

Consideration of Comments Project 2007-02 Operating Personnel Communications Protocols COM-003-1

The Operating Personnel Communications Protocols Drafting Team thanks all commenters who submitted comments on the proposed draft COM-003-1 standard. The standard was posted for a 30-day public comment period from March 7, 2013 through April 8, 2013. Stakeholders were asked to provide feedback on the standard and associated documents through a special electronic comment form. There were 78 sets of comments, including comments from approximately 215 different people from approximately 130 companies representing all 10 of the Industry Segments as shown in the table on the following pages.

All comments submitted may be reviewed in their original format on the standard's project page.

If you feel that your comment has been overlooked, please let us know immediately. Our goal is to give every comment serious consideration in this process. If you feel there has been an error or omission, you can contact the Vice President and Director of Standards, Mark Lauby, at 404-446-2560 or at <u>mark.lauby@nerc.net</u>. In addition, there is a NERC Reliability Standards Appeals Process.¹

Summary Consideration:

Requirements (Question 1, Comments on R1 and R3):

"Each Balancing Authority, Reliability Coordinator, and Transmission Operator shall develop and implement documented communication protocols that outline the communications expectations of its System Operators. The documented communication protocols will address, where applicable, the following: [Violation Risk Factor: Low] [Time Horizon: Long-term Planning]"

A Major concern from draft 5, Question one regarding COM-003-1, R1 and R3 was the term "Reliability Directive" appearing in many parts of requirements R1 and R3 causing confusion as to which standard would apply to a situation and if potential conflict could exist between COM-003-1 and COM-002-3.

The OPCPSDT agrees and has removed the term "Reliability Directive" from the Parts of Requirement R1

¹ The appeals process is in the Standard Processes Manual: <u>http://www.nerc.com/files/Appendix 3A StandardsProcessesManual 20120131.pdf</u>



Another concern of commenters of draft 5 was the use of the term "all call" in COM-003-1, R1 and R3. Commenters are concerned these requirements create a conflict with COM-002-3 which is silent on the use of multi-party one way messages. Commenters cited confusion and double jeopardy as concerns.

The OPCPSDT agrees and has removed the term "all call" from the Parts of R1

An additional concern in COM-003-1, R1 was Part 1.9 requiring entities to coordinate communication protocols. Commenters believed this was ambiguous and difficult to accomplish.

The OPCPSDT agrees and has removed COM-003-1, R1 Part 1.9 from R1 and now requires applicable entities to jointly develop the communication protocols.

In response to Question 1 regarding use of the English language, 24 hour clock and time zone reference, common interface identifiers, and alpha-numeric clarifiers, a large majority of the commenters still believe that all of Parts are too prescriptive.

The OPCPSDT believes the protocols must have common elements to ensure uniformity and consistent application for clear and concise communication.

Another continuing theme that was repeated in draft 5 comments and previously from draft 2, 3 and 4 was the concern that the OPCPSDT was not addressing the tasking from the SAR, as well as related directives and orders.

The OPCPSDT disagrees and cites the language from the SAR. The purpose of the SAR for this project is "Require that real time System Operators use standardized communication protocols during normal and emergency operations to improve situational awareness and shorten response time." Additionally, the SAR is very specific in that it also includes the term <u>normal</u> operating conditions under Applicability: "Clear and mutually established communications protocols used during real time operations <u>under normal and emergency conditions</u> ensure universal understanding of terms and reduce errors."

There were many recommendations for multiple requirement language changes to improve clarity.

The OPCPSDT agrees and has incorporated many of those recommendations into COM-003-1, draft 6.

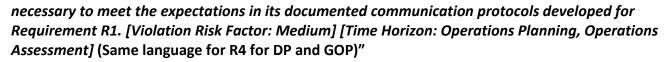
Others expressed a desire to combine COM-002-3 and COM-003-1 into a single standard.

Based on other feedback, the OPCPSDT has chosen not to combine the two standards. The OPCPSDT also believes draft 6 requirements create a logical delineation between COM-002-3 and COM-003-1.

Requirements (Question 2 Comments on R2 and R4):

"Each Balancing Authority, Reliability Coordinator, and Transmission Operator shall develop method(s) to assess System Operators' communication practices and implement corrective actions





A majority of the commenters expressed concerns over how an entity's internal controls to improve System Operators' communication performance would be audited. The commenters state that auditing internal controls is contrary to ongoing initiatives that are seeking to improve the effectiveness of the audit process. Some commenters also claim the potential for double jeopardy exists. The lack of certainty over how compliance would be administered caused commenters to be concerned.

The OPCPSDT understands the commenters' concerns. The OPCPSDT decided to eliminate the COM-003-1, draft 5, R2 and R4 requirements in draft 6. Draft 6 features a results based approach that clearly specifies compliance and is linked to reliability results. The draft 6 requirements will also reduce the exposure of entities to voluminous compliance documentation.

The OPCPSDT points out that many other commenters responded positively to the use of internal controls and preferred the assess and correct requirement.

After consideration of all of the comments, the OPCPSDT voted for the approach featured in COM-003-1, draft 6.

VRFs and VSLs (Question 3):

The OPCPSDT acknowledges there were many good comments on draft 5 regarding VSLs and VRFs and appreciates the contributions.

The OPCPSDT has changed draft 6, and all of the VRFs and VSLs have been adjusted to reflect those changes. The elimination of the "assess and correct" language and the revisions to R1, R2 and R3 have resulted in extensive changes to VRFs and VSLs for draft 6.

Additional Issues Addressed by the OPCPSDT:

Other commenters raised issues around:

The requirement for DPs and GOPs to have documented protocols

Draft 6 resolves this issue by eliminating this requirement for GOPs and DPs.

NERC



The Industry Segments are:

- 1 Transmission Owners
- 2 RTOs, ISOs

<u>NERC</u>

- 3 Load-serving Entities
- 4 Transmission-dependent Utilities
- 5 Electric Generators
- 6 Electricity Brokers, Aggregators, and Marketers
- 7 Large Electricity End Users
- 8 Small Electricity End Users
- 9 Federal, State, Provincial Regulatory or other Government Entities
- 10 Regional Reliability Organizations, Regional Entities

G	roup/Individual	Commenter		0	rganization			Regi	sterec	l Ballo	ot Bod	y Segi	nent		
						1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1.	Group	Guy Zito	Northeast	Power	Coordinating Council										x
	Additional Member	Additional Organiza	ation	Region	Segment Selection										
1.	Alan Adamson	New York State Reliability Co	ouncil, LLC	NPCC	10										
2.	Carmen Agavriloai	Independent Electricity Syste	m Operator	NPCC	2										
3.	Greg Campoli	New York Independent Syste	m Operator	NPCC	2										
4.	Sylvain Clermont	Hydro-Quebec TransEnergie		NPCC	1										
5.	Chris de Graffenried	Consolidated Edison Co. of N	lew York, Inc.	NPCC	1										
6.	Gerry Dunbar	Northeast Power Coordinatin	g Council	NPCC	10										
7.	Peter Yost	Consolidated Edison Co. of N	lew York, Inc.	NPCC	3										
8.	Kathleen Goodman	ISO - New England		NPCC	2										
9.	Michael Jones	National Grid		NPCC	1										

Group/Individual	Commenter		0	rganization			Regi	stere	d Ballo	ot Bod	y Segr	nent		
					1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
10. David Kiguel	Hydro One Networks Inc.		NPCC	1										
11. Christina Koncz	PSEG Power LLC		NPCC	5										
12. Randy MacDonald	New Brunswick Power Trans	mission	NPCC	9										
13. Bruce Metruck	New York Power Authority		NPCC	6										
14. Silvia Parada Mitche	ell NextEra Energy, LLC		NPCC	5										
15. Lee Pedowicz	Northeast Power Coordinatin	ng Council	NPCC	10										
16. Robert Pellegrini	The United Illuminating Com	pany	NPCC	1										
17. Si-Truc Phan	Hydro-Quebec TransEnergie)	NPCC	1										
18. David Ramkalawan	Ontario Power Generation, I	nc.	NPCC	5										
19. Brian Robinson	Utility Services		NPCC	8										
20. Brian Shanahan	National Grid		NPCC	1										
21. Wayne Sipperly	New York Power Authority		NPCC	5										
22. Donald Weaver	New Brunswick System Ope	rator	NPCC	2										
23. Ben Wu	Orange and Rockland Utilitie	S	NPCC	1										
2. Group	paul haase	Seattle Cit	ty Light		Х		х	х	х	х				
Additional Member	Additional Organization Reg	ion Segment	Selectio	n										
1. pawel krupa	seattle city light WEG	CC 1												
2. dana wheelock	seattle city light WEG	CC 3												
3. hao li	seattle city light WEG	CC 4												
4. mike haynes	seattle city light	5												
5. dennis sismaet	seattle city light	6												
3. Group	Michael Lowman	Duke Ener	rgy		Х		х		х	х				
Additional Member	Additional Organization Reg	ion Segment	Selectio	n										
1. Doug Hills		1												
2. Lee Schuster		3												
3. Dale Goodwine		5												
4. Greg Cecil														
4.		North Am	erican C	Generator Forum										
Group	Patrick Brown	Standards	Review	Team					Х					
Additional Member	Additional Organization	Region Seg	ment Sel	ection	 									
1. Allen Schriver	NextEra	5												

Grou	up/Individual	Commenter		Organizatio	n			Reg	istere	d Ballo	ot Bod	y Seg	ment		
						1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
2. Pan	mela Dautel	IPR-GDF Suez Generation NA	5												
3. Dar	n Duff	Liberty Electric Power	5												
4. Mik	e Hirst	Cogentrix Energy, LLC	5												
5. Dor	n Lock	PPL Generation, LLC	5												
6. Dar	na Showalter	e.on	5												
7. Will	liam Shultz	Southern Company	5												
5.	Group	David Kiguel	Hydro One	Networks Inc.		Х		Х							
	•		Region	Segment Selection		I									
1.	Aja	ay Garg Hydro Or	ne Networks I	nc. NPCC	1, 3										
2.	-		ne Networks i		1, 3										
6.	Group	Gerry Beckerle	SERC OC St	andards Review (Group	Х		Х							
	dditional Member	· ·		egment Selection	•	I						1			
1. Je	eff Harrison	AECI	SERC 1	-											
2. Ra	andy Castello	Alabama Power Company	SERC 3												
3. Er	ric Scott	Ameren	SERC 1	, 3											
4. Je	eff Hackman	Ameren	SERC 1	, 3											
5. Ma	ark Fowler	Ameren	SERC 1	, 3											
6. Mi	ike Hirst	Cogentrix	SERC 5												
7. Da	an Roethemeyer	Dynegy	SERC 5												
8. Ph	nil Whitmer	Georgia Power Company	SERC 3												
9. Bo	ob Thomas	Illinois Municipal Electric Agenc	y SERC 4												
10. Wa	ayne Van Liere	LGE-KU	SERC 1	, 3, 5, 6											
11. Tir	mmy LeJeune	Louisiana Generating, LLC	SERC 4	, 5, 6											
12. Ma	artin Summe	NC Municipal Power Agency # 7	1 SERC 3												
13. Do	oug White	NCEMC	SERC 1	, 3, 4, 5											
14. Sc	cott Brame	NCEMC	SERC 1	, 3, 4, 5											
15. Dv	wayne Roberts	Owensboro, KY Municipal Utiliti	es SERC 3												
16. W	illiam Berry	Owensboro, KY Municipal Utiliti	es SERC 3												
17. Bil	ll Thigpen	PowerSouth Energy Cooperativ	e SERC 1	, 5											
18. Tir	m Hattaway	PowerSouth Energy Cooperativ	e SERC 1	, 5											
19. Ali	isha Anker	Prairie Power	SERC 3												

Gro	oup/Individual	Comment	ter		Organization				Regi	istere	d Ball	ot Bo	dy Se	gment		
							1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
20. F	Rene Free	SCPSA		SERC 1, 3, 5	6					1						
21. I	Marc Butts	Southern		SERC 1, 5												
22. I	Mike Hardy	Southern		SERC 1, 5												
23. F	Randy Hubbert	Southern		SERC 1, 5												
24.	Joel Wise	TVA		SERC 1, 3, 5	6											
25. \$	Stuart Goza	TVA		SERC 1, 3, 5	6											
7.	Group	Mike Garton		Dominion			х		Х		Х	Х				
Addi		Additional Organization	on	Region	Segmei	nt										
					Selectio											
1.		ouis Slade		on Resources Servic		5, 6										
2.		Randi Heise		on Resources Servic		5, 6										
3.		Connie Lowe		on Resources Servic		5, 6										
4.	N	lichael Crowley	Virginia	Electric and Power	Company SERC	1, 3	, 5, 6	1								-
8.	Group	Russ Mountjoy		MRO NSRF			Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
Addi	itional Member A	Additional Organization	on Regio	on Segment Selection												
1.	A	Alice Ireland	Xcel En	ergy MRO	1, 3, 5, 6											
2.	C	Chuck Lawrence	ATC	MRO	1											
3.	E	Dan Inman	MPC	MRO	1, 3, 5, 6											
4.	0	Dave Rudolph	BEPC	MRO	1, 3, 5, 6											
5.	k	Kayleigh Wilkerson	LES	MRO	1, 3, 5, 6											
6.	J	lodi Jensen	WAPA	MRO	1, 6											
7.	J	loseph DePoorter	MGE	MRO	3, 4, 5, 6											
8.	k	Ken Goldsmith	ALTW	MRO	4											
9.	L	ee Kittleson	OTP	MRO	1, 3, 5											
10.	Ν	/lahmood Safi	OPPD	MRO	1, 3, 5, 6											
11.	Ν	larie Knox	MISO	MRO	2											
12.		/like Brytowski	GRE	MRO	1, 3, 5, 6											
13.	5	Scott Bos	MPW	MRO	1, 3, 5, 6											
14.	5	Scott Nickles	RPU	MRO	4											
45	Т	erry Harbour	MEC	MRO	1, 3, 5, 6											
15.																

Gro	oup/Individua	I Commen	ter			Organization					Reg	istere	d Ball	ot Boo	ly Seg	ment		
									1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
17.		Tony Eddleman	NPPD	MR	20	1, 3, 5												
9.				SMUE)/Balancin	g Authority of N	orthern											1
	Group	Joe Tarantino		Califo	rnia				х		х	х	х	х				
Ac	dditional Memb	er Additional Organiz	zation Regi	on Segr	ment Select	ion									•			
1. Ke	evin Smith	BANC	WEC	C 1														
10.	Group	Steve Alexande	erson	Weste	ern Small E	Entity Comment	Group				Х	Х					х	
Ac	dditional Memb	er Additional (Organizatio	n	Region Se	gment Selection				1						1		
1. Er	ric Scott	City of Palo Alto			WECC 3													
2. Ka	athy Zancanella	South Feather Wate	er & Power /	Agency	WECC 5													
3. St	teven J. Grega	Public Utility District	t #1 of Lewis	s County	WECC 5													
4. Ru	uss Noble	Cowlitz County PU	D No. 1		WECC 3,	4, 5												
5. Ru	uss Schneider	Flathead Electric Co	ooperative, I	nc.	WECC 3,	4												
11.	Group	Albert DiCapric)	ISO/R	TO Standa	rds Review Com	mittee			х								
Addi	tional Member	Additional Organizat	ion Region		egment election							•						
1.		Greg Campoli	NYISO	NPCC		2												
2.		Ali Miremadi	CAISO	WECC														
3.		Kathleen Goodman	ISONE	NPCC														
4.		Charles Yeung	SPP	SPP														
5.		Stephanie Monzon	PJM	RFC														
6.		Ben Li	IESO	NPCC														
12.	Group	Ben Engelby		ACES	Standards	Collaborators								Х				
	Additional Member		Addition	al Orgai	nization		Region		Segme Selecti									
1. Bi	II Watson	Old Dominion Electric	c Cooperativ	e			RFC	3, 4										
2. Sc	cott Brame	North Carolina Electr	ic Membersl	nip Corpo	oration		SERC	1, 3,	5, 6									
3. Jo	ohn Shaver	Arizona Electric Powe Cooperative, Inc.	er Cooperati	ve, Inc a	ind Southwe	st Transmission	WECC	1, 4,	5									
4. Sł	hari Heino	Brazos Electric Powe	r Cooperativ	/e, Inc.			ERCOT	1, 5										
5. Bo	ob Solomon	Hoosier Energy Rura	I Electric Co	operative	e, Inc.		RFC	1										
6. M	egan Wagner	Sunflower Electric Po	wer Corpora	ation			SPP	1										
7. La	aurel Heacock	Oglethorpe Power Co	orporation				SERC											

Gr	oup/Individu	lal	Comme	enter	r			Organ	ization				Reg	istere	d Ball	ot Bo	dy Se	egme	ent		
											1	2	3	4	5	6	7		8	9	10
13.	Group		Brent Ingebri	igtsoi	n	PPL	NERC Regi	stered	Affiliates		х		х		х	х					
	Additional Member		Additional Organization	-			Regi	on			egment				•			•			
4	Wember		da Truhe	סס	l Electri	o +i i+	ies Corporato	~		RFC	ection										
1.		Bren	da Trune				•			RFC		1									
2.		Anne	ette Bannon		gistered		LLC on behal tes	r or Supp	DIY NERC	RFC		5									
3.										WECC	;	5									
4.		Eliza	beth Davis	PP	L Energy	/Plus,	LLC			MRO		6									
5.										NPCC		6									
6.										SERC		6									
7.										SPP		6									
8.										RFC		6									
9.										WECC	;	6									
14.	Group		Frank Gaffney	y		Flor	rida Munici	pal Pow	ver Agency		Х		Х	х	х	х					
Α	dditional Men	nber	Additional Orga	anizat	ion Re	gion \$	Segment Sel	ection													
1. T	ïm Beyrle		City of New Smyr	rna Be	each FR	CC 4	4														
2. J	im Howard	1	Lakeland Electric	:	FR	CC 3	3														
3. G	Greg Woessner	·	Kissimmee Utility	Autho	ority FR	CC 3	3														
4. L	ynne Mila		City of Clewiston		FR	CC 3	3														
5. C	airo Vanegas		Fort Pierce Utility	Autho	ority FR	CC 4	4														
6. R	andy Hahn		Ocala Utility Servi	vices	FR	CC 3	3														
15.	Group		Robert Rhode	es		SPP	Standards	Review	Group			х									
	Additional Me	mber			al Organ	izatio	n		Segment Sel	ection											
	John Allen		City Utilities of S	Spring	field			SPP	1, 4												
	Bo Jones		Westar Energy					SPP	1, 3, 5, 6												
	Allen Klassen		Westar Energy					SPP	1, 3, 5, 6												
	Tiffany Lake		Westar Energy					SPP	1, 3, 5, 6												
	Danny McDani	iel	Cleco Power					SPP	1, 3, 5												
	Mike Murrary		City of Independ			-	•		3												
7.	James Nail		City of Independ	dence,	, Power a	& Ligh	t Department	SPP	3												
8.	Kevin Nincehe	lser	Westar Energy					SPP	1, 3, 5, 6												

														6 m
Group/Individual	Commenter		Orgar	nization			Regi	stere	d Ball	ot Boc	ly Seg	ment		
					1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
9. Ashley Stringer	Oklahoma Municipal Po	ower Authority	SPP	4		1		1	1					
10. Jessica Tucker	Kansas City Power & L	ight	SPP	1, 3, 5, 6										
11. Bryan Taggart	Westar Energy		SPP	1, 3, 5, 6										
12. Jim Useldinger	Kansas City Power & L	ight	SPP	1, 3, 5, 6										
16. Group	Terry L. Blackwell	Santee	Cooper		Х		Х		Х	Х				
Additional Membe	er Additional Organizatio	n Region Segm	ent Selection											
1. S. Tom Abrams	Santee Cooper	SERC 1												
2. Vicky Budreau	Santee Cooper	SERC 1												
3. Chris Wagner	Santee Cooper	SERC 1												
4. Rene' Free	Santee Cooper	SERC 1												
17. Group	Terri Pyle	Oklaho	ma Gas & Elec	tric	Х		Х		Х					
Additional Membe	er Additional Organization	on Region Seg	ment Selection		·									
1. Greg McAuley	Oklahoma Gas and Elec	tric SPP 1, 3,	5											
2. Sing Tay	Oklahoma Gas and Elec	tric SPP 1, 3,	5											
3. Don Hargrove	Oklahoma Gas and Elec	ctric SPP 1, 3,	5											
18. Group	Brenda Hampton	Lumina	nt							Х				
Additional Membe	er Additional Organi	zation Reg	ion Segment Se	election										
1. Rick Terrill	Luminant Generation Co	ompany LLC ERC	OT 5											
19. Group	Dennis Chastain	Tennes	see Valley Aut	hority	Х		Х		Х	Х				
Additional Membe	er Additional Organizatio	n Region Segm	ent Selection											
1. Ian Grant	TVA	SERC 3												
2. Marjorie Parsons	TVA	SERC 6												
3. DeWayne Scott	TVA	SERC 1												
4. David Thompson	TVA	SERC 5												
20. Group	Jamison Dye	Bonney	ville Power Adr	ministration	Х		х		Х	Х				
Additional Membe	er Additional Organizatio	n Region Segm	ent Selection											
1. Tim Loepker	Process Analyst	WECC 1												
2. Erika Doot	Generation	WECC 3, 5, 6												
3. Fran Halpin	Physical Scientist	WECC 3												
21. Individual	Bob Steiger	Salt Riv	er Project		Х		Х		Х	Х				
l.		I			I	1						1		

Gro	oup/Individual	Commenter	Organization			Regi	istere	d Ball	ot Bod	ly Seg	ment		
				1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
22.	Individual	Steve Rueckert	Western Electricity Coordinating Council										Х
23.	Individual	Christopher Wood	Platte River Power Authority	Х		Х		Х	Х				
24.	Individual	Annamay Luyun	San Diego Gas & Electric	Х		Х		Х					Х
25.	Individual	ryan millard	pacificorp	Х		Х		Х	Х				
26.	Individual	Janet Smith, Regulatory Affairs Supervisor	Arizona Public Service Company	Х		Х		Х	Х				
27.	Individual	Pamela R. Hunter	Southern Company - Southern Company Services, Inc.; Alabama Power Company; Georgia Power Company; Gulf Power Company; Mississippi Power Company; Southern Company Generation; Southern Company Generation and Energy Marketing	X		X		X	X				
28.	Individual	Glenn Rounds	Pacific Gas and Electric Company	Х		Х		Х					
29.	Individual	Scott Bos	Muscatine Power and Water	Х		х		Х	Х				
30.	Individual	Herb Schrayshuen	Self									Х	
31.	Individual	Scott McGough	Georgia System Operations Corporation			Х							
32.	Individual	Greg Travis	Idaho Power Company	Х									
33.	Individual	Robert W. Kenyon	NERC										
34.	Individual	Thad Ness	American Electric Power	Х		Х		Х	Х				
35.	Individual	John Seelke	Public Service Enterprise Group	Х		Х		Х	Х				
36.	Individual	Andrew Gallo	City of Austin dba Austin Energy	Х		Х	Х	Х	Х				
37.	Individual	John Brockhan	CenterPoint Energy Houston Electric L.L.C.	Х									
38.	Individual	John Bee on behalf of Exelon and its' affiliates	Exelon	Х		Х		Х					
39.	Individual	D. Jones	Texas Reliability Entity										Х
40.	Individual	Ronnie Hoeinghaus	City of Garland	Х		Х							
41.	Individual	Jim Howard	Lakeland Electric	Х		Х		Х	Х				
42.	Individual	David Jendras	Ameren	Х		Х		Х	Х				

Gro	oup/Individual	Commenter	Organization			Reg	istere	d Ball	ot Boc	ly Seg	ment		
				1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
43.	Individual	Joe O'Brien	NIPSCO	Х		Х		Х	Х				
44.	Individual	Martyn Turner	LCRA Transmission Services Corporation	Х			Х		Х				
45.	Individual	Jack Stamper	Clark Public Utilities	Х									
46.	Individual	Alice Ireland	Xcel Energy	Х		Х		Х	Х				
47.	Individual	Wayne Sipperly	New York Power Authority	Х		Х		Х	Х				
48.	Individual	Julaine Dyke	NIPSCO	Х		Х		Х	Х				
49.	Individual	Michelle D'Antuono	Occidental Energy Ventures Corp			Х		Х		Х			
50.	Individual	Jonathan Appelbaum	The United Illuminating Company	Х									
51.	Individual	William O. Thompson	NIPSCO	Х		Х		Х	Х				
52.	Individual	Michael Falvo	Independent Electricity System Operator		Х								
53.	Individual	Nazra Gladu	Manitoba Hydro	Х		Х		Х	Х				
54.	Individual	Michiko Sell	Grant County PUD	Х		Х	Х	Х	Х				
55.	Individual	David Thorne	Pepco Holdings Inc	Х		Х							
56.	Individual	Cheryl Moseley	Electric Reliability Council of Texas, Inc.		Х								
57.	Individual	Richard Vine	California ISO		Х								
58.	Individual	RoLynda Shumpert	South Carolina Electric and Gas	Х		Х		Х	Х				
59.	Individual	Brenda Frazer	Edison Mission Marketing & Trading					Х					
60.	Individual	Scott Berry	Indiana Municipal Power Agency				Х						
61.	Individual	Anthony Jablonski	ReliabiltyFirst										Х
62.	Individual	Kathleen Goodman	ISO New England Inc.		Х								
63.	Individual	Marie Knox	MISO		Х								
64.	Individual	James R. Keller	Wisconsin Electric Power Company			Х	Х	Х					
65.	Individual	Brett Holland	Kansas City Power & Light	Х		Х		Х	Х				
66.	Individual	Larry Watt	Lakeland Electric	Х									
67.	Individual	Andrew Z. Pusztai	American Tranmission Company	Х									
68.	Individual	Bob Thomas	Illinois Municipal Electric Agency				Х						

Gro	oup/Individual	Commenter	Organization			Regi	istere	d Ball	ot Bod	y Seg	ment		
				1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
69.	Individual	Mike Hirst	Cogentrix Energy Power Management					Х					
70.	Individual	Keith Morisette	Tacoma Power	Х		Х	Х	Х	Х				
71.	Individual	Gregory Campoli	NYISO		Х								
72.	Individual	Jason Snodgrass	Georgia Transmission Corporation	Х									
73.	Individual	Bradley Collard	Oncor Electric Delivery Company LLC	Х									
74.	Individual	Jose H Escamilla	CPS Energy			Х							
75.	Individual	Daniel Duff	Liberty Electric Power					Х					
76.	Individual	Banagalore	Vijayraghavan	Х									
77.	Individual	Tony Kroskey	Brazos Electric Power Cooperative, Inc.	Х									
78.	Individual	Russ Schneider	Flathead Electric Cooperative, Inc.			Х	Х						

If you support the comments submitted by another entity and would like to indicate you agree with their comments, please select "agree" below and enter the entity's name in the comment section (please provide the name of the organization, trade association, group, or committee, rather than the name of the individual submitter).

Summary Consideration:

Organization	Supporting Comments of "Entity Name"
Brazos Electric Power Cooperative, Inc.	ACES Power Marketing.
Wisconsin Electric Power Company	Edison Electric Institute
Luminant	Edison Electric Institute (EEI)
Dominion	EEI
Illinois Municipal Electric Agency	Florida Municipal Power Agency
Lakeland Electric	Florida Municipal Power Agency (FMPA)
Liberty Electric Power	Generator Forum Standards Review Team
Lakeland Electric	LAK supports FMPA comments
Platte River Power Authority	Large Public Power Council
New York Power Authority	Large Public Power Council (LPPC)
Xcel Energy	MRO NERC Standards Review Forum (NSRF)
Oklahoma Gas & Electric	Oklahoma Gas & Electric supports that comments submitted by the Southwest Power Pool and submits its own comments as well.
Pepco Holdings Inc	Pepco Holdings Inc supports the comments submitted by EEI
Grant County PUD	Seattle City Light

Organization	Supporting Comments of "Entity Name"
LCRA Transmission Services Corporation	Seattle City Light
Tennessee Valley Authority	SERC OC Standards Review Group
Kansas City Power & Light	Southwest Power Pool
California ISO	The California ISO is supportive of those comments submitted by the SRC (ISO/RTO Council).
Vijayraghavan	The primary reason for a no vote is that Draft 5 fails to address the communication gaps identified in the Standards Authorization Request (SAR), FERC Order 693 and the recommendations of the August 2003 Blackout Report. The draft as written does not require a consistent application of effective communications protocols but in turn requires each functional entity to develop their own protocols with insufficient guidance on how to achieve better consistency.
Flathead Electric Cooperative, Inc.	Western Small Entity Comment Group submitted by Central Lincoln

1. The SDT has proposed new language in COM-003-1, R1 and R3: "Each Balancing Authority, Reliability Coordinator, and Transmission Operator shall develop and implement documented communication protocols that outline the communications expectations of its System Operators. The documented communication protocols will address, where applicable, the following:" (the same language exists for R3, except DPs and GOPs listed as applicable entities and the use of "operators" instead of "System Operators"). Do you agree with the changes made to the proposed definition "Operating Instruction" (now proposed as a "A command by a System Operator of a Reliability Coordinator, or of a Transmission Operator, or of a Balancing Authority, where the recipient of the command is expected to act, to change or preserve the state, status, output, or input of an Element of the Bulk Electric System or Facility of the Bulk Electric System. Discussions of general information and of potential options or alternatives to resolve BES operating concerns are not commands and are not considered Operating Instructions. ") to be added as a term for the NERC Glossary? Do you agree with these proposed requirement changes? If not, please explain in the comment area of the last question.

Summary Consideration:

Requirements (Question 1 Comments on R1 and R3):

A Major theme from draft 5, Question one regarding COM-003-1, R1 and R3 was the term "Reliability Directive" in many Parts of requirements R1 and R3 causing confusion as to which standard would apply and if there was potential conflict between COM-003-1 and COM-002-3.

The OPCPSDT agrees and has removed the term "Reliability Directive" from the Parts of R1

A similar theme in draft 5 was the use of the term "all call" in COM-003-1, R1 and R3. Commenters are concerned these requirements create a conflict with COM-002-3 where the use of multi-party one way messages is silent. Commenters cited confusion and double jeopardy as concerns.

The OPCPSDT agrees and has removed the term "all call" from the Parts of R1

An additional major concern in COM-003-1, R1 was Part 1.9 requiring entities to coordinate communication protocols. Commenters believed this was ambiguous and difficult to accomplish.

The OPCPSDT agrees and has removed COM-003-1, R1 Part 1.9 from R1 and now requires applicable entities to jointly develop the communication protocols subject to RC approval.

In response to Question 1, regarding use of the English language, 24 hour clock and time zone reference, common interface identifiers, and alpha-numeric clarifiers, many commenters still believe that all of subparts are too prescriptive and unnecessary.

The OPCPSDT believes the protocols must have common elements to ensure uniformity and consistent application for understanding communication.

Another continuing theme that was repeated in draft 5 comments and previously from draft 2, 3 and 4 was the concern that the work of the OPCPSDT was not addressing the intentions of the SAR, related directives and orders.

The OPCPSDT disagrees and cites the language from the SAR. The purpose of the SAR for this project is "Require that real time System Operators use standardized communication protocols during normal and emergency operations to improve situational awareness and shorten response time." Additionally, the SAR is very specific in that it also includes the term <u>normal</u> operating conditions under Applicability: "*Clear and mutually established communications protocols used during real time operations <u>under normal and emergency conditions</u> ensure universal understanding of terms and reduce errors."*

There were many recommendations for multiple requirement language changes to improve clarity.

The OPCPSDT agrees and has incorporated many of those recommendations into COM-003-1, draft 6.

Others expressed a desire to combine COM-002-3 and COM-003-1 into a single standard.

Based on other feedback, the OPCPSDT has chosen not to combine the two standards. The OPCPSDT also believes draft 6 requirements create a logical delineation between COM-002-3 and COM-003-1.

Organization	Yes or No	Question 1 Comment
Luminant	No	All comments are shown in response to Question 4.
Response: The OPCPSDT thanks you for your comments. Please see our response to Question 4.		
Oklahoma Gas & Electric	No	Comment for R1.3:
		Is the intent of R1.3 for applicable entities to maintain a list of common name

Organization	Yes or No	Question 1 Comment
		identifiers which must be utilized in communications with all affected entities? If so, a similar requirement (R18) in TOP-002-2 is currently proposed to be eliminated in TOP-002-3. Therefore, it shouldn't be added back by this requirement. Can the drafting team be more specific as to exactly what is required in R1.3 without going overboard as in the existing wording?
		Response: R1.3 is designed to increase familiarity with interface Transmission Elements and Facilities to prevent confusion and increase situational awareness. The requirement calls for entities to ensure operators are aware of the names or designators of interface equipment between those entities. It is up to the affected entities to determine how they would accomplish this through their communication protocols.
		One example may be to designate in the documented Communication Protocols to use the name of the Transmission interface Element/Facility assigned by the owner of such Element/Facility.
		We understand the need to be sure that affected entities do not have any misunderstandings regarding the specific facility that is at issue. However, our experience does not indicate that this is a problem. If we can't relax R1.3, we suggest eliminating it altogether since we believe this not does significantly impact the reliability of the BES.
		Response: The requirement focuses on Transmission interface Elements and Facilities only. The OPCPSDT believes that the draft standard requirements provide flexibility so that an entity may develop the protocols in a manner that supports their unique circumstances.
		Comment for R1.9:
		The use of the term 'coordination' in R1.9 causes concern in determining exactly what is required to coordinate. This could become a compliance nightmare for applicable entities. We suggest replacing R1.9 with "Provide each affected Reliability Coordinator, Balancing Authority, Transmission Operator, Distribution Provider, and Generator Operator with its communication protocols."

Organization	Yes or No	Question 1 Comment
		Response: The OPCPSDT agrees and has changed the wording of R1, to eliminate Part 1.9.
Response: The OPCPSDT that	nks you for you	r comments.
American Electric Power	No	Due to the manner in which the sub-requirements for R1 are written, there could be misinterpretation at which entities plan would require those sub-requirements. We assume that requirements R1.6 and R1.8 apply to an entity that in that instance is *receiving* an Operating Instruction where Requirement R1.2, R1.3, R1.4, R1.5, R1.7 are reserved for only those cases where an entity is *issuing* the Operating Instruction. As currently drafted, R1.6 and R1.8 could be interpreted as somehow requiring an entity that would normally be issuing an instruction (such as an RC) to implement documented communication protocols for an outside receiving entity (such as a Balancing Authority). A potential solution would be issuing instructions in one requirement and entities that would be receiving instructions in a separate requirement.
		Response: The OPCPSDT agrees with your comments and have made changes similar to those suggested.
		AEP strongly disagrees with R 1.9, requiring coordination with affected Reliability Coordinators', Balancing Authorities', Transmission Operators', Distribution Providers', and Generator Operators' communication protocols. For AEP, this requirement would require coordination among numerous entities, and keeping all those protocols in sync would be a significant logistical challenge that does not appear to proportionately improve reliability. In addition, exactly what kind of coordination is needed? R1.1 through are robust enough that adding R1.9 is totally redundant and unnecessary.
		Response: T The OPCPSDT agrees and has changed the wording of R1, to eliminate Part 1.9.
		If beyond R1.1 through 1.8 there are additional, specific needs that still need to be addressed, those should be identified so that specific requirements could be developed

Organization	Yes or No	Question 1 Comment
		if necessary. For this requirement alone, AEP must vote negative on this proposed draft. Response: If the intended meaning of your comment is that an entity may chose to develop protocols beyond R1.1 through 1.8, there is no restricting language to prevent them from doing so. The standard lists the basic requirements.
Response: The OPCPSDT than	ks you for you	r comments.
Florida Municipal Power Agency	No	FMPA prefers the prior version which had language on internal controls, e.g., "implement, in a manner that identifies, assesses and corrects deficiencies". As stated, and by using the word "implement" which means: "carry out, accomplish; especially : to give practical effect to and ensure of actual fulfillment by concrete measures", means that each entity must have evidence ("concrete measures") of implementing its communications protocol at all times for every instance. Three part communication is watered-down by giving the entity the choice as to whether to follow three-part communication for: 1) all Operating Instructions; 2) for Reliability Directives only; or 3) something in between. Many entities, to manage compliance risk, will only require three-part communications for Reliability Directives in their communication ought to be required for all Operating Instructions, but, at the same time, there should be some tolerance for mistakes through use of the CIP v5 internal controls language "implement, in a manner that identifies, assesses and corrects deficiencies".
protocols to address the stand	lard as they be and Reliability	r comments. The OPCPSDT believes draft 5 continues to permit entities to have elieve the protocols will sustain reliability on the BES. The OPCPSDT agrees with FMPA y Directives should employ three-part communications and believes FMPA is it.
Georgia Transmission Corporation	No	Georgia Transmission Corporation agrees with the new definition. Georgia Transmission Corporation believes that Requirements R3 and R4 should be deleted. A. Georgia Transmission Corporation does not agree with the use of the term

Organization	Yes or No	Question 1 Comment
		"operators" with respect to the functional entity Distribution Providers for R3 and R4. This poses an incomprehensible requirement for non-vertically integrated entities that are registered as Transmission Owner's also serving as the DPs. NERC does not define or associate anywhere in the Functional Model or NERC registry the term Distribution Provider operator. Specifically, GTC would not understand how to comply with R3 or R4 because GTC does not have any operators yet we are registered as a DP for the functions we perform of our facilities which are directly connected to the BES. GTC believes that Requirements R3 and R4 (applicable to Distribution Providers ("DPs")) should be deleted from the proposed COM-003 standard, or else disassociate the term "operators" from the DP.
		Response: The OPCPSDT has eliminated R2 and R4 and has narrowed the role of GOPs and DP to those who would receive Operating Instructions
		B. Additionally, Georgia Transmission Corporation believes that Requirements R3 and R4 (applicable to Distribution Providers ("DPs") and Generator Operators ("GOPs")) should be deleted from the proposed COM-003 standard because the burdens placed on Balancing Authorities ("BAs"), Reliability Coordinators ("RCs") and Transmission Operators ("TOPs") by Requirements R1 and R2:
		(a) sufficiently tighten communications protocols with DPs and GOPs,
		(b) render Requirements R3 and R4 administrative, unnecessary, and redundant, counter to FERC's objectives as implemented by the NERC Paragraph 81 Task Force, and
		(c) Potentially expose some Registered Entities to double jeopardy violations of COM-003-1.
		Response: The SDT has eliminated draft 5 R3 and R4 from draft 6.
		Specifically, Requirement R1 provides that BAs, RCs, and TOPs must develop and implement documented communication protocols that
		(a) address instances where the issuer of an oral two-party communication Operating Instruction is required to confirm that the response of any recipient entity such as a DP or GOP was accurate or to reissue the Operating Instruction to resolve the

Organization	Yes or No	Question 1 Comment
		misunderstanding (R1.5); and (b) to address coordination with affected recipient entities' communication protocols (R1.9).
		Requirement R2 further requires BAs, RCs, and TOPs to develop methods that assess communication practices and implement corrective actions necessary to meet the expectations outlined in these same protocols. Note that this assessment method would necessarily include assessment of the expectations included in the protocols regarding any recipient entity as required by R1.5 and R1.9.
		Meanwhile, proposed Requirement R3 would require the recipient DPs and GOPs to develop their own documented communications protocols that outline the communication expectations already addressed in the R1 protocols. [Note that the Rationale and Technical Justification for COM-003-1 specifies that Requirements R1 and R2 are addressed to entities that both issue and receive Operating instructions (BAs, RCs, and TOPs) whereas Requirements R3 and R4 are addressed to entities that only receive Operating Instructions.] Requiring DPs and GOPs in R3 to develop protocols outlining the communications expectations of its operators and requiring DPs and GOPs in R4 to assess those same operators' communications practices and implement corrective actions is redundant and unnecessary when those same expectations are already being documented by BAs, RCs, and TOPs in the R1 protocols, are already being assessed and corrected by the BAs, RCs, and TOPs as required by R2. Therefore, requiring DPs and GOPs to go through the same motions simply creates another layer of documentation that strains limited resources and does little to enhance the reliability of the Bulk Electric System.
		Response: The OPCPSDT has also modified the standard requirements to make the DP and GOP subject to the protocols developed by its directing RC, TOP and BA rather than develop their own. This will hopefully help alleviate any confusion noted in the comments. The OPCPSDT believes assigning the appropriate responsibilities to those functions that will be "receiving" Operating Instructions so that clear and effective communications can occur does enhance reliability. The OPCPSDT supports

Organization	Yes or No	Question 1 Comment
		and encourages the effort of affected entities to develop and implement a common set of communication protocols. This adds additional clarity through enhanced uniformity.
		C. These duplicative exercises created by Requirements R3 and R4 run counter to the objectives directed by FERC in Paragraph 81 of FERC's March 15, 2012 Order on NERC's proposed "Find, Fix, and Track" ("FFT") initiatives ("FFT Order") as implemented by the P 81 Task Force. In Paragraph 81 of the FFT Order, FERC noted that "some current requirements likely provide little protection for Bulk-Power System reliability or may be redundant." In complying with FERC's directives, the Paragraph 81 Task Force set out to identify standards that
		(a) do "little if anything, to benefit or protect the reliable operation of the BES" and
		(b) among other possible criteria, are either:
		"(a) Administrative in nature, do not support reliability, and are needlessly burdensome; or
		(b) Require responsible entities to develop documents that are not necessary to protect BES reliability; or
		(c) Impose documentation updating requirements that are out of sync with the actual BES operations, unnecessary, or duplicative; or
		(d) Redundant with another FERC-approved Reliability Standard requirement(s), the ERO compliance and monitoring program, or a governmental regulation." (See Paragraph 81 Task Force Technical White Paper.) With respect to this last criterion of redundancy, the Task Force specifically stated that it is "designed to identify requirements that are redundant with other requirements and are therefore unnecessary. Unlike the other criteria listed in the case of redundancy, the task or activity itself may contribute to a reliable BES, but it is not necessary to have two duplicative requirements on the same or similar task or activity." (emphasis added). By creating duplicative requirements on both ends of a coordinated communication scheme between issuing BAs/RCs/TOPs and recipient DPs/GOPs, the Standards
		scheme between issuing BAs/RCs/TOPs and recipient DPs/GOPs, the Standards Drafting Team is creating an unnecessary administrative burden that does "little, if

Organization	Yes or No	Question 1 Comment
		anything, to benefit or protect the reliable operation of the BES." Even if it may be argued that requiring double coordination from both issuer and recipient somehow contributes to a reliable BES, "it is not necessary to have the two duplicative requirements on the same or similar task or activity." Proposed Requirements R3 and R4 would fit all of the criteria listed above that the Paragraph 81 Task Force is using to identify candidates for retirement and/or revision. D. Finally, the risk created by proposed Requirements R3 and R4 in conjunction with R1 and R2 is more than simple administrative duplication. For vertically integrated entities that are registered both as issuing BAs/RC/TOPs and recipient DPs/GOPs, the redundancy created by Requirement R3 and R4 could potentially expose them to double penalties for a single violation. Because of the duplicative documentation and coordination requirements in R1/R2 and R3/R4, an auditor could interpret a single instance where the communications protocol of an issuing BA/RC/TOP did not match up with the recipient DP/GOP as multiple violations. In such an instance, both the issuers and the recipients could conceivably be penalized because the issuer's communications protocols were not coordinated with the recipient's communications protocols and this lack of coordination was not assessed and remedied.
		Response: The OPCPSDT has substantially modified the standard, making it "results" oriented and directly tying it to reliability. The draft 6 approach addresses some of the commenters concern, but sustains the applicability of the DP and GOP because they can and do have the potential for impacting reliability on the BES.
		If the Standards Draft Team does not delete Requirement R3 and R4 in their entirety, then Georgia Transmission Corporation suggests that R3 be reworded such that the entities work together to implement and coordinate one set of issuers' communications protocols (i.e., that of the BAs/RCs/TOPs) instead of two sets of both issuers' and recipients' protocols. This should help to "tighten" the communications protocols as directed in Order 693 and to mitigate some of the confusion and duplicative documentation that could arise from Requirements R3 as written: "R3. Each Distribution Provider and Generator Operator shall implement the

Organization	Yes or No	Question 1 Comment
		documented communication protocols of its associated BA, RC, and TOP that define the communications expectations of R1. The documented communication protocols will address, where applicable, the following: [Violation Risk Factor: Low] [Time Horizon: Long-term Planning] "and
		"R4. In addition to the recommendation to eliminate for the reasons above, GTC still believes R4 prescribes elements of internal control language to which is not necessary due to the tightening of communications protocols for issuing entities within R1 and should still be eliminated under this alternate scenario.
		Response: The OPCPSDT changed draft 6 and believes it addresses your concerns.
Response: The OPCPSDT thank	ks you for you	r comments.
Western Small Entity Comment Group	No	In the comment area of the last section as asked.
Response: The OPCPSDT thank	ks you for you	comments.
Oncor Electric Delivery Company LLC	No	Oncor believes the specificity in the subparts of R1 is unnecessary. Three-part communication is the preferred method for ensuring that both parties understand an Operating Instruction and it provides a sufficient mechanism for clear, concise and accurate communication. In creating a protocol that requires System Operators to essentially relearn the way to speak (specifically using alpha-numeric identifiers) will only create confusion and inefficiency as operators try to follow protocol and catch/correct themselves.
		comments. The OPCPSDT believes the level of specificity is necessary to attain a level d entities. If protocols differ dramatically among entities they could be ineffective.
pacificorp	No	PacifiCorp supports the proposed language referenced under R1 and the definition of "Operating Instruction" but does not support the following language proposed under R1.4:"Instances where alpha-numeric clarifiers are necessary when issuing an oral

Organization	Yes or No	Question 1 Comment
		Operating Instruction or Reliability Directive, and the format for those clarifiers."Under the proposed draft, instances where alpha-numeric clarifiers are "necessary" are not clearly defined. In the absence of a clear definition, the identification of such instances is open to interpretation by both the entity and the auditor. Moreover, requiring the use of alpha-numeric clarifiers is not warranted when the requirements listed in R1.5 - R1.8 (requiring the strict use of three-way communication) alleviate any possibility of miscommunication, which PacifiCorp understands to be the drafting team's intent in the development of separate Requirement R1.4. PacifiCorp believes implementing the use of alpha-numeric clarifiers poses additional risk due to the introduction of ambiguous language.
Response: The OPCPSDT thanks you for your comments. The OPCPSDT believes the current draft allows the flexibility for an entity to determine the instances where R1.4 would be necessary. The OPCPSDT reminds commenters they have significant flexibility on the "how" to develop their communication. The entity is to define the instances where they determine alphanumeric clarifiers shall apply.		
Reliability First	No	Reliability First abstains and offers the following comments for consideration:
		1. Requirement R1 and Requirement R3 - Reliability First questions the reasoning behind the term "where applicable" in the last sentence of Requirement R1 and Requirement R3. Can the SDT provide examples when there would be instances where an Entity would not need to address a sub-part within their documented communication protocols? Reliability First believes all sub-parts under Requirement R1 and Requirement R3 should be addressed within the respected protocols.
		Response: The OPCPSDT agrees that entities should address all protocols that apply to them. Some entities have pointed out their asset density; locations and their organizational structure negate the requirement for some protocols. An example is a BA that would never issue Operating Instructions for Transmission interface Elements/Facilities. The language referenced is how the OPCPSDT addressed these exceptions with those entities.

Organization	Yes or No	Question 1 Comment
		2.Requirement R1, Part 1.9 - ReliabilityFirst does not believe it is appropriate for Requirement R1, Part 1.9 to be addressed within the documented communication protocols. It is unclear how an entity would address "coordination" of its protocol within the protocol itself. ReliabilityFirst does agree with the concept of having the responsible entities be aware of each other's communication protocols and thus recommend elevating this to a stand-alone requirement. ReliabilityFirst recommends the following for consideration as a new R3, "Each Balancing Authority, Reliability Coordinator, and Transmission Operator shall make available its documented communication protocols that outline the communications expectations of its System Operators."
		Response: The OPCPSDT agrees and has changed the wording of R1, to eliminate Part 1.9.
Response: The OPCPSDT thank	s you for you	comments.
CenterPoint Energy Houston Electric L.L.C.	No	See comments below
Response: The OPCPSDT thank	s you for you	comments.
Occidental Energy Ventures Corp	No	See comments below.
Response: The OPCPSDT thank	s you for you	comments.
Southern Company - Southern Company Services, Inc.; Alabama Power Company; Georgia Power Company; Gulf Power Company; Mississippi Power Company; Southern Company Generation;	No	Southern Company agrees with the new definition.Southern Company believes that Requirements R3 and R4 should be deleted. A. Southern Company believes that Requirements R3 and R4 (applicable to Distribution Providers ("DPs") and Generator Operators ("GOPs")) should be deleted from the proposed COM-003 standard because the burdens placed on Balancing Authorities ("BAs"), Reliability Coordinators ("RCs") and Transmission Operators ("TOPs") by Requirements R1 and R2:

Yes or No	Question 1 Comment
	(a) sufficiently tighten communications protocols with DPs and GOPs,
	(b) render Requirements R3 and R4 administrative, unnecessary, and redundant, counter to FERC's objectives as implemented by the NERC Paragraph 81 Task Force, and
	(c) potentially expose some Registered Entities to double jeopardy violations of COM- 003-1. Specifically, Requirement R1 provides that BAs, RCs, and TOPs must develop and implement documented communication protocols that
	(a) address instances where the issuer of an oral two-party communication Operating Instruction is required to confirm that the DP or GOP recipient's response was accurate or to reissue the Operating Instruction to resolve the misunderstanding (R1.5); and
	(b) to address coordination with affected DPs' and GOPs' communication protocols (R1.9). Requirement R2 further requires BAs, RCs, and TOPs to develop methods that assess communication practices and implement corrective actions necessary to meet the expectations outlined in these same protocols. Note that this assessment method would necessarily include assessment of the expectations included in the protocols regarding DPs and GOPs as required by R1.5 and R1.9.
	Meanwhile, proposed Requirement R3 would require the recipient DPs and GOPs to develop their own documented communications protocols that outline the communication expectations already addressed in the R1 protocols. [Note that the Rationale and Technical Justification for COM-003-1 specifies that Requirements R1 and R2 are addressed to entities that both issue and receive Operating instructions (BAs, RCs, and TOPs) whereas Requirements R3 and R4 are addressed to entities that only receive Operating Instructions.] Requiring DPs and GOPs in R3 to develop protocols outlining the communications expectations of its operators and requiring DPs and GOPs in R4 to assess those same operators' communications practices and implement corrective actions is redundant and unnecessary when those same expectations are already being documented by BAs, RCs, and TOPs in the R1 protocols,
	Yes or No

Organization	Yes or No	Question 1 Comment
		assessed and corrected by the BAs, RCs, and TOPs as required by R2. Therefore, requiring DPs and GOPs to go through the same motions simply creates another layer of documentation that strains limited resources and does little to enhance the reliability of the Bulk Electric System.
		B. These duplicative exercises created by Requirements R3 and R4 run counter to the objectives directed by FERC in Paragraph 81 of FERC's March 15, 2012 Order on NERC's proposed "Find, Fix, and Track" ("FFT") initiatives ("FFT Order") as implemented by the P 81 Task Force. In Paragraph 81 of the FFT Order, FERC noted that "some current requirements likely provide little protection for Bulk-Power System reliability or may be redundant." In complying with FERC's directives, the Paragraph 81 Task Force set out to identify standards that
		(a) do "little if anything, to benefit or protect the reliable operation of the BES" and
		(b) among other possible criteria, are either:
		"(a) Administrative in nature, do not support reliability, and are needlessly burdensome; or
		(b) Require responsible entities to develop documents that are not necessary to protect BES reliability; or
		(c) Impose documentation updating requirements that are out of sync with the actual BES operations, unnecessary, or duplicative; or
		(d) Redundant with another FERC-approved Reliability Standard requirement(s), the ERO compliance and monitoring program, or a governmental regulation." (See Paragraph 81 Task Force Technical White Paper.) With respect to this last criterion of redundancy, the Task Force specifically stated that it is "designed to identify requirements that are redundant with other requirements and are therefore unnecessary. Unlike the other criteria listed in the case of redundancy, the task or activity itself may contribute to a reliable BES, but it is not necessary to have two duplicative requirements on the same or similar task or activity." (emphasis added). By creating duplicative requirements on both ends of a coordinated communication

Organization	Yes or No	Question 1 Comment
		scheme between issuing BAs/RCs/TOPs and recipient DPs/GOPs, the Standards Drafting Team is creating an unnecessary administrative burden that does "little, if anything, to benefit or protect the reliable operation of the BES." Even if it may be argued that requiring double coordination from both issuer and recipient somehow contributes to a reliable BES, "it is not necessary to have the two duplicative requirements on the same or similar task or activity." Proposed Requirements R3 and R4 would fit all of the criteria listed above that the Paragraph 81 Task Force is using to identify candidates for retirement and/or revision. C. Finally, the risk created by proposed Requirements R3 and R4 in conjunction with R1 and R2 is more than simple administrative duplication. For vertically integrated entities that are registered both as issuing BAs/RC/TOPs and recipient DPs/GOPs, the redundancy created by Requirement R3 and R4 could potentially expose them to double penalties for a single violation. Because of the duplicative documentation and coordination requirements in R1/R2 and R3/R4, an auditor could interpret a single instance where the communications protocol of an issuing BA/RC/TOP did not match up with the recipient DP/GOP as multiple violations. In such an instance, both the issuers and the recipients could conceivably be penalized because the issuer's communications protocols were not coordinated with the recipient's communications protocols and this lack of coordination was not assessed and remedied.
		If the Standards Drafting Team chooses not to delete Requirements R3 and R4, then Southern suggests that the following rewording of R3 and R4 would be beneficial. If the Standards Draft Team does not delete Requirement R3 and R4 in their entirety, then Southern suggests that R3 and R4 be reworded such that the entities work together to implement and coordinate one set of issuers' communications protocols (i.e., that of the BAs/RCs/TOPs) instead of two sets of both issuers' and recipients' protocols. This should help to "tighten" the communications protocols as directed in Order 693 and to mitigate some of the confusion and duplicative documentation that could arise from Requirements R3 and R4 as written: "R3. Each Distribution Provider and Generator Operator shall implement the

Organization	Yes or No	Question 1 Comment
		documented communication protocols of its associated BA, RC, and TOP that define the communications expectations of R1. The documented communication protocols will address, where applicable, the following: [Violation Risk Factor: Low] [Time Horizon: Long-term Planning]"and"
		R4. Each Distribution Provider and Generator Operator shall develop method(s) to assess its communications practices and implement corrective actions necessary to meet the expectations in the documented communications protocols developed for Requirement R1."Conforming revisions would also need to be made to the language in the Measures, VRFs, and VSLs as applicable.
Response: The OPCPSDT thank	ks you for you	comments. The OPCPSDT changed draft 6 and believes it addresses your concerns.
Tacoma Power	No	Tacoma Power supports and strongly suggests reverting back to the Draft 2 definition, "Operating Communication - Communication of instruction to change or maintain the state, status, output, or input of an Element or Facility of the Bulk Electric System."
Response: The OPCPSDT thank over several drafts.	ks you for you	comments. The definition has been changed in response to past industry comments
City of Austin dba Austin Energy	No	The latest version of COM-003 introduces a potential conflict with COM-002 related to the use of one-way burst messaging systems to issue a Reliability Directive. In COM-003, the follow Requirements apply:
		R1.7 Instances where the issuer of an oral Operating Instruction or Reliability Directive using a one-way burst messaging system to communicate a common message to multiple parties in a short time period (e.g. an All Call system) is required to verbally or electronically confirm receipt from at least one receiving party.R1.8 Require the receiver of an oral Operating Instruction or Reliability Directive using a one-way burst messaging system to communicate a common message to multiple parties in a short time period (e.g. an All Call system) to request clarification from the issuer if the communication is not understood.R3.3 Require the receiver of an oral Operating

Organization	Yes or No	Question 1 Comment
		Instruction or Reliability Directive using a one-way burst messaging system to communicate a common message to multiple parties in a short time period (e.g. an All Call system) to request clarification from the issuer if the communication is not understood.In other words, COM-003 allows one-way burst messaging for Reliability Directives and prescribes: o the issuer confirm receipt from at least one receiving party o the receiver request clarification from the issuer if the communication is not understoodHowever, COM-002 has the following requirements:R2. Each Balancing Authority, Transmission Operator, Generator Operator, and Distribution Provider that is the recipient of a Reliability Directive shall repeat, restate, rephrase, or recapitulate the Reliability Directive.R3. Each Reliability Coordinator, Transmission Operator, and Balancing Authority that issues a Reliability Directive shall either: o Confirm that the response from the recipient of the Reliability Directive (in accordance with Requirement R2) was accurate, or o Reissue the Reliability Directive to resolve a misunderstanding.In other words, in the case of a one-way burst message used for Reliability Directives, COM-002 does not allow for only those responses required in COM-003 but instead requires a full 3 way communication from all parties. This potentially sets up both the issuer and receiver for violating COM-002 if they respond to a one-way burst message Reliability Directive as the requirements indicate in COM- 003.In order to fully comply with BOTH standards, the receiver would have to contact the issuer and repeat what was said on the original burst message; then, the issuer would confirm the response was accurate before acting on the message.

Response: The OPCPSDT thanks you for your comments. The OPCPSDT has eliminated R1, Parts 1.7, 1.8, and 3.3, which reference requirements for all calls.

NERC	No	This will require each entity to develop its own unique protocol. This will not "tighten up" communications. Having each entity follow its own protocol will complicate and confuse communications. One entity will be attempting to communicate with another entity which is not familiar with the protocol being used by the first entity because the
		second entiy uses a diferent protocol. Protocols if required should be standardized. Moreover, the proposed language requires a protocol that "meets the expectations of

Organization	Yes or No	Question 1 Comment
		its System Operators". The plain meaning of that sentence as writtem is that the protocol meet the expectations of the individual workers, not the entity itself. If this change is going to be approved, should not it read "Each (entity) shall develop protocols that PROVIDE ITS expections of its System Operators"?
		comments. The OPCPSDT has substantially altered the standard by changing the R1 velop the protocols subject to approval of the RC.
Independent Electricity System Operator	No	We agree with most of the changes made. We offer a preferred wording for Part 1.4, and have a concern over the ambiguity of Part 1.6 and Part 1.8.
		Part 1.4 states that:1.4 Instances that alpha-numeric clarifiers are necessary when issuing an oral Operating Instruction or Reliability Directive, and the format for those clarifiers. A preferable description would say that the protocol should address the risk of miscommunication arising from alpha-numeric identifiers. This could be addressed through the use of the phonetic alphabet or through different means if local conditions dictate a different approach.
		Response: The requirement permits the entity to determine the circumstances where they would employ alphanumeric clarifiers. The examples you cited: " <i>The phonetic alphabet or through different means if local conditions dictate a different approach</i> " would be acceptable.
		As noted above, we are concerned over the ambiguity of Part 1.6, which states that:
		1.6 Require the recipient of an oral two party, person-to-person Operating Instruction to repeat, restate, rephrase, or recapitulate the Operating Instruction, if requested by the issuer.
		When read together with the last sentence in R1, "The documented communication protocols will address, where applicable, the following:", this part is unclear as to whether it is to identify the instances that the repeat is required, or that the documentation needs to include explicit statements that the issuer needs to request a repeat when issuing an operating instruction or reliability directive which the issuer

Organization	Yes or No	Question 1 Comment
		feels a repeat is necessary. This sub-requirement part, as written, is ambiguous and appears to be more applicable to the instruction recipient than the issuer. When read together with Part 3.2, Part 1.6 appears to be requiring the issuer to identify the instances that a repeat is required. We therefore suggest the SDT to revise Part 3.2 as follows: 1.6 Instances where it requires the recipient of an oral two party, person-to-person
		Operating Instruction to repeat, restate, rephrase, or recapitulate the Operating Instruction, if requested by the issuer.
		Response: The OPCPSDT agrees and has reworded R1, Part 1.6 (Now Part 1.5) to reflect its intent that a repeat back is required. The OPCPSDT has elected to eliminate R3 in its entirety.
		Similar concerns with Part 1.8 except the mirror part 3.3 does not contain the wording "if requested by the issuer". Hence, we assume that the recipient is required to request clarification from the issuer if the communication is not understood without having to be asked. Therefore, we propose Part 1.8 be revised as follow:1.8 A stipulation that the receiver of an oral Operating Instruction or Reliability Directive using a one-way burst messaging system to communicate a common message to multiple parties in a short time period (e.g. an All Call system) to request clarification from the issuer if the communication.
		Response: The OPCPSDT thanks you for your comments. The OPCPSDT has eliminated R1, Parts 1.7, 1.8, and 3.3, which reference requirements for all calls.
Response: The OPCPSDT than	nks you for you	r comments.
Tennessee Valley Authority	No	We agree with the definition of Operating Instruction. While we also can agree to the changes made to R1, we feel R3 in its entirety is unnecessary and duplicative. Removal of the word "develop" would eliminate double-jeopardy concerns. R3 could be acceptable if "develop and" is omitted and "as developed in R1" is inserted after "protocols" and before "that." It should be noted that this suggestion only applies to the sub-requirements in R1 that correspond to the proposed sub-requirements in R3.

Organization	Yes or No	Question 1 Comment
Response: The OPCPSDT than	iks you for you	r comments. The OPCPSDT has eliminated R3 in draft 6.
Western Electricity Coordinating Council	No	We do not agree with the revisions to the language of R1 and R3. The changes are a lowering of the bar for reliability. Earlier versions identified specific communication protocols for each BA, RC, and TOP. These specific requirements would have resulted in a consistent approach to communications between all sysem operators. The proposed revisions coupresult in varying procedures that do not close the gap in communcations. The watered-down versions of the requirements are essentially a fill-in-the-blank type of standard allowing each applicable entity to develop their own protocols.
		r comments. The OPCPSDT believes WECC is permitted to create communication sive as it desires. The OPCPSDT would recommend that all entities create strong
Ameren	No	We do not believe that we need a definition for the term "Operating Instruction" and we would like to see this defined in the entities protocol. However if a definition is included, we ask the SDT to require an RC, TOP, or BA to identify when an Operating Instruction is used to communication to a GOP or DP.
	ens on some o	r comments. The OPCPSDT has considered this request often and believes it has merit, perators. If an entity wishes to announce an "Operating Instruction", it may cols.
Public Service Enterprise Group	No	We found what we believe to be a typo in the definition of "Operating Instruction." The defined term "Operating Instruction" has this phrase: "where the recipient of the command is expected to act, to change or preserve the state, status, output, or input of an Element of the Bulk Electric System or Facility of the Bulk Electric System." The comma after "act" should be removed because it is not grammatically correct. If removed, the phrase would become: "where the recipient of the command is expected to act to change or preserve the state, status, output, or input of an Element of the Bulk Electric System or Facility of the Bulk Electric System.

Organization	Yes or No	Question 1 Comment	
Response: The OPCPSDT thank	Response: The OPCPSDT thanks you for your comments. The OPCPSDT has corrected the error.		
SPP Standards Review Group	No	We suggest adding 'as determined by the Functional Entity' to R1 to clarify that the protocols are those specifically determined by the applicable responsible entity: 'The documented communication protocols will address, where applicable as	
		determined by the Functional Entity, the following:' Response: The OPCPSDT believes that is redundant based on the previous addition of "where applicable".	
		Is the intent of R1.3 for applicable entities to maintain a list of common name identifiers which must be utilized in communications with all affected entities? If so, a similar requirement (R18) in TOP-002-2 is currently proposed to be eliminated in TOP-002-3. Therefore it shouldn't be added back by this requirement. Can the drafting team be more specific as to exactly what is required in R1.3 without going overboard as in the existing wording? We understand the need to be sure that affected entities do not have any misunderstandings regarding the specific facility that is at issue. However, our experience does not indicate that this is a problem. If we can't relax R1.3, we suggest eliminating it altogether.	
		Response: R1.3 is designed to increase familiarity with Transmission interface Elements and Facilities to prevent confusion and increase situational awareness. The requirement calls for entities to ensure that operators are aware of the names or designators of interface equipment between those entities. It is up to the affected entities to determine how they would accomplish this through their communication protocols. One example may be designate in the documented Communication Protocols to use the name of the Transmission interface Element/Facility assigned by the owner of such Element/Facility.	
		We understand the need to be sure that affected entities do not have any misunderstandings regarding the specific facility that is at issue. However, our experience does not indicate that this is a problem. If we can't relax R1.3, we suggest eliminating it altogether since we believe this not does significantly impact the	

Organization	Yes or No	Question 1 Comment
		reliability of the BES.
		Response: The requirement focuses on interface Elements and Facilities only. An entity may develop the protocols in a manner that supports their unique operating footprint.
		The use of the term 'coordination' in R1.9 causes concern in determining exactly what is required to coordinate. This could become a compliance nightmare for applicable entities. We suggest replacing R1.9 with "Provide each affected Reliability Coordinator, Balancing Authority, Transmission Operator, Distribution Provider, and Generator Operator with its communication protocols."
		Response: The OPCPSDT agrees and has changed the wording of R1, to eliminate Part 1.9.
Response: The OPCPSDT than	ks you for you	r comments.
Idaho Power Company	No	Yes for R1 and R3. No for the definition of "Operating Instructions". It is not written very well and is difficult to understand. The language below is offered as a suggestion to simplify the definition.
		Operating Instruction -A command by a System Operator of a Reliability Coordinator, Transmission Operator, or Balancing Authority where the recipient is instructed to change or preserve the state, status, output, or input of any portion of the Bulk Electric System. Discussions of general information and of potential options or alternatives to resolve BES operating concerns are not commands and are not considered Operating Instructions.
-		r comments. The OPCPSDT has considered your comments and elects to maintain the on because it reflects the response to many other comments from previous drafts.
SERC OC Standards Review Group	No	
ISO/RTO Standards Review	No	

Organization	Yes or No	Question 1 Comment
Committee		
South Carolina Electric and Gas	No	
ISO New England Inc.	No	
Cogentrix Energy Power Management	No	
Vijayraghavan	No	
Manitoba Hydro	Yes	(1) Definition "Operating Instruction" - reference is made to both 'Bulk Electric System' and 'BES'. For consistency, either the words or acronym should be used.
Response: The OPCPSDT thank	ks you for you	r comments. The OPCPSDT has made the correction.
ACES Standards Collaborators	Yes	(1) We appreciate the efforts of the drafting team in developing this standard and the steps the team took to resolve industry's concerns.
		(2) We continue to have concerns that the glossary term "Operating Instruction" overlaps with "Reliability Directive." The standard as written allows flexibility on how to deal with these two terms/situations and gives the registered entity the responsibility to handle these types of communications in its protocol. Because of the flexibility and in the spirit of moving forward, we can support the approach by the drafting team that would allow NERC to address FERC concerns. This represents a good balance.
		r comments. The intention of the OPCPSDT is to balance uniformity with enough of further separate Operating Instructions and Reliability Directives
Duke Energy	Yes	R1.7, R1.8, and R3.3 - All Call should not be capitalized since it is not a defined term. It should instead be placed in quotation ("All Call").R1.6, R1.8, R3.2, and R3.3 - Change the word "Require" to "Requirement for" to better align grammar with R1.
Response: The OPCPSDT thank	ks you for you	r comments. The OPCPSDT has eliminated R1, Parts 1.7, 1.8, and R3, Part 3.3, which

Organization	Yes or No	Question 1 Comment
reference requirements for all	calls. Also, Th	e OPCPSDT has eliminated R1, Parts 1.6 and R3, Part 3.2.
MISO	Yes	While MISO is not opposed to the current version of COM-003-1, it remains concerned regarding the overlap between COM-002-3 and COM-003-1. As written, the definition of "operating instruction" encompasses "reliability directives". This overlap and the application of multiple separate standards to operator communications in general is likely to result in ambiguity and confusion. Further, that only certain sub-requirements of COM-003-1 also mention reliability directives further confuses the applicability of these standards. While the identified overlap and application is manageable, it is recommended that this overlap be addressed at the earliest opportunity. One clear, succinct standard that addresses both operator communications, whether reliability directives or operating instructions, is respectfully recommended.
Response: The OPCPSDT thank	s you for you	comments. The OPCPSDT has removed references to Reliability Directive.
Northeast Power Coordinating Council	Yes	
Seattle City Light	Yes	
Hydro One Networks Inc.	Yes	
MRO NSRF	Yes	
Bonneville Power Administration	Yes	
Salt River Project	Yes	
San Diego Gas & Electric	Yes	
Arizona Public Service Company	Yes	
Pacific Gas and Electric Company	Yes	

Organization	Yes or No	Question 1 Comment
Muscatine Power and Water	Yes	
Self	Yes	
Georgia System Operations Corporation	Yes	
Exelon	Yes	
City of Garland	Yes	
Clark Public Utilities	Yes	
NIPSCO	Yes	
The United Illuminating Company	Yes	
Edison Mission Marketing & Trading	Yes	
American Tranmission Company	Yes	
CPS Energy	Yes	
SMUD/Balancing Authority of Northern California		SMUD would like to thank the Drafting Team for their efforts. While we agree with the intent of COM-003 SMUD believes the requirements R1.5 & R1.5 are too vague. Requiring the receiving party to repeat back the Operating Instruction only (emphasis added) if requested does not provide insurance that the receiving party would have a clear understanding of the necessary actions intended by the issuing party.

Response: The OPCPSDT thanks you for your comments. The OPCPSDT believes the requirement for a repeat back of an Operating Instruction is important because it allows the issuer to determine whether a recipient understands a command. The issuer can then reissue the command until they are convinced the recipient understands it.

2. The SDT has proposed new language in COM-003-1, R2 and R4: "Each Balancing Authority, Reliability Coordinator, and Transmission Operator shall develop method(s) to assess System Operators' communication practices and implement corrective actions necessary to meet the expectations in its documented communication protocols. (the same language exists for R3, except DPs and GOPs listed as applicable entities and the use of "operators" instead of "System Operators"). " Do you agree with these proposed requirement changes? If not, please explain in the comment area of the last question:

Summary Consideration:

Requirements (Question 2 Comments on R2 and R4):

A majority of the commenters expressed concerns over how an entity's internal controls to improve System Operators' communication performance would be audited. The commenters state that auditing internal controls is contrary to both, existing ERO doctrine and ongoing initiatives that are seeking to improve the effectiveness of the audit process. Some commenters also claim the potential for double jeopardy exists. The lack of certainty over how compliance would be administered caused commenters significant concern.

The OPCPSDT understands the commenters' concerns. The OPCPSDT decided to eliminate the COM-003-1, draft 5, R2 and R4 requirements in draft 6. Draft 6 features a results based approach that clearly specifies compliance and is linked to reliability results. The draft 6 requirements will also reduce the exposure of entities to voluminous compliance documentation.

The OPCPSDT points out that many other commenters responded positively to the use of internal controls and preferred the assess and correct requirement.

After consideration of all of the comments, the OPCPSDT voted for the approach featured in COM-003-1, draft 6.

Organization	Yes or No	Question 2 Comment
NIPSCO	No	"Each Distribution Provider and Generator Operator shall develop and implement documented communication protocols that outline the communications expectations of its operators." This language is unclear as to the communication expectation to its operators. Does this address the communications between the DP and the TOP only? Or does this apply to the communication between the DP and field personnel?

Organization	Yes or No	Question 2 Comment
Manitoba Hydro	No	(1) Compliance Data Retention, 1.2 - COM-001 and COM-002 standards both read 3 months or 90 days for the retention of evidence. It is unclear as to why the retention has been doubled in this standard to 180 days for R2, M2 and R4, M4. For consistency and simplicity, 90 days should be used.
Response: The OPCPSDT thank	s you for you	comments. The OPCPSDT has modified COM-003-1, draft 6 to address your concern.
CPS Energy	No	Distribution Providers (DP) may be co-located in the same room with Transmission Operators (TOP) and would have oral communications and not use a telephone or other messaging system. Generator Operators (GOP) should have a separate standard.
miscommunication exists in fa subsequent harm it could caus communication protocols to id	ce-to-face con e during BES c lentify the inst	r comments. The OPCPSDT believes the risk of misunderstanding and munication as you describe. The use of communication protocols reduce that risk and operations. The current draft of the standard would allow an entity to develop its own tances of when to use the protocols. There is no requirement to use a telephone or fied COM-003-1 to address your concern.
American Electric Power	No	If an entity has a control in place, but that control is somehow not viewed favorably during an audit, is that entity potentially in violation of an additional requirement? R2 and R4 appear to have potential double jeopardy implications.
		r comments. Draft 6 eliminates R2 and R4 "assess and correct" language and ties ated events that would generate a "Reliability Directive."
Western Small Entity Comment Group	No	In the comment area of the last section as asked.
Response: The OPCPSDT thank	s you for you	comments. We will respond to those comments.
Georgia System Operations Corporation	No	Internal controls-like language was first introduced into draft 3, R3 and R4. We note that after the technical conference held in Atlanta - Feb 2013, draft 5, R2 and R4 appear to still have remnants of this control language. As discussed in length, it is not appropriate to have such control language in reliability requirements. As GSOC recalls,

Organization	Yes or No	Question 2 Comment
		insertion of R2 and R4 was not discussed or agreed upon at the conference.
		Response: The Draft 6 eliminates R2 and R4 "assess and correct" language and ties performance in avoiding communication related events that would generate a Reliability Directive.
		Reliability Directive. GSOC recalls that statements were made by participants that it was pre-mature to include controls language in the standard/requirement at this time. So it appears that revisions to the contrary when were made when in fact NERC statements were made that the full RAI process would not be in place until 2016.GSOC still supports the RAI as it "proposes to transition away from a process-driven enforcement strategy to a proactive, risk-based strategy that clearly defines, communicates, and promotes desired entity behavior in an effort to improve the reliability of the BPS." However, this transition has not been implemented yet. Until NERC transitions the Compliance Monitoring and Evaluation Program (CEMP) to the risk-based strategy, we are still under the past/current process-driven enforcement strategy. A primary concern of GSOC is that until the RAI is developed and provides audit guidance regarding treatment of entity control measures, then auditor subjectivity may creep into the audit process. GSOC believes that once a transition to a risk-based strategy is complete, only then will there be an established "set of parameters" to "guide the exercise of enforcement discretion." "The parameters that would guide the exercise of discretion as well as the protections" "would be in place to ensure due process and to ensure that enforcement decisions are sound and reflect a consistent application of the ERO enterprise enforcement strategy."More specifically, The "decline to pursue option" will have replaced Find, Fix, and Track "after necessary training of [NERC and Regional] personnel, industry and stakeholder outreach, and development of process
		improvements." At that time, "for those violations that pose a serious or substantial
		risk, or are not proper candidates for the exercise of enforcement discretion, the ability to impose penalties up to the statutory maximum or adopt increased monitoring and broader audit scope must be retained." At that time, internal controls will be the way
		to do business (operations/planning) and the process-driven zero-tolerance enforcement process will only apply to those serious or substantial risks. Regarding

Organization	Yes or No	Question 2 Comment
		zero tolerance, some in industry have the false perception that putting internal controls-like language in a reliability requirement NOW will subsequently allow auditors to apply non-zero tolerance. To the contrary, GSOC believes the current process-driven CMEP inclusive of requirements with controls-like language actually requires zero-tolerance treatment. If this standard is passed in its present form an auditor will not have the discretion to "decline to pursue" and must treat every possible violation the same. Of course, NERC/Regional compliance enforcement can now treat some possible violations as applicable to Find, Fix, Track. But that does not require controls language in a requirement. Accordingly, mitigating COMPLIANCE risk has been and still is a driver for the industry's compliance programs. Once the CMEP is transitioned to the risk-based strategy, then such language will be in place with the CMEP and the industry can focus more on RELIABILITY risk and less on COMPLIANCE risk.
		Response: Draft 6 eliminates R2 and R4 "assess and correct" language and ties performance in avoiding communication related events that would generate a Reliability Directive.
		In addition, GSOC notes that controls-like language is a requirement which is administrative and therefore meets the criteria under P81 for exclusion from reliability requirements. It is not a risk-based reliability requirement. A reliability requirement is one that is (as the statutory definition says) a requirement to provide for reliable operation of the bulk-power system. A reliability requirement includes requirements for the operation of existing bulk-power system facilities, including cyber-security protection, and the design of planned additions or modifications to such facilities to the extent necessary to provide for reliable operation of the bulk-power system. This administrative requirement does not meet the criteria for being a reliability requirement.
		Response: Draft 6 eliminates R2 and R4 "assess and correct" language and ties performance in avoiding communication related events that would generate a Reliability Directive.

Organization	Yes or No	Question 2 Comment
Response: The OPCPSDT th	nanks you for you	r comments.
Oncor Electric Delivery Company LLC	No	Oncor supports the shift in compliance to the internal controls approach and we look forward to NERC providing a programmatic/principles framework in a collaborative approach with the industry. In the absence of this framework, it is unknown how the concept of "assess and correct" will evolve. As the framework is developed including the "assess and correct" concept, Oncor requests that continuous focus be placed on implementing principles including this concept and not requiring or specifying internal controls which would place additional compliance burden on entities. The internal controls principles/framework should enable entities to establish internal controls model utilizing deficiency correction approach but should not mandate the approach at the Standard/Requirement level. Internal Controls Program needs to be defined by an Entity, it is not a "One Size Fits All". The standards/RSAWs should reflect this understanding. Oncor does not see how the Drafting Team adequately addressed this concern. NERC and the rest of the industry should work together and define the framework around Internal Controls.
	ommunication rel	r comments. Draft 6 eliminates R2 and R4 "assess and correct" language and ties ated events that would generate a Reliability Directive. Draft 6 does not address or ots.
pacificorp	No	PacifiCorp does not support the following language referenced under R2 (with substantially similar language in R4) as it pertains to the Balancing Authority, Reliability Coordinator, Transmission Operator, Generator Operator, and Distribution Provider:"shall develop method(s) to assess System Operators' communication practices and implement corrective actions necessary to meet the expectations in its documented communication protocols developed for Requirement R1."In the absence of any proposed criteria for measuring how the aforementioned method(s) are developed, determining whether an entity has successfully met the expectations it has established in its communication protocols is subject to a multitude of interpretations. Moreover, Measures M2 and M4 are focused exclusively on the results of an entity's

Organization	Yes or No	Question 2 Comment
		periodic assessment and corrective actions. PacifiCorp believes that a results-based review of an entity's assessment fails to provide any insight into the quality of the assessment itself.
	nunication rel	r comments. Draft 6 eliminates R2 and R4 "assess and correct" language and ties ated events that would generate a Reliability Directive. Draft 6 does not address or its.
City of Garland	No	R2 & R4 Requirements are written assuming that corrective actions will be necessary. Should be written to state corrective actions "if necessary"
-	nunication rel	r comments. Draft 6 eliminates R2 and R4 "assess and correct" language and ties ated events that would generate a Reliability Directive. Draft 6 does not address or its.
Tennessee Valley Authority	No	R2 is acceptable and R4, as stated above for R3, is unnecessary and duplicative.
Response: The OPCPSDT thank	ks you for you	comments. Please refer to the response to your prior comment.
ReliabiltyFirst	No	ReliabilityFirst abstains and offers the following comments for consideration:
		1. Requirement R2 - ReliabilityFirst believes the concept of implementation of the method(s) to assess System Operators' communication should be added to the requirement. If the Entity is not required to implement the method(s), an Entity may never find any deficiencies and get to the point of implementing the corrective actions necessary to meet the expectations in its documented communication protocols. ReliabilityFirst recommends the following for consideration,
		"Each Balancing Authority, Reliability Coordinator, and Transmission Operator shall develop and implement method(s) to assess System Operators' communication practices and implement corrective actions necessary to meet the expectations in its documented communication protocols developed for Requirement R1."
		2. Requirement R4 - Similar to the comment on Requirement R2, ReliabilityFirst believes the concept of implementation of the method(s) to assess System Operators'

Organization	Yes or No	Question 2 Comment
		communication should be added to the requirement. ReliabilityFirst recommends the following for consideration,
		"Each Distribution Provider and Generator Operator shall develop and implement method(s) to assess operators' communication practices and implement corrective actions necessary to meet the expectations in its documented communication protocols developed for Requirement R3."
		comments. Draft 6 eliminates R2 and R4 "assess and correct" language and ties ted events that would generate a Reliability Directive.
North American Generator Forum Standards Review Team	No	See answer to 4 below.
Response: The OPCPSDT that	nks you for you	r comments. The OPCPSDT will address your comments at that location
Exelon	No	See comment #3 in the comment area of the last question
Response: The OPCPSDT that	nks you for you	r comments. The OPCPSDT will address your comments at that location
NIPSCO	No	See comments submitted on NIPSCO's behalf by Julaine Dyke
Response: The OPCPSDT that	nks you for you	r comments. The OPCPSDT will address your comments at that location
Georgia Transmission Corporation	No	See GTC's comments above regarding deletion of R4. GTC also believes the same logic can apply to R2 and recommends to be deleted. Additionally, see GTC's comments regarding the conflict with the drafting team's proposal to inadvertently define a new function for the DP "operators". Lastly, DPs do not issue Operating Instructions; DP field personnel only receive instructions from others.

Organization	Yes or No	Question 2 Comment
Southern Company - Southern Company Services, Inc.; Alabama Power Company; Georgia Power Company; Gulf Power Company; Mississippi Power Company; Southern Company Generation; Southern Company Generation and Energy Marketing	No	See Southern's comments above regarding deletion and/or modification of R4. If R4 was not part of this question then Southern's answer would change to yes for this question. Additionally, GOPs do not issue Operating Instructions. They only receive instructions from others. GOPs should have a communications procedure as part of their operations. However, the methods used are proper business decisions made by the GOP. The content, thoroughness and effectiveness of a communications plan are excellent items to consider when assessing an internal compliance program.
	inication relat	comments. Draft 6 eliminates R2 and R4 "assess and correct" language and ties red events that would generate a Reliability Directive. Draft 6 does not address or s.
Tacoma Power	Νο	Tacoma Power supports Draft 2 - The requirement to establish communication protocols should be identical for BA, TO, RC, GO, and DP. To make different requirements for different functions is very confusing for those who perform multiple functions.Go back to basic "3-part communication" (and include an option for push-to talk). Remove fuzzy language such as "if requested". The Standard should leave it up to the Entity to establish their communication protocols and procedures based upon the type of communication systems they are using. This draft seems to trying to write the procedures for every type of possible communication equipment rather than set a standard for how to communicate.
		comments. The OPCPSDT has substantially altered the standard by changing the R1 evelop the protocols subject to the approval of the RC. This and other changes address
Indiana Municipal Power Agency	No	The COM-003-1 standard needs to an independent document used to audit entities and the RSAW should not be used to address items not covered in the standard as to what is acceptable and what is not acceptable when it comes to instances when three-

Organization	Yes or No	Question 2 Comment
		part communication is not properly followed by an entity during an audit. IMPA is concerned that an entity has one instance of a missed repeat back and per the entity's plan they address it and re-train for it; NERC could still call it a violation. The standard language needs to be clear about the latitude that an entity is given to work things out within their internal controls. The main item that the standard should do is to make sure that entities have communication plans and their internal controls within the communication plans contain a process to monitor and self-deal with corrective action of instances where its communication plan was not properly followed. This language needs to be clearly stated in the standard and not somewhat stated in the RSAW. IMPA believes the prior version of this draft standard was close when it used language on internal controls that stated "implement, in a manner that identifies, assesses, and corrects deficiencies".
-		comments. Draft 6 eliminates R2 and R4 "assess and correct" language and ties ated events that would generate a Reliability Directive.
performance to avoiding co	minuncation rei	ated events that would generate a Kenability Directive.
Florida Municipal Power Agency	No	Use of the term "System Operators'" is ambiguous; does the requirement cause internal evaluation, or evaluation of neighboring System Operators? We assume the former and suggest adding "its" in front of "System Operators".
Florida Municipal Power Agency Response: The OPCPSDT that	No	Use of the term "System Operators'" is ambiguous; does the requirement cause internal evaluation, or evaluation of neighboring System Operators? We assume the
Florida Municipal Power Agency Response: The OPCPSDT than	No	Use of the term "System Operators'" is ambiguous; does the requirement cause internal evaluation, or evaluation of neighboring System Operators? We assume the former and suggest adding "its" in front of "System Operators".
Florida Municipal Power Agency Response: The OPCPSDT that draft 6 of COM-003-1. Ameren Response: The OPCPSDT that	No nks you for your o No nks you for your o	Use of the term "System Operators" is ambiguous; does the requirement cause internal evaluation, or evaluation of neighboring System Operators? We assume the former and suggest adding "its" in front of "System Operators". comments. The term "System Operator" has been eliminated from the requirements of We ask the SDT to delete requirements R3 and R4 because they are redundant and may cause double jeopardy for entities as these requirements are addressed in requirements R1 and R2 for the BA, RC, and TOP communication protocols with

Organization	Yes or No	Question 2 Comment
accomplishing the goals of COI	M-003-1.	
SPP Standards Review Group	No	We have concerns with the continued inclusion of Distribution Provider in the list of Applicable Entities. Although this is in response to a FERC directive, the risk that Distribution Providers present to the BES is minimal at best. Actions taken by Distribution Providers which impact the reliability of the BES, load shedding for example, are adequately covered under COM-002-3 which applies to emergency situations.
		There are also jurisdictional questions associated with FERC directing the inclusion of Distribution Providers. If the Distribution Provider must remain as an Applicable Entity, then we would propose deleting Distribution Provider from R3 and R4 and then follow with the addition of a new R5 and R6.R5.
		Each Distribution Provider that is the recipient of an oral Operating Instruction, other than Reliability Directives, shall:
		5.1 Use the English language, unless another language is mandated by law or regulation.
		5.2 Repeat, restate, rephrase, or recapitulate the oral Operating Instruction.
		5.3 For oral Operating Instructions issued as a one-way burst message to multiple parties in a short time period (e.g. an All Call system), request clarification from the issuer if the communication is not understood.
		R6. Each Distribution Provider shall develop method(s) to assess operators' communication practices and implement corrective actions necessary to meet the expectations in Requirement R5.
Response: The OPCPSDT thank	s you for you	r comments. The OPCPSDT has modified COM-003-1 to address your concern.
Northeast Power Coordinating Council	No	
SERC OC Standards Review Group	No	

Organization	Yes or No	Question 2 Comment
ISO/RTO Standards Review Committee	No	
South Carolina Electric and Gas	No	
Edison Mission Marketing & Trading	No	
ISO New England Inc.	No	
Cogentrix Energy Power Management	No	
Vijayraghavan	No	
Response:		
ACES Standards Collaborators	Yes	(1) We appreciate the drafting team allowing the registered entity to have the flexibility in determining the assessment methods and corrective actions to implement. Further, we appreciate that the measures for these requirements state that the assessment should be "periodic" but do not impose any strict timeline. We recommend that the RSAW state the same or similar language, as the entity should be able to dictate how often the assessments occur in their protocols, policies, and procedures.
Response: The OPCPSDT thanks you for your comments. Draft 6 eliminates R2 and R4 "assess and correct" language and ties performance to avoiding communication related events that would generate a Reliability Directive.		
Seattle City Light	Yes	Seattle City Light is supportive of the proposed "assess and implement" approach to compliance for COM-003 R2 and R4.
Response: The OPCPSDT thanks you for your comments. Draft 6 eliminates R2 and R4 "assess and correct" language and ties performance to avoiding communication related events that would generate a Reliability Directive.		

Organization	Yes or No	Question 2 Comment
MISO	Yes	We believe the drafting team found a very reasonable solution to meet a FERC directive for a situation that deals with managing the quality of the millions of operator communications that occur annually.
Response: The OPCPSDT thank	ks you for you	r comments.
Duke Energy	Yes	
MRO NSRF	Yes	
Luminant	Yes	
Bonneville Power Administration	Yes	
Salt River Project	Yes	
Western Electricity Coordinating Council	Yes	
San Diego Gas & Electric	Yes	
Arizona Public Service Company	Yes	
Pacific Gas and Electric Company	Yes	
Muscatine Power and Water	Yes	
Self	Yes	
Idaho Power Company	Yes	
NERC	Yes	
Public Service Enterprise Group	Yes	

Organization	Yes or No	Question 2 Comment
City of Austin dba Austin Energy	Yes	
Clark Public Utilities	Yes	
Occidental Energy Ventures Corp	Yes	
The United Illuminating Company	Yes	
Independent Electricity System Operator	Yes	
American Tranmission Company	Yes	



3. Do you agree with the VRFs and VSLs for Requirements R1, R2, R3 and R4?

Summary Consideration:

VRFs and VSLs (Question 3):

The OPCPSDT acknowledges there were many comments on draft 5 regarding VSLs and VRFs and we appreciate the contributions.

The OPCPSDT has modified draft 6, and all of the VRFs and VSLs have been modified to reflect those changes. The elimination of the "assess and correct" language and the revisions to R1, R2 and R3 have resulted in extensive changes to VRFs and VSLs for draft 6.

Organization	Yes or No	Question 3 Comment
ACES Standards Collaborators	No	(1) There are a few changes that need to be made in the severe VSLs for R1 and R3. The severe VSL states, "The Responsible Entity did not implement any documented communication protocols as required in Requirement R1." This statement is in direct conflict with the lower, medium and high VSLs because if an entity violated at least one documented communication protocol (low VSL), or two protocols (medium VSL), or three protocols (high VSL), then the entity violated "any." We recommend striking the statement in the severe VSL to avoid this conflict.
Response: The OPCPSDT thanks you for your comments. The OPCPSDT has modified draft 6, and all of the VRFs and VSLs have been modified to reflect those changes. The draft 6 approach has required substantial changes to the VSLs and VRFs.		
ReliabiltyFirst	No	 VSL for Requirement R1 - In order to capture instances where more than three parts were not addressed, the second VSL under the "High" category needs to be modified to state, "did not implement three (3) or more of the nine (9) parts of" VSL for Requirement R2 - ReliabilityFirst recommends including a lower bounds

Organization	Yes or No	Question 3 Comment
		around the "Medium VSL". As written, an entity would fall into the Medium VSL range if they only implemented 1% or implemented 49% of the corrective actions. ReliabilityFirst recommends gradating the VSLs using 25% increments across all four VSLs.3. VSL for Requirement R4 - ReliabilityFirst recommends including a lower bounds around the "Medium VSL". As written, an entity would fall into the Medium VSL range if they only implemented 1% or implemented 49% of the corrective actions. ReliabilityFirst recommends gradating the VSLs using 25% increments across all four VSLs.
Response: The OPCPSDT thank been modified to reflect those		comments. The OPCPSDT has modified draft 6, and all of the VRFs and VSLs have
Luminant	No	All comments are shown in response to Question 4.
Response: The OPCPSDT thank	s you for you	comments. The OPCPSDT will address your comments at that location.
Western Electricity Coordinating Council	No	Based on the changes we believe are necessary for Requirements R1 and R3, we beleive the VSLs should be changed accordingly.
Response: The OPCPSDT thanks modified to reflect those change		comments. The OPCPSDT has modified draft 6, and all of the VRFs and VSLs have been
Ameren	No	Concerning the VRF and VSLs we ask the SDT to review the severity levels because we do not believe that any violations of this standard should be at either a High or Severe level since these are documentation requirements.
Response: The OPCPSDT thank FERC guidelines, properly refle		comments. The OPCPSDT believes the VSL levels, in addition to adhering to NERC and of severity for violations.
CPS Energy	No	I do not agree with the requirements, therefore I do not agree with the VRF's and VSL.
Response: The OPCPSDT thank been modified to reflect those		comments. The OPCPSDT has modified draft 6, and all of the VRFs and VSLs have

Organization	Yes or No	Question 3 Comment
pacificorp	No	PacifiCorp does not support the VRFs and VSLs for Requirements R2 and R4. In keeping with PacifiCorp's comment in Question 2, a method of assessment that is not explicitly defined and cannot be measured against a clear set of criteria makes it difficult for an entity or auditor to determine whether any of the corrective actions taken by an entity have fulfilled the expectations documented in their communication protocols. Assigning a severity level based on a percentage of completion is redundant when an entity cannot determine what a "complete" assessment is or the criteria by which it is measured.
Response: The OPCPSDT thanks modified to reflect those change	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	comments. The OPCPSDT has modified draft 6, and all of the VRFs and VSLs have been
Georgia System Operations Corporation	No	R2 & R4 - we believe without any definitive guidance from NERC's still-undeveloped RAI, auditors will apply subjective judgment as to the adequacy of controls used to perform periodic assessments and therefore VRF and VSL are not appropriate.
performance to avoiding comm	nunication rel	r comments. Draft 6 eliminates R2 and R4 "assess and correct" language and ties ated events that would generate a Reliability Directive. The OPCPSDT has modified ten modified to reflect those changes.
North American Generator Forum Standards Review Team	No	See answer to 4 below.
Response: The OPCPSDT thank	s you for you	r comments. Please see our response at that location.
CenterPoint Energy Houston Electric L.L.C.	No	See comments below
Response: The OPCPSDT thank	s you for you	comments. Please see our response at that location.
Salt River Project	No	The VSLs give a higher violation to a GO than a BA for exactly the same error, even though the consequences with the BA are much greater. A GO who fails to require 3-part responses when requested is tagged with a Moderate violation, the BA with a

Organization	Yes or No	Question 3 Comment
		lower. We believe the VRF should be Low rather than Medium for R4.
Response: The OPCPSDT thank been modified to reflect those		comments. The OPCPSDT has modified draft 6, and all of the VRFs and VSLs have
Seattle City Light	No	The VSLs give a higher violation to a GO than a BA for exactly the same error, even though the consequences with the BA are much greater. A GO who fails to require 3-part responses when requested is tagged with a Moderate violation, the BA with a lower. Both should be lower.
Response: The OPCPSDT thank been modified to reflect those		comments. The OPCPSDT has modified draft 6, and all of the VRFs and VSLs have
Clark Public Utilities	No	The VSLs give a higher violation to a GO than a BA for exactly the same violation, even though the consequences with the BA are much greater. A GO who fails to require 3- part responses when requested is tagged with a Moderate violation, the BA with a Lower. Both should be Lower.
Response: The OPCP SDT thank been modified to reflect those		r comments. The OPCPSDT has modified draft 6, and all of the VRFs and VSLs have
Southern Company - Southern Company Services, Inc.; Alabama Power Company; Georgia Power Company; Gulf Power Company; Mississippi Power Company; Southern Company Generation; Southern Company Generation and Energy Marketing	No	We agree with the VRFs and VSLs for R1 and R2. As discussed above, R3 and R4 should not be part of the standard. To the extent R3 and R4 should be deleted or modified, the VRFs and VSLs should be modified accordingly.

Response: The OPCPSDT thanks you for your comments. The OPCPSDT has modified draft 6, and all of the VRFs and VSLs have

Organization	Yes or No	Question 3 Comment
been modified to reflect those	changes.	
Tennessee Valley Authority	No	We agree with the VRFs and VSLs for R1 and R2. Based on our previous comments, we do not agree with the need for R3 and R4, and therefore VRFs and VSLs for these requirements are not needed.
Response: The OPCPSDT thank been modified to reflect those		r comments. The OPCPSDT has modified draft 6, and all of the VRFs and VSLs have
Georgia Transmission Corporation	No	We agree with the VRFs and VSLs for R1. As discussed above, R3 and R4 should not be part of the standard. To the extent R3 and R4 should be deleted or modified, the VRFs and VSLs should be modified accordingly.
Response: The OPCPSDT thank been modified to reflect those		r comments. The OPCPSDT has modified draft 6, and all of the VRFs and VSLs have
SPP Standards Review Group	No	While we understand the process that gets us to the point where the VRFs for R1 and R3 are Low and those for R2 and R4 are Medium, in this situation we question the logic of the process. If developing a document only deserves a low VRF then how can we logically say that not implementing the items contained in the document is a medium? What happens if the document is flawed? This appears to be an inverted pyramid. We suggest using Low for all requirements.
Response: The OPCPSDT thank been modified to reflect those		r comments. The OPCPSDT has modified draft 6, and all of the VRFs and VSLs have
Oklahoma Gas & Electric	No	While we understand the process that gets us to the point where the VRFs for R1 and R3 are Low and those for R2 and R4 are Medium; however, in this situation we question the logic of the process. If developing a document only deserves a Low VRF then how can we logically say that not implementing the items contained in the document is a Medium? What happens if the document is flawed? We suggest using Low for all requirements.

Organization	Yes or No	Question 3 Comment
Response: The OPCPSDT than been modified to reflect thos		comments. The OPCPSDT has modified draft 6, and all of the VRFs and VSLs have
SERC OC Standards Review Group	No	
South Carolina Electric and Gas	No	
Edison Mission Marketing & Trading	No	
Cogentrix Energy Power Management	No	
Tacoma Power	No	
Vijayraghavan	No	
Manitoba Hydro	Yes	Although Manitoba Hydro is in general agreement with the standard, we have the following clarifying comments:
		(1) VSLs, R1 - the Severe category is missing the concept of 'The Responsible Entity did not implement four or more documented communication protocols as required in Requirement R1'. As written, it skips from 'three or more' to not implementing any of them. There is a gap if there is a Responsible Entity that failed to implement for example, 5 of the protocols.
		(2) VSLs, R3 - for readability, the first paragraph should be written 'The Responsible Entity did not address any parts of Requirement R3 in their documented communication protocols as required by Requirement R3.".
Response: The OPCPSDT than been modified to reflect thos		comments. The OPCPSDT has modified draft 6, and all of the VRFs and VSLs have
Duke Energy	Yes	

Organization	Yes or No	Question 3 Comment
MRO NSRF	Yes	
Bonneville Power Administration	Yes	
San Diego Gas & Electric	Yes	
Arizona Public Service Company	Yes	
Pacific Gas and Electric Company	Yes	
Muscatine Power and Water	Yes	
Self	Yes	
Idaho Power Company	Yes	
NERC	Yes	
City of Austin dba Austin Energy	Yes	
NIPSCO	Yes	
Occidental Energy Ventures Corp	Yes	
The United Illuminating Company	Yes	
NIPSCO	Yes	
Independent Electricity System Operator	Yes	
MISO	Yes	



Organization	Yes or No	Question 3 Comment
American Tranmission Company	Yes	
Oncor Electric Delivery Company LLC	Yes	

4. Do you have any other comments or suggestions to improve the draft standard?

Summary Consideration:

The content of Question four comments has been addressed in the previous three summaries and the consolidated summary.

Organization	Question 4 Comment
Manitoba Hydro	(1) 'Reliability Directive' is referred to in R1, 1.1 of the COM-003-1 standard but is not currently a FERC approved definition, defined in the Glossary of Terms.
	Response: The term "Reliability Directive" has been approved by the NERC Board of Trustees. It is appropriate to use the term.
	(2) R1, 1.3 and Rationale and Technical Justification documents - reference is made to 'interface', which is not a defined term. Accordingly, its meaning is questionable. Consider removing or clarifying.
	Response: Interface refers to Elements and Facilities that border those of other entities and interact more directly between or among those entities. Knowledge of the assigned nomenclature of those Elements and Facilities improves situational awareness.
	(3) R1, 1.6 and 1.8 - requirement language is not consistent. For example, 'recipient' and 'receiver' are used but have the same meaning. Suggest beginning the requirements with the following text "Instances where"
	Response: The SDT has modified the standard to address your concern.
	(4) R2, R4 - the word 'periodically' should be inserted before 'assess' in each of these requirements for consistency with the Measures and VSLs, which refer to 'periodic assessments'.
	Response: Draft 6 eliminates R2 and R4 "assess and correct" language and ties performance to avoiding communication related events that would generate a Reliability Directive.
	(5) R2, R4 - the phrase 'necessary to meet the expectations in its documented communication protocols' is ambiguous and will be difficult to interpret when assessing compliance. Is this statement to be the

Organization	Question 4 Comment
	interpretation of the drafter of the protocols as to what is, in their opinion 'reasonably necessary'?
	Response: Draft 6 eliminates R2 and R4 "assess and correct" language and ties performance to avoiding communication related events that would generate a Reliability Directive.
	(6) R3, 3.2 and 3.3 - requirement language is not consistent. For example, 'recipient' and 'receiver' are used but have the same meaning. Suggest beginning the requirements with the following text "Instances where"
	Response: R3, Parts 3.2 and 3.3 have been eliminated in draft 6.
	(7) General Measures - there is lack of guidance with respect to both who the documentation is to be provided, and when. For example, periodically, upon request, etc.
	Response: The OPCPSDT has made extensive changes to the draft 6 standard that required full changes to the Measurements.
	(8) M1 and M3 - ' / ' should be placed between the words 'and' and 'or'.
	Response: The OPCPSDT has made extensive changes to the draft 6 standard that required full changes to the Measurements.
	(9) Section D, Compliance, 1.1 - the paraphrased definition of 'Compliance Enforcement Authority' from the Rules of Procedure is not the standard language for this section. Is there a reason that the standard CEA language is not being used?
	Response: The OPCPSDT is using the ERO's standard Compliance language provided by the NERC legal department.
Response: The OPCPS	DT thanks you for your comments.
ACES Standards Collaborators	(1) The sub-parts of the protocols have grammatical errors, where the sub-parts do not correlate to the lead-in sentence. We recommend replacing the phrase "Require the recipient/receiver" that is stated in sub-parts 1.6, 1.8, 3.2 and 3.3 with "Instances in which the recipient/receiver is required to" in order to maintain consistency throughout the standard. Leaving these sections as mandates (verb phrases) could confuse auditors into thinking that these are zero defect requirements.
Response: The OPCPS	DT thanks you for your comments. The SDT has modified the standard to address your concern.

Organization	Question 4 Comment
Exelon	1) In the COM-003 FAQ document the response to question 5 states that R3 and R4 apply to the "recipient of the command" where the recipient is "expected to act, to change or preserve the state, status, output, or Element of the [BES] of Facility of the [BES]. In many Registered Entity organizations, the commands from a TOP, BA or an RC typically go through an intermediary dispatch control center. Then, if necessary, the commands are passed through to the associated DP or GOP. How does COM-003 apply to such organizations with respect to R3 and R4?
	Response: The OPCPSDT has substantially altered the standard making it "results" oriented and directly tying it to reliability. The draft 6 approach addresses some of the commenters concern, but sustains the applicability of the DP and GOP that will receive "Operating Instructions" because they can and do have the potential for impacting reliability on the BES.
	2) In the COM-003 FAQ document the response to question 3 states that entities "develop their own programs that support the requirements of COM-003." Suggest that the SDT clarify that recorded lines are not specifically required and that other tools such as documented direct supervisory observation could be used.
	Response: That discretion is contained in COM-003-1, D. Compliance: 1.2 Data Retention.
	3) In R3 and R4 the term 'operators' is used, in generation stations this term is widely used and relates to different job functions. Suggest clarifying the term by stating 'operators who receive Operating Instructions or Reliability Directives from a Balancing Authority, Reliability Coordinator or Transmission Operator'.
	Response: The OPCPSDT has substantially altered the standard making it "results" oriented and directly tying it to reliability. The draft 6 approach addresses does not refer to "operators".
	4) The COM-003 language that includes 'reliability directives' has the potential to create a compliance issue with COM-002 related to "all calls" since some Transmission Operations use 'all calls' or 'one way burst messaging' to communicate reliability directives. These communication methods typically do not allow for a response or repeat back or for an acknowledgement of the response accuracy. The problems with COM-002 cannot be solved by making edits to COM-003. Instead, changes to COM-002 should be made to clarify that "all calls" or burst messaging systems can be used to deliver Reliability Directives.
	Response: The OPCPSDT agrees with your comments and has elected to remove "all calls" from the standard.

Organization	Question 4 Comment
Response: The OPCPSD	T thanks you for your comments.
Western Small Entity Comment Group	1) R3 (formerly R2) apparently now applies to all of DP's or GO's operating communication expectations, and not just to Operating Instructions or Reliability Directives. We fail to see what Reliability objective is accomplished by entities presenting all their communication protocols for audit, when the only real reliability concern is if the entity responds appropriately to an Operating Instruction or Reliability Directive. Although 3.1, 3.2, and 3.3 deal only with Operating Instructions and Reliability Directives, R3 itself does not share this limitation.
	Response: The OPCPSDT has substantially altered the standard making it "results" oriented and directly tying it to reliability. The proposed draft 6 approach addresses the commenters concern, but sustains the applicability of the DP and GOP because they can and do have the potential for impacting reliability on the BES. COM-003-1, R3, draft 6 does limit the DPs and GOPs to "Operating Instructions."
	2) We also note that by removing the "in a manner that identifies, assesses and corrects deficiencies" language, R3 becomes a zero defect requirement and an entity becomes subject to sanction for a single failure to implement the developed protocol. We don't believe this was the SDT's intent, but this was the effect of moving the language to R4. R4 is simply an additional separate requirement an entity must comply with. Taken together, we believe most auditors would look first to find failures to implement procedure under R3. If any failure was found, they would assign a violation and move on to R4 to look for evidence of corrective action following the occurrence. If none were found, a second violation would be assigned.
	Response: Draft 6 eliminates R2 and R4 "assess and correct" language and ties performance to avoiding communication related events that would generate a Reliability Directive. The SDT has modified the standard to address your concern. Draft 6 does not address or reference internal controls in its requirements.
	3) We suggest: "R3. Each Distribution Provider and Generator Operator shall develop and implement, in a manner that identifies, assesses and corrects deficiencies, documented communication protocols that outline the communications expectations for receipt of Operating Instructions and Reliability Directives by its operators," and that R4 be removed.
	Response: Draft 6 eliminates R2 and R4 "assess and correct" language and ties performance to avoiding

Organization	Question 4 Comment
	communication related events that would generate a Reliability Directive. The SDT has modified the standard to address your concern. Draft 6 does not address or reference internal controls in its requirements.
Response: The OPCP	PSDT thanks you for your comments.
City of Garland	1)COM-003 now includes "Reliability Directives" which is why COM-002-3 was developed and approved - COM-002-3 does not need to exist if Reliability Directives are covered in COM-003
	Response: The OPCPSDT agrees and has removed the term "Reliability Directive" from the Parts of Requirement R1.
	2) In the Background Section of the "Unoffical Comment Form", it is stated that the final goal of this standard was to implement 3 part communication. It would seem that it would be simple to state in a requirement that the entity has to develop a procedure to use 3 part communications for Operating Instructions using English except where prohibited by law or regulation and then a 2nd requirement to develop an assessment process with a corrective process if necessary. It is totally unnecessary to write a requirement with 9 sub parts that must be accounted for in a policy and procedure for an industry wide practice that already exists. As written, it only add burdensome and unnecessary paperwork to operations and compliance departments that has to be maintained and audited - again for a process that already exists industry wide.
	Response: The OPCPSDT has reduced the number to five parts, eliminating the all call parts. The OPCPSDT believes the remaining parts are proven protocols that will prevent misunderstandings that could result in a compromised BES.
	3) Why is the Time Horizon stated as "Long Term Planning" instead of "Real-Time"
	Response: Requirements R2 and R3 are now Real Time – Time Horizons.
Response: The OPCP	PSDT thanks you for your comments.
Oklahoma Gas & Electric	o We believe that this proposed Standard (COM-003-1) meets the intent of Paragraph 81 of the FERC Order which notes that reliability standards that provide little protection to the reliable operations of the BES are redundant or unnecessary. Although blackout occurrences in the past points to communication issues, we believe it is not related to miscommunication. Instead, we believe it is due to lack of

Organization	Question 4 Comment		
	communication and communicating information that was incorrect to begin with.		
	Response: The OPCPSDT believes COM-003-1 addresses the recommendations in the 2003 Blackout Report and FERC Order 693.		
	o In the Consideration of Comments from the Feb 14-15 conference, the SDT said "The OPCPSDT maintains its position that three-part communication be addressed in documented communication protocols, where applicable." OG&E believes that while the opinions of the members of SDT are important, the SDT itself should not maintain a "position" as such. Rather, the SDT should attempt to merge direction from FERC with the comments from industry instead of rejecting industry comments out of hand. Per the Standards Process Manual (pg.9), the roles of drafting teams are:		
	o Drafts proposed language for the Reliability Standards, definitions, Variances, and/or Interpretations and associated implementation plans.		
	o Solicits, considers, and responds to comments related to the specific Reliability Standards development project.		
	o Participates in industry forums to help build consensus on the draft Reliability Standards, definitions, Variances, and/or Interpretations and associated implementation plans.		
	o Assists in developing the documentation used to obtain governmental approval of the Reliability Standards, definitions, Variances, and/or Interpretations and associated implementation plans.		
	Response: The current draft reflects a culmination of responses to industry's concerns, which the OPCPSDT, also made up of industry experts, has given careful consideration to in order to balance the direction from FERC with the concerns of the majority of the industry.		
Response: The OPCPS	Response: The OPCPSDT thanks you for your comments.		
Florida Municipal Power Agency	As commented on several times previously, FMPA will not vote Affirmative (or recommend an Affirmative vote) until the inconsistencies of COM-003-1 and COM-002-3 concerning Reliability Directives are resolved. For a Reliability Directive delivered by an "All Call", COM-003-1 does not require three part communication whereas COM-002-3 does. This inconsistency will only be a source of confusion during the very time when rapid response to communication is needed, which causes us to be concerned for reliability. FMPA continues to recommend retiring COM-002-3 as part of the implementation plan of COM-003-1 and fails to see a good reason not to do so. All that would need to be done is to retain the definition of Reliability		

Organization	Question 4 Comment
	Directive and include R1 of COM-002-3 into COM-003-1, and a slight modification to 1.5 of COM-003-1 to require confirmation of a Reliability Directive.
Response: The OPCPSD from the Parts of Requi	T thanks you for your comments. The OPCPSDT agrees and has removed the term "Reliability Directive" rement R1.
NIPSCO	As per the effort of paragraph 81, we feel that COM-002 and COM-003 should be combined into one standard. It is evident there is redundancy between these two standards which should be eliminated.
	T thanks you for your comments. Based on other feedback, the OPCPSDT has chosen not to combine the CPSDT also believes draft 6 requirements create a logical delineation between COM-002-3 and COM-003-1.
CenterPoint Energy Houston Electric L.L.C.	 CenterPoint Energy appreciates the opportunity to comment. The Company recognizes the work of the SDT however CenterPoint Energy still has large concerns with Draft 5. Specifically: 1) The addition of the term "Reliability Directive" to COM-003-1. 2) R1.9 coordination with other entities. 3) The addition of specifying the alpha-numeric format in R1.4. 4) The VSL's.
	1) The addition of the term "Reliability Directive" to COM-003-1 introduces a potential conflict with the already industry and NERC BOD approved COM-002-3. Requirements R1.7 of the current draft of COM-003-1 states: "Instances where the issuer of an oral Operating Instruction or Reliability Directive using a one-way burst messaging system to communicate a common message to multiple parties in a short time period (e.g. an All Call system) is required to verbally or electronically confirm receipt from at least one receiving party." (emphasis added) Requirements R1.8 and R3.3 of the current draft of COM-003-1 allow the recipient of a Reliability Directive from a one way burst messaging system communication to "request clarification from the issuer if the communication is not understood." (emphasis added) COM-002-3 makes no such distinctions regarding the issuing or receiving of Reliability Directives. COM-002-3 is clear; whether an entity is issuing or receiving a Reliability Directive 3-part communication must be employed. The Company firmly believes this conflict could easily cause entities to follow COM-003-1 yet be non-compliant with COM-002-3. In addition, since COM-002-3 already addresses emergency communications and has been reviewed and

Organization	Question 4 Comment
	approved by industry stakeholders as well as the NERC BOD CenterPoint Energy believes there is no additional reliability benefit to adding "Reliability Directive" to COM-003-1. CenterPoint Energy strongly recommends deleting "Reliability Directive" from COM-003-1.
	Response: The OPCPSDT agrees and has removed the term "Reliability Directive" from the Parts of Requirement R1.
	2) CenterPoint Energy has strong concerns regarding the addition of R1.9 to Draft 5 of COM-003-1. R1.9 requires that an entity's documented communication protocols address coordination with affected RC's, BA's, TOP's, DP's, and GOP's communication protocols. For responsible entities that have interconnections with multiple entities, this will be the equivalent of "herding cats". The Company does not believe it will be possible to coordinate with and come to a common agreement regarding the items in R1.1 - R1.8 with multiple parties. For example: R1.4 requires the documented communication protocols to address the format to be used when alpha-numeric clarifiers are necessary. Where a responsible entity is a TOP and is interconnected with multiple other TOP's, DP's, GOP's as well as its RC, and BA, it will be extremely difficult for all parties to agree to a common alpha-numeric format. In addition, coordination will become an issue when any of the parties decide to revise or amend its communication protocols. This will be an on-going management issue for all entities. CenterPoint Energy strongly recommends R1.9 be deleted from COM-003-1.
	Response: The OPCPSDT has modified the standard by changing the R1 language to require the TOP, BA and RC to develop the protocols subject to the approval of the RC. There were many comments supporting this decision because it promoted uniformity and relieved the DPs and GOPs from developing their own distinct protocols. Requirement 1 Part 1.9 has been eliminated from draft 6.
	3) CenterPoint Energy believes the addition to R1.4 requiring a responsible entity to specify the format to be used where alpha-numeric clarifiers are necessary is an unnecessary and burdensome requirement. The Company agrees with the SDT's decision to add to R1 and R3 language that allows an entity to address, where applicable, the items in the sub-requirements instead of requiring these items to be in the communication protocols as it was in Draft 4. However, the addition of specifying the format for those clarifiers is a step backwards. Draft 4 did not require documenting a specific format and therefore would have allowed an entity the flexibility to use, for example, "Baker" or "Bravo" for the letter "B". The Draft 5 version now sets up an operator for a possible violation if the protocol specifies "Baker" and the operator inadvertently uses "Bravo". The purpose of using alpha-numeric clarifiers is to ensure the recipient

Organization	Question 4 Comment
	understands that the alpha component, in this case, is the letter "B" and not "E" or "D". The use of "Baker" or "Bravo" accomplishes that purpose. The Company believes having to specify a format to use does not result in any reliability benefit and therefore CenterPoint Energy strongly recommends the deletion of the format requirement from R1.4.
	Response: The OPCPSDT believes an entity can resolve the concerns you cite by including them in their documented communication protocols.
	4) CenterPoint Energy firmly believes there should be no High or Severe VSL for simply failing to document a process, policy, or procedure. High or Severe VSL's should only apply to the most egregious violations that have a high impact on the reliability of the BES. As NERC has stated on many occasions, the purpose of the Reliability Standards is to enhance the reliable operation of the BES. Where an entity is performing the process, procedure, or task required in an applicable Standard and therefore is reliably operating its portion of the BES, yet has failed to document that process, procedure, or task, penalizing that entity with a High or Severe VSL will not result in improved reliable operation of the BES. CenterPoint Energy recommends no VSL's higher than Moderate.
	Response: The OPCPSDT believes that if an entity completely fails to develop and implement communication protocols, it is an egregious violation and warrants a High or Severe VSL.
	CenterPoint Energy supported Draft 4 of COM-003-1 however, the changes made by the SDT in Draft 5 has caused the Company to rethink its position. If the SDT were to make the recommended changes CenterPoint Energy would be able to support the Standard.
	Response: The OPCPSDT believes the proposed draft 6 has incorporated changes that will address your comments.
Response: The OPCPSD	T thanks you for your comments.
Clark Public Utilities	Clark Public Utilities is concerned about the conflict between COM-002 and COM-003 regarding responses to Reliability Directives. In the case of a one-way burst messaging used to issue a Reliability Directive, COM- 002 does not allow for only those responses required in COM-003 but instead requires a full 3-way communication from all parties. This potentially sets up both the issuer and receiver for violating COM-002 if they respond to a one-way burst messaging Reliability Directive as the requirements indicate in COM-003. In order to be fully compliant with BOTH standards, the receiver would have to contact the issuer, repeat

Organization	Question 4 Comment
	what was said on the original burst message, then the issuer would confirm that the response was accurate before acting on the message. Clark appreciates the responsiveness of the OPCPSDT in quickly posting an FAQ once the COM-002/COM-003 issue was raised. The opinion of the OPCPSDT notwithstanding, Clark is not reassured by the secondary documentation cited in the FAQ when the plain language of the two Standards are in conflict. A simple solution would be to eliminate the words "Reliability Directive" from COM-003, which after all is designed to address "Operating Instructions."
Response: The OPCPSD from the Parts of Requi	T thanks you for your comments. The OPCPSDT agrees and has removed the term "Reliability Directive" rement R1.
Pacific Gas and Electric Company	Draft 5 fails to address all of the communication gaps identified in the Standards Authorization Request (SAR), FERC Order 693 and the recommendations of the August 2003 Blackout Report. The draft as written does not require a consistent application of effective communications protocols but in turn requires each functional entity to develop their own protocols with insufficient guidance on how to achieve better consistency.
Authorization Request (S the last five drafts has sta the standard by changing	thanks you for your comments. The OPCPSDT believes it has addressed gaps identified in the Standards AR), FERC Order 693, and the recommendations of the August 2003 Blackout Report. Industry comment in ated the opposite of your comment—requesting less prescriptive requirements. The OPCPSDT has modified the R1 language to require the TOP, BA and RC to develop the protocols subject to the approval of the RC. ents supporting this decision because it promoted uniformity and relieved the DPs and GOPs from tinct protocols.
Edison Mission Marketing & Trading	EMMT agrees with the concepts put forth in COM-003, but have some concerns, particularly with the proposed administrative burden associated with the Standard. EMMT offers the following comments: 1. R1.9 requires a TOP, BA, and RC to coordinate with affected RC, BA, TOP, DP and GOP communication protocols; this could result in a TOP having to coordinate with a hundred+ different entities communications protocols. This coordination would not improve reliability, but only serve to create confusion and significant communication time delays in real-time operations. Both R1 and R4 create significant documentation and administrative burdens, without providing a comparable improvement to the reliability of the BES. As reliability based Standard, COM-003 should focus on those actions that would have a direct impact on reliability, while minimizing the administrative burden.

Organization	Question 4 Comment
	Response: The OPCPSDT has modified the standard by changing the R1 language to require the TOP, BA and RC to develop the protocols subject to the approval of the RC. The reason for the change is based on other commenters' recommendations to have the DP and GOP implement the protocols established by the directing RC, BA and TOP. There were many comments supporting this decision because it promoted uniformity and relieved the DPs and GOPs from developing their own distinct protocols.
	2. R3 should end after the first sentence. GOPs do not issue Operating Instructions. They only receive instructions from others. GOPs should have a communications procedure as part of their operations, however, the methods used are properly business decisions made by the GOP. The content, thoroughness and effectiveness of a communications plan are excellent items to consider when assessing an entity's internal compliance program.
	Response: The OPCPSDT believes the proposed draft 6 has incorporated changes that will address your comments.
	3. R4 raises the question of sufficiency of an entity's corrective program. The RSAW requires the GO to turn over records of monitoring communications as well as records of corrective actions and then prove the "problem" is not still in place. This standard could easily turn into a high-profile audit target due to the varying concepts of what does and does not constitute a sufficient corrective action program.
	Response: The OPCPSDT eliminates R2 and R4 "assess and correct" language in Draft 6 and ties performance to avoiding communication related events that would generate a Reliability Directive. The OPCPSDT believes compliance will be uncomplicated and focused on stability on the BES.
	4. EMMT recommends that the language to M4 be changed as follows:
	M4. Each Distribution Provider and Generator Operator shall provide the results of its periodic assessment and of any corrective actions (if any corrective actions were implemented) developed for Requirement R4. Examples of sufficient periodic assessment programs include, but are not limited to, the following:
	 Documented review of voice logs for a total of at least one hour per calendar year for each operator (does not need to be a single session) Documented personal monitoring of communications for a total of at least one hour per calendar
	year for each operator (does not need to be a single session)
	Documented annual training Examples of sufficient corrective action programs include, but are not

Organization	Question 4 Comment
	 limited to, the following: Documented refresher training Documented meeting Documented "hot box" communication
	Response: The OPCPSDT believes the proposed draft 6 has incorporated changes that will address your comments.
	5. The VSLs give a higher violation to a GOP than a BA for exactly the same error, even though the consequences with the BA are much greater. A GOP who fails to require 3-part responses when requested is tagged with a Moderate violation, while the BA would receive a Lower.
	Response: The OPCPSDT believes the proposed draft 6 has incorporated changes that will address your comments.
	 6. In the RSAW, the following passage should be expunged; "Where practicable, verify that deficient communication practice was indeed corrected by reviewing evidence of Operator communications (such as voice recordings) occurring after the date of the corrective action to determine if deficient communication practice was corrected." Differentiating between slips of the tongue and "deficient communication practices" involves subjective judgments. The same is true for attempting to identify changes in an operator's degree of understanding, especially when doing so through the numbing process of making before-and-after voice recording comparisons. This is an open-ended matter that could very quickly become an unreasonable compliance burden. RSAWs in general should not introduce new requirements, measures or forms of evidence, so the GOP materials reviewed should be limited to the protocols/procedures of R3, and the assessment forms and corrective action reports of R4. Response: The OPCPSDT believes the proposed draft 6 has incorporated changes that will address your
	comments.
Response: The OPCP	SDT thanks you for your comments.
Electric Reliability Council of Texas, Inc.	ERCOT recognizes and commends the drafting team's efforts to respond to industry comments and is supportive of draft 5 of COM-003-1. It should be clear in the definition and the standard that electronic systematic interchanges are not Operating Instructions. Please consider modifying the last sentence of the definition for Operating Instructions as below:"Discussions of general information and of potential options

Organization	Question 4 Comment
	or alternatives to resolve BES operating concerns as well as electronic, system to system, interchanges are not considered Operating Instructions."
	Response: The OPCPSDT will keep the existing language in the definition of Operating Instructions. The language of the requirements and parts narrow the focus of COM-003-1 to voice communication.
	ERCOT ISO also maintains that the sub-requirements for R1 and R3 are not the "communication protocols" that FERC Order 693 and Blackout Recommendation #26 intended to be addressed as they are solely focused on "miscommunication". However, ERCOT ISO believes that the structure of COM-003-1, in allowing an entity to address subrequirements through development of its own documented communication protocols and identification of the instances of needing to use such protocols, allows for future revisions to focus on the subrequirements, as needed, leaving the construct in place to easily add, modify, or delete such parts as necessary through such subsequent revisions. An example of such a revision is where IRO-014-1 R1 has a similar construct and was modified to include an additional subrequirement (R1.7) in version 2.
	Response: The OPCPSDT acknowledges your position but believes it has properly addressed the protocols as stated in FERC Order 693 and Blackout Recommendation #26.
	ERCOT believes that oral and written operator communication requirements should be in a single reliability standard and supports further refinement of the requirements and combining COM-002 and COM-003 into a single reliability standard.
	Response: Based on other feedback, the OPCPSDT has chosen not to combine the two standards. The OPCPSDT also believes draft 6 requirements create a logical delineation between COM-002-3 and COM-003-1.
Response: The OPCPSD	Γ thanks you for your comments.
Georgia System Operations Corporation	GSOC recommends that only R1 and R3 survive; eliminate R2 and R4.
Response: The OPCPSD	Γ believes the proposed draft 6 has incorporated changes that will address your comments.
Georgia Transmission	If Requirements R3 and R4 are neither deleted nor reworded as suggested above, then changes should be

Organization	Question 4 Comment
Corporation	made in the standard to clearly define the term "operator" or disassociate the term from the DP function.
Response: The OPCPS	DT believes the proposed draft 6 has incorporated changes that will address your comments.
Indiana Municipal Power Agency	IMPA believes there is a conflict between COM-003-1 and COM-002-3 when it comes to how an entity replies back to an "All Call". COM-003-1 does not require three part communication and it seems that COM-002-3 does require it. This creates confusion and needs to be corrected.IMPA supports the use of one communication standard to address proper communication protocols for Directives and Operating Instructions. This could be accomplished by retiring COM-002-3 upon the implementation of COM-003-1.
Based on other feed	SDT thanks you for your comments. The OPCPSDT has removed all "all call" references from COM-003-1. back, the OPCPSDT has chosen not to combine the two standards. The OPCPSDT also believes draft 6 a logical delineation between COM-002-3 and COM-003-1.
American Electric Power	It needs to be acknowledged by the project team that there are overlapping requirements between COM- 003-1 and COM-002-3. Although the project webpage states that "COM-003-1 establishes the practice of using communication protocols for all Operating Instructions", COM-003-1 explicitly includes Reliability Directives along with the Operating Instructions. We understand Reliability Directives to be a subset of Operating Instructions, so with respect to Reliability Directives, there are unnecessary overlaps which will only cause confusion in adhering to the standard. In short, COM-003-1 should only be adopted with the understanding that the overlapping requirements in COM-002 would then be retired.
	Response: Based on other feedback, the OPCPSDT has chosen not to combine the two standards. The OPCPSDT also believes draft 6 requirements create a logical delineation between COM-002-3 and COM-003-1.
	AEP supports the forward-looking approach advocated by NERC's Reliability Assurance Initiative. We believe this proposed standard puts "the cart before the horse" in that it mandates internal controls for a limited number of requirements rather than taking a wholistic approach where internal controls are generally required for all standards and where that language is housed outside of the standard itself.
	Response: The OPCPSDT believes the proposed draft 6 has incorporated changes that will address your comments.

Organization	Question 4 Comment
	AEP believes this R 1.3 is redundant with TOP-002 R18. Other requirements in this proposed standard are already in place to drive clarity of communication. Response: The OPCPSDT believes that structured awareness of interfaced transmission assets by adjoined entities increases situational awareness, provides clear understanding and removes hesitation or doubt when issuing or receiving Operating Instructions.
Response: The OPC	PSDT thanks you for your comments.
Luminant	Luminant is generally supportive of the direction of this standard and agrees that requiring a documented communication protocol and monitoring processes is the correct approach for this standard. While we understand the need for the some Registered Entities (RE) to use a one-way burst messaging system to make mass communication quicker and easier the inclusion of Reliability Directive in R1.7, R1.8 and R3.3 creates a conflict COM-002-3 R2 and R3. By including Reliability Directives in R1.7, R1.8 and R3.3 which allows and electronic response or only one receipt to restate, the receiving REs will not be able to comply with COM-002-3 R2 that requires EACH recipient of a Reliability Directive to repeat, restate, rephrase or recapitulate the Reliability Directive. Removing Reliability Directive from those section would eliminate any confusion and conflict between COM-002-3 and COM-001-3 and allow COM-001-3 to be passed and implemented. Alternatively, COM-002-3 could be revised to CLEARLY STATE that it only applies to one-on-one verbal (or written?) communication.
Response: The OPCPS will address your con	SDT thanks you for your comments. The OPCPSDT believes the proposed draft 6 has incorporated changes that inments.
Occidental Energy Ventures Corp	Occidental Energy Ventures Corp. ("OEVC") is firmly on board with the strategy taken by the drafting team to incorporate structure in the communication of Operating Instructions, while allowing each entity some flexibility in the process. As a GOP, we take very seriously our responsibility to accurately capture and execute all instructions from RCs, BAs, and TOPs that may affect the state of the Bulk Electric System. This approach will allow us to differentiate between instructions issued orally, via email/messaging, and one-to-many broadcasts - which change rapidly as new communications technologies are introduced. In addition, we agree that a risk-based compliance method is necessary - particularly in the case of oral communications. Even the most perfectly trained operators can stumble on occasion, and the result should not be a compliance violation unless the errors continue to manifest themselves. Furthermore, the amount

Organization	Question 4 Comment
	of overhead necessary to ensure that every oral instruction is repeated back with time stamps, equipment identifiers, and alpha-numeric clarifiers is extraordinary in the zero-defect model. However, we are not convinced that these excellent intentions are captured in a manner that will assure consistent assessments by Compliance Enforcement Authorities. It is clear from our reading of the FAQs recently posted by the drafting team that many industry respondents are unclear how auditors will interpret COM-003-1's requirements over a wide range of operating scenarios - a concern that we share. This means that a common understanding must be reached in an enforceable document that both operators and CEAs can rely on for consistency. In our view, the RSAW is the logical vehicle for this approach. It is a fundamental audit tool and has been traditionally used as a semi-binding reference in the evaluation of reliability compliance. In addition, the concurrent development of the RSAW with COM-003-1 was instituted precisely to ensure uniformity between the SDT's intent and the standard's enforcement. This implies that the RSAW must contain a greater level of detail to address multiple situations - and we have provided specific suggestions in our RSAW feedback form along these lines.
	Response: The OPCPSDT believes the proposed draft 6 has incorporated changes that will address your comments.
	Lastly, we do not have a clear understanding how Requirement R1.9 will be implemented. As it is presently written, it would seem that GOPs should expect some notification from their RCs, BAs, and TOPs that communication policies are to be "coordinated." Our experience has been that some entities simply post instructions on their web-sites hidden among many other documents - which does not count as coordination in our view. However, we are not sure that the issuers' policies are consistent with all of R1's other sub-requirements. As such, OEVC recommends that R1.9 be removed.
	Response: The OPCPSDT agrees and has changed the wording of R1, to eliminate Part 1.9.
Response: The OPCPSDT	thanks you for your comments.
SPP Standards Review Group	Our comments are listed with the specific question they address.
Response: The OPCPSD	Γ thanks you for your comments.
San Diego Gas & Electric	Please see comments: NEW NERC RELIABILITY STANDARD - COM-003-1 - Version 5Version 5 comments R1.1 and R3.1 Proposed

Organization	Question 4 Comment
	Updated Language: Use of English language when issuing or responding to an oral or written Operating Instruction or Reliability Directive, unless another language is mandated by law or regulation, or as otherwise agreed to by the parties.
	Comment: The Western Interconnection is interconnected with Mexico, south of the California, Arizona and New Mexico borders and with Canadian provinces north of the Washington, Idaho and Montana borders. SDG&E, which is located at the California-Mexico border, communicates almost daily with the Mexico utility located in Baja California, CFE. When the standards became mandatory and enforceable, in compliance with COM-001, R4, SDG&E maintained an agreement with CFE which documents that English will typically be used, but in instances where communicating in Spanish is more effective in ensuring system reliability, the personnel involved will use Spanish given that all parties involved are fluent in Spanish. CFE does not have a mandate to be in compliance with the U.S. NERC Reliability Standards. The native language in Mexico is Spanish, and SDG&E staffs its Electric Grid Operations department with personnel who are fluent in Spanish, therefore its agreement with CFE is managed to insure that all communications with its neighbor to the south are clear, concise, and understood. In addition, there are at least two generation stations located south of the California border, interconnected with SDG&E, and the employees at those stations are fluent in Spanish, therefore, because those generation station personnel will also communicate with the California ISO and the WECC RC on occasion, those entities and procedures developed by power company entities south of the border are written in Spanish, and at times, written communication between U.S. and entities in Mexico are in Spanish. Since SDG&E's neighbors to the south do not have to comply with U.S. NERC Reliability Standards, SDG&E proposes the revisions to COM-003-1 R1.1 and R3.1 as identified above. This proposed revision provides for the flexibility that already exists in COM-001 R4 that has effectively worked over the last several years.
	Response: The OPCPSDT developed the standard in a manner to permit the RC to direct the development of the protocols within the RC control area. It is important for clarity that a singular language be used for BES operating commands. Risk of miscommunication increases when multiple languages are permitted.
	R1.2 Proposed Updated Language: Instances that require time identification when issuing an oral or written Operating Instruction or Reliability Directive, and the format for the time identification specified uses a 24-

Organization	Question 4 Comment
	hour clock format and the Entity's time zone.
	Comment: SDG&E prefers the language proposed above. The proposed language leaves NO doubt associated with how to reference a specific time for ALL entities. If one entity uses the 24 hour clock, and another is using a.m. and p.m., it simply leaves the opportunity for some confusion that can be eloquently avoided when stating that a 24 hour clock is to be used.
	Response: The OPCPSDT has modified the standard by changing the R1 language to require the TOP, BA and RC to develop the protocols subject to the approval of the RC.
Response: The OPCPSD	T thanks you for your comments.
Oncor Electric Delivery Company LLC	R1.9 states that entities will address "Coordination with affected Reliability Coordinators', Balancing Authorities', Transmission Operators', Distribution Providers', and Generator Operators' communication protocols." Coordination with these entities in the ERCOT market will become cumbersome. Is it the SDT's intent to ensure all communication protocols are coordinated with multiple entities that a Transmission Operator communicates with, including the RC, BA, other TOs, GOPs, and DPs? Oncor is unclear how an entity with multiple registrations would communicate with itself in different functions. Would this require an entity with multiple registration functions to designate personnel by functional entity and in turn, personnel would have to identify which functional entity each person they interface with? It is impractica and inefficient to require Entities to re-organize all personnel which would foster an inefficient structure and could potentially lead teams to not communicate effectively. In addition, this could have a negative impact on communications between companies. For example, in the ERCOT region, there are approximately 15 local control centers and ERCOT who are all registered as TOPs. One might interpret communications between neighboring TOPs or ERCOT and one of the local control centers are not subject to the requirements of COM-003-1 since these are TOP to TOP communications. We strongly recommend the SDT review this to greatly simplify COM-003-1. Potential alternative to the current language would be "require entities to implement, in a manner, protocols that include three-part communication for Operating Instructions" and eliminate the reference to Functional Entity.

Response: The OPCPSDT thanks you for your comments. The OPCPSDT has modified the standard by changing the R1 language to require the TOP, BA and RC to develop the protocols subject to the approval of the RC. The reason for the change is based on other commenters' recommendations to have the DP and GOP implement the protocols established by the directing RC, BA and TOP. There

Organization	Question 4 Comment
-	pporting this decision because it promoted uniformity and relieved the DPs and GOPs from developing their he goal is to establish a high degree of communication uniformity within the RC operating area.
Salt River Project	R4 should be eliminated and R3 should end after the first sentence. GOs do not issue Operating Instructions. They only receive instructions from others. GOs should have a communications procedure as part of their operations. However, the methods used are properly business decisions made by the GO. The content, thoroughness and effectiveness of a communications plan are excellent items to consider when assessing an internal compliance program.
and ties performance to	thanks you for your comments. The OPCPSDT eliminates R2 and R4 "assess and correct" language in draft 6 avoiding communication related events that would generate a Reliability Directive. The OPCPSDT believes it ne GOPs and DPs roles to those who will only receive Operating Instructions.
SERC OC Standards Review Group	Regarding question #1, the SERC OC Review Group agrees with the definition of Operating Instruction. While we also can agree to the changes made to R1, we feel R3 in its entirety is unnecessary and duplicative. Removal of the word "develop" would eliminate double-jeopardy concerns. R3 could be acceptable if "develop and" are omitted and "as developed in R1" is inserted after "protocols" and before "that." It should be noted that this suggestion only applies to the sub-requirements in R1 that correspond to the proposed sub-requirements in R3.Regarding question #2, R2 is acceptable and R4, as stated above for R3, is unnecessary and duplicative. Regarding question #3, we agree with the VRFs and VSLs for R1 and R2. Based on our previous comments, we do not agree with the need for R3 and R4, and therefore VRFs and VSLs for these requirements are not needed. Additional SERC OC Standards Review Group supporting these comments are James Wood with Southern Company and Kelly Casteel with TVA. The comments expressed herein represent a consensus of the views of the above named members of the SERC OC Standards Review Group only and should not be construed as the position of SERC Reliability Corporation, its board, or its officers.
6 and ties performance	T thanks you for your comments. The OPCPSDT eliminates R2 and R4 "assess and correct" language in draft to avoiding communication related events that would generate a Reliability Directive. The OPCPSDT draft 6 has incorporated changes that will address your comments.
Cogentrix Energy Power Management	Regarding question #1, the SERC OC Review Group agrees with the definition of Operating Instruction. While we also can agree to the changes made to R1, we feel R3 in its entirety is unnecessary and

Organization	Question 4 Comment
	duplicative. Removal of the word "develop" would eliminate double-jeopardy concerns. R3 could be acceptable if "develop and" are omitted and "as developed in R1" is inserted after "protocols" and before "that." It should be noted that this suggestion only applies to the sub-requirements in R1 that correspond to the proposed sub-requirements in R3. Response: The OPCPSDT believes the proposed draft 6 has incorporated changes that will address your comments.
	Regarding question #2, R2 is acceptable and R4, as stated above for R3, is unnecessary and duplicative. Response: The OPCPSDT believes the proposed draft 6 has incorporated changes that will address your comments.
	Regarding question #3, we agree with the VRFs and VSLs for R1 and R2. Based on our previous comments, we do not agree with the need for R3 and R4, and therefore VRFs and VSLs for these requirements are not needed.
	The OPCPSDT believes the proposed draft 6 has incorporated changes that will address your comments.1. R1.9 requires a TOP, BA, and RC to coordinate with affected RC, BA, TOP, DP and GOP communication protocols; this could result in a TOP having to coordinate with a hundred+ different entities communications protocols. This coordination would not improve reliability, but only serve to create confusion and significant communication time delays in real-time operations. Both R1 and R4 create significant documentation and administrative burdens, without providing a comparable improvement to the reliability of the BES. As reliability based Standard, COM-003 should focus on those actions that would have a direct impact on reliability, while minimizing the administrative burden.
	Response: The OPCPSDT has changed the coordination requirement in draft 6 by eliminating requirement 1, Part 1.9 and changing the R1 language to require the TOP, BA and RC to develop the protocols subject to the approval of the RC. The reason for the change is based on other commenters' recommendations to have the DP and GOP implement the protocols established by the directing RC, BA and TOP. There were many comments supporting this decision because it promoted uniformity and relieved the DPs and GOPs from developing their own distinct protocols.
	2. R3 should end after the first sentence. GOPs do not issue Operating Instructions. They only receive instructions from others. GOPs should have a communications procedure as part of their operations,

Organization	Question 4 Comment
	however, the methods used are properly business decisions made by the GOP. The content, thoroughness and effectiveness of a communications plan are excellent items to consider when assessing an entity's internal compliance program.
	Response: The OPCPSDT believes the proposed draft 6 has incorporated changes that will address your comments.
	3. R4 raises the question of sufficiency of an entities corrective program. The RSAW requires the GO to turn over records of monitoring communications as well as records of corrective actions and then prove the "problem" is not still in place. This standard could easily turn into a high-profile audit target due to the varying concepts of what does and does not constitute a sufficient corrective action program.
	Response: The OPCPSDT eliminates R2 and R4 "assess and correct" language in draft 6 and ties performance to avoiding communication related events that would generate a Reliability Directive.
	4. The SRT recommends that the language to M4 be changed as follows:
	M4. Each Distribution Provider and Generator Operator shall provide the results of its periodic assessment and of any corrective actions (if any corrective actions were implemented) developed for Requirement R4. Examples of sufficient periodic assessment programs include, but are not limited to, the following:
	 Documented review of voice logs for a total of at least one hour per calendar year for each operator (does not need to be a single session)
	 Documented personal monitoring of communications for a total of at least one hour per calendar year for each operator (does not need to be a single session)
	 Documented annual training Examples of sufficient corrective action programs include, but are not limited to, the following:
	 Documented refresher training Documented meeting Documented "hot box" communication
	Response: The OPCPSDT believes the proposed draft 6 has incorporated changes that will address your comments.
	5. The VSLs give a higher violation to a GOP than a BA for exactly the same error, even though the consequences with the BA are much greater. A GOP who fails to require 3-part responses when requested is

Organization	Question 4 Comment
	tagged with a Moderate violation, while the BA would receive a Lower.
	Response: The OPCPSDT believes the proposed draft 6 has incorporated changes that will address your comments.
	6. In the RSAW, the following passage should be expunged; "Where practicable, verify that deficient communication practice was indeed corrected by reviewing evidence of Operator communications (such as voice recordings) occurring after the date of the corrective action to determine if deficient communication practice was corrected." Differentiating between slips of the tongue and "deficient communication practices" involves subjective judgments. The same is true for attempting to identify changes in an operator's degree of understanding, especially when doing so through the numbing process of making before-and-after voice recording comparisons. This is an open-ended matter that could very quickly become an unreasonable compliance burden. RSAWs in general should not introduce new requirements, measures or forms of evidence, so the GOP materials reviewed should be limited to the protocols/procedures of R3, and the assessment forms and corrective action reports of R4.
Response: The OPCPS	DT believes the proposed draft 6 has incorporated changes that will address your comments.
NERC	Requirement (R1.5) provides inadequate protection against a misunderstanding when directives are issued. Granted, the Requirement does obligate the party receiving the directive to repeat back the directive. However, if the recipient repeats the directive back to the person issuing the directive, and the "repeat back" indicates the recipient has misunderstood the directive, this Requirement merely obligates the person issuing the directive to state the directive again. The Requirement places no obligation on the person issuing the directive, who knows he has been misunderstood, to explicitly and clealy bring to the attention of the recipient that the recipient has misunderstood. All the party issuing the directive has to do is repeat what he has already said. The party issuing the directive is under no obligation to make it clear that there has been a misunderstood, with no explicit statement that there has been a mistake, leaves open the potential for the recipient to be unaware he has misunderstood and to execute a misunderstood directive.
Response: The OPCPS that will address your	DT thanks you for your comments. The OPCPSDT believes the proposed draft 6 has incorporated changes comments.
American Tranmission	Requirement 1.9 requires "Coordination with affected Reliability Coordinators', Balancing Authorities',

Organization	Question 4 Comment
Company	Transmission Operators', Distribution Providers', and Generator Operators' communication protocols." This requirement seems unnecessary since the requirements of COM-3-1 apply to all these entities. If everyone is adhering to the requirements of COM-3-1 then the need for coordination is redundant as it becomes automatic. If individual entities adopt slight nuances to this requirement, or are more restrictive then the requirement then coordination between every entity becomes extremely difficult.
Response: The OPCPSD1 protocols subject to the	has modified the standard by changing the R1 language to require the TOP, BA and RC to develop the approval of the RC.
Northeast Power Coordinating Council	Requirement 3 is an administrative requirement that does little to benefit the reliable operation of the BES. Response: The OPCPSDT believes the proposed draft 6 has incorporated changes that will address your comments.
	By specifically calling out "Directives" in the requirement it creates the potential for double jeopardy with other requirements such as COM-002, IRO-001 and TOP-001 which all speak to following Directives.
	Response: The OPCPSDT believes draft 6 requirements create a logical delineation between COM-002-3 and COM-003-1.
	Requiring a documented communications protocol when the only responsibility is repeat back the instruction as received and seek clarification if the directive is misunderstood is beyond the intended scope of the reliability program in general. This requirement should be removed.
	Response: The OPCPSDT believes the proposed draft 6 has incorporated changes that will address your comments.
	Requirement 4 should be removed because it is unnecessary and excessive. The smaller entities that this will affect do not record phone conversations and it would be difficult to assess performance based on the very low number of "Operating Instructions" or "Directives" that these entities actually receive. The performance of "Operating Instructions" should be the proof. A better approach would be to amend the above mentioned standards (IRO, TOP, COM) to include "Operating Instructions" along with Directives.
	Response: The OPCPSDT eliminates R2 and R4 "assess and correct" language in draft 6 and ties performance to avoiding communication related events that would generate a Reliability Directive. Operating Instructions.
	The term "All Call" is used in Requirement 1 Part 1.8. It should be defined in the NERC Glossary. If it isn't to

Organization	Question 4 Comment
	be defined, then it should not be capitalized. Regarding Requirement 1 Part 1.8, and Requirement 3 Part 3.3, the receiver of an oral Operating Instruction or Reliability Directive from a one-way burst messaging system is "to request clarification from the issuer is the communication is not understood." What if the receiver never gets the issued Operating Instruction or Reliability Directive? Regarding Requirement 1 Part 1.8, and Requirement 3 Part 3.3, suggest changing "using" to "from" to make them read "Require the receiver of an Oral Operating Instruction or Reliability Directive from a one-way burst" Response: The OPCPSDT believes the proposed draft 6 has incorporated changes that will address your comments.
Response: The OPCPSD	Γ thanks you for your comments.
Seattle City Light	Seattle City Light is concerned about the conflict between COM-002 and COM-003 regarding responses to Reliability Directives. In the case of a one-way burst messaging used to issue a Reliability Directives, COM- 002 does not allow for only those responses required in COM-003 but instead requires a full 3-way communication from all parties. This potentially sets up both the issuer and receiver for violating COM-002 if they respond to a one-way burst messaging Reliability Directive as the requirements indicate in COM-003. In order to be fully compliant with BOTH standards, the receiver would have to contact the issuer, repeat what was said on the original burst message, then the issuer would confirm that the response was accurate before acting on the message. Seattle City Light appreciates the responsiveness of the OPCPSDT in quickly posting an FAQ once the COM- 002/COM-003 issue was raised. The opinion of the OPCPSDT not withstanding, Seattle is not reassured by the secondary documentation cited in the FAQ when the plain language of the two Standards are in conflict. Past experience, such as illustrated in the 2008 PacifiCorp case, shows that where Standards are unclear or in conflict, auditors have been prone to take the language at face value and disregard secondary documents. In addition, entities charged with implementing the Standards are prone to change practices to avoid ambiguous areas and compliance risk, which in this case could result in the phase-out of effective all- call or burst messaging systems for announcing reliability Directives. As a result, Seattle is sufficiently concerned about the audit and reliability implications created by the present draft of COM-003 to change from a YES position to NO at this time. Seattle is prepared to support COM-003 once this conflict is addressed. A simple solution would be to

Organization	Question 4 Comment
	Instructions."Inclusion of Reliability Directive language in COM-003 creates an additional complication, by making R1.8 incomplete. R1.8 require the receiver of an oral Operating Instruction or Reliability Directive using a one-way burst messaging system to communicate a common message to multiple parties in a short time period (e.g. an All Call system) to request clarification from the issuer if the communication is not understood. This language does not address the next step: if an entity receives a burst message from its RC that is unclear, and is unable to reach the RC for clarification (perhaps because the RC is busy handling the emergency situation), what is the entity to do? Implement to Reliability Directive to its best understanding? Wait until it can clarify the Directive? Do nothing? Serious reliability and compliance risks attend all of these possibilities, adn the Standard should be clear as to which is prefered. Seattle again recommends removing "Relaibility Directive" language from COM-003 as a simple solution. If the Reliability Directive language remains in COM-003, this potentiality should be addressed in the Standard as to which approach is prefered.
Response: The OPCPSDT	believes the proposed draft 6 has incorporated changes that will address your comments.
The OPCPSDT also believ	es draft 6 requirements create a logical delineation between COM-002-3 and COM-003-1.
NIPSCO	See comments submitted on NIPSCO's behalf by Julaine Dyke
Response: The OPCPSD	T thanks you for your comments. Please refer to our response at that location.
NIPSCO	see NIPSCO comments from Julaine Dyke, thanks
Response: The OPCPSD	T thanks you for your comments. Please refer to our response at that location.
Southern Company - Southern Company Services, Inc.; Alabama Power Company; Georgia Power Company; Gulf Power Company; Mississippi Power Company; Southern Company	See Southern's comments for R3 and R4 in the RSAW comments regarding use of the terms "Operator" and "operator". If Requirements R3 and R4 are neither deleted nor reworded as suggested above, then changes should be made in either the standard or the RSAW to make the two terms consistent and to clearly define the term "operator" if necessary.

Organization	Question 4 Comment
Generation; Southern Company Generation and Energy Marketing	
Response: The OPCPSDT will address your comme	thanks you for your comments. The OPCPSDT believes the proposed draft 6 has incorporated changes that nts.
CPS Energy	Separate the Distribution Provider (DP) and Generator Operator (GOP) COM requirements into a separate standard.
Response: The OPCPSDT is more efficient.	thanks you for your comments. The OPCPSDT believes keeping the applicable entities in the same standard
SMUD/Balancing Authority of Northern California	SMUD would like to thank the Drafting Team for their efforts. While we agree with the intent of COM-003 we would like the Drafting Team to provide input on a possible conflict between the Board approved COM-002-3 Requirement and Draft #5 of COM-003-1 Requirements R1, Part 1.7 & R3, Part 3.3. It appears that a "One-way" burst messaging that includes either oral or electronic Operating Instructions or Reliability Directives as depicted in the current COM-003 does not require practice of 3-way communication prior to taking action. Since COM-002 Requirement R2 specifies that the recipient "shall repeat, restate, rephrase, or recapitulate the Reliability Directive" it is unclear whether or not the receiving parties of a blast message adhering to the COM-003 Standards would be in compliance with COM-002 requirement R2.
	believes the proposed draft 6 has incorporated changes that will address your comments. The OPCPSDT irements create a logical delineation between COM-002-3 and COM-003-1.
Tacoma Power	Tacoma Power believes the Standard Drafting Team made Draft 5 overly complex and confusing for the System Operators and Operators to use. The Drafting Team needs to go back to the basics. The standard should apply to all, BA, TO, RC, GO and DPs alike.
	1. Require all parties to develop Communication Protocols, train their operating personnel to use them, review their protocols annually and make improvements if necessary.
	2. Require all parties to use "3-part communication" and forget the "oral two-party, person-to-person Operating Instruction" that has different requirements for GO and DP. All responsible entities should have the same requirements. The proposed Standard as written allows for the Instruction to be repeated back "if requested" by the issuer. This exception creates a "compliance" trap for the people communicating -

Organization	Question 4 Comment
	remove it.
	BASIC 3-PART COMMUNICATION should include:
	* A System Operator or Operator shall issue an Operating Instruction
	* The person receiving the Operating Instruction shall repeat it back to the issuer, and/or request clarification if needed* The System Operator or Operator will acknowledge as correct and/or discuss clarifications as needed and agree on the final instruction.
	3. We are not sure why "address nomenclature for Transmission interface Elements and Transmission interface Facilities" has replaced the term "common line identifiers." Entities should coordinate their communication protocols with the other Entities that they commonly communicate with and agree on:
	* Nomenclature for Lines and equipment
	* A common system for Alpha Numeric clarifiers
	* Use 24-hour clock and identify the time, time-zone and if day-light savings or standard time is in effect. System Operators and Operators are too busy to be put in the position of trying to maintain compliance with a standard that is so convoluted and confusing as to become a potential violation. Tacoma Power supports the original premise of the proposed COM-003 and the concept to separate the technical communication equipment requirements from communication protocol requirements but the drafting team has gone too far away from the intent of the standard by trying to make exceptions for too many different issues when they do not need to. Get back to the basics, i.e. Draft 2.
Response: The OPCPSD	T believes the proposed draft 6 has incorporated changes that will address your comments.
Texas Reliability Entity	Texas RE voted "no" on this draft for reasons expressed in our comments submitted on prior drafts. In particular, we are concerned about lack of coordination between COM-003 and COM-002.
-	T thanks you for your comments. The OPCPSDT believes the proposed draft 6 has incorporated changes omments. The OPCPSDT also believes draft 6 requirements create a logical delineation between COM-002-
Western Electricity Coordinating Council	The apparent conflict beteen COM-002-3 and COM-003-1 needs to be addressed. The information provided in the Frequently Asked Questions document was helpful but it is not clear that a drafting team response to

Organization	Question 4 Comment
	a frequently asked question can alter what is required in another standard. It s not clear that developeing a communcations protocol that says three-part communcation is not necessry for a one-way burst message is going to relieve a BA, RC, or TOP from the requirement to use three-part communcations for all Reliabliity Directives. If the position is that thre-part communcation is not required for one-way burst messages, this exception should be included in COM-002-3.
	T believes the proposed draft 6 has incorporated changes that will address your comments. The OPCPSDT quirements create a logical delineation between COM-002-3 and COM-003-1.
Santee Cooper	The latest version of COM-003 introduces a potential conflict with COM-002 related to use of one-way burst messaging systems to issue a Reliability Directive. COM-002 does not allow for only those responses required in COM-003 but instead requires a full 3 way communication from all parties. This potentially sets up both the issuer and receiver for violating COM-002 if they respond to a one-way burst messaging RD as the requirements indicate in COM-003.
	In COM-003, the follow Requirements are included:
	R1.7 Instances where the issuer of an oral Operating Instruction or Reliability Directive using a one-way burst messaging system to communicate a common message to multiple parties in a short time period (e.g. an All Call system) is required to verbally or electronically confirm receipt from at least one receiving party.
	R1.8 Require the receiver of an oral Operating Instruction or Reliability Directive using a one-way burst messaging system to communicate a common message to multiple parties in a short time period (e.g. an All Call system) to request clarification from the issuer if the communication is not understood.
	R3.3 Require the receiver of an oral Operating Instruction or Reliability Directive using a one-way burst messaging system to communicate a common message to multiple parties in a short time period (e.g. an All Call system) to request clarification from the issuer if the communication is not understood.
	In other words, COM-003 allows one-way burst messaging to be used for Reliability Directives and prescribes:
	o issuer to confirm receipt from at least one receiving party

Organization	Question 4 Comment
	o receiver to request clarification from the issuer if the communication is not understood
	SDT believes the proposed draft 6 has incorporated changes that will address your comments. The OPCPSDT requirements create a logical delineation between COM-002-3 and COM-003-1.
MRO NSRF	The NSRF recommends the following issues be addressed in order to provide a less ambiguous Requirement.
	Regarding R1 and the term; 'implement'. The "Blue Box" explanation is not carried forward when the standard is filed with the Commission. The "Blue Box" explanation greatly expands the meaning "and implement". Our understanding of 'implement' is that you will use the documented communication protocols in the manner outlined in your System Operator communications protocols. Training is not a demonstration of implementing. Only actual System Operator communications demonstrating the use of the communication protocols is demonstrating implementation. Recommend that "training" be removed from the blue text box since training is inherent to assuring that protocols are followed. The Training issue will also need to be removed from the RSAW.
	Response: The OPCPSDT has eliminated the blue box. The OPCPSDT believes the proposed draft 6 has incorporated changes that will address your comments.
	Suggest R1.8 be removed. This requirement cannot be measured. How do you prove compliance? An entity will be asked to prove the negative and demonstrate that my System Operators were not confused? I can see where I might have to provide an attestation that states: "My System Operators were not confused on any one-way burst messages." This proposed requirement is a common sense issue.
	Response: The OPCPSDT has removed R1.8.
	R1.9, R3.3: the word "coordination with affected" is vague and open to many interpretations. Suggest this requirement be deleted. Should the requirement be kept, suggest clarifying what is intended in the requirement. Such as "RC, TOP's BA's shall share their communication protocols with applicable RC, BA, TOP, " The NSRF does not understand if the intent is to share or coordinate protocols? Both have different outcomes, please clarify.
	Response: The OPCPSDT has modified the standard by changing the R1 language to require the TOP, BA and RC to develop the protocols subject to the approval of the RC.
	The NSRF believes that the infrequent communications to a Distribution Provider, that are not already in

Organization	Question 4 Comment
	scope of COM-002-3, do not carry any considerable risk to the BES. The administrative burden on the Distribution Provider should be greatly reduced, as there would not be a measurable gain in reliability by requiring them to formally document communication protocols and establish a monitoring program. To address these concerns, we recommend that Distribution Provider be removed from the applicability in R3 and R4. Secondly, we suggest that an R5 be created similarly to COM-002-3, R2. Recommend the following for how the new R5 might read:
	R5. Each Distribution Provider that is the recipient of an oral Operating Instruction, other than Reliability Directives, shall:
	5.1 Use the English language, unless another language is mandated by law or regulation.
	5.2 Repeat, restate, rephrase, or recapitulate the oral Operating Instruction, excluding oral Operating Instructions issued as a one-way burst message.
	Response: The OPCPSDT believes the proposed draft 6 has incorporated changes that will address your comments.
Response: The OPCPSD	T thanks you for your comments.
Public Service Enterprise Group	The purpose statement needs to have "System Operators" limited to just those of RCs, TOPs, and BAs. The definition of "System Operators" in the NERC Glossary includes GOPs. The capitalizd language added to the Purpose statement below would clarify this:
	Purpose: To provide System Operators OF RELIABILITY COORDINATORS, TRANSMISSION OPERATORS, AND BALANCING AUTHORITIES predefined communications protocols that reduce the possibility of miscommunication that could lead to action or inaction harmful to the reliability of BES.
Response: The OPCPSD 003-1 to address the co	Γ thanks you for your comments. The OPCPSDT changed the language of the purpose statement to COM- mmenter's concern.
ISO/RTO Standards Review Committee	The SRC recognizes and commends the Drafting Team's efforts to respond to Industry comments and to offer a revised pragmatic solution for this Project. The proposed changes do not create a common results-based standard that addresses let alone resolves any identified reliability problem. The SRC is concerned that the posting as proposed the standard creates a fill-in-the-blanks solution that could discourage a functional entity from employing anything more than a least common denominator solution.

Organization	Question 4 Comment
	Response: The OPCPSDT believes the proposed draft 6 has incorporated changes that will address your comments.
	Technically the definition and proposal are improvements and the SRC would agree with the proposed changes, if the definition and proposal were needed. The issue is with the need for this definition, and the continuing debate this definition is generating. The SRC is opposed to having this term defined and added to the NERC Glossary. The term operating instruction does not need to be defined. For years, system operators deal with operating instructions on a daily if not minute-to-minute basis. Having a defined term, and calling such communication as "Command" is unnecessary, and potentially could confuse operators from what they understand to be the meaning of operating instructions. While the SDT has found that their previous definitions were not appropriate for a NERC standard, and the subsequent incremental changes are useful, the debate itself does not seem to be a productive use of the SDT's or the Industry's time. The SRC would prefer that the objectives of the SAR (communications protocols) be handled through means other than a Standard requires zero-defect compliance, data retention, self-reporting, and requires these debates over the proposed terms such as "Operating instruction" which diverts the Industry, NERC and the Regional Entities from focusing on more productive reliability issues.
	The proposed RSAW wording must be more objective as the current test contains too many subjective requirements:
	Page 3
	o " Identification of instances" - will this be viewed as identification of every instance or will one instance be sufficient?
	o "whennecessary" - who decides when there is a necessity? The auditor or the functional entity?
	Page 4
	o"may include" - this phraseology may be seen as meaning the listed following items are among the items that are required but are themselves insufficient to meet the requirement.
	Page 5
	o "reviews of System Operator voice recordings: - it should be made clear that the "review" is of the

Organization	Question 4 Comment
	sampled recordings used by the entity in its own self-assessments, and not a "review" of any voice recording.
	o "Where practicable" is subjective and inappropriate for a standard. To avoid confusion and misapplication of the standard, the RSAW should include a statement that messaging systems are not oral communication and not evaluated under the standard.
	Response: The OPCPSDT believes the proposed draft 6 has incorporated changes that will address your comments.
Response: The OPCPSE	OT thanks you for your comments.
North American Generator Forum	The SRT agrees with the concepts put forth in COM-003, but have some concerns, particularly with the proposed administrative burden associated with the Standard. The SRT offers to following comments:
Standards Review Team	1. R1.9 requires a TOP, BA, and RC to coordinate with affected RC, BA, TOP, DP and GOP communication protocols; this could result in a TOP having to coordinate with a hundred+ different entities' communications protocols. This coordination would not improve reliability, but only serve to create confusion and significant communication time delays in real-time operations. Both R1 and R4 create significant documentation and administrative burdens, without providing a comparable improvement to the reliability of the BES. As reliability based Standard, COM-003 should focus on those actions that would have a direct impact on reliability, while minimizing the administrative burden.
	Response: The OPCPSDT has modified the standard by changing the R1 language to require the TOP, BA and RC to develop the protocols subject to the approval of the RC.
	2. R3 should end after the first sentence. GOPs do not issue Operating Instructions. They only receive instructions from others. GOPs should have a communications procedure as part of their operations, however, the methods used are properly business decisions made by the GOP. The content, thoroughness and effectiveness of a communications plan are excellent items to consider when assessing an entity's internal compliance program.
	Response: The OPCPSDT believes the proposed draft 6 has incorporated changes that will address your comments.
	3. R4 raises the question of sufficiency of an entities corrective program. The RSAW requires the GO to turn over records of monitoring communications as well as records of corrective actions and then prove the

Organization	Question 4 Comment
	"problem" is not still in place. This standard could easily turn into a high-profile audit target due to the varying concepts of what does and does not constitute a sufficient corrective action program.
	Response: The OPCPSDT believes the proposed draft 6 has incorporated changes that will address your comments.
	4. The SRT recommends that the language to M4 be changed as follows:
	M4. Each Distribution Provider and Generator Operator shall provide the results of its periodic assessment and of any corrective actions (if any corrective actions were implemented) developed for Requirement R4. Examples of sufficient periodic assessment programs include, but are not limited to, the following:
	-Documented review of voice logs for a total of at least one hour per calendar year for each operator (does not need to be a single session)
	-Documented personal monitoring of communications for a total of at least one hour per calendar year for each operator (does not need to be a single session)
	-Documented annual training Examples of sufficient corrective action programs include, but are not limited to, the following:
	-Documented refresher training-Documented meeting-Documented "hot box" communication
	Response: The OPCPSDT believes the proposed draft 6 has incorporated changes that will address your comments.
	5. The VSLs give a higher violation to a GOP than a BA for exactly the same error, even though the consequences with the BA are much greater. A GOP who fails to require 3-part responses when requested is tagged with a Moderate violation, while the BA would receive a Lower.
	Response: The OPCPSDT believes the proposed draft 6 has incorporated changes that will address your comments.
	6. In the RSAW, the following passage should be expunged; "Where practicable, verify that deficient communication practice was indeed corrected by reviewing evidence of Operator communications (such as voice recordings) occurring after the date of the corrective action to determine if deficient communication practice was corrected." Differentiating between slips of the tongue and "deficient communication practices" involves subjective judgments. The same is true for attempting to identify changes in an operator's degree of understanding, especially when doing so through the numbing process of making

Organization	Question 4 Comment
	before-and-after voice recording comparisons. This is an open-ended matter that could very quickly become an unreasonable compliance burden. RSAWs in general should not introduce new requirements, measures or forms of evidence, so the GOP materials reviewed should be limited to the protocols/procedures of R3, and the assessment forms and corrective action reports of R4. Response: The OPCPSDT believes the proposed draft 6 has incorporated changes that will address your comments.
Response: The OPC	CPSDT thanks you for your comments.
NYISO	The text presented in the blue box for Requirement 1 should be incorporated into Requirement #1. If the requirement needs to be explained at this point, we recommend clarifying it in the text. In addition, by using this definition we have now introduced a list of controls that we will be audited against.
	Response: The blue text box has been eliminated. The OPCPSDT believes the proposed draft 6 has incorporated changes that will address your comments.
	The requirement should simply be to have a procedure. The controls assessment can be addressed during the future RAI process. The current draft provides for a fill in the blank framework that allows for an entity to define what is applicable for its communication protocol. A better approach would be to state that an entity may include items from the list provided that the entity identifies them as critical. Then the entity would only be required to show what is critical to its operations, rather than having to prove what is not critical.
	Response: The OPCPSDT eliminates R2 and R4 "assess and correct" language in draft 6 and ties performance to avoiding communication related events that would generate a Reliability Directive.
	The language in requirement 1.5 needs to be clarified. It is not clear on how an entity is required to 'confirm' the response was accurate. This could simply be a '2 part communication', where once the receiving entity repeats the instruction, the initiator may move on if he deems it correct. Or does the confirmation need to be 'confirmed' with the receiving party as in '3 part communications'? If the requirement is meant to initiate 2 part communication, the requirement should say that. If the requirement is meant for '3 part communication,' then we recommend utilizing the language from COM-002 R2 in place of Requirements 1.5 and 1.6.
	Response: The OPCPSDT believes the proposed draft 6 has incorporated changes that will address your

Organization	Question 4 Comment
	comments.
Response: The OPCPSD	T thanks you for your comments.
that will address your c	These comments are submitted on behalf of the following PPL Companies: Louisville Gas and Electric Company and Kentucky Utilities Company; PPL Electric Utilities Corporation, PPL EnergyPlus, LLC; and PPL Generation, LLC, on behalf of its NERC registered subsidiaries. The PPL Companies are registered in six regions (MRO, NPCC, RFC, SERC, SPP, and WECC) for one or more of the following NERC functions: BA, DP, GO, GOP, IA, LSE, PA, PSE, RP, TO, TOP, TP, and TSP. The PPL Companies believe that the revised COM-003 standard represents an improvement over previous drafts. Nevertheless, we have one concern with the proposed standard and urge the Standard Drafting Team to add the following note to Requirements 1.7, 1.8, and 3.3 in the standard before it is submitted to NERC and FERC for their approval: Notwithstanding anything in COM-002, the requirements set forth in COM-003 Requirements R1.7, R1.8 and R3.3 shall govern the manner for responding to Reliability Directives that are issued through one-way burst messages (e.g., an All Call system).
3 and COM-003-1. South Carolina Electric and Gas	This standard is becoming overly complicated. The reason this COM standard is being developed is to reduce the possibility of miscommunication of information when the BES is being altered. This proposed standard is an administrative burden. Operators will be fearful that they will cause a NERC Compliance Violation every time they communicate. Their focus will be on communicating compliantly and not on
	operating the BES. Consideration should be given to simplifying this standard. Below is an unrefined proposal for consideration:
	I Below is an inretined proposal for consideration.
	R1: Applicable REs shall have a procedure that requires its personnel (whether as a receiver or as an

Organization	Question 4 Comment
	back/confirmation. Additionally, this requires operators and field personnel to remember one thing: when changing the state of the BES they must use 3-part communication.)
	R2: Each calendar month REs required to comply with R1 shall assess a random sample of communications that occurred over the month to ensure that three-way communication was properly being utilized, when the BES was being altered. In instances where deficiencies are found, REs shall require remedial training to be completed by the individuals involved in the deficient communication. (Remedial training will act as a deterrent for those who get lazy about using three-part communication. Additionally, peers will be aware of who had to undergo remedial training, which will further act as deterrent. Requiring remedial training would be an incentive to using three-part communication properly)
Response: The OPCPSDT will address your comme	thanks you for your comments. The OPCPSDT believes the proposed draft 6 has incorporated changes that ents.
MISO	To avoid confusion and misapplication of the standard, the RSAW should include a statement that electronic messaging systems are not subject to compliance with this standard.
Response: The OPCPSD that will address your o	T thanks you for your comments. The OPCPSDT believes the proposed draft 6 has incorporated changes comments.
Tennessee Valley	TVA Nuclear Power's Human Performance program is driven by INPO and includes
Authority	1) requirements for operations to use 3-way communication and the phonetic alphabet; and
	2) a documented assessment process via an established observation program with corrective actions. Any additional oversight process will contribute to distraction in the control room and promote overreliance on process and procedure with a "checklist mentality" rather than focus on potential impacts of the task being performed. If the RC, TOP, or BA specifically requests confirmation of a verbal communication (R1.6), our nuclear plant operators will respond accordingly as they are already expected to do. The use of "periodic assessment" in the measurements does not provide adequate guidance in the development of consistent, effective measures of compliance.
	thanks you for your comments. The OPCPSDT believes the proposed draft 6 has incorporated changes that
	ents. The OPCPSDT has modified the standard by changing the R1 language to require the TOP, BA and RC to
levelop the protocols su	bject to the approval of the RC.

Organization	Question 4 Comment
The United Illuminating Company	UI as its functional role of DP is voting No because of the conflict between COM-003 R 1.7, R1.8 and R3.3 with COM-002 R2. COM-003 allows for the RC/TOP/BA communication protocol when issuing Reliability Directives to overide the clearly stated requirement of COM-002 R2 that a DP SHALL REPEAT, RESTATE, REPHRASE, OR RECAPITULATE the Reliability Directive. There is no leeway in COM-002 R2 to allow for solely providing an affirmation of receipt of a verbal reliability directive or not repeating back the message when the RC/TOP requests no repeat. As a DP, UI is placed in a position of attempting to comply with two opposing requirement in the two standards. If the RC/TOP communication protocol clearly stated that there will be no repeat back when receiving a verbal Reliability Directive and COM-003 requires a DP to comply with the RC/TOP communication protocol, UI would have to choose between violating COM-002 or COM-003. Since the VRF for COM-002 R2 is HIGH indicating a greater risk to reliability than COM-003 VRF LOW, UI would comply with COM-002 R2. This issue can be resolved either by correcting COM-002 by assigning the flexibility of opting out of repeat back to the RC/TOP/BA function, or removing the words "Reliability Directive" from COM-003.
-	F believes the proposed draft 6 has incorporated changes that will address your comments. The OPCPSDT uirements create a logical delineation between COM-002-3 and COM-003-1.
Hydro One Networks Inc.	We are not convinced that a Standard is the best approach to routine communications, but we feel that the latest draft is a reasonable compromise.
Response: The OPCPSD	Γ thanks you for your comments.
ISO New England Inc.	We do not believe a Standard is needed, given other developments:
	A. The SDT materials have not demonstrated the reliability gap/need for this Standard. Without having a better sense of what the scope of the actual reliability risks are (frequency, impact, etc), it's difficult to know if the proposed solution - as embodied in COM-003 Draft Version 5 - is "necessary to provide for reliable operation of the bulk-power system".
	Response: The OPCPSDT believes the proposed draft 6 has incorporated changes that will address your comments.

Organization	Question 4 Comment
	B. Moreover, the Requirements that the recipient repeat, restate, etc., if required/requested by the issuer (1.6 & 3.2) suggest that a RC, BA or TOP needs to ensure a repeat back or be non-compliant even though taking this extra time may, in fact, impact reliability.
	Response: The OPCPSDT believes the proposed draft 6 has incorporated changes that will address your comments. The OPCPSDT has modified the standard by changing the R1 language to require the TOP, BA and RC to develop the protocols subject to the approval of the RC.
	C. Lastly, the fact that the Ballot Body and Standard Drafting Team continue to have so many questions about how to interpret these requirements (see the recently issued FAQs) suggests:
	(a) that the Operating Committee would serve as a more effective forum for discussing what additional communication practices, if any, are needed, and
	(b) the requirements themselves may be unduly ambiguous Proposed Solution: We support strengthening communications protocols such as contained in the pending COM-002 revisions and in the OC White Paper. NERC Event Analysis Staff should work with the NERC OC to document the reported risks to the system, continue to monitor system operator performance, and periodically report on findings.
	If, however, it is determined that the Standard will move forward, then we would offer the following suggestions:
	A. We consider use of one-way burst messaging systems to be electronic and, as such, do not believe they should be included in the Standard. Further, in accordance with 1.5, a one-way burst messaging system is not a "oral two party, person-to-person Operating Instruction," which would further justify its exclusion.
	Response: The OPCPSDT believes the proposed draft 6 has incorporated changes that will address your comments.
	B. Draft Version 5's Requirements establish that each covered registered Entity shall develop its own communication protocol outlining the communications expectations of its operators. This has the potential for confusion as multiple Registered Entities within a single RC, BA or TOPs' footprint may establish different communication expectations.
	- Proposed Solution: The Requirements should establish that if the RC, BA or TOP establish a communication protocol for their System Operators, the RC, BA or TOP should share that protocol with

Organization	Question 4 Comment
	Registered Entities operating within their footprint, those Registered Entities must follow the RC, BA or TOP's protocol, or adopt a consistent one for their company
	Response: The OPCPSDT has modified the standard by changing the R1 language to require the TOP, BA and RC to develop the protocols subject to the approval of the RC.
	C. We agree with the SDT that the COM Standard need not employ a "zero tolerance/zero defect" approach, because NERC Enforcement need not monitor and assess every Operator-to-Operator communication. In Draft Version 5 (Measurements & RSAW), NERC, however, appears to adopt an approach of establishing "zero tolerance" around a Company's Internal Controls program. The RSAW states that registered entities must provide "evidence that corrective actions necessary to meet the expectations in its documented communication protocols are taken" and "deficient communication practice was indeed corrected." - This type of approach to Standard drafting raises untested questions of how the Standard will be enforced, whether it is a "fill-in-the-blank"-type Standard, and whether a new "zero tolerance" enforcement approach to monitoring will, in fact, be maintained.
	- Proposed solution: Draft a Standard that sets performance based expectations and allow the ERO to use its enforcement discretion (e.g., through FFT and through review of internal control programs) to determine how stringently to audit and sanction.
	Response: The OPCPSDT believes the proposed draft 6 has incorporated changes that will address your comments.
Response: The OPCPSDT thanks you for your comments.	
Ameren	We would ask the SDT to consider for clarity to this standard that COM-002 only address Reliability Directives and COM-003 only address Operating Instructions.
Response: The OPCPSDT thanks you for your comments. The OPCPSDT believes the proposed draft 6 has incorporated changes that will address your comments. The OPCPSDT also believes draft 6 requirements create a logical delineation between COM-002-3 and COM-003-1.	

END OF REPORT

