

NERC

NORTH AMERICAN ELECTRIC
RELIABILITY CORPORATION

DRAFT FOR COMMENT ONLY

Report from the Ad Hoc Group for Generator
Requirements at the Transmission Interface

to ensure
the reliability of the
bulk power system

AUGUST 14, 2009

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Executive Summary

Conclusions

1. Generator Interconnection Facilities operating at a voltage of 100 kV or greater or those deemed critical to the Bulk Electric System by the Regional Entity makes the Generator Interconnection Facility part of the Bulk Electric System for purposes of applying Generator Owner and Generator Operator requirements but not for applying Transmission Owner or Transmission Operator requirements.
2. The Generator Owner or Generator Operator that owns and or operates a Generator Interconnection Facility, that is a sole-use facility that interconnects the generator to the grid, should not be registered as a Transmission Owner or Transmission Operator by virtue of owning or operating its Generator Interconnection Facility.
3. A Generator Interconnection Facility as defined by the group is considered part of the generating facility.
4. Changes to NERC Reliability Standards are needed to ensure complete reliability coverage of the Generator Interconnection Facility.
 - a. 35 [will update number prior to finalization] NERC Reliability Standards contain language regarding generators or generating facilities for which greater clarity regarding its Generator Interconnection Facilities would ensure no reliability gap exists
 - b. 9 [will update number prior to finalization] NERC Reliability Standards should have their applicability expanded to include Generator Operators to address general reliability gaps not attributable to their Generator Interconnection Facilities.
 - c. 7 [will update prior to finalization] new Reliability Standard Requirements should be added to ensure the responsibilities for owning and operating the Generator Interconnection Facility are clear, and to address certain requirements that should apply to all generators regardless of interconnection configuration.
5. If a generator is connected to multiple transmission facilities or configured such that an outage of the Generator Interconnection Facility results in the outage of an integrated transmission line (i.e. three-terminal configurations), then those transmission facilities are integrated transmission facilities and should be subjected to the applicable Transmission Owner and Transmission Operator Standard Requirements.
6. If a Generator Interconnection Facility is not solely-used to bring the unit output of the generating facility to the grid, then the Generator Interconnection Facility should be subjected to the applicable Transmission Owner and Transmission Operator Standard Requirements.
7. After review of the existing Transmission Owner requirements that are not currently applicable to Generator Owners, only FAC-003-1 should have its applicability expanded to include Generator Owners as a result of its Generator Interconnection Facilities, but only under certain conditions.
8. After review of the existing Transmission Operator requirements that are not currently applicable to Generator Operators, no existing Transmission Operator

requirements should apply to Generator Operators as a result of its Generator Interconnection Facility.

9. New NERC Glossary definitions are needed for Generator Interconnection Facility and Point of Interconnection, as well as modifications to Vegetation Inspection, Right-of-Way, Generator Owner, Generator Operator, and Transmission.

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Recommendations

1. Submit urgent action Standards Authorization Requests (SARs) to add or modify the definitions in NERC's Glossary for Generator Interconnection Facility and Point of Interconnection, as well as modifications to Vegetation Inspection, Right-of-Way, Generator Owner, Generator Operator, and Transmission.
2. Submit urgent action SARs to modify existing Standard Requirements to add specificity for Generator Interconnection Facility where appropriate, to add Generator Operator applicability where needed, to add Requirements to capture responsibilities for owning and operating Generator Interconnection Facilities, and to add Requirements where necessary that should be applicable to Generator Operators regardless of the interconnection configuration.
3. Modify the applicability of FAC-003-1 to apply to Generator Owners when their Generator Interconnection Facility operates at 200 kV or above and is deemed to be critical to the Bulk Electric System.
4. Reporting requirements for FAC-003-1 R3 should be applicable to all Generator Owners on a comparable basis as the current standard, that is, for Generator Interconnection Facilities operating at voltages above 200 kV or designated by the Regional Entity as critical facilities that extend beyond the generator property line.
5. Modify the NERC Rules of Procedure, NERC Compliance Registry Criteria, and other documents as necessary to reflect that a Generator Owner should not be registered as a Transmission Owner and a Generator Operator should not be registered as a Transmission Operator on the basis of their Generator Interconnection Facilities.
6. NERC and the Regional Entities should refrain from further registering Generator Owners and Generator Operators as Transmission Owners and Transmission Operators generically by virtue of their Generator Interconnection Facilities.
7. Given the conclusions and recommendations by the group, NERC and the Regional Entities should implement a plan to address de-registering those Generator Owners and Generator Operators that have previously been registered as a Transmission Owner and Transmission Operator by virtue of their Generator Interconnection Facilities.

Discussion

Historical Perspective

On January 14, 2008, the NERC Board of Trustees Compliance Committee rendered a decision upholding the Western Electricity Coordinating Council's (WECC's) determination to register the New Harquahala Generating Company ("Harquahala") as a Transmission Owner and Transmission Operator. This determination is based on Harquahala's 26-mile 500 kV interconnection facilities that connect the plant with the Hassayampa transmission substation. In its determination, NERC concluded that:

- Harquahala met its glossary definition of "Transmission Owner" and "Transmission Operator";
- Harquahala's interconnection facilities are integrated transmission elements as described in NERC's Compliance Registry because they interconnect the generating facility to the transmission grid; and,
- Harquahala as a generating facility and the transmission station to which it interconnects are material to the Bulk Power System.

As a result, NERC found that Harquahala must be registered as a Transmission Owner and Transmission Operator in order to provide for proper coordination between Harquahala and Salt River Project, owner and operator of the Hassayampa substation, and for proper operation and maintenance of the interconnection facilities. NERC stated that a reliability gap exists because several high risk Reliability Standards do not otherwise apply to Harquahala under its other registration functions including those for vegetation management; taking corrective action if a protective relay failure reduces system reliability; coordinating protection systems; analyzing protection system misoperations and developing a corrective action plan to avoid future misoperations; developing procedures for monitoring voltage levels and reactive flow; and exercising the responsibility and clear decision-making authority to take actions needed to ensure the reliability of its area and to take action to alleviate operating emergencies. NERC stated, "from a reliability perspective and from the standpoint of section 215 of the FPA, this transmission line is integrated with other elements of the [Bulk Power System] requiring coordination of operation with those other elements." NERC also noted that Harquahala's registration status is based on ownership of its generation facilities, while its Transmission Owner and Transmission Operator status are based on ownership and operation of the transmission facilities.

In its appeal to FERC, Harquahala argued that its interconnection facilities were not integrated transmission elements; that its facilities will not have a material impact on the Bulk-Power System; that registration as a Transmission Owner and Transmission Operator is unwarranted because there is no reliability gap; and that its registration as such would result in inconsistent registrations in WECC and other regions. Harquahala notably did not contest that its interconnection facilities were part of the Bulk Power System.

FERC denied Harquahala's appeal on the material impact of the assets to the reliability of the Bulk Power System, but declined to address issues regarding the NERC Compliance Registry Criteria and the definition of "integrated transmission element." FERC noted that "if Harquahala is only registered as a Generator Owner and Generator Operator, and not a Transmission Owner and Transmission Operator, it will not be required to have its staff trained and NERC-certified to operate these facilities in an emergency or to coordinate protection for its transmission line and switchyard with other transmission operators and the Regional Entity." Further, FERC noted that if adequate reliability requirements were not provided on Harquahala's tie-line, there is a reliability risk affecting a significant portion of the Bulk Power System in WECC confirming that a reliability gap exists. Significantly, FERC indicated that its finding in this case is case-specific and not one that all tie-line owners and operators should now be registered as Transmission Owners and Transmission Operators. Because Harquahala cannot physically comply with all transmission owner and transmission operator requirements in NERC standards, FERC directed NERC and Harquahala to negotiate those that will be applicable to them. This activity was completed in July, 2008.

The impact of the Harquahala registration decision manifested itself in a concern by some Generator Owners and Generator Operators regarding the criteria (or the lack thereof) that would be used to consistently determine whether other Generator Owners and Generator Operators would be also subject to registration as a Transmission Owner and Transmission Operator. In addition to the Harquahala case, there have been a small number of similar appeals to registration decisions on this issue that resulted in the registration of Generator Owners and or Generator Operators as Transmission Owners and or Operators. It is not clearly known the number of Generator Owners and Generator Operators also registered as Transmission Owners and Transmission Operators by virtue of its Generator Interconnection Facilities that have chosen not to appeal.

In response to this growing concern, NERC undertook a survey in the Fall, 2008 to identify the specific nature of the concerns, to review and highlight those Transmission Owner and Transmission Operator Requirements that should be considered for generic applicability for Generator Owners and Generator Operators for their tie-line facilities, and to collect ideas for how the issue could be resolved. There were wide-ranging viewpoints to the topic from the over 100 respondents but there was no support for merely assigning all Transmission Owner and Transmission Operator Requirements to the Generator Owner and Generator Operator on the basis of their Generator Interconnection Facilities. One consistent suggestion was to assemble a group of industry representatives to analyze and make recommendations for resolving the issue, thereby establishing general criteria for determining whether Generator Owners and Generator Operators should be registered for Transmission Owner and Transmission Operator Requirements in NERC's Reliability Standards.

Accordingly, in February, 2009, NERC announced the formation of the Ad Hoc Group for Generator Requirements at the Transmission Interface.

Team Objective

“Evaluate existing NERC Reliability Standard Requirements and develop a recommendation and possible Standards Authorization Request to address gaps in reliability for interconnection facilities of the Generator Owner and expectations for the Generator Operator in operating those facilities. Propose strategies to address or resolve other related issues as appropriate.”

Team Composition

The team was selected to provide a cross-section of participants across different geographic regions and industry segments, specifically linked with various NERC technical groups, and representative of both the operating and planning perspectives. The size of the team was intentionally managed to foster an efficient and effective disposition of the team’s obligations. The team consisted of the following members:

Scott Helyer, Chair	Tenaska, Inc.
Steven Cobb	Salt River Project
Keith Daniel	Georgia Transmission Corporation
Jeffrey Gillen	American Transmission Corporation
Anthony Jankowski	We Energies
Gregory Mason	Dynegy
Eric Mortenson	Exelon Energy Delivery
Timothy Ponseti	Tennessee Valley Authority
Kent Saathoff	Electric Reliability Council of Texas, Inc.
Gerry Adamski	NERC Staff Coordinator

Problem Statement

The team devoted energy at the outset of the effort to clearly define and understand the problem that the team was organized to address. In this deliberation and determination, the team developed the following problem statement, assumptions, and process description that it used to guide its activities thereafter as presented in **Exhibit 1**:

Exhibit 1

Problem Statement:

Certain equipment owned and or operated by generators may be defined as part of the Bulk Electric System. As such, the team needs to determine which owner and operating requirements are needed for reliability purposes for these facilities and then identify the functional entity¹ accountable for compliance to those requirements.

Assumptions:

1. There are pieces of equipment at 100 kV and above currently owned and operated by generators that may fall under the definition of Bulk Electric System and therefore are under the purview of the NERC Reliability Standards.
2. For pieces of equipment identified in assumption No. 1 above, at least one functional entity must be identified to be responsible for each standard requirement applicable to these facilities at an ownership and operating level, understanding that multiple ownership and operating arrangements exist.²
3. Separate the ownership expectations from the operating expectations in the discussion.
4. Current standard requirements assigned to Generator Owners and Generator Operators are appropriate.

Process to Address Identified Problem

1. Review the list of standard requirements applicable to Transmission Owners and or Transmission Operators that are not currently applicable to Generator Owners and or Generator Operators.
2. Determine which of the Transmission Owner standard requirements not assigned to Generator Owners should always be, never be, or could possibly be assigned to address potential reliability gaps based on the equipment owned by the Generator Owner.
3. Determine which of the Transmission Operator standard requirements not assigned to Generator Operators should always be, never be, or could possibly be assigned to address potential reliability gaps based on the equipment operated by the Generator Operator.
4. Determine if these requirements are already covered by other existing reliability standard requirements.
5. If not, determine a strategy for identifying the functional entity that should be assigned the responsibility for these requirements, not necessarily limited to the current list of functional entities.
6. Perform sensitivity analyses using the list of “parking lot” questions/issues to determine further activities for the team.

¹ The use of the term “functional entity” is not intended to limit team consideration to those functional entities currently utilized in NERC’s Reliability Standards. If in its deliberation, the team identifies a new functional entity that should be defined; the team can make such a proposal.

² The goal is to assign responsibility for these requirements to a single functional entity but recognize that clear delineation of these responsibilities must be identified when multiple entity arrangements apply.

7. Finalize recommendations within a final report that includes potential SARs.

Issues List

The industry survey that NERC conducted in late 2008 led to the identification of seventeen 17 issues for team consideration that are presented below. These were included in the original proposal that recommended the formation of the team. The team in varying degrees addressed most of these issues as discussed below, and in some cases, captured the response to several related issues in one response. This discussion includes the summary of the team's deliberation and the rationale for the conclusion the team reached on each issue, and any recommendations that resulted from those discussions. During the course of these discussions, the team carefully separated the impact from the generating unit itself from the impact from the interconnection facilities. Stated more specifically, by virtue of the interconnection facilities that connect a generating unit to the grid and the various configurations therein, are there certain of NERC's existing Transmission Owner and Transmission Operator requirements that currently do not apply but should apply to the Generator Owner and or Generator Operator? However, the team did not consider the potential loss of energy produced by the generator as a sufficient reason to apply Transmission Owner and or Transmission Operator standards to the generator. In circumstances where improvement to a Requirement is needed and is applicable because of the generating plant itself and not due to the interconnection facilities, the team identified the needed change and noted it as a generic generator issue. The team also believed it appropriate to consider the owner requirements apart from the operation requirements.

1. Identify what is needed to ensure the reliable supply of real and reactive power to the grid; and determine the goal of the Generator Owner and Generator Operator Requirements (bulk electric system reliability vs. interconnection facility reliability).

The team concluded that to the extent a generator's interconnection facilities met the current NERC Glossary Definition as Bulk Electric System, that is, facilities operating above 100 kV or those deemed critical to the reliability of the Bulk Electric System as defined by the Regional Entity, then those facilities are part of the generating facility and are appropriately classified as part of the Bulk Electric System for purposes of applying Generator Owner and Generator Operator Requirements but not for applying Transmission Owner or Transmission Operator Requirements. Therefore, it is clear in this construct that the Generator Owner and Generator Operator has responsibility for the Generator Interconnection Facility and the Transmission Owner and Transmission Operator has responsibility for the transmission facilities that connect to the Generator Interconnection Facility, and importantly, has operating responsibility for the Point of Interconnection. This construct ensures that no reliability gap exists for Generator Interconnection Facilities. Please see the response to Issue 2 for further discussion on the role of Generation Owners and Operators.

2. Affect of interconnection configuration on standard requirements and applicability

The team discussed the varying system configurations that could exist at the generating unit end of the interconnection facility and on the transmission grid side of the facility. The team quickly concluded that the core issue centered on the applicability of requirements for sole-use interconnection facilities, that is, those facilities whose singular purpose is to connect the generating facility unit to the point of interconnection where the transition to the Transmission Owner's transmission facilities occurs. For other configurations in which the interconnection facility is used by other parties to tie to other substations or to customer loads or where a generator is connected to multiple transmission facilities of other parties, these facilities are considered integrated for the purposes of standard applicability and the full spectrum of Transmission Owner and Transmission Operator requirements would apply. Another similar scenario exists whereby a Generator Interconnection Facility connects to the transmission grid as part of a T-tap or three terminal configuration where opening the line results in an outage of an integrated transmission line.

Considering the typical case of sole-use interconnection facilities, the team determined that greater specificity in the current Standards is necessary to clearly identify Generator Interconnection Facility "as a recognized term and to apply the term where appropriate in certain of the Requirements. As discussed further below, the team therefore proposes to add a definition of Generator Interconnection Facility to the NERC Glossary and several changes to Requirements to include this term.

If a Generator Owner owns the physical equipment that resides in the Transmission Owner substation at the point of interconnection, the team believed that the Generator Owner would not have the independent ability to access or affect the equipment; rather, the Generator Owner would necessarily have to coordinate with the Transmission Owner to gain access to the station and work under escort to perform activities on the equipment it owned. As a result, the team is of the opinion that this scenario of equipment ownership in the Transmission Owner substation does not require the Generator Owner to be registered as a Transmission Owner directly.

When viewed at the operational level, considerable discussion ensued regarding the relationship between the Generator Operator and Transmission Operator for operation of the Generator Interconnection Facility, that is the sole-use interconnection facility. While generally accepted that the Generator Owner owns the Generator Interconnection Facility, the team recognized that the Generator Operator must use reasonable means to coordinate the operation of that facility in order to preserve the reliability of the grid to which it is interconnected, when the facility is energized and synchronized to the grid or when the interconnection facility is about to be de-

energized or re-energized to the transmission system³. The Generator Operator must understand the potential impact of the actions that they perform on its Generator Interconnection Facilities and must therefore be provided focused training for those responsibilities. However, the Transmission Operator to whom the Generator Interconnection Facility interconnects has the decision-making operational authority over the Point of Interconnection.

3. Review GO/GOP Requirements to identify reliability gaps

The group spent a significant amount of time reviewing first the Transmission Owner requirements, and then the Transmission Operator requirements currently approved for enforcement but not currently applicable to the Generator Owners or Generator Operators. This bifurcated review carefully considered whether a specific requirement should be made applicable to the Generator Owner or Generator Operator solely on the basis of the Generator Interconnection Facility, and not on the basis of the generator itself. However, in conducting this review, it became apparent that certain Requirements presented a potential reliability gap due to the lack of Generator Operator applicability based on the generator but not based on the interconnection facility. The team also concluded that the responsibilities for owning and operating the Generator Interconnection Facility could best be clarified by making certain Requirement language more specific to include the Generator Interconnection Facilities. The redline changes to the NERC Standards that highlight these changes are included in **Appendix 1**.

The team identified 35 Requirements that merit additional specificity identifying that the Generator Interconnection Facility is included in the scope of the Requirement. The team noted 9 Requirements whose applicability should be expanded to address generic issues associated with the generating facility and not necessarily with respect to the Generator Interconnection Facility. And lastly, the team identified the need to add 7 new Standard Requirements to fully clarify the expectations with regard to the Generator Interconnection Facility, heretofore implied in the Standards. These 7 new Requirements provide for the following: [need to verify and update numbers to reflect comments]

1. The Generator Operator who has responsibility for monitoring the status of a special protection system or remedial action scheme at the generating facility for the benefit of Bulk Electric System reliability should notify the Transmission Operator when a change in status or capability occurs.
2. A specialized training program should be developed to train Generator Operators on the expectations of operating the Generator Interconnection Facility to ensure grid reliability is preserved.
3. The Generator Operator shall coordinate the operation of the Generator Interconnection Facility with the Transmission Operator to which it ties to ensure grid reliability is preserved.

³ Except for situations involving imminent equipment damage or personnel safety for which the Generator Operator may be required to act without coordination with the Transmission Operator,.

4. The Transmission Operator has decision-making authority for the Point of Interconnection.
5. The Generator Operator shall notify the Transmission Operator of a change in status of the Generation Interconnection Facility.
6. The Generator Operator shall operate the Generation Interconnection Facility within Facility Ratings.
7. The Generator Operator shall disconnect the Generation Interconnection Facility immediately in coordination with the Transmission Operator when time permits or as soon as practical thereafter if an overload or other abnormal condition threatens equipment or personnel safety.

In completing the review, the team concluded that there was no basis for assigning existing Transmission Owner and Transmission Operator Standard Requirements to the Generator Owner and Generator Operator, respectively, solely on the basis of the Generator Interconnection Facilities, with one exception. As discussed below, the team believed that Standard FAC-003 (Vegetation Management) should apply to Generator Owners of Generator Interconnection Facilities unless it is not deemed critical to the Bulk Electric System. The preferred method to test for criticality is to assess system performance upon application of a single-line-to-ground fault on the interconnection facility with delayed clearing or a stuck breaker. Under these conditions, the test for non-criticality would be satisfied if the system response to these contingency events resulted in:

- no cascading outages;
- the system is stable and operating within applicable ratings;
- no loss of firm load; and,
- no curtailment of third-party firm transfers that is not associated with the loss of the generating plant output directly connected to the Generator Interconnection Facility against which the originating contingency was applied.

In addition, the group agreed that a Generator Interconnection Facility was deemed critical for the purposes of Standard FAC-003 if a unit to which it is connected is designated as a blackstart resource. [Note to industry: the group debated whether or not a unit that is part of a special protection system or remedial action scheme that protects the Bulk Electric System should be identified as critical for purposes of applying FAC-003 standard. Your comments are welcomed on this question.]

[Additionally, the group debated whether or not there should be a voltage level restriction on the applicability of FAC-003-1 to a Generator Interconnection Facility if a unit to which it is connected is designated as a blackstart resource? Comments are welcome on this question as well.]

4. Defining functional lines of demarcation between the Generator Owner and the Transmission Owner

In order to clearly articulate the point at which the change of ownership occurs between the Generator Owner and Transmission Owner, the team proposes to add a new definition to the NERC Glossary for Point of Interconnection. The new definition is: location at which the Generator Interconnection Facility physically connects to the Transmission Owner's transmission facilities. There exist ownership structures (such as vertically-integrated utilities) where a common owner owns both the Generator Interconnection Facility as well as the transmission facilities to which they interconnect. In this construct, there is no potential reliability gap as one entity is responsible for both ownership and operating responsibility for the Standard Requirements. However, for these situations, the Point of Interconnection is identified as the point at which operating responsibility changes from the Transmission Operator and the Generator Operator.

5. Impact of operational control or ownership of equipment in the transmission substation containing the generator interconnection facilities

This issue is discussed in the context of the discussion of Issue 2.

6. Effect of FERC-filed Interconnection Agreements and other agreements between GO/GOP and the TO/TOP

Depending on the vintage, FERC-filed Interconnection Agreements outline to varying degrees the operating and ownership relationship between the Transmission Provider and the Interconnection Customer (e.g. Generating Facility). However, the Interconnection Agreements address the expectations for entities under its jurisdiction with respect to different sections of the Federal Power Act than Section 215 that addresses reliability and defines a broader applicability. Therefore, there is an inconsistency in the scope of the entities for which Interconnection Agreements are required and those under Section 215 of the Federal Power Act for reliability purposes. Additionally, the functional entity names in NERC Reliability Standards do not match those terms in the Interconnection Agreements. For these reasons, the effect of Interconnection Agreements on NERC's Standards is debatable.

In addition, NERC's Reliability Standards must contain the Requirements necessary to ensure an adequate level of reliability for the Bulk Electric System. It is not appropriate for NERC to rely on other agreements as the primary vehicle to define reliability obligations. Thus, while the Interconnection Agreements may define greater specificity as to how certain reliability-related activities are expected to be conducted, NERC Reliability Standards must contain what is required from a performance outcome. The team has evaluated the current set of Requirements to validate that the necessary Requirements are in place; and to the extent improvements or additions are needed, identified those modifications or new obligations.

7. Bifurcated review of GO Requirements and GOP Requirements

The team agreed that it is necessary and appropriate to consider the Generator Owner Requirements distinct from the Generator Operator requirements as discussed in Issue 3.

8. Review NERC Glossary definitions for Transmission, Generator Owner, Generator Operator, Transmission Owner, and Transmission Operator

The team reviewed the definitions listed and considered additional terms as they impacted the intent and meaning of certain requirements currently applicable to the Transmission Operator or Transmission Owner. In its view, the team believed that modifications to some and additions of several new terms were needed to add greater clarity to the applicability of requirements pertaining to the generator interconnection facilities.

- Transmission – the team agreed with the existing definition but determined it necessary to add a sentence to specify that Generator Interconnection Facilities are not part of the definition. The proposed definition with the modification italicized is as follows:

Transmission

An interconnected group of lines and associated equipment for the movement or transfer of electric energy between points of supply and points at which it is transformed for delivery to customers or is delivered to other electric systems. *Generator Interconnection Facility is not included in this definition.*

- Generator Owner – the team agreed with the existing definition but determined it necessary to add a phrase that specifies the inclusion of the generator’s interconnection facilities. The proposed definition is as follows:

Generator Owner

Entity that owns and maintains generating units, *including its Generator Interconnection Facility*

- Generator Operator – the team agreed with the existing definition but determined it necessary to add a sentence to indicate that operational coordination was necessary with the Transmission Operator for the Generator Interconnection Facility. With the modification italicized, the proposed definition is:

Generator Operator

The entity that operates generating unit(s) and performs the functions of supplying energy and Interconnected Operations Services. *The Generator Operator also operates the Generator Interconnection Facility and is*

responsible for coordinating with the Transmission Operator when the facility is energized or about to be energized to/de-energized from the transmission system.

- Transmission Owner – no changes are necessary
- Transmission Operator – no changes are necessary

The team also considered the terms, Transmission Line, Element, Facility, Interconnection, and System and do not recommend changes to these terms. Further, the team recommends improvements to the terms, Right-of-Way and Vegetation Inspection to encompass the Generator Interconnection Facility, and proposes two new terms, Generator Interconnection Facility and Point of Interconnection as follows:

Right-of-Way (ROW)

A corridor of land on which electric lines may be located. ~~The Transmission Owner~~ *owner of the electric lines* may own the land in fee, own an easement, or have certain franchise, prescription, or license rights to construct and maintain lines.

Vegetation Inspection

The systematic examination of a ~~transmission corridor~~ *Transmission Line or Generator Interconnection Facility Right-of-Way* to document vegetation conditions.

Generator Interconnection Facility (NEW)

Sole-use facility for the purpose of connecting the generating unit(s) to the Point of Interconnection or transmission grid.

Point of Interconnection (NEW)

Location at which the Generator Interconnection Facility physically connects to the Transmission Owner's transmission facilities. When a common owner owns the Generation Interconnection Facility and the Transmission Owner transmission facilities, the Point of Interconnection definition refers to the point at which operating responsibility for the facility changes between the Transmission Operator and the Generator Operator.

These terms will be incorporated as recommended changes to existing standard requirements through the standards authorization requests contained in Appendix C.

9. NERC Compliance Registry Guidance

The team identified that companion changes to NERC's Statement of Compliance Registry are required to incorporate the changes to the definitions for Generator Owner and Generator Operator proposed by the group. In addition, the group

believes it appropriate to include definitive statements such that it is clear that a Generator Owner or Generator Operator should not be registered as a Transmission Owner or Transmission Operator, respectively, solely resulting from the Generator Interconnection Facilities as defined herein. Further, statements should be included that Generator Owner applicability of the FAC-003-1 standard for vegetation management should be assessed on a case-by-case basis utilizing the criticality test defined below.

10. Material Impact Test for Generator Interconnection Facilities

The group concluded that only one existing Reliability Standard that is applicable to Transmission Owners, FAC-003-1, should have its applicability expanded to Generator Owners because of their Generator Interconnection Facilities, but only on a conditional basis (i.e., if it is critical to the Bulk Electric System). The team deliberated at length on the appropriate threshold tests to determine the criticality of the facility to the Bulk Electric System. During the course of these discussions, the following several proposals were presented that addressed this threshold issue from differing perspectives:

Proposal 1 – One straightforward criterion suggested was to apply FAC-003-1 for all Generator Interconnection Facilities per the current Standard applicability.

Proposal 2 – A second proposal is based on the aforementioned Proposal 1 but provides some rationality for short distance Rights-of-Way that is generally well within line of sight from the generating plant. This proposal calls for applying FAC-003-1 for all Generator Interconnection Facilities operating above 200 kV that extend beyond two tower spans (i.e. ½ mile) from the generating plant property.

Proposal 3 – A third proposal would only apply FAC-003-1 to Generator Interconnection Facilities that operate at 200 kV or above and that are deemed critical to the Bulk Electric System. In this regard, the criticality test as discussed by the team would be the following: the Generator Owner would coordinate with the Transmission Planner to perform an impact based test utilizing similar criteria to that outlined in TPL-003-0 Table 1 Category C that assesses system performance under scenarios involving more than one contingency event. Particularly, the team agreed that the engineering analysis would be based on the system performance expectations of a single-line-to-ground fault on the interconnection facility with delayed clearing or a stuck breaker. Under these conditions, the criticality test would not be satisfied if the system response to these contingency events resulted in no cascading outages, the system stable and operating within applicable ratings, with no loss of firm load or the curtailment of third-party firm transfers that is not associated with the loss of the generating plant output directly connected to the Generator Interconnection Facility against which the originating contingency was applied.

[Note to Industry: The team did not achieve total agreement on the recommended approach for FAC-003-1 relative to Generator Owners. The group preferred that

Proposal 3 be utilized with the main rationale being that the requirements of FAC-003-1 should not apply to Generator Interconnection Facilities if those facilities are not critical to the Bulk Electric System. If not deemed critical, a reliability gap does not exist. This is consistent with the NERC Statement of Compliance Registry Criteria that states "... NERC must identify the owners, operators, and users of the bulk power system who have a material impact on the bulk power system through a compliance registry."

A minority of the team favored Proposal #1 and opposed Proposal #3 for the following reasons:

- consistency with existing FAC-003-1 applicability;
- the magnitude of the potential Generator Interconnection Facility impacts to the Bulk Electric System beyond the Point of Interconnection;
- the precedence set by creating a special exemption for Generator Interconnection Facilities that is not afforded other transmission facilities including those serving load;
- limiting the applicability removes an important "defense-in-depth" mechanism for the Bulk Electric System;
- the perception of creating an exemption for a highly visible standard when performance against the current standard has not markedly improved in the past few years; and,
- this approach creates an inequity between those Generator Owners that are not also Transmission Owners versus Generator Owners who also happen to be registered as a Transmission Owner. FAC-003-1 would currently apply to the Generation Interconnection Facility for the latter scenario but not the former unless the criticality test was satisfied.

The team also discussed whether or not it was appropriate to require vegetation outage reporting on all Generator Interconnection Facilities above 200 kV irrespective of whether the facilities are deemed critical to grid reliability. This requirement is embodied in Requirement R3 of the current FAC-003-1 standard.

We encourage your comments on issues regarding the application of FAC-003 to Generator Interconnection Facilities.]

11. Functionality test – Does the facility function as part of the generator function or the transmission function

Because the generator owns the Generator Interconnection Facility, the team decided that a Generator Interconnection Facility is considered part of the generator facility. For clarity, a number of Standard Requirement modifications or additions are recommended to ensure that Generator Interconnection Facilities are appropriately considered and that clear responsibility for ownership and operation are established by those identified as having these obligations.

12. Approach for multi-unit plants interconnected through a single transmission line

The team considered this issue and supported its earlier determination that a sole-use interconnection facility should not in and of itself require a Generator Owner and Generator Operator to be registered as a Transmission Owner and Transmission Operator.

13. Generic application of requirements versus a case-by-case determination

The team determined that through addition or modification of certain Standard Requirements, there is no reliability gap by virtue of the Generator Interconnection Facilities with one exception: FAC-003-1 pertaining to transmission vegetation management. The team determined that a case-by-case determination of the impact of an outage of the Generator Interconnection Facility on the reliability of the BES outage should determine whether the FAC-003-1 standard should apply to Generator Owners for facilities operating above 200 kV. Otherwise, the Standards as modified provide the ability to generically apply the Standard Requirements to all Generator Owners and Generator Operators without introducing or perpetuating any perceived reliability gaps.

14. Affect on the applicability if generators provide ancillary services (blackstart, reactive control, regulation, reserves, etc.)

Discussed earlier in note to industry.

15. Consideration of generators that are included in:

- **special protection scheme or remedial action scheme**
- **coordinated underfrequency program**
- **coordinated undervoltage program**
- **blackstart**
- **SOL or IROL limits**
- **Provision of firm energy**

Discussed earlier in note to industry.

16. Need for additional maintenance-based generator owner requirements on interconnection facilities when generators already are financially incented to remain available

The team concluded that to the extent a generator's interconnection facilities meet the current NERC Glossary Definition as Bulk Electric System, that is, facilities operating above 100 kV or those deemed critical to the reliability of the Bulk Electric System as defined by the Regional Entity, then those facilities are appropriately classified as part of the Bulk Electric System for purposes of applying Generator Owner and Generator Operator requirements but not for applying Transmission Owner or Transmission Operator requirements For interconnection facilities

classified as such, an entity must be designated to be responsible for relevant ownership and operation obligations. These obligations manifest themselves as requirements in the Reliability Standards to ensure an adequate level of reliability is maintained on the Bulk Electric System. Therefore, specification of ownership and operational requirements for Generator Interconnection Facilities is necessary to ensure the expected performance is achieved consistent with the reliability objectives being sought. While the statement is undoubtedly true that generators, including its interconnection facilities, are motivated to remain available to be capable of delivering energy (and capacity) to the grid, these self-directed motivations do not adequately assure that the obligations for reliability of the Bulk Electric System will be supported under all circumstances. Developing NERC Reliability Standard Requirements to address these expectations further incent the Generator Owner and Generator Operator to execute their responsibilities consistent with NERC's reliability obligations.

17. Develop new transmission functional category know as Generator-Tie

The team considered whether the addition of a new Generator-Tie functional category would add the clarity needed to ensure that standard requirements applicable to generator interconnection facilities would result in no reliability gaps. Upon reflection, the team determined that it could achieve the intended purpose through the inclusion the modified and new definitions proposed, and their application to the existing Standard Requirements. This would result in significantly less effort to implement in the standards, greater industry acceptance, and thus a shorter timeframe to implement on the whole.

Appendix 1 — Review of NERC Reliability Standards Requirements

DRAFT

Standard Number	Requirement Number	Text of Requirement	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	Comments
BAL-005-0.1b	R1.	All generation, transmission, and load operating within an Interconnection must be included within the metered boundaries of a Balancing Authority Area.		GOP		TOP	
BAL-005-0.1b	R1.1.	Each Generator Operator with generation facilities, <u>including Generator Interconnection Facilities</u> , operating in an Interconnection shall ensure that those generation facilities are included within the metered boundaries of a Balancing Authority Area.		GOP			
BAL-005-0.1b	R1.2.	Each Transmission Operator with transmission facilities operating in an Interconnection shall ensure that those transmission facilities are included within the metered boundaries of a Balancing Authority Area.				TOP	
CIP-001-1	R1.	Each Reliability Coordinator, Balancing Authority, Transmission Operator, Generator Operator, and Load-Serving Entity shall have procedures for the recognition of and for making their operating personnel aware of sabotage events on its facilities and multi site		GOP		TOP	

Standard Number	Requirement Number	Text of Requirement	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	Comments
		sabotage affecting larger portions of the Interconnection.					
CIP-001-1	R2.	Each Reliability Coordinator, Balancing Authority, Transmission Operator, Generator Operator, and Load-Serving Entity shall have procedures for the communication of information concerning sabotage events to appropriate parties in the Interconnection.		GOP		TOP	
CIP-001-1	R3.	Each Reliability Coordinator, Balancing Authority, Transmission Operator, Generator Operator, and Load-Serving Entity shall provide its operating personnel with sabotage response guidelines, including personnel to contact, for reporting disturbances due to sabotage events.		GOP		TOP	
CIP-001-1	R4.	Each Reliability Coordinator, Balancing Authority, Transmission Operator, Generator Operator, and Load-Serving Entity shall establish communications contacts, as applicable, with local Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) or		GOP		TOP	

Standard Number	Requirement Number	Text of Requirement	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	Comments
		Royal Canadian Mounted Police (RCMP) officials and develop reporting procedures as appropriate to their circumstances.					
CIP-002-1	R1.	Critical Asset Identification Method — The Responsible Entity shall identify and document a risk-based assessment methodology to use to identify its Critical Assets.	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	
CIP-002-1	R1.1.	The Responsible Entity shall maintain documentation describing its risk-based assessment methodology that includes procedures and evaluation criteria.	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	
CIP-002-1	R1.2.	The risk-based assessment shall consider the following assets:	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	
CIP-002-1	R1.2.1.	Control centers and backup control centers performing the functions of the entities listed in the Applicability section of this standard.	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	
CIP-002-1	R1.2.2.	Transmission substations that support the reliable operation of the Bulk Electric System.	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	
CIP-002-1	R1.2.3.	Generation resources, <u>including Generator Interconnection Facilities</u> , that support the reliable operation of	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	

Standard Number	Requirement Number	Text of Requirement	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	Comments
		the Bulk Electric System.					
CIP-002-1	R1.2.4.	Systems and facilities critical to system restoration, including blackstart generators <u>including the Generator Interconnection Facilities</u> , and substations in the electrical path of transmission lines used for initial system restoration.	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	
CIP-002-1	R1.2.5.	Systems and facilities critical to automatic load shedding under a common control system capable of shedding 300 MW or more.	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	
CIP-002-1	R1.2.6.	Special Protection Systems that support the reliable operation of the Bulk Electric System.	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	
CIP-002-1	R1.2.7.	Any additional assets that support the reliable operation of the Bulk Electric System that the Responsible Entity deems appropriate to include in its assessment.	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	
CIP-002-1	R2.	Critical Asset Identification — The Responsible Entity shall develop a list of its identified Critical Assets determined through an annual application of the risk-based assessment methodology required in R1. The Responsible Entity shall review this list at least annually,	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	

Standard Number	Requirement Number	Text of Requirement	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	Comments
		and update it as necessary.					
CIP-002-1	R3.	Critical Cyber Asset Identification — Using the list of Critical Assets developed pursuant to Requirement R2, the Responsible Entity shall develop a list of associated Critical Cyber Assets essential to the operation of the Critical Asset. Examples at control centers and backup control centers include systems and facilities at master and remote sites that provide monitoring and control, automatic generation control, real-time power system modeling, and real-time inter-utility data exchange. The Responsible Entity shall review this list at least annually, and update it as necessary. For the purpose of Standard CIP-002, Critical Cyber Assets are further qualified to be those having at least one of the following characteristics:	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	
CIP-002-1	R3.1.	The Cyber Asset uses a routable protocol to communicate outside the	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	

Standard Number	Requirement Number	Text of Requirement	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	Comments
		Electronic Security Perimeter; or,					
CIP-002-1	R3.2.	The Cyber Asset uses a routable protocol within a control center; or,	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	
CIP-002-1	R3.3.	The Cyber Asset is dial-up accessible.	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	
CIP-002-1	R4.	Annual Approval — A senior manager or delegate(s) shall approve annually the list of Critical Assets and the list of Critical Cyber Assets. Based on Requirements R1, R2, and R3 the Responsible Entity may determine that it has no Critical Assets or Critical Cyber Assets. The Responsible Entity shall keep a signed and dated record of the senior manager or delegate(s)'s approval of the list of Critical Assets and the list of Critical Cyber Assets (even if such lists are null.)	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	
CIP-003-1	R1.	Cyber Security Policy — The Responsible Entity shall document and implement a cyber security policy that represents management's commitment and ability to secure its Critical Cyber Assets. The Responsible Entity shall, at minimum, ensure the following:	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	

Standard Number	Requirement Number	Text of Requirement	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	Comments
CIP-003-1	R1.1.	The cyber security policy addresses the requirements in Standards CIP-002 through CIP-009, including provision for emergency situations.	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	
CIP-003-1	R1.2.	The cyber security policy is readily available to all personnel who have access to, or are responsible for, Critical Cyber Assets.	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	
CIP-003-1	R1.3.	Annual review and approval of the cyber security policy by the senior manager assigned pursuant to R2.	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	
CIP-003-1	R2.	Leadership — The Responsible Entity shall assign a senior manager with overall responsibility for leading and managing the entity's implementation of, and adherence to, Standards CIP-002 through CIP-009	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	
CIP-003-1	R2.1.	The senior manager shall be identified by name, title, business phone, business address, and date of designation.	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	
CIP-003-1	R2.2.	Changes to the senior manager must be documented within thirty calendar days of the effective date.	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	
CIP-003-1	R2.3.	The senior manager or delegate(s), shall authorize and document any exception from the requirements of	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	

Standard Number	Requirement Number	Text of Requirement	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	Comments
		the cyber security policy.					
CIP-003-1	R3.	Exceptions — Instances where the Responsible Entity cannot conform to its cyber security policy must be documented as exceptions and authorized by the senior manager or delegate(s).	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	
CIP-003-1	R3.1.	Exceptions to the Responsible Entity's cyber security policy must be documented within thirty days of being approved by the senior manager or delegate(s).	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	
CIP-003-1	R3.2.	Documented exceptions to the cyber security policy must include an explanation as to why the exception is necessary and any compensating measures, or a statement accepting risk.	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	
CIP-003-1	R3.3.	Authorized exceptions to the cyber security policy must be reviewed and approved annually by the senior manager or delegate(s) to ensure the exceptions are still required and valid. Such review and approval shall be documented.	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	
CIP-003-1	R4.	Information Protection — The Responsible Entity shall implement	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	

Standard Number	Requirement Number	Text of Requirement	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	Comments
		and document a program to identify, classify, and protect information associated with Critical Cyber Assets.					
CIP-003-1	R4.1.	The Critical Cyber Asset information to be protected shall include, at a minimum and regardless of media type, operational procedures, lists as required in Standard CIP-002, network topology or similar diagrams, floor plans of computing centers that contain Critical Cyber Assets, equipment layouts of Critical Cyber Assets, disaster recovery plans, incident response plans, and security configuration information.	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	
CIP-003-1	R4.2.	The Responsible Entity shall classify information to be protected under this program based on the sensitivity of the Critical Cyber Asset information.	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	
CIP-003-1	R4.3.	The Responsible Entity shall, at least annually, assess adherence to its Critical Cyber Asset information protection program, document the assessment results, and implement	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	

Standard Number	Requirement Number	Text of Requirement	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	Comments
		an action plan to remediate deficiencies identified during the assessment.					
CIP-003-1	R5.	Access Control — The Responsible Entity shall document and implement a program for managing access to protected Critical Cyber Asset information.	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	
CIP-003-1	R5.1.	The Responsible Entity shall maintain a list of designated personnel who are responsible for authorizing logical or physical access to protected information.	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	
CIP-003-1	R5.1.1.	Personnel shall be identified by name, title, business phone and the information for which they are responsible for authorizing access.	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	
CIP-003-1	R5.1.2.	The list of personnel responsible for authorizing access to protected information shall be verified at least annually.	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	
CIP-003-1	R5.2.	The Responsible Entity shall review at least annually the access privileges to protected information to confirm that access privileges are correct and that they correspond with the Responsible Entity's needs and appropriate personnel roles and	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	

Standard Number	Requirement Number	Text of Requirement	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	Comments
		responsibilities.					
CIP-003-1	R5.3.	The Responsible Entity shall assess and document at least annually the processes for controlling access privileges to protected information.	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	
CIP-003-1	R6.	Change Control and Configuration Management — The Responsible Entity shall establish and document a process of change control and configuration management for adding, modifying, replacing, or removing Critical Cyber Asset hardware or software, and implement supporting configuration management activities to identify, control and document all entity or vendor related changes to hardware and software components of Critical Cyber Assets pursuant to the change control process.	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	

Standard Number	Requirement Number	Text of Requirement	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	Comments
CIP-004-1	R1.	Awareness — The Responsible Entity shall establish, maintain, and document a security awareness program to ensure personnel having authorized cyber or authorized unescorted physical access receive on-going reinforcement in sound security practices. The program shall include security awareness reinforcement on at least a quarterly basis using mechanisms such as: Direct communications (e.g., emails, memos, computer based training, etc.); Indirect communications (e.g., posters, intranet, brochures, etc.); Management support and reinforcement (e.g., presentations, meetings, etc.).	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	
CIP-004-1	R2.	Training — The Responsible Entity shall establish, maintain, and document an annual cyber security training program for personnel having authorized cyber or authorized unescorted physical access to Critical Cyber Assets, and review the program annually and	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	

Standard Number	Requirement Number	Text of Requirement	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	Comments
		update as necessary.					
CIP-004-1	R2.1.	This program will ensure that all personnel having such access to Critical Cyber Assets, including contractors and service vendors, are trained within ninety calendar days of such authorization.	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	
CIP-004-1	R2.2.	Training shall cover the policies, access controls, and procedures as developed for the Critical Cyber Assets covered by CIP-004, and include, at a minimum, the following required items appropriate to personnel roles and responsibilities:	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	
CIP-004-1	R2.2.1.	The proper use of Critical Cyber Assets;	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	
CIP-004-1	R2.2.2.	Physical and electronic access controls to Critical Cyber Assets;	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	
CIP-004-1	R2.2.3.	The proper handling of Critical Cyber Asset information; and,	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	
CIP-004-1	R2.2.4.	Action plans and procedures to recover or re-establish Critical Cyber Assets and access thereto following a Cyber Security Incident.	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	

Standard Number	Requirement Number	Text of Requirement	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	Comments
CIP-004-1	R2.3.	The Responsible Entity shall maintain documentation that training is conducted at least annually, including the date the training was completed and attendance records.	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	
CIP-004-1	R3.	Personnel Risk Assessment —The Responsible Entity shall have a documented personnel risk assessment program, in accordance with federal, state, provincial, and local laws, and subject to existing collective bargaining unit agreements, for personnel having authorized cyber or authorized unescorted physical access. A personnel risk assessment shall be conducted pursuant to that program within thirty days of such personnel being granted such access. Such program shall at a minimum include:	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	
CIP-004-1	R3.1.	The Responsible Entity shall ensure that each assessment conducted include, at least, identity verification (e.g., Social Security Number verification in the U.S.) and sevenyear criminal check. The	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	

Standard Number	Requirement Number	Text of Requirement	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	Comments
		Responsible Entity may conduct more detailed reviews, as permitted by law and subject to existing collective bargaining unit agreements, depending upon the criticality of the position.					
CIP-004-1	R3.2.	The Responsible Entity shall update each personnel risk assessment at least every seven years after the initial personnel risk assessment or for cause.	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	
CIP-004-1	R3.3.	The Responsible Entity shall document the results of personnel risk assessments of its personnel having authorized cyber or authorized unescorted physical access to Critical Cyber Assets, and that personnel risk assessments of contractor and service vendor personnel with such access are conducted pursuant to Standard CIP-004.	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	
CIP-004-1	R4.	Access — The Responsible Entity shall maintain list(s) of personnel with authorized cyber or authorized unescorted physical access to Critical Cyber Assets, including their specific electronic and physical	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	

Standard Number	Requirement Number	Text of Requirement	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	Comments
		access rights to Critical Cyber Assets.					
CIP-004-1	R4.1.	The Responsible Entity shall review the list(s) of its personnel who have such access to Critical Cyber Assets quarterly, and update the list(s) within seven calendar days of any change of personnel with such access to Critical Cyber Assets, or any change in the access rights of such personnel. The Responsible Entity shall ensure access list(s) for contractors and service vendors are properly maintained.	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	
CIP-004-1	R4.2.	The Responsible Entity shall revoke such access to Critical Cyber Assets within 24 hours for personnel terminated for cause and within seven calendar days for personnel who no longer require such access to Critical Cyber Assets.	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	
CIP-005-1	R1.	Electronic Security Perimeter — The Responsible Entity shall ensure that every Critical Cyber Asset resides within an Electronic Security Perimeter. The Responsible Entity shall identify and document the	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	

Standard Number	Requirement Number	Text of Requirement	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	Comments
		Electronic Security Perimeter(s) and all access points to the perimeter(s).					
CIP-005-1	R1.1.	Access points to the Electronic Security Perimeter(s) shall include any externally connected communication end point (for example, dial-up modems) terminating at any device within the Electronic Security Perimeter(s).	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	
CIP-005-1	R1.2.	For a dial-up accessible Critical Cyber Asset that uses a non-routable protocol, the Responsible Entity shall define an Electronic Security Perimeter for that single access point at the dial-up device.	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	
CIP-005-1	R1.3.	Communication links connecting discrete Electronic Security Perimeters shall not be considered part of the Electronic Security Perimeter. However, end points of these communication links within the Electronic Security Perimeter(s) shall be considered access points to the Electronic Security Perimeter(s).	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	
CIP-005-1	R1.4.	Any non-critical Cyber Asset within a defined Electronic Security Perimeter shall be identified and	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	

Standard Number	Requirement Number	Text of Requirement	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	Comments
		protected pursuant to the requirements of Standard CIP-005.					
CIP-005-1	R1.5.	Cyber Assets used in the access control and monitoring of the Electronic Security Perimeter(s) shall be afforded the protective measures as a specified in Standard CIP-003, Standard CIP-004 Requirement R3, Standard CIP-005 Requirements R2 and R3, Standard CIP-006 Requirements R2 and R3, Standard CIP-007, Requirements R1 and R3 through R9, Standard CIP-008, and Standard CIP-009.	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	
CIP-005-1	R1.6.	The Responsible Entity shall maintain documentation of Electronic Security Perimeter(s), all interconnected Critical and non-critical Cyber Assets within the Electronic Security Perimeter(s), all electronic access points to the Electronic Security Perimeter(s) and the Cyber Assets deployed for the access control and monitoring of these access points.	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	
CIP-005-1	R2.	Electronic Access Controls — The Responsible Entity shall implement and document the organizational	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	

Standard Number	Requirement Number	Text of Requirement	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	Comments
		processes and technical and procedural mechanisms for control of electronic access at all electronic access points to the Electronic Security Perimeter(s).					
CIP-005-1	R2.1.	These processes and mechanisms shall use an access control model that denies access by default, such that explicit access permissions must be specified.	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	
CIP-005-1	R2.2.	At all access points to the Electronic Security Perimeter(s), the Responsible Entity shall enable only ports and services required for operations and for monitoring Cyber Assets within the Electronic Security Perimeter, and shall document, individually or by specified grouping, the configuration of those ports and services.	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	
CIP-005-1	R2.3.	The Responsible Entity shall maintain a procedure for securing dial-up access to the Electronic Security Perimeter(s).	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	
CIP-005-1	R2.4.	Where external interactive access into the Electronic Security Perimeter has been enabled, the	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	

Standard Number	Requirement Number	Text of Requirement	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	Comments
		Responsible Entity shall implement strong procedural or technical controls at the access points to ensure authenticity of the accessing party, where technically feasible.					
CIP-005-1	R2.5.	The required documentation shall, at least, identify and describe:	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	
CIP-005-1	R2.5.1.	The processes for access request and authorization.	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	
CIP-005-1	R2.5.2.	The authentication methods.	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	
CIP-005-1	R2.5.3.	The review process for authorization rights, in accordance with Standard CIP-004 Requirement R4.	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	
CIP-005-1	R2.5.4.	The controls used to secure dial-up accessible connections.	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	
CIP-005-1	R2.6.	Appropriate Use Banner — Where technically feasible, electronic access control devices shall display an appropriate use banner on the user screen upon all interactive access attempts. The Responsible Entity shall maintain a document identifying the content of the banner.	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	
CIP-005-1	R3.	Monitoring Electronic Access — The Responsible Entity shall implement and document an electronic or manual process(es) for	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	

Standard Number	Requirement Number	Text of Requirement	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	Comments
		monitoring and logging access at access points to the Electronic Security Perimeter(s) twenty-four hours a day, seven days a week.					
CIP-005-1	R3.1.	For dial-up accessible Critical Cyber Assets that use non-routable protocols, the Responsible Entity shall implement and document monitoring process(es) at each access point to the dial-up device, where technically feasible.	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	
CIP-005-1	R3.2.	Where technically feasible, the security monitoring process(es) shall detect and alert for attempts at or actual unauthorized accesses. These alerts shall provide for appropriate notification to designated response personnel. Where alerting is not technically feasible, the Responsible Entity shall review or otherwise assess access logs for attempts at or actual unauthorized accesses at least every ninety calendar days.	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	
CIP-005-1	R4.	Cyber Vulnerability Assessment — The Responsible Entity shall perform a cyber vulnerability assessment of the electronic access	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	

Standard Number	Requirement Number	Text of Requirement	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	Comments
		points to the Electronic Security Perimeter(s) at least annually. The vulnerability assessment shall include, at a minimum, the following:					
CIP-005-1	R4.1.	A document identifying the vulnerability assessment process;	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	
CIP-005-1	R4.2.	A review to verify that only ports and services required for operations at these access points are enabled;	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	
CIP-005-1	R4.3.	The discovery of all access points to the Electronic Security Perimeter;	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	
CIP-005-1	R4.4.	A review of controls for default accounts, passwords, and network management community strings; and,	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	
CIP-005-1	R4.5.	Documentation of the results of the assessment, the action plan to remediate or mitigate vulnerabilities identified in the assessment, and the execution status of that action plan.	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	
CIP-005-1	R5.	Documentation Review and Maintenance — The Responsible Entity shall review, update, and maintain all documentation to support compliance with the requirements of Standard CIP-005.	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	

Standard Number	Requirement Number	Text of Requirement	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	Comments
CIP-005-1	R5.1.	The Responsible Entity shall ensure that all documentation required by Standard CIP-005 reflect current configurations and processes and shall review the documents and procedures referenced in Standard CIP-005 at least annually.	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	
CIP-005-1	R5.2.	The Responsible Entity shall update the documentation to reflect the modification of the network or controls within ninety calendar days of the change.	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	
CIP-005-1	R5.3.	The Responsible Entity shall retain electronic access logs for at least ninety calendar days. Logs related to reportable incidents shall be kept in accordance with the requirements of Standard CIP-008.	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	
CIP-006-1	R1.	Physical Security Plan — The Responsible Entity shall create and maintain a physical security plan, approved by a senior manager or delegate(s) that shall address, at a minimum, the following:	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	
CIP-006-1	R1.1.	Processes to ensure and document that all Cyber Assets within an Electronic Security Perimeter also reside within an identified Physical	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	

Standard Number	Requirement Number	Text of Requirement	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	Comments
		Security Perimeter. Where a completely enclosed (“six-wall”) border cannot be established, the Responsible Entity shall deploy and document alternative measures to control physical access to the Critical Cyber Assets.					
CIP-006-1	R1.2.	Processes to identify all access points through each Physical Security Perimeter and measures to control entry at those access points.	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	
CIP-006-1	R1.3.	Processes, tools, and procedures to monitor physical access to the perimeter(s).	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	
CIP-006-1	R1.4.	Procedures for the appropriate use of physical access controls as described in Requirement R3 including visitor pass management, response to loss, and prohibition of inappropriate use of physical access controls.	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	
CIP-006-1	R1.5.	Procedures for reviewing access authorization requests and revocation of access authorization, in accordance with CIP-004 Requirement R4.	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	
CIP-006-1	R1.6.	Procedures for escorted access within the physical security	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	

Standard Number	Requirement Number	Text of Requirement	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	Comments
		perimeter of personnel not authorized for unescorted access.					
CIP-006-1	R1.7.	Process for updating the physical security plan within ninety calendar days of any physical security system redesign or reconfiguration, including, but not limited to, addition or removal of access points through the physical security perimeter, physical access controls, monitoring controls, or logging controls.	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	
CIP-006-1	R1.8.	Cyber Assets used in the access control and monitoring of the Physical Security Perimeter(s) shall be afforded the protective measures specified in Standard CIP-003, Standard CIP-004 Requirement R3, Standard CIP-005 Requirements R2 and R3, Standard CIP-006 Requirement R2 and R3, Standard CIP-007, Standard CIP-008 and Standard CIP-009.	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	
CIP-006-1	R1.9.	Process for ensuring that the physical security plan is reviewed at least annually.	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	

Standard Number	Requirement Number	Text of Requirement	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	Comments
CIP-006-1	R2.	Physical Access Controls — The Responsible Entity shall document and implement the operational and procedural controls to manage physical access at all access points to the Physical Security Perimeter(s) twenty-four hours a day, seven days a week. The Responsible Entity shall implement one or more of the following physical access methods:	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	
CIP-006-1	R2.1.	Card Key: A means of electronic access where the access rights of the card holder are predefined in a computer database. Access rights may differ from one perimeter to another.	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	
CIP-006-1	R2.2.	Special Locks: These include, but are not limited to, locks with “restricted key” systems, magnetic locks that can be operated remotely, and “man-trap” systems.	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	
CIP-006-1	R2.3.	Security Personnel: Personnel responsible for controlling physical access who may reside on-site or at a monitoring station.	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	
CIP-006-1	R2.4.	Other Authentication Devices: Biometric, keypad, token, or other equivalent devices that control	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	

Standard Number	Requirement Number	Text of Requirement	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	Comments
		physical access to the Critical Cyber Assets.					
CIP-006-1	R3.	Monitoring Physical Access — The Responsible Entity shall document and implement the technical and procedural controls for monitoring physical access at all access points to the Physical Security Perimeter(s) twenty-four hours a day, seven days a week. Unauthorized access attempts shall be reviewed immediately and handled in accordance with the procedures specified in Requirement CIP-008. One or more of the following monitoring methods shall be used:	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	
CIP-006-1	R3.1.	Alarm Systems: Systems that alarm to indicate a door, gate or window has been opened without authorization. These alarms must provide for immediate notification to personnel responsible for response.	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	
CIP-006-1	R3.2.	Human Observation of Access Points: Monitoring of physical access points by authorized personnel as specified in Requirement R2.3.	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	

Standard Number	Requirement Number	Text of Requirement	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	Comments
CIP-006-1	R4.	Logging Physical Access — Logging shall record sufficient information to uniquely identify individuals and the time of access twenty-four hours a day, seven days a week. The Responsible Entity shall implement and document the technical and procedural mechanisms for logging physical entry at all access points to the Physical Security Perimeter(s) using one or more of the following logging methods or their equivalent:	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	
CIP-006-1	R4.1.	Computerized Logging: Electronic logs produced by the Responsible Entity's selected access control and monitoring method.	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	
CIP-006-1	R4.2.	Video Recording: Electronic capture of video images of sufficient quality to determine identity.	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	
CIP-006-1	R4.3.	Manual Logging: A log book or sign-in sheet, or other record of physical access maintained by security or other personnel authorized to control and monitor physical access as specified in Requirement R2.3.	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	

Standard Number	Requirement Number	Text of Requirement	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	Comments
CIP-006-1	R5.	Access Log Retention — The Responsible Entity shall retain physical access logs for at least ninety calendar days. Logs related to reportable incidents shall be kept in accordance with the requirements of Standard CIP-008.	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	
CIP-006-1	R6.	Maintenance and Testing — The Responsible Entity shall implement a maintenance and testing program to ensure that all physical security systems under Requirements R2, R3, and R4 function properly. The program must include, at a minimum, the following:	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	
CIP-006-1	R6.1.	Testing and maintenance of all physical security mechanisms on a cycle no longer than three years.	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	
CIP-006-1	R6.2.	Retention of testing and maintenance records for the cycle determined by the Responsible Entity in Requirement R6.1.	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	
CIP-006-1	R6.3.	Retention of outage records regarding access controls, logging, and monitoring for a minimum of one calendar year.	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	

Standard Number	Requirement Number	Text of Requirement	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	Comments
CIP-007-1	R1.	Test Procedures — The Responsible Entity shall ensure that new Cyber Assets and significant changes to existing Cyber Assets within the Electronic Security Perimeter do not adversely affect existing cyber security controls. For purposes of Standard CIP-007, a significant change shall, at a minimum, include implementation of security patches, cumulative service packs, vendor releases, and version upgrades of operating systems, applications, database platforms, or other third-party software or firmware.	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	
CIP-007-1	R1.1.	The Responsible Entity shall create, implement, and maintain cyber security test procedures in a manner that minimizes adverse effects on the production system or its operation.	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	
CIP-007-1	R1.2.	The Responsible Entity shall document that testing is performed in a manner that reflects the production environment.	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	
CIP-007-1	R1.3.	The Responsible Entity shall document test results.	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	

Standard Number	Requirement Number	Text of Requirement	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	Comments
CIP-007-1	R2.	Ports and Services — The Responsible Entity shall establish and document a process to ensure that only those ports and services required for normal and emergency operations are enabled.	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	
CIP-007-1	R2.1.	The Responsible Entity shall enable only those ports and services required for normal and emergency operations.	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	
CIP-007-1	R2.2.	The Responsible Entity shall disable other ports and services, including those used for testing purposes, prior to production use of all Cyber Assets inside the Electronic Security Perimeter(s).	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	
CIP-007-1	R2.3.	In the case where unused ports and services cannot be disabled due to technical limitations, the Responsible Entity shall document compensating measure(s) applied to mitigate risk exposure or an acceptance of risk.	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	

Standard Number	Requirement Number	Text of Requirement	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	Comments
CIP-007-1	R3.	Security Patch Management — The Responsible Entity, either separately or as a component of the documented configuration management process specified in CIP-003 Requirement R6, shall establish and document a security patch management program for tracking, evaluating, testing, and installing applicable cyber security software patches for all Cyber Assets within the Electronic Security Perimeter(s).	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	
CIP-007-1	R3.1.	The Responsible Entity shall document the assessment of security patches and security upgrades for applicability within thirty calendar days of availability of the patches or upgrades.	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	
CIP-007-1	R3.2.	The Responsible Entity shall document the implementation of security patches. In any case where the patch is not installed, the Responsible Entity shall document compensating measure(s) applied to mitigate risk exposure or an acceptance of risk.	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	

Standard Number	Requirement Number	Text of Requirement	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	Comments
CIP-007-1	R4.	Malicious Software Prevention — The Responsible Entity shall use anti-virus software and other malicious software (“malware”) prevention tools, where technically feasible, to detect, prevent, deter, and mitigate the introduction, exposure, and propagation of malware on all Cyber Assets within the Electronic Security Perimeter(s).	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	
CIP-007-1	R4.1.	The Responsible Entity shall document and implement anti-virus and malware prevention tools. In the case where anti-virus software and malware prevention tools are not installed, the Responsible Entity shall document compensating measure(s) applied to mitigate risk exposure or an acceptance of risk.	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	
CIP-007-1	R4.2.	The Responsible Entity shall document and implement a process for the update of anti-virus and malware prevention “signatures.” The process must address testing and installing the signatures.	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	
CIP-007-1	R5.	Account Management — The Responsible Entity shall establish, implement, and document technical	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	

Standard Number	Requirement Number	Text of Requirement	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	Comments
		and procedural controls that enforce access authentication of, and accountability for, all user activity, and that minimize the risk of unauthorized system access.					
CIP-007-1	R5.1.	The Responsible Entity shall ensure that individual and shared system accounts and authorized access permissions are consistent with the concept of “need to know” with respect to work functions performed.	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	
CIP-007-1	R5.1.1.	The Responsible Entity shall ensure that user accounts are implemented as approved by designated personnel. Refer to Standard CIP-003 Requirement R5.	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	
CIP-007-1	R5.1.2.	The Responsible Entity shall establish methods, processes, and procedures that generate logs of sufficient detail to create historical audit trails of individual user account access activity for a minimum of ninety days.	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	
CIP-007-1	R5.1.3.	The Responsible Entity shall review, at least annually, user accounts to verify access privileges are in accordance with Standard	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	

Standard Number	Requirement Number	Text of Requirement	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	Comments
		CIP-003 Requirement R5 and Standard CIP-004 Requirement R4.					
CIP-007-1	R5.2.	The Responsible Entity shall implement a policy to minimize and manage the scope and acceptable use of administrator, shared, and other generic account privileges including factory default accounts.	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	
CIP-007-1	R5.2.1.	The policy shall include the removal, disabling, or renaming of such accounts where possible. For such accounts that must remain enabled, passwords shall be changed prior to putting any system into service.	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	
CIP-007-1	R5.2.2.	The Responsible Entity shall identify those individuals with access to shared accounts.	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	
CIP-007-1	R5.2.3.	Where such accounts must be shared, the Responsible Entity shall have a policy for managing the use of such accounts that limits access to only those with authorization, an audit trail of the account use (automated or manual), and steps for securing the account in the event of personnel changes (for example, change in assignment or	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	

Standard Number	Requirement Number	Text of Requirement	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	Comments
		termination).					
CIP-007-1	R5.3.	At a minimum, the Responsible Entity shall require and use passwords, subject to the following, as technically feasible:	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	
CIP-007-1	R5.3.1.	Each password shall be a minimum of six characters.	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	
CIP-007-1	R5.3.2.	Each password shall consist of a combination of alpha, numeric, and “special” characters.	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	
CIP-007-1	R5.3.3.	Each password shall be changed at least annually, or more frequently based on risk.	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	
CIP-007-1	R6.	Security Status Monitoring — The Responsible Entity shall ensure that all Cyber Assets within the Electronic Security Perimeter, as technically feasible, implement automated tools or organizational process controls to monitor system events that are related to cyber security.	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	

Standard Number	Requirement Number	Text of Requirement	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	Comments
CIP-007-1	R6.1.	The Responsible Entity shall implement and document the organizational processes and technical and procedural mechanisms for monitoring for security events on all Cyber Assets within the Electronic Security Perimeter.	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	
CIP-007-1	R6.2.	The security monitoring controls shall issue automated or manual alerts for detected Cyber Security Incidents.	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	
CIP-007-1	R6.3.	The Responsible Entity shall maintain logs of system events related to cyber security, where technically feasible, to support incident response as required in Standard CIP-008.	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	
CIP-007-1	R6.4.	The Responsible Entity shall retain all logs specified in Requirement R6 for ninety calendar days.	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	
CIP-007-1	R6.5.	The Responsible Entity shall review logs of system events related to cyber security and maintain records documenting review of logs.	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	
CIP-007-1	R7.	Disposal or Redeployment — The Responsible Entity shall establish formal methods, processes, and	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	

Standard Number	Requirement Number	Text of Requirement	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	Comments
		procedures for disposal or redeployment of Cyber Assets within the Electronic Security Perimeter(s) as identified and documented in Standard CIP-005.					
CIP-007-1	R7.1.	Prior to the disposal of such assets, the Responsible Entity shall destroy or erase the data storage media to prevent unauthorized retrieval of sensitive cyber security or reliability data.	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	
CIP-007-1	R7.2.	Prior to redeployment of such assets, the Responsible Entity shall, at a minimum, erase the data storage media to prevent unauthorized retrieval of sensitive cyber security or reliability data.	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	
CIP-007-1	R7.3.	The Responsible Entity shall maintain records that such assets were disposed of or redeployed in accordance with documented procedures.	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	
CIP-007-1	R8.	Cyber Vulnerability Assessment — The Responsible Entity shall perform a cyber vulnerability assessment of all Cyber Assets within the Electronic Security Perimeter at least annually. The	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	

Standard Number	Requirement Number	Text of Requirement	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	Comments
		vulnerability assessment shall include, at a minimum, the following:					
CIP-007-1	R8.1.	A document identifying the vulnerability assessment process;	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	
CIP-007-1	R8.2.	A review to verify that only ports and services required for operation of the Cyber Assets within the Electronic Security Perimeter are enabled;	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	
CIP-007-1	R8.3.	A review of controls for default accounts; and,	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	
CIP-007-1	R8.4.	Documentation of the results of the assessment, the action plan to remediate or mitigate vulnerabilities identified in the assessment, and the execution status of that action plan.	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	
CIP-007-1	R9.	Documentation Review and Maintenance — The Responsible Entity shall review and update the documentation specified in Standard CIP-007 at least annually. Changes resulting from modifications to the systems or controls shall be documented within ninety calendar days of the change.	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	

Standard Number	Requirement Number	Text of Requirement	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	Comments
CIP-008-1	R1.	Cyber Security Incident Response Plan — The Responsible Entity shall develop and maintain a Cyber Security Incident response plan. The Cyber Security Incident Response plan shall address, at a minimum, the following:	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	
CIP-008-1	R1.1.	Procedures to characterize and classify events as reportable Cyber Security Incidents.	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	
CIP-008-1	R1.2.	Response actions, including roles and responsibilities of incident response teams, incident handling procedures, and communication plans.	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	
CIP-008-1	R1.3.	Process for reporting Cyber Security Incidents to the Electricity Sector Information Sharing and Analysis Center (ES ISAC). The Responsible Entity must ensure that all reportable Cyber Security Incidents are reported to the ES ISAC either directly or through an intermediary.	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	
CIP-008-1	R1.4.	Process for updating the Cyber Security Incident response plan within ninety calendar days of any changes.	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	
CIP-008-1	R1.5.	Process for ensuring that the Cyber	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	

Standard Number	Requirement Number	Text of Requirement	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	Comments
		Security Incident response plan is reviewed at least annually.					
CIP-008-1	R1.6.	Process for ensuring the Cyber Security Incident response plan is tested at least annually. A test of the incident response plan can range from a paper drill, to a full operational exercise, to the response to an actual incident.	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	
CIP-008-1	R2.	Cyber Security Incident Documentation — The Responsible Entity shall keep relevant documentation related to Cyber Security Incidents reportable per Requirement R1.1 for three calendar years.	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	
CIP-009-1	R1.	Recovery Plans — The Responsible Entity shall create and annually review recovery plan(s) for Critical Cyber Assets. The recovery plan(s) shall address at a minimum the following:	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	
CIP-009-1	R1.1.	Specify the required actions in response to events or conditions of varying duration and severity that would activate the recovery plan(s).	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	
CIP-009-1	R1.2.	Define the roles and responsibilities of responders.	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	

Standard Number	Requirement Number	Text of Requirement	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	Comments
CIP-009-1	R2.	Exercises — The recovery plan(s) shall be exercised at least annually. An exercise of the recovery plan(s) can range from a paper drill, to a full operational exercise, to recovery from an actual incident.	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	
CIP-009-1	R3.	Change Control — Recovery plan(s) shall be updated to reflect any changes or lessons learned as a result of an exercise or the recovery from an actual incident. Updates shall be communicated to personnel responsible for the activation and implementation of the recovery plan(s) within ninety calendar days of the change.	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	
CIP-009-1	R4.	Backup and Restore — The recovery plan(s) shall include processes and procedures for the backup and storage of information required to successfully restore Critical Cyber Assets. For example, backups may include spare electronic components or equipment, written documentation of configuration settings, tape backup, etc.	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	

Standard Number	Requirement Number	Text of Requirement	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	Comments
CIP-009-1	R5.	Testing Backup Media — Information essential to recovery that is stored on backup media shall be tested at least annually to ensure that the information is available. Testing can be completed off site.	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	
COM-001-1	R1.	Each Reliability Coordinator, Transmission Operator, and Balancing Authority shall provide adequate and reliable telecommunications facilities for the exchange of Interconnection and operating information:				TOP	
COM-001-1.1	R1.1.	Internally.				TOP	
COM-001-1.1	R1.2.	Between the Reliability Coordinator and its Transmission Operators and Balancing Authorities.				TOP	
COM-001-1.1	R1.3.	With other Reliability Coordinators, Transmission Operators, and Balancing Authorities as necessary to maintain reliability.				TOP	
COM-001-1.1	R1.4.	Where applicable, these facilities shall be redundant and diversely routed.				TOP	
COM-001-1.1	R2.	Each Reliability Coordinator, Transmission Operator, and Balancing Authority shall manage, alarm, test and/or actively monitor				TOP	

Standard Number	Requirement Number	Text of Requirement	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	Comments
		vital telecommunications facilities. Special attention shall be given to emergency telecommunications facilities and equipment not used for routine communications.					
COM-001-1.1	R3.	Each Reliability Coordinator, Transmission Operator and Balancing Authority shall provide a means to coordinate telecommunications among their respective areas. This coordination shall include the ability to investigate and recommend solutions to telecommunications problems within the area and with other areas.				TOP	
COM-001-1.1	R4.	Unless agreed to otherwise, each Reliability Coordinator, Transmission Operator, and Balancing Authority shall use English as the language for all communications between and among operating personnel responsible for the real-time generation control and operation of the interconnected Bulk Electric System. Transmission Operators and Balancing Authorities may use				TOP	

Standard Number	Requirement Number	Text of Requirement	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	Comments
		an alternate language for internal operations.					
COM-001-1.1	R5.	Each Reliability Coordinator, Transmission Operator, and Balancing Authority shall have written operating instructions and procedures to enable continued operation of the system during the loss of telecommunications facilities.				TOP	
COM-002-2	R1.	Each Transmission Operator, Balancing Authority, and Generator Operator shall have communications (voice and data links) with appropriate Reliability Coordinators, Balancing Authorities, and Transmission Operators. Such communications shall be staffed and available for addressing a real-time emergency condition.		GOP		TOP	

Standard Number	Requirement Number	Text of Requirement	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	Comments
COM-002-2	R1.1.	Each Balancing Authority and Transmission Operator shall notify its Reliability Coordinator, and all other potentially affected Balancing Authorities and Transmission Operators through predetermined communication paths of any condition that could threaten the reliability of its area or when firm load shedding is anticipated.				TOP	
COM-002-2	R2.	Each Reliability Coordinator, Transmission Operator, and Balancing Authority shall issue directives in a clear, concise, and definitive manner; shall ensure the recipient of the directive repeats the information back correctly; and shall acknowledge the response as correct or repeat the original statement to resolve any misunderstandings.				TOP	
EOP-001-0	R2.	The Transmission Operator shall have an emergency load reduction plan for all identified IROLs. The plan shall include the details on how the Transmission Operator will implement load reduction in sufficient amount and time to				TOP	

Standard Number	Requirement Number	Text of Requirement	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	Comments
		mitigate the IROL violation before system separation or collapse would occur. The load reduction plan must be capable of being implemented within 30 minutes.					
EOP-001-0	R3.	Each Transmission Operator and Balancing Authority shall:				TOP	
EOP-001-0	R3.1.	Develop, maintain, and implement a set of plans to mitigate operating emergencies for insufficient generating capacity.				TOP	
EOP-001-0	R3.2.	Develop, maintain, and implement a set of plans to mitigate operating emergencies on the transmission system.				TOP	
EOP-001-0	R3.3.	Develop, maintain, and implement a set of plans for load shedding.				TOP	
EOP-001-0	R3.4.	Develop, maintain, and implement a set of plans for system restoration.				TOP	
EOP-001-0	R4.	Each Transmission Operator and Balancing Authority shall have emergency plans that will enable it to mitigate operating emergencies. At a minimum, Transmission Operator and Balancing Authority emergency plans shall include:				TOP	
EOP-001-0	R4.1.	Communications protocols to be used during emergencies.				TOP	

Standard Number	Requirement Number	Text of Requirement	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	Comments
EOP-001-0	R4.2.	A list of controlling actions to resolve the emergency. Load reduction, in sufficient quantity to resolve the emergency within NERC-established timelines, shall be one of the controlling actions.				TOP	
EOP-001-0	R4.3.	The tasks to be coordinated with and among adjacent Transmission Operators and Balancing Authorities.				TOP	
EOP-001-0	R4.4.	Staffing levels for the emergency.				TOP	
EOP-001-0	R5.	Each Transmission Operator and Balancing Authority shall include the applicable elements in Attachment 1-EOP-001-0 when developing an emergency plan.				TOP	
EOP-001-0	R6.	The Transmission Operator and Balancing Authority shall annually review and update each emergency plan. The Transmission Operator and Balancing Authority shall provide a copy of its updated emergency plans to its Reliability Coordinator and to neighboring Transmission Operators and Balancing Authorities.				TOP	

Standard Number	Requirement Number	Text of Requirement	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	Comments
EOP-001-0	R7.	The Transmission Operator and Balancing Authority shall coordinate its emergency plans with other Transmission Operators and Balancing Authorities as appropriate. This coordination includes the following steps, as applicable:				TOP	
EOP-001-0	R7.1.	The Transmission Operator and Balancing Authority shall establish and maintain reliable communications between interconnected systems.				TOP	
EOP-001-0	R7.2.	The Transmission Operator and Balancing Authority shall arrange new interchange agreements to provide for emergency capacity or energy transfers if existing agreements cannot be used.				TOP	
EOP-001-0	R7.3.	The Transmission Operator and Balancing Authority shall coordinate transmission and generator maintenance schedules, <u>including outages to Generator Interconnection Facilities</u> , to maximize capacity or conserve the fuel in short supply. (This includes water for hydro generators.)				TOP	

Standard Number	Requirement Number	Text of Requirement	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	Comments
EOP-001-0	R7.4.	The Transmission Operator and Balancing Authority shall arrange deliveries of electrical energy or fuel from remote systems through normal operating channels.				TOP	
EOP-003-1	R1.	After taking all other remedial steps, a Transmission Operator or Balancing Authority operating with insufficient generation or transmission capacity shall shed customer load rather than risk an uncontrolled failure of components or cascading outages of the Interconnection.				TOP	
EOP-003-1	R2.	Each Transmission Operator and Balancing Authority shall establish plans for automatic load shedding for underfrequency or undervoltage conditions.				TOP	
EOP-003-1	R3.	Each Transmission Operator and Balancing Authority shall coordinate load shedding plans among other interconnected Transmission Operators and Balancing Authorities.				TOP	
EOP-003-1	R4.	A Transmission Operator or Balancing Authority shall consider one or more of these factors in				TOP	

Standard Number	Requirement Number	Text of Requirement	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	Comments
		designing an automatic load shedding scheme: frequency, rate of frequency decay, voltage level, rate of voltage decay, or power flow levels.					
EOP-003-1	R5.	A Transmission Operator or Balancing Authority shall implement load shedding in steps established to minimize the risk of further uncontrolled separation, loss of generation, or system shutdown.				TOP	
EOP-003-1	R6.	After a Transmission Operator or Balancing Authority Area separates from the Interconnection, if there is insufficient generating capacity to restore system frequency following automatic underfrequency load shedding, the Transmission Operator or Balancing Authority shall shed additional load.				TOP	
EOP-003-1	R7.	The Transmission Operator, <u>Generator Operator</u> , and Balancing Authority shall coordinate automatic load shedding throughout their areas with underfrequency isolation of generating units, tripping of shunt capacitors, and other automatic actions that will occur under				TOP	<u>Generic issue: -Need to add Generator Operator applicability to ensure the units' frequency trip set points are appropriately included in the needed coordination.</u>

Standard Number	Requirement Number	Text of Requirement	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	Comments
		abnormal frequency, voltage, or power flow conditions.					
EOP-003-1	R8.	Each Transmission Operator or Balancing Authority shall have plans for operator-controlled manual load shedding to respond to real-time emergencies. The Transmission Operator or Balancing Authority shall be capable of implementing the load shedding in a timeframe adequate for responding to the emergency.				TOP	
EOP-004-1	R2.	A Reliability Coordinator, Balancing Authority, Transmission Operator, Generator Operator or Load-Serving Entity shall promptly analyze Bulk Electric System disturbances on its system or facilities, <u>including those for Generator Interconnection Facilities.</u>		GOP		TOP	
EOP-004-1	R3.	A Reliability Coordinator, Balancing Authority, Transmission Operator, Generator Operator or Load-Serving Entity experiencing a reportable incident shall provide a preliminary written report to its		GOP		TOP	

Standard Number	Requirement Number	Text of Requirement	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	Comments
		Regional Reliability Organization and NERC.					
EOP-004-1	R3.1.	The affected Reliability Coordinator, Balancing Authority, Transmission Operator, Generator Operator or Load-Serving Entity shall submit within 24 hours of the disturbance or unusual occurrence either a copy of the report submitted to DOE, or, if no DOE report is required, a copy of the NERC Interconnection Reliability Operating Limit and Preliminary Disturbance Report form. Events that are not identified until some time after they occur shall be reported within 24 hours of being recognized.		GOP		TOP	
EOP-004-1	R3.2.	Applicable reporting forms are provided in Attachments 022-1 and 022-2.		GOP		TOP	

Standard Number	Requirement Number	Text of Requirement	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	Comments
EOP-004-1	R3.3.	<p>Under certain adverse conditions, e.g., severe weather, it may not be possible to assess the damage caused by a disturbance and issue a written Interconnection Reliability Operating Limit and Preliminary Disturbance Report within 24 hours. In such cases, the affected Reliability Coordinator, Balancing Authority, Transmission Operator, Generator Operator, or Load-Serving Entity shall promptly notify its Regional Reliability Organization(s) and NERC, and verbally provide as much information as is available at that time. The affected Reliability Coordinator, Balancing Authority, Transmission Operator, Generator Operator, or Load-Serving Entity shall then provide timely, periodic verbal updates until adequate information is available to issue a written Preliminary Disturbance Report.</p>		GOP		TOP	

Standard Number	Requirement Number	Text of Requirement	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	Comments
EOP-004-1	R3.4.	<p>If, in the judgment of the Regional Reliability Organization, after consultation with the Reliability Coordinator, Balancing Authority, Transmission Operator, Generator Operator, or Load-Serving Entity in which a disturbance occurred, a final report is required, the affected Reliability Coordinator, Balancing Authority, Transmission Operator, Generator Operator, or Load-Serving Entity shall prepare this report within 60 days. As a minimum, the final report shall have a discussion of the events and its cause, the conclusions reached, and recommendations to prevent recurrence of this type of event. The report shall be subject to Regional Reliability Organization approval.</p>		GOP		TOP	
EOP-005-1	R1.	<p>Each Transmission Operator shall have a restoration plan to reestablish its electric system in a stable and orderly manner in the event of a partial or total shutdown of its system, including necessary operating instructions and</p>				TOP	

Standard Number	Requirement Number	Text of Requirement	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	Comments
		procedures to cover emergency conditions, and the loss of vital telecommunications channels. Each Transmission Operator shall include the applicable elements listed in Attachment 1-EOP-005 in developing a restoration plan.					
EOP-005-1	R2.	Each Transmission Operator shall review and update its restoration plan at least annually and whenever it makes changes in the power system network, and shall correct deficiencies found during the simulated restoration exercises.				TOP	
EOP-005-1	R3.	Each Transmission Operator shall develop restoration plans with a priority of restoring the integrity of the Interconnection.				TOP	
EOP-005-1	R4.	Each Transmission Operator shall coordinate its restoration plans with the Generator Owners and Balancing Authorities within its area, its Reliability Coordinator, and neighboring Transmission Operators and Balancing Authorities.				TOP	
EOP-005-1	R5.	Each Transmission Operator and Balancing Authority shall periodically test its				TOP	

Standard Number	Requirement Number	Text of Requirement	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	Comments
		telecommunication facilities needed to implement the restoration plan.					
EOP-005-1	R6.	Each Transmission Operator and Balancing Authority shall train its operating personnel in the implementation of the restoration plan. Such training shall include simulated exercises, if practicable.				TOP	
EOP-005-1	R7.	Each Transmission Operator and Balancing Authority shall verify the restoration procedure by actual testing or by simulation.				TOP	
EOP-005-1	R8.	Each Transmission Operator shall verify that the number, size, availability, and location of system blackstart generating units are sufficient to meet Regional Reliability Organization restoration plan requirements for the Transmission Operator's area.				TOP	
EOP-005-1	R9.	The Transmission Operator shall document the Cranking Paths, including initial switching requirements, between each blackstart generating unit and the unit(s) to be started and shall provide this documentation for review by the Regional Reliability				TOP	

Standard Number	Requirement Number	Text of Requirement	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	Comments
		Organization upon request. Such documentation may include Cranking Path diagrams.					
EOP-005-1	R10.	The Transmission Operator shall demonstrate, through simulation or testing, that the blackstart generating units in its restoration plan can perform their intended functions as required in the regional restoration plan.				TOP	
EOP-005-1	R10.1.	The Transmission Operator shall perform this simulation or testing at least once every five years.				TOP	
EOP-005-1	R11.	Following a disturbance in which one or more areas of the Bulk Electric System become isolated or blacked out, the affected Transmission Operators and Balancing Authorities shall begin immediately to return the Bulk Electric System to normal.				TOP	
EOP-005-1	R11.1.	The affected Transmission Operators and Balancing Authorities shall work in conjunction with their Reliability Coordinator(s) to determine the extent and condition of the isolated area(s).				TOP	

Standard Number	Requirement Number	Text of Requirement	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	Comments
EOP-005-1	R11.2.	The affected Transmission Operators and Balancing Authorities shall take the necessary actions to restore Bulk Electric System frequency to normal, including adjusting generation, placing additional generators on line, or load shedding.				TOP	
EOP-005-1	R11.4.	The affected Transmission Operators shall give high priority to restoration of off-site power to nuclear stations.				TOP	
EOP-005-1	R11.5.	The affected Transmission Operators may resynchronize the isolated area(s) with the surrounding area(s) when the following conditions are met:				TOP	The team identified this as a potential general issue. However, when one considers the new requirements recommended (found in TOP-001 R7 Comment area), the TOP has decision-making authority over the Point of Interconnection, there is no gap created through this specific requirement.
EOP-005-1	R11.5.1.	Voltage, frequency, and phase angle permit.				TOP	
EOP-005-1	R11.5.2.	The size of the area being reconnected and the capacity of the transmission lines effecting the reconnection and the number of synchronizing points across the				TOP	

Standard Number	Requirement Number	Text of Requirement	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	Comments
		system are considered.					
EOP-005-1	R11.5.3.	Reliability Coordinator(s) and adjacent areas are notified and Reliability Coordinator approval is given.				TOP	
EOP-005-1	R11.5.4.	Load is shed in neighboring areas, if required, to permit successful interconnected system restoration.				TOP	
EOP-008-0	R1.	Each Reliability Coordinator, Transmission Operator and Balancing Authority shall have a plan to continue reliability operations in the event its control center becomes inoperable. The contingency plan must meet the following requirements:				TOP	
EOP-008-0	R1.1.	The contingency plan shall not rely on data or voice communication from the primary control facility to be viable.				TOP	
EOP-008-0	R1.2.	The plan shall include procedures and responsibilities for providing basic tie line control and procedures and for maintaining the status of all inter-area schedules, such that there is an hourly accounting of all schedules.				TOP	

Standard Number	Requirement Number	Text of Requirement	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	Comments
EOP-008-0	R1.3.	The contingency plan must address monitoring and control of critical transmission facilities, <u>Generator Interconnection Facilities</u> , generation control, voltage control, time and frequency control, control of critical substation devices, and logging of significant power system events. The plan shall list the critical facilities.				TOP	
EOP-008-0	R1.4.	The plan shall include procedures and responsibilities for maintaining basic voice communication capabilities with other areas.				TOP	
EOP-008-0	R1.5.	The plan shall include procedures and responsibilities for conducting periodic tests, at least annually, to ensure viability of the plan.				TOP	
EOP-008-0	R1.6.	The plan shall include procedures and responsibilities for providing annual training to ensure that operating personnel are able to implement the contingency plans.				TOP	
EOP-008-0	R1.7.	The plan shall be reviewed and updated annually.				TOP	
EOP-008-0	R1.8.	Interim provisions must be included if it is expected to take more than one hour to implement the				TOP	

Standard Number	Requirement Number	Text of Requirement	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	Comments
		contingency plan for loss of primary control facility.					
EOP-009-0	R1.	The Generator Operator of each blackstart generating unit shall test the startup and operation of each system blackstart generating unit identified in the BCP as required in the Regional BCP (Reliability Standard EOP-007-0_R1). Testing records shall include the dates of the tests, the duration of the tests, and an indication of whether the tests met Regional BCP requirements.		GOP			
EOP-009-0	R2.	The Generator Owner or Generator Operator shall provide documentation of the test results of the startup and operation of each blackstart generating unit to the Regional Reliability Organizations and upon request to NERC.	GO	GOP			
FAC-001-0	R1.	The Transmission Owner shall document, maintain, and publish facility connection requirements to ensure compliance with NERC Reliability Standards and applicable Regional Reliability Organization, subregional, Power Pool, and individual Transmission Owner			TO		

Standard Number	Requirement Number	Text of Requirement	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	Comments
		planning criteria and facility connection requirements. The Transmission Owner's facility connection requirements shall address connection requirements for:					
FAC-001-0	R1.1.	Generation facilities, <u>including Generator Interconnection Facilities,</u>			TO		
FAC-001-0	R1.2.	Transmission facilities, and			TO		
FAC-001-0	R1.3.	End-user facilities			TO		
FAC-001-0	R2.	The Transmission Owner's facility connection requirements shall address, but are not limited to, the following items:			TO		
FAC-001-0	R2.1.	Provide a written summary of its plans to achieve the required system performance as described above throughout the planning horizon:			TO		
FAC-001-0	R2.1.1.	Procedures for coordinated joint studies of new facilities and their impacts on the interconnected transmission systems.			TO		
FAC-001-0	R2.1.2.	Procedures for notification of new or modified facilities to others (those responsible for the reliability of the interconnected transmission systems) as soon as feasible.			TO		
FAC-001-0	R2.1.3.	Voltage level and MW and MVAR			TO		

Standard Number	Requirement Number	Text of Requirement	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	Comments
		capacity or demand at point of connection.					
FAC-001-0	R2.1.4.	Breaker duty and surge protection.			TO		
FAC-001-0	R2.1.5.	System protection and coordination.			TO		
FAC-001-0	R2.1.6.	Metering and telecommunications.			TO		
FAC-001-0	R2.1.7.	Grounding and safety issues.			TO		
FAC-001-0	R2.1.8.	Insulation and insulation coordination.			TO		
FAC-001-0	R2.1.9.	Voltage, Reactive Power, and power factor control.			TO		
FAC-001-0	R2.1.10.	Power quality impacts.			TO		
FAC-001-0	R2.1.11.	Equipment Ratings.			TO		
FAC-001-0	R2.1.12.	Synchronizing of facilities.			TO		
FAC-001-0	R2.1.13.	Maintenance coordination.			TO		
FAC-001-0	R2.1.14.	Operational issues (abnormal frequency and voltages).			TO		
FAC-001-0	R2.1.15.	Inspection requirements for existing or new facilities.			TO		
FAC-001-0	R2.1.16.	Communications and procedures during normal and emergency operating conditions.			TO		
FAC-001-0	R3.	The Transmission Owner shall maintain and update its facility connection requirements as required. The Transmission Owner shall make documentation of these requirements available to the users			TO		

Standard Number	Requirement Number	Text of Requirement	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	Comments
		of the transmission system, the Regional Reliability Organization, and NERC on request (five business days).					
FAC-002-0	R1.	The Generator Owner, Transmission Owner, Distribution Provider, and Load-Serving Entity seeking to integrate generation facilities, transmission facilities, and electricity end-user facilities shall each coordinate and cooperate on its assessments with its Transmission Planner and Planning Authority. The assessment shall include:	GO		TO		
FAC-002-0	R1.1.	Evaluation of the reliability impact of the new facilities and their connections on the interconnected transmission systems.	GO		TO		
FAC-002-0	R1.2.	Ensurance of compliance with NERC Reliability Standards and applicable Regional, subregional, Power Pool, and individual system planning criteria and facility connection requirements.	GO		TO		
FAC-002-0	R1.3.	Evidence that the parties involved in the assessment have coordinated and cooperated on the assessment of the reliability impacts of new facilities	GO		TO		

Standard Number	Requirement Number	Text of Requirement	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	Comments
		on the interconnected transmission systems. While these studies may be performed independently, the results shall be jointly evaluated and coordinated by the entities involved.					
FAC-002-0	R1.4.	Evidence that the assessment included steady-state, short-circuit, and dynamics studies as necessary to evaluate system performance in accordance with Reliability Standard TPL-001-0.	GO		TO		
FAC-002-0	R1.5.	Documentation that the assessment included study assumptions, system performance, alternatives considered, and jointly coordinated recommendations.	GO		TO		
FAC-002-0	R2.	The Planning Authority, Transmission Planner, Generator Owner, Transmission Owner, Load-Serving Entity, and Distribution Provider shall each retain its documentation (of its evaluation of the reliability impact of the new facilities and their connections on the interconnected transmission systems) for three years and shall provide the documentation to the Regional Reliability Organization(s)	GO		TO		

Standard Number	Requirement Number	Text of Requirement	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	Comments
		Regional Reliability Organization(s) and NERC on request (within 30 calendar days).					
FAC-003-1	R1.	The Transmission owner shall prepare, and keep current, a formal transmission vegetation management (TVM). The TVMP shall include the Transmission Owner's objectives, practices, approved procedures, and work Specifications. 1. ANSI A300, Tree Care Operations – Tree, Shrub, and Other Woody Plant Maintenance – Standard Practices, while not a requirement of this standard, is considered to be an industry best practice.			TO		Under what conditions should FAC-003 apply?
FAC-003-1	R1.1.	The TVMP shall define a schedule for and the type (aerial, ground) of ROW vegetation inspections. This schedule should be flexible enough to adjust for changing conditions. The inspection schedule shall be based on the anticipated growth of vegetation and any other environmental or operational factors			TO		

Standard Number	Requirement Number	Text of Requirement	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	Comments
		that could impact the relationship of vegetation to the Transmission Owner's transmission lines.					
FAC-003-1	R1.2.	The Transmission Owner, in the TVMP, shall identify and document clearances between vegetation and any overhead, ungrounded supply conductors, taking into consideration transmission line voltage, the effects of ambient temperature on conductor sag under maximum design loading, and the effects of wind velocities on conductor sway. Specifically, the Transmission Owner shall establish clearances to be achieved at the time of vegetation management work identified herein as Clearance 1, and shall also establish and maintain a set of clearances identified herein as Clearance 2 to prevent flashover between vegetation and overhead ungrounded supply conductors.			TO		

Standard Number	Requirement Number	Text of Requirement	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	Comments
FAC-003-1	R1.2.1.	<p>Clearance 1 — The Transmission Owner shall determine and document appropriate clearance distances to be achieved at the time of transmission vegetation management work based upon local conditions and the expected time frame in which the Transmission Owner plans to return for future vegetation management work. Local conditions may include, but are not limited to: operating voltage, appropriate vegetation management techniques, fire risk, reasonably anticipated tree and conductor movement, species types and growth rates, species failure characteristics, local climate and rainfall patterns, line terrain and elevation, location of the vegetation within the span, and worker approach distance requirements. Clearance 1 distances shall be greater than those defined by Clearance 2 below.</p>			TO		

Standard Number	Requirement Number	Text of Requirement	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	Comments
FAC-003-1	R1.2.2.	<p>Clearance 2 — The Transmission Owner shall determine and document specific radial clearances to be maintained between vegetation and conductors under all rated electrical operating conditions. These minimum clearance distances are necessary to prevent flashover between vegetation and conductors and will vary due to such factors as altitude and operating voltage. These Transmission Owner-specific minimum clearance distances shall be no less than those set forth in the Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers (IEEE) Standard 516-2003 (<i>Guide for Maintenance Methods on Energized Power Lines</i>) and as specified in its Section 4.2.2.3, Minimum Air Insulation Distances without Tools in the Air Gap.</p>			TO		
FAC-003-1	R1.2.2.1.	<p>Where transmission system transient overvoltage factors are not known, clearances shall be derived from Table 5, IEEE 516-2003, phase-to-ground distances, with appropriate altitude correction factors applied.</p>			TO		

Standard Number	Requirement Number	Text of Requirement	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	Comments
FAC-003-1	R1.2.2.2.	Where transmission system transient overvoltage factors are known, clearances shall be derived from Table 7, IEEE 516-2003, phase-to-phase voltages, with appropriate altitude correction factors applied.			TO		
FAC-003-1	R1.3.	All personnel directly involved in the design and implementation of the TVMP shall hold appropriate qualifications and training, as defined by the Transmission Owner, to perform their duties.			TO		
FAC-003-1	R1.4.	Each Transmission Owner shall develop mitigation measures to achieve sufficient clearances for the protection of the transmission facilities when it identifies locations on the ROW where the Transmission Owner is restricted from attaining the clearances specified in Requirement 1.2.1.			TO		
FAC-003-1	R1.5.	Each Transmission Owner shall establish and document a process for the immediate communication of vegetation conditions that present an imminent threat of a transmission line outage. This is so that action (temporary reduction in line rating,			TO		

Standard Number	Requirement Number	Text of Requirement	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	Comments
		switching line out of service, etc.) may be taken until the threat is relieved.					
FAC-003-1	R2.	The Transmission Owner shall create and implement an annual plan for vegetation management work to ensure the reliability of the system. The plan shall describe the methods used, such as manual clearing, mechanical clearing, herbicide treatment, or other actions. The plan should be flexible enough to adjust to changing conditions, taking into consideration anticipated growth of vegetation and all other environmental factors that may have an impact on the reliability of the transmission systems. Adjustments to the plan shall be documented as they occur. The plan should take into consideration the time required to obtain permissions or permits from landowners or regulatory authorities. Each Transmission Owner shall have systems and procedures for documenting and tracking the planned vegetation			TO		

Standard Number	Requirement Number	Text of Requirement	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	Comments
		management work and ensuring that the vegetation management work was completed according to work specifications.					
FAC-003-1	R3.	The Transmission Owner shall report quarterly to its RRO, or the RRO's designee, sustained transmission line outages determined by the Transmission Owner to have been caused by vegetation.			TO		
FAC-003-1	R3.1.	Multiple sustained outages on an individual line, if caused by the same vegetation, shall be reported as one outage regardless of the actual number of outages within a 24-hour period.			TO		

Standard Number	Requirement Number	Text of Requirement	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	Comments
FAC-003-1	R3.2.	<p>The Transmission Owner is not required to report to the RRO, or the RRO's designee, certain sustained transmission line outages caused by vegetation: (1) Vegetation-related outages that result from vegetation falling into lines from outside the ROW that result from natural disasters shall not be considered reportable (examples of disasters that could create non-reportable outages include, but are not limited to, earthquakes, fires, tornados, hurricanes, landslides, wind shear, major storms as defined either by the Transmission Owner or an applicable regulatory body, ice storms, and floods), and (2) Vegetation-related outages due to human or animal activity shall not be considered reportable (examples of human or animal activity that could cause a non-reportable outage include, but are not limited to, logging, animal severing tree, vehicle contact with tree, arboricultural activities or horticultural or agricultural activities, or removal or digging of</p>			TO		

Standard Number	Requirement Number	Text of Requirement	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	Comments
		vegetation).					
FAC-003-1	R3.3.	The outage information provided by the Transmission Owner to the RRO, or the RRO's designee, shall include at a minimum: the name of the circuit(s) outaged, the date, time and duration of the outage; a description of the cause of the outage; other pertinent comments; and any countermeasures taken by the Transmission Owner.			TO		
FAC-003-1	R3.4.	An outage shall be categorized as one of the following:			TO		
FAC-003-1	R3.4.1.	Category 1 — Grow-ins: Outages caused by vegetation growing into lines from vegetation inside and/or outside of the ROW;			TO		
FAC-003-1	R3.4.2.	Category 2 — Fall-ins: Outages			TO		

Standard Number	Requirement Number	Text of Requirement	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	Comments
		caused by vegetation falling into lines from inside the ROW;					
FAC-003-1	R3.4.3.	Category 3 — Fall-ins: Outages caused by vegetation falling into lines from outside the ROW.			TO		
FAC-008-1	R1.	The Transmission Owner and Generator Owner shall each document its current methodology used for developing Facility Ratings (Facility Ratings Methodology) of its solely and jointly owned Facilities, <u>including Generator Interconnection Facilities</u> . The methodology shall include all of the following:	GO		TO		
FAC-008-1	R1.1.	A statement that a Facility Rating shall equal the most limiting applicable Equipment Rating of the individual equipment that comprises that Facility.	GO		TO		
FAC-008-1	R1.2.	The method by which the Rating (of major BES equipment that comprises a Facility) is determined.	GO		TO		
FAC-008-1	R1.2.1.	The scope of equipment addressed shall include, but not be limited to, generators, <u>Generator Interconnection Facilities</u> , transmission conductors,	GO		TO		

Standard Number	Requirement Number	Text of Requirement	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	Comments
		transformers, relay protective devices, terminal equipment, and series and shunt compensation devices.					
FAC-008-1	R1.2.2.	The scope of Ratings addressed shall include, as a minimum, both Normal and Emergency Ratings.	GO		TO		
FAC-008-1	R1.3.	Consideration of the following:	GO		TO		
FAC-008-1	R1.3.1.	Ratings provided by equipment manufacturers.	GO		TO		
FAC-008-1	R1.3.2.	Design criteria (e.g., including applicable references to industry Rating practices such as manufacturer's warranty, IEEE, ANSI or other standards).	GO		TO		
FAC-008-1	R1.3.3.	Ambient conditions.	GO		TO		
FAC-008-1	R1.3.4.	Operating limitations.	GO		TO		
FAC-008-1	R1.3.5.	Other assumptions.	GO		TO		
FAC-008-1	R2.	The Transmission Owner and Generator Owner shall each make its Facility Ratings Methodology available for inspection and technical review by those Reliability Coordinators, Transmission Operators, Transmission Planners, and Planning Authorities that have responsibility for the area in which the associated Facilities are located,	GO		TO		

Standard Number	Requirement Number	Text of Requirement	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	Comments
		within 15 business days of receipt of a request.					
FAC-008-1	R3.	If a Reliability Coordinator, Transmission Operator, Transmission Planner, or Planning Authority provides written comments on its technical review of a Transmission Owner's or Generator Owner's Facility Ratings Methodology, the Transmission Owner or Generator Owner shall provide a written response to that commenting entity within 45 calendar days of receipt of those comments. The response shall indicate whether a change will be made to the Facility Ratings Methodology and, if no change will be made to that Facility Ratings Methodology, the reason why.	GO		TO		
FAC-009-1	R1.	The Transmission Owner and Generator Owner shall each establish Facility Ratings for its solely and jointly owned Facilities, <u>including Generator Interconnection Facilities,</u> -that are consistent with	GO		TO		

Standard Number	Requirement Number	Text of Requirement	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	Comments
		the associated Facility Ratings Methodology.					
FAC-009-1	R2.	The Transmission Owner and Generator Owner shall each provide Facility Ratings for its solely and jointly owned Facilities, <u>including Generator Interconnection Facilities</u> , that are existing Facilities, new Facilities, modifications to existing Facilities and re-ratings of existing Facilities to its associated Reliability Coordinator(s), Planning Authority(ies), Transmission Planner(s), and Transmission Operator(s) as scheduled by such requesting entities.	GO		TO		
FAC-014-1	R2.	The Transmission Operator shall establish SOLs (as directed by its Reliability Coordinator) for its portion of the Reliability Coordinator Area that are consistent with its Reliability Coordinator's SOL Methodology.				TOP	
FAC-014-1	R5.2.	The Transmission Operator shall provide any SOLs it developed to its Reliability Coordinator and to the Transmission Service Providers that share its portion of the Reliability				TOP	

Standard Number	Requirement Number	Text of Requirement	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	Comments
		Coordinator Area.					
INT-004-2	R2.3.	A Reliability Coordinator or Transmission Operator determines the deviation, regardless of magnitude, to be a reliability concern and notifies the Purchasing-Selling Entity of that determination and the reasons.				TOP	
IRO-001-1.1	R8.	Transmission Operators, Balancing Authorities, Generator Operators, Transmission Service Providers, Load-Serving Entities, and Purchasing-Selling Entities shall comply with Reliability Coordinator directives unless such actions would violate safety, equipment, or regulatory or statutory requirements. Under these circumstances, the Transmission Operator, Balancing Authority, Generator Operator, Transmission Service Provider, Load-Serving Entity, or Purchasing-Selling Entity shall immediately inform the Reliability Coordinator of the inability to perform the directive so that the Reliability Coordinator may implement		GOP		TOP	

Standard Number	Requirement Number	Text of Requirement	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	Comments
		alternate remedial actions.					
IRO-002-1	R3.	Each Reliability Coordinator – or its Transmission Operators and Balancing Authorities – shall provide, or arrange provisions for, data exchange to other Reliability Coordinators or Transmission Operators and Balancing Authorities via a secure network.				TOP	
IRO-004-1	R3.	Each Reliability Coordinator shall, in conjunction with its Transmission Operators and Balancing Authorities, develop action plans that may be required, including reconfiguration of the transmission system, re-dispatching of generation, reduction or curtailment of Interchange Transactions, or reducing load to return transmission loading to within acceptable SOLs or IROLs.				TOP	

Standard Number	Requirement Number	Text of Requirement	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	Comments
IRO-004-1	R4.	Each Transmission Operator, Balancing Authority, Transmission Owner, Generator Owner, Generator Operator, and Load-Serving Entity in the Reliability Coordinator Area shall provide information required for system studies, such as critical facility status, Load, generation, operating reserve projections, and known Interchange Transactions. This information shall be available by 1200 Central Standard Time for the Eastern Interconnection and 1200 Pacific Standard Time for the Western Interconnection.	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	
IRO-004-1	R7.	Each Transmission Operator, Balancing Authority, and Transmission Service Provider shall comply with the directives of its Reliability Coordinator based on the next day assessments in the same manner in which it would comply during real time operating events.				TOP	The team considered whether an existing GOP-specific requirement existed to close what could have been a gap in coverage. The team concluded that IRO-001-1 R8 addresses this issue. Therefore, no gap exists.

Standard Number	Requirement Number	Text of Requirement	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	Comments
IRO-005-2	R3.	As portions of the transmission system approach or exceed SOLs or IROLs, the Reliability Coordinator shall work with its Transmission Operators and Balancing Authorities to evaluate and assess any additional Interchange Schedules that would violate those limits. If a potential or actual IROL violation cannot be avoided through proactive intervention, the Reliability Coordinator shall initiate control actions or emergency procedures to relieve the violation without delay, and no longer than 30 minutes. The Reliability Coordinator shall ensure all resources, including load shedding, are available to address a potential or actual IROL violation.				TOP	
IRO-005-2	R6.	Each Reliability Coordinator shall ensure its Transmission Operators and Balancing Authorities are aware of Geo-Magnetic Disturbance (GMD) forecast information and assist as needed in the development of any required response plans.				TOP	

Standard Number	Requirement Number	Text of Requirement	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	Comments
IRO-005-2	R8.	Each Reliability Coordinator shall monitor system frequency and its Balancing Authorities' performance and direct any necessary rebalancing to return to CPS and DCS compliance. The Transmission Operators and Balancing Authorities shall utilize all resources, including firm load shedding, as directed by its Reliability Coordinator to relieve the emergent condition.				TOP	
IRO-005-2	R9.	The Reliability Coordinator shall coordinate with Transmission Operators, Balancing Authorities, and Generator Operators as needed to develop and implement action plans to mitigate potential or actual SOL, IROL, CPS, or DCS violations. The Reliability Coordinator shall coordinate pending generation and transmission maintenance outages, including Generator Interconnection Facilities , with Transmission Operators, Balancing Authorities, and Generator Operators as needed in both the real time and next-day reliability analysis timeframes.		GOP		TOP	

Standard Number	Requirement Number	Text of Requirement	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	Comments
IRO-005-2	R12.	Whenever a Special Protection System that may have an inter-Balancing Authority, or inter-Transmission Operator impact (e.g., could potentially affect transmission flows resulting in a SOL or IROL violation) is armed, the Reliability Coordinators shall be aware of the impact of the operation of that Special Protection System on inter-area flows. The Transmission Operator shall immediately inform the Reliability Coordinator of the status of the Special Protection System including any degradation or potential failure to operate as expected.				TOP	<p>General issue with generators: For generating units that participate in some fashion in a Special Protection System or Remedial Action System that has supporting relaying or control equipment to enable this functionality, the GOP must notify the TOP of a status or condition change of the equipment. Therefore, a new requirement specific to the GOP must be added:</p> <p><u>Rx. The Generator Operator shall immediately inform the Transmission Operator of the status of the Special Protection System, including any degradation or potential failure to operate as expected for SPS relay or control equipment under its control.</u></p>
IRO-005-2	R13.	Each Reliability Coordinator shall ensure that all Transmission Operators, Balancing Authorities, Generator Operators, Transmission Service Providers, Load-Serving Entities, and Purchasing-Selling Entities operate to prevent the likelihood that a disturbance, action, or non-action in its Reliability		GOP		TOP	

Standard Number	Requirement Number	Text of Requirement	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	Comments
		Coordinator Area will result in a SOL or IROL violation in another area of the Interconnection. In instances where there is a difference in derived limits, the Reliability Coordinator and its Transmission Operators, Balancing Authorities, Generator Operators, Transmission Service Providers, Load-Serving Entities, and Purchasing-Selling Entities shall always operate the Bulk Electric System to the most limiting parameter.					
IRO-005-2	R15.	Each Reliability Coordinator who foresees a transmission problem (such as an SOL or IROL violation, loss of reactive reserves, etc.) within its Reliability Coordinator Area shall issue an alert to all impacted Transmission Operators and Balancing Authorities in its Reliability Coordinator Area without delay. The receiving Reliability Coordinator shall disseminate this information to its impacted Transmission Operators and Balancing Authorities. The Reliability Coordinator shall notify				TOP	

Standard Number	Requirement Number	Text of Requirement	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	Comments
		all impacted Transmission Operators, Balancing Authorities, when the transmission problem has been mitigated.					
IRO-005-2	R17.	When an IROL or SOL is exceeded, the Reliability Coordinator shall evaluate the local and wide-area impacts, both real-time and post-contingency, and determine if the actions being taken are appropriate and sufficient to return the system to within IROL in thirty minutes. If the actions being taken are not appropriate or sufficient, the Reliability Coordinator shall direct the Transmission Operator, Balancing Authority, Generator Operator, or Load-Serving Entity to return the system to within IROL or SOL.		GOP		TOP	

Standard Number	Requirement Number	Text of Requirement	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	Comments
MOD-010-0 	R1.	The Transmission Owners, Transmission Planners, Generator Owners (<u>for plant and Generator Interconnection Facilities</u>), and Resource Planners -(specified in the data requirements and reporting procedures of MOD-011-0_R1) shall provide appropriate equipment characteristics, system data, and existing and future Interchange Schedules in compliance with its respective Interconnection Regional steady-state modeling and simulation data requirements and reporting procedures as defined in Reliability Standard MOD-011-0_R 1.	GO		TO		
MOD-010-0 	R2.	The Transmission Owners, Transmission Planners, Generator Owners (<u>for plant and Generator Interconnection Facilities</u>), and Resource Planners-(specified in the data requirements and reporting procedures of MOD-011-0_R1) shall provide this steady-state modeling and simulation data to the Regional Reliability Organizations, NERC, and those entities specified	GO		TO		

Standard Number	Requirement Number	Text of Requirement	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	Comments
		within Reliability Standard MOD-011-0_R 1. If no schedule exists, then these entities shall provide the data on request (30 calendar days).					
MOD-012-0 	R1.	The Transmission Owners, Transmission Planners, Generator Owners (<u>for plant and Generator Interconnection Facilities</u>), and Resource Planners (specified in the data requirements and reporting procedures of MOD-013-0_R1) shall provide appropriate equipment characteristics and system data in compliance with the respective Interconnection-wide Regional dynamics system modeling and simulation data requirements and reporting procedures as defined in Reliability Standard MOD-013-0_R1.	GO		TO		
MOD-012-0 	R2.	The Transmission Owners, Transmission Planners, Generator Owners (<u>for plant and Generator Interconnection Facilities</u>), and Resource Planners (specified in the data requirements and reporting procedures of MOD-013-0_R4)	GO		TO		

Standard Number	Requirement Number	Text of Requirement	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	Comments
		shall provide dynamics system modeling and simulation data to its Regional Reliability Organization(s), NERC, and those entities specified within the applicable reporting procedures identified in Reliability Standard MOD-013-0_R 1. If no schedule exists, then these entities shall provide data on request (30 calendar days).					
NUC-001-1	R1.	The Nuclear Plant Generator Operator shall provide the proposed NPIRs in writing to the applicable Transmission Entities and shall verify receipt	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	
NUC-001-1	R2.	The Nuclear Plant Generator Operator and the applicable Transmission Entities shall have in effect one or more Agreements ¹ that include mutually agreed to NPIRs and document how the Nuclear Plant Generator Operator and the applicable Transmission Entities shall address and implement these NPIRs.	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	

Standard Number	Requirement Number	Text of Requirement	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	Comments
NUC-001-1	R3.	Per the Agreements developed in accordance with this standard, the applicable Transmission Entities shall incorporate the NPIRs into their planning analyses of the electric system and shall communicate the results of these analyses to the Nuclear Plant Generator Operator.	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	
NUC-001-1	R4.	Per the Agreements developed in accordance with this standard, the applicable Transmission Entities shall:	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	
NUC-001-1	R4.1.	Incorporate the NPIRs into their operating analyses of the electric system.	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	
NUC-001-1	R4.2.	Operate the electric system to meet the NPIRs.	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	
NUC-001-1	R4.3.	Inform the Nuclear Plant Generator Operator when the ability to assess the operation of the electric system affecting NPIRs is lost.	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	
NUC-001-1	R5.	The Nuclear Plant Generator Operator shall operate per the Agreements developed in accordance with this standard.		GOP			

Standard Number	Requirement Number	Text of Requirement	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	Comments
NUC-001-1	R6.	Per the Agreements developed in accordance with this standard, the applicable Transmission Entities and the Nuclear Plant Generator Operator shall coordinate outages and maintenance activities which affect the NPIRs.	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	
NUC-001-1	R7.	Per the Agreements developed in accordance with this standard, the Nuclear Plant Generator Operator shall inform the applicable Transmission Entities of actual or proposed changes to nuclear plant design, configuration, operations, limits, protection systems, or capabilities that may impact the ability of the electric system to meet the NPIRs.	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	
NUC-001-1	R8.	Per the Agreements developed in accordance with this standard, the applicable Transmission Entities shall inform the Nuclear Plant Generator Operator of actual or proposed changes to electric system design, configuration, operations, limits, protection systems, or capabilities that may impact the ability of the electric system to meet	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	

Standard Number	Requirement Number	Text of Requirement	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	Comments
		the NPIRs.					
NUC-001-1	R9.	The Nuclear Plant Generator Operator and the applicable Transmission Entities shall include, as a minimum, the following elements within the agreement(s) identified in R2:	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	
NUC-001-1	R9.1.	Administrative elements:	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	
NUC-001-1	R9.1.1.	Definitions of key terms used in the agreement.	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	
NUC-001-1	R9.1.2.	Names of the responsible entities, organizational relationships, and responsibilities related to the NPIRs.	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	
NUC-001-1	R9.1.3.	A requirement to review the agreement(s) at least every three years.	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	
NUC-001-1	R9.1.4.	A dispute resolution mechanism.	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	
NUC-001-1	R9.2.	Technical requirements and analysis:	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	
NUC-001-1	R9.2.1.	Identification of parameters, limits, configurations, and operating scenarios included in the NPIRs and, as applicable, procedures for providing any specific data not	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	

Standard Number	Requirement Number	Text of Requirement	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	Comments
		provided within the agreement.					
NUC-001-1	R9.2.2.	Identification of facilities, components, and configuration restrictions that are essential for meeting the NPIRs.	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	
NUC-001-1	R9.2.3.	Types of planning and operational analyses performed specifically to support the NPIRs, including the frequency of studies and types of Contingencies and scenarios required.	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	
NUC-001-1	R9.3.	Operations and maintenance coordination:	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	
NUC-001-1	R9.3.1.	Designation of ownership of electrical facilities at the interface between the electric system and the nuclear plant and responsibilities for operational control coordination and maintenance of these facilities.	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	
NUC-001-1	R9.3.2.	Identification of any maintenance requirements for equipment not owned or controlled by the Nuclear Plant Generator Operator that are necessary to meet the NPIRs.	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	

Standard Number	Requirement Number	Text of Requirement	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	Comments
NUC-001-1	R9.3.3.	Coordination of testing, calibration and maintenance of on-site and off-site power supply systems and related components.	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	
NUC-001-1	R9.3.4.	Provisions to address mitigating actions needed to avoid violating NPIRs and to address periods when responsible Transmission Entity loses the ability to assess the capability of the electric system to meet the NPIRs. These provisions shall include responsibility to notify the Nuclear Plant Generator Operator within a specified time frame.	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	
NUC-001-1	R9.3.5.	Provision to consider nuclear plant coping times required by the NPLRs and their relation to the coordination of grid and nuclear plant restoration following a nuclear plant loss of Off-site Power.	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	
NUC-001-1	R9.3.6.	Coordination of physical and cyber security protection of the Bulk Electric System at the nuclear plant interface to ensure each asset is covered under at least one entity's plan.	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	

Standard Number	Requirement Number	Text of Requirement	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	Comments
NUC-001-1	R9.3.7.	Coordination of the NPIRs with transmission system Special Protection Systems and underfrequency and undervoltage load shedding programs.	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	
NUC-001-1	R9.4.	Communications and training:	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	
NUC-001-1	R9.4.1.	Provisions for communications between the Nuclear Plant Generator Operator and Transmission Entities, including communications protocols, notification time requirements, and definitions of terms.	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	
NUC-001-1	R9.4.2.	Provisions for coordination during an off-normal or emergency event affecting the NPIRs, including the need to provide timely information explaining the event, an estimate of when the system will be returned to a normal state, and the actual time the system is returned to normal.	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	
NUC-001-1	R9.4.3.	Provisions for coordinating investigations of causes of unplanned events affecting the NPIRs and developing solutions to minimize	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	

Standard Number	Requirement Number	Text of Requirement	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	Comments
		future risk of such events.					
NUC-001-1	R9.4.4.	Provisions for supplying information necessary to report to government agencies, as related to NPIRs.	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	
NUC-001-1	R9.4.5.	Provisions for personnel training, as related to NPIRs.	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	
PER-001-0	R1.	Each Transmission Operator, Balancing Authority, <u>and Generator Operator</u> shall provide operating personnel with the responsibility and authority to implement real-time actions to ensure the stable and reliable operation of the Bulk Electric System.				TOP	TOP-001 R3 coupled with the recommended requirement TOP-001-1, R7 results in full coverage. Therefore, there is no gap.
PER-002-0	R1.	Each Transmission Operator, <u>Generator Operator</u> , and Balancing Authority shall be staffed with adequately trained operating personnel.				TOP	
PER-002-0	R2.	Each Transmission Operator and Balancing Authority shall have a training program for all operating personnel that are in:				TOP	To ensure complete coverage for the training of personnel with responsibility for operating the Generator Interconnection Facilities, a new requirement is needed:

Standard Number	Requirement Number	Text of Requirement	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	Comments
							<u>Rx. Each Generator Operator shall implement an initial and continuing training program for all operating personnel that are responsible for operating the Generator Interconnection Facilities that verifies the personnel's ability and understanding to operate the equipment in a reliable manner.</u>
PER-002-0	R2.1.	Positions that have the primary responsibility, either directly or through communications with others, for the real-time operation of the interconnected Bulk Electric System.				TOP	
PER-002-0	R2.2.	Positions directly responsible for complying with NERC standards.				TOP	
PER-002-0	R3.	For personnel identified in Requirement R2, the Transmission Operator and Balancing Authority shall provide a training program meeting the following criteria:				TOP	
PER-002-0	R3.1.	A set of training program objectives must be defined, based on NERC and Regional Reliability Organization standards, entity operating procedures, and applicable regulatory requirements. These				TOP	

Standard Number	Requirement Number	Text of Requirement	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	Comments
		objectives shall reference the knowledge and competencies needed to apply those standards, procedures, and requirements to normal, emergency, and restoration conditions for the Transmission Operator and Balancing Authority operating positions.					
PER-002-0	R3.2.	The training program must include a plan for the initial and continuing training of Transmission Operator and Balancing Authority operating personnel. That plan shall address knowledge and competencies required for reliable system operations.				TOP	
PER-002-0	R3.3.	The training program must include training time for all Transmission Operator and Balancing Authority operating personnel to ensure their operating proficiency.				TOP	
PER-002-0	R3.4.	Training staff must be identified, and the staff must be competent in both knowledge of system operations and instructional capabilities.				TOP	

Standard Number	Requirement Number	Text of Requirement	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	Comments
PER-002-0	R4.	For personnel identified in Requirement R2, each Transmission Operator and Balancing Authority shall provide its operating personnel at least five days per year of training and drills using realistic simulations of system emergencies, in addition to other training required to maintain qualified operating personnel.				TOP	
PER-003-0	R1.	Each Transmission Operator, Balancing Authority, and Reliability Coordinator shall staff all operating positions that meet both of the following criteria with personnel that are NERC-certified for the applicable functions:				TOP	
PER-003-0	R1.1.	Positions that have the primary responsibility, either directly or through communications with others, for the real-time operation of the interconnected Bulk Electric System.				TOP	
PER-003-0	R1.2.	Positions directly responsible for complying with NERC standards.				TOP	
PRC-001-1	R1.	Each Transmission Operator, Balancing Authority, and Generator Operator shall be familiar with the		GOP		TOP	

Standard Number	Requirement Number	Text of Requirement	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	Comments
		purpose and limitations of protection system schemes applied in its area, <u>including those for Generator Interconnection Facilities.</u>					
PRC-001-1	R2.	Each Generator Operator and Transmission Operator shall notify reliability entities of relay or equipment failures, <u>including those for Generator Interconnection Facilities.</u> as follows:		GOP		TOP	
PRC-001-1	R2.1.	If a protective relay or equipment failure reduces system reliability, the Generator Operator shall notify its Transmission Operator and Host Balancing Authority. The Generator Operator shall take corrective action as soon as possible.		GOP			
PRC-001-1	R2.2.	If a protective relay or equipment failure reduces system reliability, the Transmission Operator shall notify its Reliability Coordinator and affected Transmission Operators and Balancing Authorities. The Transmission Operator shall take corrective action as soon as possible.				TOP	

Standard Number	Requirement Number	Text of Requirement	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	Comments
PRC-001-1	R3.	A Generator Operator or Transmission Operator shall coordinate new protective systems and changes, <u>including those for Generator Interconnection Facilities</u> , as follows.		GOP		TOP	
PRC-001-1	R3.1.	Each Generator Operator shall coordinate all new protective systems and all protective system changes, <u>including those for Generator Interconnection Facilities</u> , with its Transmission Operator and Host Balancing Authority.		GOP			
PRC-001-1	R3.2.	Each Transmission Operator shall coordinate all new protective systems and all protective system changes with neighboring Transmission Operators and Balancing Authorities.				TOP	
PRC-001-1	R4.	Each Transmission Operator shall coordinate protection systems on major transmission lines and interconnections with neighboring Generator Operators, Transmission Operators, and Balancing Authorities.				TOP	
PRC-001-1	R5.	A Generator Operator or Transmission Operator shall		GOP		TOP	

Standard Number	Requirement Number	Text of Requirement	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	Comments
		coordinate changes in generation, transmission, load or operating conditions, <u>including those for Generator Interconnection Facilities</u> , that could require changes in the protection systems of others:					
PRC-001-1	R5.1.	Each Generator Operator shall notify its Transmission Operator in advance of changes in generation or operating conditions, <u>including those for Generator Interconnection Facilities</u> , that could require changes in the Transmission Operator's protection systems.		GOP			
PRC-001-1	R5.2.	Each Transmission Operator shall notify neighboring Transmission Operators in advance of changes in generation, transmission, load, or operating conditions that could require changes in the other Transmission Operators' protection systems.				TOP	
PRC-001-1	R6.	Each Transmission Operator, <u>Generator Operator</u> , and Balancing Authority shall monitor the status of each Special Protection System in their area, and shall notify affected Transmission Operators and				TOP	

Standard Number	Requirement Number	Text of Requirement	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	Comments
		Balancing Authorities of each change in status.					
PRC-004-1	R1.	The Transmission Owner and any Distribution Provider that owns a transmission Protection System shall each analyze its transmission Protection System Misoperations and shall develop and implement a Corrective Action Plan to avoid future Misoperations of a similar nature according to the Regional Reliability Organization's procedures developed for Reliability Standard PRC-003 Requirement 1.			TO		
PRC-004-1	R2.	The Generator Owner shall analyze its generator Protection System Misoperations, <u>including those for Generator Interconnection Facilities</u> , and shall develop and implement a Corrective Action Plan to avoid future Misoperations of a similar nature according to the Regional Reliability Organization's procedures developed for PRC-003 R1.	GO				

Standard Number	Requirement Number	Text of Requirement	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	Comments
PRC-004-1	R3.	The Transmission Owner, any Distribution Provider that owns a transmission Protection System, and the Generator Owner shall each provide to its Regional Reliability Organization, documentation of its Misoperations analyses and Corrective Action Plans according to the Regional Reliability Organization's procedures developed for PRC-003 R1.	GO		TO		
PRC-005-1	R1.	Each Transmission Owner and any Distribution Provider that owns a transmission Protection System and each Generator Owner that owns a generation Protection System, <u>including those for Generator Interconnection Facilities</u> , shall have a Protection System maintenance and testing program for Protection Systems that affect the reliability of the BES. The program shall include:	GO		TO		
PRC-005-1	R1.1.	Maintenance and testing intervals and their basis.	GO		TO		
PRC-005-1	R1.2.	Summary of maintenance and testing procedures.	GO		TO		

Standard Number	Requirement Number	Text of Requirement	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	Comments
PRC-005-1	R2.	Each Transmission Owner and any Distribution Provider that owns a transmission Protection System and each Generator Owner that owns a generation Protection System, <u>including those for Generator Interconnection Facilities</u> , shall provide documentation of its Protection System maintenance and testing program and the implementation of that program to its Regional Reliability Organization on request (within 30 calendar days). The documentation of the program implementation shall include:	GO		TO		
PRC-005-1	R2.1.	Evidence Protection System devices were maintained and tested within the defined intervals.	GO		TO		
PRC-005-1	R2.2.	Date each Protection System device was last tested/maintained.	GO		TO		
PRC-007-0	R1.	The Transmission Owner and Distribution Provider with a UFLS program (as required by its Regional Reliability Organization) shall ensure that its UFLS program is consistent with its Regional Reliability Organization's UFLS			TO		

Standard Number	Requirement Number	Text of Requirement	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	Comments
		program requirements.					
PRC-007-0	R2.	The Transmission Owner, Transmission Operator, Distribution Provider, and Load-Serving Entity that owns or operates a UFLS program (as required by its Regional Reliability Organization) shall provide, and annually update, its underfrequency data as necessary for its Regional Reliability Organization to maintain and update a UFLS program database.			TO	TOP	
PRC-007-0	R3.	The Transmission Owner and Distribution Provider that owns a UFLS program (as required by its Regional Reliability Organization) shall provide its documentation of that UFLS program to its Regional Reliability Organization on request (30 calendar days).			TO		
PRC-008-0	R1.	The Transmission Owner and Distribution Provider with a UFLS program (as required by its Regional Reliability Organization) shall have a UFLS equipment maintenance and testing program in place. This			TO		

Standard Number	Requirement Number	Text of Requirement	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	Comments
		UFLS equipment maintenance and testing program shall include UFLS equipment identification, the schedule for UFLS equipment testing, and the schedule for UFLS equipment maintenance.					
PRC-008-0	R2.	The Transmission Owner and Distribution Provider with a UFLS program (as required by its Regional Reliability Organization) shall implement its UFLS equipment maintenance and testing program and shall provide UFLS maintenance and testing program results to its Regional Reliability Organization and NERC on request (within 30 calendar days).			TO		
PRC-009-0	R1.	The Transmission Owner, Transmission Operator, Load-Serving Entity, and Distribution Provider that owns or operates a UFLS program (as required by its Regional Reliability Organization) shall analyze and document its UFLS program performance in accordance with its Regional Reliability Organization's UFLS program. The analysis shall address			TO	TOP	

Standard Number	Requirement Number	Text of Requirement	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	Comments
		the performance of UFLS equipment and program effectiveness following system events resulting in system frequency excursions below the initializing set points of the UFLS program. The analysis shall include, but not be limited to:					
PRC-009-0	R1.1.	A description of the event including initiating conditions.			TO	TOP	
PRC-009-0	R1.2.	A review of the UFLS set points and tripping times.			TO	TOP	
PRC-009-0	R1.3.	A simulation of the event.			TO	TOP	
PRC-009-0	R1.4.	A summary of the findings.			TO	TOP	
PRC-009-0	R2.	The Transmission Owner, Transmission Operator, Load-Serving Entity, and Distribution Provider that owns or operates a UFLS program (as required by its Regional Reliability Organization) shall provide documentation of the analysis of the UFLS program to its Regional Reliability Organization and NERC on request 90 calendar days after the system event.			TO	TOP	

Standard Number	Requirement Number	Text of Requirement	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	Comments
PRC-010-0	R1.	The Load-Serving Entity, Transmission Owner, Transmission Operator, and Distribution Provider that owns or operates a UVLS program shall periodically (at least every five years or as required by changes in system conditions) conduct and document an assessment of the effectiveness of the UVLS program. This assessment shall be conducted with the associated Transmission Planner(s) and Planning Authority(ies).			TO	TOP	
PRC-010-0	R1.1.	This assessment shall include, but is not limited to:			TO	TOP	
PRC-010-0	R1.1.1.	Coordination of the UVLS programs with other protection and control systems in the Region and with other Regional Reliability Organizations, as appropriate.			TO	TOP	
PRC-010-0	R1.1.2.	Simulations that demonstrate that the UVLS programs performance is consistent with Reliability Standards TPL-001-0, TPL-002-0, TPL-003-0 and TPL-004-0.			TO	TOP	
PRC-010-0	R1.1.3.	A review of the voltage set points and timing.			TO	TOP	

Standard Number	Requirement Number	Text of Requirement	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	Comments
PRC-010-0	R2.	The Load-Serving Entity, Transmission Owner, Transmission Operator, and Distribution Provider that owns or operates a UVLS program shall provide documentation of its current UVLS program assessment to its Regional Reliability Organization and NERC on request (30 calendar days).			TO	TOP	
PRC-011-0	R1.	The Transmission Owner and Distribution Provider that owns a UVLS system shall have a UVLS equipment maintenance and testing program in place. This program shall include:			TO		
PRC-011-0	R1.1.	The UVLS system identification which shall include but is not limited to:			TO		
PRC-011-0	R1.1.1.	Relays.			TO		
PRC-011-0	R1.1.2.	Instrument transformers.			TO		
PRC-011-0	R1.1.3.	Communications systems, where appropriate.			TO		
PRC-011-0	R1.1.4.	Batteries.			TO		
PRC-011-0	R1.2.	Documentation of maintenance and testing intervals and their basis.			TO		
PRC-011-0	R1.3.	Summary of testing procedure.			TO		
PRC-011-0	R1.4.	Schedule for system testing.			TO		

Standard Number	Requirement Number	Text of Requirement	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	Comments
PRC-011-0	R1.5.	Schedule for system maintenance.			TO		
PRC-011-0	R1.6.	Date last tested/maintained.			TO		
PRC-011-0	R2.	The Transmission Owner and Distribution Provider that owns a UVLS system shall provide documentation of its UVLS equipment maintenance and testing program and the implementation of that UVLS equipment maintenance and testing program to its Regional Reliability Organization and NERC on request (within 30 calendar days).			TO		
PRC-015-0	R1.	The Transmission Owner, Generator Owner, and Distribution Provider that owns an SPS shall maintain a list of and provide data for existing and proposed SPSs as specified in Reliability Standard PRC-013-0_R 1.	GO		TO		
PRC-015-0	R2.	The Transmission Owner, Generator Owner, and Distribution Provider that owns an SPS shall have evidence it reviewed new or functionally modified SPSs in accordance with the Regional Reliability Organization's procedures as defined in Reliability	GO		TO		

Standard Number	Requirement Number	Text of Requirement	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	Comments
		Standard PRC-012-0_R1 prior to being placed in service.					
PRC-015-0	R3.	The Transmission Owner, Generator Owner, and Distribution Provider that owns an SPS shall provide documentation of SPS data and the results of studies that show compliance of new or functionally modified SPSs with NERC Reliability Standards and Regional Reliability Organization criteria to affected Regional Reliability Organizations and NERC on request (within 30 calendar days).	GO		TO		
PRC-016-0.1	R1.	The Transmission Owner, Generator Owner, and Distribution Provider that owns an SPS shall analyze its SPS operations and maintain a record of all misoperations in accordance with the Regional SPS review procedure specified in Reliability Standard PRC-012-0_R1.	GO		TO		
PRC-016-0.1	R2.	The Transmission Owner, Generator Owner, and Distribution Provider that owns an SPS shall take	GO		TO		

Standard Number	Requirement Number	Text of Requirement	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	Comments
		corrective actions to avoid future misoperations.					
PRC-016-0.1	R3.	The Transmission Owner, Generator Owner, and Distribution Provider that owns an SPS shall provide documentation of the misoperation analyses and the corrective action plans to its Regional Reliability Organization and NERC on request (within 90 calendar days).	GO		TO		
PRC-017-0	R1.	The Transmission Owner, Generator Owner, and Distribution Provider that owns an SPS shall have a system maintenance and testing program(s) in place. The program(s) shall include:	GO		TO		
PRC-017-0	R1.1.	SPS identification shall include but is not limited to:	GO		TO		
PRC-017-0	R1.1.1.	Relays.	GO		TO		
PRC-017-0	R1.1.2.	Instrument transformers.	GO		TO		
PRC-017-0	R1.1.3.	Communications systems, where appropriate.	GO		TO		
PRC-017-0	R1.1.4.	Batteries.	GO		TO		
PRC-017-0	R1.2.	Documentation of maintenance and testing intervals and their basis.	GO		TO		
PRC-017-0	R1.3.	Summary of testing procedure.	GO		TO		
PRC-017-0	R1.4.	Schedule for system testing.	GO		TO		

Standard Number	Requirement Number	Text of Requirement	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	Comments
PRC-017-0	R1.5.	Schedule for system maintenance.	GO		TO		
PRC-017-0	R1.6.	Date last tested/maintained.	GO		TO		
PRC-017-0	R2.	The Transmission Owner, Generator Owner, and Distribution Provider that owns an SPS shall provide documentation of the program and its implementation to the appropriate Regional Reliability Organizations and NERC on request (within 30 calendar days).	GO		TO		
PRC-018-1	R1.	Each Transmission Owner and Generator Owner required to install DMEs by its Regional Reliability Organization (reliability standard PRC-002 Requirements 1-3) shall have DMEs installed that meet the following requirements:	GO		TO		
PRC-018-1	R1.1.	Internal Clocks in DME devices shall be synchronized to within 2 milliseconds or less of Universal Coordinated Time scale (UTC)	GO		TO		
PRC-018-1	R1.2.	Recorded data from each Disturbance shall be retrievable for ten calendar days..	GO		TO		
PRC-018-1	R2.	The Transmission Owner and Generator Owner shall each install DMEs in accordance with its Regional Reliability Organization's	GO		TO		

Standard Number	Requirement Number	Text of Requirement	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	Comments
		installation requirements (reliability standard PRC-002 Requirements 1 through 3).					
PRC-018-1	R3.	The Transmission Owner and Generator Owner shall each maintain, and report to its Regional Reliability Organization on request, the following data on the DMEs installed to meet that region's installation requirements (reliability standard PRC-002 Requirements 1.1, 2.1 and 3.1):	GO		TO		
PRC-018-1	R3.1.	Type of DME (sequence of event recorder, fault recorder, or dynamic disturbance recorder).	GO		TO		
PRC-018-1	R3.2.	Make and model of equipment.	GO		TO		
PRC-018-1	R3.3.	Installation location.	GO		TO		
PRC-018-1	R3.4.	Operational status.	GO		TO		
PRC-018-1	R3.5.	Date last tested.	GO		TO		
PRC-018-1	R3.6.	Monitored elements, such as transmission circuit, bus section, etc.	GO		TO		
PRC-018-1	R3.7.	Monitored devices, such as circuit breaker, disconnect status, alarms, etc.	GO		TO		
PRC-018-1	R3.8.	Monitored electrical quantities, such as voltage, current, etc.	GO		TO		

Standard Number	Requirement Number	Text of Requirement	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	Comments
PRC-018-1	R4.	The Transmission Owner and Generator Owner shall each provide Disturbance data (recorded by DMEs) in accordance with its Regional Reliability Organization's requirements (reliability standard PRC-002 Requirement 4).	GO		TO		
PRC-018-1	R5.	The Transmission Owner and Generator Owner shall each archive all data recorded by DMEs for Regional Reliability Organization-identified events for at least three years.	GO		TO		
PRC-018-1	R6.	Each Transmission Owner and Generator Owner that is required by its Regional Reliability Organization to have DMEs shall have a maintenance and testing program for those DMEs that includes:	GO		TO		
PRC-018-1	R6.1.	Maintenance and testing intervals and their basis.	GO		TO		
PRC-018-1	R6.2.	Summary of maintenance and testing procedures.	GO		TO		
PRC-021-1	R1.	Each Transmission Owner and Distribution Provider that owns a UVLS program to mitigate the risk of voltage collapse or voltage			TO		

Standard Number	Requirement Number	Text of Requirement	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	Comments
		instability in the BES shall annually update its UVLS data to support the Regional UVLS program database. The following data shall be provided to the Regional Reliability Organization for each installed UVLS system:					
PRC-021-1	R1.1.	Size and location of customer load, or percent of connected load, to be interrupted.			TO		
PRC-021-1	R1.2.	Corresponding voltage set points and overall scheme clearing times.			TO		
PRC-021-1	R1.3.	Time delay from initiation to trip signal.			TO		
PRC-021-1	R1.4.	Breaker operating times.			TO		
PRC-021-1	R1.5.	Any other schemes that are part of or impact the UVLS programs such as related generation protection, islanding schemes, automatic load restoration schemes, UFLS and Special Protection Systems.			TO		
PRC-021-1	R2.	Each Transmission Owner and Distribution Provider that owns a UVLS program shall provide its UVLS program data to the Regional Reliability Organization within 30 calendar days of a request.			TO		

Standard Number	Requirement Number	Text of Requirement	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	Comments
PRC-022-1	R1.	Each Transmission Operator, Load-Serving Entity, and Distribution Provider that operates a UVLS program to mitigate the risk of voltage collapse or voltage instability in the BES shall analyze and document all UVLS operations and Misoperations. The analysis shall include:				TOP	
PRC-022-1	R1.1.	A description of the event including initiating conditions.				TOP	
PRC-022-1	R1.2.	A review of the UVLS set points and tripping times.				TOP	
PRC-022-1	R1.3.	A simulation of the event, if deemed appropriate by the Regional Reliability Organization. For most events, analysis of sequence of events may be sufficient and dynamic simulations may not be needed.				TOP	
PRC-022-1	R1.4.	A summary of the findings.				TOP	
PRC-022-1	R1.5.	For any Misoperation, a Corrective Action Plan to avoid future Misoperations of a similar nature.				TOP	
PRC-022-1	R2.	Each Transmission Operator, Load-Serving Entity, and Distribution Provider that operates a UVLS program shall provide				TOP	

Standard Number	Requirement Number	Text of Requirement	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	Comments
		documentation of its analysis of UVLS program performance to its Regional Reliability Organization within 90 calendar days of a request.					
TOP-001-1	R1.	Each Transmission Operator shall have the responsibility and clear decision-making authority to take whatever actions are needed to ensure the reliability of its area and shall exercise specific authority to alleviate operating emergencies.				TOP	
TOP-001-1	R2.	Each Transmission Operator shall take immediate actions to alleviate operating emergencies including curtailing transmission service or energy schedules, operating equipment (e.g., generators, phase shifters, breakers), shedding firm load, etc.				TOP	Gap identified: covered by new requirement outlined in TOP-001-R7 Comment area.
TOP-001-1	R3.	Each Transmission Operator, Balancing Authority, and Generator Operator shall comply with reliability directives issued by the Reliability Coordinator, and each Balancing Authority and Generator Operator shall comply with reliability directives issued by the Transmission Operator, unless such		GOP		TOP	

Standard Number	Requirement Number	Text of Requirement	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	Comments
		actions would violate safety, equipment, regulatory or statutory requirements. Under these circumstances the Transmission Operator, Balancing Authority, or Generator Operator shall immediately inform the Reliability Coordinator or Transmission Operator of the inability to perform the directive so that the Reliability Coordinator or Transmission Operator can implement alternate remedial actions.					
TOP-001-1	R5.	Each Transmission Operator shall inform its Reliability Coordinator and any other potentially affected Transmission Operators of real-time or anticipated emergency conditions, and take actions to avoid, when possible, or mitigate the emergency.				TOP	Gap identified: covered by new requirement outlined in TOP-001-R7 Comment area.
TOP-001-1	R6.	Each Transmission Operator, Balancing Authority, and Generator Operator shall render all available emergency assistance to others as requested, provided that the requesting entity has implemented its comparable emergency		GOP		TOP	

Standard Number	Requirement Number	Text of Requirement	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	Comments
		procedures, unless such actions would violate safety, equipment, or regulatory or statutory requirements.					
TOP-001-1	R7.	Each Transmission Operator and Generator Operator shall not remove Bulk Electric System facilities, <u>including Generator Interconnection Facilities</u> , from service if removing those facilities would burden neighboring systems unless:		GOP		TOP	<p>Need to add new requirements to address interconnection facilities:</p> <p><u>Rx. The Generator Operator shall coordinate the operation of its Generator Interconnection Facilities with the Transmission Operator to whom it interconnects in order to preserve Interconnection reliability with respect to the following:</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <u>Switching elements</u> • <u>Outage planning</u> • <u>Real-time or anticipated emergency conditions</u> • <u>Other conditions mutually agreed upon by the Generator Operator and Transmission Operator</u> <p><u>Ry. The Transmission Operator shall have decision-making authority over the Point of Interconnection at all times in order to preserve Interconnection reliability.</u></p>

Standard Number	Requirement Number	Text of Requirement	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	Comments
							<p><u>Rz. The Generator Operator shall take the action it deems appropriate to remove from service the Generator Interconnection Facilities when safety is jeopardized or equipment damage is imminent.</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <u>The Generator Operator shall notify the Transmission Operator as soon as practical of the actions taken and the reasons therein.</u>
TOP-001-1	R7.1.	For a generator outage, <u>including Generator Interconnection Facilities,</u> the Generator Operator shall notify and coordinate with the Transmission Operator. The Transmission Operator shall notify the Reliability Coordinator and other affected Transmission Operators, and coordinate the impact of removing the Bulk Electric System facility.		GOP		TOP	

Standard Number	Requirement Number	Text of Requirement	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	Comments
TOP-001-1	R7.2.	For a transmission facility, the Transmission Operator shall notify and coordinate with its Reliability Coordinator. The Transmission Operator shall notify other affected Transmission Operators, and coordinate the impact of removing the Bulk Electric System facility.				TOP	
TOP-001-1	R7.3.	When time does not permit such notifications and coordination, or when immediate action is required to prevent a hazard to the public, lengthy customer service interruption, or damage to facilities, the Generator Operator shall notify the Transmission Operator, and the Transmission Operator shall notify its Reliability Coordinator and adjacent Transmission Operators, at the earliest possible time.		GOP		TOP	
TOP-001-1	R8.	During a system emergency, the Balancing Authority and Transmission Operator shall immediately take action to restore the Real and Reactive Power Balance. If the Balancing Authority or Transmission Operator is unable to restore Real and Reactive Power				TOP	

Standard Number	Requirement Number	Text of Requirement	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	Comments
		Balance it shall request emergency assistance from the Reliability Coordinator. If corrective action or emergency assistance is not adequate to mitigate the Real and Reactive Power Balance, then the Reliability Coordinator, Balancing Authority, and Transmission Operator shall implement firm load shedding.					
TOP-002-2	R1.	Each Balancing Authority and Transmission Operator shall maintain a set of current plans that are designed to evaluate options and set procedures for reliable operation through a reasonable future time period. In addition, each Balancing Authority and Transmission Operator shall be responsible for using available personnel and system equipment to implement these plans to ensure that interconnected system reliability will be maintained.				TOP	
TOP-002-2	R2.	Each Balancing Authority and Transmission Operator shall ensure its operating personnel participate in the system planning and design				TOP	

Standard Number	Requirement Number	Text of Requirement	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	Comments
		study processes, so that these studies contain the operating personnel perspective and system operating personnel are aware of the planning purpose.					
TOP-002-2	R3.	Each Load-Serving Entity and Generator Operator shall coordinate (where confidentiality agreements allow) its current-day, next-day, and seasonal operations, <u>including for Generator Interconnection Facilities</u> , with its Host Balancing Authority and Transmission Service Provider. Each Balancing Authority and Transmission Service Provider shall coordinate its current-day, next-day, and seasonal operations with its Transmission Operator.		GOP			
TOP-002-2	R4.	Each Balancing Authority and Transmission Operator shall coordinate (where confidentiality agreements allow) its current-day, next-day, and seasonal planning and operations with neighboring Balancing Authorities and Transmission Operators and with its Reliability Coordinator, so that normal Interconnection operation				TOP	

Standard Number	Requirement Number	Text of Requirement	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	Comments
		will proceed in an orderly and consistent manner.					
TOP-002-2	R5.	Each Balancing Authority and Transmission Operator shall plan to meet scheduled system configuration, generation dispatch, interchange scheduling and demand patterns.				TOP	
TOP-002-2	R6.	Each Balancing Authority and Transmission Operator shall plan to meet unscheduled changes in system configuration and generation dispatch (at a minimum N-1 Contingency planning) in accordance with NERC, Regional Reliability Organization, subregional, and local reliability requirements.				TOP	
TOP-002-2	R10.	Each Balancing Authority and Transmission Operator shall plan to meet all System Operating Limits (SOLs) and Interconnection Reliability Operating Limits (IROLs).				TOP	

Standard Number	Requirement Number	Text of Requirement	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	Comments
TOP-002-2	R11.	The Transmission Operator shall perform seasonal, next-day, and current-day Bulk Electric System studies to determine SOLs. Neighboring Transmission Operators shall utilize identical SOLs for common facilities. The Transmission Operator shall update these Bulk Electric System studies as necessary to reflect current system conditions; and shall make the results of Bulk Electric System studies available to the Transmission Operators, Balancing Authorities (subject to confidentiality requirements), and to its Reliability Coordinator.				TOP	
TOP-002-2	R13.	At the request of the Balancing Authority or Transmission Operator, a Generator Operator shall perform generating real and reactive capability verification that shall include, among other variables, weather, ambient air and water conditions, and fuel quality and quantity, and provide the results to the Balancing Authority or Transmission Operator operating		GOP			

Standard Number	Requirement Number	Text of Requirement	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	Comments
		personnel as requested.					
TOP-002-2	R14.	Generator Operators shall, without any intentional time delay, notify their Balancing Authority and Transmission Operator of changes in capabilities and characteristics including but not limited to:		GOP			
TOP-002-2	R14.1.	Changes in real output capabilities.		GOP			
TOP-002-2	R14.2.	Automatic Voltage Regulator status and mode setting. (Retired August 1, 2007)		GOP			Add R14.3 as follows: Changes in Generator Interconnection Facility Status
TOP-002-2	R15.	Generation Operators shall, at the request of the Balancing Authority or Transmission Operator, provide a forecast of expected real power output to assist in operations planning (e.g., a seven-day forecast of real output).		GOP			
TOP-002-2	R16.	Subject to standards of conduct and confidentiality agreements, Transmission Operators shall, without any intentional time delay, notify their Reliability Coordinator and Balancing Authority of changes				TOP	

Standard Number	Requirement Number	Text of Requirement	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	Comments
		in capabilities and characteristics including but not limited to:					
TOP-002-2	R16.1.	Changes in transmission facility status.				TOP	
TOP-002-2	R16.2.	Changes in transmission facility rating.				TOP	
TOP-002-2	R17.	Balancing Authorities and Transmission Operators shall, without any intentional time delay, communicate the information described in the requirements R1 to R16 above to their Reliability Coordinator.				TOP	
TOP-002-2	R18.	Neighboring Balancing Authorities, Transmission Operators, Generator Operators, Transmission Service Providers, and Load-Serving Entities shall use uniform line identifiers when referring to transmission facilities of an interconnected network <u>and for Generator Interconnection Facilities.</u>		GOP		TOP	
TOP-002-2	R19.	Each Balancing Authority and Transmission Operator shall maintain accurate computer models utilized for analyzing and planning system operations.				TOP	

Standard Number	Requirement Number	Text of Requirement	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	Comments
TOP-003-0	R1.	Generator Operators and Transmission Operators shall provide planned outage information, <u>including information for Generator Interconnection Facilities.</u>		GOP		TOP	
TOP-003-0	R1.1.	Each Generator Operator shall provide outage information daily to its Transmission Operator for scheduled generator outages planned for the next day (any foreseen outage of a generator greater than 50 MW) <u>or for Generator Interconnection Facilities.</u> The Transmission Operator shall establish the outage reporting requirements.		GOP		TOP	
TOP-003-0	R1.2.	Each Transmission Operator shall provide outage information daily to its Reliability Coordinator, and to affected Balancing Authorities and Transmission Operators for scheduled generator and bulk transmission outages planned for the next day (any foreseen outage of a transmission line or transformer greater than 100 kV or generator greater than 50 MW) that may collectively cause or contribute to				TOP	

Standard Number	Requirement Number	Text of Requirement	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	Comments
		an SOL or IROL violation or a regional operating area limitation. The Reliability Coordinator shall establish the outage reporting requirements.					
TOP-003-0	R1.3.	Such information shall be available by 1200 Central Standard Time for the Eastern Interconnection and 1200 Pacific Standard Time for the Western Interconnection.				TOP	
TOP-003-0	R2.	Each Transmission Operator, Balancing Authority, and Generator Operator shall plan and coordinate scheduled outages of system voltage regulating equipment, such as automatic voltage regulators on generators, supplementary excitation control, synchronous condensers, shunt and series capacitors, reactors, etc., among affected Balancing Authorities and Transmission Operators as required.		GOP		TOP	
TOP-003-0	R3.	Each Transmission Operator, Balancing Authority, and Generator Operator shall plan and coordinate scheduled outages of telemetering and control equipment and		GOP		TOP	

Standard Number	Requirement Number	Text of Requirement	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	Comments
		associated communication channels between the affected areas.					
TOP-004-2	R1.	Each Transmission Operator shall operate within the Interconnection Reliability Operating Limits (IROLs) and System Operating Limits (SOLs).				TOP	To close gap for GOP operation of its Generator Interconnection Facilities, a new requirement is needed: <u>Rx. The Generator Operator shall operate its Generator Interconnection Facilities within applicable facility ratings.</u>
TOP-004-2	R2.	Each Transmission Operator shall operate so that instability, uncontrolled separation, or cascading outages will not occur as a result of the most severe single contingency.				TOP	
TOP-004-2	R3.	Each Transmission Operator shall operate to protect against instability, uncontrolled separation, or cascading outages resulting from multiple outages, as specified by its Reliability Coordinator.				TOP	
TOP-004-2	R4.	If a Transmission Operator enters an unknown operating state (i.e. any state for which valid operating limits have not been determined), it				TOP	

Standard Number	Requirement Number	Text of Requirement	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	Comments
		will be considered to be in an emergency and shall restore operations to respect proven reliable power system limits within 30 minutes.					
TOP-004-2	R5.	Each Transmission Operator shall make every effort to remain connected to the Interconnection. If the Transmission Operator determines that by remaining interconnected, it is in imminent danger of violating an IROL or SOL, the Transmission Operator may take such actions, as it deems necessary, to protect its area.				TOP	
TOP-004-2	R6.	Transmission Operators, individually and jointly with other Transmission Operators, shall develop, maintain, and implement formal policies and procedures to provide for transmission reliability. These policies and procedures shall address the execution and coordination of activities that impact inter- and intra-Regional reliability, including:				TOP	
TOP-004-2	R6.1.	Monitoring and controlling voltage levels and real and reactive power				TOP	

Standard Number	Requirement Number	Text of Requirement	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	Comments
		flows.					
TOP-004-2	R6.2.	Switching transmission elements.				TOP	
TOP-004-2	R6.3.	Planned outages of transmission elements.				TOP	
TOP-004-2	R6.4.	Responding to IROL and SOL violations.				TOP	
TOP-005-1.1	R1.	Each Transmission Operator and Balancing Authority shall provide its Reliability Coordinator with the operating data that the Reliability Coordinator requires to perform operational reliability assessments and to coordinate reliable operations within the Reliability Coordinator Area.				TOP	
TOP-005-1.1	R3.	Upon request, each Balancing Authority and Transmission Operator shall provide to other Balancing Authorities and Transmission Operators with immediate responsibility for operational reliability, the operating data that are necessary to allow these Balancing Authorities and Transmission Operators to perform operational reliability assessments and to coordinate reliable operations. Balancing Authorities				TOP	

Standard Number	Requirement Number	Text of Requirement	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	Comments
		and Transmission Operators shall provide the types of data as listed in Attachment 1-TOP-005-0 “Electric System Reliability Data,” unless otherwise agreed to by the Balancing Authorities and Transmission Operators with immediate responsibility for operational reliability.					
TOP-006-1	R1.	Each Transmission Operator and Balancing Authority shall know the status of all generation and transmission resources available for use.				TOP	
TOP-006-1	R1.1.	Each Generator Operator shall inform its Host Balancing Authority and the Transmission Operator of all generation resources available for use.		GOP			
TOP-006-1	R1.2.	Each Transmission Operator and Balancing Authority shall inform the Reliability Coordinator and other affected Balancing Authorities and Transmission Operators of all generation and transmission resources available for use.				TOP	

Standard Number	Requirement Number	Text of Requirement	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	Comments
TOP-006-1	R2.	Each Reliability Coordinator, Transmission Operator, and Balancing Authority shall monitor applicable transmission line status, real and reactive power flows, voltage, load-tap-changer settings, and status of rotating and static reactive resources.				TOP	
TOP-006-1	R3.	Each Reliability Coordinator, Transmission Operator, and Balancing Authority shall provide appropriate technical information concerning protective relays to their operating personnel.				TOP	
TOP-006-1	R4.	Each Reliability Coordinator, Transmission Operator, and Balancing Authority shall have information, including weather forecasts and past load patterns, available to predict the system's near-term load pattern.				TOP	
TOP-006-1 	R5.	Each Reliability Coordinator, Transmission Operator, <u>Generator Operator</u> , and Balancing Authority shall use monitoring equipment to bring to the attention of operating personnel important deviations in operating conditions and to indicate,				TOP	To close general reliability concern, add GOP as applicable entities to R5 and R6.

Standard Number	Requirement Number	Text of Requirement	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	Comments
		if appropriate, the need for corrective action.					
TOP-006-1	R6.	Each Balancing Authority, <u>Generator Operator</u> , and Transmission Operator shall use sufficient metering of suitable range, accuracy and sampling rate (if applicable) to ensure accurate and timely monitoring of operating conditions under both normal and emergency situations.				TOP	To close general reliability concern, add GOP as applicable entities to R5 and R6.
TOP-006-1	R7.	Each Reliability Coordinator, Transmission Operator, and Balancing Authority shall monitor system frequency.				TOP	
TOP-007-0	R1.	A Transmission Operator shall inform its Reliability Coordinator when an IROL or SOL has been exceeded and the actions being taken to return the system to within limits.				TOP	
TOP-007-0	R2.	Following a Contingency or other event that results in an IROL violation, the Transmission Operator shall return its transmission system to within IROL as soon as possible, but not longer than 30 minutes.				TOP	

Standard Number	Requirement Number	Text of Requirement	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	Comments
TOP-007-0	R3.	A Transmission Operator shall take all appropriate actions up to and including shedding firm load, or directing the shedding of firm load, in order to comply with Requirement R 2.				TOP	
TOP-008-1	R1.	The Transmission Operator experiencing or contributing to an IROL or SOL violation shall take immediate steps to relieve the condition, which may include shedding firm load.				TOP	
TOP-008-1	R2.	Each Transmission Operator shall operate to prevent the likelihood that a disturbance, action, or inaction will result in an IROL or SOL violation in its area or another area of the Interconnection. In instances where there is a difference in derived operating limits, the Transmission Operator shall always operate the Bulk Electric System to the most limiting parameter.				TOP	
TOP-008-1 	R3.	The Transmission Operator shall disconnect the affected facility if the overload on a transmission facility or abnormal voltage or reactive condition persists and equipment is				TOP	Add companion GOP requirement to ensure clarity: <u>Rx. The Generator Operator shall disconnect the Generator</u>

Standard Number	Requirement Number	Text of Requirement	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	Comments
		endangered. In doing so, the Transmission Operator shall notify its Reliability Coordinator and all neighboring Transmission Operators impacted by the disconnection prior to switching, if time permits, otherwise, immediately thereafter.					<u>Interconnection Facility if the overload or abnormal voltage or reactive condition persists and equipment is endangered. In doing so, the Generator Operator shall notify its Transmission Operator and Balancing Authority impacted by the disconnection prior to switching, if time permits, otherwise, immediately thereafter.</u>
TOP-008-1	R4.	The Transmission Operator shall have sufficient information and analysis tools to determine the cause(s) of SOL violations. This analysis shall be conducted in all operating timeframes. The Transmission Operator shall use the results of these analyses to immediately mitigate the SOL violation.				TOP	
VAR-001-1	R1.	Each Transmission Operator, individually and jointly with other Transmission Operators, shall ensure that formal policies and procedures are developed, maintained, and implemented for monitoring and controlling voltage levels and Mvar flows within their				TOP	

Standard Number	Requirement Number	Text of Requirement	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	Comments
		individual areas and with the areas of neighboring Transmission Operators.					
VAR-001-1	R2.	Each Transmission Operator shall acquire sufficient reactive resources within its area to protect the voltage levels under normal and Contingency conditions. This includes the Transmission Operator's share of the reactive requirements of interconnecting transmission circuits.				TOP	
VAR-001-1	R3.	The Transmission Operator shall specify criteria that exempts generators from compliance with the requirements defined in Requirement 4, and Requirement 6.1.				TOP	
VAR-001-1	R3.1.	Each Transmission Operator shall maintain a list of generators in its area that are exempt from following a voltage or Reactive Power schedule.				TOP	
VAR-001-1	R3.2.	For each generator that is on this exemption list, the Transmission Operator shall notify the associated Generator Owner.				TOP	

Standard Number	Requirement Number	Text of Requirement	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	Comments
VAR-001-1	R4.	Each Transmission Operator shall specify a voltage or Reactive Power schedule at the interconnection between the generator facility and the Transmission Owner's facilities to be maintained by each generator. The Transmission Operator shall provide the voltage or Reactive Power schedule to the associated Generator Operator and direct the Generator Operator to comply with the schedule in automatic voltage control mode (AVR in service and controlling voltage).				TOP	
VAR-001-1	R6.	The Transmission Operator shall know the status of all transmission Reactive Power resources, including the status of voltage regulators and power system stabilizers.				TOP	
VAR-001-1	R6.1.	When notified of the loss of an automatic voltage regulator control, the Transmission Operator shall direct the Generator Operator to maintain or change either its voltage schedule or its Reactive Power schedule.				TOP	
VAR-001-1	R7.	The Transmission Operator shall be able to operate or direct the				TOP	

Standard Number	Requirement Number	Text of Requirement	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	Comments
		operation of devices necessary to regulate transmission voltage and reactive flow.					
VAR-001-1	R8.	Each Transmission Operator shall operate or direct the operation of capacitive and inductive reactive resources within its area – including reactive generation scheduling; transmission line, <u>Generator Interconnection Facilities</u> , and reactive resource switching; and, if necessary, load shedding – to maintain system and Interconnection voltages within established limits.				TOP	
VAR-001-1	R9.	Each Transmission Operator shall maintain reactive resources to support its voltage under first Contingency conditions.				TOP	
VAR-001-1	R9.1.	Each Transmission Operator shall disperse and locate the reactive resources so that the resources can be applied effectively and quickly when Contingencies occur.				TOP	
VAR-001-1	R10.	Each Transmission Operator shall correct IROL or SOL violations resulting from reactive resource deficiencies (IROL violations must				TOP	

Standard Number	Requirement Number	Text of Requirement	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	Comments
		be corrected within 30 minutes) and complete the required IROL or SOL violation reporting.					
VAR-001-1	R11.	After consultation with the Generator Owner regarding necessary step-up transformer tap changes, the Transmission Operator shall provide documentation to the Generator Owner specifying the required tap changes, a timeframe for making the changes, and technical justification for these changes.				TOP	
VAR-001-1	R12.	The Transmission Operator shall direct corrective action, including load reduction, necessary to prevent voltage collapse when reactive resources are insufficient.				TOP	
VAR-002-1.1a	R1.	The Generator Operator shall operate each generator connected to the interconnected transmission system in the automatic voltage control mode (automatic voltage regulator in service and controlling voltage) unless the Generator Operator has notified the Transmission Operator.		GOP			

Standard Number	Requirement Number	Text of Requirement	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	Comments
VAR-002-1.1a	R2.	Unless exempted by the Transmission Operator, each Generator Operator shall maintain the generator voltage or Reactive Power output (within applicable Facility Ratings. [1] as directed by the Transmission Operator		GOP			
VAR-002-1.1a	R2.1.	When a generator's automatic voltage regulator is out of service, the Generator Operator shall use an alternative method to control the generator voltage and reactive output to meet the voltage or Reactive Power schedule directed by the Transmission Operator.		GOP			
VAR-002-1.1a	R2.2.	When directed to modify voltage, the Generator Operator shall comply or provide an explanation of why the schedule cannot be met.		GOP			
VAR-002-1.1a	R3.	Each Generator Operator shall notify its associated Transmission Operator as soon as practical, but within 30 minutes of any of the following:		GOP			
VAR-002-1.1a	R3.1.	A status or capability change on any generator Reactive Power resource, including the status of each automatic voltage regulator and		GOP			

Standard Number	Requirement Number	Text of Requirement	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	Comments
		power system stabilizer and the expected duration of the change in status or capability.					
VAR-002-1.1a	R3.2.	A status or capability change on any other Reactive Power resources under the Generator Operator's control, <u>including Generator Interconnection Facilities</u> , and the expected duration of the change in status or capability.		GOP			
VAR-002-1.1a	R4.	The Generator Owner shall provide the following to its associated Transmission Operator and Transmission Planner within 30 calendar days of a request.	GO				
VAR-002-1.1a	R4.1.	For generator step-up transformers and auxiliary transformers with primary voltages equal to or greater than the generator terminal voltage:	GO				
VAR-002-1.1a	R4.1.1.	Tap settings.	GO				
VAR-002-1.1a	R4.1.2.	Available fixed tap ranges.	GO				
VAR-002-1.1a	R4.1.3.	Impedance data.	GO				
VAR-002-1.1a	R4.1.4.	The +/- voltage range with step-change in % for load-tap changing transformers.	GO				

Standard Number	Requirement Number	Text of Requirement	GO	GOP	TO	TOP	Comments
VAR-002-1.1a	R5.	After consultation with the Transmission Operator regarding necessary step-up transformer tap changes, the Generator Owner shall ensure that transformer tap positions are changed according to the specifications provided by the Transmission Operator, unless such action would violate safety, an equipment rating, a regulatory requirement, or a statutory requirement.	GO				
VAR-002-1.1a	R5.1.	If the Generator Operator can't comply with the Transmission Operator's specifications, the Generator Operator shall notify the Transmission Operator and shall provide the technical justification.		GOP			

Appendix 2 — Proposed Standards Authorization Requests

To Be Added

DRAFT