WECC	USDOE Richland USN Naval Station, Bremerton	U.S. U.S.	5,836 7,796	5,836 7,796	-	-	5,439 7,266	5,439 7,266	-	-	(36) (49)	(36) (49)			205 273	205 273		229 305	229 305	
2013 WECC 2013 WECC	USN Naval Station, Everett	U.S.	339	7,796	-	-	7,266	7,266	-	-	(49)	(49)			12	12		13	13	
2013 WECC	USN Submarine Base, Bangor	U.S.	5.296	5,296	-	-	4.936	4.936	-		(33)	(33)			186	186		207	207	
2013 WECC	Vera Water and Power	U.S.	7,305	7,305	-	-	6,809	6,809	-		(46)	(46)			256	256		286	286	
2013 WECC	Vigilante Electric Cooperative, Inc.	U.S.	494	494	-	-	461	461	-	-	(3)	(3)			17	17		19	19	
2013 WECC	Wasco Electric Cooperative	U.S.	3,017	3,017	-	-	2,812	2,812	-	-	(19)	(19)			106	106		118	118	
2013 WECC	Wells Rural Electric Cooperative	U.S.	20,913	20,913	-	-	19,491	19,491	-	-	(130)	(130)			733	733		819	819	
2013 WECC	Wellton-Mohawk Irrigation & Drainage District	U.S.	12	12	-	-	12	12	-	-	(0)	(0)			0	0		0	0	
2013 WECC	West Oregon Electric Cooperative, Inc.	U.S.	400	400	-	-	373	373	-	-	(2)	(2)			14	14		16	16	
2013 WECC	West Oregon Electric Cooperative, Inc.	U.S.	1,755	1,755	-	-	1,636	1,636	-	-	(11)	(11)			62	62		69	69	
2013 WECC 2013 WECC	Western Area Power - Loveland, CO Western Area Power - Loveland, CO	U.S. U.S.	11,326 63,899	11,326 63,899	-	-	10,556 59,555	10,556 59,555	-	-	(71) (398)	(71) (398)			397 2,239	397 2.239		444 2.503	444 2.503	
2013 WECC	Western Area Power Administration - CRSP	U.S.	63,868	63,868		-	59,526	59,526	-		(398)	(398)			2,239	2,239		2,503	2,503	
2013 WECC	Western Area Power Administration - Sierra Nevada Region	U.S.	41,192	41,192	-	-	38,392	38,392	-		(257)	(257)			1,444	1,444		1,614	1,614	
2013 WECC	Western Area Power Administration-Desert Southwest Region	U.S.	100,325	100,325		-	93,505	93,505		-	(626)	(626)			3,516	3,516		3,930	3,930	
2013 WECC	Western Area Power Administration-Upper Great Plains Region	U.S.	239	239	-	-	223	223	-	-	(1)	(1)			8	8		9	9	
2013 WECC	Western Area Power Administration-Upper Great Plains Region	U.S.	12,169	12,169	-	-	11,341	11,341	-	-	(76)	(76)			426	426		477	477	
2013 WECC	Wyoming Municipal Power Agency	U.S.	8,718	8,718		-	8,125	8,125	-	-	(54)	(54)			306	306		342	342	
2013 WECC	Yakama Power	U.S.	675	675	-	-	630	630	-	-	(4)	(4)			24	24		26	26	
2013 WECC 2013 WECC	Yampa Valley Electric Association	U.S. U.S.	19,614 97	19,614	-	-	18,281 90	18,281 90	-	-	(122)	(122) (1)			687	687		768 4	768	
2013 WECC	Yuma Irrigation District Yuma-Mesa Irrigation District	U.S.	5	5		-	5	5	-		(1)	(1)			0	0		0	0	
2013 WEEC	TOTAL WECC	0.3.	26,090,293	22,931,192	2,795,630	363,471	25,175,135	21,372,219	3,466,255	336,661	(143,000)	(143,000)			(0)	803,659	(816,318) 12,659	1,058,158	898,314	145,693 14,150
TOTALERO			108,274,053	98,226,561	9,684,022	363,471	102,956,250	94,397,995	8,221,595	336,661	(4,308,500)	(4,308,500)	8,568,145 6,435,093	2,133,052	(0)	803,659	(816,318) 12,659	1,058,158	898,314	145,693 14,150
Summary by Regional Ent	ty																			
2013 FRCC			6,062,838	6,062,838	-	-	6,237,838	6,237,838	-	-	(175,000)	(175,000)			-	-	-	-	-	-
2013 MRO			9,426,019	7,846,770	1,579,249	-	9,821,019	8,241,770	1,579,249	-	(395,000)	(395,000)			-	-	-	-	-	-
2013 NPCC			14,068,878	8,759,736	5,309,142	-	5,791,233	2,615,143	3,176,090	-	(290,500)	(290,500)	8,568,145 6,435,093	2,133,052		-	-	-	-	-
2013 RF 2013 SERC			18,713,897 13,731,034	18,713,897 13,731,034	-	-	19,283,897 15,518,034	19,283,897 15,518,034		-	(570,000) (1,787,000)	(570,000) (1,787,000)					-	-		-
2013 SPP			9,680,648	9,680,648	-	-	10,145,148	10,145,148			(464,500)	(464,500)					-	-		-
2013 TRE			10,500,446	10,500,446		-	10,983,946	10,983,946		-	(483,500)	(483,500)			-	-		-		
2013 WECC			26,090,293	22,931,192	2,795,630	363,471	25,175,135	21,372,219	3,466,255	336,661	(143,000)	(143,000)	·		(0)	803,659	(816,318) 12,659	1,058,158	898,314	145,693 14,150
Total	<u> </u>		108,274,053	98,226,561	9,684,022	363,471	102,956,250	94,397,995	8,221,595	336,661	(4,308,500)	(4,308,500)	8,568,145 6,435,093	2,133,052	(0)	803,659	(816,318) 12,659	1,058,158	898,314	145,693 14,150

# NORTH AMERICAN ELECTRIC RELIABILITY CORPORATION

# 2015 BUSINESS PLAN AND BUDGET FILING

# **ATTACHMENT 3**

MIDWEST RELIABILITY ORGANIZATION

PROPOSED 2015 BUSINESS PLAN AND BUDGET



# 2015 Business Plan and Budget

Approved by: MRO Board of Directors

Date: June 26, 2014

380 St. Peter Street, 800 St. Paul, MN 55102 P. 651.855.1760 F. 651.855.1712 W. MidwestReliability.org

# **Table of Contents**

Sur	mmary of Financials and Resources	4
1.	Organizational Overview	4
2.	Governance	5
<i>3</i> .	Statutory Functional Scope	5
4.	Budget, Accounting, and Recordkeeping	6
5.	Organizational Structure and Staffing	8
6.	Financial Controls and Expense Approval	8
7.	Compensation Process	9
8.	Other Personnel Costs and Policies	9
9.	2015 Key Assumptions	9
10.	2015 Goals and Key Deliverables	9
11.	2015 Overview of Cost Impacts	10
Sec	ction A — Statutory Programs	16
1.	Reliability Standards, Organization Registration and Certification Program	16
2.	Compliance Monitoring and Enforcement Program (CMEP)	21
<i>3</i>	Reliability Assessment and Performance Analysis Program	28
4.	Training, Education, and Operator Certification Program	33
<i>5</i> .	Situation Awareness and Infrastructure Security Program	37
6.	Administrative Services	41
6a.	Technical Committees and Member Forums	42
6b.	General and Administrative	44
6c.	Legal and Regulatory	47
6d.	Information Technology	50
6e.	Human Resources	54
6f.	Human Resources, Finance, and Accounting	54
Sec	ction B — Supplemental Financial Information	58
1.	Supplemental Financial Information Reserve Balance	58
2.	Explanation of Changes in Reserve Policy from Prior Years to Current Year	58
3.	Breakdown by Statement of Activity Sections	58
4.	Personnel Expenses	61
5.	Consultants and Contracts	62
Sec	ction C — 2014 Non-Statutory Business Plan and Budget	68

## Table of Contents

Sec	tion D - Additional Financial Statements	69
1.	2015 Consolidated Statement of Activities by Program, Statutory and Non Statutory	69
2.	Statement of Financial Position	71
3.	Statement of Activities and Capital Expenditures	72
Atto	achment A	73

# Summary of Financials and Resources

		TOTAL RESOUF			
	2	015 Budget	U.S.	Canada	Mexico
Statutory FTEs		42.50			
Non-statutory FTEs					
Total FTEs		42.50			
Statutory Expenses	\$	10,512,887			
Non-Statutory Expenses	\$	-			
Total Expenses	\$	10,512,887			
Statutory Inc(Dec) in Fixed Assets	\$	(184,200)			
Non-Statutory Inc(Dec) in Fixed Assets	\$	-			
Total Inc(Dec) in Fixed Assets	\$	(184,200)			
Statutory Working Capital Requirement	\$	(507,668)			
Non-Statutory Working Capital Requirement					
Total Working Capital Requirement	\$	(507,668)			
Total Statutory Funding Requirement	\$	9,821,019			
Total Non-Statutory Funding Requirement	\$	-			
Total Funding Requirement	\$	9,821,019			
	<u> </u>				
Statutory Funding Assessments	\$	9,426,019	\$ 7,846,770	\$ 1,579,249	-
Non-Statutory Fees					
NEL		289,263,982	242,749,464	46,514,518	-
NEL%		100.00%	83.92%	16.08%	0.00%

The Midwest Reliability Organization ("MRO") 2015 Business Plan and Budget was developed by MRO staff and reviewed and approved by the MRO Board of Directors ("Board") following the opportunity for stakeholder review and comment.

#### 1. Organizational Overview

Under section 215(e)(4) of the Federal Power Act (FPA), the Commission approved NERC's delegation of certain statutory functions to the Regional Entities (REs). NERC executed a Delegation Agreement with MRO on May 2, 2007 for the purpose of delegating to MRO certain responsibilities and authorities of a Regional Entity as defined by FPA section 215. The most recent Delegation Agreement was approved by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission in June 2013. MRO's delegated functions under the agreement are: Development and Proposal of Reliability Standards and Organization Registration and Certification, Compliance, Risk Assessment and Mitigation, Enforcement, Reliability Assessment and Performance Analysis, Event Analysis, Training and Education, Situation Awareness, and Infrastructure Security.

#### 2. Governance

Membership in MRO is voluntary and free, affording organizations the opportunity to participate in the technical activities and governance of the organization. MRO has approximately fifty-five members.

The governance structure of MRO is a hybrid stakeholder board with seventeen board members elected by seven sectors and two independent directors elected by all members. No two sectors can control a vote. This governance structure is permitted under the Energy Policy Act of 2005 for Regional Entities operating under delegated authority from the Electric Reliability Organization. The Board has four committees:

- Dispute Resolution Committee
- Finance and Audit Committee (FAC)
- Governance and Personnel Committee (GPC)
- Hearing Body Committee

The Board's primary role is to assure the organization meets its requirements under the bylaws and performs its responsibilities with due care and in an efficient manner. The Board makes no determinations on compliance or enforcement matters. The Board has adopted procedures to assure it carries out its responsibilities free of conflicts. The Hearing Body fulfills the obligations of the Board in the conduct of hearings, a mandated function under the Hearing Procedures found in the Compliance Monitoring and Enforcement Program ("CMEP").

In addition, the Board has four standing technical committees:

- Compliance Committee
- Operating Committee
- Planning Committee
- Standards Committee

The charters for these standing committees are published on MRO's website and the processes for all organizational groups are defined in the Board-approved Policy and Procedure 3 (Establishment, Responsibilities, and Procedures of Organizational Groups).<sup>1</sup>

#### 3. Statutory Functional Scope

The primary purposes of MRO are to:

- 1. Determine compliance with reliability standards, including enforcement determinations in a non-discriminatory manner consistent with the NERC Rules of Procedure.
- 2. Perform seasonal, long-term, and other assessments of reliability.
- 3. Provide independent technical analysis of system events and work with industry on recommendations and lessons learned.

http://www.midwestreliability.org/01 about mro/overview/policies procedures/PP3 %20Organizational%20Groups.pdf

Midwest Reliability Organization: 2015 Business Plan and Budget Approved by MRO Board of Directors: June 26, 2014

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> See Policy and Procedure 3 (Establishment, Responsibilities, and Procedures of Organizational Groups) on MRO's website at:

- 4. Develop, propose, and/or adopt regional reliability standards or variances to reliability standards.
- 5. Perform other services consistent with its reliability charter, delegation agreement, and the Rules of Procedure.

MRO provides a transparent, effective, and efficient reliability organization across a broad geographic region with open meetings:

- 1. MRO is an effective Regional Entity that has a long tradition of managing within and across multiple, complex seams including an interconnection seam, structured markets to bilateral market seams, and an international border.
- 2. MRO creates a common forum for the region without barriers to participation.
- 3. The MRO Region has a tradition of working successfully on reliability matters despite the complexities in seams, diverse constituencies, and jurisdictions. Approximately half of the load in MRO is public power, including Canada. MRO is a vital link to maintain and expand existing "reliability" relationships among regulators, bulk electric users, owners, and operators.
- 4. Because of the seams, unique power system technical configurations, such as very long distances between load and generator, stability-limited transmission, the large percentage of hydro generation, and the diversity of its constituency, the region must have the ability and means to represent its own regional reliability interests for the benefit of the users, owners, and operators of the Bulk Electric System and the public it serves as a Cross Border Regional Entity (CBRE) under the final reliability rule and consistent with the Bilateral Principles.
- 5. MRO has a Standards Process Manual which has been approved by NERC and FERC.

The 2015 Business Plan and Budget fulfills MRO's commitments related to the delegated functions, consistent with FERC and Canadian authorities to:

- Implement compliance and enforcement programs to those subject to reliability standards.
- Execute a non-discriminatory, consistent enforcement process to those subject to reliability standards.
- Adopt reliability standards to ensure enforceability. Canadian enforceability has been sought through agreements with Saskatchewan and in Manitoba pursuant to the Manitoba Hydro-Act (2012) as implemented in the Manitoba Reliability Standards Regulation.
- Maintain a Standards Process Manual that provides for an open, technically valid process to adopt standards as needed to benefit the reliability of the MRO Region.
- Provide education and resources for operators, users, and owners of the BES.
- Assess and report on regional BES reliability and adequacy.
- Analyze and report on regional BES system events.

#### 4. Budget, Accounting, and Recordkeeping

#### **Budget**

MRO prepares an annual Business Plan and Budget each calendar year. The development of the Business Plan and Budget begins with an annual MRO Board strategic planning session, at which long-term goals are set for MRO. The Business Plan and Budget is then developed by MRO staff between March and June of the year preceding the budget year with input from MRO's stakeholders. The Business Plan and Budget is developed in conjunction with those of other Regional Entities and NERC to ensure consistency in the budgets of entities charged with FPA section 215 responsibilities. MRO staff also participates in NERC's ERO Executive Management Group to review strategic goals and objectives for the REs, and to review common assumptions included in their business plans and budgets.

MRO's budget development employs both a "top-down" and a "bottom-up" approach. The top-down approach is initiated by MRO's CEO, who sets the parameters for number of staff and an initial overall percent increase in the budget based on the strategic initiatives of the organization. The bottom-up approach is coordinated among MRO's managers and vice presidents, who calculate budget amounts for their respective departments using a detailed, line-by-line approach after reviewing actual costs from the most recent year end as well as current year-to-date costs. This is a zero based budgeting approach. The bottom-up figures from all departments are then aggregated and reconciled with the CEO's top-down budget figures.

MRO maintains a cash reserve at all times, capable of funding MRO's operations as laid out in MRO's Operating and Working Capital Reserves policy. This cash reserve is in addition to the funding necessary for MRO's normal operations. MRO's annual Business Plan and Budget includes a request for funding necessary to maintain or restore MRO's operating and working capital reserves. The operating and working capital reserves shall be identified and quantified each year in the Business Plan and Budget submitted first to the Finance and Audit Committee (FAC) for review and then to the Board for approval.

Upon completion, the Business Plan and Budget is reviewed by the FAC of MRO's Board. The Business Plan and Budget is then sent to the Board for approval. Once approved by the Board and its Stakeholders, the plan is submitted to NERC and then to FERC. The plan is typically finalized by FERC approval in October or November of the year preceding the budget year.

#### Accounting and Recordkeeping

MRO's accounting is performed by the Vice President of Finance and the MRO accounting staff. MRO bases its current Chart of Accounts upon NERC's System of Accounts, as required in the Delegation Agreement, and uses Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) for the classification of its expenses. Additionally, MRO maintains an accounting manual to provide instructions to its accounting staff on accounting transactions and functions. MRO maintains its books on an accrual basis, recognizing revenues when earned and expenses when incurred.

The majority of MRO expenses are direct labor costs. These costs are recorded in the accounting system by NERC account. Indirect costs are allocated to each MRO program area based on the number of full-time employee equivalents (FTEs) in each program area.

#### 5. Organizational Structure and Staffing

MRO is organized into departments, all of which are dedicated to a statutory function or program area. Additionally, some functions, such as training and education, and committee and member functions, are the responsibility of multiple departments. The NERC System of Accounts assigns an account number to each statutory function outlined in the delegation agreements between NERC and the Regional Entities. MRO's accounting system is similarly organized by NERC account, meaning that while MRO tracks costs by department, MRO simultaneously tracks costs by NERC account.

All MRO employees have a "home" department area to which they are assigned. However, most MRO employees work in multiple program areas. For instance, employees whose home department area is Compliance may also assist in reliability standard development. MRO employees track their time working in each program area, and their budgeted labor costs are allocated to the various program areas in which they work.

The Compliance Department encompasses MRO's reliability audit, spot checks and self-certification activities and is headed by a director.

The Risk Assessment and Mitigation and Registration and Reliability Standards functions are two departments reporting to one vice president.

Enforcement and Regulatory Affairs is responsible for enforcement of reliability standard violations within the MRO Region based upon the evaluations provided by the risk assessment and mitigation staff and is headed by a vice president.

MRO's Operations Department is responsible for reliability assessment, performance analysis, event analysis, situation awareness, infrastructure security, and IT functions. This department is headed by a vice president.

MRO's Vice President, General Counsel, Corporate Secretary and Director of External Affairs provides legal advice to MRO, serves as the corporate secretary, and heads MRO's communications efforts and external affairs.

MRO's Finance and Administration Department performs human resources, accounting, finance, budget, and treasury functions and is headed by a vice president.

#### 6. Financial Controls and Expense Approval

MRO maintains formal policies governing travel expense reimbursement, corporate credit card usage, contractor use, and procurement. MRO's Employee Handbook also addresses financial controls and expense approval.

MRO employees travel to conduct audits, perform reliability assessments, and attend industry meetings and training. MRO's Expense Statement Guidelines (Guidelines) provide guidance to MRO employees on reimbursable travel expenses. Expenses are reviewed for proper documentation and reasonableness by department managers and MRO's Vice President of Finance.

An independent auditing firm annually audits MRO's financial statements. MRO staff consults the FAC of the Board in reviewing the selection of the external auditor and the scope of the audit work. Once hired, the independent auditor communicates directly to the FAC Chair regarding audit matters. The FAC and MRO staff performs an annual review of the auditing firm's performance.

MRO's Contract Management Procedures (Procedures) govern the procurement of goods and services in excess of \$500. The Procedures dictate that an employee must have a Master Purchase Order approved by MRO's VP of Finance and his or her department VP for all purchases in excess of \$500. Additionally, purchases in excess of \$10,000 must also be approved by the MRO President.

MRO utilizes a time-tracking and reporting system for its employees. The software allows employees to track their labor hours by program area, project, NERC account, and Registered Entity. New employees are trained on MRO's time-tracking polices and systems upon hiring.

#### 7. Compensation Process

MRO bases employee compensation on eight pay principles. The current pay structure uses a five-tiered structure. Each tier is divided into four scales reflecting experience and degree of knowledge, skills and abilities.

#### 8. Other Personnel Costs and Policies

MRO employees are required to sign a Standards of Conduct form, attesting that they will always act in the best interests of MRO, and that they will avoid conduct and commitments that may compromise their responsibilities to MRO. MRO employees are forbidden from owning a financial interest in any entity subject to reliability standards within the MRO Region.

#### 9. 2015 Key Assumptions

NERC and the Regional Entities aligned the ERO Enterprise's business planning goals, objectives, metrics and assumptions for the 2014-2017 planning period. The ERO Enterprise Strategic Plan for 2014-2017 includes five consolidated goals, within the existing areas of standards; compliance, registration and certification; risks to reliability; and coordination and collaboration. New in 2014, NERC and the Regional Entities agreed to implement performance metrics to assess the overall effectiveness of the ERO Enterprise. These metrics will be reviewed and revised as necessary to ensure the metrics are meaningful to the performance of the ERO Enterprise.

#### 10. 2015 Goals and Key Deliverables

The vision of MRO is to "Maintain and improve the quality of life through a highly reliable regional Bulk Power System." MRO's purpose is to: "Strive to assure each Bulk Power System owner and operator within our region is a Highly Effective Reliability Organization." MRO will leverage industry experts to address risks and improve reliability and security for the overall benefit of regional reliability. Through stakeholder processes, MRO will provide clarity on expectations and requirements; look to embed risk controls for assurance across the networked Bulk Electric System; and demonstrate results that improve reliability. For

more information on MRO's Vision, Purpose, and Principles, please refer to MRO's website at <a href="http://www.midwestreliability.org/">http://www.midwestreliability.org/</a>.

MRO's business planning is driven by the annual strategic initiatives, which are used in conjunction with the organizational vision, purpose, and principles:

- 1. Develop CMEP processes, procedures and practices to scope work around risk and reserve enforcement for significant matters across the ERO Enterprise.
- 2. Seek closer coordination within the Eastern Interconnection and North America.
- 3. Establish key indicators of reliable and secure performance and reduction of risk with ERO Enterprise and stakeholders.
- 4. Address reliability risks and communicate lessons learned and trends from events, assessments, technical analysis, compliance, and enforcement activities in a timely, transparent manner with stakeholders.
- 5. Develop guidance with stakeholders for Registered Entities on reliability standards and model controls/procedures to assure compliance with the requirements.

#### **Long-Term Business Planning**

NERC and the Regional Entities are actively working together to improve the overall business planning and budgeting process, including long-term resource and financial planning. The 2015 Business Plan and Budget process included numerous face-to-face meetings, conference calls, and exchanges of documentation among senior management and staff of NERC and Regional Entities regarding budget assumptions, resource requirements, and opportunities to improve operational efficiency and effectiveness, including factors affecting resource needs beyond the 2015 planning horizon. As an important first step in the development of a longterm business plan and budgeting process, the Common Business Plan and Budget Assumptions attached as Exhibit A in the NERC 2015 Business Plan and Budget, incorporate assumptions affecting resource demands through the 2016 planning horizon. NERC and the Regional Entities continue to work together to develop, strengthen and improve an integrated long-term business plan and budget that leverages and builds on the combined strengths and resources of NERC and the Regional Entities to improve the overall effectiveness and efficiency of operations. NERC and the Regional Entities will also continue to work collaboratively to refine and revise procedures to eliminate duplication, increase operational efficiencies, enhance ERO-wide consistency, and achieve measurable reliability outcomes, consistent with their respective roles and responsibilities.

#### 11. 2015 Overview of Cost Impacts

MRO proposes to increase its operating budget from \$9.74 million to \$10.33 million, an increase of \$583,888. Funding assessments from 2014 will increase by \$684,575 or 7.8%.

#### **Operational Programs**

Funding Requirements — Explanation of Increase (Decrease)

#### Standards and Organization Registration and Certification

For 2015, MRO will maintain flat staffing levels in the Standards area. MRO will continue to focus on continent-wide standards and leveraging experts from the industry to assure proper technical application of existing standards. MRO registers all known entities subject to the Reliability standards.

#### **Compliance Monitoring and Enforcement Program**

MRO has three independent programs within the NERC-defined Compliance Monitoring and Enforcement program:

#### **Compliance**

The mission of the compliance staff is to conduct audits and spot checks. Budgeted costs for this program will increase in 2015.

#### **Risk Assessment and Mitigation**

Risk Assessment and Mitigation undertakes an independent review of the facts and circumstances surrounding each potential noncompliance discovered by Compliance Monitoring, and then determines whether sufficient evidence supports each Possible Violation (PV). Risk Assessment and Mitigation works with the Registered Entity to develop an effective mitigation plan in the event that a violation has been validated. MRO is anticipating an increase in costs for this program in 2015 and has budgeted for the same.

#### **Enforcement**

Validated violations move to the Enforcement staff, who review recommendations made by Risk Assessment and Mitigation staff, verify all relevant facts, and evaluate appropriate enforcement actions for final disposition and resolution. Enforcement staff reports to NERC regarding the status of all PVs. MRO Enforcement staff may negotiate penalty settlements with Registered Entities, and coordinates review of settlement agreements by MRO's Hearing Body Committee. Enforcement determinations are submitted by MRO staff to NERC for approval. Costs for this program are budgeted to increase in 2015.

The factual review conducted by Risk Assessment and Mitigation and Enforcement staff is intended to ensure a consistent, accurate application of the NERC reliability standards. The three-step process also provides for segregation of duties, establishing independence among those making the findings, those assessing risk, and those determining and negotiating penalties and sanctions.

#### **Reliability Assessment and Performance Analysis**

MRO's Reliability Assessment and Performance Analysis staff continues to independently assess the work of the planning coordinators in their seasonal and long-term reliability assessments. Staff also assembles modeling data for the Region and works with several other Regions to prepare Eastern Interconnection models. In addition, staff reviews event analysis reports and protection system mis-operations reports prepared by Registered Entities to ensure complete analysis and to maintain various performance metrics. Staff performs other technical analysis such as implementation of the BES definition and participates on regional and NERC technical committees and working groups.

#### **Training and Education**

MRO provides training to Registered Entities through workshops, presentation opportunities at industry meetings, and by providing lessons learned in MRO's newsletter and other publications. Through the MRO Standards Committee, Subject Matter Expert ("SME") teams have been established to provide training on best practices and model programs for compliance, operations, and Critical Infrastructure Protection ("CIP").

#### Situation Awareness & Infrastructure Security Program

#### **Situation Awareness**

MRO utilizes the NERC Situation Awareness tool and monitors other communication systems to maintain an awareness of BES events and incidents. Staff is prepared to respond through timely reporting and effective communication of any identified potential risks to the BES.

#### **Infrastructure Security Program**

In recognition of the criticality of protection of cyber infrastructure and BES control systems, the 2015 Budget includes dollars for MRO representatives to participate in infrastructure security-related activities and travel to attend security-related meetings. Critical infrastructure compliance training and education are budgeted in the applicable areas of the budget.

#### **Administrative Programs**

#### **Technical Committees and Member Forums (Committees that meet for NERC business)**

MRO staff and Registered Entity staff will continue to participate in NERC committees and working groups. By policy, MRO reimburses Registered Entities for approved regional representative travel expenses. In 2014 business travel relating to quarterly NERC Board of Trustees (NERC BOT) was captured in the Technical Committees and Member Forums program area. The 2015 Budget reflects the elimination of this program area to conform with the other regions and NERC. All other regions and NERC record costs in the program of the participant. We will track all the technical committees and member forums along with the NERC BOT travel and time separately by program of the MRO participant.

#### **General and Administrative**

The 2015 Budget includes no change in travel dollars, reflecting a stable trend of expense reimbursements for the MRO Board of Directors.

The 2014 Budget fees for independent MRO board members were included in General and Administrative. The 2015 Budget includes these fees under Legal and Regulatory.

#### **Information Technology**

In 2015 MRO will continue to maintain the security of its IT systems and information, along with addressing any recommendations from external and internal evaluations. MRO uses independent third parties to provide periodic assessments of its infrastructure security. MRO subscribes to compliance and standards applications from a third party vendor; these applications are subject to independent third party audits and reside on a secure platform.

Greater efficiencies are budgeted with this third party vendor as additional Regional Entities expand the common IT platform increasing scale and reducing costs by spreading costs across the increased number of participating regions.

#### **Legal and Regulatory**

For 2015, overall Legal and Regulatory budgeted costs for outside counsel will remain flat with 2014. However the fees for independent MRO board members were moved from General

and Administrative in 2014 to Legal and Regulatory in 2015. The dollar shift from one program to another does not include an increase in dollars.

#### **Accounting / Human Resources**

#### **Personnel Costs - Employee Paid Benefits**

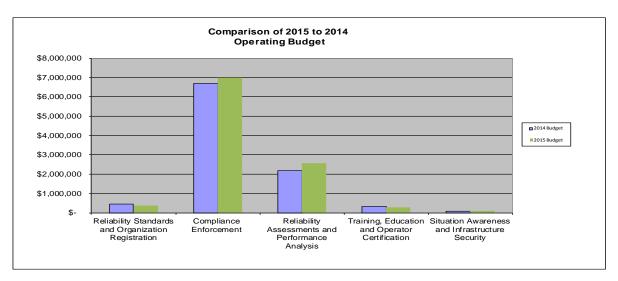
The 2015 Budget has an increase in the number of FTEs from 3.30 to 3.63. The additional .33 staff came from a transfer of staff from General and Administrative. The part-time administrative meeting coordinator was moved from General and Administrative to Finance, Accounting and Human Resources.

MRO's overall FTE staffing has increased from 20.0 in 2007 to 42.5 in 2015. MRO does not include attrition/vacancy assumptions in personnel cost projections. In addition, the budget includes a slight decrease in building, rent and facilities costs.

#### **Other Non-Operating Expenses**

None

Program	2(	014 Budget	2015 Budget	riance 2015 Idget v 2014 Budget	% of Change
Reliability Standards and Organization Registration	\$	435,359	\$ 387,929	\$ (47,431)	-10.89%
Compliance Enforcement		6,697,593	6,994,216	296,623	4.43%
Reliability Assessments and Performance Analysis		2,194,427	2,571,309	376,882	17.17%
Training, Education and Operator Certification		333,138	295,306	(37,832)	-11.36%
Situation Awareness and Infrastructure Security		84,283	79,927	(4,356)	-5.17%
TOTAL BUDGET	\$	9,744,801	\$ 10,328,687	\$ 583,886	5.99%



Total FTEs by Program Area	Budget 2014	Projection 2014	Direct FTEs 2015 Budget	Shared FTEs 2015 Budget <sup>1</sup>	Total FTEs 2015 Budget	Change from 2014 Budget
	STATUTORY					
Operational Programs						
Reliability Standards and Organization and Certification	1.17	1.17	1.01		1.01	(0.16)
Compliance	11.16	11.24	10.63		10.63	(0.10)
Compliance Risk Assessment and Mitigation	6.31	6.53	7.03		7.03	0.72
Compliance Enforcement	3.79	3.90	4.42		4.42	0.63
Training and Education	0.65	0.65	0.28		0.28	(0.37)
Reliability Assessment and Performance Analysis	6.49	7.47	7.55		7.55	1.06
Situation Awareness and Infrastructure Security	0.22	0.22	0.16		0.16	(0.06)
Total FTEs Operational Programs	29.79	31.18	31.08	-	31.08	1.29
Administrative Programs						
Technical Committees and Member Forums	1.66	-	-		-	(1.66)
General and Administrative	1.94	2.06	2.24		2.24	0.30
Legal and Regulatory	0.93	1.08	1.31		1.31	0.38
Information Technology	3.13	3.13	4.24		4.24	1.11
Human Resources	-	-	-		-	-
Finance and Accounting	3.30	3.30	3.63		3.63	0.33
Total FTEs Administrative Programs	10.96	9.57	11.42	-	11.42	0.46
Total FTEs	40.75	40.75	42.50	-	42.50	1.75

 $<sup>^1\!</sup>A$  shared FTE is defined as an employee who performs both Statutory and Non-Statutory functions.

	Statement of Activiti 20		get & Proje	ctio	n, and 201			king C	apital		
			STA 2014 Budget	TUTC	2014 Projection	2014 I v 201	riance Projection 4 Budget (Under)		2015 Budget	20: v 20	Variance 15 Budget 14 Budget er(Under)
Funding	FDO Formalina										
	ERO Funding  NERC Assessments  Penalty Sanctions	\$	8,741,444 136,500	\$	8,741,444 136,500	\$	=	\$	9,426,019 395,000	\$	684,575 258,500
	Total NERC Funding	\$	8,877,944	\$	8,877,944	\$	-	\$	9,821,019	\$	943,075
	Membership Dues		_		-		_		_		_
	Testing Fees		-		-		-		-		-
	Services & Software		-		-		-		-		-
	Workshops		-		-		-		-		-
	Interest		-		-		-		-		-
	Miscellaneous		-		-		-		-		-
Total Fund	ling (A)	\$	8,877,944	\$	8,877,944	\$	-	\$	9,821,019	\$	943,075
xpenses											
•	Personnel Expenses										
	Salaries	\$	5,178,538	\$	5,178,538		-	\$	5,522,559	\$	344,02
	Payroll Taxes		339,154		339,154		-		357,594		18,440
	Benefits		412,222		412,222		-		438,920		26,698
	Retirement Costs		968,920		968,920		-		1,033,187		64,267
	Total Personnel Expenses	\$	6,898,834	\$	6,898,834	\$	-	\$	7,352,260	\$	453,426
	Meeting Expenses										
	Meetings	\$	100,514	\$	100,514	\$	_	\$	106,600	\$	6,080
	Travel	Y	598,900	Y	598,900	Y	_	Y	622,200	Ý	23,300
	Conference Calls		-		-		_		-		-
	Total Meeting Expenses	\$	699,414	\$	699,414	\$	-	\$	728,800	\$	29,386
	Operating Expenses			_							
	Consultants & Contracts	\$	543,100	\$	543,100	\$	-	\$	676,436	\$	133,336
	Office Rent		524,827		524,827		-		501,000		(23,827
	Office Costs		503,124		503,124		-		539,891		36,76
	Professional Services		205,000		205,000		-		193,500		(11,500
	Miscellaneous		-		-		-				-
	Depreciation	_	471,000	_	471,000		-		521,000		50,000
	Total Operating Expenses	<u>\$</u>	2,247,051	_\$_	2,247,051	\$	-	\$	2,431,827	\$	184,776
	<b>Total Direct Expenses</b>	\$	9,845,299	\$	9,845,299	\$	-	\$	10,512,887	\$	667,588
	Indirect Expenses	\$		\$		\$		\$		<u> </u>	
	•										
	Other Non-Operating Expenses	_\$_	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Total Expe	nses (B)	\$	9,845,299	\$	9,845,299	\$	-	\$	10,512,887	\$	667,588
Change in	Assets	\$	(967,355)	\$	(967,355)	\$	-	\$	(691,868)	\$	275,487
Fixed Asse			(476.005)		(476.005)				/F2: 225:		/50.0-
	Depreciation	\$	(471,000)	\$	(471,000)	\$	-	\$	(521,000)	>	(50,000
	Computer & Software CapEx		320,500		320,500		-		316,800		(3,700
	Furniture & Fixtures CapEx		-		-		-		20,000		20,000
	Equipment CapEx Leasehold Improvements		50,000		- 50,000		-		-		(50,000
	·		,3	,	,3	¢				¢	(3-)-00
	Allocation of Fixed Assets	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 	-
nc(Dec) in	Fixed Assets ( C )		(100,500)		(100,500)	_	-		(184,200)		(83,700
			0 744 700		0 744 700			^	40 000 000	_	E02 000
OTAL BUI	OGET (=B + C)	\$	9,744,799	\$	9,744,799	\$	-	\$	10,328,687	\$	583,888

Midwest Reliability Organization: 2015 Business Plan and Budget Approved by MRO Board of Directors: June 26, 2014

40.75

40.75

0.00

FTEs

1.75

42.50

# Section A — Statutory Programs

#### 1. Reliability Standards, Organization Registration and Certification Program

	(in v	whole dollars)		
	2	014 Budget	2015 Budget	Increase (Decrease)
Total FTEs		1.17	1.01	(0.16)
Direct Expenses	\$	279,428	\$ 261,242	\$ (18,186)
Indirect Expenses	\$	159,877	\$ 132,672	\$ (27,205)
Other Non-Operating Expenses	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -
Inc(Dec) in Fixed Assets	\$	(3,947)	\$ (5,986)	\$ (2,039)
Total Funding Requirement	\$	435,359	\$ 387,929	\$ (47,431)

#### Program Scope and Functional Description

NERC uses stakeholder-driven processes consistent with the Rules of Procedure to develop and maintain reliability standards that apply to Bulk Electric System owners, operators, and users and that enable NERC and Regional Entities to measure the reliability performance of Bulk Electric System owners, operators and users; and to hold them accountable for reliable operation of the Bulk Electric Systems. The reliability standards must be technically sound, timely, just, reasonable, not unduly discriminatory or preferential, in the public interest, and consistent with other applicable requirements.

MRO supports NERC standards development through its Standards Committee. Organization Registration criteria and requirements are approved by NERC and the Commission in the United States, and MRO staff carries out those responsibilities through its Delegation Agreement with NERC. Registration is documented by MRO and incorporated into the overall NERC Registry. MRO staff registers all known entities (owners, operators, and users) subject to the reliability standards and revises the Registered Entity list as required under the Rules of Procedure.

MRO will work with NERC on development of common and consistent registration processes, information systems and methods among regions. MRO will use NERC's revised certification Rules which will require technical training to be developed by NERC.

#### 2015 Key Assumptions

The NERC and Regional Entity business plans and budgets reflect a set of common assumptions developed jointly by NERC and the Regional Entities as part of the annual business plan and budget process. The common assumptions for the Reliability Standards Program and the Organization Registration and Certification Program can be located in the Key Assumptions section of Exhibit A in NERC's 2015 Business Plan and Budget.

MRO utilizes a balanced stakeholder Standards Committee ("SC") to administer the regional standards program, educate stakeholders about the application of reliability standards, and provide

regional input to the NERC Standards development efforts. The SC is charged with the following responsibilities:

- Recommend to the MRO Board regional representatives for NERC standards development and drafting-related working groups and committees
- Promote coordination of MRO's efforts with other Regional Entities and NERC, including a periodic review of NERC reliability standards and their applicability to those subject to the reliability standards
- Provide non-binding assistance to stakeholders in understanding the application of continent-wide reliability standards and the types of evidence needed to demonstrate compliance through examples
- Identify pools of subject matter experts (SMEs) in the industry to assist in the development of application guides
- Oversee the development of application guides for NERC reliability standards
- Review frequently occurring compliance violations to determine if there are any additional application guidelines that are needed or additional changes to standards or request interpretations
- Provide education and training on effectively demonstrating compliance to stakeholders through webinars, emails, conference calls, presentations or workshops
- Provide recommendations to the NERC standing committees or other working groups as required
- Provide comments and voting positions on NERC-proposed standards interpretations and compliance application notice from MRO stakeholders
- Where necessary, assure regional reliability standards are consistent with continent-wide reliability standards
- Process all requests for new or modifications to reliability standards
- Maintain MRO reliability standards process documentation
- Assign the development of a regional Reliability Standard to a drafting team
- Present new, or modifications to, regional reliability standards for adoption by the MRO Board upon recommendation from the SC

In supporting the work of the SC, MRO staff monitors the NERC Standards development efforts and facilitates the efforts of the SC and its subgroups to provide input in a coordinated manner. Staff also ensures the regional processes are followed for the regional standards development. Currently, MRO has no regional standards under development and does not anticipate any Standards Authorization Request (SAR) submittals in the future.

The SC is committed to developing and delivering training to industry stakeholders on meeting the obligations and requirements of existing, new, or emerging reliability standards. In support of the SC's commitment, MRO staff provides input to the SME teams in developing their training tools and reviews the Application Guidance documents and presentations. In addition, MRO staff helps manage all SME team projects and provides technical support. MRO staff appreciates the SME teams sharing their technical expertise and knowledge to improve power system reliability for all.

MRO staff and stakeholders provide technical advice and comment to NERC when developing reliability standards applicable across North America and the Eastern Interconnection. MRO staff

and Registered Entities participate in NERC and MRO standards drafting teams, hold meetings and conferences to discuss standards, and actively work with NERC on its standards development plan.

NERC's Four Year Standards Development Plan, supports the significant effort required by MRO to participate in standards development.

#### **Organization Registration**

- 2015 variance: no material changes; BES definition may impact workload
- Workload associated with maintaining the registry will continue
- Registration is ongoing
- Continue to inventory generator facilities and transmission elements that meet NERC Criteria of Registration
- Joint Registration Organization (JRO) maintenance
- Coordinated Registration Organization (CFR) development and maintenance
- Modify registry if it is discovered an entity meets additional functional criteria through compliance monitoring processes
- Continue to obtain and review system on-line diagrams, maps, and agreements used to identify owners and operators of the Bulk Electric System
- Continue to manage overall registry by having a staff person directly assigned to this task

#### **Organization Certification**

- 2015 variance: no material changes.
- Work performed to certify additional functions with Registered Entities, and work performed to certify new Registered Entities, are expected to continue with no change.

#### 2015 Goals and Key Deliverables

- Provide comments and support to other NERC and MRO SC activities
- Work with NERC to improve interpretation of existing reliability standards
- Work with NERC to improve the timeliness of reliability standards development
- Comment on all NERC Standards Authorization Requests (SAR) and draft standards
- Communicate with stakeholders and vote on all NERC Standards
- Support and inform MRO SC and Board of standards-related activities
- Participate on various NERC committees and subgroups
- MRO SME teams and staff train and educate Registered Entities on the application of standards by participating in MRO workshops (costs are captured in Training and Education)

#### Funding Sources and Requirements — Explanation of Increase (Decrease)

For 2015, MRO will maintain relatively flat staffing levels in the Standards and Organization Registration and Certification area. Since Standards are primarily an industry activity, MRO has leveraged staff from Registered Entities in drafting teams and in other areas to gain more subject matter expertise applied to the standards process. While MRO reimburses travel expenses for approved representatives, there are staff cost savings.

#### Funding Sources (Other than ERO Assessments)

Penalty Sanctions – Total penalty monies received and the allocation method used to allocate funds to this Program as an offset to assessments are disclosed in MRO's Supplemental Financial Information section, Table B-2, page 58.

#### Personnel Expenses

- MRO continues to facilitate additional technical resources from the industry in drafting teams and in other areas to augment staff involvement, which has resulted in a relatively stabilized number of FTEs. MRO reimburses travel expenses for stakeholder participation.
- The 2015 budgeted salaries is relatively flat when compared to the 2014 budget, with a slight decrease in FTEs as MRO staff is shifted in response to realigning staff in the program areas.

#### Meeting Expenses

- 2015 Meeting expenses will be reduced from the 2014 Budget. The reduction is a reflection of lower meeting costs by using the new facility.
- The travel increase in 2015 is largely reflective of the change in moving the expenses from Technical Committees and Member Forums, (department 1100) to the traveling employee's department.

#### Operating Expenses

- 2015 Consultant and Contract costs reflects a third party vendor's annual escalation starting March 2014.
- 2015 Office Costs will increase in the area of training costs. A certain amount of training is required over a two or three year span rather than each year. In 2013 staff did not take as much training as they will in 2014 and 2015.

#### **Indirect Expenses**

Expenses related to indirect programs have been allocated proportionately based on FTE count to the direct programs. There is a decrease in the indirect expenses for 2015 as a result of a lower total allocation to statutory programs as indirect expenses.

#### Other Non-Operating Expenses

N/A

#### Fixed Asset Additions

2015 fixed assets related to indirect programs have been allocated proportionately based on FTE to the direct programs.

# Reliability Standards and Organization Registration and Certification Program

Funding sources and related expenses for the reliability standards section of the 2015 business plan are shown in the table below.

	Statement of Activitie				n, and 201						
	N. L. P. L.	ILITY STANDARDS AND ORGA 2014		Variance 2014 Projection 2014 v 2014 Budget			2015	201	riance 5 Budget 4 Budget		
			Budget	P	rojection	Ov	er(Under)		Budget	Ove	r(Under)
Funding	ERO Funding										
	NERC Assessments	\$	429,997	\$	429,997	\$	-	\$	375,092	\$	(54,905
	Penalty Sanctions		5,361		5,361				12,836		7,475
	Total NERC Funding	_\$_	435,358	\$	435,358	\$		\$	387,929	\$	(47,430
	Membership Dues								_		_
	Testing Fees		-		-		-		-		-
	Services & Software		-		-		-		-		-
	Workshops		-		-		-		-		-
	Interest		-		-		-		-		-
Total Fund	Miscellaneous	\$	425.250	\$	425.250	\$	-	\$		ć	- 47.420
Total Fund	aing (A)	<u> </u>	435,358	\$	435,358	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	387,929	\$	(47,430
Expenses											
	Personnel Expenses Salaries	\$	175,057	\$	175,057	\$	_	\$	156,160	\$	(18,897
	Payroll Taxes	Ą	9,981	ب	9,981	Ţ	-	ب	9,024	Y	(10,857
	Benefits		12,129		12,129		-		10,705		(1,424
	Retirement Costs		34,167		34,167		_		31,123		(3,044
	Total Personnel Expenses	\$	231,334	\$	231,334	\$	-	\$	207,012	\$	(24,322
	Manakina Funanca										
	Meeting Expenses  Meetings	\$	4,000	\$	4,000	\$		\$	2,000	\$	(2,000
	Travel	Ş	28,900	Ş	28,900	Ş	-	Ş	33,600	Ş	4,700
	Conference Calls		-		-		-		-		-
	Total Meeting Expenses	\$	32,900	\$	32,900	\$	-	\$	35,600	\$	2,700
	Operating Expenses										
	Consultants & Contracts	\$	12,000	\$	12,000	\$	-	\$	13,236	\$	1,236
	Office Rent Office Costs		- 3,194		- 3,194		-		- 5,394		2,200
	Professional Services		3,194		3,194		-		5,394		2,200
	Miscellaneous		-		-		_		_		-
	Depreciation		-		-						-
	Total Operating Expenses	\$	15,194	\$	15,194	\$	-	\$	18,630	\$	3,436
	Total Direct Expenses	\$	279,428	\$	279,428	\$	-	\$	261,242	\$	(18,186
	Indirect Expenses	\$	159,877	\$	137,167	\$	(22,710)	\$	132,672	\$	(27,205
	·										• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
	Other Non-Operating Expenses	_\$_	<u>-</u>	\$	-	\$	<u> </u>	\$	<u> </u>	\$	
Total Expe	enses (B)	\$	439,305	\$	416,595	\$	(22,710)	\$	393,914	\$	(45,391
Change in	Assets	\$	(3,947)	\$	18,763	\$	22,710	\$	(5,986)	\$	(2,039
Fixed Asse	nte.										
i iaeu ASSE	Depreciation	\$	-	\$	_	\$	-	\$		\$	_
	Computer & Software CapEx	*	-	•	-	•	-	-	-	*	-
	Furniture & Fixtures CapEx		-		-		-		-		-
	Equipment CapEx		-		-		-		-		-
	Leasehold Improvements		-		-		-		-		-
	Allocation of Fixed Assets	\$	(3,947)		(3,947)		-		(5,986)		(2,039
lnc(Dec) in	n Fixed Assets ( C )	_	(3,947)	_	(3,947)			_	(5,986)		(2,039
TOTAL BU	DGET (=B + C)	\$	435,358	\$	412,648	\$	(22,710)	\$	387,929	\$	(47,430
TOTAL CH	ANGE IN WORKING CAPITAL (=A-B-C)	\$	-	\$	22,710	\$	22,710	\$		\$	-

Midwest Reliability Organization: 2015 Business Plan and Budget

Approved by MRO Board of Directors: June 26, 2014

2	Compliance	Monitoring	and Enforcement	Program	(CMFP)
4.	Compliance	MICHITUTINE	and Emplement	i i ugi aiii y	

Compliance Monitoring and Enforcement Program (in whole dollars)										
	2	014 Budget	- 7	2015 Budget		Increase (Decrease)				
Total FTEs		21.26		22.08		0.82				
Direct Expenses	\$	3,864,192	\$	4,224,673	\$	360,482				
Indirect Expenses	\$	2,905,124	\$	2,900,403	\$	(4,721)				
Other Non-Operating Expenses	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-				
Inc(Dec) in Fixed Assets	\$	(71,723)	\$	(130,860)	\$	(59,137)				
Total Funding Requirement	\$	6,697,593	\$	6,994,216	\$	296,624				

#### Program Scope and Functional Description

In 2015, the MRO Compliance Monitoring and Enforcement Program includes performing CMEP activities with approximately 125 Registered Entities in the MRO Region.

All Registered Entities are subject to periodic compliance audits and/or spot checks. For 2015, there are a total of 25 compliance audits planned, and spot checks will be conducted as needed.

In addition to the normal and ongoing compliance discovery activities under the NERC CMEP, MRO Compliance staff will be prepared to assist with compliance investigations, system performance monitoring and assessment, and compliance reviews for all events in which the NERC Event Analysis and Compliance Review Process is initiated. These activities are included in the business plan for 2015. Investigations are handled through MRO's Risk Assessment and Mitigation team.

#### 2015 Key Assumptions

NERC and Regional Entity business plans and budgets reflect a set of common assumptions developed jointly by NERC and the Regional Entities as part of the annual business plan and budget process. NERC and the Regional Entities will also continue to work collaboratively to refine and revise procedures to eliminate duplication, increase operational efficiencies, enhance ERO-wide consistency, and achieve measureable reliability outcomes, consistent with their respective roles and responsibilities. The common assumptions for the Compliance Monitoring can be located in the Key Assumptions section of Exhibit A in NERC's 2015 Business Plan and Budget.

The Reliability Assurance Initiative (RAI) and CIP v5 transition are anticipated to continue to be major activities throughout 2015. These joint ERO Enterprise initiatives provide benefits to NERC, the Regional Entities and Registered Entities.

MRO will monitor compliance with reliability standards for each Registered Entity that has compliance responsibilities as defined in the Compliance Registry for MRO. In the United States,

MRO monitors reliability standards according to Commission-approved Rules. In Manitoba, MRO monitors reliability standards under provincial law as implemented in the Manitoba Reliability Standards Regulation. In Saskatchewan, MRO carries out its compliance monitoring responsibilities according to an agreement with the Saskatchewan Electric Reliability Authority.

#### 2015 Compliance Monitoring Program Goals and Key Deliverables

- Assure professionally-trained staff is available to perform the required activities under the NERC Rules of Procedure
- Deliver consistent results when processing all instances of noncompliance
- Process initial compliance determinations of standards in a fair, uniform, systematic, and timely manner
- Maintain internal controls to assure all determinations receive adequate "due care" and review
- Conduct secondary independent review to assure all determinations of possible violations are accurate, complete, and technically sufficient
- Ensure an accurate and complete discovery record is created, maintained, and retained for each possible violation discovered and where there are no findings as well
- Conduct system performance compliance monitoring (such as due diligence review of misoperations, physical inspections, etc.)
- Conduct compliance investigations as warranted
- Continue to maintain information in a secured environment through webCDMS; expand use of webCDMS tool suite for staff to drive more efficiencies in the conduct of the work and make the work more meaningful to Registered Entities
- Participate in working groups where ERO-wide compliance and enforcement program processes and procedures will be developed to drive consistency
- Continue to implement the Auditor Checklist and Auditor Handbook for compliance audits to ensure utilization of consistent audit practices across all Regions
- Implement applicable Reliability Assurance Initiatives

#### Funding Requirements — Explanation of Increase (Decrease)

# Compliance Monitoring Explanation of Variances – 2015 Budget versus 2014 Budget Annual Implementation Plan

- Monitor compliance with all regulatory-approved reliability standards as defined in the NERC Annual Implementation Plan
- Adopt risk-based audit principles of the Reliability Assurance Initiative (RAI), potentially reducing scope of individual audits but incurring additional effort when reviewing Registered Entities' internal controls
- It is assumed that the NERC 2015 Implementation Plan will hold steady for the other monitoring methods including annual self-certification, periodic data submittals, and spot checks, when compared to the 2014 Implementation Plan
- Unscheduled spot checks and/or compliance audits are conducted if:
  - o Entity registration changes
  - o Evidence of compliance provided during an audit (or other method) is found to be non-compliant and the entity is using another entity's program or process

o Follow-up is needed as a result of self-certifications or events

#### **Compliance Audits**

- 2015 variance: increase of workload.
- The number of audits to be performed in 2015 is 25, which is an increase by five compared to 2014.
- The rigor, scope, depth and recurrence of audits and spot checks will be driven by reliability risk and not a predetermined schedule. While the impact of this transition is difficult to predict for 2015, there will be a long-term shift of resources away from compliance audits as the primary compliance monitoring tool in favor of self-certifications and spot checks.

#### **Annual Self-Certification Requirement**

- 2015 variance: consistent in workload
- The number of entities participating in the annual self-certification is approximately 125 for 2015
- It is assumed that the NERC 2015 Implementation Plan, which identifies the Reliability Standard requirements to be monitored through annual self-certification, is reduced due to the exclusion of Standards audited at an entity during 2015

#### **Spot Checks**

- 2015 variance: increase of workload
- The use of spots checks is expected to increase as risk-based monitoring is implemented, but should have little effect on overall resource requirements

#### **Technical Feasibility Exceptions (TFEs)**

- 2015 variance: consistent workload
- The implementation will continue for Technical Feasibility Exception (TFE) processing and will likely include equipment class-based exceptions, audit sampling and a less onerous process for reporting and reviewing

#### **Compliance Investigations (CIs)**

- 2015 variance: no change
- MRO Risk Assessment and Mitigation staff will assume the lead on investigations in the MRO Region

#### **Compliance Possible Violation Discovery**

- 2015 variance: consistent workload
- For every potential noncompliance, MRO Risk Assessment and Mitigation performs a fact and circumstance review
- The workload in this area will stabilize as MRO continues to expand the scope of compliance monitoring resulting from the new reliability standards, the expanded scope of system performance monitoring, and the instability of CIP standards (version 3/5 transition)
- MRO expects self-reported violations to continue on its past trend

#### **Compliance Possible Violation Record Development**

- 2015 variance: increase of workload
- A discovery record is developed for every instance of noncompliance. The discovery record and supplemental forms represent the initial development of the record to support the processing determinations.

#### Mitigation Plan Acceptance and Verification of Completion

- 2015 variance: workload expects to stabilize in 2015; cost impact of RAI unclear at this time.
- MRO uses number of days in violation process (DIVP) and violation aging as key indicators for process efficiency and effectiveness. Due primarily to CIP violations, the number of days has increased, and therefore we are devoting more resources in this area. Dedicated CIP personnel will need to be allocated to address the conversion from v3 to v5 and provide support to Registered Entities during the transition. Instances of noncompliance related to operations and planning standards are expected to continue to decrease as most Registered Entities have been audited and their compliance programs have matured.
- For every Alleged Violation identified by MRO staff, a description of mitigating activities/mitigation plan must be submitted. MRO Risk Assessment and Mitigation staff reviews each submission to assess whether the proposed actions will mitigate and prevent recurrence of the subject noncompliance. The development of the mitigating activities/mitigation plan provides the information necessary to determine the potential and actual risk to the reliability of the BES.

#### Compliance Enforcement Explanation of Variances – 2015 Budget versus 2014 Budget

#### 2015 Key Assumptions

The NERC and Regional Entity business plans and budgets reflect a set of common assumptions developed jointly by NERC and the Regional Entities as part of the annual business plan and budget process. NERC and the Regional Entities will also continue to work collaboratively to refine and revise procedures to eliminate duplication, increase operational efficiencies, enhance ERO-wide consistency, and achieve measureable reliability outcomes, consistent with their respective roles and responsibilities. The common assumptions for Enforcement can be located in the Key Assumptions section of Exhibit A in NERC's 2015 Business Plan and Budget.

#### **Reliability Assurance Initiative**

The implementation of the Reliability Assurance Initiative (RAI) and expansion of the Find, Fix, Track and Report process (FFT) will require the allocation of dedicated resources from MRO to complete the design and to continue developing the processes necessary to implement RAI for compliance and enforcement. With regard to enforcement, the "end state" vision reserves the enforcement process for significant matters by creating a new path outside of the enforcement process for matters that do not pose significant risk to reliability of the BPS. This alternative path allows NERC and the Regional Entities to exercise appropriate discretion to determine whether to initiate an enforcement action or to resolve an issue outside of the enforcement process as a "Compliance Exception."

Leveraging the successful implementation of the FFT, throughout 2012 and 2013 MRO led efforts across the ERO to achieve this end state vision arriving at the point in 2014 where an instance of noncompliance that would have been processed as a violation in past years, does not trigger an enforcement action. Rather, MRO has the discretion not to initiate an enforcement action. This is an essential component of the work the ERO has done in the Reliability Assurance Initiative.

#### **CIP Version 5 Transition**

The transition to CIP v5 will be a mission critical activity in 2015. MRO plans to support the ongoing CIP v5 transition and anticipates an expansion in the number of Registered Entities that require guidance during 2015. While resource demands are expected to increase throughout the planning period on account of the CIP v5 transition, prior efficiency gains related to CIP compliance monitoring will likely lead to no significant net increase in workload.

#### **Processing of Alleged Violations**

For every instance of noncompliance identified by MRO Compliance staff or a Registered Entity, MRO Enforcement staff performs a review to confirm its validity. For instances of noncompliance resolved as Compliance Exceptions, MRO Enforcement staff verifies that there is a sufficient record to support the determination, based on the risk posed by the noncompliance and the documentation available to support processing as a Compliance Exception.

For possible violations deemed valid and subject to enforcement, MRO Enforcement staff prepares and issues a Notice of Possible Violation and performs a facts and circumstances review to determine if the Registered Entity was or was not in violation of the Reliability Standard(s). If the Registered Entity is in violation of a standard, MRO Enforcement staff prepares a Notice of Alleged Violation which may include a Disposition Document for each alleged violation or a Notice of Find, Fix, Track and Report processing for each remediated issue. Where a Notice of Alleged Violation is issued, a proposed penalty is calculated and reviewed and considered by at least two MRO Enforcement staff. Upon acceptance or lapse of the required time for response to the Notice of Alleged Violation, MRO Enforcement staff prepares a Notice of Confirmed Violation. The drafting of these notices is an iterative process and requires resources.

For more complex or significant matters, MRO Enforcement staff anticipates resolution through negotiated settlement. This process is sometimes lengthy and typically results in ongoing tracking and monitoring requirements for MRO and the Registered Entity to ensure completion of agreed-upon remedies. MRO encourages Registered Entities to make investments in equipment and people as an offset for proposed penalties. This results in longer-term monitoring commitments in the enforcement process.

MRO will continue to encourage self-identification of noncompliance as a factor in determining how to resolve instances of noncompliance. It is anticipated that a high percentage of self-identified instances of noncompliance will be resolved as Compliance Exceptions. Additionally, instances of noncompliance related to operations and planning standards are expected to continue to decrease as most Registered Entities have been audited and their compliance efforts and programs have matured.

#### **Record Development and Maintenance**

Processes have been formalized and necessary documentation identified to complete the record. The webCDMS application provides for a central repository accessible to each Registered Entity. While an assessment project is planned to be completed in 2014, NERC and the Regions should maintain current multi-year contractor and consultant services to support the needs associated with maintaining the current system for compliance, registration, analysis and tracking.

#### Funding Sources and Requirements — Explanation of Increase (Decrease)

For 2015, MRO is devoting more resources to the compliance monitoring and enforcement area due to the increasing workload in mitigation and risk assessment.

#### Funding Sources (Other than ERO Assessments)

Penalty Sanctions – Total penalty monies to be received (and currently in escrow) and the allocation method used to allocate funds to this program as an offset to assessments are disclosed in MRO's Supplemental Financial Information section, Table B-2, page 58.

#### Personnel Expenses

The overall budgeted FTE count for Compliance reflects a .8 increase for 2015 when compared to the FTE count for the 2014 business plan and budget due to additional personnel required to support the RAI.

#### Travel Expense

The travel increase in 2015 is largely reflective of the change in moving the expenses from 1100 Technical Committees and Member Forums to the traveling employee's department.

#### **Operating Expenses**

#### **Consultants and Contracts**

Greater efficiencies are expected with the third party vendor as additional regions expand the common IT platform increasing scale and reducing MRO's costs by spreading total costs across the increased number of participating regions.

#### **Indirect Expenses**

Expenses related to indirect programs have been allocated proportionately based on FTE count to the direct programs. There is a decrease in the indirect expenses for 2015 as a result of lower total allocation to statutory programs as indirect expenses.

#### Other Non-Operating Expenses

N/A

#### Fixed Asset Additions

2015 fixed assets related to indirect programs have been allocated proportionately based on FTE to the direct programs.

## **Compliance Monitoring and Enforcement Program**

Funding sources and related expenses for the Compliance Enforcement section of the 2015 business plan are shown in the table below.

Penalty Sanctions		Statement of Activitie							ing	Capital		
Trunding												
Nicolanger   Nic			LOMPLIA	2014		2014	201 v 2	Variance 4 Projection 014 Budget			20 v 2	015 Budget 014 Budget
NEIC Assessments   \$ 6,00,178   \$ 0,00,178   \$ 0,00,178   \$ 0,00,178   \$ 128,06,188   \$ 138,	unding	ERO Funding										
Membership Dues   Testing Fees   Services & Software   Software   Services & Software   Services & Software   Software   Services & Software		NERC Assessments	\$		\$		\$	-	\$		\$	113,420 183,20
Testing frees Services & Software Workshops		Total NERC Funding	\$	6,697,593	\$		\$	-	\$	6,994,216	\$	296,62
Testing free Services & Software Workshops		Membership Dues		_		_		_		_		_
Workshops		•		-		-		-		-		-
Interest Miscellaneous		Services & Software		-		-		-		-		-
Miscellaneous		Workshops		-		-		-		-		-
personnel Expenses  Personnel Expenses  Salaries S		Interest		-		-		-		-		-
Personnel Expenses Salaries \$ 2,631,450 \$ 2,696,387 \$ 64,937 \$ 2,894,581 \$ 263, Payroll Taxes 179,885 183,349 3,464 192,689 12, Payroll Taxes 179,885 183,349 3,464 192,689 12, Payroll Taxes 222,5747 3,692 233,912 11, Retirement Costs 461,742 471,999 10,257 475,589 13, Total Personnel Expenses \$ 3,495,132 \$ 3,577,482 \$ 82,350 \$ 3,796,771 \$ 301, Meeting Expenses  Meeting Expenses  Meeting Expenses  Meeting Expenses  Meeting Expenses  Conference Calls  Total Meeting Expenses  Consultants & Contracts 137,000 173,550 36,550 \$ 228,150 \$ 85,				-		-				-		-
Personnel Expenses Salaries \$ 2,631.450 \$ 2,696.387 \$ 64,937 \$ 2,894.581 \$ 263. Payroll Taxes 179.885 183.349 3.464 192.689 12. Benefits 222.055 225,747 3.690 2133.912 11. Retirement Costs 461.742 471.999 10.257 475.589 13. Total Personnel Expenses \$ 3,895,132 \$ 3,577.482 \$ 82,350 \$ 3,796,771 \$ 301.  Meeting Expenses  Meeting Expenses  Meeting Expenses  Conference Calls 137.000 173,550 \$ . \$ 6,250 \$ 85.  Travel 137.000 \$ 179,050 \$ 36,550 \$ 221,900 \$ 84. Conference Calls	otal Fund	ding (A)	\$	6,697,593	<u>\$</u>	6,697,593	\$		\$	6,994,216	\$	296,62
Salaries   \$ 2,631,450   \$ 2,996,387   \$ 6,937   \$ 9,894,581   \$ 263. Payroll Taxes   179,885   183,349   3,464   192,689   12. Benefits   222,055   225,747   3,692   233,912   11. Retirement Costs   461,742   471,999   10,257   475,589   13. Total Personnel Expenses   \$ 3,495,132   \$ 3,577,482   \$ 82,350   \$ 3,796,771   \$ 301.  Meeting Expenses   Meetings   \$ 5,500   \$ 5,500   \$ \$ 6,250   \$ 7,700   \$ 7,700   \$ 36,550   \$ 221,900   \$ 84, 500   \$ 179,050   \$ 36,550   \$ 228,150   \$ 85, 500   \$ 179,050   \$ 36,550   \$ 228,150   \$ 85, 500   \$ 179,050   \$ 36,550   \$ 228,150   \$ 85, 500   \$ 179,050   \$ 36,550   \$ 228,150   \$ 85, 500   \$ 179,050   \$ 36,550   \$ 228,150   \$ 85, 500   \$ 179,050   \$ 36,550   \$ 228,150   \$ 85, 500   \$ 179,050   \$ 36,550   \$ 228,150   \$ 85, 500   \$ 179,050   \$ 36,550   \$ 228,150   \$ 85, 500   \$ 179,050   \$ 36,550   \$ 228,150   \$ 85, 500   \$ 179,050   \$ 36,550   \$ 228,150   \$ 85, 500   \$ 179,050   \$ 36,550   \$ 228,150   \$ 85, 500   \$ 179,050   \$ 36,550   \$ 228,150   \$ 85, 500   \$ 179,050   \$ 36,550   \$ 228,150   \$ 85, 500   \$ 179,050   \$ 36,550   \$ 228,150   \$ 85, 500   \$ 179,050   \$ 36,550   \$ 228,150   \$ 85, 500   \$ 179,050   \$ 36,550   \$ 228,150   \$ 85, 500   \$ 179,050   \$ 36,550   \$ 228,150   \$ 85, 500   \$ 179,050   \$ 36,550   \$ 228,150   \$ 36,550   \$ 228,150   \$ 36,550   \$ 228,150   \$ 36,550   \$ 228,150   \$ 36,550   \$ 228,150   \$ 36,550   \$	(penses	Developmed Symphose										
Payroll Taxes   179,885   183,349   3,464   192,689   12,			\$	2.631 450	Ś	2.696 387	Ś	64 937	Ś	2.894 581	Ś	263,13
Benefits			۶		ڔ		ب		ڔ		ب	12,80
Retirement Costs												11,85
Total Personnel Expenses						•						13,84
Meetings   5,5,00			\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	301,63
Meetings		Meeting Expenses										
Conference Calls   Total Meeting Expenses   \$ 142,500   \$ 179,050   \$ 36,550   \$ 228,150   \$ 85,		Meetings	\$	5,500	\$	5,500	\$	-	\$	6,250	\$	75
Total Meeting Expenses  Operating Expenses  Consultants & Contracts  Consultants & Contracts Office Rent Office Rent Office Rent Office Rent Office Rent Office Rent Office Costs Source Source Miscellaneous Deprediation Total Operating Expenses  Source Source Source Total Direct Expenses Source S		Travel		137,000		173,550		36,550		221,900		84,90
Operating Expenses Consultants & Contracts Office Rent Office Costs 94,560 95,000 96,0		Conference Calls		-		-		-		-		-
Consultants & Contracts Office Rent Office Costs Professional Services Miscellaneous Depreciation Total Operating Expenses S 2,905,124 S 2,484,501 S (420,623) S 2,900,403 S (44, Other Non-Operating Expenses S 5,071,723) S 230,000 S 301,723 S (130,860) S (59, Other Non-Operation Computer & Software CapEx Furniture & Fixture S CapEx Equipment CapEx Allocation of Fixed Assets  Allocation of Fixed Assets CTAL BUDGET (=B+C) S 6,697,593 S 6,395,870 S (301,723) S 6,994,216 S 296, Other Non-Operation Computer (EA-B-C) S 6,697,593 S 6,395,870 S (301,723) S 6,994,216 S 296, Other Non-Operation Computer & Software CapEx Allocation of Fixed Assets CTAL BUDGET (=B+C) S 6,697,593 S 6,395,870 S (301,723) S 6,994,216 S 296, Other Non-Operation S 7,1723 S 7		Total Meeting Expenses	\$	142,500	\$	179,050	\$	36,550	\$	228,150	\$	85,65
Consultants & Contracts Office Rent Office Costs Office Costs 94,560 94,560 94,560 94,560 - 88,752 (5, Professional Services 5,000 5,000 - Total Operating Expenses \$ 226,560 \$ 226,560 \$ 226,560 \$ 118,900 \$ 4,224,673 \$ 360,  Indirect Expenses \$ 2,905,124 \$ 2,484,501 \$ (420,623) \$ 2,900,403 \$ (4, Other Non-Operating Expenses \$ 5,000 \$ 5,000 \$ 118,900 \$ 4,224,673 \$ 360,  Indirect Expenses \$ 2,905,124 \$ 2,484,501 \$ (420,623) \$ 2,900,403 \$ (4, Other Non-Operating Expenses \$ 5,000 \$ 5,000 \$ 118,900 \$ 4,224,673 \$ 360,  Indirect Expenses \$ 5,000 \$ 5,000 \$ 118,900 \$ 4,224,673 \$ 360,  Indirect Expenses \$ 5,000 \$ 5,000 \$ 118,900 \$ 4,224,673 \$ 360,  Indirect Expenses \$ 5,000 \$ 5,000 \$ 118,900 \$ 5,000 \$ 5,000 \$ 118,900 \$ 5,000 \$ 5,000 \$ 118,900 \$ 118,900		Operating Expenses										
Office Rent Office Costs Office Costs Professional Services S,000 S,000 OF,000			Ś	127.000	Ś	127.000	Ś	_	Ś	111.000	Ś	(16,00
Office Costs			*	-	Ψ.	-	Ψ.	_	Ψ.	-	Ψ.	(10,00
Professional Services Miscellaneous 5,000 5,000 (5, Miscellaneous (5, Miscellaneous				94,560		94,560		_		88,752		(5,80
Depreciation   Total Operating Expenses   \$ 226,560   \$ 226,560   \$ - \$ 199,752   \$ (26,		Professional Services		5,000		5,000		-		-		(5,00
Total Operating Expenses \$ 226,560 \$ 226,560 \$ - \$ 199,752 \$ (26,   Total Direct Expenses \$ 3,864,192 \$ 3,983,092 \$ 118,900 \$ 4,224,673 \$ 360,   Indirect Expenses \$ 2,905,124 \$ 2,484,501 \$ (420,623) \$ 2,900,403 \$ (4,   Other Non-Operating Expenses \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$   Other Non-Operating Expenses \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$   Other Non-Operating Expenses \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$   Other Non-Operating Expenses \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$   Other Non-Operating Expenses \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$   Other Non-Operating Expenses \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$   Other Non-Operating Expenses \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$   Other Non-Operating Expenses \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$   Other Non-Operating Expenses \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$   Other Non-Operating Expenses \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$   Other Non-Operating Expenses \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$   Other Non-Operating Expenses \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$   Other Non-Operating Expenses \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$   Other Non-Operating Expenses \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$   Other Non-Operating Expenses \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$   Other Non-Operating Expenses \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$   Other Non-Operating Expenses \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$   Other Non-Operating Expenses \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$   Other Non-Operating Expenses \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$   Other Non-Operating Expenses \$ - \$ - \$ - \$   Other Non-Operating Expenses \$ - \$ - \$ - \$   Other Non-Operating Expenses \$ - \$ - \$ - \$   Other Non-Operating Expenses \$ - \$ - \$ - \$   Other Non-Operating Expenses \$ - \$ - \$ - \$   Other Non-Operating Expenses \$ - \$ - \$ - \$   Other Non-Operating Expenses \$   Other Non-Operating Expenses \$ - \$   Other Non-Operating Expenses \$ - \$   Other Non-Operating Expenses \$   Other Non-Operating Expenses \$   Other Non-Operating Expenses \$ - \$   Other Non-Operating Expenses \$		Miscellaneous		-		-		-		-		-
Total Direct Expenses \$ 3,864,192 \$ 3,983,092 \$ 118,900 \$ 4,224,673 \$ 360, Indirect Expenses \$ 2,905,124 \$ 2,484,501 \$ (420,623) \$ 2,900,403 \$ (4, 0)		Depreciation		-								-
Indirect Expenses		Total Operating Expenses	\$	226,560	\$	226,560	\$	<u> </u>	\$	199,752	\$	(26,80
Other Non-Operating Expenses \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$  Interpretation State Sta		Total Direct Expenses	\$	3,864,192	\$	3,983,092	\$	118,900	\$	4,224,673	\$	360,48
Standard		Indirect Expenses	\$	2,905,124	\$	2,484,501	\$	(420,623)	\$	2,900,403	\$	(4,72
Second		Other Non-Operating Expenses	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	
Depreciation	otal Expe	enses (B)	\$	6,769,316	\$	6,467,593	\$	(301,723)	\$	7,125,076	\$	355,76
Depreciation	hange in	Assets	\$	(71,723)	\$	230,000	\$	301,723	\$	(130,860)	\$	(59,13
Depreciation												
Computer & Software CapEx	ACU ASS			_						_		_
Furniture & Fixtures CapEx		·		-		-		-		-		-
Leasehold Improvements (130,860) (59, nc(Dec) in Fixed Assets (C) \$ (71,723) \$ (71,723) \$ - \$ (130,860) \$ (59, nc(Dec) in Fixed Assets (C) \$ (71,723) \$ (71,723) \$ - \$ (130,860) \$ (59, nc(Dec) in Fixed Assets (C) \$ (6,697,593) \$ (6,395,870) \$ (301,723) \$ (6,994,216) \$ (296, nc) \$ (301,723				-		-		-		-		-
Allocation of Fixed Assets \$ (71,723) (71,723) - (130,860) (59,000		Equipment CapEx		-		-		-		-		-
CDCDEC) In Fixed Assets ( C )       \$ (71,723)       \$ (71,723)       \$ -       \$ (130,860)       \$ (59, 697,593)         DOTAL BUDGET (=B + C)       \$ 6,697,593       \$ 6,395,870       \$ (301,723)       \$ 6,994,216       \$ 296, 697,593         DOTAL CHANGE IN WORKING CAPITAL (=A-B-C)       \$ -       \$ 301,723       \$ 301,723       \$ -       \$ 5		Leasehold Improvements		-		-		-		-		-
OTAL BUDGET (=B+C) \$ 6,697,593 \$ 6,395,870 \$ (301,723) \$ 6,994,216 \$ 296,  OTAL CHANGE IN WORKING CAPITAL (=A-B-C) \$ - \$ 301,723 \$ 301,723 \$ - \$		Allocation of Fixed Assets	\$	(71,723)		(71,723)		-		(130,860)		(59,13
OTAL CHANGE IN WORKING CAPITAL (=A-B-C) \$ - \$ 301,723 \$ - \$	nc(Dec) ir	n Fixed Assets ( C )	\$	(71,723)	\$	(71,723)	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	(130,860)	\$	(59,13
	OTAL BU	DGET (=B + C)	\$	6,697,593	\$	6,395,870	\$	(301,723)	\$	6,994,216	\$	296,62
	OTAL CH	ANGE IN WORKING CAPITAL (=A-B-C)	\$	_	\$	301,723	\$	301,723	\$	_	\$	_
		FTEs		21.26		21.67		0.41		22.08		0.8

Midwest Reliability Organization: 2015 Business Plan and Budget

Approved by MRO Board of Directors: June 26, 2014

#### 3. Reliability Assessment and Performance Analysis Program

Reliability Assessments and Performance Analysis (in whole dollars)										
	2	2014 Budget	:	2015 Budget		Increase (Decrease)				
Total FTEs		6.49		7.55		1.06				
Direct Expenses	\$	1,329,480	\$	1,624,296	\$	294,816				
Indirect Expenses	\$	886,842	\$	991,759	\$	104,917				
Other Non-Operating Expenses	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-				
Inc(Dec) in Fixed Assets	\$	(21,895)	\$	(44,746)	\$	(22,851)				
Total Funding Requirement	\$	2,194,427	\$	2,571,309	\$	376,881				

#### Program Scope and Functional Description

The objectives of the Reliability Assessment and Performance Analysis Program are to:

- 1. Review pre- and post-seasonal and long-term reliability assessments for the MRO Region in order to assess operating reliability and resource adequacy.
- 2. Review event analysis efforts by Registered Entities to ensure causes are identified and corrected and that lessons learned are shared with industry.
- 3. Assemble modeling data and prepare models.
- 4. Perform legacy Regional Reliability Organization functions until those functions are assigned to Registered Entities through reliability standards (fill in the blank standards).
- 5. Support MRO stakeholder groups and participate in NERC efforts.
- 6. Implement enhancements to improve ERO enterprise-wide efficiency and effectiveness of RAPA related functions.

#### 2015 Key Assumptions

The NERC and Regional Entity business plans and budgets reflect a set of common assumptions developed jointly by NERC and the Regional Entities as part of the annual business plan and budget process. The common assumptions for the Reliability Assessment and Performance Analysis (RAPA) program can be located in the Key Assumptions section of Exhibit A in NERC's 2015 Business Plan and Budget.

Regarding periodic assessments, MRO analyzes, assesses, and reports on reliability and adequacy in the past, present, and future. This includes the long-term and seasonal assessments developed by Planning Authorities and reviewed by the MRO Operating Committee ("OC") and the Planning Committee ("PC"), as required by the Delegation Agreement. In addition, specific possible scenarios may be evaluated.

The OC and PC have balanced stakeholder representation, work with MRO staff, and report to the MRO Board. The OC and PC review and consolidate the reports of the overall reliability of the MRO Region, both existing and planned. The OC and PC verify that assessments performed

within the MRO Region conform to MRO and NERC reliability standards related to system performance.

Regarding other activities included in the RAPA program, in 2015 continued attention will be given to transmission adequacy and security, protection and control standards, special protection scheme reviews, resource adequacy, demand response, reliability metrics, integration of renewable generation per renewable portfolio standards, operational issues and event analysis, Eastern Interconnection Reliability Assessment Group ("ERAG"), NERC and regulatory data requests, electric system modeling data, and reviews of regional reliability criteria and procedures. The collection and validation of Generating Availability Data System, Transmission Availability Data System, and Demand Response Availability Data System will add to MRO's workload as will efforts related to BES exception reporting. MRO did not include any resource requirements directly relating to the BES exception reporting due to the uncertainty.

#### 2015 Goals and Key Deliverables

- Annually review the overall reliability of the MRO Region and interregional BES for nearterm and long-term planning horizons and provide planning horizon assessment reports to the Board and NERC
- Review the seasonal assessments (summer and winter) of the MRO Region and interregional BES from an operational perspective
- Review the post-seasonal assessments (summer and winter) of the BES to determine if the system performed according to the preseason plans
- Review system disturbance reports and event analyses to assure the appropriate analysis is performed and that lessons learned are identified and shared with the industry
- Annually (or as often as required by NERC) assess the MRO Region for an emerging issue/scenario. Address impacts of new technologies, changing resource or demand resource composition, and environmental-related regulations or legislation.
- Perform special reliability assessments on a regional, interregional, and interconnection basis as conditions warrant, or as directed by the Board or NERC
- Coordinate with NERC on system event analyses on a regional, interregional, and interconnection basis as conditions warrant

Annually prepare an MRO set of electric system modeling data. Support the compilation of long-term sustainable Eastern Interconnection models.

- Develop, verify and validate quality reliability assessment and analyses model and data quality characteristics
- Perform legacy Regional Reliability Organization ("RRO") responsibilities associated with "fill in the blank" standards until they are transitioned to Registered Entities
- Participate in and represent the MRO Region in all ERAG and NERC groups, as required, that report to the ERAG Management Committee ("MC") and NERC Planning Committee ("PC") and Operating Committee ("OC")
- The implementation of BES exception process will require resources to manage the process execution and the technical validation of the definition and exception requests. Resource time will be driven by the number and complexity of exception requests received.

- Develop and implement improved enterprise-based data collection and analysis systems and capabilities
- Support the integration of RAPA information systems for modeling and data requirements and achieve timelines for delivering high quality reports (e.g., Long-Term Reliability Assessment and State of Reliability Report)
- Support the establishment of a sustainable and technically-grounded working group to perform analyses as needed for standards development and compliance and enforcement activities.
- Support quality analysis and overall assessment of the geomagnetic disturbance (GMD) vulnerability, planning guides, and planning standards.
- Support implementation of the Reliability Risk Management projects, identified in the ERO Performance Metric #3, which will require varied resource commitments over a 14-17 month period to ensure measurable improvements in reliability outcomes.

To the extent that significant events occur, contractor services may be required to support widearea system analyses and root cause evaluations.

#### Funding Sources and Requirements — Explanation of Increase (Decrease)

#### Funding Sources (Other than ERO Assessments)

Penalty Sanctions – Total penalty monies to be received (and in escrow) and the allocation method used to allocate funds to this Program as an offset to assessments are disclosed in MRO's Supplemental Financial Information section, Table B-2, page 58.

#### Personnel Expenses

The overall budgeted FTE count for Reliability Assessment and Performance Analysis reflects a 1.06 increase for 2015 when compared to the FTE count for the 2014 business plan and budget. The increased FTE reflects the increased activities in BES definition, new modeling, Protection System standards, RAPA and Event Analysis.

#### Meeting Expenses

The increased activities in BES definition, new modeling, Protection System standards, RAPA and Event Analysis require increased meeting expenses. The numbers are based on anticipated travel and attendance. These numbers are supported by actual 2013 costs which are anticipated to remain at the increased level of activity.

#### Operating Expenses

Consultants and contracts decreased in 2015 primarily because MRO removed the contingency dollars for model building cost over runs.

#### Indirect Expenses

Expenses related to indirect programs have been allocated proportionately based on FTE count to the direct programs. There is an increase in the indirect expenses for 2015 as a result of higher percent total of FTEs in the direct programs.

# Other Non-Operating Expenses

N/A

# Fixed Asset Additions

2015 fixed assets related to indirect programs have been allocated proportionately based on FTE to the direct programs.

# Reliability Assessment and Performance Analysis Program

Funding sources and related expenses for the Reliability Assessment and Performance Analysis section of the 2015 business plan are shown in the table below.

	Statement of Activitie 201		Assets Expe t & Project				_	ng (	Capital		
	RELIABILIT	TY ASSES	SMENTS ar	nd P	PERFORMA	NCE	ANALYSIS				
			2014 Budget	F	2014 Projection	201 v 2	Variance 4 Projection 014 Budget ver(Under)		2015 Budget		Variance 2015 Budget v 2014 Budget Over(Under)
Funding											
ERO Fund	NERC Assessments	\$	2,164,689	\$	2,164,689	\$	_	\$	2,475,355	\$	310,666
	Penalty Sanctions	Ť	29,738	Ψ.	29,738	Ÿ		~	95,954	Ÿ	66,216
Total NEF	C Funding	\$	2,194,427	\$	2,194,427	\$	-	\$	2,571,309	\$	376,882
	Membership Dues		_								
	Testing Fees		_		-		-		-		_
	Services & Software		-		-		-		-		-
	Workshops		-		-		-		-		-
	Interest		-		-		-		-		-
	Miscellaneous						-		-		-
otal Funding (A)		\$	2,194,427	\$	2,194,427	\$		\$	2,571,309	\$	376,882
xpenses											
Personne	l Expenses										
	Salaries	\$	793,111	\$	941,468	\$	148,357	\$	934,523	\$	141,412
	Payroll Taxes		53,718		63,351		9,633		63,510		9,792
	Benefits Retirement Costs		68,241		79,315		11,074		79,541		11,300
Total Per	sonnel Expenses	\$	170,310 1,085,380	\$	206,252 <b>1,290,386</b>	\$	35,942 <b>205,006</b>	\$	210,377 <b>1,287,951</b>	\$	40,06 <b>202,57</b>
Total Feli	somer Expenses		1,085,380		1,230,380	<u> </u>	203,000	<u> </u>	1,207,331	<u>, ,                                  </u>	202,37
Meeting	Expenses										
	Meetings	\$	5,500	\$	5,500	\$	-	\$	7,700	\$	2,200
	Travel		81,000		224,150		143,150		187,100		106,100
	Conference Calls		-					_	-		-
Total Me	eting Expenses	\$	86,500	\$	229,650	\$	143,150	\$	194,800	\$	108,300
Operation	g Expenses										
Орегин	Consultants & Contracts	\$	126,700	\$	126,700	\$	_	\$	118,700	\$	(8,000
	Office Rent	•	-		-	•	-	•	-	•	-
	Office Costs		30,900		30,900		-		22,845		(8,055
	Professional Services		-		-		-		-		-
	Miscellaneous		-		-		-		-		-
Total One	Depreciation erating Expenses	\$	157,600	\$	157,600	\$		\$	141,545	\$	(16,055
Total Ope										=	
	Total Direct Expenses	\$	1,329,480	\$	1,677,636	\$	348,156	\$	1,624,296	\$	294,810
Indirect E	xpenses	\$	886,842	\$	741,846	\$	(144,996)	\$	991,759	\$	104,91
Other No	on-Operating Expenses	\$		\$		\$		\$	-	\$	
otal Expenses (B)		\$	2,216,322	\$	2,419,482	\$	203,160	\$	2,616,055	\$	399,73
hange in Assets		\$	(21,895)	\$	(225,055)	\$	(203,160)	\$	(44,746)	\$	(22,85
ixed Assets											
Deprecia:	tion		_		_		_		_		
•			-		-		-		-		-
	r & Software CapEx		-		-		-		-		-
	& Fixtures CapEx		-		-		-		-		-
Equipmer	nt CapEx		-		-		-		-		-
Leasehol	d Improvements		-		-		-		-		-
Allocatio	n of Fixed Assets	\$	(21,895)		(21,895)	\$	-		(44,746)	\$	(22,85
nc(Dec) in Fixed Asse	ets ( C )	\$	(21,895)	\$	(21,895)	\$	-	\$	(44,746)	\$	(22,85
OTAL BUDGET (=B+	c)	\$	2,194,427	\$	2,397,587	\$	203,160	\$	2,571,309	\$	376,88
OTAL CHANGE IN W	ORKING CAPITAL (=A-B-C)	\$	-	\$	(203,160)	\$	(203,160)	\$	-	\$	<u>-</u>

Midwest Reliability Organization: 2015 Business Plan and Budget

Approved by MRO Board of Directors: June 26, 2014

# 4. Training, Education, and Operator Certification Program

Training, Educ		n and Operator whole dollars)	Cer	tification	
	;	2014 Budget		2015 Budget	Increase (Decrease)
Total FTEs		0.65		0.28	(0.37)
Direct Expenses	\$	246,509	\$	260,185	\$ 13,676
Indirect Expenses	\$	88,821	\$	36,780	\$ (52,040)
Other Non-Operating Expenses	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -
Inc(Dec) in Fixed Assets	\$	(2,193)	\$	(1,659)	\$ 533
Total Funding Requirement	\$	333,138	\$	295,306	\$ (37,831)

# Program Scope and Functional Description

Maintaining reliability requires informed and trained Regional Registered Entity personnel. The education and training program specifically pertains to the implementation of the CMEP, the application of reliability standards, reviewing reliability assessments, performing quality event analysis, identifying lessons learned from event analysis, defining expectations and responsibilities for the "fill in the blank" standards, and other related information pertinent to system reliability and compliance. The target audience for this program is Registered Entities.

MRO will provide training to Registered Entities through workshops, conferences, presentation opportunities at industry meetings and by providing lessons learned in MRO's newsletter and other publications. MRO will continue to identify additional training opportunities for Registered Entities.

The objectives outlined in the key assumptions are intended to educate and train the industry on Compliance Monitoring and Enforcement Program implementation, the requirements and application of the Standards, lessons learned, and elements of an effective compliance program.

#### 2015 Key Assumptions

The NERC and Regional Entity business plans and budgets reflect a set of common assumptions developed jointly by NERC and the Regional Entities as part of the annual business plan and budget process. NERC and the Regional Entities will also continue to work collaboratively to refine and revise procedures to eliminate duplication, increase operational efficiencies, enhance ERO-wide consistency, and achieve measurable reliability outcomes, consistent with their respective roles and responsibilities. The common assumptions for the Training, Education, and Operator Certification Program can be located in the Key Assumptions section of Exhibit A in NERC's 2015 Business Plan and Budget.

Registered Entities should have processes and procedures in place to ensure adherence with the reliability standards and address risks to reliability, which is why education and training is a key

initiative for MRO. The MRO Compliance Committee assists and oversees the compliance and enforcement training and education initiatives for Registered Entities, including participation in Compliance Monitoring and Enforcement Program workshops, and stakeholder forums and group training initiatives. The MRO Standards Committee assists and oversees the reliability standards requirement and application training for Registered Entities. The Planning and Operating Committees contribute to planning Reliability Conferences and other technical workshops as appropriate.

MRO organizes and administers specific training for Hearing Body participants when necessary.

#### 2015 Goals and Key Deliverables

In addition to the MRO management team participating in, and presenting at, various forums (such as Transmission Forum, Generation Forum, MCCF, RTO/ISO, APDA, State Regulator meetings, etc.), MRO will provide workshops (one Compliance Monitoring and Enforcement Program workshop, one Reliability Conference, and one Standards Workshop). In addition, smaller workshops will be held for specific technical topics.

# Funding Sources and Requirements — Explanation of Increase (Decrease)

For 2015, MRO will provide training to Registered Entities through workshops and other opportunities at industry meetings and by providing lessons learned in MRO's newsletter and other publications. MRO will continue to identify training options for Registered Entities in the MRO Region so that they can also accomplish the objectives of the NERC program through a third party.

#### Funding Sources (Other than ERO Assessments)

Penalty Sanctions – Total penalty monies to be received (in escrow) and the allocation method used to allocate funds to this Program as an offset to assessments are disclosed in MRO's Supplemental Financial Information section, Table B-2, page 58.

#### Personnel Expenses

FTE count remains relatively flat in 2015 when compared to 2014 business plan and budget because we expect that the executive involvement in the workshops, newsletters, and speaker engagements to remain at the current levels.

#### Meeting Expenses

Expenditures in the "meeting expense" account will increase in 2015. MRO will provide three training forums. The additional cost reflects the trending of higher attendance.

#### Travel Expenses

Expenditures in the "Business Travel" account reflect increased travel in response to the stakeholders that want increased outreach.

#### **Operating Expenses**

Office Costs were eliminated in the 2015 business plan and budget because actuals were trending at minimal or zero costs.

## **Indirect Expenses**

Expenses related to indirect programs have been allocated proportionately based on FTE count to the direct programs. There is a decrease in the indirect expenses for 2015 as a result of a lower total allocation to statutory programs as indirect expenses.

# Other Non-Operating Expenses

N/A

#### Fixed Asset Additions

2015 fixed assets related to indirect programs have been allocated proportionately based on FTE to the direct programs.

# Training, Education, and Operator Certification Program

Funding sources and related expenses for the Training, Education, and Operator Certification section of the 2015 business plan are shown in the table below.

	TRAINING	. EDUCAT	TION and	OPI	ERATOR C	ERTIF	ICATION				
	manute		2014 Budget		2014 rojection	2014 v 20	/ariance 4 Projection 014 Budget ver(Under)		2015 Budget	20 v 20	Variance 15 Budget 014 Budget ver(Under)
unding	ERO Funding										
	NERC Assessments	\$	330,159	\$	330,159	\$	-	\$	291,747	\$	(38,41
	Penalty Sanctions		2,978	_	2,978				3,559		58
	Total NERC Funding	<u>\$</u>	333,137	\$	333,137	\$	-	\$	295,306	\$	(37,83
	Membership Dues		_		-		-		-		-
	Testing Fees		-		-		-		-		-
	Services & Software		-		-		-		-		-
	Workshops		-		-		-		-		-
	Interest		-		-		-		-		-
	Miscellaneous			_			-		<del></del>		-
otal Fund	ling (A)	_\$	333,137	\$	333,137	_\$	-	\$	295,306	\$	(37,8
penses											
	Personnel Expenses										
	Salaries	\$	135,804	\$	135,804	\$	-	\$	135,117	\$	(6
	Payroll Taxes		6,128		6,128		-		6,618		4
	Benefits		6,856		6,856		-		6,209		(6
	Retirement Costs		22,921	_	22,921		<del>-</del>	_	22,841		(
	Total Personnel Expenses	_\$	171,709	\$	171,709	\$	-	\$	170,785	\$	(9
	Meeting Expenses										
	Meetings	\$	49,000	\$	49,000	\$	-	\$	60,000	\$	11,0
	Travel		20,800		20,800		-		29,400		8,6
	Conference Calls		-				-		-		-
	Total Meeting Expenses	\$	69,800	\$	69,800	\$	-	\$	89,400	\$	19,6
	Operating Expenses										
	Consultants & Contracts	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
	Office Rent		-		-		-		-		-
	Office Costs		5,000		5,000		-		-		(5,0
	Professional Services		-		-		-		-		-
	Miscellaneous		-		-		-		-		-
	Depreciation Total Operating Expenses	\$	5,000	\$	5,000	\$	<u> </u>	\$		\$	(5,0
	Total Direct Expenses	\$	246,509	\$	246,509	\$	-	\$	260,185	\$	13,6
	Indirect Expenses	\$	88,821	\$	76,204	\$	(12,617)	\$	36,780	\$	(52,0
	Other Non-Operating Expenses	\$	_	\$		\$		\$		\$	_
tal Expe	nses (B)	\$	335,330	\$	322,713	\$	(12,617)	\$	296,965	\$	(38,3
											•
nange in	Assets	<u>\$</u>	(2,193)	<u>\$</u>	10,424	\$	12,617	\$	(1,659)	\$	5
ked Asse	ets										
	Depreciation		-		-		-		-		-
	Computer & Software CapEx		-		-		-		-		-
	Furniture & Fixtures CapEx		-		-		-		-		-
	Equipment CapEx		-		-		-		-		-
	Leasehold Improvements		-		-		-		-		-
	Allocation of Fixed Assets	\$	(2,193)		(2,193)		-		(1,659)	\$	5
c(Dec) in	Fixed Assets ( C )	\$	(2,193)	\$	(2,193)	\$		\$	(1,659)	\$	5
TAL BUI	DGET (=B + C)	\$	333,137	\$	320,520	\$	(12,617)	\$	295,306	\$	(37,8
STAL CIL	ANGE IN WORKING CAPITAL (=A-B-C)	\$		\$	12,617	\$	12,617	\$		\$	

Midwest Reliability Organization: 2015 Business Plan and Budget

Approved by MRO Board of Directors: June 26, 2014

5.	Situation A	Awareness and	l Infrastructure	Security Program

Situation A		and Infrastruc	ture S	Security	
	201	L4 Budget	20	015 Budget	Increase (Decrease)
Total FTEs		0.22		0.16	(0.06)
Direct Expenses	\$	54,963	\$	59,858	\$ 4,895
Indirect Expenses	\$	30,062	\$	21,017	\$ (9,045)
Other Non-Operating Expenses	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -
Inc(Dec) in Fixed Assets	\$	(742)	\$	(948)	\$ (206)
Total Funding Requirement	\$	84,283	\$	79,927	\$ (4,356)

# Situation Awareness Program Scope and Functional Description

NERC and the Regions shall, through Reliability Coordinators and available tools, monitor present conditions on the Bulk Electric System and provide leadership coordination, technical expertise, and assistance to the industry in responding to events as necessary.

#### 2015 Key Assumptions

The NERC and Regional Entity business plans and budgets reflect a set of common assumptions developed jointly by NERC and the Regional Entities as part of the annual business plan and budget process. NERC and the Regional Entities will also continue to work collaboratively to refine and revise procedures to eliminate duplication, increase operational efficiencies, enhance ERO-wide consistency, and achieve measureable reliability outcomes, consistent with their respective roles and responsibilities. The common assumptions for the Situation Awareness and Infrastructure Security Program can be located in the Key Assumptions section of Exhibit A in NERC's 2015 Business Plan and Budget.

The Situation Awareness program includes costs and resources to review and to respond to incidents and events that impact the reliability of the Bulk Electric System and respond to inquiries by NERC or others.

#### 2015 Goals and Key Deliverables

The goal of the Situation Awareness program is to maintain awareness about the conditions of the Bulk Electric System and to respond to events by providing coordination assistance and communications between key parties. In 2015, staff will continue to try to fully utilize and improve the second version of the situation awareness tools and related processes.

#### **Infrastructure Security Program Scope and Functional Description**

NERC and the Regions coordinate electric industry activities to promote critical infrastructure protection of the Bulk Electric System in North America by taking a leadership role in critical infrastructure protection of the electricity sector to reduce vulnerabilities of the electricity sector's critical infrastructure.

#### 2015 Key Assumptions

The NERC and Regional Entity business plans and budgets reflect a set of common assumptions developed jointly by NERC and the Regional Entities as part of the annual business plan and budget process. The common assumptions for Critical Infrastructure Protection can be located in the Key Assumptions section of Exhibit A in NERC's 2015 Business Plan and Budget.

The Infrastructure Security Program is responsible for raising the awareness of security, promoting standard security practices, and aiding the Registered Entities in organizing and sharing security implementations specific to the electric utility sector.

The MRO Standards Committee will participate in the development of CIP standards, develop guidance on the application of standards, and provide opportunities for sharing security implementation approaches utilized by Registered Entities. The Standards Committee is comprised of MRO sector representatives and facilitated by MRO staff. Regional representatives also participate on the NERC Critical Infrastructure Protection Committee ("CIPC").

The Operations Group within MRO has Situation Awareness responsibilities, which are budgeted in their respective areas.

## 2015 Goals and Key Deliverables

The goal is to provide effective communication, coordination and industry facilitation in all areas of security to ensure the region is prepared for cyber-related incidents.

#### Funding Requirements – Explanation of Increase (Decrease)

The 2015 Budget reflects a reduction from 2014 in the Situation Awareness and Infrastructure Security Program area due to a decrease in the allocation of the indirect expenses.

## Funding Sources (Other than ERO Assessments)

Penalty Sanctions – Total penalty monies to be received (in escrow) and the allocation method used to allocate funds to this Program as an offset to assessments are disclosed in MRO's Supplemental Financial Information section, Table B-2, page 58.

#### Personnel Expenses

Personnel costs for 2015 slightly decrease as operator accountability reduces the scope of MRO's work.

#### Meeting Expenses

MRO has included travel costs for MRO staff and MRO sector representatives attending four NERC CIPC meetings.

#### **Operating Expenses**

There is a reduction in Office Costs for training since current staff has already received SCADA training.

## **Indirect Expenses**

Expenses related to indirect programs have been allocated proportionately based on FTE count to the direct programs. There is a decrease in the indirect expenses for 2015 as a result of a lower total allocation to statutory programs as indirect expenses.

# Other Non-Operating Expenses

N/A

#### Fixed Asset Additions

2015 fixed assets related to indirect programs have been allocated proportionately based on FTE to the direct programs.

# Situation Awareness and Infrastructure Security Program

Funding sources and related expenses for the Situation Awareness and Infrastructure Security section of the 2015 business plan are shown in the table below.

	Statement of Activiti		Assets Expet & Proje				_	cing	Capital		
			et & Proje RENESS an								
	Silvano		2014 Budget		2014	V 2014 v 20	ariance Projection 14 Budget er(Under)		2015 Budget		Variance 2015 Budget 2014 Budget Over(Under)
unding	:										
ERO Fund	NERC Assessments Penalty Sanctions	\$	83,275 1,008	\$	83,275 1,008	\$	-	\$	77,894 2,033	\$	(5,381 1,025
Total NER	C Funding	\$	84,283	\$	84,283	\$		\$	79,927	\$	(4,356
	Membership Dues	·	_		_		_		_		_
	Testing Fees		-		-		-		-		-
	Services & Software		-		-		-		-		-
	Workshops		-		-		-		-		-
	Interest Miscellaneous		-		-		-		-		-
otal Funding (A)	scc.rancoas	\$	84,283	\$	84,283	\$	-	\$	79,927	\$	(4,35
penses											
•	l Expenses										
	Salaries	\$	39,332	\$	39,332	\$	-	\$	32,947	\$	(6,38
	Payroll Taxes		2,173		2,173		-		1,976		(19
	Benefits		2,320		2,320		-		2,141		(17
Total Daw	Retirement Costs sonnel Expenses	_	6,138		6,138	_			4,794		(1,34
lotal Pers	sonnei Expenses	_\$	49,963	\$	49,963	\$	-	\$	41,858	\$	(8,10
Meeting I	Expenses										
	Meetings	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
	Travel		-		-		-		16,000		16,00
	Conference Calls		-		-		-		-		-
Total Mee	eting Expenses	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	16,000	\$	16,00
Operating	g Expenses										
	Consultants & Contracts	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
	Office Rent		-		-		-		-		-
	Office Costs		5,000		5,000		-		2,000		(3,00
	Professional Services		-		-		-		-		-
	Miscellaneous Depreciation		-		-		-		-		-
Total Ope	rating Expenses	\$	5,000	\$	5,000	\$	<del></del>	\$	2,000	\$	(3,00
	Total Direct Expenses	\$	54,963	\$	54,963	\$		\$	59,858	\$	4,89
Indirect E	xpenses	\$	30,062	\$	25,792	\$	(4,270)	\$	21,017	\$	(9,04
Other No	n-Operating Expenses	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
otal Expenses (B)		\$	85,025	\$	80,755	\$	(4,270)	\$	80,875	\$	(4,15
hange in Assets		\$	(742)	\$	3,528	\$	4,270	\$	(948)	\$	(20
ixed Assets											
Depreciat	ion		-		-		-		-		-
	& Software CapEx		-		-		-		-		-
	& Fixtures CapEx		-		-		-		-		-
Equipmer Leasehold	it CapEx I Improvements		-		-		-		-		-
	n of Fixed Assets	\$	(742)		- (742)		-		(948)		(20
ıc(Dec) in Fixed Asse	ts(C)	\$	(742)	5	(742)	\$		\$	(948)	_	(20
OTAL BUDGET (=B+		\$	84,283	\$	80,013	\$	(4,270)		79,927	"	(4,35
			•						-		
JIAL CHANGE IN W	ORKING CAPITAL (=A-B-C)	<u> </u>		\$	4,270	\$	4,270	\$	-	\$	

Midwest Reliability Organization: 2015 Business Plan and Budget

Approved by MRO Board of Directors: June 26, 2014

#### **6.** Administrative Services

Administrative Services (in whole dollars)												
	20	014 Budget		2015 Budget		Increase (Decrease)						
Total FTEs		10.96		11.42		0.46						
Total Direct Expenses	\$	4,070,727	\$	4,082,633	\$	11,906						
Inc(Dec) in Fixed Assets	\$	(100,500)	\$	(184,200)	\$	(83,700)						
Less: Other Funding Sources	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-						
Total Allocation to Statutory Programs as Indirect Expenses	\$	3,970,227	\$	3,898,433	\$	(71,794)						
Funding Requirement for Working Capital	\$	(866,855)	\$	(507,668)	\$	359,187						

# Methodology for Allocation of Administrative Services Expenses to Programs

All expenses for the Administrative Services Programs, referred to as indirect expenses, are allocated to the delegated program areas based on their respective number of FTEs. This allocation provides improved financial perspective for the delegated functions.

# Program Scope and Functional Description

NERC's Administrative Services area includes all business and administrative functions of the organization, including legal and regulatory, human resources, information technology, finance and accounting, and general expenses. Costs incurred for these services are allocated as an indirect expense across NERC's other program areas.

#### **6a.** Technical Committees and Member Forums

Technical Committees and Member Forums (in whole dollars)												
	2	014 Budget	2015	Budget		Increase Decrease)						
Total FTEs		1.66		-		(1.66)						
Total Direct Expenses	\$	605,216	\$	-	\$	(605,216)						
Inc(Dec) in Fixed Assets	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-						
Working Capital Requirement	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-						

# Program Scope and Functional Description

MRO staff and Registered Entities participate in various NERC committees, working groups and task forces. This participation provides for Regional Entity staff input as well as Registered Entity input into NERC governance and other activities. In order to conform to NERC and the other Regions, in mid-2013 MRO began recording these costs in the traveling employee's department rather than in 1100 Technical Committees and Member Forums. Therefore no costs are budgeted for this program in 2015.

# **Technical Committees and Member Forums**

Funding sources and related expenses for the Technical Committees and Member Forums section of the 2015 business plan are shown in the table below.

	Statement of Acti		get & Proje					capital			
	ī	ECHNICAL (									
			2014 Budget		014 jection	201 v 2	Variance 4 Projection 014 Budget ver(Under)		015 idget	Variance 2015 Budget v 2014 Budget Over(Under)	
unding ERO Funding											
EKO Funding	NERC Assessments	\$		\$	-	\$		\$	-	\$	-
	Penalty Sanctions								-		
Total NERC I	unding	\$	<u> </u>	\$		\$		\$	-	\$	-
	Membership Dues		-		-		-		-		-
	Testing Fees		-		-		-		-		-
	Services & Software		-		-		-		-		-
	Workshops Interest		-		-		-		-		-
	Miscellaneous		-		-		-		-		_
otal Funding (A)		\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
xpenses											
Personnel E	penses										
	Salaries	\$	286,447	\$	-	\$	(286,447)	\$	-	\$	(286,44
	Payroll Taxes		15,986		-		(15,986)		-		(15,98
	Benefits		15,715		-		(15,715)		-		(15,71
Total Person	Retirement Costs inel Expenses	Ś	58,368 <b>376,516</b>	\$	<del>-</del> -	\$	(58,368) ( <b>376,516</b> )	\$		\$	(58,36 ( <b>376,5</b> 1
101411 (1301	mer Expenses		370,310	<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>			(370,310)	<u>, ,                                  </u>		<u> </u>	(3, 0,3
Meeting Exp											
	Meetings Travel	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(220.700)	\$	-	\$	(220.7)
	Conference Calls		228,700		-		(228,700)		-		(228,70
Total Meeti		\$	228,700	\$		\$	(228,700)	\$	-	\$	(228,70
						·					
Operating E		<b>.</b>		ć		<u>_</u>		ć		<u> </u>	
	Consultants & Contracts Office Rent	\$		\$	_	\$	-	\$		\$	
	Office Costs		-		_		-		-		_
	Professional Services		-		-		-		-		-
	Miscellaneous		-		-		-		-		-
	Depreciation	_	-	_	-	_			-		-
Total Opera	ing Expenses	_\$_		\$		\$		\$	-	\$	-
	Total Direct Expenses	\$	605,216	\$		\$	(605,216)	\$	-	\$	(605,21
Indirect Exp	enses	\$	(605,216)	\$		\$	605,216	\$	-	\$	605,21
		<del></del>	(000)==0)								
Other Non-	Operating Expenses	<u>\$</u>		\$		\$		\$	-	\$	-
otal Expenses (B)		_\$		\$		\$		\$	-	\$	-
hange in Assets		\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
ixed Assets											
Depreciatio	1		-		-		-		-		-
	Software CapEx		-		-		-		-		-
	Fixtures CapEx		-		-		-		-		-
Equipment (			-		-		-		-		-
Leasehold Ir	nprovements		-		-		-		-		-
Allocation	f Fixed Assets	\$	-	\$	-				-		
c(Dec) in Fixed Assets	(c)	\$		\$		\$		\$	-	\$	-
OTAL BUDGET (=B + C)		\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
OTAL CHANGE IN WOR	KING CAPITAL (=A-B-C)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	_	\$	-	\$	-

Midwest Reliability Organization: 2015 Business Plan and Budget Approved by MRO Board of Directors: June 26, 2014

#### 6b. General and Administrative

General and Administrative (in whole dollars)												
		2014 Budget		2015 Budget		Increase (Decrease)						
Total FTEs		1.94		2.24		0.30						
Total Direct Expenses	\$	692,365	\$	689,147	\$	(3,218)						
Inc(Dec) in Fixed Assets	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-						
Working Capital Requirement	\$	(866,855)	\$	(507,668)	\$	359,187						

## Program Scope and Functional Description

The MRO General and Administrative function provides executive management over the day-to-day operations of the Corporation.

#### 2015 Key Assumptions

- Work related to NERC and Regional Entity initiatives may impact existing staff resources, training, and business travel costs
- MRO will continue to reimburse approved stakeholder travel costs for participation on NERC committees and working groups
- Any increase or decrease in assessments to achieve desired working capital reserve will be included in the General and Administrative area and will be allocated proportionately based on FTE to the direct program area

#### 2015 Goals and Key Deliverables

The MRO General and Administrative function assures that there is adequate attention to the day-to-day management of the corporation, including facilities and maintenance, board governance, policies and procedures to maintain and enhance operation of the corporation, proper record-keeping, and related responsibilities under applicable regulations as well as MRO's Delegation Agreement.

#### Funding Sources and Requirements — Explanation of Increase (Decrease)

#### Assessments

The Board approved an Operating and Working Capital Reserves Policy on March 14, 2013 (see Section B) which is subject to re-evaluation on an annual basis.

#### **Funding Sources**

In 2015, the expenses related to the indirect program areas are being allocated entirely to the direct programs.

#### Personnel Expenses

Budgeted FTEs increase in 2015 as a result of supporting an increase in MRO staff.

#### Meeting Expenses

The 2015 budgeted meeting expenses decreased because of efficiencies and cost savings realized from hosting meetings at MRO's facility in Saint Paul, Minnesota. The travel increase in 2015 is largely reflective of the change in moving the expenses from Technical Committees and Member Forums, (department 1100) to the traveling employee's department.

# **Operating Expenses**

- The 2015 budget for Consultants and Contracts increased as a result of a shared project manager for REMG initiatives
- The 2015 Budget for Professional Services has been shifted to Legal and Regulatory which supports the independent director fees

## Indirect Expenses

Expenses related to indirect programs have been allocated proportionately based on FTE count to the direct programs.

Other Non-Operating Expenses

N/A

Fixed Asset Additions

N/A

# **General and Administrative**

Funding sources and related expenses for the General and Administrative section of the 2015 business plan are shown in the table below.

					n, and 201						
		GEN	EKAL and	ΑDN	/INISTRAT		ariance			,	/ariance
			2014 Budget	p	2014 rojection	2014 v 20	Projection  14 Budget  er(Under)		2015 Budget	20 v 20	15 Budget 014 Budget ver(Under)
unding			Duuget		rojection		er(onder)		Duuget		er (orider)
	ERO Funding	¢	1966 955)	,	(966 955)	٠		,	(507.669)	<u> </u>	250.10
	NERC Assessments Penalty Sanctions	\$	(866,855) -	\$	(866,855) -	\$	-	\$	(507,668) -	\$	359,18
	Total NERC Funding	\$	(866,855)	\$	(866,855)	\$	-	\$	(507,668)	\$	359,1
	Membership Dues		-		-		-		-		-
	Testing Fees		-		-		-		-		-
	Services & Software Workshops		-		-		-		-		-
	Interest		-		-		-		-		-
	Miscellaneous		-		-		-		-		-
tal Fundii	ng (A)	<u>\$</u>	(866,855)	\$	(866,855)	\$		\$	(507,668)	\$	359,1
enses	Danama I Sunama										
	Personnel Expenses Salaries	\$	289,381	\$	329,681	\$	40,300	\$	335,471	\$	46,0
	Payroll Taxes	Ý	15,884	Ţ	17,203	J	1,319	Ų	17,104	,	1,2
	Benefits		14,661		15,610		949		26,121		11,4
	Retirement Costs	_	49,575		56,491		6,916		77,751		28,1
	Total Personnel Expenses	_\$_	369,501	\$	418,986	\$	49,485	\$	456,447	\$	86,9
	Meeting Expenses										
	Meetings	\$	35,864	\$	35,864	\$	-	\$	30,000	\$	(5,8
	Travel Conference Calls		83,000		121,000		38,000		100,000		17,0
	Total Meeting Expenses	\$	118,864	\$	156,864	\$	38,000	\$	130,000	\$	11,1
		<u></u>	-,								
	Operating Expenses  Consultants & Contracts	\$	40,000	\$	40,000	\$	_	\$	70,000	\$	30,00
	Office Rent	Y	-	Y	-	Ţ	-	Ţ	-	Ÿ	-
	Office Costs		64,000		64,000		-		32,700		(31,3
	Professional Services		100,000		100,000		-		-		(100,0
	Miscellaneous		-		-		-		-		-
	Depreciation Total Operating Expenses	\$	204,000	\$	204,000	\$		\$	102,700	\$	(101,3
	Total Direct Expenses	\$	692,365	\$	779,850	\$	87,485	\$	689,147	\$	(3,2
	Indirect Expenses	\$	(692,365)	\$	(692,365)	\$		\$	(689,147)	\$	3,2
	Other Non-Operating Expenses	\$	-	\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
tal Expen	ses (B)	\$		\$	87,485	\$	87,485	\$		\$	
ange in A	ssets	\$	(866,855)	\$	(954,340)	\$	(87,485)	\$	(507,668)	\$	359,1
ed Asset	s										
	Depreciation		-		-		-		-		-
	Computer & Software CapEx		-		-		-		-		-
	Furniture & Fixtures CapEx Equipment CapEx		-		-		-		-		-
	Leasehold Improvements		-		-		-		-		-
	Allocation of Fixed Assets	\$	-	\$	-		-		-		-
(Dec) in F	Fixed Assets ( C )	\$	<u> </u>	\$		\$		\$	-	\$	
TAL BUD	GET (=B + C)	\$	-	\$	87,485	\$	87,485	\$	-	\$	-
TAL CHA	NGE IN WORKING CAPITAL (=A-B-C)	\$	(866,855)	\$	(954,340)	\$	(87,485)	\$	(507,668)	\$	359,1

Midwest Reliability Organization: 2015 Business Plan and Budget

Approved by MRO Board of Directors: June 26, 2014

6c. Legal and Regulatory

Legal and Regulatory  (in whole dollars)												
		2014 Budget		2015 Budget		Increase (Decrease)						
Total FTEs		0.93		1.31		0.38						
Total Direct Expenses	\$	271,822	\$	471,607	\$	199,785						
Inc(Dec) in Fixed Assets	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-						
Working Capital Requirement	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-						

## **Program Scope and Functional Description**

MRO has one internal corporate legal counsel to provide advice to the Board, the President and CEO, and staff on legal and regulatory matters affecting MRO. MRO may use additional specialized legal resources on an as-needed basis, such as for tax matters, employee benefit plan issues, and significant policy or FERC matters.

#### 2015 Key Assumptions

- In the 2015 Budget, as in the 2014 and 2013 budgets, there are no specific funds for hearings under CMEP Rules; therefore if there were a hearing, MRO would use its current budget resources and reserves to fund the expense
- Travel costs will increase due to more external affairs and communication activities related to new initiatives
- A flat cost of \$100,000 is anticipated for the fees and expenses related to participation of the two independent board directors who joined the MRO Board in January 2013

#### 2015 Goals and Key Deliverables

Legal and Regulatory functions are responsible for general corporate legal advice, legal training, and timely, accurate filings to Regulatory authorities. The staff member in this function also serves as the primary MRO staff person to the MRO Board Governance and Personnel Committee. External affairs and communications are also incorporated into this function including outreach to stakeholders and regulators (federal, state and provincial). Outside legal will be used exclusively for any hearings and to supplement internal resources as necessary due to the need for specialized advice or workflow volume.

Communications training is also part of the Legal and Regulatory budget. Communications training is provided as part of MRO's Crisis Communication function. Internal legal counsel serves as the communication coordinator of the MRO Crisis Communication Team and the Vice President of Regulatory Affairs and Enforcement serves as the legal advisor.

## Funding Sources and Requirements — Explanation of Increase (Decrease)

## **Funding Sources**

In 2015, the expenses related to the indirect program areas are allocated entirely to the direct programs and therefore have no ERO assessment revenue.

#### Personnel Expenses

2015 Budget has increased from the 2014 budget reflecting an anticipated personnel shift supporting Legal and Regulatory.

# Meeting Expenses

The travel increase in 2015 is partially reflective of the change in moving the expenses from Technical Committees and Member Forums, (department 1100) to the traveling employee's department. Travel costs were also increased to reflect the increased engagement of members of the MRO Board of Director's outreach to U.S. federal regulators and Canadian provincial regulators, two unspecified trips (there were three such trips in 2013) offset by a decrease in the number of trade meetings attended as the Regions are rotating attendance at these meetings.

## **Operating Expenses**

The 2015 Professional Services account has been shifted from General and Administrative to Legal and Regulatory which supports the independent directors. A flat cost of \$100,000 is anticipated for the fees and expenses related to the participation of the two independent board directors who joined the MRO Board in January 2013.

## Indirect Expenses

Expenses related to indirect programs have been allocated proportionately based on FTE count to the direct programs.

Other Non-Operating Expenses

N/A

Fixed Asset Additions

N/A

# **Legal and Regulatory**

Funding sources and related expenses for the Legal and Regulatory section of the 2015 business plan are shown in the table below.

		LE(	GAL and R							
			ortz ana it	LGO	LATORT	,	/ariance		,	/ariance
			2014		2014	2014 v 20	Projection 14 Budget	2015	20 v 20	15 Budget )14 Budget
			Budget	P	rojection	Ov	er(Under)	 Budget	Ov	rer(Under)
unding E	RO Funding									
	NERC Assessments Penalty Sanctions	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-
т	otal NERC Funding	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-
	Membership Dues		-		-		-	-		_
	Testing Fees		-		-		-	-		-
	Services & Software		-		-		-	-		-
	Workshops Interest		-		-		-	-		-
	Miscellaneous		_		_		_	_		_
otal Funding		\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-
penses										
P	Personnel Expenses									
	Salaries	\$	173,407	\$	206,260	\$	32,853	\$ 252,886 11,417	\$	79,47
	Payroll Taxes Benefits		8,754 2,848		10,323 2,848		1,569	1,417		2,66 (1,34
	Retirement Costs		28,163		33,416		5,253	38,255		10,09
т	otal Personnel Expenses	\$	213,172	\$	252,847	\$	39,675	\$ 304,057	\$	90,88
N	Meeting Expenses									
	Meetings	\$	150	_\$	150	\$	-	\$ 150	\$	-
	Travel		12,500	•	23,500		11,000	21,700		9,20
_	Conference Calls		-	_	-			 -		-
т	otal Meeting Expenses	_\$	12,650	\$	23,650	\$	11,000	\$ 21,850	\$	9,20
c	Operating Expenses									
	Consultants & Contracts Office Rent	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-
	Office Costs		6,000		6,000		-	5,700		(30
	Professional Services		40,000		40,000		-	140,000		100,00
	Miscellaneous		-		-		-	-		-
	Depreciation		-		-			 -		-
Т	otal Operating Expenses	_\$	46,000	\$	46,000	\$		\$ 145,700	\$	99,70
	Total Direct Expenses	\$	271,822	\$	322,497	\$	50,675	\$ 471,607	\$	199,78
Ir	ndirect Expenses	\$	(271,822)	\$	(271,822)	\$		\$ (471,607)	\$	(199,78
С	Other Non-Operating Expenses	<u>\$</u>	-	\$	-	\$		\$ -	\$	
otal Expense	es (B)	\$	-	\$	50,675	\$	50,675	\$ _	\$	-
hange in As	sets	\$	-	\$	(50,675)	\$	(50,675)	\$ 	\$	_
ixed Assets										
	Depreciation		-		-		-	-		-
	Computer & Software CapEx		-		-			-		-
	urniture & Fixtures CapEx		-		-			-		-
	quipment CapEx easehold Improvements		-		-			-		-
А	Allocation of Fixed Assets	\$	-	\$	-			-		
c(Dec) in Fi	xed Assets ( C )	\$	-	\$		\$		\$ 	\$	
OTAL BUDG	ET (=B + C)	\$	-	\$	50,675	\$	50,675	\$ -	\$	-
OTAL CHAN	GE IN WORKING CAPITAL (=A-B-C)	\$	-	\$	(50,675)	\$	(50,675)	\$ -	\$	

Midwest Reliability Organization: 2015 Business Plan and Budget

Approved by MRO Board of Directors: June 26, 2014

**6d. Information Technology** 

Inf	nation Technolog whole dollars)	У		
	2014 Budget		2015 Budget	Increase (Decrease)
Total FTEs	3.13		4.24	1.11
Total Direct Expenses	\$ 1,294,652	\$	1,683,178	\$ 388,526
Inc(Dec) in Fixed Assets	\$ (150,500)	\$	(184,200)	\$ (33,700)
Working Capital Requirement	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -

#### Program Scope and Functional Description

MRO's Information Technology ("IT") program responds to business needs by collaborating with NERC on enterprise business systems and providing the technology and communications tools for MRO staff to perform Regional Entity functions.

#### 2015 Key Assumptions

NERC and the Regional Entities will collaboratively work to refine existing strategies, governance, and procurement practices applicable to the development, operation, and maintenance of enterprise architecture, software, and data systems supporting both NERC and Regional Entity operation, and maintenance of NERC and Regional Entity approved enterprise applications. MRO shall include appropriate funding for applications and supporting systems designed to satisfy Regional business needs that are not within the mutually agreed upon scope of the ERO Enterprise applications which are funded by NERC.

IT deploys business systems and provides technical support and training for the technologies used at MRO. Systems include secure networks, business applications, office equipment such as copiers and fax machines, servers to support connected and shared resources, personal computers, printers, handheld devices, telephones, remote access, and conference solutions.

IT has a keen focus on availability of networks and systems, maintenance of those systems, investigation of issues, and deployment of new tools. Managing IT is essential to staff productivity.

#### 2015 Goals and Key Deliverables

The IT program's goal is to provide secure technology solutions that enable staff to have information and data to perform business functions, both locally and remotely, along with communications technologies to support interaction among staff, Registered Entities, and others.

The SharePoint application will continue to grow in terms of functionality implemented by MRO to provide greater support for business needs.

A detailed network review will be completed in 2015 to ensure maximum efficiency and security of the MRO network. This effort started in 2014.

To continue building and implementing enterprise applications, resources will be required from NERC and the Regions. New ERO applications will be centralized in one location to maximize efficiency of technology hardware, resources and data security.

NERC and the Regions anticipate a need to support the following projects: (i) an ERO Enterprise project resulting from the compliance assessment project being conducted in 2014, which may include a common audit management tool and some level of work associated with the CRATS platform and (ii) the development of a Reliability Assessment Data System (RADS).

NERC will continue to fund the development and maintenance of Enterprise applications. Regional Entities may be required to allocate or augment business teams to help develop application business requirements and to test business functionality within the enterprise applications.

# Funding Sources and Requirements — Explanation of Increase (Decrease) Funding Sources

In 2015, the expenses related to indirect program areas are being allocated entirely to the direct programs.

#### Personnel Expenses

Personnel costs increased in 2015 as a result of adding a business analyst to the MRO staff as well as increasing executive support in this area. In 2013 MRO added a Business System Analyst to its staff. The role of this position is to work with IT staff to implement technologies to enable greater business efficiencies. The position was added at the beginning of the MRO SharePoint and website projects and is responsible for coordinating the SharePoint implementation along with all future enhancements, the new MRO website implementation, as well as other business applications in the Compliance and Finance areas.

#### Meeting Expenses

Travel costs increased as a result of additional staff.

#### **Operating Expenses**

- 2015 Consultants and Contracts expense has increased due to one-time set-up costs for SharePoint expansion and a detailed network review
- 2015 Office Costs have gone up due to the impact of higher FTEs at MRO. MRO's overall FTE staffing has increased from 20.00 in 2007 to 42.50 in 2015

#### **Indirect Expenses**

Expenses related to indirect programs have been allocated proportionately based on FTE count to the direct programs.

#### Other Non-Operating Expenses

N/A

#### Fixed Asset Additions

2015 fixed assets related to indirect programs have been allocated proportionately based on FTE to the direct programs.

# **Information Technology**

Funding sources and related expenses for the Information Technology section of the 2014 business plan are shown in the table below.

Statement of Act		d Assets Exp get & Projec			_		cing (	Capital		
		FORMATIO								
		2014 Budget		2014 Projection	Va 2014 v 201	eriance Projection 14 Budget r(Under)		2015 Budget	v	Variance 2015 Budget 2014 Budget Over(Under)
Funding						,				, ,
ERO Funding										
NERC Assessments Penalty Sanctions	\$ _\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Total NERC Funding	\$		\$	<del></del>	\$		\$		\$	_
							- <u></u>			
Membership Dues		-		-		-		-		-
Testing Fees		-		-		-		-		-
Services & Software		-		-		-		-		-
Workshops Interest		-		-		-		-		-
Miscellaneous		-		-		-		-		-
Total Funding (A)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Expenses  Personnel Expenses										
Personnel Expenses Salaries	\$	305,832	\$	305,832	\$	_	\$	427,779	\$	121,94
Payroll Taxes	Ţ	23,186	Y	23,186	Ÿ	_	Y	32,213	Ÿ	9,02
Benefits		33,013		33,013		_		45,177		12,16
Retirement Costs		66,171		66,171		-		103,259		37,088
Total Personnel Expenses	\$	428,202	\$	428,202	\$	-	\$	608,428	\$	180,220
Meeting Expenses										
Meeting Expenses	\$	_	\$	_	\$		\$	_	\$	_
Travel	Ą	4,000	Ţ	4,000	Ą	_	Ų	8,000	Ţ	4,000
Conference Calls		-		-		_		-		-
Total Meeting Expenses	\$	4,000	\$	4,000	\$	-	\$	8,000	\$	4,000
One reting Evenence		_						_		
Operating Expenses Consultants & Contracts	\$	212,400	\$	212,400	\$	_	\$	332,600	\$	120,200
Office Rent	Ý	-	Y	-	Y	_	Y	-	Y	-
Office Costs		179,050		179,050		-		213,150		34,100
Professional Services		-		-		-		-		-
Miscellaneous		-		-		-		-		-
Depreciation		471,000		471,000		-		521,000		50,000
Total Operating Expenses	\$	862,450	\$	862,450	\$	-	\$	1,066,750	\$	204,300
Total Direct Expenses	\$	1,294,652	\$	1,294,652	\$	-	\$	1,683,178	\$	388,526
Indirect Expenses	_	(1,294,652)	\$	(1,294,652)	\$	_	\$	(1,683,178)	\$	(388,526
	\$	(=,== :,===)	Ś	(=,== :,===,	Ś		\$	(=,==,==,==,=,=	s ·	(000,000
Other Non-Operating Expenses	<u>.</u> >	<u> </u>				<u> </u>		<u>-</u> _		
Total Expenses (B)	<u>  \$                                  </u>	<u> </u>	\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Change in Assets	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Fixed Assets										
Depreciation		(471,000)		(471,000)		_		(521,000)		(50,000
Computer & Software CapEx		320,500		320,500		_		316,800		(3,700
Furniture & Fixtures CapEx		-		-		_		20,000		20,000
Equipment CapEx		-		-		-		-		· -
Leasehold Improvements		-		-				-		-
Allocation of Fixed Assets	\$	150,500	\$	150,500		-	\$	184,200	\$	33,700
nc(Dec) in Fixed Assets ( C )	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	
TOTAL BUDGET (=B + C)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$		\$	-
TOTAL CHANGE IN WORKING CAPITAL (=A-B-C)	\$	-	\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$	-

Midwest Reliability Organization: 2015 Business Plan and Budget

Approved by MRO Board of Directors: June 26, 2014

#### 6e. Human Resources

Human Resources costs are included in Finance and Accounting.

# 6f. Human Resources, Finance, and Accounting

A		nting and Finance whole dollars)	9		
	2	2014 Budget		2015 Budget	Increase (Decrease)
Total FTEs		3.30		3.63	0.33
Total Direct Expenses	\$	1,206,672	\$	1,238,701	\$ 32,029
Inc(Dec) in Fixed Assets	\$	50,000	\$	-	\$ (50,000)
Working Capital Requirement	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -

## Program Scope and Functional Description

#### **Human Resources**

The Human Resource function of MRO designs, plans, and implements Human Resource policies and procedures in adherence with applicable federal and state laws. The Human Resource function also organizes the recruitment efforts of the organization and coordinates onboarding, training, personnel development, and best practice employee retention initiatives.

MRO has developed a culture and talent management program that features an in-depth communication and training plan. New hire training initiatives and employee collaborations are planned to create an opportunity for peer-to-peer internal mentorship and team building. The program also facilitates MRO's enterprise-wide corporate compliance and ethics program. MRO reviewed its employee engagement and culture enrichment activities in an effort to positively impact both the experience of new employees upon arrival at MRO, as well as the overall corporate culture to be an "employer of choice."

#### **Finance and Accounting**

The Finance and Accounting function directs the overall financial plans and accounting practices of the organization, oversees treasury, accounting, budget, tax, and audit activities, and oversees financial and accounting system controls and standards. The Finance and Accounting function also administrates employee benefit plans, and reports the overall outcome of is annual activities to the MRO Board.

#### 2015 Goals and Key Deliverables

- Forecasts and projections
- Payroll and expense administration
- Preparation of Quarterly Financial Statements
- IRS Reporting Form 990
- Review and improve fiscal controls

- Annual Independent Audit initiated by the Regional Entity
- Enterprise-wide Corporate Compliance and Ethics Program
- Treasury Functions with MRO Board
- 401(k) and VEBA Trust Administration

# Funding Sources and Requirements — Explanation of Increase (Decrease)

MRO's efforts include maintenance of core employee benefits, offsets to non-core benefits when necessary, analysis of office and other operational costs, improving efficiencies, and establishing uniformity in methodologies of cost allocation. MRO staff further explores improved cost effectiveness of routine expenses, and pursues early detection and quick resolution of budget concerns, lessening the impact of cost adjustments. It is our intent to continuously detect and address any risks.

# Funding Sources (Other than ERO Assessments)

In 2015, the expenses related to indirect program areas are being allocated entirely to the direct programs and therefore have no ERO assessment revenue.

#### Personnel Expenses

Personnel expenses increase in 2015 due to an increase in FTEs in this department offset by a reduction of other program executive support.

#### Meeting Expenses

Costs are expected to increase for attending regional budget group meetings rather than teleconferencing in as in the past.

#### Operating Expenses

- The Office Rent from 2014 to 2015 decreased based on actual trending of common area maintenance (CAM) and taxes
- An increase in Consultants and Contracts costs is due to the upgrade of accounting and human resource information systems
- The 2015 increase in Office Costs is a result of relocation of office supply and employeerelated expenses from General and Administrative to Finance
- Professional Services expenses decrease as a result of negotiated service costs and reduction in the scope of professional services needed

#### Indirect Expenses

Expenses related to indirect programs have been allocated proportionately based on FTE count to the direct programs.

# Other Non-Operating Expenses

No dollars are necessary in 2015.

#### Fixed Asset Additions

2015 fixed assets related to indirect programs have been allocated proportionately based on FTE to the direct programs.

Midwest Reliability Organization: 2015 Business Plan and Budget

# **Human Resources, Finance, and Accounting**

Funding sources and related expenses for the Human Resources, Accounting, and Finance section of the 2015 business plan is shown in the table below.

		FIN	NANCE and	I ACC	COUNTING	<b>;</b>					
5 on diag			2014 Budget		2014 rojection	Va 2014 F v 201	riance Projection 4 Budget (Under)		2015 Budget	Variance 2015 Budget v 2014 Budge Over(Under)	
Funding ERO Fun	nding										
	NERC Assessments	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Total NF	Penalty Sanctions ERC Funding	\$	<u> </u>	\$	<u> </u>	\$	_	\$	-	\$	-
	Membership Dues			<u>*</u>		<u> </u>	_	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	_
	Testing Fees		-		-		-		-		-
	Services & Software		-		-		-		-		-
	Workshops Interest		-		-		-		-		-
	Miscellaneous		-		-		-		-		-
Total Funding (A)		\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Expenses											
Personn	nel Expenses	_	240 747	ċ	240 747	ć		ć	252.005	ć	4.27
	Salaries Payroll Taxes	\$	348,717 23,459	\$	348,717 23,459	\$	-	\$	353,095 23,043	\$	4,378 (416
	Benefits		34,384		34,384		_		33,615		(769
	Retirement Costs		71,365		71,365		-		69,199		(2,16
Total Pe	ersonnel Expenses	\$	477,925	\$	477,925	\$	-	\$	478,951	\$	1,020
Meeting	g Expenses										
	Meetings	\$	500	\$	500	\$	-	\$	500	\$	4.50
	Travel Conference Calls		3,000		3,000		-		4,500		1,500
Total M	eeting Expenses	\$	3,500	\$	3,500	\$	-	\$	5,000	\$	1,500
Onerati	ng Expenses										
Operati	Consultants & Contracts	\$	25,000	\$	25,000	\$	_	\$	30,900	\$	5,900
	Office Rent		524,827		524,827		-		501,000		(23,82
	Office Costs		115,420		115,420		-		169,350		53,930
	Professional Services Miscellaneous Depreciation		60,000 - -		60,000 - -		-		53,500 - -		(6,50) - -
Total Op	perating Expenses	\$	725,247	\$	725,247	\$	-	\$	754,750	\$	29,503
	Total Direct Expenses	\$	1,206,672	\$	1,206,672	\$	-	\$	1,238,701	\$	32,029
Indirect	Expenses	\$	(1,206,672)	\$ (	(1,206,672)	\$	-	\$	(1,238,701)	\$	(32,029
Other N	Ion-Operating Expenses	\$		\$	_	\$	_	\$		\$	_
Total Expenses (B)	,	<u>.</u>		\$		\$	(1)			\$	_
		-									
Change in Assets		\$		\$		\$	1	\$		\$	
Fixed Assets											
Deprecia			-		-		-				-
•	er & Software CapEx re & Fixtures CapEx		-		-		-		-		-
	ent CapEx		-		-		-		-		-
Leaseho	ld Improvements		50,000		50,000		-		-		(50,000
Allocati	on of Fixed Assets	\$	(50,000)	\$	(50,000)	\$	-		-		50,000
Inc(Dec) in Fixed Ass	sets ( C )	\$		\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
TOTAL BUDGET (=B	+ C)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(1)	\$	-	\$	-
	WORKING CAPITAL (=A-B-C)	\$	-	\$	_	\$	1	\$	_	\$	_

Midwest Reliability Organization: 2015 Business Plan and Budget

Approved by MRO Board of Directors: June 26, 2014

# Section B — Supplemental Financial Information

# 1. Supplemental Financial Information Reserve Balance

Table B-1

Tuble B 1	
Working Capital Reserve Analysis 2014-2015	
STATUTORY	
Paginning Working Capital Pagarya (Dafiait), Dagambar 24, 2012	2 794 422
Beginning Working Capital Reserve (Deficit), December 31, 2013	2,784,423
Plus: 2014 MRO Funding (from LSEs or designees)	8,741,444
Less: 2014 Projected expenses & capital expenditures	(9,744,799)
Projected Working Capital Reserve (Deficit), December 31, 2014 <sup>1</sup>	4 704 000
Projected Working Capital Reserve (Delicity, December 51, 2014	1,781,068
Targeted Working Capital Reserve, December 31, 2015 ((\$10,328,687 / 365 days) X 45 days)	1,273,400
	(4 704 000)
Less: Projected Working Capital Reserve, December 31, 2014	(1,781,068)
Increase(decrease) in assessments to achieve targeted Working Capital Reserve	(507,668)
	, , ,
2015 European and Conital Europhitures	10,328,687
2015 Expenses and Capital Expenditures  Less: Penalty Sanctions <sup>2</sup>	· · ·
Less: Other Funding Sources	(395,000)
Adjustment to achieve targeted Working Capital Reserve	(507,668)
,	
2015 MRO Assessment	9,426,019

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> MRO's projected reserve December 31, 2014 assumes that there will not be a material difference between budgeted versus actual/projected results from 2014.

#### 2. Explanation of Changes in Reserve Policy from Prior Years to Current Year

MRO previously had a cash reserve policy to maintain 45 days of cash beginning in 2010 with funding increments of one-third each year, subject to periodic re-evaluation. On March 14, 2013, the MRO Board approved an Operating and Working Capital Reserve Policy. Pursuant to the approved policy the amount of MRO's operating capital reserves shall be identified and quantified each year in the business plan and budget (shown in Table B-1) submitted first to the MRO FAC for review, and then to the MRO Board of Directors for approval. If the approved amount is different than what MRO will have available for the upcoming budget year, then MRO will increase or decrease the reserve requirement as appropriate by the difference.

#### 3. Breakdown by Statement of Activity Sections

The following detailed schedules are in support of the Statement of Activities on page 15 of the MRO 2015 Business Plan and Budget. All significant variances have been disclosed by program area in the preceding pages.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Represents collections on or prior to June 30, 2014. See page 54 for full disclosure.

## **Penalty Sanctions**

Penalty monies received prior to June 30, 2014 are to be used to offset assessments in the 2015 Budget, as documented in the NERC Policy – ACCOUNTING, FINANCIAL STATEMENT AND BUDGETARY TREATMENT OF PENALTIES IMPOSED AND RECEIVED FOR VIOLATIONS OF RELIABILITY STANDARDS. Penalty monies received from July 1, 2014 through June 30, 2015 will be used to offset assessments in the 2016 Budget.

All penalties received prior to June 30, 2014 are listed below, including the amount and date received.

Allocation Method: Penalty sanctions received have been allocated to the following statutory programs to reduce assessments: Reliability Standards Organization Registration & Certification; Compliance Monitoring & Enforcement; Reliability Assessments and Performance Analysis; Training, Education and Operator Certification; and Situation Awareness and Infrastructure Security. Penalty sanctions are allocated based upon the number of FTEs in the Program divided by the aggregate total FTEs in the Programs receiving the allocation.

Table B-2

Penalty Sanctions Received On or Prior to June 30, 2014	Date Received	Amou	nt Received
	8/8/2013	\$	10,000
	8/12/2013		20,000
	10/31/2013		250,000
	12/23/2013		6,000
	12/20/2013		34,000
	2/27/2014		10,000
	3/5/2014		45,000
	5/8/2014		20,000
Total Penalties Received		\$	395,000

# Supplemental Funding

Table B-3

Outside Funding Breakdown By Program (Excluding Penalty Sanction)	Budget 2014	ojection 2014	Budget 2015	Variance Budget v 2014 Budget
Compliance Monitoring, Enforcement & Org. Registration	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Total	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 
Reliability Assessment and Performance Analysis				
Total	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 
Training and Education  Testing Fees and Certificate Renewals  CEH Fees  Workshops	\$ - - -	\$ - - -	\$ - - -	- - -
Total	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ <u> </u>
Situation Awareness and Infrastructure Security FIST Royalties TSIN Fees	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Total	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 
General and Administrative Interest Income	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Total	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 
Total Outside Funding	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 

# Explanation of Significant Variances – 2015 Budget versus 2014 Budget

MRO does not earn interest income. Our general banking account offsets the bank charges with any earned interest.

# 4. Personnel Expenses

Table B-4

Personnel Expenses	Budget 2014			Projection 2014	Budget 2015	Variance 015 Budget v 014 Budget	Variance %
Total Salaries	\$	5,178,538	\$	5,178,538	\$ 5,522,559	\$ 344,021	6.6%
Total Payroll Taxes		339,154		339,154	357,594	18,440	5.4%
Total Benefits		412,222		412,222	438,920	26,698	6.5%
Total Retirement		968,920		968,920	1,033,187	64,267	6.6%
Total Personnel Costs	\$	6,898,834	\$	6,898,834	\$ 7,352,260	\$ 453,426	6.6%
FTEs		40.75		40.75	42.50	1.75	4.3%
Cost per FTE							
Salaries	\$	127,081	\$	127,081	\$ 129,943	2,862	2.3%
Payroll Taxes		8,323		8,323	8,414	91	1.1%
Benefits		10,116		10,116	10,328	212	2.1%
Retirement		23,777		23,777	24,310	533	2.2%
Total Cost per FTE	\$	169,297	\$	169,297	\$ 172,994	\$ 3,698	2.2%

Explanation of Significant Variances – 2015 Budget versus 2014 Budget

# 5. Consultants and Contracts

Table B-5

Consultants		Budget 2014	Projection 2014		Budget 2015	Variance 2015 Budget v 2014 Budget	Variance %
Consultants							
Reliability Standards and Organization Registration and Certification	\$		\$ -	\$		\$ -	
Compliance		3,000	3,000		28,000	25,000	833%
Reliability Assessment and Performance Analysis (Alert)		20,000	20,000		20,000	-	0%
Event Analysis		-	-		-	-	
Training and Education		-	-		-	-	
Situation Awareness and Infrastructure Security		-	-		-	-	
Committee and Member Forums		-	-		-	-	
General and Administrative		40,000	40,000		70,000	30,000	75%
Legal and Regulatory		-	-		-	-	
Information Technology		100,000	100,000		205,000	105,000	105%
Human Resources		-	-		-	-	
Accounting and Finance		5,000	5,000		5,000	-	0
Consultants Total	\$	168,000	\$ 168,000	\$	328,000	\$ 160,000	95%
						-	
Contracts		Budget 2014	Projection 2014		Budget 2015	Variance 2015 Budget v 2014 Budget	Variance %
Contracts		2014	2014		2013	2014 Budget	70
Contracts							
Outsource Standards Tracking Software Applications	\$	12,000	\$ 12,000	\$	13,236	1,236	10%
Subtotal - Reliability Standards Contract	s \$	12,000	\$ 12,000	\$	13,236	1,236	10%
Outsource Compliance Information Tracking Applications		404.000		•	00.000	- (44 000)	200/
Subtotal - Compliance and Organization Registration and Certification Contract	\$ \$	124,000 124,000	\$ 124,000 \$ 124,000		83,000 83,000	(41,000) (41,000)	
	<u> </u>	124,000	\$ 124,000	Ф	63,000	(41,000)	-33%
Model Series Development (MRO's portion of expenses of the MMWG/ERAG)	\$	26,700	\$ 26,700	\$	25,400	(1,300)	-5%
Model Building	•	38,000	38,000	*	30,100	(7,900)	
PTI Software		22,000	22,000		23,200	1,200	5%
Data Collection Expansion		20,000	20,000		20,000	-	0%
Subtotal - Reliability Assessments Contract	s_\$	106,700	\$ 106,700	\$	98,700	\$ (8,000)	-7%
Cisco		20,000	20,000		25,000	5,000	25%
Barracuda		5,500	5,500		2,600	(2,900)	
Domain Registration EFT Maintenance		500 6,900	500 6,900		500 7,200	300	0% 4%
Symantec Antivirus		5,000	5,000		5,000	-	0%
Varonis File Maintenance		8,500	8,500		8,500	-	0%
Net App Data Storage Maintenance		20,000	20,000		23,000	3,000	15%
Lyris		-	-		1,300	1,300	
VMWare		14,000	14,000		14,000	-	0%
SmartPhone Maintenance		6,000	6,000		6,000	-	0%
Server Support Great Plains		6,000	6,000		6,000 4,000	4,000	0%
Comodo-Certificates		1,500	1,500		1,500	4,000	0%
CRM and Scribe		11,500	11,500		-	(11,500)	-100%
NetApp Multistore-Security software for SAN		7,000	7,000		8,000	1,000	14%
Load Balancer Support					5,500	5,500	
Network Monitor					3,300	3,300	
Somus HW Support					4,000	4,000	
Anitspam Service Subtotal - Information Technology Contract:	s \$	112,400	\$ 112,400	\$	2,200 <b>127,600</b>	\$ 15,200	14%
<del>-</del>	_				,.,,		
401K / 457b, 457f 3rd Party Administrator		4,000	4,000		-	(4,000)	
FSA 3rd Party Administrator		1,200	1,200		1,800	600	50%
Transportation 3rd Party Administrator		2,800	2,800		1,200	(1,600)	
Benefits 3rd Party Administrator		2,000	2,000		3,900	1,900	95%
Payroll 3rd Party Administrator		10,000	10,000		19,000	9,000	90%
HR-Employment Costs  Subtotal - HR and Finance Contract	s \$	20,000	\$ 20,000	\$	25,900	5,900	30%
Contracts Total	\$	375,100	\$ 375,100	\$	348,436	\$ (26,664)	-7%
		,		,	,	. (==,==)	. 70

**Total Consulting and Contracts** 

543,100 \$

676,436 \$

## Explanation of Significant Variances – 2015 Budget versus 2014 Budget

#### **Consulting Expenses**

- Compliance consulting expenses are budgeted to increase in 2015 caused by change orders for webCDMS design which is more than offset by the decrease in compliance contract costs. Enhancements are either paid by a single upgrade consulting cost or by increasing the monthly contractual amount. In this instance it is anticipated to be charged through a consulting cost.
- Reliability Assessments and Performance Analysis remains flat in 2015.
- General and Administrative increased as a result of shared project manager for REMG.
- IT increased as SharePoint application will continue to grow in terms of functionality implemented by MRO to provide greater support for business needs. A detailed network review will be completed in 2015 to ensure maximum efficiency and security of the MRO network. This effort started in 2014.

# **Contract Expenses**

- Compliance contract costs decreased as offset by the compliance consulting expense is increased.
- Reliability Assessments and Performance Analysis costs decreased in 2015 primarily because MRO removed the contingency dollars for Model Building cost over runs.
- Information Technology costs remain flat in this timeline.
- Human Resources and Finance costs increase for 2015 due to the time recording system upgrade and additional functionality.

Table B-6

Office Rent	Budget 2014	P	rojection 2014	Budget 2015	Variance 115 Budget v 014 Budget	Variance %
Office Rent Utilities Maintenance Office Cleaning Waste Management	\$ 513,827 5,000 6,000 -	\$	513,827 5,000 6,000 -	\$ 490,000 6,000 5,000 -	\$ (23,827) 1,000 (1,000) -	-4.6% 20.0% -16.7%
Total Office Rent	\$ 524,827	\$	524,827	\$ 501,000	\$ (23,827)	-4.54%

# Explanation of Significant Variances – 2015 Budget versus 2014 Budget

#### **Office Rent**

The Office Rent from 2014 to 2015 decreased based on actual trending of common area maintenance (CAM) and taxes.

Table B-7

Office Costs		Budget 2014	F	rojection 2014		Budget 2015	Variar 2015 Bud 2014 Bu	lget v	Variance %
Phone Service									
Data Circuit (gmoe)	\$	13.500	\$	13,500	\$	60,000	\$	46.500	344.44%
Data Circuit (dsl)	Ψ	14.300	Ψ	14.300	Ψ	-		14,300)	-100.00%
Voice Circuits		14,000		14,000		14,000	'	-	0.00%
Business Cable		2.000		2.000		2.000		_	0.00%
Internet Service Provider		32,850		32,850		23,800		(9,050)	-27.55%
Internet/Cell		45,864		45.864		47,291		1,427	3.11%
Office Supplies		24.300		24,300		24,000		(300)	-1.23%
Employee Member Events		15,000		15,000		15,000		-	0.00%
Employee Related Expense (Drug Testing, Finder Fees Etc)		9,000		9,000		9,500		500	5.56%
Computer Supplies and Maintenance		60,300		60,300		61,300		1,000	1.66%
Publications & Subscriptions		5,400		5,400		5,900		500	9.26%
Professional Dues		22,960		22,960		17,850		(5,110)	-22.26%
Postage		2,700		2,700		2,700		-	0.00%
Temporary Services		-		-		-		-	
Finance-Filing/Reg Fees		6,000		6,000		7,000		1,000	16.67%
Equipment Repair/Service Contracts		20,800		20,800		28,150		7,350	35.34%
Bank Charges		15,500		15,500		18,600		3,100	20.00%
Sales & Use Taxes		-		-		-		-	
Merchant Card Fees		-		-		-		-	
Presentation & Publicity & Supplies Promotional		-		-		5,000		5,000	
Departmental Functional Training		148,650		148,650		147,800		(850)	-0.57%
Insurance Expense		50,000		50,000		50,000		-	0.00%
Total Office Costs	\$	503,124	\$	503,124	\$	539,891	\$	36,767	7.31%

# Explanation of Significant Variances - 2015 Budget versus 2014 Budget

# **Phone Service**

Increased our internet connection by a factor of 10 and added a redundant circuit. Part of the increase is offset by elimination of the DSL and a reduction of costs by our internet service provider.

Table B-8

Professional Services		Budget 2014	P	rojection 2014		Budget 2015	201	Variance 5 Budget v 14 Budget	Variance %
Independent Trustee Fees	\$	100.000	\$	100.000	\$	100.000	\$	_	0.00%
Outside Legal	Ψ	45,000	Ψ	45,000	Ψ	40,000	Ψ	(5,000)	-11.11%
Accounting and Auditing Fees		45,000		45,000		28,500		(16,500)	-36.67%
Actuarial Fees		15,000		15,000		25,000		10,000	66.67%
Total Services	\$	205,000	\$	205,000	\$	193,500	\$	(11,500)	-5.61%

Explanation of Significant Variances – 2015 Budget versus 2014 Budget IT audit scope for 2015 is included in IT consulting fees.

Table B-9

Other Non-Operating Expenses	idget 014	jection 1014	udget 2015	2015 B	ariance udget v 2014 Budget	Variance %
Interest Expense Line of Credit Payment Office Relocation	\$ -	\$ - - -	\$ -	\$	- - -	
Total Non-Operating Expenses	\$ 	\$ -	\$ -	\$	<u>-</u>	100.00%

Explanation of Significant Variances – 2015 Budget versus 2014 Budget No dollars are necessary in 2015 Budget.

## Section C — 2014 Non-Statutory Business Plan and Budget

In the 2015 Business Plan and Budget, MRO will not have non-statutory functions.

## Section D - Additional Financial Statements

1. 2015 Consolidated Statement of Activities by Program, Statutory and Non Statutory

									Statutory	Activities						N	n-Statutory Function	is
					Reliability Standards and													
Statement of Activities and Capital Expenditures by Program 2015 Budget	Total	Statutory Total	Non- Statutory Total	Statutory Total	Organizational Registration (Section 300 and 500)	Compliance and Organization Registration (Section 400)	Reliability Assessment and Performance Analysis (Section 800)	Training and Education (Section 900)	Situation Awareness and Infrastructure Security (Section 1000)	Committee and Member Forums	General and Administrative Le	gal and Regulatory In	formation Technology	Human Resources A	.ccounting and Finance	Non-Statutory Total		
nding					,						•							
ERO Funding NERC Assessments	9,426,019	9,426,019		9,426,019	375,092	6,713,598	2,475,355	291,747	77,894		(507,668)							
Penalty Sanctions	395,000	395,000		395,000		280,618	95,954		2,033		(307,008)	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Total NERC Funding	9,821,019	9,821,019		9,821,019		6,994,216	2,571,309	295,306	79,927		(507,668)	-	-	-	-			
Membership Dues	•	-	-	-												-		
Testing Fees Services & Software	-	-	-	-												-		
Workshops	-															-		
Interest																		
Miscellaneous																_		
tal Funding (A)	9,821,019	9,821,019	-	9,821,019	387,929	6,994,216	2,571,309	295,306	79,927		(507,668)	-		-		-	-	
Personnel Expenses																		
Salaries	5,522,559	5,522,559		5,522,559	156,160	2,894,581	934,523	135,117	32,947		335,471	252,886	427,779		353,095			
Payroll Taxes	357,594	357,594		357,594		192,689	63,510		1,976		17,104	11,417	32,213	-	23,043	-		
Benefits	438,920	438,920		438,920		233,912	79,541	6,209	2,141		26,121	1,499	45,177	-	33,615	-		
Retirement Costs	1,033,187	1,033,187		1,033,187		475,589	210,377	22,841	4,794		77,751	38,255	103,259	-	69,199	-		
Total Personnel Expenses	7,352,260	7,352,260		7,352,260		3,796,771	1,287,951	170,785	41,858		456,447	304,057	608,428	-	478,951			
Meeting Expenses																		
Meetings	106,600	106,600		106,600		6,250	7,700		-		30,000	150	-	-	500	-		
Travel Conference Calls	622,200	622,200	-	622,200	33,600	221,900	187,100	29,400	16,000		100,000	21,700	8,000	-	4,500	-		
Total Meeting Expenses	728,800	728,800	<del></del>	728,800	35,600	228,150	194,800	89,400	16,000		130,000	21,850	8,000	-	5,000	-	-	
- '																		
Operating Expenses																		
Consultants & Contracts	676,436	676,436		676,436		111,000	118,700	-			70,000	-	332,600	-	30,900	-		
Office Rent Office Costs	501,000 539,891	501,000 539,891		501,000 539,891	5,394	88,752	22,845	-	2,000		32,700	5,700	213,150		501,000 169,350	-		
Professional Services	193,500	193,500		193,500		88,752	22,845	-	2,000		32,700	140,000	213,150		53,500	-		
Miscellaneous	193,300	193,300		155,500	-		-				-	140,000	-		33,300			
Depreciation	521,000	521,000		521,000									521,000					
Total Operating Expenses	2,431,827	2,431,827		2,431,827		199,752	141,545	-	2,000		102,700	145,700	1,066,750	-	754,750		-	
_																		
Total Direct Expenses	10,512,887	10,512,887		10,512,887	261,242	4,224,673	1,624,296	260,185	59,858		689,147	471,607	1,683,178	-	1,238,701		-	
Indirect Expenses	-	-			132,672	2,900,403	991,759	36,780	21,017		(689,147)	(471,607)	(1,683,178)	-	(1,238,701)	-		
Other Non-Operating Expenses	-				-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-				
tal Expenses (B)	10,512,887	10,512,887		10,512,887	393,914	7,125,076	2,616,055	296,965	80,875			-	-	-			-	
ange in Assets	(691,868)	(691,868)	-	(691,868)	(5,986)	(130,860)	(44,746)	(1,659)	(948)		(507,668)	-	-				-	
ed Assets																		
Depreciation	(521,000)	(521,000)		(521,000)									(521,000)					
Computer & Software CapEx	316,800	316,800		316,800					-			-	316,800					
Furniture & Fixtures CapEx	20,000	20,000		20,000									20,000			-		
Equipment CapEx	20,000	20,000		20,000									20,000					
Leasehold Improvements	-	-	-	-												-		
Allocation of Fixed Assets	0	0	-	0	(5,986)	(130,860)	(44,746)	(1,659)	(948)		-	-	184,200	-	-			
(Dec) in Fixed Assets ( C )	(184,200)	(184,200)		(184,200)														
(C)	(104,200)	(104,200																
TAL BUDGET (=B + C)	10,328,687	10,328,687		10,328,687	387,929	6,994,216	2,571,309	295,306	79,927		-	-		-		-		
OTAL CHANGE IN WORKING CAPITAL (=A-B-C)	9,636,819	9,636,819		(507,668)	) -	(0)	(0)	(0)	0		(507,668)			-				
•																		
FTEs	42.50	42.50		42.50	1.01	22.08	7.55	0.28	0.16		2.24	1.31	4.24		3.63			

#### 2. Statement of Financial Position

- As of December 31, 2013
- As of December 31, 2014
- As of December 31, 2015

Statement of Financial Position	
2013 Audited, 2014 Projection, and 2015 Budget	

#### STATUTORY

ACCETTO	(Per Audit) 31-Dec-13	Projected 31-Dec-14	Budget 31-Dec-15
ASSETS Cash	3,739,705	2,364,464	2,500,964
Restricted Cash	136,516	136,500	395,000
Other Receivables	34,726	-	-
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	263,633	138,237	138,237
Security deposit	39,858	39,858	39,858
Restricted Cash - non-curernt	320,013	-	-
Property and equipment and capitalized software	1,380,789	1,437,129	1,336,629
Total Assets	5,915,240	4,116,188	4,410,688
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS			
Liabilities Accounts payable and accrued expenses	1,390,156	1,437,500	2,340,168
Postretirement medical benefit obligation Deferred assessments - non-current Deferred rent - non-current	153,171 320,013 309,572	478,064 - 439,174	357,946 - 439,174
Total Liabilities	2,172,912	2,354,738	3,137,288
Net Assets - unrestricted	3,742,327	1,761,450	1,273,400
Total Liabilities and Net Assets	5,915,239	4,116,188	4,410,688

Midwest Reliability Organization: 2015 Business Plan and Budget

Approved by MRO Board of Directors: June 26, 2014

## 3. Statement of Activities and Capital Expenditures

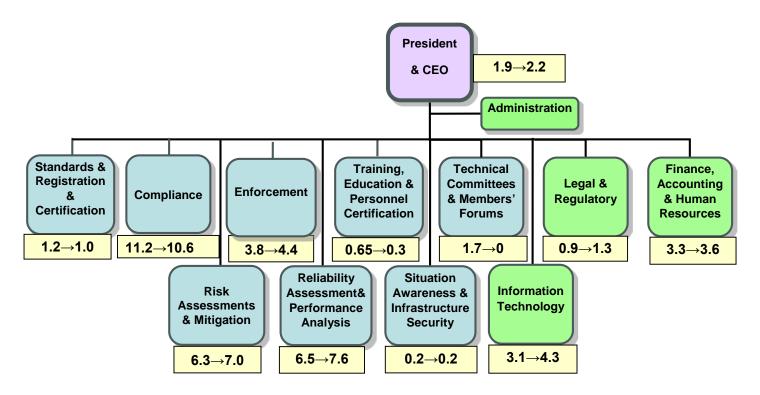
Statement	of Activ			ts Expenditur nd 2017 Proje		and Change i	in Workir	ıg C	apital			
		2015 Budget		2016 Projection		\$ Change 16 v 15	% Change 16 v 15		2017 Projection		\$ Change 17 v 16	% Change 17 v 16
Funding		Duuget		riojection		10 V 15	10 7 13	_	riojection		17 V 10	17 V 10
ERO Funding												
NERC Assessments	\$	9,426,019	\$	9,569,450	\$	143,431	1.52%	\$	9,892,630	\$	323,180	3.3%
Penalty Sanctions	_	395,000		-	,	(395,000)	-100.00%	_			- 222 400	2.20/
Total NERC Funding	_\$_	9,821,019	\$	9,569,450	\$	(251,569)	-2.6%	\$	9,892,630	\$	323,180	3.3%
Membership Dues		-				-					-	
Testing Fees		-				-					-	
Services & Software		-				-					-	
Workshops		-				-					-	
Interest		-				-					-	
Miscellaneous  Total Funding (A)	\$	9,821,019	\$	9,569,450	\$	(251,569)	-2.6%	\$	9,892,630	\$	323,180	3.4%
Total Tulluling (A)		3,821,013	<u>, ,                                  </u>	3,303,430	<del>,</del>	(231,303)	-2.076		3,632,030	7	323,100	3.470
Expenses												
Personnel Expenses												
Salaries	\$	5,522,559	\$	5,688,236	\$	165,677	3.0%	\$	5,887,324	\$	199,088	3.5%
Payroll Taxes		357,594		368,322		10,728	3.0%		381,213		12,891	3.5%
Benefits		438,920		452,087		13,168	3.0%		467,910		15,823	3.5%
Retirement Costs Total Personnel Expenses	\$	1,033,187 <b>7,352,260</b>	\$	1,064,183 <b>7,572,828</b>	\$	30,996 <b>220,568</b>	3.0%	\$	1,101,429 7,837,877	\$	37,246 <b>265,049</b>	3.5% <b>3.5</b> %
Total Personnel Expenses	3	7,332,200	<u> </u>	7,572,828	<del>&gt;</del>	220,308	3.0%	<u> </u>	1,031,011	Þ	205,049	3.3%
Meeting Expenses												
Meetings	\$	106,600	\$	109,798	\$	3,198	3.0%	\$	113,641		3,843	3.5%
Travel		622,200		640,866		18,666	3.0%		663,296		22,430	3.5%
Conference Calls		-		-		-			-		-	
Total Meeting Expenses	<u>\$</u>	728,800	\$	750,664	\$	21,864	3.0%	\$	776,937	\$	26,273	3.5%
Operating Expenses												
Consultants & Contracts	\$	676,436	\$	703,493		27,057	4.0%	\$	731,633		28,140	4.0%
Office Rent		501,000	•	513,525		12,525	2.5%	•	526,363		12,838	2.5%
Office Costs		539,891		556,088		16,197	3.0%		572,770		16,683	3.0%
Professional Services		193,500		199,305		5,805	3.0%		205,284		5,979	3.0%
Miscellaneous		-		-		-			-		-	
Depreciation		521,000		534,025		13,025	2.5%		547,376		13,351	2.5%
Total Operating Expenses	\$	2,431,827	\$	2,506,436	\$	74,609	3.1%	\$	2,583,426	\$	76,990	3.1%
Total Direct Expenses	\$	10,512,887	\$	10,829,928	\$	317,041	3.0%	\$	11,198,240	\$	368,312	3.4%
Indirect Expenses	\$	_	\$					\$	_	\$		
								_				
Other Non-Operating Expenses	\$	-			\$	-					-	
Total Expenses (B)	\$	10,512,887	\$	10,829,928	\$	317,041	3.0%	\$	11,198,240		368,312	3.4%
Channel in Assats	_	(504.050)		(4.250.470)	<u>,</u>	(FC0 C10)	02.20/	_	(4.205.640)		(45.422)	3.60/
Change in Assets	\$	(691,868)	\$	(1,260,478)	\$	(568,610)	82.2%	\$	(1,305,610)	\$	(45,132)	3.6%
Fixed Assets												
Depreciation	\$	(521,000)	ς.	(534,025)	Ś	(13,025)	2.5%	¢	(547,376)	¢	(13,351)	2.5%
Computer & Software CapEx	Ý	316,800	Ÿ	323,136	Ţ	6,336	2.0%	Y	332,830	Y	9,694	3.0%
Furniture & Fixtures CapEx		20,000		20,400		400	2.0%		,-30		(20,400)	-100.0%
Equipment CapEx		-		-		-					-	
Leasehold Improvements		-		-		-			-		-	
Allocation of Fixed Assets												
Inc(Dec) in Fixed Assets ( C )	\$	(184,200)	\$	(190,489)	\$	(6,289)	3.4%	\$	(214,546)	\$	(45,132)	0.0%
TOTAL BUDGET (=B + C)	\$	10,328,687	\$	10,639,439		310,752	3.0%		10,983,695		368,312	3.5%
, ,				, ,								
TOTAL CHANGE IN WORKING CAPITAL (=A-B-C)	\$	(507,668)	\$	(1,069,989)	Ş	(562,321)	110.8%	Ş	(1,091,065)	1	(21,076)	2.0%

Midwest Reliability Organization: 2015 Business Plan and Budget

Approved by MRO Board of Directors: June 26, 2014

#### Attachment A

# 2014 to 2015 Full Time Equivalent (FTE) Comparison Organization Chart



**40.75**→**42.5** 

#### FTE Trend from 2014 to 2017

2014	2015	2016 Estimate	2017 Estimate
40.75	42.5	42.5	42.5

# NORTH AMERICAN ELECTRIC RELIABILITY CORPORATION

#### 2015 BUSINESS PLAN AND BUDGET FILING

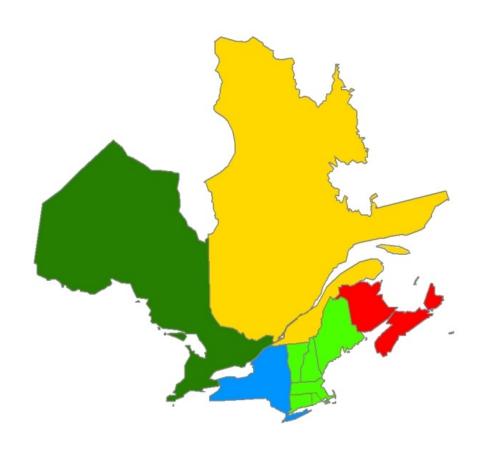
## **ATTACHMENT 4**

NORTHEAST POWER COORDINATING COUNCIL, INC.

PROPOSED 2015 BUSINESS PLAN AND BUDGET



# Northeast Power Coordinating Council, Inc. (NPCC) 2015 Business Plan and Budget



Approved by the NPCC Board of Directors at its June 26, 2014 meeting and Resubmitted to NERC June 27, 2014

## **Table of Contents**

Introduction	3
Personnel Analysis	12
Section A — 2015 Business Plan	15
Reliability Standards Program	15
Compliance Monitoring and Enforcement and Organization Registration and Certification Program	26
Reliability Assessment and Performance Analysis Program	36
Training, Education, and Operator Certification Program	50
Situation Awareness and Infrastructure Security Program	55
Administrative Services	62
Technical Committees and Member Forums	64
General and Administrative	66
Legal and Regulatory	67
Information Technology	68
Human Resources	70
Finance and Accounting	71
Regional Entity Assessment Analysis	73
Section B — Supplemental Financial Information	77
Reserve Balance	77
Breakdown by Statement of Activity Sections	78
Section C —2015 Criteria Services Division Business Plan and Budget	88
Personnel Analysis	95
Reserve Analysis 2014 - 2015	96
Section D	98
Statement of Financial Position	98

#### Introduction

Total N	PCC Resource	<u> </u>		
10.000	n w hole dollars)	•		
	2015 Budget	U.S.	Canada	Mexico
Regional Entity Division FTEs	36.86			
Criteria Services Division FTEs	2.14			
Total FTEs	39.0			
Regional Entity Division Expenses	\$14,758,558			
Criteria Services Division Expenses	\$1,139,452			
Total Expenses	\$15,898,011			
Regional Entity Division Inc(Dec) in Fixed Assets	\$19,981			
Criteria Services Division Inc(Dec) in Fixed Assets	(\$10,011)			
Total Inc(Dec) in Fixed Assets	\$9,970			
Regional Entity Division Working Capital Requirement**	(\$355,161)			
Criteria Services Division Working Capital Requirement***	(\$94,220)			
Total Working Capital Requirement	(\$449,381)			
Total Regional Entity Division Funding Requirement	\$14,423,378			
Total Criteria Services Division Funding Requirement	\$1,035,221			
Total Funding Requirement	\$15,458,599			
Regional Entity Division Assessments	\$14,068,878	\$8,759,736	\$5,309,142	
Regional Entity Division Assessments Percentage	100.0%	62.3%	37.7%	
Criteria Services Division Membership Fees	\$1,035,221	\$467,474	\$567,747	
Total NPCC Assessments & Membership Fees	\$15,104,099	\$9,227,210	\$5,876,889	
NEL	648,607,000	292,891,000	355,716,000	
NEL %	100%	45.16%	54.84%	

<sup>\*\*</sup> Refer to Table B-1 on page 77 in Section B.

## 2015 Overview of Total NPCC Resource Requirements

Due to the international nature of NPCC, the total resource requirements including both Regional Entity division and Criteria Services division are identified above. The individual divisional explanations are contained in subsequent sections.

NPCC proposes to increase its total funding requirement from \$14,818,588 to \$15,458,599 in 2015, an increase of \$640,011 or 4.3%. The proposed 2015 funding requirements will be satisfied by a Regional Entity division assessment of \$14,068,878 and Criteria Services division fees of \$1,035,221, an overall increase of 3.4% compared to the 2014 total assessments and fees of \$14,601,588. NPCC believes that the Region remains an effective provider of Regional Entity and Criteria Services division functions. NPCC's corporate culture centers on consistent delivery of excellent results at a cost that is considerate of the longstanding tradition in the Northeast of affordable and reliable electricity.

## **Organizational Overview**

Northeast Power Coordinating Council, Inc. (NPCC) is a 501(c)(6) not-for-profit corporation in the state of New York responsible for promoting and improving the reliability of the international, interconnected bulk power systems in Northeastern North America through (i) the development of Regional Reliability Standards and compliance assessment and enforcement of continent-wide and Regional Reliability Standards, coordination of system planning, design and operations, and assessment of reliability (collectively, Regional Entity activities), and (ii) the establishment of Regionally-specific criteria, and monitoring and enforcement of compliance

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> Refer to the Reserve Analysis on page 96 in Section C.

with such criteria (collectively, criteria services activities). NPCC provides the functions and services for Northeastern North America of a cross-border Regional Entity through a Regional Entity division, as well as Regionally-specific criteria services for Northeastern North America through a criteria services division. NPCC's website is www.npcc.org.

The NPCC Region covers nearly 1.2 million square miles and is populated by more than 56 million people. NPCC U.S. includes the six New England states and the state of New York. NPCC Canada includes the provinces of Ontario, Québec and the Maritime provinces of New Brunswick and Nova Scotia. In total, from a net energy for load perspective, NPCC is approximately 45% U.S. and 55% Canadian. With regard to Canada, approximately 70% of Canadian net energy for load is within the NPCC Region.

Effective January 1, 2012, NPCC executed an Amended and Restated Regional Delegation Agreement with the North American Electric Reliability Corporation (NERC) that delegates to NPCC certain responsibilities and authorities of a cross-border Regional Entity as defined by *Section 215* of the Federal Power Act in the U.S. In addition, NPCC has executed Memoranda of Understanding or Agreements with Canadian provincial regulatory and/or governmental authorities in Ontario, Québec, New Brunswick and Nova Scotia.

In this 2015 business plan, NPCC has included activities consistent with NERC initiatives including the implementation of the revised BES definition, risk-based registration, the Reliability Assurance Initiative, and expanded training for compliance auditing.

It is imperative that NPCC maintain its ability to carry out delegated authorities and responsibilities. NPCC has a flat 2015 targeted staffing level of 39 power industry professionals and support personnel. Details of the 2015 business plans and budget for each program area are included in Section A for the Regional Entity division. The 2015 Regional Entity division schedules are shown in Section B. Section C details the 2015 criteria services division business plan and budget.

## **Membership and Governance**

NPCC monitors approximately 300 registered entities and some 602 functions in the Region for compliance with mandatory Reliability Standards. NPCC currently has approximately 78 members. There are two categories of membership, General and Full. The two categories distinguish between Regional Entity delegated services that are provided in support of the U.S. FERC and Canadian provincial MOUs or Agreements with regulatory and/or governmental authorities, and Criteria Services which FERC references as U.S. non-delegated activities.

General Membership is voluntary and is open to any person or entity, including any entity participating in the Registered Ballot Body of the Electric Reliability Organization (ERO) that has an interest in the reliable operation of the Northeastern North American bulk power system. General Members which are also registered entities within the NPCC Region are subject to compliance with Reliability Standards, consistent with their registration, and also receive additional services from the Regional Entity division of NPCC.

Full Membership is available to Members which are already General Members and participate in electricity markets in the Northeast. Independent system operators (ISOs), Regional transmission organizations (RTOs), Transcos and other organizations or entities that perform the Balancing Authority function operating in Northeastern North America are expected to be Full Members of NPCC. The New York State Reliability Council and any other sub-regional

reliability councils which may be formed are also expected to be Full Members. Full Members are subject to compliance with Regionally-specific more stringent reliability criteria for their generation and transmission facilities on which faults or disturbances can have a significant adverse impact outside of the local area and which are identified utilizing a reliability impact-based methodology, in addition to Reliability Standards, and receive additional services from the Criteria Services division of NPCC, which is not funded through the ERO.

Since January 1, 2012 NPCC is governed by a Board of Directors consisting of seven stakeholder voting sectors consisting of a maximum of two directors per sector, an independent sector consisting of two independent directors, an independent Board Chair with voting rights to preclude board deadlocks, and the President and CEO. Within NPCC, no two sectors can control and no one sector can block action. The voting sectors on the NPCC Board of Directors include:

- Sector 1) Transmission Owners
- Sector 2) Reliability Coordinators
- Sector 3) Transmission Dependent Utilities, Distribution Companies, Load Serving Entities
- Sector 4) Generator Owners
- Sector 5) Marketers, Brokers and Aggregators
- Sector 6) Regulators
- Sector 7) Sub-Regional Reliability Councils, Customers, other Regional Entities and Interested Entities

Sector 8) Independent

A Finance and Audit Committee (FAC), a Pension Committee (PC), a Corporate Governance and Nominating Committee (CGNC), and a Management Development and Compensation Committee (MDCC) advise the Board on finance, governance, compensation and human resource matters. The Board endorses a non-employee, Certified Public Accountant for election by the NPCC Members as Treasurer of the corporation. The Treasurer chairs the FAC and works with the Chief Operating Officer who provides oversight of the finances of the corporation. The Treasurer reports to the Board on the corporation's financial position, on FAC activities, on tax code requirements, and on independent annual audit results and accounting practices.

The Regional Standards Committee (RSC), the Compliance Committee (CC), the Reliability Coordinating Committee (RCC), and the Public Information Committee, consistent with their approved scopes, are responsible for various reliability issues. The RSC, CC and RCC also provide technical policy recommendations to the Board. All General and Full Members are eligible for representation on the technical committees.

Industry technical experts from within the membership provide valuable input to the Board through various working groups and task forces as well as the committees. The *Amended and Restated Bylaws* establishes NPCC's independence from users, owners and operators of the bulk power system through the enhanced governance structure while providing fair stakeholder representation in the election of the Board of Directors and officers. The members, from each of the seven stakeholder voting sectors, vote to elect directors in their respective sector. The *Amended and Restated Bylaws* establish criteria for board service for both stakeholder and independent directors. Independent Directors are drawn from diverse backgrounds and possess a broad range of industry expertise, perspectives, experiences, skill sets and knowledge to contribute to the effective functioning of a hybrid board structure.

Compliance and enforcement activities are carried out by the NPCC compliance staff and are independent of all users, owners and operators of the international bulk electric system. Compliance activities are governed in the United States by the Amended and Restated Regional Delegation Agreement between NERC and NPCC, delegating portions of NERC's authority as the ERO to NPCC. NPCC compliance activities in Canada are governed by an individual provincial Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) or Agreements with each province providing the unique parameters for compliance and enforcement activities for each of the provinces. A MOU between the Independent Electricity System Operator in Ontario (IESO), NERC and NPCC establishes roles and responsibilities with regard to that province. NPCC, NERC and the New Brunswick Energy and Utilities Board are parties to a MOU that sets forth reliability activities for New Brunswick. The Régie de l'énergie, NERC and NPCC executed an Agreement regarding the development of electric power transmission Reliability Standards and a program for the monitoring of the application of these standards for Québec. NPCC, NERC and Nova Scotia executed a MOU that sets forth the mutual understanding of the parties in relation to the approval and implementation of NERC Reliability Standards and NPCC Regional reliability criteria for the province of Nova Scotia.

#### International Foundation

The Regional Entity functions and services differ according to particular regulatory backstop:

#### a) U.S. Foundation

The Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC) certified NERC as the Electric Reliability Organization (ERO) on July 20, 2006. The ERO is responsible for developing and enforcing reliability standards within the United States. In executing part of its responsibilities, NERC delegates authority to the Regional Entities to perform certain functions through delegation agreements. Ensuring the reliability of the bulk power system in the state of New York and the six New England States was delegated from NERC to NPCC through the Amended and Restated Regional Delegation Agreement.

#### b) Ontario

On February 5, 2010, NERC, NPCC and the IESO amended and restated their earlier MOU, dated November 29, 2006, setting forth their mutual understanding as regards NERC's and NPCC's status in Ontario with respect to standard and criteria development, compliance enforcement, and other related matters. The IESO, whose statutory responsibilities include making and enforcing reliability standards, and making and enforcing Ontario market rules that govern the IESO-controlled grid and the wholesale electricity market, was established April 1, 1999 as the Independent Electricity Market Operator in Ontario under the *Electricity Act*, 1998 (Ontario). The IESO is subject to the regulatory oversight of the Ontario Energy Board (OEB).

Among other things, the MOU recognizes that NERC and NPCC are standards authorities under the *Electricity Act, 1998* (Ontario). Additionally, under the authority of that same legislation, and as memorialized in the MOU, the NERC reliability standards and NPCC reliability criteria have effect in Ontario. However a 2008 amendment to the Electricity Act, 1998 (Ontario) allows the OEB to review these standards and criteria and issue orders preventing their implementation and remanding them back to NERC and NPCC.

The IESO is subject to compliance monitoring and enforcement by NPCC. The IESO is also subject to compliance monitoring and enforcement of the Ontario market rules by the IESO's Market Assessment and Compliance Division (MACD) that operates at arm's length from the IESO's business units. The MOU notes that where MACD, NERC, and NPCC engage in

investigations pursuant to their respective mandates regarding compliance, MACD can request to take the lead. Moreover, of the three, MACD is the only entity that can assess financial penalties for any Ontario market participant's or the IESO's non-compliance with Ontario market rules, which includes non-compliance with NERC standards and NPCC criteria.

The MOU provides for a peer review process to promote the common compliance and enforcement objectives of NERC/NPCC and MACD. From the perspective of NPCC and NERC, this process, in part, is meant to assure registered entities outside of Ontario that the MACD program is rigorous, thorough and reliable.

The IESO is subject to NPCC assessments of compliance, including audits, as well as NPCC remedial action directives to correct non-compliance. In the event that the IESO disagrees with NPCC's finding of a violation or associated assessment of sanctions in connection with standards and criteria, the IESO has a right to a compliance hearing with NPCC.

#### c) Québec

The Régie de l'énergie, NERC and NPCC are parties to the May 8, 2009 Agreement on the Development of Electric Power Transmission Reliability Standards and of Procedures and a Program for the Monitoring of the Application of These Standards for Québec (the Agreement). Under the terms of the Agreement, the Régie de l'énergie, which is charged with ensuring the reliability of the electric transmission in Québec, retained NPCC and NERC as experts to develop reliability standards and monitoring program procedures for the Province.

The Régie de l'énergie is a public body established by the *Act respecting the Régie de l'énergie* (the Act). Pursuant to its authority under the Act, the Régie de l'énergie, through a series of decisions in 2007, designated Hydro-Québec TransÉnergie (HQTE) as the Reliability Coordinator for Québec. In accordance with its mandate and as recognized in the Agreement, it is this entity that is responsible for the filing with the Régie de l'énergie for approval of reliability standards in Québec. HQTE has filed for the approval of certain reliability standards and the Régie de l'énergie has begun the proceedings required to make such reliability standards mandatory in Québec.

The Agreement contemplates the execution of a second agreement that will detail the mandates granted by the Régie de l'énergie to NPCC and NERC with respect to the implementation of the procedures and program for the monitoring of the application of electric power transmission Reliability Standards in Québec and the provision of opinions and recommendations to the Régie in this regard. The second agreement is currently being negotiated by the Régie de l'énergie, NPCC and NERC. The intent, once all the appropriate authorizations are in place, is that NPCC and NERC will act as the Régie's agents in all compliance monitoring and enforcement activities through the implementation of a Québec specific compliance monitoring and enforcement program.

Currently, as there are only a limited number of mandatory standards that have come into effect, and as the second agreement and all the appropriate authorizations covering compliance monitoring and enforcement arrangements are not in place, there has been limited mandatory compliance activity under the formal Québec regime. However, the Hydro-Québec companies, including Hydro-Québec TransÉnergie and Hydro-Québec Production have been subject to voluntarily compliance monitoring, including comprehensive audits by NPCC. Additionally, NPCC has and continues to proceed with its reliability assurance activities within Québec,

including but not limited to events analysis, Reliability Assessment and Performance Analysis and compliance investigations, consistent with the NPCC *Amended and Restated Bylaws*.

#### d) New Brunswick

The New Brunswick Energy and Utilities Board ("EUB") and NPCC entered into an Agreement dated October 1, 2013, whereby NPCC provides services for the EUB. The EUB is a not-for-profit corporation which was established on October 1, 2004 under the Electricity Act (NB) and charged with developing and administering the wholesale electricity market and maintaining reliability of the integrated power system in New Brunswick.

Effective October 1, 2013, the Electricity Act (NB) and implementing regulations (together, "NB Electricity Act") amended how Reliability Standards are approved, monitored, and enforced in the province of New Brunswick. The NB Electricity Act designates NPCC as a compliance body and NERC as a standards body within the meaning of the NB Electricity Act. The October 1, 2013 Agreement between NPCC and the EUB is intended to be the preliminary step with respect to the implementation of the NB Electricity Act.

With respect to the approval of reliability standards, the NB Electricity Act provides that all of the NERC Reliability Standards that were effective in New Brunswick prior to October 1, 2013 continue to be effective in New Brunswick after October 1, 2013. Additionally, the New Brunswick Power Corporation (formed from several amalgamating corporations) ("NBPC") is required to file for approval, modification, or retirement of NERC Reliability Standards 60 days after a NERC Reliability Standard is approved, modified, or retired by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission ("FERC"). The EUB rules on the filed Reliability Standard after considering (a) the potential impact on the reliability of the bulk power system, (b) the potential cost and benefits (c) the public interest, and (d) any other factors that the NBUEB considers relevant. The Electricity Act requires the NBEUB to notify NPCC and NERC of an application by the NBPC with respect to reliability standards and provide for a 60 day comment period. The NBEUB is required to approve the reliability standards if there are not substantive modifications proposed from the FERC approved NERC Reliability Standard and there were no substantive comments filed. Amendments to the reliability standard to make them compatible with New Brunswick or Canadian law are considered non-substantive. The approval of reliability standards may be subject to a hearing for several reasons, including substantive comments from NPCC or NERC.

With respect to the monitoring and enforcement of the Reliability Standards in New Brunswick, the NB Electricity Act requires NPCC to identify entities that must register with the EUB in the New Brunswick specific registry. Additionally, NPCC is required to carry out the compliance monitoring and assessment for the EUB and assist and advise the enforcement for the EUB, including financial penalties. NPCC is also permitted to carry out or exercise any power in the implementing regulations that is specific to the EUB. Additionally, NPCC has the powers of an inspector, which permits NPCC to audit and spot check entities within New Brunswick.

#### e) Nova Scotia

Nova Scotia Power Incorporated (NSPI), NPCC and NERC are parties to a May 11, 2010 Memorandum of Understanding regarding the approval and implementation of mandatory NERC reliability standards and NPCC Regional reliability criteria. Pursuant to the MOU's terms, NERC and NPCC filed standards and criteria with the Nova Scotia Utility and Review Board (NSUARB) for approval on June 30, 2010 and June 29, 2010, respectively. A decision from the NSUARB on both NERC and NPCC filings was rendered on July 20, 2011. Hence, the

standards and criteria are mandatory in Nova Scotia and NSPI will be subject to the NERC compliance monitoring and enforcement program, as implemented by NPCC.

NPCC will conduct compliance activities with respect to the standards and then forward any non-compliance information and recommendations to the NSUARB for use in enforcement proceedings. Enforcement will be administered by the NSUARB which will, among other things, determine whether a violation has occurred and, if so, what remedial measures or non-monetary penalties should be imposed.

#### **Regional Entity Division Functional Scope**

NPCC's Regional Entity division functions in support of the ERO include:

- Active participation in the development of North American Reliability Standards for the bulk electric system, and as needed development of Reliability Standards applicable within the NPCC cross-border Regional Entity
- Monitoring and enforcement of approved Reliability Standards, including the registration of responsible entities, and as needed certification of such entities
- Assessment of the present and future reliability of the bulk power system
- Operational coordination and situation awareness support
- Event analysis and identifying lessons learned to improve reliability
- Effective training and education of reliability personnel
- Promoting the protection of critical electric infrastructure

In recognition of the delegated compliance role of Regional Entities as an important means to enhancing reliability, NPCC has designated a significant percentage of its staff resources to compliance monitoring and enforcement. NPCC has also developed and deployed a robust set of online tools for gathering data, analysis, and tracking of compliance information to support its ability to carry out its responsibilities in a cost effective manner.

NPCC has organized the remaining staff into program areas consistent with EPAct 2005 to address the other functions listed above. These experts in operations, planning and reliability analysis assist registered entities in assessing and improving reliability. It is in support of these areas that NPCC engages the majority of industry experts on its technical committees.

## 2015 Key Assumptions and 2015 Goals and Key Deliverables

NERC and the eight Regional Entities collaborated in the development of a common operating model with complementary roles and responsibilities, an ERO Enterprise Strategic Plan, and a set of business planning assumptions, goals, metrics and key deliverables for the 2014 through 2017 period. The results from that collaboration are included as a set of Shared Business Plan and Budget Assumptions that will be contained in Exhibit A to the NERC 2015 Business Plan and Budget and may be referenced by the users of this document. In each of the following program area sections footnotes are used to reference the specific ERO Enterprise Goals that NPCC's activities support.

#### 2015 Overview of Regional Entity Division Cost Impacts

NPCC proposes to increase its Regional Entity division funding requirement from \$13,828,880 to \$14,423,378 in 2015, an increase of \$594,498 or 4.3%. The proposed Regional Entity division assessment of \$14,068,878 to support the budget is an increase of 3.4% compared to the 2014 assessment of \$13,611,880.

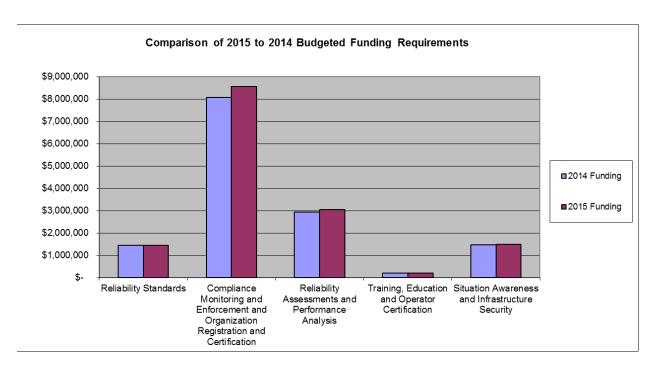
#### **2014 Projections**

Current year projections are taken into consideration in development of the budget. Expenses are currently projected to be on budget or slightly under budget in all areas. 2014 Projections reflect expectations based on the first quarter statement of activities. It is anticipated that projections could change throughout 2014 and would be reflected in each subsequent quarter's statement of activities.

#### **Summary by Program**

Program	Budget 2014	F	Projection 2014	Budget 2015	Variance 15 Budget v 014 Budget	Variance %
Reliability Standards	\$ 1,447,330	\$	1,447,330	\$ 1,456,129	\$ 8,799	0.6%
Compliance Monitoring and Enforcement and Organization Registration and Certification	\$ 8,079,371	\$	8,079,371	\$ 8,568,145	\$ 488,774	6.0%
Reliability Assessments and Performance Analysis	\$ 2,942,339	\$	2,942,339	\$ 3,053,923	\$ 111,585	3.8%
Training, Education and Operator Certification	\$ 195,855	\$	195,855	\$ 199,010	\$ 3,154	1.6%
Situation Awareness and Infrastructure Security	\$ 1,464,111	\$	1,464,111	\$ 1,501,332	\$ 37,221	2.5%
Total	\$ 14,129,006	\$	14,129,006	\$ 14,778,539	\$ 649,533	4.6%

This chart does not include allocation of working capital requirements among the Program Areas.



This chart does not include allocation of working capital requirements among the Program Areas.

## **Personnel Analysis**

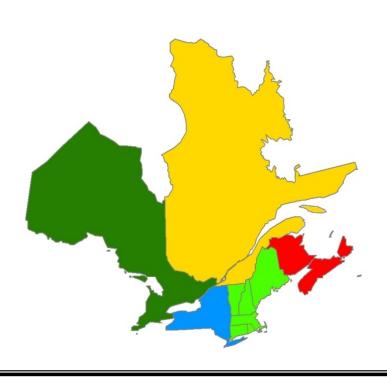
Total FTE's by Program Area	Budget 2014	Projection 2014	Direct FTEs 2015 Budget	Shared FTEs <sup>1</sup> 2015 Budget	Total FTEs 2015 Budget	Change from 2014 Budget
	SIONAL ENTITY		zoro Buaget	zoro Buaget	2010 Budget	zor4 Budget
Operational Programs						
Reliability Standards	2.93	2.93	2.00	0.93	2.93	0.00
Compliance Monitoring and Enforcement and Organization Registration and Certification	16.00	16.00	16.00	0.00	16.00	0.00
Training, Education, and Operator Certification	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.00	0.10	0.00
Reliability Assessment and Performance Analysis	5.83	5.83	4.90	0.93	5.83	0.00
Situation Awareness and Infrastructure Security	3.00	3.00	3.00	0.00	3.00	0.00
Total FTEs Operational Programs	27.86	27.86	26.00	1.86	27.86	0.00
Administrative Programs						
Technical Committees and Member Forums	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.00	0.50	0.00
General and Administrative	2.50	2.50	2.50	0.00	2.50	0.00
Information Technology	3.00	3.00	3.00	0.00	3.00	0.00
Legal and Regulatory	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.00	1.00	0.00
Human Resources	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.00	1.00	0.00
Accounting and Finance	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.00	1.00	0.00
Total FTEs Administrative Programs	9.00	9.00	9.00	0.00	9.00	0.00
Total FTEs	36.86	36.86	35.00	1.86	36.86	0.00

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>A shared FTE is defined as an employee who performs both Regional Entity and Criteria Services division functions.

## 2014 Budget and Projection and 2015 Budget Comparisons

			DECION		NTITY DIVISIO	NI.					
			KEGION	IAL EI	VIII I DIVISIO		ance <sup>(2)</sup>			V	ariance
							rojection				5 Budget
			2014		2014		Budget		2015		14 Budget
			Budget		Projection	Over	(Under)		Budget	O۱	er(Under)
Funding ERO Fur	adin a			-				-			
LINOTUI	ERO Assessments	\$	13,611,880	\$	13.611.880	\$	-	\$	14,068,878	\$	456,998
	Penalty Sanctions <sup>(1)</sup>	1	153,000	1	153,000	1	-	1	290,500	1	137,500
Total ER	O Funding	\$	13,764,880	\$	13,764,880	\$	-	\$	14,359,378	\$	594,498
				-				-			
	Membership Dues Testing Fees		-		-		-		-		-
	Services & Software		-		-		-		-		
	Workshops		64,000		64,000		-		64,000		-
	Interest		-		-		-		-		-
	Miscellaneous	•	- 42 020 000	•	- 42 020 000	•	-	•	- 44 422 270	•	- E04 400
Total Fundii	IY (A)	\$	13,828,880	\$	13,828,880	\$		\$	14,423,378	\$	594,498
Expenses											
Personn	el Expenses										
	Salaries	\$	5,911,227	\$	5,911,227	\$	-	\$	6,195,425	\$	284,198
	Payroll Taxes Benefits		384,311 1,430,261	+	384,311 1,430,261	-		+	387,209 1,256,595		2,898
	Retirement Costs		1,124,361		1,124,361		-		1,090,013		(34,348
Total Pe	rsonnel Expenses	\$	8,850,160	\$	8,850,160	\$	-	\$	8,929,241	\$	79,081
Meeting	Expenses Meetings	\$	365,000	\$	365,000	\$	-	\$	365,000	\$	_
	Travel	Φ	890,000	Φ	890,000	Φ	-	Ф	890,000	Φ	
	Conference Calls		77,000		77,000		-		45,000		(32,000
Total Me	eeting Expenses	\$	1,332,000	\$	1,332,000	\$	-	\$	1,300,000	\$	(32,000
0				-				-			
Operatii	ng Expenses Consultants & Contracts	\$	1,924,433	\$	1,924,433	\$	-	\$	2,342,000	\$	417,567
	Office Rent	Ψ	737,272	Ψ	737,272	Ψ	-	1	751,500	Ψ	14,228
	Office Costs		536,500		536,500		-		578,700		42,200
	Professional Services		966,500	-	966,500		-	-	1,025,000	-	58,500
	Computer & Equipment Leases Miscellaneous		80,000	+	80,000		-	-	40,000		(40,000
	Depreciation		250,000		250,000		-		202,019		(47,981
Total Op	perating Expenses	\$	4,494,705	\$	4,494,705	\$	-	\$	4,939,219	\$	444,514
	Total Direct Evenence	•	14,676,865	\$	14,676,865	•		•	4E 460 460	•	404 F0F
Indiroct	Total Direct Expenses  Expenses	\$	(405,859)	\$	(405,859)	\$		\$	15,168,460 (409,902)	\$	491,595
manect	Expenses	ð	(405,659)	ð	(405,659)	•		•	(409,902)	•	(4,043
Other No	on-Operating Expenses	\$	-	\$	-	\$		\$	<u> </u>	\$	-
Γotal Expen	ses (B)	\$	14,271,006	\$	14,271,006	\$	-	\$	14,758,558	\$	487,552
Change in A	Assets	\$	(442,126)	\$	(442,126)	\$	-	\$	(335,180)	\$	106,946
ixed Asset		¢	(250,000)	œ.	(250,000)	e	-	œ.	(202.040)	œ.	47.004
	Depreciation Computer & Software CapEx	\$	(250,000) 108,000	\$	(250,000) 108,000	\$	-	\$	(202,019) 222,000	\$	47,981 114,000
	Furniture & Fixtures CapEx		-		-		-		-		-
	Equipment CapEx		-		-		-		-		-
	Leasehold Improvements		-	-	-		-		-		-
	Allocation of Fixed Assets		(0)		(0)		-		(0)		-
nc(Dec) in I	Fixed Assets (C)		(142,000)		(142,000)	-	-	-	19,981		161,981
	GET (=B+C)	\$	14,129,006	\$	14,129,006	\$		\$	14,778,539	\$	649,533
OTAL CHA	NGE IN WORKING CAPITAL (=A-B-C)	\$	(300,126)	\$	(300,126)	\$		\$	(355,161)	\$	(55,035

## Section A – Regional Entity Division 2015 Business Plan and Budget



#### Section A — 2015 Business Plan

#### **Reliability Standards Program**

Reliability Standards Program Resources (in w hole dollars)											
			Increase								
	2014 Budget	2015 Budget	(Decrease)								
Total FTEs	2.93	2.93	0.00								
Direct Expenses	\$917,936	\$905,638	(\$12,299)								
Indirect Expenses	\$555,686	\$561,221	\$5,535								
Other Non-Operating Expenses	\$0	\$0	\$0								
Inc(Dec) in Fixed Assets	(\$26,292)	(\$10,729)	\$15,563								
Total Funding Requirement	\$1,447,330	\$1,456,129	\$8,799								

#### **Program Scope and Functional Description**

The NPCC Reliability Standards program operates in accordance with NPCC's filed and approved Delegation Agreement "Exhibit C", and NERC Rules of Procedure Section 300. The program supports the ERO standards program area roles and responsibilities by providing supporting activities for the development of clear, concise, sustainable, high quality and technically sound mandatory "results based" reliability standards which provide for an adequate level of reliability in a timely and efficient manner. The primary objective of NPCC's program area is to support the development of ERO standards which establish threshold requirements for ensuring the bulk electric system is planned, operated, and maintained in a manner that minimizes risks of cascading failures, avoids damage to major equipment, is responsive to risks, or limits interruptions of bulk power supply. At a Regional level, the program develops Regional Reliability Standards and ensures that Regional reliability criteria, contained in the form of Directories, are not inconsistent with any applicable NERC and Regional Reliability Standards. The NPCC Reliability Standards program also supports and participates in the development, revision, and maintenance of NERC Reliability Standards, initiates new regional or continent wide reliability standards when necessary, and provides a forum for the comprehensive review and improvement of existing and developing standards.

The NPCC Reliability Standards Program Area supports the reliability of the bulk electric system by:

- Facilitating active participation of NPCC Regional industry stakeholders in all NERC Reliability Standards activities to promote the development of results based, cost effective quality standards in a timely and efficient manner.
- Promote awareness by holding workshops and conducting Regional Standards Committee meetings to inform and educate stakeholders.
- Internally and informally training staff for the new and developing standards through meetings.
- Regional coordination activities with Standards Program Areas from other Regions.

- Development and maintenance of Regional Standards as necessary to address Regional reliability related issues or risks and ensure those standards are not inconsistent with the NERC continent wide standards. These Regional standards contain requirements that are more stringent, add specificity to or augment the NERC Continent-wide standards.
- NPCC maintains and abides by the NPCC Regional Standards Processes Manual assuring compliance with all FERC filed documents with respect to standards development.

#### **Funding Drivers and Reliability Benefits**

- Expanded Scope of Standards activities
  - Utilize NPCC RSC, Task Forces and Working Groups to comment on developing NERC Standards to ensure they are results based and directionally consistent with the Independent Experts Review Panel Report (IERP)<sup>1</sup>
  - Develop process for ensuring lessons learned from Event Analysis are evaluated for any gaps in standards or criteria<sup>2</sup>
  - o Responding to increasing amount of FERC Rulings, NOPRs, preliminary staff assessments, and FERC issued Directives<sup>3</sup>
  - Providing support for increased standard development activities as outlined in the NERC 2014-2016 Reliability Standards Development Plan and assuming an active role in the newly formed NERC Project Management Oversight Subcommittee ("PMOS")
  - o Participating in informal activities of standards development to promote consensus early in project development and provide technical guidance
  - o Providing a forum for all NPCC representatives on the NERC drafting teams
  - Actively coordinating and reviewing Reliability Standards Audit Worksheets (RSAW) for correctness
  - Provide NPCC Regional point of contact for the new Reliability Issues Steering Committee ("RISC") to provide emerging and existing BES reliability related risks and potential gaps in the existing NERC standards
- Increased Number of Standards Projects
  - o Active NERC Projects in the standards area are also expected to increase to achieve the ERO goal of reaching "steady state" for standards.
  - o The concept of informal development was introduced in 2013 and will be expanded to include more standards development projects in 2015 requiring more technical support, participation, and facilitation from NPCC staff to address industry resources shortfalls.
  - o NERC has developed procedures and processes to allow it to revise standards in a more expeditious manner that may need clarification or address some deficiency.
  - o NPCC is assisting with the Project Management Oversight Subcommittee (PMOS) which is responsible for managing the development of NERC standards projects and tracking Paragraph 81 Phase 2 retirement candidates

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> In support of ERO Goal 1a Develop Standards which are clear, responsive to reliability and security risks, practical to implement, and cost-effective

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> In support of ERO Goal 1a Develop Standards which are clear, responsive to reliability and security risks, practical to implement, and cost-effective

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> In support of ERO Goal 1a Develop Standards which are clear, responsive to reliability and security risks, practical to implement, and cost-effective

- o Promote and assist with the development of the "second generation" of the Cost Effective Analysis Process ("CEAP") to provide NERC with a tool which will help ensure standards have the most cost effective requirements which meet the reliability objectives of standards under development<sup>4</sup>
- Further resources required to evaluate the standards from a "cost benefit" and also a "cost effectiveness" perspective will be required.
- NERC Reliability Standards will continue to require Violation Risk Factors (VRFs) to be developed and NERC is reviewing additional levels of VRF and development of a Sanction Matrix which is envisioned to replace the Violation Severity Levels (VSLs).
- Reliability Standards Audit Worksheets (RSAWs) are now being posted with draft standards during the development process for industry review and comment. These RSAWs must be evaluated for accuracy from a technical basis.
- Expanded efforts to educate and inform stakeholders in the areas of NERC and NPCC Regional Standards through NPCC Workshops and with anticipated additional forums such as increases in the amount of Internet based meetings and technical conferences.<sup>5</sup>

#### 2015 Key Assumptions

- Facilitate stakeholder review, comment on, and develop ballot recommendations or list of Regional issues, for all NERC Reliability Standards Projects under informal or formal development or revision prior to the end of ballots
  - NERC and NPCC benefit from NPCC's Regional coordination consisting of a broad stakeholder review process and development of consensus recommendations to assure proposed standards will support international reliability and provide appropriate reliability objectives for the Continent-wide standards
  - o Coordinate a comprehensive review of the results based standards initiative processes and standards being implemented
  - o Conduct and obtain training for performing Quality Reviews of standards at both the Regional level and to assist the ERO with analysis of the continent wide standards
  - Coordinate the review of all Reliability Standards Audit Worksheets during their postings for comment for potential expansion of their associated standard's requirements
  - Refine the NPCC triage process to assess posted standards and related material to ensure it is properly routed to and addressed by the appropriate NPCC technical or process resources.
- Participate in the stakeholder efforts to develop Standards Authorization Requests (SARs) and Regional SARs to further improve standards in response to any potential inadequacies in reliability or to improve standards
- Monitor and participate in the drafting of key NERC Reliability Standards-CIP, Protections Systems, Balancing Control Performance, and Frequency Response, etc.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> In support of ERO Goal 1a Develop Standards which are clear, responsive to reliability and security risks, practical to implement, and cost-effective

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> In support of ERO Goal 1a Develop Standards which are clear, responsive to reliability and security risks, practical to implement, and cost-effective

- The NPCC monitoring of the development of standards helps to ensure reliability requirements that are clear, measureable, and enforceable and support international reliability in the Northeast
- Continue with the development and maintenance of a set of NPCC Phase II Directories not inconsistent with the NERC Reliability Standards which clearly delineate the more stringent NPCC criteria requirements
  - The combination of North American and Regional Reliability Standards with the more-stringent NPCC Regional criteria provides for consistency and operational clarity while providing robust defense in-depth, results based, standards to ensure BES reliability
  - Ensure no redundancies exist between the criteria found in the NPCC Directories and the ERO standards
  - o Retire Directories that have been overtaken by improved NERC standards
  - o Continually file the more stringent requirements with the New York State Department of Public Service and Canadian Provinces as applicable
- Review reliability requirements of ERO and NPCC Regional Standards, NPCC Criteria and ensure consistency, remove redundancies, adopt Functional Model language and ensure requirements are "results based"
  - o The unambiguous assignment of reliability requirements to specific functional entities benefits international reliability
  - O Participate in the continuing refinement of the Functional Model to capture evolving issues essential to reliability and new objectives in the industry, i.e. demand resource operator, planning functions, new activities yet to be identified such as those associated with Smart Grid, "Synchro-Phasor" technology, etc.
  - Participate in the continual improvement of the NERC standards development processes and initiatives such as the CEAP, PMOS and Single Portal Project.
  - o Contribute to the improvement of process related to NERC providing interpretations.
- Review all FERC orders and Provincial regulations as they relate to the standards, their revision and adoption
  - o Northeast reliability benefits from careful analyses of governmental orders or actions adopting standards to assure consistency in interpretation
  - Review rulings that are issued and all FERC Directives for potential reliability related issues
  - Conduct and support Regulatory/Governmental Provincial filings on a periodic basis based on individual Provincial Laws and requirements outlined in the Memorandum of Understandings for each Province.
- Enhance NPCC standards website pages to provide uniform and clear information to the stakeholders while also providing the historical and archived information to support NERC and FERC approvals and expanding requirements

#### 2015 Goals and Key Deliverables

The Reliability Standards program goals and objectives for 2015 are grouped into seven categories:

- 1) Participate in the ERO Results-Based Standards Development
  - Participate in the development and revision of the NERC three year work plan through review, commenting and drafting activities

- Participate in the Standards Committee Strategic initiatives to develop results based standards that will provide a defense in depth, complete the standards due for 5 year review, and address all existing and outstanding FERC Directives.
- Support the implementation of the NERC Board of Trustees ("BOT") resolutions specifically supporting the timeliness, cost effectiveness, timely development, and quality of new standards
- Coordinate the development of ERO Reliability Standards within NERC's three-year standards work plan with the emphasis placed on reducing the amount of new FERC Directives issues by closer coordination with the Commission staff
- Conduct thorough reviews of all NERC standards being developed or revised and coordinate comments for Northeastern North America driving consensus to the extent possible
- Facilitate and enhance the NERC Cost Effective Analysis Procedure both within NPCC throughout the industry
- Conduct thorough reviews of all Industry requested NERC Formal Interpretations of standards and develop and promote the NERC Informal Guidance Process, a comprehensive process to deal with all standards related questions, e.g. Single Portal
- NPCC staff along with NPCC solicited Regional drafting team volunteers, will
  participate in the drafting of all ERO standards affecting or potentially affecting
  reliability in the Eastern Interconnection and provide support for review and development
  of comments and propose improvements with specific emphasis on CIP
- NPCC and its members will review and coordinate potential comment on FERC preliminary staff assessments as appropriate
- Participate in ballots for ERO standards and provide consensus recommendations to the NPCC Members of the NERC Registered Ballot Body or provide a list of issues to allow the Members to cast a ballot based on Regional concerns prior to the end of the ballots
- Review and develop issues on FERC Notice of Proposed Rulemakings for any and all standards related issues as appropriate
- Coordinate and evaluate proposed standards utilizing NPCC's Regional technical task forces, working groups and committees
- Educate and notify stakeholders and regulators about issues related to standards development through various means such as webinars and workshops
- Provide outreach to industry trade groups to educate and drive consensus such as the North American Generator Forum and North American Transmission Forum
- Provide a forum for NPCC review of proposed and posted documents from the NERC Critical Infrastructure Protection Committee (CIPC) and NPCC Task Force on Infrastructure Security and Technology (TFIST)
- Provide support to NERC's strategy in the prioritization, identification, scheduling and development of NERC directed Regional Reliability Standards
- Participate in NERC's Standards Committee standards prioritization process, to identify immediate standards needs and prioritization based on need
- Participate in the NERC RISC by providing a Regional point of contact for all potential reliability related risks and gaps within the Northeast or as noted by NPCC stakeholders
- Participate in and provide support to critical standards, such as UVLS, Voltage and Reactive Control, Real Time Tools, Frequency Response, etc.
- Identify and initiate Regional Variances to the NERC Reliability Standards as soon as possible, allowing incorporation into the continent wide standard at its inception

- Identify potential drivers for standards revisions based on revisions to the BES to a bright line criteria and any document revisions required as a result of consideration of the "Exception Process".
- Support additional standards workload from further economic stimulus, i.e. standards on integrating variable generation resources or EHV backbone, Smart Grid, Electric Vehicles or "Synchro-Phasor" projects as necessary
- Provide continued input and leadership to NERC, based on NPCC experiences, regarding strategy for developing cost effectiveness analysis for standards and support activities to enhance this to identify "benefits" for the draft standards.
- Provide support and assistance to the ERO for conducting Quality Review activities on NERC continent-wide standards as possible
- Continually file the NPCC Directories with the Canadian Provincial Regulatory
  Authorities within the NPCC "footprint", on an as needed basis, as the directories are
  developed and revised and as the Provinces establish procedures and agreements with
  NPCC.
- Continue to develop new and innovative processes to better utilize the limited internal and external resources in the Region to enable sufficient technical review of posted standards and related materials
- Support the ERO and the relationships with FERC and the provincial governmental authorities for standards development activities as necessary to accomplish the ERO goals and objectives
- Support the development of system protection and control, communication, transmission operation standards and other critical standards efforts.

#### 2) Regional Standards Development

- NPCC does not anticipate developing further Regional Standards but reserves the right to do so if a reliability issue exists that is not appropriate for Continent-wide development and also will perform clarifications as needed to existing approved Regional Standards.
- Draft any additional standard NERC directs NPCC to develop to meet an urgent reliability related needs, i.e. Geomagnetic disturbance system hardening
- Accomplish all directives of ERO and governmental and/or regulatory authorities with regard to Regional Standards development and procedures
- Adhere to and surpass, where practical, the 2014-2016 NERC Work plan milestones as they pertain to targets for the Regional Standards
- Respond to any FERC Directives that may arise as a result of the filing of NPCC's Regional Standards with the FERC or any Provincial "directives" that may be issued by the Canadian Regulatory Authorities

#### 3) Standards Improvement

- Achieve NPCC reliability goals and objectives by initiating, participating in, and efficiently completing standards related activities
- Leverage internet and web based tools functionality to ensure inter-Regional consistency and quality of Regional Reliability Standards
- Establish long-term strategy for standards improvement and initiate implementation
- Continually identify additional future Regional Standard opportunities if Continent-wide standards are not an appropriate solution
- Ensure the topics addressed by the Reliability Standards parallel changing industry needs

- Participate in reliability metrics activities to identify potential measures for benchmarking of reliability to determine if an adequate level of reliability is being achieved
- Support and develop cost-benefit analysis activities to determine if any potential incremental increases in costs of implementing a standard have sufficient enough reliability benefit to implement that standard

#### 4) Coordination of review of RSAWs

- Develop a process to review the RSAWs consisting of subject matter experts to
  determine if the RSAWs are technically representative of the standard's requirements and
  also to review the evidence suggested in the RSAW for satisfactory compliance
  assessment
- The Regional Standards Committee ("RSC") will oversee and provide the results of the coordination to the appropriate NERC SDT charged with development of the RSAW

#### 5) Business Practices Interface

- Coordinate the review of standards through NPCC RSC, staff, and other members participating in activities of the North American Electric Standards Review Board (NAESB)
- Identify potential market related issues for Regional Standards through NPCC RSC coordination and reviews

#### 6) Opportunities for <u>Process Improvement</u>

- Identify efficiencies for a coordinated NERC standards development process and NPCC Regional Standards Development Procedure and recommend revisions as applicable to either process
- Refine the NERC and NPCC CEAP s to evaluate the costs and effectiveness of proposed new and revised reliability standards to achieve an adequate level of reliability and a steady state set of standards
- Participate in any potential revision and redrafting of the NERC Standards Development Process to consider expedited standards development and cost effectiveness analysis and maintaining the ANSI Accreditation for standards development
- Participate in the enhancement of the Single Portal on the NERC website to provide one stop shopping for stakeholders seeking answers to questions.
- Identify potential future processes to obtain expedited interpretations
- Identify expedited processes for adjusting NERC glossary terms
- Identify refinements for credentialing standard drafting team members to ensure the correct subject matter experts are developing the standards at both the Regional level and the ERO level.
- Establish targets for NERC and NPCC standards procedure improvement and support initiation of implementation of the strategy
- Streamline and improve the Regional Standards program tools and IT based solutions
- Refine the records retention programs to ensure sufficient documentation exists for regulatory approvals
- Develop document management systems to allow the efficient and effective revisions of documents, control of authorship and security of documents
- Identify improvements in process for feedback loops to ensure that event analysis and investigation lessons learned and compliance issues involving violations are fed into the

- standards program area, as appropriate for review and potential consideration when revising standards
- Support the creation of an ERO standards database, available to industry and online, to identify and review issues related to all approved and developing standards
- Participate in the Functional Model Working Group activities to refine functions, tasks and responsibilities of applicable entities
- Solicit and provide outreach to FERC in the Regional Standards Development Processes

#### 7) Communications

- Improve automated notifications process to assure awareness of dates and proceedings of all standard development activities
- Strengthen the relationship with the industry's technical committees to ensure adequate input to standards development, such as the North American Generator Forum.
- Participate in NPCC and NERC workshops as necessary, to promote awareness and educate the industry
- Develop and institute a consensus building and notification process(es) for engaging stakeholders and providing immediate notification for the need to review standards. Provide the associated coordination for this review utilizing subject matter experts, both internal and external to the Regional Entity staff
- Promote the reliability objectives of the NERC standards as appropriate to the NPCC members of the NERC Registered Ballot Body in order to achieve consensus and support of beneficial standards and to promote the "One-Enterprise" model.

Technically excellent, results based standards that enhance reliability and are developed in a timely and efficient fashion, require the full participation of the right industry experts from all Regional Entities when developing Reliability Standards. The NPCC RSC promotes the drafting team process and solicits drafting team members from appropriate NPCC technical bodies and others in the industry and adjoining Regional Entities. In addition the NPCC RSC works with the individual NERC standards developers to participate in Regional outreach and coordination of issues at each NPCC RSC meeting.

NPCC RSC will also assist in providing notifications and announcements to NPCC participants in the Northeastern North America NERC Registered Ballot Body of important applicable deadlines for ballot pool registration and for casting ballots thereby enhancing participation, promulgation of important information and increasing awareness. In the fourth quarter of 2014 NERC will "roll out" a new Standards Balloting System (SBS). This new system will require training and an implementation communication plan. NERC will develop the training and NPCC will assist in providing it throughout the Northeast. The SBS will require all users to reregister to cast ballots as well as submit comments. This support will enhance efficiency of the NERC procedure and help to ensure the necessary quorums are present at ballot and help to clean up the registered ballot body list. NPCC will also, when practical, promote important standards and the requirements of those standards through various communications.

NPCC will also participate in the development and revision of standards as directed by FERC, Canadian provincial and other regulatory and/or governmental authorities. FERC to date has identified numerous NERC Reliability Standards needing further work and has issued numerous Directives appearing in FERC Orders. In 2013 FERC also issued remanded interpretations and standards which require NERC to address commissions concerns as outlined in the associated Orders. These remands have created a need for NERC to review existing processes and

determine approaches going forward. NPCC will support these efforts and will lead the review and potential revision of the NERC Interpretation process. These standards needing revision are delineated in the 2014 – 2016 NERC Reliability Standards Development Plan, and will be ready to be reviewed and revised throughout 2015.

NPCC will provide support and coordination of NERC standards development activities as outlined in the 2014-2016 Reliability Standards Development Plan and the Standards Committee and ERO strategic goals and initiatives.

#### **Regional Standards Development**

The NPCC currently has two FERC approved Regional standards, Disturbance Monitoring and Underfrequency Load Shedding. NPCC has undertaken the review of the Disturbance Monitoring standard for adequacy from the perspective of a "bright line" BES definition and currently developing PRC-002-2 Disturbance Monitoring continent wide standard. This review of the standard and proposed revision to the standard will be performed in the 2014-2015 timeframe. In addition there are two other Regional standards that NPCC may review to determine if they should move forward into active formal development. These Regional Standards will include, but not be restricted to the following:

Special Protection Systems (SPS) scheduled to begin development in 2014
 Balancing Authority Controls (BA - Reserve Sharing)

Whether NPCC pursues these Regional standard will depend in large part to how comprehensive their associated continent-wide standards are. NPCC will review the continent wide standards as they are develop, participating in those activities and providing supporting subject matter expertise as it is available.

Based on the portion of professional/technical staff time and other resources devoted to Reliability Standards development, NPCC estimates that it will expend approximately 10 percent of its resources on this activity.

#### Funding Sources and Requirements — Explanation of Increase (Decrease)

Funding Sources (Other than ERO Assessments)

• U.S. Penalty Sanctions remitted from 7/1/13 through 6/30/14 reduce U.S. LSE designee assessments for 2015.

#### Personnel Expenses

- NPCC anticipates no need to hire additional personnel in this program area in 2015.
- Salaries expense reflects implementation of recommendations of NPCC's Management Development and Compensation Committee, which were based on an independent compensation study.
- Benefits expense decreased due to more staff opting out of company sponsored health insurance for superior coverage through prior employer or spouse.
- Retirement expense decreased due to transition of employees formerly accruing benefits under the defined benefit plan to receiving defined contribution benefits in 2015.

#### Meeting and Travel Expenses

• Meeting expenses will be minimized due to a continued effort to keep costs down by holding more meetings via WebEx and teleconferences, at the NPCC offices or member facilities when possible, as well as lower meeting space rental rates through negotiations. However, meeting volume is expected to increase in 2015. Travel expenses due to continued practice of advance bookings, adjustments to class of hotel used, increased meetings at NPCC's offices, and meetings conducted via teleconference will be held to a minimum. Conference calls and Internet meetings, which are budgeted as a part of G&A and then allocated to the direct programs through indirect expenses, will be conducted for business when practical.

#### **Operating Expenses and Indirect Expenses**

- 2015 Reliability Standards program funding is driven by the need for additional activities to support NERC standards activity to achieve a results based, adequate, set of steady state standards, FERC activity and increased number of rulings and directives are anticipated as a result of the NERC three year work plan. NPCC anticipates expanded activity and plans to prioritize the efforts of existing resources to meet this expanded workload to support reliability and the ERO Strategic Goals. In addition, as standards reviews increase in number, there may be a need to have contractors assist due to constrained resources of NPCC Staff and members.
- NPCC total overhead expenses, such as office rent and office costs will be charged to the Administrative Services Programs and then reallocated proportionately based on FTE to the programs through Indirect Expenses.

## Other Non-Operating Expenses

None

#### **Fixed Asset Additions**

None

## **Reliability Standards Program**

Funding sources and related expenses for the Reliability Standards section of the 2015 business plan are shown in the table below.

	20	ت در			tion, and						
			Reli 2014 Budget		Standards 2014 Projection	2014 P v 2014	riance rojection 4 Budget (Under)		2015 Budget	201 v 20	ariance 5 Budget 14 Budget er(Under)
Funding											
ERO Fur	ERO Assessments	\$	1,431,239	\$	1,431,239	\$	-	\$	1,425,578	\$	(5,662
	Penalty Sanctions	Ψ	16,091	Ψ	16,091	Ψ		Ψ	30,552	Ψ	14,461
	RO Funding	\$	1,447,330	\$	1,447,330	\$		\$	1,456,129	\$	8,799
	Membership Dues		-		-		-	_	-		
	Testing Fees		-		-		-		-		-
	Services & Software		-		-		-		-		-
	Workshops		-		-		-		-		-
	Interest		-		-		-		-		-
	Miscellaneous		-		-		-		-		
Total Fundi	ng (A)	\$	1,447,330	\$	1,447,330	\$		\$	1,456,129	\$	8,799
Expenses											
Personn	nel Expenses										
	Salaries	\$	502,840	\$	502,840	\$	-	\$	535,458	\$	32,618
	Payroll Taxes		31,305		31,305		-		31,420		115
	Benefits		131,342		131,342		-		93,684		(37,658
	Retirement Costs	_	87,449	-	87,449	-	-	-	85,075	_	(2,374
Total Pe	ersonnel Expenses	\$	752,936	\$	752,936	\$		\$	745,638	\$	(7,299
Meeting	Expenses										
	Meetings	\$	25,000	\$	25,000	\$	-	\$	20,000	\$	(5,000
	Travel		110,000		110,000		-		115,000		5,000
	Conference Calls		-		-		-		-		-
Total Me	eeting Expenses	\$	135,000	\$	135,000	\$	-	\$	135,000	\$	-
Oneratio	ng Expenses			+		-					
Operatii	Consultants & Contracts	\$	30,000	\$	30,000	\$	-	\$	25,000	\$	(5,000
	Office Rent	<b>T</b>	-	<b>—</b>	-	<b>—</b>		<b>-</b>	-	1	-
	Office Costs		-		-		-		-		
	Professional Services		-		-		-		-		-
	Computer & Equipment Leases		-		-		-		-		-
	Miscellaneous		-		-		-		-		-
T-1-1 0	Depreciation		-	_	-		-		-	•	- (5.000)
i otai Op	perating Expenses	\$	30,000	\$	30,000	\$		\$	25,000	\$	(5,000
	Total Direct Expenses	\$	917,936	\$	917,936	\$	-	\$	905,638	\$	(12,299)
Indirect	Expenses	\$	555,686	\$	555,686	\$		\$	561,221	\$	5,535
Other No	on-Operating Expenses	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	•	\$	-
Total Expen	nses (B)	\$	1,473,622	\$	1,473,622	\$	-	\$	1,466,858	\$	(6,764
Change in A	Assets	\$	(26,292)	\$	(26,292)	\$	-	\$	(10,729)	\$	15,563
Fixed Asset						1.				1.	
	Depreciation	\$	-		-	\$	-	-	-	\$	-
	Computer & Software CapEx		-	+	-	-	-	-	-		-
	Furniture & Fixtures CapEx Equipment CapEx		-	-		-	-	-	-		-
	Leasehold Improvements		-			+			-		-
	Allocation of Fixed Assets		(26,292)		(26,292)		-		(10,729)		15,563
Inc(Dec) in I	Fixed Assets (C)		(26,292)		(26,292)				(10,729)		15,563
TOTAL BUD	GET (=B+C)	\$	1,447,330	\$	1,447,330	\$	-	\$	1,456,129	\$	8,799
TOTAL CHA	NGE IN WORKING CAPITAL (=A-B-C)	<b>.</b> \$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	0	\$	0

# Compliance Monitoring and Enforcement and Organization Registration and Certification Program

Compliance Monitoring and Enforcement and Organization Registration and												
Certification Program Resources												
(in w hole dollars)												
			Increase									
	2014 Budget	2015 Budget	(Decrease)									
Total FTEs	16.00	16.00	0.00									
Direct Expenses	\$5,080,485	\$5,440,048	\$359,564									
Indirect Expenses	\$3,034,462	\$3,064,686	\$30,225									
Other Non-Operating Expenses	\$0	\$0	\$0									
Inc(Dec) in Fixed Assets	(\$35,575)	\$63,410	\$98,985									
Total Funding Requirement	\$8,079,371	\$8,568,145	\$488,774									

#### **Program Scope and Functional Description**

The Compliance Monitoring and Enforcement and Organization Registration and Certification Program (CORC) Program scope covers: 1) the identification, registration and certification of those entities responsible for meeting the NERC Reliability Standards and any approved Regional Standards; 2) the implementation of the NERC Compliance Monitoring and Enforcement Program (CMEP) in the United States, including the compliance monitoring, assessment and enforcement of NERC Reliability Standards and Regional Reliability Standards. and 3) the implementation of compliance monitoring, assessment and enforcement recommendations in accordance with individual executed MOUs or Agreements in the Canadian Provinces of Ontario, Québec, New Brunswick and Nova Scotia.

The NPCC Compliance Committee (CC) is charged with providing objective stakeholder policy input to NPCC's implementation of the CMEP in the U.S. and compliance related activities under the above mentioned MOUs in the NPCC portion of Canada. With regard to NERC Reliability Standards and Regional Reliability Standards, the CC provides an oversight role of the independent NPCC compliance staff's implementation of the CMEP. In this oversight role the CC will review and endorse the processes used by the NPCC compliance staff in the conduct of the CMEP.

The NPCC compliance staff makes the initial and final determination of alleged violations and determines appropriate penalties and sanctions in accordance with the NERC *Sanction Guidelines*. To accomplish this objective, NPCC's compliance staff is further divided into four sub- program areas: Compliance Implementation and Registration; Compliance Audit Program; Compliance Enforcement; and Compliance Investigation:

#### Compliance Implementation and Registration

The Compliance Implementation and Registration sub-program is responsible for:

- a) Identifying for registration, using a risk based registration model, all entities that are required to meet the NERC and Regional Reliability Standards. During the course of this activity, regular communication with registered entities is promoted through face-to face meetings, compliance workshops, teleconferences and email;
- b) Development and maintenance of all CMEP Compliance Procedures, Compliance Instructions and all other CMEP related documentation;
- Development and maintenance of Performance Metrics that are used to measure the quality and effectiveness of CMEP Implementation and its impact on the reliability of the Bulk Electric System;
- d) Coordinating the implementation of NPCC Compliance Staff responsibilities as they pertain to the executed MOU with each of the Canadian Provinces in the NPCC Region.
- e) Day-to-day implementation of the CMEP;
- f) Development of annual CMEP Implementation Plan;
- g) Monitoring and assessment of self-certification, self-report, exception reporting, periodic data and complaint submittals;
- h) Development and maintenance of CMEP Data Administration Application (CDAA);
- i) Development and maintenance of compliance website.
- j) Support the anticipated expansion of the number of registered entities in NPCC due to the implementation of the FERC Order related to the definition of Bulk Electric System
- k) Conduct Entity Impact Evaluations. Conduct certification(s) of newly identified Transmission Operators (TOPs), as needed.
- 1) Maintain database of BES assets subject to NERC and NPCC Reliability Standards
- m) Participation on various NERC and NPCC working groups to remain apprised of changes to Compliance processes, and commonality of registration, monitoring, auditing, and enforcement approaches.

#### Compliance Audit Program

The Compliance Audit Program is charged with conducting both on-site and off-site compliance audits, and spot checks, of NERC Reliability Standards in accordance with the NERC Rules of Procedure and associated NPCC procedures developed under the NPCC Compliance Implementation Program. These audits are performed on the basis of risk to the BES. The yearly schedule is produced consistent with Risk Assessment of registered entities and the frequency of their last audit. The schedule is posted annually on NERC and NPCC public websites. Flexibility may be used in the predefined frequency based on the risk assessment and performance based assessment of each entity scheduled for an audit, and changes requiring certification. The audits are led by qualified senior NPCC Staff and the audit teams prepare public and non-public audit reports with their findings, including the identification of any possible violations. Contents and processing of the reports are in accordance with NERC directives for audit reporting. Specific lessons learned are factored into the audit program to promote continuous improvement and are presented at workshops in conjunction with the Compliance Implementation Program. The comprehensive spot-check program is established based on the NERC actively monitored list, NPCC's assessment of self-certifications, followups on entities who have previously violated a Reliability Standard, follow-up on entities that have been involved in a significant system event, and other requirements which at the discretion

of NPCC could pose a higher risk to reliability if not followed properly. The schedule for Spot Checks is not public.

Resources from the Compliance Audit Program are also used to implement the Certification process for entities intending to register as new TOPs, BAs or RCs, as well as certification reviews of changes made by existing TOPs, BAs and RCs that meet the threshold requiring same. These actions are performed in support of the Compliance Registration Program which encompasses the Certification process. Resources for this activity, which is independent of the audit process, depend on the scope, function, and location of the entity being certified.

#### Compliance Investigation

A Compliance Investigation (CI) may be initiated at any time by NPCC in response to a system disturbance, complaint, or possible violation of a Reliability Standard identified by any other means. The CI process requires the establishment of an investigation team that coordinates with NERC and FERC as necessary; and also coordinates with the Situation Awareness Program Area.

#### Compliance Enforcement

In processing identified violations NPCC Compliance Enforcement will strive to promote both timeliness and transparency of compliance results, including those efforts associated with meeting the enforcement metrics described below. In addition NPCC will promote the use of self-identification of non-compliance and implementation of discretion, including increased utilization of streamlined tracks such as FFT and discretion as shown below.

#### Compliance Enforcement responsibilities:

- a) Issuing all Notices as described in the CMEP including the Notice of Possible Violation (NOPV), Notice of Find, Fix and Track (FFT) Treatment; Notice of Alleged Violation (NOAV), and the Notice of Confirmed Violation (NOCV);
- b) Conducting comprehensive enforcement investigations based on the facts and circumstances related to all possible violations of Reliability Standards, whether identified in an audit, a self-report, complaint, or other source, and determining whether further action is warranted;
- c) Reviewing, approving, submitting to NERC and tracking the progress of all mitigation plans /mitigating activities associated with confirmed violations;
- d) Coordinating settlement activities once they have been initiated and submitting settlement agreements to NERC for approval;
- e) Identifying and processing candidates for the FFT Process;
- f) Participating in the Hearing Process by representing NPCC before the Hearing Body. Compliance Hearings would be conducted at NPCC under the supervision of a qualified, independent hearing officer contracted by NPCC;
- g) Issuing Remedial Action Directives when appropriate; and
- h) Implementing of the Reliability Assurance Initiative (RAI), including:
  - i. Notifying the registered entity, within 60 days on average, whether a non-compliance will proceed through enforcement, be treated as a compliance exception or additional information is needed ("Triage");
  - ii. Utilizing the Aggregation of Minimal Risk Process; and
  - iii. Utilizing the Enforcement Discretion Process.

A set of enforcement metrics, that include those metrics included in the ERO Corporate Goals, are produced that cover the following:

- a. Caseload Index and Violation Aging
- b. Mitigation Aging
- c. Percentage of self-identified violations
- d. Percentage of minimal and moderate risk violations through FFT, SNOP or discretion

Each of these metrics will have target values defined that are consistent with those target values identified in the ERO Corporate Goals.

#### 2015 Key Assumptions and Cost Impacts

2014	Projected 2015					
3 Large On-Site Audits	4 Large On-Site Audits					
0 Medium On-Site Audits	0 Medium On-Site Audits					
3 Small On-Site Audits	3 Small On-Site Audits					
12 On-Site CIP Audits	4 On-Site CIP Audits					
20 Large Off-Site Audits	8 Large Off-Site Audits					
7 Medium Off-Site Audits	21 Medium Off-Site Audits					
7 Small Off-Site Audits	10 Small Off-Site Audits					
22 Off-Site CIP Audits	24 Off-Site CIP Audits					
300 Spot Checks	350 Spot Checks					
8 On-site TFE Part B reviews	4 TFE Part B Reviews					
200 Violations (Estimated)	200 Violations (Estimated)					
Settlements Covering 100 Violations	Settlements Covering 100 Violations					
2 Hearings (Unbudgeted)	2 Hearings (Unbudgeted)					
1 CI (Estimated)	1 CI (Estimated)					
0 Entity Certifications	2 Entity Certifications					

- Regarding the Compliance Audit Program, Technical Feasibility Exception (TFE)
  reviews are conducted both on-site at the entity's facility and at the NPCC offices when
  possible. TFE's continue to be requested as entities replace and install new
  equipment/devices/components that meet the criteria set forth in Rules of Procedure
  Appendix 4D. Compliance estimates 4 on-site reviews will be performed in 2015.
- Increases in Audit costs reflect Risk Assessment activity that is the basis for audit scoping. The Risk Assessment includes an assessment of an entity's Internal Controls which will be used for future audits in the scoping and frequency of engagements.
- Potential increases due to the newly identified role related to implementing the QCMEP in Quebec and the continuing role of implementing the NB CMEP in New Brunswick.

- The 2015 Business Plan projects no increases in Enforcement Processing activities over the 2014 Budget.
- The 2015 Business Plan projects the need for 1 Compliance Investigation. These
  Compliance Investigations are manpower intensive for NPCC staff (requiring allocation
  of more resources and potentially higher than normal costs) since previous Compliance
  Investigations have also included entities outside of NPCC's footprint for which NPCC is
  the Compliance Enforcement Authority.

#### 2015 Goals and Key Deliverables

- Conduct 2015 CMEP consistent with the Reliability Assurance Initiative, incorporating Risk Assessment; Internal Control assessment; Aggregation of Minimal Risk Violations; and Enforcement Discretion and all NERC Reliability Standards contained in the NERC actively-monitored list for 2015 and any approved and applicable Regional Reliability Standards
  - Process identified violations as effectively as possible, including the timely identification of a violation, timely issuance of violation notices including the NOPV; the Notice of Alleged Violation and the NOCV
  - Implement settlement process when applicable and send proper notifications to NERC and FERC
  - Conduct necessary Hearings related to resolution of outstanding disputes regarding violations and/or sanctions. Send results of hearings to NERC and FERC<sup>6</sup>:
- Continue to enhance the settlement process by modifying existing practices and adopting new practices to reduce the duration of settlement negotiations without sacrificing the rigor and quality of the negotiated settlements. Develop and analyze appropriate performance metrics that track settlement process duration and utilize results of analysis to further enhance process.
- Implement compliance responsibilities identified in the approved Canadian MOUs<sup>7</sup>;
- Annual report to NERC and Régie on NPCC implementation of QCMEP
- Annual report to NERC and New Brunswick Electric Utility Board (EUB) on NPCC implementation of NB CMEP.
- Review and revise NPCC Compliance Registry based on a risk-based approach<sup>8</sup>;
- Evaluate CMEP and Canadian entity compliance program implementation with the objective of establishing a long-term strategy for compliance improvement, and initiate the implementation of the long term strategy<sup>9</sup>;
- Provide NPCC Regional Entity input, through participation in appropriate NERC compliance committees, on policy and implementation issues related to compliance and enforcement including the development of compliance elements for all new or revised NERC Reliability Standards<sup>10</sup>;

<sup>10</sup> ERO Goal 6. Promote a culture of reliability excellence.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> In support of ERO Goal 2. Be a strong enforcement authority that is independent, without conflict of interest, objective and fair.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> In support of ERO Goal 3. Promote a culture of compliance that supports reliability excellence within industry.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> In support of ERO Goal 2. Be a strong enforcement authority that is independent, without conflict of interest, objective and fair.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> ERO Goal 2. Be a strong enforcement authority that is independent, without conflict of interest, objective and fair.

- Provide required information to NERC on a timely basis including reporting of alleged violations and confirmed violations <sup>11</sup>;
- Track the progress of, report status of, and approve mitigation plans <sup>12</sup>;
- Conduct 2015 Compliance Audit Schedule based on risk to the BES and number of registered entities (Each audit covers a single registered entity that could be audited for multiple Functional Model types that they are registered for and is done in accordance with the 2015 Compliance Audit Program schedule)<sup>13</sup>; and promote RAI initiatives by:
  - Utilizing the Audit Checklist and Auditor's Handbook for all on-site and offsite audits
  - Preparing a Risk Assessment and Internal Control Assessment for all on-site audits<sup>14</sup>:
- In addition, 28 registered entities will be audited for the requirements of the version in place for CIP 002 to CIP 009. These will be separate audits. On-site CIP audits may be combined with the normally scheduled 2015 on-site audits<sup>15</sup>;
- A spot check can be viewed as a limited unscheduled small off-site compliance audit that will be utilized to verify self-certification submittals that have been done earlier in the year or other requirements based on factors as described in the Compliance Audits section. In 2015 the number of spot checks to be done is estimated to be 350<sup>16</sup>;
- Assure that NPCC Staff is trained to conduct Compliance Audits including CIP Compliance Audit training<sup>17</sup>;
- Assure that NPCC Staff is trained to conduct Certification of entities intending to Register as BA, RC or TOP for the first time, or Certification Reviews of changes by existing BAs, RCs or TOPs that meet the criteria requiring a Certification Review<sup>18</sup>;
- NPCC is working with the other Regions to access, train and perform certifications (and re-certification) in an effort to be consistent across the ERO<sup>19</sup>;
- Continue to actively perform a risk profile of each entity prior to audit and upon completion of an audit, continue to identify risk and reliability gaps<sup>20</sup>;

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> ERO Goal 2. Be a strong enforcement authority that is independent, without conflict of interest, objective and fair.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup> ERO Goal 2. Be a strong enforcement authority that is independent, without conflict of interest, objective and fair.; ERO Goal 5. Be accountable for mitigating reliability risks.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>13</sup> In support of ERO Goal 3a. and 3b. Promote a culture of compliance that supports reliability excellence within industry.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>14</sup> In support of ERO Goal 3. Promote a culture of compliance that supports reliability excellence within industry.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>15</sup> In support of ERO Goal 3. Promote a culture of compliance that supports reliability excellence within industry.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>16</sup> In support of ERO Goal 3. Promote a culture of compliance that supports reliability excellence within industry.

In support of ERO Goal 3. Promote a culture of compliance that supports reliability excellence within industry.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>18</sup>In support of Goal 2a. Be a strong enforcement authority that is independent, without conflict of interest, objective, and fair, and promote a culture of reliability excellence through risk-informed compliance monitoring and enforcement. a. The ERO registers and deregisters entities commensurate with risk to the BES and ensures all key reliability entities are certified to have essential capabilities.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>19</sup>In support of Goal 2a. Be a strong enforcement authority that is independent, without conflict of interest, objective, and fair, and promote a culture of reliability excellence through risk-informed compliance monitoring and enforcement. a. The ERO registers and deregisters entities commensurate with risk to the BES and ensures all key reliability entities are certified to have essential capabilities.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>20</sup>In support of Goal 4a. Identify the most significant risks to reliability, be accountable for mitigating reliability risks, and promote a culture of reliability excellence. a. Risks are identified and prioritized based on reliability impacts, cost and practicality of assessments, projected resources, and emerging issues.

- Develop and implement compliance reform via the Reliability Assurance Initiative (RAI) by being an integral participant in committees and workgroups involved in the RAI<sup>21</sup>:
- Promote a culture of compliance that addresses reliability risks of NPCC registered entities by using reliability gap analysis. Assess and evaluate registered entity's Internal Controls as part of the audit and spot check process<sup>22</sup>;
- Continue to expand the use of discretion through the utilization of compliance exception. <sup>23</sup>;
- NPCC will collaborate with NERC to promote better coordination, planning, delivery and management of training efforts across the enterprise through a unified learning management system (LMS), without adversely impacting region-specific training requirements;
- Continue to implement physical security outreach and Cyber Security outreach by visiting four registered entity sites to perform an assessment of their physical security, evaluate their Cyber Security and supply recommendations for improvements<sup>24</sup>;
- Enhance the CDAA to expand its capabilities from both the registered entity perspective and the NPCC Compliance Staff perspective<sup>25</sup>;
- Conduct 2015 Compliance Workshops and interim information sessions for registered entities as necessary as a part of Training and Education program area<sup>26</sup>.

Adopt and promote practices to enhance the benefits of the self-reporting of violations by both the Regional Entity and the registered entity. This would include improvement to the registered entity internal processes used for identifying and submitting self-reports (e.g. adoption of an aggregated approach for submittal of self-reports, etc.), improvement in the way Regional Entities process self-reports and the streamlining and standardizing of the amount and type of data needed to evaluate a self-report.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>21</sup>In support of Goal 3a. Promote a culture of compliance that supports reliability excellence within industry. a. Industry has effective procedures and programs to monitor, detect, correct, report, and prevent compliance, reliability, and security issues.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>22</sup>In support of Goal 3a and 4a Goal 3. Promote a culture of compliance that supports reliability excellence within industry. Industry has effective procedures and programs to monitor, detect, correct, report, and prevent compliance, reliability, and security issues. Goal 4. Identify the most significant risks to reliability, be accountable for mitigating reliability risks, and promote a culture of reliability excellence. a. Risks are identified and prioritized based on reliability impacts, cost and practicality of assessments, projected resources, and emerging issues.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>23</sup>In support of Goal 2b. Goal 2. Be a strong enforcement authority that is independent, without conflict of interest, objective, and fair, and promote a culture of reliability excellence through risk-informed compliance monitoring and enforcement. 2.b. The ERO holds industry accountable for violations that create serious risk to the BES; resulting actions are timely and transparent to industry.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>24</sup>In support of Goal 4c. Goal 4. Identify the most significant risks to reliability, be accountable for mitigating reliability risks, and promote a culture of reliability excellence. 4.c. ERO supports industry situational awareness and cybersecurity preparedness and provides independent reliability information to policy makers.

<sup>25</sup>In support of Goal 5c. Goal 5. Improve transparency, consistency, quality, and timeliness of results; operate as a

In support of Goal 5c. Goal 5. Improve transparency, consistency, quality, and timeliness of results; operate as a collaborative enterprise; and improve efficiencies and cost-effectiveness. 5.c. The ERO internal risks are understood and managed; ERO processes are effective, efficient, and continuously improved.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>26</sup>In support of Goal 5a. Goal 5. Improve transparency, consistency, quality, and timeliness of results; operate as a collaborative enterprise; and improve efficiencies and cost-effectiveness. 5.a. The ERO acts in a coordinated and collaborative manner with stakeholders.

Based on the portion of professional/technical staff time and other resources devoted to Compliance monitoring and enforcement and organizational registration and certification, NPCC estimates that it will expend 58 percent of its resources on this activity.

#### Funding Sources and Requirements — Explanation of Increase (Decrease)

#### Funding Sources (Other than ERO Assessments)

• U.S. Penalty Sanctions remitted from 7/1/13 through 6/30/14 reduce U.S. LSE designee assessments for 2015.

### Personnel Expenses

- NPCC anticipates no need to hire additional personnel in this program area in 2015.
- Salaries expense reflects implementation of recommendations of NPCC's Management Development and Compensation Committee, which were based on an independent compensation study.
- Benefits expense decreased due to more staff opting out of company sponsored health insurance for superior coverage through prior employer or spouse.
- Retirement expense decreased due to transition of employees formerly accruing benefits under the defined benefit plan to receiving defined contribution benefits in 2015.

#### Meeting and Travel Expenses

• Meeting expenses will be minimized due to a continued effort to keep costs down by holding more meetings via teleconference, at the NPCC offices or member facilities, combining or appending meetings to other mandatory training/meetings, as well as lower meeting space rental rates through negotiations. Travel expenses due to continued practice of advance bookings, adjustments to class of hotel used, increased meetings at NPCC's offices, and meetings conducted via teleconference will be held to a minimum, however, the amount of activity is expected to increase in 2015. Conference calls and internet meetings, which are budgeted as a part of G&A and then allocated to the direct programs through indirect expenses, will be conducted for business when possible.

### Operating Expenses and Indirect Expenses

- Consultant and contractor costs increased due to increased workload related to the initial implementation of RAI, incorporating Risk Assessment and Internal Control assessment. Without this one time ramp up in RAI endeavors for 2015, contractor costs would have remained relatively flat. These joint ERO Enterprise initiatives are intended to benefit the registered entities, Regional Entities and NERC. With a risk and performance based assessment of each registered entity, audits will transition to a periodicity more reflective of the risk profile of the entity such that some audits will be more in-depth while others may have a reduced scope which will require less independent contractor resources.
- NPCC total overhead expenses, such as office rent and office costs, will be charged to the Administrative Services Programs and then reallocated proportionately based on FTE to the programs through Indirect Expenses.

### Other Non-Operating Expenses

• None

### **Fixed Asset Additions**

• Software development costs related to CMEP Data Administration Application (CDAA) and Compliance Issues Tracking System (CITS) enhancements are projected to continue into 2015.

# **Compliance Monitoring and Enforcement and Organization Registration and Certification Program**

Funding sources and related expenses for the compliance enforcement and organization registration and certification section of the 2015 business plan are shown in the table below.

					and Capita tion, and 2						
	Compliance Monito							nd Cer	tification		
			2014 Budget		2014 Projection	Va 2014 P v 2014	riance Projection 4 Budget (Under)		2015 Budget	201 v 20	ariance 5 Budget 14 Budget er(Under)
Funding											` '
ERO Fui											
	ERO Assessments	\$	7,991,503	\$	7,991,503	\$	-	\$	8,401,311	\$	409,808
Total E	Penalty Sanctions RO Funding	\$	87,868 <b>8,079,371</b>	\$	87,868 <b>8,079,371</b>	\$		\$	166,834 <b>8,568,145</b>	\$	78,966 <b>488,774</b>
TOTAL EN	to runding	Ą	0,079,371	Ф	6,079,371	3	-	3	6,366,143	ð	400,774
	Membership Dues		-		-		-		-		
	Testing Fees		-		-		-		-		-
	Services & Software		-		-		-		-		-
	Workshops		-		-		-		-		-
	Interest		-		-		-		-		-
	Miscellaneous	_		_	-		-			_	-
Total Fundi	ng (A)	\$	8,079,371	\$	8,079,371	\$		\$	8,568,145	\$	488,774
Expenses											
Personn	nel Expenses										
	Salaries	\$	2,287,504	\$	2,287,504	\$	-	\$	2,393,832	\$	106,328
	Payroll Taxes		162,571	-	162,571	-	-	-	162,511	-	(59
	Benefits Retirement Costs		537,087 298,890	-	537,087 298,890	+			479,499 284,206	-	(57,588 (14,684
Total Ba	ersonnel Expenses	\$	3,286,052	\$	3,286,052	\$		\$	3,320,048	\$	33,997
TOTAL	ersonner Expenses	- P	3,200,032	- P	3,200,032	a a	-	a a	3,320,046	ð	33,991
Meeting	Expenses										
	Meetings	\$	25,000	\$	25,000	\$	-	\$	32,000	\$	7,000
	Travel		375,000		375,000		-		360,000		(15,000
	Conference Calls		-		-		-		-		-
Total Me	eeting Expenses	\$	400,000	\$	400,000	\$	-	\$	392,000	\$	(8,000
Operation	ng Expenses										
•	Consultants & Contracts	\$	1,394,433	\$	1,394,433	\$	-	\$	1,728,000	\$	333,567
	Office Rent		-		-		-		-		-
	Office Costs		-		-		-		-		-
	Professional Services		-		-		-		-		-
	Computer & Equipment Leases		-		-	-	-	-	-		-
	Miscellaneous		-		-				-		-
Total O	Depreciation perating Expenses	\$	1,394,433	\$	1,394,433	\$	-	\$	1,728,000	\$	333,567
	T-1-1 Di F		5 000 405	_	5 000 405	•		•	F 440 040		250 504
	Total Direct Expenses	\$	5,080,485	\$	5,080,485	\$	-	\$	5,440,048	\$	359,564
Indirect	Expenses	\$	3,034,462	\$	3,034,462	\$		\$	3,064,686	\$	30,225
Other N	on-Operating Expenses	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Total Exper	nses (B)	\$	8,114,946	\$	8,114,946	\$	-	\$	8,504,735	\$	389,788
Change in A	Assets	\$	(35,575)	\$	(35,575)	\$	-	\$	63,410	\$	98,985
Fived 4 :						-		_			
Fixed Asset	Depreciation	\$	_	-	_	\$		\$		\$	
	Computer & Software CapEx	Ψ	108,000		108,000	Ψ		Ψ	122,000	Ψ	14,000
	Furniture & Fixtures CapEx		-		-		-		122,000		14,000
	Equipment CapEx		-		-		-		-		-
	Leasehold Improvements		-		-		-		-		-
	Allocation of Fixed Assets		(143,575)		(143,575)		-		(58,590)		84,985
Inc(Dec) in I	Fixed Assets (C)		(35,575)		(35,575)		-		63,410		98,985
TOTAL BUD	OGET (=B+C)	\$	8,079,371	\$	8,079,371	\$	-	\$	8,568,145	\$	488,774
											400,774
IOTAL CHA	NGE IN WORKING CAPITAL (=A-B-C)	\$	(0)	\$	(0)	\$		\$	(0)	\$	

### **Reliability Assessment and Performance Analysis Program**

Reliability Assessment and Performance Analysis Program Resources								
(in	w hole dollars)							
			Increase					
	2014 Budget	2015 Budget	(Decrease)					
Total FTEs	5.83	5.83	0.00					
Direct Expenses	\$1,888,972	\$1,958,577	\$69,605					
Indirect Expenses	\$1,105,682	\$1,116,695	\$11,013					
Other Non-Operating Expenses	\$0	\$0	\$0					
Inc(Dec) in Fixed Assets	(\$52,315)	(\$21,349)	\$30,967					
Total Funding Requirement	\$2,942,339	\$3,053,923	\$111,585					

#### **Program Scope and Functional Description**

NPCC, through its top technical committee, the Reliability Coordinating Committee (RCC), integrates the deliverables of its Task Force's and Working Group's Reliability Assessment and Performance Analysis related activities. Consistent with the applicable NERC Reliability Standards, these efforts include:

- Reviewing the adequacy of the NPCC systems to supply load considering forecast demand, installed and planned supply and demand resources and required reserves in accordance with NPCC Reliability Directory No. 1 and other related reliability directories; and,
- Assessing the impact of planned transmission and resource additions or modifications on NPCC system reliability in accordance with NPCC Reliability Directory No. 1 and other related reliability directories.

Seasonal assessments of the overall NPCC resource adequacy assessments are performed and possible actions to mitigate any potential problems are identified. NPCC reviews operations and disturbances both internal and external to the Region in order to identify any lessons to be learned and recommends any necessary follow-up actions.

If appropriate, enhancements to Regional Standards or NPCC's more stringent, Regionally-specific reliability requirements are also recommended. NPCC promotes and conducts both inter-Area and inter-Regional studies to enhance reliability and operational effectiveness, and provides a forum for the discussion and coordination of operating issues within the NPCC Region and with other Regions.

#### 2015 Key Assumptions

Support of identified key NERC Reliability Assessment and Performance Analysis (RAPA) projects; <sup>27</sup> NERC and Regional Entities will gather data or perform analysis in support of U.S. Federal and NERC initiatives, such as:

- Report Recommendation from the "NERC Special Reliability Assessment Interim Report: Effects of Geomagnetic Disturbances (GMD) on the Bulk Power System", including:
  - i. enhancing system models in support of the study of GMD impacts;
  - ii. Enhancing GMD notification procedures; and,
  - iii. Determining optimum locations for monitoring capability on transformers, based on studies and operational experience.
- Follow-up study from the recommendations of the "2013 NERC Special Reliability Assessment: Increasing Dependence on Natural Gas for Electric Power Phase II: A Vulnerability and Scenario Assessment for the North American Bulk Power System;"
- System frequency response analysis; and,
- Assessing reliability issues resulting from compliance to final EPA environmental regulations, reliable integration of new technologies such as renewable energy, smart grid, energy storage, and/or reliability assessment of increased penetration of electric vehicles.

In support of NERC's 2015 Business Plan and Budget Program Area Services and Activities, NPCC will continue to:

- Vet proposed and future metric development, collection, and analysis with industry stakeholders and identify and spotlight trends through assessments of the availability data systems and metrics (e.g., TADS, DADS, GADS, TADS, SED, etc.)
- Conduct post-seasonal assessments (Summer and Winter) and additional scenario and special reliability assessments as required. Specialized contractors may be used to complete detailed analysis to support scenario assessments. Special reliability assessments currently proposed may include: changes in resource mix due to environmental regulations, electric/gas system interdependency, delays in proposed transmission development in the reliable integration of renewable resources.

In addition, NPCC supports:

- Development of NERC's Reliability Assessment Data System (RADS), <sup>28</sup> for the reporting and validation of the NERC Reliability Assessment Subcommittee Seasonal and Long-Term Reliability Assessment data requirements.
- Evaluation of a common set of probabilistic reliability indices and probabilisticbased work products to supplement the NERC Long-Term Reliability Assessments;

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>27</sup> In support of ERO Goal 4.- Identify the most significant risks to reliability, be accountable for mitigating reliability risks, and promote a culture of reliability excellence

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>28</sup> In support of ERO Goal 5.c - The ERO internal risks are understood and managed; ERO processes are effective, efficient, and continuously improved.

- Coordination with event analysis, lesson learned <sup>29</sup> and model validation activities. <sup>30</sup> Specialized contractors may be used to complete detailed analysis to support model data collection and validation;
- Support of NERC PMO IT deployments; <sup>31</sup> and,
- Provide support and technical input for related BES risks identified by the NERC Reliability Issues Steering Committee (RISC). 32

### **Definition of the Bulk Electric System (BES) Definition** 33

Implementation of the Bulk Electric System (BES) definition and Exception Process as of the July 1, 2014 BES Effective Date is not expected to significantly impact resources requirements in this program area for 2015. NPCC's 2014 survey of its registered entities did not indicate that an overwhelming number of NPCC BES Exception requests would be sought based on the filed BES Definition. Based on the Commission approved BES Definition <sup>34</sup> and the NPCC BES 2014 survey results, the 2015 RAPA personnel should be sufficient to process any NPCC BES Exception requests received in 2015.

NPCC will use the NERC PMO developed BESnet application and related BES reference and guidance documents to assist industry in the implementation of the BES definition approved by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission. The BES reference and guidance documents, processes and tool are designed to provide industry with certainty and clarity about the implementation of the revised BES definition.

The procedure to request an exception from application of the BES definition is set forth in Appendix 5C to the NERC Rules of Procedure, effective July 1, 2014. The REMG formed the BES Exception Process Working Group (BEPWG) in 2012 – comprised of representations from the eight Regional Entities and NERC staff - to help create an efficient and effective Regional mechanism for processing Entity self-determined BES notifications and BES Exception requests. The activities of the BEPWG are expected to continue in 2015, in order to provide a Regional forum for consistent Regional BES Exception request review and 'lessons learned.'

### Eastern Interconnection Reliability Assessment Group <sup>35</sup>

The primary function of the Eastern Interconnection Reliability Assessment Group (ERAG) is to augment reliability of the bulk-power system in the Eastern Interconnection through periodic reviews of generation and transmission expansion. These assessments are conducted by the

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>29</sup> In support of ERO Goal 4.b - Events and system performance are consistently analyzed for sequence, cause, and remediation to identify reliability risks and trends and lessons learned.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>30</sup> In support of ERO Goal 4.d - Reliability models and data accurately represent system behavior and are shared among stakeholders.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>31</sup> In support of ERO Goal 5.c - The ERO internal risks are understood and managed; ERO processes are effective, efficient, and continuously improved.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>32</sup> In support of ERO Goal 4.a - Risks are identified and prioritized based on reliability impacts, cost and practicality of assessments, projected resources, and emerging issues.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>33</sup> In support of ERO Goal 2.a - The ERO registers and deregisters entities commensurate with risk to the BES and ensures all key reliability entities are certified to have essential capabilities.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>34</sup> FERC Order Accepting the Revised [BES] Definition at: http://www.nerc.com/pa/RAPA/BES%20DL/2014-03-20%20BES%20-%20FERC%20Order%20Approving%20Revised%20Definition.pdf

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>35</sup> In support of ERO Goal 4.d - Reliability models and data accurately represent system behavior and are shared among stakeholders.

ERAG Steering Committees. In addition, ERAG has the responsibility to develop the annual set of seasonal and future steady state and dynamic simulation base cases for use by the Regional Entities and other industry groups in the Eastern Interconnection. This is done through the ERAG Multi-Regional Modeling Working Group (MMWG). NPCC participates in the ERAG activities as one of the six Eastern Interconnection Regional Entities.

NPCC RAPA staff participates with the ERAG Management Committee and acts as the liaison between the ERAG MMWG and the NPCC SS-37 Working Group; activities include:

#### **Management Committee Activities**

- ✓ Oversee the steady state and dynamic simulation base case development;
- ✓ Make necessary changes to the modeling of governor-turbine control systems to achieve frequency response that more closely reflects actual response during system frequency deviation events. Oversee ERAG Multi-Regional Modeling Working Group (MMWG) changes to the dynamics base cases;
- ✓ Continue the review of the NERC governor survey information to assess how to revise the governor-turbine plant control models at most generators;
- ✓ Review the 2015 Summer and 2015-2016 Winter Assessments, including, the MRSS (MRO-RFC-SERC-SPP) and the R-N (RFC-NPCC) Assessments of anticipated inter-Regional, inter-Balancing Authority transfer limit conditions and sensitivities;
- ✓ Participate in discussions with NERC staff, North American Transmission Forum, NERC System Analysis and Modeling Subcommittee, FERC staff and possibly North American Generation Forum representatives regarding base case modeling improvements and future general industry modeling improvements;
- ✓ Develop ERAG Strategic Direction (i.e. anticipated new developments in MMWG process and system assessments); and,
- ✓ Confirm MMWG cases and assessments continue to have sufficient protections in place for use and transmittal of confidential data and information.

#### **Multi-Regional Modeling Working Group Items**

- ✓ Complete the steady state and dynamic simulation base cases for the 2015 series of cases;
- ✓ Complete necessary changes to the modeling of governor-turbine control systems to achieve frequency response that more closely reflects actual response during system frequency deviation events;
- ✓ Continue the review of the NERC governor survey information to assess how to revise the governor-turbine plant control models at most generators. Recommend the necessary changes in the models for specific generators;
- ✓ Incorporate dispatch information into the future and seasonal ERAG MMWG base cases so that the dispatches are more closely aligned with economic dispatch practices;
- ✓ Determine how the Regional MMWG case development processes will change due to the use of the new web-based System Dynamics Data Base program;
- ✓ Verify procedures in the MMWG manual are followed;
- ✓ Check and confirm that the dynamic model data passes all applicable checks and acceptance criteria. Include 60 second steady state simulation of each case to detect numerical errors; and,
- ✓ Apply changes to the MMWG dynamics case so they are available for interconnection dynamics studies.

#### **System Assessments Items**

- ✓ Completion of 2015 Summer and 2015-2016 Winter Assessments, including, the MRSS and the R-N Assessments of anticipated inter-Regional, inter-Balancing Authority transfer limit conditions and sensitivities; and,
- ✓ Take additional steps to achieve consistency among the MRSS and the R-N study forums assessments and practices. Make additional recommendations to the ERAG Management Committee on how to complete this process.

### NERC 36

Through its Task Forces and Working Groups, NPCC will continue to provide the NPCC Regional perspective with active NPCC RAPA staff participation on the NERC Planning and Operating Committees and key related NERC Subcommittees, Task Forces and Working Groups:

- ✓ Reliability Assessment Data Working Group (RADWG);
- ✓ Protection System Mis-operations Task Force (PSMTF);
- ✓ Spare Equipment Database Task Force (SEDTF);
- ✓ Demand Response Availability Data System Working Group (DADSWG);
- ✓ Generating Availability Data System Working Group (GADSWG);
- ✓ Transmission Availability Data System Working Group (TADSWG);
- ✓ Model Validation Working Group (MVWG);
- ✓ Reliability Assessment Subcommittee (RAS) Seasonal and Long-Term Reliability Assessments;
- ✓ System Analysis and Modeling Subcommittee (SAMS);
- ✓ Performance Analysis Subcommittee (PAS);
- ✓ Regional support and coordination of the NERC:
  - o Generator Availability Data System (GADS);
  - o Demand Availability Data System (DADS);
  - o Transmission Availability Data System (TADS);
  - o Spare Equipment Data Base System (SEDS);
- ✓ Incorporating any probabilistic reliability metrics required for the 2015 NERC Long-Term Reliability Assessment through the NPCC 2015 Long Range Adequacy Overview;
- ✓ Providing analytic support to ERO-RAPA group for the:
  - o Analysis of Relay and Special Protection System mis-operations;
  - Regional coordination of data required for the calculation of metrics proposed by the NERC Reliability Metrics Working Group; and,
  - o Other activities as directed by the ERO-Executive Management Group.

#### As well as:

- ✓ Updating the NPCC Electric System Map; Producing the annual NPCC Load, Capacity, Energy, Fuels, and Transmission (LCEFT) Report
- ✓ Liaison with the New York Defensive Strategies Working Group in coordination and implementation of Synchro-Phasor measurement devices on the NPCC and neighboring systems and monitor related efforts of the NERC North American Synchro-Phasor Initiative;
- ✓ Processing BES Exception requests received through the BES Exception Process;

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>36</sup> In support of ERO Goal 4 - Identify the most significant risks to reliability, be accountable for mitigating reliability risks, and promote a culture of reliability excellence.

- ✓ Participating in on-going NERC analysis of the Eastern Interconnection Frequency Response;
- ✓ Developing NPCC guidelines for load modeling in system reliability studies;
- ✓ Conducting NPCC resource adequacy assessments addressing impacts of emerging reliability issues identified by NERC (e.g., environmental requirements, gas-electric system interdependency, distributed generation, delays in transmission plans, etc.);
- ✓ Coordinating any resulting NPCC inter-Area reliability analyses required to assess the proposed integration of related large-scale renewable resource proposals from Regional activities;
- ✓ Completing the 2015 NERC Seasonal (and post Seasonal) Reliability Assessments; and,
- ✓ Completing the 2015 NERC Long-Term Reliability Assessment.

### 2015 Goals and Key Deliverables

#### **Task Force on Coordination of Planning**

The primary mission of the NPCC Task Force on Coordination of Planning (TFCP) is to promote reliability through the coordination of NPCC Area and NERC planning processes and activities. In addition, the TFCP provides technical support regarding operating expertise to the NPCC Regional Standards Committee and the NPCC Compliance Committee as requested.

TFCP activities include, but are not limited to:

- Leading the NPCC Task Force review of the revision of NPCC criteria, guidelines, and procedures related to planning, and of those documents which provide for the uniform implementation, interpretation and monitoring of compliance with criteria, guidelines and procedures related to planning.
- Supporting the NPCC Directory Project by either drafting, reviewing or approving directories.
- Coordinating, monitoring, reviewing, and making recommendations on proposed or modified Special Protection Systems.
- Facilitating Wide-Area Planning by supporting the Joint ISO/RTO Planning Committee Activities, implementation of the Northeast Planning Protocol, and performing any NPCC interconnection reliability analyses, as required.
- Reviewing the overall reliability of the NPCC Areas and performing multi-Area probabilistic reliability assessments.
- Identifying and assisting in the development of new Regional Reliability Standards.
- Assisting the NPCC Compliance Subcommittee, to monitor and coordinate the compliance efforts of the Areas with NPCC planning documents and registered entities with NERC Reliability Standards.
- Reviewing the Standards Authorization Requests and NERC Reliability Standards as well as participating in the NERC process. Educating and informing NPCC membership and registered entities of developments.
- Ensuring coordination of data and assumptions for conducting NPCC planning studies (i.e. load forecasts, reserve requirements, DOE EIA 411 data, and new facilities)
- Monitoring the activities of other NPCC Task Forces to ensure coordination with planning activities.
- Reviewing the adequacy of the NPCC systems to supply load considering forecast demand, installed and planned supply and demand resources and required reserve margins in accordance with NPCC Directory No. 1 based on a schedule set forth in the Reliability Assessment Program.

Coordinating the review of the compliance of future Area plans with the Basic Criteria, including an analysis of resource and transmission system additions, and the potential inter-Area effects of special protection systems, in accordance with NPCC Reliability Directory No.1 based on a schedule set forth in the Reliability Assessment Program. (Specific projects, which in the opinion of the Task Force could have an impact on the reliability of the NPCC Bulk Power System, may be reviewed outside of the set schedule).

#### Key TFCP Reliability Assessment and Performance Analysis Deliverables

- ✓ Coordinating activities related to reactive power and voltage control practices, which includes Under Voltage Load Shedding (UVLS) with the Task Force on Coordination of Operation and the Task Force on System Studies to ensure that developments in the NERC Planning Committee and its Subcommittees are addressed.
- ✓ Monitoring the actions of the NERC Performance Analysis Subcommittee (PAS).
- ✓ Monitoring the actions of the NERC System Analysis and Modeling Subcommittee (SAMS).
- ✓ Overseeing the A-10 BPS Implementation Plan.
- ✓ Overseeing the summer 2015 and winter 2015-2016 NPCC multi-area probabilistic reliability evaluations.
- ✓ Overseeing the 2015 NPCC Long-Range Adequacy Overview.
- ✓ Evaluating and approving Balancing Authority Area Transmission Reviews.
- ✓ Coordinating, monitoring, reviewing, and making recommendations on the retirement of existing in-service Special Protection Systems (SPS); and the implementation of proposed new or modified Special Protection Systems.
- ✓ Review the NPCC SPS criteria with respect to proposed NERC SPS Standards.
- ✓ Monitoring industry practices and making recommendations to NPCC on transmission adequacy standards related to intermittent generation such as wind or solar-voltaic.
- ✓ Reviewing and giving direction to other task forces on changes required to the Underfrequency Load Shedding (UFLS) program required to take into account increasing amounts of distribution connected generation and/or intermittent generation.
- ✓ Evaluating and recommending approval of NPCC Balancing Authority Area Resource Adequacy Assessments.
- ✓ Monitoring the developments in demand resources, energy efficiency, distributed generation and conservation methods including all intermittent renewable resources.
- ✓ Conducting resource adequacy assessment studies addressing emerging reliability issues as identified by the NERC Planning Committee (e.g., environmental requirements, etc.)
- ✓ Supporting Joint ISO/RTO Planning Committee activities.
- ✓ Facilitating Wide-Area Planning through participation in Regional and coordinating any resulting required inter-Area Reliability Assessment of the proposed integration related large-scale renewable resource proposals.
- ✓ Completion of the NERC 2015 Long-Term Reliability Assessment.
- ✓ Completion of the 2015 Review of NPCC Interconnection Assistance Reliability Benefits Study.
- ✓ Review NERC Events Analysis Lessons Learned for consideration in TFCP activities and processes.

#### **Task Force on System Studies**

The primary mission of the NPCC Task Force on System Studies (TFSS) is to provide active overall coordination of system studies of the reliability of the interconnected bulk power systems

and for the review of certain NPCC documents. In addition, the TFSS provides technical support regarding operating expertise to the NPCC Regional Standards Committee and the NPCC Compliance Committee as requested.

The activities of the TFSS include, but are not limited to:

- Participating with the Task Force on Coordination of Planning, the Task Force on Coordination of Operation, and the Task Force on System Protection in reviews of the NPCC Reliability Directory No.1 and other NERC Reliability Standards and NPCC criteria, guidelines, procedures and documents which provide for the uniform implementation, interpretation and monitoring of conformance to criteria, guidelines and procedures related to system studies.
- Conducting NPCC Balancing Authority Area Reviews, in accordance with NPCC Reliability Directory No. 1, based on material presented by the Balancing Authority Areas. These reviews will assess the impact of planned transmission and resource additions or modifications on system reliability, and determine the Balancing Authority Area's conformance with the NPCC Basic Criteria.
- Reviewing and approving changes to Balancing Authority Areas' lists of bulk power system elements, in accordance with the *Classification of Bulk Power System Elements* (Document A-10). Annually review and update the NPCC BPS List.
- Reviewing and classifying new and modified Special Protection Systems, in accordance with NPCC Reliability Directory No. 7. Annually reviewing and updating the NPCC Special Protection System List.
- Conducting such load flow, transient stability, and other studies as required analyzing the overall reliability of the planned bulk power transmission systems of NPCC and the interconnections between NPCC and other Regional reliability organizations. As a part of this effort, analyze potential inter-Area effects of Special Protection Systems.
- Conducting analytical studies as appropriate to support the coordination of system planning, system operation and system protection in NPCC.
- Maintaining, through the SS-37 Working Group, a library of load flow base cases and associated dynamics data, for use in and support of Balancing Authority Area Reviews, overall transmission assessments, operational studies, inter-Regional studies, etc. Coordinate this effort with the NERC inter-Regional base case development process.
- In conjunction with other Task Forces, reviewing major system disturbances to ascertain the adequacy of the interconnected systems. Also, reviewing any associated recommendations for system modifications and considering the need for criteria changes.
- Identifying and recommending improved system study techniques. This includes, but is not limited to, the following:
  - o improved techniques and models for power system simulation;
  - o improved techniques for power system Reliability Assessment;
- Conducting a periodic review of the adequacy of the NPCC underfrequency load shedding program. Annually reviewing and updating the NPCC underfrequency load shedding database.
- Maintaining a listing and monitoring the status of major transmission and generation projects within NPCC.
- Maintaining liaison with other NPCC Task Forces and report to the Reliability Coordinating Committee as required.
- Monitoring the work of industry research and development organizations such as the IEEE, Canadian Electricity Association, Electric Power Research Institute, CIGRE and other technical organizations.

Annually developing updates to the NPCC Electric System Map

#### **Key TFSS Reliability Assessment and Performance Analysis Deliverables:**

- ✓ Conducting Balancing Authority Area reviews, in accordance with the *Guidelines for NPCC Area Transmission Reviews* (Appendix B of NPCC Reliability Directory No. 1), based on material presented by the Balancing Authority Areas. These reviews assess the impact of planned transmission and resource additions or modifications on system reliability, and determine the Area's conformance with the NPCC Basic Criteria. Through the Area Transmission Reviews, re-evaluate the performance and classification of existing SPSs and Dynamic Control Systems as appropriate.
- ✓ Reviewing and classifying new and modified Special Protection Systems, in accordance with NPCC Reliability Directory No. 7 *Procedure for NPCC Review of New or Modified Bulk Power System Special Protection Systems* as required.
- ✓ Reviewing and approving changes to the Balancing Authority Areas' lists of bulk power system elements, in accordance with the *Classification of Bulk Power System Elements* (Document A-10), as required.
- ✓ Updating the NPCC Bulk Power System List.
- ✓ Through the ad hoc Load Modeling Task Force, address the recommendations from the SS-38 Load Modeling White Paper regarding the use of dynamic load models for transient stability analysis.
- ✓ Perform the Overall NPCC Transmission Assessment.
- ✓ Reviewing and updating NPCC Undervoltage Load Shedding Database.
- ✓ Participation in on-going NERC analysis of the Eastern Interconnection Frequency Response.
- ✓ Through the SS-37 Working Group, develop the annual library of power flow base cases and associated dynamic models for use by NPCC members and input into the development of the MMWG library of power flow and dynamic cases and databases for the Eastern Interconnection
  - i. Final development of NPCC power flow models for 2015
  - ii. Final development of NPCC dynamic models for 2015
  - iii. Address wind modeling issues including maintaining a database of NPCC wind models for use in the MMWG library of power flow and dynamic cases and databases for the Eastern Interconnection.
- ✓ Annually performing event replication and exercise the procedure. Reviewing existing Regional criteria and procedures for validation of data used in power flow and dynamic simulations by benchmarking against actual system performance. If the existing criteria or procedures are found to be deficient, propose changes to provide for adequate data validation
- ✓ Updating the NPCC SS-37 Working Group Procedure Manual and other related documents including the Master Tie line Data, and Interchange Schedule, as required.
- ✓ Providing mid-term updates to the Library of NPCC/MMWG cases
- ✓ Enhancing the governor modeling on a unit by unit basis suitable for use in the system simulation.
- ✓ Annually reviewing and updating a list of NPCC underfrequency load shedding.
- ✓ Coordinate activities with those of the New York State Defensive Strategies Working Group, regarding the coordination and implementation of Synro-Phasor measurement devices.
- ✓ Incorporate NPCC guidelines for load and power system modeling approved by the RCC
- ✓ Classification of Bulk Power System Elements.

- ✓ Participate at Siemens PTI User Group meetings to provide PSSE program enhancements
- ✓ Supporting Regional system studies to integrate large-scale renewable resources.
- ✓ Provide support to NERC Event Analysis process, as needed.
- ✓ Develop updates to the NPCC Electric System Map.
- ✓ Provide support to the NERC Model Validation Working Group (MVWG) as needed.
- ✓ Review NERC Events Analysis Lessons Learned for consideration in TFSS activities and processes.

#### **Task Force on System Protection (TFSP)**

The purpose of the NPCC Task Force on System Protection (TFSP) is to promote the reliable and efficient operation of the interconnected bulk power systems in Northeastern North America through the establishment of directories, criteria, guidelines, and procedures and coordination of design, relative to the protection associated with the bulk power systems. In addition, the TFSP provides technical support regarding operating expertise to the NPCC Regional Standards Committee and the NPCC Compliance Committee as requested.

The Reliability Assessment and Performance Analysis activities of the TFSP include, but are not limited to:

- Assessing proposed protection systems and special protection systems in accordance with NPCC Reliability Directory No. 4 and No. 7.
- Reviewing and analyzing the performance of protection systems following selected major power system disturbances and events, inside as well as outside NPCC in accordance with NPCC Reliability Directory No. 4. Issue recommendations for changes to NPCC Documents, as appropriate.
- Providing technical advice on protection issues to NPCC and coordinate with other Task Forces on the application of Intelligent Electronic Devices (IEDs) that include functions related to energy management systems in addition to their protective functions, in order to safeguard the integrity of the protective functions.
- Through the SP-7 Working Group, review, on a quarterly basis all protection system (including special protection system) misoperations reported to NPCC.
- Reviewing and assessing significant protection issues of common interest or informational value.
- Reviewing and assessing regulatory and industry based documents as they relate to system protection.
- Maintaining an effective liaison with North America groups working in the protection areas (for example: NERC System Protection & Control Subcommittee.)
- Exchanging information with other power pools, Regional Reliability Councils, Regional Transmission Organizations and other industry groups on matters concerned with system protection.
- Identifying the need for special studies and new documents, recommend action to the Reliability Coordinating Committee.

#### **Key TFSP Reliability Assessment and Performance Analysis Deliverables:**

- ✓ Assessing proposed protection systems and special protection systems for compliance with NPCC Directory No. 4 and No. 7 criteria.
- ✓ Reviewing and analyzing the performance of protection systems in power system disturbances and events, brought to the attention of the Task Force, inside as well as outside NPCC in accordance with *Procedures for Task Force on System Protection*

- *Review of Disturbances* (Document C-30). Issuing recommendations for changes to NPCC Documents, as appropriate.
- ✓ Develop a new NPCC Directory for Disturbance Monitoring Equipment for related criteria, guides and procedures.
- ✓ Participate or serve as lead Task Force in the development and/or implementation of Regional Reliability Standards.
- ✓ Providing support to the NERC Event Analysis process as required.
- ✓ Participate in the ongoing development and submission of NPCC input into the development of related NERC Reliability Standards.
- ✓ Conducting any follow-up to the bulk power system protection risk assessment as directed by the Reliability Coordinating Committee.
- ✓ Through the SP-7 Working Group, monitor the review of protection system (including special protection system) mis-operations as they occurred in the NPCC Region and participation in providing the NPCC input for NERC Metric ALR4-1 on Protection Misoperations.
- ✓ Monitor and review industry activities on the mitigation of the effects of SMD on protection systems. Report to RCC on any significant findings.
- ✓ Review mitigations and/or progress reports for BPS Risk Reduction Implementation at each meeting and annually report to the RCC on the status of this implementation.
- ✓ Participate in the development and submission of NPCC inputs/comments into the development of protection related NERC technical documents.
- ✓ Review best practices from its members and industry to pull together design considerations for the new IEC 61850 protection implementation with the output being possible additions to NPCC Directory No. 4 and Directory No. 7.
- ✓ Review NERC Events Analysis Lessons Learned for consideration in TFSP activities and processes.

#### **Task Force on Coordination of Operation**

The NPCC Task Force on Coordination of Operation (TFCO) facilitates the coordination of operations among the NPCC Reliability Coordinator areas and adjacent NERC Regions to enhance the reliability of the bulk power system. In addition, the TFCO provides technical support regarding operating expertise to the NPCC Regional Standards Committee and the NPCC Compliance Committee as requested.

The activities of the NPCC TFCO include, but are not limited to:

- Conducting seasonal reviews of the overall reliability of the generation and transmission systems in NPCC, and coordinating these efforts with parallel assessments conducted by the NPCC Task Force on Coordination of Planning and by NERC. Reviewing the operational preparedness of NPCC and recommending possible actions to mitigate any potential problems identified for each operating period.
- Reviewing operations and system disturbances and providing any necessary follow-up, including the recommendation of remedial or mitigating actions.
- Facilitating the reliable operational integration of new bulk power system facilities.
- Coordinating the development of operating NPCC requirements and procedures affecting
  the reliability and operability of the bulk power system in coordination with, and as
  directed by, NERC and NPCC.
- Promoting and sponsoring inter-Balancing Authority Area and inter-Regional studies to enhance reliability and operational effectiveness of the bulk power system.

- Providing coordination of operating issues with other NPCC Task Forces and other Regions.
- Reviewing, and acting upon, NERC actions, motions and recommendations in relation to the operation of the power system.
- Formulating the position of the TFCO on NERC Standards, and providing this position to the NPCC Regional Standards Committee as appropriate.
- Providing assistance as requested by the NPCC Regional Standards Committee in the development of Regional Standards and Directories.
- Providing assistance as requested by the NPCC Compliance Committee in monitoring and coordinating the compliance efforts of the registered entities of NPCC.

#### **Key TFCO Reliability Assessment and Performance Analysis Deliverables:**

- ✓ Review and analyze the performance of Simultaneous Activation of Reserve implementation following an event to enhance the process. Manage the implementation of action items emanating from the NERC report, "High-Impact, Low-Frequency Event Risk to the North American Bulk Power System-June 2010," and its subsequent reports:
  - > Severe Impact Resilience Severe Impact Resilience Task Force
  - > Geomagnetic Disturbance Task Force
  - > Cyber Attack Task Force
  - > Spare Equipment Database Task Force
  - Smart Grid Task Force
- ✓ Monitor the development of the NERC North American Synchro-Phasor Initiative in its effort to establish an effective control monitoring tool.
- ✓ Provide assistance to the NPCC Regional Standards Committee in the second phase of the NPCC directories process.
- ✓ Review NPCC Reliability Coordinator Area Restoration Plans.
- ✓ Complete the NPCC 2015 summer and winter Operational Reliability Assessments.
- ✓ Completion of the NERC 2015 Seasonal Reliability Assessments.
- ✓ Review NERC Events Analysis Lessons Learned for consideration in TFCO activities and processes.
- ✓ Support the implementation of the NERC Cyber Standards, as required.

#### NPCC Regulatory/Governmental Affairs Advisory Group

The purpose of the NPCC Regulatory/Governmental Affairs Advisory Group is to promote NPCC interaction and coordination with Federal/State/Provincial governmental and/or regulatory agencies on a coordinated Regional basis, and identify and develop policy input for NPCC and Northeast Regional governmental and/or regulatory bodies.

The NPCC Governmental/Regulatory Affairs Advisory Group provides a forum where industry and governmental and/or regulatory representatives can exchange views and strive to develop consensus policy recommendations on reliability issues specific to the NPCC Region (Northeastern United States and Eastern Canada) and share actionable information among NPCC, NERC and other related governmental and/or regulatory agencies related to Regional energy and reliability matters.

Based on the portion of professional/technical staff time and other resources devoted to Reliability Assessment and Performance Analysis, NPCC estimates that it will expend 21 percent of its resources on these activities.

#### Funding Sources and Requirements — Explanation of Increase (Decrease)

### Funding Sources (Other than ERO Assessments)

• U.S. Penalty Sanctions remitted from 7/1/13 through 6/30/14 reduce U.S. LSE designee assessments for 2015.

#### Personnel Expenses

- NPCC anticipates no need to hire additional personnel in this program area in 2015.
- Salaries expense reflects implementation of recommendations of NPCC's Management Development and Compensation Committee, which were based on an independent compensation study.
- Benefits expense decreased due to more staff opting out of company sponsored health insurance for superior coverage through prior employer or spouse.
- Retirement expense decreased due to transition of employees formerly accruing benefits under the defined benefit plan to receiving defined contribution benefits in 2015.

### Meeting and Travel Expenses

• While the amount of activity continues to increase in 2015, due to the volume of work described above, meeting expenses will be minimized to the extent possible due to continued efforts to keep costs down by holding meetings via conference calls and internet meetings, which are budgeted as a part of G&A and then allocated to the direct programs through indirect expenses, conducting meetings at the NPCC offices or member facilities, as well as negotiating lower meeting space rental rates.

### Operating Expenses and Indirect Expenses

- Reliability Assessment and Performance Analysis contracts expense increase is related to implementation of the revised BES definition.
- NPCC total overhead expenses, such as office rent and office costs will be charged to the Administrative Services Programs and then reallocated proportionately based on FTE to the programs through Indirect Expenses.

### Other Non-Operating Expenses

None

#### **Fixed Asset Additions**

None

### **Reliability Assessment and Performance Analysis Program**

Funding sources and related expenses for the Reliability Assessment and Performance Analysis section of the 2015 business plan are shown in the table below.

		Deliel	hility Accord	mant -	nd Darfarmar	nee Ana	lveie				
		Keliai	2014	ment a	nd Performar	Va 2014 P	riance Projection 4 Budget		2015	201	ariance 15 Budget 14 Budget
			Budget	F	Projection	Over	(Under)	Budget		Over(Under)	
Funding											
ERO Fur											
	ERO Assessments	\$	2,910,322	\$	2,910,322	\$	-	\$	2,993,133	\$	82,811
	Penalty Sanctions	-	32,017	-	32,017	-	-		60,790		28,773
Iotal Er	RO Funding	\$	2,942,339	\$	2,942,339	\$	-	\$	3,053,923	\$	111,585
	Membership Dues		-		-				-	_	
	Testing Fees		-		-				-		
	Services & Software		-		-		-		-		-
	Workshops		-		-		-		-		-
	Interest		-		-		-		-		-
	Miscellaneous		-		-		-		-		-
Total Fundi	ng (A)	\$	2,942,339	\$	2,942,339	\$	-	\$	3,053,923	\$	111,58
_						-				-	
Expenses	al Evnance			-		-		-		-	
Personn	el Expenses Salaries	•	004.000	•	004.000	•		•	027 000	•	22.07/
	Salaries Payroll Taxes	\$	904,028 60,329	\$	904,028 60,329	\$	-	\$	937,098 61,387	\$	33,070 1,058
	Benefits		226,225	-	226,225	+	- :	+	196,252	+	(29,973
	Retirement Costs		190,390		190,390			_	172,840		(17,550
Total Pe	ersonnel Expenses	\$	1,380,972	\$	1,380,972	\$	-	\$	1,367,577	\$	(13,39
		-	1,000,000	-	1,000,012	Ť		Ť	.,,	Ť	(10,000
Meeting	Expenses										
	Meetings	\$	45,000	\$	45,000	\$	-	\$	41,000	\$	(4,000
	Travel		175,000		175,000		-		185,000		10,000
	Conference Calls		-		-		-		-		-
Total Me	eeting Expenses	\$	220,000	\$	220,000	\$		\$	226,000	\$	6,000
Operatii	ng Expenses	-		-				_		-	
	Consultants & Contracts	\$	275,000	\$	275,000	\$	-	\$	365,000	\$	90,000
	Office Rent		12,000		12.000	-		_	-	-	- (42.000
	Office Costs Professional Services	_	13,000	-	13,000	-		-	-	-	(13,000
	Computer & Equipment Leases		-			-	-	_	-	-	
	Miscellaneous				-				-		
	Depreciation		-		-				-		
Total Or	perating Expenses	\$	288,000	\$	288,000	\$	-	\$	365,000	\$	77,000
		Ť		Ť		1		Ť	222,222	· ·	
	Total Direct Expenses	\$	1,888,972	\$	1,888,972	\$	-	\$	1,958,577	\$	69,60
Indirect	Expenses	\$	1,105,682	\$	1,105,682	\$	-	\$	1,116,695	\$	11,013
		_		_							
Other No	on-Operating Expenses	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Tatal Evens	vee e (P)	•	2 004 654	•	2 004 654	•	-		2.075.272	•	00.040
Total Expen	ises (b)	\$	2,994,654	\$	2,994,654	\$		\$	3,075,272	\$	80,618
Change in A	\ssets	\$	(52,315)	\$	(52,315)	\$		\$	(21,349)	\$	30,967
onango m.		Ť	(02,010)	Ť	(02,0.0)	Ť		Ť	(=1,0.0)	<u> </u>	
Fixed Asset	S										
	Depreciation	\$	-		-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
	Computer & Software CapEx		-		-		-		-		-
	Furniture & Fixtures CapEx		-		-		-		-		-
	Equipment CapEx		-		-		-		-		-
	Leasehold Improvements		-		-	-	-	_	-		-
				-		-		-			
	Allocation of Fixed Assets		(52,315)	-	(52,315)	-	-	-	(21,349)		30,96
Inc/Dec) in I	Fixed Assets (C)		(52,315)	_	(52 21F)	+		_	(21,349)	-	30,96
IIIC(Dec) IU I	INEU MOSELS (C)	_	(32,313)	_	(52,315)	-	<del>-</del>	_	(21,349)	_	30,96
TOTAL BUD	GET (=B+C)		2,942,339		2,942,339	1	-		3,053,923		111,58
	()	_	2,0 12,000	+	2,0 12,000				5,500,520		. 1 1,500

### Training, Education, and Operator Certification Program

Training, Education, and Operator Certification Program Resources										
(in	(in w hole dollars)									
			Increase							
	2014 Budget	2015 Budget	(Decrease)							
Total FTEs	0.10	0.10	0.00							
Direct Expenses	\$177,787	\$180,222	\$2,434							
Indirect Expenses	\$18,965	\$19,154	\$189							
Other Non-Operating Expenses	\$0	\$0	\$0							
Inc(Dec) in Fixed Assets	(\$897)	(\$366)	\$531							
Total Funding Requirement	\$195,855	\$199,010	\$3,154							

#### **Program Scope and Functional Description**

The NPCC Training, Education, and Operator Certification program supports NERC Rules of Procedure Section 900. The program provides education and training necessary to understand and operate the bulk electric system. The target audience of the program is bulk power system operating personnel - including system operations personnel, operations support personnel (engineering and information technology), supervisors and managers, and training personnel. This program also supports the administration of records necessary to maintain status as a NERC Continuing Education provider. NPCC staff training and development is incorporated within each respective program area.

#### **Training Program Background and Description**

NPCC establishes and coordinates programs for system operator training relating to inter-Reliability Coordinator area matters, criteria, terminology, standards and operating procedures and instructions. It develops and conducts training seminars, held twice yearly, at which potential operational problems for the coming season are discussed, the implementation of NPCC standards and procedures are discussed, significant disturbances are reviewed for lessons to be learned and table-top drills and communication and coordination exercises are conducted. The seminars promote camaraderie and better communication among system operators from the NPCC Reliability Coordinator Areas.

NPCC shares, evaluates and proposes new techniques and training aids as they become available; reviews opportunities to consolidate training among the NPCC Reliability Coordinators, which includes opportunities to share training material and training sessions and exchanges information on internal methods of system operator selection and training.

In addition, NPCC participates in the activities of the NERC Staff Training Group (STG). The main objective of the NERC STG is to coordinate the development of Regional Entity and NERC staff training and registered entity education materials to support and continually enhance reliability across North America for the benefit of all bulk electric system users, owners, and operators. The main focus of this group has been on NERC compliance auditor training.

#### **Funding Drivers and Reliability Benefits**

- Provide two high-quality continuing education seminars for system operators
  - O System operators participating in the Seminars get exposure to NPCC issues and current industry operations topics, review recent NPCC or major external disturbances, discuss projected conditions for the coming summer or winter peak season and participate in hands on "table top exercises" pertaining to system operation practices. PJM operators also attend and participate in these seminars.
  - Seminar attendees also receive Continuing Education Hours (CEHs) and each Balancing Authority Area utilizes the seminar content by including it in their internal training programs to provide CEHs to all system operators
  - o The seminars help to improve system operation coordination through better camaraderie among operators
- Review and revise the curriculum of the training seminars to better emphasize NERC standards, Regional Standards and business practices, NPCC wide-area operations and Regionally-specific criteria and procedures.<sup>37</sup>
- Enhance the system operator's awareness and knowledge of the standards, criteria and procedures they apply in real time operation.<sup>38</sup>
- Provide more sharing of new training approaches, exchange of information on internal methods of system operator selection, training material and training sessions.
  - Enhance efficiency and cost savings in the training programs in the NPCC Balancing Authority Areas
- Provide a forum among NPCC Reliability Coordinator / Balancing Authority (RC / BA)
   Areas for sharing of approaches to meet the requirements of the NERC PER standards.
   The sharing of approaches used by some NPCC Areas to address the PER-005-1,
   Requirement 3.1 on Training using simulator technology has been especially valuable to
   CO-2 Working Group members.
- Determine what changes would be needed for the NPCC Reliability Coordinator / Balancing Authority Areas to meet proposed expanded Systematic Approach to Training (SAT) requirement for operations support staff in PER-005-2.

#### 2015 Key Assumptions

NPCC will conduct two workshops in 2015, for NPCC Stakeholders, for the express purpose of providing the most current and applicable information related to the development of NERC and Regional Reliability Standards and the implementation of the Compliance Monitoring and Enforcement Program (CMEP). These workshops are specifically designed, primarily through the conduct of targeted breakout class room sessions and presentations on current industry related activities, to provide for the most efficient exchange of information between the NPCC Compliance and Standards Staff and the NPCC Stakeholders. Presentations in the past have been conducted by FERC, NERC and Stakeholder representatives in addition to NPCC Staff members. To supplement these workshops, NPCC is also considering expanding the use of on-

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>37</sup> In support of ERO goal 4.b. Provide lessons learned and recommendations from events and identified risks. <sup>38</sup> In support of ERO goal 4.b. Analyze significant events to identify gaps in standards, compliance effectiveness, registration, and risk controls effectiveness.

line webinars. These webinars will focus on a specific topic pertinent to developments related to compliance program implementation, standards development or technical topics.

NPCC also regularly conducts spring and fall System Operator Seminars. These seminars involve system operators from the NPCC Reliability Coordinator / Balancing Authority Areas and PJM. These will be held in early May and early November.

With the exception of meeting expenses, it is proposed that the NPCC resources to support Training and Education will remain virtually unchanged for the calendar year. In 2015, to be consistent with NERC and other Regional Entities, NPCC will charge for participation in NPCC workshops in an effort to defray some of the costs.

#### 2015 Goals and Key Deliverables

- Prepare and conduct the spring and autumn NPCC System Operator Seminars
- Review approaches to reliability related-task definition, task instruction, and instruction tracking on an individual basis. Coordinate the effects of the PER-005-2 expanded SAT training requirements within the NPCC RC / BA Area programs.
- Expand the content of the Reliability Coordinator training programs, based on the new requirements generated by PER-005-2.
- Continue collaboration and sharing of the intended RC / BA approaches, experiences and materials to task identification and training development associated with NERC Standard PER-005-2.
- Create and expand the restricted-access NPCC repository of training resources and learning verification activities addressing fundamental power system topics, training methods and operation procedure training exercises, which may be shared as elements of operator training in compliance with NERC Standard PER-005, "System Personnel Training".
- Participate in NERC Staff Training Group activities and provide NPCC input to the development of training policies by this group.

Based on the portion of professional/technical staff time and other resources devoted to training, education, and operator certification, NPCC estimates that it will expend 1 percent of its resources on this activity.

### Funding Sources and Requirements — Explanation of Increase (Decrease)

Funding Sources (Other than ERO Assessments)

• U.S. Penalty Sanctions remitted from 7/1/13 through 6/30/14 reduce U.S. LSE designee assessments for 2015.

#### Personnel Expenses

- NPCC anticipates no need to hire additional personnel in this program area in 2015.
- Salaries expense reflects implementation of recommendations of NPCC's Management Development and Compensation Committee, which were based on an independent compensation study.
- Benefits expense decreased due to more staff opting out of company sponsored health insurance for superior coverage through prior employer or spouse.
- Retirement expense decreased due to transition of employees formerly accruing benefits under the defined benefit plan to receiving defined contribution benefits in 2015.

### Operating Expenses and Indirect Expenses

 NPCC total overhead expenses, such as office rent and office costs will be charged to the Administrative Services Programs and then reallocated proportionately based on FTE to the programs through Indirect Expenses.

### Other Non-Operating Expenses

None

#### **Fixed Asset Additions**

None

### **Training, Education, and Operator Certification Program**

Funding sources and related expenses for the training, education, and operator certification section of the 2015 business plan are shown in the table below.

					ion, and 2 I Operator C						
		Irair	2014	ion, and	2014	Vai 2014 P	riance rojection 1 Budget		2015	2015	riance 5 Budget 4 Budget
			Budget	Pı	ojection	Over	(Under)		Budget	Ove	er(Under)
Funding											
ERO Fur											
	ERO Assessments	\$	131,306	\$	131,306	\$	-	\$	133,967	\$	2,661
	Penalty Sanctions		549	•	549 <b>131.855</b>	•	-		1,043	_	494
Iotal ER	O Funding	\$	131,855	\$	131,855	\$	-	\$	135,010	\$	3,154
	Membership Dues		-		-				-		-
	Testing Fees		-		-		-		-		-
	Services & Software		-		-		-		-		-
	Workshops		64,000		64,000		-		64,000		-
	Interest		-		-		-		-		-
	Miscellaneous		-		-		-		-		-
Total Fundir	ng (A)	\$	195,855	\$	195,855	\$	-	\$	199,010	\$	3,154
Expenses						-					
	el Expenses		4		4=			_	12.120		
	Salaries	\$	17,448	\$	17,448	\$	-	\$	18,460	\$	1,012
	Payroll Taxes Benefits		1,063 4,500		1,063 4,500	-		-	1,274 4,052		211
	Retirement Costs		4,776		4,500		- :	_	4,052	+	(341
	rsonnel Expenses	\$	27,787	\$	27,787	\$		\$	28,222	\$	434
TOTALLE	isoliller Expenses	Ψ	21,101	Ą	21,101	Ψ	<u> </u>	Ψ	20,222	Ψ	434
Meeting	Expenses										
	Meetings	\$	135,000	\$	135,000	\$	-	\$	137,000	\$	2,000
	Travel	,	15,000	1	15,000	<u> </u>	-	· ·	15,000	1	-
	Conference Calls		-		-		-		-		-
Total Me	eeting Expenses	\$	150,000	\$	150,000	\$	-	\$	152,000	\$	2,000
0						-		-			
	ng Expenses Consultants & Contracts	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
	Office Rent	Ф	-	a a		)		•	-	- D	
	Office Costs		-		-				-		-
	Professional Services		-		-		-		-		
	Computer & Equipment Leases		-		-				-		
	Miscellaneous		-		-		-		-		-
	Depreciation		-		-		-		-		-
	perating Expenses	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	
	Total Direct Expenses	\$	177,787	\$	177,787	\$		\$	180,222	\$	2,434
Indirect	Expenses	\$	18,965	\$	18,965	\$	-	\$	19,154	\$	189
Other No		•		•		•		•		•	
Other No	on-Operating Expenses	\$	-	\$	-	\$		\$		\$	-
Total Expen	ses (B)	\$	196,753	\$	196,753	\$	-	\$	199,376	\$	2,623
Change in A	Assets	\$	(897)	\$	(897)	\$	-	\$	(366)	\$	531
						1					
Fixed Assets								-			
	Depreciation	\$	-		-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
	Computer & Software CapEx		-		-	-	-	-	-		-
	Furniture & Fixtures CapEx Equipment CapEx		-		-	-	-	-	-		-
	Leasehold Improvements		-		-	+		-	-		
	2000 Onoid improvements		-		-		-		-		
	Allocation of Fixed Assets		(897)		(897)		-		(366)		53′
nc(Dec) in F	Fixed Assets (C)		(897)		(897)				(366)		53
	· ·										
TOTAL BUD	GET (=B+C)		195,855	-	195,855	-	-		199,010		3,154

### **Situation Awareness and Infrastructure Security Program**

Situation Awareness and Infrastructure Security Program Resources									
(in w hole dollars)									
			Increase						
	2014 Budget	2015 Budget	(Decrease)						
Total FTEs	3.00	3.00	0.00						
Direct Expenses	\$922,070	\$937,689	\$15,619						
Indirect Expenses	\$568,962	\$574,629	\$5,667						
Other Non-Operating Expenses	\$0	\$0	\$0						
Inc(Dec) in Fixed Assets	(\$26,920)	(\$10,986)	\$15,935						
Total Funding Requirement	\$1,464,111	\$1,501,332	\$37,221						

#### **Program Scope and Functional Description**

The Situation Awareness and Infrastructure Security Program is the combination of near real time awareness of conditions on the bulk power system with the programs necessary to increase the physical and cyber security of the electricity infrastructure, including the operation and maintenance of tools and other support services for the benefit of Reliability Coordinators and the system operators within the registered entities. Maintaining the real-time awareness of conditions on the interconnected bulk power systems by the NPCC Reliability Coordinator is critical to maintaining reliable operation within NPCC, including the communication of information concerning system conditions and abnormal events among the neighboring system operators responsible for the reliable operation of the bulk power systems. When a disturbance does occur, it is critical to use the event as a learning opportunity and provide a forum for the active coordination of reliability and operation among the NPCC Reliability Coordinator areas and neighboring NERC Regions to enhance the reliability of the interconnected bulk power system through the lessons to be learned which can be gleaned from such an event.

### Event Analysis Program<sup>39</sup>

NERC and the industry pursue three avenues in the analysis of a disturbance: the identification of lessons to be learned, a formal cause code analysis and a review of applicable standards.

The Event Analysis Program recognizes that many events which occur on the bulk power system beyond the routine reporting requirements previously in place can have varying levels of significance to the electric system, providing otherwise unrealized lessons to be learned from these events and the trending of such events to identify possible reliability concerns. By integrating a "bottom-up" approach to a disturbance review within the framework of the NERC Event Analysis Program, consistency, comparability, flexibility and timeliness in the event analysis process will be promoted by NPCC, the registered entities and NERC in a collaborative initiative. Upon the identification of an event, the goal of the Event Analysis Program is to:

- identify what transpired;
- categorize the event within the NERC Event Analysis Program;

<sup>39</sup> In support of ERO Goal 4.b. Events and system performance are consistently analyzed for sequence, cause, and remediation to identify reliability risks and trends and lessons learned.

- establish the sequence of events;
- understand the essential root causes of the event;
- identify recommendations or corrective actions; and
- develop and disseminate to the industry, lessons to be learned so that the operational reliability of the bulk power system can be further enhanced.

In assessing any system event, it is recognized that, if the timely dissemination of lessons learned from an event or disturbance is to be realized, any potential compliance implications associated with an event must be addressed and dismissed. Throughout an event analysis effort, to make this process successful and complete, and to solidify the "bottom-up" approach, registered entities are encouraged to establish a liaison between the event analysis and compliance functions internal to the registered entity during the event analysis process. This serves to facilitate the development of a registered entity compliance self-assessment report which will perform a sufficiency review of the reliability standards deemed applicable to the event, assisting in the self-reporting of possible violations should any be discovered.

To complete this effort, the entity, the Region and NERC staff collaborate to assess the NERC Event Analysis Report and perform a formal cause code analysis, identifying a root cause and complementing any lessons learned gathered from the disturbance.

The adoption by NERC of the Event Analysis Program brings clarity and certainty about what system events are relevant to analyze and to what level of detail, targeting potential vulnerabilities to the reliability of the bulk power system for detailed and in depth analysis; only concise and succinct reviews are desired for more minor events. It also delineates the expectations of roles and responsibilities of the registered entities, NPCC and NERC in a uniform review of system disturbances by the industry, and, ultimately, the program promotes the timely development and dissemination of valuable lessons learned to the industry. The identification and tracking of emerging common elements in system events will further distinguish trends which may be of concern to reliability. By rigorously pursuing the lesser events on the system and learning from these disturbances, the larger event can be avoided or mitigated.

NPCC Staff works step-by-step with the registered entity in the total event analysis process, permitting the entity to assume the primary role in the initial analysis, the development of lessons learned which may benefit the industry and the Standards sufficiency review.

### NERC Alert Process 40

NPCC Staff works with the registered entities to appropriately respond to the NERC Alert system, a process through which notifications of potential threats to electric reliability are disseminated to the industry with the expectations placed on the entity proportional to the severity of the Alert being issued.

NPCC Staff is also working closely with the NERC Staff to incorporate greater efficiencies, industry input and precision into the NERC proposal for a more streamlined NERC Alert process which can disseminate critical information to the appropriate Subject Matter Expert within the organization who can promptly act on the alert.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>40</sup> In support of ERO Goal 4.c. ERO supports industry situational awareness and cybersecurity preparedness and provides independent reliability information to policy makers.

#### Operational Status 41

On an ongoing, but non-real time basis, NPCC monitors the operational status of the bulk power system and coordinates normal and pre-emergency communication, awareness and assistance in addition to the same during an emergency among the Reliability Coordinators within NPCC and its neighboring RCs: the New Brunswick Power Corporation, Hydro-Québec TransÉnergie, the ISO New England, Inc., the New York ISO and the Independent Electricity System Operator in Ontario. The industry is notified of significant bulk power system events that have occurred in one Reliability Coordinator Area, and which have the potential to impact reliability in other NPCC Reliability Coordinator Areas or Regions external to NPCC. These events include contingencies on the bulk power system, potential shortfalls of operating reserve, operating problems, potential security threats and potential threats or disruptions to the cyber systems.

The "NPCC Emergency Preparedness Conference Call Procedures" provide a mechanism that enables the Reliability Coordinator in NPCC, and, as circumstances may require, their counterparts in neighboring Regions, to rapidly communicate the status of current operating conditions, to facilitate the procurement of assistance during emergency conditions and to identify potential physical or cyber threats to the system.

Items of particular concern that can be discussed during the calls may include, but are not limited to, the following: anticipated weather conditions critical to the system or systems experiencing or projecting resource deficiencies; load forecast; largest first and second contingencies; potential need for emergency transfers; operating reserve requirements and expected available operating reserve capacity deficiencies; potential fuel shortages or potential fuel supply disruptions which could lead to energy shortfalls; identified or projected voltage conditions; status of short term transactions; additional capability available within four hours and additional capability available within twelve hours; generator outages; significant transmission outages; expected transfer limits and limiting elements; anticipated implementation of NERC Transmission Loading Relief (TLR); changes in the status of relay protection systems; arming of special protection systems not normally armed; and/or the application of abnormal operating procedures.

NPCC has also established a daily conference call to serve as a complement to the NPCC Emergency Preparedness Conference Call. The participants of the call are the Reliability Coordinators within NPCC and its neighboring RCs, the Midwest ISO and PJM. The conference call is implemented through a bridge, the initiation of the call quickly ringing all pre-selected telephones simultaneously. The goal of the call is to alert all Reliability Coordinators of emerging problems. If no system difficulties are anticipated for the day, no unnecessary information is to be discussed. Subjects for discussion are limited to credible events which could impact the ability of an entity to serve its load and meet its operating reserve obligations or would impose a burden to the interconnection, including the following: Projected Load; Adverse Weather; Operating Reserve; Generation; Transmission; and Sabotage. If conditions worsen in the course of the day, the NPCC Emergency Preparedness Conference Call will be implemented.

NPCC monitors the status of the bulk power system through the NERC Situational Awareness-FERC, NERC, Regions (SAFNR) initiative, a near real-time operating display for the United States portion of the Reliability Coordinators footprints of North America. Transmission voltage

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>41</sup> In support of ERO Goal 4.c. ERO supports industry situational awareness and cybersecurity preparedness and provides independent reliability information to policy makers.

levels of 230 kV and above are displayed, and the tool provides the ability to "drill down" to detailed bus information.

To ensure the capability for continued voice communications among NPCC and its Reliability Coordinators, a satellite telephone network was also established, and it is tested on a monthly basis. This back-up communications system will function in the event of a collapse of the Public Switched Telephone Network (PSTN), and cross-border voice communications can still be maintained among the Canadian Reliability Coordinators of NPCC and the Reliability Coordinators in the United States.

#### **Critical Infrastructure Objectives**

NPCC's critical infrastructure objectives are defined within the scope of the NPCC Task Force on Infrastructure Security & Technology, (TFIST) and include, but are not confined to:

- Providing a forum for NPCC review of proposed and posted documents from the NERC Critical Infrastructure Protection Committee (CIPC)
- Representing and advocating NPCC's position in the activities of NERC groups involved in the development and/or implementation of physical and cyber security

NPCC's 2015 critical infrastructure goals and objectives, as identified by the 2014-2015 Work Plan of the Task Force on Infrastructure Security and Technology include, but are not confined to:

- Oversee the implementation of version 5 of the CIP Standards
- Monitor the Homeland Security Information Network (HSIN), ES-ISAC, Critical Information Protection Information Sharing (CIPIS), NERC Alerts and Canadian Information Sharing and share information with CO-8<sup>42</sup>
- Coordinate Cyber Protection activities, discussions and hold workshops as may be required to maintain Cyber Security of BES Cyber Assets.<sup>43</sup>
- Provide continued support and participation in NERC's Critical Infrastructure Protection Committee (CIPC)<sup>44</sup>
- Review and submit comments on NERC proposed Reliability Standards, modified Reliability Standards, proposed Guidelines and modified Guidelines related to Infrastructure Security and Technology
- Keep current on all governmental agencies regarding applicable security recommendations and requirements, and other applicable security and reliability recommendations and keep the RCC and its committees appropriately informed, e.g. Sector Specific Plan.
- Develop and maintain levels of expertise in those areas of concern to the task force through activities such as periodic workshop presentations, seminars, and meetings, open to the general NPCC membership<sup>45</sup>.
- Regarding the Cross Border Emergency Telecommunications recommendation
  - o Continue to annually report to RCC on this testing

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>42</sup> In support of ERO Goal 5.b. Issue and track security recommendations to protect the bulk power system (related to 5.a.ii.)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>43</sup> In support of ERO Goal 1. b. Facilitate smooth transition of new standards (e.g., CIP Version 5); and ERO Goal 3.a. Initiate compliance phase-in learning periods for new standards

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>44</sup>In support of ERO Goal 5.a. Manage risk control initiatives to be completed by ERO and coordinate other initiatives with industry (e.g., relay misoperations, situational awareness, human error, cyber attack)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>45</sup> In support of ERO Goal 5.b. Expand the use and value of security threat and vulnerability information sharing, analytics, and analysis

- o Continue to support CO-8's monthly testing
- Assess the telecommunications industry's desire to convert Frame Relay customers to Multiprotocol Label Switching (MPLS) and potentially provide recommendations to RCC

#### **System Operations Security Objectives**

NPCC's system operations security objectives are defined within the scope of the NPCC Task Force on Coordination of Operation (TFCO) and include, but are not confined to:

- Coordinating inter-Regional pre-emergency actions in the event of a threat to the security of the Northeastern North American bulk power supply system<sup>46</sup>
- Assisting in the development of real time operating tools assuring cyber security concerns are addressed 47

NPCC's 2015 operational situation awareness goals and objectives, as identified by the 2014-2015 Work Plan of the NPCC Task Force on Coordination of Operation (TFCO) include, but are not confined to:

- Continue to monitor the reliable implementation of version 5 of the Cyber Standards.
- Work directly with applicable NPCC Task Forces to provide an in depth assessment of Lessons Learned unique to the NPCC members and NPCC criteria.

#### 2015 Key Assumptions

- The monitoring of Lessons Learned will be a major focus of NERC in 2015.
- Critical infrastructure protection will fully integrate the requirements of version 5 of the Cyber Standards in 2015.

#### 2015 Goals and Key Deliverables

- Continue to monitor the reliable implementation of version 5 of the Cyber Standards.
- Work directly with applicable NPCC Task Forces to provide an in depth assessment of Lessons Learned unique to the NPCC members and NPCC criteria.
- Establish a unique NPCC Event Analysis web site to post NPCC Lessons Learned.
- Contribute to the reduction of Category 3 events and no Category 4 or 5 events in NPCC- by disseminating to the RCC compiled information on NPCC Region specific, as well as industry wide, event related causal analysis and analysis of Lessons Learned.<sup>49</sup>

Based on the portion of professional/technical staff time and other resources devoted to situation awareness and infrastructure security, NPCC estimates that it will expend 10 percent of its resources on this activity.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>46</sup> In support of ERO Goal 5.b.Issue and track security recommendations to protect the bulk power system (related to 5.a.ii.)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>47</sup> In support of ERO Goal 5.a. Manage risk control initiatives to be completed by ERO and coordinate other initiatives with industry (e.g., relay misoperations, situational awareness, human error, cyber attack) <sup>48</sup> In support of ERO Goal 5.a. Manage risk control initiatives to be completed by ERO and coordinate other

initiatives with industry (e.g., relay misoperations, situational awareness, human error, cyber attack)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>49</sup> In support of ERO Goal 4.b. Provide lessons learned and recommendations from events and identified risks

#### Funding Sources and Requirements — Explanation of Increase (Decrease)

#### Funding Sources (Other than ERO Assessments)

• U.S. Penalty Sanctions remitted from 7/1/13 through 6/30/14 reduce U.S. LSE designee assessments for 2015.

### Personnel Expenses

- NPCC anticipates no need to hire additional personnel in this program area in 2015.
- Salaries expense relects implementation of recommendations of NPCC's Management Development and Compensation Committee, which were based on an independent compensation study.
- Benefits expense decreased due to more staff opting out of company sponsored health insurance for superior coverage through prior employer or spouse.
- Retirement expense decreased due to transition of employees formerly accruing benefits under the defined benefit plan to receiving defined contribution benefits in 2015.

### Operating Expenses and Indirect Expenses

- NPCC total overhead expenses, such as office rent and office costs will be charged to the Administrative Services Programs and then reallocated proportionately based on FTE to the programs through Indirect Expenses.
- Consultants and contracts expense increase in support of NPCC's efforts to assess and improve system frequency and generator governor response.

### Other Non-Operating Expenses

None

#### **Fixed Asset Additions**

None

**Situation Awareness and Infrastructure Security Program**Funding sources and related expenses for the situation awareness and infrastructure security section of the 2015 business plan are shown in the table below.

					tion, and 2						
		Situ	ation Awaren	ess an	a infrastructi		riance			V	ariance
							rojection				5 Budget
			2014		2014		4 Budget		2015		14 Budget
			Budget	F	Projection		(Under)		Budget		er(Under)
Funding						-	(0.1.00.)		g	1	(
ERO Fui	ndina										
	ERO Assessments	\$	1,447,636	\$	1,447,636	\$	-	\$	1,470,051	\$	22,415
	Penalty Sanctions		16,475	1	16,475	1	-	1	31,281	Ť	14,806
Total EF	RO Funding	\$	1,464,111	\$	1,464,111	\$	-	\$	1,501,332	\$	37,221
		· ·	.,,	,	.,,	1		Ť	.,,	Ť	
	Membership Dues				-		-		-		-
	Testing Fees		-		-		-		-		-
	Services & Software		-		-		-		-		-
	Workshops		-		-		-		-		-
	Interest		-		-		-		-		-
	Miscellaneous		-		-		-		-		-
Total Fundi		\$	1,464,111	\$	1,464,111	\$	-	\$	1,501,332	\$	37,221
	<u> </u>	-	,,		, , , , ,				,,	T	
Expenses											
	nel Expenses										
	Salaries	\$	522,672	\$	522,672	\$	-	\$	541,258	\$	18,586
	Payroll Taxes	<b>—</b>	32,961	1	32,961	Ť	-	1	32,811	Ť	(150)
	Benefits		88,851		88,851		-		80,801		(8,049)
	Retirement Costs		117,586		117,586		-		107,819		(9,767
Total Pe	ersonnel Expenses	\$	762,070	\$	762,070	\$	-	\$	762,689	\$	619
Totali	Tooliner Experiees	<u> </u>	102,010	<u> </u>	702,010	<u> </u>		*	102,000	<u> </u>	- 0.0
Meeting	Expenses										
Weening	Meetings	\$	25.000	\$	25,000	\$		\$	15,000	\$	(10,000)
	Travel	Ψ	60,000	Ψ	60,000	Ψ		Ÿ	60.000	Ψ	(10,000)
	Conference Calls		-		-				-		
Total Ma	eeting Expenses	\$	85,000	\$	85,000	\$	-	\$	75,000	\$	(10,000)
TOTAL INI	Ecting Expenses	Ψ	03,000	Ψ	03,000	Ψ		Ψ	10,000	Ψ	(10,000
Operation	ng Expenses										
Ороган	Consultants & Contracts	\$	75,000	\$	75,000	\$		\$	100,000	\$	25,000
	Office Rent	Ψ	70,000	Ψ	70,000	Ψ	-	Ψ	100,000	Ψ	20,000
	Office Costs		-		_		-				
	Professional Services		_		-		-				
	Computer & Equipment Leases		-		-				-		-
	Miscellaneous		-		_		-				
	Depreciation		_				-		_		
Total Or	perating Expenses	\$	75,000	\$	75,000	\$		\$	100,000	\$	25,000
Total O	beraulig Expenses	Ψ	73,000	Ψ	73,000	Ψ		Ψ	100,000	Ψ	25,000
	Total Direct Expenses	\$	922,070	\$	922,070	\$	-	\$	937,689	\$	15,619
	Total Biredi Expenses	<u> </u>	02E,010	<u> </u>	322,070	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	301,000	<u> </u>	10,010
Indirect	Expenses	\$	568,962	\$	568,962	\$	-	\$	574,629	\$	5,667
			,								
Other N	on-Operating Expenses	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Total Expen	ises (B)	\$	1,491,031	\$	1,491,031	\$	-	\$	1,512,318	\$	21,286
		· ·	1,101,001	1	.,,	1		Ť	.,,	Ť	
Change in A	Assets	\$	(26,920)	\$	(26,920)	\$	-	\$	(10,986)	\$	15,935
Fixed Asset	S										
	Depreciation	\$	-		-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
	Computer & Software CapEx		-		-		-		-	1	
	Furniture & Fixtures CapEx		-		-		-		-		
	Equipment CapEx		-		-		-		-		
	Leasehold Improvements		-		-		-		-		
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,									1	
	Allocation of Fixed Assets		(26,920)		(26,920)		-		(10,986)		15,935
			(20,020)		(20,020)				(10,000)		. 0,000
Inc(Dec) in I	Fixed Assets (C)		(26,920)		(26,920)		-		(10,986)		15,935
.,,			,,		(,5)				(12,220)		-,,,,,,
TOTAL BUD	GET (=B+C)		1,464,111		1,464,111		-		1,501,332		37,221
											,
				_		\$	-	\$			

#### **Administrative Services**

Administrative Services Program Resources									
(in	(in w hole dollars)								
	2014 D. 1	0015 D 1	Increase						
	2014 Budget	2015 Budget	(Decrease)						
Total FTEs	9.00	9.00	0.00						
Total Direct Expenses	\$5,689,616	\$5,746,287	\$56,671						
Other Non-Operating Expenses	\$0	\$0	\$0						
Inc(Dec) in Fixed Assets	\$0	\$0	\$0						
Less: Other Funding Sources	\$0	\$0	\$0						
Total Allocation to Regional Entity Division	(\$5,283,757)	(\$5,336,385)	(\$52,629)						
Programs as Indirect Expenses									
Total Allocation to Criteria Services	(\$405,859)	(\$409,902)	(\$4,043)						
Division Programs as Indirect Expenses									
Funding Requirement for Working Capital	(\$300,126)	(\$355,161)	(\$55,035)						
and Operating Reserves									

#### **Program Scope and Functional Description**

Administrative services support the previously identified five program areas of: reliability standards; compliance monitoring and enforcement and organization registration and certification; training, education, and operator certification; reliability assessment and performance analysis; and situation awareness and infrastructure security. Administrative services consist of: technical committees and members' forums; general and administrative; legal and regulatory; information technology; human resources; and finance and accounting.

## Methodology for Allocation of Administrative Services Expenses to Programs

NPCC total overhead expenses, such as office rent and office costs, will be charged to the Administrative Services Programs and then reallocated proportionately based on FTE to the programs through Indirect Expenses.

### Funding Sources and Requirements — Explanation of Increase (Decrease)

### Personnel Expenses

- NPCC anticipates no need to hire additional personnel in this program area in 2015.
- Salaries expense reflects implementation of recommendations of NPCC's Management Development and Compensation Committee, which were based on an independent compensation study.
- Benefits expense decreased due to more staff opting out of company sponsored health insurance for superior coverage through prior employer or spouse.

### **Administrative Services**

Funding sources and related expenses for the Administrative Services section of the 2015 business plan are shown in the table below.

Total ERO  Months of the second of the secon	RO Assessments enalty Sanctions Funding embership Dues esting Fees ervices & Software //orkshops terest iscellaneous (A)  Expenses alaries ayroll Taxes enefits etirement Costs sonnel Expenses	\$	2014 Budget  (300,126) - (300,126) (300,126)  1,676,735 96,083 442,256 425,270		2014 Projection  (300,126)  - (300,126)  (300,126)  1,676,735 96,083 442,256	Vai 2014 P v 2014	riance Projection 4 Budget (Under)	\$	2015 Budget (355,161) - (355,161) - - - - (355,161)	201 v 20	(55,035 - - - -
ERO Fundi EI Pe Total ERO  M Te Se W Int Mi Total Funding  Expenses Personnel Se Re Total Pers  Meeting Ex	RO Assessments enalty Sanctions Funding embership Dues esting Fees ervices & Software //orkshops terest iscellaneous (A)  Expenses alaries ayroll Taxes enefits etirement Costs sonnel Expenses	\$	(300,126)  (300,126)  1,676,735 96,083 442,256 425,270	\$	(300,126)	\$	-	\$	(355,161)	\$	- - -
Total Funding  Expenses Personnel Signature For Total Funding  Expenses Personnel Signature Reg Total Pers Meeting Exmediate M.	RO Assessments enalty Sanctions Funding embership Dues esting Fees ervices & Software //orkshops terest iscellaneous (A)  Expenses alaries ayroll Taxes enefits etirement Costs sonnel Expenses	\$	(300,126)  (300,126)  1,676,735 96,083 442,256 425,270	\$	(300,126)	\$	-	\$	(355,161)	\$	(55,035 - - - -
Total ERO  Months of the second of the secon	enalty Sanctions Funding  embership Dues setting Fees ervices & Software forkshops terest isscellaneous (A)  Expenses alaries ayroll Taxes enefits etirement Costs bonnel Expenses	\$	(300,126)  (300,126)  1,676,735 96,083 442,256 425,270	\$	(300,126)	\$	-	\$	(355,161)	\$	(55,035 - - - -
Total ERO  M. Tre Se W Int M Total Funding Expenses Personnel Se Re Total Pers Meeting Ex M. Tr	Funding  embership Dues ssting Fees ervices & Software /orkshops terest isscellaneous (A)  Expenses alaries ayroll Taxes enefits ettirement Costs bonnel Expenses	\$	- - - - (300,126) 1,676,735 96,083 442,256 425,270	\$	(300,126)	\$	-	\$	(355,161)	\$	
M. Te See W Int Mi Total Funding Expenses Personnel Se Re Total Personnel Meeting Expenses	embership Dues ssting Fees ervices & Software forkshops terest iscellaneous (A)  Expenses alaries ayroll Taxes enefits etirement Costs connel Expenses	\$	- - - - (300,126) 1,676,735 96,083 442,256 425,270	\$	(300,126)	\$	-	\$	(355,161)	\$	
Te Se W Int Mint Mint Total Funding  Expenses Personnel Se Personnel Re Re Total Personnel Meeting Expenses	esting Fees ervices & Software //orkshops terest iscellaneous (A)  Expenses alaries ayroll Taxes enefits etirement Costs connel Expenses	\$	- - - (300,126) 1,676,735 96,083 442,256 425,270				-		- - - - (355,161)		- - - - -
Se WW Int Mi Total Funding Expenses Personnel Sa Re Total Pers Meeting Ex M. Tr.	ervices & Software /orkshops terest iscellaneous (A)  Expenses alaries ayroll Taxes enefits eterment Costs bonnel Expenses	\$	- (300,126) 1,676,735 96,083 442,256 425,270		(300,126) 1,676,735 96,083		-		- - - - (355,161)		- - -
W Int M Total Funding Expenses Personnel Si Pi R R Total Pers Meeting E:	Vorkshops terest iscellaneous (A)  Expenses alaries alaries ayroll Taxes enefits etirement Costs ionnel Expenses	\$	- (300,126) 1,676,735 96,083 442,256 425,270		- (300,126) 1,676,735 96,083		-		(355,161)		- - -
Interest Name of the Personnel Section 1 Personnel Personnel Record Personnel Personnel Record Personnel P	terest iscellaneous (A)  Expenses alaries ayroll Taxes enefits etirement Costs connel Expenses	\$	- (300,126) 1,676,735 96,083 442,256 425,270		- (300,126) 1,676,735 96,083		-		- - (355,161)		-
Total Funding  Expenses Personnel Sa Pa Be Total Pers  Meeting Ex	Expenses alaries ayroll Taxes enefits etirement Costs connel Expenses	\$	- (300,126) 1,676,735 96,083 442,256 425,270		- (300,126) 1,676,735 96,083		-		(355,161)		-
Total Funding  Expenses  Personnel  Sa  Be  Re  Total Pers  Meeting E	Expenses alaries ayroll Taxes enefits etirement Costs bonnel Expenses	\$	1,676,735 96,083 442,256 425,270		1,676,735 96,083		-				(55,035
Expenses Personnel Sa Pe Be Re Total Pers Meeting Ex M.	Expenses alaries alaries enefits etirement Costs connel Expenses	\$	1,676,735 96,083 442,256 425,270		1,676,735 96,083		-				(55,035
Personnel Sa Pa Be Re Total Pers Meeting E:	alaries ayroll Taxes enefits etirement Costs <b>onnel Expenses</b>		96,083 442,256 425,270	\$	96,083	\$		\$	1,769.318	\$	
Personnel Sa Pa Be Re Total Pers Meeting E:	alaries ayroll Taxes enefits etirement Costs <b>onnel Expenses</b>		96,083 442,256 425,270	\$	96,083	\$		\$	1,769.318	•	
See Page Be Page Page Page Page Page Page Page Pag	alaries ayroll Taxes enefits etirement Costs <b>onnel Expenses</b>		96,083 442,256 425,270	\$	96,083	\$		\$	1,769.318	\$	
Pa Be Re Total Pers Meeting Ex M	ayroll Taxes enefits etirement Costs connel Expenses		96,083 442,256 425,270		96,083	Ť		-			92,583
Total Pers  Meeting Example  Mr. Tr.	enefits etirement Costs connel Expenses	\$	442,256 425,270				-		97,804	Ť	1,722
Total Pers  Meeting Example  Minimum Tra	connel Expenses	\$	425,270				-		402,307		(39,949
Meeting Ex		\$			425,270		-		435,638		10,368
Me Tra	xpenses		2,640,344	\$	2,640,344	\$	-	\$	2,705,068	\$	64,724
Me Tra	xpenses										
Tra											
	eetings	\$	110,000	\$	110,000	\$	-	\$	120,000	\$	10,000
	avel		155,000		155,000		-		155,000		-
	onference Calls		77,000	-	77,000	_	-		45,000		(32,000
Total Meet	ting Expenses	\$	342,000	\$	342,000	\$	-	\$	320,000	\$	(22,000
Operating	Expenses										
	onsultants & Contracts	\$	150,000	\$	150,000	\$	-	\$	124,000	\$	(26,000
	ffice Rent	Ψ	737,272	Ψ-	737,272	Ψ		Ψ	751,500	Ψ	14,228
	ffice Costs		523,500		523,500		-		578,700		55,200
Pr	rofessional Services		966,500		966,500		-		1,025,000		58,500
	omputer & Equipment Leases		-		-		-		- 1		
Mi	iscellaneous		80,000		80,000		-		40,000		(40,000
De	epreciation		250,000		250,000		-		202,019		(47,981
Total Oper	rating Expenses	\$	2,707,272	\$	2,707,272	\$	-	\$	2,721,219	\$	13,947
To	otal Direct Expenses	\$	5,689,616	\$	5,689,616	\$	-	\$	5,746,287	\$	56,671
Indirect Ex	cpenses	\$	(5,689,616)	\$	(5,689,616)	\$	-	\$	(5,746,287)	\$	(56,671
Other Non	-Onorating Expanses	e	_	\$	-	\$		e		\$	
Outer Non-	-Operating Expenses	\$	-	- P	-	a a		\$	-	- P	-
Total Expense	es (B)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(0)	\$	(0
Change in Ass	sets	\$	(300,126)	\$	(300,126)	\$	-	\$	(355,161)	\$	(55,035
Fived A t						-		-		-	
Fixed Assets	opropiotion		(2F0 000)	+	(250,000)	•		-	(202.040)	•	47.004
	epreciation omputer & Software CapEx		(250,000)	-	(∠3∪,∪∪∪)	\$	-	-	(202,019) 100,000	\$	47,981 100,000
	urniture & Fixtures CapEx		-	_	-				100,000	+	100,000
	quipment CapEx		-		-		-		-		-
	easehold Improvements		-		-		-		-		-
	Illocation of Fixed Assets		252.222		252.000				400.040		(4.47.00)
A	MIUCAUUTI UI FIXEU ASSETS		250,000		250,000		-		102,019		(147,981
Inc(Dec) in Fix	ced Assets (C)		-		-				-		-
TOTAL BUDGE	ET (=B+C)		-		-		-		(0)		(0
TOTAL CHANG	GE IN WORKING CAPITAL (=A-B-C)	\$	(300,126)	\$	(300,126)	\$	-	\$	(355,161)	\$	(55,035

#### **Technical Committees and Member Forums**

Technical Committees and Members Forum Program Resources								
	(in whole dollars)							
			Increase					
	2014 Budget	2015 Budget	(Decrease)					
Total FTEs	0.50	0.50	0.00					
Total Direct Expenses	\$75,711	\$73,779	(\$1,932)					
Other Non-Operating Expenses	\$0	\$0	\$0					
Inc(Dec) in Fixed Assets	\$0	\$0	\$0					
Working Capital Requirement	\$0	\$0	\$0					

### **Program Scope and Functional Description**

The success of the NPCC programs depends on the active and direct volunteerism and participation of its members. The stakeholders are the source of expertise in the industry. To promote the reliable and efficient operation of the interconnected bulk power systems in Northeastern North America, NPCC invites high level policy makers from Federal, Provincial and State regulatory and/or governmental authorities and senior executives within NPCC and NERC to identify and discuss emerging issues related to the reliability of the NPCC Region.

#### 2015 Key Assumptions

- NPCC's standing committee and subgroup structure for effective stakeholder involvement will continue in 2015
- NPCC will continue to utilize methods to encourage active involvement in its Regional programs that require less stakeholder travel and face-to-face meetings, as the economy improves in 2015
- NPCC will continue to invest in technology and innovation to allow efficient collaboration on technical issues related to reliability

#### 2015 Goals and Key Deliverables

The 2015 NPCC General Meeting provides an opportunity for NPCC Members to meet high level policy makers from Federal, Provincial and State regulatory and/or governmental authorities and senior NERC and NPCC executives to discuss topics related to the reliable planning and operation of the power system, including consideration of emerging reliability, critical infrastructure and environmental issues.

#### 2015 Public Information Committee Goals and Objectives

The objective of the NPCC Public Information Committee is to highlight and summarize NPCC activities and accomplishments in the past year, disseminate and coordinate the appropriate release of information to the media, respond to related requests for information, and coordinate with related NPCC Area, NERC media and public information activities. Activities anticipated for include, but are not limited to:

- Conducting the Media Event release of the Summer 2015 NPCC Reliability Assessment
- Participation in NERC Regional communication initiatives:
  - Regional communications teleconferences as required
  - Coordination of Emergency or Blackout communications plans
  - Coordination with other NERC activities as required (i.e., situation awareness, event analysis, reliability assessments, etc.)

#### Funding Sources and Requirements — Explanation of Increase (Decrease)

Funding Sources (Other than ERO Assessments)

• Not applicable

#### Operating Expenses and Indirect Expenses

 NPCC total overhead expenses, such as office rent and office costs will be charged to the Administrative Services Programs and then reallocated proportionately based on FTE to the programs through Indirect Expenses.

#### Other Non-Operating Expenses

None

#### **Fixed Asset Additions**

#### **General and Administrative**

General and Admir	nistrative Progra	am Resources	
	(in whole dollars)		
			Increase
	2014 Budget	2015 Budget	(Decrease)
Total FTEs	2.50	2.50	0.00
Total Direct Expenses	\$3,293,356	\$3,209,290	(\$84,066)
Other Non-Operating Expenses	\$0	\$0	\$0
Inc(Dec) in Fixed Assets	\$0	\$0	\$0
Working Capital Requirement	(\$300,126)	(\$355,161)	(\$55,035)

#### **Program Scope and Functional Description**

The NPCC general and administrative function provides executive management of the corporation, management of NPCC office, and other administrative support programs.

NPCC total overhead expenses, such as office rent and office costs, will be charged to the Administrative Services Programs and then reallocated proportionately based on FTE to the programs through Indirect Expenses.

#### Funding Requirements — Explanation of Increase (Decrease)

Funding Sources (Other than ERO Assessments)

• Not applicable

## Operating Expenses and Indirect Expenses

 NPCC total overhead expenses, such as office rent and office costs will be charged to the Administrative Services Programs and then reallocated proportionately based on FTE to the programs through Indirect Expenses.

## Other Non-Operating Expenses

None

#### **Fixed Asset Additions**

## Legal and Regulatory

Legal and Regu	latory Program (in whole dollars)	Resources	
			Increase
	2014 Budget	2015 Budget	(Decrease)
Total FTEs	1.00	1.00	0.00
Total Direct Expenses	\$621,004	\$628,183	\$7,179
Other Non-Operating Expenses	\$0	\$0	\$0
Inc(Dec) in Fixed Assets	\$0	\$0	\$0
Working Capital Requirement	\$0	\$0	\$0

#### **Program Scope and Functional Description**

NPCC's professional legal services provide counsel to the President and CEO, Board of Directors, Vice President and COO, Treasurer and staff on a wide range of legal and regulatory matters including legislation, corporate law, code of conduct, confidentiality, governance, employment law, tax matters, contract law and other areas affecting NPCC. Regulatory counsel provides legal advice to advance significant corporate policy and strategic planning initiatives and also provides legal support to other program areas on matters arising in connection with the performance of NPCC's delegated functions. Regulatory counsel drafts agreements and pleadings and provides interpretations of relevant statutes, regulations, court opinions, and regulatory decisions of FERC, state agencies and provincial authorities. Outside counsel, as necessary, reviews items filed with the governmental agencies for legal sufficiency, maintains relationships with U.S. and Canadian jurisdictions and provides contract review.

## Funding Sources (Other than ERO Assessments)

• Not applicable

## Operating Expenses and Indirect Expenses

 NPCC total overhead expenses, such as office rent and office costs will be charged to the Administrative Services Programs and then reallocated proportionately based on FTE to the programs through Indirect Expenses.

## Other Non-Operating Expenses

None

#### Fixed Asset Additions

## **Information Technology**

Information Te	chnology Program	m Resources	
			Increase
	2014 Budget	2015 Budget	(Decrease)
Total FTEs	3.00	3.00	0.00
Total Direct Expenses	\$1,037,624	\$1,111,674	\$74,050
Other Non-Operating Expenses	\$0	\$0	\$0
Inc(Dec) in Fixed Assets	\$0	\$0	\$0
Working Capital Requirement	\$0	\$0	\$0

#### **Program Scope and Functional Description**

NPCC's Information Technology services ensure information assets and the environment in which they operate are secure and in conformance to NPCC IT Policies and Procedures. NPCC maintains an offsite backup server for continuity of essential operations in the event that its primary location is unavailable.

#### 2015 Key Assumptions

- Continue to develop and maintain the compliance portal through collaboration with other Regions and NERC (CUG).
- Achieve greater consistency with the other Regions and NERC by participating in the NERC IT Steering Group (ITSG) and deriving the efficiencies and cost savings which may result from the projects of this group.<sup>50</sup>
  - o The ERO EMG identifies and prioritizes ERO-wide applications to be developed under a PMO housed at NERC. The NERC IT budget does not supplant the Regional Entities' need for IT expenditures for specific regional projects, but to the extent that agreed-upon ERO Enterprise applications provide greater efficiencies, there should not be any unnecessary, redundant expenditures at the regional level.
- Support the Event Analysis program through continued participation in the tools used for the tracking and analysis of system events.<sup>51</sup>
- Support the Bulk Electric System Exception Process "BEP" to enable and facilitate tracking and processing of exceptions submitted.<sup>52</sup> Maintenance of the BESNET support services such as updates, patching, coordinating issues with NERC.
- Support Cyber Security Reviews done by compliance to provide advisory role during those reviews.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>50</sup> ERO Goal 7.b. Develop test and deploy ERO enterprise applications, platform and database

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>51</sup> ERO Goal 6.b. Evaluate event disturbances using phasor measurements and other methods to assess sufficiency of data and models;

ERO Goal 4.b. Provide lessons learned and recommendations from events and identified risks;

ERO Goal 4.b. Merge event driven databases and cause codes into one (e.g., event analysis, TADS, GADS, relay mis-operations)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>52</sup> ERO Goal 2.a. Develop and implement BES exception process.

#### 2015 Goals and Key Deliverables

Responsibilities encompass a variety of complex technical, administrative, and supervisory work in the development, installation, and maintenance of information technology systems. IT goals include, but are not limited to:

- Create an information security program and environment aimed at reducing breach of security risks
- Determine long-term software and systems needs and hardware acquisitions
- Develop and implement information security standards and procedures
- Ensure all information systems are functional and secure, and that all applications running on those systems meet business requirements for performance, availability, and security
- Plan and implement organization-wide information systems, services, and network facilities, including local area networks, wide-area networks, and peripheral systems
- Provide outreach and education to NPCC members in IT best practices
- Continually improve Disaster Recovery policies and practices to ensure continuity of service

#### Funding Sources and Requirements — Explanation of Increase (Decrease)

Funding Sources (Other than ERO Assessments)

• Not applicable

Operating Expenses and Indirect Expenses

• NPCC total overhead expenses, such as office rent and office costs will be charged to the Administrative Services Programs and then reallocated proportionately based on FTE to the programs through Indirect Expenses.

Other Non-Operating Expenses

• None

Fixed Asset Additions

#### **Human Resources**

	rces Program R	Resources	
			Increase
	2014 Budget	2015 Budget	(Decrease)
Total FTEs	1.00	1.00	0.00
Total Direct Expenses	\$178,931	\$183,817	\$4,886
Other Non-Operating Expenses	\$0	\$0	\$0
Inc(Dec) in Fixed Assets	\$0	\$0	\$0
Working Capital Requirement	\$0	\$0	\$0

#### **Program Scope and Functional Description**

NPCC has assembled an exceptional team of highly qualified employees to carry out the activities of NPCC. The human resources function, in adherence with applicable federal and state laws, designs, plans, and implements human resources policies and procedures, including staffing, compensation, benefits, employee relations, and training and development.

An enhanced employee time tracking system was implemented in 2013 based on FERC audit recommendations. Employee time tracking and reporting is also handled by the human resources program area.

## Funding Sources (Other than ERO Assessments)

• Not applicable

## Operating Expenses and Indirect Expenses

• NPCC total overhead expenses, such as office rent and office costs will be charged to the Administrative Services Programs and then reallocated proportionately based on FTE to the programs through Indirect Expenses.

## Other Non-Operating Expenses

None

#### Fixed Asset Additions

#### Accounting and Finance

Accounting and F	inance Prograi	n Resources	
	(in whole dollars)		
			Increase
	2014 Budget	2015 Budget	(Decrease)
Total FTEs	1.00	1.00	0.00
Total Direct Expenses	\$482,991	\$494,544	\$11,554
Other Non-Operating Expenses	\$0	\$0	\$0
Inc(Dec) in Fixed Assets	\$0	\$0	\$0
Working Capital Requirement	\$0	\$0	\$0

#### **Program Scope and Functional Description**

The accounting and finance function directs the overall financial plans and accounting practices of the organization; oversees treasury, accounting, budget, tax, and audit activities; and oversees financial and accounting system controls and standards. NPCC uses a CPA firm to prepare its unaudited statements of activities and financial statements for quarterly reviews. Independent audits have identified this system as a best practice.

#### 2015 Goals and Key Deliverables

The objectives are to provide or obtain the financial and accounting services for NPCC and coordinate with NERC requirements:

- Utilize the NERC System of Accounts for consistency
- Utilize an accrual method of accounting for consistency with NERC in methodology
- Cash Management
- Budget Development using the NERC budget template formats
- Forecasts and Projections
- Alignment of NPCC Committees, Task Forces and Working Groups with the programs
- Payroll and expense administration
- Preparation of unaudited Quarterly Financial Statements
- IRS Reporting
- Annual Independent Audit initiated by the Regional Entity

#### Funding Sources and Requirements — Explanation of Increase (Decrease)

Funding Sources (Other than ERO Assessments)

• Not applicable

#### Operating Expenses and Indirect Expenses

 NPCC total overhead expenses, such as office rent and office costs will be charged to the Administrative Services Programs and then reallocated proportionately based on FTE to the programs through Indirect Expenses.

## Other Non-Operating Expenses

• None

## **Fixed Asset Additions**

• None

### **Regional Entity Assessment Analysis**

In the area of assessments there are distinct funding mechanisms as outlined in the following table. For the Regional Entity division, the North American Electric Reliability Corporation (NERC) will assess load serving entities (LSEs) or their designees (within NPCC the designees are the Balancing Authority Areas (BAAs) for New York, New England, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, Ontario and Québec) based upon 2013 proportional Net Energy for Load (NEL) and other specific program area funding arrangements and make quarterly remittances to the Regional Entity on or about the 15th day of January, April, July and October. For funding associated with the criteria services division, the Independent System Operators/Balancing Authority Areas (ISO/BAAs) will be assessed by NPCC for their proportional share of the divisional budget based upon 2012 NEL within the Region. Non ISO/BAA Full Members will be assessed no membership fee.

## **NPCC Cost Allocation Methodology**

The accompanying table provides information regarding cost allocation for both the Regional Entity division and the criteria services division of NPCC, including the details associated with the funding of the Compliance Program within the RE division. For purposes of determining assessments to support NPCC's resource requirements, costs are allocated among the BAAs within NPCC as the designees for the load-serving-entities in New York, New England, Ontario, Québec, New Brunswick and Nova Scotia (Column A-1).

In order to reflect and respect the international membership and nature of NPCC, the compliance responsibilities and authorities within the U.S., and the specific compliance responsibilities within each of the Canadian provinces within NPCC, the attendant costs of portions of the compliance program differ among the areas within the Regional Entity. Within the U.S. portion of NPCC all costs attributable to delegated (statutory) functions performed by NPCC, including all compliance functions, are assessed based on a NEL allocation. Within the Canadian portion of NPCC those costs attributable to compliance functions performed by NPCC on behalf of provincial governmental and/or regulatory authorities are allocated consistent with the unique Memoranda of Understanding or Agreements that have been entered into for those provinces. To address these different compliance regimes, NPCC developed a composite cost allocation methodology that allocates compliance costs on a fair and equitable basis within the Regional Entity.

As an initial step of that methodology, the NEL for each of the BAAs and their relative percentage to the NPCC total NEL is calculated for the most recent year for which data is available, the second previous year (Columns B-1 and C-1, respectively). In order to establish the RE division funding requirements for each balancing authority area on a NEL basis for all programs except for compliance (Column F-1), the proposed expenses and fixed assets of all other programs are calculated (Column D-1) and the adjustment for the RE division cash reserve requirement is identified (Column E-1). Any penalty monies received from NPCC registered entities within the U.S. prior to June 30<sup>th</sup> of the year preceding the business plan and budget year are then allocated among the NPCC program areas based on their FTE ratio and between the U.S. BAAs based on their relative NELs (Columns B-1a., C-1a. and G-1, respectively). Consistent with each of the Canadian provincial MOUs and agreements, all penalty monies resulting from compliance actions within Canada, if any, would remain within the applicable province. The total budgeted fees for NPCC workshop participation are indicated as a credit

(Column H-1), with the resultant addition being the RE division assessment, without the compliance program costs, calculated on a NEL basis (Column I-1).

In accordance with the *NPCC Amended and Restated Bylaws* the CS division proposed expenses and fixed assets of all programs are calculated (Column J-1) and the adjustment for the CS division cash reserve requirement is identified (Column K-1), with the resultant addition being the CS division funding requirement and assessment, calculated on a NEL basis (Column L-1).

For costs associated with the RE division compliance program, NPCC's allocation methodology apportions 22.41% of the costs for the program, attributed to CORC Fundamentals (CF), between the BAAs in the United States and Canada on a NEL basis (Column B-2).

Audits and Investigations (AI) related costs, representing 51.71% of the costs of the compliance program, are allocated between U.S. and Canadian BAAs in NPCC, and among the Canadian provinces, using an audit-based methodology (Columns C-2a., C-2c., and D-2b., respectively). The audit-based methodology incorporates relative costs based on categories of compliance audits which are reflective of their size and complexity, as well as the differing compliance program implementation models that are utilized in NPCC due to the international nature of the Regional Entity. The portion allocated to the U.S. BAAs in NPCC is calculated using the audit-based methodology, and this amount is then re-allocated between the New York and New England BAAs based on their relative NEL (Columns C-2b. and D-2a.).

The remaining 25.88% of the costs of the compliance program represent Mitigation and Enforcement (ME) related costs and are allocated between U.S. and Canadian BAAs in NPCC, and among the Canadian provinces, using an enforcement activity based methodology, (Columns E-2a., E-2c., and F-2b., respectively). Based on historical data, NPCC reviewed each BAAs percentage of violations, mitigation plans and settlement agreements to determine each BAAs total average percentage of enforcement activities. The portion allocated to the U.S. BAAs in NPCC is calculated using the enforcement activity based methodology, and this amount is then re-allocated between the New York and New England BAAs based on their relative NEL (Columns E-2b. and F-2a.).

Any penalty monies received from NPCC registered entities within the U.S. by June 30th of the year preceding the business plan and budget year are then allocated among the NPCC program areas based on their FTE ratio and between the U.S. BAAs based on their relative NELs, and then added to the total compliance program expenses and fixed assets to yield a total compliance program assessment (Columns C-1a., H-2, G-2 and I-2, respectively).

Finally, the total RE division funding requirements and assessments by BAA are tabulated and the total funding requirements and assessments for NPCC, both the RE and CS divisions, are combined (Column M).

75

Section A - NPCC 2015 Business Plan and Budget

#### NPCC 2015 Regional Entity (RE) and Criteria Services (CS) Divisional Funding Information

A-1	B-1	B-1a.	C-1	C-1a.	<b>D-1</b> 2015 <sup>1</sup> NPCC	E-1	<b>F-1</b> 2015 <sup>1</sup> NPCC	G-1	H-1	<b>I-1</b> 2015 <sup>1</sup> NPCC	J-1	K-1	L-1 2015 NPCC
					RE Division		RE Division	Penalty Monies		RE Division	2015	2015	CS Division
NPCC	2013	2013	2013	2013	Expenses	Adjustment to	Funding	Applied to		Assessment Minus	NPCC	Adjustment to	Funding
Balancing	Net Energy	NPCC	NEL % of	NEL % of	& Fixed Assets	RE Division	Requirement	RE Division	Budgeted	CORC Program	CS Division	CS Division	Requirement &
Authorities	for Load	US NEL	NPCC	NPCC	Minus	Cash Reserve	Minus	Minus	Workshop Fees	(F-1 plus G-1	Expenses &	Cash Reserve	Member Fees
(LSE Designees)	(MWh)	(MWh)	Total	U.S.	CORC Program	Requirement	CORC Program	CORC Program		plus H-1)	Fixed Assets	Requirement	(J-1 plus K-1)
New England	129,377,000	129,377,000	19.94690%	44.17241%	1,238,781	-70,844	1,167,938	-54,626	-12,766	1,100,545	225,289	-18,794	206,495
New York	163,514,000	163,514,000	25.21003%	55.82759%	1,565,642	-89,536	1,476,106	-69,040	-16,134	1,390,932	284,732	-23,753	260,980
Ontario	140,737,000		21.69835%		1,347,553	-77,064	1,270,489	0	-13,887	1,256,602	245,070	-20,444	224,626
Québec	189,722,000		29.25069%		1,816,583	-103,887	1,712,696	0	-18,720	1,693,975	330,369	-27,560	302,809
New Brunswick	14,084,000		2.17142%		134,854	-7,712	127,142	0	-1,390	125,752	24,525	-2,046	22,479
Nova Scotia	11,173,000		1.72261%		106,981	-6,118	100,863	0	-1,102	99,761	19,456	-1,623	17,833
Total	648 607 000	202 801 000	100 00000%	100.00000%	\$6.210.304	-\$355 161	\$5 855 233	-\$123,666	-\$64,000	\$5,667,567	\$1.129.441	-\$94.220	\$1,035,221

4																		
1			CORC Audit	it and Investigation Co	ost Allocation 3	,		CORC Mitigativ	ion and Enforcement C	Cost Allocation 4		1						
A-2	B-2	1	C-2	1	D-2	-2		E-2		F	7-2	G-2	H-2	I-2	J-2	K-2	L-2	M
i	2013 NEL Based	ı	2015	1	201:	ر5	1	2015	ļ	20	015	2015		2015	2015	2015	2015	2015 NPCC
NPCC	Allocation of	Audit and Inve	estigation Allocation	Methodology	51.71% c	of CORC Program	Mitigation and Er	nforcement Allocation	on Methodology	25.88%	of CORC Program	Total CORC		Total CORC	RE Division	RE Division	NPCC	Total
Balancing	22.41% of 2014	a	b	c	a	ь	a	b	c	a	b	Program	Penalty Monies	Program	Total Funding	Total	Total Funding	Assessment &
Authorities	CORC Program	Total NPCC	U.S.	Canada	U.S.	Canada	Enforcement	U.S.	Canada	U.S.	Canada	Expenses &	Applied to	Assessment	Requirement	Assessment	Requirement	Member Fees
(LSE Designees)	Fundamentals 2	Audit Based	NEL Based	Audit Based	NEL Based	Audit Based	Activity Based	NEL Based	Activity Based	NEL Based	Activity Based	Fixed Assets	CORC Program	(G-2 plus H-2)	(F-1 plus G-2)	(I-1 plus I-2)	(L-1 plus J-2)	(L-1 plus K-2)
New England	383,005	47.39467%	36.35833%	J	1,610,888	ļ	53.26680%	38.27137%	J	848,643		2,842,535	-73,695	2,768,841	4,010,473	3,869,386	4,216,968	4,075,881
New York	484,063	34.91537%	45.95172%	J	2,035,931	J	33.37410%	48.36953%	J	1,072,563		3,592,558	-93,140	3,499,418	5,068,664	4,890,350	5,329,643	5,151,330
Ontario	416,635	5.14634%		5.14634%	1	228,013	3.78990%		3.78990%	I	84,039	728,686	0	728,686	1,999,175	1,985,288	2,223,801	2,209,914
Québec	561,649	7.64011%		7.64011%	1	338,502	8.43670%		8.43670%	l .	187,078	1,087,229	0	1,087,229	2,799,925	2,781,204	3,102,734	3,084,014
New Brunswick	41,694	2.73304%		2.73304%	1	121,090	0.49970%		0.49970%	l .	11,081	173,864	0	173,864	301,006	299,616	323,485	322,095
Nova Scotia	33,076	2.17047%		2.17047%		96,165	0.63280%		0.63280%	<u> </u>	14,032	143,273	0	143,273	244,136	243,033	261,969	260,866
Total	\$1,920,121	100.00000%	82.31005%	17.68995%	\$3,646,819 Total =	\$783,769 \$4,430,588	100.00000%	86.64090%	13.35910%	\$1,921,206 Total =	\$296,229 \$2,217,436	\$8,568,145	-\$166,834	\$8,401,311	\$14,423,378	\$14,068,878	\$15,458,599	\$15,104,099

<sup>1</sup> Consistent with NERC's Policy on Allocation of Certain Compliance and Enforcement Costs, the NPCC Board approved Allocation Methodologies for Certain NPCC Compliance Program Area Costs Assessed to Non-U.S. Entities.

<sup>2</sup> CORC Program Fundamentals expenses of \$1,920,121 represent 22.41% of the Total CORC Program Costs and are allocated using the Regional NEL based methodology.

<sup>3</sup> Audit and Investigation expenses of \$4,430,588 represent 51.71% of the Total CORC Program Costs. The Canadian costs are allocated willizing an audit based methodology. The portion of 82.31005% attributable to U.S. NPCC is allocated between the New York and New England balancing authority areas based on their respective net energy for load (NEL) as shown in Columns B-1a. and C-1a. The ratios in C-1a. are applied to the 82.31005% of U.S. audit costs to obtain the percentages (Column C-2 b) which are then applied to the 51.71% of CORC costs. Audit based allocation uses Compliance Registry Data registrants as of May 1, 2014.

<sup>4</sup> Mitigation and Enforcement expenses of \$2,217,436 represent 25.88% of the Total CORC Program Costs. The Canadian costs are allocated willting an enforcement activity based methodology. The portion of the 86.64090% attributable to U.S. NPCC is allocated between the New York and New England balancing authority areas based on their respective net energy for load (NEL) as shown in Columns B-1a. and C-1a. The ratios in C-1a. are applied to the 86.64090% of U.S. audit costs to obtain the percentages (Column E-2 b) which are then applied to the 25.88% of CORC costs.

# Section B – Supplemental Financial Information 2015 Business Plan and Budget



## Section B — Supplemental Financial Information

#### **Reserve Balance**

Table B-1 – Reserve Balance

REGIONAL ENTITY DIVIS	ON		
	Total Reserve	Operating Reserve	Working Capital
Beginning Total Reserve, December 31, 2013	5,245,194	4,013,698	1,231,49
Plus: 2014 ERO Funding (from LSEs or designees)	13,611,880	13,611,880	
Plus: 2014 Other funding sources	217,000	217,000	
Less: 2014 Projected expenses & capital expenditures	(14,129,006)	(14,129,006)	
Projected Total Reserve, December 31, 2014	4,945,068	3,713,572	1,231,49
Desired Total Reserve, December 31, 2015 <sup>1</sup>	4,589,907	3,358,411 2	1,231,49
31.06% of Total Regional Entity Budget of \$14,778,539			
Less: Projected Working Capital and Operating Reserve, December 31, 2014	(4,945,068)	(3,713,572)	(1,231,49
Increase(decrease) in assessments to achieve desired Total Reserve	(355,161)	(355,161)	
2015 Expenses and Capital Expenditures	14,778,539		
Less: Penalty Sanctions <sup>4</sup>	(290,500)		
Less: Other Funding Sources	(64,000)		
Adjustment to achieve desired Total Reserve balance	(355,161)		
2015 Assessment	14,068,878		
·			

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Total Reserve within a range of 16.67% - 33.33% of Budget.

#### **Explanation of Changes in Reserve Policy from Prior Year**

On October 29, 2013 NPCC's Board of Directors approved management's proposed Working Capital and Operating Reserve Policy. The policy calls for a range between 8.33% (30 days) and 25.00% (90 days) rather than the specific required level of Operating Reserves of 8.33%. This range will allow for more stability in Assessments. The Working Capital required balance remains unchanged at 8.33% (30 days).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Operating Reserve within a range from 8.33% to 25.00% of Budget. \$3,358,411 represents 22.72% of the 2015 budget of \$14,778,539

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Working Capital equal to 8.33% of Budget. \$1,231,496 represents 8.33% of the 2015 budget of \$14,778,539

Represents collections prior to June 30, 2014.

#### **Breakdown by Statement of Activity Sections**

The following detailed schedules are in support of the Regional Entity division Statement of Activities on page 13 of the 2015 Business Plan and Budget. All significant variances have been disclosed by program area in the preceding pages.

#### **Penalty Sanctions**

U.S. penalty monies received prior to June 30, 2014 are to be used to offset assessments in the 2015 Budget, as documented in the NERC Policy – Accounting, Financial Statement, and Budgetary Treatment of Penalties Imposed and Received for Violations of Reliability Standard. Penalty monies received from July 1, 2014 through June 30, 2015 will be used to offset U.S. load serving entity designee assessments in the 2016 Budget.

All penalties received prior to June 30, 2014 are detailed below, including date received and the penalty amount.

Allocation Method: U.S. penalty sanctions received have been allocated to the following Regional Entity division programs to reduce assessments: Reliability Standards; Compliance Monitoring & Enforcement and Organization Registration & Certification; Reliability Assessments and Performance Analysis; Training, Education and Operator Certification; and Situation Awareness and Infrastructure Security. U.S. penalty sanctions are allocated based upon the number of FTEs in the Program divided by the aggregate total FTEs in the Programs receiving the allocation.

Table B-2 – Penalty Sanctions

Penalty Sanctions Received Prior to June 30, 2014			
T charty ballotions received 1 flor to balle 30, 2014	Date Received	Amo	ount Received
Penalty Payment 1	7/5/2013	\$	50,000.00
Penalty Payment 2	7/5/2013	\$	10,000.00
Penalty Payment 3	7/5/2013	\$	30,000.00
Penalty Payment 4	7/5/2013	\$	25,000.00
Penalty Payment 5	9/4/2013	\$	7,000.00
Penalty Payment 6	10/16/2013	\$	25,000.00
Penalty Payment 7	11/1/2013	\$	5,000.00
Penalty Payment 8	1/8/2014	\$	25,000.00
Penalty Payment 9	3/6/2014	\$	14,000.00
Penalty Payment 10	4/30/2014	\$	90,000.00
Penalty Payment 11	6/18/2014	\$	9,500.00
Total Penalties Received		\$	290,500.00

Table B-3 - Supplemental Funding

Outside Funding Breakdown By Program (excluding ERO Assessments & Penalty Sanctions)	Budget 2014	Pr	ojection 2014	Budget	Varia 2015 Bu	ıdget v
	2014		2014	2015	2014 B	uaget
Reliability Standards						
Total	\$ -	\$	-	\$	\$	-
Compliance Monitoring, Enforcement & Org. Registration						
	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-
Total	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-
Reliability Assessment and Performance Analysis						
	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-
Total	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-
Training and Education						
Workshops	\$ 64,000	\$	64,000	\$ 64,000	\$	-
Total	\$ 64,000	\$	64,000	\$ 64,000	\$	-
Situation Awareness and Infrastructure Security						
	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-
Total	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-
Technical Committees and Member Forums						
	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-
Total	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-
Administrative Services Programs						
	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-
Total	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-
Total Outside Funding	\$ 64,000	\$	64,000	\$ 64,000	\$	-

• NPCC assumed no interest income because of continuing low market interest rates.

**Table B-4 – Personnel Expenses** 

Personnel Expenses	Budget 2014	Projection 2014	Budget 2015	201	Variance I5 Budget v I14 Budget	Variance %
Salaries					. Duagot	variance /o
Salary	\$ 5,886,227	\$ 5,886,227	\$ 6,175,425	\$	289,198	4.9%
Employment Agency Fees	\$ 15.000	15,000	10,000		(5,000)	-33.3%
Temporary Office Services	\$ 10,000	\$ 10,000	\$ 10,000	\$	-	0.0%
Total Salaries	\$ 5,911,227	\$ 5,911,227	\$ 6,195,425	\$	284,198	4.8%
Total Payroll Taxes	\$ 384,311	\$ 384,311	\$ 387,209	\$	2,898	0.8%
Benefits						
Education Reimbursement	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 10,000		10,000	-
Training and Seminars	\$ 36,123	\$ 36,123	\$ 36,123		-	0.0%
Medical Insurance	\$ 915,306	\$ 915,306	\$ 720,337	\$	(194,969)	-21.3%
Life-LTD-STD Insurance	\$ 63,552	\$ 63,552	\$ 64,366	\$	815	1.3%
Worker's Compensation	\$ 14,700	\$ 14,700	\$ 14,700	\$	-	0.0%
Vacation	\$ 400,580	\$ 400,580	\$ 410,868	\$	10,288	2.6%
Relocation	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	-
Total Benefits	\$ 1,430,261	\$ 1,430,261	\$ 1,256,395	\$	(173,866)	-12.2%
Retirement						
Pension Contribution	\$ 590,892	\$ 590,892	\$ 353,723	\$	(237, 169)	-40.1%
Employee Savings Plan	\$ 478,469	\$ 478,469	\$ 644,290	\$	165,821	34.7%
Savings Admin	\$ 32,000	\$ 32,000	\$ 32,000	\$	-	0.0%
Deferred Compensation	\$ 23,000	\$ 23,000	\$ 60,000	\$	37,000	160.9%
Total Retirement	\$ 1,124,361	\$ 1,124,361	\$ 1,090,013	\$	(34,348)	-3.1%
Total Personnel Costs	\$ 8,850,160	\$ 8,850,160	\$ 8,929,041	\$	78,881	0.9%
FTEs	36.86	36.86	36.86		-	0.0%
Cost per FTE						
Salaries	\$ 160,370	\$ 160,370	\$ 168,080	\$	7,710	4.8%
Payroll Taxes	\$ 10,426	\$ 10,426	\$ 10,505	\$	79	0.8%
Benefits	\$ 38,803	38,803	\$ 34,086	\$	(4,717)	-12.2%
Retirement	\$ 30,504	\$ 30,504	\$ 29,572	\$	(932)	-3.1%
Total Cost per FTE	\$ 240,102	\$ 240,102	\$ 242,242	\$	2,140	0.9%

- The increase in Salaries reflects an overall general wage increase of 3%, at risk (variable incentives) compensation at less than 100% of program levels, and implementation of recommendations of NPCC's Management Development and Compensation Committee, which were based on an independent compensation study.
- Benefits expense decreased due to more staff opting out of company sponsored health insurance for superior coverage through prior employer or spouse.
- Pension contribution decreased while employee savings plan increased due to transition of employees formerly accruing benefits under the defined benefit plan to receiving defined contribution benefits in 2015.
- The decrease in Employment Agency Fee is due to no planned staff additions in 2015. Agencies would be used only to fill positions vacated during the year.
- A 2% vacancy factor is assumed based on historical vacancy trends.

Table B-5 - Consultants and Contracts

Consultants		Budget 2014		Projection 2014		Budget 2015	Variance 2015 Budget v 2014 Budget	Variance %
Consultants								
Reliability Standards	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$ -	_
Compliance Enforcement and Organization Registration and Certification	\$	10,000	\$	10,000	\$	15,000	\$ 5,000	50.0%
Reliability Assessment and Performance Analysis	\$	10,000	\$	10,000	\$	13,000	\$ -	30.070
Training and Education	\$	_	\$		\$		\$ -	_
Situation Awareness and Infrastructure Security	\$		\$		\$		\$ -	
Member Forums	\$		\$		\$		\$ -	
General and Administrative	\$	50.000	\$	50,000	\$	35,000	\$ (15,000)	-30.0%
Legal and Regulatory	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	- 00.070
Information Technology	\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	
Human Resources	\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	
Accounting and Finance	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	-
Consultants Total	\$	60,000	\$	60,000	\$	50,000	\$ (10,000)	-16.7%
		Budget					Variance	
Contracts		2014		Projection 2014		Budget 2015	2015 Budget v 2014 Budget	Variance %
Contracts								Variance %
Contracts  Reliability Standards	\$		\$		\$			
	\$	30,000		2014	-	2015	2014 Budget \$ (5,000)	-16.7%
Reliability Standards		30,000	\$	30,000	\$	<b>2015</b> 25,000	\$ (5,000) \$ 328,567	-16.7% 23.7% 32.7%
Reliability Standards Compliance Enforcement and Organization Registration and Certification	\$	30,000 1,384,433	\$	30,000 1,384,433	\$	25,000 1,713,000	\$ (5,000) \$ 328,567	-16.7% 23.7%
Reliability Standards Compliance Enforcement and Organization Registration and Certification Reliability Assessment and Performance Analysis	\$	30,000 1,384,433	\$	30,000 1,384,433 275,000	\$ \$ \$	25,000 1,713,000 365,000	\$ (5,000) \$ 328,567 \$ 90,000	-16.7% 23.7%
Reliability Standards Compliance Enforcement and Organization Registration and Certification Reliability Assessment and Performance Analysis Training and Education	\$ \$ \$	30,000 1,384,433 275,000	\$ \$ \$	30,000 1,384,433 275,000	\$ \$ \$	25,000 1,713,000 365,000	\$ (5,000) \$ 328,567 \$ 90,000 \$ -	-16.7% 23.7% 32.7%
Reliability Standards Compliance Enforcement and Organization Registration and Certification Reliability Assessment and Performance Analysis Training and Education Situation Awareness and Infrastructure Security	\$ \$ \$ \$	30,000 1,384,433 275,000	\$ \$ \$	30,000 1,384,433 275,000 - 75,000	\$ \$ \$	25,000 1,713,000 365,000	\$ (5,000) \$ 328,567 \$ 90,000 \$ - \$ 25,000	-16.7% 23.7% 32.7%
Reliability Standards Compliance Enforcement and Organization Registration and Certification Reliability Assessment and Performance Analysis Training and Education Situation Awareness and Infrastructure Security Member Forums	\$ \$ \$ \$	30,000 1,384,433 275,000 - 75,000	\$ \$ \$ \$	30,000 1,384,433 275,000 - 75,000	\$ \$ \$ \$	25,000 1,713,000 365,000 - 100,000	\$ (5,000) \$ 328,567 \$ 90,000 \$ - \$ 25,000 \$ -	-16.7% 23.7% 32.7% - 33.3%
Reliability Standards Compliance Enforcement and Organization Registration and Certification Reliability Assessment and Performance Analysis Training and Education Situation Awareness and Infrastructure Security Member Forums General and Administrative	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$	30,000 1,384,433 275,000 - 75,000	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$	30,000 1,384,433 275,000 - 75,000	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$	25,000 1,713,000 365,000 - 100,000	\$ (5,000) \$ 328,567 \$ 90,000 \$ - \$ 25,000 \$ - \$ (8,000)	-16.7% 23.7% 32.7% - 33.3%
Reliability Standards Compliance Enforcement and Organization Registration and Certification Reliability Assessment and Performance Analysis Training and Education Situation Awareness and Infrastructure Security Member Forums General and Administrative Legal and Regulatory	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$	30,000 1,384,433 275,000 - 75,000 - 90,000	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$	30,000 1,384,433 275,000 - 75,000	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$	25,000 1,713,000 365,000 - 100,000	\$ (5,000) \$ 328,567 \$ 90,000 \$ - \$ 25,000 \$ - \$ (8,000) \$ -	-16.7% 23.7% 32.7% - 33.3%
Reliability Standards Compliance Enforcement and Organization Registration and Certification Reliability Assessment and Performance Analysis Training and Education Situation Awareness and Infrastructure Security Member Forums General and Administrative Legal and Regulatory Information Technology	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	30,000 1,384,433 275,000 - 75,000 - 90,000	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	30,000 1,384,433 275,000 - 75,000 - 90,000	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	25,000 1,713,000 365,000 - 100,000 - 82,000	\$ (5,000) \$ 328,567 \$ 90,000 \$ - \$ 25,000 \$ - \$ (8,000) \$ - \$ -	-16.7% 23.7% 32.7% 33.3% -8.9%
Reliability Standards Compliance Enforcement and Organization Registration and Certification Reliability Assessment and Performance Analysis Training and Education Situation Awareness and Infrastructure Security Member Forums General and Administrative Legal and Regulatory Information Technology Human Resources	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	30,000 1,384,433 275,000 - 75,000 - 90,000	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	30,000 1,384,433 275,000 - 75,000 - 90,000 - -	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	25,000 1,713,000 365,000 - 100,000 - 82,000 - -	2014 Budget  \$ (5,000) \$ 328,567 \$ 90,000 \$ - \$ 25,000 \$ - \$ (8,000) \$ - \$ (8,000) \$ - \$ (3,000)	-16.7% 23.7% 32.7% - 33.3%

- Compliance Enforcement and Organization Registration and Certification consultant and contractor costs increased due to increased workload related to the initial implementation of the RAI, incorporating Risk Assessment and Internal Control assessment. Without this one time ramp up in RAI endeavors for 2015, contractor costs would have remained relatively flat. These joint ERO Enterprise initiatives are intended to benefit the registered entities, Regional Entities and NERC. With a risk and performance based assessment of each registered entity, audits will transition to a periodicity more reflective of the risk profile of the entity such that some audits will be more in-depth while others may have a reduced scope which will require less independent contractor resources.
- Reliability Assessment and Performance Analysis contracts expense increase is related to implementation of the revised BES definition.

#### Table B-6 - Office Rent

Office Rent	Budget 2014	Projection 2014	Budget 2015	201	Variance I5 Budget v I14 Budget	Variance %
Office Rent	\$ 654,772	\$ 654,772	\$ 645,000	\$	(9,772)	-1.5%
Utilities	\$ 35,000	35,000	40,000		5,000	14.3%
Maintenance	\$ 15,000	15,000	22,000		7,000	46.7%
Security	\$ 2,500	\$ 2,500	\$ 2,500	\$	-	0.0%
Real Estate Taxes	\$ 30,000	\$ 30,000	\$ 42,000	\$	12,000	40.0%
Total Office Rent	\$ 737,273	\$ 737,273	\$ 751,501	\$	14,228	1.9%

Table B-7 - Office Costs

Office Costs	Budget 2014	Projection 2014		Budget 2015	20	Variance 15 Budget v 014 Budget	Variance %
			_				
Telephone	\$ 110,000	110,000		110,000		-	0.0%
Internet Expense	\$ 80,000	\$ 80,000	\$	80,000	\$	-	0.0%
Office Supplies	\$ 35,000	\$ 35,000	\$	36,000	\$	1,000	2.9%
Computer Supplies and Maintenance	\$ 213,000	\$ 213,000	\$	260,000	\$	47,000	22.1%
Subscriptions & Publications	\$ 13,000	\$ 13,000	\$	13,500	\$	500	3.8%
Dues	\$ 4,000	\$ 4,000	\$	4,000	\$	-	0.0%
Postage	\$ 1,500	\$ 1,500	\$	1,200	\$	(300)	-20.0%
Express Shipping	\$ 10,000	\$ 10,000	\$	10,000	\$	-	0.0%
Copying	\$ 25,000	\$ 25,000	\$	25,000	\$	-	0.0%
Reports	\$ -	\$ -	\$	5,000	\$	5,000	-
Stationary and Office Forms	\$ 5,000	\$ 5,000	\$	3,000	\$	(2,000)	-40.0%
Equipment Repair/Service Contracts	\$ 10,000	\$ 10,000	\$	8,000	\$	(2,000)	-20.0%
Bank Charges	\$ 30,000	\$ 30,000	\$	23,000	\$	(7,000)	-23.3%
Sales and Use Tax	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	-
Merchant Credit Card Fees	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	-
Presentation and Publicity	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	-
Total Office Costs	\$ 536,500	\$ 536,499	\$	578,700	\$	42,200	7.9%

• Computer Supplies and Maintenance expense is based on contracts currently in place and historical actual expense.

## **Table B-8 - Professional Services**

Professional Services		Budget 2014	Projection 2014	Budget 2015	201	/ariance 5 Budget v 14 Budget	Variance %
BOT Fee	\$	280,000	\$ 280,000	\$ 325,000	\$	45,000	16.1%
BOT Search Fee	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	-
Legal - Reorganization	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	-
Accounting & Auditing Fees	\$	300,000	\$ 300,000	\$ 310,000	\$	10,000	3.3%
Legal Fees - Other	\$	350,000	\$ 350,000	\$ 350,000	\$	-	0.0%
Insurance - Commercial	\$	36,500	\$ 36,500	\$ 40,000	\$	3,500	9.6%
Total Services	s	966.500	\$ 966.501	\$ 1.025.000	\$	58.500	6.1%

## **Table B-9 – Other Non-Operating Expenses**

Other Non-Operating Expenses	Budget 2014	Projection 2014	Budget 2015	Variance 2015 Budget v 2014 Budget	Variance %
Interest Expense	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	-
Office Relocation	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	-
Total Non-Operating Expenses	\$ 	\$ 	\$ -	\$ -	_

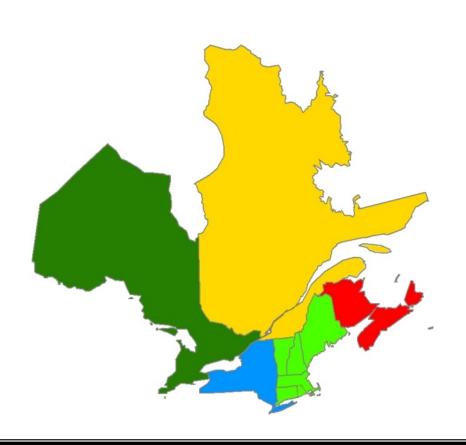
## **Table B-10 – 2016 and 2017 Projections**

20		Juuget & I	rojected 20	יוע		Duuge	.5			
		2015 Budget	2016 Projection		\$ Change 15 v 16	% Change 15 v 16		2017 Projection	\$ Change 16 v 17	% Change 16 v 17
Funding		Daugot				10 1 10	_			
ERO Funding	•	44.000.070	44.044.005	•	0.45.007	0.00/	•	45.050.700		0.00/
ERO Assessments Penalty Sanctions	\$	14,068,878 \$ 290,500	14,914,805	\$	845,927 (290,500)	6.0% -100.0%	\$	15,256,789	\$ 341,984	2.2%
Total ERO Funding	\$	14,359,378 \$	14,914,805	\$	555,427	3.9%	\$	15,256,789	\$ 341,984	2.2%
Membership Dues		_	_		_			_	_	
Testing Fees		-	-						-	
Services & Software		-	-		-			-	-	
Workshops		64,000	64,000		-	0.0%		64,000	-	0.0%
Interest		-	-		-			-	-	
Miscellaneous		-	-		-			-	-	
Total Funding (A)	_\$	14,423,378 \$	14,978,805	\$	555,427	3.9%	\$	15,320,789	\$ 341,984	2.3%
Expenses Personnel Expenses										
Salaries	\$	6,195,425 \$	6,381,287	\$	185,863	3.0%	\$	6,572,726	\$ 191,439	3.0%
Payroll Taxes	۳	387,209	398,825	Ψ.	11,616	3.0%	*	410,790	11,965	3.0%
Benefits		1,256,595	1,331,990		75,396	6.0%	•	1,411,910	79,919	6.0%
Retirement Costs		1,090,013	1,122,713		32,700	3.0%		1,156,395	33,681	3.0%
Total Personnel Expenses	\$	8,929,241 \$	9,234,816	\$	305,575	3.4%	\$	9,551,820	\$ 317,004	3.4%
Meeting Expenses										
Meetings	\$	365,000 \$	368,650	\$	3,650	1.0%	\$	372,337		1.0%
Travel		890,000	898,900		8,900	1.0%		907,889	8,989	1.0%
Conference Calls	_	45,000	45,450	_	450	1.0%	_	45,905	455	1.0%
Total Meeting Expenses	\$	1,300,000 \$	1,313,000	\$	13,000	1.0%	\$	1,326,130	\$ 13,130	1.0%
Operating Expenses Consultants & Contracts	œ.	0.040.000	0.040.000		(420,000)	-5.6%	\$	0.040.000	s -	0.0%
Office Rent	\$	2,342,000 \$ 751,500	2,212,000		(130,000)	-5.6% 1.0%	ф	2,212,000 5 766,605	5 - 7,590	1.0%
Office Costs		578,700	759,015 590,274		7,515 11,574	2.0%		602,079	11,805	2.0%
Professional Services		1,025,000	1,025,000		11,574	0.0%	•	1,025,000	11,605	0.0%
Miscellaneous		40,000	40,800		800	2.0%		41,616	816	2.0%
Depreciation		202,019	206,059		4,040	2.0%		210,181	4,121	2.0%
Total Operating Expenses	\$	4,939,219 \$	4,833,148	\$	(106,071)	-2.1%	\$	4,857,481		0.5%
Total Direct Expenses	\$	15,168,460 \$	15,380,965	\$	212,504	1.4%	\$	15,735,432	\$ 354,467	2.3%
Indirect Expenses	\$	(409,902) \$	(418,100)	\$	(8,198)	2.0%	\$	(426,462)	\$ (8,362)	2.0%
Other Non-Operating Expenses	\$	- \$	-	\$	-		\$	- ;	\$ -	
Total Expenses (B)	\$	14,758,558 \$	14,962,865	\$	204,306	1.4%	\$	15,308,970	\$ 346,105	2.3%
Change in Assets	\$	(335,180) \$	15,941	\$	351,121	-104.8%	\$	11,819	\$ (4,121)	-25.9%
Fixed Assets										
Depreciation	\$	(202,019) \$	(206,059)	\$	(4,040)	2.0%	\$	(210,181)	\$ (4,121)	2.0%
Computer & Software CapEx		222,000	222,000		- '	0.0%		222,000		0.0%
Furniture & Fixtures CapEx		-	-		-			-	-	
Equipment CapEx		-	-		-			-	-	
Leasehold Improvements (Incr)Dec in Fixed Assets (C)	\$	19,981 \$	15,941	\$	(4,040)	-20.2%	\$	11,819	- \$ (4,121)	-25.9%
	\$								•	
TOTAL BUDGET (=B+C)		14,778,539 \$	14,978,805		200,266	1.4%		15,320,789		2.3%
TOTAL CHANGE IN WORKING CAPITAL (=A-B-C)	\$	(355,161) \$	(0)	\$	355,161	-100.0%	\$	(0)	\$ 0	-21.4%
	s	36.86	36.86		0	0.0%		36.86	0.00	0.0%

## Projections for 2016 and 2017

- No increase in FTE's above 2015 budgeted levels.
- Wage package increase of 3%.
- Decrease in consultants and contracts expenses due to anticipated decrease in contractor workload after the initial implementation of the RAI, Risk Assessment, Internal Control assessment and revised BES definition implementation.
- Resource reprioritization and efforts to contain meeting, travel and overall operating expenses continue.

## Section C – Criteria Services Division Activities 2015 Business Plan and Budget



#### Section C —2014 Criteria Services Division Business Plan and Budget

Criteria Services Division (in w hole dollars)											
			Increase								
	2014 Budget	2015 Budget	(Decrease)								
Total FTEs	2.14	2.14	0.00								
Total Direct Expenses	\$683,240	\$729,550	\$46,310								
Total Indirect Expenses	\$405,859	\$409,902	\$4,043								
Other Non-Operating Expenses	\$0	\$0	\$0								
Working Capital and Operating Reserves	(\$75,391)	(\$94,220)	(\$18,829)								
Requirement											
Inc(Dec) in Fixed Assets	(\$24,000)	(\$10,011)	\$13,989								
Funding Requirement	\$989,708	\$1,035,221	\$45,513								

#### **NPCC Regionally-Specific Criteria Services Background**

NPCC Criteria Services division activities are based on the development, maintenance and promulgation of Regionally-specific more stringent criteria as well as criteria establishing resource adequacy requirements within the Region. These criteria contain requirements which are more stringent and more specific than the existing NERC Reliability Standards requirements. These criteria require continual evaluation to ensure they are "not inconsistent with" any NERC reliability standards.

#### **Membership and Governance**

Full members are subject to compliance with Regionally-specific criteria, in addition to continent-wide Reliability Standards, and receive criteria-related services from the Criteria Services division.

Full Members, aside from those who perform the Balancing Authority function, are not assessed an annual membership fee. Those that perform Balancing Authority functions are assessed and remit a proportional net energy for load share of expenses for criteria services. NPCC would also directly assign criteria service division costs to a Balancing Authority Area or entity, where significant costs are incurred for that Balancing Authority Area. The funding for NPCC's Criteria Services division is approved by the NPCC Board of Directors.

#### Criteria Services Division Functional Scope

Through its Criteria Services division, NPCC promotes the reliable and efficient operation of the international, interconnected bulk power systems in Northeastern North America through the establishment of Regionally-specific criteria, and monitoring and enforcement of compliance with such criteria.

NPCC provides Full Members with Regional reliability assurance services, and acts as the vehicle through which States and Provinces can fulfill their political mandates, with respect to resource adequacy, as well as overseeing the Northeastern North American electric infrastructure.

## **Major 2015 Assumptions and Cost Impacts**

The Criteria Services division services are expected to remain stable throughout 2015 when compared to the Regional Entity division.

- The Criteria Compliance Enforcement Program (CCEP) review and evaluation process has matured and been enhanced after its inception in 2012. Criteria Compliance submittals to the CC are done as necessary.
- Past non-compliances, if any, followed the due process stated in the CCEP-1 process document and proper resolution/enforcement action taken.

## 2015 Primary Goals and Objectives

- Review, maintain, and revise the NPCC Regional Reliability Directories to facilitate
  compliance assessments and ensure the Criteria portions of the Directories are "not
  inconsistent" with, nor duplicative with, the approved and effective NERC Standards.
- The criteria services division and CCEP Working Group (reporting to the Compliance Committee) will work with the various Task Forces to develop Criteria Compliance Reporting Forms for additional NPCC Directories to ensure that the more stringent or Regionally-specific criteria is being met.
- The criteria services division and CCEP working group will work with TFCO, TFCP, TFSS, and TFSP to review criteria and measures within each specific NPCC Directory to identify and develop them into specific reporting forms for approval.
- Review impact of Bulk Electric System definition on Directory and Criteria content and compliance reporting.
- Review impact of Sector or NPCC organizational changes on the Directory and Criteria review, enforcement and arbitration processes
- Assist Legal with preparation of revised Directories for Regulatory filings with the individual Provinces in accordance with their respective Memorandum of Understandings (MOUs) as well as the State of New York Public Service Commission
- Facilitate any requested interpretations for NPCC Criteria with the necessary subject matter experts and identify potential opportunities for clarifications of the Criteria.

#### **NPCC** Reliability Directory Maintenance and Development

The NPCC Regional Reliability Directories were developed to demonstrate that the NPCC more stringent criteria are not inconsistent with the NERC Reliability Standards as mandated by the NERC Rules of Procedure. The Directory project was also undertaken to remove any redundancies with the NERC Reliability Standards and to clearly delineate the more stringent NPCC criteria requirements. In 2013 the directories were further reviewed and revision of the directories is underway to transition the criteria language into a "requirement type" format. This further revision facilitates the NPCC Region's CCEP and ensures the continued delineation of the more stringent and more specific Regional criteria from the latest approved and effective set of NERC ERO standards.

In 2015, work will proceed with maintenance and revision of the Directories to address any future redundancies with NERC or NPCC Reliability Standards as well as the continued need for additional more stringent or specific NPCC Regional criteria requirements as new NERC Reliability Standards are developed and existing standards are revised. NPCC will continue to rely on contractors for subject matter expertise on an as-needed basis throughout 2015. The amount of Regional documents being converted into Directories and the maintenance of the Directories require subject matter expert input. In addition, changes will be necessary to bring the Phase II Directory project to completion. This project will require significant resources to translate the existing criteria language into "requirements" that are clear, concise and measurable. Also a standards template will be applied to the existing Directories to make them more consistent with the look of the standards. As NERC standards improve, the need for NPCC Directories and amount of criteria contained therein will gradually decrease over time however in the interim, significant review is necessary to ensure the criteria remain "not inconsistent with" the NERC standards as outlined in the NERC Rules of Procedure.

The following Directories will either be under revision or reviewed for further development based on a schedule set forth in the NPCC Reliability Assessment Program:

#### **Operations and Planning Directories**

Directory #1, Basic Criteria for Design and Operation of Interconnected Power Systems
This directory documents NPCC's Regionally-specific, more stringent criteria, and demonstrates coordination and consistency with all the existing NERC TPL, BAL, IRO, INT, MOD, TOP, PRC and VAR standards. The NPCC Task Force on Coordination of Planning will lead a multi-disciplinary working group, consisting of operations and planning subject matter experts to review and revise this directory to reflect the FERC ruling on TPL and other TOP changes.

#### Directory #2, Emergency Operations

This directory documents NPCC's Regionally-specific, more stringent criteria, and demonstrates coordination and consistency with all the existing NERC EOP and TOP standards. The NPCC Task Force on Coordination of Operation will lead this review and revision.

#### Directory # 3, Maintenance Requirements for BPS Protection

This Directory documents NPCC's Regionally-specific, more stringent criteria, and demonstrates coordination and consistency with certain applicable NERC PRC standards. The NPCC Task Force on System Protection will lead this review and revision.

#### Directory # 4, BPS Protection

This Directory documents NPCC's Regionally-specific, more stringent criteria, and demonstrates coordination and consistency with certain applicable NERC PRC standards. The NPCC Task Force on System Protection will lead this review and revision.

#### Directory # 5, Operating Reserve Requirements

This directory documents NPCC's Regionally-specific, more stringent criteria, and demonstrates coordination and consistency with all the existing applicable NERC BAL, INT, and IRO standards. The NPCC Task Force on Coordination of Operation will lead this review and revision.

Directory # 7, Special Protection Systems

This Directory documents NPCC's Regionally-specific, more stringent criteria for application and approval of SPS. The NPCC Task Force on System Protection will lead this review and revision.

Directory # 8 System Restoration

This Directory documents NPCC's Regionally-specific, more stringent criteria with which each applicable entity must plan for and perform power system restoration following a major or a total blackout, and demonstrates coordination and consistency with applicable NERC EOP standards. The NPCC Task Force on Coordination of Operation will lead this review and revision.

Directory # 9, Verification of Generator Gross and Net Reactive Power Capability
This Directory documents NPCC's Regionally-specific, more stringent criteria for verifying the
Gross Reactive Power

Capability and Net Reactive Power Capability of generators or generating facilities. The NPCC Task Force on Coordination of Operation will lead this review and revision.

Directory # 11, *Disturbance Monitoring*, This directory documents NPCC's Regionally-specific, more stringent criteria, and demonstrates coordination and consistency with certain existing NERC PRC standards. The NPCC Task Force on System Protection will lead this review and revision until such time as the NPCC PRC-002-01 Disturbance Monitoring Regional Standard is adopted by FERC and the applicable governmental authorities.

Directory # 12, *UFLS Program*, This directory documents NPCC's Regionally-specific, more stringent criteria, and demonstrates coordination and consistency with certain existing NERC and NPCC developing PRC standard(s). The NPCC Task Force on System Studies will lead this review and revision until such time as the NPCC PRC-006-01 UFLS Regional Standard is approved by the NPCC membership, NERC BOT, the FERC and all the applicable governmental authorities in the Provinces of Canada within NPCC's footprint.

#### **NPCC Criteria Compliance Background**

The NPCC criteria services division promotes the reliable operation of the bulk power system through implementation of a comprehensive compliance program. The compliance program that includes monitoring, assessing and enforcing compliance with more stringent, Regionally specific NPCC Criteria requirements, is known as the NPCC Criteria Compliance and Enforcement Program (CCEP) described in process document CCEP-1. This program was developed by the criteria services division and the CCEP Working Group under the purview of the NPCC Compliance Committee. The products of this program support the various Task Forces in their assessments of the NPCC Directories in meeting their goals for the Reliability Coordinating Committee as stated in Section A of this Business Plan.

The more stringent, Regionally-specific NPCC Criteria requirements reflect the unique operational and planning aspects of the bulk power system within the NPCC Region and are included in the NPCC "A" documents and their successors, the NPCC Directories.

NPCC issues non-monetary sanctions to enforce compliance with NPCC Criteria.

- The CCEP program is described in document CCEP-1, NPCC Criteria Compliance and Enforcement Program (CCEP) Process Document
- The implementation plan is described in document CCEP-2, *Implementation Plan for 2011 NPCC Criteria Compliance and Enforcement Program*
- On April 5, 2011, the above became effective upon Full Member approval of CCEP-1, and CCEP-2 and retired the following
  - o NPCC Criteria A-8, Reliability Compliance and Enforcement Program (RCEP)
  - o NPCC Guide B-22, Guidelines for Implementation of the NPCC Inc. Compliance Program
  - NPCC Procedure C-32, Review Process for NPCC Reliability Compliance Enforcement Program
  - o Each of the above have been annotated as "retired effective 4/5/11 upon Full Member approval of CCEP-1... and CCEP-2..." on the NPCC public website

#### The CCEP-1 document

- recognizes the applicability of NPCC's Regionally-specific, more stringent reliability criteria to the Full Members of NPCC, consistent with the *Amended and Restated ByLaws*, and respects the provisions of the several Canadian Memoranda of Understanding in the execution of the processes described
- provides a comprehensive CCEP Process Diagram showing the process of evaluating and approving Criteria Certification submittals, and additional processes and responsibilities in the event that non-compliances, disputes and sanctions arise
- describes the roles and responsibilities of Reporting Members, CC, RCC and Enforcement Panel in the compliance review and enforcement process
- describes Levels of Non-Compliance, associated non-monetary Sanctions, Lateness Policy and the Arbitration/Dispute Resolution process
- addresses Mitigation Plans for any violations under the enforcement process; and
- lists the mandatory Certification Forms to be submitted for review by the Task Forces to ensure compliance with NPCC Directories are being met

The CCEP currently requires annual submittal of Certification Forms by the Reliability Coordinators and Balancing Authorities to confirm compliance with various NPCC Directories. Currently the required Certification forms are for Directory #1- *Area Transmission Review*, Directory #8 - *Key Facility List*, Directory #9 - *Generator Real Power Verification*, Directory #10 - *Verification of Generator Gross and Net Reactive Power Capability*, and Directory #12 - *UFLS Program Requirements*. In 2014 NPCC anticipates expansion of the CCEP to include compliance assessment activities to all active Directories.

The CCEP identifies those specific NPCC Directories that are subject to monitoring, assessment and enforcement. These Directories also are subject to NPCC Criteria Compliance Audits.

The NPCC Compliance Committee (CC) has final approval of compliance assessments related to CCEP. The CCEP describes the roles and responsibilities of committees and panels used to resolve contested compliance and/or sanction or penalty determinations related to NPCC Directories.

## Personnel Expenses

• Salaries expense reflects implementation of recommendations of NPCC's Management Development and Compensation Committee, which were based on an independent compensation study.

## 2014 Budget and Projection and 2015 Budget Comparisons

		4 Budget &								
		CRITE 2014 Budget	RIA SE	2014 Projection	Va 2014 F v 201	riance Projection 4 Budget (Under)		2015 Budget	20 v 20	/ariance 15 Budget 014 Budget ver(Under)
Funding										
ERO Fur	nding ERO Assessments	\$ -	\$	-	\$		\$	-	\$	
	Penalty Sanctions	<u> </u>	• •		э		Þ	-	ф	-
	O Funding	\$ -	\$		\$		\$	-	\$	
		-	Ť		Ť		Ť		Ť	
	Membership Dues	989,70	3	989,708		-		760,033		(229,675
	Testing Fees	-		-		-		-		-
	Services & Software	-		-		-		-		-
	Workshops	-		-		-		-		-
	Interest	-		-		-		-		-
	Miscellaneous	¢ 000.70		- 000 700	•		•	700 022	ø	- (220 675
Total Fundi	I9 (A)	\$ 989,708	3 \$	989,708	\$		\$	760,033	\$	(229,675
Expenses			+		+		+		+	
	el Expenses									
	Salaries	\$ 312,166	3 \$	312,166	\$	-	\$	369,319	\$	57,153
	Payroll Taxes	21,536		21,536	1	-	1	22,681	Ť.	1,145
	Benefits	64,153		64,153		-		76,900		12,747
	Retirement Costs	129,818	3	129,818		-		145,639		15,821
Total Pe	rsonnel Expenses	\$ 527,674	\$	527,674	\$	-	\$	614,539	\$	86,866
	Expenses									
	Meetings	\$ 10,000		10,000	\$	-	\$	10,000	\$	-
	Travel	63,000	)	63,000		-		63,000		-
	Conference Calls		-	-	_	-	-		-	-
Total Me	eting Expenses	\$ 73,000	) \$	73,000	\$		\$	73,000	\$	-
Operation	a Evnoncoo				_		-		-	
	ng Expenses Consultants & Contracts	\$ 55,000	) \$	55,000	\$		\$	30,000	\$	(25,000)
	Office Rent	ψ 33,000 -	, ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	(23,000
	Office Costs	-		-			_	-		_
	Professional Services	-		-		-		-		-
	Computer & Equipment Leases	-		-		-		-		-
	Miscellaneous	3,56	7	3,567		-		2,000		(1,567
	Depreciation	24,000	)	24,000		-		10,011		(13,989)
Total Op	erating Expenses	\$ 82,56	7 \$	82,567	\$	-	\$	42,011	\$	(40,556
	Total Direct Expenses	\$ 683,240	) \$	683,240	\$	-	\$	729,550	\$	46,310
Indirect	Expenses	\$ 405,859	\$	-	\$	-	\$	409,902	\$	4,043
Other No	on-Operating Expenses	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	•
Total Expen	ses (B)	\$ 1,089,100	\$	1,089,100	\$	-	\$	1,139,452	\$	50,353
Change in A	ssets	\$ (99,39	) \$	(99,391)	\$	-	\$	(379,419)	\$	(280,027
_		,,,,,,,		(,)				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Fixed Assets					1					
	Depreciation	\$ (24,000	0)	(24,000)	\$	-	\$	(10,011)	\$	13,989
	Computer & Software CapEx	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Furniture & Fixtures CapEx	-		-	_	-	_	-		-
	Equipment CapEx Leasehold Improvements	-	+		+	-	-		+	-
	Leasenoid improvements	-		-		-	-	-		
	Allocation of Fixed Assets	-		-		-		-		-
Inc(Dec) in F	Fixed Assets (C)	(24,000	))	(24,000)	-	-	-	(10,011)		13,989
ù í	• •	, ,,,,		, , , ,				` ′ ′		
TOTAL BUD	GET (=B+C)	1,065,100	)	1,065,100		-		1,129,441		64,342
	NGE IN WORKING CAPITAL (=A-B-C)	\$ (75,39	) \$	(75,391)	\$		\$	(369,408)	\$	(294,016

## **Personnel Analysis**

Total FTE's by Program Area	Budget 2014	Projection 2014	Direct FTEs 2015 Budget	Shared FTEs <sup>1</sup> 2015 Budget	Total FTEs 2015 Budget	Change from 2014 Budget
Total F123 by F10grain Area	CRITERIA SERVICE		2010 Budget	2010 Baaget	2010 Budget	zor4 Duaget
Operational Programs						
Reliability Standards	1.07	1.07	1.00	0.07	1.07	0.00
Compliance Enforcement and Organization Registration and Certification	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Training and Education	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Reliability Assessment and Performance Analysis	1.07	1.07	1.00	0.07	1.07	0.00
Situation Awareness and Infrastructure Security	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Total ETE- On andianal Brancana	2.14	2.14	2.00	0.14	2.14	0.00
Total FTEs Operational Programs	2.14	2.14	2.00	0.14	2.14	0.00
Administrative Programs						
Member Forums	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
General and Administrative	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Information Technology	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Legal and Regulatory	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Human Resources	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Accounting and Finance	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Total FTEs Administrative Programs	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Total FTEs	2.14	2.14	2.00	0.14	2.14	0.00

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>A shared FTE is defined as an employee who performs both Regional Entity and Criteria Services division functions.

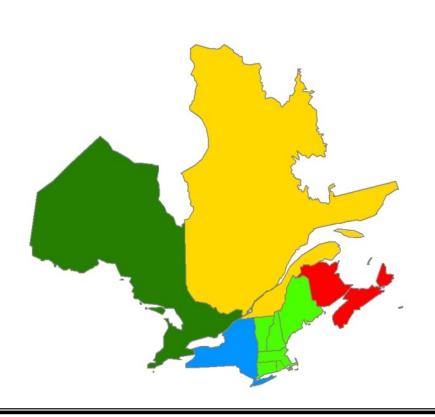
## Reserve Analysis 2014-2015

Working Capital and Operating Reserve CRITERIA SERVICES DIVIS			
Beginning Working Capital and Operating Reserves, December 31, 2013 2014 Non-Statutory Funding (from members) 2014 Other funding sources	<b>Total Reserve</b> 816,612 989,708 0	Operating Reserve 727,857 989,708 0	<b>Working Capital</b> 88,755 0 0
Less: 2014 Projected expenses & fixed asset additions	(1,065,100)	(1,065,100)	0
Projected Working Capital, December 31, 2014	741,220	652,465	88,755
Desired Working Capital and Operating Reserve, December 31, 2015	647,000	552,884	94,116
Less: Projected Working Capital Reserve Balance December 31, 2014	(741,220)	(652,465)	(88,755)
Increase(decrease) in assessments to achieve desired Total Reserve	(94,220)	(99,581)	5,361
2015 Funding requirement for expenses and fixed asset additions Adjustment to achieve desired Working Capital and Operating Reserve balance 2015 Funding and reserve requirement	1,129,441 (94,220) 1,035,221		

#### **Explanation of Changes in Reserve Policy from Prior Year**

On October 29, 2013 NPCC's Board of Directors approved management's proposed Working Capital and Operating Reserve Policy. The policy calls for a range between 8.33% (30 days) and 25.00% (90 days) rather than the specific required level of Operating Reserves of 8.33%. This range will allow for more stability in Assessments. The Working Capital required balance remains unchanged at 8.33% (30 days).

## Section D – Additional Consolidated Financial Statements 2015 Business Plan and Budget



## **Section D**

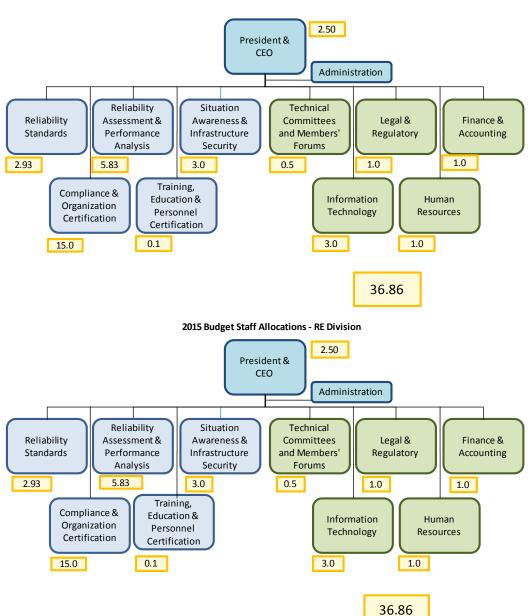
## **Statement of Financial Position**

Statement of Fir 2013 Audited, 2014 Proje		Budget	
Regional Entity and Cri	teria Services Divisio	n	
	(Per Audit) 31-Dec-13	Projected 31-Dec-14	Budget 31-Dec-15
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	7,412,184	6,161,000	5,660,000
Restricted cash	611,021	581,000	300,000
Temporary cash investments	2,210,944	2,211,000	2,211,000
Prepaid expenses	236,551	237,000	237,000
Other assets	137,191	19,000	17,000
Equipment and leasehold improvements, net	1,142,418	939,000	883,000
Total Assets	11,750,309	10,148,000	9,308,000
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS			
Liabilities			
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	1,572,583	1,400,000	1,400,000
Accrued liability for pension	1,135,117	1,100,000	1,100,000
Deferred revenue	734,117	-	-
Deferred rent	774,268	741,000	687,000
Total Liabilities	4,216,085	3,241,000	3,187,000
Net Assets - unrestricted	7,534,224	6,907,000	6,121,000
Total Liabilities and Net Assets	11,750,309	10,148,000	9,308,000

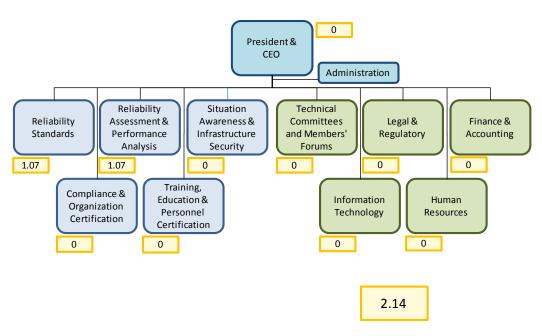
	NPCC Statement of Activities 2015 Budget	RE Division Total	Reliability Standards (Section 300)	Compliance Monitoring and Enforcement and Organization Registration and Certification (Section 400 & 500)	Reliability Assessment and Performance Analysis (Section 800)	Training, Education, and Operator Certification (Section 900)	Situation Awareness and Infrastructure Security (Section 1000)	Technical Committees and Member Forums	Administrative Services
Funding	Funding								
	ERO Assessments	14,068,878	1,425,578	8,401,311	2,993,133	133,967	1,470,051		(355,161
	Penalty Sanctions	290,500	30,552	166,834	60,790	1,043	31,281		-
Total	ERO Funding	14,359,378	1,456,129	8,568,145	3,053,923	135,010	1,501,332		(355,161
	Membership Dues Testing Fees	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Services & Software	-	-	-	-		-		-
	Workshops	64,000	-	-		64,000	-		-
	Interest	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Miscellaneous	-		-					-
Total Fund	ing (A)	14,423,378	1,456,129	8,568,145	3,053,923	199,010	1,501,332		(355,161
Expenses									
	onnel Expenses Salaries	6,195,425	535,458	2,393,832	937.098	18,460	541,258	38,534	1,730,785
	Payroll Taxes	387,209	31,420	162,511	61,387	1,274	32,811	3,318	94,486
	Benefits	1,256,595	93,684	479,499	196,252	4,052	80,801	14,779	387,528
	Retirement Costs	1,090,013	85,075	284,206	172,840	4,436	107,819	10,148	425,490
Total	Personnel Expenses	8,929,241	745,638	3,320,048	1,367,577	28,222	762,689	66,779	2,638,289
	ing Expenses	365,000	20,000	32,000	41,000	137,000	15,000	2,000	118,000
	Meetings Travel	890,000	115,000	32,000	185,000	15,000	60,000	5,000	150,000
	Conference Calls	45,000	115,000	360,000	100,000	15,000	- 60,000	5,000	45,000
	Meeting Expenses	1,300,000	135,000	392,000	226,000	152,000	75,000	7,000	313,000
	,	,,,,,,		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	.,,,,,,,				
Oper	ating Expenses								
	Consultants & Contracts	2,342,000	25,000	1,728,000	365,000	-	100,000	-	124,000
	Office Rent	751,500	-	-	-	-	-	-	751,500
	Office Costs	578,700	-	-	-	-	-	-	578,700
	Professional Services Miscellaneous	1,025,000 40,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,025,000
	Depreciation	202,019		-	-	-	-	-	202,019
	Operating Expenses	4,939,219	25,000	1,728,000	365,000		100,000		2,721,219
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	(1)		, ,,,,,					
	Total Direct Expenses	15,168,460	905,638	5,440,048	1,958,577	180,222	937,689	73,779	5,672,508
Indire	ect Expenses	(409,902)	561,221	3,064,686	1,116,695	19,154	574,629	(73,779)	(5,672,508
Other	Non-Operating Expenses	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Expe	nses (B)	14,758,558	1,466,858	8,504,735	3,075,272	199,376	1,512,318	-	-
Change in	Assets	(335,180)	(10,729)	63,410	(21,349)	(366)	(10,986)		(355,161
		(1.1.7.1.7)	<b>,</b> , , ,		( ); :,	, , ,			•
Fixed Asse									
	eciation	(202,019)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(202,019
	outer & Software CapEx	222,000	-	122,000	-	-	-	-	100,000
	ture & Fixtures CapEx	-		-	-	-	-	-	-
	ehold Improvements	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Leas	enoid improvements	-		_		_	-	_	_
Alloca	ation of Fixed Assets	(0)	(10,729)	(58,590)	(21,349)	(366)	(10,986)	-	102,019
Inc (Dec) i	n Fixed Assets ( C )	19,981	(10,729)	63,410	(21,349)	(366)	(10,986)	-	-
TOTAL BUD	OGET (=B+C)	14,778,539	1,456,129	8,568,145	3,053,923	199,010	1,501,332	-	-
TOTAL CHA	INGE IN WORKING CAPITAL (=A-B-C)	(355,161)	0	(0)	0	(0)	(0)		(355,161
3.0		(223,101)		(6)		(0)	(0)		(===,101

NPCC Statement of Activities		Criteria Services	Criteria	Criteria	General and
2015 Budget	CS Division Total	Total	Development	Assessment	Administrative
Funding ERO Funding					
ERO Assessments	_	-			
Penalty Sanctions	-	-			
Total ERO Funding		-		-	
			İ		
Membership Dues	1,035,221	1,035,221	562,072	567,370	(94,220)
Testing Fees	-	-	-	-	-
Services & Software	-	-	-	-	-
Workshops	-	-	-	-	-
Interest	-	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous	4 005 004	4 005 004	FC0 070	FC7 070	(0.4.000)
Total Funding (A)	1,035,221	1,035,221	562,072	567,370	(94,220)
Expenses Personnel Expenses					
Salaries	369,319	369,319	170,163	199.156	-
Payroll Taxes	22,681	22,681	10,708	11,973	<u> </u>
Benefits	76,900	76,900	25,418	51,482	-
Retirement Costs	145,639	145,639	71,832	73,807	-
Total Personnel Expenses	614,539	614,539	278,121	336,419	-
Meeting Expenses					
Meetings	10,000	10,000	5,000	5,000	-
Travel	63,000	63,000	48,000	15,000	-
Conference Calls	-	-	-	-	-
Total Meeting Expenses	73,000	73,000	53,000	20,000	-
0					
Operating Expenses	20,000	20,000	25 000	F 000	
Consultants & Contracts Office Rent	30,000	30,000	25,000	5,000	
Office Costs	-	-	-	-	-
Professional Services	_	-	-	-	
Miscellaneous	2,000	2,000	1,000	1,000	-
Depreciation	10,011	10,011	5,005	5,006	-
Total Operating Expenses	42,011	42,011	31,005	11,006	-
The second secon			,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	,	
Total Direct Expenses	729,550	729,550	362,126	367,425	-
Indirect Expenses	409,902	409,902	204,951	204,951	
Other Non-Operating Expenses	-	-	- 1	-	-
Total Expenses (B)	1,139,452	1,139,452	567,077	572,376	-
Change in Assets	(104,231)	(104,231)	(5,005)	(5,006)	(94,220)
Fixed Assets					
Depreciation	(10,011)	(10,011)	(5,005)	(5,006)	-
Computer & Software CapEx	-	-	-	-	-
Furniture & Fixtures CapEx	-	-	-	-	-
Equipment CapEx	-	-	-	-	-
Leasehold Improvements	-	-	-	-	-
Allocation of Fixed Assets	-	-	-	-	-
Inc (Dec) in Fixed Assets ( C )	(10,011)	(10,011)	(5,005)	(5,006)	_
TOTAL BUDGET (=B + C)	1,129,441	1,129,441	562,072	567,370	-
TOTAL CHANGE IN WORKING CAPITAL (=A-B-C)	(94,220)	(94,220)	-	-	(94,220)

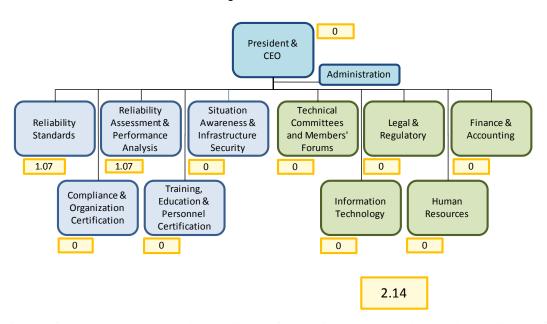
#### 2014 Budget Staff Allocations - RE Division



#### 2014 Budget Staff Allocations - CS Division



#### 2015 Budget Staff Allocations - CS Division



# NORTH AMERICAN ELECTRIC RELIABILITY CORPORATION

## 2015 BUSINESS PLAN AND BUDGET FILING

## **ATTACHMENT 5**

WESTERN ELECTRICITY COORDINATING COUNCIL

PROPOSED 2015 BUSINESS PLAN AND BUDGET



## 2015 Business Plan and Budget

**Western Electricity Coordinating Council** 

**Approved by: WECC Board of Directors** 

Date:

June 25, 2014

## **Table of Contents**

Introduction	3
Organizational Overview	3
Membership and Governance	4
Statutory Functional Scope	<i>6</i>
2015 Key Assumptions	<i>6</i>
2015 WECC Business Objectives	<i>6</i>
2015 Overview of Cost Impacts	7
Personnel Analysis	<u>9</u>
2014 Budget and Projection and 2015 Budget Comparisons	10
Section A — 2015 Business Plan	12
Reliability Standards Program	12
Compliance Monitoring and Enforcement and Organization Registration and Certification Prog	ram16
Reliability Assessment and Performance Analysis Program	20
Training, Education, and Operator Certification Program	24
Situation Awareness and Infrastructure Security Program	28
Administrative Services	31
Technical Committees and Member Forums	32
General and Administrative	35
Legal and Regulatory	38
Information Technology	41
Human Resources	44
Finance and Accounting	47
Section B — Supplemental Financial Information	51
Reserve Balance	51
Penalty Sanctions	53
Supplemental Funding	54
Personnel Expenses	56
Consultants and Contracts	58
Office Rent	60
Office Costs	61
Professional Services	62
Other Non-Operating	63
Section C — 2015 Non-Statutory Business Plan and Budget	65
Western Renewable Energy Generation Information System (WREGIS)	65
Personnel Analysis	
Reserve Analysis — 2014–2015	69
Section D – Additional Consolidated Financial Statements	71
2015 Consolidated Statement of Activities by Program, Statutory, and Non-Statutory	71
Statement of Financial Position	
Appendix A: Organizational Chart	73
Appendix B: 2015 Budget & Projected 2016 and 2017 Budgets	
Appendix C: Adjustment to the AESO 2015 Assessment	75

#### Introduction

	٠	TOTAL RESOU (in whole do			
	2	015 Budget	U.S.	Canada	Mexico
Statutory FTEs*		137.5			
Non-statutory FTEs		5.0			
Total FTEs		142.5			
Statutory Expenses	\$	25,699,428			
Non-Statutory Expenses	\$	1,669,241			
Total Expenses	\$	27,368,669			
Statutory Inc(Dec) in Fixed Assets	\$	600,607			
Non-Statutory Inc(Dec) in Fixed Assets	\$	8,607			
Total Inc(Dec) in Fixed Assets	\$	609,214			
Statutory Working Capital Requirement**		2,662,817			
Non-Statutory Working Capital Requirement		3,096,156			
Total Working Capital Requirement		5,758,973			
Total Statutory Funding Requirement	\$	26,300,035			
Total Non-Statutory Funding Requirement	\$	1,630,875			
Total Funding Requirement	\$	27,930,910			
Statutory Funding Assessments	\$	25,032,135	\$ 22,042,259	\$ 2,662,329	\$ 350,548
Non-Statutory Fees	\$	1,630,875	\$ 1,549,331	\$ 81,544	\$ -
NEL***		868,549,865	737,348,098	119,586,872	11,614,895
NEL%		100.00%	84.89%	13.77%	1.34%

<sup>\*</sup>An FTE is defined as a full-time equivalent employee.

#### **Organizational Overview**

The Western Electricity Coordinating Council (WECC) is a 501(c)(4) entity operating in the "best interest of the public welfare." WECC's mission is to foster and promote reliability and efficient coordination in the Western Interconnection. WECC's website is <a href="http://www.wecc.biz">http://www.wecc.biz</a>.

The Western Interconnection is a geographic area in which the use and generation of electricity is synchronized. This area includes all or part of 14 Western states in the United States, two Canadian provinces, and a portion of Baja California Norte, Mexico. WECC will lead the stakeholders in the Western Interconnection to achieve appropriate system reliability, be the premier source of unbiased information, and serve as the trusted thought leader for the Western Interconnection by providing:

- 1) impartial independent review and analysis of reliability issues impacting the Western Interconnection;
- 2) development of electric reliability standards incorporating Western Interconnection experience and knowledge;

<sup>\*\*</sup>Refer to the Statutory Reserve Analysis on page 51 in Section B.

<sup>\*\*\*</sup>Refer to the Non-Statutory Reserve Analysis on page 69 in Section C.

<sup>\*\*\*\*</sup>NEL is defined as Net Energy for Load.

- consistent and fair monitoring and enforcement activities for compliance with reliability standards;
- 4) event analysis and lessons-learned from system events; and
- 5) value for its membership through cost effective and efficient services and practices through:
  - a) being a centralized repository of reliable information relating to the planning and operation of the Bulk Electric System (BES) in the Western Interconnection;
  - b) coordinating system planning and modeling;
  - c) sharing of, and providing comment on adherence to, recognized industry best practices;
  - d) facilitating resolution of market seams and coordination issues;
  - e) secure sharing of critical reliability data; and
  - f) providing a robust stakeholder forum.

WECC's business philosophy is guided by the following core values:

*Integrity* – We are honest, ethical, and trustworthy. We honor our commitments. We take personal responsibility for our actions. We treat everyone fairly and with respect.

**Teamwork** – We recognize our strength is derived from collaborative efforts. We continually learn, and share ideas and knowledge. We encourage cooperative efforts across all activities in the Western Interconnection.

**Excellence** – We strive for continuous quality improvement in all that we do.

*Inclusiveness* – We foster an open and participatory environment that encourages innovative ideas and diverse perspectives from all stakeholders.

**Professionalism** – We conduct ourselves with skill, good judgment, and polite behavior across all committees, forums, and stakeholder interactions.

#### **Membership and Governance**

WECC has 341 members divided into the following five membership classes:

- 1. Large Transmission Owners
- 2. Small Transmission Owners
- 3. Transmission Dependent Energy Service Providers
- 4. End Users
- 5. Representatives of State and Provincial Governments

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> As of June 10, 2014

WECC membership is open to any person or entity that has an interest in the reliable operation of the Western Interconnection BES. WECC membership is not a requirement for participation in the WECC standards development process.<sup>2</sup>

WECC is governed by a nine-member Independent Board of Directors and a Chief Executive Officer. The WECC Board is elected by the WECC membership and the Directors are compensated for their time. The nine Independent Directors are not:

- full-time employees of any Registered Entity;
- affiliated with any member or Registered Entity operating in the Western Interconnection; or
- Directors of an entity performing the function of Reliability Coordinator in the Western Interconnection.

WECC has seven Board Committees that provide additional oversight of WECC operations:

- Finance and Audit Committee
- Governance Committee
- Human Resources and Compensation Committee
- Nominating Committee
- RMS Reliability Compliance Committee
- WECC Standards Committee
- Transmission Expansion Planning and Policy Committee

Under the direction of the WECC Board, five Standing Committees provide the Board with technical work and policy recommendations.

- 1. The Member Advisory Committee (MAC) advises the Board on any matters the Board requests the committee to evaluate or consider, and advises the Board on matters as the MAC deems appropriate. The MAC Chair attends WECC Board meetings to provide advice, clarifications or respond to Directors' questions. The Board gives serious consideration to the MAC's recommendations and responds to MAC recommendations through a means that the Board determines appropriate. The MAC is comprised of three representatives from each of the five Member Classes, for a total of 15 members. MAC representatives communicate and obtain input from their respective class membership.
- 2. **WECC Standards Committee (WSC)** oversees the process for responding to requests for Regional Reliability Standards and Regional Criteria in accordance with the Reliability Standards Development Procedures. The WECC Standards Committee consists of one

2015 WECC Business Plan and Budget Approved by Board of Directors: June 25, 2014

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Non-WECC members may participate in standards drafting teams and Participating Stakeholders may vote on Regional Reliability Standards. A Participating Stakeholder is defined in Section 3.23 of the WECC Bylaws and the Participating Stakeholder Application Process is described in Section 8.7.4. WECC's Reliability Standards Voting Procedures are detailed in the Reliability Standards Development Procedures.

member from each of the WECC Standards Voting Sectors and a member of the WECC Board who shall act as chair of the committee.

- Planning Coordination Committee (PCC) advises the Board and makes recommendations on all matters within the jurisdiction of WECC pertaining to maintaining reliability through evaluating generation and load balance and the adequacy of the physical infrastructure of the BES within the Western Interconnection. All member organizations are eligible for representation on the committee.
- 4 **Operating Committee (OC)** advises the Board and makes recommendations on all matters within the jurisdiction of WECC pertaining to maintaining reliability through the operation and security of the BES in the Western Interconnection. All member organizations are eligible for representation on the committee.
- Market Interface Committee (MIC) advises the Board and makes recommendations on the development of consistent Market Interface practices and compatible commercial practices within the Western Interconnection. It considers matters pertaining to the impact of North American Electric Reliability Corporation (NERC) Reliability Standards and WECC's Regional Reliability Standards, Regional Criteria, procedures on the commercial electricity market in the Western Interconnection, and facilitates analysis of the impact of electricity market practices on electric system reliability. All member organizations are eligible for representation on the committee.

#### **Statutory Functional Scope**

WECC has been approved by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC) as a Regional Entity, with authority — pursuant to the WECC /NERC Delegation Agreement — to create, monitor, and enforce standards for the reliability of the BES in the Western Interconnection.

#### 2015 Key Assumptions

NERC and the eight Regional Entities collaborated in the development of a common operating model with complementary roles and responsibilities, an ERO Enterprise Strategic Plan, and a set of business planning assumptions, goals, metrics and key deliverables for the 2014 through 2017 period. NERC and the Regional Entities' business plans and budgets reflect the work mentioned above. The entire set of Common Assumptions is provided in Exhibit A to the NERC 2015 Business Plan and Budget. WECC supports these Common Assumptions as well as assumptions specific to WECC, which are described in each statutory program area in Section A of this document.

#### **2015 WECC Business Objectives**

WECC's business objectives for 2015 are as follows:

- 1. Continue to develop and track Bulk Electric System performance metrics to measure the impact of WECC programs and initiatives.
- Deliver efficiencies while ensuring a high degree of excellence in the Compliance, Monitoring and Enforcement Program.
- 3. Enhance the website to facilitate the distribution of information and user interface.

- 4. Strengthen the employee value proposition to enhance employee engagement.
- 5. Review WECC's existing organizational structure and identify areas for synergies and efficiencies.
- 6. Improve policy documentation and training to create well-defined boundaries and manager tools.
- 7. Publicize the value of WECC products to ensure their use by industry, policy makers and opinion leaders.
- 8. Engage senior leadership in the Western Interconnection to develop a shared vision of WECC's mission and value.
- 9. Engage policy makers and opinion leaders to develop a shared vision of WECC's mission and value.
- 10. Provide cross-training opportunities to strengthen and deepen bench strength.
- 11. Refine the employee performance measures to enhance professionalism.
- 12. Develop a greater sense of business acumen to ensure financial stewardship over the budget.
- 13. Develop problem-solving and decision-making models that drive value-added expenditures.

#### **2015 Overview of Cost Impacts**

WECC's proposed 2015 statutory budget is \$26.3 million, a \$662,000 (2.58 percent) increase from the 2014 statutory budget. The increase is mainly attributable to Remedial Action Scheme (RAS) modeling software enhancements, labor float assumption changes, and the end of the Regional Transmission Expansion Program (RTEP) U.S. Department of Energy (DOE) grant. Expenses associated with the RTEP grant decrease by \$3.6 million. Non-grant expenditures increase by \$4.2 million.

Full-time equivalents (FTE) represent the fractional allocation of a full-time position's cost to one or more functional areas. Headcount represents either vacant or filled positions. Significant changes to the 2015 statutory budget from the 2014 statutory budget are as follows:

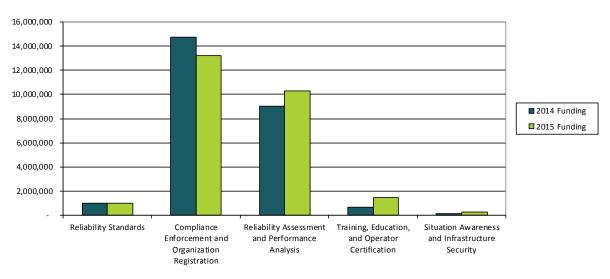
- Personnel Expenses increase by \$1.5 million primarily due to a change in labor float percentages and the net addition of three positions. In 2014, WECC budgeted for a 15 percent labor float adjustment across every department. In 2015, the labor float reductions were specific to more recent turnover rates in each department, ranging from zero to 10 percent, and averaging out to approximately an 8 percent rate. However, Benefits expense is decreasing to better reflect actual experience.
- Consultants and Contracts decrease by \$2.3 million, mainly due to the conclusion of the RTEP grant.
- Office costs increase by \$222,000 primarily due to increases in software license fees, which include rate increases as well as new user licenses.
- Professional Fees increase by a net of \$230,000 primarily due to recent changes in WECC's Independent Director compensation structure.

 Fixed Assets increase by \$1.0 million mainly due to enhanced RAS modeling as a result of findings in the Arizona-Southern California Outages on September 8, 2011: Causes and Recommendations report.

A summary of funding requirements for WECC's primary statutory functional areas is shown in the following table and graphs:

Program	Budget 2014	Projection 2014	Budget 2015	2014 Budget v 2015 Budget	Variance %
Reliability Standards	1,023,001	987,096	1,026,818	3,817	0.4%
Compliance Enforcement and Organization Registration	14,763,348	13,881,416	13,178,512	(1,584,836)	-10.7%
Reliability Assessment and Performance Analysis	9,054,046	10,510,468	10,301,986	1,247,940	13.8%
Training, Education, and Operator Certification	689,277	531,214	1,497,717	808,440	117.3%
Situation Awareness and Infrastructure Security	108,410	280,465	295,002	186,593	172.1%
Total By Program	25,638,082	26,190,659	26,300,035	661,954	

#### Comparison of 2015 to 2014 Budgeted Funding Requirements



<sup>\*</sup>This graphical representation does not include an allocation of working capital requirements among the program areas.

#### **Personnel Analysis**

In 2015, there is a net increase of 2.5 FTEs (three positions). Four new auditors are being added in 2015 and one position in General and Administrative is being eliminated. Additionally, WECC realigned and shifted some positions between program areas in 2015 to more appropriately classify costs based on the scope of work. Those shifts account for the balance of the changes in FTEs between 2014 and 2015.

Total FTEs by Program Area	Budget 2014 STATUTOR	Projection 2014	Direct FTEs 2015 Budget	Shared FTEs <sup>*</sup> 2015 Budget	Total FTEs 2015 Budget	Change from 2014 Budget
	JIATOTOK	•				
Operational Programs						
Reliability Standards	4.0	4.0	4.0	0.0	4.0	-
Compliance and Organization Registration and Certification	58.0	52.0	53.5	0.0	53.5	(4.5)
Training and Education	2.0	2.0	3.1	0.0	3.1	1.1
Reliability Assessment and Performance Analysis	23.6	31.9	30.8	0.0	30.8	7.2
Situation Awareness and Infrastructure Security	0.5	1.2	1.2	0.0	1.2	0.7
Total FTEs Operational Programs	88.1	91.1	92.6	0.0	92.6	4.5
Administrative Programs						
Technical Committees and Member Forums	9.0	1.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	(9.0)
General & Administrative	15.2	18.0	20.9	0.0	20.9	5.7
Information Technology	9.0	7.5	10.0	0.0	10.0	1.0
Legal and Regulatory	6.0	6.0	6.0	0.0	6.0	-
Human Resources	3.0	2.8	3.0	0.0	3.0	-
Finance and Accounting	4.7	4.0	5.0	0.0	5.0	0.3
Total FTEs Administrative Programs	46.9	39.8	44.9	0.0	44.9	(2.0)
Total FTEs	135.0	130.9	137.5	0.0	137.5	2.5

<sup>\*</sup>A shared FTE is defined as an employee who performs both Statutory and Non-Statutory functions.

WECC's budgeted percentages for labor float (turnover, hiring delays, etc.) changed in 2015 to better reflect actual conditions. In 2014, a flat 15 percent was removed from salaries, payroll taxes, retirement contributions, and insurance across the organization. For 2015, WECC tailored the labor float percentage to each department based on the most recent turnover information available. The percentages range from zero to 10 percent in 2015.

## 2014 Budget and Projection and 2015 Budget Comparisons

## Statement of Activities, Fixed Assets Expenditures, and Change in Working Capital 2014 Budget & Projection, and 2015 Budget

	ST	TATUTORY			
	2014 Budget	2014 Projection	Variance 2014 Projection v 2014 Budget Over(Under)	2015 Budget	Variance 2015 Budget v 2014 Budget Over(Under)
Funding	Ū	·	, ,	· ·	, ,
WECC Funding					
WECC Assessments	\$ 15,630,852	\$ 15,630,852	\$ -	\$ 25,032,135	\$ 9,401,283
Penalty Sanctions	2,933,050	2,933,050		143,000	(2,790,050
Total WECC Funding	\$ 18,563,902	\$ 18,563,902	\$ -	\$ 25,175,135	\$ 6,611,233
Membership Dues	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Federal Grants	3,628,308	3,628,308	-	(0)	(3,628,308
Services & Software	-	-	-	-	-
Workshops	957,929	1,117,184	159,255	1,055,900	97,971
Interest	69,000	64,860	(4,140)	69,000	=
Miscellaneous			4 455 445		
Fotal Funding (A)	\$ 23,219,139	\$ 23,374,254	\$ 155,115	\$ 26,300,035	\$ 3,080,896
Expenses					
Personnel Expenses					
Salaries	\$ 12,096,225	\$ 12,945,375	\$ 849,150	\$ 13,095,525	\$ 999,300
Payroll Taxes	774,001	940,446	\$ 166,445	960,685	186,684
Benefits	2,129,744	1,864,756	\$ (264,988)	2,100,312	(29,432
Retirement Costs	774,001 \$ <b>15.773.971</b>	1,105,210 \$ 16,855,787	\$ 331,209 <b>\$ 1,081,816</b>	1,122,028 \$ 17.278.551	348,027 \$ 1,504,580
Total Personnel Expenses	\$ 15,773,971	\$ 16,855,787	\$ 1,081,816	\$ 17,278,551	\$ 1,504,580
Meeting Expenses					
Meetings	\$ 873,476	\$ 770,927	\$ (102,549)	\$ 813,548	\$ (59,928
Travel	1,484,456	1,095,962	(388,494)	1,422,823	(61,633
Conference Calls	114,222	61,981	(52,241)	75,239	(38,983
Total Meeting Expenses	\$ 2,472,154	\$ 1,928,870	\$ (543,284)	\$ 2,311,610	\$ (160,544
Operating Expenses					
Consultants & Contracts	\$ 4,387,302	\$ 4,205,741	\$ (181,561)	\$ 2,123,220	\$ (2,264,082
Office Rent	936,072	939,767	3,695	987,136	51,064
Office Costs	1,405,454	1,294,815	(110,639)	1,627,611	222,157
Professional Services	758,756	1,103,692	344,936	988,350	229,594
Miscellaneous	-	-	-	-	-
Depreciation  Total Operating Expenses	\$ 8,067,584	\$ 8,198,084	74,069 \$ <b>130,500</b>	\$ 6,601,317	295,000 \$ <b>(1,466,267</b>
Total Operating Expenses					
Total Direct Expenses	\$ 26,313,709	\$ 26,982,741	\$ 669,032	\$ 26,191,478	\$ (122,231
Indirect Expenses	\$ (541,111)	\$ (419,120)	\$ 121,991	\$ (492,049)	\$ 49,062
Other Non-Operating Expenses	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Total Expenses (B)	\$ 25,772,598	\$ 26,563,621	\$ 791,023	\$ 25,699,428	\$ (73,170
Change in Assets	\$ (2,553,459)	\$ (3,189,367)	\$ (635,908)	\$ 600,607	\$ 3,154,066
Fixed Assets					
Depreciation	\$ (580,000)	\$ (654,069)	\$ (74,069)	\$ (875,000)	\$ (295,000
Computer & Software CapEx	309,487	228,107	(81,380)	1,319,000	1,009,513
Furniture & Fixtures CapEx	-	-	-	-	-
Equipment CapEx	136,000	53,000	(83,000)	148,000	12,000
Leas ehold Improvements	-	-	-	-	-
Allocation of Fixed Assets	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 8,607	\$ 8,607
ncr(Dec) in Fixed Assets (C)	\$ (134,513)	\$ (372,962)	\$ (238,449)	\$ 600,607	\$ 735,120
TOTAL BUDGET (B+C)	25,638,085	26,190,659	552,574	26,300,035	661,951
TOTAL CHANGE IN WORKING CAPITAL (A-B-C)	\$ (2,418,946)	\$ (2,816,405)	\$ (397,459)	\$ -	\$ 2,418,945
FTEs	135.0	130.9	(4.1)	137.5	2.5

Section A – Statutory Programs 2015 Business Plan and Budget

#### Section A — 2015 Business Plan

#### **Reliability Standards Program**

	R	eliability Standard (in whole dol		Increase (Decrease)
				(Deci ease)
Total FTEs		4.0	4.0	-
Direct Expenses	\$	597,739	\$ 640,064	\$ 42,325
Indirect Expenses	\$	432,890	\$ 393,639	\$ (39,251)
Other Non-Operating Expenses	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -
Inc(Dec) in Fixed Assets	\$	(7,628)	\$ (6,885)	\$ 743
Total Funding Requirement	\$	1,023,001	\$ 1,026,818	\$ 3,817

#### **Program Scope and Functional Description**

WECC's standards development activities are divided into two categories:

- 1. Participation in the NERC Reliability Standards Development Procedure.
- 2. Development of Western Interconnection Regional Reliability Standards (RRS) and Regional Criteria.

WECC's standards development process is overseen by the WECC Standards Committee and is open to participation by all parties interested in providing input during the drafting, comment, and approval processes. Each standard is recommended by vote of a ballot pool formed from the WECC Ballot Body. Once approved by the WECC Board, the standards are sent to the NERC Board of Trustees (BOT) for adoption. Upon NERC BOT adoption, WECC staff works with NERC to file these reliability standards with FERC for approval. The WECC Reliability Standards Development Procedures are also used for the development of WECC Regional Criteria.

#### **2015** Key Assumptions

- WECC expects that a significant proportion of the work required to develop regional standards and regional criteria will continue to be performed by voluntary stakeholder participation.
- WECC will continue to rely on stakeholder volunteers for the staffing of the majority of NERC Standards drafting teams. WECC staff may, at times, participate as drafting team members or observers.
- WECC Standards staff will take an active role in the coordination and communication of NERC Standards drafting teams' activities to the Western stakeholders.
- Depending on the final treatment of the NERC Fill-in-the-Blank Standards, it may be necessary to develop one or more RRSs to address any regional obligations in this area.
- Completion of several current WECC RRS and Regional Criteria projects will allow for the development work on unforeseen future projects.
- Integration of renewable resources may require new or modified NERC Reliability Standards.

#### 2015 Goals and Key Deliverables

- Ensure the Western Interconnection perspective is represented in NERC continent-wide Reliability Standards.
- Ensure that the RRSs and Regional Criteria developed by the WECC Standards Department meet the needs of the Western stakeholders.
- Ensure that WECC members and stakeholders are informed and engaged in the NERC Standards development efforts.
- Provide leadership and guidance to encourage Western Interconnection stakeholder awareness and participation in the development of NERC Results-Based Standards.
- Undertake regular outreach to keep stakeholders informed about standards development and the NERC Results-Based Standards initiative.
- Provide support to NERC's informal outreach efforts.
- Provide support to the NERC Cost Effective Analysis Process.
- Ensure that WECC's procedures are developed and updated as necessary to comply with the requirements of any remaining NERC Fill-in-the-Blank Standards.
- Monitor NERC Standards development projects and provide timely analyses to Western Stakeholders.
- Post updates and provide enhancements to the WECC Standards Outreach Web page.
- Facilitate and support the activities of the WECC Standards Committee.
- Continue support of the NERC Standards Committee and its subcommittees.

#### Funding Sources and Requirements — Explanation of Increase (Decrease)

#### Funding Sources (Other than Electric Reliability Organization (ERO) Assessments)

- Assessments are offset by the allocation of \$5,000 in penalty sanctions received by WECC on or prior to June 30, 2014.
- Interest revenue is allocated based on FTEs.

#### **Personnel Expenses**

 Personnel Expenses increase by \$42,000 primarily due to the refinement of the labor float percentage.

#### **Meeting Expenses**

No material changes.

#### **Operating Expenses**

No material changes.

#### **Indirect Expenses**

Indirect Expenses are allocated based on FTEs. The reliability standards allocation
decrease is primarily due to an overall reduction of costs in the Administrative Services
areas and the increase in FTEs in other Statutory Program Areas. As noted in the
Introduction, WECC realigned and shifted some positions between program areas in
2015 to more appropriately classify costs based on the scope of work.

### **Other Non-Operating Expenses**

Not applicable.

#### **Fixed Asset Additions**

Not applicable.

## **Reliability Standards Program**

Funding sources and related expenses for the Reliability Standards section of the 2015 Business Plan and Budget are shown in the table below.

	2014	Budget & P				dget				
		RELIAI	BILITY	STANDARD						
						ariance				Variance
						Projection				15 Budget
		2014		2014		14 Budget		2015		014 Budget
		Budget	P	rojection	Ov	er(Under)		Budget	O۱	ver(Under)
unding										
WECC Funding										
WECC Assessments	\$	790,180	\$	790,180	\$	-	\$	1,017,660	\$	227,48
Penalty Sanctions		133,169		133,169				6,177		(126,99
Total WECC Funding	\$	923,349	\$	923,349	\$		\$	1,023,837	\$	100,48
	· · · · ·									
Membership Dues		-		-		_		-		-
Federal Grants		-		-		_		-		-
Services & Software		-				_		-		-
Workshops		-		_		_		_		_
Interest		3,133		2,945		(188)		2,981		(15
Miscellaneous		-		_,		-		-,		,
otal Funding (A)	\$	926,482	\$	926,294	\$	(188)	\$	1,026,818	\$	100,3
xpenses Personnel Expenses										
Salaries	\$	447,768	\$	446,025	\$	(1,743)	\$	477,416	\$	29,6
Payroll Taxes	Y	30,138	Y	31,353	Ý	1,215	Ļ	34,358	¥	4,2
Benefits										
		48,499		30,314		(18,185)		44,967		(3,5
Retirement Costs		30,138	_	40,570		10,432	_	41,514		11,3
Total Personnel Expenses	\$	556,543	\$	548,262	\$	(8,281)	\$	598,255	\$	41,7
Meeting Expenses										
Meetings	\$	528	\$	396	\$	(132)	\$	528	\$	_
Travel	Y	28,360	Ţ	24,618	Y	(3,742)	Y	32,175	Y	3,8:
Conference Calls						. , ,		32,173		
		4,188	\$	3,624	\$	(564)	\$		\$	(1,1)
Total Meeting Expenses	\$	33,076	<u> </u>	28,638	<u> </u>	(4,438)	<u> </u>	35,730	<u> </u>	2,65
Operating Expenses										
Consultants & Contracts	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Office Rent		-		-		_		-		-
Office Costs		8,120		5,985		(2,135)		6,079		(2,0
Professional Services		-		-		-		-		_
Miscellaneous		-		_		_		_		_
Depreciation		_		_		_		_		_
Total Operating Expenses	\$	8,120	\$	5,985	\$	(2,135)	\$	6,079	\$	(2,0
Total Direct Expenses	\$	597,739	\$	582,885	\$	(14,854)	\$	640,064	\$	42,3
Total bilett Expenses	<del>,</del>			362,663		(14,634)		040,004		42,3
Indirect Expenses	\$	432,890	\$	407,979	\$	(24,911)	\$	393,639	\$	(39,2
Other Non-Operating Expenses	\$	-	\$	-	\$		\$		\$	
otal Expenses (B)	\$	1,030,629	\$	990,864	\$	(39,765)	\$	1,033,703	\$	3,0
	_	(104,147)		(64.570)					<u> </u>	
hange in Assets	<del>,</del>	(104,147)	\$	(64,570)	\$	39,577	\$	(6,885)	\$	97,2
xed Assets  Depreciation										
Computer & Software CapEx		-		-		-		-		
		-		-		-		-		
Furniture & Fixtures CapEx		-		-		-		-		-
Equipment CapEx		-		-		-		-		-
		-		-		-		-		-
Leas ehold Improvements		(7,628)	\$	(3,768)	\$	3,860	\$	(6,885)	\$	7
Leasehold Improvements  Allocation of Fixed Assets	\$									
Allocation of Fixed Assets	\$ <b>\$</b>	(7,628)	\$	(3,768)	\$	3,860	\$	(6,885)	\$	7
·	\$	(7,628) 1,023,001	\$	(3,768) 987,096	\$	3,860	\$	(6,885) 1,026,818	\$	3,8
Allocation of Fixed Assets  cr(Dec) in Fixed Assets (C)  DTAL BUDGET (B+C)	\$	1,023,001		987,096		(35,905)				3,8
Allocation of Fixed Assets  or(Dec) in Fixed Assets (C)	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	

## Compliance Monitoring and Enforcement and Organization Registration and Certification Program

Compliance M Organization Reg	istrat (in v	_	fica			Increase (Decrease)
Total FTEs		58.0		53.5		(4.5)
			_		<u>,</u>	`
Direct Expenses	\$	8,592,053	\$	8,025,682	\$	(566,371)
Indirect Expenses	\$	6,276,897	\$	5,264,920	\$	(1,011,977)
Other Non-Operating Expenses	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Inc(Dec) in Fixed Assets	\$	(105,602)	\$	(112,090)	\$	(6,488)
Total Funding Requirement	\$	14,763,348	\$	13,178,512	\$	(1,584,836)

#### **Program Scope and Functional Description**

WECC's Compliance Monitoring and Enforcement and Organization Registration and Certification Program Area (CMEP) is implemented by WECC Compliance staff members who are independent of all users, owners, and operators of the BES. All approved and effective mandatory reliability standards are monitored and enforced under the CMEP, including standards made mandatory pursuant to FERC Order 693 and the Critical Infrastructure Protection (CIP) standards under FERC Order 706. To accomplish its objectives, Compliance staff is divided into three areas: 1) Audits and Investigations for both Operations and Planning (O&P) and Critical Infrastructure Protection (CIP) Standards, 2) Enforcement, and 3) Registration.

#### Compliance in Alberta, British Columbia, and Mexico

Alberta and British Columbia, Canada; and Baja California Norte, Mexico are all part of the WECC footprint, and have adopted or are adopting mandatory reliability standards based on FERC-approved standards. WECC has entered into agreements with the Alberta Market Surveillance Administrator (MSA), the British Columbia Utilities Commission (BCUC), and Mexico's Comisión Federal de Electricidad (CFE) under which WECC performs compliance monitoring activities to help assure reliability across international borders within the Western Interconnection.

#### **2015 Key Assumptions**

- An increase in the number of audits and other monitoring activities scheduled for 2015 and beyond drives the addition of four auditors (two CIP and two O&P).
- WECC will provide support for activities undertaken subject to NERC's Strategic Plan, and in fulfilling WECC's role as noted above.
- WECC Compliance may be expected to respond to FERC directives and orders as well as
  to significant new initiatives not currently identified that may be generated by NERC or
  by NERC and the Regional Entities.
- WECC expects that activities relating to the transition from CIP Version 3 standards to CIP Version 5 as well as the transition to activities under the Reliability Assurance

Initiative may cause additional workload; however, due to the uncertainty of the impact on staffing, no additional resources have been added related to these initiatives.

- WECC does not anticipate any hearings in 2015.
- WECC will move Compliance Outreach and Stakeholder Relations revenues and expenses to the Training and Education Program Area in 2015 to more closely align the budget with the scope of work.
- WECC will move the Program Administration expenses to the General and Administrative Program Area to more closely align the budget with the scope of work.

#### 2015 Goals and Key Deliverables

- Monitor and enforce compliance with mandatory standards in accordance with the WECC/NERC Delegation Agreement, including the Rules of Procedure and the CMEP within the U.S. and, with respect to non-U.S. jurisdictions, monitor compliance in accordance with the approved memoranda of understanding with Canadian and Mexican authorities.
- Work with Registered Entities within the WECC Region to promote a strong culture of compliance and reliability improvement.
  - Identify key areas needing improvement and implement educational efforts to improve compliance in those areas, based on Compliance program results and system events.
  - o Identify where existing NERC Reliability Standards can be improved or clarified.
- Participate in and represent the Western Interconnection on issues that will impact WECC in NERC and regional initiatives, for example: refining risk-based monitoring, participating in the Reliability Assurance Initiative (RAI), streamlining enforcement processing, increasing consistency across the Regions, and reviewing information technology needs.
- Monitor and manage enforcement measures and metrics in support of NERC's Strategic Plan including caseload index, violation aging, and mitigation plan aging or other measures as implemented by NERC.
- Work toward implementing RAI in enforcement processes; continue to process minimal
  and moderate risk noncompliance through all available CMEP-approved processes such
  as the Find, Fix and Track, Spreadsheet Notice of Penalty, and Notice of Alleged
  Violation processes, or other processes that may develop as part of the RAI initiative;
  including for example, discretion not to pursue violations.
- Implement the BES exception process.

# Funding Sources and Requirements — Explanation of Increase (Decrease) Funding Sources (Other than ERO Assessments)

 Assessments are offset by the allocation of \$69,000 in penalty sanctions received by WECC on or prior to June 30, 2014.

- Workshop Revenue decreases by \$438,000 due to the shift of stakeholder outreach to the Training and Education Program Area.
- Interest revenue is allocated based on FTEs.

#### **Personnel Expenses**

- FTEs decrease by a net of 4.5. Seven FTEs are being transferred to the new Business Services Department in the General and Administrative Program Area, one FTE is being transferred to the Training and Education Program Area and four new auditors (3.5 FTEs) are being added due to a 40 percent increase in the 2015 audit schedule.
- Personnel Expenses increase by a net of \$324,000 primarily due to the refinement of the labor float percentage.

#### **Meeting Expenses**

- Meetings decrease by \$456,000 due to the shift of stakeholder outreach to the Training and Education Program Area.
- Travel decreases by \$116,000 due to the shift of positions to other program areas as well as budget assumption refinement.

#### **Operating Expenses**

- Consultants and Contracts increase by \$43,000 due to an increase in the use of contractors for specific expertise and the increased audit schedule, net of the effect of shifting some Consultants and Contracts expense to General and Administrative.
- Office Costs decrease by \$318,000 primarily due to the shift of the Program Administration Department to General and Administrative.

#### **Indirect Expenses**

• Indirect Expenses are allocated based on FTEs. The Compliance allocation decreases by \$1.2 million due to the reduction of FTEs in Compliance and reduced expenses in the Administrative Services areas. As noted in the Introduction, WECC realigned and shifted some positions between program areas in 2015 to ensure consistency with other Regions and to more appropriately classify costs based on the work being performed.

#### **Other Non-Operating Expenses**

Not applicable.

#### **Fixed Asset Additions**

Not applicable.

## **Compliance Enforcement and Organization and Registration and Certification Program**

Funding sources and related expenses for the Compliance Enforcement and Organization and Registration and Certification section of the 2015 Business Plan are shown in the table below.

Statement of Activities, Fixed Assets Expenditures, and Change in Working Capital	
2014 Budget & Projection, and 2015 Budget	
COMPLIANCE AND ORGANIZATION REGISTRATION AND CERTIFICATION	
Variance	

COMPLIAN	ICE AND ORGANIZA	HON REGISTRATION		JIN	
			Variance 2013 Projection		Variance 2015 Budget
	2014	2014	v 2014 Budget	2015	v 2014 Budget
	Budget	Projection	Over(Under)	Budget	Over(Under)
Funding	Junger		over (onder)	Dauget	over (onder)
WECC Funding					
WECC Assessments	\$ 10,955,928	\$ 10,955,928	\$ -	\$ 13,056,028	\$ 2,100,100
Penalty Sanctions	1,930,952	1,930,952	<del>-</del>	82,619	(1,848,333
Total WECC Funding	\$ 12,886,880	\$ 12,886,880	\$ -	\$ 13,138,647	\$ 251,767
Membership Dues	=	=	-	-	-
Federal Grants	-	-	-	-	-
Services & Software	420 125	-	-	-	(438,125
Workshops Interest	438,125 45,426	592,480 42,700	154,355 (2,726)	39,865	(5,561
Miscellaneous		-	(2,720)	-	(5,501
Total Funding (A)	\$ 13,370,431	\$ 13,522,060	\$ 151,629	\$ 13,178,512	\$ (191,919)
Expenses					
Personnel Expenses					
Salaries	\$ 4,769,767	\$ 5,153,937	\$ 384,170	\$ 5,032,890	\$ 263,123
Payroll Taxes	322,315	389,211	66,896	387,555	65,240
Benefits	795,563	617,345	(178,218)	675,026	(120,537)
Retirement Costs	322,315	428,856	106,541	438,745	116,430
Total Personnel Expenses	\$ 6,209,960	\$ 6,589,349	\$ 379,389	\$ 6,534,216	\$ 324,256
Meeting Expenses					
Meetings	\$ 462,503	\$ 556,477	\$ 93,974	\$ 6,685	\$ (455,818)
Travel	966,340	655,399	(310,941)	849,896	(116,444)
Conference Calls	41,780	16,444	(25,336)	13,152	(28,628)
Total Meeting Expenses	\$ 1,470,623	\$ 1,228,320	\$ (242,303)	\$ 869,733	\$ (600,890)
Operating Expenses					
Consultants & Contracts	\$ 424,800	\$ 636,625	\$ 211,825	\$ 467,920	\$ 43,120
Office Rent	-	252	252	1,600	1,600
Office Costs	450,670	166,883	(283,787)	132,213	(318,457)
Professional Services	-	5,245	5,245	-	-
Miscellaneous	-	-	-	-	-
Depreciation	36,000	28,662	(7,338)	20,000	(16,000)
Total Operating Expenses	\$ 911,470	\$ 837,667	\$ (73,803)	\$ 621,733	\$ (289,737)
Total Direct Expenses	\$ 8,592,053	\$ 8,655,336	\$ 63,283	\$ 8,025,682	\$ (566,371)
Indirect Expenses	\$ 6,276,897	\$ 5,303,725	\$ (973,172)	\$ 5,264,920	\$ (1,011,977)
Other Non-Operating Expenses	<u> </u>	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Total Expenses (B)	\$ 14,868,950	\$ 13,959,061	\$ (909,889)	\$ 13,290,602	\$ (1,578,348)
Change in Assets	\$ (1,498,519)	\$ (437,001)	\$ 1,061,518	\$ (112,090)	\$ 1,386,429
Fixed Assets					
Depreciation	(36,000)	(28,662)	7,338	(20,000)	16,000
Computer & Software CapEx	10,000	-	(10,000)	-	(10,000)
Furniture & Fixtures CapEx	=	=	=	=	=
Equipment CapEx Leasehold Improvements	31,000 -	<del>-</del> -	(31,000)	-	(31,000)
Allocation of Fixed Assets	\$ (110,602)	- \$ (48,984)	\$ 61,618	\$ (92,090)	\$ 18,512
Incr(Dec) in Fixed Assets (C)	\$ (105,602)	\$ (77,646)	\$ 27,956	\$ (112,090)	\$ (6,488
TOTAL BUDGET (B+C)	14,763,348	13,881,416	(881,932)	13,178,512	(1,584,836
• •			\$ 1,033,562	\$ -	\$ 1,392,917
TOTAL CHANCE IN WORKING CARTAL (A.R.C)	6 (4 303 047)				
	\$ (1,392,917)			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
TOTAL CHANGE IN WORKING CAPITAL (A-B-C)  FTES  HC	\$ (1,392,917) 58.0 58.0	52.0 52.0	(6.0) (6.0)	53.5 54.0	(4.5) (4.0)

#### **Reliability Assessment and Performance Analysis Program**

Reliability Asses	(in	nt and Perform whole dollars)	nce Analysis 2015 Budget	Increase (Decrease)
Total FTEs		23.6	30.8	7.2
Direct Expenses	\$	6,516,514	\$ 6,543,983	\$ 27,469
Indirect Expenses	\$	2,554,048	\$ 3,031,019	\$ 476,971
Other Non-Operating Expenses	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -
Inc(Dec) in Fixed Assets	\$	(16,516)	\$ 726,984	\$ 743,500
Total Funding Requirement	\$	9,054,046	\$ 10,301,986	\$ 1,247,940

#### **Program Scope and Functional Description**

WECC conducts a variety of studies and assessments essential to the reliable planning and operation of the BES in the Western Interconnection. In addition, WECC compiles and distributes planning data and information that is used by WECC stakeholders to aid in local planning studies. These integrated planning efforts enhance WECC's overall ability to participate in, and respond to, the major planning and public policy issues emerging both in the Western Interconnection and nationally.

In addition, the Reliability Assessment and Performance Analysis (RAPA) Program Area performs Events Analysis (EA) activities, consistent with the NERC EA process, with the objective that system conditions that impact or have the potential to impact reliable operations are recognized and analyzed in detail to ensure a full understanding of the events. The process supports the identification of specific findings, the development of recommendations, and the creation and distribution of lessons learned. This ensures a high level of reliability within the BES while minimizing the possibility of significant events and preventing reoccurrence of similar type events.

The RAPA budget supports the efforts of the Transmission Expansion Planning function, the Planning Services function, the Reliability Assessments function, and the Operations Performance Analysis function.

#### **2015** Key Assumptions

- The Operations Performance Analysis group will move from Technical Committees and Member Forums to RAPA in 2015.
- Planning Services is proposing a one-time capital expenditure to develop RAS and contingency definition models for use in power flow and stability simulation programs.
- The RAPA Program Area will not have any Department of Energy grants in 2015.
- The RAPA Program Area will support the 2014-2017 NERC and Regional Entity Shared Business Plan and Budget Assumptions.

#### 2015 Goals and Key Deliverables

- Continue development of enhanced RAS and contingency file models to address recommendations from the *Arizona-Southern California Outages on September 8, 2011: Causes and Recommendations* report and work toward incorporating these models into the primary power flow and stability software programs used in the Western Interconnection.
- Gather necessary RAS data for inclusion in WECC base cases. This will promote reliable planning of the system by enabling the sharing of RAS models so that their effects can be studied by Transmission Planners and Planning Coordinators through various system impact studies.
- Develop, validate and maintain a library of Interconnection-wide models and datasets for use in near- and long-term power flow, stability, production cost and capital expansion studies.
- Conduct independent studies and assessments to determine near- and long-term system adequacy, operability and reliability.
- Collect, review and analyze system performance data to identify reliability vulnerabilities and trends to assure root cause, corrective actions and lessons learned are identified.
- Continue to implement the NERC EA process within the Interconnection. Conduct follow up on recommendations from events.
- Publish WECC Transmission Maps of the existing and planned system.
- Contribute to the implementation of the BES Definition exception process by providing technical review of exception requests and coordination internally and with other Regions for consistent application.
- Verify and submit data for various NERC data collection efforts, including Transmission Availability Data System (TADS), Generator Availability Data System (GADS), and Demand Response Availability Data System (DADS) filings.
- Facilitate coordination of various stakeholder activities through technical committees to assure that the Western Interconnection is planned and operated in a reliable manner.
- Ensure the Western Interconnection is represented in reliability matters by participating in the NERC Operating Committee, NERC Integration of Variable Generation Taskforce, NERC Planning Committee, and other NERC and industry forums.

#### Funding Sources and Requirements — Explanation of Increase (Decrease)

#### **Funding Sources (Other than ERO Assessments)**

- Assessments are offset by the allocation of \$40,000 in penalty sanctions received by WECC on or prior to June 30, 2014.
- Grant Funding decreases \$3.6 million due to the completion of the RTEP project.
- Interest revenue is allocated based on FTEs.

#### **Personnel Expenses**

- FTEs increase by a net of 7.2 FTEs (nine positions). Nine positions are being transferred to RAPA from Technical Committees and Member forums, one position is being transferred from General and Administrative and one position is being transferred from RAPA to General and Administrative. No new positions are being added.
- Personnel Expenses increase \$1.4 million primarily due to the shift of positions from Administrative Services to RAPA and the refinement of the labor float percentage.

#### **Meeting Expenses**

 Meeting Expenses increase by \$144,000 due to the shift of positions and expenses from Administrative Services to RAPA.

#### **Operating Expenses**

- Consultants and Contracts decrease by a net of \$2.0 million due to the completion of the RTEP grant (\$2.0 million), an increase for Wind and Solar Plant Model Validation (\$100,000), an increase due to the transfer of some costs from Technical Committees and Member Forums to RAPA related to voltage stability software enhancements and phasor measurement unit data validation (\$260,000), and a decrease related to 2014 one-time projects undertaken for the development of additional RAS models and phase two of the composite load model implementation (\$400,000).
- Office Costs increase by \$247,000 primarily due to increases in software license and maintenance fees that include first-year fees after implementation and rate increases as well as new licenses.

#### **Indirect Expenses**

 Indirect Expenses are allocated based on FTEs. The Reliability Assessment and Performance Analysis Program allocation increases by \$371,000 due to the increase in FTEs and expenditures as discussed earlier in this section. As noted in the Introduction, WECC realigned and shifted some positions between program areas in 2015 to ensure consistency with other Regions and to more appropriately classify costs based on the work being performed.

#### **Other Non-Operating Expenses**

Not applicable.

#### **Fixed Asset Additions**

• CapEx increases by a net \$1.1 million, primarily due to enhanced RAS modeling as a result of findings in the *Arizona-Southern California Outages on September 8, 2011: Causes and Recommendations* report.

## **Reliability Assessment and Performance Analysis Program**

Funding sources and related expenses for the Reliability Assessment and Performance Analysis section of the 2015 Business Plan are shown in the table below.

		udget & Pro	•							
RELI	ABILITY	2014 Budget		D PERFORMA  2014  Projection	20: v 2	Variance 14 Projection 2014 Budget Over(Under)		2015 Budget	20 v 2	Variance 015 Budget 014 Budge ver(Under)
Funding		-		-		•		-		•
WECC Funding		0.70-6	,	0.70-0				10.000 :==	_	
WECC Assessments	\$	3,767,309	\$	3,767,309	\$	=	\$	10,231,472	\$	6,464,16
Penalty Sanctions  Total WECC Funding	Ś	785,698 <b>4,553,007</b>	Ś	785,698 <b>4,553,007</b>	\$		\$	47,564 <b>10,279,036</b>	\$	(738,13 <b>5,726,02</b>
Total WECC Fullding	<del>,</del>	4,555,007	,	4,555,007	<u>, ,                                  </u>	<del></del>	<del>-</del> >	10,279,036	<del>,</del>	3,720,02
Membership Dues		-		=		-		-		-
Federal Grants		3,628,308		3,628,308		-		-		(3,628,30
Services & Software		-		-		-		-		-
Workshops		-		-		-		-		-
Interest		18,484		17,375		(1,109)		22,950		4,46
Miscellaneous	Ś	0 100 700	\$	9 109 600	\$	- (1 100)	_	10 201 000	\$	2 102 10
Total Funding (A)	<u> </u>	8,199,799	<u> </u>	8,198,690	<u> </u>	(1,109)	\$	10,301,986	<u> </u>	2,102,18
Expenses										
Personnel Expenses			,							
Salaries	\$	2,014,830	\$	2,776,489	\$	761,659	\$	3,062,768	\$	1,047,93
Payroll Taxes		134,116		220,139		86,023		238,217		104,10
Benefits		296,187		350,478 277,588		54,291		375,438		79,25
Retirement Costs  Total Personnel Expenses	Ś	134,116 <b>2,579,249</b>	Ś	3,624,694	\$	143,472 1,045,445	\$	266,328 <b>3,942,751</b>	\$	132,2: <b>1,363,5</b> (
Total Personnel Expenses	<u> </u>	2,373,243	<u>,</u>	3,024,034	,	1,045,445	<u> </u>	3,942,731	<u> </u>	1,303,3
Meeting Expenses										
Meetings	\$	65,065	\$	64,791	\$	(274)	\$	137,430	\$	72,36
Travel		148,800		158,097		9,297		221,552		72,75
Conference Calls		30,750		23,510		(7,240)		29,600		(1,1
Total Meeting Expenses	\$	244,615	\$	246,398	\$	1,783	\$	388,582	\$	143,96
Operating Expenses										
Consultants & Contracts	\$	3,368,000	Ś	3,148,501	\$	(219,499)	\$	1,332,000	\$	(2,036,00
Office Rent	Ψ.	-	Ÿ	-	Ÿ	-	Ψ.	-	Ψ.	-
Office Costs		113,650		210,186		96,536		360,650		247,00
Professional Services		-		-		-		-		-
Miscellaneous		-		-		-		-		-
Depreciation		211,000		315,591		104,591		520,000		309,00
Total Operating Expenses	\$	3,692,650	\$	3,674,278	\$	(18,372)	\$	2,212,650	\$	(1,480,00
Total Direct Expenses	\$	6,516,514	\$	7,545,370	\$	1,028,856	\$	6,543,983	\$	27,46
Indirect Expenses	Ś	2,554,048	Ś	3,253,632	\$	699,584	\$	3,031,019	\$	476,97
·		2,00 .,0 .0		0,200,002				0,001,013		0,5.
Other Non-Operating Expenses	\$	-	\$		\$	-	\$		\$	-
Total Expenses (B)	\$	9,070,562	\$	10,799,002	\$	1,728,440	\$	9,575,002	\$	504,4
Change in Assets	\$	(870,763)	\$	(2,600,312)	\$	(1,729,549)	\$	726,984	\$	1,597,7
ixed Assets										
Depreciation		(211,000)		(315,591)		(104,591)		(520,000)		(309,00
Computer & Software CapEx		239,487		57,107		(182,380)		1,300,000		1,060,5
Furniture & Fixtures CapEx		-		-		-		-		-
Equipment CapEx		-		-		-		-		-
Leasehold Improvements		-		-		-		=		-
Allocation of Fixed Assets	\$	(45,003)	\$	(30,050)	\$	14,953	\$	(53,016)	\$	(8,0
ncr(Dec) in Fixed Assets (C)	\$	(16,516)	\$	(288,534)	\$	(272,018)	\$	726,984	\$	743,5
OTAL BUDGET (B+C)		9,054,046		10,510,468		1,456,422	_	10,301,986		1,247,9
OTAL CHANGE IN WORKING CAPITAL (A-B-C)	Ś	(854,247)	Ś	(2,311,778)	\$	(1,457,531)	Ś		\$	854,2
	<u> </u>		Ý		<del>-7</del>		Ÿ		<del>-</del>	
FTEs		23.6		31.9		8.3		30.8		7
HC		23.0		32.0		9.0		32.0		

#### Training, Education, and Operator Certification Program

Training, Education, and Operator Certification  (in whole dollars)  Increase  2014 Budget 2015 Budget (Decrease)										
Total FTEs		2.0		3.1		1.1				
Direct Expenses	\$	496,262	\$	1,197,983	\$	701,721				
Indirect Expenses	\$	196,829	\$	305,070	\$	108,241				
Other Non-Operating Expenses	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-				
Inc(Dec) in Fixed Assets	\$	(3,814)	\$	(5,336)	\$	(1,522)				
Total Funding Requirement	\$	689,277	\$	1,497,717	\$	808,440				

#### **Program Scope and Functional Description**

The Training, Education, and Operator Certification Program Area provides education and training on the application of standards, compliance issues, improvement of compliance programs, and technical training for system operators and schedulers.

#### **2015 Key Assumptions**

- Attendance will continue to trend upward for 2015.
- There will be no significant changes in operator certification continuing education unit requirements for 2015.
- The Training, Education, and Operator Certification Program Area will remain primarily self-funded in 2015.
- Operator training sessions will mostly be held at the Salt Lake City Training Center, with the balance hosted by WECC members.
- Compliance Outreach and Stakeholder Relations will move to this area in 2015 from Compliance to more closely align with other Regional Entities.
- Stakeholder outreach activities and initiatives will increase in 2015.

#### **2015** Goals and Key Deliverables

- Facilitate sound decision making to improve reliability by providing high-quality operator training through the WECC-sponsored Training Program, to include:
  - Review and revise curriculum as needed;
  - Support the Continuing Education Program for System Operators requiring NERC Certification;
  - Continue to enhance and expand the use of the simulator and practical Western Interconnection-specific training. This will include creation and implementation of simulator cases that are specific to the Western Interconnection coupled with the Real-time Tools Training Module; and

- Evaluate member feedback and concerns, and address through training program improvements.
- Deliver three Compliance User Group and three CIP User Group meetings.
- Create and deliver additional outreach for CIP Version 5.
- Provide 12 monthly "Compliance Open-webs."

#### Funding Sources and Requirements — Explanation of Increase (Decrease)

#### **Funding Sources (Other than ERO Assessments)**

- Assessments are offset by the allocation of \$4,000 in penalty sanctions received by WECC on or prior to June 30, 2014.
- Workshop revenue increases by \$536,000 primarily due to the transfer of Compliance
  Outreach and Stakeholder Relations from Compliance to Training and Education.
  Additionally, there is a small increase in the preliminary estimate of attendees
  scheduled to attend operator training sessions, which has increased that revenue
  stream slightly over 2014.
- Interest revenue is allocated based on FTEs.

#### **Personnel Expenses**

 Personnel Expenses increase by \$254,000 due to the realignment of staff between program areas, which increases FTEs by 1.1, and the refinement of the labor float percentage.

#### **Meeting Expenses**

 Meetings increase by \$450,000 primarily due to the shift of stakeholder outreach to the Training and Education Program Area.

#### **Operating Expenses**

- Consultants and Contracts decrease by \$15,000 due to a reduction in the use of consultants to conduct training sessions.
- Office Costs increase by \$12,000 due to the shift of Stakeholder Outreach from Compliance to Training. This mainly relates to merchant credit card processing fees for the CUG/CIPUG transactions.

#### **Indirect Expenses**

Indirect Expenses are allocated based on FTEs. The Training and Education Program
allocation increases by \$98,000 due to the increase in FTEs and expenditures as
discussed earlier in this section. As noted in the Introduction, WECC realigned and

shifted some positions between program areas in 2015 to ensure consistency with other Regions and to more appropriately classify costs based on the work being performed.

### **Other Non-Operating Expenses**

• Not applicable.

#### **Fixed Asset Additions**

• Not applicable.

## Training, Education, and Operator Certification Program

Funding sources and related expenses for the Training, Education, and Operator Certification section of the 2015 Business Plan are shown in the table below.

	OI4 DU			on, and 201		.gci				
unding		TRAINING 2014 Budget	G AND EDUCATION  2014  Projection		201 v 20	Variance 4 Projection 014 Budget ver(Under)		2015 Budget	Variance 2015 Budget v 2014 Budget Over(Under)	
WECC Funding	^	20.200	ć	20.200	_			424720	ć	200
WECC Assessments Penalty Sanctions	\$	36,290 66,585	\$	36,290 66,585	\$	-	\$	434,720 4,787	\$	398,43 (61,79
Total WECC Funding	\$	102,875	\$	102,875	\$		\$	439,507	\$	336,63
										_
Membership Dues Federal Grants		-		-		-		-		-
Services & Software		-		-		-		-		-
Workshops		519,804		524,704		4,900		1,055,900		536,09
Interest		1,566		1,472		(94)		2,310		74
Miscellaneous	_		_	. · ·	_		_			
otal Funding (A)	\$	624,245	\$	629,051	\$	4,806	\$	1,497,717	\$	873,47
xpenses										
Personnel Expenses	^	14000	ć	02.076	_	(0.000)	_	254 000	ć	20.
Salaries Payroll Taxes	\$	146,942 10,136	\$	83,078 7,328	\$	(63,864) (2,808)	\$	351,089 25,665	\$	204,1 15,5
Payroll Taxes Benefits		10,136 22,654		7,328 8,641		(2,808) (14,013)		25,665 36,173		15,5 13,5
Retirement Costs		10,136		8,041 8,241		(14,013)		30,530		20,3
Total Personnel Expenses	\$	189,868	\$	107,288	\$	(82,580)	\$	443,457	\$	253,5
Meeting Evnenses										
Meeting Expenses  Meetings	\$	56,040	\$	23,329	\$	(32,711)	\$	489,300	\$	433,2
Travel	Ą	7,836	Ą	25,529	ب	(32,711)	ڔ	16,850	Ą	433,2 9,0
Conference Calls		804		-		(804)		8,750		7,9
Total Meeting Expenses	\$	64,680	\$	23,446	\$	(41,234)	\$	514,900	\$	450,2
Operating Expenses										_
Consultants & Contracts	\$	106,502	\$	76,452	\$	(30,050)	\$	92,000	\$	(14,5
Office Rent	*	47,472	,	44,867	r	(2,605)	7	47,676	ŕ	2
Office Costs		87,740		77,056		(10,684)		99,950		12,2
Professional Services		-		=		=		=		-
Miscellaneous		-		-		-		-		-
Depreciation  Total Operating Expenses	\$	241,714	\$	198,375	\$	(43,339)	\$	239,626	\$	(2,0
Total Direct Expenses	Ś	496,262	Ś	329,109	Ś	(167,153)	Š	1,197,983	\$	701,7
·										
Indirect Expenses	\$	196,829	\$	203,989	\$	7,160	\$	305,070	\$	108,2
Other Non-Operating Expenses	\$		\$	-	\$		\$		\$	-
otal Expenses (B)	\$	693,091	\$	533,098	\$	(159,993)	\$	1,503,053	\$	809,9
nange in Assets	\$	(68,846)	\$	95,953	\$	164,799	\$	(5,336)	\$	63,5
xed Assets										
Depreciation Computer & Software CapEx		_		-		-		-		-
Furniture & Fixtures CapEx		-		-		-		-		-
Equipment CapEx		-		-		-		-		-
Leasehold Improvements		-		-		-		-		-
Allocation of Fixed Assets	\$	(3,814)	\$	(1,884)	\$	1,930	\$	(5,336)	\$	(1,5
cr(Dec) in Fixed Assets (C)	\$	(3,814)	\$	(1,884)	\$	1,930	\$	(5,336)	\$	(1,5
OTAL BUDGET (B+C)		689,277		531,214		(158,063)		1,497,717		808,4
OTAL CHANGE IN WORKING CAPITAL (A-B-C)	\$	(65,032)	\$	97,837	\$	162,869	\$		\$	65,0
FTEs		2.0		2.0				3.1		
LILE		7.0		, , , ,		_				

#### **Situation Awareness and Infrastructure Security Program**

Situation Awareness and Infrastructure Security  (in whole dollars)  Increase  2014 Budget 2015 Budget (Decrease)										
Total FTEs		0.5		1.2		0.7				
Direct Expenses	\$	60,156	\$	178,977	\$	118,821				
Indirect Expenses	\$	49,207	\$	118,092	\$	68,884				
Other Non-Operating Expenses	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-				
Inc(Dec) in Fixed Assets	\$	(953)	\$	(2,066)	\$	(1,113)				
Total Funding Requirement	\$	108,410	\$	295,002	\$	186,593				

#### **Program Scope and Functional Description**

WECC's Situation Awareness and Infrastructure Security (SAIS) Program Area maintains realtime awareness about the conditions of the BES in the Western Interconnection and responds to events by providing coordination, assistance and communications with Peak Reliability (Peak), stakeholders, WECC management, and the NERC SAIS personnel.

#### **2015 Key Assumptions**

- The Situation Awareness FERC, NERC, and Regions (SAFNR) tool will provide additional situation awareness capabilities at both NERC and Regional Entity levels.
- The WECC Situation Awareness process will be used to support NERC and FERC's efforts for situation awareness of current system conditions.
- Staff time is allocated to better reflect actual time spent on SAIS activities. There is a corresponding decrease of staff time in other areas.

#### 2015 Goals and Key Deliverables

- Monitor System Events, collect information and coordinate the distribution of timely updates on System Events to WECC Management, industry stakeholders and NERC SAIS staff.
- Continue to monitor system data, weather, and technological developments to understand trends that affect reliability for the near- and long-term horizons.
- Participate on daily NERC SAIS calls to coordinate, report, and receive any critical information
- Continue to develop and enhance ways to improve on the use of SAFNR data to further support SAIS.

#### Funding Sources and Requirements — Explanation of Increase (Decrease)

#### **Funding Sources (Other than ERO Assessments)**

- Assessments are offset by the allocation of \$2,000 in penalty sanctions received by WECC on or prior to June 30, 2014.
- Interest revenue is allocated based on FTEs.

#### **Personnel Expenses**

• Personnel Expenses increase by \$119,000 primarily due to the incremental .7 FTE allocation which more appropriately reflects actual time spent on SAIS activities.

#### **Meeting Expenses**

Not applicable

#### **Operating Expenses**

Not applicable.

#### **Indirect Expenses**

• Indirect Expenses are allocated based on FTEs. The SAIS allocation increases by \$65,000 due to the increase in FTEs allocated to the Program Area.

#### **Other Non-Operating Expenses**

Not applicable.

#### **Fixed Asset Additions**

Not applicable.

## **Situation Awareness and Infrastructure Security Program**

Funding sources and related expenses for the Situation Awareness and Infrastructure Security section of the 2015 Business Plan are shown in the table below.

Statement of Activi	ties, Fi <u>x</u>	ed Assets E	xper	nditures, an	d Cha	inge in Wor	king	Capital			
	2014 Bu	dget & Pro	jecti	on, and <b>20</b> 1	.5 Bud	dget					
SITU	ATION A	WARENESS	AND	INFRASTRUC							
	2014 Budget				Variance 2014 Projection v 2014 Budget Over(Under)			2015 Budget	Variance 2015 Budget v 2014 Budget Over(Under)		
Funding WECC Funding											
WECC Assessments	\$	81,145	\$	81,145	\$	=	\$	292,255	\$	211,111	
Penalty Sanctions		16,646		16,646		<u> </u>		1,853		(14,793	
Total WECC Funding	\$	97,791	\$	97,791	\$		\$	294,108	\$	196,318	
Membership Dues	\$		\$	_	\$						
Federal Grants	ş	-	Ş	-	Ş	-		-		-	
Services & Software		-		-		-		-		_	
Workshops		-		-		-		-		-	
Interest		391		368		(23)		894		503	
Miscellaneous				-		-		-		-	
Total Funding (A)	\$	98,182	\$	98,158	\$	(23)	\$	295,002	\$	196,821	
Expenses											
Personnel Expenses											
Salaries	\$	47,976	\$	131,656	\$	83,680	\$	141,605	\$	93,629	
Payroll Taxes		3,228		10,590		7,362		11,010		7,782	
Benefits		5,724		3,639		(2,085)		14,048		8,324	
Retirement Costs		3,228	_	13,317	_	10,089	_	12,313		9,085	
Total Personnel Expenses	\$	60,156	\$	159,202	\$	99,046	\$	178,977	\$	118,821	
Meeting Expenses											
Meetings	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
Travel		-		-		-		-		-	
Conference Calls				-						-	
Total Meeting Expenses	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	-	
Operating Expenses											
Consultants & Contracts	\$	-	\$	=	\$	=	\$	=	\$	-	
Office Rent		-		-		-		-		-	
Office Costs		-		-		-		-		-	
Professional Services Miscellaneous		-		=		=		=		-	
Depreciation		-		-		-		-		_	
Total Operating Expenses	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
Total Direct Expenses	\$	60,156	\$	159,202	\$	99,046	\$	178,977	\$	118,821	
·											
Indirect Expenses	<u>\$</u>	49,207	\$	122,394	\$	73,186	\$	118,092	\$	68,884	
Other Non-Operating Expenses	_\$		\$	<u> </u>	\$	<u> </u>	\$	-	\$	-	
otal Expenses (B)	\$	109,363	\$	281,596	\$	172,232	\$	297,068	\$	187,70	
Change in Assets	\$	(11,181)	\$	(183,437)	\$	(172,256)	\$	(2,066)	\$	9,115	
ived Accets											
ixed Assets Depreciation		-		-		-		-		-	
Computer & Software CapEx		-		-		-		-		-	
Furniture & Fixtures CapEx		-		-		-		-		-	
Equipment CapEx		-		-		-		-		-	
Leasehold Improvements		-		-		-		-		-	
Allocation of Fixed Assets	\$	(953)	\$	(1,130)	\$	(177)	\$	(2,066)	\$	(1,113	
ncr(Dec) in Fixed Assets (C)	\$	(953)	\$	(1,130)	\$	(177)	\$	(2,066)	\$	(1,11	
TOTAL BUDGET (B+C)		108,410		280,465		172,056		295,002		186,59	
TOTAL CHANGE IN WORKING CAPITAL (A-B-C)	\$	(10,228)	\$	(182,307)	\$	(172,079)	\$	-	\$	10,228	
FTEs		0.5		1.2		0.7		1.2		0.7	
HC		_									

#### **Administrative Services**

Administrative Services (in whole dollars) Increa										
Total FTEs		46.9		44.9		(2.0)				
Direct Expenses	\$	10,050,982	\$	9,604,789	\$	(446,193)				
Inc(Dec) in Fixed Assets	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-				
Working Capital Requirement	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-				

#### **Program Scope and Functional Description**

WECC's Administrative Services consists of Technical Committees and Member Forums, General and Administrative, Legal and Regulatory, Information Technology, Human Resources, and Finance and Accounting. The budgets for these programs are addressed in the subsequent sections of the Business Plan and Budget.

#### Methodology for Allocation of Administrative Services Expenses to Programs

Administrative Services expenses are allocated to statutory and non-statutory program areas based on FTEs.

#### **Technical Committees and Member Forums**

Technical Committees and Member Forums (in whole dollars) Increase 2014 Budget 2015 Budget (Decrease)										
Total FTEs		9.0		-		(9.0)				
Total Direct Expenses	\$	2,246,509	\$	1,122,427	\$	(1,124,082)				
Inc(Dec) in Fixed Assets	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-				
Working Capital Requirement	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-				

#### **Program Scope and Functional Description**

WECC provides forums for members and other interested stakeholders within its footprint to discuss and share reliability, compliance, and operating concerns. These forums also include the Board of Directors, Board committees and Joint Guidance committee in 2015.

#### **2015 Key Assumptions**

- The same level of meetings and meeting support will carry forward into 2015.
- Board members will be compensated for meeting participation in accordance with the Board Compensation Schedule.
- WECC budgets for meeting space, meals, and logistics associated with Board activities and assumes that one meeting will be held at an offsite hotel location and three meetings will be held at the Salt Lake City meeting facilities. Any additional meetings are expected to be held by teleconference.
- The Nominating Committee will engage a search firm to identify candidates for any open Independent Director positions in 2015. Expenses include consulting fees and consultant travel.
- Several committees will be moved to RAPA in 2015 to more closely align with the staff work being performed.

#### Funding Sources and Requirements — Explanation of Increase (Decrease)

#### **Funding Sources (Other than ERO Assessments)**

Not applicable.

#### **Personnel Expenses**

 Personnel Expenses decrease by \$1.1 million and are zero in 2015 due to the shift of positions from Technical Committees and Member Forums to RAPA.

#### **Meeting Expenses**

 Meetings decrease by \$136,000 due to the shift of personnel and expenses from Technical Committees and Member Forums to RAPA.

#### **Operating Expenses**

- Consultants and Contracts decrease by a net \$132,000 primarily due to one-time costs related to 2014 projects for the validation and incorporation of synchrophasor data into operations.
- Professional Services increase \$283,000 due to WECC's revised Board compensation structure.

#### **Indirect Expenses**

 Technical Committees and Member Forums expenses are allocated to statutory functional areas based on FTEs.

#### **Other Non-Operating Expenses**

Not applicable.

#### **Fixed Asset Additions**

Not applicable.

## **Technical Committees and Member Forums**

Funding sources and related expenses for the Technical Committees and Member Forums section of the 2015 Business Plan are shown in the table below.

unding  WECC Funding  WECC Assessments Penalty Sanctions  Total WECC Funding  Membership Dues Federal Grants Services & Software Workshops Interest Miscellaneous  otal Funding (A)  xpenses  Personnel Expenses Salaries Payroll Taxes Benefits Retirement Costs  Total Personnel Expenses  Meetings Travel Conference Calls  Total Meeting Expenses  Consultants & Contracts Office Rent Office Costs Professional Services Miscellaneous Depreciation  Total Operating Expenses  \$ \$		2014 Budget		2014 rojection	201 v 2	8UMS Variance 4 Projection 014 Budget ver(Under)	\$ \$	2015 Budget	20 v 2	Variance 015 Budget 014 Budget ver(Under)  (874,612 (59,075 (115,178 (59,075 (1,107,940 (112,388 (7,220 (16,248
WECC Funding WECC Assessments Penalty Sanctions  Total WECC Funding  Membership Dues Federal Grants Services & Software Workshops Interest Miscellaneous  otal Funding (A)  \$  \$  \$  \$  \$  \$  \$  \$  \$  \$  \$  \$  \$		874,612 59,075 115,178 59,075 1107,940 278,090 128,720 18,800 425,610	\$ <b>\$</b> \$ \$ \$	70,916 6,573 16,326 6,698 100,513	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$	4 Projection 014 Budget ver(Under)	\$ \$	Budget	\$ \$ \$ \$	015 Budget 014 Budget ver(Under)  (874,612 (59,075 (115,178 (59,075 (1,107,940 (112,385 (7,220
WECC Funding WECC Assessments Penalty Sanctions  Total WECC Funding  Membership Dues Federal Grants Services & Software Workshops Interest Miscellaneous  otal Funding (A)  \$  \$  \$  \$  \$  \$  \$  \$  \$  \$  \$  \$  \$		874,612 59,075 115,178 59,075 1107,940 278,090 128,720 18,800 425,610	\$ <b>\$</b> \$ \$ \$	70,916 6,573 16,326 6,698 100,513	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$	014 Budget ver(Under)	\$ \$	Budget	\$ \$ \$ \$	(874,612 (59,075 (115,178 (59,075 (1,107,940
WECC Funding WECC Assessments Penalty Sanctions  Total WECC Funding  Membership Dues Federal Grants Services & Software Workshops Interest Miscellaneous  otal Funding (A)  \$  \$  \$  \$  \$  \$  \$  \$  \$  \$  \$  \$  \$		874,612 59,075 115,178 59,075 1107,940 278,090 128,720 18,800 425,610	\$ <b>\$</b> \$ \$ \$	70,916 6,573 16,326 6,698 100,513	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$	(803,696) (52,502) (98,852) (52,377) (1,007,427)	\$ \$	Budget	\$ \$	(874,612 (59,075 (115,178 (59,075 (1,107,940
WECC Funding WECC Assessments Penalty Sanctions  Total WECC Funding  Membership Dues Federal Grants Services & Software Workshops Interest Miscellaneous  otal Funding (A)  \$  \$  \$  \$  \$  \$  \$  \$  \$  \$  \$  \$  \$		874,612 59,075 115,178 59,075 1,107,940 278,090 128,720 18,800 425,610	\$ <b>\$</b> \$ \$ \$	70,916 6,573 16,326 6,698 100,513	\$ \$ \$ \$	(803,696) (52,502) (98,852) (52,377) (1,007,427)	\$ \$	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$ \$ \$	(874,612 (59,075 (115,178 (59,075 (1,107,946
WECC Funding WECC Assessments Penalty Sanctions  Total WECC Funding  Membership Dues Federal Grants Services & Software Workshops Interest Miscellaneous  otal Funding (A)  \$  \$  \$  \$  \$  \$  \$  \$  \$  \$  \$  \$  \$		874,612 59,075 115,178 59,075 1,107,940 278,090 128,720 18,800 425,610	\$ \$ \$ \$	70,916 6,573 16,326 6,698 100,513	\$ \$ \$	(803,696) (52,502) (98,852) (52,377) (1,007,427)	\$ \$	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$ \$	(874,61: 
WECC Assessments Penalty Sanctions  Total WECC Funding  Membership Dues Federal Grants Services & Software Workshops Interest Miscellaneous  otal Funding (A)  xpenses Personnel Expenses Salaries Payroll Taxes Benefits Retirement Costs  Total Personnel Expenses  Meetings Travel Conference Calls  Total Meeting Expenses  Consultants & Contracts Office Rent Office Costs Professional Services Miscellaneous Depreciation  Total Operating Expenses  \$ \$		874,612 59,075 115,178 59,075 1,107,940 278,090 128,720 18,800 425,610	\$ \$ \$ \$	70,916 6,573 16,326 6,698 100,513	\$ \$ \$	(803,696) (52,502) (98,852) (52,377) (1,007,427)	\$ \$	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$ \$	(874,612 (59,075 (115,178 (59,075 (1,107,940
Penalty Sanctions  Total WECC Funding  Membership Dues Federal Grants Services & Software Workshops Interest Miscellaneous  otal Funding (A)  xpenses  Personnel Expenses Salaries Payroll Taxes Benefits Retirement Costs  Total Personnel Expenses  Meetings Travel Conference Calls  Total Meeting Expenses  Consultants & Contracts Office Rent Office Costs Professional Services Miscellaneous Depreciation  Total Operating Expenses  \$		874,612 59,075 115,178 59,075 1,107,940 278,090 128,720 18,800 425,610	\$ \$ \$ \$	70,916 6,573 16,326 6,698 100,513	\$ \$ \$	(803,696) (52,502) (98,852) (52,377) (1,007,427)	\$ \$	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$ \$	(874,61: 
Membership Dues Federal Grants Services & Software Workshops Interest Miscellaneous otal Funding (A)  xpenses Personnel Expenses Salaries Payroll Taxes Benefits Retirement Costs Total Personnel Expenses  Meetings Travel Conference Calls Total Meeting Expenses  Consultants & Contracts Office Rent Office Costs Professional Services Miscellaneous Depreciation Total Operating Expenses		874,612 59,075 115,178 59,075 1,107,940 278,090 128,720 18,800 425,610	\$ \$ \$	70,916 6,573 16,326 6,698 100,513	\$ \$	(803,696) (52,502) (98,852) (52,377) (1,007,427)	\$ \$	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$ \$	(874,61: (59,07: (115,17: (59,07: (1,107,94)
Membership Dues Federal Grants Services & Software Workshops Interest Miscellaneous otal Funding (A)  xpenses Personnel Expenses Salaries Payroll Taxes Benefits Retirement Costs Total Personnel Expenses  Meeting Expenses Meetings Travel Conference Calls Total Meeting Expenses  Consultants & Contracts Office Rent Office Costs Professional Services Miscellaneous Depreciation Total Operating Expenses  \$		874,612 59,075 115,178 59,075 1,107,940 278,090 128,720 18,800 425,610	\$ \$ \$	70,916 6,573 16,326 6,698 100,513	\$ \$	(803,696) (52,502) (98,852) (52,377) (1,007,427)	\$ \$	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$ \$	(874,61: (59,07: (115,17: (59,07: (1,107,94)
Membership Dues Federal Grants Services & Software Workshops Interest Miscellaneous otal Funding (A)  **  **  **  **  **  **  **  **  **		874,612 59,075 115,178 59,075 <b>1,107,940</b> 278,090 128,720 18,800 <b>425,610</b>	\$ \$ \$	70,916 6,573 16,326 6,698 100,513 114,314 67,037 3,990	\$ \$	(803,696) (52,502) (98,852) (52,377) (1,007,427) (163,776) (61,683) (14,810)	\$ \$	- - - - - - 165,705 121,500	\$ \$	(874,61 (59,07 (115,17 (59,07 <b>(1,107,94</b> (112,38 (7,22
Federal Grants Services & Software Workshops Interest Miscellaneous  otal Funding (A)  spenses  Personnel Expenses Salaries Payroll Taxes Benefits Retirement Costs  Total Personnel Expenses  Meetings Travel Conference Calls  Total Meeting Expenses  Consultants & Contracts Office Rent Office Costs Professional Services Miscellaneous Depreciation  Total Operating Expenses  \$	<u>;</u>	874,612 59,075 115,178 59,075 <b>1,107,940</b> 278,090 128,720 18,800 <b>425,610</b>	\$ \$	70,916 6,573 16,326 6,698 100,513 114,314 67,037 3,990	\$ \$	(803,696) (52,502) (98,852) (52,377) (1,007,427) (163,776) (61,683) (14,810)	\$	- - - - - - 165,705 121,500	\$	(874,61 (59,07 (115,17 (59,07 <b>(1,107,94</b> (112,38 (7,22
Federal Grants Services & Software Workshops Interest Miscellaneous  otal Funding (A)  spenses  Personnel Expenses Salaries Payroll Taxes Benefits Retirement Costs  Total Personnel Expenses  Meetings Travel Conference Calls  Total Meeting Expenses  Consultants & Contracts Office Rent Office Costs Professional Services Miscellaneous Depreciation  Total Operating Expenses  \$	<u>;</u>	874,612 59,075 115,178 59,075 <b>1,107,940</b> 278,090 128,720 18,800 <b>425,610</b>	\$ \$	70,916 6,573 16,326 6,698 100,513 114,314 67,037 3,990	\$ \$	(803,696) (52,502) (98,852) (52,377) (1,007,427) (163,776) (61,683) (14,810)	\$	- - - - - - 165,705 121,500	\$	(874,61 (59,07 (115,17 (59,07 <b>(1,107,94</b> (112,38 (7,22
Workshops Interest Miscellaneous  ptal Funding (A)  spenses  Personnel Expenses Salaries Payroll Taxes Benefits Retirement Costs  Total Personnel Expenses  Meeting Expenses Meetings Travel Conference Calls  Total Meeting Expenses  Consultants & Contracts Office Rent Office Costs Professional Services Miscellaneous Depreciation  Total Operating Expenses  \$	<u>;</u>	874,612 59,075 115,178 59,075 <b>1,107,940</b> 278,090 128,720 18,800 <b>425,610</b>	\$ \$	70,916 6,573 16,326 6,698 100,513 114,314 67,037 3,990	\$ \$	(803,696) (52,502) (98,852) (52,377) (1,007,427) (163,776) (61,683) (14,810)	\$	- - - - - - 165,705 121,500	\$	(874,61 (59,07 (115,17 (59,07 <b>(1,107,94</b> (112,38
Workshops Interest Miscellaneous  ptal Funding (A)  spenses  Personnel Expenses Salaries Payroll Taxes Benefits Retirement Costs  Total Personnel Expenses  Meeting Expenses Meetings Travel Conference Calls  Total Meeting Expenses  Consultants & Contracts Office Rent Office Costs Professional Services Miscellaneous Depreciation  Total Operating Expenses  \$	<u>;</u>	874,612 59,075 115,178 59,075 <b>1,107,940</b> 278,090 128,720 18,800 <b>425,610</b>	\$ \$	70,916 6,573 16,326 6,698 100,513 114,314 67,037 3,990	\$ \$	(803,696) (52,502) (98,852) (52,377) (1,007,427) (163,776) (61,683) (14,810)	\$	- - - - - - 165,705 121,500	\$	(874,61 (59,07 (115,17 (59,07 <b>(1,107,94</b> (112,38
Interest Miscellaneous  ptal Funding (A)  spenses  Personnel Expenses Salaries Payroll Taxes Benefits Retirement Costs  Total Personnel Expenses  Meeting Expenses Meetings Travel Conference Calls  Total Meeting Expenses  Consultants & Contracts Office Rent Office Costs Professional Services Miscellaneous Depreciation  Total Operating Expenses  \$	<u>;</u>	874,612 59,075 115,178 59,075 <b>1,107,940</b> 278,090 128,720 18,800 <b>425,610</b>	\$ \$	70,916 6,573 16,326 6,698 100,513 114,314 67,037 3,990	\$ \$	(803,696) (52,502) (98,852) (52,377) (1,007,427) (163,776) (61,683) (14,810)	\$	- - - - - - 165,705 121,500	\$	(874,61 (59,07 (115,17 (59,07 <b>(1,107,94</b> (112,38
Miscellaneous otal Funding (A)  spenses  Personnel Expenses Salaries Payroll Taxes Benefits Retirement Costs  Total Personnel Expenses Meetings Travel Conference Calls  Total Meeting Expenses  Consultants & Contracts Office Rent Office Costs Professional Services Miscellaneous Depreciation  Total Operating Expenses  \$	<u>;</u>	874,612 59,075 115,178 59,075 <b>1,107,940</b> 278,090 128,720 18,800 <b>425,610</b>	\$ \$	70,916 6,573 16,326 6,698 100,513 114,314 67,037 3,990	\$ \$	(803,696) (52,502) (98,852) (52,377) (1,007,427) (163,776) (61,683) (14,810)	\$	- - - - - - 165,705 121,500	\$	(874,61 (59,07 (115,17 (59,07 <b>(1,107,94</b> (112,38 (7,22
partial Funding (A)  Expenses  Personnel Expenses  Salaries Payroll Taxes Benefits Retirement Costs  Total Personnel Expenses  Meeting Expenses Meetings Travel Conference Calls  Total Meeting Expenses  Consultants & Contracts Office Rent Office Costs Professional Services Miscellaneous Depreciation  Total Operating Expenses  \$	<u>;</u>	874,612 59,075 115,178 59,075 <b>1,107,940</b> 278,090 128,720 18,800 <b>425,610</b>	\$ \$	70,916 6,573 16,326 6,698 100,513 114,314 67,037 3,990	\$ \$	(803,696) (52,502) (98,852) (52,377) (1,007,427) (163,776) (61,683) (14,810)	\$	- - - - - - 165,705 121,500	\$	(874,61 (59,07 (115,17 (59,07 <b>(1,107,94</b> (112,38 (7,22
Repenses  Personnel Expenses  Salaries Payroll Taxes Benefits Retirement Costs  Total Personnel Expenses  Meeting Expenses Meetings Travel Conference Calls  Total Meeting Expenses  Consultants & Contracts Office Rent Office Costs Professional Services Miscellaneous Depreciation  Total Operating Expenses  \$	<u>;</u>	874,612 59,075 115,178 59,075 <b>1,107,940</b> 278,090 128,720 18,800 <b>425,610</b>	\$ \$	70,916 6,573 16,326 6,698 100,513 114,314 67,037 3,990	\$ \$	(803,696) (52,502) (98,852) (52,377) (1,007,427) (163,776) (61,683) (14,810)	\$	- - - - - - 165,705 121,500	\$	(874,61 (59,07 (115,17 (59,07 <b>(1,107,94</b> (112,38 (7,22
Personnel Expenses Salaries Salaries Payroll Taxes Benefits Retirement Costs  Total Personnel Expenses Meeting Expenses Meetings Travel Conference Calls  Total Meeting Expenses  Consultants & Contracts Office Rent Office Costs Professional Services Miscellaneous Depreciation  Total Operating Expenses  \$	5	59,075 115,178 59,075 <b>1,107,940</b> 278,090 128,720 18,800 <b>425,610</b>	<b>\$</b>	6,573 16,326 6,698 100,513 114,314 67,037 3,990	<b>\$</b>	(52,502) (98,852) (52,377) (1,007,427) (163,776) (61,683) (14,810)	\$	165,705 121,500	\$	(59,07 (115,17 (59,07 <b>(1,107,94</b> (112,38 (7,22
Personnel Expenses Salaries Salaries Payroll Taxes Benefits Retirement Costs  Total Personnel Expenses Meeting Expenses Meetings Travel Conference Calls  Total Meeting Expenses  Consultants & Contracts Office Rent Office Costs Professional Services Miscellaneous Depreciation  Total Operating Expenses  \$	5	59,075 115,178 59,075 <b>1,107,940</b> 278,090 128,720 18,800 <b>425,610</b>	<b>\$</b>	6,573 16,326 6,698 100,513 114,314 67,037 3,990	<b>\$</b>	(52,502) (98,852) (52,377) (1,007,427) (163,776) (61,683) (14,810)	\$	165,705 121,500	\$	(59,07 (115,17 (59,07 <b>(1,107,94</b> (112,38 (7,22
Salaries Payroll Taxes Benefits Retirement Costs  Total Personnel Expenses  Meeting Expenses Meetings Travel Conference Calls  Total Meeting Expenses  Consultants & Contracts Office Rent Office Costs Professional Services Miscellaneous Depreciation  Total Operating Expenses  \$	5	59,075 115,178 59,075 <b>1,107,940</b> 278,090 128,720 18,800 <b>425,610</b>	<b>\$</b>	6,573 16,326 6,698 100,513 114,314 67,037 3,990	<b>\$</b>	(52,502) (98,852) (52,377) (1,007,427) (163,776) (61,683) (14,810)	\$	165,705 121,500	\$	(59,07 (115,17 (59,07 <b>(1,107,94</b> (112,38 (7,22
Payroll Taxes Benefits Retirement Costs  Total Personnel Expenses  Meeting Expenses  Meetings Travel Conference Calls  Total Meeting Expenses  Consultants & Contracts Office Rent Office Costs Professional Services Miscellaneous Depreciation  Total Operating Expenses	5	59,075 115,178 59,075 <b>1,107,940</b> 278,090 128,720 18,800 <b>425,610</b>	<b>\$</b>	6,573 16,326 6,698 100,513 114,314 67,037 3,990	<b>\$</b>	(52,502) (98,852) (52,377) (1,007,427) (163,776) (61,683) (14,810)	\$	165,705 121,500	\$	(59,07 (115,17 (59,07 <b>(1,107,94</b> (112,38 (7,22
Benefits Retirement Costs  Total Personnel Expenses  Meeting Expenses  Meetings Travel Conference Calls  Total Meeting Expenses  Consultants & Contracts Office Rent Office Costs Professional Services Miscellaneous Depreciation  Total Operating Expenses  \$	;	115,178 59,075 <b>1,107,940</b> 278,090 128,720 18,800 <b>425,610</b>	\$	16,326 6,698 100,513 114,314 67,037 3,990	\$	(98,852) (52,377) (1,007,427) (163,776) (61,683) (14,810)		165,705 121,500		(115,17 (59,07 <b>(1,107,94</b> (112,38 (7,22
Retirement Costs  Total Personnel Expenses  Meeting Expenses  Meetings  Travel  Conference Calls  Total Meeting Expenses  Consultants & Contracts  Office Rent  Office Costs  Professional Services  Miscellaneous  Depreciation  Total Operating Expenses	;	59,075 1,107,940 278,090 128,720 18,800 425,610	\$	6,698 100,513 114,314 67,037 3,990	\$	(163,776) (61,683) (14,810)		165,705 121,500		(59,07 (1,107,94 (112,38 (7,22
Total Personnel Expenses  Meeting Expenses  Meetings  Travel  Conference Calls  Total Meeting Expenses  Consultants & Contracts  Office Rent  Office Costs  Professional Services  Miscellaneous  Depreciation  Total Operating Expenses	;	278,090 128,720 18,800 425,610	\$	100,513 114,314 67,037 3,990	\$	(1,007,427) (163,776) (61,683) (14,810)		165,705 121,500		(1,107,94 (112,38 (7,22
Meeting Expenses  Meetings Travel Conference Calls  Total Meeting Expenses  Consultants & Contracts Office Rent Office Costs Professional Services Miscellaneous Depreciation  Total Operating Expenses	;	278,090 128,720 18,800 <b>425,610</b>	\$	114,314 67,037 3,990	\$	(163,776) (61,683) (14,810)		165,705 121,500		(112,38 (7,22
Meetings Travel Conference Calls  Total Meeting Expenses  Consultants & Contracts Office Rent Office Costs Professional Services Miscellaneous Depreciation  Total Operating Expenses  \$\$	<b>i</b>	128,720 18,800 <b>425,610</b>		67,037 3,990		(61,683) (14,810)	\$	121,500	\$	(7,22
Meetings Travel Conference Calls  Total Meeting Expenses  Consultants & Contracts Office Rent Office Costs Professional Services Miscellaneous Depreciation  Total Operating Expenses  \$\$	<b>i</b>	128,720 18,800 <b>425,610</b>		67,037 3,990		(61,683) (14,810)	\$	121,500	\$	(7,22
Travel Conference Calls  Total Meeting Expenses  Consultants & Contracts Office Rent Office Costs Professional Services Miscellaneous Depreciation  Total Operating Expenses	<b>i</b>	128,720 18,800 <b>425,610</b>		67,037 3,990		(61,683) (14,810)	\$	121,500	\$	(7,22
Travel Conference Calls  Total Meeting Expenses  Consultants & Contracts Office Rent Office Costs Professional Services Miscellaneous Depreciation  Total Operating Expenses	<b>i</b>	128,720 18,800 <b>425,610</b>		67,037 3,990		(61,683) (14,810)	·	121,500		(7,22
Conference Calls  Total Meeting Expenses \$  Operating Expenses  Consultants & Contracts Office Rent Office Costs Professional Services Miscellaneous Depreciation  Total Operating Expenses \$		18,800 <b>425,610</b>	\$	3,990	\$	(14,810)				
Total Meeting Expenses \$  Operating Expenses  Consultants & Contracts Office Rent Office Costs Professional Services Miscellaneous Depreciation  Total Operating Expenses \$		425,610	\$		\$			2,332		(10,24
Operating Expenses  Consultants & Contracts  Office Rent  Office Costs  Professional Services  Miscellaneous  Depreciation  Total Operating Expenses		-	<del>,</del>	163,341	<u>ب</u>	(240,203)	\$	289,757	\$	(135,85
Consultants & Contracts  Office Rent Office Costs Professional Services Miscellaneous Depreciation  Total Operating Expenses	5					. , ,	<del>-</del>	203,737	<del>-</del>	(133,03
Consultants & Contracts  Office Rent Office Costs Professional Services Miscellaneous Depreciation  Total Operating Expenses	•									
Office Rent Office Costs Professional Services Miscellaneous Depreciation Total Operating Expenses	•	242 000				(242.000)		00.000		(422.00
Office Costs Professional Services Miscellaneous Depreciation Total Operating Expenses		212,000	\$	-	\$	(212,000)	\$	80,000	\$	(132,00
Professional Services Miscellaneous Depreciation Total Operating Expenses		-		-		-		-		-
Miscellaneous Depreciation  Total Operating Expenses		35,203		7,286		(27,917)		3,420		(31,78
Depreciation  Total Operating Expenses \$		465,756		663,363		197,607		749,250		283,49
Total Operating Expenses \$		=		=		=		=		-
_		-		-		<u> </u>				-
Total Bire & Francisco	;	712,959	\$	670,649	\$	(42,310)	\$	832,670	\$	119,71
Total Disease Francisco										
Total Direct Expenses\$	•	2,246,509	\$	956,503	\$	(1,290,006)	\$	1,122,427	\$	(1,124,08
Indirect Expenses \$	,	(2,246,509)	\$	(956,503)	\$	1,290,006	\$	(1,122,427)	\$	1,124,08
Other Non-Operating Expenses\$	<b>;</b>		\$		\$		\$	<u> </u>	\$	
otal Expenses (B) \$	;	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
nange in Assets \$	:		\$		\$		\$		\$	_
<u>-</u>			Ť		<u> </u>		Ť		<u>*</u>	
ked Assets										
Depreciation										
•		-		-		-		-		-
Computer & Software CapEx		-		-		-		-		-
Furniture & Fixtures CapEx		-		-		-		-		-
Equipment CapEx		=		-		=		-		-
Leasehold Improvements		-		-		-		-		-
Allocation of Fixed Assets \$	5	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
cr(Dec) in Fixed Assets (C) \$			\$		\$		Ś		\$	
OTAL BUDGET (B+C)		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		-	Ť	-	Ť	-
_					_		_		_	
TAL CHANGE IN WORKING CAPITAL (A-B-C)	•	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$		\$	-
FTEs		9.0		1.5		(7.5)		-		(9

#### **General and Administrative**

Gene	(in	and Administra whole dollars) 2014 Budget	e 2015 Budget	Increase (Decrease)
Total FTEs		15.2	20.9	5.7
Direct Expenses	\$	3,695,570	\$ 4,192,980	\$ 497,410
Inc(Dec) in Fixed Assets	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -
Working Capital Requirement	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -

#### **Program Scope and Functional Description**

The General and Administrative Department provides executive leadership, communications, and administrative support for WECC staff, committees, members, and management, as well as logistics support of the Salt Lake City office and meeting facilities. In addition, indirect costs such as Office Rent that benefit multiple functional areas are accounted for in this budget.

## **2015 Key Assumptions**

- One position is eliminated in 2015.
- One position is transferred to RAPA and one is transferred from RAPA in 2015 to more closely align costs with scope of work.
- Six positions are transferred from Compliance Program Administration to more closely align costs with scope of work.

#### 2015 Goals and Key Deliverables

- Continue to enhance stakeholder relations program.
- Provide executive leadership and strategic guidance for the activities undertaken by WECC.
- Improve the quality and efficiency of administrative support provided to staff and members.
- Enhance the Business Services group to continue to drive efficiencies and effective services throughout the company.

#### Funding Sources and Requirements — Explanation of Increase (Decrease)

## **Funding Sources (Other than ERO Assessments)**

## **Personnel Expenses**

Personnel Expenses increase by a net of \$305,000 primarily due to the net addition of
 5.7 FTEs as previously mentioned.

#### **Meeting Expenses**

 Travel expenses decrease by a net \$24,000 primarily due to the elimination of one position that traveled extensively and the transfer of one position to RAPA, which involves regular travel.

### **Operating Expenses**

- Rent increases by \$47,000 due to estimated maintenance charges and to align the budget with the straight-lined actual expense over the lease term.
- Office Costs increase by \$173,000 primarily due to the transfer of some license and maintenance fees from Compliance to General and Administrative.

## **Indirect Expenses**

• General and Administrative expenses are allocated to statutory functional areas based on FTFs.

## **Other Non-Operating Expenses**

Not applicable.

#### **Fixed Asset Additions**

## **General and Administrative**

Funding sources and related expenses for the General and Administrative section of the 2015 Business Plan are shown in the table below.

Statement of Activi	ities, Fi	xed Assets	Ехре	nditures, an	d Cha	nge in Wor	king	Capital		
	2014 B	udget & Pro	oject	ion, and 201	5 Bud	get				
		<b>GENERAL AI</b>	ND A	DMINISTRATI	VE					
						/ariance				Variance
						l Projection				15 Budget
		2014		2014		14 Budget		2015		014 Budge
		Budget		Projection	Ov	er(Under)		Budget	٥١	/er(Under)
unding										
WECC Funding										
WECC Assessments	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Penalty Sanctions										-
Total WECC Funding	\$	-	\$		\$		\$		\$	-
Membership Dues		-		-		-		=		-
Federal Grants		-		-		-		-		-
Services & Software		-		-		-		-		-
Workshops		-		-		-		-		-
Interest		-		-		-		-		-
Miscellaneous										-
otal Funding (A)	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	-
kpenses										
Personnel Expenses										
Salaries	\$	1,801,127	\$	1,975,306	\$	174,179	\$	1,990,286	\$	189,15
Payroll Taxes		92,319		110,132		17,813		109,878		17,55
Benefits		188,224		189,939		1,715		238,323		50,09
Retirement Costs		92,319		136,360		44,041		140,513		48,19
Total Personnel Expenses	\$	2,173,989	\$	2,411,737	\$	237,748	\$	2,479,000	\$	305,01
		, .,						, ,,,,,,,,		,-
Meeting Expenses										
Meetings	\$	11,250	\$	11,787	\$	537	\$	13,900	\$	2,65
Travel	Y	121,750	Y	151,602	Y	29,852	Y	97,750	Y	(24,00
Conference Calls		8,100		6,437		(1,663)		10,000		1,90
	Ś		Ś		\$	28,726	\$	121,650	Ś	
Total Meeting Expenses	<u> </u>	141,100	_>_	169,826	<u> </u>	28,726	_>_	121,650	_>_	(19,45
One wetting Fune was										
Operating Expenses		00.000		400.050				06.000		(0.70
Consultants & Contracts	\$	90,000	\$	130,059	\$	40,059	\$	86,300	\$	(3,70
Office Rent		888,600		894,648		6,048		935,650		47,05
Office Costs		196,881		288,004		91,123		370,380		173,49
Professional Services		-		-		-		-		-
Miscellaneous		-		-		-		-		-
Depreciation		205,000		209,064		4,064		200,000		(5,00
Total Operating Expenses	\$	1,380,481	\$	1,521,775	\$	141,294	\$	1,592,330	\$	211,84
Total Direct Evnences	Ś	2 605 570	Ś	4,103,338	\$	407,768	Ś	4,192,980	\$	497,41
Total Direct Expenses		3,695,570								
Indirect Expenses	\$	(3,695,570)	\$	(4,103,338)	\$	(407,768)	\$	(4,192,980)	\$	(497,41
Other Non-Operating Expenses	\$	<u>-</u>	\$		\$	<u>-</u>	\$		\$	-
otal Expenses (B)	\$		\$		\$	<u>-</u>	\$		\$	-
hange in Assets	\$		\$	-	\$		\$		\$	-
xed Assets										
Depreciation		(205,000)		(209,064)		(4,064)		(200,000)		5,00
Computer & Software CapEx		-		41,000		41,000		9,000		9,00
Furniture & Fixtures CapEx		-		-		-		-		-
Equipment CapEx		-		-		-		27,000		27,00
Leasehold Improvements		=		=		-		=		-
		205.000		150.051		(25.025)		151000		/44.00
Allocation of Fixed Assets	\$	205,000	\$	168,064	\$	(36,936)	\$	164,000	\$	(41,00
cr(Dec) in Fixed Assets (C)	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	-
OTAL BUDGET (B+C)		-		-		<u> </u>		-		-
OTAL CHANGE IN WORKING CAPITAL (A-B-C)	\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$		\$	-
FTEs		15.2		18.0		2.8		20.9		5

#### **Legal and Regulatory**

Le	(in	and Regulator whole dollars) 2014 Budget	у	2015 Budget	Increase (Decrease)
Total FTEs		6.0		6.0	-
Direct Expenses	\$	1,099,606	\$	1,098,349	\$ (1,257)
Inc(Dec) in Fixed Assets	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -
Working Capital Requirement	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -

#### **Program Scope and Functional Description**

The Legal and Regulatory Department provides coordinated legal services to the WECC Board, committees, and staff, in addition to consistent legal interpretations of relevant statutes, regulations, court opinions, and regulatory decisions. The department also develops specific subject matter expertise to further assist WECC with its legal needs. On occasion, major efforts may be outsourced to select law firms, but the responsibility for all legal matters remains with the Legal and Regulatory Department.

WECC's international operations and its broad scope of activities require significant legal support and review. Arranging for legal support is complicated by the technical nature of this developing area of law and there are many potential areas of conflict prohibiting the use of law firms with energy practices.

#### **2015 Key Assumptions**

- WECC will maintain the scope of its current operations.
- The operating environment may change in the event of unanticipated direction from FERC, NERC, or both.

#### 2015 Goals and Key Deliverables

- Provide efficient, cost-effective legal support to the WECC Board, committees, and staff through a combination of in-house and outside resources.
- Update and advise the WECC Board and CEO on pending legal issues.
- Advise WECC departments on specified legal matters and general matters relating to WECC business.
- Provide legal support to the WECC Compliance Department and facilitate the processing of possible and alleged violations.
- Represent WECC in legal and regulatory proceedings.
- Review and advise WECC business units on draft agreements.
- Improve tracking for development of WECC regulatory policies.

## Funding Sources and Requirements — Explanation of Increase (Decrease)

## **Funding Sources (Other than ERO Assessments)**

Not applicable.

## **Personnel Expenses**

 Personnel Expenses increase \$50,000 primarily due to the refinement of the labor float percentage.

## **Meeting Expenses**

• Travel decreases by \$6,000 due to lower anticipated travel to external meetings.

## **Operating Expenses**

 Professional Services decrease by \$46,000 due to lower actual business insurance premiums than the 2014 estimate.

## **Indirect Expenses**

• Legal and Regulatory expenses are allocated to statutory functional areas based on FTEs.

## **Other Non-Operating Expenses**

Not applicable.

#### **Fixed Asset Additions**

# **Legal and Regulatory**

Funding sources and related expenses for the Legal and Regulatory section of the 2015 Business Plan are shown in the table below.

	2044									
	2014 B			ion, and 201	L5 Buc	iget				
		LEGAL A	ND RI	EGULATORY						
						/ariance				ariance
						4 Projection				5 Budget
		2014		2014		14 Budget		2015		14 Budget
		Budget	,	Projection	Ov	er(Under)		Budget	Ove	er(Under)
unding										
WECC Funding			ć						<u> </u>	
WECC Assessments	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Penalty Sanctions	\$	<del>-</del>	\$		\$	<del>-</del>	\$	<del></del>	\$	
Total WECC Funding	\$	<del></del>	<u> </u>	<del></del>	<u> </u>	<del></del>	<u> </u>	<del></del>	<u> </u>	-
Membership Dues										
Federal Grants		_		_		_				_
Services & Software		_		_		_		_		_
Workshops		_		_		_		_		_
Interest		_		_		_		_		_
Miscellaneous		_		_		_		_		_
otal Funding (A)	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	_
real randing (A)			<u> </u>		<del>-</del>		<u> </u>			
penses										
Personnel Expenses										
Salaries	\$	657,788	\$	846,558	\$	188,770	\$	695,671	\$	37,88
Payroll Taxes	Ψ.	44,388	Ψ.	58,835	Ψ.	14,447	Ÿ	46,009	Ψ.	1,62
Benefits		77,152		89,083		11,931		71,186		(5,96
Retirement Costs		44,388		66,156		21,768		60,493		16,10
Total Personnel Expenses	\$	823,716	\$	1,060,632	\$	236,916	\$	873,359	\$	49,64
	<del></del>				-		<u> </u>		<del></del>	,.
Meeting Expenses										
Meetings	\$	_	\$	(317)	\$	(317)	\$	_	\$	_
Travel		48,000		21,715		(26,285)		42,000		(6,000
Conference Calls		1,200		1,732		532		1,200		-
Total Meeting Expenses	\$	49,200	\$	23,130	\$	(26,070)	\$	43,200	\$	(6,00
5 .										
Operating Expenses										
Consultants & Contracts	\$	-	\$	675	\$	675	\$	-	\$	-
Office Rent		-		-		-		-		-
Office Costs		28,690		23,745		(4,945)		29,790		1,100
Professional Services		190,000		332,674		142,674		144,000		(46,000
Miscellaneous		-		-		-		-		-
Depreciation		8,000		8,488		488		8,000		-
Total Operating Expenses	\$	226,690	\$	365,582	\$	138,892	\$	181,790	\$	(44,90
Total Direct Expenses	\$	1,099,606	\$	1,449,344	\$	349,738	\$	1,098,349	\$	(1,25
Indirect Expenses	\$	(1,099,606)	\$	(1,449,344)	\$	(349,738)	\$	(1,098,349)	\$	1,25
Other Non-Operating Expenses	\$	-	\$	-	\$	_	\$	-	\$	_
atal Superior (R)			,		Ś					
otal Expenses (B)	3	<del></del>	3	<u> </u>		<del></del>	_ \$	<del></del>	\$	
nange in Assets	\$	-	\$	-	\$		\$	-	\$	-
xed Assets Depreciation		(8,000)		(8,488)		(488)		(8,000)		_
Computer & Software CapEx		(8,000)		(0,400)		(400)		(8,000)		-
Furniture & Fixtures CapEx		-		-		-		=		-
Equipment CapEx		-		-		-		-		-
Leasehold Improvements		-		-		-		=		-
Leasenora improvements		=		-		-		=		-
Allocation of Fixed Assets	\$	8,000	\$	8,488	\$	488	\$	8,000	\$	=
cr(Dec) in Fixed Assets (C)	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	
OTAL BUDGET (B+C)		-	•	-						-
	<u>.</u>		ė		Ś		<u>.</u>		Ś	
OTAL CHANGE IN WORKING CAPITAL (A-B-C)	\$		Ş	<del></del>	<u> </u>	<del>-</del>	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	-
FTEs		6.0		6.0		-		6.0		-
HC		6.0		6.0		-		6.0		_

#### **Information Technology**

Info	(in	ation Technolo whole dollars) 2014 Budget	gy	2015 Budget	Increase (Decrease)
Total FTEs		9.0		10.0	1.0
Direct Expenses	\$	1,365,441	\$	1,646,668	\$ 281,227
Inc(Dec) in Fixed Assets	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -
Working Capital Requirement	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -

#### **Program Scope and Functional Description**

WECC's Information Technology (IT) Department provides systems support including: servers, data, email, telephone systems, and Internet and Intranet website maintenance. In addition, IT includes development of new technology solutions using both internal staff and working with external service providers. IT provides resources and tools to enable the organization to meet the evolving requirements to support activities and responsibilities as directed by NERC and FERC.

## **2015 Key Assumptions**

- Personal computer equipment is replaced on a four-year refresh cycle, servers are refreshed every five years, and network equipment is replaced every seven-to-10 years.
   WECC will replace approximately 25 percent of employee laptops in 2015.
- To maintain compliance with industry best practices for security and data protection, WECC will incur additional costs to engage third-party network management and security monitoring services.
- New technology solutions will be required to accommodate the secure transfer of a growing amount of data, as well as to provide data storage and analytic capabilities to the organization.
- One position is transferred from Compliance Program Administration to more closely align costs with scope of work.

#### 2015 Goals and Key Deliverables

- Provide systems support and technology solutions that ensure reliability and security of critical IT infrastructure.
- Develop and implement policies and procedures to enforce best practices across the organization.
- Align IT as a strategic partner in accomplishing business goals and objectives.
- Provide a significant increase in data support, analysis, and communication. Create centralized databases, automated processes, and tools to organize a growing volume of electronic data that will be in high demand.
- Provide solutions to enable secure, reliable, and efficient transmission of a growing number of data types.

- Increase redundancy and reduce support burdens by shifting email services to an externally hosted provider.
- Support a modern website that enhances stakeholder communications, promotes WECC initiatives, and encourages confidence in WECC's capabilities.

#### Funding Sources and Requirements — Explanation of Increase (Decrease)

## **Funding Sources (Other than ERO Assessments)**

Not applicable.

#### **Personnel Expenses**

• Personnel Expenses increase by \$167,000 due to the transfer of one FTE to IT and the refinement of the labor float percentage.

#### **Meeting Expenses**

No material changes.

#### **Operating Expenses**

 Office Costs increase by \$94,000 primarily due to scheduled laptop and desktop refreshes and fees for moving WECC's mail server to a cloud-hosted service.

#### **Indirect Expenses**

 Information Technology expenses are allocated to statutory functional areas based on FTEs.

#### **Other Non-Operating Expenses**

Not applicable.

#### **Fixed Asset Additions**

- Computer and Software CapEx decreases by \$50,000 due to one-time projects budgeted in 2014.
- Equipment CapEx increases by \$16,000 due to a scheduled server refresh.

# **Information Technology**

Funding sources and related expenses for the Information Technology section of the 2015

Business Plan are shown in the table below.

Busin	ess P	lan are s	hov	vn in the	table	e below.				
Statement of Activit				nditures, an ion, and 201			king	Capital		
		INFORMAT	ION	TECHNOLOG						
		2014 Budget	ı	2014 Projection	2014 v 20	/ariance 4 Projection 014 Budget ver(Under)		2015 Budget	20 v 20	/ariance 15 Budget 014 Budget rer(Under)
Funding WECC Funding										
WECC Assessments Penalty Sanctions	\$	- -	\$	- -	\$	-	\$	- -	\$	-
Total WECC Funding	\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Membership Dues		=		=		=		=		=
Federal Grants		-		-		-		=		-
Services & Software Workshops		-		=		-		=		-
Interest		-		-		-		-		-
Miscellaneous		=		=		-		-		-
Total Funding (A)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Expenses										
Personnel Expenses Salaries	\$	670,107	\$	649,174	\$	(20,933)	\$	780,760	\$	110,653
Payroll Taxes	Ş	45,103	Þ	51,457	Ş	6,354	Þ	63,536	Þ	18,433
Benefits		101,928		92,016		(9,912)		117,503		15,575
Retirement Costs		45,103		56,238		11,135		67,892		22,789
Total Personnel Expenses	\$	862,241	\$	848,885	\$	(13,356)	\$	1,029,691	\$	167,450
Meeting Expenses										
Meetings	\$	=	\$	=	\$	=	\$	=	\$	-
Travel		13,200		7,690		(5,510)		13,500		300
Conference Calls		7,200	_	5,286		(1,914)	_	6,600		(600)
Total Meeting Expenses	\$	20,400	\$	12,976	\$	(7,424)	\$	20,100	\$	(300)
Operating Expenses										
Consultants & Contracts	\$	36,000	\$	63,429	\$	27,429	\$	40,000	\$	4,000
Office Rent Office Costs		340,800		332,811		(7 <i>,</i> 989)		1,960 434,917		1,960 94,117
Professional Services		-		-		-		-		-
Miscellaneous Depreciation		106,000		- 85,048		(20,952)		120,000		14,000
Total Operating Expenses	\$	482,800	\$	481,288	\$	(1,512)	\$	596,877	\$	114,077
Total Direct Expenses	\$	1,365,441	\$	1,343,149	\$	(22,292)	\$	1,646,668	\$	281,227
Indirect Expenses	\$	(1,365,441)	\$	(1,343,149)	\$	22,292	\$	(1,646,668)	\$	(281,227)
Other Non-Operating Expenses	\$	-	\$	-	\$	_	\$	_	\$	-
Total Expenses (B)	•		Ś		<u> </u>		_		Ś	_
	<del>-</del>				<del>,</del>		<u>,</u>			
Change in Assets	<u>\$</u>		\$		\$		\$		\$	
Fixed Assets										
Depreciation Computer & Software CapEx		(106,000) 60,000		(85,048) 130,000		20,952 70,000		(120,000) 10,000		(14,000) (50,000)
Furniture & Fixtures CapEx Equipment CapEx Leasehold Improvements		105,000 -		53,000 -		- (52,000) -		- 121,000 -		16,000 -
Allocation of Fixed Assets	\$	(59,000)	\$	- (97,952)	\$	(38,952)	\$	(11,000)	\$	48,000
Incr(Dec) in Fixed Assets (C)	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	
TOTAL BUDGET (B+C)	Ž		Ť		Ť		Ţ	<u>.                                      </u>		<u> </u>
TOTAL CHANGE IN WORKING CAPITAL (A-B-C)	\$		\$		\$		<u> </u>		\$	
FTEs	<u>,                                     </u>	9.0	<del>,</del>	7.5	<u>, ,                                  </u>	(1.5)		10.0	<del>,</del>	1.0
HC		9.0		8.0		(1.0)		10.0		1.0

#### **Human Resources**

	(in	nan Resources whole dollars)	2015 Budget	Increase (Decrease)
Total FTEs		3.0	3.0	-
Direct Expenses	\$	1,072,064	\$ 874,047	\$ (198,017)
Inc(Dec) in Fixed Assets	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -
Working Capital Requirement	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -

#### **Program Scope and Functional Description**

Human Resources (HR) is responsible for the delivery of all HR functions to WECC, including: recruitment, staffing, compensation, benefits, safety, health and wellness, employee relations, performance management, succession planning, and employee training and development.

#### **2015** Key Assumptions

- WECC's staffing levels will increase slightly from 2014 to 2015.
- Competition for talent will increase due to the economic recovery and a shrinking talent pool.
- Enhanced scope of succession planning, employee development, and training are vital to ensuring that WECC maintains a skilled, qualified workforce.

## 2015 Goals and Key Deliverables

- Continue to enhance the recruiting program in 2015 that targets power engineering and
  cyber security programs to increase visibility of WECC to broaden the applicant pool for
  hard-to-fill positions and increase bench strength for key roles within Compliance and in
  RAPA.
- Build strong network relationships with area universities to promote WECC as a viable employer in the community.
- Manage all employee benefits to deliver an attractive benefit package to employees and to attract potential employees while managing overall costs to the organization.
- Continue to educate management on compensation as well as other employee engagement philosophies to enhance recruitment efforts and retain skilled and talented employees.
- Identify training needs and develop and deliver programs to enhance employee development.
- Track and monitor turnover rates, gather feedback to determine cause of turnover, and when appropriate, take action to reduce the turnover rate.

## Funding Sources and Requirements — Explanation of Increase (Decrease)

## **Funding Sources (Other than ERO Assessments)**

Not applicable.

## **Personnel Expenses**

- Salaries Expense decreases due to the elimination of budgeted severance/retention payments that were included in the 2014 budget as potential costs related to bifurcation.
- Benefits and Retirement Costs increase \$53,000 and \$22,000 respectively primarily due to the refinement of the labor float percentage.

## **Meeting Expenses**

• Travel increases by \$11,000 primarily due the transfer of employee appreciation events from General and Administrative to HR.

#### **Operating Expenses**

- Consultants decrease by \$125,000 due to the completion of a compensation and benefits survey in 2014.
- Office Costs decrease by \$13,000 due to decreases in job postings, drug testing, and background checks.
- Professional Services decrease by \$6,000 due to an estimated reduction in ERISA audit and legal fees.

#### **Indirect Expenses**

Human Resource expenses are allocated to statutory functional areas based on FTEs.

## **Other Non-Operating Expenses**

Not applicable.

#### **Fixed Asset Additions**

## **Human Resources**

Funding sources and related expenses for the Human Resources section of the 2015 Business Plan are shown in the table below.

	2014 B			ion, and 201	L5 Bud	get				
Funding		HUMA 2014 Budget		2014 Projection	2014 v 20	Variance Projection 14 Budget er(Under)		2015 Budget	20 v 2	Variance 115 Budget 014 Budget ver(Under)
WECC Funding WECC Assessments	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	
Penalty Sanctions	Ş	-	Ş	<del>-</del>	Ş	-	Ş	-	Ş	-
Total WECC Funding	\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Membership Dues		-		=		-		=		-
Federal Grants		-		-		-		-		-
Services & Software		-		-		-		-		-
Workshops		-		-		-		-		-
Interest		=		=		-		=		-
Miscellaneous  Total Funding (A)	\$		\$		\$		\$	-	\$	
Total Funding (A)	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	<del></del>	_ >		<u> </u>		<u> </u>	-
Expenses										
Personnel Expenses Salaries	\$	204 500	ć	A21 210	\$	46 703	ċ	245 225	\$	(120 172
Salaries Payroll Taxes	\$	384,508 14,190	\$	431,210 27,578	Ş	46,702 13,388	\$	245,335 19,451	Ş	(139,173 5,261
Benefits		414,876		422,975		8,099		468,014		53,138
Retirement Costs		14,190		31,399		17,209		36,334		22,144
Total Personnel Expenses	\$	827,764	\$	913,162	\$	85,398	\$	769,134	\$	(58,630
Meeting Expenses										
Meetings	\$	_	\$	3	\$	3	\$	=	\$	_
Travel	7	10,200	Y	5,933	Ý	(4,267)	Ý	21,600	Y	11,400
Conference Calls		1,000		664		(336)		108		(892
Total Meeting Expenses	\$	11,200	\$	6,600	\$	(4,600)	\$	21,708	\$	10,508
Operating Expenses										
Consultants & Contracts	\$	150,000	\$	150,000	\$	=	\$	25,000	\$	(125,000
Office Rent		-	·	-		-	·	250		250
Office Costs		59,100		69,542		10,442		46,355		(12,745
Professional Services		17,000		11,410		(5,590)		10,600		(6,400
Miscellaneous		-		-		-		-		-
Depreciation Total Operating Expenses	\$	7,000 <b>233,100</b>	\$	692 <b>231,644</b>	\$	(6,308) (1,456)	\$	1,000 <b>83,205</b>	\$	(6,000 <b>(149,895</b>
Total Direct Expenses	\$	1,072,064	\$	1,151,406	\$	79,342	\$	874,047	\$	(198,017
Indirect Expenses	\$	(1,072,064)	\$	(1,151,406)	\$	(79,342)	\$	(874,047)	\$	198,017
Other Non-Operating Expenses	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	-
Total Expenses (B)	\$		\$	<u>-</u> _	\$	<u> </u>	\$		\$	-
Change in Assets	\$	_	\$	-	\$	-	\$	_	\$	-
Fixed Assets										
Depreciation		(7,000)		(692)		6,308		(1,000)		6,000
Computer & Software CapEx		=		-		-		-		-
Furniture & Fixtures CapEx Equipment CapEx		-		=		-		-		-
Leasehold Improvements		-		-		-		-		-
·		_				,				
Allocation of Fixed Assets	\$	7,000	\$	692	\$	(6,308)	\$	1,000	\$	(6,000
Incr(Dec) in Fixed Assets (C)	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	<u>-</u>
TOTAL BUDGET (B+C)		-		-		-		-		-
TOTAL CHANGE IN WORKING CAPITAL (A-B-C)	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>	\$		\$	-
FTEs		3.0		2.8		(0.3)		3.0		-
нс		3.0		3.0		/		3.0		

#### **Finance and Accounting**

Fin	(in w	and Accounti whole dollars)	ng	2015 Budget	Increase (Decrease)
Total FTEs	`	4.7		5.0	•
Total FIES		4.7		5.0	0.3
Direct Expenses	\$	571,792	\$	670,318	\$ 98,526
Inc(Dec) in Fixed Assets	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -
Working Capital Requirement	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -

#### **Program Scope and Functional Description**

The Finance and Accounting Department provides accounting and financial analysis support to WECC. Finance is responsible for accounts payable, billing, accounts receivable, budgeting, fixed asset management, banking, cash management, payroll, and financial reporting.

#### **2015** Key Assumptions

- WECC is subject to Washington Business and Occupancy Tax, which is based on Washington source revenue.
- WECC will not have any grant activity in 2015.
- Efficiencies are gained in the Accounting Department.

#### 2015 Goals and Key Deliverables

- Review financial policies and update as necessary.
- Identify and implement efficiencies in financial processes.
- Ensure WECC has strong internal controls designed to protect the organization's assets and ensure accurate financial reporting.
- Provide improved reporting and financial analysis to WECC managers, the Finance and Audit Committee, and the WECC Board.

### Funding Sources and Requirements — Explanation of Increase (Decrease)

#### **Funding Sources (Other than ERO Assessments)**

Not applicable.

#### **Personnel Expenses**

 Personnel Expenses increase by a net of \$47,000 primarily due to the refinement of the labor float percentage.

## **Meeting Expenses**

Travel decreases by \$5,000 due to an anticipated reduction in travel requirements.

# **Operating Expenses**

 Office Costs increase by \$59,000 due to the State of Washington Business and Occupation Tax that WECC is now subject to, which is based on Washington source income.

# **Indirect Expenses**

• Finance and Accounting expenses are allocated to statutory functional areas based on FTEs.

# **Other Non-Operating Expenses**

• Not applicable.

## **Fixed Asset Additions**

# **Finance and Accounting**

Funding sources and related expenses for the Finance and Accounting section of the 2015 Business Plan are shown in the table below.

Statement of Activi	ties, Fix	ked Asset <u>s I</u>	Expen	iditures, an	d Cha	nge in Wor	king	Capital		
2	2014 Bı	idget & Pro	ojecti	on, and 201	5 Buc	lget				
		FINANCE A	AND A	CCOUNTING	ì					
		2014 Budget	P	2014 rojection	201 <i>i</i> v 20	Variance 4 Projection 014 Budget ver(Under)		2015 Budget	201 v 20	ariance 15 Budget 14 Budge er(Under)
unding										
WECC Funding										
WECC Assessments	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Penalty Sanctions	_	<del></del>	_	<del>-</del>	_		_			
Total WECC Funding	\$		\$		\$	<u> </u>	\$		\$	-
Manufacultia Dura										
Membership Dues Federal Grants		-		-		-		-		-
Services & Software		-		-		-		-		-
		-		-		-		-		-
Workshops		-		-		-		-		-
Interest Miscellaneous		-		-		-		-		-
tal Funding (A)	\$	<del></del>	\$		\$	<del></del>	\$	<del></del>	\$	
tai runding (A)	<u> </u>		<u>\$</u>		<u> </u>	<del></del>	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	-
penses										
Personnel Expenses										
Salaries	\$	280,800	\$	381,026	\$	100,226	\$	317,705	\$	36,9
Payroll Taxes	7	18,992	+	27,250	-	8,258	7	25,006	7	6,0
Benefits		63,758		44,000		(19,758)		59,634		(4,1
Retirement Costs		18,992		39,787		20,795		27,366		8,3
Total Personnel Expenses	\$	382,542	\$	492,063	\$	109,521	\$	429,711	\$	47,1
Meeting Expenses										
Meetings	\$	-	\$	147	\$	147	\$	_	\$	-
Travel		11,250		3,754		(7,496)		6,000		(5,2
Conference Calls		400		294		(106)		250		(1
Total Meeting Expenses	\$	11,650	\$	4,195	\$	(7,455)	\$	6,250	\$	(5,4
Operating Expenses										
Consultants & Contracts	\$	=	\$	=	\$	=	\$	-	\$	-
Office Rent		=		=		=		-		-
Office Costs		84,600		113,317		28,717		143,857		59,2
Professional Services		86,000		91,000		5,000		84,500		(1,5
Miscellaneous		-		-		-		-		-
Depreciation		7,000		6,524		(476)		6,000		(1,0
Total Operating Expenses	\$	177,600	\$	210,841	\$	33,241	\$	234,357	\$	56,7
Total Direct Expenses	\$	571,792	\$	707,099	\$	135,307	\$	670,318	\$	98,5
Indirect Expenses	\$	(571,792)	\$	(707,099)	\$	(135,307)	\$	(670,318)	\$	(98,5
Other Non-Operating Expenses	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	-
tal Expenses (B)	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	_
ange in Assets	\$	_	\$		\$		\$	-	\$	_
ed Assets		(7,000)		(6.534)		476		(6.000)		4.0
Depreciation		(7,000)		(6,524)		476		(6,000)		1,0
Computer & Software CapEx Furniture & Fixtures CapEx		-		-		-		-		-
Equipment CapEx		-		-		-		-		-
Leasehold Improvements		-		-		-		-		-
ccasenora improvements		-		-		-		-		-
Allocation of Fixed Assets	\$	7,000	\$	6,524	\$	(476)	\$	6,000	\$	(1,0
r(Dec) in Fixed Assets (C)	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	-
TAL BUDGET (B+C)										-
TAL CHANGE IN WORKING CAPITAL (A-B-C)	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	-
FTEs		4.7		4.0		(0.7)		5.0		(
HC		5.0		5.0		(3.7)		5.0		

Section B – Supplemental Financial Information 2015 Business Plan and Budget

# Section B — Supplemental Financial Information

#### **Reserve Balance**

Table B-1

Table B-1		
Working Capital Reserve Analysis 2014-2015		
STATUTORY		
ing Working Capital Reserve (Deficit), December 31, 2013	\$	5,416,545
Plus: 2014 WECC Funding (from Load Serving Entities (LSE) or designees)		18,563,902
Plus: 2014 Other funding sources		4,810,352
Plus: Convert Non-statutory Reserves to Statutory		5,874,245
Less: 2014 Projected expenses & capital expenditures		(26,190,659)
Less: Transfer of Reserves to Peak Reliability		(5,811,568)
Projected Working Capital Reserve (Deficit), December 31, 2014	\$	2,662,817
d Working Capital Reserve, December 31, 2015	² \$	2,662,817
Less: Projected Working Capital Reserve, December 31, 2014		(2,662,817)
Increase(decrease) in assessments to achieve desired Working Capital Reserve	\$	-
2015 Expenses and Capital Expenditures	\$	26,300,035
Less: Penalty Sanctions		(143,000)
Less: Other Funding Sources		(1,124,900)
Adjustment to achieve desired Working Capital Reserve		0
Adjustment to define the desired working capital neserve		

<sup>1 –</sup> Represents collections between July, 1 2013 and June 30, 2014. See page 53 for full disclosure.

WECC's Board has approved a Working Capital Reserve balance equal to one month of Personnel and Operating Expenses. In 2014, WECC transferred \$5.87 million of Non-statutory Working Capital Reserves, which were on-hand when WECC originally signed its Delegation Agreement in 2006, to Statutory Working Capital Reserves. Those funds are exclusive of the Non-statutory Reserves related to the Western Renewable Energy Generation Information System and have not been used for any purpose in the past seven years. WECC Management and the WECC Board believed it would be prudent to use that money to minimize the impact on Assessments due to the budget increases in 2014. The total working capital reserves were used to offset the impact of the creation of Peak and other increases on Assessments for both WECC and Peak in 2014.

As a result of the creation of Peak, WECC's working capital reserves were split between WECC and Peak to provide reserves for both entities. The same population of entities

<sup>2 –</sup> On June 25, 2014, the WECC Board of Directors approved this reserve level.

provides funding for both companies and WECC management as well as WECC's Finance and Audit Committee believed reserves should be split equitably as a result. The calculation used to split the reserves was based on each entity's percent-to-total ratio of operating expenses. Peak's portion was \$5.8 million.

#### **Breakdown by Statement of Activity Sections**

The following detailed schedules are in support of the Statutory Statement of Activities and Capital Expenditures on page 10. All significant variances have been disclosed by program area in the preceding pages.

### **Monetary Penalties**

As documented in the NERC Policy Accounting, Financial Statement and Budgetary Treatment of Penalties Imposed and Received for Violations of Reliability Standards, penalty monies received on or prior to June 30, 2014 will be used to offset assessments in the 2015 WECC Budget. Penalty monies received from July 1, 2014 through June 30, 2015 will be used to offset assessments in the 2016 Budget.

All penalty monies received on or prior to June 30, 2014 are detailed below, including the amount and the date received.

Allocation Method: Penalty monies received have been allocated to the following Statutory Programs to reduce assessments:

- Reliability Standards;
- Compliance Monitoring and Enforcement and Organization Registration and Certification;
- Reliability Assessment and Performance Analysis;
- Training, Education, and Operator Certification; and
- Situation Awareness and Infrastructure Security.

Penalty monies are allocated based on the number of FTEs in the functional areas divided by the aggregate total FTEs in the programs receiving the allocation.

As outlined in WECC's 2012 Business Plan and Budget, WECC uses penalty monies collected from U.S. registered entities within the Western Interconnection to pay compliance penalties incurred by the WECC registered functions as a result of alleged non-compliance with NERC mandatory reliability standards. This ensures that only U.S. entities contribute to the payment of WECC registered-function penalties paid to NERC and/or FERC under Section 215 of the Federal Power Act.

## **Penalty Sanctions**

Table B-2

		Penalty Sanctions Rece June 30,		to	
	Amount		Amount	Date	Amount
Date Received	Received	Date Received	Received	Received	Received
7/8/2013	\$ 53,000	12/18/2013	\$ 9,000	5/14/2014	\$ 8,000
7/8/2013	58,000	12/18/2013	92,000	5/20/2014	465,000
7/15/2013	60,000	12/27/2013	8,000	5/20/2014	45,000
7/18/2013	291,000	1/2/2014	50,000	6/2/2014	40,000
7/25/2013	62,500	1/21/2014	20,000	6/2/2014	40,000
8/1/2013	7,000	1/21/2014	55,000	6/16/2014	9,000
8/6/2013	20,000	1/27/2014	215,000	6/24/2014	14,000
8/12/2013	10,000	2/6/2014	40,000		
8/14/2013	60,000	2/6/2014	6,000		
8/16/2013	81,000	2/7/2014	70,000		
8/29/2013	10,000	2/11/2014	45,000		
8/30/2013	10,000	2/18/2014	15,000		
9/5/2013	65,000	2/24/2014	60,000		
9/5/2013	130,000	2/27/2014	144,000		
9/9/2013	36,000	3/10/2014	35,000		
9/11/2013	10,000	3/19/2014	12,000		
9/12/2013	15,000	3/25/2014	150,000		
9/20/2013	10,000	3/25/2014	7,000		
9/23/2013	17,000	3/25/2014	25,000		
10/2/2013	55,000	3/25/2014	16,000		
10/4/2013	198,000	3/31/2014	36,000		
10/15/2013	22,000	3/31/2014	5,000		
10/28/2013	20,000	3/31/2014	185,000		
11/19/2013	10,000	4/4/2014	30,000		
11/25/2013	25,000	4/4/2014	9,500		
12/6/2013	150,000	4/14/2014	15,000		
12/6/2013	20,000	4/22/2014	7,000		
12/17/2013	35,000	5/1/2014	20,000		
			To	otal Penalties Received	\$ 3,543,000

Recognized in 2013 to offset registered function penalties expense\* (1,400,000) Withheld for estimated registered function penalties to be recognized in 2014\* (2,000,000)

Net Penalties to Offset Assessments \$ 143,000

<sup>\*</sup>To pay compliance penalties incurred by the WECC registered functions as a result of alleged non-compliance with NERC mandatory reliability standards.

## **Supplemental Funding**

Table B-3

Outside Funding Breakdown By Program (Excluding WECC Assessments & Penalty Sanctions)		Budget 2014		Projection 2014		Budget 2015	201	Variance 5 Budget v 2014 Budget
Reliability Standards								
Interest	\$	3,133	\$	2,945	\$	2,981	\$	(152)
Miscellaneous		- 2 422	\$	- 2045	ć	- 2.004	\$	- (4.5.2)
Total	\$	3,133	\$	2,945	\$	2,981	\$	(152)
Compliance Monitoring, Enforcement & Org. Registration								
Workshops	\$	438,125	\$	592,480		-	\$	(438,125)
Interest		45,426		42,700		39,865		(5,561)
Miscellaneous		-		-		-		-
Total	\$	483,551	\$	635,180	\$	39,865	\$	(443,686)
Reliability Assessment and Performance Analysis								
Federal Grants	\$	3,628,308	Ś	3,628,308	Ś	_	\$	(3,628,308)
Interest		18,484		17,375		22,950	·	4,466
Miscellaneous		-		-		-		-
Total	\$	3,646,792	\$	3,645,683	\$	22,950	\$	(3,623,842)
Training and Education								
Workshops	\$	519,804	\$	524,704	\$	1,055,900	\$	536,096
Interest		1,566		1,472		2,310		744
Miscellaneous		-		-		-		
Total	\$	521,370	\$	526,176	\$	1,058,210	\$	536,840
Situation Awareness and Infrastructure Security								
Federal Grants	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Interest		391		368		894		503
Miscellaneous		-		-		-		-
Total	\$	391	\$	368	\$	894	\$	503
Technical Committees and Member Forms								
Federal Grants	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Total	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Total Outside Funding	Ś	4,655,237	\$	4,810,352	\$	1,124,900	\$	(3,530,337)

## Explanation of Significant Variances – 2015 Budget versus 2014 Budget

WECC anticipates its investments will earn interest of approximately \$69,000 in 2015. This revenue is allocated to the Statutory and Non-Statutory Programs based on FTEs.

## **Compliance Monitoring and Enforcement and Organization Registration and Certification**

 A decrease of \$438,000 in workshop revenue is related to the shift of Outreach and Stakeholder Relations out of Compliance to Training and Education in 2015. The workshop revenue is related to the Compliance User Group and Critical Infrastructure Protection User Group meetings.

## **Reliability Assessment and Performance Analysis**

The RTEP grant ends in 2014 and Grant revenue is zero in 2015 as a result.

# **Training and Education**

 Workshop revenue increases by \$536,000 due to an increase in the estimated training session attendance as well as the shift of Outreach and Stakeholder Relations out of Compliance to Training and Education in 2015. WECC's System Operator Training program continues to be self-funded.

# **Situation Awareness and Infrastructure Security**

Not applicable.

#### **Technical Committees and Member Forums**

#### **Personnel Expenses**

Table B-4

								Variance	
Barrana I Surana		Budget		Projection		Budget		015 Budget v	Mariana 0/
Personnel Expenses		2014		2014		2015		014 Budget	Variance %
Salaries		42.002.225	ć	42.045.275	ć	42.005.525	,	4 002 200	0.20/
Salaries	\$	12,092,325	\$	12,945,375	\$	13,095,525	\$	1,003,200	8.3%
Employment Agency Fees		3,900		-		-		(3,900)	100.00/
Temporary Office Services Total Salaries	Ś		Ś	12,945,375	Ś	13,095,525	Ś	999,300	-100.0% 8.3%
Total Salaries	<u> </u>	12,090,223	Ş	12,945,575	Ş	15,095,525	ş	999,500	0.3%
Total Payroll Taxes	\$	774,001	\$	940,446	\$	960,685	\$	186,684	24.1%
Benefits									
Workers Compensation	\$	12,000	\$	26,148	\$	19,000	\$	7,000	58.3%
Medical Insurance		1,753,689		1,519,506	\$	1,658,341		(95,348)	-5.4%
Life-LTD-STD Insurance		64,708		101,302	\$	74,911		10,203	15.8%
Education		286,375		194,768	\$	286,878		503	0.2%
Relocation		16,200		16,803	\$	50,000		33,800	208.6%
Other		=		6,229	\$	11,182		11,182	
Total Benefits	\$	2,132,972	\$	1,864,756	\$	2,100,312	\$	(32,660)	-1.5%
Retirement									
Discretionary 401k Contribution	\$	770,774	\$	1,095,748	\$	1,107,028	\$	336,254	43.6%
Retirement Administration Fees		-		9,462		15,000		15,000	
Total Retirement	\$	770,774	\$	1,105,210	\$	1,122,028	\$	351,254	45.6%
Total Personnel Costs	\$	15,773,972	\$	16,855,787	\$	17,278,550	\$	1,504,578	9.5%
FTES		135.0		130.9		137.5		2.5	1.9%
Cost per FTE									
Salario	es \$	89,602	\$	98,933	\$	95,240		5,639	6.3%
Payroll Tax	es	5,733		7,187		6,987		1,253	21.9%
Benefi	ts	15,800		14,251		15,275		(525)	-3.3%
Retireme	nt	5,709		8,446		8,160		2,451	42.9%
Total Cost per FTE	\$	116,844	\$	128,818	\$	125,662	\$	8,818	7.5%

## Explanation of Significant Variances – 2015 Budget versus 2014 Budget

#### **Salaries**

• Salaries increase by a net \$1.0 million primarily due to the refinement of WECC's labor float percentage as well as the net addition of 2.5 FTEs. In 2014, WECC budgeted for \$175,000 of severance and retention, which is zero in the 2015 budget.

## **Payroll Taxes**

• Payroll Taxes increase by \$190,000 primarily due to the refinement of WECC's labor float percentage as well as the net addition of 2.5 FTEs.

#### **Benefits**

- Medical Insurance decreases by \$87,000 to reflect a more accurate estimate of actual employee usage.
- Life, Long-Term Disability, and Short-Term Disability Insurance increases by \$11,000 due to the refinement of WECC's labor float percentage as well as the net addition of 2.5 FTEs.
- Relocation decreases by \$13,000 to reflect estimated actual expenses.

## Retirement

 Contributions to 401k plans increase by \$351,000 due to a 2 percent increase in WECC's defined contribution percentage as well as the refinement of WECC's labor float percentage and the net addition of 2.5 FTEs.

#### **Consultants and Contracts**

Table B-5

Consultants	Budget 2014	Projection 2014	Budget 2015	Variance 015 Budget v 2014 Budget	Variance %
Consultants					
Reliability Standards	\$ -	\$ =	\$ =	\$ -	
Compliance and Organization Registration and Certification	64,000	12,760	\$ 35,640	(28,360)	-44.3%
Reliability Assessment and Performance Analysis	2,968,000	2,498,300	\$ 1,332,000	(1,636,000)	-55.1%
Training and Education	106,502	76,452	\$ 92,000	(14,502)	-13.6%
Situation Awareness and Infrastructure Security	-	-	\$ -	-	
Committee and Member Forums	12,000	-	\$ 80,000	68,000	566.7%
General and Administrative	90,000	130,059	\$ 81,500	(8,500)	-9.4%
Legal and Regulatory	-	675	\$ -	-	
Information Technology	36,000	49,884	\$ 40,000	4,000	11.1%
Human Resources	150,000	150,000	\$ 25,000	(125,000)	-83.3%
Accounting and Finance	 -	-	\$ -	-	
Consultants Total	\$ 3,426,502	\$ 2,918,130	\$ 1,686,140	\$ (1,740,362)	-50.8%

Contracts		Budget 2014	Projection 2014		Budget 2015		Variance 2015 Budget v 2014 Budget		Variance %
Contracts									
Reliability Standards	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
Compliance and Organization Registration and Certification		360,800		623,865	\$	432,280		71,480	19.8%
Reliability Assessment and Performance Analysis		400,000		650,201	\$	-		(400,000)	-100.0%
Training and Education		-		-	\$	-		-	
Situation Awareness and Infrastructure Security		-		-	\$	-		-	
Committee and Member Forums		200,000		=	\$	=		(200,000)	-100.0%
General and Administrative		-		=	\$	4,800		4,800	
Legal and Regulatory		-		-	\$	-		-	
Information Technology		-		13,545	\$	-		-	
Human Resources		-		-	\$	-		-	
Accounting and Finance		-		-	\$	-		-	
Contracts Total	\$	960,800	\$	1,287,611	\$	437,080	\$	(523,720)	-54.5%
Total Consulting and Contracts	\$	4,387,302	\$	4,205,741	\$	2,123,220	\$	(2,264,082)	-51.6%

## Explanation of Significant Variances – 2015 Budget versus 2014 Budget

#### **Consultants**

- Compliance and Organization Registration and Certification decreases by \$28,000
  primarily due to the shift of some costs to General and Administrative based on scope of
  work.
- RAPA decreases by a net \$1.6 million due to the following:
  - o A decrease of \$2.0 million is due to the completion of the RTEP grant
  - An increase of \$100,000 in Planning Services for Wind and Solar Plant Model Validation.
  - An increase of \$260,000 due to the transfer of some costs from Technical Committees and Member Forums to RAPA. These costs are related to voltage stability software enhancements and phasor measurement unit data validation.
- Training and Education consultants decrease by \$15,000 due to a decrease in use of consultants to conduct training sessions.

- Committee and Member Forums consultants increase by \$68,000 primarily due to Board Director search fees.
- Human Resources decreases \$125,000 due to a one-time cost for a compensation and benefits survey in 2014.

#### **Contracts**

- Compliance and Organization Registration and Certification contracts increase by \$71,000 due to an increase in the use of contractors for specific expertise and the increased audit schedule in 2015.
- RAPA Contracts decrease by \$400,000 due to one-time costs in Planning Services related to 2014 projects undertaken for the development of additional RAS models and phase two of the composite load model implementation.
- Committee and Member Forums decrease by \$200,000 due to one-time costs related to 2014 projects for the validation and incorporation of synchrophasor data into operations.

#### **Office Rent**

Table B-6

Office	Rent	Budget 2014	ojection 2014	Budget 2015	Variance 2015 Budget v 2014 Budget	Variance %
Office Rent Utilities Maintenance Security	\$	926,196 - 9,876 -	\$ 933,542 - 6,225 -	\$ 969,480 - 17,656	43,284 - 7,780 -	4.7% 0.0% 78.8% 0.0%
Total Office Rent	\$	936,072	\$ 939,767	\$ 987,136	\$ 51,064	5.5%

# Explanation of Significant Variances – 2015 Budget versus 2014 Budget

• Office Rent increases by \$43,000 to align the budget with the straight-lined expense.

#### **Office Costs**

Table B-7

Office Costs	Budget 2014	Projection 2014	Budget 2015	2015	riance Budget v I Budget	Variance %
Telephone	\$ 97,610	\$ 69,448	\$ 96,747	\$	(863)	-0.9%
Internet	145,310	82,150	117,618		(27,692)	-19.1%
Office Supplies	192,336	200,295	104,859		(87,477)	-45.5%
Computer Supplies and Maintenance	690,027	622,420	908,990		218,963	31.7%
Publications & Subscriptions	22,835	47,334	17,535		(5,300)	-23.2%
Dues and Fees	126,233	128,981	159,314		33,081	26.2%
Postage	3,790	5,215	5,699		1,909	50.4%
Express Shipping	13,147	5,248	11,304		(1,843)	-14.0%
Copying	43,536	31,532	67,545		24,009	55.1%
Bank Charges	57,630	58,889	74,000		16,370	28.4%
Taxes	13,000	43,303	64,000		51,000	392.3%
Total Office Costs	\$ 1,405,454	\$ 1,294,815	\$ 1,627,611	\$	222,157	15.8%

#### Explanation of Significant Variances – 2015 Budget versus 2014 Budget

- Internet expenses decrease by a net \$27,000 to more accurately reflect actual expenses post-bifurcation.
- Office Supplies decrease by \$87,000 to more accurately reflect actual expenses postbifurcation.
- Computer Supplies and Maintenance increase by \$219,000 due to first-year fees after implementation, rate increases, and new licenses, including the Base Case Coordination System and cloud-based email hosting.
- Dues and Fees increase by \$33,000 primarily due to eDiscovery and backup services for the cloud-based email service.
- Copying increases by \$24,000 to more accurately reflect estimated expenditures.
- Bank Charges increase \$16,000 to more accurately reflect actual expenses postbifurcation.
- Taxes increase \$51,000 primarily due to the State of Washington Business and Occupation Tax that WECC is now subject to.

## **Professional Services**

Table B-8

Professional Services		Budget 2014		Projection 2014		Budget 2015		Variance 015 Budget v 2014 Budget	Variance %
Non-affiliated Director fees	Ś	465,756	Ś	661,750	Ś	749.250	Ś	283.494	60.9%
Outside Legal	,	28,000	7	236,257	*	30,600	*	2,600	9.3%
Accounting & Auditing Fees		97,000		105,245		88,500		(8,500)	-8.8%
Insurance Commercial		168,000		100,440		120,000		(48,000)	-28.6%
Total Services	\$	758,756	\$	1,103,692	\$	988,350	\$	229,594	30.3%

# Explanation of Significant Variances – 2015 Budget versus 2014 Budget

- Non-Affiliated Director fees increase by \$283,000 due to the revised Board Director compensation structure.
- Insurance Commercial decreases \$48,000 to more accurately reflect actual costs post-bifurcation.

# **Other Non-Operating**

Table B-9

Other Non-Operating Expenses	Budget 2014	ojection 2014	Budget 2015	201	ariance 5 Budget v 14 Budget	Variance %
Interest Expense	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	
Line of Credit Payment	-	-	-		-	
Office Relocation	=	-	=		=	
Total Non-Operating Expenses	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	

# Explanation of Significant Variances – 2015 Budget versus 2014 Budget



# Section C — 2015 Non-Statutory Business Plan and Budget

Western Renewable Energy Generation Information System (in whole dollars) Increase											
	2014 Budget	2015 Budget	(Decrease)								
Total FTEs	5	5	-								
Direct Expenses	1,117,869	1,177,192	59,323								
Indirect Expenses	541,111	492,049	(49,062)								
Inc(Dec) in Fixed Assets	-	(8,607)	(8,607)								
Total Funding Requirement	244,820	(29,759)	(274,579)								

### **Western Renewable Energy Generation Information System (WREGIS)**

WREGIS is an independent, renewable energy database for the Western Interconnection. WREGIS creates renewable energy certificates (REC) for verifiable renewable generation from units that are registered in the database.

WREGIS was developed through a collaborative process between the Western Governors' Association, the Western Regional Air Partnership, and the California Energy Commission (CEC). This development was further guided by stakeholder input from more than 400 participants over a period greater than three years. WREGIS' governance was integrated into WECC on March 31, 2012 following the expiration of WECC's contract that had previously provided for backstop funding from the CEC. WREGIS is governed by a WECC member committee consisting of representatives from the WECC membership and various WREGIS stakeholder groups.

WREGIS costs fall outside Section 215 of the Federal Power Act. Participants fund WREGIS through registration and transaction fees.

WREGIS consists of two parts: the information system software and the administrative operations. The WREGIS staff oversees the software contractor and performs all of the administrative tasks required to operate the program including: registering account holders and generation units; training WREGIS users; and managing the budgeting, billing, and financial reporting.

## **Major 2015 Assumptions and Cost Impacts**

WREGIS is funded entirely by user fees and is not subsidized by Section 215 funding. User fees are based on several factors including size (generation capacity) and amount of usage. The size of the users is fairly constant, annual fees based on size make up only about 25 percent of the total revenues. The other 75 percent of revenues are based on usage levels, which can depend on uncontrollable factors such as weather (wind and solar generation levels) and state regulatory policies (retirement, transfers, etc.). Because a large portion of revenues can vary greatly from year to year, WECC holds large WREGIS reserves to allow for normal operations during years in which fee levels are low and to fund large non-recurring expenditures such as major software upgrades.

## **2015 Primary Goals and Objectives**

- Implement the WREGIS program as required by the participating states, provinces, and voluntary programs.
- Register program participants, whether mandatory or voluntary.
- Refine the WREGIS software to ensure optimum performance in terms of both efficiency and ease of use for account holders.
- Keep abreast of possible needs to increase WREGIS's functionality.

### Funding Sources and Requirements — Explanation of Increase (Decrease)

### **Funding Sources (Other than ERO Assessments)**

- WREGIS account holders pay an initial registration fee and annual renewal fees.
   Amounts vary by the size and category of the account holder.
- Volumetric-based fees are assessed when RECs are traded, retired, reserved, or transferred.
- Nominal fees are charged for users who attend training.

#### **Personnel Expenses**

• Personnel Expenses increase a net \$18,000 mainly due to merit increases and an increase in the defined contribution percentage.

#### **Travel Expenses**

• Meeting Expenses decrease by a net \$17,000 due to estimates of actual travel and meeting expenditure requirements in 2015.

#### **Operating Expenses**

• Office Costs increase by \$59,000 primarily due to increases in WREGIS software licensing fees as well as system upgrades.

### **Indirect Expenses**

• Indirect Expenses are allocated based on FTEs. WECC calculates a quarterly allocation for WREGIS's indirect costs, based on actual results.

### **Other Non-Operating Expenses**

# 2014 Budget and Projection and 2015 Budget Comparisons

2014 Budget & Projection, and 2015 Budget													
		ION-STATUTORY											
	2014 Budget	2014 Projection	Variance 2014 Projection v 2014 Budget Over(Under)	2015 Budget	Variance 2015 Budget v 2014 Budget Over(Under)								
Funding													
WECC Funding													
WECC Assessments	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -								
Penalty Sanctions	<u>-</u>	\$ -	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	\$ -								
Total WECC Funding	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	<u> </u>								
Membership Dues	1,896,000	2,416,545	520,545	1,626,000	(270,000								
Federal Grants	-	-,	-	-,,	-								
Services & Software	-	-	-	-	-								
Workshops	7,800	7,800	-	4,875	(2,925								
Interest	-	15,667	15,667	-	-								
Miscellaneous		5,633	5,633										
Total Funding (A)	\$ 1,903,800	\$ 2,445,645	\$ 541,845	\$ 1,630,875	\$ (272,925								
F													
Expenses Personnel Expenses													
Salaries	\$ 350,730	\$ 280,749	\$ (69,981)	\$ 358,476	\$ 7,747								
Payroll Taxes	23,715	23,973	258	29,669	5,954								
Benefits	65,935	26,680	(39,255)	62,675	(3,260								
Retirement Costs	23,715	24,469	754	31,172	7,457								
Total Personnel Expenses	\$ 464,094	\$ 355,871	\$ (108,223)	\$ 481,992	\$ 17,898								
•			<del>-                                    </del>		-								
Meeting Expenses													
Meetings	\$ 13,225	\$ 12,004	\$ (1,221)	\$ 3,975	\$ (9,250)								
Travel	61,000	37,982	(23,018)	52,000	(9,000)								
Conference Calls				1,200	1,200								
Total Meeting Expenses	\$ 74,225	\$ 49,986	\$ (24,239)	\$ 57,175	\$ (17,050)								
Operating Expenses	ć c.000	ć F 105	ć (00E)	ć 2.400	ć (2.600°								
Consultants & Contracts Office Rent	\$ 6,000	\$ 5,105	\$ (895)	\$ 2,400	\$ (3,600)								
Office Costs	557,050	474,268	(82,782)	616,125	- 59,075								
Professional Services	16,500		(16,500)	19,500	3,000								
Miscellaneous	-	_	(10,500)	-	-								
Depreciation	_	-	74,069	-	-								
Total Operating Expenses	\$ 579,550	\$ 479,373	\$ (26,108)	\$ 638,025	\$ 58,475								
Total Direct Expenses	\$ 1,117,869	\$ 885,230	\$ (158,570)	\$ 1,177,192	\$ 59,323								
Indirect Expenses	\$ 541,111	\$ 419,120	\$ (121,991)	\$ 492,049	\$ (49,062)								
Other Non-Operating Expenses	<b>\$</b> -	<b>\$</b> -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -								
Total Evanges (P)	\$ 1,658,980	\$ 1,304,350	\$ (280,561)	¢ 1,660,241	÷ 10.361								
Total Expenses (B)				\$ 1,669,241	\$ 10,261								
Change in Assets	\$ 244,820	\$ 1,141,295	\$ 822,406	\$ (38,366)	\$ (283,186)								
Fixed Assets													
Depreciation	-	-	-	-	-								
Computer & Software CapEx	-	-	-	-	-								
Furniture & Fixtures CapEx	-	-	-	-	-								
Equipment CapEx	-	-	-	-	-								
Leasehold Improvements	-	-	-	-	-								
Allocation of Fixed Assets	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (8,607)	\$ (8,607)								
Incr(Dec) in Fixed Assets (C)	\$ -	\$ -	<u> </u>	\$ (8,607)	\$ (8,607)								
TOTAL BUDGET (=B+C)	1,658,980	1,304,350	(280,561)	1,660,634	1,654								
,			<u> </u>										
TOTAL CHANGE IN WORKING CAPITAL (=A-B-C)	\$ 244,820	\$ 1,141,295	\$ 822,406	\$ (29,759)	\$ (274,579)								
FTEs	5.0	4.0	(1.0)	5.0	-								

# **Personnel Analysis**

FTEs are defined as full-time equivalent employees only. Fractional FTEs reflect part-time employees or employees who worked in fewer than all four quarters of the year.

Total FTEs by Program Area	Budget 2014	Projection 2014	Direct FTEs 2015 Budget	Shared FTEs <sup>1</sup> 2015 Budget	Total FTEs 2015 Budget	Change from 2014 Budget
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		NON-STATUTORY				
Operational Programs						
Total FTEs Operational Programs	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Administrative Programs						
WREGIS	5.0	4.0	5.0	0.0	5.0	0.0
Total FTEs Administrative Programs	5.0	4.0	5.0	0.0	5.0	0.0
Total FTEs	5.0	4.0	5.0	0.0	5.0	0.0
Total FIES	5.0	4.0	5.0	0.0	5.0	0.0

 $<sup>^{1}\</sup>mathrm{A}$  shared FTE is defined as an employee who performs both Statutory and Non-Statutory functions.

There are no changes to personnel within the non-statutory function.

## Reserve Analysis — 2014–2015

Working Capital Reserve Analysis							
NON-STATUTORY							
		WECC Non-Statutory					
	WREGIS Reserves	Reserves					
Beginning Working Capital Reserve (Deficit), December 31, 2013	1,954,861	5,874,245					
Plus: 2014 WREGIS Funding	2,445,645						
Plus: 2014 Other funding sources							
Less: 2014 Projected expenses & capital expenditures	(1,304,350)						
Transfer Reserves to Statutory		(5,874,245)					
Projected Working Capital Reserve (Deficit), December 31, 2014	3,096,156	0					
Projected Working Capital Reserve, December 31, 2015	3,096,156	0					
Less: Projected Working Capital Reserve, December 31, 2014	(3,096,156)	0					
Adjustments to achieve Working Capital Reserve, December 31, 2014	0	0					
2014 Funding Sources	1,630,875						
Less: Expenses and Capital Expenditures	(1,660,634)						
2015 Funding (reserve adjustment)	(29,759)	0					
2013 Funding (reserve adjustment)	(29,739)						

WECC's Board has approved a Working Capital Reserve balance equal to one month of Personnel and Operating Expenses. In 2014, WECC transferred \$5.87 million of Non-statutory Working Capital Reserves, which were on-hand when WECC originally signed its Delegation Agreement in 2006, to Statutory Working Capital Reserves. Those funds are exclusive of the Non-statutory Reserves related to WREGIS and have not been used for any purpose in the past seven years. WECC Management and the WECC Board believed it would be prudent to use that money to minimize the impact on Assessments due to the budget increases in 2014. The total working capital reserves were used to offset the impact of the creation of Peak and other increases on Assessments for both WECC and Peak in 2014.

Section D – Additional Consolidated Financial Statements 2015 Business Plan and Budget

## Section D – Additional Consolidated Financial Statements

## 2015 Consolidated Statement of Activities by Program, Statutory, and Non-Statutory

								Fun	ctions in Delegation	on Agreement						Non-Statutory	Functions
Statement of Activities and Capital Expenditures by Program 2015 Budget	Total	Statutory Total	Non-Statutory Total	Statutory Total	Reliability Standards (Section 300)	Compliance and Organization Registration and Certification (Section 400 & 500)	Reliability Assessment and Performance Analysis (Section 800)	Training and Education (Section 900)	Situation Awareness and Infrastructure Security (Section 1000)	Committee and Member Forums	General and Administrative	Legal and Regulatory	Information Technology	Human Resources	Accounting and Finance	Non-Statutory Total	WREGIS
Funding WECC Funding																	
WECC Punding  WECC Assessments	25,032,135	25,032,135	_	25,032,135	1,017,660	13,056,028	10,231,472	434,720	292,255							_	_
Penalty Sanctions	143,000	143,000	-	143,000	6,177		47,564	4,787	1,853							-	
Total WECC Funding	25,175,135	25,175,135	-	25,175,135	1,023,837	13,138,647	10,279,036	439,507	294,108	-	-	-	-	-			
Non-statutory Funding	1,626,000	-	1,626,000	-	-	-	-	-		-	-		-	-	-	1,626,000	1,626,000
Federal Grants	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Services & Software	-	-			-		-			-		-	-	-	-		
Workshops	1,060,775	1,055,900	4,875	1,055,900	-		-	1,055,900	-	-		-	-	-		4,875	4,875
Interest Miscellaneous	69,000	69,000	-	69,000	2,981	39,865	22,950	2,310	894	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Funding (A)	27,930,910	26,300,035	1,630,875	26,300,035	1,026,818	13,178,512	10,301,986	1,497,717	295,002	-	-	-	-	-		1,630,875	1,630,875
<b>.</b>																	
Expenses Personnel Expenses																	
Salaries	13,454,002	13,095,525	358,476	13,095,525	477,416	5,032,890	3,062,768	351,089	141,605		1,990,286	695,671	780,760	245,335	317,705	358,476	358,476
Payroll Taxes	990,355	960,686	29,669	960,686	34,358	387,555	238,217	25,665	11,010	-	109,878	46,009	63,536	19,451	25,006	29,669	29,669
Benefits	2,162,986	2,100,312	62,675	2,100,312	44,967	675,026	375,438	36,173	14,048	-	238,323	71,186	117,503	468,014	59,634	62,675	62,675
Retirement Costs	1,153,200	1,122,028	31,172	1,122,028	41,514		266,328	30,530	12,313	-	140,513	60,493	67,892	36,334	27,366	31,172	31,172
Total Personnel Expenses	17,760,542	17,278,550	481,992	17,278,550	598,255	6,534,216	3,942,750	443,457	178,977	-	2,479,000	873,359	1,029,691	769,134	429,711	481,992	481,992
Meeting Expenses																	
Meetings	817,523	813,548	3,975	813,548	528		137,430	489,300	-	165,705	13,900	-	-	-	-	3,975	3,975
Travel	1,474,823	1,422,823	52,000	1,422,823	32,175		221,552	16,850	-	121,500	97,750	42,000	13,500	21,600	6,000	52,000	52,000
Conference Calls	76,439 2,368,785	75,239	1,200	75,239	3,027 35,730		29,600 388,582	8,750 514,900	-	2,552 289,757	10,000 121,650	1,200 43,200	6,600	108 21,708	250	1,200 57,175	1,200
Total Meeting Expenses	2,368,785	2,311,610	57,175	2,311,610	35,/30	869,733	388,582	514,900	-	289,757	121,650	43,200	20,100	21,708	6,250	57,175	57,175
Operating Expenses																	
Consultants & Contracts	2,125,620	2,123,220	2,400	2,123,220	-	467,920	1,332,000	92,000	-	80,000	86,300	-	40,000	25,000	-	2,400	2,400
Office Rent	987,136	987,136	-	987,136	-	1,600	-	47,676	-	-	935,650	-	1,960	250	-	-	-
Office Costs Professional Services	2,243,736 1,007,850	1,627,611 988,350	616,125 19,500	1,627,611 988,350	6,079	132,213	360,650	99,950	-	3,420 749,250	370,380	29,790 144,000	434,917	46,355 10,600	143,857 84,500	616,125 19,500	616,125 19,500
Miscellaneous	1,007,830	-	19,300	-						743,230	-	144,000		10,000	-	13,300	19,500
Depreciation	875,000	875,000	-	875,000		20,000	520,000	-		-	200,000	8,000	120,000	1,000	6,000	-	-
Total Operating Expenses	7,239,342	6,601,317	638,025	6,601,317	6,079	621,733	2,212,650	239,626	-	832,670	1,592,330	181,790	596,877	83,205	234,357	638,025	638,025
Total Direct Expenses	27,368,669	26,191,477	1,177,192	26,191,477	640,064	8,025,682	6,543,982	1,197,983	178,977	1,122,427	4,192,980	1,098,349	1,646,668	874,047	670,318	1,177,192	1,177,192
Indirect Expenses	0	(492,049)	492,049	(492,049)	393,639	5,264,920	3,031,019	305,070	118,092	(1,122,427)	(4,192,980)	(1,098,349)	(1,646,668)	(874,047)	(670,318)	492,049	492,049
Other Non-Operating Expenses	-	-			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Total Expenses (B)	27,368,669	25,699,428	1,669,241	25,699,428	1,033,703	13,290,602	9,575,002	1,503,053	297,068	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,669,241	1,669,241
Change in Assets	562,241	600,607	(38,366)	600,607	(6,885)	(112,090)	726,984	(5,336)	(2,066)	-	-	-	-	-		(38,366)	(38,366)
Fixed Assets																	
Depreciation	(875,000)	(875,000)	-	(875,000)	-	(20,000)		-	-	-	(200,000)	(8,000)	(120,000)	(1,000)	(6,000)	-	-
Computer & Software CapEx	1,319,000	1,319,000	-	1,319,000	-	-	1,300,000	-		-	9,000	-	10,000	-	-	-	-
Furniture & Fixtures CapEx Equipment CapEx	148,000	148,000	-	148,000	-	-	-			-	27,000		121,000	-	-	-	-
Leasehold Improvements	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Allocation of Fixed Assets	-	8,607	(8,607)	8,607	(6,885	(92,090)	(53,016)	(5,336)	(2,066)	-	164,000	8,000	(11,000)	1,000	6,000	(8,607)	(8,607)
Inc(Dec) in Fixed Assets (C)	592,000	600,607	(8,607)	600,607	(6,885	(112,090)	726,984	(5,336)	(2,066)	-	-	-		-	-	(8,607)	(8,607)
TOTAL BUDGET (B+C)	27,960,669	26,300,035	1,660,634	26,300,035	1,026,818	13,178,512	10,301,986	1,497,717	295,002	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,660,634	1,660,634
TOTAL CHANGE IN WORKING CAPITAL (A-B-C)	(29,759)	-	(29,759)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-		(29,759)	(29,759)
FTEs HC	142.5 143.0	137.5 138.0	5.0 5.0	137.5 138.0	4.0 4.0		30.8 32.0	3.1 3.0	1.2	-	20.9 21.0	6.0 6.0	10.0 10.0	3.0 3.0	5.0 5.0	5.0 5.0	5.0 5.0

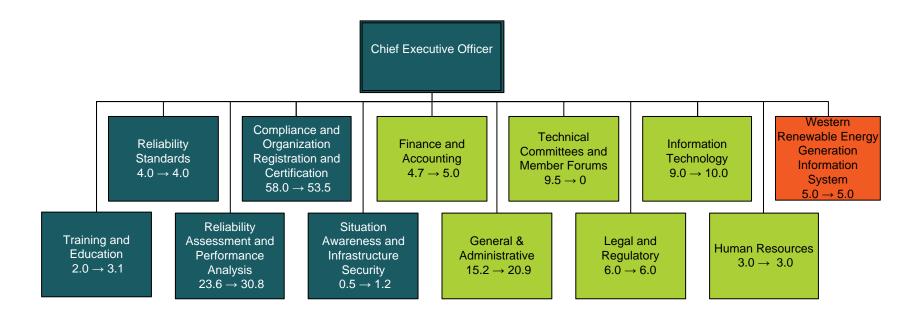
### **Statement of Financial Position**

## Statement of Financial Position 2013 Audited, 2014 Projection, and 2015 Budget

#### STATUTORY and NON-STATUTORY

STATUTORY and NON-STATUTORY													
	•	Per Audit) 31-Dec-13		Projected 31-Dec-14		Budget 31-Dec-15							
ASSETS													
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	24,741,100	\$	12,865,224	\$	12,993,876							
Certificates of deposit		2,044,097		681,366		688,179							
Investments		2,942,933		980,978		990,787							
Accounts receivable, net		4,099,826		2,049,913		2,070,412							
Prepaid expenses and other assets		1,451,697		389,484		393,379							
Property and equipment		11,042,682		1,691,682		2,691,682							
Total Assets	\$	46,322,335	\$	18,658,647	\$	19,828,316							
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS													
Liabilities													
Accounts payable		5,380,399		1,614,120		1,775,532							
Accrued Expenses		4,145,493		1,043,648		1,148,013							
Deferred revenue		11,679,055		6,628,811		7,390,649							
Other liabilities		1,665,866		1,420,546		1,562,601							
Total Liabilities	\$	22,870,813	\$	10,707,125	\$	11,876,794							
Unrestricted net assets		23,451,522		7,951,522		7,951,522							
Total Liabilities and Net Assets	\$	46,322,335	\$	18,658,647	\$	19,828,316							

## **Appendix A: Organizational Chart**



- Statutory Program Area
- Administrative Services Program Area
- Non-statutory Program Area

## Appendix B: 2015 Budget & Projected 2016 and 2017 Budgets

		tatement of	Act	ivities and C	apit	al Expenditu	res					
		2015 Budge	t & F	Projected 2016	and	d 2017 Budgets						
				Statutory								
		2015		2016		\$ Change	% Change		2017		\$ Change	% Change
		Budget		Projection		15 v 16	15 v 16		Projection		16 v 17	16 v 17
Funding ERO Funding												
WECC Assessments	\$	25,055,135	\$	25,656,467	Ś	601,332	2.4%	\$	26,215,027	Ś	558,559	2.2
Penalty Sanctions		120,000		-		(120,000)	-100.0%		-, -,-		-	
Total ERO Funding	\$	25,175,135	\$	25,656,467	\$	481,332	1.9%	\$	26,215,027	\$	558,559	2.2
Membership Dues												
Federal Grants		-		-		-			-		-	
Workshops		1,055,900		1,108,695		52,795	5.0%		1,164,130		55,435	5.09
Interest		69,000		69,000		-	0.0%		69,000		-	0.09
Miscellaneous Total Funding (A)	Ś	26,300,035	Ś	26,834,162	•	534,127	2.0%	Ś	27,448,157	Ś	613,994	2.39
Total railaing (A)		20,300,033	<u>, ,                                  </u>	20,034,102	Ţ	334,127	2.078	<u>, ,                                  </u>	27,440,137	Ą	013,554	2.3
Expenses												
Personnel Expenses Salaries	\$	13,095,525	\$	14,046,346		950,821	7.3%	\$	14,683,200		636,854	4.59
Payroll Taxes	Ą	960,685	٠	1,033,272		72,587	7.6%	\$	1,080,603		47.331	4.69
Benefits		2,100,312		2,259,325		159,012	7.6%	\$	2,364,698		105,373	4.79
Retirement Costs		1,122,028		1,205,340		83,311	7.4%	\$	1,260,303		54,964	4.69
Total Personnel Expenses	\$	17,278,551	\$	18,544,283	\$	1,265,732	7.3%	\$	19,388,804	\$	844,521	4.69
Meeting Expenses												
Meetings	\$	813,548	\$	846,090		32,542	4.0%	\$	879,934		33,844	4.09
Travel		1,422,823		1,479,736		56,913	4.0%		1,509,331		29,595	2.09
Conference Calls		75,239		75,239		-	0.0%		75,239		-	0.09
Total Meeting Expenses	\$	2,311,610	\$	2,401,065	\$	89,455	3.9%	\$	2,464,503	\$	63,438	2.69
Operating Expenses												
Consultants & Contracts	\$	2,123,220	\$	2,208,149		84,929	4.0%	\$	2,296,475		88,326	4.09
Office Rent		987,136		990,000		2,864	0.3%		990,000		-	0.09
Office Costs		1,627,611		1,692,715		65,104	4.0%		1,760,424		67,709	4.09
Professional Services		988,350		990,000		1,650	0.2%		990,000		-	0.09
Miscellaneous Depreciation		- 875,000		1,050,000		175,000	20.0%		-		(1,050,000)	-100.09
Total Operating Expenses	\$	6,601,317	\$	6,930,864	\$	329,547	5.0%	\$	6,036,899	\$	(893,965)	-100.07
Total Direct Expenses	\$	26,191,478	\$	27,876,212	\$	1,684,734	6.4%	\$	27,890,206	\$	13,994	0.19
Indirect Expenses		(492,049)	_	(492,049)		-	0.0%	_	(492,049)		-	0.09
Other Non-Operating Expenses			_	-		-		_				
Total Function (D)	Ś	35 600 438	\$	27 204 162	\$	1 604 724	6.69/	\$	27 200 157	\$	12.004	0.10
Total Expenses (B)	\$	25,699,428	<u> </u>	27,384,162	>	1,684,734	6.6%	<u> </u>	27,398,157	>	13,994	0.19
Change in Assets	\$	600,607	\$	(550,000)	\$	(1,150,607)	-191.6%	\$	50,000	\$	600,000	-109.19
Fixed Assets  Depreciation	\$	(875,000)	\$	(1,050,000)	,	(175,000)	20.0%	\$		\$	1,050,000	-100.09
Computer & Software CapEx	Ş	1,467,000	Ş	500,000	ې	(967,000)	-65.9%	۶	50,000	۶	(450,000)	-90.09
		1,407,000		300,000		(307,000)	-03.370		-		(430,000)	-30.0
				-		-			_		-	
Furniture & Fixtures CapEx		-				(1 142 000)	-192.9%	\$	50,000	\$	600,000	400.4
	\$	592,000	\$	(550,000)	\$	(1,142,000)	-192.9%	<u>,</u>	30,000	~	800,000	-109.1
Furniture & Fixtures CapEx Leasehold Improvements	\$	592,000 26,291,428	\$	(550,000) 26,834,162	\$	542,734	2.1%	\$	27,448,157	\$	613,994	
Furniture & Fixtures CapEx Leasehold Improvements Incr(Dec) in Fixed Assets (C)												
Furniture & Fixtures CapEx Leasehold Improvements Incr(Dec) in Fixed Assets (C) TOTAL BUDGET (B+C)	\$	26,291,428	\$		\$	542,734	2.1%	\$		\$		-109.19 2.39

## Appendix C: Adjustment to the AESO 2015 Assessment

Adjustment to the AESO 2014 and					
Credit for WECC Complia	Com	2014 pliance Budget NEL Allocation	2015 Compliance Budget AESO NEL Allocation		
WECC Compliance Costs  Direct Costs less Direct Revenue Indirect Costs  Fixed Asset Expenditures	\$	8,108,502 6,276,897 (105,602)	\$	7,985,817 5,264,920 (112,090)	
Total Net Costs, including Fixed Assets	\$	14,279,797	\$	13,138,647	
Reserve Offset	\$	(1,392,917)	\$	-	
Net total to be allocated	\$	12,886,880	\$	13,138,647	
AESO NEL Share (2011 & 2012)		6.835%		7.000%	
AESO Proportional Share of Compliance Costs, including Fixed Assets	\$	880,818	\$	919,649	
% Credit (54.98 of 58.0 FTE for 2014, 51.23 of 53.5 FTE for 2015)		94.79%		95.76%	
AESO Credit for Compliance Costs	\$	834,928	\$	880,629	

# NORTH AMERICAN ELECTRIC RELIABILITY CORPORATION

## 2015 BUSINESS PLAN AND BUDGET FILING

## **ATTACHMENT 6**

PEAK RELIABILITY, INC.

PROPOSED 2015 BUSINESS PLAN AND BUDGET

## 2015 Business Plan and Budget

**Peak Reliability** 

**Approved by: Peak Board of Directors** 

Date: June 5, 2014

## **Table of Contents**

Introduction	3
Organizational Overview	3
Membership and Governance	4
Member Entities	5
Statutory Functional Scope	5
2015 Peak Business Objectives	6
2015 Overview of Cost Impacts	6
Personnel Analysis	7
2014 Budget and Projection and 2015 Budget Comparisons	8
Section A — 2015 Business Plan	10
Situation Awareness and Infrastructure Security Program	10
Administrative Services	15
Technical Committees and Member Forums	16
General and Administrative	19
Legal and Regulatory	22
Information Technology	25
Human Resources	28
Finance and Accounting	31
Section B — Supplemental Financial Information	35
Reserve Balance	35
Penalty Sanctions	36
Supplemental Funding	37
Personnel Expenses	38
Consultants and Contracts	40
Office Rent	41
Office Costs	42
Professional Services	43
Other Non-Operating	44
Section C — 2015 Non-Statutory Business Plan and Budget	46
Section D — Additional Consolidated Financial Statements	52
2015 Consolidated Statement of Activities by Program	
Appendix A: Organizational Chart	
Appendix B: 2015 Budget & Projected 2016 and 2017 Budgets	54

## Introduction

		SOURCES e dollars)		
	20	15 Budget	U.S.	Mexico
Statutory FTEs*		161.7		
Non-statutory FTEs		1.0		
Total FTEs		162.7		
Statutory Expenses	\$	40,423,417		
Non-Statutory Expenses	\$	416,796		
Total Expenses	\$	40,840,213		
Statutory Inc(Dec) in Fixed Assets	\$	(1,564,000)		
Non-Statutory Inc(Dec) in Fixed Assets	\$	(26,000)		
Total Inc(Dec) in Fixed Assets	\$	(1,590,000)		
Statutory Working Capital Requirement**		3,230,000		
Non-Statutory Working Capital Requirement		89,855		
Total Working Capital Requirement		3,319,855		
Total Statutory Funding Requirement	\$	42,031,236		
Total Non-Statutory Funding Requirement	\$	456,000		
Total Funding Requirement	\$	42,487,236		
Statutory Funding Assessments	\$	41,953,236	\$ 41,302,627	\$ 650,609
Non-Statutory Fees	\$	456,000	\$ 456,000	\$ -
NEL****		748,962,993	737,348,098	11,614,895
NEL%		100.00%	98.45%	1.55%

<sup>\*</sup>An FTE is defined as a full-time equivalent employee.

#### **Organizational Overview**

At its December 2013 meeting, after eighteen months of outreach and input from its stakeholders and members, the Western Electricity Coordinating Council (WECC) Board of Directors approved the bifurcation of WECC into the Regional Entity (WECC) and the Reliability Coordinator Peak Reliability (Peak). On February 12, 2014, the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC) issued its final Order<sup>1</sup> approving the bifurcation of WECC. Peak is registered for and fulfills the duties of the Reliability Coordinator (RC) and the Interchange Authority (IA), as defined by the North American

<sup>\*\*</sup>Refer to the Statutory Reserve Analysis on page 35 in Section B.

<sup>\*\*\*\*</sup>NEL is defined as Net Energy for Load.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> RR13-10-001 and RR13-12-001 - <a href="http://www.ferc.gov/CalendarFiles/20140212175906-RR13-10-001.pdf">http://www.ferc.gov/CalendarFiles/20140212175906-RR13-10-001.pdf</a>

Electric Reliability Corporation (NERC), and agreed upon by FERC, for Peak's RC Area in the Western Interconnection.

Peak is a 501(c)(4) entity operating in the "best interest of the public welfare." Peak's mission is fully described in the Peak Bylaws<sup>2</sup> to, "support and promote social welfare by endeavoring to ensure reliability by providing Real-time Interconnection-wide oversight of the Bulk Electric System (BES) within Peak's footprint, coordinating necessary Real-time and seasonal planning and modeling, and ensuring that data critical to the reliable and efficient operation of the BES is shared appropriately."

The mission goes on to say, "Peak will create value by delivering cost-effective services and engaging in efficient and non-discriminatory practices. Upon approval by the Peak Board of Directors, Peak will perform additional functions that promote BES reliability and support."

## **Membership and Governance**

Peak has 121 companies who are members<sup>3</sup> of Peak, divided into the following six membership classes:

- 1. Large Transmission Owners
- 2. Small Transmission Owners
- 3. Generation Owners and Operators
- 4. End Users
- 5. Representatives of State and Provincial Governments
- 6. Members at Large

Peak membership is open to any person or entity that has an interest in the reliable operation of the Western Interconnection BES.

Peak is governed by a seven-member Independent Board of Directors. The seven Independent Directors are not affiliated with any Peak member, any Registered Entity within the Western Interconnection, or any Compliance Enforcement Authority with jurisdiction over Peak's activities. The Peak Board is elected by the Peak Membership and the Directors are compensated for their time.

Input comes to the Peak Board from the member organizations, through recommendations from the Peak Member Advisory Committee (MAC) and from other interested parties. The MAC is comprised of member representatives elected by the member Classes. The MAC advises the Board regarding matters referred to the MAC by the Board; and advises the Board on other matters as the MAC deems appropriate. The MAC consists of fifteen elected Members and includes three representatives elected by each of Classes 1 through 5. As set forth in the Peak Bylaws, each of Member Classes 1 through 5 may subdivide into up to three subdivisions for purposes of electing a Class' MAC Members.<sup>4</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Peak Bylaws -

https://www.peakrc.com/Business/Peak%20Reliability%20Bylaws%20with%20appendices\_final.pdf

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> As of May 21, 2014.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Peak Bylaws, Section VII.A.

#### **Member Entities**

## a) U.S. Entities

The FERC certified NERC as the Electric Reliability Organization (ERO) on July 20, 2006. The ERO is responsible for developing and enforcing reliability standards within the United States. In executing part of its responsibilities, NERC delegates authority to perform certain functions through delegation agreements. Ensuring the reliability of the bulk power system in the Western Interconnection was delegated from NERC to WECC through an Amended and Restated Regional Delegation Agreement. The reliability coordinator function was sub-delegated to Peak through compliance filings approved by FERC.

#### b) International Entities

Historically, Peak has supplied RC services to international entities within the Western Interconnection. Per the terms of Peak's Bylaws, international entities are not required to participate in and fund Peak until such time as the international entity becomes a member pursuant to a membership agreement. International entities without an agreement at this time have not been allocated a portion of Peak's total assessment for 2015.

Effective February 13<sup>th</sup>, 2014, Peak and the Comisión Federal de Electricidad (CFE), the Baja California Electric System Operator, agreed to CFE becoming a member of Peak. The agreement has Peak continuing to perform the RC and IA functions for CFE. Pursuant to CFE's agreement, their funding of Peak will be based upon the proportion of their Net Energy for Load.

Peak has historically supplied RC services to two Provinces of Canada, British Columbia and Alberta. Agreements for the electric system operators in those Provinces, BC Hydro and Alberta Electric System Operator (AESO) to become members of Peak have not yet been executed. Although a final agreement has not yet been executed, Peak and BC Hydro are negotiating and have agreed to most of the terms of service. Peak and AESO are continuing to negotiate an operations coordination agreement but no funding agreement is expected to result. It is also Peak's objective to establish a tools and data access agreement wherein AESO will pay for certain services, however any potential funding level is unknown at this time.

### **Statutory Functional Scope**

Peak is listed on the NERC Compliance Registry to perform the RC and IA functions as statutory activities.

## 2015 Peak Business Objectives

Peak's business objectives for 2015 position Peak as the catalyst for system reliability by:

- 1. Providing comprehensive real-time monitoring, clear real-time communications and coordination, robust operations planning processes and detailed studies and analyses to identify and evaluate mitigation strategies for system risks.
- 2. Enhancing system reliability through the advancement of new tools and data.
- 3. Providing stakeholder value through Peak core services, tools, and data.
- 4. Promoting a culture of compliance, safety and fiscal prudence.
- 5. Establishing a stable funding mechanism for Peak.

## 2015 Overview of Cost Impacts

Peak's proposed 2015 statutory budget is \$38.9 million, a \$6.0 million (18.1 percent) increase from its 2014 statutory budget<sup>5</sup>. The primary drivers of the increase are the recommendations from the WECC Board-appointed Reliability Coordination Task Force (RCTF).

Working Capital Reserves increase in 2015. This increase is a result of the depletion of reserves in 2014 that were used to mitigate the percentage increase in Assessments associated with the creation of Peak and the RCTF recommendations. Please see the Statutory Working Capital Analysis on page 35.

Full-time equivalents (FTE) represent the fractional allocation of a full-time position's cost to one or more functional areas. Headcount represents either vacant or filled positions. Significant changes to the 2015 statutory budget from the 2014 statutory budget and other noteworthy items are as follows:

- Personnel Expenses increase by \$4.7 million primarily due to the RCTF recommendations and a change in the assumed employee turnover rate. Employee turnover is the level or rate of unfilled positions that occur during the year. For example, turnover occurs in the time between when an employee leaves and that position is refilled. In 2015, the overall labor turnover assumption is 7.5 percent, compared to the 2014 budget assumption of 15 percent. This results in an increase in costs.
- Consultants & Contracts decrease by \$0.4 million, primarily due to project work being completed in 2014, including situational awareness enhancements to Remedial Action Schemes (RAS) modeling and study automation.
- Other operating costs increase primarily due to an increase in legal fees and rent of additional space in Loveland, Colorado.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Prior to incorporation on October 10, 2013 Peak was known as the Reliability Coordination Company (RCCo). Filings made prior to that date such as the 2014 Business Plan and Budget were filed as the RCCo.

## **Personnel Analysis**

Total staffing for Peak is 161.67 FTEs in 2015.

Total FTEs by Program Area	Budget 2014	Projection 2014	Direct FTEs 2015 Budget	Shared FTEs* 2015 Budget	Total FTEs 2015 Budget	Change from 2014 Budget
	STATUTO	RY				
Operational Programs						
Situation Awareness and Infrastructure Security	119.10	114.10	134.67	0	134.67	15.57
Total FTEs Operational Programs	119.10	114.10	134.67	0.00	134.67	15.57
Administrative Programs						
General & Administrative	12.00	12.00	13.00	0.00	13.00	1.00
Information Technology	3.00	3.00	3.00	0.00	3.00	0.00
Legal and Regulatory	7.00	3.00	3.00	0.00	3.00	-4.00
Human Resources	3.00	3.00	3.00	0.00	3.00	0.00
Finance and Accounting	5.00	5.00	5.00	0.00	5.00	0.00
Total FTEs Administrative Programs	30.00	26.00	27.00	0.00	27.00	-3.00
Total FTEs	149.10	140.10	161.67	0.00	161.67	12.57

<sup>\*</sup>A shared FTE is defined as an employee who performs both Statutory and Non-Statutory functions.

## 2014 Budget and Projection and 2015 Budget Comparisons

Statement of Activities, Fixed Assets Expenditures and Change in Working Capital 2014 Budget & Projection, and 2015 Budget

		STAT	UT	ORY						
Funding		2014 Budget		2014 Projection	2014 v 20	Variance 4 Projection 014 Budget ver(Under)		2015 Budget	20 v 2	Variance 115 Budget 014 Budget ver(Under)
Funding	_						_			
Assessments Penalty Sanctions	\$	29,568,031	\$	29,568,031	\$	-	\$	41,953,236	\$	12,385,205
Total Funding	\$	29,568,031	\$	29,568,031	\$		\$	41,953,236	\$	12,385,205
Membership Dues	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Federal Grants Services & Software		-		-		-		-		-
Workshops		-		-		-		-		-
Interest		156,000		26,800		(129,200)		78,000		(78,000)
Miscellaneous Total Funding (A)	\$	29,724,031	\$	29,594,831	\$	(129,200)	\$	42,031,236	\$	- 12,307,206
Expenses										
Personnel Expenses										
Salaries	\$	14,959,387	\$	16,965,760	\$	2,006,373	\$	18,424,141	\$	3,464,753
Payroll Taxes Benefits		963,710 2,510,604		1,307,150 2,072,244		343,440 (438,360)		1,299,123 2,874,619		335,414 364,015
Retirement Costs		963,708		1,219,871		256,162		1,474,873		511,164
Total Personnel Expenses	\$	19,397,409	\$	21,565,024	\$	2,167,615	\$	24,072,756	\$	4,675,347
Meeting Expenses										
Meetings	\$	306,183	\$	256,605	\$	(49,578)	\$	196,445	\$	(109,738)
Travel Conference Calls		804,138 45,084		714,834 29,223		(89,304) (15,861)		914,035 29,144		109,897 (15,940)
Total Meeting Expenses	\$	1,155,405	\$	1,000,662	\$	(154,743)	\$	1,139,624	\$	(15,781)
Operating Expenses										
Consultants & Contracts	\$	1,267,500	\$	1,742,632	\$	475,132	\$	906,600	\$	(360,900)
Office Rent		1,276,728		1,519,151		242,423		1,562,120		285,392
Office Costs Professional Services		6,986,326 663,280		6,626,139 813,366		(360,187) 150,086		7,159,750 1,310,200		173,424 646,920
Miscellaneous		-		-		-		0		040,520
Depreciation		3,625,000	_	3,891,221	_	266,221	_	4,450,000	_	825,000
Total Operating Expenses	\$	13,818,834	_\$_	14,592,510	\$	773,676	\$	15,388,670		1,569,836
Total Direct Expenses	\$	34,371,648	\$	37,158,196	\$	2,786,548	\$	40,601,050	\$	6,229,402
Indirect Expenses	\$		\$	(86,122)	\$	(86,122)	\$	(110,328)	\$	(110,328)
Other Non-Operating Expenses	\$	<u> </u>	\$	56	\$	56	\$		\$	-
Total Expenses (B)	\$	34,371,648	\$	37,072,131	_\$	2,700,482	\$	40,490,722	\$	6,119,073
Change in Assets	\$	(4,647,618)	\$	(7,477,300)	\$	(2,829,682)	_\$_	1,540,515	\$	6,188,132
Fixed Assets Depreciation	\$	(3,625,000)	\$	(3,891,221)	\$	(266,221)	\$	(4,450,000)	\$	(825,000)
Computer & Software CapEx	Ψ	1,373,000	Ψ	1,118,740	Ψ	(254,260)	Ψ	2,025,000	Ψ	652,000
Furniture & Fixtures CapEx		36,000		18,000		(18,000)		11,000		(25,000)
Equipment CapEx		803,000		963,264		160,264		850,000		47,000
Leasehold Improvements		-		-		-		-		-
Allocation of Fixed Assets	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Incr(Dec) in Fixed Assets (C)	\$	(1,413,000)	\$	(1,791,217)	\$	(378,217)	\$	(1,564,000)	\$	(151,000)
TOTAL BUDGET (B+C)		32,958,648	_	35,280,914	_	2,322,265	_	38,926,722	_	5,968,073
			_				_			
TOTAL CHANGE IN WORKING CAPITAL (A-B-C)	\$	(3,234,618)		(5,686,083)		(2,451,465)	\$	3,104,515		6,339,132
FTEs		149.1		140.1		(9.0)		161.7		12.6
нс		155.0		151.0		(4.0)		166.0		11.0

Section A – Statutory Programs 2015 Business Plan and Budget

## Section A — 2015 Business Plan

## **Situation Awareness and Infrastructure Security Program**

Situation Aware		Increase					
	20	014 Budget	20	015 Budget	(Decrease)		
Total FTEs		119.1		134.7		15.6	
Direct Expenses	\$	26,547,960	\$	31,469,777	\$	4,921,817	
Indirect Expenses	\$	7,823,688	\$	9,020,944	\$	1,197,256	
Other Non-Operating Expenses	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
Inc(Dec) in Fixed Assets	\$	(1,413,000)	\$	(1,564,000)	\$	(151,000)	
Total Funding Requirement	\$	32,958,648	\$	38,926,722	\$	5,968,074	

## **Program Scope and Functional Description**

The Reliability Coordinator and Interchange Authority functions oversee situation awareness for Peak's RC area.

## **Reliability Coordinator**

Peak's primary role is assuring the reliable operation of the Bulk Electric System (BES) for its RC Area in real-time and next-day study time frames. Peak maintains real-time operating reliability with a wide-area view. This view includes situational awareness of both transmission and balancing operations. Peak has the authority to direct other functional entities to take actions to ensure reliable operation within its RC Area. Peak ensures that the BES is operated within specified limits, and that operations are planned and coordinated within its RC Area. These reliability functions are executed at the Reliability Coordination Offices (RCO) located in Vancouver, Washington, and Loveland, Colorado. Each RCO serves as a "hot" backup for the other.

## **Interchange Authority**

Peak assumed the role as the IA for the Western Interconnection in 2014. The primary role of the IA is to coordinate communication and validation of Arranged Interchange for reliability evaluation and implementation purposes. Peak currently uses a software system called the Western Interchange Tool (WIT) to perform the functions of the IA in the Western Interconnection. Pending INT (Interchange) standards remove operational requirements for the IA, which may result in changes to Peak's obligation as the registered IA.

### 2015 Key Assumptions

During 2015, Peak is expected to respond to FERC directives and orders as well
as to significant new initiatives not currently identified that may be generated by
NERC. Uncertainties that may have a significant impact on resources include
NERC standards that have been filed with FERC, such as EOP-010 (GeoMagnetic Disturbances), PER-005-2 (Operations Personnel Training), CIP
Version 5, and the suite of IRO and TOP standards. Possible impacts include

- additional workload, need for increased outreach and training, and the actual transition and associated guidance that may be issued by NERC.
- Cyclical upgrades of event monitoring equipment, software, hardware, and Information Technology (IT) system infrastructure will occur .

## 2015 Goals and Key Deliverables

- **1.** Implement the recommendations for Peak from the FERC/NERC Joint Report on the September 8, 2011 Blackout.
- 2. Aggressively increase staffing and expand and enhance tools used for Real-time monitoring of the RC Area throughout 2015, based on the RCTF recommendations presented to the WECC Board of Directors in December 2012.
- 3. Pending NERC standards will create additional training workload for the RC staff. Changes to EOP-010 and the IRO/TOP standards may change the requirements of the RC System Operators. This will require additional training on any changing tasks or expectations. Changes to the PER-005 standard may change training requirements that will also require additional training.
- **4.** NERC CIP Version 5 is effective April 1, 2016. In preparation, Peak must make significant changes to its procedural and electronic controls in 2015. These changes include tracking revisions of operating systems, installing software product version numbers, monitoring baseline changes, and making physical security perimeter changes.
- **5.** The Enhance Curtailment Calculator (ECC) will provide Peak with the ability to manage congestion through pro-active curtailments, and generation re-dispatch.

## Funding Sources and Requirements — Explanation of Increase (Decrease)

## Funding Sources (Other than Electric Reliability Organization (ERO) Assessments)

• Interest revenue is allocated to the only Statutory Program Area within Peak.

## **Personnel Expenses**

- Salaries increase by \$3.5 million, primarily due to the net addition of 15.6 FTEs (14 positions). All of the new positions are being added as a result of the RCTF recommendations, primarily to enhance Peak's ability to carry out its function. These positions will focus primarily on the areas of:
  - o Operations Planning
    - Current-day/Real-time support
    - Next-day study data validation and mapping
    - Seasonal System Operating Limit (SOL) coordination and validation
    - Emergency plan coordination
    - Model validation
  - Real-time Operations
    - Monitor and analyze Real-time system conditions

- Coordinate system restoration activities
- Proactively respond to and mitigate potential adverse impacts to the BES
- Communicate with and direct corrective actions of Registered Entities for SOL exceedances
- Identify and mitigate potential/actual Interconnection Reliability
   Operating Limits in Real-time operations horizon
- Overtime costs in 2015 increase \$0.4 million as a result of the implementation of the union contract.
- Payroll Taxes and Benefits increase with Salaries.
- Retirement Costs increase due to the Salaries increase and a 2 percent increase in Peak's fixed 401(k) contribution rate.
- In 2015, the labor turnover assumption was changed to a 7.5 percent reduction in each department. This results in an increase in salaries, payroll taxes, employer retirement contributions, and medical benefits compared to the 2014 budget of 15 percent for labor turnover.

## **Meeting Expenses**

- Meeting costs increase by \$15,000 due to more employees.
- Travel costs increase by \$19,500 due to more employees.

## **Operating Expenses**

- Consultants & Contracts decrease by a net \$487,000 primarily due to the implementation of activities in 2014 associated with the September 8, 2011 Pacific Southwest event. Many of these activities have been subsumed into ongoing RC operations.
- Office Rent decreases by \$8,000 due to lower levels of office maintenance.
- Office Costs increase by \$49,000 primarily due to maintenance and service agreements for RC equipment and software. Alstom contracts for 2015 licenses will increase \$30,000 due to payment structure of Peak's 3<sup>rd</sup> payment of a 5-year contract.
- Depreciation increases by \$832,000 due to the full year of depreciation for assets purchased in 2014 and the increase in Fixed Assets expenditures in 2015.

### **Indirect Expenses**

 Indirect Expenses are allocated based on FTEs. Because it is Peak's only Statutory function, 100 percent of the indirect cost allocation is accounted for in the Situational Awareness and Infrastructure Security (SAIS) Program Area.

## **Other Non-Operating Expenses**

Not applicable.

### **Fixed Asset Additions**

- Computer and Software CapEx increases by a net \$652,000 primarily due to information technology required to comply with NERC CIP Version 5, corporate monitoring equipment, and hardware replacements under normal refresh cycles.
- Equipment CapEx increases by \$12,000. The increase relates primarily to costs to increase system visibility.

## **Situation Awareness and Infrastructure Security Program**

Funding sources and related expenses for the Situation Awareness and Infrastructure Security section of the 2015 Business Plan are shown in the table below.

CITUATION						015 Budg		Υ		
	WA	MENESS.	-IIVIL	TCAN IMP	RUC	Variance	2111			Variance
					201	14 Projection			2	015 Budget
		2014		2014	v	2014 Budget		2015	V	2014 Budget
		Budget	P	rojection	(	Over(Under)		Budget		Over(Under)
unding										
Funding										
Assessments	\$ 2	29,568,031	\$	-	\$	(29,568,031)	\$	-	\$	(29,568,03
Penalty Sanctions		<u> </u>	_		_					<u>-</u>
Total Funding	\$ 2	29,568,031	\$		\$	(29,568,031)	\$	<u> </u>	\$	(29,568,03
Membership Dues										
Federal Grants		_		-		-		_		-
Services & Software		_		_		_		_		_
Workshops		_		_		_		_		_
Interest		156,000		26,800		(129,200)		78,000		(78,00
Miscellaneous		-		-		-		-		-
otal Funding (A)	\$ :	29,724,031	\$	26,800	\$	(29,697,231)	\$	78,000	\$	(29,646,03
Expenses										
Personnel Expenses										
Salaries	\$	11,932,371	\$	14,000,158	\$	2,067,787	\$	15,388,055	\$	3,455,68
Payroll Taxes		787,893		1,092,114		304,221		1,119,451		331,55
Benefits		1,680,551		1,426,156		(254,395)		1,936,480		255,92
Retirement Costs	_	787,893	_	1,012,859	_	224,966	_	1,247,283	_	459,39
Total Personnel Expenses	\$	15,188,708	_\$_	17,531,287	\$	2,342,579	_\$_	19,691,270	\$	4,502,56
Meeting Expenses										
Meetings	\$	1,083	\$	26.838	\$	25,755	\$	15.840	\$	14,75
Travel	φ	455,288	φ	404,283	φ	(51,005)	φ	474,800	φ	19,51
Conference Calls		15,384		16,238		(51,003) 854		14,640		(74
Total Meeting Expenses	\$	471,755	\$	447,360	\$	(24,395)	\$	505,280	\$	33,52
rotal mooting Expenses	<u> </u>	47 1,700	<u> </u>	441,000	<u> </u>	(24,000)	<u> </u>	000,200	<u> </u>	00,02
Operating Expenses										
Consultants & Contracts	\$	950,000	\$	1,486,622	\$	536,622	\$	463,000	\$	(487,00
Office Rent		27,996		50,666		22,670		20,000		(7,99
Office Costs		6,291,501		5,988,030		(303,471)		6,340,227		48,72
Professional Services		-		-		-		-		-
Miscellaneous		-		-		-		-		-
Depreciation		3,618,000		3,834,316		216,316		4,450,000		832,00
Total Operating Expenses	\$ '	10,887,497	\$	11,359,634	\$	472,137	\$	11,273,227	\$	385,73
Total Disset Frances		00 547 000	_	20 220 204	_	2 700 224	_	24 400 777	_	4 004 04
Total Direct Expenses	<u> </u>	26,547,960	\$	29,338,281	\$	2,790,321	\$	31,469,777	\$	4,921,81
Indirect Expenses	\$	7,823,688	\$	7,733,850	\$	(89,838)	\$	9,020,944	\$	1,197,25
Other Non-Operating Expenses	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Total Expenses (B)	\$ :	34,371,648	\$	37,072,131	\$	2,700,483	\$	40,490,722	\$	6,119,07
Change in Assets	\$	(4,647,617)	\$ (	37,045,331)	\$	(32,397,714)	\$	(40,412,722)	\$	(35,765,10
ixed Assets Depreciation		(2 640 000)		(2.024.240)		(046 040)		(4.450.000)		(000.00
		(3,618,000)		(3,834,316) 1,118,740		(216,316)		(4,450,000)		(832,00
Computer & Software CapEx Furniture & Fixtures CapEx		1,373,000		1,118,740		(254,260)		2,025,000		652,00
Equipment CapEx		903 000		063 364		160.264		11,000		11,00
Leasehold Improvements		803,000		963,264		160,264		815,000		12,00
Leasenoid improvements		-		-		-		-		-
Allocation of Fixed Assets	\$	29,000	\$	(38,905)	\$	(67,905)	\$	35,000	\$	6,00
ncr(Dec) in Fixed Assets (C)	\$	(1,413,000)	\$	(1,791,217)	\$	(378,217)	\$	(1,564,000)	\$	(151,00
OTAL BUDGET (B+C)	;	32,958,648		35,280,914		2,322,266		38,926,722		5,968,07
OTAL CHANGE IN WORKING CARITAL (A P.	c) ¢	(3 234 617)	¢ /	35 254 114\	¢	(32 010 407)	¢	(38 849 722)	¢	(35 61/14
OTAL CHANGE IN WORKING CAPITAL (A-B-C	C) <u>\$</u>	(3,234,617)	\$ (	35,254,114)	\$	(32,019,497)	\$	(38,848,722)	\$	(35,614,1
OTAL CHANGE IN WORKING CAPITAL (A-B-0	C) <u>\$</u>	(3,234,617) 119.1	\$ (	35,254,114) 114.1	\$	<b>(32,019,497)</b> (5.0)	\$	(38,848,722) 134.7	\$	<b>(35,614,1</b> )

#### **Administrative Services**

Adr	(in	strative Service whole dollars)	2015 Budget	Increase (Decrease)
Total FTEs		30.0	27.0	(3.0)
Direct Expenses	\$	7,823,688	\$ 9,131,273	\$ 1,307,585
Inc(Dec) in Fixed Assets	\$	1	\$ 1	\$ -
Working Capital Requirement	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -

## **Program Scope and Functional Description**

Peak's Administrative Services comprises of Technical Committees and Member Forums, General and Administrative, Legal and Regulatory, Information Technology, Human Resources, and Finance and Accounting. The budgets for these programs are addressed in the subsequent sections of the Business Plan and Budget.

Methodology for Allocation of Administrative Services Expenses to Programs Administrative Services expenses are allocated to the statutory program area.

## **Funding Sources and Requirements**

The budget explanations in subsequent sections include explanations of increases and decreases from the previous year's budget.

#### **Technical Committees and Member Forums**

Technical Co	Increase					
	20	14 Budget	(Decrease)			
Total FTEs		-	-	-		
Total Direct Expenses	\$	669,310	\$ 925,115	\$ 255,805		
Inc(Dec) in Fixed Assets	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -		
Working Capital Requirement	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -		

## **Program Scope and Functional Description**

The Peak Board of Directors provides the governance and strategic direction for the organization. It performs its duties with input from the Peak MAC and other interested stakeholders.

## 2015 Key Assumptions

- Peak budgets for meeting space, meals, administrative support and logistics associated with:
  - Five in person Peak Board of Directors meetings.
  - An Annual Members' meeting held in conjunction with one of the Board of Directors meetings.
  - o Monthly MAC meetings some in-person some via webinar.
- All Peak in-person meetings will be held at off-site facilities.

### 2015 Goals and Key Deliverables

- Provide organizational governance and ensures that Peak operates in compliance with the Peak Bylaws and obligations set forth in law or contract.
- Determine strategic direction for the organization.

## **Funding Sources and Requirements**

## **Funding Sources (Other than ERO Assessments)**

Not applicable.

### **Personnel Expenses**

Not applicable.

#### **Meeting Expenses**

- Meeting expenses decrease \$103,000 primarily due to a decrease in the cost of Board and MAC meetings.
- Travel expenses increase \$78,000 due to the addition of select MAC representative travel costs and the transfer of Peak employee travel costs associated with attending

Board meetings. The employee travel costs were previously accounted for in the employees' functional area.

## **Operating Expenses**

- Consultants & Contracts cost increase \$30,000 due to Independent Director development.
- Professional Services increase \$252,000 due to the Independent Director Compensation criteria adopted by the WECC Board of Directors in August 2013.

## **Other Non-Operating Expenses**

Not applicable.

## **Fixed Asset Additions**

Not applicable.

## **Technical Committees and Member Forums**

Funding sources and related expenses for the Technical Committees and Member Forums section of the 2015 Business Plan are shown in the table below.

Statement of Activities, Fixed Assets Expenditures and Change in Working Capital 2014 Budget & Projection, and 2015 Budget

	TECHNI	UA	L COMMINIT	TEE	S AND ME			)			/a.u.l.a.u
			2014		2014	2014	/ariance I Projection 014 Budget		2015	20°	ariance 15 Budget 14 Budget
		1	Budget	Р	rojection	0	ver(Under)		Budget	O	er(Under)
Funding Fundin	na										
i unum	Assessments	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Total E	Penalty Sanctions Funding	\$	<u> </u>	\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$	<u> </u>
Total F	unung	<u> </u>		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		<u> </u>	
	Membership Dues		-		-		-		-		-
	Federal Grants Services & Software		-		-		-		-		-
	Workshops		-		-		-		-		-
	Interest		-		-		-		-		-
Total Fund	Miscellaneous ling (A)	\$	<del>-</del>	\$		\$	<u> </u>	\$	<del>-</del>	\$	-
Expenses Person	nnel Expenses										
	Salaries	\$	-	\$	450	\$	450	\$	-	\$	-
	Payroll Taxes		-		-		-		-		-
	Benefits Retirement Costs		-		-		-		-		-
Total F	Personnel Expenses	\$	<del></del>	\$	450	\$	450	\$	<del></del>	\$	-
		<u> </u>						<u> </u>		<u> </u>	
Meetin	ng Expenses Meetings	\$	260,000	\$	188,899	\$	(71,101)	\$	157 500	\$	(400 E00
	Travel	Ф	42,000	Ф	55,571	Ф	13,571	Ф	157,500 119,575	Ф	(102,500 77,575
	Conference Calls		2,680		2,010		(670)		740		(1,940
Total N	Meeting Expenses	\$	304,680	\$	246,480	\$	(58,200)	\$	277,815	\$	(26,865
Operat	ting Expenses										
	Consultants & Contracts	\$	-	\$	619	\$	619	\$	30,000	\$	30,000
	Office Rent Office Costs		- 2.250		1 200		- (4.070)		- 2 200		-
	Professional Services		2,350 362,280		1,280 527,111		(1,070) 164,831		2,800 614,500		450 252,220
	Miscellaneous		-		-		-		-		
	Depreciation	_		_			-	_		_	-
Total C	Operating Expenses	\$	364,630	\$	529,010	\$	164,380	\$	647,300	_\$	282,670
	Total Direct Expenses	\$	669,310	\$	775,940	\$	106,630	\$	925,115	\$	255,805
Indirec	ct Expenses	\$	(669,310)	\$	(775,940)	\$	(106,630)	\$	(925,115)	\$	(255,805
Other I	Non-Operating Expenses	\$		\$		_\$	<u>-</u> ,	\$	-	\$	-
Total Expe	enses (B)	\$		\$		_\$	-	_\$	-	\$	-
Change in	Assets	\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Five d Asse	··-										
Fixed Asse	Depreciation		-		-		-		_		_
	Computer & Software CapEx		-		-		-		-		-
	Furniture & Fixtures CapEx		-		-		-		-		-
	Equipment CapEx		-		-		-		-		-
	Leasehold Improvements										
	Leasehold Improvements										
	Leasehold Improvements  Allocation of Fixed Assets	\$	-	\$	-	\$	- 	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	-
Incr(Dec) i	·	\$ <b>\$</b>	- 	\$ <b>\$</b>	- -	\$	-	\$ <b>\$</b>	<u>-</u>	\$ <b>\$</b>	-
	Allocation of Fixed Assets		· ·		- - -		-		- - -		-
TOTAL BU	Allocation of Fixed Assets n Fixed Assets (C)	\$					-		-		-
TOTAL BU	Allocation of Fixed Assets  n Fixed Assets (C)  DGET (B+C)	\$		\$			- - - - -	\$		\$	-

#### **General and Administrative**

Gene	(in	and Administra whole dollars)	Increase (Decrease)		
Total FTEs		12.0	13.0		1.0
Direct Expenses	\$	3,661,753	\$ 4,231,504	\$	569,751
Inc(Dec) in Fixed Assets	\$	-	\$ -	\$	_
Working Capital Requirement	\$		\$ -	\$	-

## **Program Scope and Functional Description**

The General and Administrative program area provides executive leadership, communications, and administrative support for Peak staff, committees, members, and management, as well as logistics support to the Loveland, Colorado and Vancouver, Washington offices. In addition, indirect costs such as office rent that benefit multiple functional areas are accounted for in this budget.

## 2015 Key Assumptions

- Peak will require a full range of administrative, executive, and communications services.
- A stable funding mechanism is established in 2015.

### 2015 Goals and Key Deliverables

- Provide executive leadership and strategic guidance for the activities undertaken by Peak.
- Establish a stable funding mechanism for Peak.
- Provide quality and efficient support to staff and the Board.
- Build and maintain strong relationships with FERC.
- Build and maintain strong relationships with key stakeholders.

#### **Funding Sources and Requirements**

## **Funding Sources (Other than ERO Assessments)**

Not applicable.

## **Personnel Expenses**

- Salaries increase \$296,000, driven by anticipated increases in salaries of current employees and one new position related to the RCTF recommendations.
- Payroll Taxes and Benefits increases are driven by the Salaries increase.
- Retirement Costs increase due to the Salaries increase and a 2 percent increase in Peak's fixed 401(k) contribution rate.

 In 2015, the labor turnover assumption was changed to a 7.5 percent reduction in each department. This results in an increase in salaries, payroll taxes, employer retirement contributions, and medical benefits compared to the 2014 budget of 15 percent for labor turnover.

## **Meeting Expenses**

 Meeting and Travel expenses decrease \$51,000 due to an expected reduction in travel.

## **Operating Expenses**

 Office Rent increases \$262,000 due to acquisition of additional space in the Loveland, Colorado office.

## **Other Non-Operating Expenses**

· Not applicable.

#### **Fixed Asset Additions**

 The Furniture & Fixtures CapEx decreases \$36,000 due to projects completed in 2014.

## **General and Administrative**

Funding sources and related expenses for the General and Administrative section of the 2015 Business Plan are shown in the table below.

## Statement of Activities, Fixed Assets Expenditures and Change in Working Capital 2014 Budget & Projection, and 2015 Budget

2014 Bu				ADMINIST	RATI	VΕ				
Funding		2014 Budget	P	2014 rojection	2014 v 20	ariance Projection 114 Budget /er(Under)		2015 Budget	20° v 20	ariance 15 Budget 114 Budget er(Under)
Funding Funding										
Assessments	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-		-	\$	-
Penalty Sanctions		-		-						-
Total Funding	\$		\$	-	\$		\$	-	\$	-
Membership Dues		_		_		_		_		_
Federal Grants		-		-		-		-		-
Services & Software		-		-		-		-		-
Workshops		-		-		-		-		-
Interest		-		-		-		-		-
Miscellaneous Total Funding (A)	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	-
Evnances										
Expenses Personnel Expenses										
Salaries	\$	1,366,486	\$	1,638,031	\$	271,545		1,662,553	\$	296,067
Payroll Taxes		74,191		103,671		29,480		83,670		9,479
Benefits		145,572		104,109		(41,463)		169,845		24,273
Retirement Costs Total Personnel Expenses	\$	74,191 <b>1,660,440</b>	\$	109,564 1,955,374	\$	35,373 <b>294,934</b>	\$	119,587	\$	45,396 <b>375,216</b>
Total Personnel Expenses	<u> </u>	1,000,440	<u> </u>	1,955,374	<u> </u>	294,934	<u> </u>	2,035,656	<u> </u>	3/3,210
Meeting Expenses										
Meetings	\$	45,100	\$	35,438	\$	(9,662)		22,700	\$	(22,400)
Travel		237,250		185,392		(51,858)		221,000		(16,250)
Conference Calls Total Meeting Expenses	\$	19,620 <b>301,970</b>	\$	8,729 <b>229,560</b>	\$	(10,891) ( <b>72,410</b> )	\$	6,800 <b>250,500</b>	\$	(12,820) ( <b>51,470</b> )
Total Meeting Expenses		301,370	<u> </u>	223,300	Ψ	(12,410)	Ψ_	230,300	Ψ	(31,470)
Operating Expenses										
Consultants & Contracts	\$	197,500	\$	157,613	\$	(39,887)		210,000	\$	12,500
Office Rent Office Costs		1,248,732		1,468,485		219,753		1,511,120		262,388
Professional Services		246,111		246,367		256		224,228		(21,883)
Miscellaneous		_		-		_		-		-
Depreciation		7,000		46,693		39,693		_		(7,000)
Total Operating Expenses	\$	1,699,343	\$	1,919,158	\$	219,815	\$	1,945,348	\$	246,005
Total Direct Expenses	\$	3,661,753	\$	4,104,093	\$	442,340	\$	4,231,504	\$	569,751
Indirect Expenses	\$	(3,661,753)	\$	(4,104,093)	\$	(442,340)	\$	(4,231,504)	\$	(569,751)
Other Non-Operating Expenses	\$	_	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	_
Total Expenses (B)	<u>\$</u>	-	\$_		\$		_\$_		\$	-
Change in Assets	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$		\$	-
Fixed Assets										
Depreciation		(7,000)		(46,693)		(39,693)		-		7,000
Computer & Software CapEx		-		-		- (40.000)		-		- (00.000)
Furniture & Fixtures CapEx Equipment CapEx		36,000		18,000		(18,000)		-		(36,000)
Leasehold Improvements		-		-		-		-		-
•										
Allocation of Fixed Assets	\$	(29,000)	\$	28,693	\$	57,693	\$	-	\$	29,000
Incr(Dec) in Fixed Assets (C)	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	-
TOTAL BUDGET (B+C)	_	-	_	-		-		<u> </u>		-
TOTAL CHANGE IN WORKING CAPITAL (A-B-C)	\$		\$	_	\$		\$		\$	_
ETEO		40.0		40.0				40.0		4.0
FTEs HC		12.0 12.0		12.0 12.0		-		13.0 13.0		1.0 1.0
		12.0		12.0				10.0		1.0

## Legal and Regulatory

Le	(in	and Regulator whole dollars)	2015 Budget	Increase
		014 Budget	 2015 Budget	(Decrease)
Total FTEs		7.0	3.0	(4.0)
Direct Expenses	\$	1,318,643	\$ 1,302,724	\$ (15,919)
Inc(Dec) in Fixed Assets	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -
Working Capital Requirement	\$	1	\$ 1	\$ 1

## **Program Scope and Functional Description**

The Legal program area provides coordinated legal services to the Peak organization. In addition, the program area provides interpretations of relevant statutes, regulations, court opinions, contracts, international law, and regulatory decisions. Peak's broad scope of activities, corresponding compliance and regulatory obligations and international operations require significant legal support and review.

The Legal program area develops specific subject matter expertise to further assist Peak with its legal needs. Specialized issues will be outsourced to select law firms, but the responsibility for all legal matters remains with the General Counsel and the Legal program area.

## 2015 Key Assumptions

• Peak, as an independent company, requires the full range of corporate legal support services, as well as specialized legal expertise.

## 2015 Goals and Key Deliverables

- Provide efficient, cost-effective legal support to the Peak Board, Peak's management and staff, and Peak committees through a combination of in-house and outside resources.
- Update and advise the Peak Board and CEO on pending legal issues.
- Advise Peak departments on specific legal matters and general matters relating to Peak business especially including legal, regulatory, and contractual rights and obligations.
- Provide legal support to the Peak Compliance Department and facilitate the processing of possible and alleged violations.
- Represent Peak in legal and regulatory proceedings.
- Draft, review and advise Peak on agreements.
- Implement a corporate records management system.

## **Funding Sources and Requirements**

## **Funding Sources (Other than ERO Assessments)**

Not applicable.

### **Personnel Expenses**

 Personnel Expenses decrease \$474,000 due to the elimination of four positions in this area. Due to the lower number of positions, Peak expects to incur higher expenses for outside legal counsel.

## **Meeting Expenses**

Travel expenses decrease \$6,000 due to the personnel reduction in this area.

## **Operating Expenses**

- Consultants & Contracts expenses increase \$80,000 due to the use of outside specialists.
- Office Costs increase \$3,000 due to subscription services, continuing legal education, registered agent fees, cell phones, etc.
- Professional Services increase \$381,000 due to the increase in outside legal fees associated with four less positions.

## **Other Non-Operating Expenses**

Not applicable.

#### **Fixed Asset Additions**

Not applicable.

## **Legal and Regulatory**

Funding sources and related expenses for the Legal and Regulatory section of the 2015 Business Plan are shown in the table below.

Statement of Activities, Fixed Assets Expenditures and Change in Working Capital 2014 Budget & Projection, and 2015 Budget

			LEGAL A	ND	REGULAT	ORY					
			2014 Budget		2014 rojection	V 2014 v 20	ariance Projection 14 Budget ver(Under)		2015 Budget	20° v 20	ariance 15 Budget 114 Budget ver(Under)
Funding				-			(0)		-uugu.		(0)
Funding											
	Assessments	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Total Fur	Penalty Sanctions	\$	<del>-</del>	\$	<del>-</del>	\$	<del></del>	\$	-	\$	
TOTAL FUL	liuling	<u>.</u>		<u> </u>		Ψ		<u> </u>		<u> </u>	
	Membership Dues		-		-		-		-		-
	Federal Grants		-		-		-		-		-
	Services & Software		-		-		-		-		-
	Vorkshops nterest		-		-		-		-		-
	Miscellaneous		-		-		-		-		-
Total Fundin		\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Evnances											
Expenses Personne	el Expenses										
	Salaries	\$	753,162	\$	358,411	\$	(394,751)	\$	367,003	\$	(386, 159)
F	Payroll Taxes		51,174		37,746		(13,428)		25,777		(25,397)
E	Benefits		87,069		39,162		(47,907)		43,964		(43,105)
F	Retirement Costs		51,174		29,626		(21,548)		31,760		(19,414)
Total Per	rsonnel Expenses	\$	942,579	\$	464,946	\$	(477,633)	\$	468,504	\$	(474,075)
Meeting	Expenses										
	Meetings	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
7	Fravel		36,000		27,360		(8,640)		30,000		(6,000)
(	Conference Calls		1,200		811		(389)		1,200		-
Total Me	eting Expenses	\$	37,200	\$	28,171	\$	(9,029)	\$	31,200	\$	(6,000)
Operatin	g Expenses										
•	Consultants & Contracts	\$	120,000	\$	97,778	\$	(22,222)	\$	200,000	\$	80,000
	Office Rent	•	-	•	-	•	-	·	-	•	-
(	Office Costs		28,864		23,379		(5,485)		32,020		3,156
F	Professional Services		190,000		197,625		7,625		571,000		381,000
N	Miscellaneous		-		-		-		-		-
	Depreciation				-				-		-
Total Op	erating Expenses	\$	338,864	\$	318,782	\$	(20,082)	\$	803,020	\$	464,156
7	Total Direct Expenses	\$	1,318,643	\$	811,899	\$	(506,744)	\$	1,302,724	\$	(15,919)
Indirect F	Expenses	\$ (	1,318,643)	\$	(811,899)	\$	506,744	\$	(1,302,724)	\$	15,919
Other No	n-Operating Expenses	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
Total Expens	ses (B)	_\$_	<u>-</u>	_\$_		\$		_\$_	-		-
Change in A	ssets	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	-
Fixed Assets	:										
	Depreciation		-		-		-		-		-
[			-		-		-		-		-
(	Computer & Software CapEx						_		-		-
( F	Furniture & Fixtures CapEx		-		-						
C F E	Furniture & Fixtures CapEx Equipment CapEx		-		-		-		-		-
C F E	Furniture & Fixtures CapEx		- - -		-		-		-		-
C F E L	Furniture & Fixtures CapEx Equipment CapEx	\$	- - -	\$	- - -	\$	- -	\$	-	\$	- - -
( F E L	Furniture & Fixtures CapEx Equipment CapEx Leasehold Improvements	\$	- - -	\$	- - -	\$ <b>\$</b>	- - -	\$ <b>\$</b>	- - -	\$ _ <b>\$</b>	- - -
C F E L <i>f</i> Incr(Dec) in F	Furniture & Fixtures CapEx Equipment CapEx Leasehold Improvements Allocation of Fixed Assets Fixed Assets (C)						: : :		: :		- - -
( F E L	Furniture & Fixtures CapEx Equipment CapEx Leasehold Improvements Allocation of Fixed Assets Fixed Assets (C)		- - - - -		- - - -		: : :		- - - -		- - -
Incr(Dec) in F	Furniture & Fixtures CapEx Equipment CapEx Leasehold Improvements Allocation of Fixed Assets Fixed Assets (C) GET (B+C)	\$					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		- - - - -		- - -
Incr(Dec) in F	Furniture & Fixtures CapEx Equipment CapEx Leasehold Improvements Allocation of Fixed Assets Fixed Assets (C)	\$				\$			- - - - -	\$	
Incr(Dec) in F TOTAL BUDG	Furniture & Fixtures CapEx Equipment CapEx Leasehold Improvements Allocation of Fixed Assets Fixed Assets (C) GET (B+C)	\$				\$	- (4.0)		- - - - - 3.0 3.0	\$	- - - (4.0)

## Information Technology

Info	(in v	ion Technolo whole dollars)	015 Budget	Increase (Decrease)
		14 Baaget	 oro Baaget	(Decircuse)
Total FTEs		3.0	3.0	-
Direct Expenses	\$	523,045	\$ 617,162	\$ 94,117
Inc(Dec) in Fixed Assets	\$	-	\$ 1	\$ 1
Working Capital Requirement	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -

## **Program Scope and Functional Description**

Peak's Information Technology (IT) program area provides system support to the corporate functions. This includes: servers, data exchange, email, communications networks, telephone systems, and Internet and Intranet website maintenance. In addition, IT develops new technology solutions using both internal staff and external service providers. The IT program area provides resources and tools to enable the organization to meet evolving requirements and to support activities and responsibilities as directed by NERC and FERC.

The IT budget includes costs associated with the refresh of all corporate desktop computers, laptops, software applications, hardware infrastructure, and servers based on either a five-year cycle or an as-needed basis.

## 2015 Key Assumptions

- Peak will comply with industry best practices on security and data protection, as well as the evolving NERC Standards and audit practices. As a result, Peak will require increased storage management, processes, and network infrastructure.
- Peak will incorporate, as appropriate, new technologies that facilitate more efficient business processes, enhance collaboration, eliminate duplication of effort and streamline workflow.
- Entities required to exchange data with Peak will demand greater ease of use, clearer communication, and the latest in security assurances.

## 2015 Goals and Key Deliverables

- Provide system support and technology solutions that ensure reliability and security of critical IT infrastructure.
- Develop and implement Policies and Procedures to enforce best practices across the organization.
- Align IT as a strategic partner in accomplishing business goals and objectives.
- Provide a significant increase in data support, analysis, and communication across Peak and with Peak stakeholders.
- Provide custom solutions to enable secure, reliable, and efficient transmission of a growing number of data types.

 Expand the usability and functionality of Peak's website while continuing to maintain a high level of security.

## **Funding Sources and Requirements**

## **Funding Sources (Other than ERO Assessments)**

Not applicable.

## **Personnel Expenses**

- Salaries increase \$27,000 due to the change in the labor turnover assumption.
   In 2015, the labor turnover assumption was changed to a 7.5 percent reduction in each department. This results in an increase in salaries, payroll taxes, benefits, and employer retirement costs compared to the 2014 budget of 15 percent for labor turnover.
- Retirement Costs also increase due to a 2 percent increase in Peak's fixed 401(k) contribution rate.

## **Meeting Expenses**

Meeting and Travel expenses are consistent with the 2014 budget.

## **Operating Expenses**

- Office Rent is \$31,000 higher due to the allocation of security related to the Administrative Services groups.
- Office Costs are \$16,000 higher due to increased costs of computer maintenance and licenses for the Administrative Services groups.

## **Other Non-Operating Expenses**

Not applicable.

#### **Fixed Asset Additions**

 Computer & Software CapEx increases \$35,000 due to software agreement additions to support the Administrative Services group.

## **Information Technology**

Funding sources and related expenses for the Information Technology section of the 2015 Business Plan are shown in the table below.

Statement of Activities, Fixed Assets Expenditures and Change in Working Capital 2014 Budget & Projection, and 2015 Budget

	11	NFORMA'	TION	TECHNO						
		2014 Budget	D.	2014	2014 v 20	ariance Projection 014 Budget		2015	201 v 20	ariance 5 Budget 14 Budget
Funding	,	Budget	P	rojection	O	ær(Under)		Budget	OV	er(Under)
Funding	•		•		•		•		•	
Assessments Penalty Sanctions	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Total Funding	\$	-	\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Membership Dues		_		_		_		_		_
Federal Grants		-		-		-		-		-
Services & Software		-		-		-		-		-
Workshops		-		-		-		-		-
Interest Miscellaneous		-		-		-		-		-
Total Funding (A)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$		\$	-
Expenses										
Personnel Expenses										
Salaries	\$	200,356	\$	257,283	\$	56,927	\$	227,207 18,945	\$	26,851
Payroll Taxes Benefits		13,787 33,515		21,870 21,982		8,083 (11,533)		44,347		5,158 10,832
Retirement Costs		13,787		20,999		7,212		19,662		5,875
Total Personnel Expenses	\$	261,445	\$	322,133	\$	60,688	\$	310,162	\$	48,717
Meeting Expenses										
Meetings	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	- (4.000)
Travel Conference Calls		8,400 4,800		9,374 445		974 (4,355)		6,600 4,800		(1,800)
Total Meeting Expenses	\$	13,200	\$	9,819	\$	(3,381)	\$	11,400	\$	(1,800)
Operating Expenses										
Consultants & Contracts	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Office Rent		-		-		-		31,000		31,000
Office Costs		248,400		168,933		(79,467)		264,600		16,200
Professional Services		-		-		-		-		-
Miscellaneous Depreciation		-		- 7,699		- 7,699		-		-
Total Operating Expenses	\$	248,400	\$	176,632	\$	(71,768)	\$	295,600	\$	47,200
Total Direct Expenses	\$	523,045	\$	508,585	\$	(14,460)	\$	617,162	\$	94,117
Indirect Expenses	\$	(523,045)	\$	(508,585)	\$	14,460	\$	(617,162)	\$	(94,117)
Other Non-Operating Expenses	\$	-	\$		\$		\$		\$	-
Total Expenses (B)	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
Change in Assets	\$	_	\$		\$		\$		\$	
Change in Assets	<u> </u>		Ψ.		Ψ		Ψ		Ψ	
Fixed Assets										
Depreciation		-		(7,699)		(7,699)		-		-
Computer & Software CapEx		-		-		-		-		-
Furniture & Fixtures CapEx		-		-		-		-		-
Equipment CapEx Leasehold Improvements		-		-		-		35,000 -		35,000
Allocation of Fixed Assets	\$	-	\$	7,699	\$	7,699	\$	(35,000)	\$	(35,000)
Incr(Dec) in Fixed Assets (C)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
TOTAL BUDGET (B+C)		-		-		-		-		-
TOTAL CHANGE IN WORKING CAPITAL (A-B-C)	\$		\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
TOTAL CHANGE IN WORKING CAPITAL (A-B-C)	\$	3.0	\$	3.0	\$	-	\$	3.0	\$	-

#### **Human Resources**

	(in	an Resources whole dollars)	Increase		
	20	014 Budget	Ž	2015 Budget	(Decrease)
Total FTEs		3.0		3.0	-
Direct Expenses	\$	1,017,779	\$	1,204,986	\$ 187,207
Inc(Dec) in Fixed Assets	\$	-	\$	1	\$ -
Working Capital Requirement	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -

## **Program Scope and Functional Description**

The Human Resources (HR) program area is responsible for the delivery of all HR functions within Peak, including: recruitment, staffing, compensation, benefits, safety and health, employee relations, performance management, and employee training and development.

## 2015 Key Assumptions

- Peak's staffing level will continue to increase during 2015.
- Competition for talent will increase due to the economic recovery and an increasing percentage of the utility talent pool being eligible for retirement. Consequently, as the talent pool compresses, salary and benefit costs will increase.
- Retention and competitive compensation of key individuals will continue to be critical.
- Succession planning, employee development, and training will occur to ensure that Peak maintains a skilled, qualified workforce.

## 2015 Goals and Key Deliverables

- Increase activity in non-traditional recruiting (college and military recruiting) is intended to broaden the applicant pool for hard-to-fill positions and increase bench strength for key roles such as RC System Operators.
- Manage health and welfare benefits to deliver an attractive benefit package to employees while managing overall costs to the organization.
- Develop a competitive compensation strategy and educate management on compensation philosophies to enhance recruitment efforts, and retain skilled and talented employees.
- Track and monitor turnover rates, gather feedback to determine the cause of the turnover, and when appropriate, take action to reduce the turnover rate.
- Continue to develop and enhance management development and training programs.

## **Funding Sources and Requirements**

## **Funding Sources (Other than ERO Assessments)**

Not applicable.

## **Personnel Expenses**

- Salaries increase \$11,000 due to the change in the labor turnover assumption.
   In 2015, the labor turnover assumption was changed to a 7.5 percent reduction in each department. This results in an increase in salaries, payroll taxes, benefits, and employer retirement costs compared to the 2014 budget of 15 percent for labor turnover.
- Benefits expense increases \$111,000 due to additional health reimbursement account (HRA) costs for new employees and the centralization of tuition reimbursements. Peak's HRA program for all employees is budgeted in Human Resources.
- Retirement Costs also increase due to a 2 percent increase in Peak's fixed 401(k) contribution rate.

## **Meeting Expenses**

 Travel expenses increase \$34,000 due primarily to an increase in travel to the Loveland, Colorado office.

## **Operating Expenses**

- Office Costs increase slightly due to job postings, drug testing, and background checks for new employees.
- Professional Services increase \$8,700 due to outside legal fees related to employment matters.

## Other Non-Operating Expenses

Not applicable.

#### **Fixed Asset Additions**

Not applicable.

#### **Human Resources**

Funding sources and related expenses for the Human Resources section of the 2015 Business Plan are shown in the table below.

Statement of Activities, Fixed Assets Expenditures and Change in Working Capital 2014 Budget & Projection, and 2015 Budget

Expenses		~~	HUMA	N R	ESOURC	ES		<b>3</b>			
Penalty Sanctions		ı	2014		2014	V: 2014 v 20	Projection 14 Budget			20 <sup>2</sup> v 20	15 Budget 14 Budget
Assessments   S											
Membership Dues		\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Membership Dues		_	-	_			-	_	-		
Federal Grants	Total Funding	\$		\$		\$	-	\$		\$	-
Services & Software			-		-		-		-		-
Workshops			-		-		-		-		-
Interest			-		-		-		-		-
Miscellaneous	·		-		-		-		-		-
Expenses			-		-		-		-		-
Personnel Expenses	Total Funding (A)	\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$		\$	-
Personnel Expenses	Expenses										
Payroll Taxes	Personnel Expenses										
Benefits		\$		\$		\$	,	\$		\$	10,704
Retirement Costs			,				,				
Neeting Expenses											
Meeting   Expenses   Meetings   Sample   Sampl		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	
Meetings	. С		000,220		0.0,000		(10,120)	<u> </u>	.,00.,022		.00,200
Travel Conference Calls         10,200         18,294         8,094         44,460         34,260           Total Meeting Expenses         \$ 11,200         24,463         \$ 13,263         \$ 44,974         \$ 33,774           Operating Expenses           Consultants & Contracts         \$ - \$ \$ - \$ \$ - \$ \$ .00         \$ 3,600           Office Rent						_				_	
Conference Calls         1,000         739         (261)         514         (486)           Total Meeting Expenses         \$ 11,200         \$ 24,463         \$ 13,263         \$ 44,974         \$ 33,774           Operating Expenses         Consultants & Contracts         \$ . \$ . \$ . \$ . \$ . \$ 3,600         \$ 3,600         \$ 3,600           Office Rent		\$	-	\$	,	\$	,	\$	-	\$	- 24 200
Total Meeting Expenses         \$ 11,200         \$ 24,463         \$ 13,263         \$ 44,974         \$ 33,774           Operating Expenses         Consultants & Contracts         \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ 3,600         \$ 3,600											
Operating Expenses		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	
Consultants & Contracts	Total modaling Expenses		,	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	.0,200		,		
Office Rent Office Costs Office											
Office Costs         83,350         81,301         (2,049)         85,190         1,840           Professional Services         25,000         22,529         (2,471)         33,700         8,700           Depreciation         -         -         -         -         -         0         0           Total Operating Expenses         \$ 108,350         \$ 103,830         \$ (4,520)         \$ 122,490         \$ 14,140           Total Direct Expenses         \$ 1,017,779         \$ 977,096         \$ (40,683)         \$ 1,204,986         \$ 187,207           Indirect Expenses         \$ (1,011,7779)         \$ (977,096)         \$ 40,683         \$ (1,204,986)         \$ (187,207)           Other Non-Operating Expenses         \$ -         \$ -         \$ -         \$ -         \$ -           Total Expenses (B)         \$ -         \$ -         \$ -         \$ -         \$ -         \$ -           Change in Assets         \$ -         \$ -         \$ -         \$ -         \$ -         \$ -           Fixed Assets         \$ -         \$ -         \$ -         \$ -         \$ -         \$ -           Change in Assets         \$ -         \$ -         \$ -         \$ -         \$ -         \$ -           Fixed Assets <td></td> <td>\$</td> <td>-</td> <td>\$</td> <td>-</td> <td>\$</td> <td>-</td> <td>\$</td> <td>3,600</td> <td>\$</td> <td>3,600</td>		\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,600	\$	3,600
Professional Services			- 02.250		- 01 201		(2.040)		- 0E 100		1 040
Miscellaneous											
Depreciation											0,700
Total Direct Expenses \$ 1,017,779 \$ 977,096 \$ (40,683) \$ 1,204,986 \$ 187,207  Indirect Expenses \$ (1,017,779) \$ (977,096) \$ 40,683 \$ (1,204,986) \$ (187,207)  Other Non-Operating Expenses \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$  Total Expenses (B) \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$  Change in Assets \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$  Fixed Assets  Depreciation			-		-		-		-		
Indirect Expenses \$ (1,017,779) \$ (977,096) \$ 40,683 \$ (1,204,986) \$ (187,207) \$ (00	Total Operating Expenses	\$	108,350	\$	103,830	\$	(4,520)	\$	122,490	\$	14,140
Other Non-Operating Expenses         \$ -	Total Direct Expenses	\$	1,017,779	\$	977,096	\$	(40,683)	\$	1,204,986	\$	187,207
Other Non-Operating Expenses         \$ -	Indirect Expenses	\$ (	1.017.779)	\$	(977.096)	\$	40.683	\$	(1.204.986)	\$	(187.207)
Total Expenses (B) \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$	·		1,011,110)				40,000		(1,204,000)		(101,201)
S	Other Non-Operating Expenses	\$	<del></del>	-\$		_\$		\$		\$	-
Depreciation	Total Expenses (B)	\$		\$		\$		\$	-	\$	-
Depreciation	Change in Assets	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	<del></del>	\$	-
Depreciation	Fixed Assets										
Computer & Software CapEx			_		_		_		_		_
Furniture & Fixtures CapEx	•		-		-		-		-		-
Leasehold Improvements       - <td>Furniture &amp; Fixtures CapEx</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>-</td>	Furniture & Fixtures CapEx		-		-		-		-		-
Allocation of Fixed Assets \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$			-		-		-		-		-
Incr(Dec) in Fixed Assets (C)	Leasehold Improvements		-		-		-		-		-
TOTAL BUDGET (B+C)	Allocation of Fixed Assets	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
TOTAL BUDGET (B+C)	Incr(Dec) in Fixed Assets (C)	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	-
TOTAL CHANGE IN WORKING CAPITAL (A-B-C) \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - FTES 3.0 3.0 - 3.0 - 3.0 -			_		-		-				
FTEs 3.0 3.0 - 3.0 -											
FTEs 3.0 3.0 - 3.0 -	TOTAL CHANGE IN WORKING CAPITAL (A-B-C)	\$		\$	_	\$		\$		\$	
									<del></del>		
п <b>о</b> 3.0 3.0 - 3.0 -							-				-
	пс		3.0		3.0		-		3.0		-

### **Finance and Accounting**

Fina	(in	and Accounti whole dollars)	2015 Budget	Increase (Decrease)
Total FTEs		5.0	5.0	-
Direct Expenses	\$	633,158	\$ 849,782	\$ 216,624
Inc(Dec) in Fixed Assets	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -
Working Capital Requirement	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -

### **Program Scope and Functional Description**

The Finance and Accounting function provides accounting and financial analysis support to Peak. Finance is responsible for procurement, accounts payable, billing, accounts receivable, budgeting, fixed asset management, banking, payroll, and financial reporting.

### 2015 Key Assumptions

 Peak's continuing growth and the potential change to its funding mechanism will place increased demands on the newly formed accounting function.

### 2015 Goals and Key Deliverables

- Refine financial policies for the new organization.
- Review and refine accounting procedures for better efficiency.
- Ensure Peak has strong internal controls designed to protect the organization's assets and ensure accurate financial reporting.
- Develop a budget to address the risks created by the uncertain operating environment.
- Provide reporting and financial analysis to Peak management, the Finance and Audit Committee, and the Peak Board.

### **Funding Sources and Requirements**

### **Funding Sources (Other than ERO Assessments)**

Not applicable.

#### **Personnel Expenses**

- Salaries increase \$62,000 due to increased wages.
- Payroll Taxes and Benefits increases are driven by the Salaries increase.
- Retirement Costs increase due to the Salaries increase and a 2 percent increase in Peak's fixed 401(k) contribution rate.
- In 2015, the labor turnover assumption was changed to a 7.5 percent reduction in each department. This results in an increase in salaries, payroll taxes, employer retirement contributions, and medical benefits compared to the 2014 budget of 15 percent for labor turnover.

### **Meeting Expenses**

Travel expenses increase due to personnel training.

### **Operating Expenses**

- Office Costs increase \$125,000 due to Business and Occupation taxes.
- Professional Services increase \$5,000 for audit and tax filing services.

#### **Other Non-Operating Expenses**

Not applicable.

#### **Fixed Asset Additions**

Not applicable.

# **Finance and Accounting**

Funding sources and related expenses for the Finance and Accounting section of the 2015 Business Plan are shown in the table below.

Statement of Activities, Fixed Assets Expenditures and Change in Working Capital
2014 Budget & Projection, and 2015 Budget
FINANCE AND ACCOUNTING

		INANCE	ANI	ACCOU	NTING					
		2014 Budget		2014 rojection	V: 2014 v 20	ariance Projection 14 Budget er(Under)		2015 Budget	20 <sup>-</sup> v 20	/ariance 15 Budget 014 Budget ver(Under)
Funding			•	,	٥,	(0)			0	(01.001)
Funding										
Assessments	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Penalty Sanctions	¢	<del>-</del>	•		•	<del>-</del>	•	-	•	
Total Funding	\$		_\$_		\$		\$	-	_\$	<u>-</u> _
Membership Dues		-		-		-		-		-
Federal Grants		-		-		-		-		-
Services & Software		-		-		-		-		-
Workshops		-		-		-		-		-
Interest Miscellaneous		-		-		-		-		-
Total Funding (A)	\$		\$		\$	-	\$	<u> </u>	\$	-
Expenses										
Personnel Expenses Salaries	\$	332,861	\$	345,926	\$	13,065	\$	394,466	\$	61,605
Payroll Taxes	Φ	22,889	Φ	345,926 25,412	φ	2,523	φ	394,466	φ	7,550
Benefits		67,369		43,155		(24,214)		72,374		5,005
Retirement Costs		22,889	_	27,538		4,649		32,362		9,473
Total Personnel Expenses	\$	446,008	\$	442,031	\$	(3,977)	\$	529,642	\$	83,634
		<del></del>								<u></u>
Meeting Expenses	•		•		•		œ.	405	æ	405
Meetings Travel	\$	- 15,000	\$	- 14 560	\$	- (440)	\$	405 17,600	\$	405 2,600
ravei Conference Calls		15,000 400		14,560 250		(440) (150)		17,600 450		2,600 50
Total Meeting Expenses	\$	15,400	\$	14,809	\$	(591)	\$	18,455	\$	3,055
g	<u> </u>	,	<u> </u>	,000	<del>-</del>	(55.)		. 5, .00	<del></del>	5,555
Operating Expenses										
Consultants & Contracts	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Office Rent		-		-		-		-		-
Office Costs		85,750		116,849		31,099		210,685		124,935
Professional Services Miscellaneous		86,000		66,100		(19,900)		91,000		5,000
Depreciation		-		2,513		2,513		-		-
Total Operating Expenses	\$	171,750	\$	185,462	\$	13,712	\$	301,685	\$	129,935
Total Direct Expenses	\$	633,158	\$	642,303	\$	9,145	\$	849,782	\$	216,624
Indirect Expenses	\$	(633,158)	\$	(642,359)	\$	(9,145)	\$	(849,782)	\$	(216,624)
Other Non-Operating Expenses	<u> </u>	-	\$	56	\$	(9,143)	\$	- (0-3,102)	\$	(210,024)
				30		30		<u>-</u>		
Total Expenses (B)	_\$_		\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$	
Change in Assets	\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Fixed Assets										
Depreciation		-		(2,513)		(2,513)		-		-
Computer & Software CapEx		-		-		-		-		-
Furniture & Fixtures CapEx		-		-		-		-		-
Equipment CapEx Leasehold Improvements		-		-		-		-		-
Leasenoia improvements		=		=		=		-		=
Allocation of Fixed Assets	\$	-	\$	2,513	\$	2,513	\$	-	\$	-
Incr(Dec) in Fixed Assets (C)	\$	-	\$	-	\$		\$		\$	-
TOTAL BUDGET (B+C)		-		-		-		-		-
TOTAL CHANGE IN WORKING CAPITAL (A-B-C)	\$	_	\$	-	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
	<u> </u>		<u> </u>		Ť		<u> </u>			
FTEs		5.0		5.0		-		5.0		-
HC		5.0		5.0		-		5.0		-

# **Section B — Supplemental Financial Information**

#### **Reserve Balance**

Table B-1

Working Capital Reserve Analysis 2014-2015	
STATUTORY	
Beginning Working Capital Reserve (Deficit), December 31, 2013	0
Divertise of Description (WEOO Income O COM	5 044 500
Plus: Transfer of Reserves from WECC, January 2, 2014  Plus: 2014 Funding (from Load Serving Entities (LSE) or designees)	5,811,568 29,568,031
Plus: 2014 Other funding sources	26,800
Less: 2014 Projected expenses & capital expenditures	(35,280,914)
Projected Working Capital Reserve (Deficit), December 31, 2014	125,485
Desired Working Capital Reserve, December 31, 2015	3,230,000
Less: Projected Working Capital Reserve, December 31, 2014	(125,485)
Increase(decrease) in assessments to achieve desired Working Capital Reserve	3,104,515
2015 Expenses and Capital Expenditures	38,926,722
Less: Other Funding Sources	(78,000)
Adjustment to achieve desired Working Capital Reserve	3,104,515
2015 Peak Assessment	41,953,236

<sup>1 -</sup>Peak's Board of Directors approved on June 5, 2014.

Assessments increase over the 2014 budget due to projected increases in costs of \$5.7 million as described in Section A, as well as a rebuilding of the reserves to \$3.2 million, that were depleted during 2014 to cover expenses. The desired Working Capital balance includes a single month of operating costs.

### **Breakdown by Statement of Activity Sections**

The following detailed schedules, which are presented in the format used in the Regional Entity Business Plans and Budgets, are in support of the Statutory Statement of Activities and Capital Expenditures on page 8. All significant variances have been disclosed by program area in the preceding pages.

# **Monetary Penalties**

Peak does not collect monetary penalties for compliance violations.

### **Penalty Sanctions**

Table B-2

	Penalty Sanctions Received on or Prior to June 30, 2014												
Date	Amount	Date	Amount	Date	Amount								
Received	Received	Received	Received	Received	Received								

Not Applicable.

# **Supplemental Funding**

### Table B-3

Outside Funding Breakdown By Program (Excluding Assessments & Penalty Sanctions)	Budget 2014			Projection 2014		Budget 2015	Variance 2015 Budget v 2014 Budget	
Situation Awareness and Infrastructure Security Federal Grants	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
Interest	Ф	156,000	Ψ	26,800	Ψ	78,000	Ψ	(78,000)
Miscellaneous		-		-		-		
Total Outside Funding	\$	156,000	\$	26,800	\$	78,000	\$	(78,000)

# Explanation of Significant Variances – 2015 Budget versus 2014 Budget

# **Situation Awareness and Infrastructure Security**

• Interest income is lower than 2014 due to lower levels of cash on hand.

### **Personnel Expenses**

Table B-4

							Variance		
		Budget		Projection		Budget	20	15 Budget v	
Personnel Expenses		2014		2014		2015	20	014 Budget	Variance %
Salaries									
Salaries	\$	14,959,389	\$	16,965,760	\$	18,424,141	\$	3,464,752	23.2%
Employment Agency Fees		-		-		-		-	
Temporary Office Services		-		-		-		-	
Total Salaries	\$	14,959,389	\$	16,965,760	\$	18,424,141	\$	3,464,752	23.2%
Total Payroll Taxes	\$	963,708	\$	1,307,150	\$	1,299,123	\$	335,415	34.8%
•									
Benefits									
Workers Compensation	\$	-	\$	15,156	\$	15,450	\$	15,450	
Medical Insurance		1,890,424		1,617,546		2,203,214		312,790	16.5%
Life-LTD-STD Insurance		108,827		121,085		136,180		27,353	25.1%
Education		319,352		217,696		323,285		3,933	1.2%
Relocation		192,000		96,079		162,000		(30,000)	-15.6%
Wellness Programs		-		100		24,350		24,350	
Other		-		4,581		10,140		10,140	
Total Benefits	\$	2,510,603	\$	2,072,244	\$	2,874,619	\$	364,016	14.5%
Retirement									
Discretionary 401k Contribution	\$	963,710	\$	1,219,871	\$	1,474,873	\$	511,163	53.0%
Savings Plan	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	-, ., ., ., .,	Ψ	-	00.070
Total Retirement	\$	963,710	\$	1,219,871	\$	1,474,873	\$	511,163	53.0%
Total Personnel Costs	\$	19,397,409	\$	21,565,024	\$	24,072,756	\$	4,675,347	24.1%
FTEs		149.1		140.1		161.7		12.6	8.4%
Cost non ETE									
Cost per FTE	ф	100 224	ď	121 000	φ	112 004		12 620	12 00/
Salaries	Ф	100,331	Ф	,	\$	113,961		13,630	13.6%
Payroll Taxes		6,464		9,330		8,036		1,572	24.3%
Benefits		16,838	,			17,781		942	5.6%
Retirement		6,464		8,707		9,123		2,659	41.1%
Total Cost per FTE	\$	130,097	\$	153,926	\$	148,901	\$	18,804	14.5%

# Explanation of Significant Variances – 2015 Budget versus 2014 Budget

#### **Salaries**

 Salaries increase by \$3.5 million due to the addition of 12.6 FTEs (as discussed in the previous sections), merit increases of 4.0 percent and the lowering of the assumed turnover rate to 7.5 percent in 2015, from 15 percent in 2014.

# **Payroll Taxes**

Payroll Taxes increase due to the increase in Salaries.

#### **Benefits**

- Medical Insurance increases by \$313,000 due to the increase in FTEs.
- Life, Long-Term Disability, and Short-Term Disability Insurance increases by \$27,000 due to the increase in FTEs.

• Relocation decreases by \$30,000 due to a decrease in hiring levels after bifurcation.

### Retirement

 Contributions to 401(k) plans increase by \$511,000 due to an increase in the contribution rate and the increase in FTEs.

#### **Consultants and Contracts**

Table B-5

Consultants	Budget 2014	F	Projection 2014	Budget 2015	201	Variance 5 Budget v 14 Budget	Variance %	
Consultants								
Situation Awareness and Infrastructure Security \$	950,000	\$	1,486,622	\$	463,000	\$	(487,000)	-51.3%
Committee and Member Forums	-		619		30,000		30,000	
General and Administrative	197,500		157,613		210,000		12,500	6.3%
Legal and Regulatory	-		-		-		-	
Information Technology	-		-		-		-	
Human Resources	-		-		3,600		3,600	
Accounting and Finance	-		-		-		-	
Consultants Total \$	1,147,500	\$	1,644,854	\$	706,600	\$	(440,900)	-38.4%

Contracts	Budget 2014		Projection 2014	Budget 2015	Variance 015 Budget v 2014 Budget	Variance %	
Contracts							
Situation Awareness and Infrastructure Security	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	
Committee and Member Forums	-		-		-	-	
General and Administrative	-		-		-	-	
Legal and Regulatory	120,000		97,778		200,000	80,000	66.7%
Information Technology	-		-		-	-	
Human Resources	-		-		-	-	
Accounting and Finance	-		-		-	-	
Contracts Total	\$ 120,000	\$	97,778	\$	200,000	\$ 80,000	66.7%
Total Consulting and Contracts	\$ 1,267,500	\$	1,742,632	\$	906,600	\$ (360,900)	-28.5%

# Explanation of Significant Variances – 2015 Budget versus 2014 Budget

#### **Consultants**

- Situation Awareness consultants decrease by a net \$487,000. The primary driver being the completion of activities associated with the September 8<sup>th</sup>, 2011 Pacific Southwest event.
- Committee and Member Forums consultants increase by \$30,000 mainly due to board development.

#### **Contracts**

• Legal contracts increase by \$80,000 due to the need for specific expertise.

#### **Office Rent**

### Table B-6

Office Rent	Budget 2014	P	rojection 2014	Budget 2015	201	Variance 5 Budget v 14 Budget	Variance %
Office Rent Utilities Maintenance Security	\$ 1,006,764 166,884 95,076 8,004	\$	1,286,307 103,505 124,003 5,336	\$ 1,286,120 150,000 119,000 7,000		279,356 (16,884) 23,924 (1,004)	27.7% -10.1% 25.2% -12.5%
Total Office Rent	\$ 1,276,728	\$	1,519,151	\$ 1,562,120	\$	285,392	22.4%

# Explanation of Significant Variances – 2015 Budget versus 2014 Budget

# Office Rent

 Office Rent increases \$279,000 due to additional space in the Loveland, Colorado facility.

#### **Office Costs**

Table B-7

Office Costs	Budget 2014	P	rojection 2014	Budget 2015	Variance 2015 Budge 2014 Budg		Variance %
Telephone	\$ 117,000	\$	195,934	\$ 211,600	\$	94,600	80.9%
Internet	907,860		833,442	1,003,073		95,213	10.5%
Office Supplies	172,456		163,700	177,473		5,017	2.9%
Computer Supplies and Maintenance	5,480,775		5,098,924	5,347,681		(133,094)	-2.4%
Publications & Subscriptions	21,615		26,289	22,475		860	4.0%
Dues and Fees	112,400		100,014	110,709		(1,691)	-1.5%
Postage	1,080		901	1,564		484	44.8%
Express Shipping	7,540		8,198	7,460		(80)	-1.1%
Copying	123,600		127,827	104,315		(19,285)	-15.6%
Bank Charges	42,000		17,509	38,400		(3,600)	-8.6%
Taxes	-		53,400	135,000		135,000	
Total Office Costs	\$ 6,986,326	\$	6,626,139	\$ 7,159,750	\$	173,424	2.5%

# Explanation of Significant Variances – 2015 Budget versus 2014 Budget

- Telephone expense increases \$94,600 due to a change in cost classification and the increase in staff.
- Internet expense increases \$95,000 due to a change in cost classification and the increase in staff.
- Computer Supplies and Maintenance decrease by \$133,000 due to the cycle of hardware and software refresh cycle and a change in cost classification.
- Copying decreases by \$19,000 due to the replacement of current vendor with a more cost effective provider.
- Taxes increase \$135,000 due to State of Washington Business & Occupation tax application to funding received by Peak.

#### **Professional Services**

Table B-8

Professional Services	Budget 2014	P	rojection 2014	Budget 2015	201	/ariance 5 Budget v 14 Budget	Variance %
Non-affiliated Director fees Outside Legal Accounting & Auditing Fees Insurance Commercial	\$ 362,280 47,000 86,000 168,000	\$	527,111 77,362 66,100 142,793	\$ 614,500 483,700 91,000 121,000	\$	252,220 436,700 5,000 (47,000)	69.6% 929.1% 5.8% -28.0%
Total Services	\$ 663,280	\$	813,366	\$ 1,310,200	\$	646,920	97.5%

# Explanation of Significant Variances – 2015 Budget versus 2014 Budget

- Non-affiliated Director fees increase by \$252,000 due to the implementation of a new compensation program approved by the Peak MAC.
- Outside Legal increases by \$437,000 due to the decrease in legal positions.
- Insurance Commercial decreases by \$47,000 based on estimates provided by the underwriters to date.

# **Other Non-Operating**

Table B-9

Other Non-Operating Expenses	udget 2014	jection 2014	udget 2015	2015	ariance 5 Budget v 4 Budget	Variance %
Interest Expense Line of Credit Payment	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	
Office Relocation	-	-	-		-	
Total Non-Operating Expenses	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	

# Explanation of Significant Variances – 2015 Budget versus 2014 Budget

Not applicable

Section C — Non-Statutory Activities 2015 Business Plan and Budget

# Section C — 2015 Non-Statutory Business Plan and Budget

Non- Statutory - Ho	Increase		
	2014 Budget	2015 Budget	(Decrease)
Total FTEs	-	1.0	1.0
Direct Expenses	-	306,468	306,468
Indirect Expenses	-	110,328	110,328
Inc(Dec) in Fixed Assets	1	26,000	26,000
Total Funding Requirement	-	13,204	13,204

## **Program Scope and Functional Description**

Hosted Advanced Applications (HAAs) is a set of reliability tools that can be used by Transmission Operators and Balancing Authorities within the Western Interconnection to provide enhanced situational awareness of the Western Interconnection.

The tools and data include:

The West-wide System Model (WSM) – provides visualization of the entire Western Interconnection, with a level of detail that includes individual substations, BA and regional overviews, and full Interconnection visualization. The WSM contains real-time SCADA data as well as network model information such as equipment parameters and connectivity data.

**State Estimation** – provides a snapshot of the entire Western Interconnection power system every five minutes. This provides situational awareness through the identification of System Operating Limit violations, electrical islands, power flows, voltages, and phase angles.

**Contingency Analysis** – simulates over 8,000 contingencies (potential transmission or generation outages) to identify where the bulk electric system (BES) may not be adequately prepared for the next contingency.

**Study Network Applications** – allow users to perform ad-hoc studies based on actual BES conditions. The studies include power flow and study contingency analysis applications. This study environment also can be used for performing dayahead studies, providing a platform to better coordinate day-ahead study results.

HAAs provide each TOP with access to the most comprehensive data set and tool suite available in the Western Interconnection. Some of the situational awareness enhancements are:

- Awareness of events outside a TOP's area, such as providing information about what caused a swing in frequency;
- Awareness of other Balancing Authority Area Control Errors and their contribution to SOL exceedances; and
- Awareness of external contingency impacts on a TOPs area, and awareness of internal contingency impacts on the larger BES.

#### 2015 Primary Goals and Objectives

The HAAs primary objective is to improve TOP and BA situational awareness, while also improving the quality of Peak Reliability's advanced applications through improved data and modeling of the participating TOP and BA areas. Specifically, key objectives include:

- Allowing participating entities to more adequately monitor for SOL and IROL exceedances, both pre- and post-contingency;
- Improving real-time communications between Peak Reliability and participating entities through a common view of power system conditions in the Western Interconnection;
- Providing a platform for sharing and coordinating studies, including next-day studies:
- Helping TOPs monitor their systems reliably and meet their compliance obligations; and
- Providing engineers and operators with the best possible tools to perform their reliability functions.

2015 will be the initial full year of operational use of the HAAs. Peak will provide appropriate training materials and resources to ensure a successful launch of the tools.

### **Funding Sources and Requirements**

# **Funding Sources (Other than ERO Assessments)**

 HAA's implementation began during 2014. Sources of funding for the project are through bi-lateral contracts with entities receiving the service.

### **Personnel Expenses**

 Personnel Expenses consist of the costs of 1 FTE to monitor and maintain the computer systems utilized by the participants.

# **Operating Expense**

Primarily Office costs related to computer maintenance.

# **Indirect Expenses**

 Indirect Expenses are allocated to HAA based on a proportional allocation of overhead costs to program costs. Charges and funds for HAA's indirect costs will be based on actual overhead costs, calculated quarterly.

# **Other Non-Operating Expenses**

· Not applicable.

# 2014 Budget and Projection and 2015 Budget Comparisons

# Statement of Activities, Fixed Assets Expenditures and Change in Working Capital 2014 Budget & Projection, and 2015 Budget

Federal Grants       -	dget udget
Assessments	-
Assessments Penalty Sanctions  Total Funding  \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$  Non-statutory Funding Federal Grants Services & Software Workshops Interest Miscellaneous  \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$  \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$  \$ - \$ -	-
Penalty Sanctions	-
Non-statutory Funding         540,000         540,000         456,000         4           Federal Grants         -         -         -         -           Services & Software         -         -         -         -           Workshops         -         -         -         -           Interest         -         -         -         -           Miscellaneous         -         -         -         -	
Federal Grants       -	456,000 - - - -
Services & Software       -	- - -
Interest Miscellaneous	-
Miscellaneous	-
Total Funding (A) \$ - \$ \$ 540,000 \$ \$ 456,000 \$	-
	156,000
Expenses	
Personnel Expenses	140 400
Salaries       \$ 77,592       \$ 112,126       \$         Payroll Taxes       6,207       6,207       8,970	12,126 8,970
Benefits 10,863 10,863 15,698	15,698
Retirement Costs 6,207 6,207 8,970	8,970
Total Personnel Expenses <u>\$ - \$ 100,870 \$ 100,870 \$ 145,764 \$ 1</u>	45,764
Meeting Expenses	
Meetings \$ - \$ - \$ Travel	-
Conference Calls	-
Total Meeting Expenses \$ - \$ - \$ - \$	-
Operating Expenses	
Consultants & Contracts \$ - \$ - \$	-
Office Rent	- 160,704
Professional Services	-
Miscellaneous	-
Depreciation	- 160,704
Total Direct Expenses \$ - \$ 239,227 \$ 239,227 \$ 306,468 \$ 3	306,468
Indirect Expenses \$ 86,122 \$ 86,122 \$ 110,328 \$ 1	10,328
Other Non-Operating Expenses <u>\$ - \$ - \$ - \$</u>	-
Total Expenses (B) \$ - \$ 325,349 \$ 325,349 \$ 416,796 \$	116,796
Change in Assets \$ - \$ 214,651 \$ 214,651 \$ 39,204 \$	39,204
Fixed Assets	
Depreciation	26,000
Furniture & Fixtures CapEx	-
Equipment CapEx Leasehold Improvements	-
·	
Allocation of Fixed Assets \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$	-
Incr(Dec) in Fixed Assets (C) \$ - \$ 138,000 \$ 138,000 \$	26,000
TOTAL BUDGET (B+C) - 463,349 463,349 442,796 4	142,796
TOTAL CHANGE IN WORKING CAPITAL (A-B-C) \$ - \$ 76,651 \$ 76,651 \$ 13,204 \$	13,204
FTEs - 0.3 0.3 1.0	1.0
HC - 1.0 1.0 1.0	1.0

# **Personnel Analysis**

Total FTEs by Program Area	Budget 2014	Projection 2014 NON-STATUT	Direct FTEs 2015 Budget ORY	Shared FTEs* 2015 Budget	Total FTEs 2015 Budget	Change from 2014 Budget
Operational Programs						
Operational Programs						
Total FTEs Operational Programs	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Administrative Programs						
rammona a vo 110 gramo						
Information Technology	0.0	0.3	1.0	0.0	1.0	1.0
Total FTEs Administrative Programs	0.0	0.3	1.0	0.0	1.0	1.0
Total FTEs	0.0	0.3	1.0	0.0	1.0	1.0

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>A shared FTE is defined as an employee who performs both Statutory and Non-Statutory functions.

# Reserve Analysis – 2014-2015

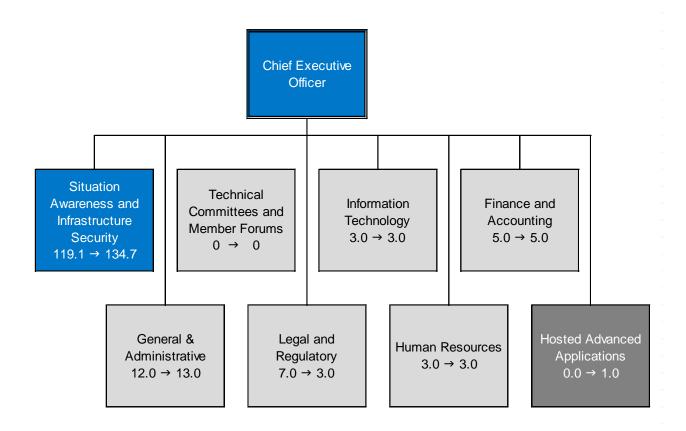
Working Capital Reserve Analysis 2014-2015	
NON-STATUTORY	
	Non-Statutory
	Reserves
Beginning Working Capital Reserve, December 31, 2013	0
Plus: 2014 Funding sources	540,000
Less: 2014 Projected expenses & capital expenditures	(463,349)
Projected Working Capital Reserve, December 31, 2014	76,651
Working Capital Reserve, December 31, 2015	89,855
Less: Projected Working Capital Reserve, December 31, 2014	(76,651)
Adjustments to achieve Working Capital Reserve, December 31, 2015	13,204
Less: Other funding Sources	0
2015 Expenses and Capital Expenditures	442,796
Adjustment to achieve Working Capital Reserve	13,204
2015 Funding	456,000

Section D – Additional Consolidated Financial Statements 2015 Business Plan and Budget

# Section D — Additional Consolidated Financial Statements 2015 Consolidated Statement of Activities by Program

							Functions in Dele	gation Agreement				Non-Statutory Functions
					Situation Awareness							
Statement of Activities and Capital Expenditures by Program 2015 Budget	Total	Statutory Total	Non-Statutory Total	Ctatuta a Tatal	and Infrastructure Security (Section 1000)	Committee and Member Forums	General and	Legal and Regulatory	Information Technology	Human Resources	Accounting and Finance	Non-Statutory Total
Funding	Iotai	Statutory I otal	lotai	Statutory Total	(Section 1000)	wember Forums	Administrative	Legal and Regulatory	recnnology	Human Resources	Finance	Total
Funding												
Peak Assessments	41,953,236	41,953,236	-	41,953,236	41,953,236							
Total Funding	41,953,236	41,953,236	-	41,953,236	41,953,236	-	-	-	-	-		
Non-statutory Funding	456,000	-	456,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	456,000
Federal Grants	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Interest	78,000	78,000	-	78,000	78,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Funding (A)	42,487,236	42,031,236	456,000	42,031,236	42,031,236	-	-	-	-	•	-	456,000
Expenses												
Personnel Expenses												
Salaries	18,536,267	18,424,141	112,126	18,424,141	15,388,055	-	1,662,553	367,003	227,207	384,856	394,466	112,126
Payroll Taxes	1,308,094	1,299,123	8,970	1,299,123	1,119,451	-	83,670	25,777	18,945	20,840	30,439	8,970
Benefits	2,890,317	2,874,619	15,698	2,874,619	1,936,480	-	169,845	43,964	44,347	607,608	72,374	15,698
Retirement Costs	1,483,843	1,474,873	8,970	1,474,873	1,247,283	÷	119,587	31,760	19,662	24,218	32,362	8,970
Total Personnel Expenses	24,218,520	24,072,756	145,764	24,072,756	19,691,270	-	2,035,656	468,504	310,162	1,037,522	529,642	145,764
Meeting Expenses												
Meetings	196,445	196,445	-	196,445	15,840	157,500	22,700	-	-	-	405	-
Travel	914,035	914,035	-	914,035	474,800	119,575	221,000	30,000	6,600	44,460	17,600	-
Conference Calls	29,144	29,144	-	29,144	14,640	740	6,800	1,200	4,800	514	450	-
Total Meeting Expenses	1,139,624	1,139,624		1,139,624	505,280	277,815	250,500	31,200	11,400	44,974	18,455	
Operating Expenses												
Consultants & Contracts	906,600	906,600	-	906,600	463,000	30,000	210,000	200,000	-	3,600	-	-
Office Rent	1,562,120	1,562,120	-	1,562,120	20,000	-	1,511,120	-	31,000	-	-	-
Office Costs	7,320,454	7,159,750	160,704	7,159,750	6,340,227	2,800	224,228	32,020	264,600	85,190	210,685	160,704
Professional Services	1,310,200	1,310,200	-	1,310,200	-	614,500	-	571,000	-	33,700	91,000	-
Miscellaneous	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Depreciation	4,450,000	4,450,000		4,450,000	4,450,000	•	-	-	-	•	-	
Total Operating Expenses	15,549,374	15,388,670	160,704	15,388,670	11,273,227	647,300	1,945,348	803,020	295,600	122,490	301,685	160,704
Total Direct Expenses	40,907,518	40,601,050	306,468	40,601,050	31,469,777	925,115	4,231,504	1,302,724	617,162	1,204,986	849,782	306,468
Indirect Expenses	(67,305)	(177,634)	110,328	(177,634)	8,953,639	(925,115)	(4,231,504)	(1,302,724)	(617,162)	(1,204,986)	(849,782)	110,328
Other Non-Operating Expenses	-	-	<u> </u>		-	-	-	-	-	-	<u> </u>	
Total Expenses (B)	40,840,213	40,423,417	416,796	40,423,417	40,423,417	-	-	-	-	-	<del>-</del>	416,796
Change in Assets	1,647,023	1,607,820	39,204	1,607,820	1,607,820	=	-	-	-	-	-	39,204
Fixed Assets												
Depreciation	(4,450,000)	(4,450,000)	-	(4,450,000)	(4,450,000)	-			-	-		-
Computer & Software CapEx	2,051,000	2,025,000	26,000	2,025,000	2,025,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	26,000
Furniture & Fixtures CapEx	11,000	11,000	-	11,000	11,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Equipment CapEx	850,000	850,000	-	850,000	815,000	-	-	-	35,000	-	-	-
Leasehold Improvements	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
Allocation of Fixed Assets	-	-	-		35,000	-	-	•	(35,000)	-	-	-
Inc(Dec) in Fixed Assets (C)	(1,538,000)	(1,564,000)	26,000	(1,564,000)		-	-	-	-	-		26,000
TOTAL BUDGET (B+C)	39,302,213	38,859,417	442,796	38,859,417	38,859,417	-	-	-	-	-	-	442,796
TOTAL CHANGE IN WORKING CAPITAL (A-B-C)	3,185,023	3,171,820	13,204	3,171,820	3,171,820	-	-	-	-	-	-	13,204
FTEs	162.7	161.7	1.0	161.7	134.67	-	13.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	5.0	1.0
HC	167.0	166.0	1.0	166.0	139.00	-	13.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	5.0	1.0

# **Appendix A: Organizational Chart**



# Appendix B: 2015 Budget & Projected 2016 and 2017 Budgets

# Statement of Activities and Capital Expenditures 2015 Budget & Projected 2016 and 2017 Budgets

		J		Statutor	y		J				
		2015		2016		\$ Change	% Change		2017	\$ Change	% Change
		Budget		Projection		15 v 16	15 v 16		Projection	16 v 17	16 v 17
Funding				•					-		
ERO Funding											
WECC Assessments	\$	41,953,236	\$	44,528,912	\$	2,575,676	6.1%	\$	42,329,158	\$ (2,199,755)	-4.9%
Penalty Sanctions	_	41,953,236	\$	44,528,912	\$	2 575 676	6.1%	\$	42,329,158	\$ (2,199,755)	-4.9%
Total ERO Funding	<u> </u>	41,955,256	Ψ_	44,320,912	Ф	2,575,676	0.176	Ψ	42,329,136	\$ (2,199,755)	-4.9%
Membership Dues											
Federal Grants		-				-				-	
Workshops		-				-				-	
Interest		78,000		50,000		(28,000)	-35.9%		52,000	2,000	4.0%
Miscellaneous	_		_					_			<del></del>
Total Funding (A)	_\$_	42,031,236	\$	44,578,912	\$	2,547,676	6.1%	_\$_	42,381,158	\$ (2,197,755)	-4.9%
Expenses											
Personnel Expenses											
Salaries	\$	18,424,141	\$	19,681,529		1,257,388	6.8%	\$	20,439,326	757,797	3.9%
Payroll Taxes		1,299,123		1,358,216		59,093	4.5%		1,382,437	24,221	1.8%
Benefits		2,874,619		3,179,637		305,018	10.6%		3,206,054	26,417	0.8%
Retirement Costs		1,474,873		1,713,846		238,973	16.2%		1,779,789	65,943	3.8%
Total Personnel Expenses	_\$_	24,072,756	\$	25,933,228	\$	1,860,472	7.7%	\$	26,807,606	\$ 874,378	3.4%
Mandley Frances											
Meeting Expenses  Meetings	\$	196,445	\$	204,303		7,858	4.0%	\$	212,475	8,172	4.0%
Travel	Ψ	914,035	Ψ	950,596		36,561	4.0%	Ψ	988,620	38,024	4.0%
Conference Calls		29,144		30,310		1,166	4.0%		31,522	1,212	4.0%
Total Meeting Expenses	\$	1,139,624	\$	1,185,209	\$	45,585	4.0%	\$	1,232,617		4.0%
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Operating Expenses											
Consultants & Contracts	\$	906,600	\$	942,864		36,264	4.0%	\$	980,579	37,715	4.0%
Office Rent		1,562,120		1,624,605		62,485	4.0%		1,689,589	64,984	4.0%
Office Costs		7,159,750		6,796,140		(363,610)	-5.1%		7,093,986	297,846	4.4%
Professional Services		1,310,200		1,362,608		52,408	4.0%		1,417,112	54,504	4.0%
Miscellaneous Depreciation		0 4,450,000		4,628,000		(0) 178,000	-100.0% 4.0%		- 4,813,120	- 185,120	4.0%
Total Operating Expenses	•	15,388,670	\$	15,354,217	\$	(34,453)	-0.2%	\$	15,994,386	\$ 640,169	4.0%
Total Operating Expenses		13,300,070	Ψ	13,334,217	φ	(34,433)	-0.2 /0	φ	13,994,300	φ 040,109	4.2 /6
Total Direct Expenses	\$	40,601,050	\$	42,472,654	\$	1,871,604	4.6%	\$	44,034,609	\$ 1,561,955	3.7%
Indirect Expenses		(110,328)		(114,742)		(4,413)	4.0%		(119,331)	(4,590)	4.0%
		-		(****,***=/		(1,111)			(110,000)	(1,555)	
Other Non-Operating Expenses						-			-	-	
Total Expenses (B)	\$	40,490,722	\$	42,357,912	\$	1,867,191	4.6%	\$	43,915,278	\$ 1,557,365	3.7%
Change in Assats	_	4 E40 E4E	•	2 224 000	\$	COO 40E	44.20/	•	(4 524 420)	¢ (2.755.420)	460 40/
Change in Assets	\$	1,540,515	\$	2,221,000	Þ	680,485	44.2%	\$	(1,534,120)	\$ (3,755,120)	-169.1%
Fixed Assets	_		_		_						
Depreciation	\$	(4,450,000)	\$	(4,628,000)	\$	(178,000)	4.0%	\$	(4,813,120)		
Computer & Software CapEx		2,875,000		3,224,000		349,000	12.1%		3,054,000	(170,000)	
Furniture & Fixtures CapEx Leasehold Improvements		11,000		25,000		14,000	127.3%		25,000	-	0.0%
Incr(Dec) in Fixed Assets (C)	\$	(1,564,000)	\$	(1,379,000)	\$	185,000	-11.8%	\$	(1,734,120)	\$ (355,120)	25.8%
TOTAL BUDGET (=B+C)	\$	38,926,722	\$	40,978,912	\$	2,052,191	5.3%	\$	42,181,158	\$ 1,202,245	2.9%
IOTAL BUDGET (=D+C)	<u> </u>	30,320,722	<u> </u>	40,970,912	Þ	2,002,191	5.3%	<u> </u>	42,101,138	φ 1,202,245	2.9%
TOTAL CHANGE IN WORKING CAPITAL (=A-B-C)	\$	3,104,515	\$	3,600,000	\$	495,485	\$ -	\$	200,000	\$ (3,400,000)	-94.4%
FTEs		161.7		153.6		-8.1	-5.0%		153.6	-	0.0%
НС		166.0		166.0		0.0	0.0%		166.0	-	0.0%

Load Serving Entity	NEL w/o AESO & BC Hydro	US NEL	Mexico NEL	Percent Peak Total (w/o AESO and BC Hydro)	Percent US Total	Percent Mexico Total	Funding Allocation
Aguila Irrigation District - APS	31,010	31,010		0.004%	0.004%	0.000%	1,737
Aha Macav Power Service	25,289	25,289		0.003%	0.003%	0.000%	1,417
Ajo Improvement District	13,734	13,734		0.002%	0.002%	0.000%	769
Ak-Chin	38,775	38,775		0.005%	0.005%	0.000%	2,172
Alcoa Inc	3,458,150	3,458,150		0.462%	0.469%	0.000%	193,709
Alder Mutual Light Company		0		0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	-
Arizona Public Service Company	29,805,265	29,805,265		3.980%	4.042%	0.000%	1,669,545
Arkansas River Power Authority (ARPA)	235,150	235,150		0.031%	0.032%	0.000%	13,172
Avista Corporation	9,576,506	9,576,506		1.279%	1.299%	0.000%	536,429
Avista Corporation	59,292	59,292		0.008%	0.008%	0.000%	3,321
Barrick Goldstrike Mines Inc.	1,179,964	1,179,964		0.158%	0.160%	0.000%	66,096
Basin Electric Power Cooperative	3,056,832	3,056,832		0.408%	0.415%	0.000%	171,229
Basin Electric Power Cooperative	59,554	59,554		0.008%	0.008%	0.000%	3,336
Benton REA	551,563	551,563		0.074%	0.075%	0.000%	30,896
Big Bend Electric Cooperative, Inc.	139,523	139,523		0.019%	0.019%	0.000%	7,815
Big Bend Electric Cooperative, Inc.	360,754	360,754		0.048%	0.049%	0.000%	20,208
Blachly-Lane Electric Cooperative	173,759	173,759		0.023%	0.024%	0.000%	9,733
Black Hills Power	1,927,008	1,927,008		0.257%	0.261%	0.000%	107,942
Black Hills Power/Cheyenne Light Fuel & Power	2,953,785	2,953,785		0.394%	0.401%	0.000%	165,457
Black Hills State University South Dakota	19,749	19,749		0.003%	0.003%	0.000%	1,106
Bonneville Power Administration	3,834,849	3,834,849		0.512%	0.520%	0.000%	214,809
Bonneville Power Administration	1,864,618	1,864,618		0.249%	0.253%	0.000%	104,447
Bonneville Power Administration	779,199	779,199		0.104%	0.106%	0.000%	43,647
Bonneville Power Administration	6,817	6,817		0.001%	0.001%	0.000%	382
Bonneville Power Administration	13,511	13,511		0.002%	0.002%	0.000%	757
BPA - Big Bend/Schrag Load	37,344	37,344		0.005%	0.005%	0.000%	2,092
BPA - Kittitas Load	7,375	7,375		0.001%	0.001%	0.000%	413
BPA - USBR Load	131,805	131,805		0.018%	0.018%	0.000%	7,383
Buckeye Water Conservation and Drainage District - APS	19,821	19,821		0.003%	0.003%	0.000%	1,110
Bureau of Reclamation (Desalter) - c/o DSW EMMO	766	766		0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	43
Bureau of Reclamation (Wellfield) - c/o DSW EMMO	6,499	6,499		0.001%	0.001%	0.000%	364
Burlington	36,727	36,727		0.005%	0.005%	0.000%	2,057
California Independent System Operator	232,339,960	232,339,960		31.022%	31.510%	0.000%	13,014,538
Canby Public Utility Board	, ,	0		0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	-
Canby Public Utility Board	181,172	181,172		0.024%	0.025%		10,148
Central Arizona Water Conservation District	2,632,527	2,632,527		0.351%	0.357%		147,461
Central Electric Cooperative	609,107	609,107		0.081%	0.083%		34,119
Central Lincoln PUD	1,350,692	1,350,692		0.180%	0.183%		75,659
Central Montana Electric Power Cooperative	317,843	317,843		0.042%	0.043%		17,804
Central Montana Electric Power Cooperative	63,810	63,810		0.009%	0.009%		3,574

Load Serving Entity	NEL w/o AESO & BC Hydro	US NEL	Mexico NEL	Percent Peak Total (w/o AESO and BC Hydro)	Percent US Total	Percent Mexico Total	Funding Allocation
City of Aztec Electric Dept	39,751	39,751		0.005%	0.005%	0.000%	2,227
City of Bandon	67,365	67,365		0.009%	0.009%	0.000%	3,773
City of Blaine	78,248	78,248		0.010%	0.011%	0.000%	4,383
City of Bonners Ferry	72,517	72,517		0.010%	0.010%	0.000%	4,062
City of Cascade Locks	19,641	19,641		0.003%	0.003%	0.000%	1,100
City of Centralia	270,593	270,593		0.036%	0.037%	0.000%	15,157
City of Cheney	149,356	149,356		0.020%	0.020%	0.000%	8,366
City of Chewelah	23,809	23,809		0.003%	0.003%	0.000%	1,334
City of Drain	16,847	16,847		0.002%	0.002%	0.000%	944
City of Ellensburg	207,748	207,748		0.028%	0.028%	0.000%	11,637
City of Fallon	37,292	37,292		0.005%	0.005%	0.000%	2,089
City of Farmington	1,025,393	1,025,393		0.137%	0.139%	0.000%	57,437
City of Forest Grove	256,440	256,440		0.034%	0.035%	0.000%	14,365
City of Gallup	189,880	189,880		0.025%	0.026%	0.000%	10,636
City of Henderson	42,834	42,834		0.006%	0.006%	0.000%	2,399
City of Hermiston, DBA Hermiston Energy Services	111,146	111,146		0.015%	0.015%	0.000%	6,226
City of Las Vegas	41,831	41,831		0.006%	0.006%	0.000%	2,343
City of McCleary	31,415	31,415		0.004%	0.004%	0.000%	1,760
City of McMinnville	770,559	770,559		0.103%	0.105%	0.000%	43,163
City of Mesa	261,581	261,581		0.035%	0.035%	0.000%	14,652
City of Milton	60,532	60,532		0.008%	0.008%	0.000%	3,391
City of Milton-Freewater	113,514	113,514		0.015%	0.015%	0.000%	6,358
City of Monmouth	74,430	74,430		0.010%	0.010%	0.000%	4,169
City of Needles	30,990	30,990		0.004%	0.004%	0.000%	1,736
City of North Las Vegas	4,639	4,639		0.001%	0.001%		260
City of Page	92,251	92,251		0.012%	0.013%	0.000%	5,167
City of Plummer	35,994	35,994		0.005%	0.005%		2,016
City of Port Angeles	732,324	732,324		0.098%	0.099%		41,021
City of Redding	799,829	799,829		0.107%	0.108%	0.000%	44,803
City of Richland	894,506	894,506		0.119%	0.121%		50,106
City of Roseville	1,235,079	1,235,079		0.165%	0.168%		69,183
City of Shasta Lake	193,187	193,187		0.026%	0.026%		10,821
City of Sumas	31,016	31,016		0.004%	0.004%		1,737
City of Tacoma DBA Tacoma Power	310	310		0.000%	0.000%		17
City of Tacoma DBA Tacoma Power	5,010,435	5,010,435		0.669%	0.680%		280,660
City of Troy	17,559	17,559		0.002%	0.002%		984
City of Williams	39,158	39,158		0.005%	0.005%		2,193
Clark County Water Resources	77,436	77,436		0.010%	0.011%		4,338
Clark Public Utilities	4,487,612	4,487,612		0.599%	0.609%		251,374
Clatskanie PUD	943,244	943,244		0.126%	0.128%		52,836

Load Serving Entity	NEL w/o AESO & BC Hydro	US NEL	Mexico NEL	Percent Peak Total (w/o AESO and BC Hydro)	Percent US Total	Percent Mexico Total	Funding Allocation
Clearwater Cooperative, Inc	170,714	170,714		0.023%	0.023%	0.000%	9,563
Clearwater Cooperative, Inc	39,974	39,974		0.005%	0.005%	0.000%	2,239
Colorado River Commission of Nevada	872,387	872,387		0.116%	0.118%	0.000%	48,867
Colorado Springs Utilities	61,174	61,174		0.008%	0.008%	0.000%	3,427
Colorado Springs Utilities	4,662,507	4,662,507		0.623%	0.632%	0.000%	261,171
Columbia Basin Electric Cooperative, Inc.	113,365	113,365		0.015%	0.015%	0.000%	6,350
Columbia Falls Aluminum Company	4,579	4,579		0.001%	0.001%	0.000%	256
Columbia Power Cooperative Association	22,379	22,379		0.003%	0.003%	0.000%	1,254
Columbia River PUD	171,325	171,325		0.023%	0.023%	0.000%	9,597
Columbia River PUD	311,215	311,215		0.042%	0.042%	0.000%	17,433
Columbia Rural Electric Association (REA)	333,263	333,263		0.044%	0.045%	0.000%	18,668
Comision Federal de Electricidad	11,614,895	·	11,614,895	1.551%	0.000%	100.000%	650,609
Consolidated Irrigation District No. 19	6,224	6,224	, ,	0.001%	0.001%	0.000%	349
Consumers Power, Inc.	430,981	430,981		0.058%	0.058%	0.000%	24,141
Coos-Curry Electric Cooperative, Inc	355,309	355,309		0.047%	0.048%	0.000%	19,903
Deseret Generation & Transmission Cooperative	144,583	144,583		0.019%	0.020%	0.000%	8,099
Douglas Electric Cooperative, Inc.	96,240	96,240		0.013%	0.013%	0.000%	5,391
Douglas Palisades / PUD No. 1 of DC	19,291	19,291		0.003%	0.003%	0.000%	1,081
El Paso Electric Company	8,354,189	8,354,189		1.115%	1.133%	0.000%	467,961
Electrical District #2	179,643	179,643		0.024%	0.024%	0.000%	10,063
Electrical District #2 - Coolidge Generating Station	9,195	9,195		0.001%	0.001%	0.000%	515
Electrical District No. 6 of Pinal County - APS	2,493	2,493		0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	140
Electrical District No. 7 of Maricopa County - APS	47,058	47,058		0.006%	0.006%	0.000%	2,636
Electrical District No. 8 of Maricopa County - APS	276,912	276,912		0.037%	0.038%	0.000%	15,511
Electrical Districts 1 & 3	578,995	578,995		0.077%	0.079%	0.000%	32,432
Elmhurst Mutual Power & Light Company	279,749	279,749		0.037%	0.038%	0.000%	15,670
Emerald PUD	518,509	518,509		0.069%	0.070%	0.000%	29,044
Energy Northwest	36,570	36,570		0.005%	0.005%	0.000%	2,048
Eugene Water & Electric Board	2,495,053	2,495,053		0.333%	0.338%	0.000%	139,761
Fall River Rural Electric Cooperative, Inc.	28	28		0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	2
Flathead Electric Cooperative, Inc	1,513,536	1,513,536		0.202%	0.205%	0.000%	84,781
Frederickson Power LP	3,437	3,437		0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	193
Grand Valley Power	245,738	245,738		0.033%	0.033%	0.000%	13,765
Harney Electric Cooperative, Inc.	98,753	98,753		0.013%	0.013%	0.000%	5,532
Harney Electric Cooperative, Inc.	90,674	90,674		0.012%	0.012%	0.000%	5,079
Harquahala Valley Power Districts - APS	79,282	79,282		0.011%	0.011%	0.000%	4,441
Hermiston Power LLC	1,953	1,953		0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	109
Holy Cross Energy	1,218,703	1,218,703		0.163%	0.165%	0.000%	68,266
Hood River Electric Cooperative	44,095	44,095		0.006%	0.006%	0.000%	2,470
Idaho County Light and Power Cooperative Association, Inc.	59,313	59,313		0.008%	0.008%	0.000%	3,322

Load Serving Entity	NEL w/o AESO & BC Hydro	US NEL	Mexico NEL	Percent Peak Total (w/o AESO and BC Hydro)	Percent US Total	Percent Mexico Total	Funding Allocation
Idaho Power Company	16,340,718	16,340,718		2.182%	2.216%	0.000%	915,327
Imperial Irrigation District	3,661,545	3,661,545		0.489%	0.497%	0.000%	205,102
Inland Power and Light Company	477,845	477,845		0.064%	0.065%	0.000%	26,767
Inland Power and Light Company	499,781	499,781		0.067%	0.068%	0.000%	27,995
Intermountain Rural Electric Association	2,153,915	2,153,915		0.288%	0.292%	0.000%	120,652
Kaiser Aluminum Fabricated Products LLC	311,536	311,536		0.042%	0.042%	0.000%	17,451
Kootenai Electric Cooperative, Inc.	469,569	469,569		0.063%	0.064%	0.000%	26,303
Lakeview Light & Power	274,245	274,245		0.037%	0.037%	0.000%	15,362
Lane Electric Cooperative, Inc.	230,340	230,340		0.031%	0.031%	0.000%	12,903
Las Vegas Valley Water District	93,430	93,430		0.012%	0.013%	0.000%	5,233
Lincoln Electric Cooperative, Inc.	118,451	118,451		0.016%	0.016%	0.000%	6,635
Los Angeles Department of Water and Power	28,866,202	28,866,202		3.854%	3.915%	0.000%	1,616,943
Lost River Electric Cooperative, Inc.	22	22		0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	1
Lower Valley Energy, Inc.	87	87		0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	5
Maricopa County Municipal Water Conservation Dist No. 1 - APS	52,365	52,365		0.007%	0.007%	0.000%	2,933
McMullen Valley Water Conservation & Drainage District - APS	69,883	69,883		0.009%	0.009%	0.000%	3,915
Merced Irrigation District	470,352	470,352		0.063%	0.064%	0.000%	26,347
Midstate Electric Cooperative, Inc.	414,182	414,182		0.055%	0.056%	0.000%	23,200
Mission Valley Power	413,525	413,525		0.055%	0.056%	0.000%	23,164
Modern Electric Water Company	234,810	234,810		0.031%	0.032%	0.000%	13,153
Modesto Irrigation District	2,577,631	2,577,631		0.344%	0.350%	0.000%	144,386
Montana-Dakota Utilities Co.	20,487	20,487		0.003%	0.003%	0.000%	1,148
Mt. Wheeler Power	560,779	560,779		0.075%	0.076%	0.000%	31,412
Municipal Energy Agency of Nebraska	199,657	199,657		0.027%	0.027%	0.000%	11,184
Municipal Energy Agency of Nebraska	669,387	669,387		0.089%	0.091%	0.000%	37,496
Navajo Agricultural Products Industry (NAPI)	1,093	1,093		0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	61
Navajo Tribal Utility Authority	54,383	54,383		0.007%	0.007%	0.000%	3,046
Navajo Tribal Utility Authority	286,099	286,099		0.038%	0.039%	0.000%	16,026
Navopache Electric Cooperative, Inc.	370,656	370,656		0.049%	0.050%	0.000%	20,762
Nebraska Public Power Marketing	5,842	5,842		0.001%	0.001%	0.000%	327
Nespelem Valley Electric Cooperative, Inc.	58,413	58,413		0.008%	0.008%	0.000%	3,272
Nevada Power Company dba NV Energy	26,587,371	26,587,371		3.550%	3.606%	0.000%	1,489,294
Noble Americas Energy Solutions, LLC	1,673,553	1,673,553		0.223%	0.227%	0.000%	93,744
Northern Lights, Inc.	36,440	36,440		0.005%	0.005%	0.000%	2,041
Northern Lights, Inc.	262,743	262,743		0.035%	0.036%	0.000%	14,718
Northern Wasco County PUD	556,511	556,511		0.074%	0.075%	0.000%	31,173
NorthWestern Corp. dba NorthWestern Energy, LLC	9,167,768	9,167,768		1.224%	1.243%	0.000%	513,533
NorthWestern Corp. dba NorthWestern Energy, LLC	241,233	241,233		0.032%	0.033%	0.000%	13,513
Ohop Mutual Light Company	86,807	86,807		0.012%	0.012%	0.000%	4,863
Orcas Power and Light Cooperative	217,914	217,914		0.029%	0.030%	0.000%	12,206

Load Serving Entity	NEL w/o AESO & BC Hydro	US NEL	Mexico NEL	Percent Peak Total (w/o AESO and BC Hydro)	Percent US Total	Percent Mexico Total	Funding Allocation
Oregon Trail Electric Consumers Cooperative, Inc.	354,194	354,194		0.047%	0.048%	0.000%	19,840
Overton Power District No. 5	381,124	381,124		0.051%	0.052%	0.000%	21,349
PacifiCorp	70,407	70,407		0.009%	0.010%	0.000%	3,944
PacifiCorp	2,156	2,156		0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	121
PacifiCorp	50,590,830	50,590,830		6.755%	6.861%	0.000%	2,833,850
PacifiCorp	1,876	1,876		0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	105
PacifiCorp	116,284	116,284		0.016%	0.016%	0.000%	6,514
PacifiCorp West (PACW)	21,336,825	21,336,825		2.849%	2.894%	0.000%	1,195,184
Parkland Light and Water Company	122,305	122,305		0.016%	0.017%	0.000%	6,851
Pend Oreille County PUD No. 1	1,016,523	1,016,523		0.136%	0.138%	0.000%	56,941
Peninsula Light Company, Inc.	608,193	608,193		0.081%	0.082%	0.000%	34,068
Platte River Power Authority	3,244,570	3,244,570		0.433%	0.440%	0.000%	181,745
Port of Seattle - Seattle-Tacoma International Airport	141,204	141,204		0.019%	0.019%	0.000%	7,910
Port Townsend Paper Corporation	166,731	166,731		0.022%	0.023%	0.000%	9,339
Portland General Electric Company	18,600,632	18,600,632		2.484%	2.523%	0.000%	1,041,916
Public Service Company of Colorado (Xcel)	26,537,376	26,537,376		3.543%	3.599%	0.000%	1,486,494
Public Service Company of Colorado (Xcel)	35,594	35,594		0.005%	0.005%	0.000%	1,994
Public Service Company of New Mexico	10,787,283	10,787,283		1.440%	1.463%	0.000%	604,251
Public Utility District No. 1 of Chelan County	4,025,516	4,025,516		0.537%	0.546%	0.000%	225,490
PUD No. 1 of Asotin County	4,975	4,975		0.001%	0.001%	0.000%	279
PUD No. 1 of Asotin County	290	290		0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	16
PUD No. 1 of Benton County	1,773,502	1,773,502		0.237%	0.241%	0.000%	99,343
PUD No. 1 of Clallam County	680,465	680,465		0.091%	0.092%	0.000%	38,116
PUD No. 1 of Cowlitz County	5,247,802	5,247,802		0.701%	0.712%	0.000%	293,956
PUD No. 1 of Douglas County	8,928	8,928		0.001%	0.001%	0.000%	500
PUD No. 1 of Douglas County	1,486,659	1,486,659		0.198%	0.202%	0.000%	83,275
PUD No. 1 of Ferry County	109,044	109,044		0.015%	0.015%	0.000%	6,108
PUD No. 1 of Franklin County	1,065,410	1,065,410		0.142%	0.144%	0.000%	59,679
PUD No. 1 of Grays Harbor	1,186,461	1,186,461		0.158%	0.161%	0.000%	66,460
PUD No. 1 of Jefferson County	246,380	246,380		0.033%	0.033%	0.000%	13,801
PUD No. 1 of Kittitas County	75,702	75,702		0.010%	0.010%	0.000%	4,240
PUD No. 1 of Kittitas County	16,412	16,412		0.002%	0.002%	0.000%	919
PUD No. 1 of Klickitat County	300,703	300,703		0.040%	0.041%	0.000%	16,844
PUD No. 1 of Lewis County	938,394	938,394		0.125%	0.127%	0.000%	52,564
PUD No. 1 of Mason County	78,370	78,370		0.010%	0.011%	0.000%	4,390
PUD No. 1 of Skamania County	134,732	134,732		0.018%	0.018%	0.000%	7,547
PUD No. 1 of Snohomish County	6,824,113	6,824,113		0.911%	0.925%	0.000%	382,253
PUD No. 1 of Wahkiakum County	44,092	44,092		0.006%	0.006%	0.000%	2,470
PUD No. 1 of Whatcom County	224,295	224,295		0.030%	0.030%	0.000%	12,564
PUD No. 1 of Whatcom County	4,995	4,995		0.001%	0.001%		280

Load Serving Entity	NEL w/o AESO & BC Hydro	US NEL	Mexico NEL	Percent Peak Total (w/o AESO and BC Hydro)	Percent US Total	Percent Mexico Total	Funding Allocation	
PUD No. 2 of Grant County	93,675	93,675		0.013%	0.013%	0.000%	5,247	
PUD No. 2 of Grant County	49,941	49,941		0.007%	0.007%	0.000%	2,797	
PUD No. 2 of Grant County	3,839,087	3,839,087		0.513%	0.521%	0.000%	215,047	
PUD No. 2 of Pacific County	305,445	305,445		0.041%	0.041%	0.000%	17,110	
PUD No. 3 of Mason County	698,785	698,785		0.093%	0.095%	0.000%	39,143	
Puget Sound Energy, Inc.	24,437,530	24,437,530		3.263%	3.314%	0.000%	1,368,871	
Raft River Electric Cooperative	46	46		0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	3	
Raton Public Service	51,732	51,732		0.007%	0.007%	0.000%	2,898	
Ravalli County Electric Cooperative, Inc.		0		0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	-	
Ravalli County Electric Cooperative, Inc.		0		0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	-	
Riverside Electric Company, Ltd		0		0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	-	
Riverside Electric Company, Ltd		0		0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	-	
Rocky Mountain Generation Cooperative, Inc.		0		0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	-	
Roosevelt Irrigation District - APS	37,851	37,851		0.005%	0.005%	0.000%	2,120	
Sacramento Municipal Utility District	11,226,639	11,226,639		1.499%	1.523%	0.000%	628,861	
Salem Electric	331,171	331,171		0.044%	0.045%	0.000%	18,551	
Salmon River Electric Cooperative, Inc.		0		0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	-	
Salt River Project	28,911,429	28,911,429		3.860%	3.921%	0.000%	1,619,477	
Seattle City Light	10,035,929	10,035,929		1.340%	1.361%	0.000%	562,164	
Sierra Pacific Power Company dba NV Energy	11,116,111	11,116,111		1.484%	1.508%	0.000%	622,670	
Silver State Energy - c/o Colorado River Commission of Nevada	515,076	515,076		0.069%	0.070%	0.000%	28,852	
Southern Montana Electric Generation & Transmission	522,515	522,515		0.070%	0.071%	0.000%	29,269	
Southern Nevada Water Authority	118,357	118,357		0.016%	0.016%	0.000%	6,630	
Southwest Transmission Cooperative, Inc.	2,012,236	2,012,236		0.269%	0.273%	0.000%	112,716	
Springfield Utility Board	867,593	867,593		0.116%	0.118%	0.000%	48,598	
Surprise Valley Electrification Corporation	38,220	38,220		0.005%	0.005%	0.000%	2,141	
Tanner Electric Cooperative	99,115	99,115		0.013%	0.013%	0.000%	5,552	
The Incorporated County of Los Alamos	364,095	364,095		0.049%	0.049%		20,395	
Tillamook People's Utility District	375,501	375,501		0.050%	0.051%	0.000%	21,034	
Tohono O'Odham Utility Authority	67,110	67,110		0.009%	0.009%		3,759	
Tonopah Irrigation District - APS	22,698	22,698		0.003%	0.003%	0.000%	1,271	
Town of Center	20,928	20,928		0.003%	0.003%		1,172	
Town of Coulee	17,416	17,416		0.002%	0.002%		976	
Town of Eatonville	28,069	28,069		0.004%	0.004%		1,572	
Town of Fredonia	10,953	10,953		0.001%	0.001%		614	
Town of Steilacoom	41,331	41,331		0.006%	0.006%		2,315	
Town of Wickenburg	26,570	26,570		0.004%	0.004%		1,488	
Tri-State Generation & Transmission Assoc. Inc - Reliability	2,062,440	2,062,440		0.275%	0.280%		115,528	
Tri-State Generation & Transmission Assoc. Inc - Reliability	7,419,925	7,419,925		0.991%	1.006%		415,628	
Tri-State Generation & Transmission Association, Inc.	2,642,944	2,642,944		0.353%	0.358%		148,045	

Load Serving Entity	NEL w/o AESO & BC Hydro	US NEL	Mexico NEL	Percent Peak Total (w/o AESO and BC Hydro)	Percent US Total	Percent Mexico Total	Funding Allocation
Truckee Donner Public Utility District	154,280	154,280		0.021%	0.021%	0.000%	8,642
Tucson Electric Power Company	15,085,818	15,085,818		2.014%	2.046%	0.000%	845,034
Turlock Irrigation District	2,135,260	2,135,260		0.285%	0.290%	0.000%	119,607
U.S. Army Yuma Proving Ground	16,326	16,326		0.002%	0.002%	0.000%	915
U.S. BOR Columbia Basin	33,360	33,360		0.004%	0.005%	0.000%	1,869
U.S. BOR East Greenacres (Rathdrum)	4,176	4,176		0.001%	0.001%	0.000%	234
U.S. Bor Spokane Indian Development`	3,136	3,136		0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	176
U.S. BOR The Dalles Project	18,335	18,335		0.002%	0.002%	0.000%	1,027
U.S. DOE National Energy Technology Laboratory	4,828	4,828		0.001%	0.001%	0.000%	270
Umatilla Electric Cooperative Association	1,140,059	1,140,059		0.152%	0.155%	0.000%	63,861
Unit B Irrigation District	24	24		0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	1
US Air Force Base, Fairchild	49,053	49,053		0.007%	0.007%	0.000%	2,748
US Dept of Energy - Kirtland AFB	410,793	410,793		0.055%	0.056%	0.000%	23,011
USDOE Richland	187,652	187,652		0.025%	0.025%	0.000%	10,511
USN Naval Station, Bremerton	250,674	250,674		0.033%	0.034%	0.000%	14,042
USN Naval Station, Everett	10,912	10,912		0.001%	0.001%	0.000%	611
USN Submarine Base, Bangor	170,292	170,292		0.023%	0.023%	0.000%	9,539
Vera Water and Power	234,898	234,898		0.031%	0.032%	0.000%	13,158
Vigilante Electric Cooperative, Inc.	15,897	15,897		0.002%	0.002%	0.000%	890
Wasco Electric Cooperative	97,027	97,027		0.013%	0.013%	0.000%	5,435
Wells Rural Electric Cooperative	672,455	672,455		0.090%	0.091%	0.000%	37,668
Wellton-Mohawk Irrigation & Drainage District	401	401		0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	22
West Oregon Electric Cooperative, Inc.	56,442	56,442		0.008%	0.008%	0.000%	3,162
West Oregon Electric Cooperative, Inc.	12,860	12,860		0.002%	0.002%	0.000%	720
Western Area Power - Loveland, CO	364,173	364,173		0.049%	0.049%	0.000%	20,399
Western Area Power - Loveland, CO	2,054,674	2,054,674		0.274%	0.279%	0.000%	115,093
Western Area Power Administration - CRSP	2,053,652	2,053,652		0.274%	0.279%	0.000%	115,036
Western Area Power Administration - Sierra Nevada Region	1,324,532	1,324,532		0.177%	0.180%	0.000%	74,194
Western Area Power Administration-Desert Southwest Region	3,225,943	3,225,943		0.431%	0.438%	0.000%	180,702
Western Area Power Administration-Upper Great Plains Region	7,688	7,688		0.001%	0.001%	0.000%	431
Western Area Power Administration-Upper Great Plains Region	391,282	391,282		0.052%	0.053%	0.000%	21,918
Wyoming Municipal Power Agency	280,327	280,327		0.037%	0.038%	0.000%	15,703
Yakama Power	21,718	21,718		0.003%	0.003%	0.000%	1,217
Yampa Valley Electric Association	630,694	630,694		0.084%	0.086%	0.000%	35,328
Yuma Irrigation District	3,112	3,112		0.000%	0.000%		174
Yuma-Mesa Irrigation District	175	175		0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	10
	748,962,993	737,348,098 98.4%	11,614,895 1.6%	100.000%	100.000%	100.000%	41,953,236

# NORTH AMERICAN ELECTRIC RELIABILITY CORPORATION

# 2015 BUSINESS PLAN AND BUDGET FILING

# **ATTACHMENT 7**

# WESTERN INTERCONNECTION REGIONAL ADVISORY BODY

PROPOSED 2015 BUSINESS PLAN AND BUDGET

# 2015 Business Plan and Budget Western Interconnection Regional Advisory Body

Approved by:
The Western Interconnection Regional Advisory Body *July 1, 2014* 

# **Table of Contents**

Introduction	3
Section A — 2015 Business Plan	25
Western Interconnection Regional Advisory Body	
Section B — Supplemental Financial Information	29
Reserve Balance	29
Breakdown by Statement of Activity Sections	30
Section C — 2015 Non-Statutory Business Plan and Budget	34
Not applicable to WIRAB	
Section D	36
2015 Consolidated Statement of Activities by Program, Statutory and Non-Statutory	36

#### Introduction

TOTAL RESOURCES (in whole dollars)						
	 2014 Budget	U.S.	_	Canada	_	Mexico
Statutory FTEs	 4.00					
Non-statutory FTEs						
Total FTEs	4.00					
Statutory Expenses	\$ 1,013,581					
Non-Statutory Expenses	\$ -					
Total Expenses	\$ 1,013,581					
Statutory Inc(Dec) in Fixed Assets	\$ -					
Non-Statutory Inc(Dec) in Fixed Assets	\$ -					
Total Inc(Dec) in Fixed Assets	\$ -					
Statutory Working Capital Requirement *	\$ 45,027					
Non-Statutory Working Capital Requirement						
Total Working Capital Requirement	\$ 45,027					
Total Statutory Funding Requirement	\$ 1,058,608					
Total Non-Statutory Funding Requirement	\$ =					
Total Funding Requirement	\$ 1,058,608					
Statutory Funding Assessments	\$ 1,058,158					
Non-Statutory Fees	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-
NEL	866,703,757	735,082,752		120,014,087		11,606,918
NEL% *Pofor to Table B.1 on page 30 in Section B.	100.00%	84.81%		13.85%		1.34%

<sup>\*</sup>Refer to Table B-1 on page 30 in Section B.

# **Organizational Overview**

In April 2006, ten Western Governors petitioned to create the Western Interconnection Regional Advisory Body under Section 215(j) of the Federal Power Act. The Governors indicated their interest in inviting all U.S. states, Canadian provinces, and Mexico (which have territory in the Western Interconnection) to join WIRAB.

Pursuant to the order of the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC) in Docket No. RR06-2-000 issued on July 20, 2006 (the "Order")<sup>1</sup>, the FERC:

- Granted the Western Governors' petition to establish the Western Interconnection Regional Advisory Body (WIRAB) under Section 215(j) of the Federal Power Act;
- Granted the request that WIRAB receive funding for reasonable costs of its Section 215(j) activities; and
- Directed WIRAB to develop a budget and related information and submit it to the Electric Reliability Organization (ERO) for review by the ERO and submission through the ERO budget approval process.

The Order states that funding for Regional Advisory Bodies should be part of the overall funding process for the ERO. The Commission instructed WIRAB to develop a budget in a form similar

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Order on Petition to Establish a Regional Advisory Body for the Western Interconnection, 116 FERC ¶61,061, Docket No. RR06-2-000, July 20, 2006.

to that specified for regional entities as set forth in Order 672.<sup>2</sup> The July 20 Order specified that the WIRAB should annually develop and submit to the ERO its budget for 215(j) activities and an organization chart that the ERO will then review and submit to the Commission. The WIRAB submission also needs to identify the portion of its costs for 215(j) activities that will be funded from Canada and Mexico, and the basis for this allocation.

## **Membership and Governance**

All of the states with territory in the Western Interconnection (AZ, CA, CO, ID, MT, NE, NV, NM, OR, SD, TX, UT, WA, WY), the Canadian provinces of Alberta and British Columbia, and Mexico are members of WIRAB. Below is the list of members appointed by the Governor or Premier:

Alberta David James, Department of Energy Arizona Leisa Brug, Governor's Office

British Columbia Les MacLaren, Ministry of Energy, Mines and Petroleum Resources

California Janea Scott, California Energy Commission Colorado Jeff Ackermann, Colorado Energy Office Idaho Marsha Smith, Public Utilities Commission

Mexico Marcos Valenzuela, CFE

Montana Jeff Blend, Department of Environmental Quality Nebraska Tim Texel, Nebraska Power Review Board Nevada Rebecca Wagner, Public Utilities Commission

New Mexico Vacant

Oregon John Savage, Public Utility Commission South Dakota Brian Rounds, Public Utilities Commission

Texas Vacant

Utah Dave Clark, Public Service Commission

Washington Tony Usibelli, Department of Commerce, Trade and Economic

Development

Wyoming Shawn Reese, Governor's Office

The Governors created WIRAB as a standing advisory committee to the Western Interstate Nuclear Board (WINB), which was formed pursuant to the Western Interstate Nuclear Compact, P.L. 91-461. Members of the WIRAB are appointees of the Governors and Premiers or their alternates. WIRAB has the same status under the compact as the Western Interstate Energy Board (WIEB). WIRAB operates under the bylaws of WINB as revised on April 4, 2006. (See organizational chart on page 24.)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Rules Concerning Certification of the Electric Reliability Organization; and Procedures for the Establishment, Approval, and Enforcement of Reliability Standards, Order 672, Docket RM05-30-000, Feb. 3, 2006, P. 228. "Each Regional Entity must submit its complete business plan, entire budget and organizational chart to the ERO for it to submit to the Commission. The complete business plan and the entire budget will provide the Commission with necessary information about any non-statutory activities, the source of their funding, and whether the pursuit of such activities presents a conflict of interest for the Regional Entity. For a Cross-Border Regional Entity, this information will also inform the Commission as to what portion of the budget is expended upon activities within the United States."

## **Statutory Functional Scope**

FERC approved the petition of the Western Governors to create WIRAB as a regional advisory body under Section 215(j) of the Federal Power Act.

## 2015 Key Assumptions

- The Western power marketplace will continue to become more diverse and more complex and will rely on a changing mix of generation sources, creating more reliability challenges.
- There will be an increasing focus on physical and cyber security.
- New technologies and applications provide opportunities to improve the reliability of the Western grid.
- The Western Electricity Coordinating Council (WECC) and Peak Reliability will be in full operation following bifurcation. WIRAB will continue to advise both organizations.
- WIRAB will operate with the participation of all U.S. States and Canadian Provinces in the Western Interconnection, and Mexico.
- WIRAB will meet regularly by conference call and topical webinars, and will hold two
  in-person meetings in 2015. WIRAB representatives will meet with FERC at its offices
  once in 2015.
- There will be no significant expansion of FERC, NERC, WECC, or Peak Reliability responsibilities as a result of legislation or administrative actions.
- WIRAB has benefited greatly to date from the work of the State-Provincial Steering Committee (SPSC), which is funded entirely by an American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA) grant. ARRA funding ends in 2015 and the SPSC likely will disband. To fulfill its mission, WIRAB will need to take on SPSC's reliability-focused activities that can be funded under Section 215(j) of the Federal Power Act.
- State and provincial agency budgets are constrained making travel difficult.
   Reimbursement of travel costs is necessary to ensure effective state and provincial involvement in reliability issues.

# 2015 Goals and Key Deliverables

#### A. Goals

Pursuant to its authority to advise NERC, FERC, WECC and Peak Reliability on whether reliability standards, budgets and fees, governance, compliance, assessments, strategic direction and other activities conducted pursuant to Section 215 are just, reasonable, not unduly discriminatory or preferential, and in the public interest, WIRAB has established the following system reliability goals and priorities for 2015:

- Rectify shortcomings in grid reliability practices of Balancing Authorities, Transmission Operators and other key registered entities.
- Create high performance organizations at WECC and Peak Reliability. Develop
  meaningful performance metrics, expand the scope of WECC and Peak Reliability
  activities necessary to achieve reliability, and ensure adequate, stable funding for both
  organizations.
- Improve the ability of Western reliability organizations to identify, analyze, and recommend actions to address current and looming reliability challenges.
- Adopt more open and transparent information sharing practices.
- Ensure best practices to maintain physical and cyber security of the grid.
- Maximize the use of synchrophasor technology and other technologies and tools that will improve the reliability of the system.

#### **B.** Key Deliverables

To achieve the aforementioned goals and priorities, WIRAB has identified key deliverables and initiatives. The "2015 Initiatives" section further explains WIRAB's priorities for WECC and Peak Reliability. Key deliverables are set forth below and include:

Offer timely, concise and relevant advice to FERC, NERC, WECC and Peak Reliability
that reflects the public interest of Western states, Western provinces, and Mexico and will
improve the reliability of the Western Interconnection. Promote consistent, reasoned
positions among state, provincial, and Mexican representatives.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> The language in Section 215(j) of the Federal Power Act specifically provides for WIRAB's authority to advise NERC, FERC and WECC on these topics. FERC has additionally authorized WIRAB to advise Peak Reliability on these topics: "[D]eference to WIRAB is appropriate here because Peak Reliability funding implicates the following topics listed in FPA section 215(j) on which a Regional Advisory Body may give advice: 'governance of an existing or proposed regional entity ... [and] whether fees proposed to be assessed within the region are just, reasonable, not unduly discriminatory or preferential, and in the public interest." FERC Order on Rehearing, Docket No. EL13-52 et al., P. 46 (Dec. 6, 2013).

- Evaluate Registered Entity, WECC, Peak Reliability, NERC and FERC actions to implement the recommendations from the NERC/FERC inquiry into the September 8, 2011 Pacific Southwest outage the largest outage in the Western Interconnection since 1996 and make recommendations, take actions, and work with industry leaders and reliability organizations to promote best practices throughout the Western Interconnection.
- Participate in task forces and conduct research to promote more open data sharing practices.
- Assess the effectiveness and efficiency of WECC and Peak Reliability operations and make recommendations.
- Analyze the reliability impacts of changes to the Western power system such as the
  growth in distributed generation, demand response, and storage technologies; the
  increasing reliance on variable solar and wind generation and natural gas generation; the
  increasing number of coal plant retirements; and the introduction of new technologies.
- Examine the reliability impacts of Western Interconnection reforms such as energy imbalance markets, changes to reserve sharing practices, and congestion management tools.
- Evaluate federal physical and cyber security actions, with a focus on opportunities for states and PUCs to assist in improving the physical and cyber security practices of the Western Interconnection's Registered Entities.
- Conduct regular conference calls, webinars, and in-person meetings of WIRAB and provide opportunities for public comment. Post notice of in-person meetings and meeting recordings to the WIRAB website.
- Organize and sponsor webinars and workshops on key reliability issues for WIRAB members, state and provincial representatives, industry, and others.

#### I. 2015 Initiatives

To fulfill its goals and priorities, and to provide input to the deliverables identified above, WIRAB has established the following initiatives for 2015:

#### A. Rectify shortcomings in grid reliability practices at WECC and Peak Reliability

The September 8, 2011 Southwest outage highlighted significant deficiencies in the operation of the Western grid. These shortcomings have been confirmed by: WECC's 2012 and 2013 Operational Practices Surveys of Registered Entities; WECC's "Entity Report Cards" (shared between the WECC CEO and entity CEOs); and by a 2013 report prepared for the SPSC ("Perspectives on Real-Time Grid Operating Technologies to Manage Reliability in the Western Interconnection") regarding the application of new transmission technologies in the Western Interconnection.

Specifically, gaps still exist in Registered Entity operating practices in the Western Interconnection in the following areas: (1) post-contingency mitigation; (2) utilization of real-time tools for Real-Time Contingency Analysis (RTCA); (3) sharing of next-day studies; (4) coordination between neighboring Transmission Operators (TOPs) on seasonal studies; (5) utilization and quality of studies; (6) improvement of the dynamic model; and (7) practice and quality of benchmarking system models. Because poor reliability practices by one company can impact the reliability of other companies and ultimately, undermine the reliability of the entire grid, Peak Reliability's services to Balancing Authorities (BAs) and TOPs in the Western Interconnection will be critical.

In order to rectify these shortcomings, in 2015, WIRAB will:

- Promote actions by Peak Reliability to improve operational practices, maintain central network models and tools, provide services (particularly to smaller Western Interconnection entities), and foster technological innovation in the Western Interconnection.
- Continue examining alternatives to the current fragmented grid operational structure in the Western Interconnection that includes 38 autonomous BAs. Such alternatives include, but are not limited to: geographically-broad BAs; consolidation of functions across multiple BAs or TOPs (e.g., measures such as an energy imbalance market); other alternatives (e.g., Peak Reliability's congestion management tool and energy storage options); and closer operational coordination between Peak Reliability and Registered Entities (e.g., centrally managed models and real-time analysis tools).
- Continue reviewing and providing feedback to WECC on its annual Operational Practices Survey of Registered Entities, as well as its annual State of the Interconnection report. WIRAB's input will continue to encourage WECC to make entity results public, where doing so would not reveal violations of Critical Infrastructure Protection (CIP) reliability standards, but would encourage the adoption of best operating practices by Western Interconnection entities in order to fill gaps in these practices.
- Continue advising Peak Reliability on its ongoing development and implementation
  of reliability performance metrics. In so doing, WIRAB will encourage Peak
  Reliability to make the results of its "Reliability Performance Scorecards" (for BAs

and TOPs) public, where doing so would not reveal violations of CIP reliability standards, but would encourage the adoption of best operating practices by Western Interconnection entities in order to fill gaps in these practices.

- Expand the scope of Peak Reliability's services to BAs and TOPs necessary to achieve grid reliability. Although follow-up to the September 8 outage ultimately requires coordination between both WECC and Peak Reliability, Peak is uniquely situated to make improvements to its own models and can best assist its member BAs and TOPs to make their modeling efforts more accurate, through the services it provides. To further encourage this important outage follow-up work by Peak Reliability, in 2015, WIRAB will:
  - Continue evaluating Peak Reliability's progress in responding to the
    recommendations from the September 8, 2011 outage report, including
    important work on the coordination of seasonal studies, coordination of
    planned outages, and improving situational awareness of sub-100 kV facilities
    that could potentially impact the reliability of the Bulk Electric System in the
    Western Interconnection. WIRAB will advise Peak Reliability as needed as
    this work progresses.
  - 2. Support Peak Reliability's services to BAs and TOPs, including: (1) the "Hosted Advanced Applications Project" (i.e., the "Idaho Project," where Peak Reliability shares its State Estimator and RTCA results, situational awareness screens, interconnection-wide Network Model and model validation activities, and a platform for conducting and sharing next-day studies with contracting BAs and TOPs); and (2) the "Flow Forecast Tool" (to manage transmission congestion by forecasting transmission flows and minimizing curtailments currently under development and intended for the Northwest Power Pool MC's Phase 3 effort only). WIRAB will continue to evaluate the success of these tools and will advise Peak Reliability on the value, in terms of improved reliability, of making these tools available to all BAs and TOPs within its footprint.
  - 3. Work with industry leaders to highlight high-performing organizations and foster best practices.
- B. Improve WECC's ability to identify, analyze and recommend actions to address major reliability challenges and participate in the analysis of those challenges

Following bifurcation, WECC serves only the Regional Entity (RE) function in the Western Interconnection (while Peak Reliability serves the RC and Interchange Authority

functions). As the RE, WECC is responsible for enforcing reliable grid operations in the Western Interconnection and, in order to perform this job most effectively, must improve its ability to identify, analyze and address reliability challenges. To accomplish this, WECC will need to maintain or expand its existing analytical staff and build on the successful model of WECC's Transmission Expansion Planning and Policy Committee (TEPPC) for stakeholder-driven, transparent, and credible analyses. WECC should also follow the example NERC has set, by identifying and proposing solutions to these challenges, including solutions that may require follow-up actions by other parties.

In addition, WIRAB will be deeply involved in key reliability assessments. For example, WIRAB's January 2014 request that WECC evaluate the reliability of the grid under two different future generation mixes will be a pilot test of the new organization's ability to identify, analyze and make recommendations on major grid reliability challenges. Specifically, WIRAB has requested that WECC study the reliability of the grid under futures with significantly greater variable energy resources than presently expected and with significantly less coal-fired generation than presently expected. With financial support from the State-Provincial Steering Committee and the Department of Energy, this first-of-a-kind interconnection-wide reliability assessment will generate results in late 2014 and early 2015.

In 2015, WIRAB will be involved in the development of this analysis, will examine the study findings and, as appropriate, provide advice to WECC and Peak Reliability on: (1) needed improvements in future grid reliability assessments; and (2) potential changes in reliability standards or practices at WECC, Peak Reliability, and by Registered Entities necessary to reliably operate the Western Interconnection with significantly different generation mixes than today. WIRAB will also communicate with Western Interconnection states and provinces to keep them apprised as this important work unfolds.

In addition, using information from a study currently underway by the State-Provincial Steering Committee, WIRAB will more closely examine the reliability impacts of distributed generation, as well as the reliability impacts from impending regulations from the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) restricting carbon emissions from existing power plants. WIRAB will also examine the adequacy of the combined Western natural gas and electricity systems (including the capability of the gas system to fuel power plants needed to meet ramping requirements driven by changes in load and the output of variable energy resources).

Specifically, in 2015, WIRAB will take on the following activities related to this initiative:

• The grid reliability impacts from the deployment of significant amounts of distributed generation (DG) are not well understood. Grid reliability standards are based on the assumption that power flows from the bulk power system into the distribution system to meet a relatively well understood electricity demand. Advances in DG may undermine this traditional assumption that underlies current reliability standards. New reliability standards may be needed so that grid operators have greater visibility

into generation connected into the distribution system. WIRAB will monitor the expected level of deployment of DG in the Western Interconnection and will identify ways to improve two-way communications between the distribution system and bulk power system.

- WIRAB will build upon the findings from the SPSC's consulting project for technical support in evaluating the implications for Western Interconnection states regarding the draft EPA regulations on greenhouse gas emissions from existing power plants (to be released in June 2014, with state plans due by June 30, 2016).
- WIRAB will examine the potential reliability implications to grid operations
  associated with compliance with EPA's new regulations and will identify how best to
  avoid or mitigate these risks. WIRAB will also evaluate state and/or regional efforts
  to develop compliance plans.
- Offer advice to WECC and Peak Reliability on actions needed to reduce electricity outages due to gas supply disruptions.
- Evaluate actions at FERC, NERC, WECC, Peak Reliability, NAESB, and in different regions of the country to improve coordination at the interface of the natural gas and electric industries (e.g., FERC's "Coordination of the Scheduling Processes of Interstate Natural Gas Pipelines and Public Utilities" NOPR). WIRAB will offer advice on these actions where it is warranted.
- Examine the impact of new generation technologies on the electric side, including "fast-ramping" gas plants (i.e., "fast starts"), and how such advancements may impact system reliability due to an inability to meet gas deliverability needs.

#### C. Create a high performance organization at Peak Reliability

Beginning at its Fall 2013 meeting (and before Peak Reliability began formal operations), WIRAB recommended that in order to ensure grid reliability and that it was a high performance organization, Peak Reliability needed to develop performance metrics for its RC function, as well as for its member BAs and TOPs. Once Peak Reliability began operations in February 2014, it started developing metrics. In 2015, WIRAB will:

- Continue to advise Peak Reliability on its ongoing development and implementation
  of performance metrics for the RC, BAs, and TOPs. In so doing, WIRAB will strive
  to ensure that Peak Reliability's metrics follow Peak's mission and vision of
  supporting grid reliability.
- Advise Peak Reliability to make the results of its "Reliability Performance Scorecards" (metrics for BAs and TOPs) public, where doing so would not reveal

violations of CIP reliability standards, but would encourage the adoption of best operating practices by Western Interconnection entities. Peak Reliability already has plans to make the results of its "Reliability Metrics Dashboard" (metrics for the RC) public, and WIRAB will continue to support that effort.

• In order to communicate entity performance effectively with entities, WIRAB will continue to recommend that Peak Reliability's CEO hold one-on-one meetings with the CEOs of BAs and TOPs, in order to review their "Reliability Performance Scorecard" results and to point out specific areas of high performance and low performance, so that entities in the Western Interconnection can continually improve their operational practices.

# D. Encourage WECC and Peak Reliability to adopt more open and transparent data sharing practices

One of the recommendations stemming from the joint NERC/FERC inquiry into the September 8, 2011 Pacific Southwest outage was that Western Interconnection BAs and TOPs improve their data sharing practices to enable better coordination in the planning and operations time horizons. Before bifurcation, the Universal Non-Disclosure Agreement (UNDA) effectively accomplished this goal. However, once bifurcation became final in February 2014, Peak Reliability effectively "owned" the UNDA, since it was the RC function that originally entered into the agreement with Western Interconnection BAs and TOPs. As a result, the sharing of operational data between Peak Reliability and WECC (which is critical for TEPPC's important transmission expansion and grid reliability analyses at WECC) has become increasingly difficult. Although efforts are currently underway to obtain consents from UNDA signatories to share this data between WECC and Peak Reliability until the UNDA expires in April 2015, WIRAB still believes more flexible data sharing practices should be adopted at Peak and WECC (i.e., resolving data sharing issues between WECC and Peak Reliability solves only the issue of sharing data between these two entities, but does not address the public sharing of data). WIRAB continues to believe the public sharing of data is critical to enable independent researchers to conduct reliability analyses of the Western Interconnection's grid. As this issue continues to grow in importance, in 2015, WIRAB will:

- Continue to encourage more flexible data sharing practices by WECC and Peak
  Reliability. WIRAB will examine best practices in other regions of the country and
  will consider recommendations to WECC and Peak Reliability based on those best
  practices, in order to change the "culture of secrecy" in the Western Interconnection
  and to encourage the adoption of more transparent data sharing practices by entities.
- Facilitate actions to improve data sharing practices in the Western Interconnection including, but not limited to: (1) the potential filing of a Petition for Declaratory Order at FERC; (2) WECC exercising its authority under Section 1600 of the NERC Rules of Procedure to secure data from Registered Entities (independent of Peak

Reliability or the UNDA); (3) modifications to the existing UNDA; and/or (4) the development of a new and improved UNDA.

• Closely evaluate the evolution of data sharing practices between WECC and Peak Reliability to improve reliability and minimize costs to consumers. This will involve WIRAB staff participation on WECC's Information Sharing Policy Task Force, as well as the joint WECC-Peak Reliability Data Sharing Task Force, where WIRAB will continue to advocate for improved data sharing practices between WECC and Peak Reliability, and between both organizations and the public.

#### E. Secure adequate and reliable funding and staffing for Peak Reliability

The RC function in the Western Interconnection has historically struggled with staffing issues – specifically, with staffing the 24/7 shift engineers critical to grid monitoring. This was a concern highlighted by NERC and FERC in their joint September 8, 2011 Pacific Southwest outage investigation, in which the RC function was implicated. In response to the joint recommendations, WECC formed an RC Task Force (RCTF), which released formal recommendations for improving the Western Interconnection's RC function in late 2012. Before bifurcation, WECC began addressing the issues identified in the RCTF's report, including the RC staffing issues. Now that bifurcation is final, Peak Reliability is addressing these critical RC issues and has already made significant progress, with full staffing of shift engineers anticipated by the end of 2015.

WIRAB continues to believe that Section 215 funding is the most reliable and secure funding source for both WECC and Peak Reliability. However, Peak Reliability's bylaws require it to consider alternative funding mechanisms within its first year of operation. Any funding alternative would need to be approved by Peak Reliability's members, Peak Reliability's Board of Directors, and ultimately, FERC. Currently, the Edison Electric Institute is facilitating alternative funding discussions taking place among Class 1 and Class 2 members of Peak Reliability<sup>4</sup>.

To ensure adequate staffing and funding for Peak Reliability going forward, in 2015, WIRAB will:

Continue to assess Peak Reliability's ongoing efforts to respond to the
recommendations from the RCTF report, including the hiring of all necessary shift
engineers to improve the RC's situational awareness and monitoring, as well as the
other non-staffing recommendations from the report (e.g., increasing the capability of
Peak's State Estimator by increasing the number of measurements applied to the

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> There are a total of five "classes" that are members of Peak Reliability (and WECC). States and provinces are Class 5. Class 1 members are defined as "Electric Line of Business Entities owning, controlling, or operating more than one thousand (1,000) circuit miles of transmission lines of 115 kV or higher voltage within the Western Interconnection." Class 2 members are defined as "Electric Line of Business Entities owning, controlling, or operating transmission or distribution lines."

model, resolving discrepancies in the West-Wide System Model and the WECC planning model, and making the best use of synchrophasor data to improve Peak's modeling and monitoring tools). WIRAB will advise Peak Reliability on these efforts as necessary.

Continue evaluating and offering input on the budgets of both WECC and Peak
Reliability. This will include WIRAB advice focused on a need to increase reserves at
both organizations in order to adequately "cover" both organizations in the event of
large, unforeseen contingencies (including large-scale outages such as the September
8, 2011 outage).

# F. Ensure that both Peak Reliability and WECC can effectively identify and disseminate best practices to maintain physical and cyber security of the Western Interconnection

WIRAB supports the identification and dissemination of best practices by both WECC and Peak Reliability. It is WIRAB's position that promoting the adoption of best practices by Registered Entities will be more effective at improving reliability than focusing on the enforcement of mandatory reliability standards alone. Both WECC and Peak Reliability are already working in this area, including WECC's "Entity Report Cards" and Peak's development of entity performance metrics. However, more work remains to be done. To encourage more progress by both WECC and Peak Reliability in the identification and dissemination of best practices to improve grid security and reliability in the Western Interconnection, in 2015, WIRAB will:

- Explore options to current training and audit programs at WECC and Peak Reliability to accelerate the use of best operating practices, including examining successful practices in other regions and industries.
- Continue to review and provide feedback to WECC on its annual Operational Practices survey of Registered Entities and its annual State of the Interconnection report.
- Continue to analyze Peak Reliability's development and implementation of its performance metrics for the RC, BAs, and TOPs, and assess how effectively Peak is using this information to identify and disseminate best practices to its members.
- Advise the CEOs of both Peak Reliability and WECC to continue holding one-on-one
  meetings with entity CEOs to evaluate individual entity performance and effectively
  disseminate best practices to the true "decision-makers" for these entities.
- Evaluate the impact of pending federal legislation in the area of physical and cyber security and assess NERC's, WECC's and Peak Reliability's implementation of any newly-enacted federal legislation in this area.

- Assess Western Interconnection Registered Entities' implementation of, and compliance with, the new CIP version 5 standards and host an educational webinar for Western Interconnection states and provinces on the importance of these new standards and how they differ from the CIP version 4 standards.
- Evaluate the impact of NERC's new physical security standard (CIP-014-1) and host an educational webinar for Western Interconnection states and provinces on this new standard and how entities are proposing to comply with the standard.

#### G. Collaborate with FERC and NERC to Identify Future Grid Reliability Challenges

In 2015, WIRAB will also analyze ongoing work by FERC and NERC that identifies reliability challenges facing North American reliable grid operations— and whether those challenges warrant further examination in the Western Interconnection by WECC and/or Peak Reliability. This work includes, but is not limited to, NERC's "special assessments" (e.g., geomagnetic disturbances, distributed generation performance after a disturbance, and interconnection requirements for variable energy resource integration), and FERC's "technical conferences" (e.g., third party supply of reactive and voltage supply and control). On those topics where WIRAB members show particular interest, WIRAB will host educational webinars for Western Interconnection states and provinces.

WIRAB will also offer advice, as warranted, on important FERC and NERC developments in the area of integrating variable generation and its impacts to grid reliability (e.g., FERC's Order 764 covering 15-minute scheduling, FERC's Order 784 regarding reserve requirements for regulation and frequency response, and NERC's BAL-003 frequency response reliability standard).

#### H. Other Activities

#### 1. Risk-based Standards and Entity Registration

• WIRAB will review NERC's implementation of risk-based standards and risk-based entity registration.

#### 2. Consistency in Standards and the Sharing of Data Across International Borders

- WIRAB will foster consistency in standards and the sharing of data across international borders.
- 3. Deployment of Advanced Grid Monitoring and Operating Technologies

- Building upon the Fall 2013 Western Interconnection Transmission Technology
  Forum, WIRAB will continue to examine why Western Interconnection utilities
  remain hesitant to adopt new transmission technologies and will identify ways in
  which to encourage adoption of these technologies going forward.
- This work will build upon the deployment of Phasor Measurement Units (PMUs, or synchrophasors) in the Western Interconnection, and the ongoing development of tools to use synchrophasor data at Peak Reliability.
- This work will focus on real-time practices, tools, and technologies in the areas of: (1) network models; (2) outage management; (3) next-day studies; (4) RTCA tools; and (5) advanced grid monitoring technologies.

#### 4. Path Ratings

- WIRAB will examine the relationship between WECC's Path Rating and Seasonal Study processes and the implementation of Peak Reliability's methodology for establishing System Operating Limits and Interconnection Reliability Operating Limits.
- This work will build upon the findings of a project by the State-Provincial Steering Committee examining ways to increase power transfers while improving system reliability. The study findings are expected in late 2014 or early 2015.

## II. WIRAB Board Operations

- Hold regular meetings with FERC staff and/or Commissioners.
- Coordinate with WECC and NERC on receipt of revenues to support the 2015 WIRAB budget.
- Develop the 2016 proposed WIRAB business plan and budget.
- Execute annual audit of WIRAB finances.

# III. Meetings and Technical Conferences

- Attend all WECC and Peak Reliability Boards of Directors meetings.
- Participate in all WECC and Peak Reliability Member Advisory Committee (MAC) meetings.
- Attend WECC and Peak Reliability committee and subcommittee meetings on germane issues.
- Attend WECC and Peak Reliability workshops on system operations and standards.
- Attend some, but not all, NERC Board meetings and NERC Member Representatives Committee meetings.
- Attend selected NERC meetings and workshops on relevant topics.
- Monitor all FERC business meetings.
- Attend, by webcast or in person, FERC technical conferences on reliability issues.
- Annually visit with FERC in its offices.

#### IV. WIRAB Educational Seminars and Webinars

 Hold briefings and webinars for WIRAB members and other Western state and provincial officials on reliability issues important to regulatory commissions and energy agencies in the Western Interconnection.

## 2015 Overview of Cost Impacts

WIRAB's proposed 2015 budget is \$1,013,581, a notable increase from the 2014 budget. Total projected FTEs in 2015 are 4. Staffing and indirect costs will increase in 2015 for the following reasons:

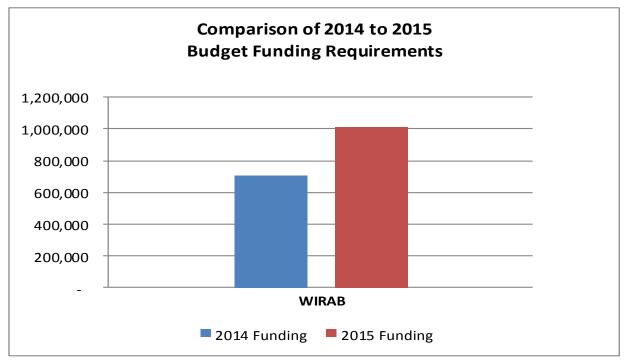
- WIRAB's advice has benefited greatly from the work of the State-Provincial Steering
  Committee, which is funded entirely by the Department of Energy's ARRA grant. Once
  its ARRA funding expires in 2015, the SPSC will likely disband. To continue providing
  well-informed advice, WIRAB will be taking on those reliability-related SPSC activities
  that should be funded by Section 215(j) of the Federal Power Act.
- WIRAB will be monitoring and offering advice on the activities of two regional organizations – WECC and Peak Reliability – rather than just one organization, as it has in the past.
- Changes that may be initiated by the independent Boards of Directors of WECC and Peak Reliability will require monitoring and evaluation by WIRAB.
- Due to WECC and Peak Reliability having independent Boards of Directors, membership
  input is now provided through Member Advisory Committees, or MACs, for both
  organizations. The activities of both MACs will require monitoring and evaluation by
  WIRAB, as well.
- WIRAB will be delving more deeply into actions that Peak Reliability, WECC and the
  industry are taking to rectify the deficiencies in grid operations highlighted by the
  September 8, 2011 Pacific Southwest outage.
- With input from state/provincial energy policy makers and regulators, WIRAB will be considering ways to improve the analysis of the reliability implications of future generation mixes being evaluated by WECC.
- WIRAB will be examining the reliability impacts of reforms to lower the cost of
  integrating variable energy resources and increase system efficiencies, such as
  establishment of a California ISO/PacifiCorp energy imbalance market and development
  of new practices in congestion management (e.g., the Northwest Power Pool MC's Phase
  3 initiative).

The budget includes \$150,000 for contracting for technical expertise on issues related to improved grid operating practices, standards and compliance. This expertise will help WIRAB prepare technically-sound advice under Section 215(j). Travel costs will increase to \$70,700 due to the need for both staff and states/provinces to attend some meetings of both WECC and Peak Reliability. Meeting costs will increase significantly because WIRAB will no longer be able to

rely on meetings of the SPSC to generate input on reliability issues from all state/provincial agencies in the Western Interconnection with electric power responsibilities. To fill this gap, WIRAB will hold two major in-person meetings per year that include participation by state/provincial agencies with electric power responsibilities in the Western Interconnection. Wherever feasible, WIRAB meetings will be coordinated with other meetings of Western states and provinces. A working capital reserve of \$100,000 will be maintained.

The following diagrams depict changes in WIRAB's 2014 and 2015 budgets:

Base Operating Budget	Budget 2014	Projection 2014	Budget 2015	Change 2015 Budget v 2014 Budget	% Change
Western Interconnection Regional	703,700	703,700	1,013,581	309,881	44.0%
Advisory Body TOTAL	703,700	709,200	1,013,581	309,881	44.0%
Working Capital Reserve	(114,792)	(120,292)	45,027	159,819	
Total Funding	588,908	588,908	1,058,608	469,700	79.8%



NOTE: This graphical representation does not include an allocation of working capital requirements among the Program Areas.

#### WIRAB FTE's

Total FTE's by Program Area STATUTORY	Budget 2014	Projection 2014	Direct FTEs 2015 Budget	Shared FTEs1 2015 Budget	Total FTEs 2015 Budget	Change from 2014 Budget
Operational Programs						
WIRAB	2.75	2.75	4.00		4.00	1.25
Total FTEs Operational Programs	2.75	2.75	4.00	-	4.00	1.25
Administrative Programs						
WIRAB (included in indirect expense	-	-	-		-	-
Total FTEs Administrative Programs	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total FTEs	2.75	2.75	4.00	-	4.00	1.25

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>A shared FTE is defined as an employee who performs both Statutory and Non-Statutory functions.

# 2014 Budget and Projection and 2015 Budget Comparisons

unding											
unding		STAT 2014 Budget		P	2014 rojection	2014 v 201	ariance Projection L4 Budget er(Under)		Draft 2015 Budget	Variance 2015 Budget v 2014 Budget Over(Under)	
	ERO Funding										
	NERC Assessments	\$	588,408	\$	588,408	\$	-		1,058,158	\$	469,750
	Penalty Sanctions Total NERC Funding	\$	588,408	\$	588,408	\$	-	\$	1,058,158	\$	469,75
	Mombarchin Duas										
	Membership Dues Testing Fees		-		-		-		-		-
	Services & Software		-		-		-		-		-
	Workshops Interest		500		500	\$	-		450	\$	(5
l d'	Miscellaneous	_	-	_	-		=	_	- 4.050.000		460.70
otal Fundi	ing (A)	\$	588,908	\$	588,908	\$	-	\$	1,058,608	\$	469,70
cpenses	Demonstration and the second s										
	Personnel Expenses Salaries	\$	260,000	\$	260,000	\$	-	\$	387,300	\$	127,30
	Payroll Taxes		-	·	-	·	-		-	·	-
	Benefits Retirement Costs		-		-		-		-		-
	Total Personnel Expenses	\$	260,000	\$	260,000	\$	-	\$	387,300	\$	127,30
	Meeting Expenses										
	Meetings	\$	12,000	\$	18,000	\$	6,000	\$	35,320	\$	23,32
	Travel Conference Calls		40,000		40,000	\$	- (1 200)		70,700	\$	30,70
	Total Meeting Expenses	\$	2,500 <b>54,500</b>	\$	1,200 <b>59,200</b>	\$ <b>\$</b>	(1,300) <b>4,700</b>	\$	5,500 <b>111,520</b>	\$ <b>\$</b>	3,00 <b>57,02</b>
	Operating Expenses  Consultants & Contracts	\$	150,000	\$	150,000	\$	=	\$	150,000	\$	-
	Office Rent		-		-		-		-		-
	Office Costs Professional Services		-		-		-		-		-
	Miscellaneous		-		-		-		-		-
	Depreciation Total Operating Expenses	\$	150,000	\$	150,000	\$	<u> </u>	\$	150,000	\$	<u> </u>
	Total Operating Expenses		130,000		130,000						
	Total Direct Expenses	\$	464,500	\$	469,200	\$	4,700	\$	648,820	\$	184,32
	Indirect Expenses	\$	239,200	\$	240,000	\$	800	\$	364,761	\$	125,56
	Other Non-Operating Expenses	\$		\$		\$	-	\$		\$	-
otal Expe	nses (B)	\$	703,700	\$	709,200	\$	5,500	\$	1,013,581	\$	309,88
hange in <i>l</i>		\$	(114,792)		(120,292)		(5,500)		45,027	\$	159,81
nange iii z	-33613	<u>-</u>	(114,732)	<u> </u>	(120,232)	<del>-</del>	(3,300)	<u> </u>	43,027	<u> </u>	133,01
ixed Asset											
	Depreciation Computer & Software CapEx	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
	Furniture & Fixtures CapEx		-		-		-		-		-
	Equipment CapEx Leasehold Improvements		=		-		-		-		-
	Allocation of Fixed Assets	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
ıc(Dec) in	Fixed Assets ( C )										-
	DGET (=B + C)	\$	703,700	\$	709,200	\$	5,500	\$	1,013,581	\$	309,88
OTAL CHA	NGE IN WORKING CAPITAL (=A-B-C)	\$	(114,792)	\$	(120,292)	\$	(5,500)	\$	45,027	\$	159,81

Approved July 1, 2014

# Projections for 2016 – 2017

WIRAB has developed preliminary operating and fixed asset (capital) budget projections for 2016 and 2017. The following assumptions were included in these projections:

- An increase of one FTE to conduct reliability-related work essential to WIRAB's mission that has been funded under a American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA) grant to the State-Provincial Steering Committee that expires at the end of April 2015.
- An overall personnel expense increase of 3% in 2016 and 2017.
- No increase in consulting services from 2015 levels.
- An increase in travel and meeting expenses to the budgeted levels effective May 2015 (post ARRA grant) and inflationary increases of 5% in meeting and travel expenses in 2016 and 2017.
- No change in working capital that would remain at \$100,000.

Based on these assumptions, WIRAB is projecting a 34.7% increase in 2016 and a 3.3 % increase in 2017. This will allow WIRAB to address the following priorities expected in 2016 and 2017:

- Continue WIRAB's focus on measuring, conveying and improving the reliability
  performance of Registered Entities. Work with WECC, Peak Reliability, and Western
  industry leaders to pursue actions to raise the level of performance by all Registered
  Entities.
- Advocate for and participate in robust analyses of the reliability of the Western
  Interconnection under resource changes, such as coal plant retirements and increasing
  distributed, natural gas and renewable generation. Participate in WECC reliability
  analyses of State Implement Plans required by the proposed EPA rule governing
  greenhouse case emissions from existing power plants.
- Monitor precipitation conditions, and if needed, pursue studies of the reliability implications of an extension of the severe drought in many parts of the West. Analyze the reliability impacts of changing weather conditions throughout the Western Interconnection.
- Monitor progress in implementing physical and cyber security measures and standards.
- Examine the increasing interaction of distribution systems and the bulk power system in the Western Interconnection and determine if new standards or operating procedures are needed. WIRAB's interest is driven by the significant growth of distributed generation in many parts of the West and generation technology trajectories that may accelerate this trend.
- Pursue deployment of new technologies that will improve reliability of the grid, including support for the use of PMU data for monitoring and grid control.
- Examine whether standards and criteria governing transmission path usage in the Western Interconnection should change with the advent of widespread deployment of real-time situational awareness tools such as synchrophasors.

- As necessary, reassess Peak Reliability's performance metrics to determine if the metrics are capturing activities that improve reliability and make recommendations for change.
- Examine the reliability impacts from the implementation of potentially large Energy Imbalance Market(s) in the Western Interconnection.
- Identify looming reliability changes and propose recommendations for ways to address
  those challenges. Participate in, and determine the effectiveness of the proposed WECC
  Reliability Assurance Model to identify, analyze and make recommendations on
  reliability challenges in the Western Interconnection.
- Evaluate the effectiveness and efficiency of WECC and Peak Reliability operations and, as necessary, recommend operational, governance and organizational changes.

23

		20.	ro paager o	s Pro	jecteu zorc	an	d 2017 Budge	ets					
			2015 Budget	-	2016 Projection		\$ Change 16 v 15	% Change 16 v 15		2017 Projection		6 Change 17 v 16	% Change 17 v 16
Funding					•					•			
ERO Fur	nding NERC Assessments	\$	1,058,158	\$	1,364,342	Ś	306,184	28.94%	\$	1,409,547	Ś	45,205	3.29
	Penalty Sanctions	· ·	1,050,150	,	1,501,512	Ÿ	-	20.5 170	,	1,103,317	Ÿ	-	5.2.
Total Ni	ERC Funding	\$	1,058,158	\$	1,364,342	\$	306,184	28.9%	\$	1,409,547	\$	45,205	3.29
	Membership Dues		-				-					-	
	Testing Fees						-					-	
	Services & Software						-					-	
	Workshops						-					-	
	Interest		450		550		100	22.22%		650		100	18.2
Total Funding (	Miscellaneous A)	\$	1,058,608	\$	1,364,892	\$	306,284	28.9%	\$	1,410,197	\$	45,305	3.3
_													
Expenses Personi	nel Expenses												
	Salaries	\$	387,300	\$	539,500	\$	152,200	39.3%	\$	555,700	\$	16,200	3.0
	Payroll Taxes						-					-	
	Benefits						-					-	
	Retirement Costs						-					-	
Total Pe	ersonnel Expenses	\$	387,300	\$	539,500	\$	152,200	39.3%	\$	555,700	\$	16,200	3.09
Meetin	g Expenses												
	Meetings	\$	35,320	\$	58,000	\$	22,680	64.2%	\$	60,900		2,900	5.0
	Travel		70,700		96,600		25,900	36.6%		101,430		4,830	5.0
Tatal NA	Conference Calls	_	5,500		8,254	,	2,754	50.1%	_	8,667	<u> </u>	413	5.0
TOTAL IVI	eeting Expenses	\$	111,520	\$	162,854	\$	51,334	46.0%	\$	170,997	<u> </u>	8,143	5.09
Operati	ing Expenses												
	Consultants & Contracts Office Rent	\$	150,000	\$	150,000		-	0.0%	\$	150,000		-	0.0
	Office Costs						-					-	
	Professional Services						_					_	
	Miscellaneous						-					-	
	Depreciation						-					-	
Total O	perating Expenses	\$	150,000	\$	150,000	\$	-	0.0%	\$	150,000	\$	-	0.0
	Total Direct Expenses	\$	648,820	\$	852,354	\$	203,534	31.4%	\$	876,697	\$	24,343	2.99
Indirect	Expenses	\$	364,761	\$	512,538	\$	147,777	40.5%	\$	533,500	\$	20,962	4.1
Other N	Non-Operating Expenses					\$			_				
		_											
Total Expenses	(B)	\$	1,013,581	\$	1,364,892	\$	351,311	34.7%	\$	1,410,197	—	45,305	3.3
Change in Asse	ts	\$	45,027	\$	-	\$	(45,027)	-100.0%	\$	-	\$	-	
Fixed Assets	ation					\$				-	\$		
Depreci	ation er & Software CapEx					۶	-				ş	-	
	re & Fixtures CapEx						-					-	
	ent CapEx						-					-	
	old Improvements						-					-	
Allocati	ion of Fixed Assets												
Inc(Dec) in Fixe	d Assets ( C )	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-		\$	-	\$		#DIV/0!

Approved July 1, 2014

# Section A – Statutory Programs 2015 Business Plan and Budget



#### Section A — 2015 Business Plan

#### **Western Interconnection Regional Advisory Body**

<b>WIRAB</b> (in whole dollars)	2014 Budget	2015 Budget	Increase (Decrease)
Total FTEs	2.75	4.00	1.25
Direct Expenses	\$ 464,500	\$ 648,820	\$ 184,320
Indirect Expenses	\$ 239,200	\$ 364,761	\$ 125,561
Other Non-Operating Expenses	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Inc(Dec) in Fixed Assets	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Total Funding Requirement	\$ 703,700	\$ 1,013,581	\$ 309,880

#### **Program Scope and Functional Description**

Western governors created WIRAB to provide advice to FERC, NERC and WECC on whether standards, budgets and fees, compliance, assessments, strategic direction and other activities conducted pursuant to Section 215 are just, reasonable, not unduly discriminatory or preferential, and in the public interest. Effective February 12, 2014, WECC bifurcated into WECC and Peak Reliability and FERC has acknowledged WIRAB's authority to advise Peak Reliability on these same issues.<sup>5</sup>

WIRAB meetings are open to all. There are regular meetings via web conferencing and topical webinars. In 2015, there will be two in-person meetings. These meetings are expected to be held in April and October.

# Funding Sources and Requirements — Explanation of Increase (Decrease)

Funding Sources (Other than ERO Assessments)

• Interest income will be \$50 lower due to continued low interest rates and a reduction in the carry-over amount.

#### Personnel Expenses

• Total expenses for salaries will increase from \$260,000 to \$387,300 due to the hiring of additional staff. Payroll taxes, Benefits, and Retirement Costs are included in Indirect Costs and are detailed in Table B-4 on Page 31.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> "[D]eference to WIRAB is appropriate here because Peak Reliability funding implicates the following topics listed in FPA section 215(j) on which a Regional Advisory Body may give advice: 'governance of an existing or proposed regional entity ... [and] whether fees proposed to be assessed within the region are just, reasonable, not unduly discriminatory or preferential, and in the public interest.'" FERC Order on Rehearing, Docket No. EL13-52 et al., P. 46 (Dec. 6, 2013).

#### Meeting Expenses

- Travel costs will increase by \$30,700 due to increased state/provincial and staff travel. There will be two major WIRAB meetings per year, additional travel to WECC and Peak Reliability Board meetings and Member Advisory Committee meetings, and NERC and FERC meetings.
- Meeting expenses will increase by \$23,320. There will be at least two major meetings in 2015. Additionally, meeting costs (including costs for audio-visual, meeting room internet access, and meeting room rental) will increase. These meetings will be central to the development of well-informed WIRAB advice that reflects the collective judgment of state and provincial electric power experts on actions that FERC, NERC, WECC and Peak Reliability should take to support improved grid reliability and that are just, reasonable, not unduly discriminatory or preferential, and in the public interest.
- Conference call expenses will increase by \$3,000 due to an increasing need to hold conference calls and webinars on critical issues between WIRAB meetings.

#### **Operating Expenses**

• The budget includes \$150,000 (no change) for contracting for technical expertise on issues related to standards and compliance. This expertise will help WIRAB prepare technically-sound advice under Section 215(j).

#### **Indirect Expenses**

• Indirect expenses are based on direct labor expenses. Due to additional staffing for WIRAB in 2015, labor expenses will increase by 49 percent. This has a direct impact on total indirect expenses. Indirect expenses will increase by 52 percent. The indirect rate includes all office expenses such as rent, phone, internet and supplies, as well as all personnel expenses other than direct salaries, such as payroll taxes, benefits, retirement, and vacation, sick and holiday leave. We know rent/phone/internet will increase in 2015. There will also be increases in payroll taxes and benefits. Therefore, indirect expenses are estimated to increase by 52 percent. If the actual increase is lower, then indirect rate will also be lower.

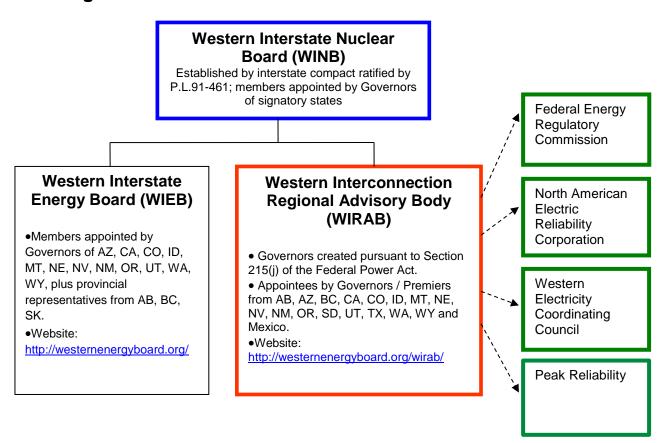
#### Other Non-Operating Expenses

• None

#### Fixed Asset Additions

None

### **2015 Organizational Chart**



Approved July 1, 2014 27

# Section B – Supplemental Financial Information 2015 Business Plan and Budget



Approved July 1, 2014 28

# Section B — Supplemental Financial Information Reserve Balance

Table B-1

	Working Capital Reserve Analysis 2014-2015	
STATUTORY		
	Beginning Working Capital Reserve (Deficit), December 31, 2013	169,765
	Plus: 2014 Funding (from LSEs or designees)	588,408
	Plus: 2014 Other funding sources	500
	Less: 2014 Projected expenses & capital expenditures	(703,700)
	Projected Working Capital Reserve (Deficit), December 31, 2013	54,973
	Desired Working Capital Reserve, December 31, 2015	100,000
	Minus: Projected Working Capital Reserve, December 31, 2014	54,973
	Increase(decrease) in funding requirement to achieve Working Capital Reserve	45,027
	=	,
	2015 Expenses and Capital Expenditures	1,013,581
	Less: Penalty Sanctions <sup>2</sup>	0
	Less: Other Funding Sources	(450)
	Adjustment to achieve desired Working Capital Reserve	45,027
	2015 NERC Assessment	1,058,158

On June 29, 2009 WIRAB membera approved a desired working capital reserve of \$100,000. The reserve consists of the following components: \$100,000 for contingencies.

## **Explanation of Changes in Reserve Policy from Prior Years**

None

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Penalty sanctions are not applicable to WIRAB

### **Breakdown by Statement of Activity Sections**

The following detailed schedules are in support of Table 1, of the 2015 WIRAB Business Plan and Budget. All significant variances have been disclosed by program area in the preceding pages.

# **Penalty Sanctions**

Not applicable to WIRAB

#### **Personnel Expenses**

Table B-4

Personnel Expenses	Budget 2014	Projection 2014	Budget 2015	Variance 015 Budget v 2014 Budget	Variance %
Total Salaries	\$ 260,000	\$ 260,000	\$ 387,300	\$ 127,300	49.0%
Total Payroll Taxes	-	-	-	-	
Total Benefits	-	-	-	-	
Total Retirement	-	-	-	-	
Total Personnel Costs	\$ 260,000	\$ 260,000	\$ 387,300	\$ 127,300	49.0%
FTEs	2.85	2.80	4.00	1.15	40.4%
Cost per FTE					
Salaries	\$ 91,228	\$ 92,857	\$ 96,825	5,597	6.1%
Payroll Taxes	7,207	7,336	7,649	442	6.1%
Benefits	9,488	9,657	10,070	582	6.1%
Retirement	6,842	6,964	7,262	420	6.1%
Total Cost per FTE	\$ 114,765	\$ 116,814	\$ 121,806	\$ 7,041	6.1%

#### Explanation of Significant Variances – 2015 Budget versus 2014 Budget

With the bifurcation of WECC, there is increased workload for WIRAB in terms of monitoring and advising WECC and Peak Reliability. There will be additional staff hired to work on WIRAB issues. Additionally, due to the expiration of ARRA funding in April 2015 for the SPSC's important work (which has historically provided input into WIRAB's advice under Section 215(j) of the Federal Power Act to NERC, FERC, and WECC), there will be a need for WIRAB to take over SPSC's reliability-focused activities post-April 2015.

#### **Consultants and Contracts**

WIRAB is budgeting \$150,000 for consultants and contracts in 2015, the same amount as in 2014. WIRAB will acquire technical consulting services related to deficiencies and best practices in operation of the grid by Generator Owners, Generator Operators, Transmission Operators, Balancing Authorities, and the Reliability Coordinator.

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# Section C – Non-Statutory Activities 2015 Business Plan and Budget



# Section C — 2015 Non-Statutory Business Plan and Budget

None

Approved July 1, 2014

# Section D – Additional Consolidated Financial Statements 2015 Business Plan and Budget



# **Section D**

# 2014 Consolidated Statement of Activities by Program, Statutory and Non-Statutory

### **Statement of Financial Position**

	As of Dece	ember 31, 2013	As of I	December 31, 2014,	As of D	ecember 2015,
	(per July	(per July 2012 -		projected		budgeted
	June 20	13 audit)				
ASSETS						
Cash and Investments	\$	169,765	\$	100,000	\$	100,000
Total Assets	\$	169,765	\$	100,000	\$	100,000

Approved July 1, 2014

# NORTH AMERICAN ELECTRIC RELIABILITY CORPORATION

# 2015 BUSINESS PLAN AND BUDGET FILING

# **ATTACHMENT 8**

DISCUSSION OF COMMENTS RECEIVED

DURING DEVELOPMENT OF NERC'S

2015 BUSINESS PLAN AND BUDGET

#### **ATTACHMENT**

#### DISCUSSION OF COMMENTS RECEIVED DURING DEVELOPMENT OF NERC'S 2015 BUSINESS PLAN AND BUDGET

During the preparation of its 2015 Business Plan and Budget, NERC posted several drafts on its website for stakeholder review and comment. Formal comments were solicited on the first and second drafts. The final draft was posted as part of the agenda for the open Finance and Audit Committee meeting, during which an opportunity for comments from stakeholders was provided. In addition, the NERC Board of Trustees invited stakeholders to provide policy input on the 2014 Business Plan and Budget. Copies of the comments and policy input received were posted on NERC's website.<sup>1</sup>

Comments on Draft #1 of the NERC Business Plan and Budget were received from Edison Electric Institute ("EEI"), the Canadian Electricity Association ("CEA"), the National Rural Electric Cooperative Association, the Northwest Public Power Association, and (jointly) the American Public Power Association, the Large Public Power Council and the Transmission Access Policy Study Group. Comments on Draft #2 of the NERC Business Plan and Budget were received from EEI and the CEA. NERC regarded these comments as generally supportive, although commenters raised some specific issues and questions. As NERC considered participation in the Cyber Risk Information Sharing Program, the comments included questions about the impacts of and funding for CRISP. NERC addressed the comments and questions in its final Business Plan and Budget, as well as during the webinar presentation associated with the posting of Draft #2 of its Business Plan and Budget and during the final presentation of its recommended Business Plan and Budget before the NERC Finance and Audit Committee at its open August 13, 2014 meeting.

During the February 2014 meetings of the NERC Member Representatives Committee and Board of Trustees, management indicated it would be developing and posting an Accountability Matrix to track stakeholder recommendations and policy input, as well as management's actions and response to this input. The Accountability Matrix is posted on NERC's Website on the Business Plan and Budget page<sup>2</sup> and will be updated on a quarterly basis. The remainder of this Attachment is the most recently-updated version of the Accountability Matrix, updated as of August 12, 2014. It shows NERC's responses and action items to the stakeholder comments received on Draft #1 and Draft #2 of the 2015 Business Plan and Budget, as well as NERC's responses and action items to policy input received from stakeholders.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Copies of the comments received on the posted drafts of the 2015 Business Plan and Budget are available at: <a href="http://www.nerc.com/gov/bot/FINANCE/Pages/2015NERCBusinessPlanandBudget.aspx">http://www.nerc.com/gov/bot/FINANCE/Pages/2015NERCBusinessPlanandBudget.aspx</a>. The policy input received is available at: <a href="http://www.nerc.com/gov/bot/Pages/Agenda-Highlights-and-Minutes-.aspx">http://www.nerc.com/gov/bot/Pages/Agenda-Highlights-and-Minutes-.aspx</a>.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Available at: http://www.nerc.com/gov/bot/Documents/2014%20Stakeholder%20Input%20Matrix%20Tracking August\_2014.pdf.

#### **ERO Enterprise Strategic Plan, 2014-2017**

**Goal 5:** Improve transparency, consistency, quality, and timeliness of results; operate as a collaborative enterprise; and improve efficiencies and cost-effectiveness.

**Objective 5a** – The ERO acts in a coordinated and collaborative manner with stakeholders.

**Key deliverable** – Maintain a list of suggestions and recommendations made by stakeholders (e.g., through policy input) and ERO responses to each.

Entity / Stakeholder (Date)		Stakeholder Comment (Abridged version)	Action/Response and Notes
Business Plan 8 Budget (Draft 2 comments)		CEA recommends that, where NERC management makes trade-offs or conducts prioritization exercises to help mitigate the impact of new initiatives or requirements, NERC provide greater disclosure of the risks considered, the business impacts, and quantitative impacts of the options considered.	NERC will take this into consideration in the development of the 2016 BP&B.
		For purposes of future budget cycles, CEA recommends that NERC publish projected entity assessments so they are available to entities and can assist in informing comments on the draft budget.	Providing assessment information on an individual load serving entity basis earlier will require that NERC receive updated NEL data from the Regional Entities earlier and this will be difficult given timing of business plan and budget cycle.
		CEA agrees that this sharing formula may need to be refined based on experience and participation, and would support discussion to this effect as part of the 2016 budget cycle. Moreover, with the CRISP budget for the ES-ISAC appearing to assume a certain number of program participants, CEA believes that any funding shortfall risk related to subcontracting or other relevant costs should not be borne by NERC.	The contracts which are being negotiated take this into consideration. NERC will not be in a position of taking the risk of future utility participation.
		CEA recommends that NERC develop projections of ongoing CRISP-related costs, and provide these in the final draft of the 2015 budget.  As the 2015 budget is finalized, CEA respectfully recommends that NERC examine options for efficiencies or trade-offs to offset cost impacts associated with CRISP.	NERC has included a discussion of the CRISP projections in the final draft of the 2015 BP&B.  NERC undertook this examination in arriving at the proposal for limited CRISP funding through assessments.
CEA	Business Plan & Budget (Draft 1 comments)	Concerned about facing an assessment increase of a substantial margin. Looks for greater stability in NERC assessments.	Considerable efforts were undertaken by NERC and the Regional Entities to minimize assessment impacts. An initiative is also being launched to stabilize assessments and reduce the swings experienced by the industry from year to year.

		The absence of 2016 and 2017 projections makes it difficult to assess whether NERC's proposed resource needs are isolated to 2015 or reflect a longer-term direction towards a steady state in NERC funding requirements.  Would appreciate demonstration of reprioritization of existing NERC initiatives to accommodate high-priority reliability risk projects, relative to priority level.	The information provided in the updated version of the composite budget will include projections for 16-17, reflecting ongoing budget stabilization initiatives.  The BP&B identifies current priorities, including those identified through various stakeholder processes, rather than the work that has been deferred or curtailed.
		Encourages identifying activities that can be deferred – reflecting a maturation in NERC's prioritization process and further clarifying which NERC activities are core priorities and which are lesser ones.	This budget reflects conscious decisions to defer or delay action on certain Program Area activities to balance resource demand and available resources within budget constraints.
		Prefers to see NERC weigh the additional costs for ES-ISAC activity (in terms of CRISP deployment and physical separation of the ES-ISAC) against other expenses and make the difficult judgment call as to which take precedence and which can be deferred.	NERC's Finance and Audit Committee and Board of Trustees will consider this and all information, together with feedback from stakeholders, in connection with the review and approval of NERC's 2015 business plan and budget. Given the significance of this undertaking and the special funding arrangements being proposed, this information is being presented as a separate addendum to the July 15, 2014 business plan and budget rather than being directly incorporated into the July 15, 2014 updated draft of NERC's 2015 business plan and budget which is being posted contemporaneously with the posting of this addendum.
		Typo on page 4, under "International Relations." Standards are approved in Alberta in accordance with the Transmission Regulation (not Transportation Regulation).	Corrected in final draft.
EEI	Business Plan & Budget (Draft 1 comments)	Suggests NERC consider removing Right-of-Way Clearances and 345kV Breaker Failures from the "High Priority" Project list or acknowledge the improvements made by the Industry in these areas.	These items are 'monitoring' items, to ascertain the effectiveness of the reliability actions put in place, recognize the extensive industry response well along the way to sustainable posture.

		Questions whether alignment between registration and the newly approved BES Definition should really be identified as a "High Priority" since we are unaware of any imminent risks associated with entity registration.	RBR is focused on ensuring that registered entities are appropriately registered and assigned the proper set of standards to ensure reliability. RBR is complementary to, and aligned with, the BES Definition. Ensuring effectiveness and efficiencies in program areas and driving consistent application throughout the ERO Enterprise are properly high priorities for the ERO Enterprise. As the RBR work continues, we will ensure that we articulate the relationship with the BES Definition.
NRECA	Business Plan & Budget (Draft 1 comments)	Requests that the BP&B clearly state that all entities which have signed up for ES-ISAC portal access, not only NERC registered entities, will receive and have access to CRISP and other security information and analysis at no additional cost above the net energy for load assessment.  Requests that NERC clarify who is an ES-ISAC member (any entity who signs up and is approved for ES-ISAC portal access). In the third line of the "Secure Bidirectional Communications" section, NRECA requests that "registered entities" be replaced with "ES-ISAC members" as NRECA understands the term.	Final draft of BP&B makes clear that ES-ISAC registered users will have access to CRISP derived data.  Corrected in final draft.
APPA/LPPC/ TAPS	Business Plan & Budget (Draft 1 comments)	Encourage NERC to consider developing a policy and accounting methods to normalize the impact of extraordinary revenue and expense items that exceed some threshold. In particular, penalty revenues received in a particular year may have an outsized impact on NERC and Regional Entity assessments, by reducing assessments in one year, only to have such assessments balloon upward in the next year as those credits disappear and expenses increase.	NERC and the regional entities are working on policies to stabilize assessments to industry and reduce the swings currently experienced. This has been discussed on recent Finance and Audit Committee Calls and will continue to be a focus.
NWPPA	Business Plan & Budget (Draft 1 comments)	Encourage NERC to consider developing a policy and accounting methods to normalize the impact of extraordinary revenue and expense items that exceed predetermined threshold criteria. In particular, penalty revenues received in a particular year may have an outsized impact on NERC and Regional Entity assessments, by reducing assessments in one year, only to have such assessments balloon upward in the next year as those credits disappear and expenses increase. Spreading such revenues over a multi-year period may make more sense for load-serving entity budgeting purposes and provide better transparency at the RE level.	NERC and the regional entities are working on policies to stabilize assessments to industry and reduce the swings currently experienced. This has been discussed on recent Finance and Audit Committee Calls and will continue to be a focus.
		NWPPA supports the efforts of NERC exploring the various options to share sensitive information with the utility industry. NWPPA also supports NERC as the focal point for the collection and sharing of this sensitive data with the utility community. While we are supportive of the concept, these types of efforts can easily become expansive and expensive. NERC needs to evaluate each approach for collecting and sharing of sensitive data for reasonableness and cost effectiveness, as ultimately the costs will be borne by the utilities in the respective Regions.	ES-ISAC is reviewing the classification and categorization of information that will inform how NERC gathers information and makes it available to industry.

CEA (April 2014)	Business Plan & Budget (ES-ISAC)	<ul> <li>Requests clarity regarding the alternative voluntary funding for ES-ISAC:         <ul> <li>What are the reliability benefits of the expanded capability?</li> <li>Are there questions/ concerns regarding fair allocation of costs under the ES-ISAC's funding structure?</li> <li>Is there a risk of establishing a precedent for seeking outside, voluntary funding for an activity under NERC's statutory functions?</li> <li>How will NERC ensure registrants do not unfairly subsidize the expanded activities where other entities derive a benefit?</li> <li>Do all of the separate pieces of the proposal have to be covered under new, supplemental outside funding? Suggests drawing on NERC reserves to cover a portion of these expenses.</li> <li>What decision-making mechanisms has NERC implemented to guide the transition towards an alternate funding mechanism?</li> <li>How do the estimated expenses associated with supplemental ES-ISAC funding fit into the overall ERO budget?</li> </ul> </li> <li>Imperative for the debate around the ES-ISAC's existing funding and governance</li> </ul>	See draft 2 and final draft of the Business Plan and Budget.  Funding and governance structure addressed in the
	NERC Five-Year Performance	structure be settled before committing to additional funding for expanded ES-ISAC capabilities and operations.  Requests including more detail around, or basic acknowledgment of, growth in NERC's budget, stakeholders' enduring concerns and NERC's plans to control	Business Plan and Budget.  Annual business plans and budgets and presentations have reflected and will continue to reflect ongoing
EEI (April 2014)	Assessment Business Plan & Budget (ES-ISAC)	costs going forward in the five-year assessment.  Propose additional stakeholder outreach regarding ES-ISAC's proposed 2015 budget, including a breakdown of scope of work, costs and timing, for its role in	See draft 2 of the Business Plan and Budget.
IRC (April 2014)	Business Plan & Budget	CRISP to help inform and expedite the funding approach suggested.  Need more information with respect to how the alternative funding mechanism, to support expanded security capabilities, relates to the overall NERC fee structure and the risk of unfunded mandates.	See draft 2 of the Business Plan and Budget.
NPCC (April 2014)	Business Plan & Budget	Recommends that the NERC 2015 Business Plan include descriptions of NERC's oversight role to provide better certainty to performance metrics and that NERC include the projected resource impacts to registered entities of proposed initiatives in its annual business plans.  Recommends that the sharing of security information be funded within the	NERC's oversight role is explained in a number of areas throughout the BP&B. Additional detail for the oversight program will be developed as part of implementation of the ERO enterprise operating model action items. Work to assess projected resource impacts on registered entities is ongoing.  To be considered by NERC management in the
		NERC budget.	development of the 2 <sup>nd</sup> draft of the 2015 BP&B.
NRECA (April 2014)	Business Plan & Budget (ES-ISAC)	Requests clarification that the alternative funding mechanism for expanded security capabilities is not a pay to play arrangement. Information gained with any new capabilities should be shared with all industry participants regardless of whether financial support is provided.	Addressed in the 2 <sup>nd</sup> draft and final postsing of the 2015 BP&B.

Sector 4 (April 2014)	Business Plan & Budget (ES-ISAC)	Requests further investigation into the feasibility of ES-ISAC participation in the CFM and CRISP programs, and to share with stakeholder's probable costs and benefits at a future date.	Addressed in the 2 <sup>nd</sup> draft and final postsing of the 2015 BP&B.
		If voluntary funding is pursued, requests that NERC guarantee that no entity could buy a benefit for itself.	Addressed in the 2 <sup>nd</sup> draft and final postsing of the 2015 BP&B.
Sector 12 (April 2014)	Business Plan & Budget	Requests further update regarding efforts in 2014 relative to cost-benefit tools incorporated into NERC activities, including the status of the CEAP project.  Concerned that some of the expedited standard setting processes in play right now will shift focus away from this important initiative to quantify the impact of NERC standards.	The BP&B describes the development of a two-phased Cost Effective Analysis Process (CEAP) to ensure that the standards development process produces standards that cost-effectively address reliability gaps. The first phase of the CEAP is implemented during the Standards Authorization Request (SAR) stage to determine the cost impact of a proposed standard and whether it will meet or exceed an adequate level of reliability. The second phase is completed later in the standard development process to determine cost effectiveness of the proposed approach and offer the industry an opportunity to identify more cost efficient solutions.  NERC and the Standards Committee are now reviewing the results of the pilot effort determining the usefulness of this approach, and enhancements needed towards measuring potential benefits from Reliability Standards. A CEAP team, comprised of NERC Standards Committee and Standards Committee Process Subcommittee members, along with industry and NERC staff, continue to participate in the CEAP to promote information sharing and consensus and alleviate concerns regarding cost and effectiveness.
SERC (April 2014)	Business Plan & Budget (ES-ISAC)	Recommends that the ES-ISAC be required to present a robust business plan that ensures goals are sustainably deliverable.	See draft 2 of the Business Plan and Budget.
SM-TDUs (April 2014)	Business Plan & Budget (ES-ISAC)	Expanded funding should be included within NERC's section 215 Business Plan and Budget and annual assessments to load-serving entities.  If and when NERC or the ES-ISAC undertakes analytical projects that do not provide broad benefits to the electricity sector as a whole, those costs should be directly assigned to the beneficiaries, with the revenues received credited to NERC's operating reserves, thereby reducing next year's NERC budget	Addressed in the 2 <sup>nd</sup> draft and final posting of the 2015 BP&B.  See draft 2 and final draft of the Business Plan and Budget.
			Buaget.

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<b>CEA</b> (Jan 2014)	Business Plan & Budget	Goal 4: Determine if there can be a deliverable to identify and develop a suite of tools to address reliability issues (as alternatives to standards).	Under consideration by NERC management and referred to RISC and standing committees for input.
		Goal 5: Recognize the obligations to all applicable governmental authorities and modify to indicate "all applicable authorities".	Agreed. Processes are in place to coordinate with both US and Canadian government authorities.
	Strategic Plan	Requests that NERC present # of new or modified standards to NERC BOT for approval.	Addressed in the standards development plan.
<b>EEI</b> (Jan 2014)	Business Plan & Budget	Include a strategic internal management goal with clear accountability of goals and objectives, deliverables and meaningful metrics.	Already in place with integration of NERC metrics to NERC performance management system.
	Business Plan & Budget	Map existing program area plans and processes to strategic plan. Specifically, how NERC's plan complements or conflicts with the standards development work plan or the RISC's proposal to address reliability issues.	NERC's priorities for the standards review process are addressed on an ongoing basis and reflected in the Reliability Standards Development Plan developed in collaboration with the Standards Committee. RISC coordination is ongoing in 2014 and will be reflected in plans for 2015.
	Business Plan & Budget	Align various metrics with goals and deliverables.  • Set clear and measurable metrics for regulatory outreach and advocacy.	Regulatory outreach and advocacy are embedded in our normal work processes and aligned with key initiatives. Consideration to specific metrics for this area will be given for future years.
SM-TDUs (Jan 2014)	Business Plan & Budget	Define measures by which the Regional Entities and NERC will evaluate entity risk (as part of RAI).	Will be addressed in the ongoing implementation and development of RAI.
NRECA (Jan 2014)	Business Plan & Budget	Recommend replacing BPS with BES throughout the plan	Adopted. NERC updated the Board approved (Feb 6) Strategic Plan replacing BPS throughout.
		Goal 1: Include the SC role and focus on retiring standards and requirements that are not needed to support BES reliability.  Goal 2: Include deliverable to add a deregistration process for currently	The Standards Committee's role in the standards review process will be addressed as part of developing the long term quality review process.  Adopted. NERC updated the Board approved (Feb 6)
		registered entities that have a change. Also add a deliverable that requires development of a single document/resource that describes RAI.	Strategic Plan adding deregistration.
		Goal 4: Add SC responsibilities.	Standards Committee's responsibilities in the standards development process will be addressed on an ongoing basis.
	Strategic Plan	Consider the challenges of too many initiatives in play at any one time and focus on doing less, better.	Agree and will continue to work with stakeholders to pace initiatives.
EPSA (Jan 2014)	Business Plan & Budget	Combine metric 1 and 2. These metrics seem interrelated as to not represent two different metrics to score and evaluate.	Not adopted. Metric 1 measures the effectiveness of the ERO Enterprise to influence reliability overall as measured by the frequency and severity of events.  Metric 2 focuses on conducting analysis of severe

ELCON (Jan 2014)	Business Plan & Budget	<ul> <li>Encourage specific metrics to allow the measurement of:</li> <li>Maintain a list of suggestions made by stakeholders and ERO responses</li> <li>Engage expertise of stakeholders in reliability initiatives</li> <li>Implement collaborative governance (ERO and Regions) bound by consensus</li> </ul>	events to assess whether there are gaps in reliability standards as currently in force or compliance monitoring on the part on the ERO. Both metrics are focused on accountability of the ERO Enterprise to influence reliability and reduce the occurrence of severe events.  1. Not appropriate for a "metric," but we agree conceptually.  2. Not appropriate for a "metric," but engagement of industry expertise and stakeholders is an essential component of the ERO mission.  3. Not appropriate for a "metric," but that governance exists in the form of the ERO EMG, which is comprised of the CEOs of all nine entities.
Standards Committee, Brian Murphy (Jan 2014)	Business Plan & Budget	Goal 1: Revise to align with the RSDP and SC's work plan (refer to policy input attachment)	Adopted.
<b>NPCC</b> (Jan 2014)	Business Plan & Budget	Recommends the implementation of the registration framework and criteria be advanced to 2015 to better align with the implementation of the BES definition.	To be considered during the registration initiative project and will be reflected in the development of the 2015 BP&B if time permits.
	RRM	Recommends prioritization be given to the development of a secure portal to enable confidential sharing of post-event report.	The portal is in place as is the process for vetting and gaining permission from entities.
	List of approved risk projects for metric 3	Limit any risk project related to resource adequacy assessments of the reliability impacts of planned resource capacity and projected reserve margins.	That is the intent of that RISC identified project. Resource adequacy was not selected as a major 2014 risk project for the ERO Enterprise. Will be considered in future updates to the risk projects.
<b>SERC</b> (Jan 2014)	Business Plan & Budget	Encourages ERO Enterprise to conduct a clean slate review of the strategic plan's content with a particular focus beyond the current 3 year horizon.	To be discussed with ERO EMG.
		Encourages further coordination of processes and timelines for "feeder" activities which are significant inputs into the business planning processes (RISC, LTRA, etc.).	Will be addressed in ongoing improvement to BP&B process between NERC and the Regional Entities.
MRC BP&B Input Group (Jan 2014)	Business Plan & Budget	Add important MRC meeting and conference call dates to BP&B schedule.	NERC staff updated BP&B schedule prior to the Jan 30 Finance and Audit Committee meeting to reflect this input.

Entity / Stakeholder (Date)		Stakeholder Comment (Abridged version)	Action/Response and Notes
Other In	put – Related	d to ERO Enterprise Activities and Priorities	
RISC (Jan 2014)	Business Plan & Budget	Encourages the inclusion of more explicit focus on reliability risk management and RISC's priority recommendations in the BP&B.	RISC intends to produce its next recommendations in February 2015 for the 2016 BP&B.
<b>SERC</b> (Jan 2014)	Business Plan & Budget	Resource needs and budgets should reflect the stable nature of the enterprise. Effectiveness parameters, including cost, should be established for ERO activities.	Addressed through the coordination and development of the NERC and Regional Entities BP&Bs.
Texas RE (Jan 2014)	Business Plan & Budget	Requests there be additional clarity and transparency regarding amounts that the Regional Entities will be expected to expend to support specific enterprise efforts.  • If particular ERO-level projects are required the amounts should be identified and incorporated into the Regional Entities' budgets.	Addressed through the coordination and development of the NERC and Regional Entities BP&Bs.
NPCC (Jan 2014)	Business Plan & Budget	Identify "benefits" associated with standards to provide more information surrounding standards' costs vs. benefits.	Efforts are underway to consider cost benefit in the standards development process.
		Work with the Rise on an approach that expands on the saite of tools.	NERC uses various forms to address reliability issues: RISC, technical committees, and staff analysis. NERC has a suite of tools at its disposal to address reliability issues when identified to include, but not limited to, technical committee guidelines, NERC advisories and alerts, webinars, training, lessons learned, and various reliability assessments.
IRC ISO/RTO (Jan 2014)	2014 Metrics	Consider developing a structured approach and metrics for exploring and applying alternative approaches to standards  Work with the RISC on an approach that expands on the suite of tools.	Under consideration by NERC management and referred to RISC and standing committees for input.
ELCON (Jan 2014)	Business Plan & Budget	Specific "IT solution" benefits to Registered Entities should be quantified through cost savings in dollars. Strongly encourages restraint in the amount that will be proposed and recommends keeping the amount level if not reduced.	Reviewed in the context of the annual BP&B process.
<b>Sector 4</b> (Jan 2014)	Business Plan & Budget	Consider cost impacts to industry. There are mounting pressures to manage costs and minimize rate impacts to customers. NERC must ensure resources are spent appropriately.	Reviewed in the context of the annual BP&B process.
<b>EEI</b> (Jan 2014)	Business Plan & Budget	Describe/ address budget and cost management, coordination among the core operational areas and duplicative activities among the Regions.  Consider cost-benefit analysis, similar to Standards, to help inform decision-making and determine priorities for limited resources.	Reviewed in the context of the annual BP&B process.

CEA (April 2014)	RSAW Review and Revision Process	<ul> <li>Requests clarification in subsequent refinements to the draft RSAW process:</li> <li>An RSAW should not change the scope or intent of a standard. Delete the word "material".</li> <li>Clarify that RSAW changes cannot increase compliance requirements.</li> <li>Provide examples of what is deemed to be a "substantive" revision.</li> <li>Provide some type of implementation schedule.</li> <li>Provide justification if SOTC chair of full SOTC determines no action is required for the remaining comments submitted to them for review. Identify an appeal process beyond the SOTC for entities which feel that their comments or concerns have not been adequately addressed by either the SOTC Chair or the full SOTC.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>The final version of the process has been revised to:</li> <li>Remove the terms material and substantive.</li> <li>Clarify the wording around changes increasing compliance requirements.</li> <li>Allow for an implementation schedule.</li> <li>Include a requirement for the SOTC chair to notify industry the status of his/her review and for NERC to post a summary of the SOTC's determination.</li> <li>Final version is being implemented by NERC's Compliance Operations.</li> </ul>
	Risk-Based Registration Initiative	Requests the Preface of the Risk-Based Registration Whitepaper reference the authority of Canadian jurisdictions to provide entity registration/ oversight.	The current draft design framework recognizes Applicable Governmental Authority jurisdiction, including the U.S. and Canada.
		Any option to revise standards should be coordinated with existing standards revision efforts, wherever possible.	To the extent that Reliability Standards need to be revised as a result of the design framework, this will be addressed in the detailed implementation plan and reflected in the Reliability Standard Development process.
EEI (April 2014)	Risk-Based Registration Initiative	Urges the Board to ensure that any new registration process avoids developing into another costly and opaque bureaucracy.	The new registration process is expected to be more efficient and effective and to reduce undue burdens for all reliability stakeholders.
	RSAW Review and Revision Process	Urges NERC to continue seeking processes and methods that provide companies with clear compliance guidance and stresses the importance for NERC to make sure that RSAWs not inadvertently change FERC-approved requirements, and, once approved, that RSAW documents not receive any further editorial treatment outside the RSAW process.	The new RSAW process will provide a platform for industry comment and enhancement. Additionally, using the CIP V5 transition as a template, NERC is looking to further improve guidance to support both transition and implementation of new standards.
	CIP V5 Implementation	Urges NERC to begin a focused discussion aimed at developing a complete set of guidance materials by no later than August 2014.	NERC is developing these plans and materials.
	Implementation	Urges NERC to develop, communicate, and execute a single plan for CIP V5 guidance materials as an urgent priority.	NERC is developing these plans and materials.
ELCON (April 2014)	Risk-Based Registration Initiative	Seeks clarification on the important point that the RBR initiative should focus on reducing unnecessary registrations as a threshold matter, as well as on reducing the compliance scope for entities that are registered but should not be subject to the full GO/GOP or TO/TOP requirements.	RBR is focused on ensuring that registered entities are appropriately registered and assigned the proper set of standards to ensure reliability. RBR further drives consistent application throughout the ERO Enterprise.
		Suggests that risk-based registration allow behind-the-meter generators to exceed the thresholds if such sales are deemed to be free of any negative impacts to reliability.	The proposal is reflected in the current draft of the design document.

		Suggests that the compliance burden of the small entities could be further reduced by having different audit schedules (as part of the RAI).	RAI considers size, nature and location of entities, among other factors, in determining the duration and scope of an audit.
	RSAW Review and Revision Process	Additional steps should be mandatory when feedback from an industry stakeholder established that the modification is inconsistent with the scope or intent of the standard. Evidence of such inconsistency should be more than mere opinion and in the event that the industry stakeholder's position is rejected, the ERO Enterprise should issue a written response so that, if appropriate, the decision can be appealed.	A requirement was added to the process for NERC to post a summary of the SOTC's determination.
Merchant Electricity	RSAW Review and Revision	Effective date should be an agreed upon fixed period after the RSAW is approved and not the subject of individual comments.	A requirement was added to the process.
Generator and	Process	RSAWs should not apply to open audits or any entity that has received its 90-day notification of an audit.	A requirement was added to the process.
Electricity Marketer Sectors		What is sent to the SOTC chair should be posted for all stakeholders and a requirement for posting should be added to paragraph 3 of the process.	A requirement was added to step 3 of the process to post the unresolved comments that are sent to the SOTC chair on the NERC website.
(April 2014)		The proposed process should also apply to an RSAW for a new standard.	Currently RSAWs are posted alongside all Reliability Standards. Working together, RSAWs should include the intent of the SDT. Else changes to the Standard and RSAW can bring these into alignment.
		Suggests that the Board consider whether RSAWs are needed to ensure consistent compliance and if so, RSAWs should be based solely on the measures in a standard that are developed through the standards process.	RSAWs are only a tool for the Auditor, and not the full extent of tools available.
	Risk-Based Registration Initiative	Develop simple criteria that can be used to quickly eliminate entities from the Registry that do not have a material impact on reliability. This would be analogous to a P81 approach.	Simple criteria for registration and deactivation of an entity for functional registration categories have been developed and are reflected in draft revisions to the NERC Rules of Procedure.
		Recommend a detailed project plan be developed and communicated to industry regarding the implementation of the entire risk-based registration initiative in 2016.	A detailed project plan and communication plan are included in the latest draft Implementation Plan.
IRC (April 2014)	RSAW Review and Revision Process	Recommends that the proposed RSAW Process be amended to add: (1) An initial step that addresses how registered entities raise issues with existing RSAWs and suggests using a CCC subcommittee to review and assess whether an RSAW needs to be modified; and (2) An added step if comments were not accepted. After the revised RSAW is posted, comments not accepted could be reviewed by the CCC subcommittee to determine if: a) A technical error or inaccuracy regarding the proposed change is identified in the submitted comments; or b) The submitted comments identify that the proposed change incorrectly expands what is required by the Standard through its requirements.	The RSAW Review and Revision process document addresses each one of these through a formalized process related to the ongoing maintenance of RSAWs.

Updated 08.12.2014

10

	Risk-Based Registration Initiative	In addition to considering new approaches to registration, the ERO should also consider whether the current registration process is appropriate, and whether there are other means to address disparate risk profiles of functional entities.	The BES definition, RBR and RAI will work in concert to address these issues.
		Suggests that another option to address the issue, depending on the underlying concerns behind the risk-based registration effort, is appropriate revisions to the NERC standards.	The current draft of the RBR Implementation Plan addresses issues related to Reliability Standard revisions that arise due to RBR.
		In its assessment of any risk-based registration initiative, the ERO should consider 1) whether the new BES definition and associated procedures present opportunities for relevant entities to be exempt from registration via the specific exclusions in the BES definition, or, alternatively, to seek exemption via the ad hoc exemption process; and 2) the issue of stranded BES assets.	RBR is complementary to the BES definition. There is no automatic deactivation of functional registration due to determinations through the BES exclusion or exception processes. However, the process for consideration is set forth in draft revisions to the NERC Rules of Procedure.
			The RBR process is designed so that entities that are material to BES reliability are registered for the appropriate functions.
MRO (April 2014)	RSAW Review and Revision Process	Recommends adoption of professional standards framework and guidance for Regional Entity and NERC staff in performing CMEP activities to assure adherence to the standards as well as high quality work with competence, integrity, objectivity, and independence.	The ROP identifies GAGAS and IIA guidance as two professional associations that should be used as standards for performing compliance work. RAI, the improved audit checklist, the auditor handbook, the inherent risk assessment, and internal controls evaluation all incorporate these professional standards.
NPCC (April 2014)	RSAW Review and Revision Process	Recommends documentation around RSAWs continue to identify them as one of a number of tools available to auditors in their thorough and unbiased monitoring of compliance, especially with the introduction of the RAI. Any revisions made to RSAWs should be prospective so as not to be disruptive to registered entities undergoing audits, and that compliance continue to be measured against the reliability standard, not the RSAW.	Agreed and part of the process.
	Risk-Based Registration Initiative	Recommends that any risk assessment of functional registration should consider both individual registered entity risks, as well as their potential aggregate reliability impacts.	NERC agrees that functional registration should consider individual and aggregate entity risks and impacts. This is reflected in the technical analyses in support of RBR.
NRECA (April 2014)	RSAW Review and Revision Process	<ul> <li>Request clarification of the RSAW proposal:</li> <li>Unsure of meaning of "substantive" and "material"</li> <li>Need to better understand how a revised RSAW could apply to a currently open audit.</li> <li>What basis will be used to determine if the full SOTC should review a revised RSAW? Does the SOTC Chair have a time limit on making the decision of whether the full SOTC should review a revised RSAW? Same</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>The final version of the process has been revised to:         <ul> <li>Remove the terms material and substantive.</li> <li>Remove language regarding a revised RSAW applying to a currently open audit.</li> <li>Add a requirement for the SOTC chair to notify industry the status of his/her review within 120 days of receipt of the unresolved</li> </ul> </li> </ul>

		<ul> <li>question for the full SOTC if they review RSAW. How will industry learn of the SOTC Chair's decision on who will review RSAW revisions?</li> <li>Is the SOTC the appropriate committee to perform this role? Should it be the BOTCC?</li> <li>Need further explanation regarding the retroactive nature of compliance requirements.</li> <li>Recommend that NERC consider making the posting of RSAWs, with new or revised standards posted for comment/ballot, a required action for the NERC Compliance and Enforcement department.</li> </ul>	comments from NERC staff and for NERC to post a summary of the SOTC's determination.  The Board agreed that the SOTC is the right committee.  The revised RSAWs will not be retroactive.  NERC is posting RSAWs while Standards are posted and before the start of a ballot period for a new or revised standard.
		Focus of the working group should be expanded to address potential NERC Rules of Procedure (ROP) modifications to address the need for RSAWs to be posted at the same time a new or revised standard is posted for comment/ballot.	NERC is taking this up as a policy issue. No Rules of Procedures changes are needed.
	Risk-Based Registration Initiative	<ul> <li>Recommend close examination of the risk-based registration initiative:</li> <li>Replace BPS and 100 kV with BES throughout the SCRC</li> <li>Reduce the number of undefined terms in the SCRC</li> <li>Add simple and straightforward procedures to the NERC ROP for deregistration based on self-determined application of the current and future SCRC.</li> <li>Add procedures to the NERC ROP for exceptions to the self-determined application of the current and future SCRC.</li> <li>Review current MW, kV and other thresholds/criteria to determine if changes are supported.</li> <li>Assess whether the use of automatic protective devices should impact whether an entity should be registered.</li> <li>Renew focus on revising the applicability language for existing standards and those under development.</li> <li>For entities with minimal compliance responsibilities, consider replacing mandatory six-year audits with self-certifications and spot checks.</li> <li>Eliminate the requirement for entities to submit unnecessary and repetitious attestations certifying that certain standards continue not to apply to them.</li> </ul>	Each of these issues is addressed in the current design framework and implementation plan.
REMG (April 2014)	Risk-Based Registration Initiative	<ul> <li>Initially target the DP, PSE, and LSE functions.</li> <li>Threshold criteria must consider risk based on past performance and potential harm in the future.</li> <li>Risks must include consideration of the aggregate effects of removing subsets of Registered Entities and/or functions and assessing their respective impacts to reliability.</li> <li>Reclassifying TOs as DPs or developing multiple thresholds for other functions may overcomplicate the registration process and have</li> </ul>	The current design and implementation plan address these issues.

		<ul> <li>unintended consequences such as creating ambiguity in the applicability of certain standards.</li> <li>Attempting to define regulatory oversight in a "global" manner with diverse and unique entities through the registration process may unintentionally overlook specific risks which impact reliability.</li> <li>The proposed changes to registration may have the effect of replacing a "one-size fits all" approach with a "two or three sizes fits all" approach and may make registration much more complex for Registered Entities.</li> </ul>	
Sector 4 (April 2014)	RSAW Review and Revision Process	<ul> <li>Recommends further consideration of the following:</li> <li>Any proposed change to an RSAW <i>shall not</i> change the scope or intent of a standard. There is <i>no correct way</i> for an RSAW to expand what is required by a standard.</li> <li>An implementation timeframe of sufficient duration should be integrated to the process to enable Registered Entities to similarly learn and adapt to new expectations.</li> </ul>	Agree that an RSAW shall not change the scope or intent of a standard and that there is no correct way for an RSAW to expand what is required by a standard. The final process has been revised to reflect this.  The final version of the process also allows for an implementation schedule.
	Risk-Based Registration Initiative	Materiality should be better defined and assessments to determine materiality should be consistently applied throughout the ERO Enterprise.	A new materiality test is included as part of the current draft design and implementation plan.
Sector 12 (April 2014)	Essential Reliability Services	Request the proposed Essential Reliability Services Task Force (ERSTF) include a State Government Sector representative to contribute an important perspective to the work.	A representative from NARUC has been added to the distribution list to participate in ERSTF meetings.
SM-TDUs (April 2014)	RSAW Review and Revision Process	Urges NERC to codify procedures that ensure consistency and quality in the revision process.	NERC management will implement as an internal Policy.
	Risk-Based Registration Initiative	Urges the Board to endorse this initiative and ensure that NERC staff has the resources necessary to meet the proposed deadlines.	NERC is on schedule to deliver RBR to the Board in November for approval.
	Reliability Assurance Initiative	Urges the Board to press NERC staff and the regions to complete their work on the RAI's design and bring the field trials to conclusion. RAI needs to be brought to implementation in a form that is actionable by and beneficial to registered entities.	Agreed that this is a priority consideration.
WECC (April 2014)	RSAW Review and Revision Process	Suggests an addition to the proposed policy, if the Board does adopt it: With respect to the SOTC review, we ask that the Board consider specifying a time limit within which the SOTC must consider appeals, or the RSAW is deemed accepted. This would provide greater certainty to all stakeholders with an interest in RSAWS.	Added to the final process.
		Respectfully suggests that the Board cannot adequately decide whether a policy is necessary, or whether the proposed policy is the right one, until there is a precise statement of the problem to be solved (are RSAWs being changed in ways that exceed the scope of standards or is there a fear that might happen).	Policy is being implemented by NERC.

<b>CEA</b> (Jan 2014)	CIP Version 5	Clarify whether the proposed application of the U.S. Department of Energy's Electricity Subsector Cyber Security Capabilities Maturity Model (ES-C2M2) is intended to be globally applied as a <i>de facto</i> compliance instrument.	No, ES-C2M2 will not be used as a compliance instrument.
	Risk-Based Registration Assessment	Examine where efficiencies can be gained and where resources can be better focused on core reliability priorities.  • Focus on registration criteria for PSEs.	The current design proposes elimination of PSEs and seeks to implement efficiencies in the registration program.
<b>EEI</b> (Jan 2014)	Reliability Assurance Initiative	Fully implement the RAI before the implementation date of CIP v5, ensure the completion of regional pilots by mid-2014, and address compliance process issues and expectations for entities operating in multiple regions.	RAI compliance pilots are complete and the enforcement pilots will be complete in April. RAI final compliance design will be complete in Q4 2014. Integration with CIP V5 implementation is being planned.
	COM-002-4	Questions the need to include DPs, a function that has an extremely limited relationship to the bulk system.  As currently drafted, questions how the regions may seek to interpret "Emergency" for compliance purposes, or how various operations personnel would act under it.	DP's are included because they can be and are on the receiving end of some Operating Instructions.  The NERC Glossary of Terms defines Emergency as "Any abnormal system condition that requires automatic or immediate manual action to prevent or limit the failure of transmission facilities or generation supply that could adversely affect the reliability of the Bulk Electric System." It is expected that these are abnormal and rare circumstances.
	CIP Version 5	Effective communications with all companies on the broad range of compliance expectations is needed as soon as possible for companies to plan appropriately.	NERC is developing a broader approach and plan for discussion at the August MRC meeting.
SM-TDUs (Jan 2014)	Reliability Assurance Initiative	Afford RAI as the highest priority since it is relied upon in standards development.	RAI is one of the highest priorities this year.
	COM-002-4	Complete RAI and finalize RSAW before this standard becomes effective.  After standard is approved by the ballot body, require Board approval for	The RSAW was posted with the standard during the ballot and presented to the Board with the standard.  The ERO's goal is to complete and implement RAI prior to this standard becoming effective.  An RSAW review and revision process was developed
		changes to RSAWs.	to address any proposed changes to the RSAW after the standard is in effect.
		Write standards in a systematic approach (believes PER-005 should be the home of all system operator-related training).	The OPCP SDT has included an initial training requirement in the standard in response to the NERC Board of Trustees' resolution, which directs that a training requirement be included in the COM-002-4 standard. Ongoing training would fall under an entity's training program in PER-005 or could be listed as a type of corrective action under Requirement R4.

	CIP Version 5 Complete RAI before standards become effective.		This is the ERO's goal.				
		Reach out to industry and explain how a compliance approach developed with RAI principles will address the industry's previous concerns regarding "zero tolerance."	NERC is developing a broader approach and plan for discussion at the August MRC meeting.				
	Risk-Based Registration Assessment	<ul> <li>Suggests approaches that can be used in combination to achieve a risk-based approach to registration:         <ul> <li>Increase the size thresholds or add new refining criteria to limit registration of entities that do not perform core BES reliability functions.</li> <li>Use the GO-TO model to address the limited BES reliability impacts of DPs with limited BES transmission elements, by extending the applicability of certain requirements to such DPs, rather than registering such entities as TO/TOPs.</li> <li>Reexamine the need for registration of entities performing functions that seem to have an insignificant reliability impact (i.e., PSEs).</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	The current draft design and implementation plan address these issues.				
NRECA (Jan 2014)	Volume of NERC Initiatives	Attention is still needed on reducing the amount of comment requests, ballots and other review activities that are out for stakeholder attention at any one particular time.	NERC has consolidated requests and reduced the number of items out for comment at any given time.  NERC will continue to monitor the number of ongoing and potential initiatives, so as not to overload industry and stakeholders.				
	Risk-Based Registration Initiative	Develop a revised Statement Compliance Registry Criteria (SCRC) and other needed ROP modifications for BOT approval at its November 2014 meeting.  • Develop a project plan with timelines and milestones.	The current draft design and implementation plan address these issues.				
	COM-002-4	Recommends that modifications be made to the current draft standard as it relates to applicability for DPs to match the DP applicability in the recently FERC-approved CIP-003-5.	The OPCP SDT included these Functional Entities in the Applicability section because they can be and are on the receiving end of some Operating Instructions. The OPCP SDT determined that it would leave a gap to not cover them in a standard that addresses communications protocols for operating personnel.				
		Recommends removing the "assess adherence and assess effectiveness" language from R4 in the draft standard.	Requiring entities to assess and provide feedback to its operating personnel, was also included in the November 7, 2013 NERC Board of Trustees' resolution as an element to include in the standard. Further, the OPCP SDT believes that it is good operating practice for an entity to periodically evaluate the effectiveness of their protocols and improve them when possible.				
	CIP Version 5	Progress and understanding of RAI needs to sufficiently advance prior to any CIP V5 ballots, in order to gain support for removing the IAC language.	Agree.				
IRC ISO/RTO (Jan 2014)	COM-002-4	Review and address comments/outstanding issues submitted through the standards development process to ensure an industry acceptable standard.	The standard drafting team reviewed and responded to all comments received. The responses to				

			comments are posted on the standard development project page.
		Urges NERC and the Standards Committee to continue posting standards and RSAWs simultaneously.	NERC and the Standards Committee are committed to continue posting standards and RSAWs simultaneously.
	CIP Version 5	Vet RAI through pilots.	RAI pilots are nearing completion.
		Monitor and understand how CIP, RAI, and ES-C2M2 would be integrated before adopting ES-C2M2.	ES-C2M2 will not be used as a compliance instrument.
		Focus on RAI in the immediate future and incorporate ES-C2M2 at a later time.	ES-C2M2 will not be used as a compliance instrument.
		The SDT should consider a tiered approach when defining communication networks and standards to protect those elements.	This input is being considered by the SDT.
ELCON (Jan 2014)	Reliability Assurance Initiative	Risk-based approach is not fully defined yet and needs to be encoded in priorities such as enforcement principles related to CIP v5 requirements.	RAI implementation will take into consideration, including the CIP v5 implementation.
	CIP Version 5	Include enforceable principles somewhere that govern how compliance with the CIP V5 requirements are to be assessed (i.e., NERC ROP).	An information only filing is expected for RAI, and no ROP changes are expected.
		Find automated process tracking solutions that seamlessly fit into routine	NERC, through RAI and CIP V5 transition guidance,
		activities without adding over burdensome administrative activities.	will provide consistent tools, processes, methods, to support the industry. Internal RE business processes will not be dictated by the ERO.
	BES Definition and Exception	Suggests that Note 2 in the Phase 2 revision of Exclusion E1 ("Radial Systems") is not suitable for large manufacturing facilities.	Guidance was updated to clarify the application of the BES definition and it addresses this situation.
	Process	Suggests that Exclusion E1 should be allowed for any industrial facility (currently registered or not) served by multiple feeds unless the Regional Entity or other operating entity deems it appropriate to pursue an Exception Request.	Guidance was updated to clarify the application of the BES definition and it addresses this situation.
<b>NPCC</b> (Jan 2014)	COM-002-4	In the RSAW, document that compliance with the standard will not be assessed to a "zero defect" measure.	This will be addressed in RAI.
	CIP Version 5	Develop and post the RSAWs for the revised standards during balloting with the obligation to use RAI for compliance monitoring.	Draft RSAWs were posted with the revised standards during balloting.
		Recommends that the SDT focus its initial efforts on the FERC directives with a one year deadline.	The SDT is focusing on all directives at this time, with the ability to bifurcate if need be later in the year.
MRO (Jan 2014)	Risk-Based Registration Assessment	Continue risk-based work in the RAI and incorporate risk based concepts across all programs. The work being done in the RAI and through the implementation of the BES definition addresses how risk is to be considered in scoping the ERO's work.	NERC agrees and addresses the relationship of the BES definition, RAI and RBR in the current draft design framework.
		Recommends that NERC expand its work beyond relieving unnecessary burdens, and include resolving existing inconsistencies among the Regions that create potential gaps in registration.	This is one of the goals of RBR.

	COM-002-4	Resolve discrepancy between M4 and R4 (practice in M4 appears to be beyond the requirement by suggesting assessments and corrective actions must occur more frequently than required by R4 which is "at least once every (12) calendar months")	The assessments and corrective actions are not required to occur more than once every (12) calendar months. The measure does not address frequency, only that instances must be addressed.
EPSA (Jan 2014)	CIP Version 5	ES-C2M2 needs to be further studied to determine the validity of its benchmarks for different entities.	Agreed.
Sector 4 (Jan 2014)	CIP Version 5	Rather than endorsing a single model (ES-C2M2), NERC should look to industry working through organizations, such as NATF and NAGF, to develop and adhere to best practices.	Agreed.

17

18 Updated 08.12.2014

## NORTH AMERICAN ELECTRIC RELIABILITY CORPORATION

#### 2015 BUSINESS PLAN AND BUDGET FILING

#### **ATTACHMENT 9**

CALCULATION OF ADJUSTMENTS

THE AESO 2015 NERC ASSESSMENT,

THE IESO 2015 NERC ASSESSMENT,

THE NEW BRUNSWICK 2015 NERC ASSESSMENT,

AND THE QUEBEC 2015 NERC ASSESSMENT

### 2015 Alberta Electric System Operator Adjustment Credit for NERC Compliance Costs

		Total NERC		Total NERC				
		Compliance Budget		Compliance Budget				
		<b>AESO NEL Allocation</b>		AESO NEL Allocation				
		2015		2014				
NERC Compliance Budget								
Compliance Operations, Investigations & Org Registration and Certification	\$	10,602,435	\$	9,496,446			2015 FT	Es
Event Analysis		4,203,169		4,048,371			<u>Total</u>	Credit
Enforcement		5,806,866		6,395,091	400 & 40	6 Operations & Investigations	19.60	15.00
					500	Org Registration	3.84	3.84
Total Compliance Budget, including Fixed Assets	\$	20,612,470	\$	19,939,908	402	Event Analysis	9.38	8.00
					404	Enforcement	15.01	15.01
AESO NEL Share (2013)		1.350%		1.323%			47.83	41.85
AESO Proportional Share of Compliance Costs, including Fixed Assets	\$	278,268	\$	263,860				87.5%
Net Total Staff		47.83		50.88			2014 FT	Fs .
Tee Total Stall		47103		30.00			Total	Credit
% Credit (41.85 of 47.83 FTEs)		87.50%		88.60%	400	Operations & Investigations	19.20	15.00
\$ Credit (41.85 of 47.83 FTEs)	\$	18,035,373	\$	17,666,884	500	Org Registration	3.84	3.84
,	·	-,,-	·	,,.	402	Event Analysis	9.60	8.00
AESO credit for compliance costs	\$	243,478	\$	233,782	404	Enforcement	18.24	18.24
							50.88	45.08
Additional Credits for 2015								
Credit for SAFNR	\$	459,609	\$	531,825				88.6%
	Ś	459,609	\$	531,825				
	<u> </u>	+33,003	<u> </u>	551,025				
AESO NEL Share (2013)		1.350%		1.323%				
AESO credit for additional costs not allocated		6,205	\$	7,038				
Total access of all to		240 000	_	242.222				
Total AESO Credit	ş	249,682	\$	240,819				

#### 2015 IESO Adjustment Credit for NERC Compliance Costs

	 2015	2014		
NERC Compliance Budget	_		_	
Compliance Analysis, Certification and Registration	\$ 4,864,863	\$	3,784,438	
Regional Entity Assurance and Oversight	\$ 5,737,572	\$	5,712,007	
Event Analysis	4,203,169		4,048,371	
Enforcement	5,806,866		6,395,091	
Total Compliance Budget, including Fixed Assets	20,612,470		19,939,907	
IESO NEL Share (2013)	 3.137%		3.156%	
IESO Proportional Share of Compliance Costs, including Fixed Assets	\$ 646,517	\$	629,303	
Total Compliance Staff	47.83		50.88	
% Credit (39.83 of 47.83 FTEs)	83.27%		84.28%	
\$ Credit (39.83 of 47.83 FTEs)	\$ 538,381	\$	530,356	
Additional Credit for SAFNR Contract	\$ 459,609		531,825	
Total Compliance Staff  % Credit (39.83 of 47.83 FTEs) \$ Credit (39.83 of 47.83 FTEs)	3.137%		3.156%	
Additional Credit for SAFNR Contract	\$ 14,416	\$	16,784	
IESO Credit - NERC Costs, including Fixed Assets	\$ 552,797	\$	547,141	
Total NERC Assessment	\$ 1,215,106	\$	1,084,277	

## 2015 New Brunswick Adjustment Credit for NERC Compliance Costs

	 2015	 2014
NERC Compliance Budget		_
Compliance Operations, Investigations & Org Registration and Certification	\$ 10,602,435	\$ 9,496,446
Event Analysis	4,203,169	4,048,371
Enforcement	5,806,866	6,395,091
Total Compliance Budget	20,612,470	 19,939,908
New Brunswick NEL Share (2013)	0.314%	0.311%
NB Proportional Share of Compliance Costs, including Fixed Assets	\$ 64,694	\$ 62,013
Total Compliance Staff	47.83	50.88
% Credit (41.83 of 47.83 FTEs)	87.46%	86.64%
\$ Credit (41.83 of 47.83 FTEs)	\$ 56,579	\$ 53,725
Additional Credits for 2015 - SAFNR Contract	\$ 459,609	531,825
New Brunswick NEL Share (2013)	0.311%	0.311%
Additional Credits for SAFNR	\$ 1,429	\$ 1,654
New Brunswick Credit - NERC Costs, including Fixed Assets	\$ 58,008	\$ 55,379
NERC Assessment	\$ 119,221	\$ 105,191

#### 2015 Quebec Adjustment

**Credit for NERC Compliance Costs** 

2014 Quebec Adjustment **Credit for NERC Compliance Costs** 

Total NERC Compliance Budget

	Compliance Budget Quebec NEL Allocation					Comp	oliance Budget c NEL Allocation			
NERC Compliance Budget										
Compliance Operations, Investigations & Org Registration and Certification	\$ 10,602,435					\$	9,496,446			
Event Analysis	4,203,169						4,048,371			
Enforcement	5,806,866						6,395,091			
Total Costs, including Fixed Assets	20,612,470			2015 Compli	ance FTEs		19,939,908		2014 Complia	ance FTEs
				<u>Total</u>	Credit				Total	Credit
		400 & 40	6 Regional Oversight	19.60	7.50			400 Operations & Investigations	19.20	5.80
Quebec NEL Share (2013)	4.228%	500	CompAnalysis&Cert	3.84	2.75		4.129%	500 Org Registration	3.84	2.84
		402	Event Analysis	9.38	8.00			402 Event Analysis	9.60	8.00
Quebec Proportional Share of Compliance Costs, including Fixed Assets	\$ 871,477	404	Enforcement	15.01	15.01	\$	823,319	404 Enforcement	18.24	18.24
				47.83	33.26				50.88	34.88
Total Compliance Staff	47.83			2014 Compli	ance FTEs		50.88		2013 Complia	ance FTEs
				Total	Credit				Total	Credit
% Credit (33.26 of 47.83 FTEs)	69.54%	400	Operations	19.20	5.80		68.55%	400 Operations	15.00	
\$ Credit (33.26 of 47.83 FTEs)	\$ 14,333,488	500	Org Registration	3.84	2.84	\$	13,669,497	500 Org Registration	3.00	2.00
		402	Event Anal & Investigation	9.60	8.00			402 Event Anal & Investigation	15.50	13.50
Quebec Credit (Proportional share of all costs x % Credit)	\$ 606,007	404	Enforcement	18.24	18.24	\$	564,414	403 Reporting & Tracking	5.00	4.00
						_		404 Enforcement	16.00	16.00
Proportional Share of NERC Compliance Costs paid by Régie de l'énergie	\$ 265,470			50.88	34.88	\$	258,905		54.50	35.50
Proportional Snare of NEKC Compilance Costs paid by Regie de l'energie	\$ 265,470					>	258,905			
Proportional Share of NPCC CORC Program paid by Régie de l'énergie (Refer to Column I-2, page 75, 2014 NPCC Business Plan and Budget)	\$ 1,087,229					\$	869,409			
2015 Billing to Régie de l'énergie for Compliance Program Costs-NERC and NPCC	\$ 1,352,699					\$	1,128,314			
Additional Credits for 2015										
Credit for SAFNR	\$ 459,609					\$	725,500			
	\$ 459,609					\$	725,500			
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·									
Quebec NEL Share (2013)	4.228%						4.129%			
Quebec credit for additional costs not allocated	\$ 19,432					\$	29,956			
Total Quebec Credit for 2015	\$ 625,439					\$	594,369			

Total NERC

## NORTH AMERICAN ELECTRIC RELIABILITY CORPORATION

#### 2015 BUSINESS PLAN AND BUDGET FILING

### **ATTACHMENT 10**

# STATUS REPORT ON THE ACHIEVEMENT OF NERC'S 2014 GOALS

#### ATTACHMENT

#### Status Report on the Achievement of NERC's 2014 Goals and Objectives

This Attachment provides a summary of NERC's 2014 goals and objectives and a status report on their achievement as of June 30, 2014.

NERC and the Regional Entities continued to improve and refine the ERO business planning and budgeting process through the development and integration of a multi-year Strategic Plan, which goes through an open and transparent stakeholder review process and is posted publicly on NERC's website. In 2014 NERC and the Regional Entities introduced a common set of ERO Enterprise performance metrics. These metrics are intended as indicators of the overall effectiveness of the ERO Enterprise in achieving its mission and the goals and objectives outlined in the ERO Enterprise Strategic Plan, 2014-2017. There are four overarching metrics focused on overall effectiveness in addressing bulk power system risks and improving reliability. There are a number of supporting measures that assess the effectiveness of the key operational elements of the ERO Enterprise. Exhibit 1 to this Attachment sets forth the specific 2014 metrics which were approved by NERC's board in open session on May 2014.

Exhibit 2 to this Attachment is the summary of corporate performance measures as of June 30, 2014 which was presented before stakeholders and NERC's Board of Trustees at the August 13, 2014 open meeting of NERC's Corporate Governance and Human Resources Committee. Similar reports are prepared and presented each quarter at approximately the same time NERC prepares and presents in open session to the NERC's Finance and Audit Committee its quarterly and year to date financial reports comparing budgeted to actual expenditures, together with a year-end rolling year end projection.



# Electric Reliability Organization Enterprise Performance Metrics

In 2014, NERC and the Regional Entities introduced a common set of ERO Enterprise performance metrics. These metrics are intended as indicators of the overall effectiveness of the ERO Enterprise in achieving its mission and the goals and objectives outlined in the ERO Enterprise Strategic Plan, 2014-2017. There are four overarching metrics focused on overall effectiveness in addressing bulk power system risks and improving reliability. There are a number of supporting measures that assess the effectiveness of the key operational elements of the ERO Enterprise.

The intent is to report the results of these metrics on an ERO Enterprise-wide basis, and also as applicable distinguish results for NERC and individual regions. NERC and the Regional Entities are encouraged to further use relevant portions of these measures in their internal corporate performance management programs.

#### **Metric 1: Reliability Results**

*Measure* – Determine the frequency of BPS events, excluding weather<sup>1</sup>, flood, or earthquake. The target is fewer, less severe events during 2014-2017; no Category 4 and 5 events and Category 3 events are trending down.

#### **Metric 2: Assurance Effectiveness**

*Measure* – Assess all Category 3 and above events. The target is to reach zero gaps in Reliability Standards and compliance monitoring by 2017.

#### Metric 3: Risk Mitigation Effectiveness

*Measure* – Review the BES risk profile each year to determine actual and potential risks. The target is to identify, select and mitigate the high priority risks (and issue specific metrics for each established project).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Terrestrial weather excluded from metric, however space weather (GMD) is included in metric.



- 1. **Changing Resource Mix** As the generation and load on the power system changes, new vulnerabilities may be exposed that the system was not previously designed to address or respond to. Fundamental operating characteristics and behaviors are no longer a certainty and focused action is needed to address this risk.
- 2. **Extreme Physical Events** Risk mitigation efforts (reducing the potential consequence) are underway, but additional focus is needed to address and minimize both the magnitude and duration of the consequences of an extreme physical event.
- 3. **Protection System Misoperations** NERC's 2012 and 2013 State of Reliability Reports identified protection system misoperations as a significant threat to BPS reliability. Additional activities are needed to ensure this risk is managed adequately.
- 4. **Cold Weather Preparedness** Lack of generator preparedness for cold weather extremes may result in forced outages, de-ratings, and failures to start. Insufficient availability of intra-regional generation and limits on import transfer capability may result in insufficient generation to serve forecasted load, resulting in load shedding.
- 5. **Right of Way Clearances** Transmission Owners and applicable Generation Owners may have established incorrect ratings based on design documents, rather than on the actual facilities built. Managing to stay within SOL and IROL limits that are based on incorrect ratings may be inadequate to prevent equipment damage and/or cascading, instability, or separation.
- 6. **345kV Breaker Failures** NERC has identified a potential trend of 345 kV SF6 puffer type breakers failing. Circuit breaker failures, in conjunction with another fault, may lead to more BES Facilities removed from service than required to clear the original fault. This poses a risk to the reliability of the BES.

#### **Metric 4: Program Execution Effectiveness**

*Measure* – Sum of the weighted sub-metrics.

**Sub metric A** (*Primary NERC*) - Percent of all board-approved standards<sup>2</sup> meet quality criteria and results-based construct<sup>3</sup>.

The Standards Committee and NERC Staff will work together to develop a periodic review process for steady state Reliability Standards. The process will include a quality and content review and the use or adaptation of the 2013 Independent Expert Review Team's quality and content scoring system will be considered during development. The review will be conducted by a cross-functional task force that will consist of Committee chairs, NERC management, NERC and stakeholder subject matter experts, and

 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm 2}$  Regional standards are not included, this applies to NERC only.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Based on Independent Expert Review Team scoring method 3 out of 3 on content and at least 10 out of 12 on quality.



other parties as deemed necessary and appropriate. This review may also be incorporated into the current Standards Processes Manual periodic review process to avoid duplication of effort. So that the task force will be able to identify Reliability Standards for inclusion in the 2016-2018 Reliability Standards Development Plan, the task force will be operational no later than mid-2015 to allow ample time for the development of the annual task force review timeline.

**Sub metric B** (*Primary NERC*) - Quality, up-to-date Reliability Standard Audit Worksheets, or any successor guidance, developed for board-approved Reliability Standards.

- 2014 = Every standard that goes to ballot will have a posted RSAW alongside. Every standard that is reviewed as part of the 5 year review cycle will have a current up-to-date RSAW or successor.
- 2015 = All RSAWs are converted to the new format and are available to industry.
- 2016 2017 = Violations for new standards do not occur at rates higher than the average rate for standards (or for which they replace) and repeat violations for standards is trending down.

**Sub metric C** (Joint ERO Enterprise) – Implementation of risk-based registration criteria to achieve efficient and effective allocation of compliance obligations. Registration is commensurate with risk and RAI and in light of new BES definition implementation.

- 2014 = Assessment complete with recommended framework and registration criteria. Implementation plan following assessment, criteria and framework completed.
- 2015 = Business processes / tools
- 2016 = Implementation launch
- 2017 = Stable state

**Sub metric D** (Joint ERO Enterprise) – Timeliness and transparency of compliance results: 12 month rolling average of the ERO Enterprise caseload index trending favorably.<sup>4</sup> Maximum age of unclosed cases is less than 24 months and improving.

2014 = ERO Enterprise caseload index less than or equal to 7 months, with all Regional Entities above average trending downward. ERO Enterprise average violation aging less than or equal to 13.5 months.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> ERO Enterprise Caseload Index is defined as Violations in ERO Inventory (defined as Active violations that have not been filed with FERC) divided by the total number of violations filed with FERC over previous 12-months (NOPs, SNOPs, FFTs and Dismissals) multiplied by 12.



- 2015 = ERO Enterprise caseload index of 8 months, with all Regional Entities above average trending downward. ERO Enterprise average violation aging less than or equal to 13 months.
- 2016 = ERO Enterprise caseload index of 8 months, with all Regional Entities above average trending downward. ERO Enterprise average violation aging less than or equal to 12.5 months.
- 2017 = ERO Enterprise caseload index of 8 months. ERO Enterprise average violation aging less than or equal to 12 months.

**Sub metric E** (Joint ERO Enterprise) - Percent of self-identified non-compliances (includes self-reports and self-certifications).

```
2014 = 70%
```

2015 = 74%

2016 = 78%

2017 = 80%

**Sub metric F** (Joint ERO Enterprise) - Mitigation aging curve improving<sup>5</sup>.

2014 = Percentage of the noncompliance items discovered in that year that are mitigated as of December 31, 2014)

- 2013: 80%
- 2012: 95%
- 2011: 98%
- 2010 (and older): 100%

2015 - 2017 = Mitigation aging curve trending favorably.

**Sub metric G** (Joint ERO Enterprise) - RAI reforms and percent of total findings (excluding dismissals) not going to enforcement or filed with FFT or spreadsheet.

2014 =

- ERO auditor handbook deployment;
- RAI compliance reform design complete and reflected in the CMEP implementation plan for 2015;

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Final metrics to be discussed and approved at the February 2014 BOTCC meeting.



- Enforcement pilots completed and FERC filings made, if required;
- Train at least two partnering entities to complete maturity model assessments and complete either directly or through trained partners 20 maturity model assessments;
- At least 75% of noncompliance posing a minimal or moderate risk to the BPS is processed through discretion (i.e.: does not trigger an enforcement action), FFT or SNOP;
- Average time from discovery to posting FFT is 6 months;
- Average time from discovery to decision to enforce or not (i.e.: the triage process) is 60 days.
- 2015 = Higher percentage of lower and moderate risk violations staying in compliance through exercise of discretion to initiate an enforcement action; audit scope based on common ERO methodology.
- 2016 = Compliance and enforcement end state designs implemented; continued increase in lower and moderate risk violations staying in compliance through exercise of discretion to initiate an enforcement action.
- 2017 = Achieve fewer, less severe violations. Positive trend in number of matters dispensed outside of enforcement.

Sub metric H (Primary NERC) - Participation in ES-ISAC increased (2013 statistics used as baseline)

2014 =

- 90% of all RCs and TO/TOPs;
- 10% increase in enrollment of all other registered entities;
- 20% increase in information share activity on portal (baseline 2013 uploads figures).
- Develop an ES-ISAC mission performance program, including Key Performance Indicators (KPIs) and benchmarks, by end of Q3.

2015 - 2017 = KPIs trending favorably.

**Sub metric I** (Joint ERO Enterprise) – Assessment of quality and availability of planning and engineering models and data.

- 2014 = Methodology to validate models developed and endorsed by appropriate technical committees.
- 2015 = Acquire data and capability for set up / start up.



2016 = Assessment of state and quality of modeling. Establish plan to implement assessment recommendations.

2017 = Implement plan.

**Sub metric J** (Joint ERO Enterprise) – Achieving transition laid out in oversight model regarding ERO Enterprise personnel and ERO Enterprise (NERC and Regional Entity) infrastructure and applications qualifications.

- 2014= Report quarterly progress and achieve 25% completion of action items.
- 2015= Report quarterly progress and achieve 50% completion of action items.
- 2016= Report quarterly progress and achieve 75% completion of action items.
- 2017= Report quarterly progress and achieve 100% completion of action items.

**Sub metric K** (Joint ERO Enterprise) – Stakeholder annual satisfaction/perception survey of the ERO's effectiveness to manage risk, budget and stewardship.

- 2014 = Develop questionnaire with stakeholder input and vetting. Survey complete and benchmarks Established.
- 2015 2017 = Performance trending favorably.

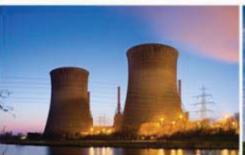


# **Corporate Governance and Human Resources Committee**

August 14, 2014 | 7:30 a.m. – 8:30 a.m. Pacific

The Westin Bayshore 1601 Bayshore Drive Vancouver, BC V6G 2V4







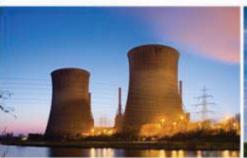




## 2014 NERC Performance Report Quarter 2 Status

Mark Lauby, Senior Vice President and Chief Reliability Officer Corporate Governance and Human Resources Committee Meeting August 13, 2014











### **Metric 1: Reliability Results**

No Category 4 or 5 events

### **Metric 3: Risk Mitigation Effectiveness**

- Changing Resource Mix
- Extreme Physical Events
- Cold Weather Preparedness
- 345 kV Breaker Failures

## **Metric 4: Program Execution Effectiveness**

- Sub-metric B: Quality, up-to-date RSAWs
- Sub-metric C: Implementation of risk-based registration criteria
- Sub-metric E: Percent of self-identified non-compliances
- Sub-metric H: Participation in ES-ISAC
- Sub-metric I: Designating system events used in model validation

## Watching at Q2



### **Metric 2: Assurance Effectiveness**

Category 3 event occurred on May 25 and a gap analysis underway

### **Metric 3: Risk Mitigation Effectiveness**

- Protection System Misoperations Progress continues towards approval/filing of PRC-004-3. Data gathering ongoing to identify trends.
- **Right-of-Way Clearances** Site visits scheduled and best practice/assurance activities continue. Joint report under development

## **Metric 4: Program Execution Effectiveness**

- Sub-metric A: Standards prepared for approval
- Sub-metric D: Caseload index trending and active violations increased
- Sub-metric F: Mitigation aging curve slowing among recent years
- Sub-metric G: RAI reforms continue
- Sub-metric J: ERO oversight activities ongoing
- Sub-metric K: Stakeholder perception survey plan under development



## **Emerging Activities in Q3**

## **Metric 3: Risk Mitigation Effectiveness**

- Protection System Misoperations: Report will be completed
- Right-of-Way Clearances: Site visits will be initiated

## **Metric 4: Program Execution Effectiveness**

- Sub-metric A: Standards will achieve industry approval
- Sub-metric G: RAI risk elements, CMEP implementation and maturity model assessments will progress
- Sub-metric J: ERO oversight model action item joint board
- Sub-metric K: Stakeholder perception survey with CCC and industry coordination will be launched





## **Questions and Answers**



# NORTH AMERICAN ELECTRIC RELIABILITY CORPORATION

# 2015 BUSINESS PLAN AND BUDGET FILING

# **ATTACHMENT 11**

**METRICS COMPARING** 

**REGIONAL ENTITY OPERATIONS** 

**BASED ON** 

**THE 2015 BUDGETS** 

## <u>ATTACHMENT</u>

## METRICS COMPARING REGIONAL ENTITY OPERATIONS BASED ON THE 2015 BUDGETS

# **Introduction**

This Attachment provides metrics on the Regional Entities' operations based on their 2015 Business Plans and Budgets, and analysis of the metrics. Consistent with the similar attachments provided in NERC's 2010, 2011, 2012, 2013, and 2014 Business Plan and Budget filings, this Attachment focuses on providing quantitative data and information for the Regional Entities. The metrics focus primarily on the Regional Entities' Compliance Monitoring and Enforcement Programs (Compliance Program). This Attachment contains:

- a table providing the 2015 budget metrics values for each Regional Entity (page 4);
- a series of bar charts comparing the Regional Entities' Compliance Program 2015 budgeted costs (pages 5-7);
- a series of bar charts comparing the Regional Entities' projected costs for 2015 for "small," "medium" and "large" on-site and off-site operational compliance audits and "small" and "large" on-site and off-site CIP compliance audits<sup>2</sup> (pages 8-10);

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> An "operational" audit as referred to in this Attachment is an audit of the registered entity's compliance with the operations and planning or "Order 693" reliability standards. For purposes of this presentation (and consistent with the definitions used in the 2010, 2011, 2012, 2013, and 2014 Business Plan and Budget filings), a "small" operational compliance audit involves 25 or fewer reliability standard requirements to be audited; a "medium" operational compliance audit involves 26 to 75 requirements to be audited; and a "large" operational compliance audit involves more than 75 requirements to be audited. An on-site compliance audit takes place at the registered entity's site, while an off-site compliance audit takes place at another location, typically the Regional Entity's offices. As can be seen from the table on page 4 and from the bar charts on pages 8-10, MRO, ReliabilityFirst, (RF), SPP RE, Texas RE and WECC are not planning any "small" on-site operational compliance audits in 2015; NPCC, SPP RE and WECC are not planning any "medium" on-site operational compliance audits in 2015; and MRO and RF are not planning any "large" on-site operational audits in 2015. Also, Texas RE is not planning any "small" off-site operational compliance audits in 2015; FRCC, RF, SERC, and SPP RE are not planning any "medium" off-site operational audits in 2015; and FRCC, MRO, RF, and SPP RE are not planning any "large" off-site audits.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> For purposes of this presentation, a "small" CIP compliance audit involves an entity with no critical cyber assets and 5 requirements. (There are requirements of the CIP standards that apply to registered entities with no critical cyber assets, for example, the requirements of CIP-002 which require the registered entity to have a risk-based assessment methodology and to use it annually to identify any critical assets and critical cyber assets, even if the result is "none;" and the requirements of CIP-003 that the registered entity have in place a cyber security policy and a designated, single senior manager with overall responsibility for leading the entity's compliance with the CIP standards.) A "large" CIP compliance audit involves any entity with critical cyber assets and 5 requirements, auditing 43 requirements or 162 sub-requirements. These definitions are the same as used in Attachment 15 of the

- trend line plots of the Regional Entities' 2015 Compliance Program budgets against numbers of registered entities and numbers of registered functions in each Region (page 11);
- bar charts comparing the Regional Entities' numbers of registered entities per Compliance Program FTE<sup>3</sup> and numbers of registered functions per Compliance Program FTE based on their 2015 budgets (page 12);
- bar charts comparing the Regional Entities' numbers of registered entities per Compliance Program FTE and numbers of registered functions per Compliance Program FTE in their 2014 and 2015 Business Plans and Budgets (page 13); and,
- discussion and analysis of the metrics (pages 14-19). The discussion and analysis focuses on variations in the Regional Entity metrics based on their 2015 budgets and possible reasons for the variations.

The table on page 4 shows the following quantitative data for each Regional Entity based on its 2015 Business Plan and Budget. This data is used to develop the bar charts and trend line graphs that follow based on the Regional Entities' 2015 budgets.

- Numbers of registered entities
- Numbers of registered functions
- Total NEL (GWh)
- NEL (GWh) per registered entity
- Total ERO funding
- ERO (statutory) funding<sup>4</sup> per registered entity
- ERO funding per registered function

2012 and 2013 Business Plan and Budget filings, and Attachment 16 of the 2014 Business Plan and Budget filing. As can be seen from the table on page 4 and the bar charts on page 10, only SERC is planning any "small" on-site CIP audits in 2015 and all the Regional Entities are planning only "small" off-site CIP audits in 2015. This fact reflects that if there is a need to audit the registered entity's compliance with 43 or more requirements or 162 or more sub-requirements of CIP standards, the Regional Entity will likely conclude that an on-site compliance audit should be conducted. The decision to conduct an on-site CIP audit can also be influenced by the need for the Regional Entity's CIP audit staff to review facilities and equipment that are the subject of Technical Feasibility Exception (TFE) requests or audit the registered entity's compliance with the terms of an approved TFE.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> FTE = full-time equivalent employee. Each FTE is assumed to work 2,080 hours per year. An employee working less than 2,080 hours per year is counted as a fractional FTE based on number of hours divided by 2,080 hours.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> ERO funding is defined as the sum of assessments and penalty sanctions.

- Total statutory budget
- Total statutory budget<sup>5</sup> per registered entity
- Total statutory budget per registered function
- Total statutory FTE
- Registered entities per statutory FTE
- Registered functions per statutory FTE
- Total Compliance Program budget
- Compliance Program budget per registered entity
- Compliance Program budget per registered function
- Total Compliance FTE
- Registered entities per Compliance Program FTE
- Registered functions per Compliance Program FTE
- Projected numbers of small, medium and large on-site operational audits in 2015
- Estimated costs for small, medium and large on-site operational audits in 2015
- Projected numbers of small, medium and large off-site operational audits in 2015
- Estimated costs for small, medium and large off-site operational audits in 2015
- Projected numbers of small and large on-site CIP audits in 2015
- Estimated costs for small and large on-site CIP audits in 2015
- Projected numbers of small and large off-site CIP audits in 2015
- Estimated costs of small and large off-site CIP audits in 2015
- Average number of contractors used and projected contractor costs for small, medium and large on-site operational audits
- Average number of contractors used and projected contractor costs for small, medium and large off-site operational audits

<sup>5</sup> Total budget is defined as the sum of total expenses and the total increase in fixed assets.

-3-

#### 2015 Metrics for Budget Submissions

	Budget Metrics		FRCC		MRO <sup>6</sup>		NPCC <sup>6</sup>		RF		SERC		SPP RE		Texas RE		WECC
1	Number of registered entities		68		136		300		331		242		150		226		439
2	Number of registered functions		243		459		602		669		681	Г	420		444		1182
3	Total NEL (GWh)		221,297		289,264		648,607		908,727	1,0	009,060		216,656		332,698		3,226
4	NEL (GWh) per registered entity		3,254		2,127	Г	2,162	Г	2,745		4,170	Г	1,444	Г	1,472		7
5	Total ERO Funding <sup>1</sup>	\$6,	237,838	\$	9,821,019	\$	14,359,378	\$	19,383,897	\$ 15,	518,034	\$1	10,145,148	\$	10,983,946	\$ 2	5,175,135
6	ERO Funding per registered entity	\$	91,733	\$	72,213	\$	47,865	\$	58,562	\$	64,124	\$	67,634	\$	48,602	\$	57,347
7	ERO Funding per registered function	\$	25,670	\$	21,397	\$	23,853	\$	28,974	\$	22,787	\$	24,155	\$	24,739	\$	21,299
8	Total Budget <sup>2</sup>	\$7.	162,233	\$ 1	0,328,687	\$	14,778,539	\$	18,756,763	\$ 15.	95,840	\$ 1	11,808,110	\$	11,983,701	\$ 20	6,300,035
9	Total Budget per registered entity	\$	105,327	\$	75,946	\$	49,262	\$	56,667	\$	66,099	\$	78,721	\$	53,025	\$	59,909
10	Total Budget per registered function	\$	29,474	\$	22,503	\$	24,549	\$	28,037	\$	23,489	\$	28,115	\$	26,990	\$	22,250
11	Total Statutory FTE <sup>3</sup>		30.91		42.5		36.86		72.2		78.7		32.75		60		137.5
12	Registered entity per Statutory FTE		2.200		3.200	Г	8.139	Г	4.584		3.075	Г	4.580	Г	3.767		3.193
13	Registered function per Statutory FTE		7.862		10.800	Г	16.332	Г	9.266		8.653	Г	12.824	Г	7.400		8.596
14	Total Compliance Budget <sup>4</sup>	\$5,	211,874	\$	6,994,216	\$	8,568,145	\$	10,651,382	\$ 10,	779,635	\$	8,583,743	\$	9,008,548	\$ 13	3,178,512
15	Compliance budget per registered entity	\$	76,645	\$	51,428	\$	28,560	\$	32,179	\$	44,544	\$	57,225	\$	39,861	\$	30,019
16	Compliance budget per registered function	\$	21,448	\$	15,238	\$	14,233	\$	15,921	\$	15,829	\$	20,437	\$	20,290	\$	11,149
17	Total Compliance FTE <sup>3</sup>		19.77		22.08		16		45.75		37.5		20.85		33.5		53.5
18	Registered entity per Compliance FTE		3.4		6.2	Г	18.8	Г	7.2		6.5	Г	7.2	Г	6.7		8.2
19	Registered function per Compliance FTE		12.3		20.8		37.6		14.6		18.2		20.1		13.3		22.1
20	Number of Small (non-CIP/693) Audits Onsite <sup>5</sup>		2		0		3		0		10		0		0		0
21	Estimated Cost per Small (non-CIP/693) Audit Onsite <sup>5</sup>	\$	7,582	\$		\$	13,320	\$	-	\$	10,731	\$	-			\$	-
22	Number of Medium (non-CIP/693) Audits Onsite <sup>5</sup>		1		7		0		10		15		0		4		0
23	Estimated Cost per Medium (non-CIP/693) Audit Onsite <sup>5</sup>	\$	18,956	\$	44,049	\$		\$	39,857	\$	18,492		-	\$	37,246	\$	-
24	Number of Large (non-CIP/693) Audits Onsite <sup>5</sup>		6		0		4		0		6		6		6		20
25	Estimated Cost per Large (non-CIP/693) Audit Onsite <sup>5</sup>	\$	37,912	\$	-	\$	44,815	\$	-	\$	41,137	\$	54,413	\$	57,534	\$	30,239
26	Number of Small (non-CIP/693) Audits Offsite <sup>5</sup>		2		11		10		35		15		14		0		22
27	Estimated Cost per Small (non-CIP/693) Audit Offsite <sup>5</sup>	\$	2,771	\$	11,404	\$	12,740	\$	10,102	\$	9,635	\$	10,457	\$	-	\$	2,765
28	Number of Medium (non-CIP/693) Audits Offsite <sup>5</sup>		0		1		21		0		0		0		7		47
29	Estimated Cost per Medium (non-CIP/693) Audit Offsite <sup>5</sup>	\$	-	\$	40,549	\$	21,955	\$	-	\$	-		-	\$	30,011	\$	7,960
30	Number of Large (non-CIP/693) Audits Offsite <sup>5</sup>		0		0		8		0		0		0		23		5
31	Estimated Cost per Large (non-CIP/693) Audit Offsite <sup>5</sup>	\$	-	\$	-	\$	27,730	\$	-	\$	30,485	\$	-	\$	48,347	\$	21,899
32	Number of Small (CIP/706B) Audits Onsite <sup>5</sup>		0		0		0		0		4		0		0		0
33	Estimated Cost per Small (CIP/706B) Audit Onsite <sup>5</sup>	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	11,235	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
34	Number of Large (CIP/706B) Audits Onsite <sup>5</sup>		2		2		4		4		6		6		8		21
35	Estimated Cost per Large (CIP/706B) Audit Onsite <sup>5</sup>	\$	75,824	\$	57,520	\$	44,800	\$	75,366	\$	48,447	\$	96,238	\$	58,093	\$	32,629
36	Number of Small (CIP/706B) Audits Offsite <sup>5</sup>		9		9		24		50		9		9		24		51
37	Estimated Cost per Small (CIP/706B) Audit Offsite <sup>5</sup>	\$	2,771	\$	5,702	\$	9,490	\$	6,164	\$	15,790	\$	4,802	\$	17,118	\$	2,151
38	Number of Large (CIP/706B) Audits Offsite <sup>5</sup>		0		0		0		0		0		0		0		0
39	Estimated Cost per Large (CIP/706B) Audit Offsite <sup>5</sup>	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-			\$	-
40	Avg. Number of Contractors Per Small Audits Onsite		0		0		0		0		0		1		0		0
41	Avg. Number of Contractors Per Medium Audits Onsite		0		0		0		0		1		0		0		0
42	Avg. Number of Contractors Per Large Audits Onsite		0		0		0		0		2		2		0		0
43	Avg. Number of Contractors Per Small Audits Offsite		0		0		0		0		0		0		0		0
44	Avg. Number of Contractors Per Medium Audits Offsite		0		0		0		0		0		0		0		0
45	Avg. Number of Contractors Per Large Audits Offsite		0		0		0		0		0		2		0		0

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>ERO Funding is a sum of Assessments and Penalty Sanctions

 $^5\mbox{Size}$  of audits are defined by number of requirements:

Small	25 or less
Medium	26 to 75
Large	More than 75

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Due to the specifics of the compliance program included in the individual provincial MOUs for cross-border regional entities, some of these metrics are not directly comparable.

 $<sup>^2\,\</sup>mathrm{Total}\,\,\mathrm{Budget}$  is a sum of Total Expenses and Capital Expenditures

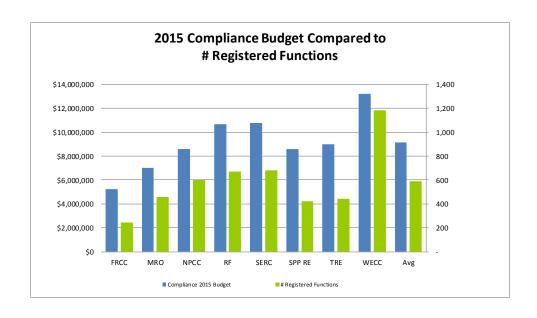
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Each FTE that works 2,080 hours per year is counted as one FTE. An FTE working less than the 2,080 hours per year is counted as a fractional FTE.

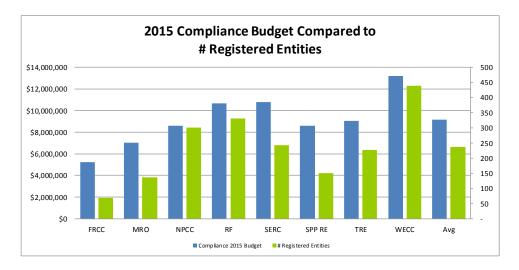
 $<sup>^4</sup>$  Total Compliance Budget is a sum of Direct Expenses, Indirect Expenses and Capital Expenditures

Compliance 2015 Budget

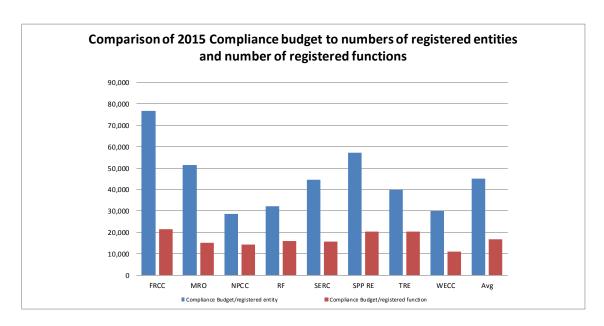
# Registered Entities # Registered Functions

FRCC	MRO	NPCC	RF	SERC	SPP RE	TRE	WECC	Avg
5,211,874	6,994,216	8,568,145	10,651,382	10,779,635	8,583,743	9,008,548	13,178,512	9,122,007
68	136	300	331	242	150	226	439	237
243	459	602	669	681	420	444	1.182	588

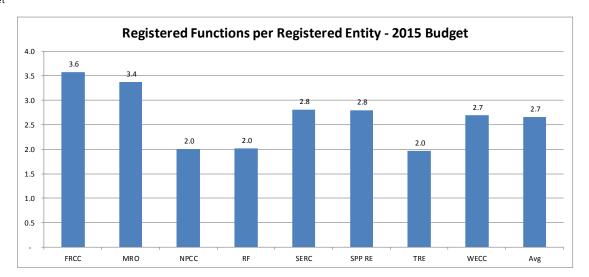




	FRCC	MRO	NPCC	RF	SERC	SPP RE	TRE	WECC	Avg
Compliance Budget/registered entity	76,645	51,428	28,560	32,179	44,544	57,225	39,861	30,019	45,058
Compliance Budget/registered function	21,448	15,238	14,233	15,921	15,829	20,437	20,290	11,149	16,818

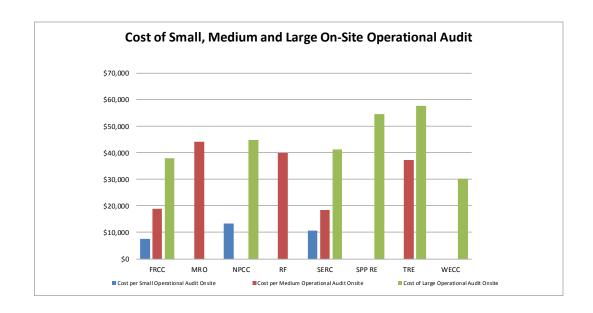


	FRCC	MRO	NPCC	RF	SERC	SPP RE	TRE	WECC	Avg
Registered Functions per Registered Entity	3.6	3.4	2.0	2.0	2.8	2.8	2.0	2.7	2.7
2015 Budget									



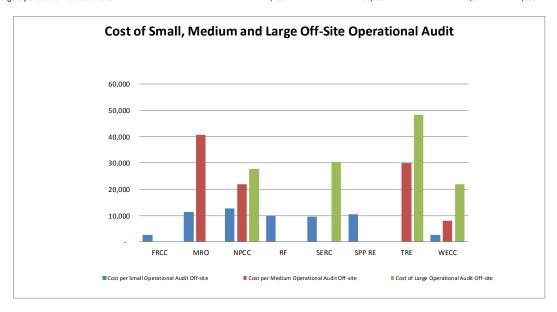
Cost per Small Operational Audit Onsite Cost per Medium Operational Audit Onsite Cost of Large Operational Audit Onsite

FRCC	MRO	NPCC	RF	SERC	SPP RE	TRE	WECC	Avg
7,582	-	13,320	-	10,731	-	-	-	10,545
18,956	44,049	-	39,857	18,492	=	37,246	-	31,720
37,912	_	44,815	-	41,137	54,413	57,534	30,239	44,342

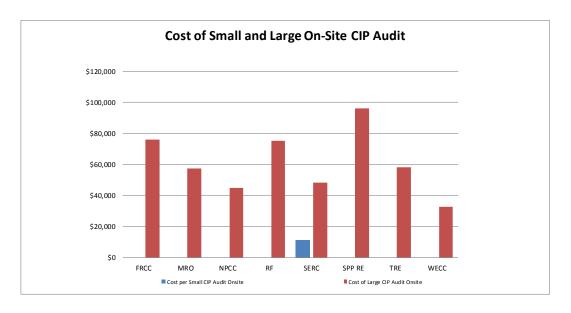


Cost per Small Operational Audit Off-site Cost per Medium Operational Audit Off-site Cost of Large Operational Audit Off-site

FRCC	MRO	NPCC	RF	SERC	SPP RE	TRE	WECC	Avg
2,771	11,404	12,740	10,102	9,635	10,457	-	2,765	8,554
=	40,549	21,955	-	=	-	30,011	7,960	25,119
-	-	27.730	-	30.485	-	48.347	21.899	32.115

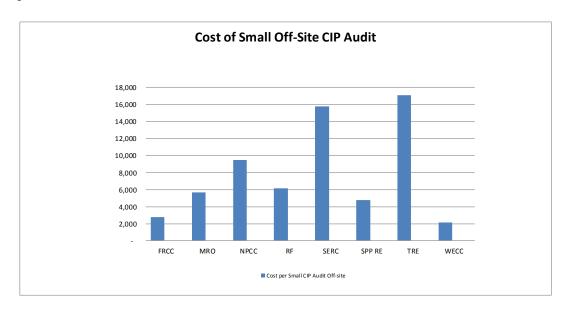


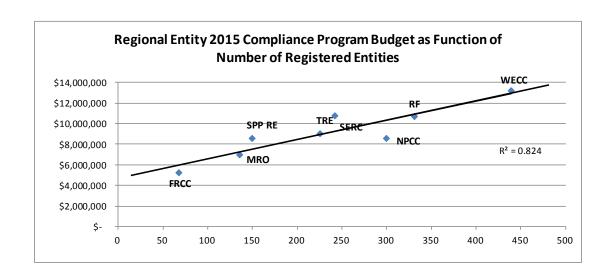
	FRCC	MRO	NPCC	RF	SERC	SPP RE	TRE	WECC	Avg
Cost per Small CIP Audit Onsite	-	-	-	-	11,235	-	-	-	11,235
Cost of Large CIP Audit Onsite	75,824	57,520	44,800	75,366	48,447	96,238	58,093	32,629	69,845

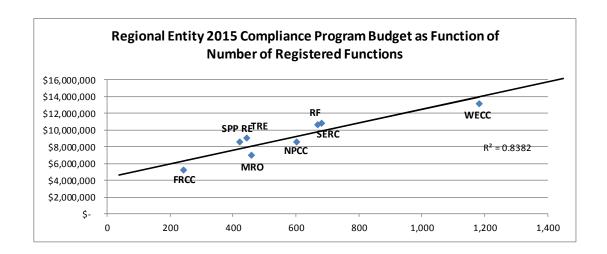


Cost per Small CIP Audit Off-site Cost of Large CIP Audit Off-site

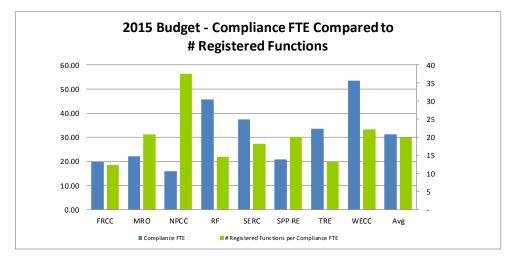
FRCC	MRO	NPCC	RF	SERC	SPP RE	TRE	WECC	Avg	
2,771	5,702	9,490	6,164	15,790	4,802	17,118	2,151	9,141	

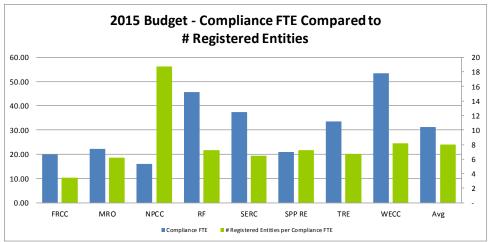




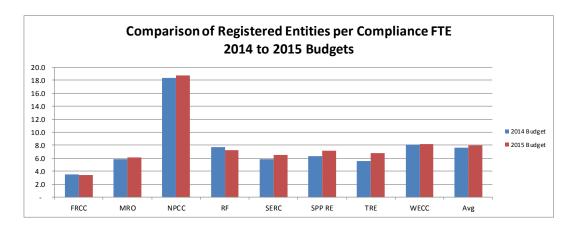


	FRCC	MRO	NPCC	RF	SERC	SPP RE	TRE	WECC	Avg
Compliance FTE	19.77	22.08	16.00	45.75	37.50	20.85	33.50	53.50	31.12
# Registered Entities per Compliance FTE	3.4	6.2	18.8	7.2	6.5	7.2	6.7	8.2	8.0
# Registered Functions per Compliance FTE	12.3	20.8	37.6	14.6	18.2	20.1	13.3	22.1	19.9

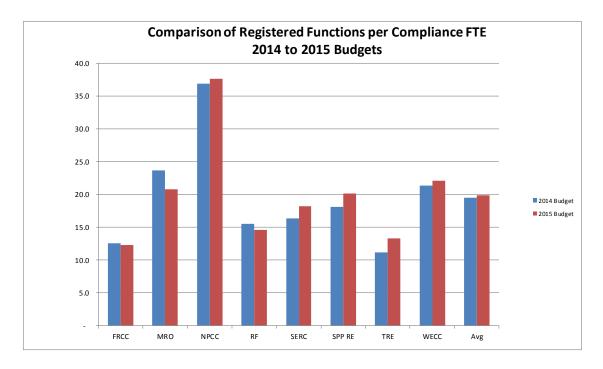




	FRCC	MRO	NPCC	RF	SERC	SPP RE	TRE	WECC	Avg
2014 Budget	3.5	5.9	18.3	7.7	5.8	6.3	5.6	8.1	7.7
2015 Budget	3.4	6.2	18.8	7.2	6.5	7.2	6.7	8.2	8.0



	FRCC	MRO	NPCC	RF	SERC	SPP RE	TRE	WECC	Avg
2014 Budget	12.6	23.6	36.9	15.6	16.3	18.1	11.2	21.4	19.5
2015 Budget	12.3	20.8	37.6	14.6	18.2	20.1	13.3	22.1	19.9



## **Discussion and Analysis**

## **Metrics Based on 2015 Regional Entity Budgets**

The development, collection, analysis and comparison of Regional Entity Compliance Program metrics data continues to be a complicated and time-consuming process, requiring careful consideration of many complex factors. In analyzing the Regional Entity metrics based on their 2015 budgets, NERC has in a number of instances looked at the average value among the Regional Entities for the metric, as well as the range of the individual values around the average. This data has been considered as part of the effort to understand and explain the differences among the Regional Entities' budgeted values, and not because NERC believes the deviation from an average, standing alone, is a measure of an individual Regional Entity's efficiency or effectiveness.

The Regional Entity metrics provided in this Attachment, based on the Regional Entities' 2015 Business Plans and Budgets, continue to show, in general, that the Regional Entities with the larger numbers of registered entities and registered functions have the larger Compliance Program budgets. The bar charts and accompanying data on page 5 of this Attachment depict the relative positions of the Regional Entities with respect to (i) total Compliance Program budget for 2015 and (ii) numbers of registered entities and registered functions.<sup>6</sup> Three exceptions to this relationship (i.e., that more registered entities and more registered functions means a larger Compliance Program budget) are (i) NPCC, which has a smaller Compliance Program budget than its rank order position in terms of numbers of registered entities and registered functions would suggest, (ii) SPP RE, which has a larger Compliance Program budget than its rank order position in terms of numbers of registered entities and registered functions would suggest, and (iii) Texas RE which also has a larger Compliance Program budget than its rank order position in terms of numbers of registered entities and registered functions would suggest. NPCC has the third highest number of registered entities and the fourth highest number of registered functions, but NPCC's Compliance Program budget is the third lowest of the eight Regional Entities. This is due to the reduced scope of compliance activities in the Canadian Provinces that are part of the NPCC Region, as governed by the Memoranda of Understanding between NPCC and the Canadian Provinces within the NPCC Region. SPP RE has the third lowest number of registered entities and second lowest number of registered functions, but the fifth highest Compliance Program budget. Texas RE has the fourth lowest number of registered entities and third lowest number of registered functions, but the fourth highest Compliance Program budget.

The bar chart and accompanying data on page 6 of this Attachment show the 2015 Compliance Program budget per registered entity and per registered function for each Regional Entity. There are variations among the Regional Entities with respect to Compliance Program budget per registered entity and Compliance Program budget per registered function. The average of the Regional Entity values for Compliance Program budget per registered function is \$16,818 (a decrease of \$431 from this average based on the 2014 Budgets); the three highest

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> The data on numbers of registered entities and registered functions in each Region used in the 2015 budget metrics are as of April, 2014 for the MRO, NPCC, RF, SERC, and SPP RE Regions, and June 2014 for the FRCC, Texas RE and WECC Regions.

values (FRCC - \$21,448, SPP RE - \$20,437 and Texas RE - \$20,290 and) are approximately 127%, 121% and 120% of the average, respectively, while the lowest value (WECC - \$11,149) is 66% of the average and the next lowest value (NPCC - \$14,233) is 85% of the average. With respect to Compliance Program budget per registered entity, the average for the Regional Entities is \$45,058 (a decrease of approximately \$1,675 from the average of the 2014 Budgets); the two highest values (FRCC - \$76,645 and SPP RE - \$57,225) are approximately 170% and 127% of the average, respectively; and the lowest value (NPCC - \$28,560) is 63% of the average.

As noted, FRCC and SPP RE have the two highest values for Compliance Program budget per registered entity, and FRCC, SPP RE and Texas RE have the three highest values for Compliance Program budget per registered function. At the same time, FRCC, SPP RE and Texas RE have three of the four lowest totals of registered entities, and the three lowest totals of registered functions, among the eight Regional Entities. At the other end of the spectrum, WECC has the lowest values among the Regional Entities for Compliance Program budget per registered entity (only NPCC has lower value for Compliance Program budget per registered entity), and WECC has (by far) the highest numbers of registered entities and registered functions in its Region of all the Regional Entities. These data indicate, again (as indicated by these metrics as presented in previous years' business plan and budget filings), and in general, that there are economies of scale in Compliance Program operations and costs.

The graphs on page 11 of this Attachment, which display the results of two simple least-squares regression analyses using the Regional Entities' 2015 budgets, help to further illustrate the relationship between numbers of registered entities and registered functions, on the one hand, and total Compliance Program budget, on the other hand. Each Regional Entity's 2015 Compliance Program budget has been plotted against its number of registered entities, and its number of registered functions. On each of these charts, a linear trend line has been drawn based on the data points, and the correlation coefficient (R²) of the data points is indicated. The disparity between the R² value for the plot based on number of registered entities (0.824) and the R² value for the plot based on number of registered functions (0.8382) is similar to this analysis in the previous three years' Business Plan and Budget filings. NERC continues to believe that

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> There is a variation among the Regional Entities in terms of registered functions per registered entity, ranging from a high value of 3.6 registered functions per registered entity for FRCC to a low value of 2.0 registered functions per registered entity for NPCC, RF and Texas RE. The overall average is 2.7 registered functions per registered entity. (*See* the data lines on page 7.) The values of this metric for each Regional Entity are generally consistent with the values based on the 2011, 2012, 2013, and 2014 Business Plans and Budgets. Not surprisingly, neither the average nor the values of this metric for the individual Regional Entities have changed significantly. There is not an obvious reason why some Regional Entities (MRO and FRCC) have 1.68 to 1.78 times more registered functions per registered entity than do other Regional Entities (NPCC, Texas RE and RF), and in any event this is a metric that is outside the control of the Regional Entities.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> In the regression analysis that was provided in Attachment 15 of the 2012 Business Plan and Budget filing, the R<sup>2</sup> value for the plot based on number of registered functions was 0.7126 while the R<sup>2</sup> value for the plot based on number of registered entities was 0.725. In the regression analysis that was provided in Attachment 15 of the 2013 Business Plan and Budget filing, the R<sup>2</sup> value for the plot based on number of registered functions was 0.7758 while the R<sup>2</sup> value for the plot based on number of registered entities was

the regression analyses continue to indicate that neither number of registered entities or number of registered functions is a significantly better predictor of a Regional Entity's total Compliance Program budget than the other number. Further, a visual inspection of the two graphs shows that the data point for each Regional Entity is at approximately the same point relative to the trend line on both graphs. Specifically, the data points for FRCC, MRO, NPCC and WECC are on or below the trend line on both graphs, and the data points for SPP RE, Texas RE, SERC and RF are on or above the trend line on both graphs. (These are the same positional relationships for the individual Regional Entities that were shown in the regression plots provided in Attachment 15 of the 2013 Business Plan and Budget filing and Attachment 16 of the 2014 Business Plan and Budget filing). It can also be observed that on both of the regression graphs, the data points for each of the Regional Entities are either on or fairly close to the regression trend line; that is, there are no obvious "outliers" from the trend line among the Regional Entities, for either the regression based on Compliance Program budget as a function of number of registered entities or the regression based on Compliance Program budget as a function of the number of registered Finally, the fact that the y-intercept for each trend line is significantly greater than zero is a further indication that a simple comparison of the individual Regional Entity values to an average is not a strong indicator of relative efficiencies of the Regional Entities in their Compliance Programs.

The bar charts and accompanying data lines on page 12 of this Attachment show the numbers of registered functions per Compliance Program FTE and registered entities per Compliance Program FTE for each Regional Entity, based on the 2015 budgets. The average for the eight Regional Entities for numbers of registered entities per Compliance Program FTE is 8.0, (compared to the average of 8.1 and 7.7 based on the 2013 and 2014 budgets, respectively); the lowest value (FRCC – 3.4) is 43% of the average and the highest value (NPCC – 18.8), is 234% of the average. This is about the same range of values around the average that was the case for the 2013 and 2014 Budgets (48% to 241%, and 46% to 239%, respectively). The average for numbers of registered functions per Compliance Program FTE is 19.9 (a 0.4% increase from the average based on the 2014 budgets); the lowest value (FRCC – 12.3) is 62% of the average and the highest value (NPCC – 37.6), is 189% of the average. This is also a comparable range of values around the average that was the case for the 2013 and 2014 Budgets (52% to 187% and 58% to 190%, respectively).

The bar charts and accompanying data lines on page 13 of this Attachment provide a comparison of the metrics for registered entities per Compliance Program FTE and registered functions per Compliance Program FTE, for each Regional Entity, based on the 2015 budgets, to the values of these metrics based on the Regional Entities' 2014 budgets as provided in the 2014 Business Plan and Budget filing. The values of this metric have decreased from the 2014 Budget to the 2015 Budget for FRCC and RF (*i.e.*, these Regional Entities now have fewer registered entities per Compliance Program FTE than in their 2014 budgets), while the values for this metric have increased from the 2014 budgets for MRO, NPCC, SERC, SPP RE, Texas RE, and WECC (*i.e.*, these Regional Entities now have more registered entities per Compliance Program

0.6704. In the regression analysis that was provided in Attachment 16 of the 2014 Business Plan and Budget filing, the  $R^2$  value for the plot based on number of registered functions was 0.7128 while the  $R^2$  value for the plot based on number of registered entities was 0.7908.

FTE than in their 2014 budgets). With respect to registered functions per Compliance Program FTE, the 2015 budget values of this metric are lower than the 2014 budget values for FRCC, MRO, and RF (i.e., these Regional Entities each now has fewer registered functions per Compliance Program FTE than its 2014 budget), while the 2015 budget values of this metric are higher than the 2014 budget values for NPCC, SERC, SPP RE, Texas RE, and WECC (i.e., these Regional Entities now have more registered functions per Compliance Program FTE than in their 2014 budgets. The change in the value of these metrics for FRCC, NPCC, and WECC from their 2014 budgets to their 2015 budgets is generally 5 percent or less for number of registered entities per Compliance Program FTE and is generally 5 percent or less for number of registered functions per Compliance Program FTE. This observation is consistent with the facts that (1) eight years after NERC was certified as the ERO, the population of registered entities and registered functions is fairly mature (i.e., for the most part, the users, owners, and operators of the bulk power system that should be registered, have been registered, and for the relevant reliability functions<sup>9</sup>), and (2) the Regional Entities have significantly grown their Compliance Program staffs over time and are not planning significant staffing changes for their Compliance Programs in their 2015 budgets as compared to their 2014 budgets. For MRO, RF, SERC, SPP RE and Texas RE, the change in the value of these metrics from their 2014 budgets to their 2015 budgets is 4.8, 6.3, 11.0, 13.6, and 21.6 percent, respectively for number of registered entities per Compliance Program FTE and is 12.0, 6.0, 11.2, 11.3, and 18.3 percent, respectively for the number of registered functions per Compliance Program FTE. 10

The bar charts and accompanying data lines on pages 8 through 10 of this Attachment provide the Regional Entities' estimated costs for 2015 to perform each type (operational and CIP; on-site and off-site) and size category of compliance audit. The estimated costs to perform a compliance audit include the costs to prepare for the audit (including review of the registered entity's completed pre-audit questionnaire and Reliability Standards Audit Worksheets (RSAWs) and other registered entity-provided documents and information, and any pre-audit meetings), to perform the audit (whether on-site or off-site), and to report the results of the audit. Costs incurred in issuing and processing notices of alleged violations and proposed penalties resulting from the compliance audit (i.e., the costs of enforcement activities, as contrasted with the costs of compliance monitoring activities) are not included in the estimated cost to perform the compliance audit. The costs per audit for each category of audit, shown in the table on page 4 and the bar charts on pages 8 through 10, are based on the Regional Entities' estimates of the man-hours required to complete the preparation, performance and reporting functions for each category of compliance audit in 2015. The costs include the direct Salary expense and related Personnel Expense (Payroll Taxes, Benefits and Retirement Costs) for the man-hours of the Regional Entity personnel involved in preparation, performance and reporting for the audit

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> It is possible that implementation the revised Bulk Electric System (BES) definition, which became effective on July 1, 2014, and the application of the BES Definition exception procedure (Appendix 5C to the NERC Rules of Procedure), will result in some changes in registrations, at least in some Regions.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> These two metrics, however, do not capture other Compliance Program resources, most notably contractor or consultant support, nor support that other departments (such as Legal and Regulatory) may provide to the Regional Entities' Compliance Programs.

Estimated costs of a particular size or type of audit are not provided in the table on page 4 or in the applicable bar chart on pages 8 through 10 if no audits are planned.

and/or the costs for consultant/contractor resources used by the Regional Entity to perform the audit, but do not include any allocation of Regional Entity indirect costs. The costs also include Travel Expense for personnel in connection with on-site audits at the registered entity's location.

NERC and the Regional Entities note the following factors, among others, that can contribute to the differences in estimated costs per compliance audit among the Regional Entities for the various compliance audit size and site categories, as reported in the table on page 4 and shown in the bar charts on pages 8 through 10:

- Some Regional Entities are using consultants or contractors on their audit teams, which may entail a higher cost per hour than the use of Regional Entity employees. For example, as shown on the table on page 4, SERC and SPP RE are planning on the use of contractors in compliance audits in 2015. (In general and over time, as the Regional Entities have continued to build their Compliance Program staffs, they have been able to reduce their use of consultants or contractors in compliance audits. An exception is where very specialized subject matter expertise is required and there may not be cost justification for maintaining that expertise on staff in FTE positions.)
- The Regional Entity's footprint may affect the extent to which travel costs must be incurred in the performance of on-site compliance audits within the Region.
- Although consistent definitions of "large" operational and CIP audits have been used, *i.e.*, an operational audit encompassing more than 75 reliability standards requirements and a CIP audit encompassing more than 43 CIP standards requirements or 162 sub-requirements), some Regional Entities may project a greater number of requirements to be audited in a typical "large" compliance audit than other Regional Entities. A Regional Entity that projects a larger number of requirements to be audited in a "large" audit would, all other things equal, estimate a greater amount of resources to conduct its "large" audit (*e.g.*, more auditors, more days at the registered entity's site and/or more man-hours to review the registered entity's documentation and to prepare the audit report).
- Some Regional Entities may simply be planning more steps, or budgeting higher man-hours, for the preparation, completion and/or reporting phases of their compliance audits. In particular, there may be variations in the levels of activity and man-hours budgeted by the Regional Entities for review of registered entity responses to pre-audit questionnaires and RSAWs, and other registered entity documents and information, prior to the on-site phase of a compliance audit. In this regard, NERC notes that one of its initiatives during 2014 and continuing into 2015, in conjunction with the Regional Entities, is the development of, training of auditors on, and implementation of, a common compliance audit manual and checklist and set of

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup> It should be noted that although the cost to use a contractor or consultant on an individual audit assignment may be more costly than using a Regional Entity employee, the annual cost to the Regional Entity of retaining a contractor or consultant for a specific targeted assignment such as participating in certain compliance audits may be less than the cost of maintaining a FTE employee on staff for the year.

compliance audit procedures, in order to increase the consistency of compliance audit processes across the Regional Entities. *See* the discussion in the Regional Entity Assurance and Oversight section of NERC's 2015 Business Plan and Budget, **Attachment 2** to this filing.

• With respect to CIP compliance audits, the need to examine equipment or facilities that are the subject of one or more TFE Requests or to audit the registered entity's compliance with one or more approved TFEs complicates the difficulty of projecting the resource requirements for a CIP audit.

In addition to these factors, differences in estimated costs per audit among Regional Entities may reflect general differences in the market compensation levels in the different areas of the U.S. in which the various Regional Entities operate, thereby impacting their respective overall Personnel Expenses.

In conclusion, NERC reiterates that the development, collection, analysis and comparison of metrics on the Regional Entities' costs, operations and performance is an ongoing process. NERC and the Regional Entities will continue to work collaboratively to develop and refine appropriate metrics and to improve their analysis of the reported metrics values and the factors that may cause variations in values among the Regional Entities. In addition, NERC and the Regional Entities are evaluating whether additional or revised metrics should be developed to better reflect current practices in compliance auditing and other compliance monitoring activities, including the impacts of the ERO's Reliability Assurance Initiative.

# NORTH AMERICAN ELECTRIC RELIABILITY CORPORATION

# 2015 BUSINESS PLAN AND BUDGET FILING

# **ATTACHMENT 12**

# METRICS ON NERC AND REGIONAL ENTITY ADMINISTRATIVE (INDIRECT) COSTS

**BASED ON** 

**THE 2014 AND 2015 BUDGETS** 

#### ATTACHMENT

# Analysis of NERC and Regional Entity Budgeted Indirect (Administrative Services) Costs 2015 Budgets versus 2014 Budgets

In the preparation of the NERC and Regional Entity 2015 Business Plans and Budgets, indirect expenses have been defined as those expenses which cannot be directly attributed to one of the statutory program functions.<sup>1</sup>

The metrics presented in the tables on the last page of this Attachment are the same metrics presented in the Attachment to the 2010, 2011, 2012 and 2013 Business Plan and Budget filings and the Attachment to the 2014 Business Plan and Budget filing. These tables provide several metrics comparing indirect costs and FTEs<sup>2</sup> in relation to total statutory costs and FTEs and direct statutory costs and FTEs, for NERC and each of the Regional Entities, in their 2015 Business Plans and Budgets and their 2014 Business Plans and Budgets.

Overall, the tables show a decrease in the average indirect costs as a percent of total statutory costs and an increase in the average statutory indirect FTEs as a percentage of total statutory FTEs, in the NERC and Regional Entity 2015 budgets as compared to the 2014 budgets. This result is reflective of consistent application of the definition of indirect costs, as described above, in the preparation of the 2015 budgets.

Following is discussion of the individual metrics presented in the tables.

#### **Percent of Statutory Indirect Budget to Total Statutory Budget**

For NERC and the Regional Entities, the average percent of Statutory Indirect Budget to Total Statutory Budget (top row of tables) in the 2015 budgets is 34.8%, versus 35.5% in the 2014 budgets. For 2015, FRCC, MRO, NPCC, RF, Texas RE and WECC show percentages below or only slightly above (less than 10% higher than) the overall average. SERC's 2015 value for this metric is only 13% higher than the overall average.

FRCC's percentages for this metric calculated from both its 2014 budget and its 2015 budget are considerably lower than the overall average, which is reflective of the methodology used by FRCC to identify and allocate staff time and Office Costs to the appropriate program. SPP RE continues to have a higher percentage than the average (the highest percentage among the Regional Entities) for this metric, reflecting the allocation of indirect costs (support services charges) from SPP, Inc., which are driven by SPP, Inc.'s operating budget.

For NERC, MRO, NPCC, RF, SPP RE and WECC the percentages of Statutory Indirect Budget to Total Statutory Budget decreased in their 2015 budgets from the percentages based on

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> NERC and Regional Entity provisions for Working Capital Reserve are not included in the budget data used to calculate these metrics.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> FTE = Full-time equivalent employee.

their 2014 budgets, ranging from a 0.2 percentage point decrease for NPCC to a 3 percentage point decrease for NERC. NERC's decrease for this metric is largely due to the increase in its budgeted statutory direct expenses in 2015 due to the commencement of NERC's participation in the Cyber Risk Information Sharing Program (CRISP), which in turn is being funded largely through Third-Party Funding payments from the electric utilities participating in the CRISP rather than through increased statutory assessments to all load-serving entities. For FRCC and SERC, the percentages increased by 1.7 percentage points and 2.2 percentage points, respectively. For Texas RE the percentages remained the same.

The overall average for the ratio of Statutory Direct Budget to Statutory Indirect Budget decreased from 2.57 based on the 2014 Business Plans and Budgets to 2.43 based in the 2015 Business Plans and Budgets. Overall, the changes in the average values of the two metrics shown in the top row of tables from the 2014 Budgets to the 2015 Budgets do not represent significant movement.

## **Budgeted Indirect FTEs as a Percent of Budgeted Total FTEs**

In the NERC and Regional Entity 2015 Business Plans and Budgets, on average the budgeted statutory indirect FTEs are 24.7% of total statutory FTEs, compared to an average of 22.3% for the 2014 budgets, an increase of 2.4 percentage points (second row of tables). In the 2014 budget compared to the 2013 budget, the average number of statutory direct FTEs per statutory indirect FTE increased by 0.09, from 4.32 to 4.41. On average, there are 3.53 statutory direct FTEs per statutory indirect FTE in the 2015 budgets, compared to 4.41 statutory direct FTEs per statutory indirect FTEs in the 2014 budgets, for an average decrease of 0.88 statutory direct FTEs per statutory indirect FTE.

NERC, FRCC, SERC, SPP RE and Texas RE have higher percentages of budgeted statutory indirect FTEs to total statutory FTEs reflected in their 2015 budgets than in their 2014 budgets. RF and WECC have lower percentages of budgeted statutory indirect FTEs to total statutory FTEs reflected in their 2015 budgets than in their 2014 budgets. MRO's and NPCC's percentage of budgeted statutory indirect FTEs to total statutory FTEs reflected in their 2015 budgets are the same as in their 2014 budgets. NERC, FRCC, SPP RE and Texas RE have the largest decreases in the ratio of direct statutory FTEs to indirect statutory FTEs from their 2014 Budgets to their 2015 Budgets. SPP RE continues to have a very low percentage of indirect statutory FTEs to total statutory FTEs, which reflects the fact that SPP RE has a very small staff of indirect FTEs and obtains many of its administrative services from SPP, Inc. rather than through its own administrative staff as is the case for NERC and the other seven Regional Entities.

In considering this metric, it should be kept in mind that neither NERC nor any of the other Regional Entities are planning significant changes (increases or decreases) in overall staffing levels in their 2015 budgets from their 2014 budgets. Thus, the changes in the percentages of budgeted statutory indirect FTEs to total statutory FTEs and in the ratios of direct statutory FTEs to indirect statutory FTEs represent, primarily, reallocations of resources among direct and indirect program areas within each entity to support the goals and objectives of each entity.

## **Statutory Indirect Budget per Total FTE**

The Statutory Indirect Budget per Total FTEs has increased from an average of \$95,164 in the 2014 NERC and Regional Entity budgets to \$97,312 in the 2015 budgets, an increase of \$2,148, or 2.3% (bottom row of tables). In prior years, the increases in the statutory Indirect Budget per Total FTEs were generally reflective of an increased percentage of Statutory Indirect Budget to Total Statutory Budget (first row of tables). In 2015, this relationship is similar for FRCC and SERC. The statutory Indirect Budget per Total FTEs metric has decreased from the 2014 budget to the 2015 budget for MRO and WECC, and is reflective of their decreased percentages of Statutory Indirect Budget to Total Statutory Budget (first row of tables). The statutory Indirect Budget per Total FTEs metric has increased from the 2014 budget to the 2015 budget for NERC, NPCC, RF and SPP RE, while the percentage of Statutory Indirect Budget to Total Statutory Budget (first row of tables) decreased for these entities. differences in these two metrics from the 2014 Budgets to the 2015 Budgets for NPCC (2%), RF (4%) and SPP RE (2%) are not significant. For NERC, the statutory Indirect Budget per Total FTEs metric has increased 8.8% from the 2014 budget to the 2015 budget, while the percentage of Statutory Indirect Budget to Total Statutory Budget (first row of tables) decreased 3.0%. The increase in NERC's statutory Indirect Budget per Total FTEs (bottom row of tables) is reflective of the small increase in total FTEs, 189.53 FTEs in 2014 to 192.3 FTEs in 2015, or 1.5%, compared to the increase in NERC's statutory indirect budget, from \$25.2M in 2014 to \$27.8M in 2015, or 10.4%. While NERC's statutory indirect budget increased 10.4% in 2015 over 2014, NERC's statutory direct budget increased 24.5% in 2015 over 2014 (\$38.8M in 2015 compared to \$31.2M in 2014), due largely to the incorporation of the CRISP in the 2015 Budget, resulting in the decrease in NERC's percentage of Statutory Indirect Budget to Total Statutory Budget (first row of tables).

# Analysis of Indirect (Administrative Services) Costs 2015 Budget versus 2014 Budget

2014 BUDGET 2015 BUDGET

To	otal Statutory Budget	Total Statutory Direct Budget	Total Statutory Indirect Budget	% Statutory Indirect Budget to Total Statutory	Ratio of Statutory Direct Budget to Indirect Budget		То	otal Statutory Budget	Total Statutory Direct Budget	Total Statutory Indirect Budget	% Statutory Indirect Budget to Total Statutory	Ratio of Statutory Direct Budget to Indirect Budget	
\$	56,390,096	\$ 31,154,625	\$ 25,235,471	44.8%	1.23	NERC	\$	66,649,306	38,801,269	27,848,037	41.8%	1.39	
	6,794,932	6,172,992	621,940	9.2%	9.93	FRCC		7,162,233	6,379,570	782,663	10.9%	8.15	
	9,744,799	5,774,572	3,970,227	40.7%	1.45	MRO		10,328,687	6,430,254	3,898,433	37.7%	1.65	
	14,129,006	9,095,248	5,033,758	35.6%	1.81	NPCC		14,778,540	9,544,174	5,234,366	35.4%	1.82	
	18,063,201	12,869,165	5,194,036	28.8%	2.48	RF		18,756,764	13,442,121	5,314,643	28.3%	2.53	
	16,877,288	10,610,814	6,266,474	37.1%	1.69	SERC		15,995,840	9,704,308	6,291,532	39.3%	1.54	
	11,823,629	5,736,162	6,087,467	51.5%	0.94	SPP RE		11,808,109	5,803,102	6,005,007	50.9%	0.97	
	11,771,248	7,653,236	4,118,012	35.0%	1.86	Texas RE		11,983,701	7,788,932	4,194,769	35.0%	1.86	
	25,638,084	16,296,214	9,341,870	36.4%	1.74	WECC		26,300,034	17,346,688	8,953,346	34.0%	1.94	
_				35.5%	2.57	AVERAGE	_				34.8%	2.43	

	20	14 BUDGETED FTES			2015 BUDGETED FTEs							
Total Statutory FTEs	Total Statutory Direct FTEs	Total Statutory Indirect FTEs	Indirect FTE as % of Total FTE	# Direct to Indirect Statutory FTEs		Total Statutory FTEs	Total Statutory Direct FTEs	Total Statutory Indirect FTEs	Indirect FTE as % of Total FTE	# Direct to Indirect Statutory FTEs		
189.53	130.39	59.14	31.2%	2.20	NERC	192.30	124.76	67.54	35.1%	1.85		
30.40	27.04	3.36	11.1%	8.05	FRCC	30.91	26.87	4.04	13.1%	6.65		
40.75	29.79	10.96	26.9%	2.72	MRO	42.50	31.08	11.42	26.9%	2.72		
36.86	27.86	9.00	24.4%	3.10	NPCC	36.86	27.86	9.00	24.4%	3.10		
72.00	57.20	14.80	20.6%	3.86	RF	72.20	57.60	14.60	20.2%	3.95		
79.20	59.37	19.83	25.0%	2.99	SERC	78.70	54.57	24.13	30.7%	2.26		
33.86	30.86	3.00	8.9%	10.29	SPP RE	32.75	28.25	4.50	13.7%	6.28		
60.00	49.25	10.75	17.9%	4.58	Texas RE	60.00	44.50	15.50	25.8%	2.87		
135.00	88.10	46.90	34.7%	1.88	WECC	137.50	92.60	44.90	32.7%	2.06		
			22.3%	4.41	AVERAGE				24.7%	3.53		

		2	014 BUDGET per FTE			2015 BUDGET per FTE							
Total Statutory		Total Statutory Direct	Total Statutory Indirect	Statutory Indirect Budget per Total FTE		Total Statutory	Total Statutory Direct	Total Statutory Indirect	Statutory Indirect Budget per Total FTE				
\$	297,526	\$ 238,934	\$ 426,707	\$ 133,148	NERC	\$ 346,590	\$ 311,007	\$ 412,319	\$ 144,816				
	223,518	228,291	185,101	20,459	FRCC	231,712	237,424	193,728	25,321				
	239,136	193,843	362,247	97,429	MRO	243,028	206,894	341,369	91,728				
	383,315	326,463	559,306	136,564	NPCC	400,937	342,576	581,596	142,007				
	250,878	224,985	350,948	72,139	RF	259,789	233,370	364,017	73,610				
	213,097	178,723	316,010	79,122	SERC	203,251	177,832	260,735	79,943				
	349,192	185,877	2,029,156	179,783	SPP RE	360,553	205,420	1,334,446	183,359				
	196,187	155,396	383,071	68,634	Texas RE	199,728	175,032	270,630	69,913				
	189,912	184,974	199,187	69,199	WECC	191,273	187,329	199,406	65,115				
				\$ 95,164	AVERAGE				\$ 97,312				