Exhibit A

Interpretations of Requirement R3 of CIP-002-4 — Critical Cyber Asset Identification.



Note: an Interpretation cannot be used to change a standard.

Request for an Interpretation of a Reliability Standard

Date submitted: 1/31/10

Date revised version submitted: 7/22/10

Contact information for person requesting the interpretation:

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Identify the standard that needs clarification:

Standard Number (include version number): CIP-002-1

(example: PRC-001-1)

Standard Title: Cyber Security – Critical Cyber Asset Identification

Identify specifically what requirement needs clarification:

Requirement Number and Text of Requirement: CIP - 002-1, Requirement R3

- R3. Critical Cyber Asset Identification Using the list of Critical Assets developed pursuant to Requirement R2, the Responsible Entity shall develop a list of associated Critical Cyber Assets essential to the operation of the Critical Asset. Examples at control centers and backup control centers include systems and facilities at master and remote sites that provide monitoring and control, automatic generation control, real-time power system modeling, and real-time inter-utility data exchange. The Responsible Entity shall review this list at least annually, and update it as necessary. For the purpose of Standard CIP-002, Critical Cyber Assets are further qualified to be those having at least one of the following characteristics:
 - **R3.1.** The Cyber Asset uses a routable protocol to communicate outside the Electronic Security Perimeter; or,
 - **R3.2.** The Cyber Asset uses a routable protocol within a control center; or,
 - **R3.3.** The Cyber Asset is dial-up accessible.

Clarification needed:

With regard to the above requirements, Duke Energy respectfully requests an interpretation as to the following:

- 1. Is the phrase "Examples at control centers and backup control centers include systems and facilities at master and remote sites that provide monitoring and control, automatic generation control, real-time power system modeling, and real-time inter-utility data exchange" meant to be prescriptive, i.e., that any and all systems and facilities utilized in monitoring and control, automatic generation control, real-time power system modeling, and real-time inter-utility data exchange, must be classified as Critical Cyber Assets, or is this phrase simply meant to provide examples of the types of systems that should be assessed for inclusion in the list of Critical Cyber Assets using an entity's critical cyber asset methodology?
- 2. What does the phrase, "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset" mean? If an entity has an asset that "may" be used to operate a Critical Asset, but is not "required" for operation of that Critical Asset, is the asset considered "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset"? Remote access to the systems is valuable to operations (see Material Impact Statement below), but operation of the Critical Asset is not literally dependent on these laptops.
 - The term "essential" is not defined in the NERC Glossary. The Merriam Webster dictionary provides the following definition of essential: "ESSENTIAL implies belonging to the very nature of a thing and therefore being incapable of removal without destroying the thing itself or its character." The dictionary provides the following synonyms for essential: "Inherent, basic, indispensible, vital, fundamental, and necessary."

Identify the material impact associated with this interpretation:

Identify the material impact to your organization or others caused by the lack of clarity or an incorrect interpretation of this standard.

If the phrase 'Examples at control centers and backup control centers include systems and facilities at master and remote sites that provide monitoring and control, automatic generation control' is meant to be prescriptive such that workstations, which are utilized in monitoring and control must be classified as Critical Cyber Assets, then the ability to provide remote support is not available to companies.

It is inherently not possible to implement all of the prescribed controls, i.e. CIP 006 physical controls, around workstations such as laptops when used from remote locations. The reliability of the Bulk Electric System will be eroded, rather than enhanced, if companies do not have the ability to remotely access the Critical Asset environment by utilizing laptop workstations with the cyber security controls prescribed in CIP 005.

Interpretation 2010-INT-05: Response to Request for an Interpretation of NERC Standard CIP-002-1 R3 for the Duke Energy Corporation

The following interpretation of NERC Standard CIP-002-1 Cyber Security — Critical Cyber Asset Identification was developed by a sub team of the Cyber Security Order 706 Standard Drafting Team.

Requirement Number and Text of Requirement

- R3. Critical Cyber Asset Identification Using the list of Critical Assets developed pursuant to Requirement R2, the Responsible Entity shall develop a list of associated Critical Cyber Assets essential to the operation of the Critical Asset. Examples at control centers and backup control centers include systems and facilities at master and remote sites that provide monitoring and control, automatic generation control, real-time power system modeling, and real-time inter-utility data exchange. The Responsible Entity shall review this list at least annually, and update it as necessary. For the purpose of Standard CIP-002, Critical Cyber Assets are further qualified to be those having at least one of the following characteristics:
 - R3.1. The Cyber Asset uses a routable protocol to communicate outside the Electronic Security Perimeter; or,
 - R3.2. The Cyber Asset uses a routable protocol within a control center; or,
 - R3.3. The Cyber Asset is dial-up accessible.

Question 1

Is the phrase "Examples at control centers and backup control centers include systems and facilities at master and remote sites that provide monitoring and control, automatic generation control, real-time power system modeling, and real-time inter-utility data exchange" meant to be prescriptive, i.e., that any and all systems and facilities utilized in monitoring and control, automatic generation control, real-time power system modeling, and real-time inter-utility data exchange, must be classified as Critical Cyber Assets, or is this phrase simply meant to provide examples of the types of systems that should be assessed for inclusion in the list of Critical Cyber Assets using an entity's critical cyber asset methodology?

Response to Question 1

The phrase "Examples at control centers and backup control centers include systems and facilities at master and remote sites that provide monitoring and control, automatic generation control, real-time power system modeling, and real-time inter-utility data exchange" is illustrative, not prescriptive. It simply provides examples of the types of Cyber Assets that should be considered. It does not imply that the items listed must be classified as Critical Cyber Assets, nor is it intended to be an exhaustive list of Critical Cyber Asset types.

Question 2

What does the phrase, "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset" mean? If an entity has an asset that "may" be used to operate a Critical Asset, but is not "required" for operation of that Critical Asset, is the asset considered "essential to the operation of the

Critical Asset"? Remote access to the systems is valuable to operations (see Material Impact Statement below), but operation of the Critical Asset is not literally dependent on these laptops.

Response to Question 2

The word "essential" is not defined in the *Glossary of Terms used in NERC Reliability Standards*, but the well-understood meaning and ordinary usage of the word "essential" implies "inherent to" or "necessary." The phrase "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset" means inherent to or necessary for the operation of the Critical Asset.

A Cyber Asset that "may" be used, but is not "required" (i.e., a Critical Asset cannot function as intended without the Cyber Asset), for the operation of a Critical Asset is not "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset" for purposes of Requirement R3. Similarly, a Cyber Asset that is merely "valuable to" the operation of a Critical Asset, but is not necessary for or inherent to the operation of that Critical Asset, is not "essential to the operation" of the Critical Asset.

Exhibit B

Proposed Reliability Standards CIP-002-3a and CIP-002-4a — Critical Cyber Asset Identification, that includes the appended interpretations of Requirement R3, submitted for approval.

A. Introduction

1. Title: Cyber Security — Critical Cyber Asset Identification

2. Number: CIP-002-3a

3. Purpose: NERC Standards CIP-002-3 through CIP-009-3 provide a cyber security framework for the identification and protection of Critical Cyber Assets to support reliable operation of the Bulk Electric System.

These standards recognize the differing roles of each entity in the operation of the Bulk Electric System, the criticality and vulnerability of the assets needed to manage Bulk Electric System reliability, and the risks to which they are exposed.

Business and operational demands for managing and maintaining a reliable Bulk Electric System increasingly rely on Cyber Assets supporting critical reliability functions and processes to communicate with each other, across functions and organizations, for services and data. This results in increased risks to these Cyber Assets.

Standard CIP-002-3 requires the identification and documentation of the Critical Cyber Assets associated with the Critical Assets that support the reliable operation of the Bulk Electric System. These Critical Assets are to be identified through the application of a risk-based assessment.

4. Applicability:

- **4.1.** Within the text of Standard CIP-002-3, "Responsible Entity" shall mean:
 - **4.1.1** Reliability Coordinator.
 - **4.1.2** Balancing Authority.
 - **4.1.3** Interchange Authority.
 - **4.1.4** Transmission Service Provider.
 - **4.1.5** Transmission Owner.
 - **4.1.6** Transmission Operator.
 - **4.1.7** Generator Owner.
 - **4.1.8** Generator Operator.
 - **4.1.9** Load Serving Entity.
 - **4.1.10** NERC.
 - **4.1.11** Regional Entity.
- **4.2.** The following are exempt from Standard CIP-002-3:
 - **4.2.1** Facilities regulated by the U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission or the Canadian Nuclear Safety Commission.
 - **4.2.2** Cyber Assets associated with communication networks and data communication links between discrete Electronic Security Perimeters.
- **5. Effective Date:** The first day of the third calendar quarter after applicable regulatory approvals have been received (or the Reliability Standard otherwise becomes effective the first day of the third calendar quarter after BOT adoption in those jurisdictions where regulatory approval is not required)

B. Requirements

- **R1.** Critical Asset Identification Method The Responsible Entity shall identify and document a risk-based assessment methodology to use to identify its Critical Assets.
 - **R1.1.** The Responsible Entity shall maintain documentation describing its risk-based assessment methodology that includes procedures and evaluation criteria.
 - **R1.2.** The risk-based assessment shall consider the following assets:
 - **R1.2.1.** Control centers and backup control centers performing the functions of the entities listed in the Applicability section of this standard.
 - **R1.2.2.** Transmission substations that support the reliable operation of the Bulk Electric System.
 - **R1.2.3.** Generation resources that support the reliable operation of the Bulk Electric System.
 - **R1.2.4.** Systems and facilities critical to system restoration, including blackstart generators and substations in the electrical path of transmission lines used for initial system restoration.
 - **R1.2.5.** Systems and facilities critical to automatic load shedding under a common control system capable of shedding 300 MW or more.
 - **R1.2.6.** Special Protection Systems that support the reliable operation of the Bulk Electric System.
 - **R1.2.7.** Any additional assets that support the reliable operation of the Bulk Electric System that the Responsible Entity deems appropriate to include in its assessment.
- **R2.** Critical Asset Identification The Responsible Entity shall develop a list of its identified Critical Assets determined through an annual application of the risk-based assessment methodology required in R1. The Responsible Entity shall review this list at least annually, and update it as necessary.
- **R3.** Critical Cyber Asset Identification Using the list of Critical Assets developed pursuant to Requirement R2, the Responsible Entity shall develop a list of associated Critical Cyber Assets essential to the operation of the Critical Asset. Examples at control centers and backup control centers include systems and facilities at master and remote sites that provide monitoring and control, automatic generation control, real-time power system modeling, and real-time interutility data exchange. The Responsible Entity shall review this list at least annually, and update it as necessary. For the purpose of Standard CIP-002-3, Critical Cyber Assets are further qualified to be those having at least one of the following characteristics:
 - **R3.1.** The Cyber Asset uses a routable protocol to communicate outside the Electronic Security Perimeter; or,
 - **R3.2.** The Cyber Asset uses a routable protocol within a control center; or,
 - **R3.3.** The Cyber Asset is dial-up accessible.
- **R4.** Annual Approval The senior manager or delegate(s) shall approve annually the risk-based assessment methodology, the list of Critical Assets and the list of Critical Cyber Assets. Based on Requirements R1, R2, and R3 the Responsible Entity may determine that it has no Critical Assets or Critical Cyber Assets. The Responsible Entity shall keep a signed and dated record of

the senior manager or delegate(s)'s approval of the risk-based assessment methodology, the list of Critical Assets and the list of Critical Cyber Assets (even if such lists are null.)

C. Measures

- **M1.** The Responsible Entity shall make available its current risk-based assessment methodology documentation as specified in Requirement R1.
- **M2.** The Responsible Entity shall make available its list of Critical Assets as specified in Requirement R2.
- **M3.** The Responsible Entity shall make available its list of Critical Cyber Assets as specified in Requirement R3.
- **M4.** The Responsible Entity shall make available its approval records of annual approvals as specified in Requirement R4.

D. Compliance

1. Compliance Monitoring Process

1.1. Compliance Enforcement Authority

- **1.1.1** Regional Entity for Responsible Entities that do not perform delegated tasks for their Regional Entity.
- **1.1.2** ERO for Regional Entity.
- **1.1.3** Third-party monitor without vested interest in the outcome for NERC.

1.2. Compliance Monitoring Period and Reset Time Frame

Not applicable.

1.3. Compliance Monitoring and Enforcement Processes

Compliance Audits

Self-Certifications

Spot Checking

Compliance Violation Investigations

Self-Reporting

Complaints

1.4. Data Retention

- 1.4.1 The Responsible Entity shall keep documentation required by Standard CIP-002-3 from the previous full calendar year unless directed by its Compliance Enforcement Authority to retain specific evidence for a longer period of time as part of an investigation.
- **1.4.2** The Compliance Enforcement Authority in conjunction with the Registered Entity shall keep the last audit records and all requested and submitted subsequent audit records.

1.5. Additional Compliance Information

1.5.1 None.

2. Violation Severity Levels (To be developed later.)

E. Regional Variances

None identified.

Version History

Version	Date	Action	Change Tracking
1	January 16, 2006	R3.2 — Change "Control Center" to "control center"	Errata
2		Modifications to clarify the requirements and to bring the compliance elements into conformance with the latest guidelines for developing compliance elements of standards.	
		Removal of reasonable business judgment.	
		Replaced the RRO with the RE as a responsible entity.	
		Rewording of Effective Date.	
		Changed compliance monitor to Compliance Enforcement Authority.	
3		Updated version number from -2 to -3	
3	December 16, 2009	Approved by the NERC Board of Trustees	Update
3a	May 9, 2012	Adopted by the NERC Board of Trustees	

Appendix 1

Requirement Number and Text of Requirement

- R3. Critical Cyber Asset Identification Using the list of Critical Assets developed pursuant to Requirement R2, the Responsible Entity shall develop a list of associated Critical Cyber Assets essential to the operation of the Critical Asset. Examples at control centers and backup control centers include systems and facilities at master and remote sites that provide monitoring and control, automatic generation control, real-time power system modeling, and real-time inter-utility data exchange. The Responsible Entity shall review this list at least annually, and update it as necessary. For the purpose of Standard CIP-002, Critical Cyber Assets are further qualified to be those having at least one of the following characteristics:
 - R3.1. The Cyber Asset uses a routable protocol to communicate outside the Electronic Security Perimeter; or,
 - R3.2. The Cyber Asset uses a routable protocol within a control center; or,
 - R3.3. The Cyber Asset is dial-up accessible.

Question 1

Is the phrase "Examples at control centers and backup control centers include systems and facilities at master and remote sites that provide monitoring and control, automatic generation control, real-time power system modeling, and real-time inter-utility data exchange" meant to be prescriptive, i.e., that any and all systems and facilities utilized in monitoring and control, automatic generation control, real-time power system modeling, and real-time inter-utility data exchange, must be classified as Critical Cyber Assets, or is this phrase simply meant to provide examples of the types of systems that should be assessed for inclusion in the list of Critical Cyber Assets using an entity's critical cyber asset methodology?

Response to Question 1

The phrase "Examples at control centers and backup control centers include systems and facilities at master and remote sites that provide monitoring and control, automatic generation control, real-time power system modeling, and real-time inter-utility data exchange" is illustrative, not prescriptive. It simply provides examples of the types of Cyber Assets that should be considered. It does not imply that the items listed must be classified as Critical Cyber Assets, nor is it intended to be an exhaustive list of Critical Cyber Asset types.

Question 2

What does the phrase, "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset" mean? If an entity has an asset that "may" be used to operate a Critical Asset, but is not "required" for operation of that Critical Asset, is the asset considered "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset"? Remote access to the systems is valuable to operations (see Material Impact Statement below), but operation of the Critical Asset is not literally dependent on these laptops.

Response to Question 2

The word "essential" is not defined in the Glossary of Terms used in NERC Reliability Standards, but the

Standard CIP-002-3a — Cyber Security — Critical Cyber Asset Identification

well-understood meaning and ordinary usage of the word "essential" implies "inherent to" or "necessary." The phrase "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset" means inherent to or necessary for the operation of the Critical Asset.

A Cyber Asset that "may" be used, but is not "required" (i.e., a Critical Asset cannot function as intended without the Cyber Asset), for the operation of a Critical Asset is not "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset" for purposes of Requirement R3. Similarly, a Cyber Asset that is merely "valuable to" the operation of a Critical Asset, but is not necessary for or inherent to the operation of that Critical Asset, is not "essential to the operation" of the Critical Asset.

A. Introduction

1. **Title:** Cyber Security — Critical Cyber Asset Identification

2. Number: CIP-002-<u>33a</u>

3. Purpose: NERC Standards CIP-002-3 through CIP-009-3 provide a cyber security framework for the identification and protection of Critical Cyber Assets to support reliable operation of the Bulk Electric System.

These standards recognize the differing roles of each entity in the operation of the Bulk Electric System, the criticality and vulnerability of the assets needed to manage Bulk Electric System reliability, and the risks to which they are exposed.

Business and operational demands for managing and maintaining a reliable Bulk Electric System increasingly rely on Cyber Assets supporting critical reliability functions and processes to communicate with each other, across functions and organizations, for services and data. This results in increased risks to these Cyber Assets.

Standard CIP-002-3 requires the identification and documentation of the Critical Cyber Assets associated with the Critical Assets that support the reliable operation of the Bulk Electric System. These Critical Assets are to be identified through the application of a risk-based assessment.

4. Applicability:

- **4.1.** Within the text of Standard CIP-002-3, "Responsible Entity" shall mean:
 - **4.1.1** Reliability Coordinator.
 - **4.1.2** Balancing Authority.
 - **4.1.3** Interchange Authority.
 - **4.1.4** Transmission Service Provider.
 - **4.1.5** Transmission Owner.
 - **4.1.6** Transmission Operator.
 - **4.1.7** Generator Owner.
 - **4.1.8** Generator Operator.
 - **4.1.9** Load Serving Entity.
 - **4.1.10** NERC.
 - **4.1.11** Regional Entity.
- **4.2.** The following are exempt from Standard CIP-002-3:
 - **4.2.1** Facilities regulated by the U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission or the Canadian Nuclear Safety Commission.
 - **4.2.2** Cyber Assets associated with communication networks and data communication links between discrete Electronic Security Perimeters.
- **5. Effective Date:** The first day of the third calendar quarter after applicable regulatory approvals have been received (or the Reliability Standard otherwise becomes effective the first day of the third calendar quarter after BOT adoption in those jurisdictions where regulatory approval is not required)

B. Requirements

- **R1.** Critical Asset Identification Method The Responsible Entity shall identify and document a risk-based assessment methodology to use to identify its Critical Assets.
 - **R1.1.** The Responsible Entity shall maintain documentation describing its risk-based assessment methodology that includes procedures and evaluation criteria.
 - **R1.2.** The risk-based assessment shall consider the following assets:
 - **R1.2.1.** Control centers and backup control centers performing the functions of the entities listed in the Applicability section of this standard.
 - R1.2.2. Transmission substations that support the reliable operation of the Bulk Electric System.
 - R1.2.3. Generation resources that support the reliable operation of the Bulk Electric System.
 - **R1.2.4.** Systems and facilities critical to system restoration, including blackstart generators and substations in the electrical path of transmission lines used for initial system restoration.
 - <u>R1.2.5.</u> Systems and facilities critical to automatic load shedding under a common control system capable of shedding 300 MW or more.
 - R1.2.6. Special Protection Systems that support the reliable operation of the Bulk Electric System.
 - R1.2.7. Any additional assets that support the reliable operation of the Bulk Electric System that the Responsible Entity deems appropriate to include in its assessment.
- R2. Critical Asset Identification The Responsible Entity shall develop a list of its identified Critical Assets determined through an annual application of the risk-based assessment methodology required in R1. The Responsible Entity shall review this list at least annually, and update it as necessary.
- R3. Critical Cyber Asset Identification Using the list of Critical Assets developed pursuant to Requirement R2, the Responsible Entity shall develop a list of associated Critical Cyber Assets essential to the operation of the Critical Asset. Examples at control centers and backup control centers include systems and facilities at master and remote sites that provide monitoring and control, automatic generation control, real-time power system modeling, and real-time interutility data exchange. The Responsible Entity shall review this list at least annually, and update it as necessary. For the purpose of Standard CIP-002-3, Critical Cyber Assets are further qualified to be those having at least one of the following characteristics:
 - R3.1. The Cyber Asset uses a routable protocol to communicate outside the Electronic Security Perimeter; or,
 - **R3.2.** The Cyber Asset uses a routable protocol within a control center; or,
 - **R3.3.** The Cyber Asset is dial-up accessible.
- R4. Annual Approval The senior manager or delegate(s) shall approve annually the risk-based assessment methodology, the list of Critical Assets and the list of Critical Cyber Assets. Based on Requirements R1, R2, and R3 the Responsible Entity may determine that it has no Critical Assets or Critical Cyber Assets. The Responsible Entity shall keep a signed and dated record of

the senior manager or delegate(s)'s approval of the risk-based assessment methodology, the list of Critical Assets and the list of Critical Cyber Assets (even if such lists are null.)

C. Measures

- **M1.** The Responsible Entity shall make available its current risk-based assessment methodology documentation as specified in Requirement R1.
- **M2.** The Responsible Entity shall make available its list of Critical Assets as specified in Requirement R2.
- **M3.** The Responsible Entity shall make available its list of Critical Cyber Assets as specified in Requirement R3.
- **M4.** The Responsible Entity shall make available its approval records of annual approvals as specified in Requirement R4.

D. Compliance

1. Compliance Monitoring Process

1.1. Compliance Enforcement Authority

- **1.1.1** Regional Entity for Responsible Entities that do not perform delegated tasks for their Regional Entity.
- **1.1.2** ERO for Regional Entity.
- **1.1.3** Third-party monitor without vested interest in the outcome for NERC.

1.2. Compliance Monitoring Period and Reset Time Frame

Not applicable.

1.3. Compliance Monitoring and Enforcement Processes

Compliance Audits

Self-Certifications

Spot Checking

Compliance Violation Investigations

Self-Reporting

Complaints

1.4. Data Retention

- 1.4.1 The Responsible Entity shall keep documentation required by Standard CIP-002-3 from the previous full calendar year unless directed by its Compliance Enforcement Authority to retain specific evidence for a longer period of time as part of an investigation.
- **1.4.2** The Compliance Enforcement Authority in conjunction with the Registered Entity shall keep the last audit records and all requested and submitted subsequent audit records.

1.5. Additional Compliance Information

1.5.1 None.

2. Violation Severity Levels (To be developed later.)

E. Regional Variances

None identified.

Version History

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		Removal of reasonable business judgment.	
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<u>3a</u>	May 9, 2012	Adopted by the NERC Board of Trustees	

Appendix 1

Requirement Number and Text of Requirement

- R3. Critical Cyber Asset Identification Using the list of Critical Assets developed pursuant to Requirement R2, the Responsible Entity shall develop a list of associated Critical Cyber Assets essential to the operation of the Critical Asset. Examples at control centers and backup control centers include systems and facilities at master and remote sites that provide monitoring and control, automatic generation control, real-time power system modeling, and real-time inter-utility data exchange. The Responsible Entity shall review this list at least annually, and update it as necessary. For the purpose of Standard CIP-002, Critical Cyber Assets are further qualified to be those having at least one of the following characteristics:
 - R3.1. The Cyber Asset uses a routable protocol to communicate outside the Electronic Security Perimeter; or,
 - R3.2. The Cyber Asset uses a routable protocol within a control center; or,
 - R3.3. The Cyber Asset is dial-up accessible.

Question 1

Is the phrase "Examples at control centers and backup control centers include systems and facilities at master and remote sites that provide monitoring and control, automatic generation control, real-time power system modeling, and real-time inter-utility data exchange" meant to be prescriptive, i.e., that any and all systems and facilities utilized in monitoring and control, automatic generation control, real-time power system modeling, and real-time inter-utility data exchange, must be classified as Critical Cyber Assets, or is this phrase simply meant to provide examples of the types of systems that should be assessed for inclusion in the list of Critical Cyber Assets using an entity's critical cyber asset methodology?

Response to Question 1

The phrase "Examples at control centers and backup control centers include systems and facilities at master and remote sites that provide monitoring and control, automatic generation control, real-time power system modeling, and real-time inter-utility data exchange" is illustrative, not prescriptive. It simply provides examples of the types of Cyber Assets that should be considered. It does not imply that the items listed must be classified as Critical Cyber Assets, nor is it intended to be an exhaustive list of Critical Cyber Asset types.

Question 2

What does the phrase, "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset" mean? If an entity has an asset that "may" be used to operate a Critical Asset, but is not "required" for operation of that Critical Asset, is the asset considered "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset"? Remote access to the systems is valuable to operations (see Material Impact Statement below), but operation of the Critical Asset is not literally dependent on these laptops.

Response to Question 2

The word "essential" is not defined in the Glossary of Terms used in NERC Reliability Standards, but the

Standard CIP-002-33a — Cyber Security — Critical Cyber Asset Identification

well-understood meaning and ordinary usage of the word "essential" implies "inherent to" or "necessary." The phrase "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset" means inherent to or necessary for the operation of the Critical Asset.

A Cyber Asset that "may" be used, but is not "required" (i.e., a Critical Asset cannot function as intended without the Cyber Asset), for the operation of a Critical Asset is not "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset" for purposes of Requirement R3. Similarly, a Cyber Asset that is merely "valuable to" the operation of a Critical Asset, but is not necessary for or inherent to the operation of that Critical Asset, is not "essential to the operation" of the Critical Asset.

A. Introduction

1. **Title:** Cyber Security — Critical Cyber Asset Identification

2. Number: CIP-002-4a

3. Purpose: NERC Standards CIP-002-4 through CIP-009-4 provide a cyber security framework for the identification and protection of Critical Cyber Assets to support reliable operation of the Bulk Electric System.

These standards recognize the differing roles of each entity in the operation of the Bulk Electric System, the criticality and vulnerability of the assets needed to manage Bulk Electric System reliability, and the risks to which they are exposed.

Business and operational demands for managing and maintaining a reliable Bulk Electric System increasingly rely on Cyber Assets supporting critical reliability functions and processes to communicate with each other, across functions and organizations, for services and data. This results in increased risks to these Cyber Assets.

Standard CIP-002-4 requires the identification and documentation of the Critical Cyber Assets associated with the Critical Assets that support the reliable operation of the Bulk Electric System. These Critical Assets are to be identified through the application of the criteria in Attachment 1.

4. Applicability:

- **4.1.** Within the text of Standard CIP-002-4, "Responsible Entity" shall mean:
 - **4.1.1** Reliability Coordinator.
 - **4.1.2** Balancing Authority.
 - **4.1.3** Interchange Authority.
 - **4.1.4** Transmission Service Provider.
 - **4.1.5** Transmission Owner.
 - **4.1.6** Transmission Operator.
 - **4.1.7** Generator Owner.
 - **4.1.8** Generator Operator.
 - **4.1.9** Load Serving Entity.
 - **4.1.10** NERC.
 - **4.1.11** Regional Entity.
- **4.2.** The following are exempt from Standard CIP-002-4:
 - **4.2.1** Facilities regulated by the Canadian Nuclear Safety Commission.
 - **4.2.2** Cyber Assets associated with communication networks and data communication links between discrete Electronic Security Perimeters.
 - **4.2.3** In nuclear plants, the systems, structures, and components that are regulated by the Nuclear Regulatory Commission under a cyber security plan pursuant to 10 C.F. R. Section 73.54.
- **5. Effective Date:** The first day of the eighth calendar quarter after applicable regulatory approvals have been received (or the Reliability Standard otherwise becomes effective the first day of the ninth calendar quarter after BOT adoption in those jurisdictions where regulatory approval is not required)

B. Requirements

- **R1.** Critical Asset Identification The Responsible Entity shall develop a list of its identified Critical Assets determined through an annual application of the criteria contained in *CIP-002-4 Attachment 1 Critical Asset Criteria*. The Responsible Entity shall update this list as necessary, and review it at least annually.
- **R2.** Critical Cyber Asset Identification Using the list of Critical Assets developed pursuant to Requirement R1, the Responsible Entity shall develop a list of associated Critical Cyber Assets essential to the operation of the Critical Asset. The Responsible Entity shall update this list as necessary, and review it at least annually.

For each group of generating units (including nuclear generation) at a single plant location identified in Attachment 1, criterion 1.1, the only Cyber Assets that must be considered are those shared Cyber Assets that could, within 15 minutes, adversely impact the reliable operation of any combination of units that in aggregate equal or exceed Attachment 1, criterion 1.1.

For the purpose of Standard CIP-002-4, Critical Cyber Assets are further qualified to be those having at least one of the following characteristics:

- The Cyber Asset uses a routable protocol to communicate outside the Electronic Security Perimeter; or,
- The Cyber Asset uses a routable protocol within a control center; or,
- The Cyber Asset is dial-up accessible.
- R3. Annual Approval The senior manager or delegate(s) shall approve annually the list of Critical Assets and the list of Critical Cyber Assets. Based on Requirements R1 and R2 the Responsible Entity may determine that it has no Critical Assets or Critical Cyber Assets. The Responsible Entity shall keep a signed and dated record of the senior manager or delegate(s)'s approval of the list of Critical Assets and the list of Critical Cyber Assets (even if such lists are null.)

C. Measures

- **M1.** The Responsible Entity shall make available its list of Critical Assets as specified in Requirement R1.
- **M2.** The Responsible Entity shall make available its list of Critical Cyber Assets as specified in Requirement R2.
- **M3.** The Responsible Entity shall make available its records of approvals as specified in Requirement R3.

D. Compliance

1. Compliance Monitoring Process

1.1. Compliance Enforcement Authority

- **1.1.1** The Regional Entity shall serve as the Compliance Enforcement Authority with the following exceptions:
 - For entities that do not work for the Regional Entity, the Regional Entity shall serve as the Compliance Enforcement Authority.
 - For Reliability Coordinators and other functional entities that work for their Regional Entity, the ERO shall serve as the Compliance Enforcement Authority.
 - For Responsible Entities that are also Regional Entities, the ERO or a Regional Entity approved by the ERO and FERC or other applicable governmental authorities shall serve as the Compliance Enforcement Authority.
 - For the ERO, a third-party monitor without vested interest in the outcome for the ERO shall serve as the Compliance Enforcement Authority.

1.2. Compliance Monitoring and Enforcement Processes

Compliance Audits

Self-Certifications

Spot Checking

Compliance Violation Investigations

Self-Reporting

Complaints

1.3. Data Retention

- 1.3.1 The Responsible Entity shall keep documentation required by Standard CIP-002-4 from the previous full calendar year unless directed by its Compliance Enforcement Authority to retain specific evidence for a longer period of time as part of an investigation.
- **1.3.2** The Compliance Enforcement Authority in conjunction with the Registered Entity shall keep the last audit records and all requested and submitted subsequent audit records.

1.4. Additional Compliance Information

1.4.1 None

2. Violation Severity Levels

Requirement	VRF	Lower VSL	Moderate VSL	High VSL	Severe VSL
R1	HIGH	N/A	N/A	The Responsible Entity has developed a list of Critical Assets but the list has not been reviewed and updated annually as required.	The Responsible Entity did not develop a list of its identified Critical Assets even if such list is null.
R2	HIGH	N/A	N/A	The Responsible Entity has developed a list of associated Critical Cyber Assets essential to the operation of the Critical Asset list as per requirement R2 but the list has not been reviewed and updated annually as required.	The Responsible Entity did not develop a list of associated Critical Cyber Assets essential to the operation of the Critical Asset list as per requirement R2 even if such list is null. OR A Cyber Asset essential to the operation of the Critical Asset was identified that met at least one of the bulleted characteristics in this requirement but was not included in the Critical Cyber Asset List.
R3	LOWER	N/A	N/A	The Responsible Entity does not have a signed and dated record of the senior manager or delegate(s)'s annual approval of the list of Critical Assets. OR The Responsible Entity does not have a signed and dated record of the senior manager or delegate(s)'s annual approval of the list of Critical Cyber Assets (even if such lists are null.)	The Responsible Entity does not have a signed and dated record of the senior manager or delegate(s)'s annual approval of both the list of Critical Assets and the list of Critical Cyber Assets (even if such lists are null.)

E. Regional Variances

None identified.

Version History

Version	Date	Action	Change Tracking
1	January 16, 2006	R3.2 — Change "Control Center" to "control center"	03/24/06
2		Modifications to clarify the requirements and to bring the compliance elements into conformance with the latest guidelines for developing compliance elements of standards.	
		Removal of reasonable business judgment.	
		Replaced the RRO with the RE as a responsible entity.	
		Rewording of Effective Date.	
		Changed compliance monitor to Compliance Enforcement Authority.	
3		Updated version number from -2 to -3	
3	12/16/09	Approved by the NERC Board of Trustees	Update
4	12/30/10	Modified to add specific criteria for Critical Asset identification	Update
4	1/24/11	Approved by the NERC Board of Trustees	
4	4/19/12	FERC Order issued approving CIP-002-4 (approval becomes effective June 25, 2012)	
		Added approved VRF/VSL table to section D.2.	
4a	May 9, 2012	Interpretation approved by the NERC Board of Trustees	

CIP-002-4 - Attachment 1

Critical Asset Criteria

The following are considered Critical Assets:

- 1.1. Each group of generating units (including nuclear generation) at a single plant location with an aggregate highest rated net Real Power capability of the preceding 12 months equal to or exceeding 1500 MW in a single Interconnection.
- 1.2. Each reactive resource or group of resources at a single location (excluding generation Facilities) having aggregate net Reactive Power nameplate rating of 1000 MVAR or greater.
- 1.3. Each generation Facility that the Planning Coordinator or Transmission Planner designates and informs the Generator Owner or Generator Operator as necessary to avoid BES Adverse Reliability Impacts in the long-term planning horizon.
- 1.4. Each Blackstart Resource identified in the Transmission Operator's restoration plan.
- 1.5. The Facilities comprising the Cranking Paths and meeting the initial switching requirements from the Blackstart Resource to the first interconnection point of the generation unit(s) to be started, or up to the point on the Cranking Path where two or more path options exist, as identified in the Transmission Operator's restoration plan.
- 1.6. Transmission Facilities operated at 500 kV or higher.
- 1.7. Transmission Facilities operated at 300 kV or higher at stations or substations interconnected at 300 kV or higher with three or more other transmission stations or substations.
- 1.8. Transmission Facilities at a single station or substation location that are identified by the Reliability Coordinator, Planning Authority or Transmission Planner as critical to the derivation of Interconnection Reliability Operating Limits (IROLs) and their associated contingencies.
- 1.9. Flexible AC Transmission Systems (FACTS), at a single station or substation location, that are identified by the Reliability Coordinator, Planning Authority or Transmission Planner as critical to the derivation of Interconnection Reliability Operating Limits (IROLs) and their associated contingencies.
- 1.10. Transmission Facilities providing the generation interconnection required to connect generator output to the transmission system that, if destroyed, degraded, misused, or otherwise rendered unavailable, would result in the loss of the assets identified by any Generator Owner as a result of its application of Attachment 1, criterion 1.1 or 1.3.
- 1.11. Transmission Facilities identified as essential to meeting Nuclear Plant Interface Requirements.
- 1.12. Each Special Protection System (SPS), Remedial Action Scheme (RAS) or automated switching system that operates BES Elements that, if destroyed, degraded, misused or otherwise rendered unavailable, would cause one or more Interconnection Reliability Operating Limits (IROLs) violations for failure to operate as designed.
- 1.13. Each system or Facility that performs automatic load shedding, without human operator initiation, of 300 MW or more implementing Under Voltage Load Shedding (UVLS) or Under Frequency Load Shedding (UFLS) as required by the regional load shedding program.
- 1.14. Each control center or backup control center used to perform the functional obligations of the Reliability Coordinator.

- 1.15. Each control center or backup control center used to control generation at multiple plant locations, for any generation Facility or group of generation Facilities identified in criteria 1.1, 1.3, or 1.4. Each control center or backup control center used to control generation equal to or exceeding 1500 MW in a single Interconnection.
- 1.16. Each control center or backup control center used to perform the functional obligations of the Transmission Operator that includes control of at least one asset identified in criteria 1.2, 1.5, 1.6, 1.7, 1.8, 1.9, 1.10, 1.11 or 1.12.
- 1.17. Each control center or backup control center used to perform the functional obligations of the Balancing Authority that includes at least one asset identified in criteria 1.1, 1.3, 1.4, or 1.13. Each control center or backup control center used to perform the functional obligations of the Balancing Authority for generation equal to or greater than an aggregate of 1500 MW in a single Interconnection.

Appendix 1¹

Requirement Number and Text of Requirement

- R3. Critical Cyber Asset Identification Using the list of Critical Assets developed pursuant to Requirement R2, the Responsible Entity shall develop a list of associated Critical Cyber Assets essential to the operation of the Critical Asset. Examples at control centers and backup control centers include systems and facilities at master and remote sites that provide monitoring and control, automatic generation control, real-time power system modeling, and real-time inter-utility data exchange. The Responsible Entity shall review this list at least annually, and update it as necessary. For the purpose of Standard CIP-002, Critical Cyber Assets are further qualified to be those having at least one of the following characteristics:
 - R3.1. The Cyber Asset uses a routable protocol to communicate outside the Electronic Security Perimeter; or,
 - R3.2. The Cyber Asset uses a routable protocol within a control center; or,
 - R3.3. The Cyber Asset is dial-up accessible.

Question 1

Is the phrase "Examples at control centers and backup control centers include systems and facilities at master and remote sites that provide monitoring and control, automatic generation control, real-time power system modeling, and real-time inter-utility data exchange" meant to be prescriptive, i.e., that any and all systems and facilities utilized in monitoring and control, automatic generation control, real-time power system modeling, and real-time inter-utility data exchange, must be classified as Critical Cyber Assets, or is this phrase simply meant to provide examples of the types of systems that should be assessed for inclusion in the list of Critical Cyber Assets using an entity's critical cyber asset methodology?

Response to Question 1

The phrase "Examples at control centers and backup control centers include systems and facilities at master and remote sites that provide monitoring and control, automatic generation control, real-time power system modeling, and real-time inter-utility data exchange" is illustrative, not prescriptive. It simply provides examples of the types of Cyber Assets that should be considered. It does not imply that the items listed must be classified as Critical Cyber Assets, nor is it intended to be an exhaustive list of Critical Cyber Asset types.

Question 2

What does the phrase, "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset" mean? If an entity has an asset that "may" be used to operate a Critical Asset, but is not "required" for operation of that Critical Asset, is the asset considered "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset"? Remote access to the systems is valuable to operations (see Material Impact Statement below), but operation of the Critical Asset is not literally dependent on these laptops.

Response to Question 2

¹ In this version of the standard, the requirement at issue is R2 and the language has been modified. Question 1 in this interpretation no longer applies. Question 2 in the interpretation does apply to CIP-002-4 and therefore, the interpretation has been appended to this version of the standard.

The word "essential" is not defined in the *Glossary of Terms used in NERC Reliability Standards*, but the well-understood meaning and ordinary usage of the word "essential" implies "inherent to" or "necessary." The phrase "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset" means inherent to or necessary for the operation of the Critical Asset.

A Cyber Asset that "may" be used, but is not "required" (i.e., a Critical Asset cannot function as intended without the Cyber Asset), for the operation of a Critical Asset is not "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset" for purposes of Requirement R3. Similarly, a Cyber Asset that is merely "valuable to" the operation of a Critical Asset, but is not necessary for or inherent to the operation of that Critical Asset, is not "essential to the operation" of the Critical Asset.

A. Introduction

1. **Title:** Cyber Security — Critical Cyber Asset Identification

2. Number: CIP-002-44a

3. Purpose: NERC Standards CIP-002-4 through CIP-009-4 provide a cyber security framework for the identification and protection of Critical Cyber Assets to support reliable operation of the Bulk Electric System.

These standards recognize the differing roles of each entity in the operation of the Bulk Electric System, the criticality and vulnerability of the assets needed to manage Bulk Electric System reliability, and the risks to which they are exposed.

Business and operational demands for managing and maintaining a reliable Bulk Electric System increasingly rely on Cyber Assets supporting critical reliability functions and processes to communicate with each other, across functions and organizations, for services and data. This results in increased risks to these Cyber Assets.

Standard CIP-002-4 requires the identification and documentation of the Critical Cyber Assets associated with the Critical Assets that support the reliable operation of the Bulk Electric System. These Critical Assets are to be identified through the application of the criteria in Attachment 1.

4. Applicability:

- **4.1.** Within the text of Standard CIP-002-4, "Responsible Entity" shall mean:
 - **4.1.1** Reliability Coordinator.
 - **4.1.2** Balancing Authority.
 - **4.1.3** Interchange Authority.
 - **4.1.4** Transmission Service Provider.
 - **4.1.5** Transmission Owner.
 - **4.1.6** Transmission Operator.
 - **4.1.7** Generator Owner.
 - **4.1.8** Generator Operator.
 - **4.1.9** Load Serving Entity.
 - **4.1.10** NERC.
 - **4.1.11** Regional Entity.
- **4.2.** The following are exempt from Standard CIP-002-4:
 - **4.2.1** Facilities regulated by the Canadian Nuclear Safety Commission.
 - **4.2.2** Cyber Assets associated with communication networks and data communication links between discrete Electronic Security Perimeters.
 - **4.2.3** In nuclear plants, the systems, structures, and components that are regulated by the Nuclear Regulatory Commission under a cyber security plan pursuant to 10 C.F. R. Section 73.54.
- 5. **Effective Date:** The first day of the eighth calendar quarter after applicable regulatory approvals have been received (or the Reliability Standard otherwise becomes effective the first day of the ninth calendar quarter after BOT adoption in those jurisdictions where regulatory approval is not required)

B. Requirements

- **R1.** Critical Asset Identification The Responsible Entity shall develop a list of its identified Critical Assets determined through an annual application of the criteria contained in *CIP-002-4 Attachment 1 Critical Asset Criteria*. The Responsible Entity shall update this list as necessary, and review it at least annually.
- **R2.** Critical Cyber Asset Identification Using the list of Critical Assets developed pursuant to Requirement R1, the Responsible Entity shall develop a list of associated Critical Cyber Assets essential to the operation of the Critical Asset. The Responsible Entity shall update this list as necessary, and review it at least annually.

For each group of generating units (including nuclear generation) at a single plant location identified in Attachment 1, criterion 1.1, the only Cyber Assets that must be considered are those shared Cyber Assets that could, within 15 minutes, adversely impact the reliable operation of any combination of units that in aggregate equal or exceed Attachment 1, criterion 1.1.

For the purpose of Standard CIP-002-4, Critical Cyber Assets are further qualified to be those having at least one of the following characteristics:

- The Cyber Asset uses a routable protocol to communicate outside the Electronic Security Perimeter; or,
- The Cyber Asset uses a routable protocol within a control center; or,
- The Cyber Asset is dial-up accessible.
- R3. Annual Approval The senior manager or delegate(s) shall approve annually the list of Critical Assets and the list of Critical Cyber Assets. Based on Requirements R1 and R2 the Responsible Entity may determine that it has no Critical Assets or Critical Cyber Assets. The Responsible Entity shall keep a signed and dated record of the senior manager or delegate(s)'s approval of the list of Critical Assets and the list of Critical Cyber Assets (even if such lists are null.)

C. Measures

- **M1.** The Responsible Entity shall make available its list of Critical Assets as specified in Requirement R1.
- **M2.** The Responsible Entity shall make available its list of Critical Cyber Assets as specified in Requirement R2.
- **M3.** The Responsible Entity shall make available its records of approvals as specified in Requirement R3.

D. Compliance

1. Compliance Monitoring Process

1.1. Compliance Enforcement Authority

- **1.1.1** The Regional Entity shall serve as the Compliance Enforcement Authority with the following exceptions:
 - For entities that do not work for the Regional Entity, the Regional Entity shall serve as the Compliance Enforcement Authority.
 - For Reliability Coordinators and other functional entities that work for their Regional Entity, the ERO shall serve as the Compliance Enforcement Authority.
 - For Responsible Entities that are also Regional Entities, the ERO or a Regional Entity approved by the ERO and FERC or other applicable governmental authorities shall serve as the Compliance Enforcement Authority.
 - For the ERO, a third-party monitor without vested interest in the outcome for the ERO shall serve as the Compliance Enforcement Authority.

1.2. Compliance Monitoring and Enforcement Processes

Compliance Audits

Self-Certifications

Spot Checking

Compliance Violation Investigations

Self-Reporting

Complaints

1.3. Data Retention

- 1.3.1 The Responsible Entity shall keep documentation required by Standard CIP-002-4 from the previous full calendar year unless directed by its Compliance Enforcement Authority to retain specific evidence for a longer period of time as part of an investigation.
- **1.3.2** The Compliance Enforcement Authority in conjunction with the Registered Entity shall keep the last audit records and all requested and submitted subsequent audit records.

1.4. Additional Compliance Information

1.4.1 None

2. Violation Severity Levels

Requirement	VRF	Lower VSL	Moderate VSL	High VSL	Severe VSL
R1	HIGH	N/A	N/A	The Responsible Entity has developed a list of Critical Assets but the list has not been reviewed and updated annually as required.	The Responsible Entity did not develop a list of its identified Critical Assets even if such list is null.
R2	HIGH	N/A	N/A	The Responsible Entity has developed a list of associated Critical Cyber Assets essential to the operation of the Critical Asset list as per requirement R2 but the list has not been reviewed and updated annually as required.	The Responsible Entity did not develop a list of associated Critical Cyber Assets essential to the operation of the Critical Asset list as per requirement R2 even if such list is null. OR A Cyber Asset essential to the operation of the Critical Asset was identified that met at least one of the bulleted characteristics in this requirement but was not included in the Critical Cyber Asset List.
R3	LOWER	N/A	N/A	The Responsible Entity does not have a signed and dated record of the senior manager or delegate(s)'s annual approval of the list of Critical Assets. OR The Responsible Entity does not have a signed and dated record of the senior manager or delegate(s)'s annual approval of the list of Critical Cyber Assets (even if such lists are null.)	The Responsible Entity does not have a signed and dated record of the senior manager or delegate(s)'s annual approval of both the list of Critical Assets and the list of Critical Cyber Assets (even if such lists are null.)

E. Regional Variances

None identified.

Version History

Version	Date	Action	Change Tracking
1	January 16, 2006	R3.2 — Change "Control Center" to "control center"	03/24/06
2		Modifications to clarify the requirements and to bring the compliance elements into conformance with the latest guidelines for developing compliance elements of standards.	
		Removal of reasonable business judgment.	
		Replaced the RRO with the RE as a responsible entity.	
İ		Rewording of Effective Date.	
		Changed compliance monitor to Compliance Enforcement Authority.	
3		Updated version number from -2 to -3	
3	12/16/09	Approved by the NERC Board of Trustees	Update
4	12/30/10	Modified to add specific criteria for Critical Asset identification	Update
4	1/24/11	Approved by the NERC Board of Trustees	
4	4/19/12	FERC Order issued approving CIP-002-4 (approval becomes effective June 25, 2012)	
		Added approved VRF/VSL table to section D.2.	
<u>4a</u>	May 9, 2012	Interpretation approved by the NERC Board of Trustees	

CIP-002-4 - Attachment 1

Critical Asset Criteria

The following are considered Critical Assets:

- 1.1. Each group of generating units (including nuclear generation) at a single plant location with an aggregate highest rated net Real Power capability of the preceding 12 months equal to or exceeding 1500 MW in a single Interconnection.
- 1.2. Each reactive resource or group of resources at a single location (excluding generation Facilities) having aggregate net Reactive Power nameplate rating of 1000 MVAR or greater.
- 1.3. Each generation Facility that the Planning Coordinator or Transmission Planner designates and informs the Generator Owner or Generator Operator as necessary to avoid BES Adverse Reliability Impacts in the long-term planning horizon.
- 1.4. Each Blackstart Resource identified in the Transmission Operator's restoration plan.
- 1.5. The Facilities comprising the Cranking Paths and meeting the initial switching requirements from the Blackstart Resource to the first interconnection point of the generation unit(s) to be started, or up to the point on the Cranking Path where two or more path options exist, as identified in the Transmission Operator's restoration plan.
- 1.6. Transmission Facilities operated at 500 kV or higher.
- 1.7. Transmission Facilities operated at 300 kV or higher at stations or substations interconnected at 300 kV or higher with three or more other transmission stations or substations.
- 1.8. Transmission Facilities at a single station or substation location that are identified by the Reliability Coordinator, Planning Authority or Transmission Planner as critical to the derivation of Interconnection Reliability Operating Limits (IROLs) and their associated contingencies.
- 1.9. Flexible AC Transmission Systems (FACTS), at a single station or substation location, that are identified by the Reliability Coordinator, Planning Authority or Transmission Planner as critical to the derivation of Interconnection Reliability Operating Limits (IROLs) and their associated contingencies.
- 1.10. Transmission Facilities providing the generation interconnection required to connect generator output to the transmission system that, if destroyed, degraded, misused, or otherwise rendered unavailable, would result in the loss of the assets identified by any Generator Owner as a result of its application of Attachment 1, criterion 1.1 or 1.3.
- 1.11. Transmission Facilities identified as essential to meeting Nuclear Plant Interface Requirements.
- 1.12. Each Special Protection System (SPS), Remedial Action Scheme (RAS) or automated switching system that operates BES Elements that, if destroyed, degraded, misused or otherwise rendered unavailable, would cause one or more Interconnection Reliability Operating Limits (IROLs) violations for failure to operate as designed.
- 1.13. Each system or Facility that performs automatic load shedding, without human operator initiation, of 300 MW or more implementing Under Voltage Load Shedding (UVLS) or Under Frequency Load Shedding (UFLS) as required by the regional load shedding program.
- 1.14. Each control center or backup control center used to perform the functional obligations of the Reliability Coordinator.

- 1.15. Each control center or backup control center used to control generation at multiple plant locations, for any generation Facility or group of generation Facilities identified in criteria 1.1, 1.3, or 1.4. Each control center or backup control center used to control generation equal to or exceeding 1500 MW in a single Interconnection.
- 1.16. Each control center or backup control center used to perform the functional obligations of the Transmission Operator that includes control of at least one asset identified in criteria 1.2, 1.5, 1.6, 1.7, 1.8, 1.9, 1.10, 1.11 or 1.12.
- 1.17. Each control center or backup control center used to perform the functional obligations of the Balancing Authority that includes at least one asset identified in criteria 1.1, 1.3, 1.4, or 1.13. Each control center or backup control center used to perform the functional obligations of the Balancing Authority for generation equal to or greater than an aggregate of 1500 MW in a single Interconnection.

Appendix 1^{1}

Requirement Number and Text of Requirement

- R3. Critical Cyber Asset Identification Using the list of Critical Assets developed pursuant to Requirement R2, the Responsible Entity shall develop a list of associated Critical Cyber Assets essential to the operation of the Critical Asset. Examples at control centers and backup control centers include systems and facilities at master and remote sites that provide monitoring and control, automatic generation control, real-time power system modeling, and real-time inter-utility data exchange. The Responsible Entity shall review this list at least annually, and update it as necessary. For the purpose of Standard CIP-002, Critical Cyber Assets are further qualified to be those having at least one of the following characteristics:
 - R3.1. The Cyber Asset uses a routable protocol to communicate outside the Electronic Security Perimeter; or,
 - R3.2. The Cyber Asset uses a routable protocol within a control center; or,
 - R3.3. The Cyber Asset is dial-up accessible.

Question 1

Is the phrase "Examples at control centers and backup control centers include systems and facilities at master and remote sites that provide monitoring and control, automatic generation control, real-time power system modeling, and real-time inter-utility data exchange" meant to be prescriptive, i.e., that any and all systems and facilities utilized in monitoring and control, automatic generation control, real-time power system modeling, and real-time inter-utility data exchange, must be classified as Critical Cyber Assets, or is this phrase simply meant to provide examples of the types of systems that should be assessed for inclusion in the list of Critical Cyber Assets using an entity's critical cyber asset methodology?

Response to Question 1

The phrase "Examples at control centers and backup control centers include systems and facilities at master and remote sites that provide monitoring and control, automatic generation control, real-time power system modeling, and real-time inter-utility data exchange" is illustrative, not prescriptive. It simply provides examples of the types of Cyber Assets that should be considered. It does not imply that the items listed must be classified as Critical Cyber Assets, nor is it intended to be an exhaustive list of Critical Cyber Asset types.

Ouestion 2

What does the phrase, "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset" mean? If an entity has an asset that "may" be used to operate a Critical Asset, but is not "required" for operation of that Critical Asset, is the asset considered "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset"? Remote access to the systems is valuable to operations (see Material Impact Statement below), but operation of the Critical Asset is not literally dependent on these laptops.

Response to Question 2

¹ In this version of the standard, the requirement at issue is R2 and the language has been modified. Question 1 in this interpretation no longer applies. Question 2 in the interpretation does apply to CIP-002-4 and therefore, the interpretation has been appended to this version of the standard.

The word "essential" is not defined in the *Glossary of Terms used in NERC Reliability Standards*, but the well-understood meaning and ordinary usage of the word "essential" implies "inherent to" or "necessary." The phrase "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset" means inherent to or necessary for the operation of the Critical Asset.

A Cyber Asset that "may" be used, but is not "required" (i.e., a Critical Asset cannot function as intended without the Cyber Asset), for the operation of a Critical Asset is not "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset" for purposes of Requirement R3. Similarly, a Cyber Asset that is merely "valuable to" the operation of a Critical Asset, but is not necessary for or inherent to the operation of that Critical Asset, is not "essential to the operation" of the Critical Asset.

Exhibit C

Consideration of Comments for interpretation to Requirement R3 of CIP-002-4— Critical Cyber Asset Identification

Interpretation 2010-05 CIP-002-1 Requirement R3 for Duke Energy

Related Files

Status:

In May 2011 the Standards Committee appointed a standing CIP Interpretation Drafting team, and assigned this interpretation to that team. A parallel formal comment period and initial ballot ended March 23, 2012, and the team has posted its consideration of comments from that posting along with clean and redline versions of the interpretation, showing a minor clarifying change that was made in response to a comment.

Interpretation Process:

In accordance with the Reliability Standards Development Procedure, the interpretation must be posted for a 30-day pre-ballot review, and then balloted. There is no public comment period for an interpretation. Balloting will be conducted following the same method used for balloting standards. If the interpretation is approved by its ballot pool, then the interpretation will be appended to the standard and will become effective when adopted by the NERC Board of Trustees and approved by the applicable regulatory authorities. The interpretation will remain appended to the standard until the standard is revised through the normal standards development process. When the standard is revised, the clarifications provided by the interpretation will be incorporated into the revised standard.

Draft	Action	Dates	Results	Consideration of Comments
Interpretation of CIP-002-x R3 for Duke Energy Clean Redline Supporting Documents CIP-002-3	Recirculation Ballot Info Vote>>	04/20/12 - 04/30/12	Summary Full Record	
Draft 2 Interpretation of CIP-002-x R3 for Duke Energy Clean Redline to last posting	Initial Ballot Updated Info(8) Vote>> Info(9)	03/14/12 - 03/23/12 (closed)	Summary Full Record	
Supporting Documents Unofficial Comment Form (Word)	Formal Comment	02/08/12	Comments Received	Consideration of

CIP-002-3	Period Submit Comments>>	03/23/12 (closed)		Comments(2)
	Join Ballot Pool Join>>	02/08/12 - 03/08/12 (closed)		
Duke Interpretation of CIP-002-1 R3 Request for Interpretation	Formal Comment Period	09/08/10 - 10/08/10	Comments Received	Consideration of Comments (1)



Consideration of Comments

Consideration of Comments on Interpretation of CIP-002-1 – Cyber Security – Critical Cyber Asset Identification, Requirement R3 for Duke Energy Corporation Project 2010-05

The CIP Interpretation Drafting Team thanks all commenters who submitted comments on the initial draft of an interpretation of CIP-002-1 — Cyber Security — Critical Cyber Asset Identification, Requirement R3 for Duke Energy Corporation. This interpretation was posted for a 30-day public comment period from September 8, 2010 through October 8, 2010. The stakeholders were asked to provide feedback on the interpretation through a special Electronic Comment Form. There were 39 sets of comments, including comments from more than 85 different people from approximately 75 companies representing 9 of the 10 Industry Segments as shown in the table on the following pages.

All comments submitted may be reviewed in their original format on the standard's project page:

http://www.nerc.com/filez/standards/Interp2010-05 Interpretation CIP-002-1%20 Duke.html

If you feel that your comment has been overlooked, please let us know immediately. Our goal is to give every comment serious consideration in this process! If you feel there has been an error or omission, you can contact the Vice President of Standards and Training, Herb Schrayshuen, at 404-446-2560 or at herb.schrayshuen@nerc.net. In addition, there is a NERC Reliability Standards Appeals Process.¹

¹ The appeals process is in the Reliability Standards Development Procedures: http://www.nerc.com/standards/newstandardsprocess.html.



Index to Questions, Comments, and Responses

1.	The NERC Board of Trustees indicated that the interpretation process should not be used to address requests for a decision on "how" a reliability standard applies to a registered entity's particular facts and circumstances. Do you believe this request for an interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement or clarity on the application of a requirement?
2.	The NERC Board of Trustees indicated that in deciding whether or not to approve a proposed interpretation, it will use a standard of strict construction and not seek to expand the reach of the standard to correct a perceived gap or deficiency in the standard. Do you believe this interpretation expands the reach of the standard?
3.	Do you agree with this interpretation? If not, why not 31



The Industry Segments are:

- 1 Transmission Owners
- 2 RTOs, ISOs
- 3 Load-serving Entities
- 4 Transmission-dependent Utilities
- 5 Electric Generators
- 6 Electricity Brokers, Aggregators, and Marketers
- 7 Large Electricity End Users
- 8 Small Electricity End Users
- 9 Federal, State, Provincial Regulatory or other Government Entities
- 10 Regional Reliability Organizations, Regional Entities

Gro	oup/Individual	Commenter		Organiz	ation	Registered Ballot Body Segment									
						1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1.	Group	Guy Zito	Northeast Pow	ver Coord	linating Council										х
	Additional Member	Additional Orga	anization	Regio n	Segment Selection										

	Additional Member	Additional Organization	Regio n		Segment Selection
1.	Alan Adamson	New York State Reliability Council, LLC	NPCC	10	
2.	Gregory Campoli	New York Independent System Operator	NPCC	2	
3.	Kurtis Chong	Independent Electricity System Operator	NPCC	2	
4.	Sylvain Clermont	Hydro-Quebec TransEnergie	NPCC	1	



Gı	Group/Individual Commenter			Organ	ization	Registered Ballot Body Segment						nent			
						1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
5.	Chris de Graffenried	Consolidated Edison Co Inc.	o. of New York,	NPCC	1							•			
6.	Gerry Dunbar	Northeast Power Coord Council	dinating	NPCC	10										
7.	Dean Ellis	Dynegy Generation		NPCC	5										
8.	Brian Evans- Mongeon	Utility Services		NPCC	8										
9.	Mike Garton	Dominion Resources Se	ervices, Inc.	NPCC	5										
10	Brian L. Gooder	Ontario Power General Incorporated	tion	NPCC	5										
11	Kathleen Goodman	ISO - New England		NPCC	2										
12	Chantel Haswell	FPL Group, Inc.		NPCC	5										
13	David Kiguel	Hydro One Networks Ir	nc.	NPCC	1										
14	Michael R. Lombardi	Northeast Utilities		NPCC	1										
15	Randy MacDonald	New Brunswick System	Operator	NPCC	2										
16	Bruce Metruck	New York Power Autho	ority	NPCC	6										
17	Lee Pedowicz	Northeast Power Coord	dinating	NPCC	10										
18	Robert Pellegrini	The United Illuminating	g Company	NPCC	1										
19	Si Truc Phan	Hydro-Quebec TransEn	nergie	NPCC	1										
20	Saurabh Saksena	National Grid		NPCC	1										
21	Michael Schiavone	National Grid		NPCC	1										
22	Peter Yost	Consolidated Edison Co Inc.	o. of New York,	NPCC	3										
						1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10



Gr	oup/Individual	Commenter	Organization			Regi	stere	d Ballo	ot Bod	y Segi	ment		
				1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
2.	Individual	Christopher Kotting	Public Utilities Commission of Ohio Staff									х	
				1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
3.	Group	Terry L. Blackwell	Santee Cooper	х		х			х				
	Additional Member	Additional Organization	Regio Segment Selection										
1 5	S. Tom Abrams	Santee Cooper	SERC 1										
2 F	Rene' Free	Santee Cooper	SERC 1										
				1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
4.	Group	Joe Doetzl	Kansas City Power & Light	х		х		х	х				
	Additional Member	Additional Organization	Regio Segment Selection										
1 N	Michael Gammon	KCPL	SPP 1, 3, 5, 6										_
				1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
5.	Group	Denise Koehn	Bonneville Power Administration	x		x		x	x				
	Additional Member	Additional Organ	nization Regio Segment n Selection										
1 (Curt Wilkins	BPA, Transmission Sys Operations	stem WECC 1										
2 E	BPA NERC CIP Tea	m BPA	WECC 1, 3, 5, 6										
6.	Group	Mike Garton	Electric Market Policy	х		х		х	х				



Gı	oup/Individual	Commenter		Organization				Regi	stered	l Ballo	t Bod	y Segr	nent				
						1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10		
	Additional Member	Additional Organization	•	Region			gment lection		1	1	•	•			•		
1.	ı	VIICHAEI GIIGEA	Domi Inc	nion Resource	s Services,	SERC		3									
2.	I	OHIS SIAGE	Domi	nion Resource	s Services,	SERC		6									
3.	J	lohn Calder	Domi	nion Virginia F	ower	SERC		1									
4.	Ē	Kriice Kingnam	Domi	nion Resource	s Services,	SERC		5									
7.	Group	Steve Rueckert		Western Elect	ricity Coord	dinating (Council										x
	Additional Member	Additional Organization	Regio n	Segment Selection													
1.	J	loshua Axelrod	WECC	WECC	1 0												
2.	J	lohn Van Boxtel		WECC	1												
8.	Group	Carol Gerou		MRO's NERC Subcommitte		eview											x
	Additional Member	Additional Orga	nizati	on Regio n	Segm Select												
1.	Mahmood Safi	Omaha Public Utility	y Distr	rict MRO	1, 3, 5, 6												
2.	Chuck Lawrence	American Transmiss Company	sion	MRO	1												
3.	Tom Webb	WPS Corporation		MRO	3, 4, 5, 6												
4.	Jason Marshall	Midwest ISO Inc.		MRO	2												



Gro	Group/Individual Commenter			Organization			Regi	stered	d Ballo	ot Bod	y Segi	ment		
						2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
5	Jodi Jenson	Western Area Power Administration	MRO	1, 6	1	•	1	•	•	•	•			
6. 1	Ken Goldsmith	Alliant Energy	MRO	4										
7. /	Alice Murdock	Xcel Energy	MRO	1, 3, 5, 6										
8.	Dave Rudolph	Basin Electric Power Cooperative	MRO	1, 3, 5, 6										
9. 1	Eric Ruskamp	Lincoln Electric System	MRO	1, 3, 5, 6										
10 .	Joseph Knight	Great River Energy	MRO	1, 3, 5, 6										
11 .	Joe DePoorter	Madison Gas & Electric	MRO	3, 4, 5, 6										
12 5	Scott Nickels	Rochester Public Utilties	MRO MRO	4										
13	Terry Harbour	MidAmerican Energy Co	mpany MRO	1, 3, 5, 6										
9.	Individual	Candace Morakinyo	Wisconsin Ele	ectric Power Company			х	х	х	х				х
10.	Individual	Brent Ingebrigtson	E.ON U.S.		х		х		х	х				
11.	Individual	Annette Johnston	MidAmerican	Energy Company	х				х					
12.	Individual	David Batz	Edison Electri	ic Institute	х				х					
13.	Individual	Glen Hattrup	Kansas City P	ower & Light	х				х					
14.	Individual	Warren Rust	Colorado Spri	ings Utilities	х		х		х					
15.	Individual	David Proebstel	PUD No.1 of	Clallam County			х							
16.	Individual	Martin Kaufman	ExxonMobil R	Research and Engineering	х				х		х			
17.	Individual	Mark Simon	Encari, LLC		N/A									



Gro	oup/Individual	Commenter	Organization			Reg	istere	d Balle	ot Boo	ly Seg	ment		
				1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
18.	Individual	John Kutzer	John Kutzer	N/A									
19.	Individual	Jennifer Rosario	Progress Energy	х		х		х		х			
20.	Individual	Martin Bauer	US Bureau of Reclamation					х					
21.	Individual	Jonathan Appelbaum	United Illuminating	х									
22.	Individual	RoLynda Shumpert	South Carolina Electric and Gas	х		х		х	х				
23.	Individual	Darryl Curtis	Oncor Electric Delivery LLC	х									
24.	Individual	Eric Scott	Ameren	х		х		х	х				
25.	Individual	John Brockhan	CenterPoint Energy	х									
26.	Individual	Andrew Pusztai	American Transmission Company	х									
27.	Individual	Joylyn Faust	Consumers Energy			х	х	х					
28.	Individual	Greg Rowland	Duke Energy	х		х		х	х				
29.	Individual	Kathleen Goodman	ISO New Enlgand Inc.		х								
30.	Individual	Tony Kroskey	Brazos Electric Power Cooperative, Inc.	х				х					
31.	Individual	Matt Brewer	SDG&E x			х		х					
32.	Individual	Kasia Mihalchuk	Manitoba Hydro	x x x									



Gro	oup/Individual	Commenter	Organization			Regi	stered	d Ballo	t Bod	y Segr	nent		
				1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
33.	Individual	Christine Hasha	ERCOT		х								
34.	Individual	Thad Ness	American Electric Power	х		х		х	х				
35.	Individual	Jon Kapitz	Xcel Energy	х		х		х	х				
36.	Individual	Jason Marshall	Midwest ISO		х								
37.	Individual	Dan Rochester	Independent Electricity System Operator		х								
38.	Individual	Gregory Campoli	New York Independent System Operator		х								
39.	Individual	Paul Crist	Lincoln Electric System	х		х		х					



1. The NERC Board of Trustees indicated that the interpretation process should not be used to address requests for a decision on "how" a reliability standard applies to a registered entity's particular facts and circumstances. Do you believe this request for an interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement or clarity on the application of a requirement?

Summary Consideration:

The interpretation drafting team ("IDT") thanks all who commented during the last posting of the interpretation for their interest and feedback. Commenters from the last posting of the interpretation provided constructive comments and concerns. The interpretation drafting team agreed with the majority of the comments concerning the original interpretation of Question #1 and slightly modified the language to add clarity. The phrase "is illustrative, not prescriptive" was added to the response. Question #2 was more challenging and there were disagreements between commenters whether interpreting "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset" expanded on the requirements of the standard or if common definitions could be used to make the interpretation.

In response to the comments received and reflective of the team's revisions to the interpretation, the interpretation drafting team carefully considered each comment and have provided responses to each comment.

Most commenters to Question #1 of the comment form indicated that they likely would have voted differently for each of the two responses to the questions in the Request for Interpretation. The IDT agrees that commenters should be able to respond separately to each question, and notes that it has changed the comment form accompanying the interpretation.

Organization	Yes or No	Question 1 Comment
Northeastn Power Coordinating Council	The request is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.	Duke's first question requests clarity on the meaning of the requirement. Duke's second question requests clarity on the application of the requirement. I would have liked to check both boxes, but the program would only accept one box checked.

Response: Thank you for your comment. The Interpretation Drafting Team agrees that Duke's first question is asking for clarity. The CIP interpretation Drafting Team modified the original response slightly by adding the phrase "is illustrative, not prescriptive."

Duke's second question is primarily asking for clarity on language in Requirement 3, "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset." The IDT prepared a new response to Duke's second question identifying that "essential" is not defined in the Glossary of Terms used in NERC Reliability Standards. The well-understood meaning and ordinary usage of the word "essential" implies "inherent to" or "necessary." The phrase "inherent to or necessary to the operation of the Critical Asset" has the same meaning as "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset."

Additionally, the IDT offers the following supplemental observation regarding the above interpretations. The language within CIP-002-1 Requirement 3 works hand-in-hand with the Standard's Purpose and Requirement 1. The Responsible Entity is responsible for using its judgment to identify Critical



Organization	Yes or No	Question 1 Comment			
Cyber Assets that are essential, inherent, or necessary to the operation of the Critical Assets."					
The new comment form will provide two sets of boxes so you can provide a separate response to each question.					
ISO New Enlgand Inc.		Cannot select both options; but the answer is bothDuke's first question requests clarity on the meaning of the requirement. Duke's second question requests clarity on the application of the requirement.			

Response: Thank you for your comment. The Interpretation Drafting Team ("IDT") agrees that Duke's first question is asking for clarity. The original response was modified slightly by adding the phrase "is illustrative, not prescriptive."

Duke's second question is primarily asking for clarity on language in Requirement 3, "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset." The IDT prepared a new response to Duke's second question identifying that "essential" is not defined in the Glossary of Terms used in NERC Reliability Standards. The well-understood meaning and ordinary usage of the word "essential" implies "inherent to" or "necessary." The phrase "inherent to or necessary to the operation of the Critical Asset" has the same meaning as "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset."

Additionally, the IDT offers the following supplemental observation regarding the above interpretations. The language within CIP-002-1 Requirement 3 works hand-in-hand with the Standard's Purpose and Requirement 1. The Responsible Entity is responsible for using its judgment to identify Critical Cyber Assets that are essential, inherent, or necessary to the operation of the Critical Assets."

The new comment form will provide two sets of boxes so you can provide a separate response to each interpretation response.

Brazos Electric Power Cooperative, Inc.	The request is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.	
SDG&E	The request is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.	
Manitoba Hydro		Both. Question 1 seeks clarity of the examples in R3. Question 2 seeks clarity regarding the meaning of "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset", and seeks clarity on the application of R3 in a given situation.

Response: Thank you for your comment. The Interpretation Drafting Team ("IDT") agrees that Duke's first question is asking for clarity. The original



Organization Yes or No Question 1 Comment

response was modified slightly by adding the phrase "is illustrative, not prescriptive."

Duke's second question is primarily asking for clarity on language in Requirement 3, "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset." The IDT prepared a new response to Duke's second question identifying that "essential" is not defined in the Glossary of Terms used in NERC Reliability Standards. The well-understood meaning and ordinary usage of the word "essential" implies "inherent to" or "necessary." The phrase "inherent to or necessary to the operation of the Critical Asset" has the same meaning as "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset."

Additionally, the IDT offers the following supplemental observation regarding the above interpretations. The language within CIP-002-1 Requirement 3 works hand-in-hand with the Standard's Purpose and Requirement 1. The Responsible Entity is responsible for using its judgment to identify Critical Cyber Assets that are essential, inherent, or necessary to the operation of the Critical Assets."

Operator clarity on th	Question #1 and #2 both seek to clarify the meaning of CIP-002-R3 e meaning of rement.	
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Response: Thank you for your comment. The Interpretation Drafting Team ("IDT") agrees that Duke's first question is asking for clarity. The original response was modified slightly by adding the phrase "is illustrative, not prescriptive."

Duke's second question is primarily asking for clarity on language in Requirement 3, "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset." The IDT prepared a new response to Duke's second question identifying that "essential" is not defined in the Glossary of Terms used in NERC Reliability Standards. The well-understood meaning and ordinary usage of the word "essential" implies "inherent to" or "necessary." The phrase "inherent to or necessary to the operation of the Critical Asset" has the same meaning as "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset."

Additionally, the IDT offers the following supplemental observation regarding the above interpretations. The language within CIP-002-1 Requirement 3 works hand-in-hand with the Standard's Purpose and Requirement 1. The Responsible Entity is responsible for using its judgment to identify Critical Cyber Assets that are essential, inherent, or necessary to the operation of the Critical Assets."

Lincoln Electric System	The request is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.	
Electric Market Policy	The request is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.	



Organization	Yes or No	Question 1 Comment
Western Electricity Coordinating Council	The request is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.	
MRO's NERC Standards Review Subcommittee	The request is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.	
Wisconsin Electric Power Company	The request is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.	
MidAmerican Energy Company	The request is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.	
Edison Electric Institute	The request is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.	
Kansas City Power & Light	The request is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.	
Colorado Springs Utilities	The request is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.	
PUD No.1 of Clallam County	The request is asking for clarity on the application of a requirement.	
ExxonMobil Research and	The request is asking for	



Organization	Yes or No	Question 1 Comment
Engineering	clarity on the meaning of a requirement.	
Encari, LLC	The request is asking for clarity on the application of a requirement.	
John Kutzer	The request is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.	
Progress Energy	The request is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.	
US Bureau of Reclamation	The request is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.	
United Illuminating	The request is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.	
South Carolina Electric and Gas	The request is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.	
Oncor Electric Delivery LLC	The request is asking for clarity on the application of a requirement.	
Ameren	The request is asking for clarity on the meaning of	



Organization	Yes or No	Question 1 Comment
	a requirement.	
CenterPoint Energy	The request is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.	
American Transmission Company	The request is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.	None
Duke Energy	The request is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.	
ERCOT	The request is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.	
American Electric Power	The request is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.	
Midwest ISO	The request is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.	
Independent Electricity System Operator	The request is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.	
Public Utilities Commission of Ohio Staff	The request is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.	



Organization	Yes or No	Question 1 Comment
Santee Cooper	The request is asking for clarity on the application of a requirement.	
Kansas City Power & Light	The request is asking for clarity on the application of a requirement.	
Bonneville Power Administration	The request is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.	

Response: Thank you for your comment.



2. The NERC Board of Trustees indicated that in deciding whether or not to approve a proposed interpretation, it will use a standard of strict construction and not seek to expand the reach of the standard to correct a perceived gap or deficiency in the standard. Do you believe this interpretation expands the reach of the standard?

Summary Consideration:

Many commenters expressed concern that the previously-posted interpretation, particularly the response to question #2 of the RFI, expanded or reduced the reach of the standard. In response, and after careful analysis and consideration of comments, the IDT has significantly changed the response to question #2 in a manner that it believes does not expand the reach of the requirement.

The second question from Duke Energy's RFI primarily asked for clarity on language in Requirement 3, "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset." The IDT prepared a new response to Duke Energy's second question identifying that "essential" is not defined in the Glossary of Terms used in NERC Reliability Standards. The well-understood meaning and ordinary usage of the word "essential" implies "inherent to" or "necessary." The phrase "inherent to or necessary to the operation of the Critical Asset" has the same meaning as "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset."

Organization	Yes or No	Question 2 Comment
Northeastn Power Coordinating Council	The request expands the reach of the standard.	The Interpretation expands the standard by referring to the human-to-machine interface. This interface is only a conduit to the CCA, it is not the CCA. It is assumed that the check boxes above refer to the interpretation, not the request.

Response: Thank you for your comment. The IDT has clarified the question on the new comment form. The Interpretation Drafting Team ("IDT") believes that Duke's first question is asking for clarity. The original response was modified slightly by adding the phrase "is illustrative, not prescriptive."

Duke's second question is primarily asking for clarity on language in Requirement 3, "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset." The IDT prepared a new response to Duke's second question identifying that "essential" is not defined in the Glossary of Terms used in NERC Reliability Standards. The well-understood meaning and ordinary usage of the word "essential" implies "inherent to" or "necessary." The phrase "inherent to or necessary to the operation of the Critical Asset" has the same meaning as "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset."

Additionally, the IDT offers the following supplemental observation regarding the above interpretations. The language within CIP-002-1 Requirement 3 works hand-in-hand with the Standard's Purpose and Requirement 1. The Responsible Entity is responsible for using its judgment to identify Critical Cyber



Organization	Yes or No	Question 2 Comment
Assets that are essential, inherent,	or necessary to the	operation of the Critical Assets."
The new comment form will provid	le two sets of boxes	so you can provide a separate response to each interpretation response.
Public Utilities Commission of Ohio Staff	The request does not expand the reach of the standard.	As noted below, it is our opinion that the Interpretation reduces the reach of the standard.

Response: Thank you for your comment. The Interpretation Drafting Team ("IDT") believes that Duke's first question is asking for clarity. The original response was modified slightly by adding the phrase "is illustrative, not prescriptive."

Duke's second question is primarily asking for clarity on language in Requirement 3, "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset." The IDT prepared a new response to Duke's second question identifying that "essential" is not defined in the Glossary of Terms used in NERC Reliability Standards. The well-understood meaning and ordinary usage of the word "essential" implies "inherent to" or "necessary." The phrase "inherent to or necessary to the operation of the Critical Asset" has the same meaning as "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset."

Additionally, the IDT offers the following supplemental observation regarding the above interpretations. The language within CIP-002-1 Requirement 3 works hand-in-hand with the Standard's Purpose and Requirement 1. The Responsible Entity is responsible for using its judgment to identify Critical Cyber Assets that are essential, inherent, or necessary to the operation of the Critical Assets.

Electric Market Policy	The request does not expand the reach of the standard.	Dominion finds that the Response to Question 2 is both incomplete and confusing. To respond with "'essential to the operation of the Critical Asset' means essential to the operation of the Critical Asset" does not answer the question. Specifically this response does not address the follow-on question about assets that "may" be used but are not "required". The second and third sentences of the response to Question 2 leave more questions than provide answers. We agree that an HMI is essential ("indispensible, vital, fundamental, and necessary") for "operator-assisted remote control". However, in most cases, the HMI is not essential to the operation of the CA, since most if not all CAs can be operated manually and/or via protective devices (e.g., relays) locally. Finally, this response does not address remote access.Dominion believes that when several (not to be confused with redundant) solutions exist (e.g., multiple HMI workstations), that no single solution is essential. In question 2 Duke puts a statement about remote access, and Dominion agrees with Duke that remote access is valuable to operations. We believe remote access is addressed by CIP-005 and as such should not be addressed by CIP-002.
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Organization Yes or No Question 2 Comment

Response: Thank you for your comment. The IDT prepared a new response to Duke's second question identifying that "essential" is not defined in the Glossary of Terms used in NERC Reliability Standards. The well-understood meaning and ordinary usage of the word "essential" implies "inherent to" or "necessary." The phrase "inherent to or necessary to the operation of the Critical Asset" has the same meaning as "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset."

Additionally, the IDT offers the following supplemental observation regarding the above interpretations. The language within CIP-002-1 Requirement 3 works hand-in-hand with the Standard's Purpose and Requirement 1. The Responsible Entity is responsible for using its judgment to identify Critical Cyber Assets that are essential, inherent, or necessary to the operation of the Critical Assets."

The application questions as to "how" the standard applies are beyond the scope of this Interpretation.

Wisconsin Electric Power Company	The request expands the reach of the standard.	The interpretation attempts to clarify the phrase "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset" by introducing a new concept of "perform a function essential to the operation of a Critical Asset". We believe that this fails to provide clarity, and instead expands the reach of the standard. The interpretation should focus on clarifying what the term "essential" means. Moreover, we believe that it is inappropriate to attempt to define "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset" by using the term "essential" as this is a circular definition, and provides no new or useful information. We believe that "essential" cyber assets are those which are always required for operation of the Critical Asset; without which the primary mission (the qualities or attributes of an asset that causes it to be identified as 'Critical') of a Critical Asset cannot be performed.
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Response: Thank you for your comment. The Interpretation Drafting Team ("IDT") believes that Duke's first question is asking for clarity. The original response was modified slightly by adding the phrase "is illustrative, not prescriptive."

Duke's second question is primarily asking for clarity on language in Requirement 3, "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset." The IDT prepared a new response to Duke's second question identifying that "essential" is not defined in the Glossary of Terms used in NERC Reliability Standards. The well-understood meaning and ordinary usage of the word "essential" implies "inherent to" or "necessary." The phrase "inherent to or necessary to the operation of the Critical Asset" has the same meaning as "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset."

Additionally, the IDT offers the following supplemental observation regarding the above interpretations. The language within CIP-002-1 Requirement 3 works hand-in-hand with the Standard's Purpose and Requirement 1. The Responsible Entity is responsible for using its judgment to identify Critical Cyber Assets that are essential, inherent, or necessary to the operation of the Critical Assets."



Organization	Yes or No	Question 2 Comment
MidAmerican Energy Company	The request expands the reach of the standard.	The proposed interpretation does expand the reach of the standard. See question #3 comments.
Kansas City Power & Light	The request expands the reach of the standard.	Please see response in Question 3 comments. Concerns regarding the expansion of the standard are expressed there.

Response: Thank you for your comment. The Interpretation Drafting Team ("IDT") believes that Duke's first question is asking for clarity. The original response was modified slightly by adding the phrase "is illustrative, not prescriptive."

Duke's second question is primarily asking for clarity on language in Requirement 3, "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset." The IDT prepared a new response to Duke's second question identifying that "essential" is not defined in the Glossary of Terms used in NERC Reliability Standards. The well-understood meaning and ordinary usage of the word "essential" implies "inherent to" or "necessary." The phrase "inherent to or necessary to the operation of the Critical Asset" has the same meaning as "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset."

Additionally, the IDT offers the following supplemental observation regarding the above interpretations. The language within CIP-002-1 Requirement 3 works hand-in-hand with the Standard's Purpose and Requirement 1. The Responsible Entity is responsible for using its judgment to identify Critical Cyber Assets that are essential, inherent, or necessary to the operation of the Critical Assets."

Colorado Springs Utilities	The request expands the reach of the standard.	the second part of Q2's response infers without justification that "operator-assisted remote control" is an essential function. Will NERC supply a list of cyber functions they consider essential to the operation of critical assets, or will they accept industry participants' self-determined answer to that question?
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Response: Thank you for your comment. The IDT prepared a new response to Duke's second question identifying that "essential" is not defined in the Glossary of Terms used in NERC Reliability Standards. The well-understood meaning and ordinary usage of the word "essential" implies "inherent to" or "necessary." The phrase "inherent to or necessary to the operation of the Critical Asset" has the same meaning as "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset."

Additionally, the IDT offers the following supplemental observation regarding the above interpretations. The language within CIP-002-1 Requirement 3 works hand-in-hand with the Standard's Purpose and Requirement 1. The Responsible Entity is responsible for using its judgment to identify Critical Cyber



Organization	Yes or No	Question 2 Comment
Assets that are essential, inherent, or necessary to the operation of the Critical Assets."		
John Kutzer	The request expands the reach of the standard.	The response to Question 2 of the request for interpretation expands reach of the standards by not correctly identifying Critical Cyber Assets. The standard currently has two tests for an asset to be classified as a Critical Cyber Asset, the first being "essential to operation" (R3) and the second being the communication mechanism (R3.1, R3.2, & R3.3). The response to this question ignores the second criteria for identifying Critical Cyber Assets and as a result expands the reach of the standard.

Response: Thank you for your comment. The IDT prepared a new response to Duke's second question identifying that "essential" is not defined in the Glossary of Terms used in NERC Reliability Standards. The well-understood meaning and ordinary usage of the word "essential" implies "inherent to" or "necessary." The phrase "inherent to or necessary to the operation of the Critical Asset" has the same meaning as "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset."

Additionally, the IDT offers the following supplemental observation regarding the above interpretations. The language within CIP-002-1 Requirement 3 works hand-in-hand with the Standard's Purpose and Requirement 1. The Responsible Entity is responsible for using its judgment to identify Critical Cyber Assets that are essential, inherent, or necessary to the operation of the Critical Assets."

This interpretation singly addresses Duke's interpretation questions. The application discussion and applicability of the sub-requirements are beyond the scope of this interpretation.

Progress Energy	The request expands the reach of the standard.	The sentence "For example, in a control center, a human-to-machine interface such as an operator console is used to perform the essential function of operator-assisted remote control" confuses the issue by describing the use of an operator console as "remote control". Most would consider human-to-machine interfaces or operator consoles in control centers as primary control, not remote control. The question in the request for interpretation asks about laptops used for remote access. This answer, using the word "remote" in a different context than it is used in the question confuses the issue. It implies (without saying it clearly) that the remote access laptop referred to in the question is essential to the operation of the control system, just as the human-to-machine interface is. The remote access laptop is not essential. It can be turned off and the control system will continue to function.
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Response: Thank you for your comment. The IDT prepared a new response to Duke's second question identifying that "essential" is not defined in the



Organization	Yes or No	Question 2 Comment

Glossary of Terms used in NERC Reliability Standards. The well-understood meaning and ordinary usage of the word "essential" implies "inherent to" or "necessary." The phrase "inherent to or necessary to the operation of the Critical Asset" has the same meaning as "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset."

Additionally, the IDT offers the following supplemental observation regarding the above interpretations. The language within CIP-002-1 Requirement 3 works hand-in-hand with the Standard's Purpose and Requirement 1. The Responsible Entity is responsible for using its judgment to identify Critical Cyber Assets that are essential, inherent, or necessary to the operation of the Critical Assets."

The application discussion is outside the scope of this interpretation.

Ameren	The request expands the reach of the standard.	This interpretation does not clarify the phrase "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset" but introduces a new concept of "perform a function essential to the operation of a Critical Asset". This interpretation fails to provide clarity, and instead expands the reach of this requirement.
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Response: Thank you for your comment. The IDT prepared a new response to Duke's second question identifying that "essential" is not defined in the Glossary of Terms used in NERC Reliability Standards. The well-understood meaning and ordinary usage of the word "essential" implies "inherent to" or "necessary." The phrase "inherent to or necessary to the operation of the Critical Asset" has the same meaning as "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset."

Additionally, the IDT offers the following supplemental observation regarding the above interpretations. The language within CIP-002-1 Requirement 3 works hand-in-hand with the Standard's Purpose and Requirement 1. The Responsible Entity is responsible for using its judgment to identify Critical Cyber Assets that are essential, inherent, or necessary to the operation of the Critical Assets."

American Transmission Company	The request expands the reach of the standard.	The interpretation attempts to clarify the phrase "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset" by introducing a new concept of "perform a function essential to the operation of a Critical Asset". ATC believes that this fails to provide clarity, and instead expands the reach of the standard. The interpretation should focus on clarifying what the term "essential" means. Moreover, ATC believes that it is inappropriate to attempt to define "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset" by using the term "essential" as this is a circular definition, and provides no new or useful information. Finally, ATC believes that "essential" cyber assets are those which are always required for operation of the Critical Asset; without which the primary mission (the qualities or attributes of an asset that causes it to be deemed 'Critical') of a Critical Asset cannot be performed.
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Organization	Yes or No	Question 2 Comment
Glossary of Terms used in N	NERC Reliability Standards.	epared a new response to Duke's second question identifying that "essential" is not defined in the The well-understood meaning and ordinary usage of the word "essential" implies "inherent to" or the operation of the Critical Asset" has the same meaning as "essential to the operation of the
works hand-in-hand with th	ne Standard's Purpose and R	observation regarding the above interpretations. The language within CIP-002-1 Requirement 3 Requirement 1. The Responsible Entity is responsible for using its judgment to identify Critical Cybe operation of the Critical Assets."
Consumers Energy	The request does not expand the reach of the standard.	The response to the second, is at best circular and poorly written. Sentence one of this response is simply non responsive by way of being circular. Sentence one reads: "The phrase "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset" means that the Critical Cyber Asset is used to perform a function essential to the operation of the Critical Asset." To state that something is essential to operation means that it is used to perform a function essential to operation is a tautology, not a useful response. The response to the second request goes on to not address the remaining points raised by Duke.
of the Critical Asset." The I used in NERC Reliability Sta	DT prepared a new respons indards. The well-understood	nd question is primarily asking for clarity on language in Requirement 3, "essential to the operation e to Duke's second question identifying that "essential" is not defined in the Glossary of Terms od meaning and ordinary usage of the word "essential" implies "inherent to" or "necessary." The ne Critical Asset" has the same meaning as "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset."
works hand-in-hand with th	ne Standard's Purpose and R	observation regarding the above interpretations. The language within CIP-002-1 Requirement 3 Requirement 1. The Responsible Entity is responsible for using its judgment to identify Critical Cyber operation of the Critical Assets."
Duke Energy	The request expands the reach of the standard.	The interpretation of the standard seems to go beyond the reach of the standard. Need more clarification on the "Essential" phrase in the standard.
ISO New Enlgand Inc.	The request expands the	The Interpretation expands the standard by referring to the human-to-machine interface. This interface is only a conduit to the CCA, it is not the CCA. It is assumed that the check boxes above



Organization	Yes or No	Question 2 Comment
	standard.	

Response: Thank you for your comment. The IDT prepared a new response to Duke's second question identifying that "essential" is not defined in the Glossary of Terms used in NERC Reliability Standards. The well-understood meaning and ordinary usage of the word "essential" implies "inherent to" or "necessary." The phrase "inherent to or necessary to the operation of the Critical Asset" has the same meaning as "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset."

Additionally, the IDT offers the following supplemental observation regarding the above interpretations. The language within CIP-002-1 Requirement 3 works hand-in-hand with the Standard's Purpose and Requirement 1. The Responsible Entity is responsible for using its judgment to identify Critical Cyber Assets that are essential, inherent, or necessary to the operation of the Critical Assets."

The new comment form will provide two sets of boxes so you can provide a separate response to each interpretation response.

e	The request expands the reach of the standard.	CIP002-R3 states "the Responsible Entity shall develop a list of associated Critical Cyber Assets essential to the operation of the Critical Asset". An asset that is "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset" is not the same as "any Cyber Asset used to perform a function essential to the operation of the Critical Asset". There are many devices that could, in theory, be used to perform a function that would be considered essential to the operation of the Critical Asset that are not themselves essential to the operation of the Critical Asset. Essential should mean that an Entity is unable to operate the Critical Asset without that cyber asset (i.e. essential to the operation of the Critical Asset).
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Response: Thank you for your comment. The IDT prepared a new response to Duke's second question identifying that "essential" is not defined in the Glossary of Terms used in NERC Reliability Standards. The well-understood meaning and ordinary usage of the word "essential" implies "inherent to" or "necessary." The phrase "inherent to or necessary to the operation of the Critical Asset" has the same meaning as "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset."

Additionally, the IDT offers the following supplemental observation regarding the above interpretations. The language within CIP-002-1 Requirement 3 works hand-in-hand with the Standard's Purpose and Requirement 1. The Responsible Entity is responsible for using its judgment to identify Critical Cyber Assets that are essential, inherent, or necessary to the operation of the Critical Assets."

exp read	The last sentence in the second interpretation "Similarly, any Cyber Asset, when used to perform a function essential to the operation of the Critical Asset, becomes a Critical Cyber Asset" needs to be removed or expanded to conform to the parameters of the requirement.
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Organization	Yes or No	Question 2 Comment
Glossary of Terms used in NERC Re	liability Standards.	bared a new response to Duke's second question identifying that "essential" is not defined in the The well-understood meaning and ordinary usage of the word "essential" implies "inherent to" or the operation of the Critical Asset" has the same meaning as "essential to the operation of the
• •	ard's Purpose and R	observation regarding the above interpretations. The language within CIP-002-1 Requirement 3 Requirement 1. The Responsible Entity is responsible for using its judgment to identify Critical Cyber operation of the Critical Assets."
Independent Electricity System Operator		It is not clear if this question is regarding the request or the response. In fact, the question "Do you believe this interpretation expands the reach of the standard?" conflicts with the two statements adjacent to the two checkboxes which refer to the 'request'.
Response: Thank you for your com	iment. The commer	nt form will be revised.
New York Independent System Operator	The request does not expand the reach of the standard.	The request for interpretation seeks clarification on the meaning of CIP-002-3. The request for interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard. However, the current interpretation does expand the reach of the standard.

Response: Thank you for your comment. The request for interpretation was for CIP-002-1. The same Requirement language is used in CIP-002 versions 1, 2 & 3. If approved, the interpretation will apply to all versions of CIP-002 in which the Requirement language for which the interpretation was requested persists.

The Interpretation Drafting Team ("IDT") believes that Duke's first question is asking for clarity. The original response was modified slightly by adding the phrase "is illustrative, not prescriptive."

Duke's second question is primarily asking for clarity on language in Requirement 3, "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset." The IDT prepared a new response to Duke's second question identifying that "essential" is not defined in the Glossary of Terms used in NERC Reliability Standards. The well-understood meaning and ordinary usage of the word "essential" implies "inherent to" or "necessary." The phrase "inherent to or necessary to the operation of the Critical Asset" has the same meaning as "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset."

Additionally, the IDT offers the following supplemental observation regarding the above interpretations. The language within CIP-002-1 Requirement 3 works hand-in-hand with the Standard's Purpose and Requirement 1. The Responsible Entity is responsible for using its judgment to identify Critical Cyber



Organization	Yes or No	Question 2 Comment	
Assets that are essential, inhere	Assets that are essential, inherent, or necessary to the operation of the Critical Assets."		
Lincoln Electric System	The request does not expand the reach of the standard.		
Brazos Electric Power Cooperative, Inc.	The request does not expand the reach of the standard.		
Midwest ISO	The request expands the reach of the standard.		
Manitoba Hydro	The request does not expand the reach of the standard.		
ERCOT	The request does not expand the reach of the standard.		
US Bureau of Reclamation	The request		



Organization	Yes or No	Question 2 Comment
	does not expand the reach of the standard.	
United Illuminating	The request does not expand the reach of the standard.	
South Carolina Electric and Gas	The request does not expand the reach of the standard.	
Oncor Electric Delivery LLC	The request does not expand the reach of the standard.	
PUD No.1 of Clallam County	The request does not expand the reach of the standard.	
ExxonMobil Research and Engineering	The request does not expand the reach of the	



Organization	Yes or No	Question 2 Comment
	standard.	
Encari, LLC	The request does not expand the reach of the standard.	
Edison Electric Institute	The request expands the reach of the standard.	
Western Electricity Coordinating Council	The request does not expand the reach of the standard.	
MRO's NERC Standards Review Subcommittee	The request expands the reach of the standard.	
Santee Cooper	The request does not expand the reach of the standard.	
Kansas City Power & Light	The request expands the reach of the	



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Response: Thank you for your comment.



3. Do you agree with this interpretation? If not, why not.

Summary Consideration:

Most commenters agreed with the response to Question #1 of the RFI, but disagreed with the response to Question #2; thus, most disagreed with the interpretation.

The CIP Interpretation Drafting Team agreed with the majority of the comments concerning the original interpretation of Question #1 and slightly modified the language to add clarity. The phrase "is illustrative, not prescriptive" was added to the response. Most commenters who did not agree with the interpretation did not agree with Question #2. The second question from Duke Energy's RFI primarily asked for clarity on language in Requirement 3, "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset." The IDT prepared a new response to Duke Energy's second question identifying that "essential" is not defined in the Glossary of Terms used in NERC Reliability Standards. The well-understood meaning and ordinary usage of the word "essential" implies "inherent to" or "necessary." The phrase "inherent to or necessary to the operation of the Critical Asset" has the same meaning as "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset."

Additionally, the IDT offers the following supplemental observation regarding the above interpretations. The language within CIP-002-1 Requirement 3 works hand-in-hand with the Standard's Purpose and Requirement 1. The Responsible Entity is responsible for using its judgment to identify Critical Cyber Assets that are essential, inherent, or necessary to the operation of the Critical Assets."

Several commenters asked for or provided observations concerning the application of the standard, and the drafting team responded that addressing "how" the standard should be applied was outside the scope of this interpretation.

Organization	Yes or No	Question 3 Comment
Northeastn Power Coordinating Council	No	We agree with the first response. We do not agree with the second response because: 1. It should not include an example.2. The response should use the same wording for Critical Cyber Assets as the approved Glossary of Terms.

Response: Thank you for your comment. The IDT prepared a new response to Duke's second question identifying that "essential" is not defined in the Glossary of Terms used in NERC Reliability Standards. The well-understood meaning and ordinary usage of the word "essential" implies "inherent to" or "necessary." The phrase "inherent to or necessary to the operation of the Critical Asset" has the same meaning as "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset."



Organization	Yes or No	Question 3 Comment
works hand-in-hand with the Stand	lard's Purpose a	ental observation regarding the above interpretations. The language within CIP-002-1 Requirement 3 and Requirement 1. The Responsible Entity is responsible for using its judgment to identify Critical sary to the operation of the Critical Assets."
Public Utilities Commission of Ohio Staff	No	The Interpretation focuses on the use of Critical Cyber Assets, rather than the capabilities of those assets. By doing so, while the Interpretation does not address a potential gap, it creates a potential gap. The definition of a Critical Asset describes systems that if "destroyed, degraded or compromised" may influence the ability to maintain reliable operation of the grid. Based on the interpretation (particularly the response to Question 2), categories of equipment that may be capable of exerting control (and thus, if compromised could affect reliable operation of the grid) would be excluded from CIP treatment if they are not currently used for that purpose. For example, a laptop computer that had the necessary hardware and software to control SCADA systems, but operates in a backup position, or has some other primary use, might not have a negative impact if destroyed or degraded, but would potentially have a negative impact if compromised. In order to preserve the original intent, the word "used" in the Response to Question 2 should be replaced with "configured and equipped". Duke is correct in its assertion that the issue of how CIP applies to portable hardware like laptop computers in the field clearly needs to be addressed, but this Interpretation is not the mechanism for doing so.
Glossary of Terms used in NERC Re	liability Standar	prepared a new response to Duke's second question identifying that "essential" is not defined in the rds. The well-understood meaning and ordinary usage of the word "essential" implies "inherent to" sary to the operation of the Critical Asset" has the same meaning as "essential to the operation of the
works hand-in-hand with the Stand	lard's Purpose a	ental observation regarding the above interpretations. The language within CIP-002-1 Requirement 3 and Requirement 1. The Responsible Entity is responsible for using its judgment to identify Critical sary to the operation of the Critical Assets."
A discussion of applications of Criti	cal Assets and C	Critical Cyber Assets is beyond the scope of this interpretation.
Kansas City Power & Light	No	The proposed interpretation infers a scope broader than the requirement stipulates. The question relates to the meaning of "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset" and it recommended to address the question with the first sentence of the interpretation and stop there. Recommend the



Organization	Yes or No	Question 3 Comment
		interpretation as the following: The phrase "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset" means that the Critical Cyber Asset is used to perform a function essential to the operation of the Critical Asset"
Glossary of Terms used in NERC Re	liability Standar	prepared a new response to Duke's second question identifying that "essential" is not defined in the defined in
works hand-in-hand with the Stand	lard's Purpose a	ental observation regarding the above interpretations. The language within CIP-002-1 Requirement 3 and Requirement 1. The Responsible Entity is responsible for using its judgment to identify Critical sary to the operation of the Critical Assets."
Bonneville Power Administration	No	YES, we agree with the response to question 1, that the "Examples" are just that, examples, and not a prescriptive list.NO, the response to question 2 is inadequate. The phrase in question is used to define the phrase in question: "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset" means the device is used to perform a function "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset." The example cited is good, but a definition of "essential," as requested, is still needed.
Response: Thank you for your comprescriptive."	ment. The orig	ginal response to Question 1 was modified slightly by adding the phrase "is illustrative, not
Standards. The well-understood m	eaning and ord	d question identifying that "essential" is not defined in the Glossary of Terms used in NERC Reliability inary usage of the word "essential" implies "inherent to" or "necessary." The phrase "inherent to or as the same meaning as "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset."
works hand-in-hand with the Stand	ard's Purpose a	ental observation regarding the above interpretations. The language within CIP-002-1 Requirement 3 and Requirement 1. The Responsible Entity is responsible for using its judgment to identify Critical sary to the operation of the Critical Assets."
Electric Market Policy	No	See comments in response to question 2. The interpretation is incomplete and in itself confusing and does not provide the clarity needed.

Response: Thank you for your comment. The IDT prepared a new response to Duke's second question identifying that "essential" is not defined in the



Organization	Yes or No	Question 3 Comment
Glossary of Terms used in NERC Reliability Standards. The well-understood meaning and ordinary usage of the word "essential" implies "inherent to" or "necessary." The phrase "inherent to or necessary to the operation of the Critical Asset" has the same meaning as "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset."		
works hand-in-hand with the Stand	ard's Purpose a	ental observation regarding the above interpretations. The language within CIP-002-1 Requirement 3 and Requirement 1. The Responsible Entity is responsible for using its judgment to identify Critical sary to the operation of the Critical Assets."
Western Electricity Coordinating Council	No	We agree that the first questions is answered adequatly and do not have any issues with the response provided. However, the the response to the second question used the word essential to try and define what is esential. It says that the phrase "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset" means it is used to perform a function "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset." We do not believe it is appropriate to use a term for which a definition is sought in the definition of the term.
Response: Thank you for your comment. The Interpretation Drafting Team ("IDT") has modified the response to Question #1 slightly and it added the phrase "is illustrative, not prescriptive" to improve clarity.		
The IDT prepared a new response to Duke's second question identifying that "essential" is not defined in the Glossary of Terms used in NERC Reliability Standards. The well-understood meaning and ordinary usage of the word "essential" implies "inherent to" or "necessary." The phrase "inherent to or necessary to the operation of the Critical Asset" has the same meaning as "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset."		
Additionally, the IDT offers the following supplemental observation regarding the above interpretations. The language within CIP-002-1 Requirement 3 works hand-in-hand with the Standard's Purpose and Requirement 1. The Responsible Entity is responsible for using its judgment to identify Critical Cyber Assets that are essential, inherent, or necessary to the operation of the Critical Assets."		
MRO's NERC Standards Review Subcommittee	No	We agree that the examples listed in CIP 002 R1 are not meant to be prescriptive. If they were prescriptive, all devices involved in "real-time inter-utility data exchange" would be considered Critical Cyber Assets (CCA), even if the data exchanged had no relevance to the operation of the BES. However, we believe that it is inappropriate to attempt to define "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset" by using the term "essential" as this is a circular definition, and provides no new or useful information. Also, this interpretation states that the Cyber Asset becomes a CCA "when used". This may imply that the Cyber Asset, capable of performing an essential function, is not a CCA when not presently being used to perform the essential function. For example, a relief desk



Organization	Yes or No	Question 3 Comment
		workstation, despite its present capability to execute controls on the BES would not be considered a CCA when not manned. Also, a standby EMS server would not be considered a CCA when not in use. Basing CCA classification on intermittent criteria such as "when used" may affect whether requirements, such as the need for a Recovery Plan, are also intermittent. We believe that "essential" cyber assets are those which are always required for operation of the Critical Asset; without which the primary mission (the qualities or attributes of an asset that causes it to be deemed 'Critical') of a Critical Asset cannot be performed.

Response: Thank you for your comment. The Interpretation Drafting Team ("IDT") has modified the response to Question #1 slightly and it added the phrase "is illustrative, not prescriptive" to improve clarity. The IDT prepared a new response to Duke's second question identifying that "essential" is not defined in the Glossary of Terms used in NERC Reliability Standards. The well-understood meaning and ordinary usage of the word "essential" implies "inherent to" or "necessary." The phrase "inherent to or necessary to the operation of the Critical Asset" has the same meaning as "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset."

Additionally, the IDT offers the following supplemental observation regarding the above interpretations. The language within CIP-002-1 Requirement 3 works hand-in-hand with the Standard's Purpose and Requirement 1. The Responsible Entity is responsible for using its judgment to identify Critical Cyber Assets that are essential, inherent, or necessary to the operation of the Critical Assets."

Wisconsin Electric Power Company	No	Reference response to Question 2
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Response: Thank you for your comment. The IDT prepared a new response to Duke's second question identifying that "essential" is not defined in the Glossary of Terms used in NERC Reliability Standards. The well-understood meaning and ordinary usage of the word "essential" implies "inherent to" or "necessary." The phrase "inherent to or necessary to the operation of the Critical Asset" has the same meaning as "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset."

E.ON U.S.	No	The SDT interpretation of the phrase "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset" means that a "Critical Cyber Asset" is a cyber asset "used to perform a function essential to the operation of the
		Critical Assets".E.ON U.S. does not believe that the proposed interpretation clarifies the standard.
		The issue posed by the request for interpretation is whether cyber assets used for remote support, such as laptops, would be considered "essential to the operation" of a Critical Asset, thus requiring



Organization	Yes or No	Question 3 Comment
		application of CIP-006 physical controls to a laptop. Despite the obvious impracticality of applying CIP-006 controls to laptops, the interpretation leaves this question unanswered. As a result, the interpretation severely restricts the ability of entities to remotely support operations essential to the reliability of the BES. As a result, the reliability of the BES is eroded. The interpretation does nothing to address the questions posed. Recent guidance documents published by NERC concerning remote access are similarly unhelpful.

Response: Thank you for your comment. The IDT prepared a new response to Duke's second question identifying that "essential" is not defined in the Glossary of Terms used in NERC Reliability Standards. The well-understood meaning and ordinary usage of the word "essential" implies "inherent to" or "necessary." The phrase "inherent to or necessary to the operation of the Critical Asset" has the same meaning as "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset."

Additionally, the IDT offers the following supplemental observation regarding the above interpretations. The language within CIP-002-1 Requirement 3 works hand-in-hand with the Standard's Purpose and Requirement 1. The Responsible Entity is responsible for using its judgment to identify Critical Cyber Assets that are essential, inherent, or necessary to the operation of the Critical Assets."

Addressing application questions is beyond the scope of this interpretation.

MidAmerican Energy Company	No	We agree with the interpretation for Duke Energy's Question #1.We do not agree with the interpretation for Duke Energy's Question #2. The interpretation provided is circular, provides no new useful information, and potentially expands the reach of the standard which is not allowed for an interpretation. MidAmerican suggests the interpretation clarify "essential" in this context as cyber assets which "are always required" for the operation of the critical asset.
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Response: Thank you for your comment. The original response to Question 1 was modified slightly by adding the phrase "is illustrative, not prescriptive."

The IDT prepared a new response to Duke's second question identifying that "essential" is not defined in the Glossary of Terms used in NERC Reliability Standards. The well-understood meaning and ordinary usage of the word "essential" implies "inherent to" or "necessary." The phrase "inherent to or necessary to the operation of the Critical Asset" has the same meaning as "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset."



Organization	Yes or No	Question 3 Comment
Edison Electric Institute	No	For the Response to question 2, The interpretation attempts to clarify the phrase "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset" by introducing a new concept of "perform a function essential to the operation of a Critical Asset". We believe that this fails to provide clarity, and instead expands the reach of the standard. The interpretation should focus on clarifying what the term "essential" means. Moreover, we believe that it is inappropriate to attempt to define "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset" by using the term "essential" as this is a circular definition, and provides no new or useful information. We believe that "essential" cyber assets are those which are always required for operation of the Critical Asset; without which the primary mission (the qualities or attributes of an asset that causes it to be deemed 'Critical') of a Critical Asset cannot be performed.

Response: Thank you for your comment. The IDT prepared a new response to Duke's second question identifying that "essential" is not defined in the Glossary of Terms used in NERC Reliability Standards. The well-understood meaning and ordinary usage of the word "essential" implies "inherent to" or "necessary." The phrase "inherent to or necessary to the operation of the Critical Asset" has the same meaning as "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset."

befining "essential" as "is used to perform a function essential" does not clarify the intent of the word. It is understandably difficult, if not impossible, to generate a prescriptive list of "essential" elements of Critical Assets due to the variances in the utility industry. Clarification regarding the intent of the requirement is still possible. Regrettably, this definition does nothing to reduce the subjectivity of the original Requirement. A Response that encouraged the Responsible Entity to outline a method or generate a set of characteristics in order to define "essential" for their operations would have been appropriate. While not auditable, it would provide clarity and	Kansas City Power & Light	No	elements of Critical Assets due to the variances in the utility industry. Clarification regarding the intent of the requirement is still possible. Regrettably, this definition does nothing to reduce the subjectivity of the original Requirement. A Response that encouraged the Responsible Entity to outline a method or generate a set of characteristics in order to define "essential" for their
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Organization	Yes or No	Question 3 Comment
		guidance during the selection process. The proposed definition dramatically increases the scope of equipment and components that must now be considered as critical. The phrase "is used to perform a function" shifts the focus from the essential component to the tool being used to support the essential component. This shift is further reinforced by the last sentence of the proposed Response. For example, let's consider Load Flow or Contingency Analysis to be critical or essential for the operation of an EMS. By the proposed Response, when the Transmission Planner accesses the EMS to perform a flow calculation or analysis, the workstation he uses to "perform the function essential to the operation of the" Critical Asset is now considered a Critical Cyber Asset. Previously, only the application server that hosted Load Flow or Contingency Analysis would have needed to be considered a CCA. This slope becomes quite slippery as we consider another example. Many modern EMS's utilize commercial operating systems and / or relational databases. These systems host critical portions of the EMS application and are rightfully considered as Critical Cyber Assets. These systems also require a variety of ongoing maintenance which requires an administrator to manually perform some task. The reliable operation of the systems would be jeopardized if the maintenance tasks were not performed and can therefore be considered critical or essential functions. As in the previous example, the proposed Response now makes the System Administrators' workstations Critical Cyber Assets. This expansion of scope leads to the final problem with the proposed Response. The viral aspect of the last sentence in the proposed Response will have disastrous consequences for the Responsible Entities and their access to Critical Assets. The sentence "Similarly any Cyber Assets, when used to perform, becomes a Critical Cyber Assets. This sentence validates the previous two examples and the workstations in question becoming Critical Cyber Assets. Failure to



Organization	Yes or No	Question 3 Comment
		therefore the accessing workstation is now a CCA as well. This illustrates the never-ending cycle of inclusion that has been created by the proposed Response. Assuming that prohibiting remote access is an acceptable outcome, there are other situations that may adversely affect the cyber security of the Critical Asset. Operating System security patches are frequently hosted on an external server. Having and delivering the security patch is essential for the reliable operation of the (operating) system. Does that external system (a cyber asset) now become a Critical Cyber Asset? Does the external asset that creates portable media containing the patches become Critical? It is not clear where the final line is drawn or if it can be. Auditing this expanded scope will be exceptionally difficult. The auditor will not be able to determine if all newly covered systems have been included in the compliance program. The Responsible Entity will likewise find enforcement exceptionally onerous or impossible. Extreme contortions will be required of otherwise normal, secure operational principles in order to comply. The proposed Response to Question 2 is unacceptable because it significantly increases the scope of the Requirement. In addition, as written, the proposed Response represents an enormous increase in compliance costs without a corresponding benefit for the Responsible Entity. Here is a suggested, alternative Response to Question 2. Any multi-component Critical Asset can be assumed to have two broad categories of components. There are components that are critical, or essential, to the operation of the asset and those that are optional. An essential component (or asset) of a Critical Asset my be defined as a component that would prevent the Critical Asset from operating as required by the Responsible Entity. Due to the wide variance within the industry, it is not possible for the Standard to prescriptively list what is essential or not. The Responsible Entity may find it beneficial to outline what would make a componen

Response: Thank you for your comment. The original response to Question 1 was modified slightly by adding the phrase "is illustrative, not prescriptive."

The IDT prepared a new response to Duke's second question identifying that "essential" is not defined in the Glossary of Terms used in NERC Reliability



Organization	Yes or No	Question 3 Comment
		inary usage of the word "essential" implies "inherent to" or "necessary." The phrase "inherent to or as the same meaning as "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset."
works hand-in-hand with the Stand	lard's Purpose a	ental observation regarding the above interpretations. The language within CIP-002-1 Requirement 3 and Requirement 1. The Responsible Entity is responsible for using its judgment to identify Critical sary to the operation of the Critical Assets."
The discussion concerning applicat	ion of the stanc	lard and examples of CAs and CCAs are beyond the scope of this interpretation.
The Response to the RFI Q1 is appropriate & reasonable. The Response to Q2 (in short, "'essential to the operation of the Critical Asset' means '"essential to the operation of the Critical Asset'") is circular and unhelpful. Additionally, the second part of Q2's response infers without justification that "operator-assisted remote control" is an essential function. Will NERC supply a list of cyber functions they consider essential to the operation of critical assets, or will they accept industry participants' self-determined answer to that question?		
Response: Thank you for your comprescriptive."	ment. The orig	ginal response to Question 1 was modified slightly by adding the phrase "is illustrative, not
Standards. The well-understood m	eaning and ord	d question identifying that "essential" is not defined in the Glossary of Terms used in NERC Reliability inary usage of the word "essential" implies "inherent to" or "necessary." The phrase "inherent to or as the same meaning as "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset."
works hand-in-hand with the Stand	lard's Purpose a	ental observation regarding the above interpretations. The language within CIP-002-1 Requirement 3 and Requirement 1. The Responsible Entity is responsible for using its judgment to identify Critical sary to the operation of the Critical Assets."
The question concerning NERC pro	viding a list is b	eyond the scope of this interpretation.
PUD No.1 of Clallam County	Yes	The interpretation seems consistent and as long as the phrase "facilities utilized in monitoring and control" implies that both functions (monitoring and controlling) need to be utilized in order for the "systems and facilities" to be classed as a critical cyber asset. In other words, if the asset only monitors (and does not control) then it should fail the implied test.
Response: Thank you for your com	nment. The IDT	prepared a new response to Duke's second question identifying that "essential" is not defined in the

Glossary of Terms used in NERC Reliability Standards. The well-understood meaning and ordinary usage of the word "essential" implies "inherent to"



Organization	Yes or No	Question 3 Comment
or "necessary." The phrase "inhe Critical Asset."	rent to or neces	sary to the operation of the Critical Asset" has the same meaning as "essential to the operation of the
works hand-in-hand with the Stand	dard's Purpose a	ental observation regarding the above interpretations. The language within CIP-002-1 Requirement 3 and Requirement 1. The Responsible Entity is responsible for using its judgment to identify Critical sary to the operation of the Critical Assets."
ExxonMobil Research and Engineering	No	The response to question two does not clarify the meaning of the word 'essential' in the phrase 'essential to the operation of the critical asset'. The use of the word 'essential' in the interpretation's definition of 'essential to the operation of the Critical Asset' makes it difficult to understand the interpretation's author's explanation. In the example provided in the interpretaion, the critical asset can not be controlled or monitored (i.e. function properly) when an operator console's Human Machine Interface is no longer operational. The example provided in the request for interpretation, remote access terminals (laptops), are not necessary for the operation for the critical asset, but they may be used to interface with the critical asset. The interpretation does not provide sufficient detail in the definition of 'essential to the operation of the Critical Asset' to determine if one or both of these examples qualify as cyber critical assets. The interpretation could better serve the industry by clarifying the definition of essential. Does 'essential' describe a piece of equipment that must function in order for the critical asset to properly operate or does essential describe a piece of equipment that may be used to operate the critical asset but it is not required for the proper operation of the critical asset?
Glossary of Terms used in NERC Re	eliability Standar	prepared a new response to Duke's second question identifying that "essential" is not defined in the rds. The well-understood meaning and ordinary usage of the word "essential" implies "inherent to" sary to the operation of the Critical Asset" has the same meaning as "essential to the operation of the
works hand-in-hand with the Stand	dard's Purpose a	ental observation regarding the above interpretations. The language within CIP-002-1 Requirement 3 and Requirement 1. The Responsible Entity is responsible for using its judgment to identify Critical sary to the operation of the Critical Assets."
Encari, LLC	No	We disagree strongly with the Interpretation to Question #2. With respect to Question #2, the Interpretation provided is insufficient. By limiting critical cyber assets to those cyber assets that "perform a function essential to the operation of the Critical Asset", the interpretation excludes the possibility that "information" could constitute a critical cyber asset. Information, in and of



Organization	Yes or No	Question 3 Comment
		itself, does not perform an essential function. Rather, information may support an essential operation or function of a critical asset. For example, if a critical asset is configured such that it cannot operate and support the reliability and operability of the Bulk-Power System without a real-time stream of data, that data fits the definition of a critical cyber asset, and should be protected. [Order 706, par. 271]In the CIP NOPR, the Federal Entergy Regulatory Commission (hereafter "FERC" or the "Commission") noted that NERC's definition of "cyber assets" includes "data." The Commission stated that "marketing or other data essential to the proper operation of a critical asset, and possibly the computer systems that produce or process the data, would be considered critical cyber assets" subject to the CIP Reliability Standards. [CIP NOPR at P 114]Also, the Interpretation places an undue emphasis on the use of the word "perform." Critical cyber assets do not always perform essential functions necessary to the operation of critical assets. Rather, they may control essential functions. For example, to the extent a critical cyber asset is involved in monitoring the grid through remote sensors, sounding alarms when grid conditions warrant, and operating equipment in field locations, that asset may not be performing an essential function necessary to the operation of the critical asset, but may rather be controlling an essential function. Thus, the phrase "perform or control" should be substituted for the word "perform."

Response: Thank you for your comment. The IDT prepared a new response to Duke's second question identifying that "essential" is not defined in the Glossary of Terms used in NERC Reliability Standards. The well-understood meaning and ordinary usage of the word "essential" implies "inherent to" or "necessary." The phrase "inherent to or necessary to the operation of the Critical Asset" has the same meaning as "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset."

Additionally, the IDT offers the following supplemental observation regarding the above interpretations. The language within CIP-002-1 Requirement 3 works hand-in-hand with the Standard's Purpose and Requirement 1. The Responsible Entity is responsible for using its judgment to identify Critical Cyber Assets that are essential, inherent, or necessary to the operation of the Critical Assets."

The IDT's interpretation response to Question 2 is limited to clarifying the meaning of "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset," which could include a consideration of data as a Critical Cyber Asset.

John Kutzer	No	The response to Question 1 is adequate. The response to Question 2 is not adequate. This response is circular, i.e. "essential is defined as essential". This response does not provide the clarification requested. Also, this response incorrectly states that " any Cyber Asset, when used to perform a function essential to the operation of the Critical Asset, becomes a Critical Cyber Asset." This
		addresses only one aspect of the identification of a Critical Cyber Asset and expands the reach of the standard.Similarly,Compliance Application Notice - 0005, Compliance Application: CIP-002-3 R3



Organization	Yes or No	Question 3 Comment
		also incorrectly stated the requirements for identification of Critical Cyber Assets and effectively would expand the reach of the standard to any Cyber Asset " with the capability and purpose of controlling Bulk Electric System assets remotely should be designated as CCAs." Logically, this would imply that as a number of current smartphone models (e.g. iPhone, Blackberry, Android) as well as laptops, netbooks should now be designated as CCAs, as well as any other device that has this capability, thereby ignoring the requirements of the standard.

Response: Thank you for your comment. The original response to Question 1 was modified slightly by adding the phrase "is illustrative, not prescriptive."

The IDT prepared a new response to Duke's second question identifying that "essential" is not defined in the Glossary of Terms used in NERC Reliability Standards. The well-understood meaning and ordinary usage of the word "essential" implies "inherent to" or "necessary." The phrase "inherent to or necessary to the operation of the Critical Asset" has the same meaning as "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset."

Additionally, the IDT offers the following supplemental observation regarding the above interpretations. The language within CIP-002-1 Requirement 3 works hand-in-hand with the Standard's Purpose and Requirement 1. The Responsible Entity is responsible for using its judgment to identify Critical Cyber Assets that are essential, inherent, or necessary to the operation of the Critical Assets."

Progress Energy	No	PGN agrees with the answer to Question 1, but not with the answer to Question 2. CIP-005 R2.4 allows "external interactive access" with proper controls. The confusing use of the term "remote control" as described in the comment above implies that any machine used for remote access becomes a Critical Cyber Asset, which PGN doesn't believe is a valid interpretation. Cyber assets normally used to operate critical assets would be essential and classified as critical cyber assets as a result, however, a cyber device that is temporarily connected to a critical asset would be more like a piece of maintenance and test equipment (M&TE) and would be controlled as such - not as a critical cyber asset.
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Response: Thank you for your comment. The original response was modified slightly by adding the phrase "is illustrative, not prescriptive."

Duke's second question is primarily asking for clarity on language in Requirement 3, "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset." The IDT prepared a new response to Duke's second question identifying that "essential" is not defined in the Glossary of Terms used in NERC Reliability Standards. The well-understood meaning and ordinary usage of the word "essential" implies "inherent to" or "necessary." The phrase "inherent to or necessary to the operation of the Critical Asset" has the same meaning as "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset."

Additionally, the IDT offers the following supplemental observation regarding the above interpretations. The language within CIP-002-1 Requirement 3 works hand-in-hand with the Standard's Purpose and Requirement 1. The Responsible Entity is responsible for using its judgment to identify Critical



Organization	Yes or No	Question 3 Comment
Cyber Assets that are essential, inh	erent, or neces	sary to the operation of the Critical Assets."
US Bureau of Reclamation	No	The answer to question 2 of the interpretation request did not add any clarity. The response merely restated the question as answer "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset" means that the Critical Cyber Asset is essential to the operation of the Critical Asset". Duke provided several clarifying points one of which was that essential can be viewed as "being incapable of removal without destroying the thing itself or its character." which made the question:Does the term "essential to the operation of cyber asset" mean the cyber asset cannot be operated without the asset being evaluated? o When the response is "the Critical Cyber Asset is used to perform a function" there is ambiguity in what the term "is" means in this context. Does it mean the CCA is used all the time? Used sometimes? That it can be used? Illustrative of the issue is the situation where there are several control consoles distributed within a facility, any one of which can be employed to control an essential function associated with a CA. Are all the control consoles CCA? Can one of the consoles be designated as CCA and leave the other out? This question really isn't clearly answered. This question can be answered very easily and quickly, but was not. This has implications down the road with relaying - if and when it becomes subject to the requirements as potential CCA. As an example, if there is a backup protective scheme meeting other criteria as CCA, will it be required to declare it a CCA because it might be used? o In a similar light to the first bullet, the response does not clearly address the "remote access" aspect of the query. What if something is tied to the system to support a temporary activity or need How does this impact my CCA list and what are the obligations? An example here is the case where an entity is forced to deal with an emergency pandemic event which requires the entity to "remote in" to our system. Assume that this is an event was allowed for, but not something ever used. Is the entity requi

Response: Thank you for your comment. The IDT prepared a new response to Duke's second question identifying that "essential" is not defined in the Glossary of Terms used in NERC Reliability Standards. The well-understood meaning and ordinary usage of the word "essential" implies "inherent to" or "necessary." The phrase "inherent to or necessary to the operation of the Critical Asset" has the same meaning as "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset."

Additionally, the IDT offers the following supplemental observation regarding the above interpretations. The language within CIP-002-1 Requirement 3 works hand-in-hand with the Standard's Purpose and Requirement 1. The Responsible Entity is responsible for using its judgment to identify Critical



Organization	Yes or No	Question 3 Comment
Cyber Assets that are essential, inh	erent, or neces	sary to the operation of the Critical Assets."
United Illuminating	No	United Illuminating agrees with the response to Question 1.United Illuminating disagrees with the response to Question 2. The response utilizes the word essential to define essential. In essence NERC is stating that essential means essential. United Illuminating suggests that essential means those devices required by the asset to perform the functions that caused the asset to be identified as Critical.
Response: Thank you for your comprescriptive."	nment. The orig	ginal response to Question 1 was modified slightly by adding the phrase "is illustrative, not
Standards. The well-understood m	eaning and ord	d question identifying that "essential" is not defined in the Glossary of Terms used in NERC Reliability inary usage of the word "essential" implies "inherent to" or "necessary." The phrase "inherent to or as the same meaning as "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset."
works hand-in-hand with the Stand	lard's Purpose a	ental observation regarding the above interpretations. The language within CIP-002-1 Requirement 3 and Requirement 1. The Responsible Entity is responsible for using its judgment to identify Critical sary to the operation of the Critical Assets."
Ameren	No	This interpretation expands the scope of the requirement of the standard instead of providing clarity of what the phrase "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset" means. This interpretation should focus on clarifying what the term "essential" means.
Glossary of Terms used in NERC Re	liability Standar	prepared a new response to Duke's second question identifying that "essential" is not defined in the ds. The well-understood meaning and ordinary usage of the word "essential" implies "inherent to" sary to the operation of the Critical Asset" has the same meaning as "essential to the operation of the
works hand-in-hand with the Stand	lard's Purpose a	ental observation regarding the above interpretations. The language within CIP-002-1 Requirement 3 and Requirement 1. The Responsible Entity is responsible for using its judgment to identify Critical sary to the operation of the Critical Assets."
CenterPoint Energy	No	CenterPoint Energy agrees with the response to Q1 but does not agree with the response to Q2 as it offers no additional clarity on the meaning of the phrase "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset". CenterPoint Energy believes the interpretation should focus on the term



Organization	Yes or No	Question 3 Comment
		"essential". As indicated in Duke's question, the term "essential" means "basic, vital, or fundamental". CenterPoint Energy offers the following response to Duke's Q2: If an entity has an asset that "may" be used to operate a Critical Asset, but is not "required" for operation of the Critical Asset, the asset would not be considered "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset".

Response: Thank you for your comment. The original response to Question 1 was modified slightly by adding the phrase "is illustrative, not prescriptive."

The IDT prepared a new response to Duke's second question identifying that "essential" is not defined in the Glossary of Terms used in NERC Reliability Standards. The well-understood meaning and ordinary usage of the word "essential" implies "inherent to" or "necessary." The phrase "inherent to or necessary to the operation of the Critical Asset" has the same meaning as "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset."

Additionally, the IDT offers the following supplemental observation regarding the above interpretations. The language within CIP-002-1 Requirement 3 works hand-in-hand with the Standard's Purpose and Requirement 1. The Responsible Entity is responsible for using its judgment to identify Critical Cyber Assets that are essential, inherent, or necessary to the operation of the Critical Assets."

American Transmission Company	No	ATC is concerned with the response to Q #2 above and believes the language does not provide clarity or assistance to the industry on this important topic.
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Response: Thank you for your comment. The IDT prepared a new response to Duke's second question identifying that "essential" is not defined in the Glossary of Terms used in NERC Reliability Standards. The well-understood meaning and ordinary usage of the word "essential" implies "inherent to" or "necessary." The phrase "inherent to or necessary to the operation of the Critical Asset" has the same meaning as "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset."

Additionally, the IDT offers the following supplemental observation regarding the above interpretations. The language within CIP-002-1 Requirement 3 works hand-in-hand with the Standard's Purpose and Requirement 1. The Responsible Entity is responsible for using its judgment to identify Critical Cyber Assets that are essential, inherent, or necessary to the operation of the Critical Assets."

Duke Energy	No	The interpretation attempts to clarify the phrase "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset" by introducing the confusing concept of "perform a function essential to the operation of a Critical Asset". We believe that this fails to provide clarity, and instead expands the reach of the standard. The interpretation should focus on clarifying what the term "essential" means. We believe that "essential" cyber assets are those which are always required for operation of the Critical Assets.
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Response: Thank you for your comment. Duke's second question is primarily asking for clarity on language in Requirement 3, "essential to the



Organization Yes or No	Question 3 Comment
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operation of the Critical Asset." The IDT prepared a new response to Duke's second question identifying that "essential" is not defined in the Glossary of Terms used in NERC Reliability Standards. The well-understood meaning and ordinary usage of the word "essential" implies "inherent to" or "necessary." The phrase "inherent to or necessary to the operation of the Critical Asset" has the same meaning as "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset."

Additionally, the IDT offers the following supplemental observation regarding the above interpretations. The language within CIP-002-1 Requirement 3 works hand-in-hand with the Standard's Purpose and Requirement 1. The Responsible Entity is responsible for using its judgment to identify Critical Cyber Assets that are essential, inherent, or necessary to the operation of the Critical Assets."

ISO New Enlgand Inc.	No	We agree with the first response. We do not agree with the second response because: 1. It should not include an example2. The response should use the same wording for Critical Cyber Assets as the approved Glossary of Terms.
		the approved Glossary of Terms.

Response: Thank you for your comment. The original response to Question 1 was modified slightly by adding the phrase "is illustrative, not prescriptive."

The IDT prepared a new response to Duke's second question identifying that "essential" is not defined in the Glossary of Terms used in NERC Reliability Standards. The well-understood meaning and ordinary usage of the word "essential" implies "inherent to" or "necessary." The phrase "inherent to or necessary to the operation of the Critical Asset" has the same meaning as "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset."

Additionally, the IDT offers the following supplemental observation regarding the above interpretations. The language within CIP-002-1 Requirement 3 works hand-in-hand with the Standard's Purpose and Requirement 1. The Responsible Entity is responsible for using its judgment to identify Critical Cyber Assets that are essential, inherent, or necessary to the operation of the Critical Assets."

Brazos Electric Power	No	The response for Question 2 to provide clarity for the word essential uses the term essential. It did
Cooperative, Inc.		not provide clarity such as it means vital or cannot function without, etc.

Response: Thank you for your comment. The IDT prepared a new response to Duke's second question identifying that "essential" is not defined in the Glossary of Terms used in NERC Reliability Standards. The well-understood meaning and ordinary usage of the word "essential" implies "inherent to" or "necessary." The phrase "inherent to or necessary to the operation of the Critical Asset" has the same meaning as "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset."



Organization	Yes or No	Question 3 Comment
SDG&E	No	We believe there are actually two interpretations under project 2010-95. The first is regarding whether or not the examples in CIP003 R3 are prescriptive such that the types of assets meeting those descriptions must be assumed to be Critical Cyber Assets. We agree with NERC's interpretation that the list is not meant to be prescriptive; rather it is a list of the types of assets that should be considered (evaluated). The second interpretation pertains to the definition of "essential" when referring to the standard's language "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset". CIP002-R3 states "the Responsible Entity shall develop a list of associated Critical Cyber Assets essential to the operation of the Critical Asset". An asset that is "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset" is not the same as "any Cyber Asset used to perform a function essential to the operation of the Critical Asset". There are many devices that could, in theory, be used to perform a function that would be considered essential to the operation of the Critical Asset that are not themselves essential to the operation of the Critical Asset that an Entity is unable to operate the Critical Asset without that cyber asset (i.e. essential to the operation of the Critical Asset).

Response: Thank you for your comment. The original response to Question 1 was modified slightly by adding the phrase "is illustrative, not prescriptive." The IDT prepared a new response to Duke's second question identifying that "essential" is not defined in the Glossary of Terms used in NERC Reliability Standards. The well-understood meaning and ordinary usage of the word "essential" implies "inherent to" or "necessary." The phrase "inherent to or necessary to the operation of the Critical Asset" has the same meaning as "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset."

Additionally, the IDT offers the following supplemental observation regarding the above interpretations. The language within CIP-002-1 Requirement 3 works hand-in-hand with the Standard's Purpose and Requirement 1. The Responsible Entity is responsible for using its judgment to identify Critical Cyber Assets that are essential, inherent, or necessary to the operation of the Critical Assets."

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ERCOT	No	ERCOT ISO agrees with the comments from the SRC. In addition, ERCOT ISO offers the following comments. The meaning of "essential" should be addressed more clearly with less emphasis on asset types (i.e.: operator consoles). The response confuses the issues addressed by the requestor. Another alternative to essential would be the use of the word "required". Cyber Asset only becomes a Critical Cyber Asset if it is required to operate the Critical Asset. This would imply that the Critical Asset would not be able to perform the function required without the Critical Cyber Asset in question. Additionally, assets that are convenience or nice-to-have should be excluded from being categorized as Critical Cyber Assets.

Response: Thank you for your comment. The IDT prepared a new response to Duke's second question identifying that "essential" is not defined in the



Organization	Yes or No	Question 3 Comment
		rds. The well-understood meaning and ordinary usage of the word "essential" implies "inherent to" sary to the operation of the Critical Asset" has the same meaning as "essential to the operation of the
works hand-in-hand with the S	Standard's Purpose	ental observation regarding the above interpretations. The language within CIP-002-1 Requirement 3 and Requirement 1. The Responsible Entity is responsible for using its judgment to identify Critical sary to the operation of the Critical Assets."
American Electric Power	No	Comments: AEP is fine with the first interpretation, but the second needs additional work as we don't feel it is responsive to the question asked and also expands upon the requirement as it excludes the sub-requirements that provide context of the definition of the critical cyber assets.
	d a new response to	ginal response to Question 1 was modified slightly by adding the phrase "is illustrative, not be Duke's second question identifying that "essential" is not defined in the Glossary of Terms used in
NERC Reliability Standards. Th		meaning and ordinary usage of the word "essential" implies "inherent to" or "necessary." The of the Critical Asset" has the same meaning as "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset."
NERC Reliability Standards. The phrase "inherent to or necessal Additionally, the IDT offers the works hand-in-hand with the Standards."	ary to the operation e following supplementandard's Purpose a	
NERC Reliability Standards. The phrase "inherent to or necessal Additionally, the IDT offers the works hand-in-hand with the Standards."	ery to the operation e following supplement Standard's Purpose a I, inherent, or neces	of the Critical Asset" has the same meaning as "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset." ental observation regarding the above interpretations. The language within CIP-002-1 Requirement 3 and Requirement 1. The Responsible Entity is responsible for using its judgment to identify Critical sary to the operation of the Critical Assets."

prescriptive."

The IDT prepared a new response to Duke's second question identifying that "essential" is not defined in the Glossary of Terms used in NERC Reliability Standards. The well-understood meaning and ordinary usage of the word "essential" implies "inherent to" or "necessary." The phrase "inherent to or necessary to the operation of the Critical Asset" has the same meaning as "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset."

Additionally, the IDT offers the following supplemental observation regarding the above interpretations. The language within CIP-002-1 Requirement 3



Organization	Yes or No	Question 3 Comment
	•	and Requirement 1. The Responsible Entity is responsible for using its judgment to identify Critical sary to the operation of the Critical Assets."
Midwest ISO	No	We agree with the answer to the first question. We disagree with the answer to the second question. "Essential to the operation of the Critical Asset" would mean that the Critical Asset cannot be operated without the Critical Cyber Asset or, at the very least, it would be challenging to operate the Critical Asset without the Critical Cyber Asset. One definition of essential as defined in Merriam-Webster dictionary is: "of the utmost importance". Necessary and indispensable are common synonyms for essential identified in Merriam-Webster. Thus, a Cyber Asset only becomes a Critical Cyber Asset if it is necessary to operate the Critical Asset.
Independent Electricity System Operator	Yes	We agree with the response to Question 1.We agree with the intent of response to Question 2 but we believe (1) it should not include an example and (2) it could be worded more clearly. We respectfully suggested the following wording for the response to Question 2:The phrase "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset" means that the Critical Cyber Asset is used to perform a function fundamental to the operation of the Critical Asset. This means that; if the Critical Cyber Asset was not available or was severely impaired, the Critical Asset could not be operated or operation of the Critical Asset would be severely impaired.

Response: Thank you for your comment. The original response to Question 1 was modified slightly by adding the phrase "is illustrative, not prescriptive."

The IDT prepared a new response to Duke's second question identifying that "essential" is not defined in the Glossary of Terms used in NERC Reliability Standards. The well-understood meaning and ordinary usage of the word "essential" implies "inherent to" or "necessary." The phrase "inherent to or necessary to the operation of the Critical Asset" has the same meaning as "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset."

New York Independent System Operator	No	We do not agree with this interpretation due to concerns with the response to question #2. There are four issues with the response to question #2. First, the response does not directly answer the question asked. Second, the response repeats the same language as the original standard without further clarification. Third the example provided creates further confusion. Finally, the response expands the scope of the standard. The response does not directly answer question #2. A key
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Organization	Yes or No	Question 3 Comment
		element of this question is the second sentence which asks if cyber assets that "may" be used but are not "required" for operation of a Critical Asset must be considered "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset". There is nothing in the response that clearly or directly addresses this basic question. The response attempts to clarify the meaning of the requirement by using the same language as the original requirement. If the phase "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset" is to mean something different than the defined NERC glossary terms and the dictionary definitions of the words contained therein then there should be other words used in the clarification aside from those already in the requirement. Expanding the phase to include the notion of a cyber asset performing a function "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset" does nothing to clarify the meaning of the phase "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset". The example provided in the response creates additional confusion given the context of question #2. There are three sentences in question #2 each raising slightly different elements for consideration in the interpretation. A single example illustrating one situation where a cyber asset would be considered "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset" does little to clarify the different elements in question. In fact, the example may further confuse the meaning of the requirement by suggesting that this one example represents a pattern that must be applied to each element in question. Providing another example where a cyber asset would be determined not essential would enable people to compare and contrast the examples and may provide insight to the meaning of the requirement. The response to question #2 expands the scope of the standard. Given that the term "essential" is not defined in the NERC glossary, the dictionary definition is important. The Merriam -Webster dictionary definition, "ESSENTIAL implies belonging to the very nature of a thing and therefore bei

Response: Thank you for your comment. The original response was modified slightly by adding the phrase "is illustrative, not prescriptive."

The IDT prepared a new response to Duke's second question identifying that "essential" is not defined in the Glossary of Terms used in NERC Reliability Standards. The well-understood meaning and ordinary usage of the word "essential" implies "inherent to" or "necessary." The phrase "inherent to or necessary to the operation of the Critical Asset" has the same meaning as "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset."

Additionally, the IDT offers the following supplemental observation regarding the above interpretations. The language within CIP-002-1 Requirement 3



Organization	Yes or No	Question 3 Comment
		and Requirement 1. The Responsible Entity is responsible for using its judgment to identify Critical sary to the operation of the Critical Assets."
Lincoln Electric System	Yes	
South Carolina Electric and Gas	Yes	
Oncor Electric Delivery LLC	Yes	
Manitoba Hydro	Yes	
Santee Cooper	Yes	
Response: Thank you for your cor	nment.	

END OF REPORT



Consideration of Comments

Interpretation 2010-INT-05
CIP-002-1 Requirement R3 for Duke Energy

The CIP-002-1 Requirement R3 Drafting Team thanks all commenters who submitted comments on Interpretation 2010-INT-05 CIP-002-1 Requirement R3 for Duke Energy. These standards were posted for a 45-day public comment period from February 8, 2012 through March 23, 2012. Stakeholders were asked to provide feedback on the standards and associated documents through a special electronic comment form. There were 33 sets of comments, including comments from approximately 91 different people from approximately 58 companies representing 9 of the 10 Industry Segments as shown in the table on the following pages.

All comments submitted may be reviewed in their original format on the standard's project page:

http://www.nerc.com/filez/standards/2010-INT-05 Interpretation CIP-002-1 Duke.html

Summary:

The IDT carefully reviewed all comments in response to the posting for parallel formal comment period and ballot that ended March 23, 2012. In the draft interpretation the IDT sought to clarify for Duke Energy that the examples given in CIP-002-x, Requirement R3 are illustrative, not prescriptive. The IDT also sought to clarify the meaning of the phrase "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset" as requested by Duke Energy, because the requirement specifies that "the Responsible Entity shall develop a list of associated Critical Cyber Assets essential to the operation of the Critical Asset." The IDT clarifies that a Cyber Asset that "may" be used, but is not "required" (i.e., a Critical Asset cannot function as intended without the Cyber Asset), for the operation of a Critical Asset is not "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset" for purposes of Requirement R3. The IDT made one clarifying change to reword a parenthetical phrase, and the IDT made no further changes to the interpretation. Many commenters agreed with the interpretation and several comments provided additional justification in support of the interpretation, and the IDT explains its rationale in response to several minority concerns below. The interpretation will be posted for a recirculation ballot.

- There were a few commenters that believe the request for interpretation is asking for clarity on
 the application, but the comments on the subject do not raise any significant issues that would
 affect the interpretation. The IDT believes that in this case, it appears to be a question of
 semantics, where the IDT and industry both believe, overall, that the request is asking for clarity
 on the meaning of a requirement.
- Some commenters suggest that the interpretation could be construed as restricting the reach of the standard or that the interpretation is unnecessary or does not add new information, but the IDT disagrees. The IDT acknowledges that the interpretation may be construed to restrict many



parties or individuals' prior, different understanding or organizational interpretation of the reach of the standard. Furthermore, the interpretation is necessary because it provides clarity for all entities.

- A commenter disagreed with the interpretation by noting that the response to Question 1 states that the types of Cyber Assets in the example "should be considered," and the language "should be considered" is not found in CIP-002-3, Requirement R3 and should not be inferred. The IDT explains that the examples do not imply that the items listed as examples in the requirement must be classified as Critical Cyber Assets, which requires some "consideration" within the context of the requirement.
- One commenter suggested that Version 4's language may have a similar issue. The IDT notes
 that an interpretation applies only so long as the relevant language in a standard is in effect,
 and it agrees that this interpretation might be applicable for clarifying CIP Version 4, provided
 the same lack of clarity persists.
- One commenter agreed with the Interpretation as to Question 2, but requested that the IDT clarify that "essential," as used in Requirement R3, is synonymous with "inherent", "necessary" and "required". The commenter also submits that Registered Entities are best qualified to determine whether a Cyber Asset is essential to the operation of a Critical Asset. Much like the list of examples is illustrative, the IDT agrees with most commenters that the interpretation provides clarity, and it is not necessary at this time to list further synonyms for "essential." Further, the IDT does agree that a Registered Entity's determination of whether a Cyber Asset is required by a Critical Asset should be rebuttably presumed to be correct.
- Two commenters commented on the parenthetical clause in the original interpretation, suggesting that it was confusing upon first reading the language or that it seems to define "required." One commenter suggested rewording the clause, and one commenter suggested removing the clause as unnecessary. The IDT agrees, and it re-worded the clause from "(i.e. without which a Critical Asset cannot function as intended)" to, "(i.e., a Critical Asset cannot function as intended without the Cyber Asset)." This is a clarifying change, and it is not substantive.
- One commenter suggested that the IDT incorporate the provisions of NERC's CAN-0005 so that
 the CAN may be retired. The IDT understands that the interpretation, once approved, may
 result in withdrawal of CAN-0005.
- Other commenters were concerned that the interpretation does not explicitly state that
 redundancy is not a consideration for identifying Cyber Assets that are "essential." The IDT
 agrees that redundancy is not a consideration in determining whether a Cyber Asset is
 "essential," and this interpretation does not change that notion.



If you feel that your comment has been overlooked, please let us know immediately. Our goal is to give every comment serious consideration in this process! If you feel there has been an error or omission, you can contact the Vice President of Standards and Training, Herb Schrayshuen, at 404-446-2560 or at herb.schrayshuen@nerc.net. In addition, there is a NERC Reliability Standards Appeals Process. ¹

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¹ The appeals process is in the Reliability Standards Development Procedures: http://www.nerc.com/standards/newstandardsprocess.html.



Index to Questions, Comments, and Responses

for a decisior Do you believ	ard of Trustees indicated that the interpretation process should not be used to address requests non "how" a reliability standard applies to a registered entity's particular facts and circumstances. We this request for an interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement or clarity station of a requirement
request in Que	estion 1 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.
request in Qu	uestion 1 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the application of a requirement.
2.	The NERC Board of Trustees indicated that the interpretation process should not be used to address requests for a decision on "how" a reliability standard applies to a registered entity's particular facts and circumstances. Do you believe this request for an interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement or clarity on the application of a requirement?
request in Que	estion 2 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.
request in Qu	uestion 2 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the application of a requirement.
3.	The NERC Board of Trustees indicated that in deciding whether or not to approve a proposed interpretation, it will use a standard of strict construction and not seek to expand the reach of the standard to correct a perceived gap or deficiency in the standard. Do you believe this interpretation expands the reach of the standard?
interpretation	for Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation expands the reach of the standard.
interpretation	for Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.
4.	The NERC Board of Trustees indicated that in deciding whether or not to approve a proposed interpretation, it will use a standard of strict construction and not seek to expand the reach of the standard to correct a perceived gap or deficiency in the standard. Do you believe this interpretation expands the reach of the standard?
interpretation	for Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation expands the reach of the standard.
interpretation	for Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.
	e with the Interpretation Drafting Team's response to Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation? explain specifically what you disagree with
6.	Do you agree with the Interpretation Drafting Team's response to Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation? If not, why not



The Industry Segments are:

- 1 Transmission Owners
- 2 RTOs, ISOs
- 3 Load-serving Entities
- 4 Transmission-dependent Utilities
- 5 Electric Generators
- 6 Electricity Brokers, Aggregators, and Marketers
- 7 Large Electricity End Users
- 8 Small Electricity End Users
- 9 Federal, State, Provincial Regulatory or other Government Entities
- 10 Regional Reliability Organizations, Regional Entities

Group/Individual Commenter				C	Organization Registered Ballot Body Segmen									ment		
							1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1.	Group	Guy Zito	Guy Zito Northeast		Coordinating Cou	ncil										Х
	Additional Member	Additional Organizat	ion	Region	Segment Selection											
1.	Alan Adamson	New York State Reliability Cou	ıncil, LLC	NPCC	10											
2.	Greg Campoli	New York Independent System	n Operator	NPCC	2											
3.	Sylvain Clermont	Hydro-Quebec TransEnergie		NPCC	1											
4.	Chris de Graffenried	Consolidated Edison Co. of Ne	w York, Inc.	NPCC	1											
5.	Gerry Dunbar	Northeast Power Coordinating	Council	NPCC	10											
6.	Mike Garton	Dominion Resources Services	, Inc.	NPCC	5											
7.	Kathleen Goodman	ISO - New England		NPCC	2											
8.	Chantel Haswell	FPL Group, Inc.		NPCC	5											
9.	David Kiguel	Hdro One Networks Inc.		NPCC	1											
10.	Michael R. lombardi	Northeast Utilities		NPCC	1											



Group/Individual	Commenter				Registered Ballot Body Segment													
						1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10			
11. Randy MacDonald	New Brunswick Power Trans	smission	NPCC	9														
12. Bruce Metruck	New York Power Authority		NPCC	6														
13. Lee Pedowicz	Northeast Power Coordinati	ng Council	NPCC	10														
14. Robert Pellegrini	The Untied Illuminating Com	ipany	NPCC	1														
15. Si-Truc Phan	Hydro-Quebec TransEnergie	Э	NPCC	1														
16. David Ramkalawan	Ontario Power Generation, I	nc.	NPCC	5														
17. Brian Robinson	Utility Services		NPCC	8														
18. Saurabh Saksena	National Grid		NPCC	1														
19. Michael Schiavone	National Grid		NPCC	1														
20. Wayne Sipperly	New York Power Authority		NPCC	5														
21. Tina Teng	Independent Electricity Syst	em Operator	NPCC	2														
22. Donald Weaver	New Brunswick System Ope	erator	NPCC	2														
23. Ben Wu	Orange and Rockland Utilitie	es	NPCC	1														
24. Peter Yost	Consolidated Edison Co. of	New York, Ind	c. NPCC	3														
2. Group	Emily Pennel	Southwe	est Pow	er Pool Regional Er	ntity										Х			
No additional memb	ers listed.																	
3. Group	Chris Higgins	Bonnevi	lle Powe	er Administration		Х		Х		Х	Х							
Additional Member	Additional Organization Re	gion Segme	nt Select	ion														
1. Forrest	Krigbaum Wi	ECC 1, 3, 5,	6															
2. Nick	Choi Wi	ECC 1																
3. Mike	Miller WE	ECC 1																
4. Erika	Doot Wi	ECC 3, 5, 6																
5. Stephen	Larson Wi	ECC 1, 3, 5,	6															
6. Peter	Raschio WI	ECC 1																
7. Mark	Tucker Wi	ECC 1, 3, 5,	6															
8. Rebecca		ECC 3																
4.		ISO/RTO	Counci	l Standards Reviev	I													
Group	Christine Hasha	Commit	tee				Χ											
Additional Membe	r Additional Organization R	egion Segm	ent Selec	ction					•									
1. Mark Thompson	=	/ECC 2																
2. Gary DeShazo	CAISO W	/ECC 2																



G	roup/Individual	Commenter		Orga	anization			Regi	stere	d Balle	ot Bod	ly Seg	ment		
						1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
3.	Steve Myers	ERCOT E	ERC	OT 2									1		
4.	Ben Li	IESO 1	NPC	C 2											
5.	Kathleen Goodman	ISONE	NPC	C 2											
6.	Marie Knox	MISO	RFC	2											
7.	Donald Weaver	NBSO	NPC	C 2											
8.	Greg Campoli	NYISO	NPC	C 2											
9.	Al DiCaprio	PJM F	RFC	2											
10.	Charles Yeung	SPP	SPP	2											
5.	Group	Connie Lowe		Dominion		Х		Х		Х	Х				
	Additional Member	Additional Organization Re	egic	on Segment Selection				•	,	•	•		•	•	1
1.	Greg Dodson	SI	ERC	1, 3, 5, 6											
2.	Mike Garton	N	PCC	5											
3.	Louis Slade	R	FC	5											
4.	Michael Gildea	M	RO	5											
6.	Group	Sam Ciccone		FirstEnergy		Х		Х	Х	Х	Х				
	Additional Member	Additional Organization Re	egic	on Segment Selection		•									•
1.	Doug Hohlbaugh	FE R	FC												
7.	Group	Scott Harris		Kansas City Power 8	light	Х		Х		Х	Х				
		Additional Organization	Reg	•		ı	I		1		1		1		ı
1.	Dean Larson	Kansas City Power & Light	SPP	1, 3, 5, 6											
2.	Michael Gammon	Kansas City Power & Light	SPP	1, 3, 5, 6											
8.	Group	Marie Knox		MISO Standards Col	laborators								Х		
	Additional Member	Additional Organization Re	egic	on Segment Selection				•	,	•	•		•	•	1
1.	Jim Cyrulewski	JDRJC Associates, LLC R	FC	8											
9.				ACES Power Market	ing Standards										
	Group	Jason Marshall		Collaborators							Χ				
	Additional Member	Additional Orga	niza	tion Region	Segment Selection										
1.		North Carolina Electric Mem			1, 3, 4, 5										
		Old Dominion Electric Coope			3, 4										
3.	Erin Woods	East Kentucky Power Coope	erati	ve SERC	1, 3, 5										



Gro	oup/Individual	Commenter	Organization			Reg	istere	d Ball	ot Bod	ly Seg	ment		
				1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
4. Sł	nari Heino	Brazos Electric Power Coopera	tive ERCOT 1	I			ı	1					.1
5. Bo	ob Solomon	Hoosier Energy	RFC 1										
10.	Group	Jesus Sammy Alcaraz	Imperial Irrigation District (IID)	Х		Х	Х	Х	Χ				
		Additional Organization Reg											
			CC 1, 3, 4, 5, 6										
			CC 1, 3, 4, 5, 6 CC 1, 3, 4, 5, 6										
	eter Nguyen							Ι,,	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \				
11.	Individual	Brian Millard	Tennessee Valley Authority	X		X		X	X				
12.	Individual	Sandra Shaffer	PacifiCorp	Х		Х		Х	Х				<u> </u>
13.	Individual	Shane Eaker	Southern Company	Х		Х		Х	Х				
14.	Individual	Jay Walker	NIPSCO	Х		Х		Х	Х				
15.	Individual	Andrew Z. Pusztai	American Transmission Company, LLC	Х									
16.	Individual	Randi Nyholm	Minnesota Power	Х		Х		Х	Χ				
17.	Individual	Thad Ness	American Electric Power	Х		Х		Х	Х				
18.	Individual	Greg Rowland	Duke Energy	Х		Χ		Х	Х				
19.	Individual	Michael Falvo	Independent Electricity System Operator		Х								
20.	Individual	Michelle R D'Antuono	Ingleside Cogeneration LP					Х					
21.	Individual	Kim Koster	MidAmerican Energy Company	Х		Х		Х	Х				
22.	Individual	Kirit Shah	Ameren	Х		Х		Х	Х				
23.	Individual	Jonathan Appelbaum	United Illuminating Company	Х									
24.	Individual	Thomas Johnson	Salt River Project	Х		Х		Х	Х				
25.	Individual	David Thorne	Pepco Holdings Inc	Х		Х							
26.	Individual	Andrew Gallo	City of Austin dba Austin Energy	Х		Х	Х	Х	Х				
27.	Individual	Patrick Brown	Essential Power, LLC	Х		1		Х					
28.	Individual	Anthony Jablonski	ReliabilityFirst			1		<u> </u>					Х
29.	Individual	Ron Donahey	Tampa Electric Company	Х	1	Х		Х	Х				
30.	Individual	Christina Bigelow	Midwest ISO		Х	1		+					



Group/Individual		Commenter	Organization	Registered Ballot Body Segmen							ment		
				1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
31.	Individual	Joe Doetzl	CRSI										
32.	Individual	Darryl Curtis	Oncor Electric Delivery Company	Χ									
33.	Individual	DANA SHOWALTER	E.ON CLIMATE & RENEWABLES					Х					



The NERC Board of Trustees indicated that the interpretation process should not be used to address requests for a decision on
"how" a reliability standard applies to a registered entity's particular facts and circumstances. Do you believe this request for an
interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement or clarity on the application of a requirement?
The request in Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.
The request in Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the application of a requirement.

Summary Consideration:

Most commenters agreed that question 1 of the request for interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement, and the IDT agrees. There were a few commenters that believe question 1 of the request for interpretation is asking for clarity on the application, but the comments on the subject do not raise any significant issues that would affect the interpretation. The IDT believes that in this case, it appears to be a question of semantics, where the IDT and industry both believe, overall, that the request is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.

Organization	Yes or No	Question 1 Comment
Southern Company	The request in Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the application of a requirement.	The question asks if the examples provided are prescribed to be CCAs or types of equipment that could be assessed as possible CCAs.
Response: Thanks for your comment and supporting rationale. This appears to be a question of semantics, where the IDT and industry majority believe, overall, that the request asks for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.		
Ingleside Cogeneration LP	The request in Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the	Since the language and intent of a reliability requirement is the ultimate arbiter of compliance, examples may be considered by some auditors to be more than just "information only". Ingleside Cogeneration believes that the



Organization	Yes or No	Question 1 Comment
	application of a requirement.	request is looking to ensure that a violation will not be assessed because an example is not addressed by a Responsible Entity in the process of identifying its Critical Cyber Assets.
Response: Thanks for your comment industry majority believe, overall, th		nis appears to be a question of semantics, where the IDT and on the meaning of a requirement.
Independent Electricity System Operator	The request in Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the application of a requirement.	
City of Austin dba Austin Energy	The request in Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the application of a requirement.	
MISO Standards Collaborators	The request in Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.	The request seeks clarification of whether the phrase at issue is illustrative or prescriptive. As a result, MISO submits that the request is asking for clarity on the meaning of the requirement as opposed to the application thereof.
Response: Thank you for your comm	nent, which agrees with this II	DT's position.
Midwest ISO	The request in Question 1	The request seeks clarification of whether the phrase at issue



Organization	Yes or No	Question 1 Comment
	of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.	is illustrative or prescriptive. As a result, MISO submits that the request is asking for clarity on the meaning of the requirement as opposed to the application thereof.
Response: Thanks for your comment	t and supporting rationale, w	hich agrees with this IDT's position on the question.
Northeast Power Coordinating Council	The request in Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.	
Southwest Power Pool Regional Entity	The request in Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.	
Bonneville Power Administration	The request in Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.	
ISO/RTO Council Standards Review Committee	The request in Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.	



Organization	Yes or No	Question 1 Comment
Dominion	The request in Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.	
FirstEnergy	The request in Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.	
Kansas City Power & light	The request in Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.	
ACES Power Marketing Standards Collaborators	The request in Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.	
Imperial Irrigation District (IID)	The request in Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.	



Organization	Yes or No	Question 1 Comment
Tennessee Valley Authority	The request in Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.	
NIPSCO	The request in Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.	
American Transmission Company, LLC	The request in Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.	
Minnesota Power	The request in Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.	
American Electric Power	The request in Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.	



Organization	Yes or No	Question 1 Comment
Duke Energy	The request in Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.	
MidAmerican Energy Company	The request in Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.	
Ameren	The request in Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.	
United Illuminating Company	The request in Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.	
Salt River Project	The request in Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.	



Organization	Yes or No	Question 1 Comment
Pepco Holdings Inc	The request in Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.	
Essential Power, LLC	The request in Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.	
ReliabilityFirst	The request in Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.	
Tampa Electric Company	The request in Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.	
CRSI	The request in Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.	



Organization	Yes or No	Question 1 Comment
Oncor Electric Delivery Company	The request in Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.	
E.ON CLIMATE & RENEWABLES	The request in Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.	



2.	The NERC Board of Trustees indicated that the interpretation process should not be used to address requests for a decision on "how" a reliability standard applies to a registered entity's particular facts and circumstances. Do you believe this request for an interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement or clarity on the application of a requirement?
	The request in Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for <u>clarity on the meaning</u> of a requirement. The request in Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for <u>clarity on the application</u> of a requirement.

Summary Consideration:

Much like question 1, most commenters agree with the IDT that question 2 of the request for interpretation asks for clarity on the meaning of a requirement. Some commenters believe that the request asks for clarity on the application of a requirement, noting that the request asks if laptops at remote locations have to comply with CIP-002, Requirement R3. The IDT agrees that there may be an application component, but on balance, the request is asking for clarity. The IDT believes that the laptops illustration was provided as an example of why further clarity is needed in order to help the industry understand this requirement. One commenter asked whether the IDT believes the interpretation expands the scope of the requirement. The IDT does not.

Organization	Yes or No	Question 2 Comment	
MidAmerican Energy Company	The request in Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the application of a requirement.	The request is asking for clarity on applying the requirement. The request is asking if laptops at remote locations have to comply with CIP-002 R3.	
Response: Thanks for your comment and rationale, however the IDT believes that the laptops illustration was provided as an example of why further clarity is needed in order to help the industry understand this requirement.			
Salt River Project The request in Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for			



Organization	Yes or No	Question 2 Comment
	clarity on the application of a requirement.	
City of Austin dba Austin Energy	The request in Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the application of a requirement.	
MISO Standards Collaborators	The request in Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.	The request seeks clarification of the meaning of "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset" in CIP-002. As a result, MISO submits that the request is asking for clarity on the meaning of the requirement as opposed to the application thereof.
Response: Thanks for your cor	nment providing rationale that I	reinforces the IDT's position on this question.
Southern Company	The request in Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.	The question asks for clarification about the meaning of the word "essential."
Response: Thanks for your comment providing rationale that reinforces the IDT's position on this question.		
Ingleside Cogeneration LP	The request in Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.	Question 2 revolves around the meaning of the term "essential" which determines if a Cyber Asset must be identified as a Critical Cyber Asset. This assessment becomes quite complex, especially in the case of mobile remote assets typically used in maintenance and trouble shooting. If CIP physical and electrical protections apply to such devices, some valuable capabilities will be lost. The NERC



Organization	Yes or No	Question 2 Comment
		Board of Trustees indicated that in deciding whether or not to approve a proposed interpretation, it will use a standard of strict construction and not seek to expand the reach of the standard to correct a perceived gap or deficiency in the standard. Do you believe this interpretation expands the reach of the standard?
clarity needs to be provided	surrounding the exact nature of the	The IDT views the remote laptops discussion as illustrative of why his requirement. By rendering further clarity and then responding not substantively expanded the scope of the requirement.
Midwest ISO	The request in Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.	The request seeks clarification of the meaning of "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset" in CIP-002. As a result, MISO submits that the request is asking for clarity on the meaning of the requirement as opposed to the application thereof.
Response: Thanks for your o	comment providing rationale that r	reinforces the IDT's position on this question.
Northeast Power Coordinating Council	The request in Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.	
Southwest Power Pool Regional Entity	The request in Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.	
Bonneville Power	The request in Question 2 of	



Organization	Yes or No	Question 2 Comment
Administration	the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.	Question 2 comment
ISO/RTO Council Standards Review Committee	The request in Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.	
Dominion	The request in Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.	
FirstEnergy	The request in Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.	
Kansas City Power & light	The request in Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.	
ACES Power Marketing Standards Collaborators	The request in Question 2 of the Request for	



Organization	Yes or No	Question 2 Comment
	Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.	
Imperial Irrigation District (IID)	The request in Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.	
Tennessee Valley Authority	The request in Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.	
NIPSCO	The request in Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.	
American Transmission Company, LLC	The request in Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.	
Minnesota Power	The request in Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for	



Organization	Yes or No	Question 2 Comment
	clarity on the meaning of a requirement.	
American Electric Power	The request in Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.	
Duke Energy	The request in Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.	
Independent Electricity System Operator	The request in Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.	
Ameren	The request in Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.	
United Illuminating Company	The request in Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a	



Organization	Yes or No	Question 2 Comment
	requirement.	
Pepco Holdings Inc	The request in Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.	
Essential Power, LLC	The request in Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.	
ReliabilityFirst	The request in Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.	
Tampa Electric Company	The request in Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.	
CRSI	The request in Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.	



Organization	Yes or No	Question 2 Comment
Oncor Electric Delivery Company	The request in Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.	
E.ON CLIMATE & RENEWABLES	The request in Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.	



3.	The NERC Board of Trustees indicated that in deciding whether or not to approve a proposed interpretation, it will use a standard of strict construction and not seek to expand the reach of the standard to correct a perceived gap or deficiency in the standard. Do you believe this interpretation expands the reach of the standard?
	The interpretation for Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation expands the reach of the standard.
	The interpretation for Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.

Summary Consideration:

Many commenters agreed with the IDT's interpretation relating to Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation, noting agreement that the interpretation clarifies that the list of examples is illustrative, not prescriptive. Other commenters noted that the interpretation provides clarity and does not expand the reach of the standard. One commenter suggested that the interpretation introduces a concept not in the requirement, and references its explanation in comments provided in support of question 5 of this comment form. The IDT responds to this in response to consideration of comments for question 5.

Organization	Yes or No	Question 3 Comment
MISO Standards Collaborators	The interpretation for Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.	MISO submits that, by clarifying that the list of examples at control centers and backup control centers in Requirement R3 is illustrative and not presriptive, the Interpretation does not expand the reach or scope of the standard.
Response: Thanks for your comment providing rationale that reinforces the IDT's position on this question.		
Southern Company	The interpretation for Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.	The clarification that the examples are illustrative is helpful in understanding the requirement, but does not expand the reach of the requirement.



Organization	Yes or No	Question 3 Comment	
Response: Thanks for your su	Response: Thanks for your supporting comment.		
Midwest ISO	The interpretation for Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.	MISO submits that, by clarifying that the list of examples at control centers and backup control centers in Requirement R3 is illustrative and not presriptive, the Interpretation does not expand the reach or scope of the standard.	
Response: Thanks for your co	mment providing rationale tha	at reinforces the IDT's position on this question.	
Northeast Power Coordinating Council	The interpretation for Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.		
Bonneville Power Administration	The interpretation for Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.		
ISO/RTO Council Standards Review Committee	The interpretation for Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.		
Dominion	The interpretation for Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation does		



Organization	Yes or No	Question 3 Comment
	not expand the reach of the standard.	
FirstEnergy	The interpretation for Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.	
Kansas City Power & light	The interpretation for Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.	
ACES Power Marketing Standards Collaborators	The interpretation for Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.	
Imperial Irrigation District (IID)	The interpretation for Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.	
Tennessee Valley Authority	The interpretation for Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of	



Organization	Yes or No	Question 3 Comment
	the standard.	
NIPSCO	The interpretation for Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.	
American Transmission Company, LLC	The interpretation for Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.	
Minnesota Power	The interpretation for Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.	
American Electric Power	The interpretation for Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.	
Duke Energy	The interpretation for Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.	



Organization	Yes or No	Question 3 Comment
Independent Electricity System Operator	The interpretation for Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.	
Ingleside Cogeneration LP	The interpretation for Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.	
MidAmerican Energy Company	The interpretation for Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.	
Ameren	The interpretation for Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.	
United Illuminating Company	The interpretation for Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.	



Organization	Yes or No	Question 3 Comment
Salt River Project	The interpretation for Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.	
Pepco Holdings Inc	The interpretation for Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.	
City of Austin dba Austin Energy	The interpretation for Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.	
Essential Power, LLC	The interpretation for Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.	
ReliabilityFirst	The interpretation for Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.	



Organization	Yes or No	Question 3 Comment
Tampa Electric Company	The interpretation for Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.	
CRSI	The interpretation for Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.	
Oncor Electric Delivery Company	The interpretation for Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.	
E.ON CLIMATE & RENEWABLES	The interpretation for Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.	
Southwest Power Pool Regional Entity	The interpretation for Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation expands the reach of the standard.	As discussed in our comments to Question #5 below, the interpretation for Question 1 introduces a concept not present in the currently approved requirement.



Organization	Yes or No	Question 3 Comment
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Response: See IDT's response to Southwest Power Pool Regional Entity's Question #5 comments below.



4.	The NERC Board of Trustees indicated that in deciding whether or not to approve a proposed interpretation, it will use a standard
	of strict construction and not seek to expand the reach of the standard to correct a perceived gap or deficiency in the standard. Do
	you believe this interpretation expands the reach of the standard?
	_
	The interpretation for Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation expands the reach of the standard.
	The interpretation for Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.

Summary Consideration:

Most commenters agree that the interpretation for question 2 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard, but, rather, provides clarity around which Cyber Assets are essential compared to those that are merely valuable but not essential.

Some commenters suggest that the interpretation could be construed as restricting the reach of the standard, but the IDT disagrees. The IDT acknowledges that the interpretation may be construed to restrict many parties or individuals' prior, different understanding or organizational interpretation of the reach of the standard.

One commenter suggested the interpretation is unnecessary because "essential" is defined in collegiate dictionaries and there is no technical basis for adding clarity to or better defining this term, either in an interpretation or in the NERC Glossary of Terms. The IDT observed that several definitions exist for this word, but it disagrees that the interpretation is unnecessary. The IDT clarified the meaning as it applies within the four corners of this particular standard's wording and scope, and it added context-sensitive clarity relating to the Requirement itself.

Organization	Yes or No	Question 4 Comment
Southern Company	The interpretation for Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.	The response to question 2 does not expand the reach of the standard but provides clarity around which cyber assets are essential vs. assets that are valuable but not essential.



Organization	Yes or No	Question 4 Comment
Response: Thanks for your	comment providing rationale that r	reinforces the IDT's position on this question.
ReliabilityFirst	The interpretation for Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.	The interpretation for Question 2 could be construed as restricting the reach of the standard.
-	we do agree that it may be construc	le the IDT disagrees that this interpretation restricts the original ed to restrict other parties' prior understanding or organizational
Midwest ISO	The interpretation for Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.	MISO submits that, by clarifying that a Critical Cyber Asset ("CCA") must be required by a Critical Asset ("CA") such that the CA cannot function as intended without the CCA, the Interpretation does not expand the reach or scope of the standard.
Response: Thanks for your	comment providing rationale that I	reinforces the IDT's position on this question.
Northeast Power Coordinating Council	The interpretation for Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.	
Southwest Power Pool Regional Entity	The interpretation for Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the	



Organization	Yes or No	Question 4 Comment
	standard.	
Bonneville Power Administration	The interpretation for Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.	
ISO/RTO Council Standards Review Committee	The interpretation for Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.	
Dominion	The interpretation for Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.	
FirstEnergy	The interpretation for Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.	
Kansas City Power & light	The interpretation for Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.	



Organization	Yes or No	Question 4 Comment
ACES Power Marketing Standards Collaborators	The interpretation for Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.	
Imperial Irrigation District (IID)	The interpretation for Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.	
Tennessee Valley Authority	The interpretation for Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.	
NIPSCO	The interpretation for Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.	
American Transmission Company, LLC	The interpretation for Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.	



Organization	Yes or No	Question 4 Comment
Minnesota Power	The interpretation for Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.	
American Electric Power	The interpretation for Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.	
Duke Energy	The interpretation for Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.	
Independent Electricity System Operator	The interpretation for Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.	
Ingleside Cogeneration LP	The interpretation for Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.	



Organization	Yes or No	Question 4 Comment
Ameren	The interpretation for Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.	
United Illuminating Company	The interpretation for Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.	
Salt River Project	The interpretation for Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.	
Pepco Holdings Inc	The interpretation for Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.	
City of Austin dba Austin Energy	The interpretation for Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.	



Organization	Yes or No	Question 4 Comment
Essential Power, LLC	The interpretation for Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.	
Tampa Electric Company	The interpretation for Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.	
CRSI	The interpretation for Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.	
Oncor Electric Delivery Company	The interpretation for Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.	
E.ON CLIMATE & RENEWABLES	The interpretation for Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.	
MISO Standards	The interpretation for	MISO submits that, by clarifying that a Critical Cyber Asset ("CCA")



Organization	Yes or No	Question 4 Comment	
Collaborators	Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation expands the reach of the standard.	must be required by a Critical Asset ("CA") such that the CA cannot function as intended without the CCA, the Interpretation does not expand the reach or scope of the standard.	
Response: Thanks for your comment providing rationale that reinforces the IDT's position on this question.			
MidAmerican Energy Company	The interpretation for Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation expands the reach of the standard.	The request is seeking the definition for the term "essential." Essential is defined in collegiate dictionaries and there is no technical basis for adding clarity to or better defining this term either in an interpretation or in the NERC Glossary of Terms.	

Response: Thanks for your comment and provided rationale. The IDT observed that several definitions exist for this word. The IDT clarified the meaning as it applies within the four corners of this particular standard's wording and scope, and it added context-sensitive clarity to the Requirement itself.



5. Do you agree with the Interpretation Drafting Team's response to *Question 1* of the Request for Interpretation? If not, please explain specifically what you disagree with.

Summary Consideration:

Most commenters agreed with the IDT's interpretation to question 1 of the Request for Interpretation. One commenter noted that guidance documents are often very long, and that one string of examples in the requirement could not be exhaustive. Furthermore, that commenter noted that the statement with the examples has been removed from CIP-002-4, presently pending FERC's approval, and that it seems apparent to that commenter that this action was taken because the examples only served to confuse Responsible Entities and auditors alike - and are more appropriately addressed in a guideline document. Both of those comments and rationales support the IDT's view that the list is illustrative, not prescriptive.

A commenter disagreed with the interpretation by noting that the response to Question 1 states that the types of Cyber Assets in the example "should be considered," and the language "should be considered" is not found in CIP-002-3, Requirement R3 and should not be inferred. The commenter agrees that the list of example Cyber Assets enumerated in Requirement R3 is not all inclusive, but notes that the list does identify types of Cyber Assets that perform functions that are essential to the operation of the control center. As such, the commenters suggests that examples are appropriately classified as Critical Cyber Assets *if* found in a control center that has been identified as a Critical Asset. In response, the IDT noted that the interpretation's response to Question 1 clarifies that the examples are illustrative. Thus, since it is not a prescriptive list, those examples "should be considered" to determine whether they meet the requirement's language. Since the examples do not imply that the items listed as examples in the requirement must be classified as Critical Cyber Assets, some consideration is necessary within the context of the requirement.

One commenter agreed with the interpretation, but does not believe that the interpretation is necessary or adds new information. In response, the IDT understands that many entities already understood or interpreted this requirement similarly to the interpretation's response, and to those entities, this interpretation may at first seem unnecessary. However, the interpretation provides necessary clarity for all entities.

Organization	Yes or No	Question 5 Comment
Alberta Electric System Operator	Abstain	The AESO agrees with the interpretation of CIP-002, however we are casting an abstain vote as this standard is not applicable in Alberta at this time.



Organization	Yes or No	Question 5 Comment	
Response: Thanks for providing	Response: Thanks for providing the IDT with your rationale.		
Bonneville Power Administration	Affirmative	please refer to BPA's submitted comments	
Brazos Electric Power Cooperative, Inc.	Affirmative	See comments submitted by ACES Power Marketing.	
Consolidated Edison Co. of New York	Affirmative	See NPCC region-wide group comment form	
FirstEnergy Corp.	Affirmative	Please see FirstEnergy's comments submitted through the formal comment period.	
Southern Company Services, Inc.	Affirmative	See comments submitted by John Horishny.	
Tennessee Valley Authority	Affirmative	Please see TVA's comments submitted through the electronic comment form.	
California ISO	Affirmative	Comments provided jointly with the ISO/RTO Standards Review Committee	
Electric Reliability Council of Texas, Inc.	Affirmative	ERCOT ISO has joined the comments of the ISO/RTO Council Standards Review Committee	
AEP	Affirmative	Response is being submitted via electronic form by Thad Ness on behalf of American Electric Power.	
Alabama Power Company	Affirmative	See comments submitted in the electronic comments form by John Horishny.	
FirstEnergy Energy Delivery	Affirmative	Please see FirstEnergy's comments submitted through the formal comment period.	
Georgia Power Company	Affirmative	See electronic comments submitted by John Horishny.	



Organization	Yes or No	Question 5 Comment
Gulf Power Company	Affirmative	See comments submitted in the electronic comments form by John Horishny.
Mississippi Power	Affirmative	See comments submitted in the electronic comments form by John Horishny.
Tennessee Valley Authority	Affirmative	Please see TVA's comments submitted through the electronic comment form
Ohio Edison Company	Affirmative	Please see FirstEnergy's comments submitted through the formal comment period.
Wisconsin Energy Corp.	Affirmative	Comments are requested to be submitted using the separate electronic comment form rather than with the vote. I strongly support this interpretation and do not have any specific comments to submit with this vote.
AEP Service Corp.	Affirmative	Comments are being submitted via electronic form by Thad Ness on behalf of American Electric Power.
Bonneville Power Administration	Affirmative	Please see BPA comments submitted via the electronic comment form.
Brazos Electric Power Cooperative, Inc.	Affirmative	Please see comments filed by ACES Power Marketing.
FirstEnergy Solutions	Affirmative	Please see FirstEnergy's comments submitted through the formal comment period.
Occidental Chemical	Affirmative	See comments by submitted by Ingleside Cogeneration LP
Southern Company Generation	Affirmative	Please see Southern Company comments submitted by John Horishny.
Tennessee Valley Authority	Affirmative	Please see TVA's comments submitted through the electronic comment form.
AEP Marketing	Affirmative	Comments are being submitted via electronic form by Thad Ness on behalf of



Organization	Yes or No	Question 5 Comment	
		American Electric Power.	
FirstEnergy Solutions	Affirmative	Please see FirstEnergy's comments submitted through the formal comment period	
Northern Indiana Public Service Co.	Affirmative	see NIPSCO comments submitted	
Southern Company Generation and Energy Marketing	Affirmative	See comments submitted in the electronic comments form by John Horishny.	
Tennessee Valley Authority	Affirmative	Please see TVA's comments submitted through the electronic comment form.	
Bonneville Power Administration	Yes	BPA agrees that the examples in CIP-002 R3 are illustrative and not meant to be prescriptive.	
Response: Thanks for your com	Response: Thanks for your comment providing rationale that reinforces the IDT's position on this question.		
MISO Standards Collaborators	Yes	MISO agrees with the Interpretation as to Question 1.	
Response: The IDT recognizes t	Response: The IDT recognizes this affirmation as limited only to Question 1		
Ingleside Cogeneration LP	Yes	Ingleside Cogeneration LP strongly agrees with the IDT's interpretation that the examples given in R3 should be considered "illustrative, not prescriptive". Our assessment shows two actions taken by NERC in regard to the requirement which support this clarification. First, the entire purpose of NERC's security guideline for "Identifying Critical Cyber Assets" is to provide a means for Responsible Entities to establish which Cyber Assets should be critical. This is a 47 page document with multiple evaluations and complex procedural steps. Clearly a single sentence in a requirement cannot be considered to be exhaustive - or anything more than a suggestion. Second, the statement with the examples has been removed from CIP-	



Organization	Yes or No	Question 5 Comment
		002-4, presently pending FERC's approval. It seems apparent to us that this action was taken because the examples only served to confuse Responsible Entities and auditors alike - and are more appropriately addressed in a guideline document.
Response: Thanks for your com	ment providin	g rationale that reinforces the IDT's position on this question.
Tampa Electric Company	Yes	Tampa Electric agrees with the Interpretations Drafting Team response to Question 1
Response: The IDT recognizes the	nis affirmation	as limited only to Question 1
Midwest ISO	Yes	MISO agrees with the Interpretation as to Question 1.
Response: The IDT recognizes the	nis affirmation	as limited only to Question 1
Northeast Power Coordinating Council	Yes	
ISO/RTO Council Standards Review Committee	Yes	
Dominion	Yes	
FirstEnergy	Yes	
Kansas City Power & light	Yes	
ACES Power Marketing Standards Collaborators	Yes	
Imperial Irrigation District (IID)	Yes	
Tennessee Valley Authority	Yes	



Organization	Yes or No	Question 5 Comment
PacifiCorp	Yes	
Southern Company	Yes	
NIPSCO	Yes	
American Transmission Company, LLC	Yes	
Minnesota Power	Yes	
American Electric Power	Yes	
Duke Energy	Yes	
Independent Electricity System Operator	Yes	
Ameren	Yes	
United Illuminating Company	Yes	
Salt River Project	Yes	
Pepco Holdings Inc	Yes	
City of Austin dba Austin Energy	Yes	
Essential Power, LLC	Yes	



Organization	Yes or No	Question 5 Comment
ReliabilityFirst	Yes	
CRSI	Yes	
Oncor Electric Delivery Company	Yes	
E.ON CLIMATE & RENEWABLES	Yes	
MidAmerican Energy Co.	Negative	See MidAmerican comments
Southwest Power Pool Regional Entity	No	The response to Question 1 states that the examples of the types of Cyber Assets "should be considered." The language "should be considered" is not found in CIP-002/R3 and should not be inferred. While the SPP RE agrees that the list of example Cyber Assets enumerated in R3 is not all inclusive, the list does identify types of Cyber Assets that perform functions that are essential to the operation of the control center. As such, the examples are appropriately classified as Critical Cyber Assets *if* found in a control center that has been identified as a Critical Asset.
examples are illustrative. Thus they meet the requirement's la	s, since it is not anguage. Since	le for response. The interpretation's response to Question 1 clarifies that the a prescriptive list, those examples "should be considered" to determine whether the examples do not imply that the items listed as examples in the requirement me consideration is necessary within the context of the requirement.
MidAmerican Energy Company	No	While we agree with the conclusion in the response to Question 1, we do not believe this interpretation is needed at this time. The response does not provide any new information.
-	-	tities already understood or interpreted this requirement similarly to the es, this interpretation may at first seem unnecessary. However, the interpretation



Organization	Yes or No	Question 5 Comment
provides necessary clarity for all entities.		

6. Do you agree with the Interpretation Drafting Team's response to Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation? If not, why not.

Summary Consideration:

Most commenters agreed with the IDT's interpretation with respect to question 2 of the request for interpretation, and they agreed with the IDT's rationale that if a Cyber Asset is not required, but is merely "valuable to" the operation of a Critical Asset, it is not essential.

One commenter suggested that Version 4's language may have a similar issue. The IDT notes that an interpretation applies only so long as the relevant language in a standard is in effect, and it agrees that this interpretation might be applicable for clarifying CIP Version 4, provided the same lack of clarity persists.

One commenter agreed with the Interpretation as to Question 2, but requested that the IDT clarify that "essential," as used in Requirement R3, is synonymous with "inherent", "necessary" and "required". The commenter also submits that Registered Entities are best qualified to determine whether a Cyber Asset is essential to the operation of a Critical Asset and therefore a Critical Cyber Asset pursuant to the clarification provided by the Interpretation. The commenter states that a Registered Entity's determination of whether a Cyber Asset is required by a Critical Asset should be rebuttably presumed to be correct. As the majority of industry agreed with this balloted draft's current explanation of essential, the IDT did not incorporate the proposed change. Much like the list of examples is illustrative, the IDT agrees with most commenters that the interpretation provides clarity, and it is not necessary at this time to list further synonyms for "essential." Further, the IDT does agree that a Registered Entity's determination of whether a Cyber Asset is required by a Critical Asset should be rebuttably presumed to be correct.

Two commenters commented on the parenthetical clause in the original interpretation, suggesting that it was confusing upon first reading the language or that it seems to define "required." One commenter suggested rewording the clause, and one commenter suggested removing the clause as unnecessary. The IDT agrees, and it re-worded the clause from "(i.e. without which a Critical Asset cannot function as intended)" to, "(i.e., a Critical Asset cannot function as intended without the Cyber Asset)." This is a clarifying change, and it is not substantive.



One commenter suggested that the IDT incorporate the provisions of NERC's CAN-0005 so that the CAN may be retired. While the IDT understands this interpretation's rationale to be in keeping with CAN-0005 and possibly forthcoming CIP versions, the IDT is bound by the Guidelines for Interpretation Drafting teams to interpret the words on the page of any standard being interpreted. The IDT believes that incorporating the submitted suggestions would expand the scope of the requirement in question. Furthermore, the IDT understands that the interpretation, once approved, may result in withdrawal of CAN-0005.

Other commenters were concerned that the interpretation does not explicitly state that redundancy is not a consideration for identifying Cyber Assets that are "essential." The IDT agrees that redundancy is not a consideration in determining whether a Cyber Asset is "essential," and this interpretation does not change that notion.

One commenter suggested the interpretation is unnecessary because "essential" is defined in collegiate dictionaries and there is no technical basis for adding clarity to or better defining this term either in an interpretation or in the NERC Glossary of Terms. The IDT observed that several definitions exist for this word, but it disagrees that the interpretation is unnecessary. The IDT clarified the meaning as it applies within the four corners of this particular standard's wording and scope, and it added context-sensitive clarity to the Requirement itself.

One commenter believed that the clarification provided for essential is much narrower than the guidance provided in the Security Guideline for the Electricity Sector: Identifying Critical Cyber Assets, and that the interpretation does not provide additional clarity than what is provided in the existing guideline. The IDT understands that many entities already understood or interpreted this requirement similarly to the interpretation's response, and to those entities, this interpretation may at first seem unnecessary. However, the interpretation provides necessary clarity for all entities.

Organization	Yes or No	Question 5 Comment
Alberta Electric System Operator	Abstain	The AESO agrees with the interpretation of CIP-002, however we are casting an abstain vote as this standard is not applicable in Alberta at this time.
Response: Thanks for providing the IDT with your rationale.		
Bonneville Power	Affirmative	please refer to BPA's submitted comments



Organization	Yes or No	Question 5 Comment
Administration		
Brazos Electric Power Cooperative, Inc.	Affirmative	See comments submitted by ACES Power Marketing.
Consolidated Edison Co. of New York	Affirmative	See NPCC region-wide group comment form
FirstEnergy Corp.	Affirmative	Please see FirstEnergy's comments submitted through the formal comment period.
Southern Company Services, Inc.	Affirmative	See comments submitted by John Horishny.
Tennessee Valley Authority	Affirmative	Please see TVA's comments submitted through the electronic comment form.
California ISO	Affirmative	Comments provided jointly with the ISO/RTO Standards Review Committee
Electric Reliability Council of Texas, Inc.	Affirmative	ERCOT ISO has joined the comments of the ISO/RTO Council Standards Review Committee
AEP	Affirmative	Response is being submitted via electronic form by Thad Ness on behalf of American Electric Power.
Alabama Power Company	Affirmative	See comments submitted in the electronic comments form by John Horishny.
FirstEnergy Energy Delivery	Affirmative	Please see FirstEnergy's comments submitted through the formal comment period.
Georgia Power Company	Affirmative	See electronic comments submitted by John Horishny.
Gulf Power Company	Affirmative	See comments submitted in the electronic comments form by John Horishny.



Organization	Yes or No	Question 5 Comment
Mississippi Power	Affirmative	See comments submitted in the electronic comments form by John Horishny.
Tennessee Valley Authority	Affirmative	Please see TVA's comments submitted through the electronic comment form
Ohio Edison Company	Affirmative	Please see FirstEnergy's comments submitted through the formal comment period.
Wisconsin Energy Corp.	Affirmative	Comments are requested to be submitted using the separate electronic comment form rather than with the vote. I strongly support this interpretation and do not have any specific comments to submit with this vote.
AEP Service Corp.	Affirmative	Comments are being submitted via electronic form by Thad Ness on behalf of American Electric Power.
Bonneville Power Administration	Affirmative	Please see BPA comments submitted via the electronic comment form.
Brazos Electric Power Cooperative, Inc.	Affirmative	Please see comments filed by ACES Power Marketing.
FirstEnergy Solutions	Affirmative	Please see FirstEnergy's comments submitted through the formal comment period.
Occidental Chemical	Affirmative	See comments by submitted by Ingleside Cogeneration LP
Southern Company Generation	Affirmative	Please see Southern Company comments submitted by John Horishny.
Tennessee Valley Authority	Affirmative	Please see TVA's comments submitted through the electronic comment form.
AEP Marketing	Affirmative	Comments are being submitted via electronic form by Thad Ness on behalf of American Electric Power.



Organization	Yes or No	Question 5 Comment
FirstEnergy Solutions	Affirmative	Please see FirstEnergy's comments submitted through the formal comment period
Northern Indiana Public Service Co.	Affirmative	see NIPSCO comments submitted
Southern Company Generation and Energy Marketing	Affirmative	See comments submitted in the electronic comments form by John Horishny.
Tennessee Valley Authority	Affirmative	Please see TVA's comments submitted through the electronic comment form.
Bonneville Power Administration	Yes	BPA agrees that if a Cyber Asset is not required, merely "valuable to" the operation of a Critical Asset, it is not essential.
Response: Thanks for your comment providing rationale that reinforces the IDT's position on this question.		
FirstEnergy	Yes	Since there are no question for general comments, we offer them in this last question. Just as a reminder, this Interpretation, once approve, will also need to be added to the pending CIP-002-4 standard which is currently before FERC for approval. It would seem that the Interpretation, if approved, could be added to the Version 4 standard as an errata change.
Response: Thanks for your additional comment. As an interpretation applies only so long as the relevant language in a standard is in effect, we agree this interpretation might be applicable for clarifying CIP Version 4, provided the same lack of clarity persists, which First Energy apparently believes to be the case.		
Kansas City Power & light	Yes	IDT clearly defines "essential" in its response. More importantly it states a "valuable" asset is not necessarily "essential" to the operatation of a Critical Asset, thereby, indirectly addressing Duke's concern with physical controls around workstations such as laptops when used from remote locations.



Organization	Yes or No	Question 5 Comment	
Response: Thanks for your comment providing rationale that reinforces the IDT's position on this question.			
MISO Standards Collaborators	Yes	MISO generally agrees with the Interpretation as to Question 2, however MISO also requests that the Interpretation Drafting Team clarify that "essential," as used in Requirement R3, is synonymous with "inherent", "necessary" and "required". MISO also submits that Registered Entities are best qualified to determine whether a Cyber Asset is essential to the operation of a CA and is therefore a CCA pursuant to the clarification provided by the Interpretation. As a result, a Registered Entity's determination of whether a Cyber Asset is required by a CA should be rebuttably presumed to be correct.	
Response: Thanks for your provided rationale. As the majority of industry agreed with this balloted draft's current explanation of essential, we have not incorporated the proposed change. Much like the list of examples is illustrative, the IDT agrees with most commenters that the interpretation provides clarity, and it is not necessary at this time to list further synonyms for "essential." Further, we agree with the MISO commenting body's final conclusion.			
ACES Power Marketing Standards Collaborators	Yes	While we agree with the drafting team, we recommend rewording "(i.e. without which a Critical Asset cannot function as intended)" to "(i.e. the Critical Asset cannot function without the Cyber Asset)". While the wording is technically correct, it is difficult to read and can be confusing.	
Response: Thanks for your suggestion, which has been considered within the next draft. The IDT reworded the clause, but not the meaning or substance, so that it now reads, "(i.e., a Critical Asset cannot function as intended without the Cyber Asset)"			
Duke Energy	Yes	However, the interpretation could be improved by striking the parenthetical "(i.e., without which a Critical Asset cannot function as intended)," from the second paragraph. This parenthetical attempts to define the word "required", which is not necessary for the interpretation.	
Response: Thanks for your suggestion, which has been considered within the next draft. Rather than remove it, the IDT reworded the clause, but not the meaning or substance, so that it now reads, "(i.e., a Critical Asset cannot function as intended without the			



Organization	Yes or No	Question 5 Comment					
Cyber Asset)"							
Ingleside Cogeneration LP	Yes	We commend the Interpretation Drafting Team for developing a reading of the term "essential" based upon its commonly understood usage. We also agree that it is important to provide gradations which are close to the concept of essentiality, but does not meet the criticality litmus test. This allows the exclusion of Cyber Assets which "may be used, but not required" or are "merely valuable" to the inherent operation of the Critical Asset. It is left up to the Responsible Entity to make those assessments using an internal methodology that is comprehensive and defensible and is consistent with the intent of CIP-002 as it is written today. We realize this flexibility may be limited in CIP version 5. However, those standards must still go through the vetting process; which will allow the industry to review, post comments and vote upon any proposed changes.					
Response: Thanks for support a	and supporting	rationale for this interpretation.					
Tampa Electric Company	Yes	Tampa Electric agrees with the Interpretations Drafting Team response to Question 2. We strongly support the concept that essential to the operation of the Critical Asset means that it is necessary for the operation of that Critical Asset.					
Response: Thanks for your stro	ng support.						
Midwest ISO	Yes	MISO generally agrees with the Interpretation as to Question 2, however MISO also requests that the Interpretation Drafting Team clarify that "essential," as used in Requirement R3, is synonymous with "inherent", "necessary" and "required". MISO also submits that Registered Entities are best qualified to determine whether a Cyber Asset is essential to the operation of a CA and is therefore a CCA pursuant to the clarification provided by the Interpretation. As a result, a Registered Entity's determination of whether a Cyber Asset is required by a CA should be rebuttably presumed to be correct.					



Organization	Yes or No	Question 5 Comment
	in accepting th	. As the majority of industry agreed with this balloted draft's current explanation of the proposed change compared to leaving the words as currently written. Further, we conclusion.
Northeast Power Coordinating Council	Yes	
ISO/RTO Council Standards Review Committee	Yes	
Dominion	Yes	
Imperial Irrigation District (IID)	Yes	
Tennessee Valley Authority	Yes	
PacifiCorp	Yes	
Southern Company	Yes	
NIPSCO	Yes	
American Transmission Company, LLC	Yes	
Minnesota Power	Yes	
American Electric Power	Yes	
Independent Electricity System Operator	Yes	



Organization	Yes or No	Question 5 Comment
Ameren	Yes	
United Illuminating Company	Yes	
Salt River Project	Yes	
Pepco Holdings Inc	Yes	
City of Austin dba Austin Energy	Yes	
Essential Power, LLC	Yes	
Oncor Electric Delivery Company	Yes	
E.ON CLIMATE & RENEWABLES	Yes	
MidAmerican Energy Co.	Negative	See MidAmerican comments
Southwest Power Pool Regional Entity	No	The response to Question 2 must be revised to specifically include the proviso that redundancy is NOT a consideration when determining if a Cyber Asset is "essential." Redundancy cannot be a consideration because, generally, vulnerability of the reduntant asset is the same as the primary asset's vulnerability. To achieve security you have to consider both primary and redundant assets. The interpretation must also incorporate the provisions of CAN-0005 in such a way as to make CAN-0005 no longer necessary.

Response: While the IDT understands this particular rationale to be more in keeping with CAN-0005 and possibly forth-coming CIP versions, the IDT is bound by the Guidelines for Interpretation Drafting teams to interpret the words on the page of any standard



Organization	Yes or No	Question 5 Comment
		rporating the submitted suggestions would expand the scope of the requirement in that the interpretation, once approved, may result in withdrawal of CAN-0005.
The IDT agrees that redundan does not change that notion.	cy is not a consi	ideration in determining whether a Cyber Asset is "essential," and this interpretation
MidAmerican Energy Company	No	MidAmerican Energy does not believe this interpretation is needed at this time. The request is seeking the definition for the term "essential." Essential is defined in collegiate dictionaries and there is no technical basis for adding clarity to or better defining this term either in an interpretation or in the NERC Glossary of Terms. The interpretation provides no new useful information and creates more confusion by introducing the new term "inherent to."
interpretation's response, and	d to those entiti all entities. The	ntities already understood or interpreted this requirement similarly to the es, this interpretation may at first seem unnecessary. However, the interpretation e phrase "inherent to" in the interpretation is contextual and clarifying information,



Organization	Yes or No	Question 5 Comment
interpretation does not change	that notion.	
CRSI	No	The definition provided for essential is much narrower than the guidance provided in the Security Guideline for the Electricity Sector: Identifying Critical Cyber Assets. The interpretation does not provide additional clarity than what is provided in the existing guideline.

Response: Thanks for your rationale. The IDT understands that many entities already understood or interpreted this requirement similarly to the interpretation's response, and to those entities, this interpretation may at first seem unnecessary. However, the interpretation provides necessary clarity for all entities.

END OF REPORT

Exhibit D

Complete Record of Development of the Interpretation of Requirement R3 of CIP-002-4 — Critical Cyber Asset Identification.

Interpretation 2010-05 CIP-002-1 Requirement R3 for Duke Energy

Related Files

Status:

In May 2011 the Standards Committee appointed a standing CIP Interpretation Drafting team, and assigned this interpretation to that team. A parallel formal comment period and initial ballot ended March 23, 2012, and the team has posted its consideration of comments from that posting along with clean and redline versions of the interpretation, showing a minor clarifying change that was made in response to a comment.

Interpretation Process:

In accordance with the Reliability Standards Development Procedure, the interpretation must be posted for a 30-day pre-ballot review, and then balloted. There is no public comment period for an interpretation. Balloting will be conducted following the same method used for balloting standards. If the interpretation is approved by its ballot pool, then the interpretation will be appended to the standard and will become effective when adopted by the NERC Board of Trustees and approved by the applicable regulatory authorities. The interpretation will remain appended to the standard until the standard is revised through the normal standards development process. When the standard is revised, the clarifications provided by the interpretation will be incorporated into the revised standard.

Draft	Action	Dates	Results	Consideration of Comments
Interpretation of CIP-002-x R3 for Duke Energy Clean(14) Redline(15) Supporting Documents CIP-002-3(16)	Recirculation Ballot Info(17) Vote>>	04/20/12 - 04/30/12	Summary(18) Full Record(19)	
Draft 2 Interpretation of CIP-002-x R3 for Duke Energy Clean(4) Redline to last posting(5)	Updated Info(8) Vote>> Info(9)	03/14/12 - 03/23/12 (closed)	Summary(10) Full Record(11)	
Supporting Documents Unofficial Comment Form (Word) (6)	Formal Comment	02/08/12	Comments Received (12)	Consideration of

CIP-002-3(7)	Period Submit Comments>>	03/23/12 (closed)		Comments(13)
	Join Ballot Pool Join>>	02/08/12 - 03/08/12 (closed)		
Duke Interpretation of CIP-002-1 R3 Request for Interpretation(1)	Formal Comment Period	09/08/10 - 10/08/10	Comments Received(2)	Consideration of Comments (3)



When completed, email this form to: maureen.long@nerc.net
For questions about this form or for assistance in completing the form, call Maureen Long at 813-468-5998.

Note: an Interpretation cannot be used to change a standard.

Request for an Interpretation of a Reliability Standard

Date submitted: January 31, 2010

Date revised version submitted: July 22, 2010

Date accepted: July 27, 2010

Contact information for person requesting the interpretation:

Name: Kim Long

Organization: Duke Energy Corporation

Telephone: 704-382-7179

E-mail: kim.long@duke-energy.com

Identify the standard that needs clarification:

Standard Number (include version number): CIP-002-1

Standard Title: Cyber Security – Critical Cyber Asset Identification

Identify specifically what requirement needs clarification:

Requirement Number and Text of Requirement: CIP – 002 R3

- R3. Critical Cyber Asset Identification Using the list of Critical Assets developed pursuant to Requirement R2, the Responsible Entity shall develop a list of associated Critical Cyber Assets essential to the operation of the Critical Asset. Examples at control centers and backup control centers include systems and facilities at master and remote sites that provide monitoring and control, automatic generation control, real-time power system modeling, and real-time inter-utility data exchange. The Responsible Entity shall review this list at least annually, and update it as necessary. For the purpose of Standard CIP-002, Critical Cyber Assets are further qualified to be those having at least one of the following characteristics:
- **R3.1.** The Cyber Asset uses a routable protocol to communicate outside the Electronic Security Perimeter; or,
- R3.2. The Cyber Asset uses a routable protocol within a control center; or,
- **R3.3.** The Cyber Asset is dial-up accessible.

Clarification needed: With regard to the above requirements, Duke Energy respectfully requests an interpretation as to the following:

1. Is the phrase "Examples at control centers and backup control centers include systems and facilities at master and remote sites that provide monitoring and



control, automatic generation control, real-time power system modeling, and real-time inter-utility data exchange" meant to be prescriptive, i.e., that any and all systems and facilities utilized in monitoring and control, automatic generation control, real-time power system modeling, and real-time inter-utility data exchange, must be classified as Critical Cyber Assets, or is this phrase simply meant to provide examples of the types of systems that should be *assessed* for inclusion in the list of Critical Cyber Assets using an entity's critical cyber asset methodology?

- 2. What does the phrase, "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset" mean? If an entity has an asset that "may" be used to operate a Critical Asset, but is not "required" for operation of that Critical Asset, is the asset considered "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset"? Remote access to the systems is valuable to operations (see Material Impact Statement below), but operation of the Critical Asset is not literally dependent on these laptops.
 - The term "essential" is not defined in the NERC Glossary. The Merriam –Webster dictionary provides the following definition of essential: "ESSENTIAL implies belonging to the very nature of a thing and therefore being incapable of removal without destroying the thing itself or its character." The dictionary provides the following synonyms for essential: "Inherent, basic, indispensible, vital, fundamental, and necessary."

Identify the material impact associated with this interpretation:

Identify the material impact to your organization or others caused by the lack of clarity or an incorrect interpretation of this standard.

If the phrase 'Examples at control centers and backup control centers include systems and facilities at master and remote sites that provide monitoring and control, automatic generation control' is meant to be prescriptive such that workstations, which are utilized in monitoring and control must be classified as Critical Cyber Assets, then the ability to provide remote support is not available to companies.

It is inherently not possible to implement all of the prescribed controls, i.e. CIP 006 physical controls, around workstations such as laptops when used from remote locations. The reliability of the Bulk Electric System will be eroded, rather than enhanced, if companies do not have the ability to remotely access the Critical Asset environment by utilizing laptop workstations with the cyber security controls prescribed in CIP 005.

Individual or group. (39 Responses)
Name (27 Responses)
Organization (27 Responses)
Group Name (12 Responses)
Lead Contact (12 Responses)
Question 1 (34 Responses)
Question 1 Comments (39 Responses)
Question 2 (35 Responses)
Question 2 Comments (39 Responses)
Question 3 (38 Responses)
Question 3 Comments (39 Responses)

Individual

Glen Hattrup

Kansas City Power & Light

The request is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.

The request expands the reach of the standard.

Please see response in Question 3 comments. Concerns regarding the expansion of the standard are expressed there.

No

The Response to Question 1 is acceptable and matches what I believe is the common interpretation. The Response to Question 2 is not acceptable and dramatically extends the reach of the Requirement and Standard. There are a number of problems with the second Response, including: "essential" has not been clarified or defined; the proposed answer dramatically increases the scope of equipment that must now be classified as Critical Cyber Assets; and there is a viral effect to the proposed answer that will place an unwarranted burden upon Responsible Entities. The initial issue with the response is that the word in question is used to explain its definition. Defining "essential" as "is used to perform a function essential" does not clarify the intent of the word. It is understandably difficult, if not impossible, to generate a prescriptive list of "essential" elements of Critical Assets due to the variances in the utility industry. Clarification regarding the intent of the requirement is still possible. Regrettably, this definition does nothing to reduce the subjectivity of the original Requirement. A Response that encouraged the Responsible Entity to outline a method or generate a set of characteristics in order to define "essential" for their operations would have been appropriate. While not auditable, it would provide clarity and guidance during the selection process. The proposed definition dramatically increases the scope of equipment and components that must now be considered as critical. The phrase "is used to perform a function" shifts the focus from the essential component to the tool being used to support the essential component. This shift is further reinforced by the last sentence of the proposed Response. For example, let's consider Load Flow or Contingency Analysis to be critical or essential for the operation of an EMS. By the proposed Response, when the Transmission Planner accesses the EMS to perform a flow calculation or analysis, the workstation he uses to "perform the function essential to the operation of the" Critical Asset is now considered a Critical Cyber Asset. Previously, only the application server that hosted Load Flow or Contingency Analysis would have needed to be considered a CCA. This slope becomes quite slippery as we consider another example. Many modern EMS's utilize commercial operating systems and / or relational databases. These systems host critical portions of the EMS application and are rightfully considered as Critical Cyber Assets. These systems also require a variety of ongoing maintenance which requires an administrator to manually perform some task. The reliable operation of the systems would be jeopardized if the maintenance tasks were not performed and can therefore be considered critical or essential functions. As in the previous example, the proposed Response now makes the System Administrators' workstations Critical Cyber Assets. This expansion of scope leads to the final problem with the proposed Response. The viral aspect of the last sentence in the proposed Response will have disastrous consequences for the Responsible Entities and their access to Critical Assets. The sentence "Similarly any Cyber Asset, when used to perform..., becomes a Critical Cyber Asset" effectively draws in any system used to operate or maintain an essential function of the Critical Asset. This sentence

validates the previous two examples and the workstations in question becoming Critical Cyber Assets. Failure to limit the scope by considering control of BES assets or security pivot points opens any connecting system into consideration. We may attempt to mitigate this concern by placing workstations within the ESP, designating them as CCAs, and utilize them for maintenance or to perform other essential functions. However, the administrator or engineer must be physically at the workstation in order to perform their duties. Requiring physical presence will adversely affect overall BES reliability as critical personnel must travel to a particular physical location in order to perform their work. This will create delays that may allow operational problems to accelerate out of control. Remote access to these workstations would not be allowed because access from any other workstation would make the accessing workstation a Critical Cyber Asset as it again falls into the category of "any Cyber Asset, when used ... becomes a Critical Cyber Asset." The accessing workstation is essential to access the CCA maintenance workstation, therefore the accessing workstation is now a CCA as well. This illustrates the never-ending cycle of inclusion that has been created by the proposed Response. Assuming that prohibiting remote access is an acceptable outcome, there are other situations that may adversely affect the cyber security of the Critical Asset. Operating System security patches are frequently hosted on an external server. Having and delivering the security patch is essential for the reliable operation of the (operating) system. Does that external system (a cyber asset) now become a Critical Cyber Asset? Does the external asset that creates portable media containing the patches become Critical? It is not clear where the final line is drawn or if it can be. Auditing this expanded scope will be exceptionally difficult. The auditor will not be able to determine if all newly covered systems have been included in the compliance program. The Responsible Entity will likewise find enforcement exceptionally onerous or impossible. Extreme contortions will be required of otherwise normal, secure operational principles in order to comply. The proposed Response to Question 2 is unacceptable because it significantly increases the scope of the Requirement. In addition, as written, the proposed Response represents an enormous increase in compliance costs without a corresponding benefit for the Responsible Entity. Here is a suggested, alternative Response to Question 2. Any multi-component Critical Asset can be assumed to have two broad categories of components. There are components that are critical, or essential, to the operation of the asset and those that are optional. An essential component (or asset) of a Critical Asset may be defined as a component that would prevent the Critical Asset from operating as required by the Responsible Entity. Due to the wide variance within the industry, it is not possible for the Standard to prescriptively list what is essential or not. The Responsible Entity may find it beneficial to outline what would make a component essential or optional for their environment. Components supporting compliance with the Operational Standards for BES assets may be a good starting point for this outline. The Responsible Entity should seek to identify the core set of components required to operate the Critical Asset. This need not be an exhaustive list as one core component may have a cascade effect and force others to become critical by association. Capability of operation does not necessarily define a component as essential. Availability of other components capable of operation, intent, and / or operational precedence (primary, secondary components) should also be considered.

Individual

Warren Rust

Colorado Springs Utilities

The request is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.

The request expands the reach of the standard.

the second part of Q2's response infers without justification that "operator-assisted remote control" is an essential function. Will NERC supply a list of cyber functions they consider essential to the operation of critical assets, or will they accept industry participants' self-determined answer to that question?

No

The Response to the RFI Q1 is appropriate & reasonable. The Response to Q2 (in short, "'essential to the operation of the Critical Asset' means '"essential to the operation of the Critical Asset'") is circular and unhelpful. Additionally, the second part of Q2's response infers without justification that "operator-assisted remote control" is an essential function. Will NERC supply a list of cyber functions they consider essential to the operation of critical assets, or will they accept industry participants' self-determined answer to that question?

Individual

David Proebstel

PUD No.1 of Clallam County

The request is asking for clarity on the application of a requirement.

The request does not expand the reach of the standard.

Yes

The interpretation seems consistent and as long as the phrase "facilities utilized in monitoring and control" implies that both functions (monitoring and controlling) need to be utilized in order for the "systems and facilities" to be classed as a critical cyber asset. In other words, if the asset only monitors (and does not control) then it should fail the implied test.

Group

Northeastn Power Coordinating Council

Guy Zito

The request is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.

Duke's first question requests clarity on the meaning of the requirement. Duke's second question requests clarity on the application of the requirement. I would have liked to check both boxes, but the program would only accept one box checked.

The request expands the reach of the standard.

The Interpretation expands the standard by referring to the human-to-machine interface. This interface is only a conduit to the CCA, it is not the CCA. It is assumed that the check boxes above refer to the interpretation, not the request.

No

We agree with the first response. We do not agree with the second response because: 1. It should not include an example. 2. The response should use the same wording for Critical Cyber Assets as the approved Glossary of Terms.

Group

Public Utilities Commission of Ohio Staff

Christopher Kotting, Energy Assurance

The request is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.

The request does not expand the reach of the standard.

As noted below, it is our opinion that the Interpretation reduces the reach of the standard.

No

The Interpretation focuses on the use of Critical Cyber Assets, rather than the capabilities of those assets. By doing so, while the Interpretation does not address a potential gap, it creates a potential gap. The definition of a Critical Asset describes systems that if "destroyed, degraded or compromised" may influence the ability to maintain reliable operation of the grid. Based on the interpretation (particularly the response to Question 2), categories of equipment that may be capable of exerting control (and thus, if compromised could affect reliable operation of the grid) would be excluded from CIP treatment if they are not currently used for that purpose. For example, a laptop computer that had the necessary hardware and software to control SCADA systems, but operates in a backup position, or has some other primary use, might not have a negative impact if destroyed or degraded, but would potentially have a negative impact if compromised. In order to preserve the original intent, the word "used" in the Response to Question 2 should be replaced with "configured and equipped". Duke is correct in its assertion that the issue of how CIP applies to portable hardware like laptop computers in the field clearly needs to be addressed, but this Interpretation is not the mechanism for doing so.

Group

Santee Cooper

Terry L. Blackwell

The request is asking for clarity on the application of a requirement.

The request does not expand the reach of the standard.

Yes

Individual

Martin Kaufman

ExxonMobil Research and Engineering

The request is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.

The request does not expand the reach of the standard.

Nο

The response to question two does not clarify the meaning of the word 'essential' in the phrase 'essential to the operation of the critical asset'. The use of the word 'essential' in the interpretation's definition of 'essential to the operation of the Critical Asset' makes it difficult to understand the interpretation's author's explanation. In the example provided in the interpretation, the critical asset can not be controlled or monitored (i.e. function properly) when an operator console's Human Machine Interface is no longer operational. The example provided in the request for interpretation, remote access terminals (laptops), are not necessary for the operation for the critical asset, but they may be used to interface with the critical asset. The interpretation does not provide sufficient detail in the definition of 'essential to the operation of the Critical Asset' to determine if one or both of these examples qualify as cyber critical assets. The interpretation could better serve the industry by clarifying the definition of essential. Does 'essential' describe a piece of equipment that must function in order for the critical asset to properly operate or does essential describe a piece of equipment that may be used to operate the critical asset but it is not required for the proper operation of the critical asset?

Individual

Mark Simon

Encari, LLC

The request is asking for clarity on the application of a requirement.

The request does not expand the reach of the standard.

No

We disagree strongly with the Interpretation to Question #2. With respect to Question #2, the Interpretation provided is insufficient. By limiting critical cyber assets to those cyber assets that "perform a function essential to the operation of the Critical Asset...", the interpretation excludes the possibility that "information" could constitute a critical cyber asset. Information, in and of itself, does not perform an essential function. Rather, information may support an essential operation or function of a critical asset. For example, if a critical asset is configured such that it cannot operate and support the reliability and operability of the Bulk-Power System without a real-time stream of data, that data fits the definition of a critical cyber asset, and should be protected. [Order 706, par. 271] In the CIP NOPR, the Federal Entergy Regulatory Commission (hereafter "FERC" or the "Commission") noted that NERC's definition of "cyber assets" includes "data." The Commission stated that "marketing or other data essential to the proper operation of a critical asset, and possibly the computer systems that produce or process the data, would be considered critical cyber assets" subject to the CIP Reliability Standards. [CIP NOPR at P 114] Also, the Interpretation places an undue emphasis on the use of the word "perform." Critical cyber assets do not always perform essential functions necessary to the operation of critical assets. Rather, they may control essential functions. For example, to the extent a critical cyber asset is involved in monitoring the grid through remote sensors, sounding alarms when grid conditions warrant, and operating equipment in field locations, that asset may not be performing an essential function necessary to the operation of the critical asset, but may rather be controlling an essential function. Thus, the phrase "perform or control" should be substituted for the word "perform."

Individual

John Kutzer

John Kutzer

The request is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.

The request expands the reach of the standard.

The response to Question 2 of the request for interpretation expands reach of the standards by not correctly identifying Critical Cyber Assets. The standard currently has two tests for an asset to be classified as a Critical Cyber Asset, the first being "essential to operation" (R3) and the second being the communication mechanism (R3.1, R3.2, & R3.3). The response to this question ignores the second criteria for identifying Critical Cyber Assets and as a result expands the reach of the standard.

No

The response to Question 1 is adequate. The response to Question 2 is not adequate. This response is circular, i.e. "essential is defined as essential". This response does not provide the clarification requested. Also, this response incorrectly states that "... any Cyber Asset, when used to perform a function essential to the operation of the Critical Asset, becomes a Critical Cyber Asset." This addresses only one aspect of the identification of a Critical Cyber Asset and expands the reach of the standard. Similarly, Compliance Application Notice — 0005, Compliance Application: CIP-002-3 R3 also incorrectly stated the requirements for identification of Critical Cyber Assets and effectively would expand the reach of the standard to any Cyber Asset "... with the capability and purpose of controlling Bulk Electric System assets remotely... should be designated as CCAs." Logically, this would imply that as a number of current smartphone models (e.g. iPhone, Blackberry, Android) as well as laptops, netbooks should now be designated as CCAs, as well as any other device that has this capability, thereby ignoring the requirements of the standard.

Group

Kansas City Power & Light

Joe Doetzl

The request is asking for clarity on the application of a requirement.

The request expands the reach of the standard.

No

The proposed interpretation infers a scope broader than the requirement stipulates. The question relates to the meaning of "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset" and it recommended to address the question with the first sentence of the interpretation and stop there. Recommend the interpretation as the following: The phrase "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset" means that the Critical Cyber Asset is used to perform a function essential to the operation of the Critical Asset"

Individual

Jennifer Rosario

Progress Energy

The request is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.

The request expands the reach of the standard.

The sentence "For example, in a control center, a human-to-machine interface such as an operator console is used to perform the essential function of operator-assisted remote control" confuses the issue by describing the use of an operator console as "remote control". Most would consider human-to-machine interfaces or operator consoles in control centers as primary control, not remote control. The question in the request for interpretation asks about laptops used for remote access. This answer, using the word "remote" in a different context than it is used in the question confuses the issue. It

implies (without saying it clearly) that the remote access laptop referred to in the question is essential to the operation of the control system, just as the human-to-machine interface is. The remote access laptop is not essential. It can be turned off and the control system will continue to function.

No

PGN agrees with the answer to Question 1, but not with the answer to Question 2. CIP-005 R2.4 allows "external interactive access" with proper controls. The confusing use of the term "remote control" as described in the comment above implies that any machine used for remote access becomes a Critical Cyber Asset, which PGN doesn't believe is a valid interpretation. Cyber assets normally used to operate critical assets would be essential and classified as critical cyber assets as a result, however, a cyber device that is temporarily connected to a critical asset would be more like a piece of maintenance and test equipment (M&TE) and would be controlled as such - not as a critical cyber asset.

Individual

Martin Bauer

US Bureau of Reclamation

The request is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.

The request does not expand the reach of the standard.

No

The answer to question 2 of the interpretation request did not add any clarity. The response merely restated the question as answer "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset" means that the Critical Cyber Asset is ... essential to the operation of the Critical Asset". Duke provided several clarifying points one of which was that essential can be viewed as "being incapable of removal without destroying the thing itself or its character." which made the question: Does the term "essential to the operation of cyber asset" mean the cyber asset cannot be operated without the asset being evaluated? • When the response is "the Critical Cyber Asset is used to perform a function..." there is ambiguity in what the term "is" means in this context. Does it mean the CCA is used all the time...? Used sometimes...? That it can be used...? Illustrative of the issue is the situation where there are several control consoles distributed within a facility, any one of which can be employed to control an essential function associated with a CA. Are all the control consoles CCA? Can one of the consoles be designated as CCA and leave the other out? This question really isn't clearly answered. This question can be answered very easily and quickly, but was not. This has implications down the road with relaying - if and when it becomes subject to the requirements as potential CCA. As an example, if there is a backup protective scheme meeting other criteria as CCA, will it be required to declare it a CCA because it might be used? • In a similar light to the first bullet, the response does not clearly address the "remote access" aspect of the query. What if something is tied to the system to support a temporary activity or need... How does this impact my CCA list and what are the obligations? An example here is the case where an entity is forced to deal with an emergency pandemic event which requires the entity to "remote in" to our system. Assume that this is an event was allowed for, but not something ever used. Is the entity required to have identified the remote console device they are now using as a CCA because it might one day be used to provide essential control features? Is the entity required to operate it from an environment that meets the Standards?

Group

Wisconsin Electric Power Company

Candace Morakinyo

The request is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.

The request expands the reach of the standard.

The interpretation attempts to clarify the phrase "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset" by introducing a new concept of "perform a function essential to the operation of a Critical Asset". We believe that this fails to provide clarity, and instead expands the reach of the standard. The interpretation should focus on clarifying what the term "essential" means. Moreover, we believe that it is inappropriate to attempt to define "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset" by using the

term "essential" as this is a circular definition, and provides no new or useful information. We believe that "essential" cyber assets are those which are always required for operation of the Critical Asset; without which the primary mission (the qualities or attributes of an asset that causes it to be identified as 'Critical') of a Critical Asset cannot be performed.

No

Reference response to Question 2

Individual

Jonathan Appelbaum

United Illuminating

The request is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.

The request does not expand the reach of the standard.

No

United Illuminating agrees with the response to Question 1. United Illuminating disagrees with the response to Question 2. The response utilizes the word essential to define essential. In essence NERC is stating that essential means essential. United Illuminating suggests that essential means those devices required by the asset to perform the functions that caused the asset to be identified as Critical.

Individual

RoLynda Shumpert

South Carolina Electric and Gas

The request is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.

The request does not expand the reach of the standard.

Yes

Individual

Darryl Curtis

Oncor Electric Delivery LLC

The request is asking for clarity on the application of a requirement.

The request does not expand the reach of the standard.

Yes

Individual

Eric Scott

Ameren

The request is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.

The request expands the reach of the standard.

This interpretation does not clarify the phrase "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset" but introduces a new concept of "perform a function essential to the operation of a Critical Asset". This interpretation fails to provide clarity, and instead expands the reach of this requirement.

No

This interpretation expands the scope of the requirement of the standard instead of providing clarity of what the phrase "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset" means. This interpretation should focus on clarifying what the term "essential" means.

Individual

John Brockhan

CenterPoint Energy

The request is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.

No

CenterPoint Energy agrees with the response to Q1 but does not agree with the response to Q2 as it offers no additional clarity on the meaning of the phrase "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset". CenterPoint Energy believes the interpretation should focus on the term "essential". As indicated in Duke's question, the term "essential" means "basic, vital, or fundamental". CenterPoint Energy offers the following response to Duke's Q2: If an entity has an asset that "may" be used to operate a Critical Asset, but is not "required" for operation of the Critical Asset, the asset would not be considered "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset".

Individual

Andrew Pusztai

American Transmission Company

The request is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.

None

The request expands the reach of the standard.

The interpretation attempts to clarify the phrase "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset" by introducing a new concept of "perform a function essential to the operation of a Critical Asset". ATC believes that this fails to provide clarity, and instead expands the reach of the standard. The interpretation should focus on clarifying what the term "essential" means. Moreover, ATC believes that it is inappropriate to attempt to define "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset" by using the term "essential" as this is a circular definition, and provides no new or useful information. Finally, ATC believes that "essential" cyber assets are those which are always required for operation of the Critical Asset; without which the primary mission (the qualities or attributes of an asset that causes it to be deemed 'Critical') of a Critical Asset cannot be performed.

No

ATC is concerned with the response to Q #2 above and believes the language does not provide clarity or assistance to the industry on this important topic.

Individual

Joylyn Faust

Consumers Energy

The request does not expand the reach of the standard.

The response to the second, is at best circular and poorly written. Sentence one of this response is simply non responsive by way of being circular. Sentence one reads: "The phrase "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset" means that the Critical Cyber Asset is used to perform a function essential to the operation of the Critical Asset." To state that something is essential to operation means that it is used to perform a function essential to operation is a tautology, not a useful response. The response to the second request goes on to not address the remaining points raised by Duke.

Individual

Greg Rowland

Duke Energy

The request is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.

The request expands the reach of the standard.

The interpretation of the standard seems to go beyond the reach of the standard. Need more

clarification on the "Essential" phrase in the standard.

No

The interpretation attempts to clarify the phrase "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset" by introducing the confusing concept of "perform a function essential to the operation of a Critical Asset". We believe that this fails to provide clarity, and instead expands the reach of the standard. The interpretation should focus on clarifying what the term "essential" means. We believe that "essential" cyber assets are those which are always required for operation of the Critical Assets.

Individual

Kathleen Goodman

ISO New Enlgand Inc.

Cannot select both options; but the answer is both... Duke's first question requests clarity on the meaning of the requirement. Duke's second question requests clarity on the application of the requirement.

The request expands the reach of the standard.

The Interpretation expands the standard by referring to the human-to-machine interface. This interface is only a conduit to the CCA, it is not the CCA. It is assumed that the check boxes above refer to the interpretation, not the request.

Nο

We agree with the first response. We do not agree with the second response because: 1. It should not include an example 2. The response should use the same wording for Critical Cyber Assets as the approved Glossary of Terms.

Individual

Tony Kroskey

Brazos Electric Power Cooperative, Inc.

The request is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.

The request does not expand the reach of the standard.

No

The response for Question 2 to provide clarity for the word essential uses the term essential. It did not provide clarity such as it means vital or cannot function without, etc.

Group

E.ON U.S.

Brent Ingebrigtson

No

The SDT interpretation of the phrase "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset" means that a "Critical Cyber Asset" is a cyber asset "used to perform a function essential to the operation of the Critical Assets". E.ON U.S. does not believe that the proposed interpretation clarifies the standard. The issue posed by the request for interpretation is whether cyber assets used for remote support, such as laptops, would be considered "essential to the operation" of a Critical Asset, thus requiring application of CIP-006 physical controls to a laptop. Despite the obvious impracticality of applying CIP-006 controls to laptops, the interpretation leaves this question unanswered. As a result, the interpretation severely restricts the ability of entities to remotely support operations essential to the reliability of the BES. As a result, the reliability of the BES is eroded. The interpretation does nothing to address the questions posed. Recent guidance documents published by NERC concerning remote access are similarly unhelpful.

Group

MidAmerican Energy Company

Annette Johnston

The request is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.

The request expands the reach of the standard.

The proposed interpretation does expand the reach of the standard. See question #3 comments.

Nο

We agree with the interpretation for Duke Energy's Question #1. We do not agree with the interpretation for Duke Energy's Question #2. The interpretation provided is circular, provides no new useful information, and potentially expands the reach of the standard which is not allowed for an interpretation. MidAmerican suggests the interpretation clarify "essential" in this context as cyber assets which "are always required" for the operation of the critical asset.

Individual

Matt Brewer

SDG&E

The request is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.

The request expands the reach of the standard.

CIPO02-R3 states "....the Responsible Entity shall develop a list of associated Critical Cyber Assets essential to the operation of the Critical Asset". An asset that is "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset" is not the same as "any Cyber Asset used to perform a function essential to the operation of the Critical Asset". There are many devices that could, in theory, be used to perform a function that would be considered essential to the operation of the Critical Asset that are not themselves essential to the operation of the Critical Asset. Essential should mean that an Entity is unable to operate the Critical Asset without that cyber asset (i.e. essential to the operation of the Critical Asset).

No

We believe there are actually two interpretations under project 2010-95. The first is regarding whether or not the examples in CIP003 R3 are prescriptive such that the types of assets meeting those descriptions must be assumed to be Critical Cyber Assets. We agree with NERC's interpretation that the list is not meant to be prescriptive; rather it is a list of the types of assets that should be considered (evaluated). The second interpretation pertains to the definition of "essential" when referring to the standard's language "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset". CIP002-R3 states "....the Responsible Entity shall develop a list of associated Critical Cyber Assets essential to the operation of the Critical Asset" is not the same as "any Cyber Asset used to perform a function essential to the operation of the Critical Asset". There are many devices that could, in theory, be used to perform a function that would be considered essential to the operation of the Critical Asset. Essential should mean that an Entity is unable to operate the Critical Asset without that cyber asset (i.e. essential to the operation of the Critical Asset).

Group

Bonneville Power Administration

Denise Koehn

The request is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.

The request does not expand the reach of the standard.

No

YES, we agree with the response to question 1, that the "Examples..." are just that, examples, and not a prescriptive list. NO, the response to question 2 is inadequate. The phrase in question is used to define the phrase in question: "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset" means the device is used to perform a function "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset." The example cited is good, but a definition of "essential," as requested, is still needed.

Individual

Kasia Mihalchuk

Manitoba Hydro

Both. Question 1 seeks clarity of the examples in R3. Question 2 seeks clarity regarding the meaning of "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset", and seeks clarity on the application of R3 in a given situation.

The request does not expand the reach of the standard.

Yes

Individual

Christine Hasha

ERCOT

The request is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.

The request does not expand the reach of the standard.

No

ERCOT ISO agrees with the comments from the SRC. In addition, ERCOT ISO offers the following comments. The meaning of "essential" should be addressed more clearly with less emphasis on asset types (i.e.: operator consoles). The response confuses the issues addressed by the requestor. Another alternative to essential would be the use of the word "required". Cyber Asset only becomes a Critical Cyber Asset if it is required to operate the Critical Asset. This would imply that the Critical Asset would not be able to perform the function required without the Critical Cyber Asset in question. Additionally, assets that are convenience or nice-to-have should be excluded from being categorized as Critical Cyber Assets.

Group

Electric Market Policy

Mike Garton

The request is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.

The request does not expand the reach of the standard.

Dominion finds that the Response to Question 2 is both incomplete and confusing. To respond with "'essential to the operation of the Critical Asset" does not answer the question. Specifically this response does not address the follow-on question about assets that "may" be used but are not "required". The second and third sentences of the response to Question 2 leave more questions than provide answers. We agree that an HMI is essential ("indispensible, vital, fundamental, and necessary") for "operator-assisted remote control". However, in most cases, the HMI is not essential to the operation of the CA, since most if not all CAs can be operated manually and/or via protective devices (e.g., relays) locally. Finally, this response does not address remote access. Dominion believes that when several (not to be confused with redundant) solutions exist (e.g., multiple HMI workstations), that no single solution is essential. In question 2 Duke puts a statement about remote access, and Dominion agrees with Duke that remote access is valuable to operations. We believe remote access is addressed by CIP-005 and as such should not be addressed by CIP-002.

No

See comments in response to question 2. The interpretation is incomplete and in itself confusing and does not provide the clarity needed.

Individual

Thad Ness

American Electric Power

The request is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.

The request expands the reach of the standard.

The last sentence in the second interpretation "Similarly, any Cyber Asset, when used to perform a

function essential to the operation of the Critical Asset, becomes a Critical Cyber Asset" needs to be removed or expanded to conform to the parameters of the requirement.

Nο

Comments: AEP is fine with the first interpretation, but the second needs additional work as we don't feel it is responsive to the question asked and also expands upon the requirement as it excludes the sub-requirements that provide context of the definition of the critical cyber assets.

Individual

Jon Kapitz

Xcel Energy

No

The response to question 1 seems clear and adequate. The response to question 2 is inadequate in that it basically restates the phrase that had been questioned. It does not provide guidance for the question of assessing Cyber Assets that "may" be used but are not "required" and completely ignores the stated example of remote access.

Group

Edison Electric Institute

David Batz

The request is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.

The request expands the reach of the standard.

No

For the Response to question 2, The interpretation attempts to clarify the phrase "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset" by introducing a new concept of "perform a function essential to the operation of a Critical Asset". We believe that this fails to provide clarity, and instead expands the reach of the standard. The interpretation should focus on clarifying what the term "essential" means. Moreover, we believe that it is inappropriate to attempt to define "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset" by using the term "essential" as this is a circular definition, and provides no new or useful information. We believe that "essential" cyber assets are those which are always required for operation of the Critical Asset; without which the primary mission (the qualities or attributes of an asset that causes it to be deemed 'Critical') of a Critical Asset cannot be performed.

Individual

Jason Marshall

Midwest ISO

The request is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.

The request expands the reach of the standard.

No

We agree with the answer to the first question. We disagree with the answer to the second question. "Essential to the operation of the Critical Asset" would mean that the Critical Asset cannot be operated without the Critical Cyber Asset or, at the very least, it would be challenging to operate the Critical Asset without the Critical Cyber Asset. One definition of essential as defined in Merriam-Webster dictionary is: "of the utmost importance". Necessary and indispensable are common synonyms for essential identified in Merriam-Webster. Thus, a Cyber Asset only becomes a Critical Cyber Asset if it is necessary to operate the Critical Asset.

Individual

Dan Rochester

Independent Electricity System Operator

The request is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.

It is not clear if this question is regarding the request or the response. In fact, the question "Do you believe this interpretation expands the reach of the standard?" conflicts with the two statements adjacent to the two checkboxes which refer to the 'request'.

Yes

We agree with the response to Question 1. We agree with the intent of response to Question 2 but we believe (1) it should not include an example and (2) it could be worded more clearly. We respectfully suggested the following wording for the response to Question 2: The phrase "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset" means that the Critical Cyber Asset is used to perform a function fundamental to the operation of the Critical Asset. This means that; if the Critical Cyber Asset was not available or was severely impaired, the Critical Asset could not be operated or operation of the Critical Asset would be severely impaired.

Individual

Gregory Campoli

New York Independent System Operator

The request is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.

Question #1 and #2 both seek to clarify the meaning of CIP-002-R3

The request does not expand the reach of the standard.

The request for interpretation seeks clarification on the meaning of CIP-002-3. The request for interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard. However, the current interpretation does expand the reach of the standard.

No

We do not agree with this interpretation due to concerns with the response to question #2. There are four issues with the response to question #2. First, the response does not directly answer the question asked. Second, the response repeats the same language as the original standard without further clarification. Third the example provided creates further confusion. Finally, the response expands the scope of the standard. The response does not directly answer question #2. A key element of this question is the second sentence which asks if cyber assets that "may" be used but are not "required" for operation of a Critical Asset must be considered "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset". There is nothing in the response that clearly or directly addresses this basic question. The response attempts to clarify the meaning of the requirement by using the same language as the original requirement. If the phase "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset" is to mean something different than the defined NERC glossary terms and the dictionary definitions of the words contained therein then there should be other words used in the clarification aside from those already in the requirement. Expanding the phase to include the notion of a cyber asset performing a function 'essential to the operation of the Critical Asset" does nothing to clarify the meaning of the phase 'essential to the operation of the Critical Asset". The example provided in the response creates additional confusion given the context of question #2. There are three sentences in question #2 each raising slightly different elements for consideration in the interpretation. A single example illustrating one situation where a cyber asset would be considered "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset" does little to clarify the different elements in question. In fact, the example may further confuse the meaning of the requirement by suggesting that this one example represents a pattern that must be applied to each element in question. Providing another example where a cyber asset would be determined not essential would enable people to compare and contrast the examples and may provide insight to the meaning of the requirement. The response to question #2 expands the scope of the standard. Given that the term "essential" is not defined in the NERC glossary, the dictionary definition is important. The Merriam -Webster dictionary definition, "ESSENTIAL implies belonging to the very nature of a thing and therefore being incapable of removal without destroying the thing itself or its character", directly contradicts the notion that a cyber asset that is not "required" for operation of the Critical Asset must necessarily be considered "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset". Therefore, this interpretation changes the meaning of the phase 'essential to the operation of the Critical Asset" and effectively expands the scope of the standards to include cyber assets that may not otherwise be included.

Individual

Paul Crist

Lincoln Electric System

The request is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.

The request does not expand the reach of the standard.

Yes

Group

Western Electricity Coordinating Council

Steve Rueckert

The request is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.

The request does not expand the reach of the standard.

No

We agree that the first questions is answered adequatly and do not have any issues with the response provided. However, the the response to the second question used the word essential to try and define what is esential. It says that the phrase "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset" means it is used to perform a function "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset." We do not believe it is appropriate to use a term for which a definition is sought in the definition of the term.

Group

MRO's NERC Standards Review Subcommittee

Carol Gerou

The request is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.

The request expands the reach of the standard.

No

We agree that the examples listed in CIP 002 R1 are not meant to be prescriptive. If they were prescriptive, all devices involved in "real-time inter-utility data exchange" would be considered Critical Cyber Assets (CCA), even if the data exchanged had no relevance to the operation of the BES. However, we believe that it is inappropriate to attempt to define "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset" by using the term "essential" as this is a circular definition, and provides no new or useful information. Also, this interpretation states that the Cyber Asset becomes a CCA "when used". This may imply that the Cyber Asset, capable of performing an essential function, is not a CCA when not presently being used to perform the essential function. For example, a relief desk workstation, despite its present capability to execute controls on the BES would not be considered a CCA when not manned. Also, a standby EMS server would not be considered a CCA when not in use. Basing CCA classification on intermittent criteria such as "when used" may affect whether requirements, such as the need for a Recovery Plan, are also intermittent. We believe that "essential" cyber assets are those which are always required for operation of the Critical Asset; without which the primary mission (the qualities or attributes of an asset that causes it to be deemed 'Critical') of a Critical Asset cannot be performed.



Consideration of Comments

Consideration of Comments on Interpretation of CIP-002-1 – Cyber Security – Critical Cyber Asset Identification, Requirement R3 for Duke Energy Corporation Project 2010-05

The CIP Interpretation Drafting Team thanks all commenters who submitted comments on the initial draft of an interpretation of CIP-002-1 — Cyber Security — Critical Cyber Asset Identification, Requirement R3 for Duke Energy Corporation. This interpretation was posted for a 30-day public comment period from September 8, 2010 through October 8, 2010. The stakeholders were asked to provide feedback on the interpretation through a special Electronic Comment Form. There were 39 sets of comments, including comments from more than 85 different people from approximately 75 companies representing 9 of the 10 Industry Segments as shown in the table on the following pages.

All comments submitted may be reviewed in their original format on the standard's project page:

http://www.nerc.com/filez/standards/Interp2010-05 Interpretation CIP-002-1%20 Duke.html

If you feel that your comment has been overlooked, please let us know immediately. Our goal is to give every comment serious consideration in this process! If you feel there has been an error or omission, you can contact the Vice President of Standards and Training, Herb Schrayshuen, at 404-446-2560 or at herb.schrayshuen@nerc.net. In addition, there is a NERC Reliability Standards Appeals Process.¹

¹ The appeals process is in the Reliability Standards Development Procedures: http://www.nerc.com/standards/newstandardsprocess.html.



Index to Questions, Comments, and Responses

1.	The NERC Board of Trustees indicated that the interpretation process should not be used to address requests for a decision on "how" a reliability standard applies to a registered entity's particular facts and circumstances. Do you believe this request for an interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement or clarity on the application of a requirement?
2.	The NERC Board of Trustees indicated that in deciding whether or not to approve a proposed interpretation, it will use a standard of strict construction and not seek to expand the reach of the standard to correct a perceived gap or deficiency in the standard. Do you believe this interpretation expands the reach of the standard?
3.	Do you agree with this interpretation? If not, why not 31



The Industry Segments are:

- 1 Transmission Owners
- 2 RTOs, ISOs
- 3 Load-serving Entities
- 4 Transmission-dependent Utilities
- 5 Electric Generators
- 6 Electricity Brokers, Aggregators, and Marketers
- 7 Large Electricity End Users
- 8 Small Electricity End Users
- 9 Federal, State, Provincial Regulatory or other Government Entities
- 10 Regional Reliability Organizations, Regional Entities

Group/Individual Commenter			Organization Registered Ballot Body Segment												
						1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1.	Group	Guy Zito	Northeast Pow	ver Coord	linating Council										х
	Additional Additional Organization Member		Regio n	Segment Selection											

	Additional Member	Additional Organization	Regio n		Segment Selection
1.	Alan Adamson	New York State Reliability Council, LLC	NPCC	10	
2.	Gregory Campoli	New York Independent System Operator	NPCC	2	
3.	Kurtis Chong	Independent Electricity System Operator	NPCC	2	
4.	Sylvain Clermont	Hydro-Quebec TransEnergie	NPCC	1	



Gı	roup/Individual	Commenter		Organ	ization			Regis	stered	l Ballo	t Bod	y Segn	nent		
						1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
5.	Chris de Graffenried	Consolidated Edison Co Inc.	o. of New York,	NPCC	1							•			
6.	Gerry Dunbar	Northeast Power Coord Council	dinating	NPCC	10										
7.	Dean Ellis	Dynegy Generation		NPCC	5										
8.	Brian Evans- Mongeon	Utility Services		NPCC	8										
9.	Mike Garton	Dominion Resources Se	ervices, Inc.	NPCC	5										
10	Brian L. Gooder	Ontario Power General Incorporated	tion	NPCC	5										
11	Kathleen Goodman	ISO - New England		NPCC	2										
12	Chantel Haswell	FPL Group, Inc.		NPCC	5										
13	David Kiguel	Hydro One Networks Ir	nc.	NPCC	1										
14	Michael R. Lombardi	Northeast Utilities		NPCC	1										
15	Randy MacDonald	New Brunswick System	Operator	NPCC	2										
16	Bruce Metruck	New York Power Autho	ority	NPCC	6										
17	Lee Pedowicz	Northeast Power Coord	dinating	NPCC	10										
18	Robert Pellegrini	The United Illuminating	g Company	NPCC	1										
19	Si Truc Phan	Hydro-Quebec TransEn	nergie	NPCC	1										
20	Saurabh Saksena	National Grid		NPCC	1										
21	Michael Schiavone	National Grid		NPCC	1										
22	Peter Yost	Consolidated Edison Co. of New York, Inc.		NPCC	3										
						1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10



Group/Individual Commenter			Organization			Regi	stere	d Ballo	ot Bod	y Segr	nent		
				1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
2.	Individual	Christopher Kotting	Public Utilities Commission of Ohio Staff									х	
				1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
3.	Group	Terry L. Blackwell	Santee Cooper	х		х			х				
	Additional Member	Additional Organization	Regio Segment n Selection	•									
1 S	. Tom Abrams	Santee Cooper	SERC 1										
2 R	Rene' Free	Santee Cooper	SERC 1										
				1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
4.	Group	Joe Doetzl	Kansas City Power & Light	х		х		х	Х				
	Additional Member	Additional Organization	Regio Segment n Selection										
1 N	Aichael Gammon	KCPL	SPP 1, 3, 5, 6										
				1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
5.	Group	Denise Koehn	Bonneville Power Administration	х		x		x	x				
	Additional Member	Additional Organ	nization Regio Segment n Selection										
1 (1 Curt Wilkins BPA, Transmission System Operations WECC 1												
2 B	BPA NERC CIP Tea	m BPA	WECC 1, 3, 5, 6										
6.	Group	Mike Garton	Electric Market Policy	х		х		х	х				



Gı	oup/Individual	al Commenter C		Organization Registered Ballot Body Seg			y Segr	nent									
						1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10		
	Additional Member	Additional Organization		Region Segment Selection		-		1	•								
1.	ı	VIICHAELGIIGEA	Domi Inc	Dominion Resources Services, Inc		SERC		3									
2.	ı	OHIS SIAGE	Domi	nion Resource	s Services,	SERC		6									
3.	J	lohn Calder	Domi	nion Virginia F	ower	SERC		1									
4.		Kriice Kingnam	Domi	ninion Resources Services, SERC		5											
7.	Group	Steve Rueckert		Western Elect	ricity Coord	dinating (Council										х
	Additional Member	Additional Organization	Regio n	Regio Segment													
1.	J	loshua Axelrod	WECC	C WECC	1 0												
2.	J	lohn Van Boxtel		WECC	1 0												
8.	Group	Carol Gerou		MRO's NERC Subcommitte		eview											x
	Additional Member	Additional Orga	nizati														
1.	Mahmood Safi	Omaha Public Utility	y Distr	rict MRO	1, 3, 5, 6												
2.	Chuck Lawrence	American Transmiss Company	sion	MRO	1												
3.	Tom Webb	WPS Corporation		MRO	3, 4, 5, 6												
4.	Jason Marshall	Midwest ISO Inc.		MRO	2												



Gro	oup/Individual	ual Commenter Organization				Regi	stered	d Ballo	ot Bod	y Segi	ment			
					1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
5	Jodi Jenson	Western Area Power Administration	MRO	1, 6	1	•	1	•	•	•	•			
6. 1	Ken Goldsmith	Alliant Energy	MRO	4										
7. /	Alice Murdock	Xcel Energy	MRO	1, 3, 5, 6										
8.	Dave Rudolph	Basin Electric Power Cooperative	MRO	1, 3, 5, 6										
9. 1	Eric Ruskamp	Lincoln Electric System	MRO	1, 3, 5, 6										
10 .	Joseph Knight	Great River Energy	MRO	1, 3, 5, 6										
11 .	Joe DePoorter	Madison Gas & Electric	MRO	3, 4, 5, 6										
12 5	Scott Nickels	Rochester Public Utilties	MRO MRO	4										
13	Terry Harbour	MidAmerican Energy Co	mpany MRO 1, 3, 5, 6											
9.	Individual	Candace Morakinyo	Wisconsin Electric Power Company				х	х	х	х				х
10.	Individual	Brent Ingebrigtson	E.ON U.S.		х		х		х	х				
11.	Individual	Annette Johnston	MidAmerican	Energy Company	х				х					
12.	Individual	David Batz	Edison Electri	ic Institute	х				х					
13.	Individual	Glen Hattrup	Kansas City P	ower & Light	х				х					
14.	Individual	Warren Rust	Colorado Springs Utilities		х		х		х					
15.	Individual	David Proebstel	PUD No.1 of Clallam County				х							
16.	Individual	Martin Kaufman	ExxonMobil Research and Engineering		х				х		х			
17.	Individual	Mark Simon	Encari, LLC											



Gro	oup/Individual	Commenter	Organization		Registered Ballot Body Segment										
				1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10		
18.	Individual	John Kutzer	John Kutzer	John Kutzer N/A											
19.	Individual	Jennifer Rosario	Progress Energy	х		х		х		х					
20.	Individual	Martin Bauer	US Bureau of Reclamation					х							
21.	Individual	Jonathan Appelbaum	United Illuminating	х											
22.	Individual	RoLynda Shumpert	South Carolina Electric and Gas	х		х		х	х						
23.	Individual	Darryl Curtis	Oncor Electric Delivery LLC												
24.	Individual	Eric Scott	Ameren	х		х		х	х						
25.	Individual	John Brockhan	CenterPoint Energy	х											
26.	Individual	Andrew Pusztai	American Transmission Company	х											
27.	Individual	Joylyn Faust	Consumers Energy			х	х	х							
28.	Individual	Greg Rowland	Duke Energy	х		х		х	х						
29.	Individual	Kathleen Goodman	ISO New Enlgand Inc.		х										
30.	Individual	Tony Kroskey	Brazos Electric Power Cooperative, Inc.	х				х							
31.	Individual	Matt Brewer	SDG&E			х		х							
32.	Individual	Kasia Mihalchuk	Manitoba Hydro	x x x											



Group/Individual Commenter Organization				Regi	stered	d Ballo	t Bod	y Segr	nent				
					2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
33.	Individual	Christine Hasha	ERCOT		х								
34.	Individual	Thad Ness	American Electric Power x			х		х	х				
35.	Individual	Jon Kapitz	Xcel Energy			х		х	х				
36.	Individual	Jason Marshall	Midwest ISO		х								
37.	Individual	Dan Rochester	Independent Electricity System Operator		х								
38.	Individual	Gregory Campoli	New York Independent System Operator		х								
39.	Individual	Paul Crist	Lincoln Electric System			х		х					



1. The NERC Board of Trustees indicated that the interpretation process should not be used to address requests for a decision on "how" a reliability standard applies to a registered entity's particular facts and circumstances. Do you believe this request for an interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement or clarity on the application of a requirement?

Summary Consideration:

The interpretation drafting team ("IDT") thanks all who commented during the last posting of the interpretation for their interest and feedback. Commenters from the last posting of the interpretation provided constructive comments and concerns. The interpretation drafting team agreed with the majority of the comments concerning the original interpretation of Question #1 and slightly modified the language to add clarity. The phrase "is illustrative, not prescriptive" was added to the response. Question #2 was more challenging and there were disagreements between commenters whether interpreting "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset" expanded on the requirements of the standard or if common definitions could be used to make the interpretation.

In response to the comments received and reflective of the team's revisions to the interpretation, the interpretation drafting team carefully considered each comment and have provided responses to each comment.

Most commenters to Question #1 of the comment form indicated that they likely would have voted differently for each of the two responses to the questions in the Request for Interpretation. The IDT agrees that commenters should be able to respond separately to each question, and notes that it has changed the comment form accompanying the interpretation.

Organization	Yes or No	Question 1 Comment
Northeastn Power Coordinating Council	The request is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.	Duke's first question requests clarity on the meaning of the requirement. Duke's second question requests clarity on the application of the requirement. I would have liked to check both boxes, but the program would only accept one box checked.

Response: Thank you for your comment. The Interpretation Drafting Team agrees that Duke's first question is asking for clarity. The CIP interpretation Drafting Team modified the original response slightly by adding the phrase "is illustrative, not prescriptive."

Duke's second question is primarily asking for clarity on language in Requirement 3, "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset." The IDT prepared a new response to Duke's second question identifying that "essential" is not defined in the Glossary of Terms used in NERC Reliability Standards. The well-understood meaning and ordinary usage of the word "essential" implies "inherent to" or "necessary." The phrase "inherent to or necessary to the operation of the Critical Asset" has the same meaning as "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset."

Additionally, the IDT offers the following supplemental observation regarding the above interpretations. The language within CIP-002-1 Requirement 3 works hand-in-hand with the Standard's Purpose and Requirement 1. The Responsible Entity is responsible for using its judgment to identify Critical



Organization	Yes or No	Question 1 Comment							
Cyber Assets that are essential, inhe	Cyber Assets that are essential, inherent, or necessary to the operation of the Critical Assets."								
The new comment form will provide two sets of boxes so you can provide a separate response to each question.									
ISO New Enlgand Inc.		Cannot select both options; but the answer is bothDuke's first question requests clarity on the meaning of the requirement. Duke's second question requests clarity on the application of the requirement.							

Response: Thank you for your comment. The Interpretation Drafting Team ("IDT") agrees that Duke's first question is asking for clarity. The original response was modified slightly by adding the phrase "is illustrative, not prescriptive."

Duke's second question is primarily asking for clarity on language in Requirement 3, "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset." The IDT prepared a new response to Duke's second question identifying that "essential" is not defined in the Glossary of Terms used in NERC Reliability Standards. The well-understood meaning and ordinary usage of the word "essential" implies "inherent to" or "necessary." The phrase "inherent to or necessary to the operation of the Critical Asset" has the same meaning as "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset."

Additionally, the IDT offers the following supplemental observation regarding the above interpretations. The language within CIP-002-1 Requirement 3 works hand-in-hand with the Standard's Purpose and Requirement 1. The Responsible Entity is responsible for using its judgment to identify Critical Cyber Assets that are essential, inherent, or necessary to the operation of the Critical Assets."

The new comment form will provide two sets of boxes so you can provide a separate response to each interpretation response.

Brazos Electric Power Cooperative, Inc.	The request is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.	
SDG&E	The request is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.	
Manitoba Hydro		Both. Question 1 seeks clarity of the examples in R3. Question 2 seeks clarity regarding the meaning of "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset", and seeks clarity on the application of R3 in a given situation.

Response: Thank you for your comment. The Interpretation Drafting Team ("IDT") agrees that Duke's first question is asking for clarity. The original



Organization Yes or No Question 1 Comment

response was modified slightly by adding the phrase "is illustrative, not prescriptive."

Duke's second question is primarily asking for clarity on language in Requirement 3, "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset." The IDT prepared a new response to Duke's second question identifying that "essential" is not defined in the Glossary of Terms used in NERC Reliability Standards. The well-understood meaning and ordinary usage of the word "essential" implies "inherent to" or "necessary." The phrase "inherent to or necessary to the operation of the Critical Asset" has the same meaning as "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset."

Additionally, the IDT offers the following supplemental observation regarding the above interpretations. The language within CIP-002-1 Requirement 3 works hand-in-hand with the Standard's Purpose and Requirement 1. The Responsible Entity is responsible for using its judgment to identify Critical Cyber Assets that are essential, inherent, or necessary to the operation of the Critical Assets."

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	e request is asking for rity on the meaning of a requirement.	Question #1 and #2 both seek to clarify the meaning of CIP-002-R3
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Response: Thank you for your comment. The Interpretation Drafting Team ("IDT") agrees that Duke's first question is asking for clarity. The original response was modified slightly by adding the phrase "is illustrative, not prescriptive."

Duke's second question is primarily asking for clarity on language in Requirement 3, "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset." The IDT prepared a new response to Duke's second question identifying that "essential" is not defined in the Glossary of Terms used in NERC Reliability Standards. The well-understood meaning and ordinary usage of the word "essential" implies "inherent to" or "necessary." The phrase "inherent to or necessary to the operation of the Critical Asset" has the same meaning as "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset."

Additionally, the IDT offers the following supplemental observation regarding the above interpretations. The language within CIP-002-1 Requirement 3 works hand-in-hand with the Standard's Purpose and Requirement 1. The Responsible Entity is responsible for using its judgment to identify Critical Cyber Assets that are essential, inherent, or necessary to the operation of the Critical Assets."

Lincoln Electric System	The request is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.	
Electric Market Policy	The request is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.	



Organization	Yes or No	Question 1 Comment	
Western Electricity Coordinating Council	The request is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.		
MRO's NERC Standards Review Subcommittee	The request is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.		
Wisconsin Electric Power Company	The request is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.		
MidAmerican Energy Company	The request is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.		
Edison Electric Institute	The request is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.		
Kansas City Power & Light	The request is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.		
Colorado Springs Utilities	The request is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.	the meaning of	
PUD No.1 of Clallam County	The request is asking for clarity on the application of a requirement.		
ExxonMobil Research and	The request is asking for		



Organization	Yes or No	Question 1 Comment
Engineering	clarity on the meaning of a requirement.	
Encari, LLC	The request is asking for clarity on the application of a requirement.	
John Kutzer	The request is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.	
Progress Energy	The request is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.	
US Bureau of Reclamation	The request is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.	
United Illuminating	The request is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.	
South Carolina Electric and Gas	The request is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.	
Oncor Electric Delivery LLC	The request is asking for clarity on the application of a requirement.	
Ameren	The request is asking for clarity on the meaning of	



Organization	Yes or No	Question 1 Comment	
	a requirement.		
CenterPoint Energy	The request is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.		
American Transmission Company	The request is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.	None	
Duke Energy	The request is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.		
ERCOT	The request is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.	the meaning of	
American Electric Power	The request is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.		
Midwest ISO	The request is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.		
Independent Electricity System Operator	The request is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.		
Public Utilities Commission of Ohio Staff	The request is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.		



Organization	Yes or No	Question 1 Comment	
Santee Cooper	The request is asking for clarity on the application of a requirement.		
Kansas City Power & Light	The request is asking for clarity on the application of a requirement.		
Bonneville Power Administration	The request is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.		

Response: Thank you for your comment.



2. The NERC Board of Trustees indicated that in deciding whether or not to approve a proposed interpretation, it will use a standard of strict construction and not seek to expand the reach of the standard to correct a perceived gap or deficiency in the standard. Do you believe this interpretation expands the reach of the standard?

Summary Consideration:

Many commenters expressed concern that the previously-posted interpretation, particularly the response to question #2 of the RFI, expanded or reduced the reach of the standard. In response, and after careful analysis and consideration of comments, the IDT has significantly changed the response to question #2 in a manner that it believes does not expand the reach of the requirement.

The second question from Duke Energy's RFI primarily asked for clarity on language in Requirement 3, "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset." The IDT prepared a new response to Duke Energy's second question identifying that "essential" is not defined in the Glossary of Terms used in NERC Reliability Standards. The well-understood meaning and ordinary usage of the word "essential" implies "inherent to" or "necessary." The phrase "inherent to or necessary to the operation of the Critical Asset" has the same meaning as "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset."

Organization	Yes or No	Question 2 Comment
Northeastn Power Coordinating Council	The request expands the reach of the standard.	The Interpretation expands the standard by referring to the human-to-machine interface. This interface is only a conduit to the CCA, it is not the CCA. It is assumed that the check boxes above refer to the interpretation, not the request.

Response: Thank you for your comment. The IDT has clarified the question on the new comment form. The Interpretation Drafting Team ("IDT") believes that Duke's first question is asking for clarity. The original response was modified slightly by adding the phrase "is illustrative, not prescriptive."

Duke's second question is primarily asking for clarity on language in Requirement 3, "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset." The IDT prepared a new response to Duke's second question identifying that "essential" is not defined in the Glossary of Terms used in NERC Reliability Standards. The well-understood meaning and ordinary usage of the word "essential" implies "inherent to" or "necessary." The phrase "inherent to or necessary to the operation of the Critical Asset" has the same meaning as "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset."

Additionally, the IDT offers the following supplemental observation regarding the above interpretations. The language within CIP-002-1 Requirement 3 works hand-in-hand with the Standard's Purpose and Requirement 1. The Responsible Entity is responsible for using its judgment to identify Critical Cyber



Organization	Yes or No	Question 2 Comment	
Assets that are essential, inherent,	Assets that are essential, inherent, or necessary to the operation of the Critical Assets."		
The new comment form will provid	le two sets of boxes	so you can provide a separate response to each interpretation response.	
Public Utilities Commission of Ohio Staff	The request does not expand the reach of the standard.	As noted below, it is our opinion that the Interpretation reduces the reach of the standard.	

Response: Thank you for your comment. The Interpretation Drafting Team ("IDT") believes that Duke's first question is asking for clarity. The original response was modified slightly by adding the phrase "is illustrative, not prescriptive."

Duke's second question is primarily asking for clarity on language in Requirement 3, "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset." The IDT prepared a new response to Duke's second question identifying that "essential" is not defined in the Glossary of Terms used in NERC Reliability Standards. The well-understood meaning and ordinary usage of the word "essential" implies "inherent to" or "necessary." The phrase "inherent to or necessary to the operation of the Critical Asset" has the same meaning as "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset."

Electric Market Policy	The request does not expand the reach of the standard.	Dominion finds that the Response to Question 2 is both incomplete and confusing. To respond with "'essential to the operation of the Critical Asset' means essential to the operation of the Critical Asset" does not answer the question. Specifically this response does not address the follow-on question about assets that "may" be used but are not "required". The second and third sentences of the response to Question 2 leave more questions than provide answers. We agree that an HMI is essential ("indispensible, vital, fundamental, and necessary") for "operator-assisted remote control". However, in most cases, the HMI is not essential to the operation of the CA, since most if not all CAs can be operated manually and/or via protective devices (e.g., relays) locally. Finally, this response does not address remote access.Dominion believes that when several (not to be confused with redundant) solutions exist (e.g., multiple HMI workstations), that no single solution is essential. In question 2 Duke puts a statement about remote access, and Dominion agrees with Duke that remote access is valuable to operations. We believe remote access is addressed by CIP-005 and as such should not be addressed by CIP-002.
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Organization Yes or No Question 2 Comment

Response: Thank you for your comment. The IDT prepared a new response to Duke's second question identifying that "essential" is not defined in the Glossary of Terms used in NERC Reliability Standards. The well-understood meaning and ordinary usage of the word "essential" implies "inherent to" or "necessary." The phrase "inherent to or necessary to the operation of the Critical Asset" has the same meaning as "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset."

Additionally, the IDT offers the following supplemental observation regarding the above interpretations. The language within CIP-002-1 Requirement 3 works hand-in-hand with the Standard's Purpose and Requirement 1. The Responsible Entity is responsible for using its judgment to identify Critical Cyber Assets that are essential, inherent, or necessary to the operation of the Critical Assets."

The application questions as to "how" the standard applies are beyond the scope of this Interpretation.

Wisconsin Electric Power Company	The request expands the reach of the standard.	The interpretation attempts to clarify the phrase "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset" by introducing a new concept of "perform a function essential to the operation of a Critical Asset". We believe that this fails to provide clarity, and instead expands the reach of the standard. The interpretation should focus on clarifying what the term "essential" means. Moreover, we believe that it is inappropriate to attempt to define "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset" by using the term "essential" as this is a circular definition, and provides no new or useful information. We believe that "essential" cyber assets are those which are always required for operation of the Critical Asset; without which the primary mission (the qualities or attributes of an asset that causes it to be identified as 'Critical') of a Critical Asset cannot be performed.
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Response: Thank you for your comment. The Interpretation Drafting Team ("IDT") believes that Duke's first question is asking for clarity. The original response was modified slightly by adding the phrase "is illustrative, not prescriptive."

Duke's second question is primarily asking for clarity on language in Requirement 3, "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset." The IDT prepared a new response to Duke's second question identifying that "essential" is not defined in the Glossary of Terms used in NERC Reliability Standards. The well-understood meaning and ordinary usage of the word "essential" implies "inherent to" or "necessary." The phrase "inherent to or necessary to the operation of the Critical Asset" has the same meaning as "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset."



Organization	Yes or No	Question 2 Comment
MidAmerican Energy Company	The request expands the reach of the standard.	The proposed interpretation does expand the reach of the standard. See question #3 comments.
Kansas City Power & Light	The request expands the reach of the standard.	Please see response in Question 3 comments. Concerns regarding the expansion of the standard are expressed there.

Response: Thank you for your comment. The Interpretation Drafting Team ("IDT") believes that Duke's first question is asking for clarity. The original response was modified slightly by adding the phrase "is illustrative, not prescriptive."

Duke's second question is primarily asking for clarity on language in Requirement 3, "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset." The IDT prepared a new response to Duke's second question identifying that "essential" is not defined in the Glossary of Terms used in NERC Reliability Standards. The well-understood meaning and ordinary usage of the word "essential" implies "inherent to" or "necessary." The phrase "inherent to or necessary to the operation of the Critical Asset" has the same meaning as "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset."

Additionally, the IDT offers the following supplemental observation regarding the above interpretations. The language within CIP-002-1 Requirement 3 works hand-in-hand with the Standard's Purpose and Requirement 1. The Responsible Entity is responsible for using its judgment to identify Critical Cyber Assets that are essential, inherent, or necessary to the operation of the Critical Assets."

Colorado Springs Utilities	The request expands the reach of the standard.	the second part of Q2's response infers without justification that "operator-assisted remote control" is an essential function. Will NERC supply a list of cyber functions they consider essential to the operation of critical assets, or will they accept industry participants' self-determined answer to that question?
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Response: Thank you for your comment. The IDT prepared a new response to Duke's second question identifying that "essential" is not defined in the Glossary of Terms used in NERC Reliability Standards. The well-understood meaning and ordinary usage of the word "essential" implies "inherent to" or "necessary." The phrase "inherent to or necessary to the operation of the Critical Asset" has the same meaning as "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset."

Additionally, the IDT offers the following supplemental observation regarding the above interpretations. The language within CIP-002-1 Requirement 3 works hand-in-hand with the Standard's Purpose and Requirement 1. The Responsible Entity is responsible for using its judgment to identify Critical Cyber



Organization	Yes or No	Question 2 Comment
Assets that are essential, inherent, or necessary to the operation of the Critical Assets."		
John Kutzer	The request expands the reach of the standard.	The response to Question 2 of the request for interpretation expands reach of the standards by not correctly identifying Critical Cyber Assets. The standard currently has two tests for an asset to be classified as a Critical Cyber Asset, the first being "essential to operation" (R3) and the second being the communication mechanism (R3.1, R3.2, & R3.3). The response to this question ignores the second criteria for identifying Critical Cyber Assets and as a result expands the reach of the standard.

Additionally, the IDT offers the following supplemental observation regarding the above interpretations. The language within CIP-002-1 Requirement 3 works hand-in-hand with the Standard's Purpose and Requirement 1. The Responsible Entity is responsible for using its judgment to identify Critical Cyber Assets that are essential, inherent, or necessary to the operation of the Critical Assets."

This interpretation singly addresses Duke's interpretation questions. The application discussion and applicability of the sub-requirements are beyond the scope of this interpretation.

Progress Energy	The request expands the reach of the standard.	The sentence "For example, in a control center, a human-to-machine interface such as an operator console is used to perform the essential function of operator-assisted remote control" confuses the issue by describing the use of an operator console as "remote control". Most would consider human-to-machine interfaces or operator consoles in control centers as primary
	Standard.	control, not remote control. The question in the request for interpretation asks about laptops used for remote access. This answer, using the word "remote" in a different context than it is used in the question confuses the issue. It implies (without saying it clearly) that the remote access laptop referred to in the question is essential to the operation of the control system, just as the human-to-machine interface is. The remote access laptop is not essential. It can be turned off and the control system will continue to function.

Response: Thank you for your comment. The IDT prepared a new response to Duke's second question identifying that "essential" is not defined in the



Organization	Yes or No	Question 2 Comment

Glossary of Terms used in NERC Reliability Standards. The well-understood meaning and ordinary usage of the word "essential" implies "inherent to" or "necessary." The phrase "inherent to or necessary to the operation of the Critical Asset" has the same meaning as "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset."

Additionally, the IDT offers the following supplemental observation regarding the above interpretations. The language within CIP-002-1 Requirement 3 works hand-in-hand with the Standard's Purpose and Requirement 1. The Responsible Entity is responsible for using its judgment to identify Critical Cyber Assets that are essential, inherent, or necessary to the operation of the Critical Assets."

The application discussion is outside the scope of this interpretation.

Ameren	The request expands the reach of the standard.	This interpretation does not clarify the phrase "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset" but introduces a new concept of "perform a function essential to the operation of a Critical Asset". This interpretation fails to provide clarity, and instead expands the reach of this requirement.
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Response: Thank you for your comment. The IDT prepared a new response to Duke's second question identifying that "essential" is not defined in the Glossary of Terms used in NERC Reliability Standards. The well-understood meaning and ordinary usage of the word "essential" implies "inherent to" or "necessary." The phrase "inherent to or necessary to the operation of the Critical Asset" has the same meaning as "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset."

American Transmission Company	The request expands the reach of the standard.	The interpretation attempts to clarify the phrase "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset" by introducing a new concept of "perform a function essential to the operation of a Critical Asset". ATC believes that this fails to provide clarity, and instead expands the reach of the standard. The interpretation should focus on clarifying what the term "essential" means. Moreover, ATC believes that it is inappropriate to attempt to define "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset" by using the term "essential" as this is a circular definition, and provides no new or useful information. Finally, ATC believes that "essential" cyber assets are those which are always required for operation of the Critical Asset; without which the primary mission (the qualities or attributes of an asset that causes it to be deemed 'Critical') of a Critical Asset cannot be performed.
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Organization	Yes or No	Question 2 Comment
Glossary of Terms used in N	NERC Reliability Standards.	epared a new response to Duke's second question identifying that "essential" is not defined in the The well-understood meaning and ordinary usage of the word "essential" implies "inherent to" or the operation of the Critical Asset" has the same meaning as "essential to the operation of the
works hand-in-hand with th	ne Standard's Purpose and R	observation regarding the above interpretations. The language within CIP-002-1 Requirement 3 Requirement 1. The Responsible Entity is responsible for using its judgment to identify Critical Cybe operation of the Critical Assets."
Consumers Energy	The request does not expand the reach of the standard.	The response to the second, is at best circular and poorly written. Sentence one of this response is simply non responsive by way of being circular. Sentence one reads: "The phrase "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset" means that the Critical Cyber Asset is used to perform a function essential to the operation of the Critical Asset." To state that something is essential to operation means that it is used to perform a function essential to operation is a tautology, not a useful response. The response to the second request goes on to not address the remaining points raised by Duke.
of the Critical Asset." The I used in NERC Reliability Sta	DT prepared a new respons indards. The well-understood	nd question is primarily asking for clarity on language in Requirement 3, "essential to the operation e to Duke's second question identifying that "essential" is not defined in the Glossary of Terms od meaning and ordinary usage of the word "essential" implies "inherent to" or "necessary." The ne Critical Asset" has the same meaning as "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset."
works hand-in-hand with th	ne Standard's Purpose and R	observation regarding the above interpretations. The language within CIP-002-1 Requirement 3 Requirement 1. The Responsible Entity is responsible for using its judgment to identify Critical Cyber operation of the Critical Assets."
Duke Energy	The request expands the reach of the standard.	The interpretation of the standard seems to go beyond the reach of the standard. Need more clarification on the "Essential" phrase in the standard.
ISO New Enlgand Inc.	The request expands the	The Interpretation expands the standard by referring to the human-to-machine interface. This interface is only a conduit to the CCA, it is not the CCA. It is assumed that the check boxes above



Organization	Yes or No	Question 2 Comment
	standard.	

Additionally, the IDT offers the following supplemental observation regarding the above interpretations. The language within CIP-002-1 Requirement 3 works hand-in-hand with the Standard's Purpose and Requirement 1. The Responsible Entity is responsible for using its judgment to identify Critical Cyber Assets that are essential, inherent, or necessary to the operation of the Critical Assets."

The new comment form will provide two sets of boxes so you can provide a separate response to each interpretation response.

e	The request expands the reach of the standard.	CIP002-R3 states "the Responsible Entity shall develop a list of associated Critical Cyber Assets essential to the operation of the Critical Asset". An asset that is "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset" is not the same as "any Cyber Asset used to perform a function essential to the operation of the Critical Asset". There are many devices that could, in theory, be used to perform a function that would be considered essential to the operation of the Critical Asset that are not themselves essential to the operation of the Critical Asset. Essential should mean that an Entity is unable to operate the Critical Asset without that cyber asset (i.e. essential to the operation of the Critical Asset).
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Response: Thank you for your comment. The IDT prepared a new response to Duke's second question identifying that "essential" is not defined in the Glossary of Terms used in NERC Reliability Standards. The well-understood meaning and ordinary usage of the word "essential" implies "inherent to" or "necessary." The phrase "inherent to or necessary to the operation of the Critical Asset" has the same meaning as "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset."

exp read	The last sentence in the second interpretation "Similarly, any Cyber Asset, when used to perform a function essential to the operation of the Critical Asset, becomes a Critical Cyber Asset" needs to be removed or expanded to conform to the parameters of the requirement.
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Organization	Yes or No	Question 2 Comment
Glossary of Terms used in NERC Re	liability Standards.	bared a new response to Duke's second question identifying that "essential" is not defined in the The well-understood meaning and ordinary usage of the word "essential" implies "inherent to" or the operation of the Critical Asset" has the same meaning as "essential to the operation of the
• •	ard's Purpose and R	observation regarding the above interpretations. The language within CIP-002-1 Requirement 3 Requirement 1. The Responsible Entity is responsible for using its judgment to identify Critical Cyber operation of the Critical Assets."
Independent Electricity System Operator		It is not clear if this question is regarding the request or the response. In fact, the question "Do you believe this interpretation expands the reach of the standard?" conflicts with the two statements adjacent to the two checkboxes which refer to the 'request'.
Response: Thank you for your com	iment. The commer	nt form will be revised.
New York Independent System Operator	The request does not expand the reach of the standard.	The request for interpretation seeks clarification on the meaning of CIP-002-3. The request for interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard. However, the current interpretation does expand the reach of the standard.

Response: Thank you for your comment. The request for interpretation was for CIP-002-1. The same Requirement language is used in CIP-002 versions 1, 2 & 3. If approved, the interpretation will apply to all versions of CIP-002 in which the Requirement language for which the interpretation was requested persists.

The Interpretation Drafting Team ("IDT") believes that Duke's first question is asking for clarity. The original response was modified slightly by adding the phrase "is illustrative, not prescriptive."

Duke's second question is primarily asking for clarity on language in Requirement 3, "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset." The IDT prepared a new response to Duke's second question identifying that "essential" is not defined in the Glossary of Terms used in NERC Reliability Standards. The well-understood meaning and ordinary usage of the word "essential" implies "inherent to" or "necessary." The phrase "inherent to or necessary to the operation of the Critical Asset" has the same meaning as "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset."

Additionally, the IDT offers the following supplemental observation regarding the above interpretations. The language within CIP-002-1 Requirement 3 works hand-in-hand with the Standard's Purpose and Requirement 1. The Responsible Entity is responsible for using its judgment to identify Critical Cyber



Organization	Yes or No	Question 2 Comment
Assets that are essential, inhere	ent, or necessary to the	operation of the Critical Assets."
Lincoln Electric System	The request does not expand the reach of the standard.	
Brazos Electric Power Cooperative, Inc.	The request does not expand the reach of the standard.	
Midwest ISO	The request expands the reach of the standard.	
Manitoba Hydro	The request does not expand the reach of the standard.	
ERCOT	The request does not expand the reach of the standard.	
US Bureau of Reclamation	The request	



Organization	Yes or No	Question 2 Comment
	does not expand the reach of the standard.	
United Illuminating	The request does not expand the reach of the standard.	
South Carolina Electric and Gas	The request does not expand the reach of the standard.	
Oncor Electric Delivery LLC	The request does not expand the reach of the standard.	
PUD No.1 of Clallam County	The request does not expand the reach of the standard.	
ExxonMobil Research and Engineering	The request does not expand the reach of the	



Organization	Yes or No	Question 2 Comment
	standard.	
Encari, LLC	The request does not expand the reach of the standard.	
Edison Electric Institute	The request expands the reach of the standard.	
Western Electricity Coordinating Council	The request does not expand the reach of the standard.	
MRO's NERC Standards Review Subcommittee	The request expands the reach of the standard.	
Santee Cooper	The request does not expand the reach of the standard.	
Kansas City Power & Light	The request expands the reach of the	



andard.	
e request oes not pand the ach of the candard.	
p	pes not pand the ch of the

Response: Thank you for your comment.



3. Do you agree with this interpretation? If not, why not.

Summary Consideration:

Most commenters agreed with the response to Question #1 of the RFI, but disagreed with the response to Question #2; thus, most disagreed with the interpretation.

The CIP Interpretation Drafting Team agreed with the majority of the comments concerning the original interpretation of Question #1 and slightly modified the language to add clarity. The phrase "is illustrative, not prescriptive" was added to the response. Most commenters who did not agree with the interpretation did not agree with Question #2. The second question from Duke Energy's RFI primarily asked for clarity on language in Requirement 3, "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset." The IDT prepared a new response to Duke Energy's second question identifying that "essential" is not defined in the Glossary of Terms used in NERC Reliability Standards. The well-understood meaning and ordinary usage of the word "essential" implies "inherent to" or "necessary." The phrase "inherent to or necessary to the operation of the Critical Asset" has the same meaning as "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset."

Additionally, the IDT offers the following supplemental observation regarding the above interpretations. The language within CIP-002-1 Requirement 3 works hand-in-hand with the Standard's Purpose and Requirement 1. The Responsible Entity is responsible for using its judgment to identify Critical Cyber Assets that are essential, inherent, or necessary to the operation of the Critical Assets."

Several commenters asked for or provided observations concerning the application of the standard, and the drafting team responded that addressing "how" the standard should be applied was outside the scope of this interpretation.

Organization	Yes or No	Question 3 Comment
Northeastn Power Coordinating Council	No	We agree with the first response. We do not agree with the second response because: 1. It should not include an example.2. The response should use the same wording for Critical Cyber Assets as the approved Glossary of Terms.

Response: Thank you for your comment. The IDT prepared a new response to Duke's second question identifying that "essential" is not defined in the Glossary of Terms used in NERC Reliability Standards. The well-understood meaning and ordinary usage of the word "essential" implies "inherent to" or "necessary." The phrase "inherent to or necessary to the operation of the Critical Asset" has the same meaning as "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset."



Organization	Yes or No	Question 3 Comment
works hand-in-hand with the Stand	lard's Purpose a	ental observation regarding the above interpretations. The language within CIP-002-1 Requirement 3 and Requirement 1. The Responsible Entity is responsible for using its judgment to identify Critical sary to the operation of the Critical Assets."
Public Utilities Commission of Ohio Staff	No	The Interpretation focuses on the use of Critical Cyber Assets, rather than the capabilities of those assets. By doing so, while the Interpretation does not address a potential gap, it creates a potential gap. The definition of a Critical Asset describes systems that if "destroyed, degraded or compromised" may influence the ability to maintain reliable operation of the grid. Based on the interpretation (particularly the response to Question 2), categories of equipment that may be capable of exerting control (and thus, if compromised could affect reliable operation of the grid) would be excluded from CIP treatment if they are not currently used for that purpose. For example, a laptop computer that had the necessary hardware and software to control SCADA systems, but operates in a backup position, or has some other primary use, might not have a negative impact if destroyed or degraded, but would potentially have a negative impact if compromised. In order to preserve the original intent, the word "used" in the Response to Question 2 should be replaced with "configured and equipped". Duke is correct in its assertion that the issue of how CIP applies to portable hardware like laptop computers in the field clearly needs to be addressed, but this Interpretation is not the mechanism for doing so.
Glossary of Terms used in NERC Re	liability Standar	prepared a new response to Duke's second question identifying that "essential" is not defined in the rds. The well-understood meaning and ordinary usage of the word "essential" implies "inherent to" sary to the operation of the Critical Asset" has the same meaning as "essential to the operation of the
works hand-in-hand with the Stand	lard's Purpose a	ental observation regarding the above interpretations. The language within CIP-002-1 Requirement 3 and Requirement 1. The Responsible Entity is responsible for using its judgment to identify Critical sary to the operation of the Critical Assets."
A discussion of applications of Criti	cal Assets and C	Critical Cyber Assets is beyond the scope of this interpretation.
Kansas City Power & Light	No	The proposed interpretation infers a scope broader than the requirement stipulates. The question relates to the meaning of "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset" and it recommended to address the question with the first sentence of the interpretation and stop there. Recommend the



Organization	Yes or No	Question 3 Comment
		interpretation as the following: The phrase "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset" means that the Critical Cyber Asset is used to perform a function essential to the operation of the Critical Asset"
Glossary of Terms used in NERC Re	liability Standar	prepared a new response to Duke's second question identifying that "essential" is not defined in the defined in
works hand-in-hand with the Stand	lard's Purpose a	ental observation regarding the above interpretations. The language within CIP-002-1 Requirement 3 and Requirement 1. The Responsible Entity is responsible for using its judgment to identify Critical sary to the operation of the Critical Assets."
Bonneville Power Administration	No	YES, we agree with the response to question 1, that the "Examples" are just that, examples, and not a prescriptive list.NO, the response to question 2 is inadequate. The phrase in question is used to define the phrase in question: "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset" means the device is used to perform a function "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset." The example cited is good, but a definition of "essential," as requested, is still needed.
Response: Thank you for your comprescriptive."	ment. The orig	ginal response to Question 1 was modified slightly by adding the phrase "is illustrative, not
Standards. The well-understood m	eaning and ord	d question identifying that "essential" is not defined in the Glossary of Terms used in NERC Reliability inary usage of the word "essential" implies "inherent to" or "necessary." The phrase "inherent to or as the same meaning as "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset."
works hand-in-hand with the Stand	ard's Purpose a	ental observation regarding the above interpretations. The language within CIP-002-1 Requirement 3 and Requirement 1. The Responsible Entity is responsible for using its judgment to identify Critical sary to the operation of the Critical Assets."
Electric Market Policy	No	See comments in response to question 2. The interpretation is incomplete and in itself confusing and does not provide the clarity needed.

Response: Thank you for your comment. The IDT prepared a new response to Duke's second question identifying that "essential" is not defined in the



Organization	Yes or No	Question 3 Comment
The state of the s	•	ds. The well-understood meaning and ordinary usage of the word "essential" implies "inherent to" sary to the operation of the Critical Asset" has the same meaning as "essential to the operation of the
works hand-in-hand with the Stand	ard's Purpose a	ental observation regarding the above interpretations. The language within CIP-002-1 Requirement 3 and Requirement 1. The Responsible Entity is responsible for using its judgment to identify Critical sary to the operation of the Critical Assets."
Western Electricity Coordinating Council	No	We agree that the first questions is answered adequatly and do not have any issues with the response provided. However, the the response to the second question used the word essential to try and define what is esential. It says that the phrase "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset" means it is used to perform a function "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset." We do not believe it is appropriate to use a term for which a definition is sought in the definition of the term.
Response: Thank you for your comment. The Interpretation Drafting Team ("IDT") has modified the response to Question #1 slightly and it added the phrase "is illustrative, not prescriptive" to improve clarity.		
Standards. The well-understood m	eaning and ord	d question identifying that "essential" is not defined in the Glossary of Terms used in NERC Reliability inary usage of the word "essential" implies "inherent to" or "necessary." The phrase "inherent to or as the same meaning as "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset."
works hand-in-hand with the Stand	ard's Purpose a	ental observation regarding the above interpretations. The language within CIP-002-1 Requirement 3 and Requirement 1. The Responsible Entity is responsible for using its judgment to identify Critical sary to the operation of the Critical Assets."
MRO's NERC Standards Review Subcommittee	No	We agree that the examples listed in CIP 002 R1 are not meant to be prescriptive. If they were prescriptive, all devices involved in "real-time inter-utility data exchange" would be considered Critical Cyber Assets (CCA), even if the data exchanged had no relevance to the operation of the BES.However, we believe that it is inappropriate to attempt to define "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset" by using the term "essential" as this is a circular definition, and provides no new or useful information. Also, this interpretation states that the Cyber Asset becomes a CCA "when used". This may imply that the Cyber Asset, capable of performing an essential function, is not a CCA when not presently being used to perform the essential function. For example, a relief desk



Organization	Yes or No	Question 3 Comment
		workstation, despite its present capability to execute controls on the BES would not be considered a CCA when not manned. Also, a standby EMS server would not be considered a CCA when not in use. Basing CCA classification on intermittent criteria such as "when used" may affect whether requirements, such as the need for a Recovery Plan, are also intermittent. We believe that "essential" cyber assets are those which are always required for operation of the Critical Asset; without which the primary mission (the qualities or attributes of an asset that causes it to be deemed 'Critical') of a Critical Asset cannot be performed.

Response: Thank you for your comment. The Interpretation Drafting Team ("IDT") has modified the response to Question #1 slightly and it added the phrase "is illustrative, not prescriptive" to improve clarity. The IDT prepared a new response to Duke's second question identifying that "essential" is not defined in the Glossary of Terms used in NERC Reliability Standards. The well-understood meaning and ordinary usage of the word "essential" implies "inherent to" or "necessary." The phrase "inherent to or necessary to the operation of the Critical Asset" has the same meaning as "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset."

Additionally, the IDT offers the following supplemental observation regarding the above interpretations. The language within CIP-002-1 Requirement 3 works hand-in-hand with the Standard's Purpose and Requirement 1. The Responsible Entity is responsible for using its judgment to identify Critical Cyber Assets that are essential, inherent, or necessary to the operation of the Critical Assets."

Wisconsin Electric Power Company	No	Reference response to Question 2
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Response: Thank you for your comment. The IDT prepared a new response to Duke's second question identifying that "essential" is not defined in the Glossary of Terms used in NERC Reliability Standards. The well-understood meaning and ordinary usage of the word "essential" implies "inherent to" or "necessary." The phrase "inherent to or necessary to the operation of the Critical Asset" has the same meaning as "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset."

E.ON U.S.	No	The SDT interpretation of the phrase "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset" means that a "Critical Cyber Asset" is a cyber asset "used to perform a function essential to the operation of the Critical Assets". E.ON U.S. does not believe that the proposed interpretation clarifies the standard. The issue posed by the request for interpretation is whether cyber assets used for remote support,
		such as laptops, would be considered "essential to the operation" of a Critical Asset, thus requiring



Organization	Yes or No	Question 3 Comment
		application of CIP-006 physical controls to a laptop. Despite the obvious impracticality of applying CIP-006 controls to laptops, the interpretation leaves this question unanswered. As a result, the interpretation severely restricts the ability of entities to remotely support operations essential to the reliability of the BES. As a result, the reliability of the BES is eroded. The interpretation does nothing to address the questions posed. Recent guidance documents published by NERC concerning remote access are similarly unhelpful.

Additionally, the IDT offers the following supplemental observation regarding the above interpretations. The language within CIP-002-1 Requirement 3 works hand-in-hand with the Standard's Purpose and Requirement 1. The Responsible Entity is responsible for using its judgment to identify Critical Cyber Assets that are essential, inherent, or necessary to the operation of the Critical Assets."

Addressing application questions is beyond the scope of this interpretation.

MidAmerican Energy Company	No	We agree with the interpretation for Duke Energy's Question #1.We do not agree with the interpretation for Duke Energy's Question #2. The interpretation provided is circular, provides no new useful information, and potentially expands the reach of the standard which is not allowed for an interpretation. MidAmerican suggests the interpretation clarify "essential" in this context as cyber assets which "are always required" for the operation of the critical asset.
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Response: Thank you for your comment. The original response to Question 1 was modified slightly by adding the phrase "is illustrative, not prescriptive."

The IDT prepared a new response to Duke's second question identifying that "essential" is not defined in the Glossary of Terms used in NERC Reliability Standards. The well-understood meaning and ordinary usage of the word "essential" implies "inherent to" or "necessary." The phrase "inherent to or necessary to the operation of the Critical Asset" has the same meaning as "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset."



Organization	Yes or No	Question 3 Comment
Edison Electric Institute	No	For the Response to question 2, The interpretation attempts to clarify the phrase "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset" by introducing a new concept of "perform a function essential to the operation of a Critical Asset". We believe that this fails to provide clarity, and instead expands the reach of the standard. The interpretation should focus on clarifying what the term "essential" means. Moreover, we believe that it is inappropriate to attempt to define "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset" by using the term "essential" as this is a circular definition, and provides no new or useful information. We believe that "essential" cyber assets are those which are always required for operation of the Critical Asset; without which the primary mission (the qualities or attributes of an asset that causes it to be deemed 'Critical') of a Critical Asset cannot be performed.

befining "essential" as "is used to perform a function essential" does not clarify the intent of the word. It is understandably difficult, if not impossible, to generate a prescriptive list of "essential" elements of Critical Assets due to the variances in the utility industry. Clarification regarding the intent of the requirement is still possible. Regrettably, this definition does nothing to reduce the subjectivity of the original Requirement. A Response that encouraged the Responsible Entity to outline a method or generate a set of characteristics in order to define "essential" for their operations would have been appropriate. While not auditable, it would provide clarity and	Kansas City Power & Light	No	elements of Critical Assets due to the variances in the utility industry. Clarification regarding the intent of the requirement is still possible. Regrettably, this definition does nothing to reduce the subjectivity of the original Requirement. A Response that encouraged the Responsible Entity to outline a method or generate a set of characteristics in order to define "essential" for their
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Organization	Yes or No	Question 3 Comment
		guidance during the selection process. The proposed definition dramatically increases the scope of equipment and components that must now be considered as critical. The phrase "is used to perform a function" shifts the focus from the essential component to the tool being used to support the essential component. This shift is further reinforced by the last sentence of the proposed Response. For example, let's consider Load Flow or Contingency Analysis to be critical or essential for the operation of an EMS. By the proposed Response, when the Transmission Planner accesses the EMS to perform a flow calculation or analysis, the workstation he uses to "perform the function essential to the operation of the" Critical Asset is now considered a Critical Cyber Asset. Previously, only the application server that hosted Load Flow or Contingency Analysis would have needed to be considered a CCA. This slope becomes quite slippery as we consider another example. Many modern EMS's utilize commercial operating systems and / or relational databases. These systems host critical portions of the EMS application and are rightfully considered as Critical Cyber Assets. These systems also require a variety of ongoing maintenance which requires an administrator to manually perform some task. The reliable operation of the systems would be jeopardized if the maintenance tasks were not performed and can therefore be considered critical or essential functions. As in the previous example, the proposed Response now makes the System Administrators' workstations Critical Cyber Assets. This expansion of scope leads to the final problem with the proposed Response. The viral aspect of the last sentence in the proposed Response will have disastrous consequences for the Responsible Entities and their access to Critical Assets. The sentence "Similarly any Cyber Assets, when used to perform, becomes a Critical Cyber Assets. This sentence validates the previous two examples and the workstations in question becoming Critical Cyber Assets. Failure to



Organization	Yes or No	Question 3 Comment
		therefore the accessing workstation is now a CCA as well. This illustrates the never-ending cycle of inclusion that has been created by the proposed Response. Assuming that prohibiting remote access is an acceptable outcome, there are other situations that may adversely affect the cyber security of the Critical Asset. Operating System security patches are frequently hosted on an external server. Having and delivering the security patch is essential for the reliable operation of the (operating) system. Does that external system (a cyber asset) now become a Critical Cyber Asset? Does the external asset that creates portable media containing the patches become Critical? It is not clear where the final line is drawn or if it can be. Auditing this expanded scope will be exceptionally difficult. The auditor will not be able to determine if all newly covered systems have been included in the compliance program. The Responsible Entity will likewise find enforcement exceptionally onerous or impossible. Extreme contortions will be required of otherwise normal, secure operational principles in order to comply. The proposed Response to Question 2 is unacceptable because it significantly increases the scope of the Requirement. In addition, as written, the proposed Response represents an enormous increase in compliance costs without a corresponding benefit for the Responsible Entity. Here is a suggested, alternative Response to Question 2. Any multi-component Critical Asset can be assumed to have two broad categories of components. There are components that are critical, or essential, to the operation of the asset and those that are optional. An essential component (or asset) of a Critical Asset my be defined as a component that would prevent the Critical Asset from operating as required by the Responsible Entity. Due to the wide variance within the industry, it is not possible for the Standard to prescriptively list what is essential or not. The Responsible Entity may find it beneficial to outline what would make a componen

Response: Thank you for your comment. The original response to Question 1 was modified slightly by adding the phrase "is illustrative, not prescriptive."

The IDT prepared a new response to Duke's second question identifying that "essential" is not defined in the Glossary of Terms used in NERC Reliability



Organization	Yes or No	Question 3 Comment	
		inary usage of the word "essential" implies "inherent to" or "necessary." The phrase "inherent to or as the same meaning as "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset."	
works hand-in-hand with the Stand	lard's Purpose a	ental observation regarding the above interpretations. The language within CIP-002-1 Requirement 3 and Requirement 1. The Responsible Entity is responsible for using its judgment to identify Critical sary to the operation of the Critical Assets."	
The discussion concerning applicat	ion of the stanc	lard and examples of CAs and CCAs are beyond the scope of this interpretation.	
Colorado Springs Utilities	The Response to the RFI Q1 is appropriate & reasonable. The Response to Q2 (in short, "'essential to the operation of the Critical Asset' means '"essential to the operation of the Critical Asset'") is circular and unhelpful. Additionally, the second part of Q2's response infers without justification that "operator-assisted remote control" is an essential function. Will NERC supply a list of cyber functions they consider essential to the operation of critical assets, or will they accept industry participants' self-determined answer to that question?		
Response: Thank you for your comprescriptive."	ment. The orig	ginal response to Question 1 was modified slightly by adding the phrase "is illustrative, not	
Standards. The well-understood m	eaning and ord	d question identifying that "essential" is not defined in the Glossary of Terms used in NERC Reliability inary usage of the word "essential" implies "inherent to" or "necessary." The phrase "inherent to or as the same meaning as "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset."	
works hand-in-hand with the Stand	lard's Purpose a	ental observation regarding the above interpretations. The language within CIP-002-1 Requirement 3 and Requirement 1. The Responsible Entity is responsible for using its judgment to identify Critical sary to the operation of the Critical Assets."	
The question concerning NERC pro	viding a list is b	eyond the scope of this interpretation.	
PUD No.1 of Clallam County	Yes	The interpretation seems consistent and as long as the phrase "facilities utilized in monitoring and control" implies that both functions (monitoring and controlling) need to be utilized in order for the "systems and facilities" to be classed as a critical cyber asset. In other words, if the asset only monitors (and does not control) then it should fail the implied test.	
Response: Thank you for your com	nment. The IDT	prepared a new response to Duke's second question identifying that "essential" is not defined in the	

Glossary of Terms used in NERC Reliability Standards. The well-understood meaning and ordinary usage of the word "essential" implies "inherent to"



Organization	Yes or No	Question 3 Comment
or "necessary." The phrase "inhe Critical Asset."	rent to or neces	sary to the operation of the Critical Asset" has the same meaning as "essential to the operation of the
works hand-in-hand with the Stand	dard's Purpose a	ental observation regarding the above interpretations. The language within CIP-002-1 Requirement 3 and Requirement 1. The Responsible Entity is responsible for using its judgment to identify Critical sary to the operation of the Critical Assets."
ExxonMobil Research and Engineering	No	The response to question two does not clarify the meaning of the word 'essential' in the phrase 'essential to the operation of the critical asset'. The use of the word 'essential' in the interpretation's definition of 'essential to the operation of the Critical Asset' makes it difficult to understand the interpretation's author's explanation. In the example provided in the interpretaion, the critical asset can not be controlled or monitored (i.e. function properly) when an operator console's Human Machine Interface is no longer operational. The example provided in the request for interpretation, remote access terminals (laptops), are not necessary for the operation for the critical asset, but they may be used to interface with the critical asset. The interpretation does not provide sufficient detail in the definition of 'essential to the operation of the Critical Asset' to determine if one or both of these examples qualify as cyber critical assets. The interpretation could better serve the industry by clarifying the definition of essential. Does 'essential' describe a piece of equipment that must function in order for the critical asset to properly operate or does essential describe a piece of equipment that may be used to operate the critical asset but it is not required for the proper operation of the critical asset?
Glossary of Terms used in NERC Re	eliability Standar	prepared a new response to Duke's second question identifying that "essential" is not defined in the rds. The well-understood meaning and ordinary usage of the word "essential" implies "inherent to" sary to the operation of the Critical Asset" has the same meaning as "essential to the operation of the
works hand-in-hand with the Stand	dard's Purpose a	ental observation regarding the above interpretations. The language within CIP-002-1 Requirement 3 and Requirement 1. The Responsible Entity is responsible for using its judgment to identify Critical sary to the operation of the Critical Assets."
Encari, LLC	No	We disagree strongly with the Interpretation to Question #2. With respect to Question #2, the Interpretation provided is insufficient. By limiting critical cyber assets to those cyber assets that "perform a function essential to the operation of the Critical Asset", the interpretation excludes the possibility that "information" could constitute a critical cyber asset. Information, in and of



Organization	Yes or No	Question 3 Comment
		itself, does not perform an essential function. Rather, information may support an essential operation or function of a critical asset. For example, if a critical asset is configured such that it cannot operate and support the reliability and operability of the Bulk-Power System without a real-time stream of data, that data fits the definition of a critical cyber asset, and should be protected. [Order 706, par. 271]In the CIP NOPR, the Federal Entergy Regulatory Commission (hereafter "FERC" or the "Commission") noted that NERC's definition of "cyber assets" includes "data." The Commission stated that "marketing or other data essential to the proper operation of a critical asset, and possibly the computer systems that produce or process the data, would be considered critical cyber assets" subject to the CIP Reliability Standards. [CIP NOPR at P 114]Also, the Interpretation places an undue emphasis on the use of the word "perform." Critical cyber assets do not always perform essential functions necessary to the operation of critical assets. Rather, they may control essential functions. For example, to the extent a critical cyber asset is involved in monitoring the grid through remote sensors, sounding alarms when grid conditions warrant, and operating equipment in field locations, that asset may not be performing an essential function necessary to the operation of the critical asset, but may rather be controlling an essential function. Thus, the phrase "perform or control" should be substituted for the word "perform."

Additionally, the IDT offers the following supplemental observation regarding the above interpretations. The language within CIP-002-1 Requirement 3 works hand-in-hand with the Standard's Purpose and Requirement 1. The Responsible Entity is responsible for using its judgment to identify Critical Cyber Assets that are essential, inherent, or necessary to the operation of the Critical Assets."

The IDT's interpretation response to Question 2 is limited to clarifying the meaning of "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset," which could include a consideration of data as a Critical Cyber Asset.

John Kutzer	No	The response to Question 1 is adequate. The response to Question 2 is not adequate. This response is circular, i.e. "essential is defined as essential". This response does not provide the clarification requested. Also, this response incorrectly states that " any Cyber Asset, when used to perform a function essential to the operation of the Critical Asset, becomes a Critical Cyber Asset." This
		addresses only one aspect of the identification of a Critical Cyber Asset and expands the reach of the standard.Similarly,Compliance Application Notice - 0005, Compliance Application: CIP-002-3 R3



Organization	Yes or No	Question 3 Comment
		also incorrectly stated the requirements for identification of Critical Cyber Assets and effectively would expand the reach of the standard to any Cyber Asset " with the capability and purpose of controlling Bulk Electric System assets remotely should be designated as CCAs." Logically, this would imply that as a number of current smartphone models (e.g. iPhone, Blackberry, Android) as well as laptops, netbooks should now be designated as CCAs, as well as any other device that has this capability, thereby ignoring the requirements of the standard.

Response: Thank you for your comment. The original response to Question 1 was modified slightly by adding the phrase "is illustrative, not prescriptive."

The IDT prepared a new response to Duke's second question identifying that "essential" is not defined in the Glossary of Terms used in NERC Reliability Standards. The well-understood meaning and ordinary usage of the word "essential" implies "inherent to" or "necessary." The phrase "inherent to or necessary to the operation of the Critical Asset" has the same meaning as "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset."

Additionally, the IDT offers the following supplemental observation regarding the above interpretations. The language within CIP-002-1 Requirement 3 works hand-in-hand with the Standard's Purpose and Requirement 1. The Responsible Entity is responsible for using its judgment to identify Critical Cyber Assets that are essential, inherent, or necessary to the operation of the Critical Assets."

Progress Energy	No	PGN agrees with the answer to Question 1, but not with the answer to Question 2. CIP-005 R2.4 allows "external interactive access" with proper controls. The confusing use of the term "remote control" as described in the comment above implies that any machine used for remote access becomes a Critical Cyber Asset, which PGN doesn't believe is a valid interpretation. Cyber assets normally used to operate critical assets would be essential and classified as critical cyber assets as a result, however, a cyber device that is temporarily connected to a critical asset would be more like a piece of maintenance and test equipment (M&TE) and would be controlled as such - not as a critical cyber asset.
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Response: Thank you for your comment. The original response was modified slightly by adding the phrase "is illustrative, not prescriptive."

Duke's second question is primarily asking for clarity on language in Requirement 3, "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset." The IDT prepared a new response to Duke's second question identifying that "essential" is not defined in the Glossary of Terms used in NERC Reliability Standards. The well-understood meaning and ordinary usage of the word "essential" implies "inherent to" or "necessary." The phrase "inherent to or necessary to the operation of the Critical Asset" has the same meaning as "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset."

Additionally, the IDT offers the following supplemental observation regarding the above interpretations. The language within CIP-002-1 Requirement 3 works hand-in-hand with the Standard's Purpose and Requirement 1. The Responsible Entity is responsible for using its judgment to identify Critical



Organization	Yes or No	Question 3 Comment
Cyber Assets that are essential, inherent, or neces		sary to the operation of the Critical Assets."
US Bureau of Reclamation	No	The answer to question 2 of the interpretation request did not add any clarity. The response merely restated the question as answer "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset" means that the Critical Cyber Asset is essential to the operation of the Critical Asset". Duke provided several clarifying points one of which was that essential can be viewed as "being incapable of removal without destroying the thing itself or its character." which made the question:Does the term "essential to the operation of cyber asset" mean the cyber asset cannot be operated without the asset being evaluated? o When the response is "the Critical Cyber Asset is used to perform a function" there is ambiguity in what the term "is" means in this context. Does it mean the CCA is used all the time? Used sometimes? That it can be used? Illustrative of the issue is the situation where there are several control consoles distributed within a facility, any one of which can be employed to control an essential function associated with a CA. Are all the control consoles CCA? Can one of the consoles be designated as CCA and leave the other out? This question really isn't clearly answered. This question can be answered very easily and quickly, but was not. This has implications down the road with relaying - if and when it becomes subject to the requirements as potential CCA. As an example, if there is a backup protective scheme meeting other criteria as CCA, will it be required to declare it a CCA because it might be used? o In a similar light to the first bullet, the response does not clearly address the "remote access" aspect of the query. What if something is tied to the system to support a temporary activity or need How does this impact my CCA list and what are the obligations? An example here is the case where an entity is forced to deal with an emergency pandemic event which requires the entity to "remote in" to our system. Assume that this is an event was allowed for, but not something ever used. Is the entity requi

Additionally, the IDT offers the following supplemental observation regarding the above interpretations. The language within CIP-002-1 Requirement 3 works hand-in-hand with the Standard's Purpose and Requirement 1. The Responsible Entity is responsible for using its judgment to identify Critical



Organization	Yes or No	Question 3 Comment	
Cyber Assets that are essential, inh	erent, or neces	sary to the operation of the Critical Assets."	
United Illuminating	No	United Illuminating agrees with the response to Question 1.United Illuminating disagrees with the response to Question 2. The response utilizes the word essential to define essential. In essence NERC is stating that essential means essential. United Illuminating suggests that essential means those devices required by the asset to perform the functions that caused the asset to be identified as Critical.	
Response: Thank you for your comprescriptive."	nment. The orig	ginal response to Question 1 was modified slightly by adding the phrase "is illustrative, not	
Standards. The well-understood m	eaning and ord	d question identifying that "essential" is not defined in the Glossary of Terms used in NERC Reliability inary usage of the word "essential" implies "inherent to" or "necessary." The phrase "inherent to or as the same meaning as "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset."	
works hand-in-hand with the Stand	lard's Purpose a	ental observation regarding the above interpretations. The language within CIP-002-1 Requirement 3 and Requirement 1. The Responsible Entity is responsible for using its judgment to identify Critical sary to the operation of the Critical Assets."	
Ameren	No	This interpretation expands the scope of the requirement of the standard instead of providing clarity of what the phrase "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset" means. This interpretation should focus on clarifying what the term "essential" means.	
Response: Thank you for your comment. The IDT prepared a new response to Duke's second question identifying that "essential" is not defined in the Glossary of Terms used in NERC Reliability Standards. The well-understood meaning and ordinary usage of the word "essential" implies "inherent to" or "necessary." The phrase "inherent to or necessary to the operation of the Critical Asset" has the same meaning as "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset."			
works hand-in-hand with the Stand	lard's Purpose a	ental observation regarding the above interpretations. The language within CIP-002-1 Requirement 3 and Requirement 1. The Responsible Entity is responsible for using its judgment to identify Critical sary to the operation of the Critical Assets."	
CenterPoint Energy	No	CenterPoint Energy agrees with the response to Q1 but does not agree with the response to Q2 as it offers no additional clarity on the meaning of the phrase "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset". CenterPoint Energy believes the interpretation should focus on the term	



Organization	Yes or No	Question 3 Comment
		"essential". As indicated in Duke's question, the term "essential" means "basic, vital, or fundamental". CenterPoint Energy offers the following response to Duke's Q2: If an entity has an asset that "may" be used to operate a Critical Asset, but is not "required" for operation of the Critical Asset, the asset would not be considered "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset".

Response: Thank you for your comment. The original response to Question 1 was modified slightly by adding the phrase "is illustrative, not prescriptive."

The IDT prepared a new response to Duke's second question identifying that "essential" is not defined in the Glossary of Terms used in NERC Reliability Standards. The well-understood meaning and ordinary usage of the word "essential" implies "inherent to" or "necessary." The phrase "inherent to or necessary to the operation of the Critical Asset" has the same meaning as "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset."

Additionally, the IDT offers the following supplemental observation regarding the above interpretations. The language within CIP-002-1 Requirement 3 works hand-in-hand with the Standard's Purpose and Requirement 1. The Responsible Entity is responsible for using its judgment to identify Critical Cyber Assets that are essential, inherent, or necessary to the operation of the Critical Assets."

American Transmission Company	No	ATC is concerned with the response to Q #2 above and believes the language does not provide clarity or assistance to the industry on this important topic.
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Response: Thank you for your comment. The IDT prepared a new response to Duke's second question identifying that "essential" is not defined in the Glossary of Terms used in NERC Reliability Standards. The well-understood meaning and ordinary usage of the word "essential" implies "inherent to" or "necessary." The phrase "inherent to or necessary to the operation of the Critical Asset" has the same meaning as "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset."

Additionally, the IDT offers the following supplemental observation regarding the above interpretations. The language within CIP-002-1 Requirement 3 works hand-in-hand with the Standard's Purpose and Requirement 1. The Responsible Entity is responsible for using its judgment to identify Critical Cyber Assets that are essential, inherent, or necessary to the operation of the Critical Assets."

Duke Energy	No	The interpretation attempts to clarify the phrase "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset" by introducing the confusing concept of "perform a function essential to the operation of a Critical Asset". We believe that this fails to provide clarity, and instead expands the reach of the standard. The interpretation should focus on clarifying what the term "essential" means. We believe that "essential" cyber assets are those which are always required for operation of the Critical Assets.
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Response: Thank you for your comment. Duke's second question is primarily asking for clarity on language in Requirement 3, "essential to the



Organization Yes or No	Question 3 Comment
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Additionally, the IDT offers the following supplemental observation regarding the above interpretations. The language within CIP-002-1 Requirement 3 works hand-in-hand with the Standard's Purpose and Requirement 1. The Responsible Entity is responsible for using its judgment to identify Critical Cyber Assets that are essential, inherent, or necessary to the operation of the Critical Assets."

ISO New Enlgand Inc.	No	We agree with the first response. We do not agree with the second response because: 1. It should not include an example2. The response should use the same wording for Critical Cyber Assets as the approved Glossary of Terms.
		the approved Glossary of Terms.

Response: Thank you for your comment. The original response to Question 1 was modified slightly by adding the phrase "is illustrative, not prescriptive."

The IDT prepared a new response to Duke's second question identifying that "essential" is not defined in the Glossary of Terms used in NERC Reliability Standards. The well-understood meaning and ordinary usage of the word "essential" implies "inherent to" or "necessary." The phrase "inherent to or necessary to the operation of the Critical Asset" has the same meaning as "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset."

Additionally, the IDT offers the following supplemental observation regarding the above interpretations. The language within CIP-002-1 Requirement 3 works hand-in-hand with the Standard's Purpose and Requirement 1. The Responsible Entity is responsible for using its judgment to identify Critical Cyber Assets that are essential, inherent, or necessary to the operation of the Critical Assets."

Brazos Electric Power	No	The response for Question 2 to provide clarity for the word essential uses the term essential. It did
Cooperative, Inc.		not provide clarity such as it means vital or cannot function without, etc.

Response: Thank you for your comment. The IDT prepared a new response to Duke's second question identifying that "essential" is not defined in the Glossary of Terms used in NERC Reliability Standards. The well-understood meaning and ordinary usage of the word "essential" implies "inherent to" or "necessary." The phrase "inherent to or necessary to the operation of the Critical Asset" has the same meaning as "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset."



Organization	Yes or No	Question 3 Comment
SDG&E	No	We believe there are actually two interpretations under project 2010-95. The first is regarding whether or not the examples in CIP003 R3 are prescriptive such that the types of assets meeting those descriptions must be assumed to be Critical Cyber Assets. We agree with NERC's interpretation that the list is not meant to be prescriptive; rather it is a list of the types of assets that should be considered (evaluated). The second interpretation pertains to the definition of "essential" when referring to the standard's language "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset". CIP002-R3 states "the Responsible Entity shall develop a list of associated Critical Cyber Assets essential to the operation of the Critical Asset". An asset that is "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset" is not the same as "any Cyber Asset used to perform a function essential to the operation of the Critical Asset". There are many devices that could, in theory, be used to perform a function that would be considered essential to the operation of the Critical Asset that are not themselves essential to the operation of the Critical Asset. Essential should mean that an Entity is unable to operate the Critical Asset without that cyber asset (i.e. essential to the operation of the Critical Asset).

Response: Thank you for your comment. The original response to Question 1 was modified slightly by adding the phrase "is illustrative, not prescriptive." The IDT prepared a new response to Duke's second question identifying that "essential" is not defined in the Glossary of Terms used in NERC Reliability Standards. The well-understood meaning and ordinary usage of the word "essential" implies "inherent to" or "necessary." The phrase "inherent to or necessary to the operation of the Critical Asset" has the same meaning as "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset."

Additionally, the IDT offers the following supplemental observation regarding the above interpretations. The language within CIP-002-1 Requirement 3 works hand-in-hand with the Standard's Purpose and Requirement 1. The Responsible Entity is responsible for using its judgment to identify Critical Cyber Assets that are essential, inherent, or necessary to the operation of the Critical Assets."

ERCOT	No	ERCOT ISO agrees with the comments from the SRC. In addition, ERCOT ISO offers the following comments. The meaning of "essential" should be addressed more clearly with less emphasis on asset types (i.e.: operator consoles). The response confuses the issues addressed by the requestor. Another alternative to essential would be the use of the word "required". Cyber Asset only becomes a Critical Cyber Asset if it is required to operate the Critical Asset. This would imply that the Critical Asset would not be able to perform the function required without the Critical Cyber Asset in question. Additionally, assets that are convenience or nice-to-have should be excluded from being categorized as Critical Cyber Assets.

Response: Thank you for your comment. The IDT prepared a new response to Duke's second question identifying that "essential" is not defined in the



Organization	Yes or No	Question 3 Comment
		rds. The well-understood meaning and ordinary usage of the word "essential" implies "inherent to" sary to the operation of the Critical Asset" has the same meaning as "essential to the operation of the
works hand-in-hand with the S	Standard's Purpose	ental observation regarding the above interpretations. The language within CIP-002-1 Requirement 3 and Requirement 1. The Responsible Entity is responsible for using its judgment to identify Critical sary to the operation of the Critical Assets."
American Electric Power	No	Comments: AEP is fine with the first interpretation, but the second needs additional work as we don't feel it is responsive to the question asked and also expands upon the requirement as it excludes the sub-requirements that provide context of the definition of the critical cyber assets.
	d a new response to	ginal response to Question 1 was modified slightly by adding the phrase "is illustrative, not Duke's second question identifying that "essential" is not defined in the Glossary of Terms used in
NERC Reliability Standards. Th		meaning and ordinary usage of the word "essential" implies "inherent to" or "necessary." The of the Critical Asset" has the same meaning as "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset."
NERC Reliability Standards. The phrase "inherent to or necessal Additionally, the IDT offers the works hand-in-hand with the Standards."	ary to the operation e following supplementandard's Purpose a	of the Critical Asset" has the same meaning as "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset."
NERC Reliability Standards. The phrase "inherent to or necessal Additionally, the IDT offers the works hand-in-hand with the Standards."	ery to the operation e following supplement Standard's Purpose a I, inherent, or neces	of the Critical Asset" has the same meaning as "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset." ental observation regarding the above interpretations. The language within CIP-002-1 Requirement 3 and Requirement 1. The Responsible Entity is responsible for using its judgment to identify Critical sary to the operation of the Critical Assets."

prescriptive."

The IDT prepared a new response to Duke's second question identifying that "essential" is not defined in the Glossary of Terms used in NERC Reliability Standards. The well-understood meaning and ordinary usage of the word "essential" implies "inherent to" or "necessary." The phrase "inherent to or necessary to the operation of the Critical Asset" has the same meaning as "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset."

Additionally, the IDT offers the following supplemental observation regarding the above interpretations. The language within CIP-002-1 Requirement 3



Organization	Yes or No	Question 3 Comment					
works hand-in-hand with the Standard's Purpose and Requirement 1. The Responsible Entity is responsible for using its judgment to identify Critical Cyber Assets that are essential, inherent, or necessary to the operation of the Critical Assets."							
Midwest ISO	No	We agree with the answer to the first question. We disagree with the answer to the second question. "Essential to the operation of the Critical Asset" would mean that the Critical Asset cannot be operated without the Critical Cyber Asset or, at the very least, it would be challenging to operate the Critical Asset without the Critical Cyber Asset. One definition of essential as defined in Merriam-Webster dictionary is: "of the utmost importance". Necessary and indispensable are common synonyms for essential identified in Merriam-Webster. Thus, a Cyber Asset only becomes a Critical Cyber Asset if it is necessary to operate the Critical Asset.					
Independent Electricity System Yes Operator		We agree with the response to Question 1.We agree with the intent of response to Question 2 but we believe (1) it should not include an example and (2) it could be worded more clearly. We respectfully suggested the following wording for the response to Question 2:The phrase "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset" means that the Critical Cyber Asset is used to perform a function fundamental to the operation of the Critical Asset. This means that; if the Critical Cyber Asset was not available or was severely impaired, the Critical Asset could not be operated or operation of the Critical Asset would be severely impaired.					

Response: Thank you for your comment. The original response to Question 1 was modified slightly by adding the phrase "is illustrative, not prescriptive."

The IDT prepared a new response to Duke's second question identifying that "essential" is not defined in the Glossary of Terms used in NERC Reliability Standards. The well-understood meaning and ordinary usage of the word "essential" implies "inherent to" or "necessary." The phrase "inherent to or necessary to the operation of the Critical Asset" has the same meaning as "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset."

Additionally, the IDT offers the following supplemental observation regarding the above interpretations. The language within CIP-002-1 Requirement 3 works hand-in-hand with the Standard's Purpose and Requirement 1. The Responsible Entity is responsible for using its judgment to identify Critical Cyber Assets that are essential, inherent, or necessary to the operation of the Critical Assets."

New York Independent System Operator	No	We do not agree with this interpretation due to concerns with the response to question #2. There are four issues with the response to question #2. First, the response does not directly answer the question asked. Second, the response repeats the same language as the original standard without further clarification. Third the example provided creates further confusion. Finally, the response expands the scope of the standard. The response does not directly answer question #2. A key
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Organization	Yes or No	Question 3 Comment				
		element of this question is the second sentence which asks if cyber assets that "may" be used but are not "required" for operation of a Critical Asset must be considered "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset". There is nothing in the response that clearly or directly addresses this basic question. The response attempts to clarify the meaning of the requirement by using the same language as the original requirement. If the phase "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset" is to mean something different than the defined NERC glossary terms and the dictionary definitions of the words contained therein then there should be other words used in the clarification aside from those already in the requirement. Expanding the phase to include the notion of a cyber asset performing a function "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset" does nothing to clarify the meaning of the phase "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset". The example provided in the response creates additional confusion given the context of question #2. There are three sentences in question #2 each raising slightly different elements for consideration in the interpretation. A single example illustrating one situation where a cyber asset would be considered "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset" does little to clarify the different elements in question. In fact, the example may further confuse the meaning of the requirement by suggesting that this one example represents a pattern that must be applied to each element in question. Providing another example where a cyber asset would be determined not essential would enable people to compare and contrast the examples and may provide insight to the meaning of the requirement. The response to question #2 expands the scope of the standard. Given that the term "essential" is not defined in the NERC glossary, the dictionary definition is important. The Merriam -Webster dictionary definition, "ESSENTIAL implies belonging to the very nature of a thing and therefore bei				

Response: Thank you for your comment. The original response was modified slightly by adding the phrase "is illustrative, not prescriptive."

The IDT prepared a new response to Duke's second question identifying that "essential" is not defined in the Glossary of Terms used in NERC Reliability Standards. The well-understood meaning and ordinary usage of the word "essential" implies "inherent to" or "necessary." The phrase "inherent to or necessary to the operation of the Critical Asset" has the same meaning as "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset."

Additionally, the IDT offers the following supplemental observation regarding the above interpretations. The language within CIP-002-1 Requirement 3



Organization	Yes or No	Question 3 Comment						
	works hand-in-hand with the Standard's Purpose and Requirement 1. The Responsible Entity is responsible for using its judgment to identify Critical Cyber Assets that are essential, inherent, or necessary to the operation of the Critical Assets."							
Lincoln Electric System	Yes							
South Carolina Electric and Gas	Yes							
Oncor Electric Delivery LLC	Yes							
Manitoba Hydro	Yes							
Santee Cooper	Yes							
Response: Thank you for your cor	Response: Thank you for your comment.							

END OF REPORT

A. Introduction

1. **Title:** Cyber Security — Critical Cyber Asset Identification

2. Number: CIP-002-1a

3. Purpose: NERC Standards CIP-002 through CIP-009 provide a cyber security framework for the identification and protection of Critical Cyber Assets to support reliable operation of the Bulk Electric System.

These standards recognize the differing roles of each entity in the operation of the Bulk Electric System, the criticality and vulnerability of the assets needed to manage Bulk Electric System reliability, and the risks to which they are exposed. Responsible Entities should interpret and apply Standards CIP-002 through CIP-009 using reasonable business judgment.

Business and operational demands for managing and maintaining a reliable Bulk Electric System increasingly rely on Cyber Assets supporting critical reliability functions and processes to communicate with each other, across functions and organizations, for services and data. This results in increased risks to these Cyber Assets.

Standard CIP-002 requires the identification and documentation of the Critical Cyber Assets associated with the Critical Assets that support the reliable operation of the Bulk Electric System. These Critical Assets are to be identified through the application of a risk-based assessment.

4. Applicability:

- **4.1.** Within the text of Standard CIP-002, "Responsible Entity" shall mean:
 - **4.1.1** Reliability Coordinator.
 - **4.1.2** Balancing Authority.
 - **4.1.3** Interchange Authority.
 - **4.1.4** Transmission Service Provider.
 - **4.1.5** Transmission Owner.
 - **4.1.6** Transmission Operator.
 - **4.1.7** Generator Owner.
 - **4.1.8** Generator Operator.
 - **4.1.9** Load Serving Entity.
 - **4.1.10** NERC.
 - **4.1.11** Regional Reliability Organizations.
- **4.2.** The following are exempt from Standard CIP-002:
 - **4.2.1** Facilities regulated by the U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission or the Canadian Nuclear Safety Commission.
 - **4.2.2** Cyber Assets associated with communication networks and data communication links between discrete Electronic Security Perimeters.
- **5. Effective Date:** June 1, 2006

B. Requirements

The Responsible Entity shall comply with the following requirements of Standard CIP-002:

- **R1.** Critical Asset Identification Method The Responsible Entity shall identify and document a risk-based assessment methodology to use to identify its Critical Assets.
 - **R1.1.** The Responsible Entity shall maintain documentation describing its risk-based assessment methodology that includes procedures and evaluation criteria.
 - **R1.2.** The risk-based assessment shall consider the following assets:
 - **R1.2.1.** Control centers and backup control centers performing the functions of the entities listed in the Applicability section of this standard.
 - **R1.2.2.** Transmission substations that support the reliable operation of the Bulk Electric System.
 - **R1.2.3.** Generation resources that support the reliable operation of the Bulk Electric System.
 - **R1.2.4.** Systems and facilities critical to system restoration, including blackstart generators and substations in the electrical path of transmission lines used for initial system restoration.
 - **R1.2.5.** Systems and facilities critical to automatic load shedding under a common control system capable of shedding 300 MW or more.
 - **R1.2.6.** Special Protection Systems that support the reliable operation of the Bulk Electric System.
 - **R1.2.7.** Any additional assets that support the reliable operation of the Bulk Electric System that the Responsible Entity deems appropriate to include in its assessment.
- **R2.** Critical Asset Identification The Responsible Entity shall develop a list of its identified Critical Assets determined through an annual application of the risk-based assessment methodology required in R1. The Responsible Entity shall review this list at least annually, and update it as necessary.
- R3. Critical Cyber Asset Identification Using the list of Critical Assets developed pursuant to Requirement R2, the Responsible Entity shall develop a list of associated Critical Cyber Assets essential to the operation of the Critical Asset. Examples at control centers and backup control centers include systems and facilities at master and remote sites that provide monitoring and control, automatic generation control, real-time power system modeling, and real-time interutility data exchange. The Responsible Entity shall review this list at least annually, and update it as necessary. For the purpose of Standard CIP-002, Critical Cyber Assets are further qualified to be those having at least one of the following characteristics:
 - **R3.1.** The Cyber Asset uses a routable protocol to communicate outside the Electronic Security Perimeter; or,
 - **R3.2.** The Cyber Asset uses a routable protocol within a control center; or,
 - **R3.3.** The Cyber Asset is dial-up accessible.
- **R4.** Annual Approval A senior manager or delegate(s) shall approve annually the list of Critical Assets and the list of Critical Cyber Assets. Based on Requirements R1, R2, and R3 the Responsible Entity may determine that it has no Critical Assets or Critical Cyber Assets. The Responsible Entity shall keep a signed and dated record of the senior manager or delegate(s)'s approval of the list of Critical Assets and the list of Critical Cyber Assets (even if such lists are null.)

C. Measures

The following measures will be used to demonstrate compliance with the requirements of Standard CIP-002:

- **M1.** The risk-based assessment methodology documentation as specified in Requirement R1.
- **M2.** The list of Critical Assets as specified in Requirement R2.
- **M3.** The list of Critical Cyber Assets as specified in Requirement R3.
- **M4.** The records of annual approvals as specified in Requirement R4.

D. Compliance

1. Compliance Monitoring Process

1.1. Compliance Monitoring Responsibility

- **1.1.1** Regional Reliability Organizations for Responsible Entities.
- **1.1.2** NERC for Regional Reliability Organization.
- **1.1.3** Third-party monitor without vested interest in the outcome for NERC.

1.2. Compliance Monitoring Period and Reset Time Frame

Annually.

1.3. Data Retention

- **1.3.1** The Responsible Entity shall keep documentation required by Standard CIP-002 from the previous full calendar year
- **1.3.2** The compliance monitor shall keep audit records for three calendar years.

1.4. Additional Compliance Information

1.4.1 Responsible Entities shall demonstrate compliance through self-certification or audit, as determined by the Compliance Monitor.

2. Levels of Non-Compliance

- **2.1 Level 1:** The risk assessment has not been performed annually.
- **2.2 Level 2:** The list of Critical Assets or Critical Cyber Assets exist, but has not been approved or reviewed in the last calendar year.
- **2.3 Level 3:** The list of Critical Assets or Critical Cyber Assets does not exist.
- **2.4 Level 4:** The lists of Critical Assets and Critical Cyber Assets do not exist.

E. Regional Differences

None identified.

Version History

Version	Date	Action	Change Tracking		
1	01/16/06	R3.2 — Change "Control Center" to "control center"	03/24/06		
1a	TBD	Added Appendix 1 Interpreations	TBD		

Appendix 1

Requirement Number and Text of Requirement

- R3. C ritical C yber A sset I dentification Using t he l ist o f C ritical A ssets d eveloped p ursuant t o Requirement R 2, the R esponsible Entity shall develop a l ist of associated C ritical C yber A ssets essential to the operation of the C ritical A sset. E xamples at control centers and b ackup control centers include sy stems and f acilities a t m aster and r emote si test hat p rovide m onitoring and control, automatic generation control, real-time power system modeling, and real-time inter-utility data ex change. The R esponsible E ntity shall r eview t his list at l east an nually, and u pdate it as necessary. For the purpose of Standard CIP-002, Critical Cyber A ssets are further qualified to be those having at least one of the following characteristics:
 - R3.1. The Cyber A sset uses a routable protocol to communicate outside the Electronic Security Perimeter; or,
 - R3.2. The Cyber Asset uses a routable protocol within a control center; or,
 - R3.3. The Cyber Asset is dial-up accessible.

Question 1

Is the phrase "Examples at control centers and backup control centers include systems and facilities at master and remote sites that provide monitoring and control, automatic generation control, real-time power system modeling, and real-time inter-utility data exchange" meant to be prescriptive, i.e., that any and all systems and facilities utilized in monitoring and control, automatic generation control, real-time power system modeling, and real-time inter-utility data exchange, must be classified as Critical Cyber Assets, or is this phrase simply meant to provide examples of the types of systems that should be assessed for inclusion in the list of Critical Cyber Assets using an entity's critical cyber asset methodology?

Response to Question 1

The p hrase "E xamples at control centers and b ackup control centers include systems and facilities at master and remote sites that provide monitoring and control, automatic generation control, real-time power system modeling, and real-time in ter-utility d ata exchange" is illustrative, not prescriptive. It simply provides examples of the types of Cyber Assets that should be considered. It does not imply that the items listed must be classified as Critical Cyber Assets, nor is it intended to be an exhaustive list of Critical Cyber Asset types.

Question 2

What does the phrase, "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset" mean? If an entity has an asset that "may" be used to operate a Critical Asset, but is not "required" for operation of that Critical Asset, is the asset considered "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset"? Remote access to the systems is valuable to operations (see Material Impact Statement below), but operation of the Critical Asset is not literally dependent on these laptops.

Response to Question 2

The word "essential" is not defined in the *Glossary of Terms used in NERC Reliability Standards*, but the well-understood meaning and ordinary usage of the word "essential" implies "inherent to" or "necessary." The p hrase "e ssential to the operation of the C ritical A sset" means inherent to or necessary for the operation of the Critical Asset.

A Cyber Asset that "may" be used, but is not "required" (i.e., a Critical Asset cannot function as intended without the Cyber Asset), for the operation of a Critical Asset is not "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset" for purposes of Requirement R3. Similarly, a Cyber Asset that is merely "valuable to" the operation of a Critical Asset, but is not necessary for or inherent to the operation of that Critical Asset, is not "essential to the operation" of the Critical Asset.



Note: an Interpretation cannot be used to change a standard.

Request for an Interpretation of a Reliability Standard

Date submitted: 1/31/10

Date revised version submitted: 7/22/10

Contact information for person requesting the interpretation:

Name: Kim Long

Organization: Duke Energy Corporation

Telephone: 704-382-7179

E-mail: kim.long@duke-energy.com

Identify the standard that needs clarification:

Standard Number (include version number): CIP-002-1

(example: PRC-001-1)

Standard Title: Cyber Security – Critical Cyber Asset Identification

Identify specifically what requirement needs clarification:

Requirement Number and Text of Requirement: CIP - 002-1, Requirement R3

- R3. Critical Cyber Asset Identification Using the list of Critical Assets developed pursuant to Requirement R2, the Responsible Entity shall develop a list of associated Critical Cyber Assets essential to the operation of the Critical Asset. Examples at control centers and backup control centers include systems and facilities at master and remote sites that provide monitoring and control, automatic generation control, real-time power system modeling, and real-time inter-utility data exchange. The Responsible Entity shall review this list at least annually, and update it as necessary. For the purpose of Standard CIP-002, Critical Cyber Assets are further qualified to be those having at least one of the following characteristics:
 - **R3.1.** The Cyber Asset uses a routable protocol to communicate outside the Electronic Security Perimeter; or,
 - **R3.2.** The Cyber Asset uses a routable protocol within a control center; or,
 - **R3.3.** The Cyber Asset is dial-up accessible.

Clarification needed:

With regard to the above requirements, Duke Energy respectfully requests an interpretation as to the following:

- 1. Is the phrase "Examples at control centers and backup control centers include systems and facilities at master and remote sites that provide monitoring and control, automatic generation control, real-time power system modeling, and real-time inter-utility data exchange" meant to be prescriptive, i.e., that any and all systems and facilities utilized in monitoring and control, automatic generation control, real-time power system modeling, and real-time inter-utility data exchange, must be classified as Critical Cyber Assets, or is this phrase simply meant to provide examples of the types of systems that should be assessed for inclusion in the list of Critical Cyber Assets using an entity's critical cyber asset methodology?
- 2. What does the phrase, "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset" mean? If an entity has an asset that "may" be used to operate a Critical Asset, but is not "required" for operation of that Critical Asset, is the asset considered "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset"? Remote access to the systems is valuable to operations (see Material Impact Statement below), but operation of the Critical Asset is not literally dependent on these laptops.
 - The term "essential" is not defined in the NERC Glossary. The Merriam —Webster dictionary provides the following definition of essential: "ESSENTIAL implies belonging to the very nature of a thing and therefore being incapable of removal without destroying the thing itself or its character." The dictionary provides the following synonyms for essential: "Inherent, basic, indispensible, vital, fundamental, and necessary."

Identify the material impact associated with this interpretation:

Identify the material impact to your organization or others caused by the lack of clarity or an incorrect interpretation of this standard.

If the phrase 'Examples at control centers and backup control centers include systems and facilities at master and remote sites that provide monitoring and control, automatic generation control' is meant to be prescriptive such that workstations, which are utilized in monitoring and control must be classified as Critical Cyber Assets, then the ability to provide remote support is not available to companies.

It is inherently not possible to implement all of the prescribed controls, i.e. CIP 006 physical controls, around workstations such as laptops when used from remote locations. The reliability of the Bulk Electric System will be eroded, rather than enhanced, if companies do not have the ability to remotely access the Critical Asset environment by utilizing laptop workstations with the cyber security controls prescribed in CIP 005.

Interpretation 2010-INT-05: Response to Request for an Interpretation of NERC Standard CIP-002-1 R3 for the Duke Energy Corporation

The following interpretation of NERC Standard CIP-002-1 Cyber Security — Critical Cyber Asset Identification was developed by a sub team of the Cyber Security Order 706 Standard Drafting Team.

Requirement Number and Text of Requirement

- R3. Critical Cyber Asset Identification Using the list of Critical Assets developed pursuant to Requirement R2, the Responsible Entity shall develop a list of associated Critical Cyber Assets essential to the operation of the Critical Asset. Examples at control centers and backup control centers include systems and facilities at master and remote sites that provide monitoring and control, automatic generation control, real-time power system modeling, and real-time inter-utility data exchange. The Responsible Entity shall review this list at least annually, and update it as necessary. For the purpose of Standard CIP-002, Critical Cyber Assets are further qualified to be those having at least one of the following characteristics:
 - R3.1. The Cyber Asset uses a routable protocol to communicate outside the Electronic Security Perimeter; or,
 - R3.2. The Cyber Asset uses a routable protocol within a control center; or,
 - R3.3. The Cyber Asset is dial-up accessible.

Question 1

Is the phrase "Examples at control centers and backup control centers include systems and facilities at master and remote sites that provide monitoring and control, automatic generation control, real-time power system modeling, and real-time inter-utility data exchange" meant to be prescriptive, i.e., that any and all systems and facilities utilized in monitoring and control, automatic generation control, real-time power system modeling, and real-time inter-utility data exchange, must be classified as Critical Cyber Assets, or is this phrase simply meant to provide examples of the types of systems that should be assessed for inclusion in the list of Critical Cyber Assets using an entity's critical cyber asset methodology?

Response to Question 1

The phrase "Examples at control centers and backup control centers include systems and facilities at master and remote sites that provide monitoring and control, automatic generation control, real-time power system modeling, and real-time inter-utility data exchange" is not intended to be illustrative, not prescriptive. It simply provides examples of the types of Cyber Assets that should be considered. It does not imply that the items listed must be classified as Critical Cyber Assets, nor is it intended to be an exhaustive list of Critical Cyber Asset types.

Question 2

What does the phrase, "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset" mean? If an entity has an asset that "may" be used to operate a Critical Asset, but is not "required" for operation of that Critical Asset, is the asset considered "essential to the operation of the

Critical Asset"? Remote access to the systems is valuable to operations (see Material Impact Statement below), but operation of the Critical Asset is not literally dependent on these laptops.

Response to Question 2

The phrase "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset" means that the Critical Cyber Asset is used to perform a function essential to the operation of the Critical Asset. For example, in a control center, a human-to-machine interface such as an operator console is used to perform the essential function of operator-assisted remote control. Similarly, any Cyber Asset, when used to perform a function essential to the operation of the Critical Asset, becomes a Critical Cyber Asset.

The word "essential" is not defined in the *Glossary of Terms used in NERC Reliability Standards*, but the well-understood meaning and ordinary usage of the word "essential" implies "inherent to" or "necessary." The phrase "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset" means inherent to or necessary for the operation of the Critical Asset.

A Cyber Asset that "may" be used, but is not "required" (i.e., without which a Critical Asset cannot function as intended), for the operation of a Critical Asset is not "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset" for purposes of Requirement R3. Similarly, a Cyber Asset that is merely "valuable to" the operation of a Critical Asset, but is not necessary for or inherent to the operation of that Critical Asset, is not "essential to the operation" of the Critical Asset.



Unofficial Comment Form Interpretation 2010-INT-05 CIP-002-1 Requirement R3 for Duke Energy

Please **DO NOT** use this form to submit comments. Please use the electronic comment form located at the link below to submit comments on Interpretation 2010-INT-05 CIP-002-1 Requirement R3 for Duke Energy. The electronic comment form must be completed by **March 23, 2012.**

Additional information is available on the project page at: http://www.nerc.com/filez/standards/2010-1 INT-05 Interpretation CIP-002-1 Duke.html

If you have questions please contact Steven Noess at <u>steven.noess@nerc.net</u> or by telephone at (404 446-9691).

Background Information

A 30-day formal comment period for this interpretation closed on October 8, 2010. Since that date, a project team from the CIP Interpretation Drafting Team has reviewed and responded to the comments received from that posting and made revisions to the interpretation encompassing Duke Energy's Request for Interpretation Questions 1 and 2. The project team revised the interpretation pursuant to the NERC Guidelines for Interpretation Drafting Teams. (Available at:

http://www.nerc.com/files/Guidelines for Interpretation Drafting Teams Approved April 2011.pdf)

Duke Energy asked two questions in their Request for Interpretation.

In response to Question 1, the Interpretation Drafting Team ("IDT") agreed with commenters that the interpretation to Question 1 was good. The IDT increased clarity by adding words to create the phrase, "is illustrative, not prescriptive." The examples given in Requirement 3 are illustrative and not prescriptive.

In response to Question 2, commenters strongly commented that the previously-posted interpretation was not satisfactory. With that result, the IDT researched the wording of the phrase and developed a new interpretation. "Essential" is not defined in the Glossary of Terms used in NERC Reliability Standards. However, the well-understood meaning and ordinary usage of the word "essential" implies "inherent to" or "necessary." Either word may be used in place of "essential."

The IDT notes that the first posted draft of Version 5 of CIP-002 is addressing many of the issues raised in this Request for Interpretation.



Additionally, the IDT offers the following supplemental observation regarding the above interpretations. The language within CIP-002-1 Requirement 3 works hand-in-hand with the Standard's Purpose and Requirement 1. The Responsible Entity is responsible for using its judgment to identify Critical Cyber Assets that are essential, inherent, or necessary to the operation of the Critical Assets."

You do not have to answer all questions. Enter All Comments in Simple Text Format. Insert a "check" mark in the appropriate boxes by double-clicking the gray areas.

Please review the request for an interpretation, the associated standard, and the draft interpretation and then answer the following questions.

The NERC Board of Trustees indicated that the interpretation process **should not** be used to address requests for a decision on **"how"** a reliability standard applies to a registered entity's particular facts and circumstances. Do you believe this request for an interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement or clarity on the application of a requirement?

Question #1:
\square The request in Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.
The request in Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the application of a requirement.
Comments:
Question #2:
The request in Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.
The request in Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the application of a requirement.
Comments:

The NERC Board of Trustees indicated that in deciding whether or not to approve a proposed interpretation, it will use a standard of strict construction and not seek to expand the reach of the standard to correct a perceived gap or deficiency in the standard. Do you believe this interpretation expands the reach of the standard?



Question #3:
$\hfill\Box$ The interpretation for Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation expands the reach of the standard.
The interpretation for Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.
Comments:
Question #4:
The interpretation for Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation expands the reach of the standard.
The interpretation for Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.
Comments:
Question #5:
Do you agree with the Interpretation Drafting Team's response to Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation? If not, please explain specifically what you disagree with.
Yes
□ No
Comments:
Question #6:
Do you agree with the Interpretation Drafting Team's response to Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation? If not, why not.
Yes
□ No
Comments:

A. Introduction

1. **Title:** Cyber Security — Critical Cyber Asset Identification

2. Number: CIP-002-3

3. Purpose: NERC Standards CIP-002-3 through CIP-009-3 provide a cyber security framework for the identification and protection of Critical Cyber Assets to support reliable operation of the Bulk Electric System.

These standards recognize the differing roles of each entity in the operation of the Bulk Electric System, the criticality and vulnerability of the assets needed to manage Bulk Electric System reliability, and the risks to which they are exposed.

Business and operational demands for managing and maintaining a reliable Bulk Electric System increasingly rely on Cyber Assets supporting critical reliability functions and processes to communicate with each other, across functions and organizations, for services and data. This results in increased risks to these Cyber Assets.

Standard CIP-002-3 requires the identification and documentation of the Critical Cyber Assets associated with the Critical Assets that support the reliable operation of the Bulk Electric System. These Critical Assets are to be identified through the application of a risk-based assessment.

4. Applicability:

- **4.1.** Within the text of Standard CIP-002-3, "Responsible Entity" shall mean:
 - **4.1.1** Reliability Coordinator.
 - **4.1.2** Balancing Authority.
 - **4.1.3** Interchange Authority.
 - **4.1.4** Transmission Service Provider.
 - **4.1.5** Transmission Owner.
 - **4.1.6** Transmission Operator.
 - **4.1.7** Generator Owner.
 - **4.1.8** Generator Operator.
 - **4.1.9** Load Serving Entity.
 - **4.1.10** NERC.
 - **4.1.11** Regional Entity.
- **4.2.** The following are exempt from Standard CIP-002-3:
 - **4.2.1** Facilities regulated by the U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission or the Canadian Nuclear Safety Commission.
 - **4.2.2** Cyber Assets associated with communication networks and data communication links between discrete Electronic Security Perimeters.
- **5. Effective Date:** The first day of the third calendar quarter after applicable regulatory approvals have been received (or the Reliability Standard otherwise becomes effective the first day of the third calendar quarter after BOT adoption in those jurisdictions where regulatory approval is not required)

B. Requirements

- **R1.** Critical Asset Identification Method The Responsible Entity shall identify and document a risk-based assessment methodology to use to identify its Critical Assets.
 - **R1.1.** The Responsible Entity shall maintain documentation describing its risk-based assessment methodology that includes procedures and evaluation criteria.
 - **R1.2.** The risk-based assessment shall consider the following assets:
 - **R1.2.1.** Control centers and backup control centers performing the functions of the entities listed in the Applicability section of this standard.
 - **R1.2.2.** Transmission substations that support the reliable operation of the Bulk Electric System.
 - **R1.2.3.** Generation resources that support the reliable operation of the Bulk Electric System.
 - **R1.2.4.** Systems and facilities critical to system restoration, including blackstart generators and substations in the electrical path of transmission lines used for initial system restoration.
 - **R1.2.5.** Systems and facilities critical to automatic load shedding under a common control system capable of shedding 300 MW or more.
 - **R1.2.6.** Special Protection Systems that support the reliable operation of the Bulk Electric System.
 - **R1.2.7.** Any additional assets that support the reliable operation of the Bulk Electric System that the Responsible Entity deems appropriate to include in its assessment.
- **R2.** Critical Asset Identification The Responsible Entity shall develop a list of its identified Critical Assets determined through an annual application of the risk-based assessment methodology required in R1. The Responsible Entity shall review this list at least annually, and update it as necessary.
- R3. Critical Cyber Asset Identification Using the list of Critical Assets developed pursuant to Requirement R2, the Responsible Entity shall develop a list of associated Critical Cyber Assets essential to the operation of the Critical Asset. Examples at control centers and backup control centers include systems and facilities at master and remote sites that provide monitoring and control, automatic generation control, real-time power system modeling, and real-time interutility data exchange. The Responsible Entity shall review this list at least annually, and update it as necessary. For the purpose of Standard CIP-002-3, Critical Cyber Assets are further qualified to be those having at least one of the following characteristics:
 - **R3.1.** The Cyber Asset uses a routable protocol to communicate outside the Electronic Security Perimeter; or,
 - **R3.2.** The Cyber Asset uses a routable protocol within a control center; or,
 - **R3.3.** The Cyber Asset is dial-up accessible.
- **R4.** Annual Approval The senior manager or delegate(s) shall approve annually the risk-based assessment methodology, the list of Critical Assets and the list of Critical Cyber Assets. Based on Requirements R1, R2, and R3 the Responsible Entity may determine that it has no Critical Assets or Critical Cyber Assets. The Responsible Entity shall keep a signed and dated record of the senior manager or delegate(s)'s approval of the risk-based assessment methodology, the list of Critical Assets and the list of Critical Cyber Assets (even if such lists are null.)

C. Measures

- **M1.** The Responsible Entity shall make available its current risk-based assessment methodology documentation as specified in Requirement R1.
- **M2.** The Responsible Entity shall make available its list of Critical Assets as specified in Requirement R2.
- **M3.** The Responsible Entity shall make available its list of Critical Cyber Assets as specified in Requirement R3.
- **M4.** The Responsible Entity shall make available its approval records of annual approvals as specified in Requirement R4.

D. Compliance

1. Compliance Monitoring Process

1.1. Compliance Enforcement Authority

- **1.1.1** Regional Entity for Responsible Entities that do not perform delegated tasks for their Regional Entity.
- **1.1.2** ERO for Regional Entity.
- **1.1.3** Third-party monitor without vested interest in the outcome for NERC.

1.2. Compliance Monitoring Period and Reset Time Frame

Not applicable.

1.3. Compliance Monitoring and Enforcement Processes

Compliance Audits

Self-Certifications

Spot Checking

Compliance Violation Investigations

Self-Reporting

Complaints

1.4. Data Retention

- **1.4.1** The Responsible Entity shall keep documentation required by Standard CIP-002-3 from the previous full calendar year unless directed by its Compliance Enforcement Authority to retain specific evidence for a longer period of time as part of an investigation.
- **1.4.2** The Compliance Enforcement Authority in conjunction with the Registered Entity shall keep the last audit records and all requested and submitted subsequent audit records.

1.5. Additional Compliance Information

1.5.1 None.

2. Violation Severity Levels (To be developed later.)

E. Regional Variances

None identified.

Version History

Version	Date	Action	Change Tracking
1	January 16, 2006	R3.2 — Change "Control Center" to "control center"	03/24/06
2		Modifications to clarify the requirements and to bring the compliance elements into conformance with the latest guidelines for developing compliance elements of standards. Removal of reasonable business judgment. Replaced the RRO with the RE as a responsible entity. Rewording of Effective Date. Changed compliance monitor to Compliance Enforcement Authority.	
3		Updated version number from -2 to -3	
3	12/16/09	Approved by the NERC Board of Trustees	Update



Standards Announcement

Project 2009-26 Interpretation of CIP-004-x for WECC Project 2010-INT-05 Interpretation of CIP-002-x for Duke

Two Ballot Windows (One Initial and One Successive)
Now Open Through 8 p.m. Eastern Friday, March 23, 2012

Now Available: Project 2009-26 | Project 2010-INT-05

The following ballot windows for two CIP interpretations are now open: 1) an initial ballot window for an interpretation of standard CIP-002-x — Critical Cyber Asset Identification, Requirements R3, and 2) a successive ballot window for an interpretation of standard CIP-004-x — Cyber Security — Personnel & Training, Requirements R2, R3, and R4, for WECC. Both ballot windows are open **until 8 p.m. EST on Friday, March 23, 2012.**

Instructions for Balloting on the Interpretations of CIP-002-x for Duke and CIP-004-x for WECC

Members of the ballot pools associated with each of these interpretations may log in and submit their votes for the interpretations by clicking hembers of the ballot pools associated with each of these interpretations may log in and submit their votes for the interpretations by clicking here.

Special Instructions for Submitting Comments with a Ballot

Please note that each interpretation has a separate electronic comment form, and for each interpretation, comments submitted during the formal comment period and the ballot for the interpretation use the same electronic form. It is NOT necessary for ballot pool members to submit comments through the ballot application — all comments should be submitted through the electronic comment form associated with the interpretation.

Next Steps

The drafting team will consider all comments submitted to determine whether to make additional revisions to the interpretation.

Background

In May 2011, the Standards Committee appointed a standing CIP Interpretation Drafting Team and assigned the further development of all outstanding CIP Interpretations, including the two referenced in this announcement, to that team. Initial drafts of each of the two CIP interpretations were developed by a different drafting team. The CIP Interpretation Drafting Team has reviewed all comments submitted in the previous postings of each interpretation, along with FERC orders issued since the previous posting,



and has revised the interpretations in response to comments and consistent with guidance adopted by the NERC Board of Trustees and Standards Committee.

Information about the CIP Interpretation Drafting team is available on the team's <u>webpage</u>, which contains links to each of the interpretations that the team is working on including the two being balloted now.

Standards Development Process

The <u>Standard Processes Manual</u> contains all the procedures governing the standards development and interpretation processes. The success of the NERC standards development process depends on stakeholder participation. We extend our thanks to all those who participate. For more information or assistance, please contact Monica Benson at <u>monica.benson@nerc.net</u>.

For more information or assistance, please contact Monica Benson, Standards Process Administrator, at monica.benson@nerc.net or at 404-446-2560.

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Standards Announcement

Project 2009-26 Interpretation of CIP-004-x for WECC

Project 2010-INT-05 Interpretation of CIP-002-x for Duke

Two Ballot Pool Windows Now Open through 8 a.m. Eastern on March 8, 2012 Two Formal Comment Periods Open through Friday 8 p.m. March 23, 2012 Two Ballot Windows (One Initial and One Successive) Open March 14 – 23, 2012

Now Available Here:

<u>Project 2010-INT-05 CIP-002-x Interpretation of CIP-002-x for Duke</u> <u>Project 2009-26 Interpretation of CIP-004-x for WECC</u>

The CIP Interpretation Drafting team has posted two CIP Interpretations for formal comment periods through 8 p.m. Eastern on Friday, March 23, 2012. Ballot pools are being formed for each interpretation through 8 a.m. Eastern on Thursday, March 8 (please note that ballot pools close at 8 a.m. on the day they close). Ballots of each interpretation will be conducted during the last ten days of the comment period, from Wednesday, March 14 through Friday, March 23, 2012, closing at 8 p.m. Eastern.

Instructions for Joining Ballot Pools

Separate ballot pools are being formed for each interpretation. Although a ballot pool was previously formed for Project 2009-26, the Standards Committee has authorized forming a new ballot pool to ensure that current Registered Ballot Body members have an opportunity to participate.

To join the ballot pools to be eligible to vote in the upcoming ballots of each interpretation, go to: <u>Join</u> Ballot Pool

During the pre-ballot windows, members of each ballot pool may communicate with one another by using their "ballot pool list server." (Once the balloting begins, ballot pool members are prohibited from using the ballot pool list servers.) One ballot pool list server has been set up and can be used for communication on each of the interpretations.

The list servers for each interpretation project are:

Project 2009-26 Interpretation of CIP-004-x for WECC: bp-2009-26 CIP-004-1 SB in@nerc.com

Project 2010-INT-05 Interpretation of CIP-002-x for Duke Energy bp-2010-INT-05 CIP-002 in@nerc.com



Instructions for Commenting

A formal comment period is open for each interpretation through **8 p.m.** Eastern on Friday, March **23**, **2012**. Each interpretation has a separate comment form. Please use the links below to submit comments using the electronic comment form for each interpretation. Off-line, unofficial copies of the comment forms are posted on the project pages.

Project 2010-INT-05 Interpretation of CIP-002-x for Duke	Electronic comment form	Project page			
Project 2009-26 Interpretation of CIP-004-x for WECC	Electronic comment form	<u>Project page</u>			

If you experience any difficulties in using the electronic forms, please contact Monica Benson at monica.benson@nerc.net.

Next Steps

A successive ballot window will be open for the interpretation in Project 2009-26 Interpretation of CIP-004-x for WECC from Wednesday, March 14 through 8 p.m. Eastern on Friday, March 23, 2012.

An initial ballot window will be open for the interpretation in Project 2010-INT-05 Interpretation of CIP-002-x for Duke from Wednesday, March 14 through 8 p.m. Eastern on Friday, March 23, 2012.

Background

In May 2011, the Standards Committee appointed a standing CIP Interpretation Drafting Team and assigned the further development of all outstanding CIP Interpretations, including the two referenced in this announcement, to that team. Initial drafts of each of the two CIP interpretations were developed by a different drafting team. The CIP Interpretation Drafting Team has reviewed all comments submitted in the previous postings of each interpretation, along with FERC orders issued since the previous posting, and has revised the interpretations in response to comments and consistent with guidance adopted by the NERC Board of Trustees and Standards Committee.

Additional information about each project is available on the individual project pages:

<u>Project 2010-INT-05 Interpretation of CIP-002-x for Duke</u> <u>Project 2009-26 Interpretation of CIP-004-x for WECC</u>

Standards Development Process

The <u>Standard Processes Manual</u> contains all the procedures governing the standards development process. The success of the NERC standards development process depends on stakeholder participation. We extend our thanks to all those who participate. For more information or assistance, please contact Monica Benson at <u>monica.benson@nerc.net</u>.



For more information or assistance, please contact Monica Benson, Standards Process Administrator, at <u>monica.benson@nerc.net</u> or at 404-446-2560.

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Standards Announcement
Project 2009-26 Interpretation of CIP-004-x for WECC
Project 2010-INT-05 Interpretation of CIP-002-x for Duke

Initial and Successive Ballot Results

Now Available 2009-26 2010-INT-05

Ballots of two CIP interpretations concluded Friday, March 23, 2012:

- An initial ballot of Project 2009-26 Interpretation of CIP-004-x for WECC
- A successive ballot of Project 2010-INT-05 Interpretation of CIP-002-x for Duke

Voting statistics for each ballot are listed below, and the <u>Ballots Results</u> page provides a link to the detailed results.

Standard	Quorum	Approval
Project 2009-26 Interpretation of CIP-004-x for WECC	Quorum: 88.55%	Approval: 79.61%
Project 2010-INT-05 Interpretation of CIP-002-x for Duke	Quorum: 89.63%	Approval: 94.71%

Next Steps

The CIP Interpretation Drafting Team (CIP IDT) will consider all comments submitted for each interpretation, and based on the comments, for each interpretation will determine whether to make additional revisions to the interpretation. If the drafting team determines that no substantive changes to the interpretation are required to address the comments, a recirculation ballot of the interpretation will be conducted. If the drafting team decides to make substantive revisions to either interpretation, the drafting team will submit the revised interpretation and consideration of the comments received for a quality review prior to posting for a parallel formal 30-day comment period and successive ballot.

Background

In May 2011 the Standards Committee appointed a standing CIP Interpretation Drafting team, and assigned these interpretations to that team.



Standards Development Process

The <u>Standard Processes Manual</u> contains all the procedures governing the standards development process. The success of the NERC standards development process depends on stakeholder participation. We extend our thanks to all those who participate. For more information or assistance, please contact Monica Benson at <u>monica.benson@nerc.net</u>.

For more information or assistance, please contact Monica Benson, Standards Process Administrator, at monica.benson@nerc.net or at 404-446-2560.



User Name

Password

Log in

Register

-Ballot Pools

-Current Ballots
-Ballot Results

-Registered Ballot Body -Proxy Voters

Home Page

Ballot Results						
Ballot Name:	Project 2010-INT-05 CIP-002-1 R3 for Duke Energy_in					
Ballot Period:	3/14/2012 - 3/23/2012					
Ballot Type:	Initial					
Total # Votes:	294					
Total Ballot Pool:	328					
Quorum:	89.63 % The Quorum has been reached					
Weighted Segment Vote:	94.71 %					
Ballot Results:	The drafting team is considering comments.					

Summary of Ballot Results											
				Affirmative		Negative A			Α	bstain	
Segment	Ballot Pool		egment Veight	# Votes	Fraction	# Votes	F	raction	#	Votes	No Vote
1 - Segment 1.		82	1	66	0.985		1	0.01	5	10	5
2 - Segment 2.		10	0.7	7	0.7		0		0	2	1
3 - Segment 3.		77	1	66	0.985		1	0.01	5	3	7
4 - Segment 4.		23	1	20	1		0		0	1	2
5 - Segment 5.		75	1	55	0.982		1	0.01	8	7	12
6 - Segment 6.		44	1	35	0.972		1	0.02	28	4	4
7 - Segment 7.		0	0	0	0		0		0	0	0
8 - Segment 8.		8	0.7	6	0.6		1	0	.1	0	1
9 - Segment 9.		2	0.1	1	0.1		0		0	0	1
10 - Segment 10.		7	0.6	4	0.4		2	0	.2	0	1
Totals	3	28	7.1	260	6.724		7	0.37	6	27	34

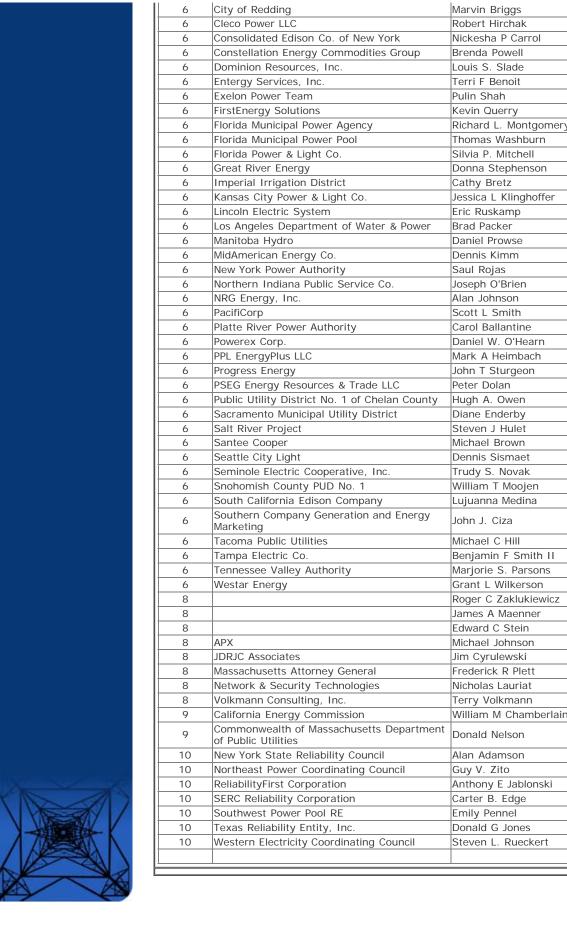
	Individual Ballot Pool Results					
Segme	nt Organization	Member	Ballot	Comments		
1	Ameren Services	Kirit Shah	Affirmativ	е		
1	American Transmission Company, LLC	Andrew Z Pusztai	Affirmative	е		
1	Arizona Public Service Co.	Robert Smith	Affirmativ	е		
1	Associated Electric Cooperative, Inc.	John Bussman	Affirmativ	е		
1	Austin Energy	James Armke	Affirmative	е		
1	Avista Corp.	Scott J Kinney	Affirmative	е		
1	Balancing Authority of Northern California	Kevin Smith	Affirmativ	е		
1	Baltimore Gas & Electric Company	Gregory S Miller	Abstain	View		

1	BC Hydro and Power Authority Beaches Energy Services	Patricia Robertson Joseph S Stonecipher	Abstain Affirmative	
1	Black Hills Corp	Eric Egge	Abstain	
1	Bonneville Power Administration	Donald S. Watkins	Affirmative	View
1	Brazos Electric Power Cooperative, Inc.	Tony Kroskey	Affirmative	View
1	CenterPoint Energy Houston Electric, LLC	John Brockhan	Affirmative	VIEW
1		JOHN BIOCKHAII	Ammative	
1	City of Tacoma, Department of Public Utilities, Light Division, dba Tacoma Power	Chang G Choi	Affirmative	
1	Clark Public Utilities	Jack Stamper	Affirmative	
1	Colorado Springs Utilities	Paul Morland	Abstain	
1	Consolidated Edison Co. of New York	Christopher L de Graffenried	Affirmative	View
	Corporate Risk Solutions, Inc.	· ·	Ammative	view
1		Joseph Doetzl	A ffi www a tives	
1	CPS Energy	Richard Castrejana	Affirmative	
1	Dominion Virginia Power	Michael S Crowley	Affirmative	
1	Empire District Electric Co.	Ralph F Meyer	A ffi www a tives	
1	Entergy Services, Inc.	Edward J Davis	Affirmative	View
1	FirstEnergy Corp.	William J Smith	Affirmative	view
1	Florida Keys Electric Cooperative Assoc.	Dennis Minton	Affirmative	
1	Florida Power & Light Co.	Mike O'Neil	Affirmative	
1	FortisBC	Curtis Klashinsky	Affirmative	
1	Georgia Transmission Corporation	Jason Snodgrass	Affirmative	
1	Great River Energy	Gordon Pietsch	Affirmative	
1	Hoosier Energy Rural Electric Cooperative, Inc.	Bob Solomon	Abstain	
1	Hydro One Networks, Inc.	Ajay Garg	Affirmative	
1	Idaho Power Company	Ronald D. Schellberg	Affirmative	
1	Imperial Irrigation District	Tino Zaragoza	Affirmative	
1	International Transmission Company Holdings Corp	Michael Moltane	Affirmative	
1	Kansas City Power & Light Co.	Michael Gammon	Affirmative	
1	Lakeland Electric	Larry E Watt	Affirmative	
1	Lee County Electric Cooperative	John W Delucca	Affirmative	
1	Lincoln Electric System	Doug Bantam	Affirmative	
1	Long Island Power Authority	Robert Ganley	7tmmative	
1	Los Angeles Department of Water & Power	John Burnett		
1	Lower Colorado River Authority	Martyn Turner	Affirmative	
1	Manitoba Hydro	Joe D Petaski	Affirmative	
1	MidAmerican Energy Co.	Terry Harbour	Negative	View
1	Minnesota Power, Inc.	Randi K. Nyholm	Affirmative	VICVV
1	Minnkota Power Coop. Inc.	Theresa Allard	Affirmative	
1	Nebraska Public Power District	Cole C Brodine	Affirmative	
1	New York Power Authority	Bruce Metruck	Affirmative	
1	Northeast Utilities		Affirmative	
1	Northern Indiana Public Service Co.	David Boguslawski	Affirmative	
		Kevin M Largura	Abstain	
1	NorthWestern Energy Obje Valley Flootric Corp	John Canavan		
	Ohio Valley Electric Corp.	Robert Mattey	Affirmative	
1	Oklahoma Gas and Electric Co.	Marvin E VanBebber	Affirmative	
	Omaha Public Power District	Doug Peterchuck	Affirmative	
1	Oncor Electric Delivery	Jen Fiegel	Affirmativa	
1	PacifiCorp	Ryan Millard	Affirmative	
1	PECO Energy	Ronald Schloendorn	Affirmative	
1	Platte River Power Authority	John C. Collins	Affirmative	
1	Portland General Electric Co.	John T Walker	Abstain	
1	Potomac Electric Power Co.	David Thorne	Affirmative	
	DDI EL1-:-	Brenda L Truhe		
1	PPL Electric Utilities Corp.		Affirmative	
1	Progress Energy Carolinas	Brett A Koelsch	Affirmative	
1 1 1	Progress Energy Carolinas Public Service Company of New Mexico	Brett A Koelsch Laurie Williams	Affirmative Affirmative	
1 1 1	Progress Energy Carolinas Public Service Company of New Mexico Public Service Electric and Gas Co.	Brett A Koelsch Laurie Williams Kenneth D. Brown	Affirmative Affirmative Affirmative	
1 1 1 1	Progress Energy Carolinas Public Service Company of New Mexico Public Service Electric and Gas Co. Puget Sound Energy, Inc.	Brett A Koelsch Laurie Williams Kenneth D. Brown Denise M Lietz	Affirmative Affirmative Affirmative Abstain	
1 1 1 1 1 1	Progress Energy Carolinas Public Service Company of New Mexico Public Service Electric and Gas Co. Puget Sound Energy, Inc. Rochester Gas and Electric Corp.	Brett A Koelsch Laurie Williams Kenneth D. Brown Denise M Lietz John C. Allen	Affirmative Affirmative Affirmative Abstain Affirmative	
1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Progress Energy Carolinas Public Service Company of New Mexico Public Service Electric and Gas Co. Puget Sound Energy, Inc. Rochester Gas and Electric Corp. Sacramento Municipal Utility District	Brett A Koelsch Laurie Williams Kenneth D. Brown Denise M Lietz John C. Allen Tim Kelley	Affirmative Affirmative Affirmative Abstain Affirmative Affirmative	
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Progress Energy Carolinas Public Service Company of New Mexico Public Service Electric and Gas Co. Puget Sound Energy, Inc. Rochester Gas and Electric Corp. Sacramento Municipal Utility District Salt River Project	Brett A Koelsch Laurie Williams Kenneth D. Brown Denise M Lietz John C. Allen Tim Kelley Robert Kondziolka	Affirmative Affirmative Affirmative Abstain Affirmative Affirmative Affirmative	
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Progress Energy Carolinas Public Service Company of New Mexico Public Service Electric and Gas Co. Puget Sound Energy, Inc. Rochester Gas and Electric Corp. Sacramento Municipal Utility District	Brett A Koelsch Laurie Williams Kenneth D. Brown Denise M Lietz John C. Allen Tim Kelley Robert Kondziolka Terry L Blackwell	Affirmative Affirmative Affirmative Abstain Affirmative Affirmative Affirmative Affirmative	
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Progress Energy Carolinas Public Service Company of New Mexico Public Service Electric and Gas Co. Puget Sound Energy, Inc. Rochester Gas and Electric Corp. Sacramento Municipal Utility District Salt River Project	Brett A Koelsch Laurie Williams Kenneth D. Brown Denise M Lietz John C. Allen Tim Kelley Robert Kondziolka	Affirmative Affirmative Affirmative Abstain Affirmative Affirmative Affirmative	
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Progress Energy Carolinas Public Service Company of New Mexico Public Service Electric and Gas Co. Puget Sound Energy, Inc. Rochester Gas and Electric Corp. Sacramento Municipal Utility District Salt River Project Santee Cooper Sierra Pacific Power Co. Snohomish County PUD No. 1	Brett A Koelsch Laurie Williams Kenneth D. Brown Denise M Lietz John C. Allen Tim Kelley Robert Kondziolka Terry L Blackwell	Affirmative Affirmative Affirmative Abstain Affirmative Affirmative Affirmative Affirmative	
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Progress Energy Carolinas Public Service Company of New Mexico Public Service Electric and Gas Co. Puget Sound Energy, Inc. Rochester Gas and Electric Corp. Sacramento Municipal Utility District Salt River Project Santee Cooper Sierra Pacific Power Co.	Brett A Koelsch Laurie Williams Kenneth D. Brown Denise M Lietz John C. Allen Tim Kelley Robert Kondziolka Terry L Blackwell Rich Salgo	Affirmative Affirmative Affirmative Abstain Affirmative Affirmative Affirmative Affirmative Affirmative Affirmative	

1	Tampa Electric Co.	Beth Young	Affirmative Affirmative	View
	Tennessee Valley Authority	Larry Akens		view
1	Trans Bay Cable LLC	Steven Powell	Abstain	
1	Tri-State G & T Association, Inc.	Tracy Sliman	Affirmative	
1	Tucson Electric Power Co.	John Tolo	Affirmative	
1	United Illuminating Co.	Jonathan Appelbaum	Affirmative	
1	Westar Energy	Allen Klassen	Affirmative	
1	Western Area Power Administration	Brandy A Dunn	Affirmative	
1	Xcel Energy, Inc.	Gregory L Pieper	Affirmative	
2	Alberta Electric System Operator	Mark B Thompson	Abstain	View
2	BC Hydro	Venkataramakrishnan Vinnakota	Abstain	
2	California ISO	Rich Vine	Affirmative	View
2	Electric Reliability Council of Texas, Inc.	Charles B Manning	Affirmative	View
2	Independent Electricity System Operator	Barbara Constantinescu	Affirmative	
2	ISO New England, Inc.	Kathleen Goodman	Affirmative	
2	Midwest ISO, Inc.	Marie Knox	Affirmative	
2	New Brunswick System Operator	Alden Briggs	Affirmative	
2	New York Independent System Operator	Gregory Campoli	Affirmative	
2	Southwest Power Pool, Inc.	Charles H. Yeung	74IIIIIIIdii VC	
3	AEP	Michael E Deloach	Affirmative	View
3	Alabama Power Company	Richard J. Mandes	Affirmative	View
	1 3	111011011011011011011011		view
3	Ameren Services	Mark Peters	Affirmative	
3	APS	Steven Norris	Affirmative	
3	Arkansas Electric Cooperative Corporation	Philip Huff	Affirmative	
3	Atlantic City Electric Company	NICOLE BUCKMAN	Affirmative	
3	BC Hydro and Power Authority	Pat G. Harrington	Abstain	
3	Bonneville Power Administration	Rebecca Berdahl	Affirmative	
3	Central Lincoln PUD	Steve Alexanderson	Affirmative	
3	City of Austin dba Austin Energy	Andrew Gallo	Affirmative	
3	City of Clewiston	Lynne Mila	Affirmative	
3	City of Farmington	Linda R Jacobson	Affirmative	
3	City of Garland	Ronnie C Hoeinghaus	Affirmative	
3	City of Green Cove Springs	Gregg R Griffin	Affirmative	
3	City of Redding	Bill Hughes	Affirmative	
3	ComEd	Bruce Krawczyk	Affirmative	
3	Consolidated Edison Co. of New York	Peter T Yost	Affirmative	
3	Constellation Energy	CJ Ingersoll	Abstain	
3	Consumers Energy	Richard Blumenstock	Abstain	
3	Cowlitz County PUD	Russell A Noble	Affirmative	
3	CPS Energy	Jose Escamilla	Affirmative	
3	Dayton Power & Light Co.	Jeffrey Fuller	Affirmative	
3	Delmarva Power & Light Co.	Michael R. Mayer	Affirmative	
3	Detroit Edison Company	Kent Kujala	Affirmative	
3	Dominion Resources Services	Michael F. Gildea	Affirmative	
3	Duke Energy Carolina	Henry Ernst-Jr	Affirmative	
3	Entergy	Joel T Plessinger	Affirmative	
3 3	FirstEnergy Energy Delivery	Stephan Kern	Affirmative	View
3		John M Goroski	Affirmative	view
	Flathead Electric Cooperative			
3	Florida Municipal Power Agency	Joe McKinney	Affirmative	
3	Florida Power Corporation	Lee Schuster	Affirmative	10
3	Georgia Power Company	Danny Lindsey	Affirmative	View
3	Great River Energy	Brian Glover	Affirmative	17
3	Gulf Power Company	Paul C Caldwell	Affirmative	View
3	Hydro One Networks, Inc.	David Kiguel	Affirmative	
3	Imperial Irrigation District	Jesus S. Alcaraz	Affirmative	
3	JEA	Garry Baker	Affirmative	
3	Kansas City Power & Light Co.	Charles Locke	Affirmative	
3	Kissimmee Utility Authority	Gregory D Woessner		
3	Lakeland Electric	Norman D Harryhill	Affirmative	
3	Lincoln Electric System	Jason Fortik	Affirmative	
3	Los Angeles Department of Water & Power	Daniel D Kurowski		
3	Louisville Gas and Electric Co.	Charles A. Freibert	Affirmative	
3	Manitoba Hydro	Greg C. Parent	Affirmative	
3	MidAmerican Energy Co.	Thomas C. Mielnik	Negative	
3	Mississippi Power	Jeff Franklin	Affirmative	View
	Municipal Electric Authority of Georgia	Steven M. Jackson	Affirmative	

3	Muscatine Power & Water Nebraska Public Power District	John S Bos Tony Eddleman	Affirmative Affirmative	
	New York Power Authority	David R Rivera	Affirmative	
3	Niagara Mohawk (National Grid Company)	Michael Schiavone	Affirmative	
3	Northern Indiana Public Service Co.	William SeDoris	Affirmative	
3	Orange and Rockland Utilities, Inc.	David Burke	Affirmative	
	3		Affirmative	
3	Orlando Utilities Commission	Ballard K Mutters		
3	Owensboro Municipal Utilities	Thomas T Lyons	Affirmative	
3	Pacific Gas and Electric Company	John H Hagen	A 661 +1	
3	PacifiCorp	Dan Zollner	Affirmative	
3	Platte River Power Authority PNM Resources	Terry L Baker	Affirmative	
3		Michael Mertz	Affirmative	
3	Potomac Electric Power Co.	Robert Reuter	Affirmative	
3	Progress Energy Carolinas	Sam Waters	Affirms ations	
3	Public Service Electric and Gas Co.	Jeffrey Mueller	Affirmative	
3	Public Utility District No. 1 of Benton County	Gloria Bender	Affirmative	
3	Public Utility District No. 1 of Clallam County	David Proebstel	Affirmative	
3	Puget Sound Energy, Inc.	Erin Apperson	A 551 11	
3	Sacramento Municipal Utility District	James Leigh-Kendall	Affirmative	
3	Salt River Project	John T. Underhill	Affirmative	
3	San Diego Gas & Electric	Scott Peterson	1 2 5 5	
3	Santee Cooper	James M Poston	Affirmative	
3	Seminole Electric Cooperative, Inc.	James R Frauen	Affirmative	
3	Snohomish County PUD No. 1	Mark Oens	Affirmative	
3	South Carolina Electric & Gas Co.	Hubert C Young		
3	Tampa Electric Co.	Ronald L Donahey	Affirmative	
3	Tennessee Valley Authority	Ian S Grant	Affirmative	View
3	Westar Energy	Bo Jones	Affirmative	
3	Wisconsin Electric Power Marketing	James R Keller	Affirmative	
3	Xcel Energy, Inc.	Michael Ibold	Affirmative	
4	Alliant Energy Corp. Services, Inc.	Kenneth Goldsmith	Affirmative	
4	American Municipal Power	Kevin Koloini	Affirmative	
4	City of Austin dba Austin Energy	Reza Ebrahimian	Affirmative	
4	City of Clewiston	Kevin McCarthy	Affirmative	
4	City of Redding	Nicholas Zettel	Affirmative	
4	City Utilities of Springfield, Missouri	John Allen	Affirmative	
4	Consumers Energy	David Frank Ronk	Abstain	
4	Cowlitz County PUD	Rick Syring	Affirmative	
4	Flathead Electric Cooperative	Russ Schneider	Affirmative	
4	Florida Municipal Power Agency	Frank Gaffney	Affirmative	
4	Fort Pierce Utilities Authority	Thomas Richards		
4	Georgia System Operations Corporation	Guy Andrews	Affirmative	
4	Illinois Municipal Electric Agency	Bob C. Thomas	Affirmative	
4	Indiana Municipal Power Agency	Jack Alvey	Affirmative	
4	Madison Gas and Electric Co.	Joseph DePoorter	Affirmative	
4	Ohio Edison Company	Douglas Hohlbaugh	Affirmative	View
4	Old Dominion Electric Coop.	Mark Ringhausen	Affirmative	1.000
4	Public Utility District No. 1 of Douglas County	Henry E. LuBean	Affirmative	
4	Public Utility District No. 1 of Snohomish County	John D Martinsen	Affirmative	
4	Sacramento Municipal Utility District	Mike Ramirez	Affirmative	
4	Seminole Electric Cooperative, Inc.	Steven R Wallace	Affirmative	
4	Tacoma Public Utilities	Keith Morisette		
4	Wisconsin Energy Corp.	Anthony Jankowski	Affirmative	View
5	AEP Service Corp.	Brock Ondayko	Affirmative	View
5	Amerenue	Sam Dwyer	Affirmative	1.000
5	Arizona Public Service Co.	Edward Cambridge	Affirmative	
5	Associated Electric Cooperative, Inc.	Matthew Pacobit		
5	BC Hydro and Power Authority	Clement Ma	Abstain	
5	Bonneville Power Administration	Francis J. Halpin	Affirmative	View
5	Brazos Electric Power Cooperative, Inc.	Shari Heino	Affirmative	View
5	City and County of San Francisco		Affirmative	view
	City of Austin dba Austin Energy	Daniel Mason		
5		Jeanie Doty	Affirmative	
5	City of Redding	Paul Cummings	Affirmative	
	City Material Light a Decision -C.C. 1 Ci 11			
5	City Water, Light & Power of Springfield Cleco Power	Steve Rose Stephanie Huffman		

5 5	Consolidated Edison Co. of New York Constellation Power Source Generation, Inc.	Wilket (Jack) Ng Amir Y Hammad		
5	Consumers Energy Company	David C Greyerbiehl	Abstain	
5	Cowlitz County PUD	Bob Essex	Affirmative	
5	Dairyland Power Coop.	Tommy Drea	Affirmative	
		-		
5	Detroit Edison Company	Christy Wicke	Affirmative	
5	Dominion Resources, Inc.	Mike Garton	Affirmative	
5	Duke Energy	Dale Q Goodwine	Affirmative	
5	Edison Mission Marketing & Trading Inc.	Brenda J Frazer	Affirmative	
5	Electric Power Supply Association	John R Cashin	Affirmative	
5	Energy Services, Inc.	Tracey Stubbs	Affirmative	View
5	Essential Power, LLC	Patrick Brown	Affirmative	
5	Exelon Nuclear	Michael Korchynsky	Affirmative	
5	FirstEnergy Solutions	Kenneth Dresner	Affirmative	View
5	Florida Municipal Power Agency	David Schumann	Affirmative	
5	Great River Energy	Preston L Walsh		
5	ICF International	Brent B Hebert	Abstain	
5	Imperial Irrigation District	Marcela Y Caballero	Affirmative	
5	JEA	John J Babik	Affirmative	
5	Kansas City Power & Light Co.	Brett Holland	Affirmative	
5	Kissimmee Utility Authority	Mike Blough	Affirmative	
5	Lakeland Electric	James M Howard		
5	Liberty Electric Power LLC	Daniel Duff	Affirmative	
5	Lincoln Electric System	Dennis Florom	Affirmative	
5	Los Angeles Department of Water & Power	Kenneth Silver	Ammative	
5	Manitoba Hydro	S N Fernando	Affirmative	
5	<u> </u>	5 N Ferriando	Ammative	
5	Massachusetts Municipal Wholesale Electric Company	David Gordon	Abstain	
5	MEAG Power	Steven Grego	Affirmative	
5				
	MidAmerican Energy Co.	Christopher Schneider	Negative	
5	Muscatine Power & Water	Mike Avesing	Affirmative	
5	Nebraska Public Power District	Don Schmit	Affirmative	
5	New York Power Authority	Wayne Sipperly	Affirmative	
5	NextEra Energy	Allen D Schriver	Affirmative	
5	Northern Indiana Public Service Co.	William O. Thompson	Affirmative	
5	Occidental Chemical	Michelle R DAntuono	Affirmative	View
5	Omaha Public Power District	Mahmood Z. Safi	Affirmative	
5	PacifiCorp	Sandra L. Shaffer	Affirmative	
5	Platte River Power Authority	Roland Thiel	Affirmative	
5	Portland General Electric Co.	Gary L Tingley		
5	PPL Generation LLC	Annette M Bannon	Affirmative	
5	Progress Energy Carolinas	Wayne Lewis	Affirmative	
5	PSEG Fossil LLC	Tim Kucey	Affirmative	
5	Public Utility District No. 1 of Douglas County	Curtis A Wilkins	Affirmative	
5	Public Utility District No. 1 of Lewis County	Steven Grega	Abstain	
5	Puget Sound Energy, Inc.	Tom Flynn		
5	Sacramento Municipal Utility District	Bethany Hunter	Affirmative	
5	Salt River Project	William Alkema	Affirmative	
5	Santee Cooper	Lewis P Pierce	Affirmative	
5	Seminole Electric Cooperative, Inc.	Brenda K. Atkins	Amminative	
5		Sam Nietfeld	Affirmative	
	Snohomish County PUD No. 1		Ammative	
5	South Carolina Electric & Gas Co.	Edward Magic	A 66'	
5	Southern California Edison Co.	Denise Yaffe	Affirmative	2.0
5	Southern Company Generation	William D Shultz	Affirmative	View
5	Tacoma Power	Claire Lloyd	Affirmative	
5	Tampa Electric Co.	RJames Rocha	Affirmative	
5	Tenaska, Inc.	Scott M. Helyer	Affirmative	
5	Tennessee Valley Authority	David Thompson	Affirmative	View
5	Tri-State G & T Association, Inc.	Barry Ingold		
5	U.S. Army Corps of Engineers	Melissa Kurtz	Affirmative	
5	U.S. Bureau of Reclamation	Martin Bauer	Abstain	
5	Westar Energy	Bryan Taggart	Affirmative	
5	Wisconsin Electric Power Co.	Linda Horn	Affirmative	
	AEP Marketing	Edward P. Cox	Affirmative	View
6	ALF Walketing	A CONTRACTOR OF THE CONTRACTOR	1 11111	
6		RANDY A YOUNG	Affirmative	
	APS Bonneville Power Administration	RANDY A YOUNG Brenda S. Anderson	Affirmative Affirmative	



6	City of Redding	Marvin Briggs	Affirmative	
6	Cleco Power LLC	Robert Hirchak	1.50	
6	Consolidated Edison Co. of New York	Nickesha P Carrol	Affirmative	
6	Constellation Energy Commodities Group	Brenda Powell	Abstain	
6	Dominion Resources, Inc.	Louis S. Slade	Affirmative	
6	Entergy Services, Inc.	Terri F Benoit	Affirmative	
6	Exelon Power Team	Pulin Shah	Affirmative	
6	FirstEnergy Solutions	Kevin Querry	Affirmative	View
6	Florida Municipal Power Agency	Richard L. Montgomery	Affirmative	
6	Florida Municipal Power Pool	Thomas Washburn	Affirmative	
6	Florida Power & Light Co.	Silvia P. Mitchell	Affirmative	
6	Great River Energy	Donna Stephenson		
6	Imperial Irrigation District	Cathy Bretz	Affirmative	
6	Kansas City Power & Light Co.	Jessica L Klinghoffer	Affirmative	
6	Lincoln Electric System	Eric Ruskamp	Affirmative	
6	Los Angeles Department of Water & Power	Brad Packer		
6	Manitoba Hydro	Daniel Prowse	Affirmative	View
6	MidAmerican Energy Co.	Dennis Kimm	Negative	
6	New York Power Authority	Saul Rojas	Affirmative	
6	Northern Indiana Public Service Co.	Joseph O'Brien	Affirmative	View
6	NRG Energy, Inc.	Alan Johnson	Ahstain	VICV
6	PacifiCorp	Scott L Smith	Affirmative	
6	Platte River Power Authority	Carol Ballantine	Affirmative	
6	-		Ammative	
	Powerex Corp.	Daniel W. O'Hearn	A 661 11	
6	PPL EnergyPlus LLC	Mark A Heimbach	Affirmative	
6	Progress Energy	John T Sturgeon	Affirmative	
6	PSEG Energy Resources & Trade LLC	Peter Dolan	Affirmative	
6	Public Utility District No. 1 of Chelan County	Hugh A. Owen	Abstain	
6	Sacramento Municipal Utility District	Diane Enderby	Affirmative	
6	Salt River Project	Steven J Hulet	Affirmative	
6	Santee Cooper	Michael Brown	Affirmative	
6	Seattle City Light	Dennis Sismaet	Abstain	
6	Seminole Electric Cooperative, Inc.	Trudy S. Novak	Affirmative	
6	Snohomish County PUD No. 1	William T Moojen	Affirmative	
6	South California Edison Company	Lujuanna Medina	Affirmative	
6	Southern Company Generation and Energy Marketing	John J. Ciza	Affirmative	View
6	Tacoma Public Utilities	Michael C Hill	Affirmative	
6	Tampa Electric Co.	Benjamin F Smith II	Affirmative	
6	Tennessee Valley Authority	Marjorie S. Parsons	Affirmative	View
6	Westar Energy	Grant L Wilkerson	Affirmative	
8	- 33	Roger C Zaklukiewicz	Affirmative	
8		James A Maenner	Affirmative	
8		Edward C Stein	7.1111111111111111111111111111111111111	
8	APX	Michael Johnson	Affirmative	
<u>。 </u>	JDRJC Associates	Jim Cyrulewski	Affirmative	
<u>。 </u>		Frederick R Plett		
	Massachusetts Attorney General		Affirmative	
8	Network & Security Technologies	Nicholas Lauriat	Affirmative	
8	Volkmann Consulting, Inc.	Terry Volkmann	Negative	
9	California Energy Commission	William M Chamberlain		
9	Commonwealth of Massachusetts Department of Public Utilities	Donald Nelson	Affirmative	
10	New York State Reliability Council	Alan Adamson	Affirmative	
10	Northeast Power Coordinating Council	Guy V. Zito	Affirmative	
10	ReliabilityFirst Corporation	Anthony E Jablonski	Negative	View
10	SERC Reliability Corporation	Carter B. Edge		
10	Southwest Power Pool RE	Emily Pennel	Negative	View
10	Texas Reliability Entity, Inc.	Donald G Jones	Affirmative	
10				

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A New Jersey Nonprofit Corporation

Name (20 Responses) Organization (20 Responses) Group Name (13 Responses) Lead Contact (13 Responses) Question 1 (32 Responses) Question 1 Comments (33 Responses) Question 2 (32 Responses) Question 2 Comments (33 Responses) Question 3 (32 Responses) Question 3 Comments (33 Responses) Question 4 (32 Responses) Question 4 Comments (33 Responses) Question 5 (33 Responses) **Question 5 Comments (33 Responses)** Question 6 (33 Responses) **Question 6 Comments (33 Responses)**

Group
Tennessee Valley Authority
Brian Millard
The request in Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.
The request in Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.
The interpretation for Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.
The interpretation for Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.
Yes
Yes
Individual
Jay Walker
NIPSCO
The request in Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.
The request in Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.
The interpretation for Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.
The interpretation for Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.
Yes

V
Yes
O
Group Pagisticana
PacifiCorp
Sandra Shaffer
Yes
165
Yes
Individual
Andrew Z. Pusztai
American Transmission Company, LLC
The request in Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a
requirement.
·
The request in Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a
requirement.
The interpretation for Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the
standard.
The interpretation for Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.
Stanuaru.
Yes
165
Yes
Group
Northeast Power Coordinating Council
Guy Zito
The request in Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a
requirement.
The request in Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a
requirement.
The interpretation for Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the
standard.
The interpretation for Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the
standard.
Yes

Yes
Individual Pareli Nulsalia
Randi Nyholm
Minnesota Power
The request in Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.
The request in Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.
The interpretation for Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.
The interpretation for Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.
Yes
Yes
Individual
Thad Ness
American Electric Power
The request in Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.
The request in Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.
The interpretation for Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.
The interpretation for Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.
Yes
Voc
Yes
Individual
Greg Rowland
Duke Energy
The request in Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.
The request in Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.
The interpretation for Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the

standard.

The interpretation for Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.

Yes

Yes

However, the interpretation could be improved by striking the parenthetical "(i.e., without which a Critical Asset cannot function as intended)," from the second paragraph. This parenthetical attempts to define the word "required", which is not necessary for the interpretation.

Group

Southwest Power Pool Regional Entity

Emily Pennel

The request in Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.

The request in Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.

The interpretation for Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation expands the reach of the standard.

As discussed in our comments to Question #5 below, the interpretation for Question 1 introduces a concept not present in the currently approved requirement.

The interpretation for Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.

No

The response to Question 1 states that the examples of the types of Cyber Assets "should be considered." The language "should be considered" is not found in CIP-002/R3 and should not be inferred. While the SPP RE agrees that the list of example Cyber Assets enumerated in R3 is not all inclusive, the list does identify types of Cyber Assets that perform functions that are essential to the operation of the control center. As such, the examples are appropriately classified as Critical Cyber Assets *if* found in a control center that has been identified as a Critical Asset.

No

The response to Question 2 must be revised to specifically include the proviso that redundancy is NOT a consideration when determining if a Cyber Asset is "essential." Redundancy cannot be a consideration because, generally, vulnerability of the reduntant asset is the same as the primary asset's vulnerability. To achieve security you have to consider both primary and redundant assets. The interpretation must also incorporate the provisions of CAN-0005 in such a way as to make CAN-0005 no longer necessary.

Individual

Michael Falvo

Independent Electricity System Operator

The request in Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the application of a requirement.

The request in Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.

The interpretation for Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.

The interpretation for Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.

Yes

Individual

Michelle R D'Antuono

Ingleside Cogeneration LP

The request in Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the application of a requirement.

Since the language and intent of a reliability requirement is the ultimate arbiter of compliance, examples may be considered by some auditors to be more than just "information only". Ingleside Cogeneration believes that the request is looking to ensure that a violation will not be assessed because an example is not addressed by a Responsible Entity in the process of identifying its Critical Cyber Assets.

The request in Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.

Question 2 revolves around the meaning of the term "essential" which determines if a Cyber Asset must be identified as a Critical Cyber Asset. This assessment becomes quite complex, especially in the case of mobile remote assets typically used in maintenance and trouble shooting. If CIP physical and electrical protections apply to such devices, some valuable capabilities will be lost. The NERC Board of Trustees indicated that in deciding whether or not to approve a proposed interpretation, it will use a standard of strict construction and not seek to expand the reach of the standard to correct a perceived gap or deficiency in the standard. Do you believe this interpretation expands the reach of the standard?

The interpretation for Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.

The interpretation for Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.

Yes

Ingleside Cogeneration LP strongly agrees with the IDT's interpretation that the examples given in R3 should be considered "illustrative, not prescriptive". Our assessment shows two actions taken by NERC in regard to the requirement which support this clarification. First, the entire purpose of NERC's security guideline for "Identifying Critical Cyber Assets" is to provide a means for Responsible Entities to establish which Cyber Assets should be critical. This is a 47 page document with multiple evaluations and complex procedural steps. Clearly a single sentence in a requirement cannot be considered to be exhaustive – or anything more than a suggestion. Second, the statement with the examples has been removed from CIP-002-4, presently pending FERC's approval. It seems apparent to us that this action was taken because the examples only served to confuse Responsible Entities and auditors alike – and are more appropriately addressed in a guideline document.

Yes

We commend the Interpretation Drafting Team for developing a reading of the term "essential" based upon its commonly understood usage. We also agree that it is important to provide gradations which are close to the concept of essentiality, but does not meet the criticality litmus test. This allows the exclusion of Cyber Assets which "may be used, but not required" or are "merely valuable" to the inherent operation of the Critical Asset. It is left up to the Responsible Entity to make those assessments using an internal methodology that is comprehensive and defensible – and is consistent with the intent of CIP-002 as it is written today. We realize this flexibility may be limited in CIP version 5. However, those standards must still go through the vetting process; which will allow the industry to review, post comments, and vote upon any proposed changes.

Group

Bonneville Power Administration

Chris Higgins

The request in Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.

The request in Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.

The interpretation for Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.

The interpretation for Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.

Yes

BPA agrees that the examples in CIP-002 R3 are illustrative and not meant to be prescriptive.

Yes

BPA agrees that if a Cyber Asset is not required, merely "valuable to" the operation of a Critical Asset, it is not essential.

Individual

Kim Koster

MidAmerican Energy Company

The request in Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.

The request in Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the application of a requirement.

The request is asking for clarity on applying the requirement. The request is asking if laptops at remote locations have to comply with CIP-002 R3.

The interpretation for Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.

The interpretation for Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation expands the reach of the standard.

The request is seeking the definition for the term "essential." Essential is defined in collegiate dictionaries and there is no technical basis for adding clarity to or better defining this term either in an interpretation or in the NERC Glossary of Terms.

No

While we agree with the conclusion in the response to Question 1, we do not believe this interpretation is needed at this time. The response does not provide any new information.

No

MidAmerican Energy does not believe this interpretation is needed at this time. The request is seeking the definition for the term "essential." Essential is defined in collegiate dictionaries and there is no technical basis for adding clarity to or better defining this term either in an interpretation or in the NERC Glossary of Terms. The interpretation provides no new useful information and creates more confusion by introducing the new term "inherent to."

Group

ISO/RTO Council Standards Review Committee

Christine Hasha

The request in Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.

The request in Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.
The interpretation for Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.
The interpretation for Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.
Yes
Yes
Group
Dominion
Connie Lowe
The request in Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.
The request in Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.
The interpretation for Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.
The interpretation for Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.
Yes
Yes
Individual
Kirit Shah
Ameren
The request in Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.
The request in Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.
The interpretation for Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.
The interpretation for Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.
Yes

Yes
Individual
Jonathan Appelbaum
United Illuminating Company The request in Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.
The request in Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.
The interpretation for Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the
standard.
The interpretation for Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.
Voc
Yes
Yes
103
Individual
Thomas Johnson
Salt River Project
The request in Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.
The request in Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the application of a requirement.
The interpretation for Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the
standard.
The interpretation for Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the
standard.
Yes
Yes
Individual
David Thorne
Pepco Holdings Inc
The request in Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.
The request in Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.
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The interpretation for Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the

standard.
The interpretation for Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.
Standard.
Yes
163
Voc.
Yes
Individual
Andrew Gallo
City of Austin dba Austin Energy
The request in Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the application of a requirement.
The request in Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the application of a requirement.
The interpretation for Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.
The interpretation for Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.
Yes
Yes
Group
FirstEnergy
Sam Ciccone
The request in Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.
The request in Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.
The interpretation for Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.
The interpretation for Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.
Yes
Yes
Since there are no question for general comments, we offer them in this last question. Just as a reminder, this Interpretation, once approve, will also need to be added to the pending CIP-002-4 standard which is currently before FERC for approval. It would seem that the Interpretation, if approved, could be added to the Version 4 standard as an errata change.
approved, could be added to the version 4 standard as an endta change.

Group

Southern Company

Shane Eaker

The request in Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the application of a requirement.

The question asks if the examples provided are prescribed to be CCAs or types of equipment that could be assessed as possible CCAs.

The request in Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.

The question asks for clarification about the meaning of the word "essential."

The interpretation for Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.

The clarification that the examples are illustrative is helpful in understanding the requirement, but does not expand the reach of the requirement.

The interpretation for Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.

The response to question 2 does not expand the reach of the standard but provides clarity around which cyber assets are essential vs. assets that are valuable but not essential.

Yes

Yes

Individual

Patrick Brown

Essential Power, LLC

The request in Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.

The request in Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.

The interpretation for Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.

The interpretation for Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.

Yes

Yes

Group

Kansas City Power & light

Scott Harris

The request in Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.

The request in Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.

The interpretation for Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.

The interpretation for Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.

Yes

Yes

IDT clearly defines "essential" in its response. More importantly it states a "valuable" asset is not necessarily "essential" to the operatation of a Critical Asset, thereby, indirectly addressing Duke's concern with physical controls around workstations such as laptops when used from remote locations.

Individual

Anthony Jablonski

ReliabilityFirst

The request in Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.

The request in Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.

The interpretation for Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.

The interpretation for Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.

The interpretation for Question 2 could be construed as restricting the reach of the standard.

Yes

No

The Interpretation's "Response to Question 2" may render CIP-002-3 through CIP-009-3 non-functional. The statement, "A Cyber Asset that 'may' be used, but is not 'required' (i.e., without which a Critical Asset cannot function as intended), for the operation of a Critical Asset is not 'essential to the operation of the Critical Asset' for purposes of Requirement R3" transforms CIP-002-3 R3 into a single point of failure analysis. Cyber systems used in the operation of the BES are designed so there is no single point of failure. Therefore, there would be no Critical Cyber Assets in the meaning stated by the "Response to Question 2." The Interpretation must be revised to make clear that any Cyber Asset, even if replicated locally or remotely, that, if damaged, lost or compromised, can have a negative impact on the reliable operation of the associated Critical Asset must be identified as a Critical Cyber Asset.

Individual

Ron Donahey

Tampa Electric Company

The request in Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.

The request in Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.

The interpretation for Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.

The interpretation for Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.

Yes

Tampa Electric agrees with the Interpretations Drafting Team response to Question 1

۷es

Tampa Electric agrees with the Interpretations Drafting Team response to Question 2. We strongly support the concept that essential to the operation of the Critical Asset means that it is necessary for the operation of that Critical Asset.

Group

MISO Standards Collaborators

Marie Knox

The request in Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.

The request seeks clarification of whether the phrase at issue is illustrative or prescriptive. As a result, MISO submits that the request is asking for clarity on the meaning of the requirement as opposed to the application thereof.

The request in Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.

The request seeks clarification of the meaning of "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset" in CIP-002. As a result, MISO submits that the request is asking for clarity on the meaning of the requirement as opposed to the application thereof.

The interpretation for Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.

MISO submits that, by clarifying that the list of examples at control centers and backup control centers in Requirement R3 is illustrative and not presriptive, the Interpretation does not expand the reach or scope of the standard.

The interpretation for Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation expands the reach of the standard. MISO submits that, by clarifying that a Critical Cyber Asset ("CCA") must be required by a Critical Asset ("CA") such that the CA cannot function as intended without the CCA, the Interpretation does not expand the reach or scope of the standard.

Yes

MISO agrees with the Interpretation as to Question 1.

Yes

MISO generally agrees with the Interpretation as to Question 2, however MISO also requests that the Interpretation Drafting Team clarify that "essential," as used in Requirement R3, is synonymous with "inherent", "necessary" and "required". MISO also submits that Registered Entities are best qualified to determine whether a Cyber Asset is essential to the operation of a CA and is therefore a CCA pursuant to the clarification provided by the Interpretation. As a result, a Registered Entity's determination of whether a Cyber Asset is required by a CA should be rebuttably presumed to be correct.

Individual

Christina Bigelow

Midwest ISO

The request in Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.

The request seeks clarification of whether the phrase at issue is illustrative or prescriptive. As a result, MISO submits that the request is asking for clarity on the meaning of the requirement as opposed to the application thereof.

The request in Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.

The request seeks clarification of the meaning of "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset" in

CIP-002. As a result, MISO submits that the request is asking for clarity on the meaning of the requirement as opposed to the application thereof.

The interpretation for Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.

MISO submits that, by clarifying that the list of examples at control centers and backup control centers in Requirement R3 is illustrative and not presriptive, the Interpretation does not expand the reach or scope of the standard.

The interpretation for Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.

MISO submits that, by clarifying that a Critical Cyber Asset ("CCA") must be required by a Critical Asset ("CA") such that the CA cannot function as intended without the CCA, the Interpretation does not expand the reach or scope of the standard.

Yes

MISO agrees with the Interpretation as to Question 1.

Yes

MISO generally agrees with the Interpretation as to Question 2, however MISO also requests that the Interpretation Drafting Team clarify that "essential," as used in Requirement R3, is synonymous with "inherent", "necessary" and "required". MISO also submits that Registered Entities are best qualified to determine whether a Cyber Asset is essential to the operation of a CA and is therefore a CCA pursuant to the clarification provided by the Interpretation. As a result, a Registered Entity's determination of whether a Cyber Asset is required by a CA should be rebuttably presumed to be correct.

Group

ACES Power Marketing Standards Collaborators

Jason Marshall

The request in Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.

The request in Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.

The interpretation for Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.

The interpretation for Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.

Yes

Yes

While we agree with the drafting team, we recommend rewording "(i.e. without which a Critical Asset cannot function as intended)" to "(i.e. the Critical Asset cannot function without the Cyber Asset)". While the wording is technically correct, it is difficult to read and can be confusing.

Group

Imperial Irrigation District (IID)

Jesus Sammy Alcaraz

The request in Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.

The request in Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.

The interpretation for Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.
The interpretation for Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.
Yes
Yes
Individual
Joe Doetzl
CRSI
The request in Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.
The request in Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.
The interpretation for Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.
The interpretation for Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.
Noc
Yes
No
No The definition provided for essential is much narrower than the guidance provided in the Security Guideline for the Electricity Sector: Identifying Critical Cyber Assets. The interpretation does not
No The definition provided for essential is much narrower than the guidance provided in the Security Guideline for the Electricity Sector: Identifying Critical Cyber Assets. The interpretation does not provide additional clarity than what is provided in the existing guideline. Individual Darryl Curtis
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Individual
DANA SHOWALTER
E.ON CLIMATE & RENEWABLES
The request in Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.
The request in Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.
The interpretation for Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.
The interpretation for Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.
Yes
Yes



Consideration of Comments

Interpretation 2010-INT-05
CIP-002-1 Requirement R3 for Duke Energy

The CIP-002-1 Requirement R3 Drafting Team thanks all commenters who submitted comments on Interpretation 2010-INT-05 CIP-002-1 Requirement R3 for Duke Energy. These standards were posted for a 45-day public comment period from February 8, 2012 through March 23, 2012. Stakeholders were asked to provide feedback on the standards and associated documents through a special electronic comment form. There were 33 sets of comments, including comments from approximately 91 different people from approximately 58 companies representing 9 of the 10 Industry Segments as shown in the table on the following pages.

All comments submitted may be reviewed in their original format on the standard's project page:

http://www.nerc.com/filez/standards/2010-INT-05 Interpretation CIP-002-1 Duke.html

Summary:

The IDT carefully reviewed all comments in response to the posting for parallel formal comment period and ballot that ended March 23, 2012. In the draft interpretation the IDT sought to clarify for Duke Energy that the examples given in CIP-002-x, Requirement R3 are illustrative, not prescriptive. The IDT also sought to clarify the meaning of the phrase "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset" as requested by Duke Energy, because the requirement specifies that "the Responsible Entity shall develop a list of associated Critical Cyber Assets essential to the operation of the Critical Asset." The IDT clarifies that a Cyber Asset that "may" be used, but is not "required" (i.e., a Critical Asset cannot function as intended without the Cyber Asset), for the operation of a Critical Asset is not "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset" for purposes of Requirement R3. The IDT made one clarifying change to reword a parenthetical phrase, and the IDT made no further changes to the interpretation. Many commenters agreed with the interpretation and several comments provided additional justification in support of the interpretation, and the IDT explains its rationale in response to several minority concerns below. The interpretation will be posted for a recirculation ballot.

- There were a few commenters that believe the request for interpretation is asking for clarity on
 the application, but the comments on the subject do not raise any significant issues that would
 affect the interpretation. The IDT believes that in this case, it appears to be a question of
 semantics, where the IDT and industry both believe, overall, that the request is asking for clarity
 on the meaning of a requirement.
- Some commenters suggest that the interpretation could be construed as restricting the reach of the standard or that the interpretation is unnecessary or does not add new information, but the IDT disagrees. The IDT acknowledges that the interpretation may be construed to restrict many



parties or individuals' prior, different understanding or organizational interpretation of the reach of the standard. Furthermore, the interpretation is necessary because it provides clarity for all entities.

- A commenter disagreed with the interpretation by noting that the response to Question 1 states that the types of Cyber Assets in the example "should be considered," and the language "should be considered" is not found in CIP-002-3, Requirement R3 and should not be inferred. The IDT explains that the examples do not imply that the items listed as examples in the requirement must be classified as Critical Cyber Assets, which requires some "consideration" within the context of the requirement.
- One commenter suggested that Version 4's language may have a similar issue. The IDT notes
 that an interpretation applies only so long as the relevant language in a standard is in effect,
 and it agrees that this interpretation might be applicable for clarifying CIP Version 4, provided
 the same lack of clarity persists.
- One commenter agreed with the Interpretation as to Question 2, but requested that the IDT clarify that "essential," as used in Requirement R3, is synonymous with "inherent", "necessary" and "required". The commenter also submits that Registered Entities are best qualified to determine whether a Cyber Asset is essential to the operation of a Critical Asset. Much like the list of examples is illustrative, the IDT agrees with most commenters that the interpretation provides clarity, and it is not necessary at this time to list further synonyms for "essential." Further, the IDT does agree that a Registered Entity's determination of whether a Cyber Asset is required by a Critical Asset should be rebuttably presumed to be correct.
- Two commenters commented on the parenthetical clause in the original interpretation, suggesting that it was confusing upon first reading the language or that it seems to define "required." One commenter suggested rewording the clause, and one commenter suggested removing the clause as unnecessary. The IDT agrees, and it re-worded the clause from "(i.e. without which a Critical Asset cannot function as intended)" to, "(i.e., a Critical Asset cannot function as intended without the Cyber Asset)." This is a clarifying change, and it is not substantive.
- One commenter suggested that the IDT incorporate the provisions of NERC's CAN-0005 so that
 the CAN may be retired. The IDT understands that the interpretation, once approved, may
 result in withdrawal of CAN-0005.
- Other commenters were concerned that the interpretation does not explicitly state that
 redundancy is not a consideration for identifying Cyber Assets that are "essential." The IDT
 agrees that redundancy is not a consideration in determining whether a Cyber Asset is
 "essential," and this interpretation does not change that notion.



If you feel that your comment has been overlooked, please let us know immediately. Our goal is to give every comment serious consideration in this process! If you feel there has been an error or omission, you can contact the Vice President of Standards and Training, Herb Schrayshuen, at 404-446-2560 or at herb.schrayshuen@nerc.net. In addition, there is a NERC Reliability Standards Appeals Process.¹

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¹ The appeals process is in the Reliability Standards Development Procedures: http://www.nerc.com/standards/newstandardsprocess.html.



Index to Questions, Comments, and Responses

for a decisior Do you believ	ard of Trustees indicated that the interpretation process should not be used to address requests non "how" a reliability standard applies to a registered entity's particular facts and circumstances. We this request for an interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement or clarity station of a requirement
request in Que	estion 1 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.
request in Qu	uestion 1 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the application of a requirement.
2.	The NERC Board of Trustees indicated that the interpretation process should not be used to address requests for a decision on "how" a reliability standard applies to a registered entity's particular facts and circumstances. Do you believe this request for an interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement or clarity on the application of a requirement?
request in Que	estion 2 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.
request in Qu	uestion 2 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the application of a requirement.
3.	The NERC Board of Trustees indicated that in deciding whether or not to approve a proposed interpretation, it will use a standard of strict construction and not seek to expand the reach of the standard to correct a perceived gap or deficiency in the standard. Do you believe this interpretation expands the reach of the standard?
interpretation	for Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation expands the reach of the standard.
interpretation	for Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.
4.	The NERC Board of Trustees indicated that in deciding whether or not to approve a proposed interpretation, it will use a standard of strict construction and not seek to expand the reach of the standard to correct a perceived gap or deficiency in the standard. Do you believe this interpretation expands the reach of the standard?
interpretation	for Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation expands the reach of the standard.
interpretation	for Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.
	e with the Interpretation Drafting Team's response to Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation? explain specifically what you disagree with
6.	Do you agree with the Interpretation Drafting Team's response to Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation? If not, why not



The Industry Segments are:

- 1 Transmission Owners
- 2 RTOs, ISOs
- 3 Load-serving Entities
- 4 Transmission-dependent Utilities
- 5 Electric Generators
- 6 Electricity Brokers, Aggregators, and Marketers
- 7 Large Electricity End Users
- 8 Small Electricity End Users
- 9 Federal, State, Provincial Regulatory or other Government Entities
- 10 Regional Reliability Organizations, Regional Entities

Group/Individual		Commenter	Organization			Registered Ballot Body Segment											
							1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	
1.	Group	Guy Zito	Northeas	t Powei	Coordinating Cou	ncil										Х	
	Additional Member	Additional Organizat	ion	Region	Segment Selection												
1.	Alan Adamson	New York State Reliability Cou	ıncil, LLC	NPCC	10												
2.	Greg Campoli	New York Independent System	New York Independent System Operator		2												
3.	Sylvain Clermont	Hydro-Quebec TransEnergie		NPCC	1												
4.	Chris de Graffenried	Consolidated Edison Co. of Ne	w York, Inc.	NPCC	1												
5.	Gerry Dunbar	Northeast Power Coordinating	Council	NPCC	10												
6.	Mike Garton	Dominion Resources Services	, Inc.	NPCC	5												
7.	Kathleen Goodman	ISO - New England		NPCC	2												
8.	Chantel Haswell	FPL Group, Inc.		NPCC	5												
9.	David Kiguel	Hdro One Networks Inc.		NPCC	1												
10.	Michael R. lombardi	Northeast Utilities		NPCC	1												



Group/Individual	Commenter			Organization		Registered Ballot Body Segment									
						1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
11. Randy MacDonald	New Brunswick Power Trans	smission	NPCC	9											
12. Bruce Metruck	New York Power Authority		NPCC	6											
13. Lee Pedowicz	Northeast Power Coordinati	ng Council	NPCC	10											
14. Robert Pellegrini	The Untied Illuminating Com	ipany	NPCC	1											
15. Si-Truc Phan	Hydro-Quebec TransEnergie	Э	NPCC	1											
16. David Ramkalawan	Ontario Power Generation, I	nc.	NPCC	5											
17. Brian Robinson	Utility Services		NPCC	8											
18. Saurabh Saksena	National Grid		NPCC	1											
19. Michael Schiavone	National Grid		NPCC	1											
20. Wayne Sipperly	New York Power Authority		NPCC	5											
21. Tina Teng	Independent Electricity Syst	em Operator	NPCC	2											
22. Donald Weaver	New Brunswick System Ope	erator	NPCC	2											
23. Ben Wu	Orange and Rockland Utilitie	es	NPCC	1											
24. Peter Yost	Consolidated Edison Co. of	New York, Ind	c. NPCC	3											
2. Group	Emily Pennel	Southwe	est Pow	er Pool Regional Er	ntity										Х
No additional memb	ers listed.														
3. Group	Chris Higgins	Bonnevi	lle Powe	er Administration		Х		Х		Х	Х				
Additional Member	Additional Organization Re	gion Segme	nt Select	ion											
1. Forrest	Krigbaum Wi	ECC 1, 3, 5,	6												
2. Nick	Choi Wi	ECC 1													
3. Mike	Miller WE	ECC 1													
4. Erika	Doot Wi	ECC 3, 5, 6													
5. Stephen	Larson Wi	ECC 1, 3, 5,	6												
6. Peter	Raschio WI	ECC 1													
7. Mark	Tucker Wi	ECC 1, 3, 5,	6												
8. Rebecca		ECC 3													
4.		ISO/RTO	Counci	l Standards Reviev	I										
Group	Christine Hasha	Commit	tee				Χ								
Additional Membe	r Additional Organization R	egion Segm	ent Selec	ction					•						
1. Mark Thompson	=	/ECC 2													
2. Gary DeShazo	CAISO W	/ECC 2													



G	roup/Individual	Commenter		Orga	Organization Registered Ballot Body Segment										
						1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
3.	Steve Myers	ERCOT E	ERC	OT 2									1		
4.	Ben Li	IESO 1	NPC	C 2											
5.	Kathleen Goodman	ISONE	NPC	C 2											
6.	Marie Knox	MISO	RFC	2											
7.	Donald Weaver	NBSO	NPC	C 2											
8.	Greg Campoli	NYISO	NPC	C 2											
9.	Al DiCaprio	PJM F	RFC	2											
10.	Charles Yeung	SPP	SPP	2											
5.	Group	Connie Lowe		Dominion		Х		Х		Х	Х				
	Additional Member	Additional Organization Re	egic	on Segment Selection				•	,	•	•		•	•	1
1.	Greg Dodson	SI	ERC	1, 3, 5, 6											
2.	Mike Garton	N	PCC	5											
3.	Louis Slade	R	FC	5											
4.	Michael Gildea	M	RO	5											
6.	Group	Sam Ciccone		FirstEnergy		Х		Х	Х	Х	Х				
	Additional Member	Additional Organization Re	egic	on Segment Selection		•									•
1.	Doug Hohlbaugh	FE R	FC												
7.	Group	Scott Harris		Kansas City Power 8	light	Х		Х		Х	Х				
		Additional Organization	Reg	•		ı	I		1		1		1		ı
1.	Dean Larson	Kansas City Power & Light	SPP	1, 3, 5, 6											
2.	Michael Gammon	Kansas City Power & Light	SPP	1, 3, 5, 6											
8.	Group	Marie Knox		MISO Standards Col	laborators								Х		
	Additional Member	Additional Organization Re	egic	on Segment Selection				•	,	•	•		•	•	1
1.	Jim Cyrulewski	JDRJC Associates, LLC R	FC	8											
9.				ACES Power Market	ing Standards										
	Group	Jason Marshall		Collaborators							Χ				
	Additional Member	Additional Orga	niza	tion Region	Segment Selection										
1.		North Carolina Electric Mem			1, 3, 4, 5										
		Old Dominion Electric Coope			3, 4										
3.	Erin Woods	East Kentucky Power Coope	erati	ve SERC	1, 3, 5										



Group/Individual Commenter			Organization			Reg	istere	d Ball	ot Bod	ly Seg	ment		
				1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
4. Sł	nari Heino	Brazos Electric Power Coopera	tive ERCOT 1	I			ı	1					.1
5. Bo	ob Solomon	Hoosier Energy	RFC 1										
10.	Group	Jesus Sammy Alcaraz	Imperial Irrigation District (IID)	Х		Х	Х	Х	Χ				
		Additional Organization Reg											
			CC 1, 3, 4, 5, 6										
			CC 1, 3, 4, 5, 6 CC 1, 3, 4, 5, 6										
	eter Nguyen							Ι,,	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \				
11.	Individual	Brian Millard	Tennessee Valley Authority	X		X		X	X				
12.	Individual	Sandra Shaffer	PacifiCorp	Х		Х		Х	Х				<u> </u>
13.	Individual	Shane Eaker	Southern Company	Х		Х		Х	Х				<u> </u>
14.	Individual	Jay Walker	NIPSCO	Х		Х		Х	Х				
15.	Individual	Andrew Z. Pusztai	American Transmission Company, LLC	Х									
16.	Individual	Randi Nyholm	Minnesota Power	Х		Х		Х	Χ				
17.	Individual	Thad Ness	American Electric Power	Х		Х		Х	Х				
18.	Individual	Greg Rowland	Duke Energy	Х		Χ		Х	Х				
19.	Individual	Michael Falvo	Independent Electricity System Operator		Х								
20.	Individual	Michelle R D'Antuono	Ingleside Cogeneration LP					Х					
21.	Individual	Kim Koster	MidAmerican Energy Company	Х		Х		Х	Х				
22.	Individual	Kirit Shah	Ameren	Х		Х		Х	Х				
23.	Individual	Jonathan Appelbaum	United Illuminating Company	Х									
24.	Individual	Thomas Johnson	Salt River Project	Х		Х		Х	Х				
25.	Individual	David Thorne	Pepco Holdings Inc	Х		Х							
26.	Individual	Andrew Gallo	City of Austin dba Austin Energy	Х		Х	Х	Х	Х				
27.	Individual	Patrick Brown	Essential Power, LLC	Х		1		Х					
28.	Individual	Anthony Jablonski	ReliabilityFirst			1		<u> </u>					Х
29.	Individual	Ron Donahey	Tampa Electric Company	Х	1	Х		Х	Х				
30.	Individual	Christina Bigelow	Midwest ISO		Х	1		+					



Group/Individual Commenter		Commenter	Organization	Registered Ballot Body Segment									
				1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
31.	Individual	Joe Doetzl	CRSI										
32.	Individual	Darryl Curtis	Oncor Electric Delivery Company	Χ									
33.	Individual	DANA SHOWALTER	E.ON CLIMATE & RENEWABLES					Х					



The NERC Board of Trustees indicated that the interpretation process should not be used to address requests for a decision on
"how" a reliability standard applies to a registered entity's particular facts and circumstances. Do you believe this request for an
interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement or clarity on the application of a requirement?
The request in Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.
The request in Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the application of a requirement.

Summary Consideration:

Most commenters agreed that question 1 of the request for interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement, and the IDT agrees. There were a few commenters that believe question 1 of the request for interpretation is asking for clarity on the application, but the comments on the subject do not raise any significant issues that would affect the interpretation. The IDT believes that in this case, it appears to be a question of semantics, where the IDT and industry both believe, overall, that the request is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.

Organization	Yes or No	Question 1 Comment
Southern Company	The request in Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the application of a requirement.	The question asks if the examples provided are prescribed to be CCAs or types of equipment that could be assessed as possible CCAs.
Response: Thanks for your comment and supporting rationale. This appears to be a question of semantics, where the IDT and industry majority believe, overall, that the request asks for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.		
Ingleside Cogeneration LP The request in Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the		Since the language and intent of a reliability requirement is the ultimate arbiter of compliance, examples may be considered by some auditors to be more than just "information only". Ingleside Cogeneration believes that the



Organization	Yes or No	Question 1 Comment
	application of a requirement.	request is looking to ensure that a violation will not be assessed because an example is not addressed by a Responsible Entity in the process of identifying its Critical Cyber Assets.
Response: Thanks for your comment industry majority believe, overall, the		nis appears to be a question of semantics, where the IDT and on the meaning of a requirement.
Independent Electricity System Operator	The request in Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the application of a requirement.	
City of Austin dba Austin Energy	The request in Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the application of a requirement.	
MISO Standards Collaborators	The request in Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.	The request seeks clarification of whether the phrase at issue is illustrative or prescriptive. As a result, MISO submits that the request is asking for clarity on the meaning of the requirement as opposed to the application thereof.
Response: Thank you for your comment, which agrees with this IDT's position.		
Midwest ISO	The request in Question 1	The request seeks clarification of whether the phrase at issue



Organization	Yes or No	Question 1 Comment
	of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.	is illustrative or prescriptive. As a result, MISO submits that the request is asking for clarity on the meaning of the requirement as opposed to the application thereof.
Response: Thanks for your comment	and supporting rationale, w	hich agrees with this IDT's position on the question.
Northeast Power Coordinating Council	The request in Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.	
Southwest Power Pool Regional Entity	The request in Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.	
Bonneville Power Administration	The request in Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.	
ISO/RTO Council Standards Review Committee	The request in Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.	



Organization	Yes or No	Question 1 Comment
Dominion	The request in Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.	
FirstEnergy	The request in Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.	
Kansas City Power & light	The request in Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.	
ACES Power Marketing Standards Collaborators	The request in Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.	
Imperial Irrigation District (IID)	The request in Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.	



Organization	Yes or No	Question 1 Comment
Tennessee Valley Authority	The request in Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.	
NIPSCO	The request in Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.	
American Transmission Company, LLC	The request in Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.	
Minnesota Power	The request in Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.	
American Electric Power	The request in Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.	



Organization	Yes or No	Question 1 Comment
Duke Energy	The request in Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.	
MidAmerican Energy Company	The request in Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.	
Ameren	The request in Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.	
United Illuminating Company	The request in Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.	
Salt River Project	The request in Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.	



Organization	Yes or No	Question 1 Comment
Pepco Holdings Inc	The request in Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.	
Essential Power, LLC	The request in Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.	
ReliabilityFirst	The request in Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.	
Tampa Electric Company	The request in Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.	
CRSI	The request in Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.	



Organization	Yes or No	Question 1 Comment
Oncor Electric Delivery Company	The request in Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.	
E.ON CLIMATE & RENEWABLES	The request in Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.	



2.	The NERC Board of Trustees indicated that the interpretation process should not be used to address requests for a decision on "how" a reliability standard applies to a registered entity's particular facts and circumstances. Do you believe this request for an interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement or clarity on the application of a requirement?
	The request in Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for <u>clarity on the meaning</u> of a requirement. The request in Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for <u>clarity on the application</u> of a requirement.

Summary Consideration:

Much like question 1, most commenters agree with the IDT that question 2 of the request for interpretation asks for clarity on the meaning of a requirement. Some commenters believe that the request asks for clarity on the application of a requirement, noting that the request asks if laptops at remote locations have to comply with CIP-002, Requirement R3. The IDT agrees that there may be an application component, but on balance, the request is asking for clarity. The IDT believes that the laptops illustration was provided as an example of why further clarity is needed in order to help the industry understand this requirement. One commenter asked whether the IDT believes the interpretation expands the scope of the requirement. The IDT does not.

Organization	Yes or No	Question 2 Comment
MidAmerican Energy Company	The request in Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the application of a requirement.	The request is asking for clarity on applying the requirement. The request is asking if laptops at remote locations have to comply with CIP-002 R3.
Response: Thanks for your comment and rationale, however the IDT believes that the laptops illustration was provided as an example of why further clarity is needed in order to help the industry understand this requirement.		
Salt River Project	The request in Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for	



Organization	Yes or No	Question 2 Comment
	clarity on the application of a requirement.	
City of Austin dba Austin Energy	The request in Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the application of a requirement.	
MISO Standards Collaborators	The request in Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.	The request seeks clarification of the meaning of "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset" in CIP-002. As a result, MISO submits that the request is asking for clarity on the meaning of the requirement as opposed to the application thereof.
Response: Thanks for your cor	nment providing rationale that I	reinforces the IDT's position on this question.
Southern Company	The request in Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.	The question asks for clarification about the meaning of the word "essential."
Response: Thanks for your comment providing rationale that reinforces the IDT's position on this question.		
Ingleside Cogeneration LP	The request in Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.	Question 2 revolves around the meaning of the term "essential" which determines if a Cyber Asset must be identified as a Critical Cyber Asset. This assessment becomes quite complex, especially in the case of mobile remote assets typically used in maintenance and trouble shooting. If CIP physical and electrical protections apply to such devices, some valuable capabilities will be lost. The NERC



Organization	Yes or No	Question 2 Comment
		Board of Trustees indicated that in deciding whether or not to approve a proposed interpretation, it will use a standard of strict construction and not seek to expand the reach of the standard to correct a perceived gap or deficiency in the standard. Do you believe this interpretation expands the reach of the standard?
clarity needs to be provided	d surrounding the exact nature of the	The IDT views the remote laptops discussion as illustrative of why his requirement. By rendering further clarity and then responding not substantively expanded the scope of the requirement.
Midwest ISO	The request in Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.	The request seeks clarification of the meaning of "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset" in CIP-002. As a result, MISO submits that the request is asking for clarity on the meaning of the requirement as opposed to the application thereof.
Response: Thanks for your	comment providing rationale that r	einforces the IDT's position on this question.
Northeast Power Coordinating Council	The request in Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.	
Southwest Power Pool Regional Entity	The request in Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.	
Bonneville Power	The request in Question 2 of	



Organization	Yes or No	Question 2 Comment
Administration	the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.	Question 2 comment
ISO/RTO Council Standards Review Committee	The request in Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.	
Dominion	The request in Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.	
FirstEnergy	The request in Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.	
Kansas City Power & light	The request in Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.	
ACES Power Marketing Standards Collaborators	The request in Question 2 of the Request for	



Organization	Yes or No	Question 2 Comment
	Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.	
Imperial Irrigation District (IID)	The request in Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.	
Tennessee Valley Authority	The request in Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.	
NIPSCO	The request in Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.	
American Transmission Company, LLC	The request in Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.	
Minnesota Power	The request in Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for	



Organization	Yes or No	Question 2 Comment
	clarity on the meaning of a requirement.	
American Electric Power	The request in Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.	
Duke Energy	The request in Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.	
Independent Electricity System Operator	The request in Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.	
Ameren	The request in Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.	
United Illuminating Company	The request in Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a	



Organization	Yes or No	Question 2 Comment
	requirement.	
Pepco Holdings Inc	The request in Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.	
Essential Power, LLC	The request in Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.	
ReliabilityFirst	The request in Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.	
Tampa Electric Company	The request in Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.	
CRSI	The request in Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.	



Organization	Yes or No	Question 2 Comment
Oncor Electric Delivery Company	The request in Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.	
E.ON CLIMATE & RENEWABLES	The request in Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation is asking for clarity on the meaning of a requirement.	



3.	The NERC Board of Trustees indicated that in deciding whether or not to approve a proposed interpretation, it will use a standard of strict construction and not seek to expand the reach of the standard to correct a perceived gap or deficiency in the standard. Do you believe this interpretation expands the reach of the standard?
	The interpretation for Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation expands the reach of the standard.
	The interpretation for Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.

Summary Consideration:

Many commenters agreed with the IDT's interpretation relating to Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation, noting agreement that the interpretation clarifies that the list of examples is illustrative, not prescriptive. Other commenters noted that the interpretation provides clarity and does not expand the reach of the standard. One commenter suggested that the interpretation introduces a concept not in the requirement, and references its explanation in comments provided in support of question 5 of this comment form. The IDT responds to this in response to consideration of comments for question 5.

Organization	Yes or No	Question 3 Comment
MISO Standards Collaborators	The interpretation for Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.	MISO submits that, by clarifying that the list of examples at control centers and backup control centers in Requirement R3 is illustrative and not presriptive, the Interpretation does not expand the reach or scope of the standard.
Response: Thanks for your comment providing rationale that reinforces the IDT's position on this question.		
Southern Company	The interpretation for Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.	The clarification that the examples are illustrative is helpful in understanding the requirement, but does not expand the reach of the requirement.



Organization	Yes or No	Question 3 Comment
Response: Thanks for your su	pporting comment.	
Midwest ISO	The interpretation for Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.	MISO submits that, by clarifying that the list of examples at control centers and backup control centers in Requirement R3 is illustrative and not presriptive, the Interpretation does not expand the reach or scope of the standard.
Response: Thanks for your co	mment providing rationale tha	at reinforces the IDT's position on this question.
Northeast Power Coordinating Council	The interpretation for Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.	
Bonneville Power Administration	The interpretation for Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.	
ISO/RTO Council Standards Review Committee	The interpretation for Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.	
Dominion	The interpretation for Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation does	



Organization	Yes or No	Question 3 Comment
	not expand the reach of the standard.	
FirstEnergy	The interpretation for Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.	
Kansas City Power & light	The interpretation for Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.	
ACES Power Marketing Standards Collaborators	The interpretation for Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.	
Imperial Irrigation District (IID)	The interpretation for Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.	
Tennessee Valley Authority	The interpretation for Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of	



Organization	Yes or No	Question 3 Comment
	the standard.	
NIPSCO	The interpretation for Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.	
American Transmission Company, LLC	The interpretation for Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.	
Minnesota Power	The interpretation for Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.	
American Electric Power	The interpretation for Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.	
Duke Energy	The interpretation for Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.	



Organization	Yes or No	Question 3 Comment
Independent Electricity System Operator	The interpretation for Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.	
Ingleside Cogeneration LP	The interpretation for Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.	
MidAmerican Energy Company	The interpretation for Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.	
Ameren	The interpretation for Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.	
United Illuminating Company	The interpretation for Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.	



Organization	Yes or No	Question 3 Comment
Salt River Project	The interpretation for Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.	
Pepco Holdings Inc	The interpretation for Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.	
City of Austin dba Austin Energy	The interpretation for Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.	
Essential Power, LLC	The interpretation for Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.	
ReliabilityFirst	The interpretation for Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.	



Organization	Yes or No	Question 3 Comment
Tampa Electric Company	The interpretation for Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.	
CRSI	The interpretation for Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.	
Oncor Electric Delivery Company	The interpretation for Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.	
E.ON CLIMATE & RENEWABLES	The interpretation for Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.	
Southwest Power Pool Regional Entity	The interpretation for Question 1 of the Request for Interpretation expands the reach of the standard.	As discussed in our comments to Question #5 below, the interpretation for Question 1 introduces a concept not present in the currently approved requirement.



Organization	Yes or No	Question 3 Comment
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Response: See IDT's response to Southwest Power Pool Regional Entity's Question #5 comments below.



4.	The NERC Board of Trustees indicated that in deciding whether or not to approve a proposed interpretation, it will use a standard
	of strict construction and not seek to expand the reach of the standard to correct a perceived gap or deficiency in the standard. Do
	you believe this interpretation expands the reach of the standard?
	_
	The interpretation for Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation expands the reach of the standard.
	The interpretation for Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.

Summary Consideration:

Most commenters agree that the interpretation for question 2 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard, but, rather, provides clarity around which Cyber Assets are essential compared to those that are merely valuable but not essential.

Some commenters suggest that the interpretation could be construed as restricting the reach of the standard, but the IDT disagrees. The IDT acknowledges that the interpretation may be construed to restrict many parties or individuals' prior, different understanding or organizational interpretation of the reach of the standard.

One commenter suggested the interpretation is unnecessary because "essential" is defined in collegiate dictionaries and there is no technical basis for adding clarity to or better defining this term, either in an interpretation or in the NERC Glossary of Terms. The IDT observed that several definitions exist for this word, but it disagrees that the interpretation is unnecessary. The IDT clarified the meaning as it applies within the four corners of this particular standard's wording and scope, and it added context-sensitive clarity relating to the Requirement itself.

Organization	Yes or No	Question 4 Comment
Southern Company	The interpretation for Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.	The response to question 2 does not expand the reach of the standard but provides clarity around which cyber assets are essential vs. assets that are valuable but not essential.



Organization	Yes or No	Question 4 Comment
Response: Thanks for your	comment providing rationale that r	reinforces the IDT's position on this question.
ReliabilityFirst	The interpretation for Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.	The interpretation for Question 2 could be construed as restricting the reach of the standard.
-	we do agree that it may be construc	le the IDT disagrees that this interpretation restricts the original ed to restrict other parties' prior understanding or organizational
Midwest ISO	The interpretation for Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.	MISO submits that, by clarifying that a Critical Cyber Asset ("CCA") must be required by a Critical Asset ("CA") such that the CA cannot function as intended without the CCA, the Interpretation does not expand the reach or scope of the standard.
Response: Thanks for your	comment providing rationale that I	reinforces the IDT's position on this question.
Northeast Power Coordinating Council	The interpretation for Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.	
Southwest Power Pool Regional Entity	The interpretation for Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the	



Organization	Yes or No	Question 4 Comment
	standard.	
Bonneville Power Administration	The interpretation for Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.	
ISO/RTO Council Standards Review Committee	The interpretation for Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.	
Dominion	The interpretation for Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.	
FirstEnergy	The interpretation for Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.	
Kansas City Power & light	The interpretation for Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.	



Organization	Yes or No	Question 4 Comment
ACES Power Marketing Standards Collaborators	The interpretation for Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.	
Imperial Irrigation District (IID)	The interpretation for Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.	
Tennessee Valley Authority	The interpretation for Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.	
NIPSCO	The interpretation for Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.	
American Transmission Company, LLC	The interpretation for Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.	



Organization	Yes or No	Question 4 Comment
Minnesota Power	The interpretation for Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.	
American Electric Power	The interpretation for Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.	
Duke Energy	The interpretation for Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.	
Independent Electricity System Operator	The interpretation for Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.	
Ingleside Cogeneration LP	The interpretation for Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.	



Organization	Yes or No	Question 4 Comment
Ameren	The interpretation for Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.	
United Illuminating Company	The interpretation for Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.	
Salt River Project	The interpretation for Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.	
Pepco Holdings Inc	The interpretation for Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.	
City of Austin dba Austin Energy	The interpretation for Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.	



Organization	Yes or No	Question 4 Comment
Essential Power, LLC	The interpretation for Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.	
Tampa Electric Company	The interpretation for Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.	
CRSI	The interpretation for Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.	
Oncor Electric Delivery Company	The interpretation for Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.	
E.ON CLIMATE & RENEWABLES	The interpretation for Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation does not expand the reach of the standard.	
MISO Standards	The interpretation for	MISO submits that, by clarifying that a Critical Cyber Asset ("CCA")



Organization	Yes or No	Question 4 Comment		
Collaborators	Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation expands the reach of the standard.	must be required by a Critical Asset ("CA") such that the CA cannot function as intended without the CCA, the Interpretation does not expand the reach or scope of the standard.		
Response: Thanks for your comment providing rationale that reinforces the IDT's position on this question.				
MidAmerican Energy Company	The interpretation for Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation expands the reach of the standard.	The request is seeking the definition for the term "essential." Essential is defined in collegiate dictionaries and there is no technical basis for adding clarity to or better defining this term either in an interpretation or in the NERC Glossary of Terms.		

Response: Thanks for your comment and provided rationale. The IDT observed that several definitions exist for this word. The IDT clarified the meaning as it applies within the four corners of this particular standard's wording and scope, and it added context-sensitive clarity to the Requirement itself.



5. Do you agree with the Interpretation Drafting Team's response to *Question 1* of the Request for Interpretation? If not, please explain specifically what you disagree with.

Summary Consideration:

Most commenters agreed with the IDT's interpretation to question 1 of the Request for Interpretation. One commenter noted that guidance documents are often very long, and that one string of examples in the requirement could not be exhaustive. Furthermore, that commenter noted that the statement with the examples has been removed from CIP-002-4, presently pending FERC's approval, and that it seems apparent to that commenter that this action was taken because the examples only served to confuse Responsible Entities and auditors alike - and are more appropriately addressed in a guideline document. Both of those comments and rationales support the IDT's view that the list is illustrative, not prescriptive.

A commenter disagreed with the interpretation by noting that the response to Question 1 states that the types of Cyber Assets in the example "should be considered," and the language "should be considered" is not found in CIP-002-3, Requirement R3 and should not be inferred. The commenter agrees that the list of example Cyber Assets enumerated in Requirement R3 is not all inclusive, but notes that the list does identify types of Cyber Assets that perform functions that are essential to the operation of the control center. As such, the commenters suggests that examples are appropriately classified as Critical Cyber Assets *if* found in a control center that has been identified as a Critical Asset. In response, the IDT noted that the interpretation's response to Question 1 clarifies that the examples are illustrative. Thus, since it is not a prescriptive list, those examples "should be considered" to determine whether they meet the requirement's language. Since the examples do not imply that the items listed as examples in the requirement must be classified as Critical Cyber Assets, some consideration is necessary within the context of the requirement.

One commenter agreed with the interpretation, but does not believe that the interpretation is necessary or adds new information. In response, the IDT understands that many entities already understood or interpreted this requirement similarly to the interpretation's response, and to those entities, this interpretation may at first seem unnecessary. However, the interpretation provides necessary clarity for all entities.

Organization	Yes or No	Question 5 Comment
Alberta Electric System Operator	Abstain	The AESO agrees with the interpretation of CIP-002, however we are casting an abstain vote as this standard is not applicable in Alberta at this time.



Organization	Yes or No	Question 5 Comment	
Response: Thanks for providing	Response: Thanks for providing the IDT with your rationale.		
Bonneville Power Administration	Affirmative	please refer to BPA's submitted comments	
Brazos Electric Power Cooperative, Inc.	Affirmative	See comments submitted by ACES Power Marketing.	
Consolidated Edison Co. of New York	Affirmative	See NPCC region-wide group comment form	
FirstEnergy Corp.	Affirmative	Please see FirstEnergy's comments submitted through the formal comment period.	
Southern Company Services, Inc.	Affirmative	See comments submitted by John Horishny.	
Tennessee Valley Authority	Affirmative	Please see TVA's comments submitted through the electronic comment form.	
California ISO	Affirmative	Comments provided jointly with the ISO/RTO Standards Review Committee	
Electric Reliability Council of Texas, Inc.	Affirmative	ERCOT ISO has joined the comments of the ISO/RTO Council Standards Review Committee	
AEP	Affirmative	Response is being submitted via electronic form by Thad Ness on behalf of American Electric Power.	
Alabama Power Company	Affirmative	See comments submitted in the electronic comments form by John Horishny.	
FirstEnergy Energy Delivery	Affirmative	Please see FirstEnergy's comments submitted through the formal comment period.	
Georgia Power Company	Affirmative	See electronic comments submitted by John Horishny.	



Organization	Yes or No	Question 5 Comment
Gulf Power Company	Affirmative	See comments submitted in the electronic comments form by John Horishny.
Mississippi Power	Affirmative	See comments submitted in the electronic comments form by John Horishny.
Tennessee Valley Authority	Affirmative	Please see TVA's comments submitted through the electronic comment form
Ohio Edison Company	Affirmative	Please see FirstEnergy's comments submitted through the formal comment period.
Wisconsin Energy Corp.	Affirmative	Comments are requested to be submitted using the separate electronic comment form rather than with the vote. I strongly support this interpretation and do not have any specific comments to submit with this vote.
AEP Service Corp.	Affirmative	Comments are being submitted via electronic form by Thad Ness on behalf of American Electric Power.
Bonneville Power Administration	Affirmative	Please see BPA comments submitted via the electronic comment form.
Brazos Electric Power Cooperative, Inc.	Affirmative	Please see comments filed by ACES Power Marketing.
FirstEnergy Solutions	Affirmative	Please see FirstEnergy's comments submitted through the formal comment period.
Occidental Chemical	Affirmative	See comments by submitted by Ingleside Cogeneration LP
Southern Company Generation	Affirmative	Please see Southern Company comments submitted by John Horishny.
Tennessee Valley Authority	Affirmative	Please see TVA's comments submitted through the electronic comment form.
AEP Marketing	Affirmative	Comments are being submitted via electronic form by Thad Ness on behalf of



Organization	Yes or No	Question 5 Comment
		American Electric Power.
FirstEnergy Solutions	Affirmative	Please see FirstEnergy's comments submitted through the formal comment period
Northern Indiana Public Service Co.	Affirmative	see NIPSCO comments submitted
Southern Company Generation and Energy Marketing	Affirmative	See comments submitted in the electronic comments form by John Horishny.
Tennessee Valley Authority	Affirmative	Please see TVA's comments submitted through the electronic comment form.
Bonneville Power Administration	Yes	BPA agrees that the examples in CIP-002 R3 are illustrative and not meant to be prescriptive.
Response: Thanks for your com	ment providin	g rationale that reinforces the IDT's position on this question.
MISO Standards Collaborators	Yes	MISO agrees with the Interpretation as to Question 1.
Response: The IDT recognizes t	his affirmation	as limited only to Question 1
Ingleside Cogeneration LP	Yes	Ingleside Cogeneration LP strongly agrees with the IDT's interpretation that the examples given in R3 should be considered "illustrative, not prescriptive". Our assessment shows two actions taken by NERC in regard to the requirement which support this clarification. First, the entire purpose of NERC's security guideline for "Identifying Critical Cyber Assets" is to provide a means for Responsible Entities to establish which Cyber Assets should be critical. This is a 47 page document with multiple evaluations and complex procedural steps. Clearly a single sentence in a requirement cannot be considered to be exhaustive - or anything more than a suggestion. Second, the statement with the examples has been removed from CIP-



Organization	Yes or No	Question 5 Comment
		002-4, presently pending FERC's approval. It seems apparent to us that this action was taken because the examples only served to confuse Responsible Entities and auditors alike - and are more appropriately addressed in a guideline document.
Response: Thanks for your com	ment providin	g rationale that reinforces the IDT's position on this question.
Tampa Electric Company	Yes	Tampa Electric agrees with the Interpretations Drafting Team response to Question 1
Response: The IDT recognizes the	nis affirmation	as limited only to Question 1
Midwest ISO	Yes	MISO agrees with the Interpretation as to Question 1.
Response: The IDT recognizes the	nis affirmation	as limited only to Question 1
Northeast Power Coordinating Council	Yes	
ISO/RTO Council Standards Review Committee	Yes	
Dominion	Yes	
FirstEnergy	Yes	
Kansas City Power & light	Yes	
ACES Power Marketing Standards Collaborators	Yes	
Imperial Irrigation District (IID)	Yes	
Tennessee Valley Authority	Yes	



Organization	Yes or No	Question 5 Comment
PacifiCorp	Yes	
Southern Company	Yes	
NIPSCO	Yes	
American Transmission Company, LLC	Yes	
Minnesota Power	Yes	
American Electric Power	Yes	
Duke Energy	Yes	
Independent Electricity System Operator	Yes	
Ameren	Yes	
United Illuminating Company	Yes	
Salt River Project	Yes	
Pepco Holdings Inc	Yes	
City of Austin dba Austin Energy	Yes	
Essential Power, LLC	Yes	



Organization	Yes or No	Question 5 Comment
ReliabilityFirst	Yes	
CRSI	Yes	
Oncor Electric Delivery Company	Yes	
E.ON CLIMATE & RENEWABLES	Yes	
MidAmerican Energy Co.	Negative	See MidAmerican comments
Southwest Power Pool Regional Entity	No	The response to Question 1 states that the examples of the types of Cyber Assets "should be considered." The language "should be considered" is not found in CIP-002/R3 and should not be inferred. While the SPP RE agrees that the list of example Cyber Assets enumerated in R3 is not all inclusive, the list does identify types of Cyber Assets that perform functions that are essential to the operation of the control center. As such, the examples are appropriately classified as Critical Cyber Assets *if* found in a control center that has been identified as a Critical Asset.
examples are illustrative. Thus they meet the requirement's la	s, since it is not anguage. Since	le for response. The interpretation's response to Question 1 clarifies that the a prescriptive list, those examples "should be considered" to determine whether the examples do not imply that the items listed as examples in the requirement me consideration is necessary within the context of the requirement.
MidAmerican Energy Company	No	While we agree with the conclusion in the response to Question 1, we do not believe this interpretation is needed at this time. The response does not provide any new information.
-	-	tities already understood or interpreted this requirement similarly to the es, this interpretation may at first seem unnecessary. However, the interpretation



Organization	Yes or No	Question 5 Comment
provides necessary clarity for a	II entities.	

6. Do you agree with the Interpretation Drafting Team's response to Question 2 of the Request for Interpretation? If not, why not.

Summary Consideration:

Most commenters agreed with the IDT's interpretation with respect to question 2 of the request for interpretation, and they agreed with the IDT's rationale that if a Cyber Asset is not required, but is merely "valuable to" the operation of a Critical Asset, it is not essential.

One commenter suggested that Version 4's language may have a similar issue. The IDT notes that an interpretation applies only so long as the relevant language in a standard is in effect, and it agrees that this interpretation might be applicable for clarifying CIP Version 4, provided the same lack of clarity persists.

One commenter agreed with the Interpretation as to Question 2, but requested that the IDT clarify that "essential," as used in Requirement R3, is synonymous with "inherent", "necessary" and "required". The commenter also submits that Registered Entities are best qualified to determine whether a Cyber Asset is essential to the operation of a Critical Asset and therefore a Critical Cyber Asset pursuant to the clarification provided by the Interpretation. The commenter states that a Registered Entity's determination of whether a Cyber Asset is required by a Critical Asset should be rebuttably presumed to be correct. As the majority of industry agreed with this balloted draft's current explanation of essential, the IDT did not incorporate the proposed change. Much like the list of examples is illustrative, the IDT agrees with most commenters that the interpretation provides clarity, and it is not necessary at this time to list further synonyms for "essential." Further, the IDT does agree that a Registered Entity's determination of whether a Cyber Asset is required by a Critical Asset should be rebuttably presumed to be correct.

Two commenters commented on the parenthetical clause in the original interpretation, suggesting that it was confusing upon first reading the language or that it seems to define "required." One commenter suggested rewording the clause, and one commenter suggested removing the clause as unnecessary. The IDT agrees, and it re-worded the clause from "(i.e. without which a Critical Asset cannot function as intended)" to, "(i.e., a Critical Asset cannot function as intended without the Cyber Asset)." This is a clarifying change, and it is not substantive.



One commenter suggested that the IDT incorporate the provisions of NERC's CAN-0005 so that the CAN may be retired. While the IDT understands this interpretation's rationale to be in keeping with CAN-0005 and possibly forthcoming CIP versions, the IDT is bound by the Guidelines for Interpretation Drafting teams to interpret the words on the page of any standard being interpreted. The IDT believes that incorporating the submitted suggestions would expand the scope of the requirement in question. Furthermore, the IDT understands that the interpretation, once approved, may result in withdrawal of CAN-0005.

Other commenters were concerned that the interpretation does not explicitly state that redundancy is not a consideration for identifying Cyber Assets that are "essential." The IDT agrees that redundancy is not a consideration in determining whether a Cyber Asset is "essential," and this interpretation does not change that notion.

One commenter suggested the interpretation is unnecessary because "essential" is defined in collegiate dictionaries and there is no technical basis for adding clarity to or better defining this term either in an interpretation or in the NERC Glossary of Terms. The IDT observed that several definitions exist for this word, but it disagrees that the interpretation is unnecessary. The IDT clarified the meaning as it applies within the four corners of this particular standard's wording and scope, and it added context-sensitive clarity to the Requirement itself.

One commenter believed that the clarification provided for essential is much narrower than the guidance provided in the Security Guideline for the Electricity Sector: Identifying Critical Cyber Assets, and that the interpretation does not provide additional clarity than what is provided in the existing guideline. The IDT understands that many entities already understood or interpreted this requirement similarly to the interpretation's response, and to those entities, this interpretation may at first seem unnecessary. However, the interpretation provides necessary clarity for all entities.

Organization	Yes or No	Question 5 Comment
Alberta Electric System Operator	Abstain	The AESO agrees with the interpretation of CIP-002, however we are casting an abstain vote as this standard is not applicable in Alberta at this time.
Response: Thanks for providing	the IDT with y	your rationale.
Bonneville Power	Affirmative	please refer to BPA's submitted comments



Organization	Yes or No	Question 5 Comment
Administration		
Brazos Electric Power Cooperative, Inc.	Affirmative	See comments submitted by ACES Power Marketing.
Consolidated Edison Co. of New York	Affirmative	See NPCC region-wide group comment form
FirstEnergy Corp.	Affirmative	Please see FirstEnergy's comments submitted through the formal comment period.
Southern Company Services, Inc.	Affirmative	See comments submitted by John Horishny.
Tennessee Valley Authority	Affirmative	Please see TVA's comments submitted through the electronic comment form.
California ISO	Affirmative	Comments provided jointly with the ISO/RTO Standards Review Committee
Electric Reliability Council of Texas, Inc.	Affirmative	ERCOT ISO has joined the comments of the ISO/RTO Council Standards Review Committee
AEP	Affirmative	Response is being submitted via electronic form by Thad Ness on behalf of American Electric Power.
Alabama Power Company	Affirmative	See comments submitted in the electronic comments form by John Horishny.
FirstEnergy Energy Delivery	Affirmative	Please see FirstEnergy's comments submitted through the formal comment period.
Georgia Power Company	Affirmative	See electronic comments submitted by John Horishny.
Gulf Power Company	Affirmative	See comments submitted in the electronic comments form by John Horishny.



Organization	Yes or No	Question 5 Comment
Mississippi Power	Affirmative	See comments submitted in the electronic comments form by John Horishny.
Tennessee Valley Authority	Affirmative	Please see TVA's comments submitted through the electronic comment form
Ohio Edison Company	Affirmative	Please see FirstEnergy's comments submitted through the formal comment period.
Wisconsin Energy Corp.	Affirmative	Comments are requested to be submitted using the separate electronic comment form rather than with the vote. I strongly support this interpretation and do not have any specific comments to submit with this vote.
AEP Service Corp.	Affirmative	Comments are being submitted via electronic form by Thad Ness on behalf of American Electric Power.
Bonneville Power Administration	Affirmative	Please see BPA comments submitted via the electronic comment form.
Brazos Electric Power Cooperative, Inc.	Affirmative	Please see comments filed by ACES Power Marketing.
FirstEnergy Solutions	Affirmative	Please see FirstEnergy's comments submitted through the formal comment period.
Occidental Chemical	Affirmative	See comments by submitted by Ingleside Cogeneration LP
Southern Company Generation	Affirmative	Please see Southern Company comments submitted by John Horishny.
Tennessee Valley Authority	Affirmative	Please see TVA's comments submitted through the electronic comment form.
AEP Marketing	Affirmative	Comments are being submitted via electronic form by Thad Ness on behalf of American Electric Power.



Organization	Yes or No	Question 5 Comment
FirstEnergy Solutions	Affirmative	Please see FirstEnergy's comments submitted through the formal comment period
Northern Indiana Public Service Co.	Affirmative	see NIPSCO comments submitted
Southern Company Generation and Energy Marketing	Affirmative	See comments submitted in the electronic comments form by John Horishny.
Tennessee Valley Authority	Affirmative	Please see TVA's comments submitted through the electronic comment form.
Bonneville Power Administration	Yes	BPA agrees that if a Cyber Asset is not required, merely "valuable to" the operation of a Critical Asset, it is not essential.
Response: Thanks for your com	ment providin	g rationale that reinforces the IDT's position on this question.
FirstEnergy	Yes	Since there are no question for general comments, we offer them in this last question. Just as a reminder, this Interpretation, once approve, will also need to be added to the pending CIP-002-4 standard which is currently before FERC for approval. It would seem that the Interpretation, if approved, could be added to the Version 4 standard as an errata change.
-	retation migh	nt. As an interpretation applies only so long as the relevant language in a standard to be applicable for clarifying CIP Version 4, provided the same lack of clarity persists, the case.
Kansas City Power & light	Yes	IDT clearly defines "essential" in its response. More importantly it states a "valuable" asset is not necessarily "essential" to the operatation of a Critical Asset, thereby, indirectly addressing Duke's concern with physical controls around workstations such as laptops when used from remote locations.



Organization	Yes or No	Question 5 Comment
Response: Thanks for your com	ment providin	g rationale that reinforces the IDT's position on this question.
MISO Standards Collaborators	Yes	MISO generally agrees with the Interpretation as to Question 2, however MISO also requests that the Interpretation Drafting Team clarify that "essential," as used in Requirement R3, is synonymous with "inherent", "necessary" and "required". MISO also submits that Registered Entities are best qualified to determine whether a Cyber Asset is essential to the operation of a CA and is therefore a CCA pursuant to the clarification provided by the Interpretation. As a result, a Registered Entity's determination of whether a Cyber Asset is required by a CA should be rebuttably presumed to be correct.
essential, we have not incorpor	ated the propation provides	e. As the majority of industry agreed with this balloted draft's current explanation of osed change. Much like the list of examples is illustrative, the IDT agrees with most clarity, and it is not necessary at this time to list further synonyms for "essential." g body's final conclusion.
ACES Power Marketing Standards Collaborators	Yes	While we agree with the drafting team, we recommend rewording "(i.e. without which a Critical Asset cannot function as intended)" to "(i.e. the Critical Asset cannot function without the Cyber Asset)". While the wording is technically correct, it is difficult to read and can be confusing.
		has been considered within the next draft. The IDT reworded the clause, but not the (i.e., a Critical Asset cannot function as intended without the Cyber Asset)"
Duke Energy	Yes	However, the interpretation could be improved by striking the parenthetical "(i.e., without which a Critical Asset cannot function as intended)," from the second paragraph. This parenthetical attempts to define the word "required", which is not necessary for the interpretation.
		has been considered within the next draft. Rather than remove it, the IDT reworded, so that it now reads, "(i.e., a Critical Asset cannot function as intended without the



Organization	Yes or No	Question 5 Comment
Cyber Asset)"		
Ingleside Cogeneration LP	Yes	We commend the Interpretation Drafting Team for developing a reading of the term "essential" based upon its commonly understood usage. We also agree that it is important to provide gradations which are close to the concept of essentiality, but does not meet the criticality litmus test. This allows the exclusion of Cyber Assets which "may be used, but not required" or are "merely valuable" to the inherent operation of the Critical Asset. It is left up to the Responsible Entity to make those assessments using an internal methodology that is comprehensive and defensible and is consistent with the intent of CIP-002 as it is written today. We realize this flexibility may be limited in CIP version 5. However, those standards must still go through the vetting process; which will allow the industry to review, post comments, and vote upon any proposed changes.
Response: Thanks for support a	and supporting	rationale for this interpretation.
Tampa Electric Company	Yes	Tampa Electric agrees with the Interpretations Drafting Team response to Question 2. We strongly support the concept that essential to the operation of the Critical Asset means that it is necessary for the operation of that Critical Asset.
Response: Thanks for your stro	ng support.	
Midwest ISO	Yes	MISO generally agrees with the Interpretation as to Question 2, however MISO also requests that the Interpretation Drafting Team clarify that "essential," as used in Requirement R3, is synonymous with "inherent", "necessary" and "required". MISO also submits that Registered Entities are best qualified to determine whether a Cyber Asset is essential to the operation of a CA and is therefore a CCA pursuant to the clarification provided by the Interpretation. As a result, a Registered Entity's determination of whether a Cyber Asset is required by a CA should be rebuttably presumed to be correct.



Organization	Yes or No	Question 5 Comment
	in accepting th	. As the majority of industry agreed with this balloted draft's current explanation of the proposed change compared to leaving the words as currently written. Further, we conclusion.
Northeast Power Coordinating Council	Yes	
ISO/RTO Council Standards Review Committee	Yes	
Dominion	Yes	
Imperial Irrigation District (IID)	Yes	
Tennessee Valley Authority	Yes	
PacifiCorp	Yes	
Southern Company	Yes	
NIPSCO	Yes	
American Transmission Company, LLC	Yes	
Minnesota Power	Yes	
American Electric Power	Yes	
Independent Electricity System Operator	Yes	



Organization	Yes or No	Question 5 Comment
Ameren	Yes	
United Illuminating Company	Yes	
Salt River Project	Yes	
Pepco Holdings Inc	Yes	
City of Austin dba Austin Energy	Yes	
Essential Power, LLC	Yes	
Oncor Electric Delivery Company	Yes	
E.ON CLIMATE & RENEWABLES	Yes	
MidAmerican Energy Co.	Negative	See MidAmerican comments
Southwest Power Pool Regional Entity	No	The response to Question 2 must be revised to specifically include the proviso that redundancy is NOT a consideration when determining if a Cyber Asset is "essential." Redundancy cannot be a consideration because, generally, vulnerability of the reduntant asset is the same as the primary asset's vulnerability. To achieve security you have to consider both primary and redundant assets. The interpretation must also incorporate the provisions of CAN-0005 in such a way as to make CAN-0005 no longer necessary.

Response: While the IDT understands this particular rationale to be more in keeping with CAN-0005 and possibly forth-coming CIP versions, the IDT is bound by the Guidelines for Interpretation Drafting teams to interpret the words on the page of any standard



Organization	Yes or No	Question 5 Comment
		rporating the submitted suggestions would expand the scope of the requirement in that the interpretation, once approved, may result in withdrawal of CAN-0005.
The IDT agrees that redundan does not change that notion.	cy is not a consi	ideration in determining whether a Cyber Asset is "essential," and this interpretation
MidAmerican Energy Company	No	MidAmerican Energy does not believe this interpretation is needed at this time. The request is seeking the definition for the term "essential." Essential is defined in collegiate dictionaries and there is no technical basis for adding clarity to or better defining this term either in an interpretation or in the NERC Glossary of Terms. The interpretation provides no new useful information and creates more confusion by introducing the new term "inherent to."
interpretation's response, and	d to those entiti all entities. The	ntities already understood or interpreted this requirement similarly to the es, this interpretation may at first seem unnecessary. However, the interpretation e phrase "inherent to" in the interpretation is contextual and clarifying information,



Organization	Yes or No	Question 5 Comment
interpretation does not change that notion.		
CRSI	No	The definition provided for essential is much narrower than the guidance provided in the Security Guideline for the Electricity Sector: Identifying Critical Cyber Assets. The interpretation does not provide additional clarity than what is provided in the existing guideline.

Response: Thanks for your rationale. The IDT understands that many entities already understood or interpreted this requirement similarly to the interpretation's response, and to those entities, this interpretation may at first seem unnecessary. However, the interpretation provides necessary clarity for all entities.

END OF REPORT



Note: an Interpretation cannot be used to change a standard.

Request for an Interpretation of a Reliability Standard

Date submitted: 1/31/10

Date revised version submitted: 7/22/10

Contact information for person requesting the interpretation:

Name: Kim Long

Organization: Duke Energy Corporation

Telephone: 704-382-7179

E-mail: kim.long@duke-energy.com

Identify the standard that needs clarification:

Standard Number (include version number): CIP-002-1

(example: PRC-001-1)

Standard Title: Cyber Security – Critical Cyber Asset Identification

Identify specifically what requirement needs clarification:

Requirement Number and Text of Requirement: CIP - 002-1, Requirement R3

- R3. Critical Cyber Asset Identification Using the list of Critical Assets developed pursuant to Requirement R2, the Responsible Entity shall develop a list of associated Critical Cyber Assets essential to the operation of the Critical Asset. Examples at control centers and backup control centers include systems and facilities at master and remote sites that provide monitoring and control, automatic generation control, real-time power system modeling, and real-time inter-utility data exchange. The Responsible Entity shall review this list at least annually, and update it as necessary. For the purpose of Standard CIP-002, Critical Cyber Assets are further qualified to be those having at least one of the following characteristics:
 - **R3.1.** The Cyber Asset uses a routable protocol to communicate outside the Electronic Security Perimeter; or,
 - **R3.2.** The Cyber Asset uses a routable protocol within a control center; or,
 - **R3.3.** The Cyber Asset is dial-up accessible.

Clarification needed:

With regard to the above requirements, Duke Energy respectfully requests an interpretation as to the following:

- 1. Is the phrase "Examples at control centers and backup control centers include systems and facilities at master and remote sites that provide monitoring and control, automatic generation control, real-time power system modeling, and real-time inter-utility data exchange" meant to be prescriptive, i.e., that any and all systems and facilities utilized in monitoring and control, automatic generation control, real-time power system modeling, and real-time inter-utility data exchange, must be classified as Critical Cyber Assets, or is this phrase simply meant to provide examples of the types of systems that should be assessed for inclusion in the list of Critical Cyber Assets using an entity's critical cyber asset methodology?
- 2. What does the phrase, "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset" mean? If an entity has an asset that "may" be used to operate a Critical Asset, but is not "required" for operation of that Critical Asset, is the asset considered "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset"? Remote access to the systems is valuable to operations (see Material Impact Statement below), but operation of the Critical Asset is not literally dependent on these laptops.
 - The term "essential" is not defined in the NERC Glossary. The Merriam —Webster dictionary provides the following definition of essential: "ESSENTIAL implies belonging to the very nature of a thing and therefore being incapable of removal without destroying the thing itself or its character." The dictionary provides the following synonyms for essential: "Inherent, basic, indispensible, vital, fundamental, and necessary."

Identify the material impact associated with this interpretation:

Identify the material impact to your organization or others caused by the lack of clarity or an incorrect interpretation of this standard.

If the phrase 'Examples at control centers and backup control centers include systems and facilities at master and remote sites that provide monitoring and control, automatic generation control' is meant to be prescriptive such that workstations, which are utilized in monitoring and control must be classified as Critical Cyber Assets, then the ability to provide remote support is not available to companies.

It is inherently not possible to implement all of the prescribed controls, i.e. CIP 006 physical controls, around workstations such as laptops when used from remote locations. The reliability of the Bulk Electric System will be eroded, rather than enhanced, if companies do not have the ability to remotely access the Critical Asset environment by utilizing laptop workstations with the cyber security controls prescribed in CIP 005.

Interpretation 2010-INT-05: Response to Request for an Interpretation of NERC Standard CIP-002-1 R3 for the Duke Energy Corporation

The following interpretation of NERC Standard CIP-002-1 Cyber Security — Critical Cyber Asset Identification was developed by a sub team of the Cyber Security Order 706 Standard Drafting Team.

Requirement Number and Text of Requirement

- R3. Critical Cyber Asset Identification Using the list of Critical Assets developed pursuant to Requirement R2, the Responsible Entity shall develop a list of associated Critical Cyber Assets essential to the operation of the Critical Asset. Examples at control centers and backup control centers include systems and facilities at master and remote sites that provide monitoring and control, automatic generation control, real-time power system modeling, and real-time inter-utility data exchange. The Responsible Entity shall review this list at least annually, and update it as necessary. For the purpose of Standard CIP-002, Critical Cyber Assets are further qualified to be those having at least one of the following characteristics:
 - R3.1. The Cyber Asset uses a routable protocol to communicate outside the Electronic Security Perimeter; or,
 - R3.2. The Cyber Asset uses a routable protocol within a control center; or,
 - R3.3. The Cyber Asset is dial-up accessible.

Question 1

Is the phrase "Examples at control centers and backup control centers include systems and facilities at master and remote sites that provide monitoring and control, automatic generation control, real-time power system modeling, and real-time inter-utility data exchange" meant to be prescriptive, i.e., that any and all systems and facilities utilized in monitoring and control, automatic generation control, real-time power system modeling, and real-time inter-utility data exchange, must be classified as Critical Cyber Assets, or is this phrase simply meant to provide examples of the types of systems that should be assessed for inclusion in the list of Critical Cyber Assets using an entity's critical cyber asset methodology?

Response to Question 1

The phrase "Examples at control centers and backup control centers include systems and facilities at master and remote sites that provide monitoring and control, automatic generation control, real-time power system modeling, and real-time inter-utility data exchange" is illustrative, not prescriptive. It simply provides examples of the types of Cyber Assets that should be considered. It does not imply that the items listed must be classified as Critical Cyber Assets, nor is it intended to be an exhaustive list of Critical Cyber Asset types.

Question 2

What does the phrase, "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset" mean? If an entity has an asset that "may" be used to operate a Critical Asset, but is not "required" for operation of that Critical Asset, is the asset considered "essential to the operation of the

Critical Asset"? Remote access to the systems is valuable to operations (see Material Impact Statement below), but operation of the Critical Asset is not literally dependent on these laptops.

Response to Question 2

The word "essential" is not defined in the *Glossary of Terms used in NERC Reliability Standards*, but the well-understood meaning and ordinary usage of the word "essential" implies "inherent to" or "necessary." The phrase "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset" means inherent to or necessary for the operation of the Critical Asset.

A Cyber Asset that "may" be used, but is not "required" (i.e., a Critical Asset cannot function as intended without the Cyber Asset), for the operation of a Critical Asset is not "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset" for purposes of Requirement R3. Similarly, a Cyber Asset that is merely "valuable to" the operation of a Critical Asset, but is not necessary for or inherent to the operation of that Critical Asset, is not "essential to the operation" of the Critical Asset.



Note: an Interpretation cannot be used to change a standard.

Request for an Interpretation of a Reliability Standard

Date submitted: 1/31/10

Date revised version submitted: 7/22/10

Contact information for person requesting the interpretation:

Name: Kim Long

Organization: Duke Energy Corporation

Telephone: 704-382-7179

E-mail: kim.long@duke-energy.com

Identify the standard that needs clarification:

Standard Number (include version number): CIP-002-1

(example: PRC-001-1)

Standard Title: Cyber Security – Critical Cyber Asset Identification

Identify specifically what requirement needs clarification:

Requirement Number and Text of Requirement: CIP - 002-1, Requirement R3

- R3. Critical Cyber Asset Identification Using the list of Critical Assets developed pursuant to Requirement R2, the Responsible Entity shall develop a list of associated Critical Cyber Assets essential to the operation of the Critical Asset. Examples at control centers and backup control centers include systems and facilities at master and remote sites that provide monitoring and control, automatic generation control, real-time power system modeling, and real-time inter-utility data exchange. The Responsible Entity shall review this list at least annually, and update it as necessary. For the purpose of Standard CIP-002, Critical Cyber Assets are further qualified to be those having at least one of the following characteristics:
 - **R3.1.** The Cyber Asset uses a routable protocol to communicate outside the Electronic Security Perimeter; or,
 - **R3.2.** The Cyber Asset uses a routable protocol within a control center; or,
 - **R3.3.** The Cyber Asset is dial-up accessible.

Clarification needed:

With regard to the above requirements, Duke Energy respectfully requests an interpretation as to the following:

- 1. Is the phrase "Examples at control centers and backup control centers include systems and facilities at master and remote sites that provide monitoring and control, automatic generation control, real-time power system modeling, and real-time inter-utility data exchange" meant to be prescriptive, i.e., that any and all systems and facilities utilized in monitoring and control, automatic generation control, real-time power system modeling, and real-time inter-utility data exchange, must be classified as Critical Cyber Assets, or is this phrase simply meant to provide examples of the types of systems that should be assessed for inclusion in the list of Critical Cyber Assets using an entity's critical cyber asset methodology?
- 2. What does the phrase, "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset" mean? If an entity has an asset that "may" be used to operate a Critical Asset, but is not "required" for operation of that Critical Asset, is the asset considered "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset"? Remote access to the systems is valuable to operations (see Material Impact Statement below), but operation of the Critical Asset is not literally dependent on these laptops.
 - The term "essential" is not defined in the NERC Glossary. The Merriam —Webster dictionary provides the following definition of essential: "ESSENTIAL implies belonging to the very nature of a thing and therefore being incapable of removal without destroying the thing itself or its character." The dictionary provides the following synonyms for essential: "Inherent, basic, indispensible, vital, fundamental, and necessary."

Identify the material impact associated with this interpretation:

Identify the material impact to your organization or others caused by the lack of clarity or an incorrect interpretation of this standard.

If the phrase 'Examples at control centers and backup control centers include systems and facilities at master and remote sites that provide monitoring and control, automatic generation control' is meant to be prescriptive such that workstations, which are utilized in monitoring and control must be classified as Critical Cyber Assets, then the ability to provide remote support is not available to companies.

It is inherently not possible to implement all of the prescribed controls, i.e. CIP 006 physical controls, around workstations such as laptops when used from remote locations. The reliability of the Bulk Electric System will be eroded, rather than enhanced, if companies do not have the ability to remotely access the Critical Asset environment by utilizing laptop workstations with the cyber security controls prescribed in CIP 005.

Interpretation 2010-INT-05: Response to Request for an Interpretation of NERC Standard CIP-002-1 R3 for the Duke Energy Corporation

The following interpretation of NERC Standard CIP-002-1 Cyber Security — Critical Cyber Asset Identification was developed by a sub team of the Cyber Security Order 706 Standard Drafting Team.

Requirement Number and Text of Requirement

- R3. Critical Cyber Asset Identification Using the list of Critical Assets developed pursuant to Requirement R2, the Responsible Entity shall develop a list of associated Critical Cyber Assets essential to the operation of the Critical Asset. Examples at control centers and backup control centers include systems and facilities at master and remote sites that provide monitoring and control, automatic generation control, real-time power system modeling, and real-time inter-utility data exchange. The Responsible Entity shall review this list at least annually, and update it as necessary. For the purpose of Standard CIP-002, Critical Cyber Assets are further qualified to be those having at least one of the following characteristics:
 - R3.1. The Cyber Asset uses a routable protocol to communicate outside the Electronic Security Perimeter; or,
 - R3.2. The Cyber Asset uses a routable protocol within a control center; or,
 - R3.3. The Cyber Asset is dial-up accessible.

Question 1

Is the phrase "Examples at control centers and backup control centers include systems and facilities at master and remote sites that provide monitoring and control, automatic generation control, real-time power system modeling, and real-time inter-utility data exchange" meant to be prescriptive, i.e., that any and all systems and facilities utilized in monitoring and control, automatic generation control, real-time power system modeling, and real-time inter-utility data exchange, must be classified as Critical Cyber Assets, or is this phrase simply meant to provide examples of the types of systems that should be assessed for inclusion in the list of Critical Cyber Assets using an entity's critical cyber asset methodology?

Response to Question 1

The phrase "Examples at control centers and backup control centers include systems and facilities at master and remote sites that provide monitoring and control, automatic generation control, real-time power system modeling, and real-time inter-utility data exchange" is illustrative, not prescriptive. It simply provides examples of the types of Cyber Assets that should be considered. It does not imply that the items listed must be classified as Critical Cyber Assets, nor is it intended to be an exhaustive list of Critical Cyber Asset types.

Question 2

What does the phrase, "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset" mean? If an entity has an asset that "may" be used to operate a Critical Asset, but is not "required" for operation of that Critical Asset, is the asset considered "essential to the operation of the

Critical Asset"? Remote access to the systems is valuable to operations (see Material Impact Statement below), but operation of the Critical Asset is not literally dependent on these laptops.

Response to Question 2

The word "essential" is not defined in the *Glossary of Terms used in NERC Reliability Standards*, but the well-understood meaning and ordinary usage of the word "essential" implies "inherent to" or "necessary." The phrase "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset" means inherent to or necessary for the operation of the Critical Asset.

A Cyber Asset that "may" be used, but is not "required" (i.e., without which a Critical Asset cannot function as intended without the Cyber Asset), for the operation of a Critical Asset is not "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset" for purposes of Requirement R3. Similarly, a Cyber Asset that is merely "valuable to" the operation of a Critical Asset, but is not necessary for or inherent to the operation of that Critical Asset, is not "essential to the operation" of the Critical Asset.

A. Introduction

1. Title: Cyber Security — Critical Cyber Asset Identification

2. Number: CIP-002-3

3. Purpose: NERC Standards CIP-002-3 through CIP-009-3 provide a cyber security framework for the identification and protection of Critical Cyber Assets to support reliable operation of the Bulk Electric System.

These standards recognize the differing roles of each entity in the operation of the Bulk Electric System, the criticality and vulnerability of the assets needed to manage Bulk Electric System reliability, and the risks to which they are exposed.

Business and operational demands for managing and maintaining a reliable Bulk Electric System increasingly rely on Cyber Assets supporting critical reliability functions and processes to communicate with each other, across functions and organizations, for services and data. This results in increased risks to these Cyber Assets.

Standard CIP-002-3 requires the identification and documentation of the Critical Cyber Assets associated with the Critical Assets that support the reliable operation of the Bulk Electric System. These Critical Assets are to be identified through the application of a risk-based assessment.

4. Applicability:

- **4.1.** Within the text of Standard CIP-002-3, "Responsible Entity" shall mean:
 - **4.1.1** Reliability Coordinator.
 - **4.1.2** Balancing Authority.
 - **4.1.3** Interchange Authority.
 - **4.1.4** Transmission Service Provider.
 - **4.1.5** Transmission Owner.
 - **4.1.6** Transmission Operator.
 - **4.1.7** Generator Owner.
 - **4.1.8** Generator Operator.
 - **4.1.9** Load Serving Entity.
 - **4.1.10** NERC.
 - **4.1.11** Regional Entity.
- **4.2.** The following are exempt from Standard CIP-002-3:
 - **4.2.1** Facilities regulated by the U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission or the Canadian Nuclear Safety Commission.
 - **4.2.2** Cyber Assets associated with communication networks and data communication links between discrete Electronic Security Perimeters.
- **5. Effective Date:** The first day of the third calendar quarter after applicable regulatory approvals have been received (or the Reliability Standard otherwise becomes effective the first day of the third calendar quarter after BOT adoption in those jurisdictions where regulatory approval is not required)

B. Requirements

- **R1.** Critical Asset Identification Method The Responsible Entity shall identify and document a risk-based assessment methodology to use to identify its Critical Assets.
 - **R1.1.** The Responsible Entity shall maintain documentation describing its risk-based assessment methodology that includes procedures and evaluation criteria.
 - **R1.2.** The risk-based assessment shall consider the following assets:
 - **R1.2.1.** Control centers and backup control centers performing the functions of the entities listed in the Applicability section of this standard.
 - **R1.2.2.** Transmission substations that support the reliable operation of the Bulk Electric System.
 - **R1.2.3.** Generation resources that support the reliable operation of the Bulk Electric System.
 - **R1.2.4.** Systems and facilities critical to system restoration, including blackstart generators and substations in the electrical path of transmission lines used for initial system restoration.
 - **R1.2.5.** Systems and facilities critical to automatic load shedding under a common control system capable of shedding 300 MW or more.
 - **R1.2.6.** Special Protection Systems that support the reliable operation of the Bulk Electric System.
 - **R1.2.7.** Any additional assets that support the reliable operation of the Bulk Electric System that the Responsible Entity deems appropriate to include in its assessment.
- **R2.** Critical Asset Identification The Responsible Entity shall develop a list of its identified Critical Assets determined through an annual application of the risk-based assessment methodology required in R1. The Responsible Entity shall review this list at least annually, and update it as necessary.
- R3. Critical Cyber Asset Identification Using the list of Critical Assets developed pursuant to Requirement R2, the Responsible Entity shall develop a list of associated Critical Cyber Assets essential to the operation of the Critical Asset. Examples at control centers and backup control centers include systems and facilities at master and remote sites that provide monitoring and control, automatic generation control, real-time power system modeling, and real-time interutility data exchange. The Responsible Entity shall review this list at least annually, and update it as necessary. For the purpose of Standard CIP-002-3, Critical Cyber Assets are further qualified to be those having at least one of the following characteristics:
 - **R3.1.** The Cyber Asset uses a routable protocol to communicate outside the Electronic Security Perimeter; or,
 - **R3.2.** The Cyber Asset uses a routable protocol within a control center; or,
 - **R3.3.** The Cyber Asset is dial-up accessible.
- **R4.** Annual Approval The senior manager or delegate(s) shall approve annually the risk-based assessment methodology, the list of Critical Assets and the list of Critical Cyber Assets. Based on Requirements R1, R2, and R3 the Responsible Entity may determine that it has no Critical Assets or Critical Cyber Assets. The Responsible Entity shall keep a signed and dated record of the senior manager or delegate(s)'s approval of the risk-based assessment methodology, the list of Critical Assets and the list of Critical Cyber Assets (even if such lists are null.)

C. Measures

- **M1.** The Responsible Entity shall make available its current risk-based assessment methodology documentation as specified in Requirement R1.
- **M2.** The Responsible Entity shall make available its list of Critical Assets as specified in Requirement R2.
- **M3.** The Responsible Entity shall make available its list of Critical Cyber Assets as specified in Requirement R3.
- **M4.** The Responsible Entity shall make available its approval records of annual approvals as specified in Requirement R4.

D. Compliance

1. Compliance Monitoring Process

1.1. Compliance Enforcement Authority

- **1.1.1** Regional Entity for Responsible Entities that do not perform delegated tasks for their Regional Entity.
- **1.1.2** ERO for Regional Entity.
- **1.1.3** Third-party monitor without vested interest in the outcome for NERC.

1.2. Compliance Monitoring Period and Reset Time Frame

Not applicable.

1.3. Compliance Monitoring and Enforcement Processes

Compliance Audits

Self-Certifications

Spot Checking

Compliance Violation Investigations

Self-Reporting

Complaints

1.4. Data Retention

- **1.4.1** The Responsible Entity shall keep documentation required by Standard CIP-002-3 from the previous full calendar year unless directed by its Compliance Enforcement Authority to retain specific evidence for a longer period of time as part of an investigation.
- **1.4.2** The Compliance Enforcement Authority in conjunction with the Registered Entity shall keep the last audit records and all requested and submitted subsequent audit records.

1.5. Additional Compliance Information

1.5.1 None.

2. Violation Severity Levels (To be developed later.)

E. Regional Variances

None identified.

Version History

Version	Date	Action	Change Tracking
1	January 16, 2006	R3.2 — Change "Control Center" to "control center"	03/24/06
2		Modifications to clarify the requirements and to bring the compliance elements into conformance with the latest guidelines for developing compliance elements of standards. Removal of reasonable business judgment. Replaced the RRO with the RE as a responsible entity. Rewording of Effective Date. Changed compliance monitor to Compliance Enforcement Authority.	
3		Updated version number from -2 to -3	
3	12/16/09	Approved by the NERC Board of Trustees	Update



Standards Announcement

Recirculation Ballots Open

April 20 – 30, 2012

Project 2009-26 Interpretation of CIP-004-X for WECC

Project 2010-INT-05 Interpretation of CIP-002-X for Duke

Recirculation ballot periods are now open through 8 p.m. Eastern on April 30, 2012

Now Available: Project 2009-26 | Project 2010-INT-05

Recirculation ballots for the interpretation of CIP-004-X - Cyber Security – Personnel and Training for WECC and CIP-002-X - Cyber Security – Critical Cyber Asset Identification for Duke are being conducted through **8 p.m. Eastern on April 30, 2012.**

The CIP-004-X Interpretation Drafting Team did not make any changes to the interpretation following the posting that ended on March 23, 2012.

The CIP-002-X Interpretation Drafting Team made a minor clarifying change in the Question 2 response by replacing the phrase, "without which" with the phrase "without the Cyber Asset" in the parenthetical as shown below:

• A Cyber Asset that "may" be used, but is not "required" (i.e., without which a Critical Asset cannot function as intended without the Cyber Asset) for the operation of a Critical Asset is not "essential to the operation of the Critical Asset" for purposes of Requirement R3.

A clean version of the interpretation for CIP-004-X has been posted on the project <u>webpage</u> and a clean and redline version of the interpretation for CIP-002-X has been posted on the project <u>webpage</u>.

Instructions

In the recirculation ballot, votes are counted by exception. Only members of the ballot pool may cast a ballot; all ballot pool members may change their votes. A ballot pool member who failed to cast a ballot during the last ballot window may cast a ballot in the recirculation ballot window. If a ballot pool member does not participate in the recirculation ballot, that member's last vote cast in the previous ballot will be carried over.



Next Steps

Voting results will be posted and announced after the ballot window closes. If approved, the interpretation(s) will be submitted to the Board of Trustees.

Background

In May 2011, the Standards Committee appointed a standing CIP Interpretation Drafting Team and assigned the further development of all outstanding CIP Interpretations, including the two referenced in this announcement, to that team. Initial drafts of each of the two CIP Interpretations were developed by a drafting team consisting of a different group of members of the CIP Interpretation Drafting Team. Each team has reviewed all comments submitted in the previous posting of its interpretation, along with FERC orders issued since the previous posting, and responded to comments consistent with guidance adopted by the NERC Board of Trustees and the Standards Committee.

Information about the CIP Interpretation Drafting Team is available on the team's <u>webpage</u>, which contains links to each of the interpretations that the team is working on including the two being balloted now.

Standards Development Process

The <u>Standard Processes Manual</u> contains all the procedures governing the standards development and interpretation processes. The success of the NERC standards development process depends on stakeholder participation. We extend our thanks to all those who participate. For more information or assistance, please contact Monica Benson at <u>monica.benson@nerc.net</u>.

For more information or assistance, please contact Monica Benson, Standards Process Administrator, at monica.benson@nerc.net or at 404-446-2560.

North American Electric Reliability Corporation 3353 Peachtree Rd NE Suite 600, North Tower Atlanta, GA 30326 404-446-2560 | www.nerc.com



Standards Announcement

Project 2009-26 Interpretation of CIP-004-X for WECC

Project 2010-INT-05 Interpretation of CIP-002-X for Duke Energy

Recirculation Ballot Results

Project 2009-26: Now Available
Project 2010-INT-05: Now Available

Recirculation ballots for the interpretation of CIP-004-X - <u>Cyber Security – Personnel and Training</u> for WECC and CIP-002-X - <u>Cyber Security – Critical Cyber Asset Identification</u> for Duke both concluded April 30, 2012.

Voting statistics for the ballots are listed below, and the <u>Ballot Results</u> page provides a link to the detailed results.

Standard		Quorum	Approval
CIP-004-X - Cyber Security – Personnel and Training fo	or	Quorum: 90.96%	Approval: 80.08%
CIP-002-X - Cyber Security — Critical Cyber Asset Identification for Duke		Quorum: 92.68%	Approval: 94.61%

Next Steps

CIP-004-X - Cyber Security – Personnel and Training for WECC and CIP-002-X - Cyber Security – Critical Cyber Asset Identification for Duke will be presented to the NERC Board of Trustees for adoption and subsequently filed with regulatory authorities.

Background

Additional information is available on the project pages. <u>Project 2009-26</u> and <u>Project 2010-INT-05</u>

Standards Development Process

The <u>Standard Processes Manual</u> contains all the procedures governing the standards development process. The success of the NERC standards development process depends on stakeholder participation. We extend our thanks to all those who participate. For more information or assistance, please contact Monica



Benson at monica.benson@nerc.net.

For more information or assistance, please contact Monica Benson, Standards Process Administrator, at monica.benson@nerc.net or at 404-446-2560.



User Name

Password

Log in

Register

-Ballot Pools -Current Ballots

-Ballot Results

-Registered Ballot Body -Proxy Voters

Home Page

	Ballot Results				
Ballot Name:	Project 2010-INT-05 CIP-002-1 R3 for Duke Energy				
Ballot Period:	4/20/2012 - 4/30/2012				
Ballot Type:	ecirculation				
Total # Votes:	304				
Total Ballot Pool:	328				
Quorum:	92.68 % The Quorum has been reached				
Weighted Segment Vote:	94.61 %				
Ballot Results:	The Standard has Passed				

Summary of Ballot Results										
				Affirr	mative	Neg	at	ive	Abstain	
Segment	Ballot Pool	Segr Wei		# Votes	Fraction	# Votes	Fr	raction	# Votes	No Vote
							T			
1 - Segment 1.		82	1	70	0.972		2	0.02	8 9	1
2 - Segment 2.		10	0.7	7	0.7		0		0 2	1
3 - Segment 3.		77	1	65	0.985		1	0.01	5 5	6
4 - Segment 4.		23	1	21	1		0		0 1	1
5 - Segment 5.		75	1	58	0.983		1	0.01	7 7	9
6 - Segment 6.		44	1	35	0.972		1	0.02	8 4	4
7 - Segment 7.		0	0	0	0		0		0 0	0
8 - Segment 8.		8	0.8	7	0.7		1	0.	1 0	0
9 - Segment 9.		2	0.1	1	0.1		0		0 0	1
10 - Segment 10.		7	0.6	4	0.4		2	0.	2 0	1
Totals	32	28	7.2	268	6.812		8	0.38	8 28	24

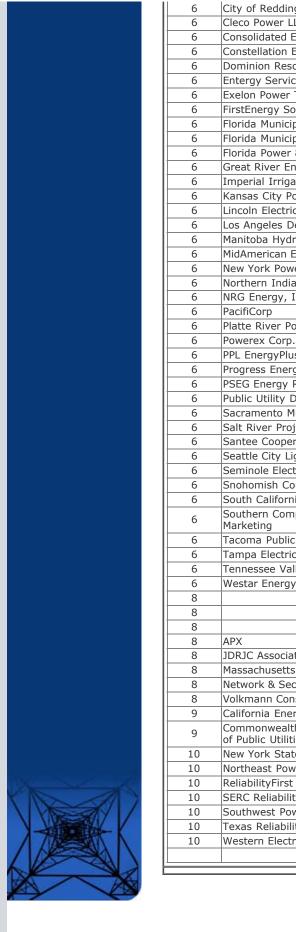
	Individual I	Ballot Pool Results			
Segmen	nt Organization	Member	Ва	llot	Comments
1	Ameren Services	Kirit Shah		Affirmative	2
1	American Transmission Company, LLC	Andrew Z Pusztai	Andrew Z Pusztai Affirmati		2
1	Arizona Public Service Co.	Robert Smith	Robert Smith Affirmative		
1	Associated Electric Cooperative, Inc.	John Bussman		Affirmative	2
1	Austin Energy	James Armke		Affirmative	2
1	Avista Corp.	Scott J Kinney	Scott J Kinney Affirmative		
1	Balancing Authority of Northern California	Kevin Smith	Kevin Smith Affirmat		2
1	Baltimore Gas & Electric Company	Gregory S Miller		Abstain	View

1	BC Hydro and Power Authority Beaches Energy Services	Patricia Robertson Joseph S Stonecipher	Abstain Affirmative	
1	Black Hills Corp	Eric Egge	Abstain	
1	Bonneville Power Administration	Donald S. Watkins	Affirmative	View
1	Brazos Electric Power Cooperative, Inc.	Tony Kroskey	Affirmative	View
1	CenterPoint Energy Houston Electric, LLC	John Brockhan	Affirmative	view
		JOHN Brockhan	Ammauve	
1	City of Tacoma, Department of Public Utilities, Light Division, dba Tacoma Power	Chang G Choi	Affirmative	
1	Clark Public Utilities	Jack Stamper	Affirmative	
1	Colorado Springs Utilities	Paul Morland	Abstain	
1	Consolidated Edison Co. of New York	Christopher L de Graffenried	Affirmative	View
1	Corporate Risk Solutions, Inc.	Joseph Doetzl	Negative	View
1	CPS Energy	Richard Castrejana	Affirmative	
1	Dominion Virginia Power	Michael S Crowley	Affirmative	
1	Empire District Electric Co.	Ralph F Meyer	Affirmative	
1	Entergy Services, Inc.	Edward J Davis	Affirmative	
1	FirstEnergy Corp.	William J Smith	Affirmative	View
1	Florida Keys Electric Cooperative Assoc.	Dennis Minton	Affirmative	
1	Florida Power & Light Co.	Mike O'Neil	Affirmative	
1	FortisBC	Curtis Klashinsky	Affirmative	
1	Georgia Transmission Corporation	Jason Snodgrass	Affirmative	
1	Great River Energy	Gordon Pietsch	Affirmative	
1	Hoosier Energy Rural Electric Cooperative, Inc.	Bob Solomon	Abstain	
1	Hydro One Networks, Inc.	Ajay Garg	Affirmative	
1	Idaho Power Company	Ronald D. Schellberg	Affirmative	
	1 /	_		
1	Imperial Irrigation District	Tino Zaragoza	Affirmative	
1	International Transmission Company Holdings Corp	Michael Moltane	Affirmative	
1	Kansas City Power & Light Co.	Michael Gammon	Affirmative	
1	Lakeland Electric	Larry E Watt	Affirmative	
1	Lee County Electric Cooperative	John W Delucca	Affirmative	
1	Lincoln Electric System	Doug Bantam	Affirmative	
1	Long Island Power Authority	Robert Ganley	Affirmative	
1	Los Angeles Department of Water & Power	John Burnett		
1	Lower Colorado River Authority	Martyn Turner	Affirmative	
1	Manitoba Hydro	Joe D Petaski	Affirmative	
1	MidAmerican Energy Co.	Terry Harbour	Negative	View
1	Minnesota Power, Inc.	Randi K. Nyholm	Affirmative	
1	Minnkota Power Coop. Inc.	Theresa Allard	Affirmative	
1	Nebraska Public Power District	Cole C Brodine	Affirmative	
1	New York Power Authority	Bruce Metruck	Affirmative	
1	Northeast Utilities	David Boguslawski	Affirmative	
1	Northern Indiana Public Service Co.	Kevin M Largura	Affirmative	
1	NorthWestern Energy	John Canavan	Abstain	
1	Ohio Valley Electric Corp.	Robert Mattey	Affirmative	
1	Oklahoma Gas and Electric Co.	Marvin E VanBebber	Abstain	
1	Omaha Public Power District	Doug Peterchuck	Affirmative	
1	Oncor Electric Delivery	Jen Fiegel	Affirmative	
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1	PacifiCorp	ikvan Miliard	Affirmative	
1	PacifiCorp PECO Energy	Ryan Millard Ronald Schloendorn	Affirmative Affirmative	
1	PECO Energy	Ronald Schloendorn	Affirmative	
1	PECO Energy Platte River Power Authority	Ronald Schloendorn John C. Collins	Affirmative Affirmative	
1 1 1	PECO Energy Platte River Power Authority Portland General Electric Co.	Ronald Schloendorn John C. Collins John T Walker	Affirmative Affirmative Affirmative	
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1	Tampa Electric Co. Tennessee Valley Authority	Beth Young Larry Akens	Affirmative Affirmative	View
1	Trans Bay Cable LLC	Steven Powell	Animative	view
1	Tri-State G & T Association, Inc.	Tracy Sliman	Affirmative	
1	Tucson Electric Power Co.	John Tolo	Affirmative	
1	United Illuminating Co.	Jonathan Appelbaum	Affirmative	
1	Westar Energy	Allen Klassen	Affirmative	
1	Western Area Power Administration	Brandy A Dunn	Affirmative	
	Xcel Energy, Inc.	Gregory L Pieper	Affirmative	
1 2	Alberta Electric System Operator	Mark B Thompson	Affirmative	View
	Alberta Electric System Operator	Venkataramakrishnan	ADStalli	view
2	BC Hydro	Vinnakota	Abstain	
2	California ISO	Rich Vine	Affirmative	View
2	Electric Reliability Council of Texas, Inc.	Charles B Manning	Affirmative	View
2	Independent Electricity System Operator	Barbara Constantinescu	Affirmative	
2	ISO New England, Inc.	Kathleen Goodman	Affirmative	
2	Midwest ISO, Inc.	Marie Knox	Affirmative	View
2	New Brunswick System Operator	Alden Briggs	Affirmative	
2	New York Independent System Operator	Gregory Campoli	Affirmative	
2	Southwest Power Pool, Inc.	Charles H. Yeung		
3	AEP	Michael E Deloach	Affirmative	View
3	Alabama Power Company	Richard J. Mandes	Affirmative	View
3	Ameren Services	Mark Peters	Affirmative	
3	APS	Steven Norris	Affirmative	
3	Arkansas Electric Cooperative Corporation	Philip Huff	Affirmative	
3	Atlantic City Electric Company	NICOLE BUCKMAN	Affirmative	
3	BC Hydro and Power Authority	Pat G. Harrington	Ahstain	
<u>3</u> 3	Bonneville Power Administration	Rebecca Berdahl	Affirmative	
3	Central Lincoln PUD	Steve Alexanderson	Affirmative	
3		Andrew Gallo	Affirmative	
3	City of Clawiston		Affirmative	
	City of Clewiston	Lynne Mila		
3	City of Farmington	Linda R Jacobson	Affirmative	
3	City of Garland	Ronnie C Hoeinghaus	Affirmative	
3	City of Green Cove Springs	Gregg R Griffin	Abstain	
3	City of Redding	Bill Hughes	Affirmative	
3	ComEd	Bruce Krawczyk	Affirmative	
3	Consolidated Edison Co. of New York	Peter T Yost	Affirmative	
3	Constellation Energy	CJ Ingersoll	Abstain	
3	Consumers Energy	Richard Blumenstock	Abstain	
3	Cowlitz County PUD	Russell A Noble	Affirmative	
3	CPS Energy	Jose Escamilla	Affirmative	
3	Dayton Power & Light Co.	Jeffrey Fuller	Affirmative	
3	Delmarva Power & Light Co.	Michael R. Mayer	Affirmative	
3	Detroit Edison Company	Kent Kujala	Affirmative	
3	Dominion Resources Services	Michael F. Gildea	Affirmative	
3	Duke Energy Carolina	Henry Ernst-Jr	Affirmative	
3	Entergy	Joel T Plessinger	Affirmative	
3	FirstEnergy Energy Delivery	Stephan Kern	Affirmative	View
3	Flathead Electric Cooperative	John M Goroski	Affirmative	
3	Florida Municipal Power Agency	Joe McKinney	Affirmative	
3	Florida Power Corporation	Lee Schuster	Affirmative	
3	Georgia Power Company	Danny Lindsey	Affirmative	View
3	Great River Energy	Brian Glover	Affirmative	
3	Gulf Power Company	Paul C Caldwell	Affirmative	View
3	Hydro One Networks, Inc.	David Kiguel	Affirmative	
3	Imperial Irrigation District	Jesus S. Alcaraz	Affirmative	
3	JEA	Garry Baker	Affirmative	
3	Kansas City Power & Light Co.	Charles Locke	Affirmative	
3	Kissimmee Utility Authority	Gregory D Woessner	Abstain	
3	Lakeland Electric	Norman D Harryhill	Affirmative	
3	Lincoln Electric System	Jason Fortik	Affirmative	
<u>3</u> 3	Los Angeles Department of Water & Power	Daniel D Kurowski	Ammative	
	Louisville Gas and Electric Co.		Affirmativa	
3		Charles A. Freibert	Affirmative	
-	Manitoba Hydro	Greg C. Parent	Affirmative	
	MidAmenian France			
3	MidAmerican Energy Co. Mississippi Power	Thomas C. Mielnik Jeff Franklin	Negative Affirmative	View

3	Muscatine Power & Water Nebraska Public Power District	John S Bos Tony Eddleman	Affirmative Affirmative	
3	New York Power Authority	David R Rivera	Affirmative	
3	Niagara Mohawk (National Grid Company)	Michael Schiavone	Affirmative	
3	Northern Indiana Public Service Co.	William SeDoris	Affirmative	
3	Orange and Rockland Utilities, Inc.	David Burke	Affirmative	
3	Orlando Utilities Commission		Affirmative	
3		Ballard K Mutters	Affirmative	
	Owensboro Municipal Utilities	Thomas T Lyons	Ammauve	
3	Pacific Gas and Electric Company	John H Hagen Dan Zollner	Affirmative	
3	PacifiCorp			
3	Platte River Power Authority PNM Resources	Terry L Baker	Affirmative	
3	1	Michael Mertz	Affirmative	
3	Potomac Electric Power Co.	Robert Reuter	Affirmative	
3	Progress Energy Carolinas Public Service Electric and Gas Co.	Sam Waters	Affirmative	
3		Jeffrey Mueller		
3	Public Utility District No. 1 of Benton County	Gloria Bender	Affirmative	
3	Public Utility District No. 1 of Clallam County	David Proebstel	Affirmative	
3	Puget Sound Energy, Inc.	Erin Apperson	1.55	
3	Sacramento Municipal Utility District	James Leigh-Kendall	Affirmative	
3	Salt River Project	John T. Underhill	Affirmative	
3	San Diego Gas & Electric	Scott Peterson		
3	Santee Cooper	James M Poston	Affirmative	
3	Seminole Electric Cooperative, Inc.	James R Frauen	Affirmative	
3	Snohomish County PUD No. 1	Mark Oens	Affirmative	
3	South Carolina Electric & Gas Co.	Hubert C Young		
3	Tampa Electric Co.	Ronald L. Donahey	Affirmative	
3	Tennessee Valley Authority	Ian S Grant	Affirmative	View
3	Westar Energy	Bo Jones	Affirmative	
3	Wisconsin Electric Power Marketing	James R Keller	Affirmative	
3	Xcel Energy, Inc.	Michael Ibold	Affirmative	
4	Alliant Energy Corp. Services, Inc.	Kenneth Goldsmith	Affirmative	
4	American Municipal Power	Kevin Koloini	Affirmative	
4	City of Austin dba Austin Energy	Reza Ebrahimian	Affirmative	
4	City of Clewiston	Kevin McCarthy	Affirmative	
4	City of Redding	Nicholas Zettel	Affirmative	
4	City Utilities of Springfield, Missouri	John Allen	Affirmative	
4	Consumers Energy	David Frank Ronk	Abstain	
4	Cowlitz County PUD	Rick Syring	Affirmative	
4	Flathead Electric Cooperative	Russ Schneider	Affirmative	
4	Florida Municipal Power Agency	Frank Gaffney	Affirmative	
4	Fort Pierce Utilities Authority	Thomas Richards		
4	Georgia System Operations Corporation	Guy Andrews	Affirmative	
4	Illinois Municipal Electric Agency	Bob C. Thomas	Affirmative	
4	Indiana Municipal Power Agency	Jack Alvey	Affirmative	
4	Madison Gas and Electric Co.	Joseph DePoorter	Affirmative	
4	Ohio Edison Company	Douglas Hohlbaugh	Affirmative	View
4	Old Dominion Electric Coop.	Mark Ringhausen	Affirmative	
4	Public Utility District No. 1 of Douglas County	Henry E. LuBean	Affirmative	
4	Public Utility District No. 1 of Snohomish County	John D Martinsen	Affirmative	
4	Sacramento Municipal Utility District	Mike Ramirez	Affirmative	
4	Seminole Electric Cooperative, Inc.	Steven R Wallace	Affirmative	
4	Tacoma Public Utilities	Keith Morisette	Affirmative	
4	Wisconsin Energy Corp.	Anthony Jankowski	Affirmative	View
5	AEP Service Corp.	Brock Ondayko	Affirmative	View
5	Amerenue	Sam Dwyer	Affirmative	
5	Arizona Public Service Co.	Edward Cambridge	Affirmative	
5	Associated Electric Cooperative, Inc.	Matthew Pacobit		
5	BC Hydro and Power Authority	Clement Ma	Abstain	
5	Bonneville Power Administration	Francis J. Halpin	Affirmative	View
5	Brazos Electric Power Cooperative, Inc.	Shari Heino	Affirmative	
5	City and County of San Francisco	Daniel Mason	Affirmative	
5	City of Austin dba Austin Energy	Jeanie Doty	Affirmative	
5	City of Redding	Paul Cummings	Affirmative	
5	City Water, Light & Power of Springfield	Steve Rose		
~	, , , ,			
5	Cleco Power	Stephanie Huffman		

5	Consolidated Edison Co. of New York Constellation Power Source Generation, Inc.	Wilket (Jack) Ng Amir Y Hammad	Affirmative	
5	Consumers Energy Company	David C Greyerbiehl	Abstain	
5	Cowlitz County PUD	Bob Essex	Affirmative	
5	Dairyland Power Coop.	Tommy Drea	Affirmative	
5	Detroit Edison Company	Christy Wicke	Affirmative	
5	Dominion Resources, Inc.	Mike Garton	Affirmative	
5	Duke Energy	Dale Q Goodwine	Affirmative	
5		-		
	Edison Mission Marketing & Trading Inc.	Brenda J Frazer	Affirmative Affirmative	
5	Electric Power Supply Association	John R Cashin		\ /:
5	Energy Services, Inc.	Tracey Stubbs	Affirmative	View
5	Essential Power, LLC	Patrick Brown Michael Korchynsky	Affirmative	
5 5	Exelon Nuclear	Kenneth Dresner	Affirmative Affirmative	View
5 5	FirstEnergy Solutions Florida Municipal Power Agency	David Schumann	Affirmative	view
5			Ammative	
5	Great River Energy	Preston L Walsh	A la atra i a	
	ICF International	Brent B Hebert	Abstain Affirmative	
5	Imperial Irrigation District	Marcela Y Caballero		
5	JEA	John J Babik	Affirmative	
5	Kansas City Power & Light Co.	Brett Holland	Affirmative	
5	Kissimmee Utility Authority	Mike Blough	Affirmative	
5	Lakeland Electric	James M Howard	Affirmative	
5	Liberty Electric Power LLC	Daniel Duff	Affirmative	
5	Lincoln Electric System	Dennis Florom	Affirmative	
5	Los Angeles Department of Water & Power Manitoba Hydro	Kenneth Silver	Affirmative	
5		S N Fernando	Affirmative	
5	Massachusetts Municipal Wholesale Electric Company	David Gordon	Abstain	
5	MEAG Power	Steven Grego	Affirmative	
5	MidAmerican Energy Co.	Christopher Schneider	Negative	
5	Muscatine Power & Water	Mike Avesing	Affirmative	
5	Nebraska Public Power District	Don Schmit	Affirmative	
5	New York Power Authority	Wayne Sipperly	Affirmative	
5	NextEra Energy	Allen D Schriver	Affirmative	
5	Northern Indiana Public Service Co.	William O. Thompson	Affirmative	
5	Occidental Chemical	Michelle R DAntuono	Affirmative	View
5	Omaha Public Power District	Mahmood Z. Safi	Affirmative	
5	PacifiCorp	Sandra L. Shaffer	Affirmative	
5	Platte River Power Authority	Roland Thiel	Affirmative	
5	Portland General Electric Co.	Gary L Tingley	Affirmative	
5	PPL Generation LLC	Annette M Bannon	Affirmative	
5	Progress Energy Carolinas	Wayne Lewis	Affirmative	
5	PSEG Fossil LLC	Tim Kucey	Affirmative	
5	Public Utility District No. 1 of Douglas County	Curtis A Wilkins	Affirmative	
5	Public Utility District No. 1 of Lewis County	Steven Grega	Abstain	
5	Puget Sound Energy, Inc.	Tom Flynn		
5	Sacramento Municipal Utility District	Bethany Hunter	Affirmative	
5	Salt River Project	William Alkema	Affirmative	
5	Santee Cooper	Lewis P Pierce	Affirmative	
5	Seminole Electric Cooperative, Inc.	Brenda K. Atkins	Affirmative	
5	Snohomish County PUD No. 1	Sam Nietfeld	Affirmative	
5	South Carolina Electric & Gas Co.	Edward Magic		
5	Southern California Edison Co.	Denise Yaffe	Affirmative	
5	Southern Company Generation	William D Shultz	Affirmative	View
5	Tacoma Power	Claire Lloyd	Affirmative	
5	Tampa Electric Co.	RJames Rocha	Affirmative	
5	Tenaska, Inc.	Scott M. Helyer	Affirmative	
5	Tennessee Valley Authority	David Thompson	Affirmative	View
5	Tri-State G & T Association, Inc.	Barry Ingold		
5	U.S. Army Corps of Engineers	Melissa Kurtz	Affirmative	
5	U.S. Bureau of Reclamation	Martin Bauer	Abstain	
5	Westar Energy	Bryan Taggart	Affirmative	
5	Wisconsin Electric Power Co.	Linda Horn	Affirmative	
6	AEP Marketing	Edward P. Cox	Affirmative	View
6	APS	RANDY A YOUNG	Affirmative	
6	Bonneville Power Administration	Brenda S. Anderson	Affirmative	



6	City of Redding	Marvin Briggs	Affirmative	
6	Cleco Power LLC	Robert Hirchak		
6	Consolidated Edison Co. of New York	Nickesha P Carrol	Affirmative	
6	Constellation Energy Commodities Group	Brenda L Powell	Abstain	
6	Dominion Resources, Inc.	Louis S. Slade	Affirmative	
6	Entergy Services, Inc.	Terri F Benoit	Affirmative	
6	Exelon Power Team	Pulin Shah	Affirmative	
6	FirstEnergy Solutions	Kevin Querry	Affirmative	View
6	Florida Municipal Power Agency	Richard L. Montgomery	Affirmative	VIEW
6	Florida Municipal Power Pool	Thomas Washburn	Affirmative	
	Florida Power & Light Co.	Silvia P. Mitchell		
6	Great River Energy		Affirmative	
6	37	Donna Stephenson	A 66: = 1: =	
6	Imperial Irrigation District	Cathy Bretz	Affirmative	
6	Kansas City Power & Light Co.	Jessica L Klinghoffer	Affirmative	
6	Lincoln Electric System	Eric Ruskamp	Affirmative	
6	Los Angeles Department of Water & Power	Brad Packer		
6	Manitoba Hydro	Daniel Prowse	Affirmative	View
6	MidAmerican Energy Co.	Dennis Kimm	Negative	
6	New York Power Authority	Saul Rojas	Affirmative	
6	Northern Indiana Public Service Co.	Joseph O'Brien	Affirmative	View
6	NRG Energy, Inc.	Alan Johnson	Abstain	
6	PacifiCorp	Scott L Smith	Affirmative	
6	Platte River Power Authority	Carol Ballantine	Affirmative	
6	Powerex Corp.	Daniel W. O'Hearn		
6	PPL EnergyPlus LLC	Mark A Heimbach	Affirmative	
6	Progress Energy	John T Sturgeon	Affirmative	
6	PSEG Energy Resources & Trade LLC	Peter Dolan	Affirmative	
6	Public Utility District No. 1 of Chelan County	Hugh A. Owen	Abstain	
6	Sacramento Municipal Utility District	Diane Enderby	Affirmative	
6	Salt River Project	Steven J Hulet	Affirmative	
6	Santee Cooper	Michael Brown	Affirmative	
6	Seattle City Light	Dennis Sismaet	Abstain	
6	Seminole Electric Cooperative, Inc.	Trudy S. Novak	Affirmative	
6	Snohomish County PUD No. 1	William T Moojen	Affirmative	
6	South California Edison Company	Lujuanna Medina	Affirmative	
	Southern Company Generation and Energy			
6	Marketing	John J. Ciza	Affirmative	View
6	Tacoma Public Utilities	Michael C Hill	Affirmative	
6	Tampa Electric Co.	Benjamin F Smith II	Affirmative	
6	Tennessee Valley Authority	Marjorie S. Parsons	Affirmative	View
6	Westar Energy	Grant L Wilkerson	Affirmative	
8		James A Maenner	Affirmative	
8		Edward C Stein	Affirmative	
8		Roger C Zaklukiewicz	Affirmative	
8	APX	Michael Johnson	Affirmative	
8	JDRJC Associates	Jim Cyrulewski	Affirmative	
8	Massachusetts Attorney General	Frederick R Plett	Affirmative	
8	Network & Security Technologies	Nicholas Lauriat	Affirmative	
8	Volkmann Consulting, Inc.	Terry Volkmann	Negative	
9	California Energy Commission	William M Chamberlain		
9	Commonwealth of Massachusetts Department of Public Utilities	Donald Nelson	Affirmative	
10	New York State Reliability Council	Alan Adamson	Affirmative	
10	Northeast Power Coordinating Council	Guy V. Zito	Affirmative	
10	ReliabilityFirst Corporation	Anthony E Jablonski	Negative	View
10	SERC Reliability Corporation	Carter B. Edge	Negative	VICVV
10	Southwest Power Pool RE	Emily Pennel	Negative	View
10	Texas Reliability Entity, Inc.	Donald G Jones	Affirmative	A ICAA
	Western Electricity Coordinating Council	Steven L. Rueckert	Affirmative	
10	western Electricity Coordinating Council	Steven L. Kueckert	Ammauve	

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Exhibit E

Roster of the Interpretation Drafting Team for the Interpretation of Requirement R3 of CIP-002-4 — Critical Cyber Asset Identification.

Name and Title	Company and Address	Contact Info	Bio
Scott Miller, Chair	MEAG Power	(678) 644-3524	Mr. Miller actively works with American Public
Manager Corporate	1407 Riveredge Parkway	smiller@meagp	Power Association (APPA) and the Large Public
Affairs	NW	ower.org	Power Council (LPPC) Reliability Team to develop
	Atlanta, GA 30328		multi-company responses and positions on CIP
			standard developments as well as other NERC
			standards. He is an active member of the NERC
			Quality Review Team, and he has completed SOS
			NERC Training modules for relays, power plant
			operations, security, and other topics. Responsibilities
			include working on cyber issues that require the
			continual studying of cyber network and network
			security texts, and to monitor and review
			Congressional, FERC and NERC committee hearings,
			meetings and webinars. More than 30 years of
			electric and natural gas industry experience, which
			includes providing research, proposals, and testimony
			to FERC and the Illinois Commerce Commission as
			the primary liaison and witness on gas and electric
			rate making, engineering practices, and
			accounting/equipment life cycle studies. At MEAG
			Power, he provides 25 municipal electric distribution
			utilities with system planning and operational support.
			Mr. Miller has held various management and
			executive staff positions, and he is a USAF veteran
			and holds a BA and an MBA with an emphasis in
			numerical analysis. He is a member of the NERC CIP
			Interpretation Drafting Team.

David Dockery	Associated Electric	(417) 885-9286	David Dockery has more than 30 years experience in
NERC Reliability Compliance Coordinator	Cooperative, Inc. 2814 S Golden Ave Springfield, MO 65807	ddockery@aeci.	implementing, upgrading and maintaining AGC/SCADA systems including full changemanagement documentation, coding down to the RTU Front-end communications device-drivers, and history of participation in specifying new EMS/SCADA delivery within NERC Reliablity and CIP standards, including computer network layout design. As AECI Operations Engineer, Mr. Dockery was involved in coordinating/evaluating transmisson outages and maintaining OASIS reservations support system, as well as support of NERC Reliability standards related to Eastern Interconnection. He is currently the NERC Reliability Compliance Coordinator for AECI.
			Education 1976 Graduate BSEE University of Arkansas 1977-1978 UA EE Graduate Assistant, taking Masters-level courses in Electrical Power Systems Modeling/Analysis, and Computer Programming and Architecture June 1980 - Wisconsin Extension course June 1980: Computer Techniques for Real-time Control and Monitoring of Power Systems (Cohn, Phadke, Stott, Wollenburg) April 1988 – IEEE/Power Engineering Society course: Electric Power System Operation and Control (Wollenburg) Oct 2008 - GeorgiaTech Extension: Power System Relaying: Theory and Operation (Ayoub, Meliopoulos)
Mark Engels Enterprise Technology Security & Compliance Director	Dominion 707 East Main Street Richmond, VA 23219	(804) 775-5263 mark.engels@d om.com	Mark Engels is the Enterprise Technology Security and Compliance Director at Dominion and has been with the company 33 years. Mr. Engels is formerly a member of NERC's Cyber Security Standard Education Team (CSSET), which created the compliance audit presentation used at three NERC sponsored 1200 standard workshops and created the compliance audit presentation used at 10 NERC sponsored CIP-002-1 through CIP-009-1 standard workshops. Mr. Engels is currently a member of NERC's Critical Infrastructure Protection Committee (CIPC), chair of the NERC Control System Security Working Group (CSSWG), chair of the NERC Cyber Attack Task Force, and a member of the Southeastern Electric Reliability Corporation (SERC) CIPC leadership committee. He is a member of the NERC CIP Interpretation Drafting Team.

Summer Esquerre	NextEra Energy	561-691-7171	Summer C. Esquerre, as the Critical Infrastructure
Manager, NERC	P.O. Box 14000	Summer.Esquer	Protection (CIP) Manager, NERC Reliability
Reliability Standards	Juno Beach, FL 33408	re@fpl.com	Standards for NextEra Energy, Inc.'s (NextEra's)
(CIP)			Compliance and Responsibility Organization, works
			closely with the CIP-003 Senior Manager to oversee
			and monitor the implementation of NextEra's CIP
			sustainable compliance program. NextEra has
			Registered Entities in all eight NERC regions, and
			NextEra also has compliance responsibility for
			virtually all registered functions. Ms. Esquerre is also
			a member of the core team drafting the electric grid
			enterprise-wide risk management guideline, a team
			headed by the Department of Energy Office of
			Electricity Delivery and Energy Reliability. The
			purpose of the team is to develop a harmonized
			electric grid enterprise-wide risk management
			guideline, based on organization missions,
			investments and stakeholder priorities, to provide one
			voluntary guideline for an integrated organization-
			wide approach to management of cyber security risks,
			including operation of the electric grid and the
			evolving smart grid. The team also includes members
			from the National Institute of Standards and
			Technology's Smart Grid Interoperability Panel and
			Cyber Security Working Group, the Department of
			Homeland Security, NERC, and utilities.
			She holds a Master's Degree in Information
			Assurance from Norwich University, and is a
			Certified Information Systems Security Professional
			(CISSP) as well as Certified in Risk and Information
			Systems Control (CRISC).

Jeffrey Fuller Senior Manager, Enterprise Security Services	Dayton Power and Light 1065 Woodman Drive Dayton OH 45432	(937) 331-4057 jeffrey.fuller@d dplin.com	Jeffrey Fuller is responsible for the management of the Enterprise Security department at his company, including cyber security, contract security, security incident response plans, risk assessments, and auditing activities. He has managed the Critical Infrastructure Protection (CIP) Program as well as industry SOX and PCI compliance requirements. Mr. Fuller is an active member of the NERC and RFC CIPC as well as an observer of the NERC Project 2008-06 SDT and other working groups. He brings a background that includes experience in IT, law enforcement, and compliance. He is a member of the NERC CIP Interpretation Drafting Team. Education: BS – Information Technology – WGU School of Police Staff and Command - NWU Certifications: Certified Information Systems Security Professional (CISSP) / Microsoft Certified Systems Engineer (MCSE) / Microsoft Certified Systems Administrator (MCSA) / Cisco Certified Network Associate (CCNA) / Microsoft Certified Desktop Support Technician (MCDST) / Microsoft Certified Trainer (MCT) / CompTIA Security+, Network+ and A+.
Michael Mertz Director of NERC Regulatory Compliance	PNM Resources 414 Silver Ave SW Albuquerque, NM 87158	(505) 241-0676 michael.mertz @pnmresources .com	Mike Mertz joined PNM Resources in 2010 where he is the Director of NERC Regulatory Compliance. In his role he is responsible for all NERC Reliability Standards Compliance and Critical Infrastructure Protection for two affiliate utilities held by PNM Resources, Public Service Company of New Mexico (PNM) and Texas New Mexico Power (TNMP). During his 15 year career in the energy industry he has been very active in industry and NERC standards development processes including with most recent roles as Chairman of the DNP3 Users group, a voting member of the NERC CIP Interpretation and Violation Severity Level Drafting Teams, NERC Critical Infrastructure Protection Committee, and the NERC Critical Asset and Critical Cyber Asset guideline drafting teams. Prior to his current role at PNM Resources, he was the Manger of Information Security for Southern California Edison. Mike holds undergraduate degrees in Biology and Computer Science, numerous professional information security and audit certifications (CISSP, CISA, CISM etc.), as well as a M.S. in Information Systems Security from Boston University.

Hong Tang	CenterPoint Energy	(713) 207-7930	Hong Tang has over 13 years of experience in the
Control Systems Staff	P.O. Box 1700	hong.tang@cent	electric utility industry. Ms. Tang is a Control
Engineer	Houston, TX 77002	erpointenergy.c	Systems Staff Engineer at CenterPoint Energy and has
		om	coordinated the CIP compliance program at the
			Transmission Control Center since 2009. She helped
			implement many of the NERC CIP Standards at the
			control center and has been actively involved in all the
			CIP audits, spot checks, and certifications. Her
			experience also includes 3 years conducting
			management and operational audits at gas and electric
			utilities for a major consulting company and over 10
			years in Control Systems providing support for the
			Energy Management System used by Real-time
			Operations to monitor the Bulk Electric System for
			CenterPoint Energy. She currently participates in the
			CIP Working Group along with representatives from
			other NERC Registered Entities in the ERCOT
			Region and the Transmission Forum Security
			Practices Group serving as a security subject matter
			expert for peer reviews. She also provides comments
			and recommendations to CenterPoint Energy's
			Compliance group regarding voting positions on draft
			NERC Reliability Standards and interpretations that
			impact or potentially impact CenterPoint Energy. She
			received a Bachelor of Science degree in Electrical
			Engineering from the University of Houston in 1998
			and a Master of Business Administration degree from
			Houston Baptist University in 2003. In addition, Ms.
			Tang is a registered Professional Engineer (PE) in the
			State of Texas.